KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year | Number 17 | Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, January 1, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

WEDDING IS ONE OF BEAUTY

Agnes Constance Baack And Mr. Alfred V. Josten Are Made One In Pretty Ceremony

On Wednesday, December 3, 1919, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Baack, occurred the marriage of their daughter, Agnes Constance, and Mr. Alfred Josten, Rev. C. J. Pritz, pastor of the Grace Lutheran Church in the presence of the immediate relaives of the contracting parties, officiated.

At the hour of 7 o'clock to the strains of Lohengrin's wedding march played by Miss Dorothy Baack, sister of the bride, the bridal couple unattended took their place under a white wedding bell pendant from an arch of white and green.

Immediately after the ceremony was performed, a second ceremony followed, it being the christening of the seven-weeks-old nephew of the bride, and son of Mr. and Mrs. Chris Baack, of Garner, the bride and groom standing sponsor for the wee one, who was given the name of Gerald Gaylord.

After congratulations a sumptuous wedding dinner was served by Miss Rena Nelson, cousin of the bride, and Miss Mary Kirkpatrick.

The decorations in the dining room were in the bride's colors, pink and white.

The bride never looked lovlier than in her bridal garments of white georgette over satin with white net bridal veil. She carried a bouquet of white carnations. The groom wore the conventional black.

The bride, who is the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Baack, was born and reared to young womanhood on the farm two miles south of town. A few years ago she left for Garner, where she spent the intervening time and met the young man of her choice.

She is a young lady who gains the love and respect of the people in what ever community she resides and is eminently fitted to make a splendid helpmate for her husband.

The groom is a stranger but in the short time he has spent here he has gained the respect of those with whom he has come in conact.

After a few weeks spent with relatives the happy pair will leave for Garner where they will reside on the farm belonging to Mr. Josten's father on which he young man has spent his entire life.

The best wishes of the entire community will follow them to their future home.—Blairstown Press.

GOOD PLAY HERE MONDAY NIGHT

"In the Heart of the Blue Ridge" is the four act comedy drama which is booked to appear at the Idle Hour Theare next Monday evening, Jan. 5th. It is a real play with real players who know how to act. Besides presenting the four act play the company carries a good line of vaudeville between the acts, there are no waits, action every minute of the ime. Don't miss seeing this. A magical balm for all care. Bring the family. adv.

IDLE HOUR WEEKLY PROGRAM

Saturday, January 3rd
"The Millionaire Pirate"
5 reels
"Too Tired"
1-reel Comedy
Monday, January 5th
"In the Heart of the Blue Ridge"
4-act Comedy Drama
This is not a picture show
Tuesday, January 6th
Fifth Episode of
"Elmo the Mighty"
also
2 reels Comic
Thursday, January 8th
"THE SPOILERS"
8½ reels of big special pictures and found to be good

SUURBALLE FOR TREASURER

We are pleased to announce that John Suurballe announces himself as candidate for the office of County Treasurer subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries. John needs little or no introducion o our readers as he is so well and favorably known in this county. For the past few years he has been cashier of the bank at Goodell and at one time was sheriff of this county. We are indeed glad to hear that he has again taken interest in county politics and aspires for the office of treasurer. We don't know of a better man who could fill that office, so let's all boost for John Suurballe.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,
1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR

Notice is Hereby Given, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the Estate of Jacob P. Mayer, deceased, late of Hancock County, State of Iowa, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

Dated December 16th, A. D. 1919.
P. M. Griesemer, Executor
By Ramsay & Blackstone,
His Attorneys

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Public worship with sermon at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Morning sermon subject, "The Dream, the Duty and the Deed; a Message for the New Year." Happy, helpful evening service; cheery songs and orchestra; pointed, practical sermon. Come and welcome.

A. E. Buriff, Minister

WE HAD A FINE TIME

Ye Editor and wife returned Monday morning from our week's vacation which we spent in Kansas City, Missouri, and Lincoln, Nebraska. We had a very fine time and thoroughly enjoyed ourselves every minute we were away but, nevertheless, we were mighty glad to get back to Klemme again and we find that Klemme is about the best town we ever struck. There was no snow at Kansas City and only a small amount when we got to Lincoln. They are expecting a big wheat crop there this year as they had plenty of snow the early part of the winter.

During the rush of getting out our holiday edition we completely overlooked somet ype we had set up telling our readers about the business transaction between G. A. Pabst and Mr. Kahrs, who purchased the entire drug business of Mr. Pabst. By this time our readers are no doubt well acquainted with the new proprietor of the drug store. We find Mr. Kahrs a most pleasant man and a very fine fellow. He and Mrs. Kahrs are quite comfortably settled now and are rapidly getting acquainted with the people of Klemme. The Pabst family expect to leave for California as soon as Mr. Pabst can get his business here straightened up. We wish the new proprietor the best of good luck here and also extend the same good wishes to the Pabst family wherever they may locate.

See Mr. Teddy Rhea, the mail bag and hand cuff escape artist who defies locks and bars to hold him, at the Idle Hour Theatre Monday, January 5th. adv.

GET IN LINE NOW. ONLY A FEW DAYS LEFT TO SAVE MONEY

January 10th, is the last day we will take your subscription at the old price of $1.50. Better hustle up if you want to savet hat half dollar. One man asked us how we could do it when all the other papers are $2. Well we just naturally like to give away money, we told him. He got the spirit and gave us a dolar and a half. Fine, don't you think? Get in line now if you want to get the Times for $1.50. Remember it will be $2 after January 10th.

BAND BOYS ATTENTION

We hope to begin band rehearsals next Friday night, January 9th, at the rooms over the Idle Hour Theatre Mr. Crotty, the instructor, has promised us rehearsals for Fridays. We have ordered he beginning books and if they arrive by Friday we will start work. Come prepared to pay 25 cents for your book. It will also be necessary to charge each member fifty cents a week for a short time until we complete arrangements to finance the band. Bring the money with you. Every member come whether you have your instrument or not.

President

Mlle. Vrugia in characteristic and interprative dancing, at the Idle Hour Monday night. adv.

VACATIONS FOR EDITORS QUITE POPULAR

We took our vacation last week and issued no paper on the 25th. Editor Rankin, of the Belmond Independent, thinks the same and so is taking his vacation this week so that paper will not be issued until January 7th. Editors are entitled to a vacation just as well as any other class of people and quite a number are taking advantage of a vacation during the Holidays, after the rush is over.

Those indebted to me are kindly asked to settle at once. Send all remittances to me care of Baldwin Art Studio, Fariboult, Minnesota.
1w H. R. ALLABEN,

HAPPY NEW YEAR

We wish everybody a Happy and Prosprous New Year and also take this opportunity for thanking you for your patronage and support during the past year. We will make our New Year's resolution to be as good a booster and better for Klemme than ever, we'll do our best to put it all over the map. Hats off to 1920, he looks like a mighty fine year.

THE KLEMME TIMES

TED BUYS THE DEMOCRAT

The Garner Democrat which was owned and edited by W. M. Brackett for twenty-six years was recently sold to J. E. Tierney, who has been editing the paper for the past year. Mr. Brackett retired some time ago from the acive work of geting out the paper during which time he spent a couple of years in the west. Brother Tierney was at one time publisher of the Times and is an 'old head" in the newspaper game and was publishing in this county many years ago. 'Ted" knows hte game from start to finish and has made the Democrat one of the best weeklies in the county, and we might add that it is also one of the best weeklies in northern Iowa. We wish him all kinds of success with his new purchase.

GOODELL GLOBE SUSPENDS

Finis Letch, editor of the Goodell Globe, has decided to suspend publication of his paper until the town rebuilds again after it's recent experience with two fires. The last paper appeared the 18th which he publishes at Belmond with The Herald-Press equipment.

NEW POST OFFICE NOW OPEN

John Waterman moved the post office equipment into it's new home Tuesday morning and you can now get your stamps at the same old price in the new building. Klemme now has a fine, modern up to date post office building that is a credit to a much larger town. We expected that maybe John would make a raise on the price of stamps to pay for the building, but he says he will sell them at the same old price of 2 cents each or five for a dime.

Don't forget the big dance at the Idle Hour Theatre Friday evening. Music by the Harmony Concert Dance Orchestra.

Don't let anyone experiment on your eyes, but see Dr. Weber, the eye and ear doctor on Monday, Jan. 5th, forenoon, at Hotel Vicoria, in Garner. Consultation free.

Dance Friday evening. Idle Hour.

Max Willard returned from Omaha last Wednesday for a few days' visit with his folks at Meservey. Max has a job at Omaha and likes the city real well.

"In the Heart of he Blue Ridge" at Idle Hour Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Dewey Rice, who are now living at Clarion, Iowa, are the proud parents of a fine baby girl who came to make her home with them on Christmas day.

Mr. Irving Gold, at the Idle Hour Monday night. adv.

Local merchants report a very good Christmas trade this year, which was much heavier than ever before.

Lester Stille and Carl Suckow left Monday evening for various points in Tennessee, Alabama and Louisiana, where they went to look over land with the prospects of perhaps choosing a suitable location.

NOTICE TO PAY UP—All those who owe me on account will please call and settle same before Jan. 1st. W. F. Pavey. adv.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the First M. E. church will hold it's January meeting on the 7th. Mrs. Sam Harvey will be the hostess, and will entertain the meeting at the home of her mother, Mrs. Fred Ridder The program for this meeting deals greatly with reports on the Jubilee General Executive, held in Boston, and is very interesting. You are invited.

A perfectly adjusted spine cures a "lame back" and insures good nerves, freely circulating blood, and a perfect digestion. Treatment will be given in your home when necessary. Telephone message may be left at the Hotel to be delivered to Dr. R. W. Schultz. tf.

Little Miss Mae Moran, an English lass, with an American voice, at the Idle Hour Theatre, Monday, Jan. 5th.

Mrs. Lawrence Schaefer is reported to be able to sit up in a chair a little now every day. She is quite an elderly lady which makes it slow for her to recover from her accident of a few months ago when she slipped and fell and broke one of her limbs.

Rev. Hartke, of Garner, was calling at the Ernest Schuldt home last Friday.

FOR RENT—In Grimes Township, Cerro Gordo County, one section of pasture, as a whole or in quarters. Inquire C. W. Hines, Fairmont, Minnesota. 2w-p.

Geo. Ell of Belmond was a business caller in Klemme Tuesday between trains.

Bert Mathews, Ed. Jacobs and Marvin Weigmann all spent Christmas day at Garner with relatives and friends.

PAY UP at once if you owe me on account. F. H. Ridder. 2w-p.

Gerald and Mildred McCullough boths pent Christmas day with their parents at Garner.

Mr. Walter Schultz, wife and baby spent Christmas day with his mother and family at Garner.

Dr Shultz will be at tne Klemme hotel from 11:30 to 2:00 on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Wenck spent Christmas day with Mr. Wenck's parents at Garner.

Please Notice

We, Henry Lau & Son offer $25.00 for the return of a large mink stolen from us about two weeks ago, and $25 to the one who tells us who stole it. We can pretty tell who stole it and w will not be so hard on him if he returns it. The same thing happened last year but we did not soy anything about it; it is to bad that such boys are in Klemme. as stealing furs is as bad as stealing money.

Henry Lau & Son

The Misses Maude Wenck and Maude Blackstone of Garner, were visitors at the F. J. Wenck home here last Friday and Saturday. Miss Wenck is studying music at Northwestern at Chicago this year and is home spending her Christmas vacation.

Lart Tuesday evening the Choir of English M. E. Church had a surprise on Mrs Emma Gibbs. The evening was spent in playing games: at tee the oysters were served they party broke up All reported a fine time.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Waterman were Christmas visitors at the T. F. Mitchell home at Swea City.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lewis spent Christmas with the Holly Brooks family at Clear Lake.

Pay Up Notice

Pay up at once, Jan. 1st is at hand and we must have the money to straighten up our books. Keep up your credit by paying your account at once

Henry Lau & Son

A number of young people from here attended the dance given by the Garner Auto Company at Garner last Saturday evening in their new garage building.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Barr left last week Tuesday for various points in Ohio on a two week's vacation which they will spend visiting relatives and friends in his old home. During Mr. Barr's absence Fred Blank has charge of the depot as agent.

Miss Mamie Schwartz left Monday evening for Peoria, Illinois, where she will visit with relatives and friends.

Miss Lauritzen, who is working on the newspaper at Ringsted, Iowa, came home to spend the holidays with her parents here.

Olaf Brynteson left last week Wednesday for Odebolt, Iowa, where he is visiting wih relatives and friends during the holidays. Mr. Croner has charge of the lumber yard during his absence.

John Opsal was a Christmas day visitor at Waterloo, Iowa, with friends.

Chas. Busch returned Christmas morning from the wild and wooly west where he has been looking after his cattle and ranching interests at Cody, Nebraska. During his stay in the west Charlie has the fun of a coyote hunt with hounds which resulted in the running down and killing of wo coyotes. He said it was great sport and also that the ranch there is doing well.

Black Diamonds.

Genuine black diamonds, although considerably more valuable than the ordinary white diamond, are not used for ornament, having an appearance no more attractive than a bit of stone or fragment of coal. They are of dark gray, brownish, or black color, and opaque, without crystalline form. They are somewhat harder than the crystal or gem diamond, being, in fact, about the hardest substance known and are found in irregular pieces, ranging in size from one-half to 500 carats.

Musk Radioactive.

It has been recently determined that the penetrating quality of musk is due to certain radioactive properties which it possesses that cause odor of the perfume to be carried through the air in an extraordinary way, says the Indianapolis News. The radioactive property of musk affects strangely the natives who carry it to market. If a package of musk is held close to the body for any length of time it produces sores that are similar in character to those caused by pure radium.

Early Saws and Knives.

The saw appears to be the earliest tool that has been traced in Egyptian history. It was found first in the form of a notched bronze knife in the third dynasty, or about 5,000 years before the Christian era, and was followed in the fourth and fifth dynasties by larger-toothed saws, which were used by carpenters; but there are no dated specimens until the seventh century before the Christian era, when the Assyrians used iron saws. The first knives on record were made out of flint, and were, in fact, saws with minute teeth.

"Horns of Venus."

References are made in some cuneiform literature to the "horns of Venus," from which it is concluded by some that in the clear air of Mesopotamia the crescent form of the planet was detected in early times without optical aid. Since Venus, when at a sufficient angular distance from the sun, is hardly more than half a minute of arc in diameter at the utmost, such an observation seems quite out of the question, and Professor Campbell thinks the allusion to the horns was merely a lucky guess on the part of the ancient astronomers.

Candy Vies With Tobacco.

Now comes the report of a Massachusetts woman who is ninety-nine years old and has eaten candy all her life. This seems a genuine novelty. We have often wondered why some other trade did not get in few claims with these centenarians, instead of letting the tobacco people take all the honors.—Providence Journal.

Same Old Stuff.

A letter from a Babylonian master to his servant 2,200 years before Christ, has been translated at the University of Pennsylvania. An accurate report of its contents has not yet reached this office, but this is the tenor of it: "My Good Man: Owing to the present high prices in raw materials, and incidentally the consequent expenses of operation, it is impossible at present to give you the increase in salary you asked for. Do not despair, however. Good service never goes unrewarded.—The Boss."

THEIR GLORY GONE

Helgoland to Join Louisbourg as a Memory.

Famous French Fortress in Canada Has Long Been Demolished and Soon the German Stronghold Is to Be Razed.

Announcement that the German forts on the island of Helgoland are to be demolished recalls the similar fate of a glorious landmark on Canadian soil. This is Louisbourg, Nova Scotia, once the pride of New France, and now a pile of ruins, with but a faint echo of its original splendor.

Louisbourg was the remnant of French power on the Atlantic coast when the treaty of Utrecht was signed in 1713, reducing the fortunes of Louis XIV to a low ebb. From 1720 to 1760 it led a precarious but spectacular existence, its magnificence as a defense guaranteed by the expenditure of millions of dollars by the French government, though millions were stolen and wasted by dishonest officials and unhappy officers, whose only ambition was to get rich and go home.

The fortress was imposing, despite the thievery and mismanagement, and it required a seven weeks' siege by Colonel Pepperell and his New Englanders in 1745 to take it from the French.

By one of those diplomatic incidents too plentiful in the history of the new world, Louisbourg was handed back to France in 1748 by the treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle. The New Englanders were furious, but ten years later the British army and navy, with such rising strategists as Amherst and Wolfe taking part, again laid siege by land and sea, and in another campaign of seven weeks recaptured the stronghold.

The days of the great fortress were now numbered. The home of discontent, the abode of smugglers, the den of thieving officialdom received its death warrant in 1760 at the hand of George II and Pitt in London. So well was the warrant executed that for months sailors, sappers and miners worked until they laid Louisbourg level with the dust.

And there it remains. Memorials recording its history raise their modest heads above the chaos of stones and mortar. The site on a point three miles from the railway and the town of the same name is remote and forbidding. Should the visitor follow the shore road by the lonely Atlantic in summer he will hear tinkling sheep bells from the pasture where once stood the French town, now completely obliterated. The great area of the ruins of the fort gives some hint of the vain preparation to hold a last grip against the advancing British and Colonials.

What will be the thoughts of the tourist as he drops by airplane on Helgoland a century hence, witnesses its ruined forts, and contemplates the futile ambitions of a race that drew the sword and fought a losing battle for world domination?

Married by Order.

A document suggesting that the holders of certain lands in Scotland are bound under heavy monetary penalties to marry at the royal pleasure has been brought to light during a Scottish appeal case in the house of lords. The document is said to have been prepared by the king and queen of Scotland in 1559, and it refers to a tenure known as a "ward." The heir or possessors of land held in this manner cannot obtain possession until they are twenty-one years of age if males and fourteen years of age if females. If such heirs on taking possession are not married they are bound to marry at the pleasure and will of the king with persons of good reputation and similar rank. The penalty payable to the king for refusing such a proposed marriage is double the pecuniary benefit of the marriage. "Which marriage," adds the order, "is esteemed much too dear in this country and almost at the value of the lands."

Historic Tree Now Only a Memory.

The "tree in the road" a mile and a half west of Hartford, Mich., has been cut down to clear the way for a new concrete road. This maple tree, supposed to be more than a hundred years old, was the most famous and most cherished landmark of the region. Standing in the middle of the road on the crest of a hill, it had from the time of the oldest inhabitant been used as a point from which all distances were measured.

In giving directions a place was always said to be a certain distance "this side of the tree in the road" or a certain distance "beyond the tree in the road." With the advance of civilization, however, the natives have reluctantly concluded that the tree can be dispensed with, since the only distance people ask about now is the distance between gasoline tanks.—Exchange.

SEEK OIL LAND UNDER RED RIVER

Wichita Indians Now Set Up Ancient Title to River Channel.

HISTORY INVOLVED IN SUIT

Question Engrosses Attention of Lawyers, Oil Men, Land Owners and Federal and State Officials—Gives History of Wichita Claim.

Austin, Tex.—Seldom has a case been filed in American courts in which history has been involved to the extent that it is in the question of the ownership of the channel of the Red river, beneath the bed of which are valuable oil deposits.

This question has been engrossing the attention of lawyers, oil men, land owners and federal and state officials. The state of Texas claims ownership in the bed of the river to the center of the channel, while the federal government and the state of Oklahoma oppose the claim of Texas under the terms of the treaty of Spain in 1819, by which the northern boundary of the Spanish dominions in Texas was designated as the south bank of the Red river.

The federal authorities hold that the ownership of the Red river bed areas in dispute belong to the Indian tribes which owned the adjacent reservations, and the state of Oklahoma maintains that, as a meandering stream, the bed of the Red river is state property and should be leased for the benefit of the state school fund.

Another Claimant.

Joseph B. Thoburn, secretary of the Oklahoma Historical society, has advanced the suggestion that there is still another claimant to the ownership of the oil bearing area of the channel of the Red river, namely, the Wichita Indians. Mr. Thoburn in the course of an extended statement says:

"Older than any of the claims of ownership which are now being pressed for the possession of the oil bearing areas of the channel of the Red river—older than any claim of the State of Texas by rights derived from Mexico or Spain, and older than any claim of the State of Oklahoma or of the United States which may have been derived from France through the purchase of Louisiana—is the right of the aboriginal owners of the land on both sides of the river, and these are the people of the Wichita tribe of Indians.

"The ancestors of the Wichita Indians have lived in Oklahoma and adjacent states for a thousand years, and for approximately five hundred years past they have occupied the country on both sides of the Red river in that part of its course where it traverses the Burkburnett oil fields. In using the word 'occupied' in this connection, I do so advisedly, for these people have always been sedentary in their habits, living in fixed villages and depending largely upon the cultivation of the soil for their subsistence.

"The rights of the Wichita Indians to the ownership of these lands has never been extinguished by purchase, exchange or otherwise, though state and federal governments have seemingly proceeded on the theory that no such right ever existed. From the time of its foundation the federal government has always paid due regard, at least in form, to the extinguishment of title to lands which were claimed by the several Indian tribes under aboriginal occupancy. The one exception to this has been that of the Wichita Indians, who lived in the upper Red river country, between the Canadian and Brazos rivers.

Indians Cede Land.

"In 1818 certain chiefs and warriors of the Quapaw tribe of Indians, in council at St. Louis with William Clark and Auguste Chouteau, as commissioners representing the government of the United States, entered into a treaty by the terms of which they ceded all of the lands in Oklahoma and Texas between the Arkansas and Canadian rivers on the north and the Red river on the south to the government. The fact that the Quapaw Indians lived in eastern Arkansas, that they seldom went as far west as the eastern boundary of Oklahoma and that they never by occupancy or otherwise exercised any form of ownership or jurisdiction over any of the lands within 200 miles of the region where the Wichitas were living, do not seem to have entered into the consideration at all, if, indeed, the government commissioners had any knowledge of the existence of the Wichitas at that time. Yet, with this Quapaw transaction as a basis, the government of the United States executed a grant of these lands to the people later. More than thirty years later the Wichita people first learned that their country had been sold by the Quapaw and then granted to the Choctaws.

"If the government of the United States ever means to do the square and honorable thing by the Wichita Indians it will never have a better chance than it has at the present time. Their lands are gone—sold to strangers without recompense to them and without their consent—but they still have an equitable claim to the ownership of the Red River channel oil properties, and simple justice demands that they be given a chance to establish it."

SINGER SUFFERS TRIALS IN ITALY

Miss McVane Was Victim of Many Persecutions During the War.

SCOFFED AT IN STREET

American Ambassador Puts Wheels in Motion and Her Blackmailer Is Sent to Prison—Puccini Planned an Opera for Her.

New York.—"If there was lack of artistic temperament in the original composition of Miss Dorothea Alastair McVane, her experiences as a professional singer in Italy would have made good the defect, for she so impressed the great Puccini that, at his instance, she made her operatic debut as Mimi, in his "La Boheme," carrying through the part with success when she was in the first stages of typhoid fever; she fell under official suspicion as a spy in Taranto, where there is an Italian naval station; she underwent a siege of blackmail that resulted in sending two oppressors to prison, and she became the betrothed of a young noble, who was killed in the war.

In addition, her progress toward a career was hampered by the stern opposition of her father, Silas Marcus McVane, formerly professor of history and international law in Harvard, retiring as emeritus professor. Afterward the family became so proud of the young singer that they established a home in Rome, where Professor McVane died at about the beginning of the war.

Scoffed and Hissed.

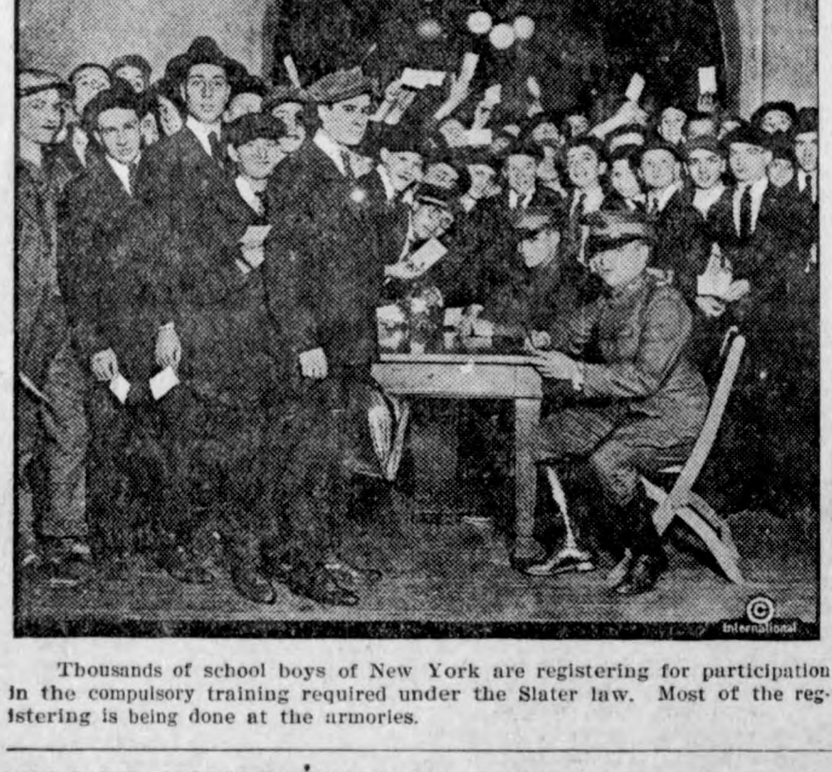
In connection with the spy and blackmail episodes it seems that Miss McVane unwittingly snapped her camera when the lens was pointed in the direction of masked batteries. Soon she became the object of scoffing in the street, she was hissed at the opera, she found herself unable to get letters to her friends or to hear from them. She became so nervous and dispirited that she wished to go away, regardless of her operatic contract, and was threatened with arrest if she tried to go. When, at last, men annoyed her with threats of publishing the spy story and thus ruining her career unless she paid money to them, she contrived to get word to the American ambassador in Rome, who put the wheels in motion for a blackmail trial, whereby Miss McVane was cleared and the men were punished.

She was led to adopt singing as a profession on the advice of artists and others who heard her voice in Paris, where she had gone merely to perfect her French. When her French instructors sent her to Milan, with letters to the composer Puccini, she knew the leading roles in 20 operas. It was reported that Puccini intended to write an opera for her, but the war absorbed him in other affairs.

Miss McVane is something of a psychic. The story is that both she and her titled lover believed firmly in the survival of personality after death and the ability of the disembodied spirit to communicate with the living; and that they exchanged vows that the one dying first would visit the survivor on earth. Ever since the lover died she is said to have been expecting such a visit.

Miss McVane's sisters are Miss Edith McVane, managing writer and novelist, and the Baroness Dodeman de Placy, whose husband is a French cavalry officer. The McVane home in Rome was long a favorite meeting place for social, literary and artistic celebrities.

BOYS REGISTER FOR MILITARY TRAINING



Thousands of school boys of New York are registering for participation in the compulsory training required under the Slater law. Most of the registering is being done at the armories.

Lightning's Pranks.

Marrietta, Pa.—During a heavy electrical storm a bolt struck the residence of Charles S. Spangler and knocked out a beam in the middle of his garret without tearing a hole in the roof. The outside was considerably damaged. Fire ensued, but the downpour of rain extinguished it. At the home of B. Renninga the house was struck and the kitchen "upset" without causing a fire.

KILLS CAT; TROUBLE RESULTS

Policeman Shot Woman at Same Time and Court Gives Her $1,150 Verdict.

Minneapolis.—A cat which more than a year ago perched on the back fence of Mrs. Carrie Miller's home, caused litigation which has been in the courts ever since and which resulted in a verdict of $1,150 in favor of Mrs. Miller.

The cat was alleged to be an invalid. Its peculiar actions had caused neighbors to summon the police and Sergt. William F. Mealey was dispatched from the North Side precinct station to shoot the animal.

He took a shotgun and fired while the cat was perched on the Miller fence. He killed the cat, but stray shots hit Mrs. Miller, whom Mealey could not see on account of the fence, inflicting painful though not serious wounds. Suit was brought against Mealey and the Hartford Accident and Indemnity Co., his bondsmen.

NOW TREAT SOLDIERS

Revel in Baths Once for Millionaire Huns.

Red Cross Refits Salsburg Watering Place for Rheumatic Roumanians.

Bucharest.—The famous salt baths of Salsburg, where the millionaires of Austria, Hungary and the Balkan states used to spend their summers, now are curing rheumatic Roumanian soldiers.

Stripped of all their luxurious furnishings during the war, the Salsburg baths have just been refitted with the aid of the American Red Cross for use as a military hospital for chronic rheumatism resulting from trench warfare. Five hundred soldiers are there, recovering from rheumatism and similar diseases contracted while undergoing the hardships of war.

In times of peace thousands of tourists visited Salsburg, high up in the Transylvanian Alps, southwest of Kronstadt. Many came for the dazzling social life. With its magnificent hotels and gay casino, it was perhaps the chief showplace of eastern Europe. When the Germans pushed the Roumanians out of this district early in the war General Mackensen and his staff took possession of the town and staged luxurious revelry there. When the Germans left they looted the place, stripped the hotels of tapestries, furniture and brass fittings. Even the equipment for the medicinal baths was wrecked.

Under the direction of Maj. George C. Treadwell of Albany, N. Y., and several American physicians, the baths were refitted sufficiently to care for the soldiers.

Neither Brussels sprouts nor Brussels carpets hail from the city whence they take their name.

NEST FOR RADICALS

MEXICO STAMPING GROUND FOR "RED" ELEMENT.

WASHINGTON IS CONCERNED

Consular Agent of Southern Republic in U. S. Known to Be Advocate of Soviet Rule.

Washington, D. C.—Disclosures of large orders for arms and ammunition placed by Mexico in Europe, were followed by revelations tending to show that the "reds' underground line" from soviet Russia to the United States runs by way of Mexico.

It became known that the immigration service and the Department of Justice both are concerned at the influx of Russian radicals and other aliens of "red" tendencies over the Mexican border. Furthermore, government agents have traced much red propaganda over the Mexican line.

A letter written October 23, by Raymon P. De Negri, Mexican consul general in New York, to Flavia Borquez, a Mexican senator, endorsing the principle of "nationalization," has come into the hands of the government and already has been called to the attention of the State department by at least two senators as showing De Negri's association with "radical socialists" in the United States.

In the opinion of officials here the publication of the letter may lead to an embarrassing situation. It is known that the senators who called the attention of Secretary Lansing to it recommended cancellation of the consul general's exequators.

Government investigators have reported that radicals seemed to have been first attracted to Mexico by certain so-called "ultra-modern" provisions of the new constitution. De Negri in his letter writes that "only Russia by nationalizing lands has gone further than we have."

Government agents also have gathered evidence showing distribution of red propaganda in the United States through Mexican sources and this is expected to be shown publicly soon.

STAND BY EX-KAISER.

Germans in Frenzy, Shout Hoch for Ruler and Empire.

Berlin.—Pan-German students refused to permit Field Marshal Hindenburg to enter the reichstag building to testify before a subcommittee which is investigating war responsibilities, and forced the field marshal's chauffeur to return with the former commander in chief to his home.

The demonstration occurred as the field marshal's automobile was being driven toward the reichstag building, the students surrounded it and declared their unwillingness to allow him to be questioned by the subcommittee. It was a nationalist demonstration and shouts of "Brothers we will not allow such a disgrace," "For us there is only one kaiser and one empire" and "We will not endure that our glorious kaiser be besmirched," were heard.

Along the route was a statue of the former emperor, the name on which was hidden under a canvas. The students tore off the canvas with cries of "Hoch for the one-time ruler and the empire."

In official quarters it was announced that the students had violated the conditions imposed by martial law and that troops would be ordered to suppress any similar demonstrations.

MAYNARD THE WINNER.

Awarded High Honors in Air Derby by War Department.

New York.—Lieut. Belvin W. Maynard, "the flying parson," won the recent army trans-continental airplane race with the shortest elapsed time—9 days, 4 hours, 26 minutes and 5 seconds—according to an official decision of the War department. On actual flying time, however, Maynard was fifth to Lieut. Alexander Pearson, who spent 48 hours, 57 minutes and 15 seconds in the air. The order of finish, allowing handicaps, was: Pearson, Maynard, Hartney, Smith, Worthington, Donaldson, Manzelman and Reynolds.

Plead Guilty of Arson.

Des Moines, Ia.—Signed confessions have been secured by Attorney General Havner from nearly all of the ten men arrested near New Sharon and at Des Moines the past few days charged with arson and conspiracy in connection with the burning of a school house, the Dutch Reformed church, and other buildings in the Dutch community of Mahaska county.

Urge Yanks Leave Russia.

Washington, D. C.—Petitions from the American Legion post, Seattle, urging withdrawal of the American expeditionary forces in Siberia, were presented to the senate.

Exchange Seat Sells High.

New York.—A new record price for a seat on the Stock exchange was made, when a place sold for $110,000. This is $10,000 above the previous record price paid less than a week ago.

Brewers See Loophole.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Wisconsin brewers will attack the "drys" from a new angle, seeking through the courts to obtain an interpretation of the rights of the federal government and of the states to define "intoxicating liquors."

VOTE LEAGUE RESERVATION

Senate Takes Action Which President Said Would Take Heart Out of Covenant.

Washington, D. C.—The senate, by a vote of 46 to 33, adopted a reservation qualifying the obligations of the United States under Article 10 of the league of nations covenant, and thus went on record as squarely joining the issue with President Wilson.

A solid republican lineup, reinforced by four democratic votes, put the reservation across exactly as it came from the foreign relations committee and in virtually the language which the president declared on his western tour would cut the heart out of the covenant and mean the rejection of the treaty.

The Article 10 reservation as adopted by the senate follows:

"The United States assumes no obligation to preserve the territorial integrity or political independence of any other country, or to interfere with controversies between nations—whether members of the league or not—under the provisions of Article 10, or to employ the military or naval forces of the United States under any article of the treaty for any purpose, unless in any particular case the congress, which, under the constitution, has the sole power to declare war or authorizes the employment of the military or naval forces of the United States, shall, by act or joint resolution, so provide."

In only two particulars does this language differ from the proposed reservation which the president declared at Cheyenne, Wyo., he would be obliged to regard as a rejection. As read by Mr. Wilson, the phrase "under the provisions of Article 10," occurred at a different place and the final word, "provide," was changed to "declare."

All of the negative votes were by democrats. Four democrats, Gore, Reed, Smith of Georgia and Walsh of Massachusetts, voted with the republicans for adoption.

CHOOSE D'OLIER HEAD.

American Legion Hold First Meeting—Nebraska Man Honored.

Minneapolis, Minn.—The first annual convention of the American Legion here last week elected Franklin D'Olier of Philadelphia as its national commander, and voted to have congress consider the advisability of approving further bonuses for service men. The Rev. F. A. Kelly of New York was elected national chaplain. Shortly before adjournment, five vice chairmen were elected. They are: Allen A. Tukey, Omaha; James O'Brien, San Diego; J. P. Lewis, Long Prairie, Minn.; A. R. Chambers, Winthrop, Mass.; and William B. Follett, Eugene, Ore. Twenty-five thousand delegates and alternates representing practically 1,000,000 former soldiers, sailors and marines in every state and territory of the United States attended the meeting.

ROUND UP I. W. W.'S IN WEST.

General Warfare Started on Reds Following Assassination.

Centralia, Wash.—Cities of western Washington have joined Centralia in arresting members of the industrial workers of the world and raiding their headquarters following the firing on an armistice day parade here which resulted in the death of four former American soldiers, serious injury to another and the wounding of twenty-two. Raids conducted in Seattle, Tacoma and Aberdeen on the industrial workers' headquarters have resulted in scores of radicals being landed in jail and the seizure of tons of red literature.

Shot By Jail Breakers.

Le Mars, Ia.—William Maxwell, son of Sheriff Maxwell, was probably fatally wounded when he was shot by escaping prisoners in the Plymouth county jail. His father, Hugh Maxwell, was also shot; his mother was stunned by a blow over the head, and his two sisters were locked in the jail. The men who escaped were: Lee Barrington, Harry Smith, W. Cullon and James O'Keefe, captured by Sioux City police after robbing the Westfield bank at Westfield, Ia., October 27, and William Convey, who was awaiting trial for attempting to shoot Sheriff Maxwell.

Crash May Reduce Prices.

Washington, D. C.—Approximately $800,000,000 will be released to help local enterprise throughout the United States as a result of the crash in the New York stock market last week, government officials said here. This vast sum, when it is no longer attracted by speculation, will be available to local business men in need of cash to increase production, build factory additions, buy new machinery and boost business generally, it is believed. This will tend to help reduce prices and living costs, officials hope.

Wilson Leaves Sick Bed.

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson left his bed Nov. 11 for the first time in more than a month. Swathed in blankets and propped in a pillowed invalid's chair, he was propelled about the White house for an hour.

Banks Make Big Showing.

Washington, D. C.—An increase of $3,571,000,000 in resources of the national banks since August, 1918, the greatest in any year since the inauguration of the national banking system was reported by Comptroller Williams.

OBEY COURT ORDER

HEADS OF MINERS' UNION CALL OFF COAL STRIKE.

BITTER TOWARD GOVERNMENT

Miners Reluctant to Return to Work, May Await Adjustment of All Grievances.

Indianapolis, Ind.—The strike order sent from the headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America here on October 15 to district presidents in bituminous fields in twenty states of the union, and which resulted in more than 400,000 miners laying down their tools, paralyzing coal production throughout the nation, was cancelled November 11 by heads of the union in obeyance to a mandate issued by United States District Judge A. B. Anderson.

The annullment of the strike order followed a meeting of international officers, district presidents and members of the executive board and scale committee, which lasted seventeen hours and at which, it is said, bitter resentment was shown against the government for its action against the miners.

John I. Lewis, acting president of the mine workers, in announcing the decision made the following statement:

"Gentlemen, we will comply with the mandate of the court. We do it under protest. We are Americans. We cannot fight our government. That is all."

Judge A. B. Anderson, in federal court, approved the order calling off the strike. The judge characterized the order as a "good faith effort" to comply with his mandate.

The meeting was probably the most momentous ever held by the miners' organization, if not the most weighty ever conducted by a labor organization in this country, for, in the view of labor leaders, it was to determine whether an organization would be forced by governmental pressure through the courts to discontinue a strike, when apparently all the members of the union were behind the walkout, which was being conducted without any form of violence or damage to property.

Labor in general, as represented by the executive committee of the American Federation of Labor, had offered its unqualified support to the miners in their strike, while obedience or disobedience of a federal court order hung in the balance, and this fact gave miners' representatives who favored holding out an argument which weighed heavily with some of their colleagues.

Reports from many states indicate that many of the miners will not resume work until an agreement has been reached between union officials and operators now in session at Washington.

"PUSSYFOOT" GIVEN RIDE.

American Prohibition Worker Handled Rough By Londoners.

London.—William E. Johnson, an American prohibition worker and Anti-Saloon league organizer, familiarly known here and elsewhere as "Pussyfoot," was dragged from a platform from which he was speaking, severely beaten and paraded through two miles of crowded West End streets on a plank.

His Career in Nebraska.

Lincoln, Neb.—William E. (Pussyfoot) Johnson was a student in the University of Nebraska thirty years ago. In the early nineties he became connected with the government as an agent for running down men accused of selling liquor to Indians. On account of the danger connected with the work, he adopted quiet but effective methods that gave him the name of "Pussyfoot" and put him well at the head of his branch of the service. He left the government service and became general agent and publicity man for the Anti-Saloon league.

BIG RAISE IMPOSSIBLE.

Secretary of Labor Offers Solution to Settle Mine Grievances.

Washington, D. C.—Demands of coal miners for a 30-hour week and a 60 per cent increase in wages and an unyielding position by the operators, alike were declared "impossible" by Secretary Wilson in opening the conference called to bring peace to the bituminous coal fields of the nation. To obtain this peace the secretary proposed three plans of procedure.

"First, negotiation through joint wage scale committees representing all districts; second, negotiation through concurrent sessions of committees from the various districts; and, third, negotiation first of an agreement in the central competitive field and then of agreements for other fields with that of the central district as a basis."

Kansas Corn Crop.

Topeka, Kans.—The Kansas corn crop this year will amount to 64,365,000 bushels, according to estimates released by Edward C. Paxton, for the bureau of crop estimates at Topeka.

Will Return All Mail.

Washington, D. C.—The house bill authorizing the return to senders of undelivered second, third and fourth class mail was passed by the senate and went to the president. Only letter mail is now returnable if undelivered.

Pneumonia often follows a **Neglected Cold**

KILL THE COLD!

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

FLORIDA

Fruitland Park in Florida's lake jeweled highlands will appeal to the homeseeker who, whether wishing land or an orange grove, desires the best. Write for book of actual photographs and learn how you can own your own grove on easy payments. BOARD OF TRADE, 534 Trade Ave., Fruitland Park, Florida

Famous Roman Woman.

It has been said by a cynic that never can woman be the friend of woman. But she can be the friend of man, and absolutely disassociated from sex affinity. Paula, noble Roman lady, was the devoted life friend and helper of the great Jerome—St. Jerome. She was descended from the Scipios and the Gracchi. She was born A. D. 347 at Rome. Married at seventeen to Textius, she lived in splendor on Mount Aventine. Upon her conversion to Christianity she gave half her fortune to the poor and began the ascetic life. She came under the influence of the great Jerome, and the intercourse of these two minds was continued when Jerome went to the East to live in a cave at Bethlehem and to put forth his mighty literary works. Paula, with her friends, followed his footsteps, built a convent near the cave, and ministered to the saint amid his stupendous accomplishments. She died in her convent; her eyes were closed by St. Jerome. The poor of Palestine rose up to call her blessed.

The Right Way

in all cases of

DISTEMPER, PINKEYE INFLUENZA, COLDS, ETC.

of all horses, brood mares, colts and stallions is to

"SPOHN THEM"

on the tongue or in the feed with

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Give the remedy to all of them. It acts on the blood and glands. It routs the disease by expelling the germs. It wards off the trouble, no matter how they are "exposed." A few drops a day prevent those exposed from contracting disease. Contains nothing injurious. Sold by druggists, harness dealers or by the manufacturers. AGENTS WANTED.

SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, GOSHEN, IND.

VISITOR SHOULD HAVE TACT

Something of a Triumph When One Can Make Hostess Feel at Home in Her Own House.

Visiting is an art. To make people feel at home in their own house is the highest point of human conduct. "He was never any trouble," said a certain woman of her husband, who, though he had never supported her, nevertheless made her happy for 30 years. What an epitaph for a permanent visitor!

To visit properly requires supreme gifts. Silent visitors often get on one's nerves more than the parrot. Their staring eyes, their maddening acquiescence in everything done for them, their almost inexcusable lack of enthusiasm, leave one dead and cold and weary. In contrast, we all know the jumping guest who is always ready to meet your lightest suggestion with projectile-like activity, and who bounces about the place from morning till night jostling your sacred and inviolable ideas and tramping roughshod over your mental gardens, with sublime unconcern.—Exchange.

Process of Deduction.

Cecil Julian is a Hoosier boy scout who uses his wit quite as well as his hands. Recently while passing the window of a cleaning company he saw in the window the velvet dress of his former teacher. The next day he noticed that it was still there. In fact, for one whole week it hung in that window. And then the next Monday morning it was gone.

But lo and behold, he did see it that day and then it was being worn by its owner. He went up to her, smiled sweetly and said: "Oh, I see you are wearing —— the Cleaning company's advertisement."—Indianapolis News.

Her Class.

"Is a woman who drives her own machine a chauffeur?"

"No; she's a home-wrecker."

O-I-C.

"What is your profession?"

"What! You don't know that I am a man of letters?"

Cuticura Soap for the Complexion. Nothing better than Cuticura Soap daily and Ointment now and then as needed to make the complexion clear, scalp clean and hands soft and white. Add to this the fascinating, fragrant Cuticura Talcum and you have the Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

BOSTON'S OLD STATE HOUSE

Famous Building, Restored by Patriotic Society, Is Now Preserved as a Revolutionary Relic.

The old State house in Boston was erected in 1743. In early days the first floor was used as the Merchant's exchange, and the second story as the meeting place of the governors of the province and the royal council. A few feet from the eastern porch occurred the Boston massacre on March 5, 1776; in 1789 Washington reviewed from this building a procession in his honor, and in 1835 William Lloyd Garrison took refuge there to escape from the mob that had broken up an anti-slavery meeting and threatened his life. In later years the building was turned into business offices and was so much altered, inside and outside, as almost to destroy the original architectural effect. In 1881 it was restored by the city at the request of the public-spirited citizens, and is now in the custody of the Bostonian society, which occupies it. The rooms, including the old council chamber and hall of representatives, contain a collection of relics and paintings of revolutionary times.

Accurate Description.

"What is an Italian vendetta?"

"It is one of them new-fangled porches around the new cottages."

There's nothing truer than a sister's love for some other chap.

It's the wise housewife who serves

Postum Cereal

instead of coffee. For where coffee sometimes disagrees and leaves harmful after-effects, Postum is an absolutely healthful cereal drink. Made of roasted wheat blended with a wee bit of molasses.

The extraordinary flavor of this beverage resembles that of the finest coffee—pleasing to particular tastes.

Two sizes, usually sold at 15c and 25c.

Made by

Postum Cereal Company, Battle Creek, Michigan

Home Town Helps

WORK FOR "HOME BEAUTIFUL"

Government Demonstration Agents Give Advice Concerning Pretty and Convenient Dwellings.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

It does not cost any more to build a house which will be pretty and convenient than it does to erect a homely and inconvenient dwelling, the home-demonstration agents are telling the people in their territories. The state agricultural colleges and the United States department of agriculture are backing up this "home beautiful" movement. In some states the work is yet in the lecture stage and in others demonstration homes are being erected which are to serve as good examples of architecture in that community.

Such a home was built last summer in Talladega county, Ala. Not only its plans, but its decoration and landscape setting as well, have been made according to the designs of the government experts. It is up-to-date in every detail, but strict economy has been used in the plans. Beauty of line and material are to be found in this dwelling. So much care has been put on the floor plans and so many labor-saving devices have been built in that housekeeping in it will be easy. The house is built of lumber cut on the farm and it is located on a main thoroughfare, where a comfortable, well-planned, and pretty farm home can be a source of inspiration.

BRICK HAS MANY ADVANTAGES

Material Declared by Eastern Journal to Be Best for Construction of Ideal Home.

"Convincing beauty" is not a matter of money. Perfect taste and the perfect material can be put into a $4,000 or $5,000 home as well as into the millionaire's palace. Is there anyone who has not been fortunate enough to see, at some time in his life, a little brick house that appealed to him as being all that it should be, an ideal companion for the trees and the grass and the hills around—a little house that cost no more than the most expensive mansion?

Brick is the material that succeeds, as none other can, in adapting itself to the wants of the man with good taste and a moderate income. In the house built on a proper plan, it suggests all the qualities that should be associated with the word home—permanency, hospitality, warmth, comfort, beauty. And brick has that rare and wonderful characteristic which is said to distinguish the elect among womankind—it grows old beautifully.

Time is powerless to mar the beauty or to sap the strength of brick. Generations may come and go, but the sturdy brick walls of the homestead stay on. Brick may reach a venerable old age—it never reaches the state of decrepitude.—New York Sun.

For Capital and Labor.

"In order to correct the apparently unfriendly relations between capital and labor, Community Service believes that it can perform a valuable work by reviving the neighborhood spirit," says a member of the organization. "This can be done by teaching the foreign-born lessons of Americanization, directing the leisure of the people along instructional and educational lines, finding a stimulating substitute for the disappearing saloon, furnishing a gathering place with a healthy atmosphere, organizing the social, educational and recreational resources of our communities on lines so broad and democratic as to win the support of all races, creeds and classes. In short, it is the aim of Community Service to develop community interest around community need, making of every neighborhood a good place in which to live."

No More Amateur Architects.

Beauty is officially approved by the state of Pennsylvania. The legislature has enacted a new law, under which no tyro can try his hand at architectural creation. In order to practice as an architect a man will have to pass an examination, quite after the fashion of lawyers and physicians.—From The Nation's Business.

City Needs Trees.

A city shorn of its leafage is bereft of all of its mellowness. It is left a gaunt, stark thing, its face deep-lined, with hard contours and angular outlines. It looks old and bold and unashamed, and it turns its face upon the world like a creature without ideals, without purpose.

His Ultimatum.

Henpeck—I'll have to get a new hat, Lucretia.

Mrs. Henpeck (warmly)—Are you poor, spineless men slaves to fashion?

Henpeck—No, sir—er, I mean, ma'am! But, I, for one, shall never wear a straw hat and an overcoat at the same time.—Buffalo Express.

Big Soda Deposit.

A single deposit of soda in British East Africa is estimated by geologists to contain more than 200,000,000 tons.

Eases Colds

At once! Relief with "Pape's Cold Compound"

The first dose eases your cold! Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a severe cold and ends all grippe misery.

Relief awaits you! Open your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of your head; stop nose running; relieve the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice. Contains no quinine. Insist on Pape's!—Adv.

Quick Change Artist.

Our idea of an independent man is one who can pin up the baby's outfit as quick as he can change tires on his motorcar.—Dallas News.

"CAN I BE CURED?" SAYS THE SUFFERER

How often have you heard that sad cry from the victims of disease. Perhaps the disorder has gone too far for help, but oftener it is just in its first stages and the pains and aches are only nature's first cries for help. Do not despair. Find out the cause and give nature all the help you can and she will repay you with health. Look after the kidneys. The kidneys are the most overworked organs of the human body, and when they fail in their work of filtering and throwing off the poison that constantly accumulates in the system, everything goes wrong. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney and bladder troubles and their kindred ailments. They will free your body from pain in short order. But be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. Look for the name on every box. In three sizes, sealed packages. Money refunded if they do not help you. —Adv.

None but Japs Admitted.

Amid restaurants of all nationalities in London open to all nationalities, is just one for one race alone. On its entrance is "For Japanese Only."

CARBON!

Rid System of Clogged-up Waste and Poisons with "Cascarets."

Like carbon clogs and chokes a motor, so the excess bile in liver, and the constipated waste in the bowels, produce foggy brains, headache, sour, acid stomach, indigestion, sallow skin, sleepless nights, and bad colds.

Let gentle, harmless "Cascarets" rid the system of the toxins, acids, gases, and poisons which are keeping you upset.

Take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest laxative-cathartic you ever experienced. Cascarets never gripe, sicken, or cause inconvenience. They work while you sleep. A box of Cascarets costs so little too.—Adv.

People who haven't very much to say certainly have it on most of those who do.

Thousands of Happy Housewives in WESTERN CANADA

are helping their husbands to prosper—are glad they encouraged them to go where they could make a home of their own—save paying rent and reduce cost of living—where they could reach prosperity and independence by **buying on easy terms.**

Fertile Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land similar to that which through many years has **yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre.** Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. With such crops come prosperity, independence, good homes, and all the comforts and conveniences which make for happy living.

Farm Gardens—Poultry—Dairying

are sources of income second only to grain growing and stock raising. Good climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephone, etc., give you the opportunities of a new land with the conveniences of old settled districts.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent

WESTERN CANADA Farm Lands Low Prices The Wheat Belt of America

EARN $150 TO $450 A MONTH

I AM IN LOVE with my work and would not trade my job for any other job in the world. All I know about this business I learned at the Lincoln Auto and Tractor School. You can step into a BIG PAYING POSITION after taking training in this school.

LEARN IN EIGHT WEEKS

Complete course in

AUTO & TRACTOR MECHANICS

FREE *Our big illustrated book. Cut out this ad, sign and MAIL TODAY.*

Name.....

Town..... State.....

Address 2436, Lincoln Auto & Tractor School, Lincoln, Neb.

Not Much Credit Coming to Them.

Jud Tunkins says he knows two men, and maybe three, who bragged about not bein' profiteers, simply because they never had a good chance.

A Feeling of Security

You naturally feel secure when you know that the medicine you are about to take is absolutely pure and contains no harmful or habit producing drugs.

Such a medicine is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

The same standard of purity, strength and excellence is maintained in every bottle of Swamp-Root.

It is scientifically compounded from vegetable herbs.

It is not a stimulant and is taken in teaspoonful doses.

It is not recommended for everything.

It is nature's great helper in relieving and overcoming kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

A sworn statement of purity is with every bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

If you need a medicine, you should have the best. On sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to try this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

A Happier Day.

"Pa, what was a pre-glacial man?"

"Why, man before he had to pay ice bills, I suppose."

A girl who can't sing, and will sing, should be muzzled.

MONEY IN GRAIN

$25.00 invested in Grain, Stocks or Cotton, on our plan, gives opportunity to make $250.00; $50.00 will make $500. No further risk. Our method of quick daily profits with combined capital gives the small investor big opportunities. Grain, Stock and Cotton markets now offering big returns. Act quick while markets are active. Write for particulars.

MERCHANTS BROKERAGE CO.
817 Dwight Bldg. Kansas City, Mo.

Cuticura Soap Best for Baby

Soap 25c., Ointment 25 & 50c., Talcum 25c. Sample each mailed free by "Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston."

TO SHINE A COLD STOVE Quick and Easy

Use **E-Z STOVE POLISH** Ready Mixt—Ready to Shine

MARTIN & MARTIN, CHICAGO

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 75c. Free book. D. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

6% FARM MORTGAGES. Any Amount. Perkins County State Bank, Grainton, Perkins County, Nebraska.

HONEY FOR SALE by Parcel Post. Walter Reppert's Honey Farms, Burlington, Iowa.

Here's A Special Trial Ton Guaranteed Hog Feed Offer: Act!

If you raise hogs, then our special introductory trial ton offer on the famous International Hog Feed will surely interest you. The coupon below brings to you, freight prepaid, a ton of International Hog Feed. Send no money. Pay when feed arrives. It's the greatest feed ever formulated for hogs. Guaranteed 22½ % protein.

International Hog Feed

"What Every Hog Wants"

Practical tests have proven that one sack of International Hog Feed will save from five to seven bushels of corn because it makes hogs ready for market 30 to 60 days earlier. Thousands of practical hog raisers use it instead of oil meal, digester tankage or flour middlings. *They know.* Get the full profits from your hogs by feeding them the feed of known value—International Hog Feed.

Move Today

Don't put this coupon-filling job off until you "get around to it." Move in this matter now. The offer is for a short time only. Fill it in now—while you think about it.

INTERNATIONAL SUGAR FEED CO.
Minneapolis, Minn.
DEALERS! Write for Exclusive Agency Proposition

Mail This NOW

International Sugar Feed Company,
Department 144, Minneapolis, Minn.
United States Food Administration Licence No. G-13615
Gentlemen:
As per your special $75 a ton, freight prepaid, International Hog Meal introductory offer, you may ship me
Quantity (tons).....
My shipping station is.....
My name is.....
Address.....
.....R. F. D.
The name and address of my bank is.....
.....
The above price does not apply to points south of Memphis and west of Denver. Write for quotations for these territories. Minimum order we can accept is ½ ton.

FARMERS FRIEND ON RESERVE BOARD

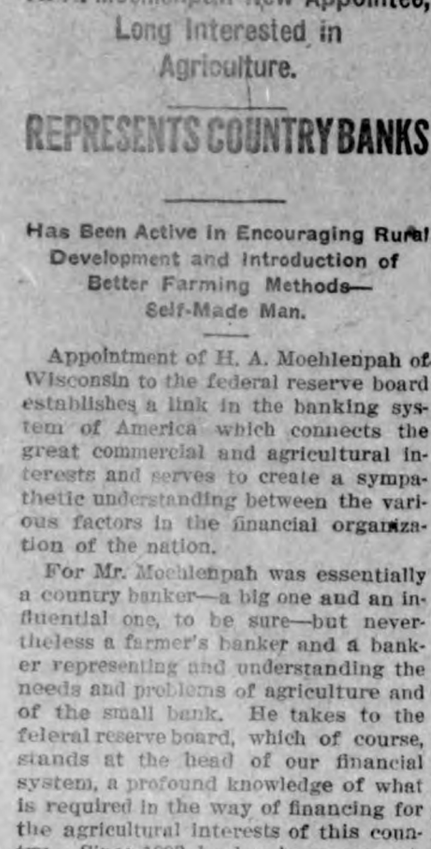
H. A. Moehlenpah New Appointee, Long Interested in Agriculture.

REPRESENTS COUNTRY BANKS

Has Been Active in Encouraging Rural Development and Introduction of Better Farming Methods—Self-Made Man.

Appointment of H. A. Moehlenpah of Wisconsin to the federal reserve board establishes a link in the banking system of America which connects the great commercial and agricultural interests and serves to create a sympathetic understanding between the various factors in the financial organization of the nation.

For Mr. Moehlenpah was essentially a country banker—a big one and an influential one, to be sure—but nevertheless a farmer's banker and a banker representing and understanding the needs and problems of agriculture and of the small bank. He takes to the federal reserve board, which of course, stands at the head of our financial system, a profound knowledge of what is required in the way of financing for the agricultural interests of this country. Since 1903 he has been connected, first as cashier and later as president, with the Citizen's Bank of Clinton, Wis., an institution of $50,000 capital. Within the last ten years he has organized and operated two large institutions for the handling of farm



H. A. Moehlenpah.

loans. The first of these is known as the Wisconsin Mortgage and Securities company and has a capital stock of $200,000. It was organized in 1914 and during the first five years of its existence it made loans to sixteen hundred farmers aggregating five millions of dollars. The second of these institutions is known as the Bankers' Joint Stock Land Bank of Milwaukee, organized in 1918 under the federal farm loan act, with a capital of $250,000. This institution now has about seven hundred loans in effect totalling $3,000,000.

Understands Farmer's Needs.

While these facts show the financial relation of Mr. Moehlenpah to agricultural interests, they barely hint at his great activity in behalf of the farmers for he was active in Wisconsin and at Washington, D. C., in behalf of the legislation which resulted in the passage of the farm loan act. His last work in Wisconsin before going to Washington was that of getting under way the organization of a cattle loan company for the purpose of financing the movement of pure bred stock from southern Wisconsin to northern districts of that state. He had been active for many years encouraging better farming and has been identified with many movements like grain contests, exhibitions in rural schools, formation of country development associations and educational excursions made for the purpose of introducing pure bred stock and pure bred seeds. Many times he has been chairman of the committee for such work in charge.

Knows Big Policies.

However, Mr. Moehlenpah is not merely a country banker. He is one who understands the larger aspects of finance and is able to think of financial problems in large units. He was a considerable factor in the discussions of the federal reserve act before it became a law and perhaps more than any single individual was responsible for the endorsement of this act by the American Bankers' association. When the federal reserve act was before congress, the American Bankers' association called a conference in Chicago of the bankers of the country for the purpose of securing suggestions for amendments it was felt would be needed.

Represents Country Bankers.

As a result of that conference, Mr. Moehlenpah was appointed a member of a committee of fifteen representing the bankers of the United States. He represented the country banks, all the other members being large city bankers: A. P. Hepburn, New York; W. A. Maddox, Atlanta, Ga.; J. B. Forgan and G. M. Reynolds, Chicago, and others.

M'ADOO SAYS FARM LOAN ACT HELPS FARMERS

Former Secretary of the Treasury Describes in Kansas City Court How Law Operates.

PART OF FINANCIAL SYSTEM

Sustains Constitutionality of Law Which Does for Agriculture What National Banks and Federal Reserve Act Do for Commerce and Industry.

POINTS FROM M'ADOO'S KANSAS CITY ARGUMENT.

Successful farming is basic to the general welfare. Conditions which denied to the farmer ample funds for operation and adequate credit facilities for the purchase of land and improvements were of grave national concern.

Therefore, a rural credits system was devised as a part of the financial system of the nation in order that the great industry of agriculture, the source of the nation's food supply, might have an equal chance with other lines of business and industry.

Federal land banks were created to provide credit and money for the borrowers of small means—plenty of money at low rates of interest and on long-time credit. These banks were formed by the government subscribing most of the capital stock.

Joint stock land banks were created to provide credit and money for farmer borrowers of larger means—in order that the large borrowers might not take all the money the farm land banks had to lend and thus leave the small borrower without funds. These banks are privately owned, but are operated under government supervision and are subject to all the essential restrictions placed upon the federal land banks.

To make farm loan bonds attractive to investors, and to make it possible for these bonds to compete with municipal bonds, the government made them exempt from all federal, state and local taxes. Without tax exemption, the whole farm loan system would have failed absolutely.

How the federal farm loan act came into existence as the result of a long-standing and nation-wide need was told in the United States court at Kansas City by former Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo. The right and duty of the federal government to aid and encourage agriculture was told by former Justice Charles E. Hughes and former Attorney General of the United States George W. Wickersham.

Interest Rates Reduced.

As brought out by Mr. McAdoo, the farm loan act was passed by congress to provide ample funds for agricultural development and agricultural operations. Mr. McAdoo, who was secretary of the treasury at the time this law was passed, said that it was the intent of congress to provide:

1. Plenty of money for the farmers.
2. Low rates of interest.
3. Long and convenient terms of credit.

Mr. McAdoo showed how this act already had reduced rates of interest in many and extensive sections of the United States and had so stabilized interest that rates were now almost uniform throughout the United States.

He showed how the federal land banks were created in order that the farmer of small means might have credit and borrow money at as low rates and on as easy terms as the man of larger means.

Protects Small Borrower.

He told also how the joint stock land banks were created to protect the farmer of small means in his right to low rates and easy terms. He said that without the joint stock land banks there was grave danger that the heavy borrowers would absorb all the money which the federal land banks could assemble and thus leave the small borrower in much the same condition as before.

The farm loan act also has operated to make more generous everywhere the terms on which farm mortgage loans are made. The amortization plan makes it possible for the farmer to borrow the money he needs and to pay it back in small annual or semi-annual installments as he is able to take it out of the soil.

Tax Exemption Necessary.

"Now, of the farmer was to get the real benefits of this act," said Mr. McAdoo, "if he was to secure plenty of money and at a low rate, it was necessary that the quality and character of the securities issued by these land banks should appeal so strongly to capital, that they could sell on a parity with municipal bonds or other tax-exempt securities. Therefore tax exemption was granted to the bonds of these banks. Without tax exemption the entire plan fails."

Job for a Versatile Man.

According to a London paper, the Lady's Magazine for 1789 contained the following comprehensive advertisement: "Wanted, for a sober family, a man of light weight who fears the Lord and can drive a pair of horses. He must occasionally wait at table, join in household prayer, look after horses, and read a chapter in the Bible. He must rise at seven in the morning, obey his master and mistress in all lawful commands, and if he can dress hair, sing psalms, and play at cribbage, so much the better. Wages, fifteen guineas a year."

Longfellow and Tennyson.

Longfellow and Tennyson were not personal friends of long standing, but they became friends late in life. Longfellow was born February 27, 1807, and Tennyson August 6, 1809, but they never met until 1868, when Longfellow visited England. Writing from there to a friend in this country he said: "We came last night from Freshwater, where we had passed two happy days with Tennyson—not at his house, but mostly with him. He was very cordial and very amiable and gave up his whole time to us."

Saloniki's Old Churches.

The finest remains of the ancient city of Saloniki are its churches. How they ever survived the tempests of the Middle Ages is a miracle. Nevertheless they did, 22 of them. And they stand today, turned back into churches after their 500 years of use as mosques, illustrating the story of Byzantine ecclesiastical architecture even more beautifully, in certain ways, than those of Constantinople. Moreover, they make up among them a museum of the lost Byzantine art of mosaic, unrivaled save in Constantinople and Ravenna.

Women's Ways.

"I have nothing to say," says an indignant woman today, and then she talked her head off. These women!—Atchison Globe.

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Don't Depend on Spring Deliveries

Spring deliveries of Ford cars have never been certain, and they should not be depended upo.. Demand has always been greater for Ford cars than then the supply or production. So, if you would be sure of having a Ford car, buy it now while deliveries are possible. Don't wait—even next month is an uncertainty.

Only a limited, specified number of cars has been allotted to this territory. That allotment cannot be sucreased, because the demand all over the country is grea er than the supply or production. Get your order in now, and you will be one of those who is sure of a Ford out of our allotment.

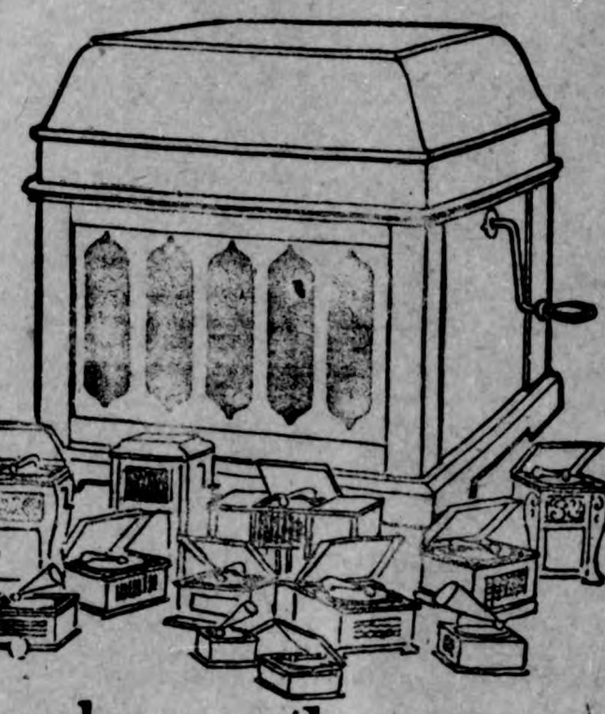
Its first come—first served. All ordesi filled in rotation. So if yon would be foreha ided if you would have a Ford car when you want it—the you will buy a For car now. A signed order with us is you protection. It is the result of the wisdom of looking ah ad.

If you buy a Ford car now don't think you have to "store" it. The Ford is a car made to servc its owner for business or pleasure the year round. Ford owners have long since come to reconize the fact. It is no longer popular to lay up your car for the winter. Buy a Ford and use it now.

E. G. ELL

Authorized Ford Agent

"The GREATEST of them all"



Head and shoulders above the crowd stands Thomas A. Edison!

"Head and shoulders" above the crowd of ordinary phonographs and "talking machines" stands Edison's great contribution to the world's enjoyment—

THE NEW DIAMOND AMBEROLA

No product can be bigger than the brain that evolves it. No other brain in the world today has the inventive ability of Edison's. That fact alone is sufficient proof of the absolute superiority of the Amberola.

But the Amberola can quickly and easily prove its own superiority. Its *tone*—oh, what a revelation, compared to metallic "talking machines" and shrill-sounding phonographs! None but Edison could work that miracle of tone.

Then the *Amberol Records*, made for the Amberola alone! They are practically *unbreakable* and *everlasting*—what a contrast to the costly fragileness of other phonograph records.

And for range of music—the widest in the world—all the best, all the greatest, all the latest. An endless feast of fascinating melody.

Yet the biggest surprise of all is the *price!* This wonder phonograph *costs less* than inferior competitors! There is not a single draw-back to your owning an Amberola *right now!*

Don't listen to the *claims* of other manufacturers—listen to their *machines*. Then come in and *compare* the matchless tone of the Amberola. Edison's wizardry will win you every time.

We'll expect you in *today*—now *don't* forget.

FREE Trial Offer

We will place an Amberola in your home for *3 Days' Trial*, which will not put you under the slightest obligation or expense. Come here, select an Amberola and a number of records and we'll send them to your home. At the end of 3 days, if you do not want the Amberola, we'll call and take it away. If you *do* want it, we'll arrange terms of payment to suit you.

PRICES $41.00 & up

G. A. Pabst, Drugs, Klemme, Iowa

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

KLEMME DRAY LINE

LLOYD LAU, PROPRIETOR

A share of your patronage is solicited.

All work attended to promptly and carefully

Coal Hauling Done Promptly

Telephone No. 14

Even if your hopes for a home lie far ahead, why not begin planning at this time?

We shall be glad to talk over plans and specifications, quote costs, estimates, etc., against the time when you are ready to build.

A talk with you may bring the time nearer then you think

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

In gratitude for your patronage and friendship for the satisfactory growth which we have enjoyed, our best wishes for the New Year go out to you.

As a Bank and your friend we promise you during the coming year the most accommodating Banking Service in our power to render.

We hope to co-operate with you to make this New Year the best we, mutually have ever enjoyed.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE
STATE SAVINGS BANK
CAPITAL $15,000.00 SURPLUS $25,000.00
AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Subscribe Today at $1.50

KING OF ALL "RAINMAKERS"

Secret of Success of Solly Greencup, Who Is Well Remembered in the West, Was Simple.

Given an ingenious mind and an eye to business, a live man can make money out of almost any old thing.

Perhaps you remember the extraordinary success scored some years ago by Solly Greencup, the rainmaker. If not, you can read his record in a portfolio of newspaper clippings collected all the way from Nome to San Diego, from eastern Oregon to western Kansas.

Solly Greencup, indeed, occupied for a while a position unique in the annals of meteorology. Scientists might doubt and cynics might scoff, but whenever Solly went after the rain clouds he always got 'em. Moreover he didn't work on "the heads-I-win, tails-you-lose" principle of some other rainmakers. Solly Greencup, when he once decided he could produce rain in a given district, always backed his opinion with hard cash. If he asked the farmers to put up $1,000 for an inch of rain, he put up another $1,000 himself as a forfeit in case he failed. And he always won.

Greencup never explained his methods. All the farmers wanted was the rain. All Greencup wanted was the money. With the result both were satisfied. His apparatus consisted of a flag pole, an electric battery, a kite with a metal tail and an air balloon filled with a mysterious gas. If scientists demanded the reason for these contrivances, he shook his head and smiled.

Sometimes Greencup would have to stay a long time in a locality before he could find the exact combination necessary to coax the wet forces into action. Sometimes he had to confess that the drys were too strong for him. But as soon as he posted his forfeit and set up his apparatus the desired moisture followed in a few days.

Once in Elsinore valley he gave the ground a good soaking for a paltry $2,500, thus saving a $1,000,000 grain crop. Of course he made a tidy fortune, yet at the time no one considered his charges exorbitant. And everybody admitted he was a good sport. As he grew wealthy Greencup never gave himself frills nor assumed the title of "professor." These things were afterward remembered to his credit.

A few years ago Greencup went permanently out of the rainmaking business. In a street car accident he lost his left foot, which had to be amputated above the ankle. After that for love or money he refused to experiment with the weather.

When the secret of his success was finally revealed some carping moralists called him make-believe. He never claimed, like another famous personage, to be in partnership with the Almighty. But at least he had done something that nobody in the world had ever done before.

He had capitalized a corn.

Big Private Telephone Exchange.

The size of the private telephone exchange grows with the erection of every hotel or office building of any considerable proportions. The largest ever constructed is that of a New York hotel which has been recently opened to the public. It occupies 3,165 square feet of floor space, having an operating room 110 feet long by 15 feet wide, a terminal room 30 feet long and 25 feet wide, a restroom 23 feet by 15 feet and a locker and washroom 30 feet by 14 feet. The operating force consists of one chief operator, one assistant chief operator, eight supervisors and 110 attendants. The switchboard consists of twenty-three positions. Thirteen positions are equipped with telautographs used for paging and announcing only. The switchboard has a capacity of 3,340 extensions and 180 trunks. The hotel has telephone service in each of its 2,200 rooms, and there are forty public telephone booths served by four switchboards connected with the main switchboard. The following gives some idea of a few of the items which make up part of the telephone system: 630 fuses, 1,170 condensers, 2,400 relays, 5,350 lamps, 38,500 jacks, 750,000 soldered connections, 7,926,000 feet of wire.

Britons Build Biggest Plane.

The Tarrant Aircraft Construction company of Farnborough, England, has just finished building the biggest airplane in the world. It is a triplane, the middle plane of which is 131 feet wide. Above and below this are two planes, each 98 feet long. All these planes are 15 feet 2 inches deep. The body is 76 feet long (20 feet longer than the biggest biplane), and the height is 37 feet. The pilot's seat juts out 12 feet beyond the line of the planes. The body of the machine resembles a whale in length and girth, with a great blunt-ended nose. Between the planes are six Naper-Lion engines, each developing 500-horsepower. Four of them operate two-bladed tractor propellers; two of them four-bladed "pusher" propellers.

Jap Industry Hard Hit.

During the war the Japanese zinc industry was very prosperous and large profits were made on ore which was imported from Australia and the French Indies. The signing of the armistice, however, has dealt a hard blow to this industry, and it is reported that it costs $200 a ton to produce Japanese zinc, while the market price is only $187 a ton. It is expected that this will result in a request for subsidies and import protection, since the deposits of Japanese ore are of such inferior quality that competition with imported ore cannot be met successfully.

HUGHES SAYS AID TO FARMING LEGAL

Declares it Duty of Government to Protect Nation's Food Supply.

TAX EXEMPTION NECESSARY

Former Justice of U. S. Supreme Court Makes Powerful Argument Defending Constitutionality of Federal Farm Loan Act.

That the general welfare of the nation demands that the government shall encourage, aid and protect agriculture by whatever means and to whatever extent may be necessary to safeguard the nation's food supply, even though those means of aid and protection shall include the appropriation of government money and the extending of government credit, or even the lending of government moneys, was the contention of former Justice of the Supreme Court Charles Evans Hughes, when he appeared in the federal court at Kansas City as one of the attorneys to defend the constitutionality of the federal farm loan act.

Government's Duty to Aid Farming.

Mr. Hughes pointed out that from the earliest history of this nation there has been a continuous disbursement of public money in aid of agricultural development. He showed how, while congress had not attempted to operate farms and had not stepped into any state to legislate as to the use of farm lands, still congress had provided information, had dissemiated instructions, had distributed seeds, and had supported in every manner which was deemed wise, the great national interest of agriculture. He told how the government had sought to protect agriculture from great pests such as the gypsy moth, the brown-tail moth, the boll weevil, or even the grasshopper—all for the general welfare.

He showed how the government had provided for the distribution of seeds of new and useful varieties and how it had provided for the introduction and protection of insectivorous birds and how it had provided also for the establishment and maintenance of laboratories for experiments in agricultural chemistry. He told how later the bureau of animal husbandry was established to study and to disseminate information as to the proper breeding and as to the diseases of domestic animals. He told later of how the weather bureau was taken away from the army and put in charge of the department of agriculture so that the farmers and all interested in the production and distribution of food might have comprehensive information as to rainfall and weather prognostications.

Protecting Nation's Food Supply.

From all this he reasoned that the government recognized it as a proper function of government to encourage, aid and protect agriculture, and he held that it was the duty of the government to guard against any shortage in the food supply of the nation. Therefore, he said, when this great underlying industry stood in need of funds for operation or for development, it was clearly the duty of the government and clearly within its rightful powers to provide the means by which the necessary funds could be placed at the disposal of those engaged in the cultivation of the soil.

"Here is a great activity," he said, "which has received financial support from the foundation of the government.

"Our position is that the federal government was competent in the application of money and investment of moneys in the stock of the federal land banks, to organize these banks and to invest moneys in their stock, to borrow money, and to loan money for these purposes, and to provide for the issue of bonds for these purposes. Being competent to do this, the government could organize whatever agencies were necessary and convenient and could authorize them to borrow to do this thing for the government."

Bonds Had to Be Exempt.

Mr. Hughes contended that as congress could create the land banks as corporations and clothe them with power to lend money and to issue bonds, the government could, of course, protect these corporations and these bonds issued by them from discussion or impairment by any action. He said that "as the power to tax was the power to destroy," the government, of course, had the right to exempt these bonds from taxation. And this rule, he said, had particular force in this case, as the bonds of these banks had to be sold in competition with other tax-exempt securities, and that without their being tax exempt money could not be secured for the farmers at low rates of interest. To help the farmer the rate had to be low, and to get the low rate the bonds had to be exempt from taxes.

TO DESTROY POULTRY MITES

Crude Petroleum Found Quite Efficient in Tests of Large Series of Insecticides.

In tests of a large series of insecticides conducted by entomologists of the United States department of agriculture, it was found that a few thorough applications of crude petroleum to the interior of poultry houses will completely destroy mites.

This store is dead against sales

We don't beleive it possible to give some thing for nothing and expect it to amount to anything.

We start the season with one low price No matter if you buy when the leaves are turning or the snow is falling the size of your money's worth remains the same.

You'll find our values in January as sound, sweet and wholesome as any sale you ever laid eye on.

We've some stylish suits and toppy overcoats and we'd like to have you come and see them.

Mail orders will receive our prompt attention.

PATTON BROS.

Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**

"Where a dollar does it's duty"

A SERVICE MESSAGE

Greetings

to our friends of Klemme and community. We wish you a brimming 1920-ful of success and happiness.

Usethe services of thir bank as much as you can; If you came in often in 1919 come in oftener in 1920. If you didn't come in at all, we hope to welcome you as a potron while the new year is still young.

Yours for a prosperous 1920

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Walter F. Lau

Dealer In

Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

BEET GROWERS ATTENTION!

The Iowa Valley Sugar Company, Inc.
OF BELMOND, IOWA

The Home Company
Solicits Your Business

Phone Us For Further Particulars

John McNicoll, Dist. Supt. Garner, Iowa or **H. J. Holt, Agr. Supt. Belmond, Iowa**

The City Dray Line

Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly
Your patronage is respectfully solicited
Charges Reasonable

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian
All Calls Answered Promptly
Klemme, Iowa Office and Residence Phone

MOSAIC DISEASE OF SUGAR CANE

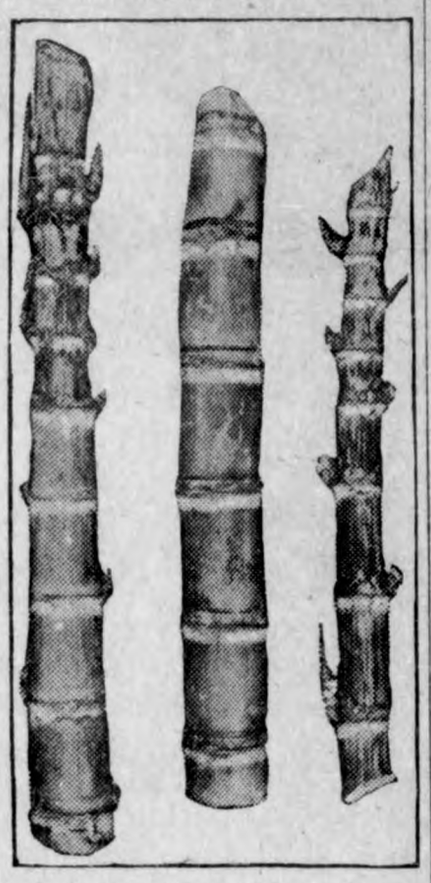
Federal Agricultural Department Taking Measures to Stamp It Out.

PLENTY OF HEALTHY STOCK

If Unchecked Disease May Do Incalculable Damage to Great Cane Growing Sections of the South —Must Use Pure Seed.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Washington.—The United States department of agriculture is issuing a bulletin containing several colored plates illustrating the mosaic disease



Late Canker Stage of Mosaic Disease on Canes of New Caledonia Variety. Cane in Center Is Healthy.

of sugar cane, which should enable those interested in this disease of cane to identify it. The mosaic disease of sugar cane which has been known for several years in a number of other cane countries has recently been found in the southern United States. While this disease is quite widespread in the states, there are many disease-free areas from which clean seed cane may be obtained.

The mosaic disease, which has done considerable damage to the cane crop in Porto Rico and some other cane countries, is one of the most serious maladies that has confronted cane growers in recent years, and if unchecked may do incalculable damage to the great cane-growing sections of the South.

To Eradicate Disease.

The measures of control now being taken by the federal authorities in cooperation with various local agencies were preceded by a complete survey of the Southern states undertaken to ascertain the extent of the infected areas.

In badly diseased fields the only remedy is to grind up all the stalks, say the representatives of the department of agriculture. This means, of course, that carefully selected seed cane must be brought in from other regions for replanting. There is still an abundance of healthy stock in Louisiana and the other cane states, so that the industry should not seriously suffer from these attempts at eradication. Where the disease has not obtained a strong foothold, roguing is recommended. This consists of pulling up infected plants, root, stem and branch, and throwing them down between the rows. As soon as the plants wilt they are no longer dangerous as a source of infection. In damp regions, however, care must be taken to gather up these plants and burn them or otherwise destroy them, lest while lying on the ground they sprout and so spread the disease.

Appearance of Mosaic Disease.

It is difficult to describe the appearance of sugar-cane mosaic verbally, and this is one of the reasons why the federal authorities are using a bulletin with colored illustrations. By means of this bulletin anyone can readily ascertain the exact appearance of infected plants. This disease is an infectious chlorosis, similar in many respects to the mosaic disease of tobacco, cucumber, bean, tomato and potato. Scientists have come to the conclusion that some virus is responsible for the appearance of all new cases, and that the only source of infection is some other infected plant. Experiments in Porto Rico and elsewhere have repeatedly demonstrated that cuttings from infected stalks will invariably give rise to infected plants. The shoots seem to be mottled as soon as they appear. Therefore, the use of diseased stalks for planting results in a wider distribution of the disease and insures the survival of the virus even in the absence of secondary infections.

MOST ELOQUENT SPEECH OF WAR

Credited by Baruch to Donlin, President of the Building Trades.

LITTLE TALK CLEARS THE WAY

Was Made in the Dark Days of the War When the Cry From France Was "Men, More Men"—Never Got Into Print.

Washington.—The most eloquent speech made during the war, according to Bernard M. Baruch, former chairman of the war industries board, never got into print. It was made in the dark days when the cry from France was "Men, more men," and the supply available in the draft was running low.

"General Crowder," says Mr. Baruch, "served notice on the board that he must have something like 300,000 men, and the question was where they were to come from. The draft had taken out everybody available, and the only way was to take men from industry. Hence the appeal to the war industries board.

"We put men to work on it, and in due time a plan for weeding men out was presented. Among other things it put the private chauffeur out of business, as well as salesmen and men in the white goods trade. This would not have been enough, and the placing of women in men's work in the trades had to be considered—a real dilution of labor.

Labor Called In.

"The scheme was all right, but when it came to us for approval we found that everybody except those most important had been consulted. I mean the representatives of labor. So they were called in and the scheme, as well as the necessity back of it, were explained to them.

"As might be expected, there was a lot of opposition to putting women in the men's trades and the putting of the men thus released into uniform. During it all one man sat still, giving not the slightest indication of what he thought of the thing. After about everybody else had had his say he took the floor.

"'Mr. Chairman,' he said, 'this thing is very simple. If I am going home Saturday night with my week's pay in my pocket and a guy steps up and tries to take it away from me, I am a fool if I keep my left hand on the wad and try to beat him off with my right. If I do that the chances are that he will get me and the wad and get away clean.

"'If I take my left hand off the wad and go after him with both hands, I'll save the wad and get him.

Use Both Hands.

"'Now, Mr. Chairman, that's the case here. This German guy is just around the corner. If we keep one hand on our wads he'll get us and our wads, too. If we use both our hands we'll save the wads and get him. Unless we get him, if he gets us, our wads or anything else won't be worth much. So I say, Mr. Chairman, let us take both our hands out of our pockets and get after him. So far as I'm concerned, you can have every man in the building trades that can pass the doctors, and the boys, I'm sure, will back me up.'

"John H. Donlin, president of the building trades department, was the chap that did the talking. His little speech settled the question, and all the way was left clear to us to weed all the men out of industry that might be needed.

"Fortunately, as it happened, we did not need to 'dilute' labor, but Donlin's little speech took us over what was one of the nastiest situations in the war. It was the most eloquent speech made during the war and one of the most effective."

Girl Saves Father.

Paris, Ky.—When John Howard, a tenant on the farm of Frederick Wallis, attempted to pick up one of a litter of pigs in the barnyard he was savagely attacked by the mother of the pigs and received a number of serious injuries. His daughter came to his rescue and lassoed the enraged animal and with the assistance of a laborer on the farm carried her father to a place of safety.

U. S. EFFORTS TO END STRIKE FAIL

Offer of 14 Per Cent Increase Flatly Rejected by the Miners.

PARLEY ADJOURNS SINE DIE

Operators Agree to Accept the Governments Proposal as a Basis for a Settlement—Lewis Claims Injustice Done the Miners.

Washington, Nov. 28.—The government's offer of a 14 per cent increase of wages was flatly rejected by the coal miners.

As a result the conference between the miners and operators adjourned sine die with the settlement of the wage controversy still "in the air." No provision was made for the resumption of the conference, the miners declaring "that they were going home and sit tight."

The miners' rejection came after the operators had accepted the government's proposal as a basis for a settlement although they declared that the increase without raising the price of coal to the public would mean the loss of profits to a large number of mines and would seriously interfere with production.

After the rejection the operators tendered a compromise offering to submit the entire dispute to a board of arbitration. This also was refused by the miners and the conference took an adjournment.

Statement by Lewis.

The following statement was dictated by Acting President John L. Lewis of the United Mine Workers:

"The miners and operators' joint conference adjourned sine die. The mine workers' representatives declined to recommend to the miners any acceptance of the 14 per cent increase offered.

"The operators pretended to be willing to grant this 14 per cent increase, but in the same breath stated that they would be unable to operate a large number of their mines unless they had an increase in the selling price of coal. It would be foolish for us to attempt to make any agreement with the operators unless their mines were to be operated.

"The position of the mine workers is unchanged. We hold that the United States government cannot break its word. The pledge given by Secretary of Labor Wilson to grant a 31.6 per cent increase in wages must be redeemed.

"In my judgment Doctor Garfield and the cabinet have committed the most colossal blunder in the industrial history of our nation. They are blindly following an academic theory without regard to justice to the mine workers or the effects of such theory upon the people of the country.

Says Justice Is Denied.

"The responsibility for the crisis now confronting the nation must lie upon those statesmen who are using the powers of the government to oppress and deny justice to the great element of citizenship directly concerned in the mining industry.

"I cannot believe that the people of our country will indorse a policy of opression and repression which means continued industrial chaos, and intense suffering on the part of the mine workers and our entire citizenship."

The letter sent to Doctor Garfield by the operators of the central competitive coal field, accepting the government's offer, reads:

"Recognizing the seriousness of the present crisis and the urgent need of the country for coal, we wish to advise you that, subject to your approval and conditioned upon the mines resuming operations immediately, the operators' scale committee of the central competitive coal field accept, as a basis for the settlement of the present wage controversy and termination of the strike, the figures submitted by you to the joint meeting of operators and miners held yesterday evening, namely, an average increase of 14 per cent to be granted to all classes of mine labor, such increase to be apportioned in accordance with the wage bases that are acceptable to the employees and employers, thus preserving present differentials. Otherwise than as above, modified in complete accordance with your proposal, the present contract in all its term and conditions to be continued in full force and effect until March 31, 1922.

"We have already notified the miners to this effect.

Says Profits Eliminated.

"At the same time we wish to call your attention to the fact that the acceptance of this increase in wages without any increase in selling prices entirely eliminates the profits of a large number of mines. Such a large number, in fact, we fear that the production of coal will be seriously affected. We understand that operating statistics for 1919 are not now in your possession, and we shall rely upon the government, when such statistics are properly assembled and presented, to make such adjustments in selling prices as will permit these mines to make such fair and reasonable profits as they are entitled to under the Lever law."

William Green, secretary of the United Mine Workers, said:

"Secretary of Labor Wilson states that the mine workers are entitled to an increase in wages amounting to 31.6 per cent. Mr. Garfield says 14 per cent. Obviously these two conclusions conflict with each other and, to say the least, are confusing. The mine workers know the figures of Secretary of Labor Wilson are approximately correct and the figures of Doctor Garfield are erroneous. The mine workers challenge the figures of Doctor Garfield and cannot and will not accept them. We will accept the figures of a responsible cabinet officer, Secretary Wilson.

Hits at Garfield.

"Doctor Garfield, because of the responsible position which he occupies, has done a great injustice to a million miners in America. His statement and decision has served to inject into the settlement of the miners' wage controversy an almost insurmountable obstacle. In that respect his action approaches the commission of a moral crime against the public.

"Mine workers cannot mine coal at the figures fixed by Doctor Garfield. The acceptance of his conclusion would mean untold sacrifice, suffering and deprivation on the part of the miners and their families. The problem of decent wages and a decent American standard of living, together with an adequate production of coal cannot be solved as a college professor would work out a problem in geometry, algebra or theoretical philosophy.

"The practical way to solve the present problem of coal production is to grant the miners an increase in wages sufficient to meet the increase in the cost of living and to guarantee them an American standard of living. They will then risk their lives in the mines, accept all the hazards of the industry and mine a steady stream of coal sufficient to meet every requirement."

Garfield's Ruling.

Acting under instructions from the cabinet, United States Fuel Administrator Garfield told the coal miners and the operators that the wage increase for the miners should be 14 per cent and that the price of coal to the public should not be raised.

This declaration, coming from the government as a basis for settling the wage controversy, was received with great dissatisfaction by both the miners and the operators.

Some of the miners' representatives declared that the offer of a 14 per cent increase, in the face of the fact that Secretary of Labor Wilson had offered them 31.6 per cent, was an insult. They declared that the miners would starve idle rather than go back to the mines at this wage increase.

The operators, who have been expecting that the government would see them through on any wage increase, declared that their margins would not permit them to give the miners the 14 per cent out of their own pockets. They said that it would break many of the weaker mines and that it meant ruin and sacrifice of years of earnings and savings.

Garfield Adamant.

The operators for the most part bore their disappointment in silence, but from the miners came denunciation after denunciation of the government's solution. Without reservation, and without mincing words, the miners questioned Doctor Garfield and, through him grilled the government for more than two hours.

Doctor Garfield stood adamant in the face of the questions and the criticism hurled at him from the miners' side of the hall. He answered all questions without betraying personal excitement and firmly but kindly told the miners that what he had laid before them was purely a series of facts.

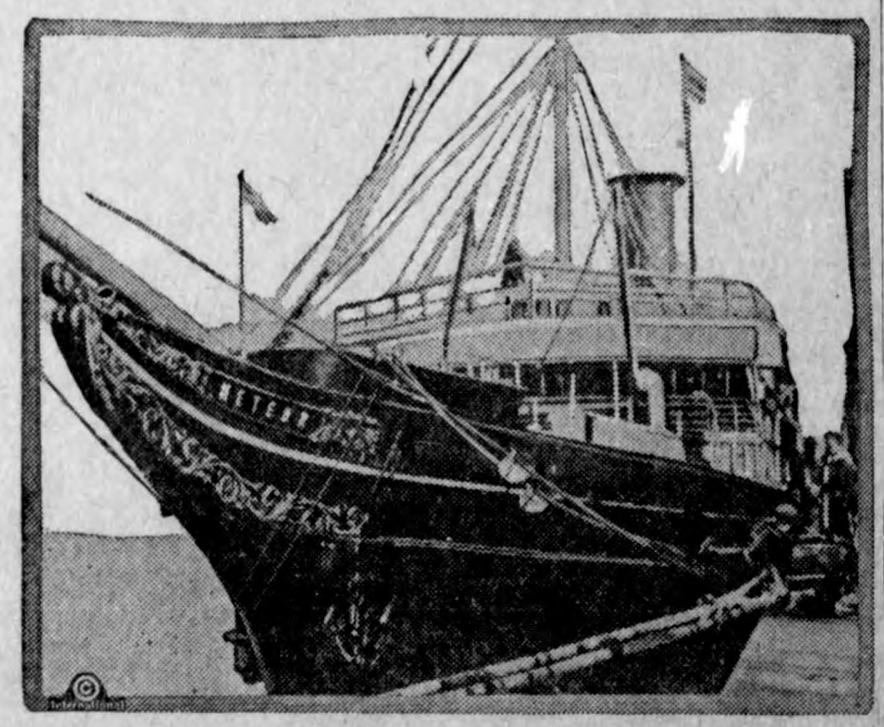
Doctor Garfield said his statement was made on the facts and the figures in the case as he had investigated it. He said that it was as if one looked up at the clock and there read the time.

"The clock tells you the hour, and that is what I have done. I tell you that per cent of increase which should be applied to the miners' wages, on the average to equalize wages with the rise in the cost of living is 14 per cent," said Doctor Garfield.

Shot From Other Barrel.

Dr. Garfield was equally insistent on his finding that the price of coal should not be raised at this time. This was a shot fired from the other barrel of his double-barreled statement to the conference. He made it clear that the facts, as he found them, meant that if the miners' wages were increased 14 per cent, as he said should be done, that the burden should be borne entirely by the operators and not by the public.

EX-KAISER'S YACHT FLYING BRITISH FLAG



The ex-kaiser's yacht Meteor, photographed at Buenos Aires, on her arrival from England carrying 170 passengers. The yacht was turned over to the British government after the armistice was signed and delivered to the Royal Mail line, which is using it for regular passenger service between England and Buenos Aires.

BABIES ARE H. C. L. SACRIFICE

Temporarily Disposed Of in Minnesota That Parents May Economize.

St. Paul, Minn.—Official statistics presented to Governor Burnquist indicate that the high cost of living has caused a number of families in Minnesota to temporarily dispose of their children, so that husband and wife may both obtain employment and live in one or two rooms.

High rents, coupled with the high cost of food, has compelled a number of women in distress to turn their children over to charitable institutions, according to S. W. Dickinson, superintendent of the Children's Home society of Minnesota, St. Paul.

A local children's home has been caring for 44 babies, and some of these are being loaned to the State Agriculture school for the economics department, where the young women students studying domestic science are taught to properly care for babies.

CRIME IS INCREASING

Armed Attacks Are Quite Common in France.

Bandits Use Auto to Get $28,000 Pay Roll From Disabled Soldiers.

Paris.—It was a foregone conclusion that the return of a state of peace would mean the end of a comparative freedom from burglaries and armed attacks on persons. Such crimes are now alarmingly on the increase.

The other day an armed attack was made in the holding up of a tramway on the outskirts of the city.

Then there was a robbery at Havre, recalling Bonnot-Garnier's methods. Two culprits are now in the hands of the police, and they have given the names of their two confederates. The affair was briefly as follows:

Two railway employees were walking down the line last Friday morning with $28,000 as pay for the engine-drivers and other categories. They were both disabled soldiers, one having lost a leg and the other an eye in the war. The robbers, who had evidently carefully prepared their coup, sprang upon the two pay messengers just as the latter reached a level crossing. To knock them down and seize the money bag was the work of an instant.

A gray motorcar was waiting by the level, and the robbers were far down the road before the victims could summon help. Information was brought that a gray torpedo-bodied car had stopped before a little public house in town, and that a man in uniform had left it carrying a case such as is used by railway pay officials.

Two new Portland cement factories are being built at Kawasaki and Hokkaido, Japan, at a cost of $2,000,000.

PERSHING TO INSPECT CAMPS

General to Leave Washington December 3 for a Three Months' Tour of Establishments.

Washington, Nov. 28.—General Pershing will leave Washington December 3 on a three months' tour of inspection of all the military establishments in the United States. Plans for General Pershing's trip were announced by the war department. At the same time it was officially denied that it had any relation to the situation in Mexico.

General Pershing's first stop will be at Camp Lee, Virginia. From there he will go to several camps in the South and thence on to Chicago, where he will arrive on December 20 for a two-day visit. He is planning to be in Lincoln, Neb., on Christmas eve, and will also spend Christmas day there with his son and two sisters.

General Pershing will resume his tour immediately after the holidays, starting at Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., and continuing westward.

THE JOY OF MOTHERHOOD

Came to this Woman after Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to Restore Her Health

Ellensburg, Wash.—"After I married I was not well for a long time and a good deal of the time was able to go about. Our greatest sorrow was to have no children in our home and one day my husband came back from town with a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and wanted me to take it. It brought relief from my trouble and I improved in health so I could do housework; we now have a little girl of which I owe to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. JOHNSON, R. No. 3, Ellensburg, Wash.

There are women everywhere who long for children in their homes but are denied this happiness on account of some functional disorder which in many cases would readily yield to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Such women should not give up hope until they have given this woman's medicine a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of 40 years' experience is at your service.

MILLIONS

Suffer from

Acid-Stomach

Millions of people suffer year after year from ailments affecting practically every part of the body, never dreaming that ill health can be traced directly to the stomach. Here is the reason: poor digestion means poor nourishment of the digestive organs and tissues of the body. The blood is impoverished—becomes weak, thin, sickly. Ailments of many kinds spring from these conditions. Biliousness, rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, general weakness, loss of power and energy, headache, insomnia, nervousness, mental depression—even such serious ailments such as catarrh and ulcers of the stomach, intestinal ulcers, chronic ailments of the liver, heart trouble—all of these may often be traced directly to acid-stomach.

Keep a sharp lookout for the first symptoms of acid-stomach—indigestion, heartburn, belching, food repeating, that uncomfortable, painful bloat after eating, and sour, gassy stomach. EATONIC, the wonderful stomach remedy for acid-stomach, is guaranteed to bring quick relief from these stomach miseries. Thousands say they never dreamed that anything could bring such speedy relief—and make them feel so much better in every way. Try EATONIC and you, too, will be just as enthusiastic in its praise. Make your life worth living—no more gas pains—no blues or melancholy—no more of that tired, listless feeling. Be well and strong. Get back your physical and mental punch; your vim, vigor and vitality. Remember, you will always be weak and ailing as long as you have acid-stomach. So get rid of it today. Take EATONIC Tablets—they taste fine—and you eat them like a bit of candy. Your druggist has EATONIC—50 cents for a big box. Get a box from him today and if you are not satisfied he will refund your money.

EATONIC

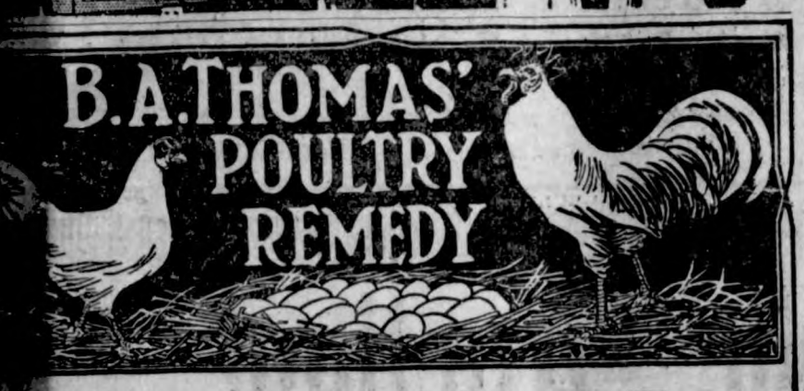
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Nationalized Pharmacies a Fa

Reports received from Euro members of the trade in this c said to indicate that the natio tion of pharmacies in Hungar not come up to expectation. statements made by state official by the former owners it appear already the deficit amounts to 000 crowns. Further than this, are many complaints about the enly and indifferent manner in the work is being done as com with the former methods in vo New York Post.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Mor Have Strong, H Eyes. If they Tir Smart or Burn, Irritated, Inflam Granulated, use often. Soothes, Refreshes. S Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. W Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co



Healthy Chicks, More Eggs

Assists Moulting—Good for Bowel Trouble and Other Diseases in Young Fowls

RESULTS GREAT **COST SMALL**

I purchased a box of B. A. THOMAS' POULTRY REMEDY and began feeding according to directions. At that time my flock of 42 hens were only laying five to ten eggs per day. Today, one week from date of purchase, I am getting eighteen eggs per day. MRS. FANNY MOORE, Alma, Neb.

B. A. THOMAS' STOCK REMEDY. Makes healthy, thrifty stock. Keeps them free of worms. A medicine, not a food. Very economical.

B. A. Thomas' Hog Powder "Saves the Bacon"

HARRIS' COLIC REMEDY. For horse colic. The easy way. No drenching. A child can give it.

OLD KENTUCKY MANUFACTURING CO. - PADUCAH, KY.
INCORPORATED

HEADACHE

Often Caused by

Acid-Stomach

Is indeed, more often than you think. Release ACID-STOMACH, starting with indigestion, heartburn, belching, food-repeating, bloat and gas, if not checked, will eventually affect every vital organ of the body. Severe, blinding, splitting headaches are, therefore, of frequent occurrence as a result of this upset condition.

Take EATONIC. It quickly banishes acid-stomach with its sour bloat, pain and gas. It aids digestion—helps the stomach get its strength from every mouthful of food you eat. Millions of people are miserable, sick and ailing because of ACID-STOMACH. Poisons, created by partly digested food charged with acid, are absorbed into the blood and distributed throughout the entire system. This often causes rheumatism, biliousness, cirrhosis of the liver, kidney trouble, ulcers and even cancer of the stomach. It robs its victims of their vitality, undermines the strength of the whole organism.

If you want to get back your physical and mental strength—be full of vim and energy—enjoy life and be happy, you must get rid of your acid-stomach.

In EATONIC you will find the very help you need and it's guaranteed. So get a big 50c box from your druggist today. If it fails to please you, return it and he will refund your money.

EATONIC

FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

LADIES! FREE!

Valuable information by Dr. Martha Turner on Care and Treatment of

Skin-Hair-Complexion

Mailed upon request. Send today.

COLONIAL HYGIENIC CO.
3253 Rhodes Avenue Chicago, Ill.

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will reduce inflamed, swollen Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Soft Bunches; Heals Boils, Poll Evil, Quittor, Fistula and infected sores quickly as it is a positive antiseptic and germicide. Pleasant to use; does not blister or remove the hair, and you can work the horse. $2.50 per bottle, delivered.

Book 7 R free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind. Painful, Swollen Veins, Wens, Strains, Bruises; pain and inflammation. Price $1.25 per bottle at dealers or delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Trial Bottle for 10c in stamps.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

SAY! A.E.F.-ERS—YANKS—DOUGHBOYS!

You tell 'em we're alive and getting out the best veterans' newspaper. We're too busy getting the news for the new STARS AND STRIPES. Tell us if you haven't seen one and we'll send you a copy. Then you'll want 'em and you'll send a dollar for six months' subscription. Comes every week the same old size.

The Stars and Stripes 701-7 Munsey Bldg., Washington, D. C.

Cuticura Stops Itching and Saves the Hair

All druggists; Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston."

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Morning. *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

A SPRAINED ANKLE

By BLANCHE D. STICKNEY.

Eleanor Hanson was joyfully looking forward to putting aside school duties for two months of "do-as-you-like" at one of New England's beaches.

Before going, she was to chaperon during the last week of June a group of girls from her "math" class at a camp at Pride's Brook. At nine o'clock on the Saturday morning after school closed, the merry group was at the station, each laden with a suitcase and a box of home-made goodies. She received the exhortations of anxious mothers to be watchful that Mary didn't catch cold and that Francena rubbed her arm three times a day with that green liniment which was in her suitcase.

As Miss Hanson got on the train, she began to wonder whether she had taken more on her shoulders than she had calculated. But this thought stayed only a moment, for the admiration of the girls for her was omnipresent.

"Oh, Miss Hanson," ejaculated Marjorie Thorpe, "you will sit here with Ethel and Mabel and me, won't you? Oh, we've got to tell you all about the junior prom last night."

"Well, Miss Hanson, if you do that, we're going to engage you right now to be with us coming back," called the spokesman for the other three.

After the suitcases were adjusted and everybody settled, Miss Hanson heard a most detailed account of the previous night's prom, together with schoolgirls' impressions of the faculty. It seemed such a short trip when the conductor called out, "Next station Pride's Brook. Pr-r-r-ride's Brook." As they alighted from the train, a gentle breeze came their way, bringing the odors of wild flowers and country air. They found an old democratic wagon at the station waiting to take them to Camp Breeze. For one of the girls it was her first visit to the country, and she looked with great wonderment at everything about her. When old Dobbin began to slow up, the girls noticed the little groups of cottages. They were greeted by a most cordial host and hostess, who had run the place for many summers.

One afternoon Miss Hanson decided to rest on the veranda and read while the girls went to the village. They didn't return at the time they said they would, but she knew girls and so did not worry. Soon, however, she was attracted by calls of: "Oh, Miss Hanson, come quick!" She rushed to the girls and found Ethel Stanton being caried by two young men.

"Oh, what has happened?" she cried. Before giving Ethel herself a chance to explain, Marjorie Thorpe said: "Oh, we were all running home, one trying to beat the other, and Ethel turned her ankle and fell. We didn't know what we were going to do, no autos or nothing came until finally Mr. Cross, who has a camp of young men up the road a little ways, came by and offered to help."

"I really don't think, Miss Hanson," he volunteered, "that you need have cause for worry. There are no bones broken, but as it was somewhat painful, it seemed advisable for her not to walk on it. If you do not object, I will be over after supper with something I have in my first-aid kit which I know will benefit her."

"May we not invite the young men, too, Miss Hanson, they have been so good to us?" asked the girls.

"Yes, indeed," she replied, "we should be glad to have you all come. I am more than grateful for your valuable help this afternoon. We will look for you all tonight."

There was such great excitement in preparation for the evening that supper and the lame ankle were but trivial matters. In an hour or so a group of five splendid young men came tramping up the piazza.

The ankle had first attention, and Mr. Cross, who was decidedly opposite to the idea his name conveyed, assured Ethel that her ankle would probably be all right to walk on the next day.

When Mr. Cross asked Miss Hanson if they were enjoying their stay, she replied: "We like it so much that already we had planned to come next year."

The little house was lively that night with everything from a Virginia reel to the latest one-step. Even Ethel, who thought that her time was spoiled, was the center of attraction at the close of each dance when she daintily served fruit punch to the merry party. For the few remaining days, needless to say, there were many visits to the cottage and canoeing parties.

The night before they were to leave the girls gave a farewell party. During the last dance Mr. Cross gradually directed Miss Hanson's steps to a remote corner of the piazza and said: "Miss Hanson, our friendship has meant so much to me these few days. Must I wait until a year from now before I hear from you or see you again?"

What she said was not heard, but a few days before the camping party started off the next year, her fellow teachers discovered a beautiful solitaire on Miss Hanson's hand.

Almost simultaneously Mabel Winsted came rushing down the corridor to a group of girls and said excitedly: "Say, whom do you suppose I saw out auroing yesterday? Mr. Cross and Miss Hanson."

(Copyright, 1919, McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

All happiness is in the mind.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview on the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

The season for lemons never ends.

Nasty Colds

Get instant relief with "Pape's Cold Compound"

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a cold and ends all grippe misery.

The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of the head; stops nose running; relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice. Contains no quinine. Insist on Pape's! Ad.

The spider is an expert fly fisher.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Catarrhal Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing may be destroyed forever. Many cases of Deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the Mucous Surfaces.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

All Druggists 75c. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Backache only a Symptom

"It Seems as Though my Back Would Break."

This is a common expression among women, yet they toil on day after day heedless of the significance of this distressing symptom.

Backache is often a warning of some inward trouble that requires attention, and which unless relieved will sooner or later declare itself in more serious ailments.

If it is caused by female derangement Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is what you need. It quickly asserts its curative powers in all those peculiar ailments of women.

For more than thirty years this good old fashioned root and herb medicine has been restoring American women to health.

The Splendid Recovery of Mrs. Coventry

Newark, N. J.—"The doctor said I had organic trouble and treated me for several weeks. At times I could not walk at all and I suffered with my back and legs so I often had to stay in bed. I suffered off and on for eight years. Finally I heard that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was a good medicine, and I tried it with splendid effect. I can now do my housework and my washing. I have recommended your Vegetable Compound and Blood Medicine and three of my friends are taking it to their advantage. You may use my name for a testimonial."—Mrs. THERESA COVENTRY, 75 Burnett St., Newark, N. J.

Mrs. Hunt tells how it helped her

Detroit, Mich.—"I was in a general run-down condition, was very nervous and tired, had backache and other troubles. I suffered for several years, was not able to work at times and tried doctor's medicine with no results. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised, and after taking it a short time I was much better. I am still taking it myself and giving it to my daughter, and am glad to recommend Vegetable Compound at anytime."—Mrs. M. E. Hunt, 171 Davison Ave.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

Between Thieves.

"I got this hat for sprinting."

"Who did you beat?"

"The owner and three policemen."

WORSE THAN DEADLY POISON GAS

Kidney disease is no respector of persons. It attacks young and old alike.

In most cases the victim is warned of the approaching dangen. Nature fights back. Headache, indigestion, insomnia, lame back, lumbago, sciatica, rheumatism, pain in the loins and lower abdomen, difficulty in urinating, all are indication of trouble brewing in your kidneys.

When such symptoms appear you will almost certainly find quick relief in GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules.

This famous old remedy has stood the test for two hundred years in helping mankind to fight off disease.

It is imported direct from the home laboratories in Holland, where it has helped to develop the Dutch into one of the sturdiest and healthiest races in the world, and it may be had at almost every drug store. Your money promptly refunded if it does not relieve you. Be sure to get the genuine GOLD MEDAL Brand. In sealed packages, three sizes.—Adv.

Naturally.

"What became of the resolution about the club's aviation meet?"

"It was adopted by a rising vote."

The Kind.

"What kind of stars take best in the melodramatic circuit?"

"I guess shooting stars do."

RASCALS

Biliousness, Headache, Colds, Constipation, driven out with "Cascarets"

Why take nasty cathartics, sickening salts, or stomach-turning oils to drive these rascals out? Let gentle, harmless Cascarets remove the liver and bowel poison which is keeping your head dizzy, your tongue coated, your skin sallow, your breath offensive, and your stomach sour. Get a box of Cascarets at the drug store and rid your liver, stomach and bowels of the excess bile, poisons, and waste which are keeping you miserable. Cascarets never gripe, never sicken, never inconvenience. They cost so little and work while you sleep.—Adv.

Fading Military Attraction.

He—I love the smell of powder.

She—So do I. Don't you like the violent scent the best?

48,000 Drug Stores Sell It.

Five million people use it to KILL COLDS

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

6% FARM MORTGAGES. Any Amount. Perkins County State Bank, Grainton, Perkins County, Nebraska.

E-Z Stove Polish

Saves Elbow Grease

E-Z IRON ENAMEL

Makes Rusty Pipe Smooth

E-Z Metal Polish for Nickel Parts

20 LBS. FINE PECANS, PARCEL POST, PREPAID, $6.00. Hoyle Carlock, Ardmore, Oklahoma.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

FARMERS TO OWN BIG LAND BANKS

George W. Wickersham Tells How Federal Institutions Will Be Taken Over.

TO BUY GOVERNMENT STOCK

Eventually the Borrowers Will Acquire Complete Ownership of Banks Established Under Federal Farm Loan Act.

That the federal land banks and the joint stock land banks are important supplements to the national bank system and the federal reserve system was emphasized by former Attorney General George W. Wickersham in the federal court at Kansas City, where he appeared with Charles E. Hughes and W. G. McAdoo to defend the constitutionality of the farm loan act.

Mr. Wickersham, who with Mr. McAdoo, appeared as attorneys for the joint stock land banks, made very clear the exact service which the federal land banks perform and their exact relation to the financial system of the country. He also made clear in what respects the joint stock land banks differ from the federal land banks.

Protecting Small Borrower's Rights.

Both types of banks (federal and joint stock) were created by the government to provide aid for the agricultural interests of the country. Mr. Wickersham said that the government with wisdom and singular comprehension, had reached out to take care of every element of borrowers. Therefore the federal land banks were created to provide credit for small borrowers, and the joint stock land banks were created to provide a similar agency through which the larger borrowers among farmers might secure ample funds, without having to rely upon the funds which had been assembled for the use of the small borrowers, and without danger of depriving the small borrower of the very money which had been assembled for his particular use.

He pointed out how in the case of the establishment of federal land banks the government had subscribed to the stock of these banks as a temporary aid to the particular class of borrowers it was intended these banks should accommodate. But, he said, this was only a temporary aid and that the government had provided that the stock which had been subscribed by the government should be taken up eventually by the borrowers so that in the end, in a very short time, the small borrowers will own their own banks. that is, that the federal land banks will be privately owned in the end even as the joint stock land banks are now privately owned.

Federal Banks for Associations.

"The federal land banks do not lend to individuals," said Mr. Wickersham, "they lend to organizations of borrowers, who together must desire at least $20,000, and who must organize themselves into a farm loan association, and they must subscribe to 5 per cent of the amount of the loan which they seek, in the stock of the federal land bank, as a condition to securing the loan.

"Provision is made that when these banks are set up, if within a limited time subscriptions are not made to the stock by others, the federal government, through the treasury department, shall take up the minimum amount of stock with which they are authorized to start business, to-wit, $750,000.00. Then, as they proceed in their operation, as they loan to these associations, and as these associations subscribe to their stock, by and by, by the operations of the system, the stock which the government has taken is retired, and ultimately those banks come into the control of their stockholders.

Farmers to Own Banks.

"The federal government, as a stockholder, will pass out, and if the system be successful, after a certain length of time, the land banks will be owned by the various loan associations which are borrowing through the land banks, and they will go ahead on the impetus of private ownership.

"Having thus provided a system whereby this great scheme shall be launched and become at once operative and money shall become available to the farmers desiring it, the act also provides that there be created a different class of banks, namely, the joint stock land banks.

"Following the analogy of the national banks, the act provides that from the outset, those banks shall be organized by private individuals. The stock shall be subscribed by private individuals, and when $250,000,00 is subscribed, then the bank may begin its operations.

Joint Stock Banks Controlled.

"Since the enactment of the law, 27 of such banks have been organized in different parts of the country, and they are set forth in the petition, and their aggregate capital is something more than $5,000,000.

"Now despite the fact that those banks are privately owned, from the beginning of their operations, they and their operations are subjected to control. They are invested with the same powers, they are made subject to the same liability as are given to and imposed upon the federal land banks.

Enough Said.

"What sort of a man is he?" "Well, he's the sort of a man who will have his stenographer call you on the telephone and keep you waiting three or four minutes for him to get around to ask a favor of you."—Detroit Free Press.

Wasted Apology.

"I want to apologize, Blakely, for my rudeness last evening. I assure you I didn't intend it." "Well, for the love of Mike, mean it next time! I hate to see a man's actions and his intentions harmonize so poorly."—Judge.

Canvas Tubing.

More or less inconvenience always has accompanied the use of the tin duct, in supplying ventilation to miners and other underground workers. Because of these facts, a manufacturer of canvas bags has set about making canvas tubing, which is meeting with favor where it has been tested. The canvas tube is easily mended when punctured, and is also easily moved.

COME

FORENOON

MONDAY, JANUARY 5th

At Hotel Victoria in Garner, Iowa

AND SEE

Dr. A. H. Weber

OF DES MOINES

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat treated, Glasses fitted. Cataracts, Cross-Eyes, Catarrh, Adenoids, Headaches, Double Vision treated.

EXAMINATION FREE

The Kind.

Willis—"What kind of a time did you have at Bump's last evening?" Gillis—"Very unintelligible. I couldn't understand anything they said to their baby or anything the phonograph played or anything that my wife whispered to me behind their backs."—Judge.

Not Quite Perfect.

In this neighborhood there is one little boy who seems so well brought up and altogether so desirable a child that for a time we felt sure the neighbor women wouldn't be able to think of anything to say, but now we understand from a reliable source that it's a perfect shame that his parents are jeopardizing his whole future by not having his teeth straightened.—Ohio State Journal.

M. O. HOCUM

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man.

We will buy Hogs and Grain six days the week at Highest Market Price

Successor to W. R. Bloom

Geo. ZINN

Physician & Surgeon

Phone No. 19. KLEMME IA.

Office in Building East of Gruetzmacher Harness and Shoe Shop.

Eyes Tested.

Glasses Fitted

Mechanics in Medicine.

The value of mechanics in medicine has been amply demonstrated and the science of healing is coming to regard with increasing favor the aid offered by mechanical devices. The physician, in private practice, finds it incumbent to meet the advance made by institutions and the result is that the office of the modern physician is coming more and more to resemble a machine shop, just as the hospitals and sanatariums are being gradually converted into health factories.

MEALS

We now serve meals. We especially ask the farmers to give us a trial. The best place, the best meal at the fairest price.

Hotel Klemme

Daily Thought.

The life a man leads after his death in the memories of those who loved him is a stronger and better life than any he lived during his physical life.—Butler.

Millennial Dream.

A New York stenographer has set a new record by writing 137 words a minute. Some day a stenographer will not only be able to write that many words, but to spell them correctly—and then the millennium will be at hand.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Reasonable Man's Fault.

We don't like a reasonable man never can feel sure that he isn't to switch over to the other Fort Worth Star-Telegram.

Startling Preference.

Forrest had just started to and was shy toward his teacher, selected a lesson about a dog deavored to get some expressio him. She talked about the dog picture, told him that she liked curly, black dog best, and then what kind of dog he liked best was considerably surprised w answered, "Green ones."

Col. B. A. Reemts

General Auctione

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Sp

Call, write or phone 508 J me for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guarant

Westren States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement

Lime

Brick

Posts

Drain Tile

We take orders for-

Storm Sash and Storm Doors.

Public Auction!

Having decided to move to Minnesota I will sell ot public auction three miles south of Garner and for miles north of Klemme, on the Whitesell place, on

MONDAY JAN. 5, 1920

Sale to begin promptly at 1:00 P. M.

FREE HOT LUNCH AT NOON

2 HEAD OF HORSES 2

Black mare 9 yrs. old, Black gelding 2 yrs. old.

30 Head of Shoats 30

23 HEAD OF CATTLE 23

Eight milk cows, 3 giving milk, 1 fresh; Registered Angus bull, one 2-yr-old steer; 5 yearling steers, 7 heifers, 1 fall calf.

FARM MACHINERY, ETC.

Narrow tire wagon; 2 row John Deere corn plow new; John Deere surface corn plow new; McCoormick 8 ft grain binder; McCormick 5 ft mower; top buggy; 14-in John Deere Gang plow Emerson hay loader; tank heater; set harness; walking corn plow; cooling tank; 2 chicken coops; drag cart; oat sprouter; 16 ft hay and hog rack 11-ft VanBrunt seeder with grass seed attachment; Peora endgate seeder, Owen fanning mill with corn grader; 5 horse plow evener roll chicken wire; 2 hog troughs; oil stove; 7 H P gas and kerosene engine. Some hay.

Usual terms of sale. 10 month's time.

A. W. TANNER

R. R. KESTER, Auctioneer

State Savings Bank, Klemme, Clerk

Big Type

Duroc Jersey Boars

Weight 250 to 300 pounds each

at $50 each

if taken before January 15th

F. H. SCHULDT

Goodell Iowa

The DAMON-IGOU CO.

Mason City Iowa

JANUARY

Clearence Sale

Almost every item on

The First Floor

subject to the January Clearance Prices

Hosiery, Underwear, Gloves & Mittens

Laces, Linens, Domestics, Bedding, Silks

Dress Goods, Blankets, Corsets, and Wash Goods.

Carpet Dep'i offering Curtains, Cretonne and all Piece goods & some Rugs.

Women, Misses, and Childrens

Apparel

Suits Blouses

Coats Muslinwear

Dresses Petticoats

Skirts Kimonas

Furs Sweaters

Price Reduction of

1/5 to 1/2 OFF

KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 18 Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, January 8, 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

INCOME TAX COLLECTOR COMING

Collector of Internal Revenue, Lloyd Murphy, announces that, as usual, Income Tax deputy collectors will be sent into every county of the State during the period from January 15 to March 15, to assist individuals in making out their Income Tax returns. No charge for services will be made by these Government deputies, and no collections of taxes in cash will be made by them. The Collector urges all taxpayers to pay by draft, personal check, Post Office or Express Money Order, and to keep a record of their payments. He warns that any person representing himself to be a Government officer, who accepts cash for taxes, or makes any charge for his services, is a fraud and imposter. There will be no such rush this year in making returns as there was last year, because this year two months are allowed in which to make reports, whereas last year there were only two weeks in which this could be done.

The Collector urges that all taxpayers have complete records of their income and expenditures for the calendar year 1919, when they call on the Income Tax man. He further urges that they use the forms bearing their names, as sent to them from this office, when they hav received such forms.

The schedule of the Income Tax man provides that they should visit every county seat town in Iowa, and they will visit as many other towns as time is given them. The schedule as announced for County, showing the dates an Income Tax man will be here, is as follows:

Garner, February 11th to 21st.
Britt, February 23rd to 28th.

ALBERT ETCHEN AND LOUISE GREIMAN MARRIED

Two popular Klemme people were united in marriage Wednesday, December 31st. They are Mr. Albert Etchen and Miss Louise Greiman both living near Klemme. The wedding took place at the home of the Bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Greiman, Sr. Rev. Smith tied the matrimonial knots which made the happy young couple man and wife.

Both of the contracting parties are so well and favorably known here that we need to comment but little on the event. Mr. Etchen was recently discharged from the army after about fifteen months of service, the greater part of which time was spent in France. Miss Greiman is a popular and accomplished young lady who knows how to make a home comfortable. They have gone to housekeeping on the farm south of Klemme. The Times extends best wishes and congratulations.

MAY CHURCH MARRIED

The many friends of Miss May Church will be surprised to hear of her marriage which occurred some time last week to a young gentleman by the name of Harland Trees. We are unable to gather the particulars of the event at this time but nevertheless we extend congratulations.

HE THINKS PRINTERS ARE CRAZY

I know a Man
Who thinks Printers are Crazy
And just to prove They
Are Crazy
Whenever he needs Any Printing
He writes to
Half a Dozen Printers
And asks them to Quote
The other day he had a Job
And so as usual
He wrote for Bids.
The Lowest bid was
One Hundred and Sixty-five Cents
And the Highest Bid was
One dollar and Ninety cents.
He Spent Twelve cents for postage
In getting His Bids And
He spent Three Cents
For His Envelopes
And he Spent Four Cents
For his Writing Paper.
And he paid
Eighteen Dollars
A week to the
Clerk who wrote the letters
And Licked the Stamps
And So
He sent the Job
To the Lowest Bidder,
Who bid One-sixty-five,
But It Cost Him Two-fourteen.
I thank you.

—Albert M. Freeman in Imprint

JACOBS WILL COME OUT FOR AUDITOR

We will slip our readers a little advance news along political lines. We are indeed pleased to announce that Chris Jacobs has decided that he will cast his old derby in the county political ring for the office of county auditor once more. Chris is serving his first term as Auditor and has certainly made good in that office. Chris says he will officially announce a little later in the game.

MORNING EXERCISE FOR THE BUSY BUSINESS MAN

A friend of ours out of the generosity of his heart has given a bit of advice with the appeal that we "start early in the year and keep it up." Read the following trenchant remarks

Rise at 7:00 a. m. Stand in the middle of the room, raise arms slowly overhead, take a deep breath and say "Damm the League of Nations," lowering arms in attitude of despair. Ten times.

Extend body flat downward on the floor, cover eyes with hands, kick heels, think of H. C. of L. and weep 'till dry.

Kneel, wring hands, meditate upon labor unions and prohibition and groan. Twenty-five times.

Assume sitting position, hands on hips, sway gently to and fro, and concentrate on profiteering until a generous frothing at the mouth sets in, 'till exhausted.

Collapse on floor, grovel vigoruosly, think of the income tax and gnash teeth in anger.

Observe this simple regime every morning before breakfast, and you will reach your office with most of the cares and troubles of the day already out of your system.—Britt News-Tribune.

THE LITTLE OL' NEWSPAPER FROM YOUR OL' HOME TOWN

When you're feelin' kind o' lonesome
An' the atmosphere is blue,
When life's no bed of roses,
An' folks seem down on you,
I know what will make you happy,
An' chase away the frown—
Read the little ol' newspaper
From your ol' home town.
You won't laugh about the triflin' things
The paper has to say,
For every line's a message
From the ol' home far away.
Even Si's new chicken coop
Will not provide a smile,
An' the great city dailies
Lie unopened all the while.
Bill's girl has gone to college,
An' Jo's boy is home from France,
The Ladies' Aid will hold a social,
An' the Legion give a dance.
So you read the local happenings,
An' never miss a line,
An' 'cause they're all your neighbors,
You'll be glad that "crops are fine."
Then before you know it
You've read it thru and thru—
An' all the world seems brighter
An' life seems good to you.
So for a pill of pleasure
To chase away the frown,
Take the little ol' newspaper
From your ol' home town.

Cherry Wilson in Spokesman-Review.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR

Notice is Hereby Given, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the Estate of Jacob P. Mayer, deceased, late of Hancock County, State of Iowa, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

Dated December 16th, A. D. 1919.

P. M. Griesemer, Executor
By Ramsay & Blackstone,
His Attorneys

Was Looking for Easy Money.

"I asked for alimony of $50 a week. I see wimmen are getting that right along." "But, madam," expostulated the lawyer, "your husband is earning only $12." "What's that got to do with it? I thought the government provided the alimony."

PRINT PAPER VERY SCARCE

The shortage of news print paper is becoming more acute daily, and the House of Representatives is considering a bill to limit the size of all publications transmitted through the mail It was suggesed in the house that unless congress acs speedily scores of smaller papers will be forced to suspend publication altogether because of lack of paper. Newspapers in this section of the state are having considerable difficulty in getting any paper whatever.

It is said that the paper mills have contracted for fifty per cent more paper than they can manufacture in 1920. Hundreds of smaller papers have been unable to contract for paper at any price, although the cost to the publisher a pound, which was around 2 cents before the war, is now between 10 and 15 cents. The suggestion that newspaper publishers reduce consumption of news print paper 10 per cent below normal has caused practically every New York newspaper to advance the price of Sunday papers in the country districts to ten cents on or before January 4.

CITY COUNCIL PREPARES FREE DELIVERY

Forest City may have free mail delivery in the near future. Last month inspectors from the postoffice department were in the city canvassing the situation. The city council at their meeting Thursday evening took the preliminary steps to comply with the requirements of the postal department. City delivery has been a possibility for Forest City for some time but no active move has been made by the city to secure the service.—Winnebago Republican.

NEBRASKA SUPREME COURT OVERRULES APPEAL

Lincoln, Dec. 26—Constitutionality of the state law designated to curtail use of foreign languages in Nebraska state schools was upheld by the supreme court today. The law applies to all public, private, parochial and denominational schools in the state.

Its validity was attacked by the Nebraska district of the Evangelical Lutheran synod of Missouri, Ohio, and other states and by St. Francis Catholic church of South Omaha, whose attorneys charged that its operation would interfere with religious liberty.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Public worship with sermon at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sunday School at 11:30 a. m.

Practical sermons dealing with the problems of every day life; good music, with orchestra in Sunday School and evening service; a home-like church with a welcome to all.

During the quarter ending December 31, the following were perfect in attendance at Sunday School:

Beginners department—Blanche Gimer.

Primary department—Reva Elder, Arline Ell, Lois Trafford.

"Class in the Corner"—Octave Church, Milvern Ell.

"Win One" class—Verner Nelson, Mildred Johnson, Bernice Gimer.

Busy Bee—Harl Gimer

A. E. Buriff, Minister

"BOOST"

Boost Your City, boost Your friend,
Boost the lodge that You attend,
Boost the street on which You're dwelling,
Boost the goods that You are selling,
Boost the people round about You,
But success will quickly find them
If you know that You're behind them.
Boost for every forward movement,
Boost for every new improvement,
Boost the man for whom you labor,
Boost the stranger and the neighbor,
Cease to be a chronic knocker,
Cease to be a progress blocker,
If you'd make Your city better
Boost it to the final letter.

—Detroit Free Press

Trees Used for Cisterns.

Among the most curious of trees is the gigantic baobab, which flourishes in central Africa, the trunk of which sometimes attains a diameter of 40 feet, according to the Los Angeles Times. This trunk serves as a natural cistern, retaining rain water in large quantities in a cavity formed at the top. The Arabs artificially hollow out the trunks of large baobabs and fill them with water during the prevalence of rain as a provision against the dry season. These cisterns are in many cases 20 feet in height and eight or ten feet in diameter.

GOODELL

Miss Wilma Trumbell of Belmond spent several days this week at the Jay Griggs home.

Ed. Hemingway and Mrs. M. Kearney were called to Mason City to see their mother who was very sick.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Strasburg and daughter Mae Elizabeth, of Meservey, spent Christmas at the home of Jay Griggs.

Cliffod Chase who is attending school in Mason City, spent Christmas day at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Rhodes and son Orick spent New Year's at the residence of O. D. Church.

Miss Wilma Trumbell of Belmond transacted business in Klemme Tuesday.

Note—The Editor of the Times will appreciate it if the writer of these locals will kindly send name that we may supply postage for the items.—Editor.

A perfectly adjusted spine cures a "lame back" and insures good nerves, freely circulating blood, and a perfect digestion. Treatment will be given in your home when necessary. Telephone message may be left at the Hotel to be delivered to Dr. R. W. Schultz. tf.

Mrs. Walter Schultz was a Garner caller Monday between trains.

Rev. Meyer was at Garner between trains Monday.

Dr. Zinn was a Garner caller between trains Monday.

G. W. Kluckhohn and wife were Mason City visitors from last Friday until Monday.

The Board of Directors of the State Savings Bank met at the banking rooms Tuesday.

Ernest Lewis left Monday afternoon for Mason City, where he has a job awaiting him.

The Misses Madge Peck and Mary Bailey, of Garner, were shopping in Klemme last Friday between trains.

Dr Shultz will be at the Klemme hotel from 11:30 to 2:00 on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays

Miss Ethel Jacobs, of Garner, visited with Miss Mildred McCullough last Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Harland Trees left Monday on their honeymoon trip. Mrs. Trees was formerly Miss May Church.

Miss Clella McCullough, of Garner, visited her sister, Mildred and brother Gerald here from last Thursday night until Monday morning.

The dance given at the Idle Hour Theatre last Friday evening was well enjoyed by the young people of this community.

G. P. McCullough enjoyed a visit from his brother, Hollis, of Garner, who came last Tuesday noon and returned Wednesday.

The students of the Klemme schools returned to their studies again Monday after enjoying two weeks of fun and frolic.

Miss Rose Schultz of Garner, visited at the home of her brother here, Walter Schultz and family, from last Thursday evening until Monday morning.

Klemme merchants are real busy this and the past week with their annual job of invoicing stocks. It is a tedious job and one which they welcome—when it is all finished.

FOR RENT—In Grimes Township, Cerro Gordo County, one section of pasture, as a whole or in quarters. Inquire C. W. Hines, Fairmont, Minnesota. 2w-p.

Ed. Jacobs and Bert Mathews drove Ed's "Lizzie" to Garner last Sunday. They claim they were the first to drive a car thru the snow to Garner. Up pops Sam Larsen and says he drove his truck thru first and that Ed was following him up in the rear. Now one is a liar and the other is a prevaricator, anyway they both got there and back.

An old fashioned dance was given at the Idle Hour Theatre New Year's Night which was immensely enjoyed by a large number of the married people of Klemme and vicinity. A Victrola furnished the music.

Prof. Collins returned Monday afternoon after spending his two weeks' vacation at his home at Eldora, Iowa. He expected to be here to start school in he morning but as his trains couldn't make connections he had to take a different route which brought him here at noon from the north.

Donald and Walter Nissen, who were here over the holidays visiting at the J. N. Day home and with other Klemme relatives and friends, have returned to school again. Donald left Friday for Sioux City where he is attending Morningsde College and Walter left Wednesday for Milford where he is attending school.

Last Sunday the entire force at the Wellemeyer Store put on big heavy fur overcoats, got into a bob sled and headed toward Garner. The Times reporter asked why all the joy ride on such a cold day and was told that they all had their pictures taken. No doubt the pictures will be good for they were all "looking pleasant" when they left here.

COAST OVER COBBLE STONES

Sport in Madeira Has Many Advantages Over That to Which Northerners Are Accustomed.

Cobble stones may not appeal to the uninitiated as ideal for coasting purposes, but they admirably serve the purpose. It all depends on how steep is the hill the cobbles pave. In other words, it isn't the material that makes the "slide," but the pitch of the slope.

Those of us who are accustomed to sliding down snow-clad hills, or tiny ascents made slippery by ice know little of the thrill a slide may possess. For some measure of the delight in the sport is frequently minimized by the frigid air that rushes past our tingling ears and some measure of the enjoyment is entirely lost by the chills that grip our shivering bodies.

Imagine—if you can—the thrill of coasting down a hill so steep that your "sled" flies over the cobbles much as is would speed over crusted snow or an ice glare. Instead of icy air that almost chills you to the marrow at the thought, picture yourself in springtime garments and fanned by summer breezes.

If you can imagine such a picture you will have enjoyed at least some part of the sport of coasting in an island where there is no snow or ice. Down the cobble-paved road the "sled" flies. For ten minutes you flash along in breath-taking rush, then you begin to grow accustomed to the speed and the novelty of the sport and you take time to look about you. But—like most other enjoyments—just as you're beginning really to enjoy it to the utmost your coasting ends.

Where is this extraordinary slide? On the island of Madeira, which belongs to Portugal, and lies in the Atlantic ocean, off the coast of Morocco.

How a Hero Died.

A dramatic incident in which a heroic young officer faced death in soldierly manner is the climax of a true story that recently appeared in Stars and Stripes, the official newspaper of the American expeditionary forces.

He was Francis M. Leahy of Lawrence, Massachusetts, and he had served in the ranks before he won his commission. He used to tell of the days when he was orderly to Captain Pershing in the Philippines. One day while he was resting with his men by the wayside a German shell came whizzing out of space just as the order arrived that the regiment fall in and move on.

The shell plowed up the earth and stretched on the ground several men who were just getting to their feet. It hit the tree against which Captain Leahy was leaning and snapped it off like a stalk of asparagus. A piece of shell struck him in the back and tore its way through his chest.

"Good-by, boys!" he said, and his head sagged forward.

Then it was as if, somewhere in the universe, an invisible commander had called, "Attention!" Captain Leahy raised his head. With clearing voice he called the name of the officer next in command.

"Lieutenant Hansen," he said, "the command is 'Forward!' See the boys through!"

Then he died.

Recipient of Old Honor.

Prince Ferdinand Radziwill, who recently presided at the opening of the new Polish parliament, is a distant relative of the Hohenzollerns and one of the pillars of the old Polish nobility. The honor accorded Prince Radziwill was declared to be absolutely without political significance, but entirely a matter of custom. The prince came into the temporary presidency by reason of seniority only. He is eighty-five years old and is the oldest member on the floor of parliament. By virtue of a similar custom the youngest two members of the house, a socialist and a Catholic priest, neither of them more than twenty-five years old, acted as vice presidents and sat to left and right of the old nobleman all through the first session, assisting him in the carrying on of his duties.

Ships and Their Names.

Peace has brought with it the incidental discussion in a section of the English press of the meaning of and reason for the names of certain ships in the British navy. Truly my lords of the admiralty, acting as sponsors, have gone to some strange sources for the nomenclature. Not merely countries and cities have been drawn upon, but many of the creatures figuring in a menagerie have been freely utilized. Then there are the vessels named after the public schools and institutions of England, such as Uppingham, Tonbridge, Westminster, Rugby, Cheltenham, Epsom and so on. If Eton should feel jealous over the matter of its neglect it can take a kind of reflected comfort in the fact that there is a destroyer called Windsor.

Weights a Locomotive Hauls.

"How much more weight does the average passenger locomotive have to haul than in the days before the advent of the steel car?" I asked an expert Philadelphia locomotive builder.

"The old wooden passenger car weighed 40,000 to 60,000 pounds," he answered.

"The steel suburban car weighs 90,000 pounds.

"The larger steel car weighs 110,000 pounds.

"A parlor car weighs 115,000 pounds and the sleeping car 140,000.

"As for the locomotive itself, the heavy Pacific type for passenger traffic weighs 280,000 to 300,000 pounds. The freight locomotives, of course, go far beyond this figure, to more than 500,000 pounds."—Philadelphia Ledger.

WONDERFUL ANIMAL, THE GNU

And Voice Would Seem to Be Not the Least of His Remarkable Qualities.

Few people know what a satisfactory animal is the gnu. Quite a number of hoofed animals, like the ibex and the sacred ox, are mere tiresome combinations of Burbankism, but the gnu has qualities all his own. His head is homely as an unpainted barn—flat nose and very broad-mouth and ears misshapen and uncouth. His body is that of an exceedingly powerful pony, with strong neck and rakish tail. His galvanic energy puts to shame the glorious abandon of a cat on a tin roof.

When I arrive before his inclosure he has usually retired to the shed in which he sleeps and stands in the doorway with far-away eyes. Efforts to entice him forth are futile. I turn at last as if to go, and as I move he bursts forth with the most heathenish cry that ever clattered from an animal throat. If it resembles anything, it is the trench klaxon that warns of an impending gas attack—a series of staccato shrieks which would shake the teeth from a band saw. I don't see how he can stand the noise he makes. Arm a rabbit with the voice of a gnu and lions will slink from his path.

Reaching the bars of his inclosure in three or four astounding leaps, the gnu halts, with head averted and feet wide apart, ignoring me literally. When I move to right or left he remains motionless until 15 feet are between us; then he closes the distance with a bound, shrieks terribly twice or thrice, and once more affects to be utterly oblivious of my presence. When finally I leave him the clatter of his fearful voice pursues me for hundreds of feet, drowning all other sounds.—Atlantic Monthly.

—Police Your Pocketbook; Save—

QUAKER ACROSTIC.

The man who saveth money
Hath his future guaranteed;
Remorse o'er substance wasted
Is unknown to him indeed.
Fortune smileth on him,
Things he hath as he may need.

The man who spendeth wisely,
Hath no idle, wasted hour;
Ruleth cities—even nations—
Interest for him doth flower,
For he learneth as he liveth
Thrift succeedeth—thrift is power

years ago the Dallas County fair which had been held at Adel was abandoned and until last year there has been no fair or live stock show since that time. Last year the horse and mule breeders of the county held a show at Waukee, and this year the Pure Bred Breeders' association joined them in staging a fair and show which promises to become an annual affair because of the number of exhibitors and the unusual interest shown.

APES HELP MEN TO OUTWIT AGE

Paris Doctor Says Grafting of Tissues Brings Back Youth.

EXPERIMENTS ARE SUCCESS

Interstitial Glands Are Taken From Apes for Use in Treating Human Beings—Operation Is Quite Simple.

Paris.—Restoration of youth is no longer an uncertainty, but by grafting of new interstitial glands is as sure as the rules of chemistry, Dr. L. H. Voronoff declared.

Dr. Voronoff, director of the physiological laboratory of the College of France, says the operations are simple.

The interstitial glands are taken from apes for use in treating human beings.

"A local anesthetic is all that is necessary," Dr. Voronoff said. "It is merely a task of opening the skin, inserting the new tissue, sewing up the slight wound, and nature does the rest."

"Seven months ago," continued Dr. Voronoff, "I operated on a well known Parisan man of affairs, who at the age of 66 was in a decrepit state. The experiment was a complete success. Though his hair remains white and his face is wrinkled, he walks erect, his mind is as active and his appetite is as good as that of a young man.

Defies Age With Another.

"Three months ago I performed a similar grafting operation on another aged man. Everything in his case indicates the result will be the same, but it is too early as yet to give a statement as to his renewed vitality.

"The secret of my method is based on the following general knowledge: In various parts of the body, nature has provided glands which secrete fluids having vital functions in human organism. For instance, if I remove the thyroid gland from a man's neck, he will become an idiot within six months. Also when the interstitial glands, which manufacture fluid which is absorbed by the blood, and thus gives to the whole body its vitality, become worn out or are removed, the whole body falls into decay.

"Foreign tissues, which have thus been introduced into a worn-out system are nourished by the blood circulation of the body which is the new home for the tissues. In turn the tissues manufacture a vital fluid, which circulating through the body, restores its youthful vigor.

"Some of my most productive experiments were carried out on an aged ram. The ram at 14 corresponded in age to a man at 78, in so far as the exhaustion of organisms is concerned.

"Taking the aged, decrepit ram in May, 1918, I put into his body interstitial glands taken from a young ram. Within two months he had regained his youthful vigor and activities.

"Then, in order to prove it was not merely a matter of good care that had caused the change, I removed the grafted glands. I found them in perfect state, as they had not been completely assimilated by the renewed organism.

Age Reclaims Victim.

"The ram immediately aged and became even more decrepit than before. I once more introduced the glands from a young goat, which again produced youth and vigor.

"There will not be the slightest danger to human beings because of the monkey tissues which I use in treating them. A monkey's blood very closely resembles that of man. Hence the tissues of the ape are perfectly adapted for grafting on human beings.

"There is no danger of thereby brutalizing human beings. So far, my experiments in this direction are confined largely to rejuvenating wornout organisms. I am convinced the idea is practicable. I do not guarantee I have found the solution for senile decay. My works are of an experimental nature, and I am continuing my investigations."

Posed as Girl 22 Years: Paid $100 for Deception

Harry Campbell, who said he had posed as a woman 22 years, was fined $100 by Justice J. J. Shapard, at Kansas City, for impersonating a woman.

Campbell, who went by the name of Henrietta Campbell, gave himself up to the police because a man threatened to reveal Campbell's impersonation. In court Campbell wore a woman's dress and hat and would have passed for a woman except for the two days' growth of beard on his face. He said he had been a rooming-house keeper in many cities, posing as a woman.

HELPS SOLDIERS TO SECURE JOBS

Bureau in Chicago Shows Good Record in Helping Discharged Men.

PLANNED BY GENERAL WOOD

Of the Men Seeking Employment 94.3 Per Cent Have Found It Through the Instrumentality of the Bureau.

Chicago.—From a report just issued by the bureau for returning soldiers and sailors and marines in this city, it is possible to get adequate information concerning what has been done in behalf of those of our returned defenders who have sought employment and other aid.

In the district of which Chicago is the headquarters, the plan of the bureau for giving assistance to discharged service men was formed by Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, who acts as the chairman of the headquarters committee, and who from the first has taken personal interest in the work. The bureau was established last April and its records today show that 43,345 service men have registered at headquarters. Of this number 32,259 asked for assistance in obtaining employment. At the present time the files of the bureau show that only 2,250 men still remain on the "not hired" list. This means that 94.3 per cent of the men seeking employment have found it through the instrumentality of the bureau.

Rumors Are Refuted.

There have been rumors which some people have been busy in passing along to the effect that bureaus for aiding the soldiers and sailors to get re-established in civil life were not doing adequate work. To a considerable extent this sort of thing, it is said, has been propaganda for no good purpose. So far as the district which has Chicago for its headquarters is concerned, the attested records which show that 94.3 per cent of the applicants have found work, speak for themselves.

In the daily life of the bureau there is much to be found of human interest. Of the 43,345 men who registered about 8,000 asked for assistance along lines other than that of employment. They wanted to secure vocational training, to be given information concerning educational work, and in some cases there were requests for clothing and for temporary loans. Every case was met. Out of the great number of men who applied at the bureau only 438 actually needed food. Between 3,000 and 4,000 of the men did not know how to secure their bonuses from the government. Every man was told how to go at it and every man got his money. Of the applicants for assistance 3,500 have entered courses of vocational training.

Much of Interest.

The activities of the bureau as they have gone on day by day are interesting to watch. From the returned soldiers and sailors one gets the after-the-war viewpoint. The comments on the war and its aftermath and the conclusions which the men have drawn show almost invariably thoughtful consideration of the problems involved.

Col. Halstead Dorey, who served with the Third Division in France and who was four times wounded, is actively in charge of the Chicago bureau. With him are Maj. John S. Bonner, who formerly was a United States consul, and Lieut. W. E. Stanley, an aid de camp of Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, and a son of former Governor Stanley of Kansas.

WAR MEMORIAL MADE FOR MONTREAL

David Edstrom of New York beside the impressive war memorial he has executed. The tablet is to be erected in honor of heroic dead at Montreal, Canada.

Lively Auto Mixup.

Coquille, Ore.—Clarence Clinton, lumberman, and family were driving on a precipitous road. Clinton passed another car rounding a curve. Riley Clinton, his brother, coming in the opposite direction, struck the Clarence Clinton car head on, throwing the machine over a thirty-foot embankment. The car turned turtle without any one being hurt. Then a third Clinton, also a brother, drove along and rescued the other two Clinton families.

COAL MINERS OF U.S. GO ON STRIKE

Summons of Workers' Organization Obeyed By Men In Twenty-Eight States

FEDERAL INJUNCTION ISSUED

Union Heads Protest Government's Action—Uncle Sam Moves to Protect Interests of the People In Grave Crisis.

Washington, D. C.—Bituminous coal miners in twenty-eight states of the union laid down their tools and quit work last Saturday in obeyance to a strike call issued by a convention of the United Mine Workers of America at Cleveland, Ohio, September 23.

The first alarm of the strike, which is expected to cause a general paralysis of the business of the nation and untold suffering if not brought to a speedy conclusion, was given at the Cleveland meeting when the declaration was made that the war time wage agreement, entered into between the government and the miners, would end November 1.

Executive officers charged with the duty of negotiating a new agreement were ordered to stand out for three demands, and if not granted, to issue a strike call for more than 400,000 soft coal miners in 28 states. These demands were:

A five-day working week, a six-hour day and a wage increase of 60 per cent.

At scale committee meetings in Buffalo and Philadelphia miners and operators threshed over their differences without settlement. Representatives of the miners contended that the demands were not arbitrary, that the 60 per cent wage increase was set as a basis for negotiation, that a six-hour day meant actual time the miners were to work underground.

Insist On Short Day.

The miners insisted on a five-day week, they said, because there were not four days' work a week the year around for each miner. They contended by limiting each miner to five days there would be a more equitable distribution of the work. The leaders denied that it was the beginning of a nationwide campaign for a shorter working schedule.

After failure of the two sides to get together the strike order was issued and Secretary of Labor Wilson, acting by direction of the president's cabinet, immediately called into conference the heads of the mining and operating associations. Subsequently the full scale committees of each were called in and various proposals were offered and rejected.

Put Up to Wilson.

The final proposal was made by President Wilson. It suggested negotiation without reservation, submission of questions still in dispute with the failure of negotiation to arbitration and continued operation of the mines pending final settlement.

The operators, as set forth in a statement by Secretary Wilson, accepted the offer in its entirety; the miners accepted the offer of negotiation "and held the other two for consideration later." This, as explained by Secretary Wilson, abruptly ended the conference.

The miners in the series of conferences charged that while the wartime agreement still bound them to work at the old wartime wage scale, it removed restrictions on the war price of coal and permitted operators to charge what they pleased. This, they declared, had led to profiteering.

An appeal to the miners by President Wilson and announcement by Attorney General Palmer that the strike would be considered "illegal," failed to bring about the rescinding of the strike order.

On the eve of the strike Judge A. B. Anderson of the federal court at Indianapolis, Ind., issued a restraining order to stop officials of the Mine Workers' union from engineering the strike.

The principal leaders in the miners' union met the court's action with denunciation as a "violation of constitutional rights," declarations that it came too late to reach their men with a countermanding order, and with predictions that it would be disregarded anyway.

President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor with Vice President Woll and Secretary Morrison, protested as a delegation to Attorney General Palmer, against the government's action in suing out the injunction, and predicted that it could "only result in creating new and more disturbing issues, which may not be confined solely to the miners."

Heads of the great railway brotherhoods also conferred with the attorney general, but disclaimed that they did more than offer their services to intervene.

Attorney General Palmer emphasized to the labor leaders that the government's injunction was in no wise an infringement of the workingman's right to strike, but that it was a lawful process against a calamity to the country. He pointed out that the injunction had been issued for the government, acting for all the people, and not for the employers, acting in conflict with their employes.

Plans Not Made Public.

The attorney general declined to predict what would be done if the miners failed to heed the federal court's order, pointing out that the court itself initiates means to deal with those who disregard its mandates.

The government's program to deal with the practical as well as the legal phase of the crisis is steadily being carried out.

President Wilson, by executive order, fixed maximum prices of soft coal.

Fuel Administrator Garfield restored the war orders which will give the railroad administration the power to seize coal in transit and divert it to consumption, in accordance with a preference list arranged with the idea of doing the greatest good for the greatest number.

The machinery of the railroad administration through which the acts of the fuel administration will be carried out was put ready for functioning.

Troops In Readiness.

United States troops began arriving in some of the mining districts, ready to take part in keeping order and protecting those miners who wished to continue at work.

The extent and full nature of troop movements were not disclosed, but it was apparent the war department was acting on a carefully worked out plan to be ready if the local or state authorities, reinforced by federal deputy marshals, were unequal to the situation.

Congress continued to show its temper, and the house, amid speeches of denunciation of an attempt to paralyze the country, unanimously passed the senate resolution pledging support to the administration in its measure to deal with the emergency.

NON-PARTISAN AGENT SUES.

Starts Action for Huge Damages For Alleged Mistreatment.

Lincoln, Neb.—Judgment in the sum of $250,000 is asked against wealthy and prominent Nebraska men, among others in a suit filed in federal court by Beryl A. Felver of North Dakota, formerly organizer in the National Nonpartisan league. In the petition for the plaintiff, Felver relates he was working in Merrick county, Nebraska, in May, 1918, when he was captured by a mob and maltreated, a rope placed about his neck, among other things, and threats made to hang him. Felver asserts his life was saved only through the intercession of newcomers on the scene.

Government Given O. K.

London.—The government was given a vote of confidence in the house of commons last Friday on its financial principles, by an overwhelming majority of 355.

Bond Sale Falls Through.

Bismarck, N. D.—Sale of $3,000,000 worth of state bonds, $2,000,000 of which were to be used as capital for the bank of North Dakota, is said to have fallen through, bonding houses of the east having refused to underwrite the issue.

PASSENGER STEAMER SINKS

Nearly Score Perish When Gale Smashes Ship to Pieces in Harbor of Michigan City.

Muskegon, Mich. — With eighteen known dead and six or more missing, only time can bring an accurate count of the toll of the great seas which bodily lifted the Crosby passenger steamer Muskegon, formerly the City of Holland, and smashed her to pieces on the piers at the entrance to Muskegon harbor.

The steamer, a side-wheeler, bound from Milwaukee after outriding a terrific gale, made for the harbor, but is said by Captain Edwin Miller to have struck the bar at the entrance. The wheel paddles jammed in the sand, checking headway and the great combers threw the ship about and hurled her onto the pier. There she hung, momentarily, pounding into wreckage and then slipped off into the deep channel, going down in fifty feet of water.

Graphic stories of terror, suffering and heroism were told by survivors and the bravery of Captain Miller and his officers and crew, who remained at their posts to the last, was recounted. Captain Miller, sensing disaster as the vessel was driven toward the pier, ordered all to leap for their lives, and the time hallowed set rule, "women first" was followed. Only four women, one of whom was employed on the boat, were known to have been lost.

Captain Miller, hard stricken by the disaster and loss of lives, declared the undertow swung his ship after she struck the bar. "I told the cabin boys to awaken the passengers and crew and order all over the rail," he said. "Those who moved quickly were saved. The ones who held back lost their lives."

FAMILY OF SIX KILLED.

U. P. Train Crashes Into Load Automobile Near Kearney.

Kearney, Neb.—Six people were killed at Odessa, nine miles west of this place, when the second section of train No. 6, on the Union Pacific, struck an enclosed Ford car. The dead are Charles Kimmerly, his wife, son, two daughters and infant child.

The Kimmerly family resided at Shurgon, Colo., and was en route home from the east. They traveled the Lincoln highway and for some reason when reaching Odessa, went south across the track. All curtains on the car were fastened down because of a heavy mist.

CALLS EXTRA SESSION.

North Dakota Legislature Summoned to Act on Suffrage.

Bismarck, N. D.—Governor Lynn J. Frazier issued a proclamation ordering an extra session of the North Dakota legislature to convene November 25. Ratification of the federal suffrage amendment, assistance for drouth-stricken farmers and enactment of legislation to carry out the state's industrial program, are mentioned in the call. The non-partisan league is in control of both houses of the legislature. It is expected that a further announcement will be made regarding industrial legislation.

FAMOUS POETESS DEAD.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox Passes Away at Home in Connecticut.

New Haven, Conn.—Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox, author and poetess, died at her home, "The Bungalow," in Branford, October 30. Mrs. Wilcox had been ill for some months, having had a nervous collapse while engaged in war relief work in England. Mrs. Wilcox was in her sixty-fourth year and was a native of Johnstown Center, Wis. Her literary work embraced a large number of books, both prose and poetry, and she was a contributor to many publications.

Fatal Wreck in West.

Los Angeles.—Seven persons were killed and 60 injured when Southern Pacific train No. 50 southbound, was wrecked near Acton. The engine, two baggage cars and five coaches went into a ditch.

Police and Strikers Clash.

Utica, N. Y.—During a riot here between striking textile and clothing workers five persons were shot by the police. The strikers have been out nine weeks and their places in the plants have been filled.

Movie Actress Scout Captain.

New York.—Miss Marguerite Clark, popular motion picture star, is to become a Girl Scout captain and lead a troup of scouts. She offered her services at Scout headquarters and was immediately accepted.

Ten Below in North Dakota.

Bismarck, N. D.—The lowest October temperature ever recorded in the weather bureau here was made the morning of the 26th when the thermometer reached 10 degrees below zero, the bureau announced.

OPPOSE SHORT DAY

FARMERS ON RECORD AGAINST DEMANDS OF LABOR.

MINORITY LEAVE CONVENTION

Nebraskan Chosen Head of National Organization.—Say 44-Hour Week Cannot Feed World.

Hagerstown, Md.—The short work day and the "ever increasing wage" demanded by industrial labor" were declared to be "allies of the profiteer in keeping up the high cost of living" in a resolution adopted by the farmers' national congress at its concluding session here. The congress also went on record as opposed to "all strikes."

The resolution expressing opposition to organized labor's method was adopted over the protests of a small minority of wrought-up farmers, who withdrew from the congress after the vote on the resolution.

Speakers for this minority raised a furor throughout the convention hall during consideration of the resolution and declared that all organized labor was engaged in a struggle for its just rights and should have the full sympathy and support of the farmers of America.

"We know that the forty-four-hour week cannot feed the world and we proclaim that it cannot clothe it," the resolution further declared. Those who advocate the short day in industry, the resolution added, should not expect the farmer to work "six hours before dinner and six hours after, with before-breakfast and after supper chores thrown in."

While pledging a helping hand to "honest organized labor," the resolution condemned the "treason of false leaders who, for pay and price, would scuttle the ship of state and rear the red flag of bolshevism over the ranks of an outraged and fallen republic."

In declaring opposition "to all strikes," the congress went on record as favoring a federal board of arbitration that would give both capital and labor a "square deal." O. G. Smith, chairman of the Nebraska state board of agriculture, was elected president of the congress.

CUTS BARLEY'S BEARD

Professor Performs Feat of Benefit to Farmers.

University of Alberta Agronomists Remove the Barb From Whiskers of Grain.

Edmonton, Alberta.—Trimming the beard of barley is the accomplishment claimed by the agronomists at the University of Alberta this summer. Specifically what they did was to attempt to remove the beard altogether, succeeding only in taking the barb out of the beard. This, it was declared, is of immense potential agricultural benefit.

It is the barb in barley that makes all the trouble in handling and feeding the grain, it is said, and unsuccessful efforts have been made for years both in Canada and the United States, to remove the beard. But with the barb gone the experts say the beard doesn't particularly matter.

If the claims made for the improved barley are borne out authorities hold it may become a staple variety of western Canada. Two varieties of barley are grown in Alberta—the two-rowed and six-rowed. The former is used for beer-making, but six-rowed barley is the chief crop of central Alberta for feeding purposes. It is a sure crop, favored in mixed farming regions, and yields from 40 to 50 bushels to the acre.

Aged Woman Dances.

Marion, Ind.—One of the features of the annual reunion of the Octogenarian Club of Grant county held recently at Matter Park, was the dancing of old persons. Mrs. Sarah Jones, ninety-one years of age, one of the oldest women in the county, danced as an orchestra played tunes she had heard in her girlhood.

GERMANY SEEKS LOST TRADE

Would Regain Her Prewar Place in Commercial World—Cunning Is Shown.

Brussels.—Signs are not lacking here of the attempt being made by Germany to regain the place in the commercial world which she lost through the war.

Goods now in the market in Belgium are often typically German. They are supposed to have been introduced secretly into the country via neutrals such as Holland and the Scandinavian countries.

One outstanding feature of these goods, however, is the disappearance of the German trademark, but the German cunning does not halt at this. The imperial crowns are now replaced by American eagles in an attempt to make the goods pass off as American, while others bear British and French trademarks. The names of German firms are completely absent, but the manufacture is too typically German to go undetected.

WRIGLEY'S

5c a package before the war

5c a package during the war

5c a package NOW

THE FLAVOR LASTS
SO DOES THE PRICE!

UNITED PROFIT-SHARING COUPONS

17

DEFY TIME BY KEEPING FIT

Long Life and Health Offered to All Who Will Obey a Few Simple but Imperative Rules.

When one has been overworking, undersleeping, overdrinking, overeating, and underexercising, germs multiply rapidly because the "white wings" of the human system are too tired to clean them out.

A long illness follows.

Some day we will tell the truth in death certificates and reports will be made like this:

"Died after thirty years of overeating."

"Smothered himself to death. Worked and slept in unventilated rooms."

"Burned out. Slept only six hours a night."

Good health is a luxury we all can enjoy if we are willing to play the game on the long law of averages.

Eat lightly, drink lots of water, breathe fresh air every night and day, get plenty of sleep, keep clean inside and outside, and Father Time will pass you by.—The Fortuna Magazine.

Wouldn't Improve His Looks.

Mrs. Styles—Don't you hink this new hat improves my looks, dear?

Mr. Styles—I suppose so.

"But what makes you look so cross?"

"I'm thinking of the bill for that hat. You can't expect that to improve my looks."

When a mule climbs Mount Popocatapetl he takes over 5,000,000 steps, but we don't know how many over.

On Same Mission.

A Logansport minister was on his way to fill the pulpit of a church in Terre Haute a few weeks ago, and happened to overhear a prize fighter, occupying the seat in the train just in front of him, remark to his companion:

"I am going to Terre Haute to knock h—— out of ——"

The Presbyterian minister became interested, and said to the pugilist: "Why, that is just the very thing I am going for."

The young man looked at the minister aghast, and said:

"Why, you're not a prize fighter, are you?"

"No, I am a minister," was the reply, "but my business is to knock h—— out of people, and that is just what I am going to Terre Haute for."—Indianapolis News.

Make the Load Worth While.

Lionel Barrymore seems to inherit some of the skill in epigram that was possessed by his distinguished father. He was speaking of his desire to act in Shakespeare's plays when the interviewer remarked: "But it is such hard work."

"Everything is hard work," said Lionel, sadly, "and you may as well climb to the top of the mountain carrying a bag of diamonds as carrying a bag of coal."—Boston Transcript.

Ever notice what a hit a good listener makes with the women folk?

Some people spend their lives as wet nurse to a mortgage.

Sleepless Nights

and coffee-drinking are closely linked together with many people.

If your case is like that, try

Instant Postum

—a wholesome cereal drink with a really rich coffee-like flavor that meets the test of taste, just as the beverage itself meets the test of health.

Economical, Ready Instantly, Delicious

Made by
Postum Cereal Company
Battle Creek, Michigan

Sold by Grocers and General Stores

MOVE TO SAVE COAL

DRASTIC ACTION INSTITUTED BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

TRAIN SERVICE SUSPENDED

Bunkering of Foreign Owned Ships in U. S. Ports Stopped.—Many Districts Appeal for Fuel.

Chicago, Ill.—At the end of the first week of the strike of nearly half a million miners in the bituminous coal field of the country, many localities were making appeals for fuel and the government was perfecting regulations to safeguard the nation's meager supply of coal. In many districts orders put into effect are more drastic than during the war.

Appeals for coal to prevent distress in many towns of Kansas, Missouri, Montana and Alabama were sent to state and railroad officials. Some districts in Nebraska reported a shortage and appealed for assistance.

Realizing that the country is burning three times as much coal as the miners are turning out, bunkering of foreign owned vessels at American ports was ordered stopped by the central coal committee of the railroad administration at Washington.

The committee also authorized regional directors of railroads to suspend such train service as might be regarded absolutely necessary, but let it be known that no general curtailment was planned.

Sixty-six trains were annuled by the Chicago and Northwestern and the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroads.

Indiana's public service commission took the most drastic action during the week in the domestic field. It decreed lightless streets, discontinuance of electric sign service, coal gas for heating and other advisable restrictions of service by public utilities with less than a two weeks' supply of coal.

The railroad administration's coal distribution system under fuel administration regulations has been put in full operation. In Chicago the coal committees of the northwestern and central western railroad regions announced removal of all restrictions on coal shipments for federal, state, county and municipal, public utility, daily newspapers and a few similar classifications throughout the country. The order applied to coal already taken charge of in transit and that to be mined, and was designed to meet pressing necessities, such as freeing coal cars for mines still in operation.

IRISH GIRLS MUST BEHAVE.

New "Republic" Forbids Colleens to Spoon With British Troopers.

Dublin.—Love-making by the girls of Ireland with members of the British government forces has been proscribed by the Irish republican army. Any girl keeping company with a government soldier or policeman will be penalized by having her hair cut off. One girl has already suffered the penalty, losing her tresses for walking out with a soldier.

The proclamation has been posted, signed by "the competent military authority," saying:

"Whereas, certain girls wanting in self-respect, have lamned themselves by keeping company with the army of occupation, it is deemed proper by competent authority, both to safeguard morality and to stop bad examples, to publish the names of these culprits and also to warn them that after the publication of this proclamation those who persist in the above-mentioned scandalous, unpatriotic company-keeping render themselves liable to the punishment of being branded by having their hair cut off."

All loyal subjects of the Irish republic also are requested to shun public houses which entertain members of the enemy army until such time as they make reparation by a complete change of conduct.

Convict Blacks in Record Time.

Helena, Ark.—Rapid progress marked the trials of cases growing out of the recent race disturbances south of this city, one negro being convicted of first degree murder after eight minutes' deliberation by a circuit court jury and five others receiving a verdict of guilty to a similar charge, all at the same time, after the jurymen had been out seven minutes. The verdict means electrocution for the six negroes. Indictments have been brought against 122 persons, mostly negroes, as a result of the disorders.

Spanish-American Exposition.

Madrid.—An application for a Spanish-American exposition at Seville in celebration of the 400th anniversary of the voyage of Magellan to the new world has been approved by the cabinet.

Suicide Bridge To Go.

Chicago—Park employes have begun razing suicide bridge, the high viaduct in Lincoln park, from which some 40 persons have leaped to death or injury in recent years.

Espionage Law to Stand.

Washington, D. C.—By unanimous vote the senate judiciary committee declined to recommend repeal of the espionage act. Repeal bills of Senators France of Maryland and Poindexter of Washington, republicans, were ordered reported adversely.

GIRLS! DRAW A MOIST CLOTH THROUGH HAIR

Let "Danderine" save your hair and double its beauty

Oh, girls, such an abundance of thick, heavy, invigorated hair; a perfect mass of wavy, silky hair, gloriously fluffy, bright and so easy to manage.

Just moisten a cloth with a little "Danderine" and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; this magically removes all dirt, excess oil and grease, but your hair is not left brittle, dry, stringy or faded, but charmingly soft, with glossy, golden gleams and tender lights. The youthful glints, tints and color are again in your hair.

"Danderine" is a tonic-beautifier. Besides doubling the beauty of the hair at once, it checks dandruff and stops falling hair. Get delightful Danderine for a few cents at any drug or toilet counter and use it as a dressing and invigorator as told on bottle.—Adv.

Terrible Suspense.

"The suspense of this continued story is terrible," said Miss Pansy Pyetin. "There's a report at the post office that the magazine isn't coming out next month."

"CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP" IS CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at tongue! Remove poisons from stomach, liver and bowels.

Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear.

Mother! You must say "California."—Adv.

A friend in need clings to you for all you are worth.

Criticism and Citizenship

It is the plain, public duty of every citizen to criticize proposed government measures believed to be harmful.

Swift & Company is in a better position perhaps, than others, to understand the meat packing business in all its relations to public and private interests, even though the others may have been giving the subject a great deal of sincere attention.

Swift & Company is convinced that interference with its legitimate business function by governmental agencies, however well intentioned, would be an injury to every man, woman and child who wants meat to eat, as well as to the men who raise the meat and to those who dress and distribute it.

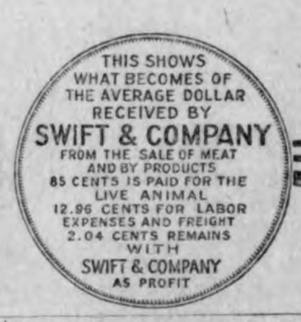
Maximum service that cannot monopolize because of keen competition and lack of control over sources of supply is furnished at a minimum of profit—a fraction of a cent per pound from all sources.

Therefore Swift & Company is taking every legitimate step of citizenship to prevent such interference.

These advertisements are intended to help you, and to help Congress decide what is best to be done. Mistakes are costly and apt to be harmful in these trying times.

Let us send you a Swift "Dollar."
Address Swift & Company,
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill.

Swift & Company, U.S.A.



COMPLETE OUTFIT FOR CUTTING YOUR OWN HAIR, combined with a perfect safety razor and pocket comb, postpaid, 70c. Razkom, 218 Parkway Bldg., Philadelphia, Penn.

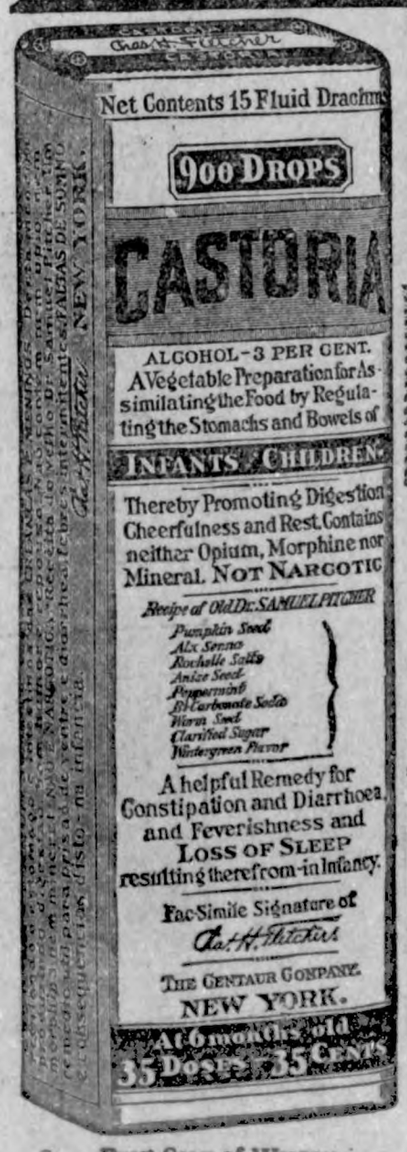
BE A NURSE—Earn $25 to $35 per week. Pay while learning. 2 year practical and theoretical course. The Veit Hospital, 15 West 31st St., Kansas City, Mo.

Five Thousand Facts About Canada—Latest edition. Remarkable cyclopedia on this 20th century Land of Opportunity. 25c silver gets it. Melvin E. Moyer, Ridgeway, Ont.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

AGENTS TO SELL OUR GOODS. Apply Medlin & Co., 2030 W. Pratt, Baltimore, Md.

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 46--1919.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

BIG FEED

The store force at Wellemeyer's held their Eighth Annual Christmas Banquet on Sunday evening, December 1st, in the basement of the new store.

The spacious funeral room was cleared and used as a banquet hall. Suitable decorations of evergreen, tinsel holly wreaths and Christmas festooning, gave to the room the sparkle and charm of a Christmas festival.

Pretty dinnerware and costly cut glass were appropriated from the store's stock to beautify the tables, and lovely crysanthemums and poinsettas fresh from the Hill City greenhouses, gave the tables a final touch of elegance.

Two roast geese with red apples on their feet, together with all the usual fixings of cranberry sauce, pies, cakes ice cream, etc., were a load which the two big tables could hardly carry.

The store people who partook of this feast were twenty-eight in number. There were present the Boss and his family, the clerks and their families, together with such ex-clerks as lived near enough to get here for the occasion.

After the feed, games were played, various stunts were pulled off for the merriment of all. And the store's best player-piano and a most excellent phonograph entertained with special Christmas music and song.

At a late hour the merry bunch adjourned after voting to meet again next year in a similar Christmas festive.—Contributed by one of the cooks.

FOOD FOR THE SQUIRRELS

A citizen of Klemme, in a moment of temporary mental aberration, composed this limerick, which he sent to a young lady correspondent:—

There dwelt a young man in Klemme,
Who wooed a maiden named Emmy;
He once snatched a kiss
From the lips of this Miss,—
Rude thing! Not to even say "lemme."

It elicited the following response from his correspondent:

It strikes me the young man from Klemme
Who had sense enough not to say "lemme,"
Understood the fair sex,
Knew the deed would not vex,
And will always succeed with "la femme."

"Coals to Newcastle."

"To carry coals to Newcastle" means to do something that is superfluous. Newcastle being a great coal field, carrying coals there would be a type of unnecessary action. The French have a saying "to carry water to the river" for the same thing, and there are several Latin equivalents.

OYSTER RAISING IN HOLLAND

Highly Scientific Methods Employed In That Country Have Been Remarkably Successful.

In the industry represented by oyster cultivation, Holland is the most systematic in its operations and employs more elaborate methods than any other country in the world. The numerous sounds that indent the coast of Holland, particularly in the region of the River Scheldt, afford excellent facilities for the propagation of the oyster and enable the country to conduct the most successful oyster industry in Europe. Public dredging is not permitted, as the result of that system was the threatened exhaustion of the fisheries, and the beds have been carefully surveyed and specific tracts are leased to individuals and companies, who are thus enabled to conduct the propagation of the oyster in a systematic manner that insures the best results from the territory available. Many growers lease several tracts in different localities, and adapted to different purposes, which facilitates the various operations, as the oysters can be shifted from one place to another, according to the season and the stage of development. A few of the oystermen plant shells on the banks, as is done in many places in this country, but the largest and most successful propagators are equipped with their own tanks and ponds, located in convenient shallow bays, in which they carry on the culture.

MEASURE HEAT OF STARS

Scientific Instrument Used at Washington Is Sensitive to an Almost Miraculous Degree.

One of the experts employed by the government bureau of standards in Washington has perfected an instrument which measures the heat of a star so far away that it can't be seen with the unaided eye. This same instrument is sensitive enough to be affected by the heat of a candle 100 miles away. "What is the practical value of such labor?" asks Thomas H. Uzzell in Everybody's. "Well, for one thing, these experiments by Doctor Coblentz have made a substantial contribution to the theory and technology of measuring high temperatures which will melt any known substance. Making use of this new knowledge, other bureau men have greatly improved the high-temperature thermometers which are used in the steel industry to measure the temperature of molten steel. One of the biggest improvements in the production of steel in recent years is the result.

"Formerly many millions of dollars' worth of steel products depended upon the trained eye of the foreman in estimating the temperature of steel from its color. But these new thermometers don't drink; they don't fail; and their accuracy means vast savings in money, better steel, a decided step forward in America's industrial sovereignty."

On Toads.

"Many stories are extant tending to show that toads have been found alive in rocks or in soil deep in the earth; yet so far as investigated by the writer in no case has the evidence been at all conclusive," says A. H. Kirkland in an article on "The Garden Toad" in Boys' Life. "On the other hand, experiments have shown that toads may be kept alive at least 18 months sealed up in plaster or limestone. There is little doubt that the toad may live to be 20 years old, or more.

"Though it lives alone in summer, toads often hibernate in colonies of half a dozen or more. In feeding, usually by night, the toad patrols a fairly well-defined beat; garden and flower beds are frequented, and particularly the ground under arc lights, where numerous insects fall fluttering from the lamps above. When food is abundant, as shown by experiments on toads in cages, the animal eats an equivalent of four square meals daily, consisting of caterpillars, cut-worms, beetles, ants, etc."

Shotguns and Rifles.

When a shotgun or rifle is cleaned a cork of proper size should be inserted in the end of the barrel. By preventing the entrance of damp this will preserve its value as well as its usefulness. This practice is not followed to the same extent as it should be even among those who take special pride in firearms. It is said that a bit of camphor inserted in the barrel will also aid in preventing the accumulation of rust.

Egyptian Philosophy.

If thou art successful and lovest the wife of thy bosom, then fill her stomach and clothe her back. . . . Make glad her heart during the time that thou hast. She is a field profitable to its owner.—Ptah Hotep.

To Keep Inkwells Clean.

The ink should be poured out of the wells once a week and the wells washed in hot water.

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Buy Your Ford Car Now

To make sure of getting a Ford car, buy one now. Don't wait until Spring but buy now while deliveries are possible. Even next month is uncertain.

The number of cars allotted to this territory is limited and specified. Even to get our allotment, we must have real, bona-fide orders for cars. Just so many cars alloted us; just so many will get cars; will you be one of them? Those who order their cars now will be protecting themselves. If you would be forehanden, get name on an order today.

Don't think you cannot use it if you get it now, The four seasons are all alike to the Ford car. It is a necessity every month of the year. Besides, the Ford car is the lowest in upkeep cost and the easiest in operation. And the new Ford electric starting an lighting system makes driving more convenient. Your order for either open or inclosed cars will have our prompt attention.

E. G. ELL

Authorized Ford Agent — Klemme, Iowa

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

Organized under the laws of Iowa, located at Klemme, in the County of Hancock, at the close of business on the 31st day of December A. D. 1919.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$561,159.43	$561.159 43
United States Bonds	32,462 63	
United States certificates of indebt'ness		
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	830 00	33,292 63
Overdrafts		
Banking house	200 00	200 00
Due from banks and bankers	41,335 36	41,335 36
Gold coin and certificates		
Silver coin and bullion	1,691 23	
Legal tender and National bank note and subsidiary coins	14,009 00	
Exchanges for clearing house and checks on banks in same place	2,239 12	17.939 35
Foreign checks and items in transit		
All other cash items		
TOTAL RESOURCES		$653.926 77

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	15,000 00	
Surplus fund	25,000 00	40,000 00
Undivided profits, expenses deducted	4.922 63	4,922 63
Deposits due to banks and bankers on demand		
Individual deposits subject to check	156,530 76	
Time certificates of deposits	400.280 85	556,811 61
Bank overdrafts		
Bills payable other than with Federal Reserve Bank	40,000 00	
Rediscounts	12,192 53	52,192 53
TOTAL LIABILITIES		$653.926 77

STATE OF IOWA } ss.
HANCOCK COUNTY }

We, P. M. Griesemer, President, D.D. Ross, Vice-President, and F.J. Wenck, Cashier, of the Bank above named, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is full, true and correct, to the best of our knowledge and belief, that the assets therein set forth are bona-fide the property of said Bank in its corporate capacity, and that no part of the same has been loaned or advanced to said Bank for the purpose of being exhibited as a portion of its assets.

P. M. GRIESEMER, President.
D. D. ROSS, Vice President
F. J. WENCK, Cashier

SEAL

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence by P. M. Griesemer, D. D. Ross and F. J. Wenck this 6th day of January, 1920.

CATHERINE A. WENCK
Notary Public in and for Hancock County

Attested by
JOE E. JOHNSON
A. KELLY
WM. KATTER
} Directors.

FREE

TRIAL IN YOUR HOME

The World's Greatest Phonograph Value

EDISON'S NEW DIAMOND AMBEROLA

Quick! Read this through and grasp this extraordinary opportunity *today!* This remarkable offer is the result of Mr. Edison's expressed wish to see a phonograph in every home in the U. S. A.

He has given his consent to this *Free Trial* of the Amberola *in your home.* There are absolutely no "strings" to this offer. You do not have to pay or promise to pay one cent in connection with this Free Trial. You are not placed under the slightest obligation.

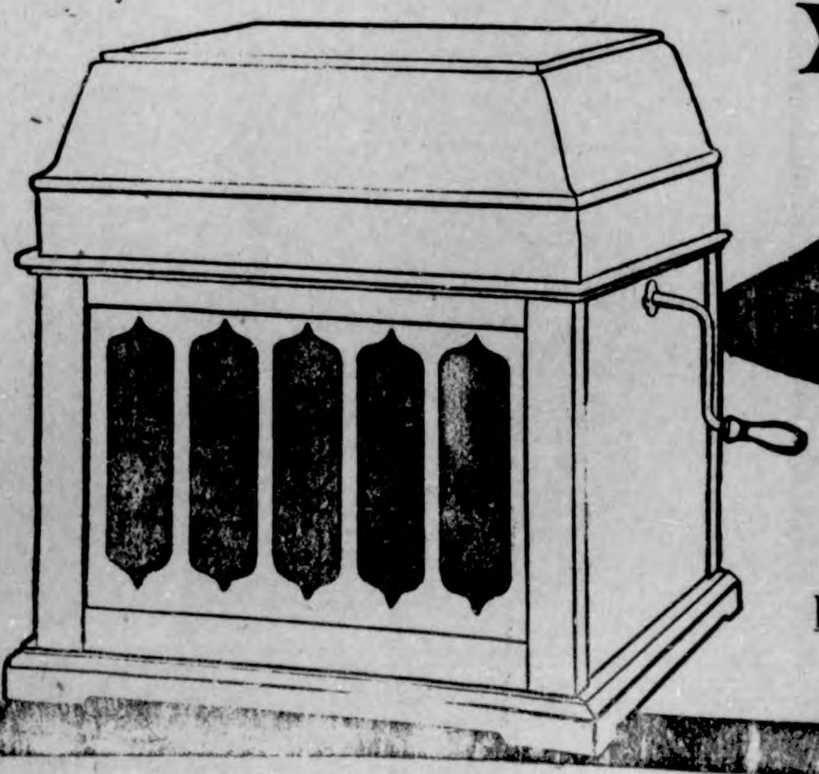
Come to our store today or tomorrow, pick out your Amberola and a dozen Amberol Records. We will deliver them promptly to your home. Let the Amberola entertain you for *three days*—ample time for careful judgment and comparison. At the end of the three days' Free Trial if you do not want the Amberola we will call for it—and *thank you* for giving the Amberola this trial. If you *do* want it, we will arrange terms of payment to suit you.

How can Amberola dealers *afford* to give these Free Trials? Because in the overwhelming majority of these Free Trials, people *never want to part with the Amberola!* Edison's great inventive brain has made the Amberola so *superior* to ordinary phonographs and "talking machines" that in those three days of Free Trial it sings its way into peoples' hearts and homes forever!

Numbers of people will instantly avail themselves of this Free Trial offer. If *you* do not act *at once* we may have to put you on a waiting list. So let us hear from *you right away!*

Accept This Offer To-day Without Fail

Yes YOU!



G. A. Pabst

DRUGS

Klemme - - - Iowa

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105

RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments

Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

KLEMME DRAY LINE

LLOYD LAU, PROPRIETOR

A share of your patronage is solicited.

All work attended to promptly and carefully

Coal Hauling Done Promptly

Telephone No. 14

Any delay in building is liable to cost you higher for lumber and materials.

You can't afford to wait in expectation of lower lumber prices.

There is bound to be a tremendous building demand

Come to us now and we will save you more than we can later.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Whether you are in business or not, you will enjoy the prestige which a strong banking connection will give you.

If you want safety for your funds this bank has it.

If accommodation, courtesy, the advantages of strong, dignified backing will interest you, they are all at your service here.

We invite your account.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $150000 SURPLUS $250000

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Subscribe Today at $1.50

Y. W. C. A. CALLS BIG CONVENTION

2,000 Women Expected to Gather in Cleveland the Week of April 13-20, 1920, for National Convention.

MEETING POSTPONED TWO YEARS BY WAR

Delegates Will Discuss New Membership Basis for Students and Question of Future Support for Work. Many Other Things.

The Young Women's Christian Association of the United States of America will meet in national convention in Cleveland, O., the week of April 13 to 20, having postponed the convention from the spring of 1918 in order to comply with a government request that expense and travel be reduced to a minimum during the war.

The department on conventions and conferences of the National Y. W. C. A., of which Mrs. Harry Emerson Fosdick is chairman, estimates an attendance of 2,000 women, representing all departments of Y. W. C. A. work—board members, secretaries, students, club girls, Girl Reserves, girls from Industrial Service Centers, women from the International Institutes for foreign born women, members from city, town and country Associations.

Each Association in the United States will be entitled to one voting delegate for every one hundred voting members in the Association.

Two of the most important questions which will come up before the convention will be the membership basis and the question of support. Of old business to be considered the most important question will be the membership basis for student associations, the granting of charter membership privilege to the Chicago Young Women's Christian Association and a recommendation providing an increase in membership of the National Board of the Association will also be presented.

Rev. Charles W. Gilkey, pastor of Hyde Park Baptist Church, Chicago, will give a series of morning addresses during the convention week. Dr. Robert E. Speer, secretary to the Foreign Mission Board of the Presbyterian Church, North, will also give an address. Mrs. Speer is chairman of the National Board of the Y. W. C. A.

The convention will be in session morning and evening, the afternoon being given over to sectional meetings held in various churches. Attendance at these meetings will be determined by group membership and also by activities.

Mrs. W. P. Harford of Omaha, Neb., will preside at the opening session, having been elected as president at the last convention of the Young Women's Christian Association, held in Los Angeles in 1915.

The committee on business to come before the convention has for its chairwoman Mrs. John French and includes among its members Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Miss Eliza Butler, sister of Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University; Miss Martha McCook, Miss Mabel Cratty, general secretary for the National Board of the Y. W. C. A., and Mrs. William Adams Brown, all of New York city.

TOWN GIRLS TO HAVE Y. W. C. A.

Association Maintains 52 Town Secretaries—Wants to Expand Work at Once.

"During the war girls all over the world had their first lesson in nation wide and world wide thinking," says Miss Mabel Head, director of Town and Country Work for the National Y. W. C. A.

"Girls learned something of the inspiration of working with hundreds and hundreds of other girls, unselfishly and unstintingly, through Red Cross work. Now the Y. W. C. A., through its world wide program of service for women, is planning to expand its work so that girls all over the world, and particularly in smaller communities, will not lose this experience.

"Citizenship forums are being organized for girls in small communities, where girls may come together to learn more about their country and their responsibility to it and as citizens of the world.

"Reading courses have been planned at National Headquarters in New York so that a girl in any community may carry on a course of study, either by herself or with other girls, on a wide variety of subjects.

"The Y. W. C. A. has at present thirty-nine secretaries doing county work. This means that they travel about from one community to another helping girls to plan out social, recreational, educational and religious activities for themselves and organizing them to carry on these activities. These secretaries work with the county agents of the Department of Agriculture in carrying on home economics work. They help plan pageants, arrange benefits, assist the girls in going to Y. W. C. A. summer conferences and help plan all sorts of social good times for the community."

Y. W. C. A. PLANS WORLD PROGRAM

Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Heads Association's 1920 World Service Program.

$3,000,000 NEEDED FOR WORK.

Leader Calls Association a "Stabilizing Influence" in Outlining Post-War Program for Women—Federal Council of Churches to Announce "Y. W. C. A. Sunday."

Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., chairman of the National Educational Campaign Committee of the 1920 World Service Program of the Young Women's Christian Association, has made the following statement:

"Since the war we are more than ever aware of the economic, industrial, educational, social and religious difficulties which beset the lives of girls and women everywhere. In meeting the post-war needs of women the Young Women's Christian Association stands as an instrument of service, tested and proven by war, and organized to meet the manifold problems of peace.

MRS. JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR.
Chairman of the Educational Campaign Committee of the Young Women's Christian Association.

"Because of its fifty odd years of experience in meeting fundamental problems affecting girls, the Young Women's Christian Association is an organization particularly fitted to exert a stabilizing influence upon the troubled times through a consistent program of service for girls and women.

"American women are asking how they may share in the world's reconstruction. They can do so by enlisting the support of their communities for this World Service Program, which will insure to the world a healthier and better womanhood.

"This campaign of the Y. W. C. A. to tell the people of the United States about its work and to raise $3,000,000 with which to carry on Y. W. C. A. work during 1920 in the United States, Europe, China, Japan, India, South America, Egypt, Siberia and Mexico will close the week of February 22 to 29, which will be known as Y. W. C. A. Week.

"The Federal Council of Churches will probably set one Sunday as a time for ministers throughout the country to address their congregations on general conditions affecting women and the Young Women's Christian Association as an instrument of service.

"The immediate task is to bring to the people of the United States a knowledge of conditions affecting the lives of women in all parts of the world. We can no longer ignore the character, the manner of life and the ideals of other peoples, whether we want to or not. A special call is now coming to the Association from China, Japan, India and South America, where work was held back during the war because of the necessity for special activity in France and the United States.

"The World Service Program calls for $4,500,000. Of this amount $1,500,000 has already been secured."

The educational campaign committee includes among its members Mrs. Robert E. Speer, president of the National Board of the Y. W. C. A.; Mrs. Henry P. Davison, Mrs. William Van V. Hayes, Mrs. Robert L. Dickinson, Mrs. William Adams Brown, Mrs. Van Sanford Merle-Smith, Mrs. Lewis H Lapham, Miss Ellen Hale Stevenson, Mrs. Frederic B. Pratt and Mrs. Herbert Lee Pratt.

SMALL Y. W. C. A. IS COMMUNITY CENTER

Recreation for Girls Is Important Feature of Work.

Fifty-two young women in the United States are known as Y. W. C. A. "town secretaries." All of which means that the fifty-two are organizing recreation work for girls and for the community at large in towns of less than 10,000 inhabitants.

The Y. W. C. A. may be in one rented room or more. It may be a whole building, but at any rate there is a recreation room and if possible a kitchen, reading and writing rooms. If the Y. W. C. A. has a building of its own it becomes a community center, where all women's organizations may meet.

One sure way to get Cotton is ts go to the store that advertises all Wool for $25.00.

It cannot be done today and intelligent people must know it.

Every year—every month we are making this store stand out as the store of real value—first class clothing only—the kind that always satisfies.

Then too you will always find the newest styles and extensive assortments.

If this weather prevents your coming a mail order will get prompt and intelligent attention.

Mail orders will receive our prompt attention.

PATTON BROS.

Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**

"Where a dollar does it's duty"

Taking care of the Family

"I have everything fixed up so Mary is well taken care of, and the boy's will get their share," said a friend of ours just the other day. With evident satisfaction he spoke of making his Will in which he had provided for the family in a business like way. He felt that he had done "the square thing" by Mary and the boys.

Every man should make a Will. Provide for the distribution of property as you desire. Select an Executor who will preform his duties faithfully. There's satisfaction in knowing that your estate will be administered in accord with your wishes,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Walter F. Lau

Dealer In

Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

BEET GROWERS ATTENTION!

The Iowa Valley Sugar Company, Inc.

OF BELMOND, IOWA

The Home Company

Solicits Your Business

Phone Us For Further Particulars

John McNicoll, Dist. Supt. Garner, Iowa or **H. J. Holt, Agr. Supt. Belmond, Iowa**

The City Dray Line

Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly
Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
Charges Reasonable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls Answered Promptly

Klemme, Iowa Office and Residence Phone

HER SMILE IS HER SAFEGUARD

American Red Cross Courier Is Not Molested by Bandits in Balkans.

FACES MANY DIFFICULTIES

Life of Balkan Courier Is Far From Simple—Travels Take Her to All Parts of the Intricate Balkans.

Bucharest.—A New York young woman, with a smile, a dog and a tan leather dispatch bag, is braving the floods, torn up railroads, broken bridges, snow-clad mountain passes and all the other hardships that make up the substance of present-day travel in the Balkans.

She is Mrs. Helen Grannis, formerly librarian in the New York Public library. The smile is the famous Grannis smile that carries her through all sorts of unexpected difficulties in a country where difficulties are real. That smile decided the American Red Cross authorities to give to her a position as courier. The dog is a Caucasian shepherd, half wolf, which was given to Mrs. Grannis by an admiring Roumanian peasant woman. And the dispatch bag contains valuable papers for the American army and the Red Cross which Mrs. Grannis delivers from headquarters in Bucharest all over the intricate Balkans.

Life Far From Simple.

The life of a Balkan courier is far from simple. Railroads have been destroyed everywhere. Bridges are lying in the beds of streams. Roads in many districts are morasses of mud. Through the mountain districts roam bands of comitadji who prey upon lone travelers.

Mrs. Grannis has braved her way through everything. When she cannot take a train she uses a donkey, a camionette, a cart drawn by a water buffalo. She is familiar with narrow-gauge railways that threaten to roll off the mountains into gorges. She knows the wheeze and strain of a one-lunged river steamboat, panting against a six-mile current. She can cross a bridgeless stream on horseback or with a rowboat.

And with the nonchalance of a subway straphanger she drops from one mountain top to another on the swinging aerial cables left behind by the enemy armies of occupation.

Smile Takes Her Through.

She has has met bandits but invariably, with her smile, with the "U. S." on her uniform and her talent for tight places, she has won through unmolested.

Mrs. Grannis' travels start at Bucharest. The cities she "makes" include Belgrade, Sarajevo, Ragusa, Cettinje, Podgoritza, Tirana, Scutari and Salonika. It does not matter to her. On her latest trip she carried a letter from the governor of Albania to Col. Henry W. Anderson of Richmond, Va., Balkan commissioner for the Red Cross, thanking the American people for the relief work done in his country.

Her first work for the Red Cross was with the bureau of personnel in Paris, where she labored nights, days and Sundays getting personnel off to the front. She left Paris January 1, 1919, to join the Balkan commission, and at length was permitted to take the courier position which she insisted on having.

Hen Decides Own Case in Court; Goes Home

Sharon, Pa.—Ownership of a hen worth $1, alleged by a Sharon man to have been stolen by a neighbor, was decided by the bird.

The neighbor, a woman, when arraigned before Justice Hugh Jones, declared the chicken belonged to her. Constable Harry Galvin was directed by Justice Jones to take the hen and release it some distance from the homes of the plaintiff and defendant, who agreed to abide by the decision of the bird.

The chicken strutted off to the plaintiff's yard. The defendant was compelled to pay $4.50 costs.

SHERLOCK HAD NAUGHT ON HIM

Clever Work of Detectives Solves "Great False Teeth Mystery."

THIEF GRABS POCKETBOOK

New York Sleuth Finds Jewels in Awning Repairer's Pocket and the Artificial Masticators in an Ash Can.

New York.—Clever work on the part of Detective Sergeants Joseph Leonard and Thomas Appel solved a robbery which might otherwise have remained on the record as the "great false teeth mystery."

James K. Andrews, a banker, discovered that a set of false teeth which he recently installed did not function with the celerity promised by his dentist. Mrs. Andrews started with them to the dentist for adjustment.

Mrs. Andrews had the teeth in her pocketbook along with $75 in bills. As she was leaving the apartment the bell rang. Mrs. Andrews placed the pocketbook on a nearby couch as a maid opened the door and admitted a stranger, who announced that he was there to repair an awning.

Mrs. Andrews went to an adjoining room, but when she returned the pocketbook with the $75 and the artificial masticators had disappeared. She telephoned for the detectives.

Telephones for Detectives.

They responded with alacrity and after listening to Mrs. Andrew's story of the vanishing of the false teeth, resorted to the old Sherlock Holmes system of deduction. Footprints on the Persian rugs of the Andrew's apartment revealed that the awning repairer had found it imperative to change the scene of his operations to another apartment in the house. There they went.

Drawing his highly polished nickel watch from his vest pocket, Detective Leonard placed it against the awning man's chest and, in a voice marked for the profundity of its tone, said—

"Aha! What have we here?"

"Where?" asked the awning man, assuming an air of nonchalance.

"There," replied the astute detective, as he shoved his hand in the awning man's coat pocket and drew forth a handful of glittering jewelry.

The unexpected jewelry deepened the mystery.

Oh, Where Are the Teeth?

"But where's the false teeth?" asked Detective Appel, who believes in following every trail to the end.

"Patience," replied Leonard, "let the magistrate find that out."

So the awning man, who later said he was Charles Langfelder of 69 Walton street, Brooklyn, was haled before Magistrate McQuade in the west side court, where he denied all.

"Your Honor, we have a clue to the false teeth," said the detectives in chorus. "Hold him for a few minutes, and we'll recover them."

They hurried back to the apartment house, where they found the pocketbook and the teeth in an ash barrel. Langfelder was then held in $1,500 bail to await the action of the grand jury.

The detectives are still trying to find the owner of the jewelry.

U. S. TAKES OVER BIG CANAL WITH CEREMONY

J. Hampton Moore, president of the Internal Waterway association, Philadelphia congressman and Republican nominee for mayor of Philadelphia, speaking during the ceremony at Delaware City, Del., with which the States took over the Chesapeake and Delaware canal.

NEW GERMAN CAPITAL SEEN

Berlin Worried Lest Seat of Government Be Shifted to the Rhine.

Berlin, Germany.—The Boersen Zeitung, one of the ablest German newspapers, says the fate of the city is in the balance and that it is, perhaps, too late to save it from becoming a city of the second class, with the removal of the capital and the activity in a business and political sense to some Rhineland city. It is a theory that has been gaining ground lately and is causing Berlin to lose sleep.

Strikes have followed one another in an endless succession. The uncertainty of the economic situation almost led to a boycotting of Berlin as the chief work center of Germany. Despite the huge expense, one industry after another left Berlin for quieter, steadier fields.

Merchants, politicians and industrial leaders have predicted that the transfer of the assembly or reichstag would inflict a severe blow on Berlin, especially if it should lead to the choice of another capital.

EX-KAISER CASTS FEAR ASIDE

Will Dispense With Dutch State Police at His New House at Doorn.

Amerongen, Holland.—It is reported that the former German emperor has so far recovered from fears of molestation that when he moves into his new house at Doorn, the Dutch police, who have been constantly on guard about the Bentinck castle here since his arrival, will be relieved of duty. There are no walls or moats about the house of Doorn, which is visible and easy of access from the main highway.

T. B. CRUSADE IS ON

Accolades for Children Who Fight the Disease.

"Knighthood" Prize for Battle Against White Plague in the United States.

Washington.—Through the agency of Major B. J. Lloyd of the United States health service, accolades will be held in virtually every school in the country when the second annual tournament of the modern health crusade comes to an end this school year.

This was the statement made at the National Tuberculosis association offices, where the crusade was organized and where the new tournament was announced. The tournament held simultaneously all over the country for 15 weeks, begins with the opening of the term this fall.

Last year, the first in which the annual jousts with disease took place, found many "pages," "squires" and "knights" ready to be given their titles of knights banneret, the highest degree of honor to be received by the crusaders. In many cities and towns accolades were held and on the Western coast Major Lloyd personally gave the four "blows" to hundreds of "air knights," or boys and girls who had faithfully performed 11 health chores for the entire tournament and so became knights banneret.

At the capitol in Washington the largest accolade of the crusade was held, with Vice President Marshall acting as league master and conferring the honors on the candidates. The steps of the capitol building were filled with children who had fought a winning fight against disease.

There are 3,000,000 children in the crusade, and it is estimated that more than 75 per cent of them will win honors in the tournament. By completing the 11 health chores for the 15 weeks they will not only receive their titles, but will win badges and pins for the lesser ranks of page and squire, and gold and silver buttons for the ranks of knights and knights banneret. They will also win banners showing their class has been 100 per cent successful in the crusade.

This is one of the vital phases of the fight against the white plague, which will be directly affected by the success of the country-wide campaign of education now being conducted by the National Tuberculosis association.

War Lid Off Baccarat.

Paris.—Baccarat is again allowed in the clubs, since the ratification of the peace treaty. As soon as the ban was lifted a veritable frenzy of gambling set in all over Europe. It is estimated $1,000,000,000 was won and lost in the first night after the game was resumed.

Durable strings for lacing machine belts are sometimes made of eel skins.

ROUND UP RADICALS

WHOLESALE ARRESTS IN MANY EASTERN CITIES.

COUNTRY WIDE PLOT NIPPED

Conspiracy Existed to Defy U. S. Government, it is Believed.—Scores to Be Deported.

New York.—Hundreds of radicals, including many described as among the most dangerous anarchist agitators in the country, were arrested by Department of Justice agents in simultaneous raids upon radical headquarters in New York, Philadelphia, Detroit, Newark, Jackson, Mich., Waterbury, Conn., Chicago and other places.

In the raid here more than 200 radicals assembled in the headquarters of the Russian soviet republic were arrested. Fifty were held for deportation as undesirable citizens. A large quantity of radical literature was seized.

It was learned that thirty-six warrants had been issued by Commissioner General of Immigration Caminetti for radicals known to have been particularly active in the industrial unrest of the country. It was reported that these persons who were particularly sought, had been caught. They were taken to police headquarters.

The raids, taking place on the eve of widely advertised celebrations of the second anniversary of the establishment of the soviet government in Russia, were said to have nipped in the bud a country-wide plot openly to defy governmental authority. This has been advocated, it was said, for several weeks by combined radical elements, the I. W. W. anarchists and Russian agitators. Pamphlets and other literature to this effect are now in possession of the department of justice, it was stated. The raid was the third made upon the Manhattan headquarters this year.

UNITED ON PEACE PACT.

G. O. P. Members of Senate Show Solid Rank in Test Vote.

Washington.—The first affirmative step toward qualification of the peace treaty was taken last Friday by the senate after administration leaders, with the backing of President Wilson, had re-affirmed their intention of voting against ratification of the reservations drawn by the senate majority as adopted.

The initial test of strength on the reservation program of the foreign relations committee found the republicans almost solidly united behind it, the group of mild reservationists who helped kill the committee's amendments and the irreconcilable group of treaty foes standing together for the first time since the long treaty fight began.

By a vote of 48 to 40 the senate approved after all efforts to amend it had failed the committee's preamble to the reservation group, requiring that to make the treaty binding at least three of the four great powers must accept the senate qualifications.

The mild reservationists, it was declared, turned down a new democratic offer of compromise while the irreconcilable wing was devising a plan of action by which they hoped to defeat the treaty entirely. The best claim made by the administration forces was that the treaty would be wedged into a deadlock which in the end would make a compromise inevitable.

OFFER NO PROTECTION.

U. S. Not to Take Americans' Part Against Mexican Bandits.

Washington.—The policy of the United States regarding kidnaping of Americans in Mexico and attacks upon Americans and their property in that country was set forth in an official announcement that unless negligence on the part of the Mexican authorities can be shown there will be no claim for damages made by this government. The kidnaping of William O. Jenkins American consular agent at Puebla, and the payment by his attorney of $150,000 ransom for his liberty was discussed at length by a high official of the State department in outlining the policy of the United States. Jenkins will have to effect his own reimbursement of the money paid to Mexicans who kidnaped him, it was said, unless he can prove that the Mexican government was negligent in affording him protection.

Gompers for Eight-Hour Day.

Washington, D. C.—Making his first address before the international labor conference in which he sits as an unofficial representative of American labor, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, declared for the straight eight-hour day as a maximum as compared with the 48-hour week and incidentally served notice that in the United States even the eight-hour day would be shortened if labor could accomplish its purpose.

No General Strike.

Chicago.—John Fitzpatrick, national chairman of the steel strikers' committee, at a meeting of the Chicago federation of labor said there would be no general strike in support of the steel strike.

But One Bank Failure.

Washington.—Establishing a record for immunity from failure, national banks of the United States have gone through the last 22 months with only one enforced closing, according to Comptroller of the Currency Williams.

NAMES THANKSGIVING DAY

President Wilson Calls Upon Nation to Observe Nov. 27.—Says Dawn of New Era Coming.

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson has set aside Thursday, November 27, as Thanksgiving day in the following proclamation:

"The season of the year has again come when the people of the United States are accustomed to unite in giving thanks to an Almighty God for the blessings which he has conferred upon our country during the twelve months that have passed. A year ago our people poured out their hearts in praise and thanksgiving that through diviine aid the right was victorious and peace had come to the nations which had so courageously struggled in defense of human liberty and justice. Now that the stern task is ended and the fruits of achievement are ours, we look forward with confidence to the dawn of an era where the sacrifices of the nations will find recompense in a world at peace.

"But to attain the consummation of the great work which the American people devoted their manhood and the vast resources of their country they should, as they give thanks to God, reconsecrate themselves to these principles of right which triumphed through his merciful goodness. Our gratitude can find no more perfect expression than to bulwark with loyalty and patriotism those principles for which the free peoples of the earth fought and died.

"During the past year we have had much to make us grateful. In spite of the confusion in our economic life resulting from the war, we have prospered. Our harvests have been plentiful and of our abundance we have been able to render succor to less favored nations. Our democracy remains unshaken in a world torn with political and social unrest. Our traditional ideals are still our guides in the path of progress and civilization.

"These great blessings, vouchsafed to us, for which we devotedly give thanks, should arouse us to a fuller sense of our duty to ourselves and to mankind to see to it that nothing we may do shall mar the completeness of the victory which we helped win. No selfish purpose animated us in becoming participants in the world war, and with a like spirit of unselfishness we should strive to aid by our example and co-operation in realizing the enduring welfare of all peoples and in bringing into being a world ruled by friendship and good will."

The president calls upon the people of the nation to cease on that day from their ordinary tasks and to unite in their homes and in their several places of worship in ascribing praise and thanksgiving to God.

Vacation May Cost Jobs.

New York.—Perfection of a process to take the place of printing and engraving was predicted as a direct result of labor difficulties in the publishing business here, by Roger W. Allen, former president of the New York Business Publishers' association, while John Adams Thayer, secretary of the Periodical Publishers' association, predicted that new machinery soon would do away with all type composition. "The 'vacations' indulged in by the compositors have brought to light certain automatic typographic machines which do away with all type composition," said Mr. Thayer.

LEAGUE MEN LOSE.

Nebraskans Turn Down Non-Partisans in Constitutional Election.

Lincoln.—The result of the election to select delegates to the constitutional convention which will meet in Lincoln, December 2, shows that the Non-partisan league suffered a crushing defeat at the hands of the voters of Nebraska.

Of the 100 delegates selected, returns show that 73 are known to be opposed to outside influences, 10 had the support of the Nonpartisan league and the others were placed on the "unknown" list.

Americans Suffer Heavy Loss.

Washington.—Six employers were murdered and more than $71,895 in American gold stolen from oil companies operating the Tampico oil region during July, August and September, according to an official report just compiled, it has been learned. Six bandits implicated in two of the outrages were arrested and two of them publicly implicated in some of the outrages, the report stated, although in some of the camps of the region the federal soldiers were "behaving well."

Censure Church Dress.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Present-day styles of clothes worn by church women were censured at the national training conference of the Inter-church World Movement of North America.

California Ratifies Suffrage.

Sacramento, Cal.—Both branches of the state legislature, in special session, adopted without a dissenting vote a resolution ratifying the federal woman's suffrage amendment.

Pastor Battles Burglars.

Portland, Ore.—Rev. Father William Cronin, pastor of All Saints Catholic church here, was taken to a hospital suffering from serious injuries, following a half hour's fight with two armed burglars at his home.

Profit Without Booze.

Chicago Ill.—A Chicago hotel owner announced that the October receipts for a café and a grill room were $162,000 as compared to $147,000 for June, the last month before wartime prohibition went into effect.

FOGGY?

If Bilious, Constipated or Headachy take "Cascarets."

Tomorrow the sun will shine you. Everything will seem clear and bright. Your system is filled liver and bowel poison which your skin sallow, your stomach your head foggy and aching. meals are turning into poison, and acids. You cannot feel right. stay bilious or constipated. Feel did always by taking Cascarets sionally. They act without griping inconvenience. They never sicken like Calomel, Salts, Oil or harsh pills. They cost so little Cascarets work while you sleep.—

The Preliminary.

She—"I wish you would buy silk dust cloak." He—"I would could first raise the dust."

Men flatter merely to protect selves from women who flirt.

Tell All The Wor

"PAIN IN MY SIDE"

Davenport, Iowa.—"I wish I could all the world how much I owe to Pierce's Fav Prescription. I nearing middle when my last came and my was miserable had contin pain in my side. I took bottles of 'Favo Prescription' can truly say I suffered the and my he afterwards was ter than it had ever been before. G thru the critical time of life, I depend solely upon 'Favorite Prescription' to me well and strong, and it did not me. I had none of the distressing sym toms most women have at this peri such as heat flashes and dizzy spells, came thru in excellent health and still just as strong and well as I thirty years ago, thanks to this best medicines, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Presc tion."—Mrs. Alice Van Arnam, 1705 4th St.

FOR ALL AILING WOME

Foley, Minn.—"Some years ago Pierce's Favorite Prescription cured of a case of woman's weakness, and si that time I have become the mother seven healthy children. I have alw taken the 'Prescription' and not one my children was ever puny or sick They have grown up strong, and I ha been in the best of health these ma years, due I am sure to the constant of this medicine. I hardly know what would have done without it. I feel in recommending it to all ailing wome There is nothing better.

"We also keep Dr. Pierce's 'Pleasa Pellets' in the house for immediate use —Mrs. George Walbridge, Lock Box 318.

EASY NOW TO SAW LOG AND CUT DOWN TREES

Only one man, or even a boy, wit the improved Ottawa Engine Log Sa can easily cut twenty-five to fort cords a day, and at a cost of less tha 2c per cord. This machine, which ou does all others, has a heavy, cross cu saw driven by a powerful especiall designed 4-cycle gasoline engine. It a fast money-maker for those using it and does more than ten men could d either cutting down trees, sawing logs or buzzing branches *while you rest* When not sawing, the engine can be used for other work requiring power.

Beware of Imitations.

The entire machine is mounted on truck wheels to make it easy to move to the trees or logs, and from cut to cut on a log *without stopping the engine*. For moving on the road, the truck wheels are placed parallel with the skids and the rig hauled straight ahead. The wheels turn on a two-way spindle. You do not have to take them off, but can change direction of wheel travel by merely taking out a pin.

The Ottawa can be fitted for sawing down trees. It cuts level with surface of ground, thereby getting all the timber and leaving no stumps sticking up. An automatic friction clutch stops the saw in case of undue resistance. Two men can fall forty to fifty trees a day in ordinary timber.

The whole outfit is compact, simple, durable against a lifetime of hard wear. It sells for a low price and is fully guaranteed for reliable operation in the hands of every one who has trees to cut down and logs to work up.

Full information and low factory price to you can be had simply by addressing the Ottawa Mfg. Company, 2724 Wood St., Ottawa, Kansas.

Rely On Cuticura For Skin Troubles

All druggists: Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston."

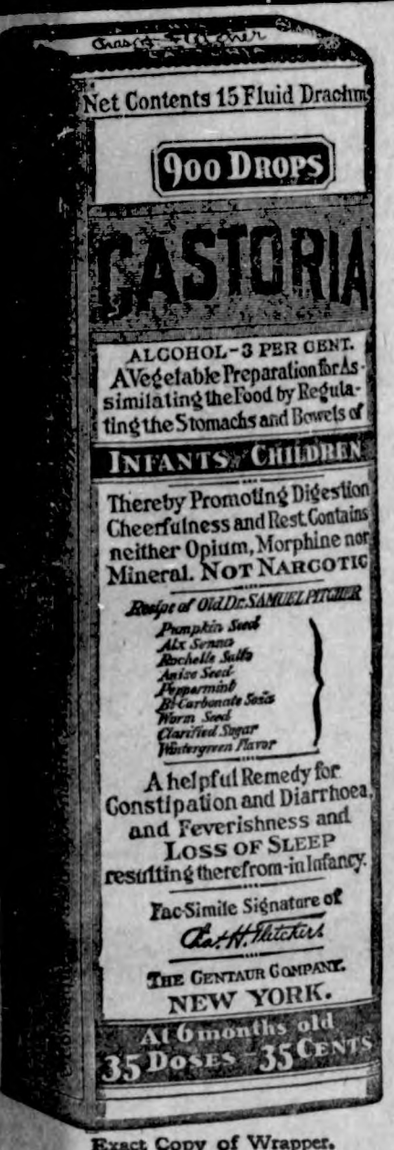
Get the Genuine and Avoid Waste

Morgan's SAPOLIO Scouring Soap

Economy in Every Cake

EAT HONEY

Finest quality guaranteed; 1 12-lb. can postpaid, 35c per lb.; larger quantities, 30c f. o. b. Durham, Thale Bee Farms, Durham, Mo.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

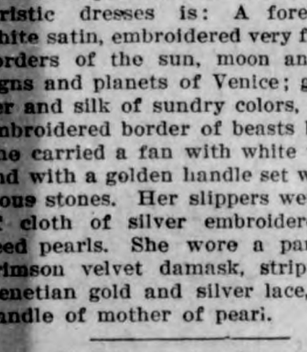
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



LEARN TO BOSS THE JOB

Earn from $200 to $400 a month as an Auto and Tractor mechanic or be your own mechanic for motorized machinery on your own farm. We give you complete instruction in eight weeks.

For big free catalogue clip out this ad, sign and mail today.

Name.....

Town.....State.....

Address 2436 O St., Lincoln Auto and Tractor School, Lincoln, Nebr.

FOND OF GORGEOUS RAIMENT

Queen Elizabeth, in Full Regalia, Must Have Had Some Resemblance to a Rainbow.

The wardrobe of Queen Elizabeth, according to an inventory just handed down, rivaled that of any of the present-day movie stars. A list of her clothing at one time included 99 robes, 126 kirtles, 269 gowns, 136 foreports, 125 petticoats, 96 cloaks, 85 doublets, 33 safeguards and 18 lap mantles. Designers fashioned her gowns from the richest materials, including gold tissue, crimson satin, cloth of gold, cloth of silver, white velvet, drake-colored satin, dove-colored velvet, lady-blush satin and mantles of white plush striped with swan's down, it is recorded. She had all of these and many more.

A description of one of her characteristic dresses is: A forepart of white satin, embroidered very fair with borders of the sun, moon and other signs and planets of Venice; gold, silver and silk of sundry colors, with an embroidered border of beasts beneath. She carried a fan with white feathers and with a golden handle set with precious stones. Her slippers were made of cloth of silver embroidered with seed pearls. She wore a parasol of crimson velvet damask, striped with Venetian gold and silver lace, with a handle of mother of pearl.

An Englishman has invented apparatus to electrolyze water on shipboard to form a disinfectant.

ANCIENT CITY KNOWN TO FEW

Musan, in Korea, Visited Only by Occasional Stragglers From Western Civilization.

Few white men have been fortunate enough to wander inland, in Korea, as far as the ancient city of Musan. This city, with its grim old walls bearing five centuries of history, lies on the very edge of Korea. To enter it is like stepping backward to another world, into a story of the Arabian Nights.

During the Russo-Japanese war several Russians took refuge there, and since then half a dozen foreigners have discovered it, but, except for these stragglers, Musan lies unknown to the western world. The great central palace, or reception hall of the city, remains intact, and close by, in partial ruins, is the temple guesthouse. The smaller public buildings, the gates, the watch towers and even the walls themselves have their own particular story to tell of Musan's interesting past, but few people know it.

People who have hunted tigers in the vicinity of Musan say the animals are more beautiful than their relatives of India or the Malay peninsula. These beauties range among the bitterly cold mountains of China, Korea and Manchuria, and far into Siberia.

The Tie That Bound.

Lawyer—"On what grounds, madam, do you wish a divorce from your husband?" Client—"Why, I married him for his money, and he has lost everything."

Let your own experience decide—

If coffee *does* hurt your nerves and general health, try a change to

POSTUM

You will find this cereal drink of delicious coffee-like flavor, satisfying to the taste, and a friend to health.

Truly Economical, Too

Boil for fifteen minutes after boiling begins.

Two sizes, usually sold at 15c and 25c

Made by Postum Cereal Company
Battle Creek, Michigan

YOUNG PIGS NEED ATTENTION

Special Care Should Be Given to Housing and Bedding—Keep Them Dry and Comfortable.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Ordinarily the fall crop of pigs is farrowed between the middle of August and the 10th of October. It is highly important that sows be well fed and carefully tended during this time, the care and management of the dams being practically the same as that followed when the spring litters are farrowed. Similarly, fall pigs, after they are weaned, should be treated the same as spring pigs, except that in many parts of the country fall pigs do not have access to green forage crops.

In the northern and colder locations, special attention should be devoted to housing and bedding the porkers, particularly the young pigs. These youngsters should never be allowed to sleep in sheds or pens where they are exposed to rain or snow, nor should they be allowed to lie on damp bedding. Supplying the fall pigs with

Where Possible Let the Pigs Wean Themselves After Ten to Twelve Weeks Old.

plenty of dry, bright, clean bedding frequently—once every two or three days if necessary—to keep the nests and beds dry and comfortable is a prerequisite of successful hog management. This point can not be overemphasized. The young pigs delight in a warm, dry nest, and the practical hog raiser who caters to this desire is the man who usually is able to make the statement, backed up with actual figures, that there is money in producing pork.

The great danger which results from allowing the pigs to sleep in damp bedding is that the next morning they go out into the cold air, often covered with steam, and consequently are likely to contract pneumonia or other serious ailments. Dry bedding, frequent changes of litter, well-built houses, and plenty of feed of the right character are essential where the producer seeks a 100 per cent pig-raising record. Where these conditions are realized, particularly where the fall pigs are kept dry, sheltered, and well fed, it is as profitable to raise autumn porkers as it is to produce spring pigs, despite the common belief to the contrary.

BREEDING FOR BETTER SHEEP

Experiment Being Conducted on Experiment Ranch in Idaho by Department of Agriculture.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Corriedale sheep developed in Australia mainly by a Lincoln-Merino cross, are being studied by the United States department of agriculture at the government 28,000-acre sheep-experiment ranch at Dubois, Idaho. There are at present about 1,500 sheep on the project divided into various classes. Australians claim for the Corriedales better mutton form than the Merino, more weight, and yet a good fleece of about three-eighths blood quality. It is expected that the tests now being conducted by the department will eventually result in a better average sheep, as to mutton carcass, than the breeds now on the market. The breed was introduced into this country by the federal department, but since that time many large private importations have been made. Part of the sheep on the Dubois range are being kept as straight Corriedales, while others are being crossed with American crossbreds.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Don't neglect the salt box in the pasture.

* * *

A field of soy beans may be harvested successfully with lambs.

* * *

A young sow like other animals when young, should not be bred too young.

* * *

No one can state definitely the amount to feed a pig. The feeder himself must be the judge.

* * *

Silage furnishes a uniform quality of feed and puts bloom and good coats on live stock in winter.

DAIRY FACTS

SURE RETURNS FOR FARMERS

Bull Associations Now in Successful Operation in 21 States—More Milk Produced.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

"A bull association would be a paying enterprise for our county, but the farmers here simply won't pull together on any proposition."

This is the usual answer a representative from the United States department of agriculture gets when he goes into a new community and asks the individual farmers about the feasibility of organizing a bull association. But 55 bull associations have been organized in 21 states and are successfully operating. A specialist from the dairy division recently returned from a two months' trip in Kansas, Oklahoma, Georgia, Louisiana, Tennessee and Mississippi. In those states he

Only Purebred Sires of Known Breeding Value Should Be Used in Bull Associations.

assisted in the initial steps for the organization of 14 more bull associations.

The first bull association was organized in Michigan in 1908. Since then 20 other states have taken up this work. Not a single farmer has ever lost a dollar by belonging. Better bulls are obtained for less money. Better dairy offspring results. More milk is produced for the same money. The investment for the individual farmer is small and the returns are sure.

FEEDING CORN OR MOLASSES

Both Are Rich in Heat-Producing Elements and Relatively Low in Protein.

Corn and molasses are about the same in composition. Both are rich in carbohydrates, or heat-producing elements and relatively low in protein. Molasses is not quite as valuable as a feed as corn, but when the price of corn is $35 or $40 per ton, as it is in some places, and molasses $25 or $30, the latter is cheaper feed. The dairy cow may be fed three to five pounds of molasses daily. More than this tends to lessen the digestibility of the other feeds in the ration. Molasses is very palatable to the animal and will always produce a sleek coat when fed. It can often be used to make unpalatable roughage most toothsome. There is difficulty always in feeding molasses. It may be put in the drinking water or diluted slightly with water and sprinkled on the roughage or the grain portion of the ration.

WATCH WINTER FEED OF COW

Very Easy to Have Grain Ration So High That It Won't Pay for Itself in Milk.

The feeding of cows for milk will need to be watched more closely than ever this winter. With cows such as they run, it is very easy to have the grain ration so high that it will not pay for itself in milk or cream. A very successful eastern dairyman feeds his cows only alfalfa hay and silage with a very little oilmeal, limiting the silage to 25 pounds a day to the cow and 20 pounds a day to the heifer, thus getting them to eat more alfalfa. He admits that dairymen feeding grain will beat him in amount of milk produced, but says that his business is turned at a greater profit. Doubtless true—and he is also putting all his cows into advanced registry.

BETTER BREEDING BIG HELP

Most Economical Way Furnished to Obtain Large-Producing Cows—Use Best Heifers.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In dairying large production and profit go hand in hand. Breeding furnishes the most economical way to obtain large-producing cows. The purebred bull, with generations of high-producing ancestors back of him, must be used for breeding, and only the best heifers from the best cows should be chosen to be the dams of the next generation.

DEAL ONLY WITH DAIRYMEN

Not Safe to Buy Dairy Animals at Stock Yards—Calves, Physically Unfit, May Result.

In buying dairy animals it is important to deal only with dairymen. Do not buy from men who purchase calves at stock yards to ship back to the farmers, because it is not always possible to determine the breeding of the calves; and calves that are physically unfit may be shipped.

YOUR COLD IS EASED AFTER THE FIRST DOSE

"Pape's Cold Compound" then breaks up a cold in a few hours

Relief comes instantly. A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a severe cold and ends all the grippe misery.

The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages in the head, stops nose running, relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! Clear your congested head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, contains no quinine—Insist upon Pape's!—Adv.

Demonstration Essential.

"Why was it necessary for you to add anything to the voluminous and enlightening remarks already offered on this subject?"

"It wasn't positively necessary," answered Senator Sorghum, "except on my own account. I had to say something to keep the folks out home from thinking I was losing my influence."

A Lady of Distinction.

Is recognized by the delicate fascinating influence of the perfume she uses. A bath with Cuticura Soap and hot water to thoroughly cleanse the pores, followed by a dusting with Cuticura Talcum Powder usually means a clear, sweet, healthy skin.—Adv.

Past Power.

"I can give you a few wrinkles about keeping young." "That is just what wrinkles won't do."

Refused Insurance

Mr. Dunning Left Service in Bad Shape, But Doan's Soon Corrected His Trouble.

Geo. Dunning, ex-Chief Boatswain Mate of the U. S. Navy, 470 Medford St., Somerville, Mass., says: "Every bit of trouble I suffered from my kidneys was a result of exposure at sea. I was retired practically an invalid.

Mr. Dunning

My kidneys became more irregular all the time and some nights I was forced to get up every half hour. The kidney secretions burned like fire and were filled with brick-dust-like sediment. My joints swelled and were inflamed. I couldn't bend over to lace my shoes and had to be helped up and down. Right after my retirement from service I tried to get insured, but was turned down because of kidney trouble. I began taking *Doan's Kidney Pills* and used sixteen boxes. By that time every sign of kidney trouble left me and my back was like iron; not an ache or pain left. I tried for insurance again and was declared a good risk. I give *Doan's Kidney Pills* credit for putting me in perfect health."

Subscribed and sworn to before me.

GEORGE L. DOHERTY, Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

FARM FOR SALE

Owing to my health and age I wish to sell my 240-acre well-improved Hog, Dairy, Poultry and grain-growing farm. Located in Elk Co., Kan., in the oil district and only 5 mi. from a producing well. On telephone line, rural route, good roads, and one-half mi. from R. R. point. Will give good terms and take $60 per acre if sold at once. Write me.

C. C. CHENEY, EUREKA, KANSAS

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 45--1919.

THE RIGHT WAY...

In all cases of

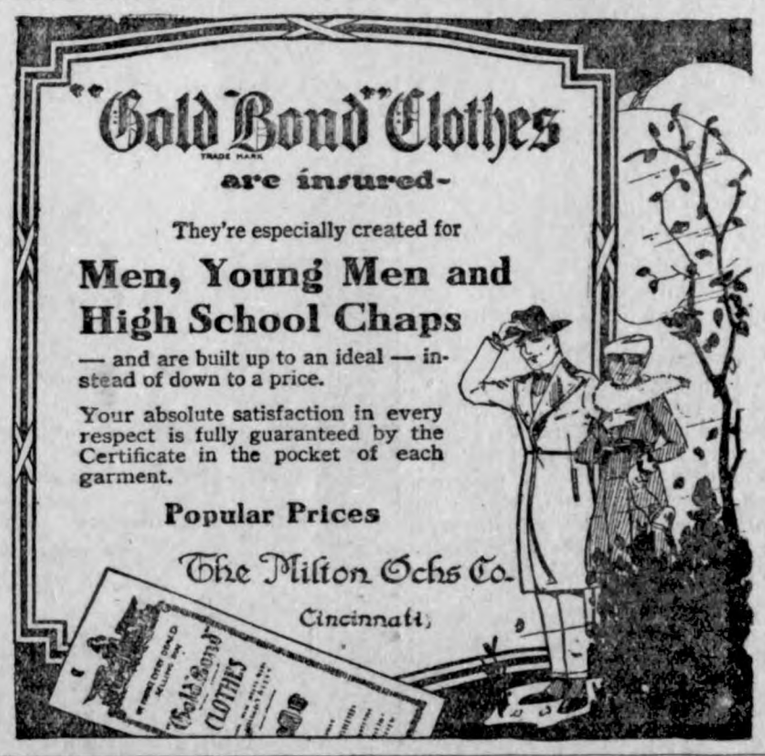
Distemper, Pinkeye, Influenza, Colds, etc.

of all horses, brood mares, colts, stallions, is to

"SPOHN THEM"

On their tongue or in the feed put **Spohn's Liquid Compound.** Give the remedy to all of them. It acts on the blood and glands. It routs the disease by expelling the disease germs. It wards off the trouble no matter how they are "exposed." Absolutely free from anything injurious. A child can safely take it. Sold by druggists, harness dealers, or sent express paid by the manufacturers. **Special Agents Wanted.**

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.



ANYTHING IN MUSIC

Can Be Delivered at Your Door, Transportation Charges Prepaid

Sixty years ago the music publishing house of G. SCHIRMER, INC. was founded. Today the name SCHIRMER means to music what Sterling means to silver. Its branches are in every large city and its music for sale in practically every music store in America. Schirmer can supply you with any musical number ever written. Not only does it publish music but it furnishes everything that a music teacher or anyone interested in any kind of music or musical accessories can want.

At an Expense of Over $1.00 Each, We Have Just Had Compiled a catalog, that we will be glad to send you free of charge. It is another bit of Schirmer personal service for the benefit of those who cannot easily visit a large music dealer or where the local music dealer cannot supply your musical wants.

Through this catalog you can not only review the old favorite pieces of past years but keep up to date in the new selections, songs and popular numbers. In it are listed hundreds of the best pieces of music of every kind, ever published. It is a complete catalog of everything good in music, whether for the singer, the pianist, the violinist or for those who take their musical pleasure from the Victrola, and someone in every home in America is interested in some phase of music.

Through this catalog you can pick out and have brought to your door:

Piano music. Solos, duets, marches, two steps, waltzes. Lists of the best compositions of Bach, Mendelssohn, Chopin, Grieg, Beethoven, Schubert.

Instrumental methods for self study. Children's song books. Ballads. Music for violin, guitar, cornet, ukulele, mandolin. Popular song hits of the day. Patriotic songs. Season's musical comedy hits, including those from "The Better 'Ole," "The Royal Vagabond," "Ziegfeld Follies 1919," or any of the tuneful musical comedies of past years.

Victor records. Victrolas. Metronomes, music cabinets, music satchels, music strings.

It is beautifully illustrated in colors and contains snatches of music from many selections.

Send for this Free Music Catalog Today.

G. SCHIRMER, INC.

5 East 43rd Street New York City

CHINESE WOMEN STUDY HEALTH

Three Doctors Return From America to Begin Active Health Campaign Among Women.

ALL AGENCIES COMBINE.

American Y. W. C. A. Will Support Women's Part of Chinese Health Campaign as Part of World Service Program.

As a result of the Y. W. C. A. International Conference of Women Physicians, held during September and October, Chinese women are to have a far-reaching health program.

Dr. Ida Kahn, Dr. Li Bi-Cu and Dr. Dau, three of China's half hundred women physicians, who attended this

HIR IDA KAHN URGES CHINESE WOMEN TO WORK.

conference, are to take an active part in promoting this health program for women which will be the share of the Y. W. C. A. in the big health movement in China.

The funds for establishing thes health centers, for demonstrations of how to care for babies, for health lectures for the women, for babies' dispensaries and for a general educational campaign, will be raised by the American Y. W. C. A. as part of its program of world service for women and girls in 1920.

Dr. Ida Kahn, in a recent appeal to modern Chinese women said, "Let our women of education in Peking and elsewhere gather themselves together to work for the schools, Red Cross and Y. W. C. A., and everything else which bespeaks the betterment of the country, instead of staying at home to play poker and 'sparrow,' and going out to attend endless dinners, tea parties and dances.

"Let us rally our forces and help the ship of state to move safely. One person cannot accomplish much, but one or two hundred millions of women can work wonders. Let us go back to a more Spartan-like simplicity of living and let us build up social service until every city in China is sanitary, every section of the town has its proper schools, and every child, whether boy or girl, is sent to such schools. True social service brings democracy in its train, and we who are citizens of a new republic can help to make it truly great by preaching and living democracy all the time. Why not learn to do our household duties, deeming it effeminate to be waited upon by maids and slave girls all the time?

"The status of women in China, while leaving much to be desired, still is quite hopeful when we consider that she is just emerging into the sisterhood of the nations. Our men can depend upon us to bear the burdens of the day, for nowhere is there a more industrious, diligent and persevering womanhood than in China."

Dr. Kahn is lecturing in this country on the needs of her fellow country women, in the interests of the Y. W. C. A. Educational Campaign which plans to acquaint people with all phases of Y. W. C. A. work in the United States, South America, China, Japan, India and Europe. This educational campaign will be followed by an active effort to raise the $3,000,000 needed for service for women throughout the world.

CHINESE WOMEN HAVE FINANCIAL ABILITY.

They Carried Y. W. C. A. Campaign "Over the Top."

Much has been said about the honesty and skill of the Chinese business man. The world has neglected to mention the financial ability of Chinese women. They proved this ability in the last financial campaign of the Y. W. C. A. in Tientsin.

Ordinarily three weeks are allowed in which to raise the budget by subscription after the finance committee has decided upon the sum necessary to carry on the work of the coming year. The Tientsin campaign was carried on entirely by Chinese women and broke all records by going over the top in ten days with a large surplus over the budget.

For Whooping Cough.

The painful paroxysms which mark this disease can often be relieved by breathing the fumes of turpentine and carbolic acid.

Thought There Might Be More.

Twins had arrived at the home of little John one day. He had just come out in the yard to play when an old friend of the family came by. Seeing John in the yard he called to him: "Hello, there, sonny; I hear you have twins at your house," whereupon little John exclaimed: "Yes, there were two when I came out, but maybe there are free or four by now."

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith
OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

MEALS
We now serve meals. We especially ask the farmers to give us a trial. The best place, the best meal at the fairest price.
Hotel Klemme

Wasted Apology.

"I want to apologize, Blakely, for my rudeness last evening. I assure you I didn't intend it." "Well, for the love of Mike, mean it next time! I hate to see a man's actions and his intentions harmonize so poorly."—Judge.

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA
Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

M. O. HOCUM
The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man.
We will buy Hogs and Grain six day n the week at Highest Market Price.
Successor to W. R. Bloom

Geo. ZINN
Physician & Surgeon
Phone No. 19. KLEMME IA:
Office in Building East of Gruetzmacher Harness and Shoe Shop.
Eyes Tested. Glasses Fitted

Westren States Lumber Company
Dealers In
Lumber and Building Material
Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile
We take orders for-
Storm Sash and Storm Doors

GOLD MEDAL
Double Trough
Hog Waterer
The entire waterer is made of galvanized sheet steel.

Easy to fill, no holes to plug up, or valves to shut off--revolve the water barrel and pour in the water The tank can be completely lifted out.

The tank has a dead air space completely surrounding it.

65 gallon capacity

Jacobs & Son

Public Auction!

I have rented my farm and will move to Garner, therefore I will sell the following described property at Public Auction at my farm 4½ miles so th of Garner and 2 miles north of Klemme, on

WEDNESDAY JAN. 14

Sale to begin at 12:00 o'clock M.

5 HEAD OF HORSES 5

Consistin$_g$ of 2 bay mares 8 yrs. old wt 3300 2 sorrel mares 4 & 5 yrs. old, wt 3200
Bay mare 3 yrs. old wt 1600

21 HEAD OF CATTLE 21

Consisting of 14 good milk cows, most all fresh by day of sale. Six yearling heifers Black 2 yr old bull.

FARM MACHINERY, ETC.

Deering 8 ft binder, Deering corn binder, McCormick mower, new. Milwaukee mower, Emerson gearless hay loader, side delivery, Dain hay rake, new, new Case corn cultivator, new Deere corn cultivator, Deere disc cultivator, Ohio cultivator, 2 Rock Island cultivators, 16-inch Moline stubble sulky plow, 16-inch Cassidy sulky stubble plow, 16 inch Rock Island sulky stubbe plow, 12 inch Emerson gang plow, 16 inch walking stubble plow, 9 ft Rock Island disc, 9 ft Deere spading disc, broadcast seeder and cart, Hays corn planter, Gale corn planter, flexible 20 ft steel drag, 26 ft Boss harrow, 2 hay racks, Robinson spreader, Corn Belt feed grinder, Diamond feed grinder, grain elevator and dump, 2 Aschaate gas engine 2 1-2 h. p., nrw 8 h. p, Cushman gas engine, Fordson Tractor and plows, 2 sets bob sleighs, 2 3-inch tire wagons with boxes, steel wheel truck wagon, 10-ft hay rake, Empire cream separator, 850 lbs capacity DeLaval cream separater, 900 lbs capacity, tank heater, blacksmith forge post drill anvil and vise, 2 shovel boards, Cypress 250 egg incubatoa 20 Tons Tame Hay 15 bu Silver King seed Corn

A GOOD FREE HOT LUNCH AT NOON, 12:00 O'CLOCK SHARP

TERMS—$10 and under, cash. Over that amount a credit of 1 year's time will be given on bankable notes drawing 8 per cent interest. No property to be removed until settled for.

Geo. H. Grieman, Prop.

Young & Hanson, Auctioneers F. A. Arnold, Clerk

The Tremendous Selling in the First few day of Our
January Clearance Sale
Means the month of January will be the greatest in our history. We expect to sell
$50,000 worth of Dry Goods
before the end of January

Prices will talk
but more than anything else the quality of our merchandise will talk,-The best of everything in the Dry Goods, Ready-to-wear, Millinery, Rugs and cnrtains are here and almost every item is at a reduction during January. Come.

THE DAMON - IGOU CO.
Mason City - - - - - - - - - Iowa

Exhausted Market.

Mrs. Gramercy—"I'm having the greatest difficulty in finding a new cook." Gramercy—"That doesn't surprise me in the least, my dear. You seem to have had about all the cooks there are on the market."

Daily Thought.

Even in the anxieties of life, when we are like pilgrims walking with peas in our shoes, still there is the scent of flowers, the song of the birds and the sweet light of heaven about our path. —Grey.

Milk for Cracked Dishes.

If cracked dishes are boiled in enough sweet milk to cover them for about forty-five minutes, the cracks will glue together and become invisible, and the dishes will stand almost as much usage as when new.

KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 19 Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, January 15, 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

...me Band Now ... Reality

...MET BAND HAS FIRST PRACTICE

... that was not a bunch of tin-...ed dogs going down the street or ...allowe'en party which you un-...tedly heard last Friday night. It ...the first rehearsal of the Klemme ... composed of all the young fel-... of Klemme and surrounding ...try. The first few blasts they let ... a caution but gradually they ...the hang of the thing and "blue ... were not quite so numerous ... little practice. Mr. Crotty, of ..., comes every Friday to instruct ...new band. With a few weeks' ...tice they will be able to play easy ...s and later will be able to play ... better stuff. The boys are all ... after it hard and they will sure ...ed as their one ambition in life ...seems to be able to master their ...ument. Those boys who are ...ning to join the band should do ... once. There is still room in the ... for several more beginners if ... wish to join.

...lay The Voters Be With Them!

...STAL LAKE WILL TRY FOR ...SCHOOL CONSOLIDATION

...ough Defeated At One Time, ...romoters Think Sentiment Has Changed

...itt News-Tribune: We are pub-...ng today a notice of limiting the ... of filing objections in a pro-...d consolidation of school district ...Crystal Lake vicinity. The county ...erintendent was presented with a ...tion bearing the names of seventy ...ple living in the territory to be ...cted and the move was started to ...in bring the matter to an election. ...uccess of the Hayfield consoli-...ed school nearby acts as a stimu-... in the matter. Consolidated ... are multiplying rapidly in ... and as rapidly are the little dis-...t schools disappearing. Consolida-... was defeated at one time in ...stal Lake a few years ago, but it ...elieved the sentiment in favor has ...wn and that a more favorable re-... will be the answer of the ballot.

LOUIS HECKERSON HURT

...Louis, the 8-year-old son of Mr. ... Mrs. L. J. Heckerson received a ...ken leg Tuesday afternoon when ... attempted to catch on a bob sled ...ven by George Eekhoff. The sleigh ... loaded with shelled corn and as ... runner passed over the little fel-...'s limb it broke the small bone ...tween the knee and ankle, also ...ising the muscles badly.

...The little sufferer was rushed to the ...ld hospital where his injuries were ...ed for and he is getting along al-...ht at this time.

...The accident was the fault of no ...e, the little fellow miscalculating ...en he attempted to step on the ...nner of the sled, slipping and fall-... in the track.

...No one wishes to deprive the ...ungsters of "flipping" bobs, but ...ey should be careful as an accident ...rks in the background of every ...ip."—Kanawha Reporter.

...HAVE DIED DURING THE ...T THREE YEARS—NEWS-PAPER GRAVEYARD

...That no other business has been so ...rd hit during the past three years ... the newspaper business is shown ... figures compiled by a New York ...ency recognized as an authority. ...ring that time 2,440 have died. ...he high tide placed the total number ... newspapers in America, in 1916, ... 24,868. During 1917 the "deaths" ...ere 616; in 1918 there were 278, ...nd last year 646. And there are ...nerals every day now.—Ackley ...World.

It Might Have Been A Serious Fire

GASOLINE STOVE CAUSES FIRE

Monday afternoon about one o'clock the fire alarm was sounded here and the M. E. parsonage reported to be on fire.

The gasoline stove used by Mrs. Buric had overflowed with gasoline while she was in another room and when she returned to the kitchen the entire room was filled with fire and smoke as the wall paper had caught from the stove. The alarm was turned in and quick work of men who were first to arrive stopped the fire from gaining headway. They threw out the stove and extinguished the flames in the room so that when the fire company had the hose hooked up the fire was out and no water was necessary. Everything in the kitchen was ruined by the flames but no other damage was done.

"BILL" ZIESEMER OUT FOR SHERIFF

Mr. W. C. Ziesemer, of Garner, was in Klemme Tuesday afternoon and while here stepped into the Times Office for a chat with the Editor. Mr. Ziesemer announced his intention of coming out for Sheriff of this county "subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the June primaries." Mr. Ziesemer is well known in the county as he has spent practically all of his life in the county. For the past six years or more he has been located at Garner, being the proprietor of the barber shop on the west side of the street. Mr. Ziesemer is a fine man and if elected will certainly make a good sheriff. His announcement will appear in this paper a little later.

FUNERAL SERVICE

Next Sunday evening, January 18, the funeral service of John Barleycorn will be held at the Methodist Episcopal church with funeral sermon by the pastor, Dr. A. E. Buriff.

Ol John has been a well known character for many, many years and some persons thought him immortal, but he comes to his end, so far as this country is concerned, next Saturday, January 17th. In announcing his funeral service Dr. Buriff adds, "No flowers. Any mourners should send their names to the minister in advance that seats may be reserved for them."

NOTICE, AUTO OWNERS

Automobile owners are hereby informed that the supply of license plates and the metal containers are exhausted, and delivery will be delayed until the supply comes from the factory. Should the delay be extended we will mail receipt to applicants for licenses that have not received the plates.

T. H. Thompson, County Treasurer

BERGGREN WRITES US

We received a letter from J. W. Berggren the other day. Walt enclosed a check to renew his subscription and at the same time wishes all his old friends and customers a Happy New Year. Mr. Berggren is running a restaurant at Traer, Iowa.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR

Notice is Hereby Given, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the Estate of Jacob P. Mayer, deceased, late of Hancock County, State of Iowa, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

Dated December 16th, A. D. 1919.

P. M. Griesemer, Executor

By Ramsay & Blackstone, His Attorneys

NOTED LAWYERS DEFEND FEDERAL FARM LOAN ACT

McAdoo, Hughes and Wickersham Appear in Kansas City Court as Champions of Land Banks, Which Have Given Farmers $300,000,000 at Low Interest Rates.

America's system of rural credits was upheld in the federal court in a suit which questioned the constitutionality of the law creating federal land banks and joint stock land banks. Charles E. Smith, a stockholder in the Kansas City Title and Trust company, brought suit to enjoin this corporation from purchasing the bonds of these banks, contending that because these securities are exempt from federal, state and local taxation, they were issued in violation of the Constitution of the United States and contending also that congress had no authority to create such banks. Judge Van Valkenburgh gave his decision immediately at the close of the arguments, holding that the law is constitutional. An appeal was taken and the case will now go to the United States Supreme court for final decision. The validity of the farm loan act being thus attacked, the government of the United States, the federal land banks and the joint stock land banks became parties to the suit. Mr. McAdoo represented the government as assistant to the attorney general and also, together with George W. Wickersham, attorney general under President Taft, represented the joint stock land banks of which there are now 27. Former Justice of the Supreme court Charles E. Hughes represented the federal land banks.

BIG SHIPMENT OF LIVE STOCK FROM KLEMME SATURDAY NIGHT

Saturday night there were nine car loads of live stock shipped out of the Klemme stock yards. The Farmers Shipping Association shipped out four car loads of hogs. Joe Johnson shipped out two car loads of hogs. Dick Mossell shipped out a car load of cattle. Vic Schoenwetter shipped a car of cattle. Clarence Arnold shipped out a car load of hogs. Five car loads of hogs and four car loads of cattle are not so bad for one week's shipment.

KLUCKHOHNS TNLARGE HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

That part of G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons store which was formerly occupied by the post office department, is now a part of their Hardware and Paint department.

When all arrangements have been completed the Kluckhohns will have a very fine general store. The hardware department has been divided into two sections by a partition so that the back part can be used for packing and unpacking purposes. It is also their plan to make some changes in the line of fixtures. The added room for the hardware department makes a very valuable addition to their fine store.

CRYSTAL CAFE MAKES IMPROVEMENTS

During the past week or ten days the Crystal Cafe has undergone many changes for the better appearance of the establishment in general. Mr. Tom Redding of Garner has been here refinishing the interior. The Cafe now has been painted thruout and new wall paper has been put on which gives a most pleasing result. Mr. Irwing, the proprietor, has also made several changes in the fixtures and taken all together Klemme has quite an up-to-date restaurant.

Was Looking for Easy Money.

"I asked for alimony of $50 a week. I see wimmen are getting that right along." "But, madam," expostulated the lawyer, "your husband is earning only $12." "What's that got to do with it? I thought the government provided the alimony."

SOME MOTOR BOB

Elmer Fuller and Chris Gram have rigged up something unusual in the Ford line. They have an old Ford from which they amputated both front legs and grafted in their place a set of cutter runners. With Mr. Ford thus disfigured they are able to go thru the biggest snow drift ever invented. The hind legs of the sunofagun are wrapped with chains so they can kick up the snow. We have been invied to ride in the thing but turned down the invitation. They say it will hit sixty, we took their word for it and stayed out.

Editor Seth Cairy of the Whittemore Champion is a pretty good natured fellow, but it was too much for him when a printing concern in the central part of the state sent him a statement for $16.00 recently, with a request for prompt remittance, as he had never purchased anything from that concern, and wrote them to that effect. However, they wrote back and explained hat a mistake had been made, that the bill should have been sent to a local firm who had bought printing from them. Cairy says, "Now it is allright to have printing done by the outside concern, should anyone care to do so, but by golly, when it comes to asking us to pay for it, that is too darned much and we have to draw the line."

There are approximately 11,000 one-room rural schools in the state of Iowa, according to P. E. McClenahan, superintendent of public instruction. These schools have an attendance of about 200,000 pupils. Mr. McClenahan also reports that there are 8,000 graded schools in the state more than one room capacity. These schools have an enrollment of approximately 200,000 pupils. It is said that there were half a million pupils enrolled at the beginning of the school year. There are 27,000 certified teachers listed in Iowa. Only 22,000 of them ar at present employed, only 2,600 are men teachers. About 5,000 have quit teaching to enter other channels of industry.

A visiting nurse will be employed in the Garner and Britt schools in the very near future. A choice for the position has not yet been made. The expense of the undertaking will be met by the Red Cross and she will work under the direction of the school board. In Garner this is a new departure, but in many other cities the experiment has been carried on with splendid success.—Garner Democrat.

It's Worth Trying For, Pupils

HIGH SCHOOL CONTEST FOR NAVY TEN INCH SHELL

The Navy Recruiting Station at Des Moines has just received a Ten Inch Shell from the Navy Department to be used as a Prize to be given the High School in the State of Iowa that submits he best essay on the "United States Navy as an educational and vocational Institution."

The object of this Contest is to invite the attention of the young people of this state to their Navy and to cause them to become familiar with the "First Line of Defense" of our country.

This shell weighs approximately 850 pounds, is ten inches in diameter and thirty inches in length. The explosive charge has been removed, otherwise it is in the same condition as those used in our Naval Guns aboard ship.

Honorable Menton will be given to the ten best essays submitted. The Judges of this Contest will be Judge Hubert Utterback, Judge of the Polk County District Court; A. M. M. Dornon, of Sabins Educational Exchange of Des Moines; and J. W. Studebaker Assistant Superintendent of the Des Moines Schools. The contest will close on March 15th and essays received by J. W. Studebaker after that date will not be considered.

Worse Than Ever

The coal situation has been worse in Garner the past week than at any time when the regulations were in effect. Several have complained the last few days that they were entirely out of coal and could not get any. In some cases coal has been taken from the churches to supply those who could not get it otherwise. The light plant got a car that was so poor that it was impossible to keep up steam The school board let them have a few loads of coal from the school house to mix with the coal they got in order that the light plant might keep running.—Garner Signal.

ONE-FOURTH WORLD'S WOMEN IN CHINA

Seventy Per Cent. Employees in Shanghai Cotton Mills Women and Children Working Twelve Hour Shifts.

One-fourth of the women in the world are Chinese—200,000,000 of them. They are going into industry in large numbers to work long hours and for little money.

In Shanghai, for instance, seventy per cent. of the employees in the cotton mills are women and children. Working hours for spinners are from six in the morning until six at night and from six at night until six in the morning. Weavers work from 5:30 in the morning until seven at night and the wages are from ten to twenty cents a day. Hundreds of women are employed in silk filature mills, standing hour after hour washing cocoons in basins of boiling water in the excessively hot rooms necessary for apartments where fine silk is spun. In Canton alone, there are 150,000 women in factories at a maximum wage of forty cents a day for women and of fifteen cents a day for girls.

As part of its program of world service for women the National Young Women's Christian Association is expecting to put on its staff of secretaries in China an expert on industrial conditions who will develop social work in factories, and work to improve conditions for women employees. This work will include the introduction of recreation and social life among the workers and of health lectures and educational classes.

Y. W. C. A. STUDENTS TEACHING IN CHINA

Physical Training School Maintained in Shanghai.

The vast majority of Chinese men remember their mothers as cripples. Many a girl wanders into a mission school who has not had her own feet bound, but has never seen a woman of her own class who could walk, and, therefore, she walks in a most ungainly fashion—scarcely conscious of her natural feet.

The Chinese Medical Association an Association composed only of Chinese physicians mostly graduates from American and English institutions—have asked the entire educated community of the country to co-operate in better health for the children of China. All the Mission Boards operating in China felt that one of the greatest contributions the Young Women's Christian Association could offer to the health of China would be to establish a normal school for the training of physical directors.

Accordingly, in Shanghai, which is the greatest port in China, the national committee established such a school in 1914. The school has won favor with all educationists, both missionary and government. There have already been nine graduates from this school. Miss Ying Mei Chun, a graduate of the Wellesley School of Physical Education, has been dean of the school. Graduates of the school are scattered from Canton to Peking, teaching with conspicuous success in twelve mission and government schools.

JAPANESE DOCTOR IS Y. W. C. A. OFFICIAL

Dr. Tomo Inouye of Tokyo, Japan, treasurer of the National Committee of the Young Women's Christian Association in Japan. Dr. Inouye has been

Dr. Tomo Inouye of Tokyo, Japan, a delegate to the six-week International Conference of Women Physicians called by the Y. W. C. A.

particularly interested in the public health and recreational plans of her city for some time and is medical inspector for girls in the public schools of Tokyo, as also in several private schools in the city. There are approximately 500 women physicians in Japan now, she says, and 400 women medical students. Dr. Inouye was the only delegate from Japan to the Y. W. C. A. International Conference of Women Physicians, in session during September and October.

Maritime Omelettes.

The "Pele Mele" (Paris) states in a recent issue that the eggs of the dog-fish possess all the nutritive qualities of ordinary farm eggs. Until lately, the dog-fish was quite neglected by fishermen and flung back into the sea as worthless, but today the fish is being actively sought by ships specially fitted for this class of fishing. The eggs of the dog-fish are frequently found as large as hens' eggs.

Tortoise eggs are considered a great delicacy, and make excellent omelettes. They are, however, understood to be not adapted for boiling; the white of the egg does not harden as in the ordinary breakfast-table egg.

Offended Dignity.

Gertrude was on the lawn in front of the house, playing with the baby, aged two. Gertrude herself, not more than three times the other's age, was acting the part of mother. Presently along came a young man, who thought he understood children. "Good morning!" he said, taking off his hat. "How are you ladies today?" Gertrude looked at him with dignity. "Good morning," she replied, and went on attending to the baby. The young man stooped down, "Ah," he said, "and which is which?" "I'm Gertrude," replied the older girl, "and that's which!"

The Source.

"Experts tell us that, roughly speaking, one marriage in three results in divorce," began the chap with the fund of useless irritation.

"Yes," the other chimed in, "and it's the roughly speaking part that causes most of the trouble."

Mayflower Is to Sail This Year

New One Will Cross Atlantic in the England-Holland-United States Celebration.

SHIP'S 300TH ANNIVERSARY

Plans Announced for Celebration in Honor of Pilgrim Fathers—Main American Events Will Be in Boston and Plymouth.

New York.—The three hundredth anniversary of the Pilgrim Fathers, tentative plans of which have just been announced here, will include celebrations in England, Holland and the United States, and will continue from May to December, 1920.

A four-day program in Leyden, Amsterdam and Rotterdam, whence the Pilgrims sailed three centuries ago to the American wilderness, where they might find "freedom to worship God," will start on August 30, when committees from the United States and England will be received at the University of Leyden.

Scholars Will Deliver Addresses.

Addresses commemorative of the occasion will be delivered by scholars from the three countries, including the rector of the university, Dr. Rendel Harris of Manchester, England; Viscount Bryce, and a famous American who has not yet been designated.

The next day, August 31, the birthday of the queen of the Netherlands, will include, besides a congress in the town hall, a religious memorial service in the Pieterskirk, in which Rev. John Robinson, who led the separationists from the Church of England (the Pilgrims) to Holland in 1609, was buried.

One of the features of the holiday at Amsterdam, September 1, will be a meeting in the Rijksmuseum, the unveiling of a memorial window in the Bagijnekerk and a reception. The next day there will be an aquatic pageant in Rotterdam, the visitors traveling in the morning from Leyden to Delftshaven if possible by boat along the way the Pilgrims went.

Then there will be trips to the religious havens of Rotterdam, a memorial service in the church at Delftshaven, and at 7 p. m. the English and American contingents will depart for Southampton.

The celebration in England will start in May, 1920, with meetings in Scrooby, the home of Robinson; Austerfield, Boston and Sheffield.

From August 4 to September 20 there will be cermonies in Cambridge, London, Southampton and other places, culminating in the sailing of the new Mayflower, which will carry the returning American committee and British delegations who are to participate in the program on this side of the Atlantic.

Main events of the American celebration will be in Plymouth, Mass., and Boston, where historical pageants will be held, followed by a big reception in New York. Vice President Marshall is honorary chairman of the committee having the local program in charge.

The foreign visitors will then be taken on a tour of the United States. On November 24, 1920, there will be a universal observance of Thanksgiving day in England, Holland and the United States.

Chimney Is Found Choked With Honey

Orland, Cal.—A chimney of the W. E. Spence residence here, idle during the summer months, was found to be choked with honey when an attempt was made to start the first winter fire. Bees had chosen the spot as their home and had completely sealed the chimney top after storing pounds of honey.

68,000 GIRLS MISSING IN YEAR

That United States Record Leads Travelers' Aid Society to Take Action.

New York.—Approximately 68,000 girls have disappeared or run away from their homes in the United States during the last year, according to a statement issued by the Travelers' Aid society.

A special meeting of the society has been called to devise plans to meet demands made by the great increase in runaways and helpless travelers. The meeting will be attended by officials of the transatlantic lines and representatives of Protestant, Catholic and Jewish social agencies.

Soap Bubbles Kept Intact Whole Year

Scientific Society Gives Information on Sir James Dewar's Test.

ALWAYS MYSTERY TO SCIENCE

When Bubble Becomes Very Old It Offers Only Possible Example of the Molecule Visible to the Naked Eye.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Facts about the prodigious strength of soap bubbles, proved by experiments in which bubbles were kept intact for more than a year and subjected to all sorts of weight strains, were made public here for the first time by the Franklin Institute, one of the oldest scientific societies in the United States.

Important to Chemists.

Coming on the heels of the announcement of Einstein's discoveries of the gravitational bending of light, the exploitation of the soap bubble is on the other end of the scale as to size, yet, according to scientists, is of tremendous importance to chemists, physicists and research workers in the strength of materials and essential elements. The man who made the experiment is universally recognized as one of the leading scientists in the world. He is Sir James Dewar, LL. D., D. Sc., F. R. S., Fullerian Professor of Chemistry, Royal Institution of Great Britain, and an honorary member of the Franklin Institute.

The soap bubble is a simple thing, yet it has always been more or less a mystery to scientists. They consider it perhaps the best phenomenon existing for the study of the habits and idiosyncrasies of the molecule.

Scientists now claim, on the strength of the experiment made by Sir James Dewar, that when a soap bubble becomes very old, say in three or four days, it offers the only possible example of the molecule visible to the naked eye. Most parts of the bubble are estimated to consist of about one hundred layers of molecules. But by various methods of treatment the bubble is induced to perform "stunts" until in black spots which appear it represents only a single layer of molecules.

Remarkable Strength.

This layer is so thin that Sir James estimates it would take one and one-third million like it, superimposed, to make an inch. Yet, when the soap bubble is permitted to mature in air that has been freed of its natural enemies, it is so strong that it will support drops of water many times its own weight before breaking. Sometimes a bubble is torn from its supporting ring by the weight before the molecules release their bulldog grip.

Old Letter Settles Case.

Wilmington, Del.—An age-worn, tattered letter and three words in the codicil of Jesse Chandler settled a long-pending case in the court of chancery recently when Chancellor Curtis issued an order that Samuel M. Harvey of West Chester, Pa., be paid $14,500 from the estate. Harvey's wife, one of the 38 legatees he was suing, lost the suit, but will have a half share in the money awarded. Harvey had agreed with Jesse Chandler to buy 166 acres of farmland in Christiana Hundred for $20,000. When Chandler died before the deal was completed he stipulated in his will that the farm should be sold for that amount to Harvey. Meanwhile the farm had been sold for $34,500, and while the legatees contended that the entire amount should be divided, Harvey claimed that only $20,000, or his agreed purchase price, should be divided. The court upheld his contention.

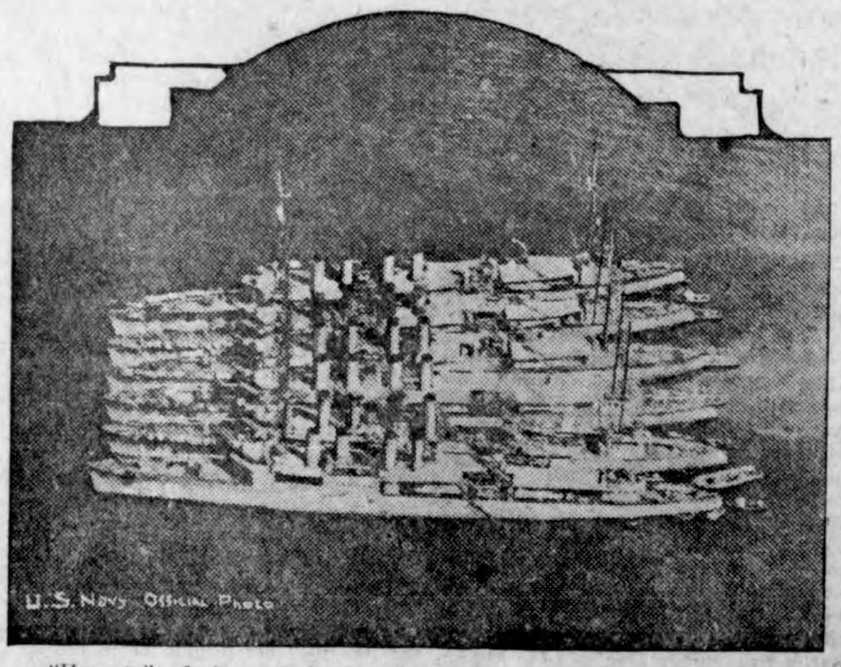
Shin Bone for Her Spine.

Watertown, N. Y.—With a portion of her shinbone replacing what had previously been a diseased section of her spine, Miss Irene Houghes, eighteen years old, of Alexandria Bay, is on the road to recovery in the Sisters' hospital here.

Sight Fails As Artist Paints Heroic Nurse

London.—While engaged on a large picture dealing with the fate of Edith X. Cavell, Mr. Van Ruith, a veteran painter, discovered that his eyesight was failing. Oculists predicted that the painter, who is eighty years of age, would lose his sight in a few months. Nevertheless he persevered and added the last touches to his work on the anniversary of the armistice.

DESTROYER NEST ON THE PACIFIC COAST



"Hornets" of the new Pacific fleet, the swift destroyers, photographed from an airplane flying over them at anchor in San Diego harbor.

INDIAN PAINTINGS ON CLIFFS

Owner Offers Them to State or National Authorities to Include in Park.

Austin, Tex.—The most remarkable Indian paintings or photographs in the Southwest have been offered to state or national authorities, provided the cliffs upon which they are drawn are inclosed in a park and adequately guarded, according to J. E. Pearce, associate professor of anthropology of the University of Texas.

These paintings, which are owned by E. D. Sims of Paint Rock are located along the banks of the Concho river near Paint Rock, upon every available surface for a half-mile. They are in deep red, with an occasional black figure or character.

All phases of the early tribes are represented. Mr. Pearce declares, and so much valuable historical material is included in these paintings that Mr. Pearce will have them copied in scale for a report to the Smithsonian institution, for which he is doing research work.

BIRDS SHOW INCREASE

Beneficial Effects of Migratory Act Being Felt.

Waterfowl Have Been Breeding Rapidly Under Protection, the Bureau Declares.

Washington.—The beneficial effects of the migratory bird treaty act are beginning to be felt. The United States department of agriculture, through its bureau of biological survey, has conducted investigations of the breeding areas of ducks in North Dakota and Nebraska. Compared with former years, a gratifying increase of breeding waterfowl, particularly in North Dakota, is evident. The fifth annual series of counts of birds of all species breeding on selected areas in various parts of the United States contained a large proportion of reports showing increases in bird population. The total number of reports received, however, was not large. Many of the persons who had formerly taken part in the annual bird counts were unable to find time for the work required by the fifth count.

"Many species of migratory birds," reports the chief of the bureau of biological survey, "have had a marked increase under the existing treaty act. Waterfowl formerly driven to the far North by spring shooting have remained in steadily increasing numbers to breed in localities where none had previously nested for many years."

Grasping Landlady Sentenced.

Budapest, Hungary.—Dr. Charlotte Szecsi, a physician, has been sentenced to two months' imprisonment because she refused to rent an apartment to a tenant unless he would buy her furniture for 100,000 crowns (nominally $20,000). The action of the court is in line with the effort to provide housing for the over-congested city.

DEMOS AT BANQUET

JACKSON DAY DELIBERATIONS A TREMENDOUS AFFAIR.

WILSON-BRYAN SPLIT A FACT

Disagree Over League of Nations as Party Issue.—San Francisco Chosen for Convention in June.

Washington, D. C.—The Jackson day banquet of the democratic party, attended by representatives from all parts of the country, was one of the largest and most important political pow pows ever held by either party. The host of democrats on hand for the dinner had swamped the available accommodations of any one hotel in town and the party was divided into two dinners at two separate hotels a block apart. National Chairman Cummings presided at one and Vice Chairman Kremer at the other. The dining rooms were packed, tickets were at a premium and there were many disappointed ones who had to content themselves with straining their ears at the doors.

The day was topped off by a split between President Wilson and William J. Bryan, over whether the league of nations should be made an issue at the coming election.

President Wilson, in his message read to the diners, declared that the "clear and single way out" was to submit the question to the voters as "a great and solemn referendum."

Mr. Bryan, showing all the old-time vigor with which he led the fight for the president's nomination at Baltimore in 1912, declared that the democratic party could not go before the country on the issue, because it involved a delay of fourteen months, and meant success only if the democrats captured a two-thirds majority of the senate. The party, Mr. Bryan declared, "must secure such compromises as may be possible."

The disagreement between the president and his former secretary of state, the first in public view since Mr. Bryan left the cabinet because he did not agree with the president's course in the diplomatic negotiations with Germany, was thus disclosed as a fact, although it has been rumored and reported in the underground currents of national politics.

In the opinion of the political leaders, it crystallized an issue.

President Wilson, in his message, said nothing whatever about a third term for himself and neither did he make any formal announcement of his intended retirement to private life as some had forecast he would.

Mr. Bryan in his prepared address said nothing bearing on any ambitions toward a fourth presidential nomination but before reading his manuscript he said he had nothing to ask and that therefore the diners would not listen to him with the thought that they were listening to a candidate.

There were a dozen or more other speakers at the dinners and their views on whether the league should be made a campaign issue were either divided in favor of the president's or Mr. Bryan's or else they did not touch on the subject at all.

San Francisco was chosen as the meeting place for the democratic national convention on June 28. The golden gate of the west won easily over Kansas City and Chicago, the only other competitors of consequence.

TROOPS FOR NEBRASKA.

Two Regiments of Ex-Service Men Formed to Handle Emergencies.

Lincoln, Neb.—The organization of two complete regiments of guards to be known as the "Nebraska Rifles," has been practically completed, under the direction of Adjutant General H. J. Paul, and at the order of Governor McKelvie.

Each regiment will be composed of 1,200 men, made up of twelve companies of 100 men each. The men comprising the Nebraska rifles are largely ex-service men, though its organization has no connection with the American Legion. The purpose of the organization of the "Nebraska rifles" is to take care of any emergencies that may arise before the national guard companies are organized, the latter organization being held up by reason of the appropriation bill for it being contingent upon the similar appropriation by the federal government. The calling out of the "rifles" is only in the hands of the governor.

Loop Record Established.

Paris.—Edmond Pillon, a French aviator "ace," estblished a new record for looping the loop when he made twenty-eight loops in five minutes here. The airplane was built for sport.

Wilson Rapidly Mending.

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson is rapidly regaining his stamina, and with the consent of Dr. Cary T. Grayson is plunging daily into the mass of work confronting him.

Sixty Years for Robbery.

Omaha, Nebr.—William Wolfe pleaded guilty before Judge Redick in the district court here to four charges of highway robbery and was given a maximum sentence of sixty years in the penitentiary.

Hotel for Women Only.

New York.—The largest hotel in America exclusively for women and designed for business women and those of moderate means will be erected at Fifty-seventh street and Lexington avenue.

MERELY SCRATCHED SURFACE

Round Up of Radicals Just a Starter, Says Probe Committee Head.—20,000 in N. Y. State Alone.

New York.—More than 20,000 alien enemies in the communist party of New York state alone are openly organized for violent overthrow of the government under the direction of bolshevist leaders in Russia, Senator Clyton B. Lusk, chairman of the legislative committee investigating seditious activities, declared here a few days ago. In addition there are the communist labor party and "other revolutionary" organizations working actively to accomplish the same ends as well as many other bodies which encourage their activities without participating openly in them, the senator said.

"The recent nation-wide raid, which netted nearly 5,000 radicals in forty-two cities, several hundred of whom were arrested in this state on the charge of criminal anarchy and for deportation, hardly scratched the surface of the situation," said the senator. "These organizations have been permitted to reach proportions that the only way they can be destroyed is for loyal citizens in each community to organize and co-operate with the federal and local authorities in uncovering and prosecuting these traitors."

TO FIGHT HIGH PRICES.

Nebraska Women Agree to Aid In State-Wide Campaign.

Lincoln, Neb.—Nebraska club women meeting here to discuss means of combating the high cost of living problem agreed to co-operate with the state in a thrift campaign under which useless buying would be eliminated.

The state's proposed campaign as outlined by Governor McKelvie contemplates the appointment of committees to determine but not fix fair prices in the various communities of the state. He told the women that increased production and elimination of uneconomic methods of distribution would go a long way toward solving existing economic evils. Everyone in the state is to be asked o join the campaign.

AFTER BOOZE DEALERS.

Government Prepares to Punish Violators of Volstead Act.

Washington, D. C.—Immediately after the supreme court upheld the constitutionality of provisions of the Volstead act prohibiting the manufacture and sale of liquors containing one-half of 1 per cent or more alcohol, the department of justice began preparations for the prosecution of all persons who have sold beer since the passage of the act last October 28.

Cases against those who manufactured 2.75 beer before the Volstead act was passed were dismissed but all manufacturers and retailers who have dealt in beer since the act was passed have been recorded by the department of justice and they will be made defendants in cases to be started soon.

MORE AMERICANS SLAIN.

Oil Men Killed Near Tampico, Mexico, Brings Total to Nineteen.

Washington, D. C.—Advices reaching the state department declares that two more American oil men, F. J. Roney and Earl Bowles, have been murdered in the Tampico district of Mexico. The department at once sent instructions to the American embassy in Mexico City to urge the Mexican government to take every step possible to bring about the capture and punishment of the murderers. Word of the killing of the two Americans which brought the total of Americans murdered in the Tampico district since April, 1917, up to nineteen, reached Washington through private sources.

Says Europe Needs Bread.

New York.—Herbert Hoover in a statement here asserted "European propagandists" are responsible for the contention that Europe's needs cannot be met by ordinary commercial credits. "With domestic taxes 600 per cent more than previous rates, there is no need of drawing on the United States treasury for further loans." Mr. Hoover admitted the need of breadstuffs in some cities in southern and central Europe to prevent starvation, and that the allies had asked grace in the payment of interest on loans.

Combination Sales Forbidden.

Washington, D. C.—The federal trade commission has ruled that the selling of sugar in combination with other goods to force purchasers to buy other things in order to obtain sugar was an unfair method of competition and ordered the Cole-Conrad company of Chicago to cease the practise.

The Chicago case was one of many similar complaints which had been lodged with the commission, it was stated.

War Criminal List But 300.

London.—The list of war criminals to be demanded by the allies for trial has been considerably revised and reduced from the originally proposed 1,200 to about 300, according to the Daily Mail.

Brand Dempsey Slacker.

Denver.—Leo Leyden post of the American Legion here adopted a resolution branding Jack Dempsey, the pugilist, as a "slacker," and declaring opposition to holding the proposed Dempsey-Carpentier fight in Colorado.

LET "DANDERINE" BEAUTIFY H

Girls! Have a mass of l thick, gleamy hair

Let "Danderine" save your ha double its beauty. You can ha of long, thick, strong, lustrou Don't let it stay lifeless, thin, s or fading. Bring back its color and vitality.

Get a 35-cent bottle of del "Danderine" at any drug or toile ter to freshen your scalp; check druff and falling hair. Your hair this stimulating tonic, then its color, brightness and abundance return—Hurry!—Adv.

So Subtle!

"Not all the poets," observed quenter of cosmopolitan "have the gift of uttering quick winged, magical nothings in soc

"I knew of one poet, grea vogue in Paris some years ago was not exactly a fluent dispen epigram. He was invited to the of a great lady of the Faubour Germain, and as soon as he ente became the center of a circle mirers, who waited vainly for subtle or poetic conceit. The remained silent, ill at ease, red face, and uneasy of feet.

"'Comé, my dear poet,' the h finally begged, say something to

"'Have you observed—duches faltered, desperately, 'that— year's pawn tickets are pink?'"

SWITCH OFF!

Put aside the Salts, Oi Calomel, or Pills and take "Cascarets."

Are you keeping your bowels, and stomach clean, pure and fresh Cascarets, or merely whipping into action every few days with Cathartic Pills, Oil, or Purgative ters?

Stop having a bowel wash-day. Cascarets gently cleanse and reg the stomach, remove the sour and menting food and foul gases, take excess bile from the liver and c out of the colon and bowels all constipated waste matter and poi so you can straighten up.

Cascarets tonight will make you great by morning. They work w you sleep—never gripe, sicken cause any inconvenience, and cos little too.—Adv.

Serbia to Build Long Canal.

According to a news item in Athens Progress the Serbian gov ment has decided to construct a c from the Danube to Saloniki. canal is to begin at the conflue of the Danube and the Morava, fol the course of the Morava in Ser then join the valley of the Vardar, lowing the river to the vicinity Salonika. The total length of canal will be 600 kilometers miles).

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-RO

Thousands of women have kidney bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Womens' complaints often prove to nothing else but kidney trouble, or result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a heal condition, they may cause the other gans to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of bition, nervousness, are often times sy toms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's scription, obtained at any drug store, be just the remedy needed to overc such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle mediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test great preparation send ten cents to Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., fo sample bottle. When writing be sure mention this paper.—Adv.

Helpful Hint.

"I wonder, Mr. Gloom, if you can help us out?" said the gent wh countenance was elongated like t of a rare old fiddle. "The name have tentatively selected for our ganization—the League for the D semination of Appreciation for Beautiful Among the Masses—is clumsy, although—"

"Why not call it 'the Gimme Gang' interrupted J. Fuller Gloom. "That about all most of those flapdoo leagues amount to."—Kansas C Star.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Morni Have Strong, Healt Eyes. If they Tire, Itc Smart or Burn, if So Irritated, Inflamed Granulated, use Muri often. Soothes. Refreshes. Safe f Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chic

BUCKWHEAT FINE FOR POOR SOILS

Profitable Yield May Be Secured Where Wheat, or Even Rye, Cannot Be Grown.

EXCELLENT AS COVER CROP

Can Be Grown on Land Where Spring-Sown Crops, Such as Corn, Have Failed to Make a Stand—Many Other Uses.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Buckwheat is in general the best grain crop for poor, thin land. Its natural and favorite environment is "back in the hills." On land where wheat or even rye cannot be grown with profit buckwheat is often able to produce a profitable yield. The climatic conditions, however, must be favorable.

On acid soils, which are quite common in the northern states, buckwheat does well. It does not require large supplies of lime in the soil, although lime is taken up largely by the plant.

Good Summer Cover Crop.

Low-grade fertilizers may be used to advantage in the growing of buckwheat, as it can make use of relatively insoluble materials to better advantage than the other grain crops. It may be used to render available insoluble phosphates, like rock phosphate, as these are taken up by the plant in larger quantities than by other small grains. To obtain the greatest benefit from such applications to follow crops, the buckwheat should be grown as a summer cover crop to be plowed under as green manure in preparation for fall seeding.

Buckwheat serves to make even very hard land mellow and friable. Consequently it is a good crop to use in preparation for such crops as potatoes.

As it has a short growing period, buckwheat can be grown on land where spring-sown crops, such as corn, have failed to make a stand. It can also be used where the land cannot be worked until late, or where other crops have been drowned out by late spring floods.

Enlarge Farm Activities.

Buckwheat can be used to enlarge farm activities. After other crops that must be sown early are all in there is often time to prepare land and sow buckwheat. On account of the short growing season it may be sown later than any other grain crop. Where it is so used it often may be advisable to sow it even on rich land which otherwise could be used more profitably for other crops.

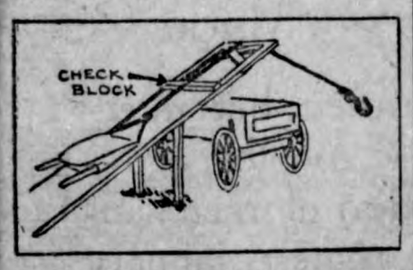
Buckwheat is a suitable crop for growing on new ground. Land just cleared of timber or drained marsh land containing much decaying vegetable matter will produce good yields of this grain.

Farmers' Bulletin No. 1062 contains full information on this crop. Copies may be had free on application to the department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

SCRAPER FOR LOADING SOIL

Platform Arranged as Shown in Illustration Obviates Much Tiresome Labor.

Where dirt is to be taken out of an excavation and hauled away some distance, getting this dirt into a wagon bed is always a hard job. Where a



Loading Soil Made Easy.

scraper is used it is usually necessary to drag the dirt out of the hole and then shovel it into a farm wagon. By building a platform like the one shown here it is easy to load a wagon with a scraper and save a lot of hard work. The platform must be strong enough to stand up under the load of dirt and the extra pull that comes when the team drags the scraper up the incline. The check block stops the scraper and helps in dumping it into the wagon box.

PURE AIR QUITE NECESSARY

Drafts Should Be Carefully Avoided and Poultry House Kept at Even Temperature.

Filthy air is practically breathing poison. Pure air furnishes the oxygen which keeps the life processes going and when the air becomes stale or foul, the birds become weak and sickly. The problem for the poultryman, therefore, is to let in plenty of air without drafts and without making the hen house so cold as to be uncomfortable. On almost all sunny days the windows can be opened when the flock is exercising, scratching in litter for its food, and that gives a chance to air the house thoroughly. Even in the coldest night the windows may be lowered a little at the top (very little when it is very cold) and the birds will obtain fresh air. If the wind blows in, a piece of burlap can be hung over the open space through which the air can get in and by which the wind can be kept out.

IMPROVE QUALITY OF COUNTY LIVE STOCK

Unique and Successful Community Association in Virginia.

Specialists Believe There Is Fertile Field for Formation of Similar Clubs Throughout Country—Overhead Cost Saved.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

One of the most unique and successful community breeders' associations of the country is located in Loudoun county, Va. It is unusual because instead of fostering the breeding and improvement of a single class of live stock, it sponsors the improvement of eight breeds and classes of live stock. The excellence of such a plan is that duplication in work and extra expense are eliminated, while the society is really standardizing the production of purebred live stock within Loudoun county.

Guernsey and Shorthorn cattle, Percheron horses, Berkshire and Duroc Jersey hogs, Shropshire sheep, and Rhode Island Red and Barred Plymouth Rock poultry have been select-

Purebred Guernsey Bull, the Type of Animal That Is Gaining Popularity Because of the Better-Sire-Better-Stock Campaign.

ed in public meeting by the farmers and stockmen of that section as the dominant breeds of the county.

The Loudoun County Breeders' association, organized in 1916 by joint efforts of the county agent, a progressive banker, and a few forward-looking farmers, has grown from an original strength of 60 to over 250 active members. Through its manager it purchases and sells live stock for its members and has been of marked influence in improving the character and quality of the county live stock.

Specialists of the department of agriculture believe that there is a fertile field for the formation of similar live stock breeding clubs throughout the United States. In some of the leading stock-producing areas four or five, or even more, individual breeders' clubs now exist, whereas one general organization saves an overhead cost and permits of the hiring of a paid business manager as in Loudoun county.

CREOSOTE FOR FENCE POSTS

Best Preservative Treatment Consists of Boiling Wood in Liquid for Short Period.

Five cents' worth of creosote applied to a fence post will prolong its life many years. Posts that will last ordinarily but four or five years in the ground can be made to last 20 by treating.

Woods like beech, birch, maple, ash, poplar and others that are not ordinarily used for fence posts, can be made as durable as locust or cedar by a preservative treatment with creosote. This treatment does not consist simply in painting the post with creosote or in dipping it in creosote. While these treatments do some good, they do not insure deep penetration of the creosote into the wood or the filling of the cracks and season checks.

The best preservative treatment consists in heating the posts in boiling hot creosote for 30 to 60 minutes, then leaving them in the tank until the liquid has cooled. The creosote will be forced deeply into the wood and thus fill all checks and cracks and form an exterior shell of treated wood that will prevent rotting. An old, discarded gasoline drum with the top cut out, set up so that a fire may be built beneath, makes an excellent treating tank at little expense.

USE SIRES OF GOOD QUALITY

Recipients of Department of Agriculture Emblems Represent Scattered Sections.

Widely scattered sections of the country are represented in the list of the first recipients of the official emblem bestowed upon live stock owners by the United States department of agriculture in connection with the "Better Sires—Better Stock" campaign now in progress. Possession of this emblem shows that the owner has agreed to keep and use only pure-bred sires of good quality, and will follow to the best of his ability breeding methods leading to live stock improvement.

LETTUCE FOR LOCAL MARKET

If Sold by Dozen It Often Pays to Dispose of It Before Maximum Weight Is Reached.

If lettuce is for a local market and sold by the dozen, it often pays to market before a maximum weight has been secured. It all depends upon the keenness of market and the need of bench for other crops.

HIGH STANDARDS OF CLEANLINESS ARE DEMANDED OF ALL PRODUCERS OF MILK

Where Cleanliness Is a Business Asset—People Like to Buy Milk That Comes From a Clean, Sanitary Milk House Like This.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

To unnumbered city folk the bottle of milk they find on the porch each morning represents practically the sum of their daily contact with rural people. And this prominence of the milk bottle, or rather of its contents, has a financial significance not fully appreciated by the many farmers living within the zones from which the city's milk supply comes. The condition in which the milk arrives at the consumer's kitchen depends upon the carefulness of several agencies, but as dairy experts of the United States department of agriculture and others have repeatedly emphasized, the dairyman's position in this matter is particularly important, for laxness on his part may carry ill effects to the consumer despite all subsequent precautions by others who handle the milk. The public understands this pretty clearly and is placing increasing importance on the condition of dairies, large and small.

Consumers Demand Cleanliness.

If they display any tendency toward laxness, farmers who supply most big milk dealers are speedily required to correct their practices and conform to high sanitary standards. But there are a great many who do not have the advantage of such advice and regulation. Experience has proved that no milk dealer, small or large, can afford to jeopardize his market by insanitary practices. The day is almost sure to come, perhaps unexpectedly early, when some village or city inspector, or inquisitive, aggressive customer will start out to ascertain conditions at the source of his milk supply. When that time of reckoning arrives, experienced milk dealers point out, the farmer who has been alert to keep his daily equipment in approved fashion will profit in dollars and cents.

That milk must come from clean, healthy cows and be milked by clean, healthy persons into clean utensils cannot be emphasized too often, according to the United States department of agriculture specialists. As soon as the cows are milked the milk should be taken to the milk house. On a well-ordered farm this structure is conveniently near the barn, but so placed as to be free from dust and stable odors. Under some circumstances it is permissible to have the milk house in the same building as the stable, but in such a case it should be provided with a separate entrance, and the walls separating the two should have no openings.

A properly constructed milk house preferably is divided into two rooms, one where the utensils may be washed and the other where the milk is handled. A plentiful and convenient supply of water is a necessary feature, and its purity is an obvious requisite.

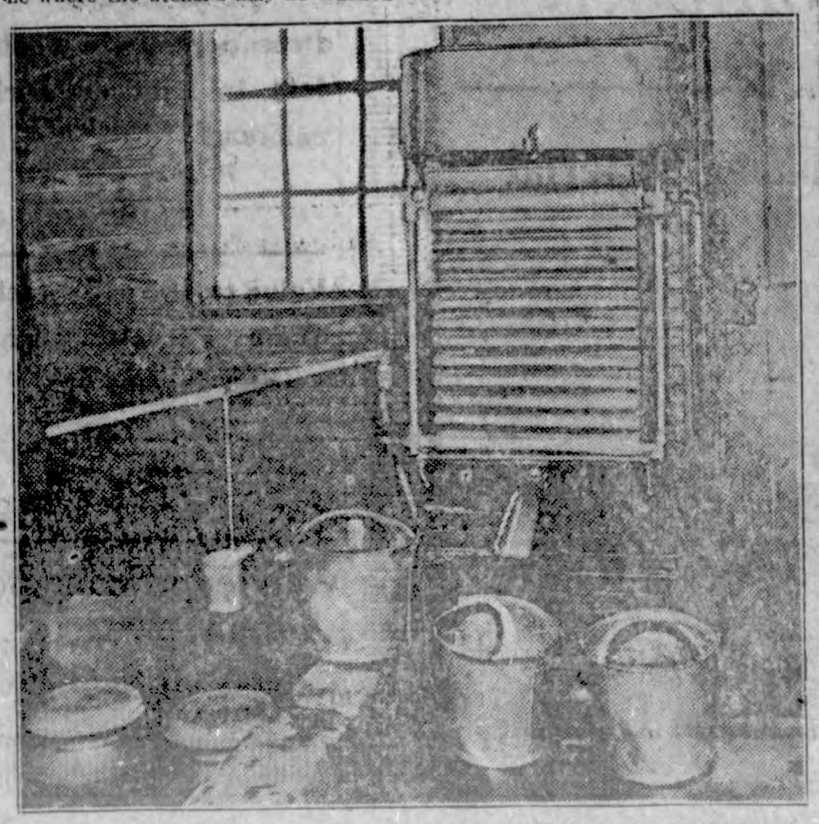
To make sure that utensils are properly washed, convenient arrangements for heating water should be provided. The sanitary dairyman rinses his utensils in cold water immediately after using them, and then washes them in hot water to which soda or some washing powder has been added. Brushes are preferable to cloths for washing as they are more easily kept clean and do better work. Utensils should then be sterilized by means of some form of steam sterilizer.

The milk should be weighed, strained, and cooled in the milk house shortly after it is brought from the stable. Straining is intended to remove the dirt that may have fallen into it, and is best done with a layer of sterilized absorbent cotton placed between two cloths, or by using filter cloth or similar material. Such cloths should be washed just as the utensils are, boiled five minutes, and then hung in a clean place to dry.

Cold Checks Bacteria.

Relatively high temperatures promote the multiplication of bacteria. Therefore, it is essential that the milk be cooled as soon as possible to 50 degrees F. or lower. Ordinary cooling can be done satisfactorily by placing the cans in a tank, preferably of concrete. If the farmer has a supply of ice the tanks can be filled with ice and water. If he has no ice fairly good results can be obtained from a well or spring of running water. In either case the cans should be immersed well up to the necks. Stirring with a clean stirrer will also hasten cooling. A more rapid method is to run milk over a cooler in the interior of which is cold, running water; but if the air is not pure the milk will be contaminated by this process.

The United States department of agriculture is glad to supply any farmer engaged in dairying with a variety of pamphlets relating to sanitary dairy methods, as well as other equally important questions, such as keeping the herd free from tuberculosis. While the observance of the suggestions offered relating to sanitary practices may involve some additional expense, experience has proved repeatedly that the direct benefits to the farmer in the greater demand for his product more than repay him for the outlay involved. Every farmer engaged in dairying will find it profitable to do his utmost to make the full milk bottle, so familiar to city folk, a symbol of purity.



Cooler Designed for Use on Farm—Bacteria Do Not Thrive in Cold Milk.

DAIRY

PUREBRED BULLS VS. SCRUBS

Early Rewards Clearly Indicated to Stock Raiser From Using Purebred Sires.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A few calculations in fractions indicate clearly the early rewards to the stock raiser from breeding with purebred sires instead of grade sires. The bureau of animal industry, which is sponsoring the nation-wide "better sires, better stock" campaign, calls attention to a series of diagrams issued in Wisconsin which show the progress of breeding native cows for five generations with purebred bulls, compared with five generations of breeding with grade three-fourths full-blood bulls.

After five or, in fact, any number of generations of such breeding, the calves are still less than three-quarters full blood, while if only purebred bulls are used, three-quarter bloods are produced in the second generation, and the calves of the fifth generation are thirty-one thirty-seconds full blood. The characteristics of the breed rapidly become fixed in a stock in which only purebred sires are used, while after any number of generations of breeding to three-quarter-blood sires the characteristics of scrub stock still frequently appear. A three-quarter-blood bull is much more likely to transmit unfortunate characteristics which are not visible in himself than

Booth at National Dairy Show at Chicago Devoted to the "Better Sires, Better Stock" Campaign.

a pure-blood bull. A single bull of this sort may undo the work of years of selection in building up a herd. The conclusion is that in grading up live stock, only purebred sires of good quality should be used.

GOSPEL OF BETTER FENCES

Novel "Drive" Inaugurated for Improvement of Farms, Both in Value and Appearance.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

With a view to effecting a practical improvement in the value and the appearance of the farms, a five-day "buy-a-fence" campaign was recently conducted throughout the rural districts of Mississippi. This novel "drive" was joined in by local representatives of the United States department of agriculture and the state agricultural college, and other organizations and agencies. Elaborate plans for promoting the campaign were worked out in advance, including the organization in each county of committees whose duty it was to spread the gospel of better fences. The big saving to forage crops resulting from better fences was pointed out, likewise the labor saved in caring for live stock to prevent overfeeding. An appeal was also made for fields and homesteads that appear well cared for.

Good as were the immediate results of the campaign, it is believed that the permanent benefits will be equally large, in that it concentrated attention on the fence question and is expected to promote greater interest in this important feature of farm improvements.

FAVOR CALVES BORN IN FALL

In Spring They Are Sufficiently Grown to Take Care of Themselves—Make Good Growth.

Calves born in the fall can be grained and properly cared for and when grass is ready to be pastured in the spring they are sufficiently grown to take care of themselves. They thus have an opportunity to make a good growth the first year, which is very essential in rearing a high-producing dairy cow.

DAIRY BULLS VERY NERVOUS

Unlike Sluggish Beef Breeds They Are Active, Alert and Cannot Be Depended Upon.

Bulls belonging to the dairy breeds are usually more nervous than are the bulls belonging to the beef breeds. The latter are more sluggish. The dairy bull is active, alert and cannot be depended upon.

Was Going Down-Hill

Mrs. Bergman's Friends Were Worried, but Doan's Brought Remarkable Recovery From Kidney Complaint.

"I couldn't sit down without putting a pillow behind my back," says Mrs. Ole Bergman, 820 Pennsylvania St., Gary, Ind. "When I bent over it felt as though somebody had stuck a knife right into my back and I would often fall to the floor. The kidney secretions made me get up four and five times a night. There would be only a small amount, which would burn so that I would almost scream. Before long my body bloated and my feet were so swollen that I couldn't wear my shoes. My skin looked shiny and when I pressed it down it left a dent. I had chills and fever. Sometimes I would sweat so that I could fairly wring the water out of my clothes. Everybody said I was going down-hill fast. In two months I lost fifteen pounds and was discouraged. By the time I had finished three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills I was entirely cured and I have enjoyed the best of health ever since."

Mrs. Bergman

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Heavy Shipments From Seattle.

During the first half of 1919 Seattle, the American gateway to Siberia, shipped $15,785,769 worth of goods to this once obscure land, as compared with only $987,381 worth of goods in the same period last year.

"CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP" IS CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at tongue! Remove poisons from stomach, liver and bowels.

Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear.

Mother! You must say "California." —Adv.

Admired the Old Gentleman.

"Oh, George, dear," said the anxious girl, who had been waiting while her lover interviewed her father on matrimonial topics, "what did papa say?"

"Agnes, my love," replied George, diplomatically, "I don't think your father's friends half appreciate what a vigorous speaker he is, or what a wonderful command of language he possesses."

THE LAND BOOM

Iowa farmers in their mad rush to Missouri for cheaper land overlooked the most productive county. The cause was due to the fact that the farmers through Iowa knew the land adjoining is practically the same as Iowa land, therefore they naturally came to the conclusion that prices were as high, in which they were mistaken.

Scotland County is especially adapted for corn, blue grass and alfalfa, and until this year land prices have been rightly higher, but not having enjoyed the land boom, the land has had only a slight advance while other lands have gone higher and higher.

Fully two-thirds of the people in Scotland County came from the States of Iowa and Illinois within the past few years, and these people (while not offering a foot of land for sale), knowing that the Iowa farmers desire a good corn and stock county, cannot quite understand why Scotland County has been overlooked.

Railroad facilities are good; having both the Burlington road and the main line of the Santa Fe, naturally they are conveniently located to Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City markets.

Memphis, the County Seat, is unquestionably the best town within a radius of 40 miles.

The writer having had the pleasure of visiting Scotland County during the growing season, feels the people of that county are fully justified in thinking they have been overlooked in the recent land boom. —Adv.

A Snap.

"Everything is so high, these days!" complained a prospective customer.

"Oh, no, Mrs. Straddup; not quite everything!" replied the proprietor of the Right Place store at Petunia. "These thermometers are down pretty low this morning."—Kansas City Star.

Children's Coughs

may be checked and more serious conditions of the throat often will be avoided by promptly giving the child a dose of safe

PISO'S

WOMEN EXCEED MEN IN JAPANESE FACTORIES

850,000 Japanese Women Work at Average Daily Wage of Ten to Twenty Cents for a Twelve Hour Day.

There are more women in industry in Japan than there are men, according to a statement recently made by the War Work Council of the Young Women's Christian Association.

The world war has brought 850,000 women and girls into the daily grind of industry, according to this statement; 30,000 of them little girls under fifteen years of age who work twelve hours at a wage of ten to twenty cents a day, that the world may have silk dresses and munitions.

In Tokyo alone, a city of two and one-half million people, there are 100,000 women employed in sixty-two industries and businesses varying from work as telephone operators, clerks, stenographers and bookkeepers to work in silk and other sorts of factories and domestic work.

Each year thousands of these women go back to their homes in the country, broken in health and victims of tuberculosis because of the poor conditions under which they work and live. They are housed in dormitories in the factory compound. These dormitories are frequently unsanitary. The girls work long hours, have no recreation and on finishing their long day go immediately to bed, oftentimes a bed which a girl who works at night has been sleeping in all day.

As part of its world service for women, the Young Women's Christian Association plans to build dormitories in manufacturing towns where girls may live cheaply under healthful physical and social conditions, to send out secretaries who can introduce recreation into the factory compound and direct games and social life.

This is done with the co-operation of the factories' managers and proprietors. One of the most influential of these is Mrs. Suzuki, the most prominent woman manufacturer in Japan, who is owner and manager of a firm which exported $11,000,000 worth of bean oil to America last year.

Recently Mrs. Suzuki decided to employ one thousand women in her offices. She could not find enough well trained ones so she established a permanent school where Japanese girls may be trained to enter the business world. The greatest danger ahead of Japan, she says, is in its growing materialism, and Japan's greatest need, the development of her women.

NATIONAL FRIENDSHIPS DEPEND UPON WOMANKIND

Japanese Diplomat Says Men Alone Cannot Create International Friendliness.

International friendship between nations depends largely upon the friendly feeling between the women of those nations, according to representatives of the Japanese embassy in Washington. Their theory is that there can be no firm friendship between two nations unless the women of those two countries know and like one another, as co-operation between nations, as in the state and in the family, is based on co-operation between men and women.

Therefore, if Japan and America are to have a real, lasting friendship, to really know and understand one another, the women of the two nations must learn to play together, to study together and to think together. The Y. W. C. A. is one of the best mediums for bringing about this friendship between the two nations, according to diplomatic representatives of Japan, as that organization is teaching Japanese women recreation, showing them how to enjoy out-of-door life and sports. It is particularly necessary that Japanese women learn to enjoy and appreciate recreation, they say, since the great influx of women into industry and business, as Japanese women, formerly so conservative, are going into business and doing many things which they had never thought of doing before the war.

The Y. W. C. A. has been assured the fullest possible co-operation of the Japanese embassy and the Japanese people in making its "World Service program" for three million dollars to be used for women and girls in the United States, India, China, Japan, South America, Egypt, Siberia, the Near East and Mexico a success.

Y. W. C. A. TRAINS WOMEN.

Young women students from forty-four states and nine countries—China, the Philippine Islands, France, Bulgaria, Holland, Russia, Armenia, Canada and Mexico — are registered in the National Training School of the Young Women's Christian Association in New York.

They are studying methods of Y. W. C. A. work with a view to taking up positions in Y. W. C. A. work either in this country or in other of the countries where the Y. W. C. A. is carrying on, opening and expanding its work.

FRANKLIN AT HEAD OF LIST

His Book, "Way of Wealth," Has Had More Reprints Than the Work of Any Other Author.

Greeley's advice, "Young man, go West," is changed by A. Edward Newton to this:

"Young man, get a hobby, preferably get two, one for indoors and one for out."

Riding a hobby differs from riding a horse, said the wise lunatic, in that you can get off the horse.

Anyhow, Mr. Newton takes his own medicine, and for some 30 years he has ridden a hobby all over the continents in search of rare books, Girard writes in Philadelphia Press.

He's a collector, he is, and his home contains an immense and highly valuable library.

"What is the prize book in the whole world?" I asked him.

"The Gutenberg Bible," said he, "for which Henry E. Huntington paid $50,000."

This son of the old Southern Pacific railroad builder has what Mr. Newton declares easily the greatest private library on earth.

You would hardly think it possible to write a book about book collecting which would interest the rank outsider who doesn't know a first folio from a side of sole leather, but Mr. Newton, whose style is delightfully whimsical, has succeeded in doing it.

A copy of Ben Franklin's "Cato Major" was found in a Chester county garret not long ago and was afterward sold for $300, so Mr. Newton reports.

Of all the books and pamphlets Franklin turned off his Philadelphia press, that one, said the famous printer, was his best job typographically.

Franklin did so many things first that folks rarely remember that he also printed the first translation of a Greek or Latin classic that was issued in America.

No one has yet matched the old sage in another respect—400 reprints of a single work. Franklin's "Way of Wealth" has passed that number. There have been 75 editions of it printed in England, 55 in France, 11 in Germany and 8 in Italy.

It has even been translated in Russian and Chinese.

All other best sellers have been backed off the map by that unique output of the Boston lad who some one wittily said "was born in Philadelphia at the age of seventeen."

The Airplane as a Decoy.

Ever since wars have been waged man has made use of decoys to outwit the foe. Even in the recent war a decoy proved to be useful once in a while. An instance occurred at a point on the western front where the British trenches faced a salient of the German trench system. At the time when the British staff determined to reduce the salient, the Daily Chronicle tells us, the Germans were expecting an ordinary attack with its primary bombardment. They promptly fell into the trap set for them.

Early in the morning a British airplane flew very low over the front-line trenches and passed parallel to the German line, but 500 or 600 yards behind it. The Germans thought the plane a target that could not be missed, and turned their backs on the British trenches to fire on the machine. While they were engaging the airplane, the British infantry suddenly went over the top and in a few minutes captured the position and took a number of prisoners.

The machine returned to its airdrome riddled with bullet holes, but both the pilot and the observer were uninjured.

Industry Overdone.

The development of the coconut oil industry in the Philippines has been very rapid, due to war conditions. The exports of oil in 1918 amounted to 115,000 tons, as compared with 45,000 tons in 1917 and 16,000 tons in 1916. There is a scarcity of shipping to take copra to Hull, England, and Marseilles, France, which are the great centers for oil crushing, hence it is found more profitable to ship the less bulky oil to the United States. A number of new oil mills have been constructed in the Philippines in order to fill the demand for oil, but it is a serious question whether the present crushing capacity of the Philippine mills is not in excess of the normal supply of copra.

Philippine Tobacco.

The Philippine Islands' tobacco exports increased greatly in 1918. In that year 25,700 tons of tobacco were exported, as compared with 6,890 tons in 1917. The bulk of this tobacco was shipped during the early months of 1918, and the later months showed a marked decrease. The exports of cigars, however, showed a steady increase during the entire year, the number shipped being 359,000,000, valued at $7,000,000, as against 284,000,000 valued at $4,500,000, in 1917. Most of this production was absorbed by the American market. The increase is largely due to government supervision in order to guarantee the quality of all shipments to the United States.

Real War Scrap Book.

To keep a scrapbook on the recent war sounds like a herculean task, but it was really done by a regular, everyday human being, a man from Seattle, Wash. He began in August, 1914, never realizing the enormity of the undertaking, but he stuck to the job and now owns a book containing thousands of columns of war reports and pictures clipped from his favorite papers. It weighs more than 100 pounds, is carefully indexed and promises to be a valuable addition to reference libraries.

Economy Can Be Carried Too Far.

It doesn't pay to save a penny at the expense of several pennies' worth of time and effort. All economy is not economy. Some of it costs more than it is worth.

Fit Punishment.

Recall the line in the Mikado about making the punishment fit the crime? Well, a Chicago girl has married the man who tried to kidnap her.—Toledo Blade.

Very Brave.

Percy William—"You need not fear tramps or rough men when you are with me, darling. I'm a champion runner, and if we were attacked I'd run off and bring help to you in no time."

To Keep Plants Fresh.

There is a simple way to water ferns and flowers which will be of interest to one who must leave them for a time without care. Take a washing tub and place three or four bricks in it and put about two inches of water in the tub. Place the flowers on these bricks and place the tub where they can get the morning sunshine.

Daily Thought.

Spotlessness may do for angels—repentance unto life is the highest that belongs to men.—F. W. Robertson.

We are now taking orders for

CloverSeed

and other Seeds

Jacobs & Son

Wasted Apology.

"I want to apologize, Blakely, for my rudeness last evening. I assure you I didn't intend it." "Well, for the love of Mike, mean it next time! I hate to see a man's actions and his intentions harmonize so poorly."—Judge.

Geo. ZINN
Physician & Surgeon
Phone No. 19. KLEMME IA:
Office in Building East of Gruetzmacher Harness and Shoe Shop.
Eyes Tested. Glasses Fitted

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith
OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

MEALS
We now serve meals. We especially ask the farmers to give us a trial. The best place, the best meal at the fairest price.
Hotel Klemme

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA
Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

M. O. HOCUM
The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man.
We will buy Hogs and Grain six days in the week at Highest Market Price
Successor to W. R. Bloom

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR
Only a Limited Number of Ford Cars

There are mighty good reasons why you should buy your Ford car now. But the biggest one is that there are only so many Ford Cars—just a specified limited number—allotted to this territory. Those who buy their cars now will be wise. They will have them whenever they wish.

Don't put it off—next spring, even next month is an uncertainty. We cannot take orders for spring delivery. Even uow, we must have sigue bona fide orders before our manthly allotment is shipped us. So the only way for you to be sure of getting a Ford cas is to order it now. Get your name on an or er.

Again we tell you the allotment for this territory is limited and you must buy now while deliveries are possible. As ever the demand for Ford cars is way in the advance of the production. So, its fisrt come first served. Spring Summer, autumn and winter are all the same to the Ford car. It is a valuable servent every day of the year. Rain or shine it is ready for your demands. Buy now and get prompt delivery. You won't have to store it. You can use it. Buy now while the buying is possible.

E. G. ELL
Authorized Ford Agent — Klemme, Iowa

Western States Lumber Company
Dealers In
Lumber and Building Material
Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile
We take orders for-
Storm Sash and Storm Doors

Store open at 8:30 — **The Damon-Igou Co.** — Store close at 5:30
Mason City, Iowa
January Clearance Sale
The most Striking Reductions yet Made

Regularly with January comes the Clearance, but rarely such a clearence, Immense stocks bought months ago---have been added, until we have a collection of merchandise that is bound to make this the greatest January Clearance we have ever held.

Percales	Calico	Ginghams
Dress percales in doubl fold in light or dark colors at 19c	The Very Best Made In Light Colors Sale Price 17c Per yard	Standard goods 27 inch Ginghams at 29c
Value to 40c of 36 inch dress Percales, light and dark colors Sale Price 29c		Good 32 inch dress Ginghams at 39c
		Extra Special Bleached Outing 27 inches wide sale price 22 1-2 c

Whatever you choose, you are certain of having dependable merchandise, Besides this there is in every instance a most unusal saving.

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

KLEMME DRAY LINE

LLOYD LAU, PROPRIETOR

A share of your patronage is solicited.

All work attended to promptly and carefully

Coal Hauling Done Promptly

Telephone No. 14

Over the prices you can get elsewhere, over the prices you may pay later, we will save you money on building material today.

We are in close touch with the market, we have made some good buys.

We figure on a closer profit now then was necessary when prices were down.

But we will save you money on lumber now.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

We want you to be personally acquainted with the officers of this bank.

Banking Service to be most helpful to you must be based on a personal friendly understanding of yous need

This Bank offers you all the facilities of a successful institution, combined with a friendly, personal understanding that makes your banking relations congenial.

WHERE YOU GET THE BEST SERVICE VALUE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 SURPLUS & PROFITS $30,000.00

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Subscribe Today at $1'50

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers

Sheep-killing dogs cost taxpayers of Henry county $2,619.15 last year.

Fifty years in harness in the same job, is the record of Cy Roberts, veteran shoe repair man of Hampton.

Alfred W. Tredway, aged 68, for fifty years in active business in Dubuque, is dead at his home following an illness of a few months.

Matt Coughlin, a farmer living south of Pisgah, has a cow that gave birth to three calves New Year's day. We claim this is helping the census.

Implement dealers over Cass county report more bob-sleds sold this winter than in the past three years. Sleighing has been excellent for some weeks.

Five thousand pounds of honey from 60 colonies of bees is the record of Mr. Fahler of Eldora. Professor Atkins of Iowa State College was there recently helping house the bees for the winter.

The state auditor's report on municipalities in Iowa will be off the press in about ten days. The report will show the financial condition of village and city treasuries and contain other data of interest to state taxpayers.

Preliminary steps have been taken by the county board to pave seventeen miles of the Grant highway through Black Hawk county. This is Iowa federal aid project No. 62 and the cost is estimated at approximately $750,000.

Sixty or more farmers of Spaulding and Lincoln townships, just north of Creston have formed a co-operative club to assist one another in their shipping. They have incorporated for $25,000, and have a working capital of $7,000.

Practically every college in the country was represented in the Students' volunteer convention which held a four days session in Des Moines, and which ended Saturday, January 3. The estimated total of attendance is about 8,000.

Neighbors of Jess Nuzum to the number of about thirty engaged in an old fashioned husking bee at the Nuzum farm near Pisgah, when they husked and cribbed in one day about 800 bushels of corn and enjoyed a big dinner prepared by their wives and daughters.

"Hundreds of Iowa farmers are still waiting for the railroads to furnish them stock cars", says W. W. Latta, president of the Iowa Wool Fleece Growers' Association of Logan, "and there is no doubt that the movement to market since the first of the year will be much heavier than usual.

In order to demonstrate the value of limestone to Franklin county farmers a soil fertility demonstration field was arranged for at the Franklin county farm, near Geneva. The board of supervisors agreed to pay for the fertilizing materials and the men on the farm agreed to do the work.

Thru the donation to the town by Mrs. Ricknell, as a memorial to her husband, the late A. D. Bicknell, a well known pioneer of Humboldt county, Humboldt has come into possession of a beautiful natural park, bordering the Des Moines river, at the west edge of the business street, to be known as Bicknell's park.

Four poultry meetings were held in Louisa county recently on the following farms: W. McLaughlin, T. J. Callahan, Weaver Briggs and John Jenkins. The work done was applicable to the farm flock and orchard and a goodly crowd attended all meetings. The work was handled by Mr. Parkhurst and R. S. Herrick of Ames.

Following a get-together meeting of the Cherokee Community club and the purebred livestock breeders of the county recently an organization was perfected known as the Cherokee County Livestock Breeders' Association, with a membership of 66. There are 94 breeders of pedigreed live stock in the county. From one to three bred sales are being planned for spring.

Forty-seven cars of agricultural limestone ordered through the farm bureau some weeks ago, have failed to arrive in Centerville owing to congested railroad conditions. The stone was ordered from the Hawkeye Quarry Co. The company has asked each farmer who has ordered a car of limestone to certify that he will unload the car promptly when it arrives at the station. The railroad has refused to give the quarry the cars unless these written agreements accompany the orders.

A poultry show was held in Muscatine January 6-11. The junior poultry enthusiasts of the county exhibited and Prof. A. H. Ward of Iowa State College assisted the young people in arranging their exhibits.

A stream of Iowa hogs out—a flood of gold in. That's the way at almost every shipping station in Iowa. The Cudahy plant at Tama bought 1,000 hogs and paid out $50,000 to the farmers' who sold them. In two days 1,025 hogs went over the Cudahy scales for which more than $26,800 was paid.

The Federal Farm Loan association of Worth county is just about one year old and has been most successful during the past year. The secretary-treasurer, C. S. Rye, of Hanlontown, reports loans made aggregating something over $175,000 during the year. A short time ago a part of the county was transferred to the Winnebago county district, with headquarters at Lake Mills. The work of the association is looked on with favor by farmers and bankers of Worth county.

Preparations are being made by the Scott county engineering department to call for bids as soon as possible in the spring for the proposed road paving work to be started next summer. County Engineer John Malloy announced that the contractors would be notified just as soon as the plans for paving and grading are approved by the government road engineers. The plans include the paving of 20 miles of road next summer and extra grading on as many more miles for the 1921 paving projects.

Wright county and the United States government have made a nice gift to the citizens of Wright county in the shape of a gravel road to be built according to specifications, which will be, 14½ miles of permanent highway on the Clarion-Eagle Grove-Goldfield road and the Clarion-Belmond road next summer. The contract has been let by the board of supervisors for $44,600 worth of earth work and $11,000 worth of tile. It is on the tiling that County Engineer Hillon and his staff depend for the permanency of the road. The board has also contracted for 86,000 feet of tile and this will make the difference, says Mr. Hillon. With such drainage the gravel will not disappear as it has in the past.

G. W. Lemmon, residing a few miles from Sac City, has purchased the Hugh Mead place at $140 an acre. On this farm is a pond, about forty acres in extent, from which Mr. Lemmon expects great things. Some years ago this pond dried up unusually early, it being filled with water every year to a uniform depth of about two feet. The place was owned at that time by Thos. Burroughs. Mr. Burroughs disced the land and planted corn. The season was just right for such a procedure and he took 200 bushels to the acre from the piece. Mr. Lemmon is now planning to drain the pond and hopes to duplicate the effort of Mr. Burroughs, although it has been tried once or twice before without success.

Six dual orchard and poultry demonstrations were held in Jones county the past year. Poultry specialists gave talks on care, feed and management of the flocks, demonstrating with specimens culled from the flocks. Spraying and pruning was demonstrated by an orchard expert at the same meeting. In the poultry culling work from 10 to 75 per cent of the flocks examined were thrown out as culls. After each demonstration those in attendance were allowed to practice culling until the flock was cleaned up. Their judgment was checked up by the specialist and the county agent. Tuberculosis was found in four out of five flocks culled. Records from two flocks show double production after culling.

County Agent John C. Eldridge of Emmett county thinks the best way to handle a sick chicken is to kill her as soon as you notice that she is sick and do it in such a way that her blood is not scattered around the place, also to bury her as deep as possible. A sick Chicken is such a common sight, that very little attention is paid to them and they are allowed to run with the other chickens until they die. As a consequence, when any disease gets a foothold in the average flock, it is apt to spread until a large number of the flock are affected. Oftentimes the disease will not kill many hens at a time, so that no determined effort is made to rid the flock of diseased birds, with the result that the disease may drag along for a long time and ultimately a great many birds may be lost.

The old log cabin with its huge fireplace and heavy creaking door, its small window and curling clapboard roof, is almost forgotten. It is seldom one finds a survival in its true state, surrounded by the peaceful landscape that nature gave it. The landscape has changed. The cabin, abandoned, has fallen apart. The log cabin typified a tenantry of more than a half century ago. It was fit and convenient then, and it was suited to its surroundings; its construction and arrangements were adapted to the needs of its occupants of that age and time. But today we have the modern home to replace the log cabin. This modern farm home has all the conveniences of the city house and all the essentials of a real home, besides a location, which insures fresh air and quiet. Ten thousand dollar farm houses, equipped with every electrical convenience, french-windowed, oak floored and set in beautiful landscapes grounds are not uncommon today.

The years 1914-1918 will stand out to the end of time as a point of historic crisis. The World War will effect greater changes than any previous event, except the birth of Christ and the discovery of America.

During the season just closed Sac county has had a big labor problem to contend with, one farm alone of 11 sections requiring from 80 to 150 men to work it. When it is considered that in addition to this that the county plants 10,000 acres of pop corn the labor difficulties may well be imagined.

At the Side Show

you don't mind payin_ 25c for a photograph of the wild man of Borneo even tho he was born and raised in Boston.
Its alright to be taken in if you are expecting it but not pleasent to be "taken over" by surprise.

The men and young men who beleive they can buy a $50 suit or overcoat for $32.50 in a January Clothing Sale are going to experience how it feels to be caught with their guard down They are (if they buy) going to pay all the clothes are worth and the sale is goiug to make enough profits to pay for its sign and its barker.

OUR NO SALE POLICY protects you against disopointment and dissatisfaction. Here you pay one fair price no matter when you buy and get the full worth of your money no matter what you pay.

PATTON BROS.

Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**

"Where a dollar does it's duty"

Credit more valuable then Cash

To have credit when you need it-keep it good as you go along.

You may be able to pay cash as yo- go, but never can tell when your money may be temporarily tied up—then credit is an invaluable asset.

Keep your credit good by meeting your obligations promptly—fulfilling your promises exactly as made.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Walter F. Lau

Dealer In

Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

BEET GROWERS ATTENTION!

The Iowa Valley Sugar Company, Inc.
OF BELMOND, IOWA

The Home Company
Solicits Your Business

Phone Us For Further Particulars

John McNicoll, Dist. Supt. Garner, Iowa or **H. J. Holt, Agr. Supt. Belmond, Iowa**

The City Dray Line

Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly
Your patronage is respectfully solicited
Charges Reasonable

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian
All Calls Answered Promptly
Klemme, Iowa Office and Residence Phone

THE MISERY OF BACKACHE

Removed by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Muskegon, Mich.—"For six years I was so weak in my back at times that I could hardly walk. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me and it made me good and strong again so that I am able to do all my work. I highly recommend your medicine and tell everyone I meet what it did for me."—Mrs. G. SCHOONFIELD, 240 Wood Ave, Muskegon, Mich.

Woman's Precious Gift

The one which she should most zealously guard is her health, but she often neglects to do so in season until some ailment peculiar to her sex has fastened itself upon her. When so affected women may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy that has been wonderfully successful in restoring health to suffering women.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

SLOW DEATH

Aches, pains, nervousness, difficulty in urinating, often mean serious disorders. The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

bring quick relief and often ward off deadly diseases. Known as the national remedy of Holland for more than 200 years. All druggists, in three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Skin Tortured Babies Sleep Mothers Rest After Cuticura

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Little Friends of the Liver

The liver is the regulator of health. If the liver is active and well, good health and happiness prevail; but once you allow your liver to get torpid and sluggish, life becomes a misery. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Headaches and Melancholy assail you, resulting in lack of energy, loss of memory and ill health; but remember Carter's Little Liver Pills touch the liver and correct all liver ills.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for **Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness** and **Female Weakness.**

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

NORTHWEST MO. CORN, ALFALFA BLUEGRASS FARMS: From 80 acres up well located. Price $150 to $200. Write your wants. B. M. Seaton & Co., Cameron, Mo

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Would Be All Right.

Bernice asked her mother what she was going to do today. Her mother said she was going to wash the windows. Bernice answered: "Oh, mother, don't; it's going to rain." Whereupon Dorothy, aged three, said: "Mother, you wash them. You can hang them in the attic."

Garfield Tea was your Grandmother's Remedy for every stomach and intestinal ill. This good old-fashioned herb home remedy for constipation, stomach ills and other derangements of the system so prevalent these days is in even greater favor as a family medicine than in your grandmother's day.—Adv.

Enforced idleness finds the devil's workshop operating at full capacity.

When a man sees God truly he sees everything else differently.

Pneumonia often follows a **Neglected Cold**

KILL THE COLD!

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

WOLVES OF THE SEA

By RANDALL PARRISH

Copyright, by A. C. McClurg & Co.

CHAPTER XXII.

—15—

The Crew Decides.

Except that many of the men remained armed there was no suggestion of violence. But for the gleaming carronade trained on the main hatch, and the small group of gunners clustered about it, the scene was peaceable enough, resembling the deck of some merchant ship. LeVere stood motionless at the poop rail, staring down and his attitude and expression of face aroused within me a doubt of the man, a determination to put him to the test. Evidently he had held aloof and refrained from taking even the slightest part in our activities. The men themselves were mostly forward, grouped together and still excitedly discussing the situation.

"Stand by to reef topsails," I shouted. "We're all one watch now. Go at it lively, lads, and when the job is over we'll eat, and decide together what's our next move. Two of you will be enough to guard the hatch and one of you go into the cabin and relieve the girl there. Keep your eyes open. I'll be down presently. Aloft with you and see how quick a job you can make of it."

Watkins led the way up the mainmast ratlines, and Cole was first into the fore shrouds, the others following eagerly. I watched them lay out on the yards and was heartened to hear the fellows sing as they worked, the canvas melting away as if by magic. I climbed the ladder to where LeVere stood on the poop, but carefully ignored his presence, my gaze on the scene aloft. Twice I gave orders, changing the steering direction slightly, and commanding the lower sails reefed. The mulatto scowling, joined me at the rail.

"What's all this about?" he asked. 'That's no storm cloud yonder."

"There is always danger in fog," I answered coldly, "and besides there is no use carrying on until we know where we are bound. My purpose is to keep the men busy, and then talk the situation over with them. Have you any criticism of this plan, Senor LeVere?"

He hesitated, but his eyes were narrowed, and ugly.

"You'll do as you please, but you told me we sailed for Porto Grande. Was that a lie?"

"Not necessarily," and I smiled grimly. "Although I should not have hesitated to tell one under the circumstances. I mean to leave that decision to the men themselves. It is their lives that are in danger."

"That scum! half of them are English and French. All they want is to get away; they will never go back to Porto Grande without you make them."

"How make them?"

"By false observations; there is no navigator forward. It is a trick easy enough to play with a little nerve. I would never have taken part in this mutiny if I had supposed you meant to play into the hands of the men."

"It is very little part you took Senor LeVere, judging from what I saw. You seemed quite content to stand aft here and look on. However you are in it just as deeply as I am, and are going to play the game out with me to the end. Do you understand that?"

"What you mean, senor—play it out?"

"Go on with the rest of us; take your chance with the men and do your duty. I am captain here. The first sign of treachery on your part will send you below with those others. I don't trust you, and all I want is an excuse to put you out of the way—so be careful what you do."

I turned and walked away from him toward the forward rail. The men were still aloft but coming in from off the yards. Below me in the door of the companion, stood Dorothy, her eyes peering curiously about the deserted deck. She glanced up and saw me.

"May I come up there?" she asked.

"Certainly; let me help you. Stand here beside me, and you can see all that is being done. That's all, lads; breakfast is ready; lay down all except the lookout."

We watched while they streamed down the ratlines and gathered forward of the galley, squatting in groups on the deck. To all appearances the fellows had not a care in the world, or any thought of the stirring scenes just passed through. The girl's hand touched my sleeve, and I turned and looked into her face.

"Have you considered Captain Sanchez?" she asked.

"Why no," in surprise, "he is helpless below, badly wounded."

"Not so badly as you suppose," she said swiftly. "He is able to be up and about his stateroom. I heard him moving, and I believe the steward has told him what has occurred on board, and endeavored to bear a message from him to those men amidships. I held my pistol to his head and locked him in the pantry. He is there now, with the sailor you sent on guard. That is what I came on deck to tell you."

"He is a danger, of course, but not a serious one," I said confidently. "It is safe enough to leave him undisturbed at present. The first thing I need to do is to satisfy those men. I'll attend to that now, and then see to the proper securing of Sanchez. Remain here with LeVere while I go forward, and watch that he does not attempt to go below."

The fellows had not finished mess, but I felt the danger of further delay, and talked to them as they sat on deck, explaining briefly the entire situation, and the causes leading up to the mutiny. I dealt with the matter in plain terms, making no apparent effort to influence them, yet forcibly compelling each individual to realize what would be the result of our recapture. They listened earnestly, asking an occasional question, and passing comments back and forth freely among themselves.

I sent Watkins to the cabin for a roll of charts, and spreading these out, endeavored as well as I could, to make clear our probable position and the nearest point of land. When I had completed the explanation, and stood before them awaiting decision, it was Haines who acted as their spokesman.

"This yere is Cape Howarth?" he asked, a grimy thumb on the point indicated. "An' yer say it's 'bout a hundred and fifty miles west?"

"Yes, about that?"

"An' thar's no settlement?"

"Some colonists fifty miles north is all."

"That's 'bout right." He turned to the others. "Say mates, this is how I figure. We can't go on no long cruise with all those bloody rats in the hold. They're bound ter find some way out if we give 'em time 'nough. Fer as I'm concerned, I'm fer dividin' up whut we've got, and ter hell with piratin'. What 'er yer say, mates? Shall we run the ol' hooker ashore, an' leave her thar, while we tramp the coast? We're just a shipwrecked crew. What say yer?"

There was a chorus of approval sufficient in volume to satisfy me, and I accepted this as a decision.

"All right, lads," I said briefly. "In my judgment your choice is a wise

The Stricken Sailor Told the Whole Story.

one. I'll have an observation as soon as the fog clears and we'll head in for the Cape?"

"When do we divide the swag?"

"Fifty miles off the coast. That's fair enough, isn't it? And my share goes to you."

There was a straggling cheer, but I broke it up with a sharp order.

"Now stand by for work, all of you. Watkins and Carter, I want you aft."

CHAPTER XXIII.

The Prisoners Escape.

The two men followed me silently as far as the companion, where we paused a moment staring blindly about us into the fog. Even the guard at the main hatch was invisible.

"Carter, guard this after deck until Watkins and I come back. Under no circumstances permit LeVere to enter the cabin."

With the door closed, we were plunged into a darkness which rendered the interior invisible. I wondered dimly why the man on guard had not lighted the swinging lantern. I stumbled over something on the deck, as I groped forward, but did not pause until I had lighted the lantern. It blazed up brightly enough, its yellow flame illuminating the cabin and the first thing I saw was the outstretched figure of the sailor almost between my feet. We needed to ask no questions, imagine nothing—the overturned chair, the stricken sailor told the whole story. He had been treacherously stuck from behind, the blade driven home by a strong hand, and was dead before he fell to the deck. It had been silent, vengeful murder, and the assassin had left no trace. Who could it have been? Not Gunsaules surely—the steward lacked both nerve and strength for such a deed. Then there was but one to suspect—Sanchez!

I flung open the pantry door, but one glance inside told me that Gunsaules had vanished. On the deck lay the strands of rope with which he had been secured—they had been severed by a sharp knife, the ends discolored with blood stains. I held these out to Watkins.

"Cut since the murder," I said, "and by the same knife. What do you make of it, Tom?"

"Well, sir, the thing he'd most likely try fer wud be ter release them lads amidships. My idea is, sir, he thought he'd have time ter git the bulkhead door open, before anybody cum below—he an' the steward, who'd know whar the tools wus. That wus the scheme, only we busted in too quick. That's whar they both are—skulkin' back in them shadows."

He fitted the smoking lantern back onto the shelf to have his hands free for action, and drew a cutlass out of the arm rack, running one leatherly thumb along the blade to test its sharpness. His eyes sought mine questioningly.

"Probably your guess is the right one," I said soberly. "We'll give it a trial."

Murder had been committed for a purpose—it was the first step in an effort to retake the ship. If we were to retain our advantage there was no time to be lost; we were pitted now against Silva Sanchez, and he was a leader not to be despised or temporized with; no cowardly, brainless fool.

The passage leading forward was wide enough to permit of our advancing together and for a few steps the light dribbled in past us, quite sufficient for guidance. I had been down this tunnel once before, and knew the bulkhead was not far away, but the few steps necessary plunged us into profound blackness, through which we advanced cautiously with outstretched hands. No slightest sound warned of danger and I was already convinced in my own mind that the refugees were not hiding there, when it happened. Within an instant we were fighting for our lives, fronted not by two men, but by a score, who flung themselves cursing upon us. Their very numbers and the narrowness of the passage was our only salvation. At first our resistance was blind enough, guided only by the senses of touch and sound. We could see nothing of our antagonists, although their fierce rush hurled us backward. I fired into the mass, as Watkins slashed madly with his cutlass, both managing in some way to keep our feet. Hands gripped for us, a bedlam of oaths splitting the air; yet, even in that moment of pandemonium, I was quick to realize the fellows were weaponless, seeking only to reach and crush us with bare hands. The same discovery must have come to the mind of the sailor, for he yelled it out defiantly, every stroke of his blade drawing blood. I joined him, striking with the butt of the pistol. We killed and wounded, the curses of hate changed into sharp cries of agony, but those behind pressed the advance forward, and we were inevitably swept back into the light of the cabin lamp.

Then I saw faces, hideous in the glare, demoniacal in their expression of hatred—a mass of them, unrecognizable, largely of a wild, half-Indian type, with here and there a bearded white. Nor were they all bare-handed; in many a grip flashed a knife, and directly fronting me, with a meat cleaver uplifted to strike, Sanchez yelled his orders. Ignoring all others I leaped straight at him, crying to Watkins as I sprang.

"Back lad; dash out that light; I'll hold these devils here a minute!"

I did—God knows how! It was like no fighting ever I had done before, a mad, furious melee, amid which I lost all consciousness of action, all guidance of thought, struggling as a wild brute, with all the reckless strength of insanity. It is a dim, vague recollection; I am sure I felled Sanchez with one blow of my pistol butt; in some way that deadly cleaver came into my hands and I trod on his body, swinging the sharp blade with all my might into those scowling faces. They gave sullenly backward; they had to, yelping and snarling like a pack of wolves, hacking at me with their short knives. I was cut again and again. I stood on quivering flesh, crazed with blood, and seeking only to kill. I saw faces crushed in, arms severed, the sudden spurting of blood from ghastly wounds. Oaths mingled with cries of agony and shouts of hate. Then in an instant the light was dashed out and all was darkness.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Mends Granite Ware.

The government suggests we economize on kitchen utensils. To mend a hole in granite ware work a piece of putty until perfectly soft, then take a piece of the putty large enough to cover the hole and put one piece on either side of the metal, pressing together inside and out, smoothing down the edges. Place the vessel in a slow oven and bake until the putty is a deep brown. For containing water the vessel will be as good as new.

DYED CHILD'S COAT AND HER OLD SKIRT

"Diamond Dyes" Made Faded, Shabby Apparel So Fresh and New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers, draperies, coverings—everything!

The Direction Book with each package tells how to diamond dye over any color.

To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card. —Adv.

An Old Story.

"A rib is a very expensive luxury just now."

"Yes, my dear; it was as far back as Adam that a rib started the whole high cost of living."

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP.

A cold is probably the most common of all disorders and when neglected is apt to be most dangerous. Statistics show that more than three times as many people died from influenza last year, as were killed in the greatest war the world has ever known. For the last fifty-three years Boschee's Syrup has been used for coughs, bronchitis, colds, throat irritation and especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning. Made in America and used in the homes of thousands of families all over the civilized world. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Well, Well!

"I suppose," said the man who was buying a parrot, "that it will be easier for the bird to learn short words?"

"Oh, not at all!" the dealer responded cheerfully. "I've found that they take most naturally to polysyllables."

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin

When red, rough and itching with hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment. Also make use now and then of that exquisitely scented dusting powder, Cuticura Talcum, one of the indispensable Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

GOT HOMES AT SMALL COST

Fortunate Purchasers Profited by the Dismantling of Government-Built Munition Plants.

To select a dwelling from a large stock of samples, buy it "over the counter" at a bargain price, and then pack it on a motortruck to be sent home, is a novel solution of the house-hunting problem, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. That is literally what has been happening recently, however, in a number of communities where munition-plant housing facilities are being dismantled by the government. All the purchaser needs is a vacant lot, of course, and a foundation for his new home.

Near Cincinnati more than 200 four-room houses were sold in two days at the remarkable price of $200 each, their original cost to the government having been over $1,500. Purchasers of these houses have been able to get concrete block foundations built for an average price of $223, and to secure truck and trailer delivery within five miles for $120, making a total cost of $553 for a well-built home.

A Preference.

Knicker—America is the melting pot.

Bocker—Fine, but we'd rather be the sugar bowl.

Spoken In Bitterness.

"I saw you coming out of a cafeteria." "You named it wrong. It's a profiteria."—Washington Star.

When Blood Is P

Granite Falls, Minn.—"During pectant period I had varicose veins were ex painful. A of bottles Pierce's Fa Prescription pletely cured this conditi my syste toned up an comparative suffering. lady recom Dr. Pierce's dies to me a of years before when one of my had a solid crust of sores on hi She told me that it was because m was in poor condition, so I to Pierce's Golden Medical Discov purify my blood, and at the sam gave the baby a few drops several a day. The effect was wonderful a very short time he was a healthy ing baby and had a fine head of —Mrs. John M. Thompson.

FROM GIRLHOOD U

Centerville, Iowa.—"I have suffered ribly at times since girlhood; I w run-down and weak. Was advised Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription when I took the first dose I began prove. I took only three bottles of was cured. Have had five children have been in good health since. I frequently recommended the 'Pre tion' to others. My sister has also good results from it."—Mrs. Frank E 727 E. Grant St.

WOMEN EVERYWHE

St. Paul, Minn.—"For several ye suffered with woman's trouble. I re advertisement in the newspapers th Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription decided to try a bottle. In all I took six bottles and it helped me right the start; it actually cured me of the flammation and pain in a very short t and I think it a very wonderful med for women."—Mrs. Harry Frederick 268 Fuller St.

ABSORBIN

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT.

Will reduce **Inflamed,** Strain **Swollen Tendons, Ligame or Muscles.** Stops the lameness **pain** from a **Splint, Side Bon Bone Spavin.** No blister, no gone and horse can be used. $2 bottle at druggists or delivered. scribe your case for special ins tions and interesting horse **Book 2 R ABSORBINE, JR.,** the antiseptic liniment mankind, reduces **Strained,** Torn L ments, Swollen Glands, Veins or Mus Heals Cuts, Sores, Ulcers. Allays pain. $1.25 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Book "Evidence" W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple Street, Springfield

HOW IS YOUR EXPRESSIO

Well to Remember Sometimes Th Man Is Apt to Be Judged by His Looks.

What kind of expression do you habitually? Is it sour, morose, re lent? Is it a mean, stingy, contem ble, uncharitable, intolerant exp sion? Do you wear the expressio a bulldog, a grasping, greedy, hun expression, which indicates an av cious nature? Do you go about am the members of your family wit thunder-cloud expression, with a m ancholy, despondent, hopeless look your face? Do you wear the sunsh expression which radiates good ch and hope, which indicates a feeling good will and of helpfulness? Th questions are asked by a keen stud of nature, writing in a recent publi tion.

Do you smile and look happ when you approach them, or do th shrink from you and feel a chi gooseflesh sensation come over th as they see you approach? It ma all the difference in the world to y and to those whom you influence, wh kind of expression you wear.—T Continent.

Was Leaving, Anyway.

Sentry—Halt, or I fire.

Recruit—Fire away. I was just go up to the captain to resign, anyhow.

A man's descriptive ability usua goes lame when he attempts to about a woman's hat.

Why pay high prices for *coffee* when

POSTUM CEREAL

costs less and is better for you!

There's been no raise in price.

Usually sold at 15¢ and 25¢

Made by Postum Cereal Co. Battle Creek, Mich.

ASPIRIN

Introduced by "Bayer" to Physicians in 1900

You want genuine Aspirin—the Aspirin prescribed by physicians for nineteen years. The name "Bayer" means the true, world-famous Aspirin, proved safe by millions of people.

Each unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis and for Pain generally

Always say "Bayer" when buying Aspirin. Then look for the safety "Bayer Cross" on the package and on the tablets.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages.

Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

YOU NEED NOT SUFFER FROM CATARRH

But You Must Drive It Out of Your Blood.

Catarrh is annoying enough when it chokes up your nostrils and air passages, causing difficult breathing and other discomforts. Real danger comes when it reaches down into your lungs.

This is why you should at once realize the importance of the proper treatment, and lose no time experimenting with worthless remedies which touch only the surface. To be rid of Catarrh, you must drive the disease germs out of your blood.

Splendid results have been reported from the use of S. S. S., which acts on the catarrh germs in the blood.

If you wish medical advice as to the treatment of your own individual case, write to Chief Medical Adviser, 42 Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Quite Justified.

"I know a man who delights in bringing a blush to people's cheeks."

"And do people allow it?"

"Of course, they do. They go to him to buy their rouge."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

The Worst.

"The fellow who calls here has many short-comings."

"Yes, and his worst short-comings are his long-goings."

Speaking of crude taste, novietism is the big jazz that puts harmony out of business.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrh. It is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

The fact that he couldn't get people to listen to him has made many a man a writer.

How Competition Helps You

The competition that exists among the hundreds of meat distributors, large and small, means

Rivalry in Prices
Rivalry in Service
Rivalry in Economy
Rivalry in Quality

Swift & Company sells meat at the lowest possible price, consistent with quality and service. Our profit of only a fraction of a cent a pound on all products is evidence of keen competition.

Swift & Company must provide the best service to your dealer or he will buy from our competitors. This means a supply of fine fresh meat always on hand for you at your dealer's.

Swift & Company must keep down manufacturing and selling costs, and use all by-products to avoid waste, or else lose money meeting the prices of competitors who do.

Swift & Company must make its products of the highest quality, or see you turn to others. This means better meat for you and a greater variety of appetizing, wholesome food.

We are as glad for this competition as you should be. It helps to keep us on our mettle.

Swift & Company, U.S.A

SWIFT & COMPANY U.S.A.

Home Town Helps

GOOD WALKS FIRST REQUISITE

Those Built of Concrete Are Probably the Best That Have as Yet Been Devised.

Good walks between the buildings on farms add greatly to the ease and comfort with which farm work can be done. Good walks about suburban homes are a necessity. Concrete walks when properly made are permanent.

The New York state college of agriculture recommends excavating 8 to 10 inches, but what is worth doing, particularly in making walks with the expectation of having them permanent, is worth doing as well as it can be done. Therefore make the excavation 10 inches, or better 12 inches, and fill in with from 6 to 8 inches of cinders and similar material well tamped to make a good base. On top of this place 3½ inches of concrete tamped in place and a top coat of ½ inch of cement mixed in the proportions of one part cement to two of sand. The gravel for concrete should be well graded in sizes from ¼ inch to 1 inch, and for this material the proportions may well be one part cement, three of sand and six of gravel. Poorer materials should have a richer mixture. The top coat should be trowelled to drive it into the concrete base but not necessarily to make it smooth.

A rough surface walk may be advisable, in which case a little finer gravel may be used in the concrete and the full 4 inches made of this material.

COMPETITION IN GOOD WORK

Experiment Tried by Group of West Virginia Towns Has Proved of Advantage to All.

Cities at least have the stimulus to make improvement whether they do so or not. The village and rural community lack the stimulation that comes through contact with the outside world. It is not surprising to find them narrow and unprogressive. A unique experiment along the line of community betterment has been in progress for two years in 23 small West Virginia communities. A system of points is used to score community progress, 1,000 being a perfect score. Nine general headings are used to cover the field of community development — history, government, business, farms, clubs, homes, schools, churches and health. As examples of the way it works, the absence of gaudy and ugly advertising signs scored two points; increased use of school building for regular school work and as a social center, four points, and one point each for better housekeeping as the result of activities of the farm women's clubs, installation of bathrooms and running water in kitchens, and extension and improvement in the rural telephone system. The experiment has produced no Utopia, but has raised standards in the communities involved.—Leslie's.

Clubs in English Villages.

More than 350 English villages have organized branches of the Village Clubs association, a union of rural community societies through which it is planned to make country life more attractive.

In each of these communities, clubhouses have been constructed varying in size and appointment from a simple reading room, which may also be made to serve as a general meeting place, to Nettlebed's pretentious village hall, which offers men's and women's dressing rooms, library, reading and billiard rooms, a play shed, skittle alley, rifle range, kitchen and cookery school.

In the organization of these clubs, four points are given prime consideration—the eligibility of both women and men to membership, that the clubs shall be nonpolitical and nonsectarian and that they shall be administered by a committee elected by the members.

Before You Build.

Think twice before you build; don't let the present shortage of houses scare you into buying the first lot you come to and setting the contractor to work. Look around a bit; the house you build will stand there a long time—your home. Plan to make it beautiful and to give it a setting of beauty. It can be done; trees will do it. Nice houses are always made nicer by the company of trees. They look more like homes. They strike a note of comfort, of permanence, of stability, of peace. In Good Housekeeping Miss Alice Booth shows us with many beautiful photographs why the best of homes need trees.

Project for City Planning.

Ann Arbor, Mich., is to have a city planning body to control all general city improvements, such as building and traffic problems and city beautification. Members of the new commission will have longer terms than any of the present city officials, so that broad plans of improvement affecting the whole municipality will be uninterrupted by changes of administration.—Christian Science Monitor.

$5.00 Per Sack

Mail Coupon for Bigger Profits

Yes, Sir! For trial purposes only, the famous International Pig Meal is offered at $5 per 100-lb. sack. Order as many sacks as you need to test this unusual pork builder. This offer is made to give every pig raiser in America an opportunity to prove to himself how this fattening ration makes pigs ready for market in double quick time.

INTERNATIONAL PIG MEAL

Fattens Pigs, Shoats and Brood Sows

International Pig Meal is scientifically prepared by men who know pigs and what to feed them. One pound has the same feeding value as one gallon of new milk. Costs only 5c a day for a pig. This popular ration has but one purpose—to raise your pigs into heavy, healthy hogs that command top-notch prices. Farmers everywhere recommend and use it.

HURRY! Every day you delay means lost profits to you. Mail the coupon right away and your shipment of International Pig Meal will come to you *freight prepaid.* Send no money now. Pay when feed arrives. It is guaranteed to satisfy you.

INTERNATIONAL SUGAR FEED CO.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. - *Mills at Minneapolis and Memphis*

International Sugar Feed Company,
Department 147 Minneapolis, Minn.
United States Food Administration License No. 13615.
Gentlemen:

As per your special $5.00 per hundred pound sack, freight prepaid, International Pig Meal introductory offer, you may ship me

Quantity .....
My shipping station is.....
My name is.....
Address .....
.....R. F. D.....
The name and address of my bank is.....
.....

The above price does not apply to points south of Memphis and west of Denver. Write for quotations for these territories.

Hot Ice.

Professor Bridgman of Harvard has succeeded in making ice by squeezing water—and the ice is so hot that it will make alcohol boil.

Eases Colds

At once! Relief with "Pape's Cold Compound"

The first dose eases your cold! Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a severe cold and ends all grippe misery.

Relief awaits you! Open your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of your head; stop nose running; relieve the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice Contains no quinine. Insist on Pape's!—Adv.

She Was a Peach.

Three-year-old Mary Ellen demands a reason for everything and some of the reasons are mother's sudden inspirations. Sometimes she passes them on to other children. The other afternoon a group of children was talking to the wee miss, all giving her that sort of confection known as "taffy." Mary Ellen ate it with relish. Suddenly she turned to the child nearest her, "Do you think I'm pretty? Don't you think I'm sweet?" she asked.

He answered in the affrmative. "Well," she smiled sweetly, "my mamma found me in a peach basket."

Two or three of the children giggled but twelve-year-old Arthur sprang gallantly to the rescue. "No wonder you're such a little peach," he returned.

English to the French.

Many soldiers brought home French brides and now are busy teaching them to talk English. One of the mothers is trying hard to help her daughter-in-law. Also she is trying to teach her little French daughter-in-law to cook American dishes.

The other evening she was showing her how to cook oatmeal and how to stir it with a spoon.

"You stir it, Josephine," she told her. "Remember—stir."

A few minutes later the family dog walked into the kitchen wagging his tail in a friendly manner. Josephine garded him a minute, and then said: Oh, zee-se dog stir wiz his tail."

Thousands of Happy Housewives in WESTERN CANADA

are helping their husbands to prosper—are glad they encouraged them to go where they could make a home of their own—save paying rent and reduce cost of living—where they could reach prosperity and independence by **buying on easy terms.**

Fertile Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land similar to that which through many years has **yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre.** Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. With such crops come prosperity, independence, good homes, and all the comforts and conveniences which make for happy living.

Farm Gardens—Poultry—Dairying

are sources of income second only to grain growing and stock raising. Good climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephone, etc., give you the opportunities of a new land with the conveniences of old settled districts.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent

WESTERN CANADA Farm Lands at Low Prices in the Wheat Belt of America

Half-Finished Job.

"Sir, I am a self-made man."

"Who interrupted you?"—Boston Transcript.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

ENJOYED WELL-WON HONORS

Some Men of Genius Who Lived Many Years After Their Fame Had Been Assured.

Sophocles, the famous Athenian dramatist, lived to be ninety. The author of "Ajax" is the oldest writer, and he is unique in his degree of longevity. The next in point of age is Thomas Carlyle, the author of "Sartor Resartus" and "The French Revolution," and other works of noble conception, undoubted brilliance, and lofty aspirations. He died at the age of eighty-six.

Jeremy Bentham, whose disciple was John Stuart Mill, and who is the author of works on government, "The Principles of Morals and Politics," and other lucid expositions of the utilitarian system, underlived Carlyle by one year; while Voltaire, whose "Philosophical Letters" and "Discourses of Man" make his name to live, died at the age of eighty-four.

Eager to Recite.

One day in school my teacher asked who was the backbone of the American Revolution. I was eager to recite and replied: "The backbone is the spinal cord." At this exclamation the class laughed, to my embarrassment.—Exchange.

Rumor is like butter: once it has been spread you can do nothing more with it.

Did His Best.

Sallie Slim—I saw Jack put his arm around you.

Addie Pose—You didn't either.

Sallie—Well, then, as far around as he could get it.—Boston Transcript.

After Three Physicians Failed

Dodd's Kidney Pills Give Prompt Relief

Here's one of the many unsolicited testimonials which reach us from every section of the United States. Thousands upon thousands have been relieved of their kidney complaints and there is no reason why Dodd's—standard for two generations—won't give you the same prompt benefit.

Mr. B. C. Birchler of Fulda, Ind., writes, "In the year 1905, I was very low with a severe attack of kidney trouble and three noted physicians had given me up expecting death at any moment, but death did not come and I lingered for several months until accidentally one day I found an old Dodd's Almanac in my house which described symptoms exactly as mine. I then procured a box of your pills and took a double dose and the second day actually felt relieved. After a week I felt so good that I was glad to be alive. I continued using them for a time and they cured me.

This was fourteen years ago and I can truthfully say I have never yet been laid up with the same disease. A severe attack of 'flu' last winter affected my kidneys to a certain extent so I bought three boxes of your pills and used them for my whole family with the same good results."

If your dealer can't supply you send 60c in stamps to the Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Tell us the name of your druggist.

BELCHING Caused by Acid-Stomach

Let EATONIC, the wonderful modern stomach remedy, give you quick relief from disgusting belching, food-repeating, indigestion, bloated, gassy stomach, dyspepsia, heartburn and other stomach miseries. They are all caused by Acid-Stomach from which about nine people out of ten suffer in one way or another. One writes as follows: "Before I used EATONIC, I could not eat a bite without belching it right up, sour and bitter. I have not had a bit of trouble since the first tablet."

Millions are victims of Acid-Stomach without knowing it. They are weak and ailing, have poor digestion, bodies improperly nourished although they may eat heartily. Grave disorders are likely to follow if an acid-stomach is neglected. Cirrhosis of the liver, intestinal congestion, gastritis, catarrh of the stomach—these are only a few of the many ailments often caused by Acid-Stomach.

A sufferer from Catarrh of the Stomach of 11 years' standing writes: "I had catarrh of the stomach for 11 long years and I never found anything to do me any good—just temporary relief—until I used EATONIC. It is a wonderful remedy and I do not want to be without it."

If you are not feeling quite right—lack energy and enthusiasm and don't know just where to locate the trouble—try EATONIC and see how much better you will feel in every way.

At all drug stores—a big box for 50c and your money back if you are not satisfied.

EATONIC (FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH)

CRITZ BROS.
Missouri Land, Scotland Co., Memphis, Mo.

WITTY & COMBS
Real Estate, Scotland County, Memphis, Mo.

Grape-Nuts

supplies what many breakfast cereals lack

—solid nourishment including the vital mineral salts so necessary to encourage normal growth in children.

A body-building food that tastes real good

"There's a Reason"

A Few Items Which Failed To Arrive in Time Last Week But Still of Some Interest To You.

Emil Lau and family left last week for a visit with relatives and friends in North Dakota.

Miss Hulda Johnson left Monday for Mason City where she is working in the Damon-Igou Store.

John Neuberger and son, Clarence, were business callers at Garner Tuesday between trains.

Chas. Lewis left last week for a visit at the Henry Yahnke home at Garden City, Minn.

C. W. Wiles and Dr. R. M. Thomas returned last Friday from a few days spent in Chicago.

Milton Schaper returned to Iowa Falls Monday to continue his course of study after enjoying his mid-winter vacation with Klemme folks.

W. H. Trafford retuned Tuesday moning from Burlington where he went to attend the furniture show and also to buy up a large stock of furniture for the Wellemeyer store.

Marvin Weigmann, who has been working in the First National Bank for the past month, left Saturday for Des Moines where he will continue his law course.

J. P. Larsen & Sons filled their ice house last week clean up to the shingles. The ice is good this year and it didn't take them long to fill the ice house. They secured the ice from the river west of town.

The G. A. Pabst family left last Thursday for Belmond, Rowan and other points along the Rick Island for a couple of weeks' visit with relatives and friends before leaving for California where they will make their future home.

Ben Schwichtenberg and Earl Kahler loaded their car of goods and shipped out of here last Saturday bound for Becker, Minn., where they will farm the coming year. Their farms are about five miles apart. Next spring will see quite a number of Klemme farmers pushing the plow in the Big Lake, Minn., district.

Barber "Zip" McCullough experienced a little excitement last Friday morning when his hot water tank blew up and nearly scared him out of a couple feet of growth. Evidently the tank had frozen up on New Year's Day and when "Zip" kindled a hot fire under it the next morning the water had to expand one way or the other so it chose to knock out the bottom of the ank. Little or no damage was done excep to give "Zip" a good scare. He has the tank fixed now and is mixing shaves and haircuts as lively as ever.

Protection Against Catarrh.

Any constitutional exercise which improves the circulation and makes the body resistant helps to protect one from catarrh. This is particularly true of all breathing exercises because the effects are beneficial locally as well as constitutionally, says one of the best-known physical culture teachers in New York. So let us teach our children the value of correct and deep breathing, and in doing so we improve our own health and thereby impart cheerfulness and happiness to our home.

The Orange in Spain.

It is considered a very healthful thing to eat an orange before breakfast. But who can eat an orange well? One must go to Spain to see that done. The senorita cuts off the rind with her silver knife; then, putting her fork into the peeled fruit, she detaches every morsel with her pearly teeth and continues to eat the orange without losing a drop of the juice and lays down the core with the fork still in it.—Exchange.

Defining the Heart.

The human heart, always a mystery, has become the subject of further speculation, since a Supreme court justice decided that "nobody can plumb its depths." It has been described as broad and hollow, and the jurist says, in effect, that it is bottomless. One is almost driven to the conclusion that, as was the world before the first heart began to beat, it is "without form and void."

Ordering Meals Electrically.

An electrical system of ordering for lunchrooms, clubs, restaurants and hotels has been devised. You simply press a button which operates an annunciator installed in the kitchen, telling the kitchen hands just what food you want.—Popular Science Monthly.

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Wallace Pavey was a business visitor at Mason City last Friday.

Mrs. L. H. Yost, of Donnelly, Minn. came Friday for a day's visit at the J. N. Day home.

A few from here attended the dance at Garner last Saturday evening and they report a good time.

Herb Bailey is enjoying a visit from his brother who comes from near Tulsa, Oklahoma.

Notice—All those who are indebted to us kindly call and see us. Gruetznacher Bros. 2w.

Dr Shultz will be at the Klemme hotel from 11:30 to 2:00 on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson was a Garner visitor between trains Monday afternoon.

FOR SALE—Some cows, some are fresh and others fresh soon. Chas. Ax. 1-w.

Jacobs & Son have part of a trainload of feed advertised in this issue. Look for the box car in this issue.

Hocum had in a car load of hard coal Monday. Needless to say it went like wild fire.

W. C. Zeisemer of Garner, was transacting business in Klemme on Tuesday.

Mrs. C. V. McCullough, of Garner, came Tuesday evening to pay her son Gerald, and daughter Mildred, a short visit.

Mr. Kahrs, the druggist, believes that Klemme hens should lay more eggs. Read his ad, he tells you there how it can be done.

E. Z. Zeidler is at present in Reno, Oklahoma, visiting with his folks, and is also taking treatments at Wichita, Kansas. He is expected to return to Klemme in about a month.

Mrs. Frank Kluckhohn and two children returned Monday evening from a visit of several days with relatives and friends at Thompson and Miller.

E. S. D. Kahrs is enjoying a visit from his sister, Mrs. Anna L. Johnson who came Monday evening from Pasadena, California, for a couple of weeks' visit with Mr. and Mrs. Kahrs.

Mr. G. H. Ludwig, a brother of Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs, came last week from Nevada, Iowa, to assist in invoicing the stock of goods at the drug store.

A perfectly adjusted spine cures a "lame back" and insures good nerves, freely circulating blood, and a perfect digestion. Treatment will be given in your home when necessary. Telephone message may be left at the Hotel to be delivered to Dr. R. W. Schultz. tf.

Modern Girl No Hypocrite.

Tom—"When you proposed to her I suppose she said, 'This is so sudden!'" Dick—"No, she was honest and said, 'This suspense has been terrible.'"

Mrs. Wallace Pavey and Miss Lena Coobs were passengers to Forest City last Friday for a visit with friends at that place. We also observed that Verner Lewis bought a ticket for the same place that day.

Miss Mildred McCullough and brother, Gerald, have gone to housekeeping in the rooms over the Kirkwood boarding house. Evidently Mildred's cooking sure agrees with "Zip" for he is actually becoming fat.

Mr. Chas. Gibbs, of Big Lake, Minn., came Monday noon for a couple of days' visit with Klemme relatives and friends. Mr. Gibbs manages to get to Klemme every few months for a visit.

Mrs. E. Z. Zeidler and Mrs. Earl Kahler left last Friday for Big Lake, Minn. Mrs. Zeidler will remain there for a couple of weeks helping Mr. and Mrs. Kahler to get settled in their new home.

Mrs. Richard Baldwin, of Garner, and Mrs. Andrews of Sterling, Washington, who are both cousins of Mrs. George Gruetzmacher, came Monday noon and remained until Tuesday morning visiting with her.

Mrs. Paul Griesemer and Mrs. John Gruetzmacher went to Garner Monday for a visit with relatives. From Garner they went to Mason City Tuesday and returned back to Klemme Tuesday evening.

Fred Blank, assistant agent at the Rock Island, is acting as relief agent at Klemme while thee Klemme agent takes a two-week vacation. Joe White is taking Blank's place during the latter's absence.—Belmond Independent.

Mrs. S. Paul Figi, of Renwick, Iowa, and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Mark, of Creston, Nebraska, came last Thursday for a short visit at the F. J. Wenck home. The first lady is a sister of Mrs. Menck and the other lady is a cousin.

Mrs. Heuer and two children arrived Tuesday noon from Wisconsin, where Mrs. Heuer has been visiting her folks during the Holidays, for a visit at the Rev. A. H. Meyer home. Mrs. Heuer and Mrs. Meyer are sisters They expect to remain in Klemme for several days.

Elmer Hartbeck is expected to return from Denver, Colorado, some time next week. He has been in the hospital there for the past four months and prior to that time spent six months in a hospital in France. He is one of the many victims of the flu and has not yet fully recovered. He writes that he is now feeling fine.

Miss Mavis Evohn Fuller, a fine ten pound baby girl came Sunday morning to make her home with Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Fuller of this city. According to proud "Daddy Fuller" she is the finest girl he ever saw and takes up a lot of valuable time telling about the wonderful girl From his description we will venture to say that she surely must be a dandy.

E. G. Ell was a business caller at Mason City the fore part of this week

John Etchen went to Garner Monday where he had business at the court house. John thought thee fine weather of the past week was a sure indication of spring and that it was time to get his car out again and he went there to get some new number plates.

Iowa has been honored by President Wilson in the naming of J. P. White as the representative of the miners on the price adjusting commission which grew out of the strike of the coal miners. Mr. White is a native of Lucas county, along with Nathan E. Kendall and others prominently before the public at this time.

It would be will if "Bobby Car" would offer the Ventura correspondent of the Garner Democrat a little hush money. Several times we have seen the following item in the Ventura news—"John Henschen of Klemme visied a lady friend in Ventura Wednesday evening." Of course "Bobby" will deny this, he always does.

E. S. D. Kahrs, the gentleman who bought out G. A. Pabst some time ago, has been busy invoicing for the past week or so, completing that job Tuesday morning of this week. While going over the stock he also arranged it systematically in it's proper order and thus has greatly increased the appearance of the store. Mr. Kahrs is conducting a very up-to-date drug business and we are glad to number him as one of our enterprising business men.

Lester Stille and Carl Suckow have returned from their trip to Louisiana and other southern states. Lester returned las Wednesday. While in the south he also went to Texas to see his bother Harvey. Carl returned a few days later as he took a different route on the way home. They said it was quite a change to step out of an Iowa snow drift and land up where it was so nice and warm that the kids were all going barefooted.

The preliminary work on the paved road program is going on nicely in Hancock county and the board of supervisors will be ready to let the contract about the first of March. It is probable that all the grading on the Norh Iowa Pike will be done the coming year and some of the cement work completed. The paving in Hancock county will run close to Forest City on the Wilson highway and there is some feeling that the local council should extend the paving to meet it. This could be done with a little over 200 yards of paving and would be a great improvement.—Forest City Summit.

Mr. W. A. Rhodes, of Goodell, was a business caller in Klemme Tuesday. While here Mr. Rhodes subscribed to the Klemme Times.

How "Rubbers" Were Produced.

"Rubbers," as Americans have named them, were the invention of Charles Goodyear, father of the man who helped produce the Goodyear welt machine. In 1833 it was found that India rubber, dissolved in turpentine and mixed with lampblack, would give a waterproof surface to leather. But the leather so treated was subject to atmosphere changes, heat causing it to melt and cold to crack. Mr. Goodyear mixed sulphur with the other combination and produced rubber.

We are now taking orders for

CloverSeed

and other Seeds

Jacobs & Son

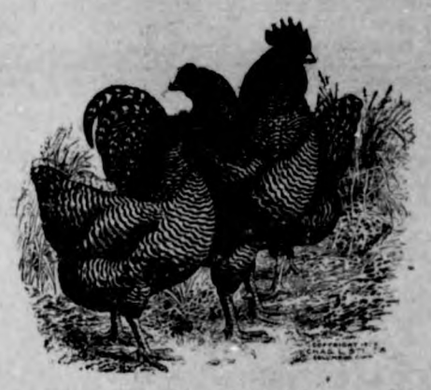
You Can

Make your Hens LAY

More Eggs this Winter if you will give them

Dr. Hess

Poultry Pan-a-cea



It keeps your Poultry Healthy and makes your hens lay more eggs. **Guaranteed**

Get a free sample box, enough for 24 hens for 2 weeks:

A Tablespoonfull a day for 20 to 25 Hens

E. S. D. Kahrs

Successor to G. A. Pabst, Drugs Klemme, Ia.

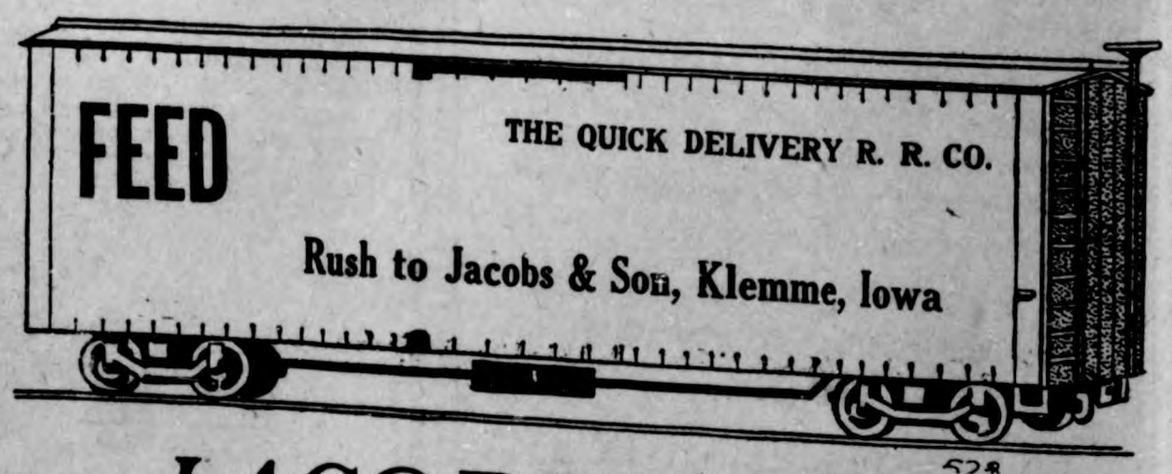
Farmers, Look!

We Buy our Feed in Car Lots

Which means we can save you money on your Feed Buying.

Get Your Order In Now

We have just received three car loads of Feed--one car of Mixed Feed, one car of Tankage and one car of Cotton Seed Meal, it won't last long, so get your snpply now while we have it.



JACOBS & SON

Hardware Paints Oils Feed

If you are looking for

A new Kitchen Range

we have just what you want

The Estate Range

will solve the question

We also carry a nice line of Electric and Power Washers. Come in and see our new hardware department.

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 20 | Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, January 22, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

"FLU" AT GALT

It is reported that Galt has thirty cases of "flu" in a light form, and during the absence of Dr. Patton, who is at Colfax for treatment, Drs. Jessup and Snug of Dows are caring for the patients. They all seem to be sick for two days and then improve rapidly.—Belmond Independent.

BIG STOCK SHIPMENTS AT KLEMME

Twenty-three car loads of live stock were shipped from the Klemme yards during the past week. Eight car loads were shipped last Wednesday night and Saturday evening almost double the number, or fifteen cars of live stock were shipped from here. Stock shipping the past two weeks has been heavy.

NOTICE, AUTO OWNERS

Automobile owners are hereby informed that the supply of license plates and the metal containers are exhausted, and delivery will be delayed until the supply comes from the factory. Should the delay be extended we will mail receipt to applicants for licenses that have not received the plates.

T. H. Thompson, County Treasurer

TO THE PEOPLE OF IOWA:

I am an active candidate for the Republican nomination for governor at the primaries next June. I base my candidacy upon certain definite principles which I expect to advocate during the campaign and to carry out during my administration, so far as I am able, if elected.

First among these is giving the people of Iowa a businesslike administration of their affairs. I am opposed to the trafficking of political offices to pay political debts, or the use of a public position to build up a personal political machine. Efficiency should be the basis of appointment to public office.—HON. H. M. HAVNER. adv.

Function of Manners.

Manners must adorn knowledge and smooth its way through the world.—Chesterfield.

Gone But Not Forgotten

OBITUARY JOHN B. JOHN BARLEYCORN'S FUNERAL

By Rev. A. E. Buriff

Notwithstanding the severe weather, a crowd that filled the church gathered Sunday night at the Methodist Episcopal church to attend the funeral service of John Barleycorn, as announced in hese columns last week. Instead of the usual draping of black the church was decorated in the national colors with a chart on the wall showing the dates of ratification of the eighteenth amendment by the several states.

There were no flowers, and if there were any mourners they restrained their gief. The only outward manifestation of emotion was an occasional ripple of laughter during the sermon and an outbreak of applause at its close. Music by the orchestra of the church and a well rendered anthem by the choir were pleasing features of the service.

In the course of his address Dr. Buriff called attention to the fact that the same day marked the beginning of the League of Nations and the end of the liquor traffic in the United States. "The adoption of the eighteenth amendment is not the work of a minority," he said, "unless forty-five is a minority of forty-eight. Equally unfounded is the plea that this was foisted upon us while our soldiers were in France. Most of the legislatures that ratified the amendment were elected before any great number of our men went to France."

Conditions twenty-five years ago were recalled and a sort of impromptu post mortem held on the remains to determine just what killed old John. "The fight is not over," the speaker declared. "It takes a man, a city, a state or a nation some time to sober up. We must see that the proper laws are enacted and that they are properly enforced. Then we must move forward to greater victories—to world-wide prohibition."

In conclusion, standing over the imagined casket of John Barleycorn, he addressed the corpse in these words:

"Good bye, John! You are gone but you will not soon be forgotten. The scars of your diabolism are too deep. The heart-strings which you have torn will need time to heal, and for a generation yet the soft and innocent childhood which you have twisted and misshapen will drag its distorted mind, its blackened soul and its crippled body before us.

"Not in vain have you filled our almshouses with 60 per cent of their inmates and our penal institutions with 80 per cent of their criminal inhabitants. You have been the most prolific source of poverty and the fostering father of crime. There is no law which you have not defied and no virtue which you have not besmirched Your crimes and misdemeanors are written on the records of every court. Your greedy fingers have clutched the patrimony of the rich and dragged the shoes off baby feet; you have fostered harlotry and aided and abetted the white slave traffic; you have made alliance with the foreign foe in time of war and in time of peace have battered down the domestic safeguards of our liberties.

"You have been the blood brother of beastiality, the ally of animalism, the purveyor of prostitution and the partner of panders. Associate of anarchy, companion of thieves, instigator of murder, wrecker of homes you have blackened every community which has harbored you, from city to hamlet.

"The sum of your villainies has at last recoiled upon your own head. The prayers and tears of womanhood affected you not; the moans of tortured childhood aroused no pity; the convulsive struggles of your victims only caused you to tighten your grip. At last your own feet have slipped over the edge of the pit that you have digged and your own carcass is about to drop into the abyss. Before the filming eyes of the dying king of France the priest held up the cross and said, 'Son of Saint Louis, ascend to heaven.' Before your eyes I hold not alone the scroll of the constitution of the United States, but the book of the law of God and say, 'Monstrous offspring of Mammon and Lust, son of Moloch, descend into hell!'"

Editor's Note: In Revelations 1:18 we find, "I am he that liveth, and was dead; and, behold, I am alive for evermore, Amen; and have the keys of hell and death."

WOULD PAVE ROAD AROUND WORLD

Iowa has some corn crop this year. The ears of this corn if laid side by side and end to end would pave a road 40 feet wide all the way around the world. The year's crop of 417,000,000 bushels makes quite a lot of corn, and no other state in the union came anywhere near Iowa's production. Illinois, which ranks second, had less than 275,000,000 bushels as compared with Iowa's bumper crop.

LAW SUIT

A preliminary hearing was held at Rowan Tuesday, wherein Henry Sporaa was bound over to the grand jury. The case started by A. Trager who says Sporaa's cattle had been running loose and getting into his fields. After shutting them up Trager waited for the owner to get them. Sporaa appeared and demanded his property, but being unable to obtain them, drew his gun, which is a criminal offense. Authorities were at once notified and an order issued for Sporaa's arrest. —Belmond Independent.

AERIAL EXPRESS DELIVERS EVANSVILLE DAILY PAPER

EVANSVILLE, IND.—The first Evansville newspaper to be delivered by aerial express was the Evansville Courier. At sunrise Sunday, January 11, an airplane left the Evansville aviation field with packages of the issue of the Courier for Oakland City, Petersburg, Washington, and other points along the Evansville & Indianapolis railroad. The air expressman was Roderick Wright, flying the Graham Brothers' Curtiss plane. The newspapers were marked "aerial express."

DO YOU WANT TO HELP THE BAND

A few have donated small sums to the Klemme Band. If you would like to help out, the band boys will appreciate any small amount you wish to contribute. Leave your donations at the First National Bank with C. G. Waterman, the secretary of the band.

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Canny and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

Westren States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Materail

Cement

Lime

Brick

Posts

Drain Tile

We take orders for-

Storm Sash and Storm Doors

Great Duroc Dead

THE GREAT "AVIATOR" HOG MYSTERIOUSLY BURNED TO DEATH AT ALGONA LAST WEEK

"Aviator," one of the best Duroc Jersey Boars in the world, is dead. Lloyd Wellendorf, the owner of the famous hog at Algona, brought the pig to town to show at the sale which was to be held Tuesday night at the sale barns. This was Monday evening. Mr. Wellendorf did not take the hog direct to the sale barn, but thought it best to house the pig over nigh in an old garage building or barn just across the street from the Ford Garage at Algona. Some time during the night the fire alarm was turned in and when men got to the barn it was all in flames, and the entire building was son burned to thee ground. Upon examination it was found that "Aviator" was burned and near his charred body was an empty kerosine can which explained the situation. Someone evidently had a grudge against the owner and took this low down means of seeking revenge. The hog was not for sale, but Mr. Wellendorf had turned down many large offers for the animal, the latest offer being $35,000.00. The loss will be felt not only by Mr. Wellendorf but also by all the Duroc Jersey men as they have ost an almost perfect animal.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10:00 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the preaching service at 11 o'clock. Epworth League service at 7:30. Preaching service at 8 o'clock. Midweek prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30.

Everybody cordially invited.

No. 6659 Report of the Condition of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Klemme, in the State of Iowa, at the close of business, Dec. 31, 1919.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts		$299,194 72
Overdrafts, unsecured		472 20
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		25,000 00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebt'ness owned and unpledged		10,350 00
Liberty bonds, unpledged		
Bonds, Securities, etc.		2,926 42
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank		1,050 00
Banking house	8,302.00	
furniture and fixture	2,700.00	11.002 00
Other checks on banks in same city or town as reporting bank		3,066 66
Lawful money reserve with Federal Reserve bank:		18,974 21
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		77,684 63
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		
Checks on banks outside of city or town and other cash items		178 56
War Savings Certificates & Thrift Stamps owned		874 00
Redemption fund with U S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		1,250 00
Total		$452,023 40

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	25,000 00
Surplus fund	10,000 00
Undivided profits $ Less current expenses interest and taxes paid	1,760 40
Interest and discount collected but not earned	358 64
Circulating notes outst'ding	24,995 00
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding	896 50
Individual deposits subject to check	83,953 87
Certificates of deposit payable within 30 days	27.326 32
Certificates of deposit (other Than for money borrowed)	277,732 67
Total	$452,023 40

STATE OF IOWA, Hancock County, } ss

I, F. A. Arnold, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. A. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of Jan., 1920.

J. F. W. VRBA Notary Public.

[SEAL]

Correct—Attest:

FRED GREIMANN
C. A. ARNOLD
PETER JOSTEN
} Directors

A Successful Sale

GEO. GRIEMAN SMEARED A LOT OF PRINTER'S INK AROUND AND MADE THE DOLLARS ROLL HIS WAY

One of the most successful sales held this fall was the one Geo. H. Grieman pulled off a short time ago. George was in the Times office last Saturday to settle his sale advertising and also to plank down a couple of "bucks" for a renewal subscription. Incidentally we asked him how his sale panned out. "Good" would be putting it mild, "big success" would better fit the result. George says he had three newspapers in the county daub up their sheets with his ad and he says it brought home the bacon. Not slamming the other paper any but George says the Klemme Times was the paper which brought him the best results for his best sales went to farmers from Klemme. He has been in the farming business something like nineteen long years and machinery he bought at that time sold wonderfully, in fact he says he got a good deal more for his machinery than he paid for it. The biggest price paid in Hancock county for a team of horses was paid at the Grieman sale, his big team of sorrels sold for $526. They are dandies and weigh about 1600 pounds each. The cattle also went at top prices as his fourteen head of cows sold for an average price of $111.00 each. George figures that his newspaper advertising netted him several hundred dollars more than he figured he would get. This is only one instance of what advertising will do for a farm sale. You yourself can notice that the well advertised sale goes far better than the one where only a few bills are stuck around.

POLITICIANS, DON'T ASK US FOR FREE ADVERTISING

We presume we are just like the other publishers in the state, getting lots of political advertising in every mail, that is "free" advertising which the candidat for office thinks he can slip by with. Nothing doing with us. If you are a candidate for office and want advertising, so called "editorial mention" and "give me a good send-off" stuff, we have rates to cover the same and gladly will accept your "advertising" on those terms. One man seeking a state office, who does not reside in this county or close by, had the nerve to send us an article which would cover about a column and asking us to please run it in our next issue. He enclosed a dollar for same —which would not even cover the cost of setting the article, let alone the ost of running it. His check adorns our waste paper basket, where it will rest undisturbed, as far as we are concerned.

A MERRY OLD TIME INDEED

Those who did not attend the third number of the lyceum course at the Idle Hour Monday evening missed out on a good thing. Louis Gerhardt and Company sure did know how to entertain and keep the audience laughing from start to finish. Mr. Gerhardt is especially good and is a master in the art of telling funny stories, singing songs, and giving character sketches. He gave us a little advance information in regard to the next number of the course. "Bob" Briggs will be the entertainer and is guaranteed to drive away the worst case of blues. Be sure to hear him tell funny stories and sing humerous songs.

HOP TO IT BAND BOYS

The Klemme band is making rapid strides under the instruction of Mr. Crotty, their leader. They have had two rehearsals now and the majority are also taking private instruction under Crotty, which helps them along in their work. A few of the boys are still waiting for their instruments to arrive before they can begin work. The band can still use a few more players. Those who still wish to join may do so by communicating with R. A. Jorgenson, the president of the band, or C. G. Waterman, the secretary. The Band Boys also wish to thank Mr. Art Wellemeyer for the interest he has taken in the band by raising the necessary funds to carry on the work, and they also thank the business men and others of Klemme who are subscribing to the band fund, without whose support the band could not exist.

The band will be in perfect trim by summer to give a concert once each week.

Wm. Werner Dead

WM. WERNER PASSES AWAY AT GARNER

The sad news of the death of Wm. Werner, former Klemme resident, reached us Monday morning.

Mr. Werner was a victim of the flu last winter which later developed tuberculosis. He was taken to the sanitarium at Fort Dodge in the hopes of checking the disease but it gradually sapped away his life until Saturday when he finally succumbed to the dreaded disease.

Burial was held at Garner Monday and a number of Klemme people attended. He leaves his wife and little child to muron his untimely death. Mrs. Werner has the sympathy of the community in her bereavement.

FRED SCHULDT PULLS DOWN THE BIG MONEY AT MINER SALE

F. H. Schuldt, one of our local thoroughbred hog raisers pulled down the highest price at Miner Bros. Sale which was held at Garner last week. "Marions Golden Lady" is the name of the pig which Mr. Schuldt had on the sale and was sold to E. J. Edwards of Alta, Iowa, for $465 which was the top price of the sale. Fred is one of those men who takes great interest in the Duroc Jersey business and who is making good. He intends to hold a sale of his own next winter and will then have to offer some of the best pigs in this part of the state.

CROTTY RETAINED AS BAND-MASTER

At a meeting of the band Monday evening E. C. Crotty was unanimously elected as band master for the coming year. Mr. Crotty is a high class musician and one who gives his earnest effort in keeping up the musical organization. It is no easy task to instruct and lead a band, especially when he players are made up of busy business men with numerous other obligations that take their time; of housewives, clerks and chattering schoolma'ams.

Britt band concerts have come to be one of the best factors in advertising the town of anything that has taken place in recent years.—Britt News-Tribune.

Lou Snyder was on the verge of marrying Susie Morris here when she up and eloped.

She went away wth a facinating food salesman.

Snyder lives at Shelby and he came over to Oakland in a perfectly customary manner, took his prospective bride's mother, where they secured the marriage license, returned and bought the girl an entire new wardrobe at the department store on Main street and slipped $20 in her purse.

Then the slick salesman appeared and it was all off with Snyder.

He has returned, broken hearted, to Shelby, where he lonely sits in the home he had furnished richly for his bride.

Meanwhile silence envelopes the eloping paid.

The salesman's name is not known sereabouts.—Dows Advocate.

A perfectly adjusted spine cures a "lame back" and insures good nerves, freely circulating blood, and a perfect digestion. Treatment will be given in your home when necessary. Telephone message may be left at the Hotel to be delivered to Dr. R. W. Schultz. tf.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR

Notice is Hereby Given, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the Estate of Jacob P. Mayer, deceased, late of Hancock County, State of Iowa, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

Dated December 16th, A. D. 1919.

P. M. Griesemer, Executor
By Ramsay & Blackstone,
His Attorneys

Putting It Formally.

The four-year-old had just been reproved at the table. He continued to talk cheerfully, though unanswered, to father. After some minutes of soliloquy he turned to mother and remarked: "Your husband doesn't talk very much this noon, does he, mother?" —Harper's Magazine.

Why That Backache?

Why be miserable with a bad back? You can't be happy if every day brings lameness; sharp, shooting pains and a dull, nagging ache. Likely the cause is weak kidneys. You may have headaches and dizzy spells, too, with a weak, tired feeling. Don't delay! Try *Doan's Kidney Pills*. They have done wonders in thousands of such cases. *Ask your neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

N. K. Root, 1103 N. 9th St., Burlington, Ia., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills are fine for pain and lameness across the back. I used them for lumbago and they did me more good than all the remedies I had ever taken. My kidneys were weak and caused me a great deal of trouble, breaking my rest at night. Mornings I was tired and listless. Doan's Kidney Pills removed all the trouble. Doan's strengthened my kidneys and I felt better in every way after using them."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Liver and Bowels Right—Always Feel Fine

There's one right way to speedily tone up the liver and keep the bowels regular.

Carter's Little Liver Pills never fail. Millions will testify that there is nothing so good for biliousness, indigestion, headache or sallow, pimply skin. Purely vegetable.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness.

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

DON'T DESPAIR

If you are troubled with pains or aches; feel tired; have headache, indigestion, insomnia; painful passage of urine, you will find relief in

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles and National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Speaking of Spades.

"I believe in calling a spade a spade."

"I believe it is the best policy myself, I once tried to pass one off for a club. That's how I got these two fingers shot off."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER.

Constipation invites other troubles which come speedily unless quickly checked and overcome by Green's August Flower which is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion both in stomach and intestines, cleans and sweetens the stomach and alimentary canal, stimulates the liver to secrete the bile and impurities from the blood. It is a sovereign remedy used in many thousands of households all over the civilized world for more than half a century by those who have suffered with indigestion, nervous dyspepsia, sluggish liver, coming up of food, palpitation, constipation and other intestinal troubles. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Try a bottle, take no substitute.—Adv.

Natural Result.

"A poor man is not in good odor in society." "No wonder, when his is a cent-less life."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

An electric pen has been invented by a native of India that carbonizes paper over which it passes.

Ask for "HILL'S"

FIVE MILLION PEOPLE USED IT LAST YEAR

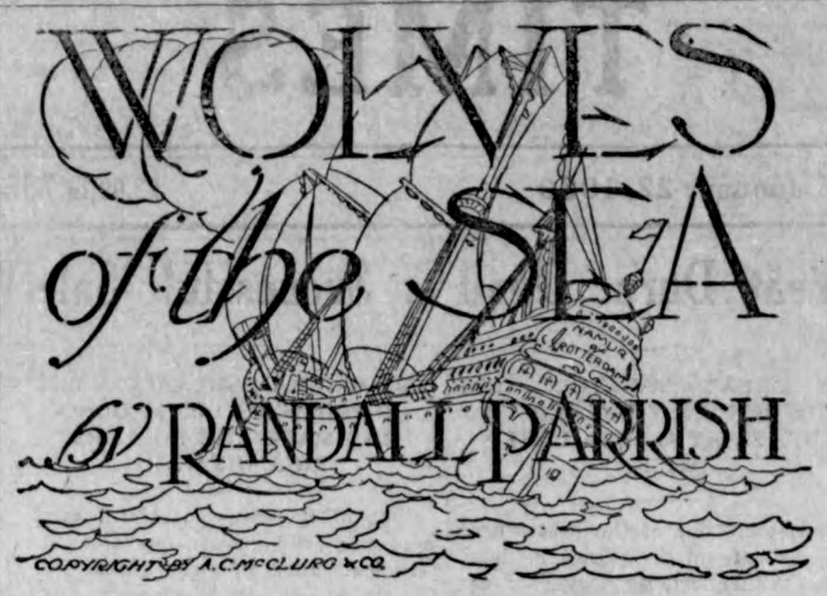
HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

WOLVES of the SEA

By RANDALL PARRISH



COPYRIGHT BY A. C. McCLURG & CO.

CHAPTER XXIII—Continued.

—16—

It was as though my brain snapped back into ascendency. I was no longer a raging fury, mad with the desire to kill, but cool-headed, planning escape. Before a hand could reach me in restraint, I sprang backward and ran. I stumbled up the stairs leading to the companion. The vague glimmer of daylight showing through the glass, revealed the presence of Watkins. I heard him dash the door wide open, call to those on deck, and then saw him wheel about to again confront the devils plunging blindly forward toward us through the dark cabin. We could hold them for a time at least, yet I had the sense to know that this check would prove only temporary. They out-numbered us ten to one, and would arm themselves from the rack. Yet the greater danger lay in the possible disloyalty of my own men. A dozen of us might hold these stairs against assault, but treachery would leave us helpless. If one among them should steal below forward, and force open the door from the forecastle, we would be crushed between two waves of men, and left utterly helpless. I saw the whole situation vividly, and as quickly chose the one hope remaining.

"Watkins," I called sharply back over my shoulder. "Get the boats ready and be lively about it. We'll hold these fellows until you report. The two quarterboats will hold us all. Knock out the plugs in the others. See that Miss Fairfax is placed safely in the afterboat, and then stand by. Send me word the moment all is ready."

I had glimpse of the thick fog without as he pushed through the door, and of a scarcely distinguishable group of men on the deck. Those about me could only be located by their restless movements. I stepped down one stair conscious of increasing movement below, the meat cleaver still gripped in my hands.

"Any of you armed with cutlasses?"

"Oui, m'sieur, Ravel DeLasser."

"Stand here, to right of me, now another at my left. Who are you?"

"Jim Carter, sir."

"Good; now strike hard, lads, and you others be ready. The cabin is full of 'em, and it is your life and mine in the balance. If we can get away in this fog they'll never find us, but we've got to hold them here until the boats are ready. I killed their captain, Sanchez. That is where we've still got them, without a leader."

"But they've got arms?"

"Only hand weapons," broke in Carter. "There's ball in the bandoliers, but no powder. I wus goin' ter break open a cask, but Estada put me at another job."

"Then that leaves us on even footing, lads, we ought to be equal to them with the cold steel."

CHAPTER XXIV.

In Clasp of the Sea.

The sounds of voices and of moving bodies were plainly discernible, but the darkness was too dense below to permit the eye perceiving what was taking place. The rattle of steel told me some among them had reached the arm rack. There followed the crash of wood as though the butt of a gun had splintered a door panel. Then a voice pierced the babel. My mind gripped the meaning of it all; they had found a leader; they had released Manuel Estevan. Now the real fight was on! I could hear the fellow question those about him, seeking to learn the situation.

"Who have cutlasses? So many! a dozen form with me. Now bullies, they are on the stairs there, and that is the only way to the deck. Now then—to hell with 'em!"

We met them, point to point, our advantage the narrow staircase and the higher position; theirs the faint glimmer of light at our backs. The first rush was reckless and deadly, the infuriated devils not yet realizing what they faced, but counting on force of numbers to crush our defense. Manuel led them yelling encouragement, and sweeping his cutlass, gripped with both hands, in desperate effort to break through. DeLasser caught its point with his blade while my cleaver missing him with its sharp edge, nevertheless dealt the fellow a blow which hurled him back into the arms of the man behind. I saw nothing else in detail, the faint light barely revealing indistinct figures and gleam of steel. It was a pandemonium of blows and yells, strange faces appearing and disappearing, as men leaped desperately at us up the steps, and we beat them remorselessly back. I saw nothing more of Manuel in the fray, but his shrill voice urged on his fellows. It was strike and parry, cut and thrust. Twice I kicked my legs free from hands that gripped me and DeLasser fell, a pike thrust through him. Who took his place I never knew, but a stout fighter the lad was, wielding his cutlass viciously, so that we held them, with dead men littering every step to the cabin deck.

But they were of a breed trained to such fighting, and the lash of Manuel's tongue drove them into mad recklessness. And there seemed no end of them, sweeping up out of those black shadows, with bearded or lean brown savage faces, charging over the dead bodies, hacking and gouging in vain effort to break through. I struck until my arms ached, until my head reeled, scarcely conscious of physical action, yet aware of Manuel's shouts.

"Now you hell-hounds—now! once more, and you have them. Santa Maria! you've got to go through, bullies—there is no other way to the deck. Rush 'em! That's the way! Here you—go in outside the rail! Broth of hell! Now you have him, Pedro!"

For an instant I believed it true; I saw Jim Carter seized and hurled sideways, his cutlass clashing as it fell, while a dozen hands dragged him headlong into the ruck beneath. But it was only an instant. Before the charging devils could pass me, a huge figure filled the vacant space, and the butt of a gun crashed into the mass. It was the Dutchman, Schmitt, fighting like a demon, his strength that of an ox. They gave way in terror before him, and we went down battering our way, until the stairs were clear to the deck, except for the dead under foot. When we stopped, not a fighting man was left within the sweep of our arms. They scurried back into the darkness like so many rats, and we could only stare about blindly, cursing them, as we endeavored to recover breath. Schmitt roared like a wild bull, and would have rushed on, but for my grip on his shirt.

"Get back, men!" I ordered sharply. "There may be fifty of them yonder. Our only chance is the stairs."

We flung the bodies on one side, and formed again from rail to rail. Below us there was noise enough, a babel of angry voices, but no movement of assault. What they would do next was answered by a blaze of light, revealing the silhouette of a man, engaged in touching flame to a torch of hemp. It flung forth a dull yellow flare, and revealed a scene of horror. Our assailants were massed halfway back. Between us, even ten feet from the stairs, the deck was littered with bodies, ghastly faces staring up, with black stains of blood everywhere. It was Manuel's hand which had kindled the light, and the first croak of his voice told his purpose.

The First Rush Was Reckless and Deadly.

"Now you skulking cowards," he yelled pointing forward, "do you see what you are fighting? There are only five men between you and the deck. To hell with 'em! Come on! I'll show you the way!"

He leaped forward; but it was his last step. I sent the cleaver hurtling through the air. I know not how it struck him, but he went down, his last word a shriek, his arms flung out in vain effort to ward off the blow. Schmitt roared out a Dutch oath, and his gun, sent whirling above me, crashed into the uplifted torch. Again it was black night, through which the eye could perceive nothing. Even the noise ceased, but a hand gripped my shoulder.

"Who are you?"

"Watkins. The boats are ready. The one forward has pushed off loaded. The afterboat is alongside. There is such a fog, sir, yer can't see two fathoms from the ship. The girl is in the boat, but LeVere ain't. The mate slipped out o' sight in the fog. He somewhere aboard."

"Never mind him; the fellow can do no harm now. Move back slowly lads. Schmitt and I will be the last ones out."

We closed the companion door as silently as possible and for the moment there was no sound from within to show that our cautious withdrawal had been observed. I stared about, but was able to perceive little beyond the small group awaiting my orders. The fog clung thick and heavy on all sides, and it was impossible for the eye to penetrate to either rail. Fortunately there was no weight of sea running.

"There is nothing more to keep us aboard lads. Stow yourselves away and hang on; I'll wait here until you are all over."

They faded away into the mist, dim spectral figures, and I remained alone, listening anxiously for some hostile sound from below. Satisfied that the lads were safely over the rail and the decks clear, I turned toward the ship's side. As I did so a yell reached my ears from the blackness below—the hounds had found voice.

I ran through the fog in the direction the others had disappeared, and had taken scarcely three steps when I collided against the form of a man, whose presence was not even noticed until we came together. Yet he must have been there expectant and ready, for a quick knife thrust slashed the front of my jacket, bringing a spurt of blood as the blade was jerked back. Even as my fingers gripped the uplifted wrist, ere he could strike the second time, I knew my antagonist. I knew also this was a fight to the death, to be terminated before that unguarded crew below could attain the deck. It was LeVere's life or mine, and in the balance the fate of those others in the waiting boat alongside. The knowledge gave me the strength and the ferocity of a tiger. I ripped the knife from his fingers, and we closed with bare hands, his voice uttering one croaking cry for help as I bore in on his windpipe. He was a snake, a cat, slipping out of my grasp as by some magic. At last I had him against the rail, the weight of us both so hard upon it that the stout wood broke, and we both went over, grappling until we splashed into the water below. The shock loosened my hold; as I fought a way back to the surface I was alone. My strength began to fail, hope left me as I sank deeper and deeper into the remorseless grip of the ocean. I was not afraid; my lips uttered no cry, no prayer—I drifted out into total unconsciousness and went down.

CHAPTER XXV.

The Open Boat.

I came back to a consciousness of pain, unable at once to realize where I was, or feel any true sense of personality. Then slowly I comprehended that I rested in a boat, tossed about by a fairly heavy sea; that it was night and there were stars visible in the sky overhead. I stared at these, vacant of thought, when a figure seemed to lean over me, and I caught the outline of a face, gazing eagerly down into my own. Instantly memory came back in a flash—this was not death, but life; I was in a boat with her. I could not move my hands, and my voice was but a hoarse whisper.

"Mistress Fairfax—Dorothy!"

"Yes—yes," swiftly. "It is all right, but you must lie still. Watkins, Captain Carlyle is conscious. What shall I do?"

He must have been behind us at the steering oar, for his gruff, kindly voice sounded very close.

"Yer might lift him up, miss," he said soberly. "He'll breathe better. How's that, Captain?"

"Much easier," I managed to breathe. "I guess I am all right now. You fished me out?"

"Sam did. He got a boat hook in your collar. We cast off when yer went overboard, and cruised about in the fog hunting fer yer. Who was it yer was fightin' with, sir?"

"LeVere."

"That's what I told the lads. He's a gonner, I reckon?"

"I never saw him after we sank. Are all the men here?"

"All but those in the forward boat, sir. They got away furst, an' we ain't had no sight ov 'em since. Maybe we will when it gets daylight. Harwood's in charge. I give him a compass, an' told him ter steer west. Wus thet right?"

"All I could have told him. I haven't had an observation, and it is all guesswork. I know the American coast lies to that direction, but that is about all. I couldn't tell if it be a hundred, or a hundred and fifty miles away. I must have been in bad shape when you pulled me in?"

"We thought you was gone, sir. You was bleedin' some, too, but only from flesh wounds. The young lady she just wouldn't let yer die. She worked over yer for two or three hours, sir, afore I hed any hope."

Her eyes were downcast and her face turned away, but I reached out my hand and clasped her fingers. The mystery of the night and ocean was in her motionless posture. Only as her hand gently pressed mine did I gain courage, with a knowledge that she recognized and welcomed my presence.

"Watkins says I owe my life to you," I said, so low the words were scarcely audible above the dash of water alongside. "It will make that life more valuable than ever before."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

French photographers have developed a process for treating negatives by which the effect of stereoscopic relief is produced in pictures.

FARM POULTRY

FINE POULTRY RECORD MADE

Satisfactory Results Reported From Number of Co-operative Shipments in Arkansas.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The Poinsett county (Ark.) agricultural agent and home-demonstration agent report satisfactory results from a number of co-operative shipments of chickens marketed by farm women during the early summer. Shippers listed their poultry in the same manner as is employed where hogs or cattle are shipped co-operatively, using Monday as shipping day. All the poultry was shipped by express from 60 to 280 miles to the Memphis and St. Louis markets.

A total of 1,573 pounds of poultry was loaded at the shipping point in July; the total weight at destination was 1,411 pounds, the aggregate shrinkage in transit amounting to 162 pounds, or an average of 10.3 per cent. The cost of marketing, including express, commissions, coop expenses, etc., but not inclusive of shrinkage, was 4.4 cents a pound, while the cost of marketing a pound, including the drift over the railroad was: Hens, 7.5 cents; cocks, 6.3 cents; and springers, 8.5 cents.

The total gross sales amounted to $421.07, which left a net return to the shippers of $352.36 after the shipping expenses of $68.71 were deducted. The market value of this entire shipment on the local market was only $268.89, so that the net gain through co-operative marketing aggregated $89.47, or a total of 34 per cent. Twenty-one shippers participated.

PAYS TO BANISH LOAFER HEN

In Recent Culling Campaign in Indiana 345 Out of 1,222 Fowls Were Discarded.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The Bartholomew county (Ind.) agricultural agent reports that a total of 1,222 hens were handled in a recent culling campaign and of this number 345, or 28 per cent, were discarded as poor layers. The entire number of hens, 1,222, laid 2,368 eggs the week before culling, while the week after they had been culled the 887 fowls left on the farms laid 2,292 eggs. This explains why it was expedient management to rid the flocks of the 345

County Agent Discarding "Boarder" Hens.

lazy loafers which laid only 34 eggs the week after they had been separated from their former mates, despite the fact that they received the same amount of feed as the profitable producers. The percentage of egg production the week before culling was 27.6, while the week after it was 36.8 per cent.

A POULTRY HOUSE

Should have sunshine.
Should be dry.
Should have ventilation.
Should have no drafts.
Should have plenty of floor space.

PREPARE CULLS FOR MARKET

Among Other Fowls to Be Disposed of Are the Old and Weak and All of the Scrubs.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Cull out and prepare for market all fowls, old or young, which appear weak, slow, or dull; fowls with drooping tails, rough plumage, or crow-shaped heads; all scrubs except those which have laying points; all hens which molt early, and all males except those strong, vigorous, and of a pure type desired for breeding.

BAKER'S COCOA

IS GOOD for Breakfast Luncheon Dinner Supper

Any time that *any one* wants a delicious drink with a real, satisfying, sustaining food value.

We guarantee its purity and high quality. We have been making chocolate and cocoa for nearly 140 years.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd. Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

Warning to Investors

Don't buy promotion stocks without first obtaining dependable information. Many unscrupulous promoters are selling oil, tire and industrial stocks in companies that have little chance of success.

Protect yourself against "fake" stocks by reading our fearless news letters and detailed reports. Sample copy free. Send for it today.

Bankers Stock & Bond Bureau

Analytical Experts

Youngerman Building

Des Moines, Iowa

Valued for His Silence.

"The Toadville Clarion pays a hand some compliment to Eliphalet Sogs an old citizen who died the other da "What does the editor of the Clari have to say?"

"This: 'The Hon. Eliphalet Sogs sat on the platform at public meetin in this community for thirty years, a in all that time was never known make a speech. His place will be ha to fill.'"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

BULLY!

If Bilious, Constipated or Headachy, take "Cascarets"

Feel grand! Clean up inside! Your system is filled with liver and bowel poison which keeps your skin sallow your stomach upset, your head foggy and aching. Your meals are turning into poison and you can not feel right. Don't stay bilious or constipated. Feel splendidly always by taking Cascarets occasionally. They act without griping or inconvenience. They never sicken you like Calomel, Salts, Oil or nasty, harsh Pills. They cost so little too—Cascarets work while you sleep. Adv.

Black and White.

Private Roy Bedell, Company B Fourteenth engineers, says one of the pathetic scenes he witnessed in Europ was after the first snowstorm. The "Brunettes" (East Indian troops) were filling salt bags full of snow to send home to India. They had never seen any before.—Stars and Stripes.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrh. It is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, Ohio

Can't Fool Him.

Teacher—What is a polygon?

Bright Youth—An escaped parrot.—Chicago Daily News.

Sure Relief

TOO WEAK TO DO ANYTHING

A Serious Feminine Illness Remedied By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Casco, Wis.—"After the birth of each of my children I had displacement and was so weak I couldn't do anything I found a book about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound so thought I would try it, and after taking it I soon felt better. That was fifteen years ago and I have felt well ever since except that I had a slight attack of the trouble some time ago and took some more of your Compound and was soon all right again. I always recommend your medicine and you may publish my testimonial for the benefit of other women."—Mrs. JULES BERO, Jr., R. 1, Box 99, Casco, Wis.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and today holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills in this country, and thousands of voluntary testimonials prove this fact.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Cuticura Soap
SHAVES
Without Mug
Cuticura Soap is the favorite for safety razor shaving.

What Is Rheumatism? Why Suffer from It?

Sufferers Should Realize That It Is a Blood Infection.

Doubtless like other sufferers, you have often asked yourself this question, which continues to remain unanswered.

Science has proven that Rheumatism is caused by a germ in your blood, and the only way to reach it is by a remedy which eliminates and removes these little pain demons.

S. S. S. has been successfully used for Rheumatism for more than fifty years and many voluntary testimonials are on file from those whom it has benefitted. Try it to-day, and you will find yourself at last on the right track to get rid of your Rheumatism. For treatment of your individual case, address Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. 43, Atlanta, Ga.

PENNIES GROW INTO NOTES

Interesting Connection Between the Extremes of Currency in Commonwealth of Australia.

Toward the end of each year pennies and halfpennies go by the hundred thousand into Australian children's money boxes and are held back by big business firms in anticipation of the coming inflow of customers. To cope with the demand, the Sydney and Melbourne mints have been steadily at work since June last year. In four months 1,600,000 new pennies and 300,000 new halfpennies were sent into circulation in Victoria alone. It is equally interesting to note that half the total commonwealth note issue consists of £1,000 notes, of which there are more than 25,000 notes in circulation, as against the 13,000 odd £100 notes. There are about 13,500,000 £1 notes, and the total commonwealth note issue is stated as £55,269,719. In a vigorous young commonwealth the connection between the £1,000 note and the newly minted copper in the child's money box is not difficult to imagine.

Question of Etiquette.

Jimmy had been reprimanded severely for striking his little playmate, his mother trying to explain to him that it wasn't ever polite to treat a guest that way. After the playmate had gone home Jimmy said: "Is there a politeful way of fighting when any one calls you names?"

SEE SHABBY, FADED GARMENTS TURN NEW

"Diamond Dyes" Make Old Apparel Fresh and Stylish.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers, draperies, coverings—everything!

The Direction Book with each package tells how to diamond dye over any color.

To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card. —Adv.

Jap School Costumes.

A new school costume for three large schools for girls in Tokyo is reported in a Japan society bulletin. The freshmen girls will have jackets fashioned of pink material and skirts of violet. The second year girls will wear blue jackets and their year maidens, in virtue of their greater maturity and advancing wisdom, will be privileged to have their coats cut from brown cloth. The Tokyo schools making the change are the Girls' Commercial school, the Yamawaki Girls' High school, and Atomi Girls' High school.

A postal card to Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., asking for sample will repay you.—Adv.

Incredible.

"I was talking to Professor Hoozis last night. You know he's just back from an exploring expedition to central Africa."

"Did he make any important discoveries?"

"Well, he says he found a race of people so uncivilized that they had never even heard of moving pictures."

OIL ROMANCE NEARS ITS END

Production, of Course, Will Go On, But It Will Be Prosaic in the Extreme.

There are vast deposits of shale in a number of our Western states. Colorado, it is calculated, can be made to produce 200,000 barrels of oil a day for 800 years. The significance of that statement may best be appreciated by reflecting that such a rate of production, if maintained for a single year, would surpass the tidal performance of even the great Cushing field.

And who will presume to limit the future source of oil to shale? In one form or another prospecting goes on ceaselessly.

No oilless age awaits us; but the passing of the drills and derricks may occasion a sigh. The "excitements" which conscript the soldiers of fortune, where foregather the clans of varied circumstance, the multi-colored obligations with their clamor of sudden affluence and their silences of the baffled—all this will have vanished completely as the luck of a thousand roaring camps. We shall have oil, produced as per schedule, its records preserved in prim, respectable ledgers, but the romance of oil, even now, swings to finis.

Her Specialty.

"That quiet little woman over there is a wonder."

"What's she done?"

"That's it; she's quiet."

No matter how long you have been a coffee drinker, you will find it easy to change to

INSTANT POSTUM

The flavor is similar.

The only difference is the certainty that no harmful after effects can possibly follow.

Sold by Grocers everywhere

Made by
Postum Cereal Co. Battle Creek, Michigan.

THE BUTTERFLY

By JACK LAWTON.

(Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union)

The sun room of the great hotel was filled with guests upon a certain fall morning.

When the black-haired girl in daring but becoming crimson entered the room, there was, for a moment, a lull of expectancy in the murmured voices.

"Who," asked a certain fine-looking man, "is that?" He leaned forward alertly as the crimson-clad figure passed the couch upon which he and a fair companion were seated.

The girl questioned raised supercilious eyebrows. "That," she replied, "is the grand dowager's new companion-secretary. Rather dashing for her position, don't you think? And at present the sensation of the hotel. Mrs. Mills-Forbes, it seems, accepted hastily this unknown young woman's services. Marietta May—charmingly unusual name, you see—presented herself in answer to Mrs. Forbes' advertisement with but one recommendation—that of the daughter of a former family of unquestioned standing. This formerly well-known young woman has been, since the death of her father and the unfortunate ending of his business career, in humble circumstances. In fact, no one knows, or perhaps no one has troubled themselves to ascertain, just what has become of Celia Sanders. But her word still imbues confidence. So—Mrs. Mills-Forbes engaged Marietta May upon the strength of that recommendation, which may have been, for all we know, a forged letter. However, the companion-secretary is at present under suspicion of having stolen—not only a valuable necklace of her employer's but a wonderful string of pearls as well, belonging to another habitue of this hotel. The jewelry was found missing from the guest's room one evening, having been taken during a ballroom affair when Miss May was the only person remaining upon that floor of the building. A plainly marked handkerchief of hers, crumpled and lying in the very secret drawer from which the pearl necklace was taken, was the first clue to the culprit. As there was no actual proof as to the beautiful Marietta's guilt, it was decided not to put her upon her guard with an accusation, but to have her secretly watched.

His eyes followed the dark-eyed, attractive face of the girl suspected, regretfully as his chatty informant left him with a nodded, "Good morning." Beneath all the bravery of the companion's attire, her eyes seemed to gaze wistfully from her white face. "A pity!" John Calvert muttered, while for the first time he became aware of a small, brown-clad figure, seated upon a wide-cushioned hassock almost directly at his feet.

"You are sorry for Miss May?" she asked in a swift, soft tone. "You doubt the evidence of her guilt?"

"I am inclined to doubt it," Calvert replied. "Her face seems to express patient suffering, a sort of resigned martyrdom to misunderstanding."

Impulsively the little figure before him arose, the girl held out her hand. "It is true," she said breathlessly, "Marietta May is misunderstood, misrepresented. All her life has been that way. She is good. She tries to do her best, even that scarlet dress which she wears and which attracts so much unkind criticism, is worn to gratify old Mme. Forbes' whim. She likes gay colors about and cannot wear them herself, but do you think that she troubles to explain this? No."

When he returned from business that evening the hotel was in commotion.

"What is it?" he asked of the girl who had ben his former informant, and she told him.

"Such a surprising document," she began. "You remember about the lost jewels and the companion-secretary under suspicion? Well, she has been proven innocent and the culprit—whom do you think? No less a person than the great Mme. Forbes herself. She possessed an insane desire, it appears, for the pearl necklace of her friend, and after having taken it, decided to allow the blame to fall upon Miss May. For this reason she gave the hue and cry about her necklace also, and left a handkerchief belonging to her companion lying in plain view in the drawer where her friend's necklace had reposed. Isn't it scandalous?"

"Shameful!" Calvert emphatically agreed.

"But who," he asked, "discovered the real culprit?"

The girl pointed across the room to where a small creature sat at work upon a golden butterfly.

"This is the climax of the sensation," she said. "When Celia Sanderson heard of the accusation of her friend, she came here and begged to be allowed secretly to unravel the mystery. So she has sat among us, listening, waiting, absorbed apparently in her embroidery, yet ever alert for a clue. She found it yesterday when Mrs. Mills-Forbes boastfully exposed her knowledge of pearls and her passion for them. When madame was absent from her room it was searched and the pearls found, concealed in a hidden pocket. The discovery was unbelievably simple, but it took little Golden Butterfly to catch the clue."

"Thanks," said John Calvert briskly.

He walked across the room to where the small girl sat weaving her golden threads.

"Come," he said gently, "I want to talk to you."

And with her swift, responsive smile Celia Saunders obeyed.

WAS BAD OMEN

Presence of Thirteenth Ship Now Mystery of the Sea.

Its Appearance Under the Circumstances Always Unaccountable and Death Twice Claimed the First Man to Sight It.

The "thirteenth ship" remains among the mysteries of the war. I have never heard any one try to explain it, says "Jackstaff" in the London Daily Mail. Even the most matter-of-fact people appear content to state facts as they are known and leave it at that.

When the Norwegian convoy that was attacked by an enemy raiding force in November, 1917, left port it consisted of 12 ships. Later a thirteenth ship was added—or added itself. No one actually saw it join, no one in the end saw it leave.

Just before the fight Lieutenant Commander Fox of the Mary Rose, counted and reported 13 ships where there should have been only 12. Thirteen there were at the beginning of the fray and only 12 when it ended. The stranger vanished as mysteriously as she appeared. At least that is what eyewitnesses say.

It will be within every one's recollection that the raid resulted disastrously for us. Among our losses was the Mary Rose, the vessel that first sighted and reported the thirteenth ship.

Can any one suggest an explanation of the occurrence? I have no theory to put forward. But here is a somewhat similar war happening within my own personal experience:

One evening in the bay of Biscay four of us were standing on the bridge of a small warship watching the other vessels of the squadron.

"Look, there are three trawlers over there now," said one of my companions pointing to starboard.

"Impossible," declared the skipper through the chart house window. "All ships are in station and there are only two there. You can't see straight!"

"But there are three!" persisted the first speaker, and we others corroborated him, the signalman adding, "I can't make her out, sir; she doesn't seem to belong to our crowd."

Out from the chart house came the skipper and joined the little group who were watching the stranger. Whoever she might be or wherever she might have come from, the one undoubted fact was that there she lay, rolling steadily along between the "double-ender" and the tubby old trawler that had been our familiar companions during many days.

While we were speculating as to the stranger's identity our "snottie" gasped out an astonished "Why, she's gone!"

And gone she had! We looked carefully to see whether she had become hidden behind one of her companions. But no; the stranger disappeared as eerily as she came, and we could not understand how. Most of us attached little importance to the occurrence. The skipper took a different view of it.

"It wasn't a ship at all," he declared gravely, "but a warning that before the year is out the sea will claim one of us."

We laughed at his prophecy. Yet it is a fact that before the year was out the sea had claimed the man who first sighted the mysterious ship!

Is there any explanation?

"Sergeant-Majorism."

The war has been responsible for many new words, and the term "sergeant-majorism" conveys a meaning which is well understood not only in the British army but by the average civilian, though not always by this title. A good sergeant major is invaluable in the army, and it is the ambition of nearly every soldier to rise some day to the dizzy heights of a warrant officer. The sergeant major has a certain amount of power, and sometimes tries to make things uncomfortable for those who do not "bow down" before him. Unfortunately, the type of person who flaunts his petty powers in one's face is not confined to the army, and because there are today few people who have not met with this type, the term "sergeant-majorism" has, not unnaturally, come into more or less general usage.—Christian Science Monitor.

Glass Houses.

The Filipino delegate, Dr. Juan Gomez, said at a Washington tea:

"I overheard two ladies talking about us Filipinos the other day.

"'Those Filipino delegates are lovely,' the first lady said, 'but as a class the Filipinos are horrid. Do you know, my dear, the Tagalogs actually buy their wives?'

"'Fancy! How awful!' said the second lady. 'By the way, love, your beautiful daughter's marriage to Mr. Gobsa has been postponed to when?'

"'Till Gobsa is up and about again,' the first lady answered. 'The dear old thing, you know, has had his second stroke.'"

Sad Case.

Mrs. White—Why, what is the matter?

Mrs. Green—My husband did not return home last night and I'm afraid he's starved to death because he had only $100 with him.—Judge.

Worse.

"There are no more plain drunks now."

"So much the better."

"So much the worse. They're all victims of fancy recipes."

The largest electric sign in the world advertises

WRIGLEY'S

on Times Square, New York City: it is 250 feet long, 70 feet high. Made up of 17,286 electric lamps.

The fountains play, the trade mark changes, reading alternately WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT, DOUBLEMINT, and JUICY FRUIT, and the Spearmen "do a turn."

This sign is seen nightly by about 500,000 people from all over the world.

No Home for Leonidas.

"Does your husband stay home nights?"

"Certainly not," said Mrs. Meewton. "I insist on his going with me to all the meetings I attend."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Plaint of the Day.

"Will, the doctor says I must have a little change." "Sorry, dear, but I need it all for carfare."

For Constipation, Biliousness, Liver and Kidney troubles, take Garfield Tea.—Adv.

Seems So.

"Things you worry about never happen." "Then it must pay to worry—a cheap way of staving off trouble."

During Motherhood Later In Middle Life

Searles, Minn.—"Over twenty years ago I first started to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It kept me in splendid condition during expectancy and I had comparatively no suffering and was in unusual health afterward. Also during middle life it has helped me. I do not suffer with heat flashes or dizziness at all or any other ailment which I have known other women to have at this time of life. I am glad to recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I also have Dr. Pierce's Medical Book, the 'People's Common Sense Medical Adviser,' which I appreciate very much."—Mrs. Gertrude Bushard.

Wonderful Results

Oelwein, Iowa.—"I first took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription about thirty years ago and have often taken it since that time with wonderful results. I have often recommended it to others who have been satisfied with it."—Mrs. E. L. Erwin, 410 Fourth Ave., South.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

Deep-Seated Coughs
develop serious complications if neglected. Use an old and time-tried remedy that has given satisfaction for more than fifty years

PISO'S

INDIGESTION
Caused by
Acid-Stomach

Millions of people—in fact about 9 out of 10—suffer more or less from indigestion, acute or chronic. Nearly every case is caused by Acid-Stomach.

There are other stomach disorders which also are sure signs of Acid-Stomach—belching, heartburn, bloat after eating, food repeating, sour, gassy stomach. There are many ailments which, while they do not cause much distress in the stomach itself, are, nevertheless, traceable to an acid-stomach. Among these are nervousness, biliousness, cirrhosis of the liver, rheumatism, impoverished blood, weakness, insomnia, melancholia and a long train of physical and mental miseries that keep the victims in miserable health year after year.

The right thing to do is to attack these ailments at their source—get rid of the acid-stomach. A wonderful modern remedy called EATONIC now makes it easy to do this.

One of hundreds of thousands of grateful users of EATONIC writes: "I have been troubled with intestinal indigestion for about nine years and have spent quite a sum for medicine, but without relief. After using EATONIC for a few days the gas and pains in my bowels disappeared. EATONIC is just the remedy I needed."

We have thousands of letters telling of these marvelous benefits. Try EATONIC and you, too, will be just as enthusiastic in its praise.

Your druggist has EATONIC. Get a big 50c box from him today. He will refund your money if you are not satisfied.

EATONIC
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

$10.00 buys ten shares of Ace Petroleum Company stock. One well now drilling at a depth of 1,000 feet and room for five more on this proven lease adjoining two thousand barrel producers. 500 other valuable acres of oil properties scattered throughout the oil fields of Texas. Big chance for the small investor.

FREE BOOKLET

Telling of the wonderful resources of Texas. Your chance to get ground floor information regarding reliable investments in oil properties. Send your name and address. It is absolutely Free.

ACE PETROLEUM CO.
Sam Houston Life Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff-Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
50c. and $1.00 at druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

NEW YORK STATE FARMS
Send for our list describing 20 farms, all good buys, ranging from 25 to 200 acres—some larger—alfalfa land. These farms are located in Onondaga County, N. Y., and from 10 to 20 miles from Syracuse, N. Y., which has a population of 175,000. They are on or near State Roads and at prices that will interest you; some with stock and tools. Ross & Northrip, Western Men's Farm Agency, 421 Bastable Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y.

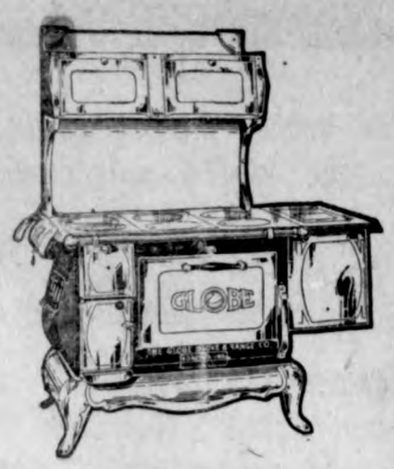
TEXAS OIL LEASES for the small investor who desires to get rich overnight. Burkburnett Gushing and Spouting Oil Fields of Texas. Five acres and up, easy terms; send two dimes or stamps, get information. Bogart, Hall Building, Kansas City, Missouri.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment. Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

The Supreme Globe

The most Beautiful Cast Range in America



"Less Fuel - More Heat"

Even if the Supreme Globe were not the most beautiful range in America, it would still be the best range for you or any housewife. For it cuts your coal bill--cuts it to a surprising extent--and gives you more good, wholesome meals with less fuel.

The secret is in the fire box. It is so constructed that every bit of smoke and gas is consumed, The heat does not go up the chimney as black smoke, but is turned into heat *right in the fire box.*

Of course this keeps the stove clean. Soot and dirt does not accumulate and clog the flues. The top of the range is not smudged, but always remains clean and bright.

You'll want a Supemre after you see one at our store

Jacobs & Son

Damon-Igou

Company

Mason City, Iowa

January Clearance Sale

A Huge Economy Event

Our January Clearance Sale is always an occasion of great price cutting, and worth-while bargains are offering in every Department of the store.

Special

10 dozen Union Crash Towles

25c each

All pure linen Toweling

23c **27c** **36c**

72 inch mercerized Table Damask

$1.19 yd.

One of the best Extra quality Imported Table Damask

$1.49 Yd

Napkins to match

Good quality 72 inch Union Linen Table Damask at

$1.79 per yard

We Print Sale Bills

Let us advertise your sale

The Klemme Times

IOWA PRESS ASSOCIATION

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Frank and Charlotte Miller left last Friday for a week's visit with Owatonna, Minn., relatives and friends.

Fred Blank returned to Belmond Monday. He has been the acting agent here during Mr. Barr's vacation

Barney Miner, of Garner, was transacting business in Klemme Monday between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Musfelt, of Clarion, came last Friday for a visit at the Fred Musfelt home here.

W. C. Gast, of Garner, was a business caller in Klemme last Saturday between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Hampell returned Saturday from a week's visit with relatives and friends at Cedar Rapids.

Idle Hour, next week, three days beginning Wednesday, Jan. 28, good comedy dramas, not picture shows. ad

Alvin Freie returned to Rockwell City, Iowa, last week, where he will continue work on the dredging machine.

Martin Jensen, John Bachman, Herman Beeke and Tom Nelson were among those who shipped their cattle Saturday thru the Shipping Association.

Coming—"The Soldier and the Spy," a four act military play by a good company. This is not a picture show. adv.

Mrs. Heuer and children, who have been visiting at the Rev. Meyer home, left last Thursday for their home at Dows.

Mr. Geo. Ludwig, who has been assisting at the E. S. D. Kahrs drug store for the past two weeks, while they were invoicing, returned to his home at Nevada, Iowa, last Thursday.

Louie Streiby and family have been at Garner for the past week or so where Louie is assisting at the Larsen Meat Market while the manager, Matt Edmundson, is taking a vacation

Clarence Neuberger made a trip to Mason City and Waterloo yesterday and told us that he would not be back for a week. We did not learn the young lady's name who he is undoubtedly going to visit.

Olaf Brynteson left Tuesday noon for Minneapolis where he will take in a Lumbermen's Convention which is in session there this week. During Ole's absence the yard is being run by Marlin Croner.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Barr returned to Klemme last Wednesday after about three weeks' visit with relatives and friends in Ohio. They took their dog, "Nigger" with them and coming back he was shipped by express, but did not get here until two days later. "Nigger" had a real appetite when he got here and looked as tho he didn't enjoy his vacation very well.

A few evenings ago a couple of young men near Klemme and their sweethearts took in a basket social. On the way home the horses hitched to the cutter became frightened at a rapid succession of smacks, ran away, overturned the cutter and hit for home. The two couples enjoyed a nice quiet walk by moonlight the rest of the way home.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Johnson and family of Klemme, were over Sunday visitors at the Hoffman home. The two families are old friends, having lived neighbors in Illinois where Mesdames Johnson and Hoffman went to school together.—Kanawha Reporter.

Chris Schaefer and two sons, Emery and Alvin, left Tuesday for Des Moines, where the boys will enter the Methodist hospital to undergo an operation for hernia. Elmer Schaefer also went with them to the same place where he will have his appendix removed.

Two hundred and forty dollars were raised in Hancock county by the sale of the Red Cross Christmas seals. Half of this was sent to the State Tuberculosis Society and half has been deposited in a local bank and may be drawn upon for help in any cases of tubercular trouble in the county.—Garner Democrat.

One man from Goodell was especially unfortunate in their recent fire. He lost his teeth, and was in Garner Friday to get some new ones. He didn't say, but we suppose the ones he lost were false.—Garner Signal.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Griggs returned from Fort Dodge last Friday where Mrs. Griggs had been called several days before by the death of her youngest sister, Mrs. McCall. Acute pneumonia was the cause of Mrs. McCall's sudden and untimely death.

Joe Johnson, Philip Bock, Hod Lawhorn and George Albers and son intended t leave Tuesday evening for Winfield, Kansas, but before they started they received word that the excursion of land-seekers would be postponed until Saturday as Kansas and Oklahoma were being visited by a heavy rain storm which would prevent the party from going out into the country.

The writer had business at Spencer last Thursday, and we were surprised to find that there was much less snow to the west of us. From Algona west cars were running everywhere, and at Emmetsburg a liveryman told us that he had done livery driving every day this winter. All the roads are passable for cars, while here it is almost impossible to get through even on the main roads.—Garner Signal.

Ed. Schaefer, Chris Schaefer, Mrs. John Gruetzmacher and Mrs. P. M. Griesemer left last Friday afternoon for Charles City where they attended the funeral of Mrs. Eli Schaefer held there the following day. Mrs. Eli Schaefer is a sister-in-law of the first three parties mentioned. She is well known here in Klemme for a number of years ago Mr. Eli Schaefer was running a general sore in the building now occupied by the Kirkwood family The party returned to Klemme Monday evening.

IDLE HOUR THEATRE NEWS

Saturday, January 24th
"A Taste of Life"
5 reels
"A Doggone Shame," comic
1 reel

Tuesday, January 27th
"Elmo the Mighty," 8th Episode
"Hop, the Bell Hop," Comic

Wednesday, January 28th
"The Soldier and the Spy"
4-act military play produced by a good company.

Saturday, January 31st
"She Hired a Husband," 5 reels.
"Penny Ante," Comic
1 reel

Watch this program
IDLE HOUR THEATRE
W. F. Pavey, Manager

SHOW COMING

"The Soldier and the Spy," which is not a picture show, will be at the Idle Hour Theatre, Wednesday, Jan. 28.

BASKET SOCIAL

Basket Social at Ell No. 5, Friday February 20. Program to begin at 8:00 p. m. Everybody welcome. Lela E. James, teacher. 2w

CHICKENS

For Sale—Barred Rock Cockerels, Ringlet strain, deep barring, good heavy bone, at $3 to $5 each. Wm. Friedow, Britt, Ia. Mail or phone. 3wp

TURKEYS

I have some nice Bourbon Red Turkey Hens left at $5.00 each if taken before the 10th of February. Also a few toms at $8.00. Mrs. Frank Sandry, Goodell, Iowa.

WANTED

Bring in your old iron and scrap metal now while you have time and while I can pay good prices. Henry Lau & Son. 2w

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR COUNTY TREASURER

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,
1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

ANNOUNCEMENT

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.
1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

FOR SHERIFF

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

Buy Your

Binder Twine Now

Now is the twine to order your Binder Twine. We are now taking orders for

Plymouth Twine

The best twine made; come in and give us your order now and you will be sure to have plenty of twine when you need it.

A Little Late, But

we wish to thank our patrons and customers for their business in 1919. We also invite all our old customers and new ones to come in and get their 1920 machinery and any other goods. Better buy at once as some will be hard to get, Our terms in 1920 will be 30 days on small accounts and a note for sums over $10

Henry Lau & Son

WANTED!

HORSES MARES MULES

We buy all kinds of horses and mules. They must be fat enough to ship. Ages from 3 to 12 years. Weight 1000 to 1300 lbs. We buy no geldings under 4 years. Must be broke. Remember we pay more money for this kind of horses than any other buyer coming to your city.

We have a special order for 500 geldings. Age from 5 to 9 years. Weight 1050 to 1300 lbs.

Must be sound

Will be at

Klemme, Jan. 30

Don't ask us to drive. We don't have the time. Bring in your horses. We will bny them. Phone your neighbor.

Julius Shames & Co., National Stock Yards, St. Louis

ONE DAY ONLY

The prosperity of this community is increased with every building that goes up, so we are interested in your building plans even if you buy material elsewhere.

Our advice our service is most freely at your service in anything pretaintng to our lines.

Don't hesitate to call on us as hard as you will, when you will, with full assurance that it will be a pleasure to us to assist.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

SECURITY-
STABILITY-
BACK YOUR DEPOSITS HERE

You may have implicit confidence in this Bank, trust it with your funds, accept any advice from its officers.

It is an institution organized and run for the **safety,** the **convience,** the **advantage** of its and customers.

Your account isinvited here on the basis of a more friendly, helpful service taah is customery in our lines,

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE
STATE SAVINGS BANK
CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME, IOWA SURPLUS $25,000.00
AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Walter F. Lau
Dealer In
Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

DOCTOR MISSMAN
PHYSICIAN SURGEON
OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE—North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109
X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers .:.

Every part of Fayette county was represented at the annual meeting of the Farm Bureau held in Fayette recently.

During the recent Farm Bureau drive in Lucas county more than 70 farmers signed up for a life membership in the Farm Bureau.

A total of 60,000 Red Cross stamps were sold in Burlington and Des Moines county during the holiday season. The amount sold was larger than the average year.

The city of Des Moines completed and paid for $1,000,000 worth of construction in the fiscal year 1919, according to a report prepared by Karl C. Kastberg, city engineer.

Large quantities of grass seed sold to Poweshiek county farmers last year were found to be full of foul weed seed. County Agent C. F. Fawcett discovered this and had the seed analyzed at Iowa State College.

The new sales pavillion by the Breeders' Association of Benton county is proving a popular idea with the men who have cattle for sale. A series of combination sales are now being planned for the winter.

Tuberculosis is fast giving away before attacks made upon it by state and madical authorities, according to Dr. A. E. Kepford of the state bureau for the prevention of tuberculosis. Tuberculosis is a scotched snake," said Dr. Kepford. We believe that we have it on the down grade in Iowa.

According to present plans of the Iowa highway commission 1,536 miles of roads, about one-fourth of the entire road system in the state, will be improved in 1920. The plans were made public in the annual report of the commission filed with Governor W. L. Harding, and published recently.

At the recent farm institute held at Walker, Miss Mae Baxter, school nurse, said that out of the 1450 school children in Linn county whom she has examined in the course of her work, she found 1000 of them defective in some way. Miss Baxter addressed the institute on "Health of Our Children."

The Des Moines Union Stock Yards Co., recently organized, has taken over the old Talbot Stock Yards at East 20th and Maury streets Des Moines. It is their intention to erect a thoroly up-to-date stock yards similar to those in large packing centers, enabling efficient handling of large shipments of cattle, hogs sheep, horses and mules.

County Agent Maakestad says Kossuth county farmers who pooled their wool have shown what can be done by cooperation. Thirty-three men shipped 9000 pounds from Swea City last summer and word received recently states that it was sold at an average of 62c per pound. Commissions and freight taken from this leaves a net price of 59c.

Fifteen boys finished the calf club work in Poweshiek county last year and kept accurate records. Their calves sold recently at a sale held in the county for an average of $214 each. Fourteen of these calves were exhibited at the state fair and 13 of them won prizes, including three championships. About the same number of boys are being entered in the calf club for 1920.

W. F. Lindsey, of Leon, says that W. A. Allbaugh sold a wagon load of pop corn that Walter Dunham had raised on the Cale Browning farm east of Leon. This is probably the first wagon load of pop corn ever sold in Leon. The load weighed 1660 pounds and it brought Mr. Dunham $66.40. The corn is of exceptionally fine quality and Mr. Dunham finds that it pays to raise it.

Plymouth county has an energetic and up-to-date breeders association. The association early saw the need of a sales pavilion and accordingly a company was formed, captalized at $20,000. The pavilion is of hollow tile construction, with pebble dash finish, 50 feet in diameter, with an 18-foot wall. It has a seating capacity able to take care of any sale which will be held there.

In co-operation with the Iowa state department of education and the Iowa State Teachers' College the Bureau of education has called a national conference on rural school consolidation to be held at the Iowa State Teachers' College, Cedar Falls, Feb. 17 to 19, inclusive. It is desired to make the proceedings of this conference the last word on rural school consolidation up to that time.

The Minerva Valley Creamery Association, a co-operative farmers' organization of Clemmons, did a business estimated at $150,000 last year. This creamery has been operating for more than fifteen years and deals in butter, poultry, eggs and hogs. Expenses were kept within the six mills on the dollar limit. Possibly no co-operative association in the state has been built on a firmer foundation than the Minerva Valley concern, and absolute confidence marks the attitude of the farmers who are served by the institution.

Can you picture Friend Farmer uning up his airplane and flying into town to market a dozen eggs and a couple of pounds of butter. Don't try. When the Iowa farmer markets he markets by parcel post or by truck. That don't prevent him, of course, from owning an airplane as a pleasure car. There is R. S. McWhorter, farmer, swine-breeder, and aviator. Also former Ames graduate and now a resident of Kossuth county.

Philip Cushman, a young stock farmer and cattle feeder of Louisa county, recently purchased 76 head of choice steers averaging 1080 pounds. When questioned as to how he expected to handle them he said: "I will carry them thru the winter on rough feed and then turn them into pasture next spring. They will then be fed a strong ration of corn on the grass, with the hogs following them until late in the summer. This is a cheap and practical way to fatten cattle."

County Agent Fred Overley of Warren county is enthusiastic over the orcharding prospects for Warren county for the coming year. Mr. Overley says: "Just as soon as the weather becomes suitable to again work in the orchard, why not get busy and get it pruned and cleaned up? The prospects now look good for an apple crop next season. Everyone knows just what the result will be if the orchard does not receive some care.

Lincoln Harbold, perhaps the greatest feeder of hogs in the country, and who has fed more than 20,000 hogs the past year, says that vaccination has made his hogs immune; at least this system seems to work in his case as only 2 per cent loss is shown in Mr. Harbold's herds. This loss is not due to Hog cholera, but to various other causes. All animals bought by Mr. Harbold are first vaccinated and then shipped to his extensive feeding lots in Appanoose county.

The farm bureau movement has developed into the greatest and most popular method of organizing the farmers this state has ever seen. Today there are not less than 500,000 actual farmers connected with the organization and the membership is growing at a marvelous rate. Thirty-five states sent delegates to the meeting held in Chicago November 12-14 to participate in the organization of the American Farm Bureau Federation. Of 3,000 counties in the United States more than 2,500 have farm bureaus, or similar organizations, in active operation under the management of County Agents.

Geo. E. Roberts, an Iowan who has gained international prominence as an authority on business and industrial finance, is coming back to Iowa to talk to its farmers about the business outlook for agriculture. Dean C. F. Curtiss has secured him, for an address at one of the big evening mass meetings of the Farm and Home Short course at Iowa State College, Feb. 9-14. He will have an audience of several thousand farm men and women. Mr. Roberts was for years editor and publisher of the Daily Messenger at Ft. Dodge, later director of the mint and now prominently identified with the National City Bank of New York.

Fodder put in the silo makes better feed than dry fodder. Many farmers have followed the practice of filling their silos with dry fodder after the silo has been emptied or nearly so. In almost every case the fodder will need addition of considerable water to make good silage. The water may be put in the fan-box of the ensilage cutter. Many farmers, however, pump the water directly into the silo. Silage made in this manner is not so good as that made from green corn. Cattle like it and do well on it. It is reported that last year farmers filled their silos as many as three times with dry fodder. The fodder was cut at the same time as the corn for ordinary silage and was left standing until needed in the field.

Winter dairying has been found by most farmers to have decided advantages, according to C. L. Blackman, agent in dairying, United States Department of Agriculture. When the cows freshen from September to February the bulk of the milk is produced before the heavy spring's work begins. Winter dairying furnishes employment during the winter months, when more reliable help can be secured than during the rush season. More time is available and better care can be given the cows during the winter. Cows freshening in the fall remain on uniform feed during their lactation period and are not subject to the flies and extreme heat of summer. Prices in winter are always considerable better than in the summer. At present many farmers are receiving 25 cents per pound more for butterfat than during July. In one city that paid $3.25 per hundred weight for milk in July the price is now $3.75 per hundredweight.

During the past year the Cass County Farm Bureau, through County Agent H. P. Kelley, has organized four farmers' co-operative associations in the county. They are located in Pymosa, Washington, Grove, and Cumberland townships. The association at Cumberland has a membership of 75 and is carrying on an extensive business. Livestock shipping will be started at once. The Smith Lake association shipped recently and each shipper received more for his stock than though he had sold at home.

If you had been standing in our store one cold day last week at about 3 in the afternoon you would have seen;

—a middle aged man of sandy complection trying on a dark brown storm coat of heather mixture.

—a motherly looking woman buying carhmere hose for her son, who is a bachelor.

—a young man in his teens waiting for his father to help him pick out a heavy sweater.

—a little girl with hair in a braid waiting for a pair of woolen union suits that her Uncle had called us up about.

All seeking this store for good warm protection against the weather and all receving courteous treatment and satisfactory merchandise no matter whether they spend a dollar or a dazen.

PATTON BROS.
Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**
"Where a dollar does it's duty"

"A thrifty nation is a prosperous one" National thrift week January 17--24

The family that does its spending according to a fixed plan avoids debt and is able to save systematically.

Divide your spending about as follows and watch results at the end of six months: Food 30 per cent, rent 20, general expense 20, clothing 10, amusements 10, savings 10.

Thousands of families have adopted budget systems to their great advantage, financially and otherwise, Give it an honest trial.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

You Can
Make your Hens LAY
More Eggs this Winter
if you wlll give them
Dr. Hess
Poultry Pan-a-cea

It keeps your Poultry Healthy and makes your hens lay more eggs. **Guaranteed**
Get a free sample box, enough for 24 hens for 2 weeks.

A Tablespoonfull a day for 20 to 25 Hens

E. S. D. Kahrs
Successor to G. A. Pabst, Drugs Klemme, Ia.

The City Dray Line
Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly
Your patronage is respectfully solicited
Charges Reasonable
Sam Harvey, Prop.
Coal Hauling Done

France Hopeful for New Year

Begins 1920 With Greater Confidence Than It Did the Last.

DUE TO DEFEAT OF RADICALS

Elections Stabilize Internal Conditions, Though Fall of Franc Is Still Serious Problem—Study Financial Policy.

Paris.—France began the new year with far greater confidence than the last. This is in spite of formidable handicaps, such as the balance of trade running against her at the rate of about 1,500,000,000 francs a month, about 50 per cent depreciation of the exchange value of the franc and the consequent difficulty of procuring raw materials and machines urgently needed for reconstruction.

France's renewed confidence is derived directly from the result of the recent elections. These are regarded here as having definitely stabilized internal politics, ended all danger of revolutionary agitation for some time to come and brought about a better attitude by capital and labor toward the immense effort before France.

Money is forthcoming for investments in anything that promises stability. While the investments in short-term treasury bonds are continuing at the rate of nearly 2,000,000,000 francs a month, there is plenty of money for industrial and commercial enterprises and long-term loans. The 4,000,000,000 franc loan to provide immediate resources for indemnifying victims of the invasion was oversubscribed before the official opening of the subscriptions. Important banks and industrial companies have lately increased their capital to an aggregate of nearly 500,000,000,000 francs.

Big Trade on Bourse.

Transactions on the Paris bourse, which still are confined to cash deals, have exceeded on certain days records of pre-war trading, when futures entered largely into the totals. The upward movement of all industrials which began before the signature of the treaty at Versailles, has been unchecked by successive liquidations. This is regarded by keen observers here as a sure sign of economic recovery.

Employers say the labor situation is improved and that the last strikes developed signs that the workers themselves were becoming weary of long continued disturbances of business, industry and transportation. They see a tendency against frivolous strikes and an indication that only real grievances will induce the wage earners to quit work hereafter.

Decentralization of capital and industry is seen in the establishing in Normandy of textile industries to replace those in the occupied territory destroyed by the war. This movement has been greatly extended by development of water power in the region of the Alps and the center and south of France. Industrial leaders say that no particular region of France hereafter will monopolize any industry, and declare that this scattering will prove beneficial and result in a more equable recovery of all parts of the country.

To Transfer Industries.

Powerful financial groups are at the head of the movement to transfer important industries from the coal region to southwestern France, where water power soon will be available. Other groups are being formed to develop manufacturing centers near the coast so as to reduce the cost of transporting raw materials. Industrial leaders say that this activity on the part of capital, supported by the recovery of labor from what has been characterized as a wave of "laziness," gives a healthy tone to the situation.

Instability of the exchange value of the franc is regarded as one of the weakest points in French conditions. It is pointed out that France cannot pay twice over at present high prices for supplies she needs, and that is what the present low value of the franc means. The French government is now studying a complete renovation of the financial policy with a view to making such provisions to meet obligations as will give greatest stability, both at home and abroad. Details of the new financial policy are as yet not disclosed, but it is understood that it comprises a large interior loan to take up all short-term bonds and floating debt, and important increases in all taxes to bring the revenues up to the annual budget, estimated to require 20,000,000,000 to 25,000,000,000 francs. It is not expected that any internal financial arrangement can exert more than a moral influence on the value of the franc abroad, and this may be said to be the object of the greatest anxiety in official circles.

Germany Accused of Taking 26,000 Dogs

Paris.—The French ministry of agriculture has lodged with the commission of war damages a claim for 26,000 dogs alleged to have been stolen by the Germans during the war. The ministry specifies some of the thefts, naming specially six valuable setters taken by the German crown prince and a prize pointer taken by General Von Kluck.

GERMANS CROWD TO COLLEGE

Universities' Enrollment This Year Is 41,000 Greater Than in 1914.

German newspapers say 41,000 more students enrolled in the universities of Germany than in 1914. In the year of the beginning of the war there were 50,000 students enrolled, while in 1919 there are approximately 91,000. This represents an increase of nearly 2,000 each for each of the 23 national universities. In 11 technical schools more than 16,500 have enrolled as compared to 10,000 in 1914.

Meet Ethyl and Methyl Alcohol

Two Most Prominent and Interesting Members of the Family.

MANY OFFSPRINGS ARE KNOWN

Difference Between Grain and Wood Alcohol Clearly Described—Fatalities Due to Amateur Attempts to Make Grain Alcohol.

Chicago.—While there are seventeen or more alcoholic products known in chemistry, there are two of general commercial use in the country—ethyl alcohol, or ordinary alcohol, the kind we used to be able to buy "for medicinal purposes," and methylated spirit, or industrial alcohol, which is popularly called "wood alcohol," and which does contain an amount of that fluid.

Ethyl or ordinary alcohol is formed by the spirituous or alcoholic fermentation of saccharine juices. The fermentation must be completed before it is distilled. It is made from grain, either corn, wheat, or barley. This is also known as grain alcohol. The formula is $C_2 H_5 OH$.

Methylated spirit, or industrial alcohol, is made of ninety parts of ordinary alcohol and ten parts of wood alcohol—methyl alcohol.

Source of Wood Alcohol.

Wood alcohol is obtained by the dry distillation of wood. The common method of obtaining this is to take cordwood which has been seasoned for about two years—beech, maple, and birch are best—place it in iron or steel retorts over a slow fire. The intensity of the fire is gradually increased as the distillation progresses, until at the end of from twelve to eighteen hours nothing remains in the retort but charcoal.

The distillate is passed through a condenser, and the liquid thus gathered is allowed to set in tanks until the greater part of the tarry matter in it has subsided. The lighter part is then drawn off and saturated with slaked lime to fix the acetic acid. It is then distilled a second time and the distillate sent to the refineries as wood alcohol. Sawdust or any woody fiber or cellulose can be used in place of cordwood.

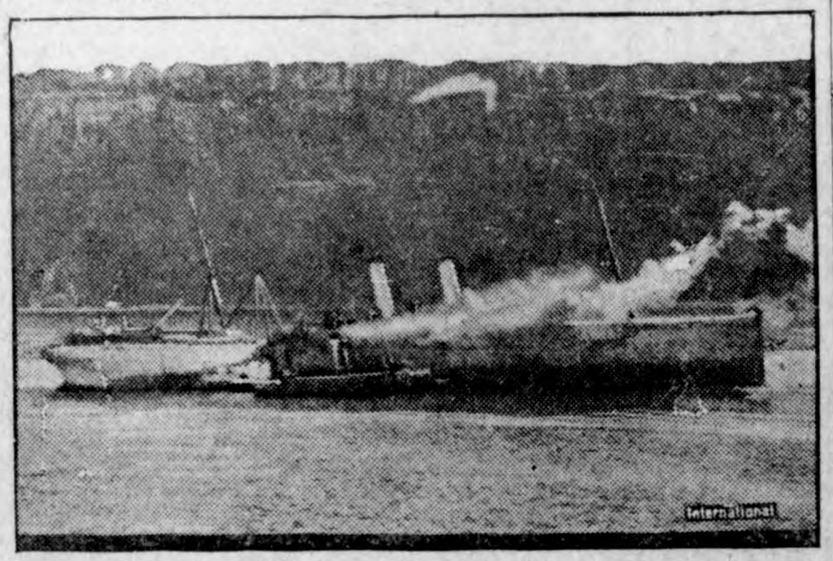
Wood alcohol, either in its pure form or as an ingredient of industrial alcohol, is a poison, and has a selective action upon the optic nerve, in which it often induces a condition of permanent atrophy which results in total blindness.

Denatured Alcohol.

For some purposes "completely denatured alcohol" is made by adding to industrial alcohol a little benzine or pyridine to spoil the taste and render it offensive. Denatured alcohol may be made more cheaply than ordinary alcohol by using cheaper materials, such as any starchy vegetable substance, or a waste byproduct, as the poorest grade of molasses or the waste of a canning factory.

"It is probable that a good deal of the wood alcohol that is being distributed as a beverage is the result of the attempts of amateurs to make ordinary alcohol. In their ignorance they use vegetable substances such as potato peelings, and, by using too intense a fire and making the distillation without having first allowed fermentation to take place, produce methyl or wood alcohol instead," said J. H. Nusbaum, a chemist.

AMERICAN TROOPSHIP DEKALB ON FIRE



The battleship of the United States troopship DeKalb, formerly the German raider Prince Eitel Friedrich, on fire in the Hudson river near Spuyten Duyvil. All of the members of the skeleton crew of 300 escaped uninjured.

Owl, Protected by Law, Disturbs Law

Chelsea, Mass.—Residents in the vicinity of Chelsea have been disturbed nights by an active but elusive screech owl. The little marauder starts in his disturbance between 9 and 10 o'clock. The police have been asked to capture the bird. During the day the owl flits from one chimney to another in an effort to escape capture. The police have given an alibi that it is against the game laws to shoot the owl.

Foot Caught in Rail, Woman Dies.

Pittsburgh.—Her foot wedged tightly between the rail and a plank, at a railroad crossing, Mrs. John Forbes, sixty-five, of this city, was struck and instantly killed by a fast train.

Has Ludendorff's War Car

Chicago Man Now Has Machine in Daily Use.

Limousine Was Seized for General While Owner Was Touring Germany.

Chicago, Ill.—Gen. Ludendorff's general headquarters motor car, with the same black body and sloping duck nose, that carried the military head of the German armies over Belgian and French roads while its occupant was seeking to annihilate the allies, can be seen almost any day on Chicago's streets and boulevards.

Bullet-scarred and battered after traveling more than 60,000 miles as the equipage of the German commander, the limousine has returned to peaceful pursuits and civilian service.

In the summer of 1914 C. L. Willey, a Chicago lumber merchant, with his wife, was touring Germany in the motor car. The war flamed up and the automobile was seized by German officials, despite its owner's protests, becoming the official property of Gen. Ludendorff.

Somewhere in its war activity the limousine was the target of well-aimed machine-gun fire from the allied airmen and its roof was perforated in many places.

Through an American consul Willey brought about the return of the automobile. C. L. Willey died in 1916 and the car is now used daily by his son, C. B. Willey.

Fall Into Hydrangea Bush Fatal.

New York.—Phoenix Miller, eleven years old, fell into a hydrangea bush. A broken stem of the plant went through a nostril and penetrated the brain, killing the boy instantly.

U. S. A DRY NATION

HALF CENTURY DREAM REALIZED BY PROHIBITIONISTS.

MUCH BOOZE LEFT ON HAND

Distillers Unable to Dispose of Stocks Because of Short Tonnage.—Task Falls to Revenue Officers.

Washington, D. C.—Nation-wide prohibition by constitutional amendment—the dream for years of those opposed to the sale of liquor—became effective at midnight, January 16, and was celebrated in scores of cities throughout the nation by dry workers.

Thousands of gallons of whisky still remain in bonded warehouses with no chance to be sold at prevailing high prices. The liquor can be taken out only for medicinal and scientific uses with the bureau of internal revenue exerting extreme precautions to see that none of it is used in violation of the law.

During the last two months many owners of alcoholic liquors, foreseeing no opportunity for sale in this country, have endeavored to rush the surplus to other countries. Lack of shipping space prevented more than a fraction being exported. Cuba and the Bahamas have received most of what was sent abroad. There were 70,000,000 gallons on hand when wartime prohibition went into effect. The amount exported is not known, but is probably less than 20,000,000 gallons.

Attacks on constitutional prohibition, begun in several states, apparently are not viewed with alarm by the reform forces. Enforcement of the act was lodged by congress with the bureau of internal revenue, which for years has been in close touch with distilling and brewing interests in the collection of excise taxes and active in running down "moonshiners." Evidence collected by the bureau will be used in prosecutions by the Department of Justice.

Prohibition Commissioner John F. Kramer has a staff of nearly 1,500 men and a fund of $2,000,000 for the work.

FLU OUTBREAK UNLIKELY.

U. S. Public Health Service Not Alarmed Over Chicago Flare-up.

Washington, D. C.—The outbreak of influenza in Chicago should not be the occasion for any alarm, the public health service said in announcing that steps had been taken to localize the disease. Admitting that so little is known about influenza that it was impossible to make a forecast with any degree of certainty, the health service expressed confidence that there would not be a serious recurrence of the disease because the malady ran its course last year, leaving millions immune, movement of large bodies of troops has ceased, doctors and nurses have returned to civilian work, there are no reports of serious outbreaks in foreign countries and because of the few cases in the United States, there being only 7,689 reported from September 1, 1919, to January 10, 1920, in comparison with 5,000,000 during the same period a year ago.

First League Meeting.

Paris.—Representatives of France, Great Britain, Italy, Greece, Belgium, Spain, Japan, Portugal and Brazil, members of the council of the league of nations, met in the "clock room" of the French foreign office last Friday for the first meeting in the history of the league. The council elected Leon Bourgeois chairman and confirmed the choice of Sir Eric Drummond of Great Britain as general secretary.

The first official act of the council was the appointment of a commission to trace upon the spot the frontiers of the territory of the Sarre basin. All the members of the council called for by the covenant of the league, with the exception of the representatives of the United States were present.

Reports On Strange Malady.

Lincoln, Neb.—Chief I. H. Dillon of the Nebraska bureau of health, who has made a study of the supposed intestinal epidemic now raging in Kansas, believes the illness to be the result of contaminated water supply or contaminated food. He made this report on his return from Kansas City and Topeka. Thus far no cases have been reported in Nebraska. It is estimated that there are 2,000 cases in Topeka alone. Kansas City authorities claim to have traced the disease to partially decomposed oysters.

Rosewater Leaves Omaha Bee.

Omaha, Neb. — Victor Rosewater, editor and controlling stock holder of the Omaha Bee, one of Nebraskas oldest republican newspapers, has disposed of his interests in the publication to Nelson B. Updike, prominent grain man of this city, and will retire from the business in a few weeks. While the price paid for Mr. Rosewater's interest in the paper was not announced it is believed the total reached between $250,000 and $300,000.

Fruit Juice and Cider Illegal.

Washington, D. C.—In one of the broadest constructions yet placed on provisions of the act for enforcement of constitutional prohibition, Prohibition Commissioner Kremer has ruled that fruit juices and ciders come within the dry ban if they contain more than one-half of 1 per cent alcohol.

The drastic regulation went into effect with constitutional prohibition, January 16. Violation of it carries the same penalty as for the manufacture or sale of stronger liquors.

WORLD CONFERENCE CALLED

Supreme Effort to Be Made to Remedy Financial and Commercial Chaos In All Nations.

New York.—A call for one of the greatest international conferences of commercial and financial figures ever assembled in an effort to find a remedy for the financial and commercial chaos in which the world has been left by the war was issued here following the meeting of a coterie of nationally known financiers.

The appeal was issued simultaneously with similar proclamation put forth in Great Britain, France, Holland, Switzerland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway.

While Germany and Austria were not included in the original call, it was anounced that delegates from these countries would be invited to attend the conference. "To sum up the document," says the official announcement of the conference, "it is a call to the people to return to pre-war standards of reason," an appeal to the reparation commission for wise moderation as to the best business policy for all concerned; an appeal to governments to arrest inflation and meet inevitable burdens by increasing their revenue rather than by increasing their debts; an appeal to the people to work and save; an appeal to leaders of commerce and finance to get together in order to study the problem dispassionately and take it up as a business proposition, relying on independent action rather than government intervention."

TWO OFFICERS SLAIN.

Mexicans Shoot Down Policemen at North Platte, Neb.

North Platte, Neb.—Chief of Police S. C. McComber and Night Police Officer George W. Rodgers were killed by two Mexicans whom they attempted to arrest. The officers had been informed that two suspicious Mexicans had been loitering around the streets and followed them to the Chiros pool hall. The strangers were sitting on a pool table when the officers entered the room and started to search them.

They refused to be searched, resisted the police, and before any of the occupants of the room were aware of trouble the Mexicans had shot both officers instantly killing Chief McComber. Policeman Rodgers lived about ten minutes.

After the shooting the murderers ran from the building. One was captured but the other succeeded in making his escape.

SERVICES FOR "BOOZE."

"Billy" Sunday Officiates at Funera Before 10,000 Virginians.

Norfolk, Va.—"Billy" Sunday preached John Barleycorn's funeral services last Friday before an audience of more than 10,000 persons, which attended mock obsequies.

The ceremony began at the railway station where the "corpse," in a casket twenty feet long, arrived on a special train from Milwaukee. Twenty pallbearers placed the casket on a carriage and marched beside it through the streets to Sunday's tabernacle, while his satanic majesty trailed behind in deep mourning and anguish.

"Good-bye, John," said the evangelist, in the conclusion of his sermon. "You were God's worst enemy; you were hell's best friend. I hate you with a perfect hatred; I love to hate you."

New Found Guilty By Jury.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Harry New was found guilty of second degree murder in connection with the shooting and killiong of his fiancee, Freda Lesser, in Topango canon, near here on the night of July 4, last. A jury in superior Judge Cavin W. Craig's court returned a verdict after it had been deadlocked for almost 44 hours and after both sides virtually had given up hope of an agreement. The jury recommended that New be placed in an institution for a "reasonable length of time for observation as to his mental condition."

Stecher Wins Over Pesek.

Omaha, Neb.—Joe Stecher of Dodge, Neb., won the undisputed right to meet Earl Caddock, world's champion wrestler, when he defeated John Pesek of Shelton, Neb., two falls in three, here. Stecher won the first fall in 2 hours and 3 minutes, Pesek the second in 13 minutes and Stecher the third in 8 minutes.

Held for Killing Own Child.

Alliance, Neb.—Lawrence H. Lackey, 29 years old, was ordered held to district court for trial on the charge of murdering his 7-year-old daughter, Pauline, by giving her poisoned candy, December 11, following a two-day preliminary hearing before County Judge I. E. Tash. The hearing has been one of the most sensational in court annals of Box Butte county.

Says Prices Must Drop.

Chicago, Ill.—Members of the National Association of Retail Clothiers were told by Howard Figg, special assistant to Attorney General Palmer, in fighting the high cost of living, that prices would have to come down. The present level and any increases could not be absorbed by the public, he said. He predicted a decrease of 25 per cent in the cost of clothing if all business agencies from sheep and cotton raiser to retailer would co-operate with the government.

YOUTHS STILL LIVE

GRAMMER AND COLE NOT EXECUTED AS SCHEDULED.

APPEAL GRANTED BY COURT

Governor Intervenes When One Man Secures Stay.—300 Women March to State House at Lincoln.

Lincoln, Neb.—Governor McKelvie has granted a stay of execution to Allen V. Grammer and Alson B. Cole until January 30. The youths were to have been electrocuted at the state prison here January 16 for the murder of Mrs. Lulu Vogt, Grammer's mother-in-law, in Howard county in 1917. This action was taken after the federal court here had granted an appeal to the United States circuit court filed by attorneys for Cole. The governor announced that due to the similarity of the cases he would halt the electrocution of both men.

Attorney Priest, representing Cole, stated that in case their appeal was acted upon favorably by the circuit court he would take it up to the United States supreme court. He said that the law provides that they shall be given 60 days to file their papers in the present appeal and that in case an appeal to the highest tribunal in the country is necessary a final decision cannot be obtained in less than six months.

Previous to the court ruling Governor McKelvie refused to grant the request of 300 women, who marched in a body to the state house, to stop the electrocution. He stated that he believed from the evidence both were guilty and that the only action he would take would be subsequent to court orders.

The claims on which the court action is now sought are those presented in the hearing held by Governor McKelvie, prior to his denial of executive clemency. They include alleged intimidation of the jury by the crowd in the courtroom, alleged incapacity of one jury and other irregularities in the trial.

Cole's appeal automatically acts as a stay of execution. When he will now be electrocuted, if at all, is problematical. But his attorney said that decision in the case may not come possibly for several months.

U. S. DEFRAUDED.

Immense Graft in Ship Building Is Charge Made.

San Francisco, Cal.—Frauds involving many millions of dollars in connection with the building of ships for the government in Oregon, Washington and California have been unearthed by government investigators, it becomes known when William H. Tidwell, special agent of the Treasury department, was appointed assistant to Special Assistant United States Attorney General Bert Schlesinger here. It is understod that Attorney General Palmer, on the strength of the scope of the alleged discoveries of graft in Pacific coast shipyards, has ordered the United States shipping board to hold up claims approximating $37,000,000 to await the outcome of the investigation.

War Clouds Loom.

London.—Before peace with Germany is two weeks old, the British public has been brought up sharply against the possibility of another war.

Several high government officials have been summoned to Paris for a consultation with Premier Lloyd George and other British officials there on important military and naval matters.

This summons is inevitably connected in the public mind with the semi-official statement calling attention to the threatening situation in the middle east as a result of bolshevik military successes, which have given the soviets virtually mastery of the whole of European Russia.

Nebraska Bank Closed.

Lincoln, Neb.—The Valparaiso State bank, Valparaiso, Neb., has been closed by the state banking bureau. Over drafts and notes of Texas oil companies and other southern concerns are declared by state authorities to constitute a large share of between $125,000 and $150,000 of doubtful paper which has been discovered.

A. D. Touzalin, state bank examiner, declared it impossible to catalog the bank's doubtful paper definitely, without an examination.

Quake Loss Appalling.

Mexico City.—Reports slowly coming in from eastern sections of the state of Puebla tell of terrible loss of life in that region as a result of the earthquake on January 3. Further east, in the state of Vera Cruz, the death toll seems to be growing, reports from Couztlan stating that the number of dead there and in surrounding villages is more than 3,000. The lake which inundated the village of Barranca Grande ws caused by a mountain collapsing and damming a river.

Influenza at Chicago.

Chicago, Ill.—A total of four deaths from influenza and 16 from pneumonia and 390 influenza and 115 pneumonia cases were reported to the health department in a single day last week. At the Great Lakes naval training station 475 cases of influenza were reported but only one death had occurred. An order issued at Camp Grant, Rockfords, calls for the immediate preparation of 1,000 masks for use in the base hospital where 150 cases are receiving treatment.

MANUFACTURE OF ICE BY NATURE

Freezing Is Done Just as Cheaply at Present Time as It Was Before War.

FARM FAMILY NEEDS SUPPLY

Thousands of People Neglect Opportunities to Provide Themselves With Abundance of It at No Cost of Making.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

SQUARE FEET OF ICE SURFACE REQUIRED PER TON OF ICE.

Thickness of ice.	Number of cakes required per ton.	Cutting space required per ton.
Inches.		Square feet.
4	31.3	105.4
6	20.9	70.2
8	15.6	52.6
10	12.5	41.1
12	10.4	35.1
14	8.9	30.1
16	7.8	26.3
18	6.9	23.4
20	6.3	21.1
22	5.7	19.1

Is there any man who would not avail himself of any necessary commodity he could find that has not increased in cost?

Well, here is one thing that has not: Nature is freezing ice just as cheaply as it was before the war.

And yet, there are thousands of people—people who need ice—neglecting opportunities to provide themselves with an abundance of it at no cost of manufacture whatever. Where no extra labor is hired the cost of cutting and hauling is no more than it used to be, and the actual manufacturing cost is as it always has been—nothing.

Every farm family needs ice. With ice in the farm ice-house, a hundred comforts are possible all through hot weather. They could not be had if the ice-house were empty. And, with few exceptions, farmers who produce milk or butter for sale, as the United States department of agriculture has frequently pointed out, simply can not have a full measure of success without ice. The absence of ice generally means a big money loss, but it means more than that. Sour milk makes a bitter man. The dairy farmer who has to haul back home a lot of sour milk or cream every few days simply is not in a frame of mind to enjoy any of the good things of life.

A great many men honestly mean to harvest a crop of ice, but never do it. The pond freezes. They think, perhaps, that the ice is not quite thick enough. Or else they simply procrastinate, waiting, like Nicodemus, for a more convenient season. It does not always come. The pond does not always freeze a second time. Boreas may be the most rigorous of the gods, but he is also one of the most unreliable. It is not safe, therefore, to defer harvesting a house full of ice.

This Sort of Thing May Be Made a Picnic as Well as a Profits Promoter.

Many Kinds of Ice-Houses.

The house may be any one of many kinds. An ideal ice-house is one thing. A house that will keep ice is quite another thing. Farmers' Bulletin 623 of the United States department of agriculture gives full information concerning them.

The ice-harvesting season fortunately comes at a time when there is the least work on the farm for men and horses, and consequently the actual money cost is usually not very great. The quantity of ice needed depends upon the location of the farm—whether in the North or in the South, the number of cows milked, and the method of handling the product. In the northern states it has been found that, with a moderately good ice-house, one-half of a ton of ice per cow is sufficient to cool cream and hold it at a low temperature for delivery two or three times a week. One and one-half or two tons per cow should be provided where milk is to be cooled.

Capacity of Ice-Houses.

A cubic foot of ice weighs about 57 pounds, so in storing ice it is customary to allow from 40 to 50 cubic feet per ton for the mass of ice. At least 12 inches must be left between the ice and the wall of the building for insulation, unless the ice-house has permanently insulated walls and an unusually large space for insulation beneath and above the ice. From these figures it is possible to calculate readily the quantity of ice that any given ice-house will hold.

Where a lake, pond, or stream of clear water is not available, some preliminary work in preparing the ice field will be required before freezing weather sets in. It is therefore advisable to make all plans for the work as soon as possible. Water for the ice supply should be entirely free from contamination or pollution. Ponds and sluggish streams usually have grass and weeds growing in them, so that the ice harvest is likely to contain decayed vegetable matter, which is always objectionable. They should therefore be thoroughly cleared of such growths before the ice has formed.

In some sections it is necessary to impound the water for producing ice. This may be done either by excavating and diverting a stream into the excavation, or by constructing dams across low areas. In localities where very low temperatures prevail for several weeks at a time and the supply of pure water is limited, blocks of ice may be frozen in metal cans or in special fiber containers.

Size of the Ice Field.

In harvesting ice it is desirable to have a field of sufficient size to fill the ice-house at a single cutting, as the thickness and quality of the ice will be more nearly uniform, and the necessary preparation for cutting and harvesting need be made but once. In many instances, however, the size of the pond or stream is such that it is necessary to wait for a second crop in order to fill the ice-house. The average farmer requires only a comparatively small quantity of ice, so that even a small harvesting surface will usually prove large enough, especially if ice is cut the second time. The square feet of surface required per ton is shown in the accompanying table. Size of cake, 22 by 22 inches.

Few Tools Required.

When a small quantity of ice is to be harvested, but few tools are required. The following list contains those actually needed for harvesting ice on a small scale: Two ice saws, one hand marker, one pulley and rope, two pairs of ice tongs, two ice hooks, one pointed bar and one straight edge. While these tools are all that are necessary, additional ones, such as the horse plow and marker, horse scraper and marker, and a calking bar, are convenient, and will help to expedite the work of ice harvesting.

LITTLE BUTTER IS EXPORTED

Product Manufactured in the United States Is Small Factor in International Trade.

Butter made in the United States is a very small factor in the international butter trade, according to compilations made by dairy experts of the United States department of agriculture. More than 99 per cent of our butter business has been entirely domestic, except in the last three years. Even small exports and imports, however, have a considerable effect on prices. That condition is especially true in countries where butter production and consumption are nearly equal. The United Kingdom and Germany were the principal butter-importing nations, and Europe in the last decade has been unable to supply its own butter needs. Shortly before the war Siberia, Australia and New Zealand supplied most of the butter which Europe imported.

GET PROFIT FROM POTATOES

Badly Cut, Mashed, Frosted and Damaged Tubers Not Wanted by Dealers or Consumers.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Shippers of potatoes will profit by heeding market demands and preferences. Dealers and consumers do not desire badly cut, mashed, frosted, and decayed potatoes or those damaged by sunburn, blight, dry rot, or an excess of scab or second growth. Markets frequently are overloaded, prices seriously affected, and unnecessary losses sustained by growers because of the shipment of such unsatisfactory stock.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

The farmer is the only man who can live at home and succeed at it.

* * *

Watch the squash and cabbage stored in the cellar. Both are apt to decay at this time of year.

* * *

Lots of land and big muscles will pay, but less land and plenty of active brains may pay better.

* * *

"Cut only dead and dying timber," is a good rule to go by in thinning the standing trees for fuel.

* * *

Burn all rubbish from the garden. Its value as compost will not offset the damage from the insects and disease found in this trash.

* * *

Farmers who keep cows, feed hogs and raise sheep usually save enough manure to keep up a portion of their land so large crops can be grown.

* * *

Pocket gophers may be poisoned by putting strychnine crystals in raw carrots or potatoes and putting the pieces in the pocket-gopher runs, preferably the branch runs.

BEST SOIL FOR GROWING TUBERS

Sandy or Gravelly Loams Are Best Adapted for Success With Potatoes.

PLANT FOOD IS IMPORTANT

Never Advisable to Turn Up More Than One Inch of Raw Subsoil at One Plowing—Land Should Be Pulverized.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The types of soil in which the potato plant thrives best are those designated as sandy or gravelly loam soils. It may be grown with a fair degree of success on any type of soil except loose sand and a heavy, sticky clay soil, provided the land is well drained and contains the necessary plant food.

Successful potato production is dependent to a large extent on the thoroughness with which the land is prepared before planting the crop. Where a horse can be used, the land should be plowed from 8 to 10 inches deep, provided the surface soil is of a sufficent depth to permit it. It is never advisable to turn up more than one inch of raw subsoil at any one plowing, so if previous plowings have not been over 6 inches the maximum depth at which it should be plowed is 7 inches.

Thoroughly Pulverized.

Whether the land is plowed or spaded, it should be thoroughly pulverized immediately afterwards. It is a bad practice to allow the freshly turned soil to bake in the sun and wind, and thereby become cloddy.

Where horse labor can be used, the land after plowing should be thoroughly disked first, then spring-toothed, and finally finished with a

A Good Example of Digging Potatoes In Old Way.

smoothing harrow. Where land must be prepared by hand, it is good practice to pulverize the soil as much as possible when spading it up, after which it can be put in a fine condition of mellowness with a steel garden rake. The importance of thoroughly fining the soil cannot be overemphasized, for it increases the water-holding capacity of the soil, renders more plant food available, and reduces the number of weeds.

When to Plant Potatoes.

The date of planting necessarily must be governed by climatic conditions. In attempting to produce as early a crop as possible, some risk must always be incurred of the plants being injured by late spring frosts. As a general proposition, it is best to plant potatoes as soon as there is little likelihood of killing frosts after the plants are up and the ground is in condition to work.

Depth to Plant.

Plant the small eye cuttings from 1½ to 3 inches deep, depending upon the character of the soil—the lighter the soil the greater the depth of planting. Larger sets may be planted 4 inches deep.

Spacing.

If an early variety is planted, and the work is to be done by hand, the rows may be spaced as close as 26 inches, whereas if cultivation is to be done with a horse, 30 to 34 inches usually is allowed. In order to give the gardener some idea of the number of sets required to plant a plot of ground 50 by 100 feet at different spacings, the following table is submitted.

If a late variety is planted, the spacing should be greater, say 34 to 36 inches between the rows and 12 to 13 inches between the plants in the row.

To Plant a Plot 50 by 100 Feet.

Space between rows.	Space in row between plants.	Sets required.
26 inches	10 inches	2,769
26 inches	12 inches	2,487
28 inches	10 inches	2,678
28 inches	12 inches	2,231
30 inches	10 inches	2,400
30 inches	12 inches	2,000
32 inches	12 inches	1,874
24 inches	12 inches	1,765

UNPROFITABLE METHOD

Hogging down rye is an unprofitable practice, according to tests made in pork production at the Ohio experiment station. The tests show that it is generally more profitable to harvest the grain and sell it as a cash crop, or to feed the grain to hogs after threshing, rather than to allow the hogs to harvest the grain themselves.

MUNICIPAL ABATTOIR LOWERS MEAT PRICES

Animals Are Slaughtered at All Times of Year.

Meat Is Chilled in One Room and Will Keep for Long Period in Good Condition — Meats Inspected by Veterinarian.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The city of Paris, Tex., operates a municipal abattoir which serves the entire locality at cost, according to the United States department of agriculture, which has recently procured data regarding its operation. Hogs are killed in this establishment at all times of the year, and at a cost to the owners of $1.50 a head, which covers killing, dressing and cooling the meat. The meat is chilled for 24 hours in one room, put in the cooler the next day, and kept at 32 degrees, and will keep in good condition for a long period. The first four days it is kept in this cooler without additional cost to the owner and after that it is kept at a charge of ten cents a day for each carcass.

Hogs are killed and salted down at $2.50 a head, no extra charge being made for the salt, and they are kept in cold-storage rooms after being salted down for four days without additional cost, and at five cents a day thereafter. This curing room is separate from the regular cooler where fresh meats are kept, and is not quite so cold, but no meat has been known to be lost in it. Calves up to 350 pounds are killed for $1.50 a head and the hide is left on them, though they are dressed and the hide is thoroughly washed. When cattle are skinned there is an additional charge of one dollar, the hide remaining the property of the owner of the carcass. Sheep are killed at $1.50 a head and are skinned without extra charge.

Hogs, cattle and sheep are killed throughout the year. A city ordinance compels every butcher or other individual who sells meat in Paris to have his slaughtering done at the municipal abattoir, which is operated at cost. All the meats are inspected by the city veterinarian, who stamps each carcass. The plant pays its own expenses and has been making enough in addition to cover cost of depreciation. The abattoir cost between $15,000 and $20,000. About ten years ago, when the abattoir was built, the department has a record of original cost of $10,000 and the daily capacity then was 30 cattle, 30 hogs and 30 sheep and calves.

Meat in Paris has been selling from ten to twelve cents a pound cheaper than in some neighboring localities. Competition is assured because it is easy for the hotels, restaurants and others using much meat to buy live stock and have it killed and stored in this municipal abattoir until they are ready to consume it. This results in prices being kept at relatively low levels.

WAR ON WHEAT SMUT WIDENS

Sales of Formaldehyde Demonstrate Desire of Farmers to Drive Out Insidious Disease.

That farmers are tremendously in earnest in their desire to drive out wheat smut is shown by the big increase in the sales of formaldehyde which have been made in four states where the United States department of agriculture, in co-operation with the extension departments of the state agricultural colleges, has been carrying on campaigns of education

Illustration of Improvement Which May Result From Treating Seed With Formaldehyde as Smut Often Stunts the Plants.

to demonstrate the proper use of formaldehyde in treating wheat for this disease. Reports from these states show that the increase in the sales of formaldehyde for the current year varies from 150 to 325 per cent, as compared with the sales of 1917, the last year before the present campaign was inaugurated. The four states in which this record has been made are Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Montana. There is every reason to believe that practically all of this increase represents supplies used in fighting smut.

FARM STOCK

SCRUBS BEING CLEANED OUT

West Virginia Stockmen Making Vigorous Effort to Drive Out All Scrub Bulls.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

West Virginia—largely regarded as a mineral-producing state—is on the war-path to increase beef cattle production and its output of dairy products by eradicating scrub bulls, which are primary offenders against profitable and progressive live stock husbandry. Within a few months parts of West Virginia where the campaign is most active expect to round out a clean-up which will eliminate the scrub bulls and leave the purebreds as monarchs of all they survey. The case of Roane county, W. Va., is an example of what West Virginia stockmen accomplish when they go over the top. The live stock specialists of the State agricultural college, the county agent and officers of the Roane county farm bureau have solidly backed up the scrub sire clean-up.

"Not a single man turned us down," remarked the live stock specialist in telling how the campaign to oust the scrubs was conducted.

"The first of the year our local stockmen made a declaration of independence against scrub bulls, and work was begun promptly in taking a thorough bull census. This investigation of sire ancestry showed that there were 200 bulls in the county, of which 102 were misfit grades and scrubs, while 98 were registered pure-breds. There were 57 registered Herefords, 28 registered Angus, and 13 registered Shorthorns. Fortunately, the army of 102 grades and scrubs was not as formidable as it looked on the paper, because 60 of these low grade sires were yearlings. Furthermore, the census showed that there were only 30 men who actually made a practice of keeping a scrub bull."

By correspondence and personal contact with farmers the state live stock agent and the county agent waged the battle. These men toured the county day after day visiting the scrub bull owners, holding meetings, and requesting influential farmers to assist in relegating the scrub sires into the live-stock scrap heap. In the main the scrub bull owners, once they learned the purpose of the campaign, and once

A Typical "Native" Scrub Bull, an Obstacle to Progress in Live Stock Improvement.

they appreciated the benefits which would result if they substituted pure-bred sires for the mongrels, were glad to dispose of their inferior herd-headers. Detailed figures showing the increased value of calves sired by pure-breds over calves of scrub parentage were particularly convincing in gaining converts. Most of the scrub bull owners were prompt in admitting the error of their live-stock raising ways.

The Roane county banks have aided the movement to replace poor bulls with good ones. Every bank in the county has offered to lend money at 5 per cent to farmers for the purpose of purchasing pure-bred sires as substitutes for their scrubs.

HANDLE SHEEP WITH PROFIT

Good Drainage, Pasture, Some Shelter and an Interested Attendant Are Important.

The requirements of a farm where sheep can be handled with profit are good drainage, plenty of fresh pasture, land that will produce clover, alfalfa, cowpeas, or soy beans; a good water supply, fences that will keep sheep out of growing crops and furnish two or three fields for frequent change of pasture, a shelter that will protect the flock from cold rains, winds and storms, and an attendant who can give the flock interested and intelligent care.

SWINE CONSUMED MUCH FEED

Devoured More Grain Than Cattle Last Year, Being Fed 50.3 Per Cent of Corn.

Swine consumed more grain than cattle last year in the United States, being fed 50.3 per cent of the corn, 10.8 per cent of the oats, 60 per cent of the barley, 29.1 per cent of the wheat and 41.5 per cent of the mill feeds fed to all farm animals.

ASPIRIN INTRODUCED BY "BAYER" IN 1900

Look for name "Bayer" on the tablets, then you need never worry.

If you want the true, world-famous Aspirin, as prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years, you must ask for "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin."

The "Bayer Cross" is stamped on each tablet and appears on each package for your protection against imitations.

In each package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" are safe and proper directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuritis, and for Pain in general.

Handy tin boxes containing 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

The Hired Help.

The man of the house went out Sunday to greet city ash collectors who were carrying ashes out of the alley.

"Good morning, gentlemen," he said kindly.

"You've got us all wrong," said one of the drivers, a little disturbed about the Sunday work. "All of the gentlemen are loafing in the city stables. We're only the hired help."

A Feeling of Security

You naturally feel secure when you know that the medicine you are about to take is absolutely pure and contains no harmful or habit producing drugs.

Such a medicine is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

The same standard of purity, strength and excellence is maintained in every bottle of Swamp-Root.

It is scientifically compounded from vegetable herbs.

It is not a stimulant and is taken in teaspoonful doses.

It is not recommended for everything.

It is nature's great helper in relieving and overcoming kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

A sworn statement of purity is with every bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

If you need a medicine, you should have the best. On sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to try this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

For a Practical Purpose.

"I see you have a 'blue sky' law in this state," remarked the facetious visitor.

"Yes."

"Does it regulate the altitude to which an aviator may go?"

"No; it is merely designed to regulate the operations of gentlemen who wear fancy vests and talk in terms of millions."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Taking Garfield Tea keeps the system clean, the blood pure and the general health good. Buy from your druggist.—Adv.

Big Profits in Pigs.

Tonbridge Co-operative Pig-Breeding (Limited), an organization started when the submarine menace became acute, has been wound up, the shareholders having received back their capital, with 47½ per cent.—London Mail.

Cuticura Soothes Itching Scalp

On retiring gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Make them your every-day toilet preparations and have a clear skin and soft, white hands.—Adv.

Sure Sign.

Wife—I think that chauffeur was under the influence of liquor.

Husband—I know that he was. He gave me back the right change.—Recall.

YOUR COLD IS EASED AFTER THE FIRST DOSE

"Pape's Cold Compound" then breaks up a cold in a few hours

Relief comes instantly. A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a severe cold and ends all the grippe misery.

The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages in the head, stops nose running, relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! Clear your congested head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, contains no quinine—Insist upon Pape's!—Adv.

A Dangerous Mission.

Jack—Have my photograph taken before I see your father? What's the idea?

Madge—You may never look yourself again.

"The eternal misfit of things" would often be more appropriate.

Use MURINE Night and Morning
Keep Your Eyes Clean—Clear and Healthy
Write For Free Eye Care Book Murine Co., Chicago, U.S.A.

Ed. Jacobs and "Zip" McCullough received invitations to attend the Leap Year Dance and party at Garner Monday evening and so made the journey in a cutter, "Zip" doing the driving stunt. We have not yet learned how many young ladies proposed to them, but, at any rate they report that the Garner young ladies were good enertainers. After the dance the ladies served a fine feed. Now this may put the boys in bad with the Klemme girls, but they can get even with the Garner girls by also giving a Leap Year dance and feed.

Klemme coal dealers are wide awake men and if there is any coal in the world they are there with both feet to get some. Garner has been short of coal nearly all winter while our Klemme dealers have managed to keep their patrons quite well supplied with the black rock. We understand tha our Klemme dealers have even been so kind as to allow parties in Garner to have a little to help them out. This is also true in other lines of business. Klemme merchants always carry a full line of goods at all times and we quite often see people from Garner, Goodell, Belmond and other near by towns doing their shopping with Klemme merchants because they know they can get thee goods here and get it at a low price.

If you have any secrets you wish kept quiet the editor of the Times is sure to find them out. So it is with R. B. Irving, the restaurant proprietor of this city. "Scotty" had a dandy little secret which he was waiting to spring on his friends. The secret is a fine baby girl who arrived two weeks ago last Sunday at Winnebago, Ill., where Mrs. Irving has been visiting her mother for the past couple of months. Now Ralph has been acting queer of late but this explains his excessive degree of good cheer and happiness. His plans were to wait until Mrs. Irving and the little girl came back to Klemme and spring this surprise. At that "Scotty" was a pretty sly old bird to keep this secret that long. Mother and babe are reported to be fine and are expected home here in about a month.

SIOUX CITY, Ia.,—Dr. William Jepson of Sioux City has given to the Methodist Episcopal church organization of northwestern Iowa his private hospital property here, "St. John," and a tract of 280 acres of land just outside the city limits. The gift has been accepted. The present hospital probably will be sold and a modern 200-bed institution erected. It is proposed to operate an orphanage on the farm.

Notice—All those who are indebted to us kindly call and see us. Gruetzmacher Bros. 2w.

We are now taking orders for

CloverSeed

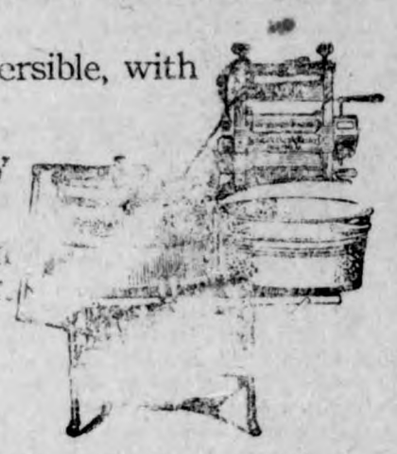
and other Seeds

Jacobs & Son

8 Reasons for the Automatic Electric Washer

and also Power Washers

1. **Most simple,** fewest operating parts.
2. **Washes and wrings** separately or both at same time.
3. **Wringer can't sag,** having an unusually substantial mounting.
4. **Two levers control everything,** responding instantly to a touch.
5. **Washes a tubful in 7 minutes** — beautifully clean, without injury to the most delicate fabric.
6. Wringers are **3-position** swinging reversible, with the best rolls made.
7. Instant release on **wringer**—absolutely preventing any accident.
8. Motor **fully enclosed,** protected from water, and has plenty of surplus power.



Of Course You Want the Automatic. Call and See One.

We now have on our floor this Washer which you drive with your own Gasoline Engine. It's full equipped. Come in and see it.

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

50 Durocs At Auction 50

BIG TYPE BRED SOWS AND GILTS

ALL IMMUNE

Consisting of 17 head of tried sows, mostly yearlings; 3 fall gilts and 30 spring gilts. Bred for March and April farrow. Best of breeding.

Daughters and grand-daughters of *Pathfinder, Great Wonder I Am, King the Col., Aviator and King Orion Cherry.*

A bunch of real brood matrons and spring gilts of great scale and quality. Bred to boars that have proven their ability to sire the correct type of up-to-date Durocs.

Herd Boars In Service

GIANT PATHFINDER II an April two year old, by Pathfinders Giant.
KING ORION CRITIC a March yearling, by King Orion Cherry.
Everything bred to above named boars.

Sale February 2, 1920

Sale Pavilion, Fair Grounds

BRITT - IOWA

Catalog for the asking. **Get in touch with**

Steiner & Dallman

Public Auction!

As we have dissolved partnership we will therefore sell the following live stock and other articles at auction on the Zinn farm 4 miles east and 1 mile north of Klemme,

Monday, February 2

Sale to begin promptly at 1:00 P. M.

110 HEAD OF LIVE STOCK 110

16 Head of Horses 16

Team of sorrels wt 3200, 8 and 9 yrs old; black mare wt 1600, 8 yrs old; gray mare wt 1500, 11 yrs old; bay gelding wt 1500, 12 yrs old; bay gelding wt 1400; 12 yrs old; Gray Gelding wt 1400, 7 yrs old; Gray Gelding wt 1300, 6 yrs old; Bay Gelding wt 1400, 8 yrs old; Roan mare, wt 1200, 10 yrs old; 2 colts coming 3 yrs old; 2 colts coming 2 yrs old; 1 colt coming 1 yr; Bay mare wt 1400, 8 yrs old.

49 Head of Cattle 49

10 Milk cows; 1 bull coming 3 yrs; 38 head young stock from 1 to 2 years old.

45 Head of White Hogs 45

Some bred sows

Hard coal stove; wardrobe; gas lamp; buzz saw; 2-row cultivator; etc.; etc.

A GOOD FREE HOT LUNCH AT NOON, 12:00 O'CLOCK SHARP

TERMS—$10 and under, cash. Over that amount a credit of 10 months will be given on bankable notes drawing 8 per cent interest. No property to be removed until settled for.

Mossel & Zinn, Proprietors

R. R. Kester, Auctioneer — State Savings Bank, Klemme, Clerk

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Buy Now While Diliveries Are Possible

Buy your Ford Car now while deliveries are possible. There is only a limited, specified number of Ford cars allotted to this territory. You will be wise to buy one now while we can get cars to deliver. A signed order with us is your protection.

Even our small allotment of Ford cars is not shipped us nntil we have bona-fide orders for them. his is because the demand for Ford cars all over the country is greater then the supply or prodnction. So, don't depend on spring delivery.

Only so many Ford ears will be shipped to this territory; only so many will be able to get Ford cars. If you would be forenanded and plan ahead, you will have us deliver you a Ford car as soon as possible. Then you will have it to use whenever you want it.

The Ford is an all year utility.—in your home or business. Its serviceability, its ease of operation, its low cost of maintaince has made it such. It will serve you the year around. Spring and S mmea, autumn and winter, it is your servent; always reaby to do your bidding.

E. G. ELL

Authorized Ford Agent — **Klemme, Iowa**

KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 21 Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, January 29, 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Former Resident of Klemme Called

Obituary Mrs. Schafer

Julia Kaste Schafer, wife of E. P. Schafer, was born March 15th, 1865, in Buffalo County, Wisconsin, and died January 15th, 1920, in the Augustana Hospital at Chicago, Illinois. She attained an age of 54 years and 10 months.

On June 29th, 1893, she was married to E. P. Schafer with whom she lived very happily and to whom she was a true companion and helpmete to the end. To their happy union one son was born, who with his father mourns over the loss of a kind and affectionate mother.

Her young life was spent in a Methodist parsonage and from personal experience she knew something about the privations and hardships and trials of the earlier parsonage home, but also of the wholesome Christian influence and the Christian spirit of that home.

At an early age she gave her life to God and learned to love and serve Him. She developed a beautiful Christian character which made her life one of devotion to duty, of love and charity toward others and of consecration and service to God. Being the oldest in the family some of the family duties developed on her and it was here in her early life where she displayed this Christ-like character which made her a model Christian woman in later life.

At an early age she united with the Methodist church and has always been a devoted and true member to the end.

After her marriage she made her home for a while at Klemme, Iowa. then for a while at Crookston, Minn., till finally she settled at Hebron, Ill., where she lived till the end.

About six months ago she was taken ill and for five months she has been a constant sufferer of intense pain. But in her suffering she showed forth her Christian character and bore her suffering with patience and in a Christian spirit.

To her father who visited her and her pastor she gave the assurance that it was well with her, that she did not fear death but was ready to go home to be with God.

She leaves her sorrowing husband and one son, also her father, three brothers and six sisters. One sister proceeded her in death.

May the peace of God which surpasseth understanding comfort their sorrowing hearts and may the spirit of God guide them through life's gloomy pathway to the eternal home in glory.

J. E. WICHMAN OUT FOR STATE SENATOR

Last week we ran the announcement thnt J. E. Wichman is out for the office of State Senaor. Hancock couny is entitled to the office this time and we know of no better man than Mr. Wichman. He has been Representative from this county for the past wo terms and has been the originator of many good bills passed while he was in office. With his wide experience in law and both county and state politics we believe there cannot be found a man in this district who can better serve the office of State Senator than Mr. Wichman. It is to the interest of all the republican voters in this county to support Mr. Wichman, the home candidate.

The Klemme Band is doing well under the able supervision of Mr. E. C. Crotty, the instructor. A number of boys are taking private insructions that hey migh learn more rapidly heir part in the band. The boys will be in shape to begin their concerts about the first of June and will receive a little aid from some of the older band members who will help them for a time until they master the music. The boys are very enthusiastic over their new band and are putting in many hours of hard practice each week.

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Canny and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

Westren States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Materail

Cement

Lime

Brick

Posts

Drain Tile

We take orders for-

Storm Sash and Storm Doors

"PECK" HANSON ANNOUNCES FOR SHERIFF

E. P. Hanson, better known as "Peck" Hanson, of Garner, has his hat in the ring for sheriff of Hancock county. He is so well known over the county that it is just wasting a lot of good printers' ink to give his history. "Peck" is perhaps better known thruout the county than any other man who ever ran for office or anything else. He is one of those rare fellows who is always a good friend to everybody. "Peck" is no new hand at the game of politics in this county for he has had wide experience in the court house offices and has always made a very good officer. Now that he has been coaxed into running again by his many friends he will no doubt be the next man to pin the sheriff's star on his vest. From what we can learn here the voters seem to be favorably impressed that "Peck" has decided to come out for sheriff and no doubt he will receive a strong support from this neck of the woods, for when ever "Peck" Hanson runs he runs like a wild race horse, so get out of the road he's coming back again.

WIDE TRACK SLEDS FOR NEXT YEAR

There is a petition being circulated among the farmers near Klemme to widen out bob sleds next winter so that the tracks will be of the same width as a wagon or auto track. We understand that nearly all the farmers have signed it, some have already made arrangements to have their sleds widened and some have ordered new wide models. In our opinion this is a very good idea. If successfully carried out next winter it will mean that the farmers and also others will be enabled to use their autos the greaer part of the winter. Auto driving here has been tied up all winter because cars could not travel where a narrow track sled had gone. The farmer now days does not like to ride to town back of old Dobbin if he can make the same trip with old Lizzy. The petition is supposed to take effect the first of November, this year.

WOMEN WILL VOTE

Iowa Women Have Franchise Regardless of Whether or Not Amendment is Ratified—Can Express Choice for Presidential Electors in General Election.

Iowa women have the right to vote for presidential electors next November, whether the federal amendment is ratified by that time or not. This is the most important addition to their suffrage rights made by the legislature at its last session.

An amendment to the state constiution would doubtless have been effective by this time, if the secretary of state had not failed in making effective the action of the previous legislatures and therefore set back the state movement by a couple of years.

But Iowa women can vote for president this year, and by the time of the next general election thereafter, equal suffrage will have become nationwide and questions as to woman's status will be quite superfluous.

"The year which we have passed through has been 365 days of worry and expenses and new troublesome and anxiety. Every day brought increased expenses and new troubles to overcome, but it has been good to live. Never in the short space of twelve months have there been so many epochal events crowded into 535,600 minutes. Nineteen-nineteen was a year among years. Germany got slammed in the slats; Dempsey licked Willard before they entered the ring; Americans flew across the Atlantic in less time than a submarine could back across; Sir John Barleycorn was sent to the hospital with no hope of an early convalescence; the shimmy dance was buried with its clothes on; a pound of sugar or news-print was worth more han a peck of diamonds. In general i was a h—l of a year."—Clearfield (Pa.) Progress.

A perfectly adjusted spine cures a "lame back" and insures good nerves, freely circulating blood, and a perfect digestion. Treatment will be given in your home when necessary. Telephone message may be left at the Hotel to be delivered to Dr. R. W. Schultz. tf.

BIG STOCK SHIPMENTS EVERY WEEK

Klemme farmers are doing their part to supply the world with pork and beef for every week a good sized train load of live stock leaves Klemme. Last week Wednesday night there were fifteen car loads of live stock shipped out. Saturday night there were nine car loads shipped out. Some of the cars containing hogs were "double-decker" cars which hold as much as two single cars, so if the double decks were counted as two car loads there would be much more on the list. The stock buyers report that the hogs and cattle are getting pretty well cleaned up now and there will not be so many large shipments for some time.

ED. FORD NOW DOWS BANKER

Ed. Ford whom most of you know and who formerly was located at Garner, and is now at Iowa Falls, has been elected Active Vice-President of the Farmers State Bank of Dows. Ed. takes up his new position behind the counter February first and will move the family to Dows in the near future. Before selling life insurance Ed. was connected with the Farmers National Bank at Garner as assistant cashier. A fine salary is connected with his new position at Dows and Ed. says he will like his new position better as it will allow him to be home most of the time now. The Dows directors were wise in selecting a man like Mr. Ford for their bank.

FUNNY THINGS STILL HAPPEN IN KANSAS

A lot of funny things have come out of Emporia. Also a lot of funny things remain there to happen, as witness the following, contributed by Orson Angell of the College of Emporia:

Four high school girls of Columbus, Kan., went in cahoots and bought a turkey for Christmas dinner. None of the girls had the nerve to chop off the bird's head so they chloroformed it, although the turkey nearly wrecked the premises before he quit flopping. Then he girls dry-picked the gobbler, and put the carcass in the clothes closet to remain until ready to be dressed and roasted. A few hours later one of the girls went to the closet to get some article of apparel, and when she opened the door, the turky (having recovered from the insufficient anesthetic) calmly walked out without a stitch on!

A RELIEF TO ALL

Railroads Turned Back To Owners. Public Pays The Bill And Learns A Lesson

The president's proclamation fixing March 1, 1920, as the time for the return of the railroads and the express companies ot their owners came as a relief to the public, to Congress and to the owners.

Railroading is not a business that can be made profitable under government operation. Business in politics never can be made to pay. In this venture we have learned the lesson anew, and if we will only remember it—if we will always remember to turn a deaf ear to the doctrinaries who urge plans looking to Government ownership—the money required to balance the railroads' books will have been well spent.

IN DEFENSE OF SCHOOLMA'AMS

On account of the shortage of teachers the Upper Des Moines Republican of Algona suggests that a law be enacted prohibiting teachers from marrying or even being courted while they are engaged in teaching. Leo Wolfe, editor of the Titonka Topic and candidate for the legislature, is opposed to this plan and says so in black type. This stand taken by Mr. Wolfe will no doubt prove to be a vote getter, as he should receive the solid support of the schoolma'ams for championing their cause. Mr. Wolfe doesn't say why he opposes the Republican's plan, but perhaps he has reasons which are all his own.—Corwith Hustler.

UNITED STATES LEADS IN OIL PRODUCTION

The United States has produced more than 61 per cent of the world's crude petroleum since the discovery of that product and at last reports was producing more than 69 per cent of the world's annual supply.

TEACHERS' MEETING

A county teachers' meeting will be held at the high school building in Garner Saturday, January 31st. For this meeting the Extension Department of the Iowa State Teachers' College will send two of its most able instructors. As this will be the last meeting for the year, teachers and normal training students are requested to make a special effort to be present.

TELL IT TO THE TIMES

If anybody has a party, if you have out of town company, if you or some member of your family takes a trip, if you hear of an unusual accident, or if you know any other news item, call 12, we appreciate news.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

Morning worship at 10:00 o'clock. Sermon by the pastor, topic: "A Swarm of B's that give Honey, but Never Sting."

Epworth League in the evening at 7:30. Sermon at 8:00 o'clock. Midweek prayermeeting Thursday evening at 7:30.

Everyone welcome.

Notice—All those who are indebted to us kindly call and see us. Gruetzmacher Bros. 2w.

BASKET SOCIAL

Basket Social at Ell No. 5, Friday January 30. Program to begin at 8:00 p. m. Everybody welcome. Lela E. James, teacher. 2w

CHICKENS

For Sale—Barred Rock Cockerels, Ringlet strain, deep barring, good heavy bone, at $3 to $5 each. Wm. Friedow, Britt, Ia. Mail or phone. 3wp

TURKEYS

I have some nice Bourbon Red Turkey Hens left at $5 50 each if taken before the 10th of February. Also a few toms at $8.00. Mrs. Frank Sandry, Goodell, Iowa.

WANTED

Bring in your old iron and scrap metal now while you have time and while I can pay good prices. Henry Lau & Son. 2w

Wanted— Second hand Baby Cab must be in good shape. Phone or call at Crystal Cafe. adv 1wp

Latest State News

The efficient use of labor is one of the factors that influence farm profits. There usually are many ways to utilize man labor on the farm, but the average horse works only about 3½ hours each work day. That is what makes horse labor expensive.

According to Tom C. Stone, sheep specialist, Iowa State College, and secretary of the Iowa Wood Fleece Growers' Association, the present high price of clothing is surely not caused by the price of virgin wool. At the present market value, if cloth were made from virgin wool and the raw material were donated to the manufacturerer, it would only reduce the cost of a man's suit about $5.00 or $6.00.

Clay county farmers are becoming interested in sugar beats as a crop. Britt, Garner and Mason City fields have been looked over by interested farmers and there is every likelihood that another year will see a goodly acreage planted to sugar beets in Clay county. Representatives of the Northern Sugar Corporation have ask that 500 acres be pledged in the county before a dump is built at Spencer.

Fourteen million six hundred thousand dollars will be available in Iowa July 1 for construction work on the primary road system. These figures are given in the annual report of the State Highway Commission, the first portion of which has just been completed and turned over to Governor Harding. Construction at the close of the 1919 season was under way on contracts for improvement of 231 miles of primary road.

One interesting experiment with sweet clover in Webster county was that of turning a car load of western steers on a 43 acre sweet clover field for thirty-one days before it was plowed under as a clover crop. The figures as to the increase of weight on the steers for the thirty-one days is 100 pounds per head. The growth of the cattle was so marked that it made a deep impression on all the farmers who saw the cattle at the beginning and end of the four weeks.

W. B. Loveland, well known farmer of near Waverly, received a milk check amounting to $246.00 for the month of October. During that month he milked 12 Holstein cows and sold the milk to the Janesville cheese factory. The cows were not given any special care, receiving about the same attention that the average herd does in Bremer County. Mr. Loveland says that his cows are bringing him a very fair return on the amount of money and labor represented in them.

Recent investigations throughout Clarke county has disclosed some very valuable limestone quarries in certain sections of the county. The quarries have been tested and show as high a quality as any limestone in the state. A movement is on foot to contract orders for several hundred tons of pulverized limestone and then organize a company and install a pulveriser. Some twenty farms in the county have been tested for acidity and it has been found that practically all of these farms are deficient in lime, needing from two to four tons to the acre to correct the accidity.

Imagine, if you can, forty fine, sleek Holstein cows, twenty in a row, standing back to back, with their heads in metal stanchions, and their tails fastened in holders to prevent them becoming soiled; see in your mind's eye the contentment of these animals as they stand or lie, munching their clover hay or chewing their cuds, and you have a picture of the milch cow department of what is declared to be the finest dairy barn in Iowa. This barn, just completed by C. H. Hicks, two and a half miles northeast of Ames, is a veritable palace for cows. Clean and sanitary, electric lighted, well ventilated, and equipped with the most modern conveniences for the care of the stock, it is no wonder that the owner and his boss herdsman, Albert Miller, show the visitor thru the place with pride.

Due to so many hogs being raised in Montgomery county we are confronted with a great deal of trouble with worms in our hogs after they reach 60 pounds in weight" said Frank F. Barker, county agent, recently. "We were bothered greatly with this trouble recently and something had to be done to combat it. Stockfood salesmen were continually bothering our farmers, trying to sell them food to kill these worms. Little or no good is derived from these foods and in all cases there is a high price asked for them. I have had dozens of calls the past season from farmers over the county to come to their places and show them how to use the bolling gun, whereby a capsule, containing suitable drugs for expelling worms, is forced down the hog's throat. It is a simple process when once seen. Excellent results have been obtained. Much feed has been saved by not having to give corn to worm-infested swine and money was not wasted on worthless stock-powders.

A new tractor school will be held in New Hampton soon. A. W. Turner of Iowa State College will be the expert in charge of the work. Local tractor dealers and the Farm Bureau are cooperating in this work.

A load of pop corn perhaps the first load of its kind sold in Decatur county was sold in Leon recently for $66.40. The corn weighed 1660 pounds and belonged to W. A. Allbaugh. The corn was grown by Walter Dunham, a well known farmer of the county and was of exceptional quality.

Tributes to the Departed.

Obituary notices in Australian papers are often, Lady Poore tells us, accompanied by poetic tributes to the departed. These tributes sometimes tumble into awkwardness, but she quotes as champion in that way a prose tribute in these words: "Mrs. B. has just passed away at the age of eighty-five. For some months she had been in failing health, but during the last few days, she approached the grave in leaps and bounds."—From "Recollections of an Admiral's Wife."

Thoughtful Bobbie.

When Bobbie went to see his grandmother he was much interested in whatever went on in the kitchen. One morning she said to him: "I'm going to make you a nice little pie in a saucer, Bobbie, all for yourself. Don't you think I'm pretty good to take so much trouble?" Bobbie thought about it a moment. "Grandma," he said, "mamma told me not to be a bother, and if it's going to be any trouble you can just as well make my pie the reg'lar size."

Left Algernon Pondering.

Algernon (after being accepted)—"Have you ever loved before?" Angela—"No! I have often admired men—for their strength, courage, beauty, intelligence, or something like that, you know; but with you, Algernon, it's all love—nothing else!"

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Don't Wait to Be Bilious

Keep well. Whenever your appetite begins to flag, or a sour stomach and a coated tongue warn you, take CARTER'S Little Liver Pills and the trouble will cease.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Good for man, woman and child. For your health's sake stick to this old, tried and true remedy. Purely vegetable.

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for **Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness** and **Female Weakness.**

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

LEARN BOOKKEEPING AT HOME in two months. Our wonderful self-corrector, a new idea in teaching, eliminates all correspondence. This course is simple, practical and easy to learn. Loose-leaf binder ledger, journal and cash book sheets furnished free. Write for special low cost offer. Calumet Audit Co., 961 Monadnock Blk., Chicago, Ill.

278 A., WELL IMPROVED; all in cult. and grass except 60 A. Fine timber; all fenced woven wire; six miles to county seat; two miles railroad. $100.00 per A. A. L. Pemberton Farms Co., Bolivar, Missouri.

Central and Western Kansas Land, priced reasonable; best of school-church privileges. For information, Noone Agency, Tampa, Kan.

Learn How to Get Position You Want. Send 50c for Specimen Letters of Application. J. T. O'Neill, 728 Hague, St. Paul, Minn.

SASKATCHEWAN — 320 ACRES GOOD LAND, buildings, water. $15 acre. Apply L. Patch, Killawog, New York.

CALIFORNIA PROPERTY BOUGHT FOR CASH. Give full information and price. S. A. Scott, 1036 Sunset Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.

BAGS WE BUY USED BAGS; pay frt. on 200 or more. Lincoln Bag Co., Dept B2, Springfield, Illinois.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment---Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Very Lucky.

"Did your husband have much luck in his hunting this season?"

"Yes, indeed. He compromised cheaply with all the guides he shot."

"CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP" IS CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at tongue! Remove poisons from stomach, liver and bowels.

Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear.

Mother! You must say "California." —Adv.

His Class.

"Pa, what is an ultimate consumer?"

"An ultimate consumer, my son, is the man who consumes anything the high prices, the war taxes and the charitable contributions for starving Europe leave enough of to buy."

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up; the air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffing, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed up with a cold or nasty catarrh.—Adv.

Luck may be a good servant, but as a master his pay days are uncertain.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES — **Night and Morning. *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.*** If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. **Soothes, Refreshes.** Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

WOLVES of the SEA

By RANDALL PARRISH

Copyright by A. C. McClurg & Co.

CHAPTER XXV—Continued.

—17—

She turned her head, and I felt her eyes searching the dim outline of my face questioningly.

"Of course I did everything I knew," she replied. "Why should I not? You are here, Captain Carlyle, for my sake; I owe you service."

"And must I be content merely with that thought?" I urged, far from pleased. "This would mean that your only interest in me arises from gratitude."

"And friendship," her voice as confidential as my own. "There is no reason why you should doubt that surely."

"It would be easier for me to understand, but for the memory of what I am—a bond slave."

"Your meaning is that true friendship has as a basis equality?"

"Does it not? Can real friendship exist otherwise?"

"No," she acknowledged gravely. "And the fact that such friendship does exist between us evidences my faith in you. I have never felt this social distinction, Captain Carlyle, have given it no thought. This may seem strange to you, yet is most natural. You bear an honorable name, and belong to a family of gentlemen. You held a position of command, won by your own efforts. You bore the part of a man in a revolution; if guilty of any crime, it was a political one, in no way sullying your honor. I have every reason to believe you were falsely accused and convicted. Consequently that conviction does not exist between us; you are not my uncle's servant, but my friend—you understand me now?"

"And you would actually have me speak with you as of your own class—a free man, worthy to claim your friendship in life?"

"Yes," frankly, her face uplifted. "Why should it be otherwise? No man could have done more, or proved himself more stanch and true. We are in danger yet, but such peril is nothing compared with what I have escaped. I feel that your skill and courage will bring us safely to land. I am no longer afraid, for I have learned to trust you. You possess my entire confidence."

"But do you understand fully?" I questioned anxiously. "All I have done for you would have been done for any other woman under the same conditions of danger. Such service to another would have been a duty, and no more. But to be with you, aiding and protecting, has been a delight, a joy. I have served Dorothy Fairfax for her own sake—not as I would any other."

"Did you not suppose I knew?"

Her glance flashed into mine through the star-gleam, with a sudden message of revealment.

"You knew—that—that it was you personally I served?"

"Of course I knew. A woman is never unaware of such things. Now, if ever, I must tell you the truth. I know you care for me, and have cared since first we met. An interest no less fateful has led me to seek your acquaintance, and give you my aid. Surely it is not unmaidenly for me to confess this when we face the chance of death together?"

"But," I stammered, "I can scarcely believe you realize your words. I—I love you Dorothy."

"And is it not also possible for me to love?"

"You—you mean, you love me?"

"I love you—are you sorry?"

"Sorry! I am mad with the joy of it; yet stricken dumb. Dorothy Fairfax, I have never even dared dream of such a message from your lips. Dear, dear girl, do you forget who I am? What my future?"

"I forget nothing," she said, proudly. "It is because I know what you are that my heart responds. Nor is your future so clouded. You are today a free man if we escape these perils, for whether Roger Fairfax be alive, or dead, he will never seek you again to hold in servitude. If alive he will join his efforts with mine to obtain a pardon because of these services, and we have influence in England. Yet, should such effort fail, you are a sailor, and the seas of the world are free. It is not necessary that your vessel fly the English flag."

"You give me hope—a wonderful hope."

"And courage," her hands firmly clasping mine. "Courage to fight on in faith. I would have that my gift to you, Geoffry. We are in peril still, great peril, but you will face it beside me, knowing that whether we live or die we are together. I am not afraid any more."

CHAPTER XXVI.

A Floating Coffin.

The laboring boat rested so low in the water it was only as we were thrown upward on the crest of a wave that I could gain any view about through the pallid light of the dawn. It was all a desolate, restless waste in the midst of which we tossed, while above hung masses of dark clouds obscuring the sky. We were but a hurtling speck between the gray above and the gray below.

The first thing needing my attention was the food and water. I crept forward cautiously and soon had Sam busily engaged in passing out the various articles for inspection. Only essentials had been chosen, yet the supply seemed ample for the distance I believed we would have to cover before attaining land. But the nature of that unknown coast was so doubtful I determined to deal out the provisions sparingly, saving every crumb possible. The men grumbled at the smallness of the ration, yet munched away contentedly enough, once convinced that we all shared alike.

"All right, lads," I said cheerfully. "Now we understand each other and can get at work. We'll divide into watches first of all—two men aft here and one at the bow. Watkins and I will take it watch and watch, but there is enough right now for all hands to turn to and make the craft shipshape. Two of you bail out that water till she's dry, and the others get out that extra sail forward and rig up a jib. She'll ride easier and make better progress with more canvas showing."

The men gradually knocked off work and lay down, and finally I yielded to Dorothy's pleadings and fell into a sound sleep. It seemed as though I scarcely lost consciousness, yet I must have slept for an hour or more, my head pillowed on her lap. When I awoke Schmitt was again at the steering paddle, and both he and Dorothy were staring across me out over the port quarter.

"What is it?" I asked eagerly, but before the words were entirely uttered a hoarse voice forward bawled out excitedly:

"There you see it; straight out agin that cloud edge. It's a full-rigged schooner."

"Ay," boomed another, "an' headin' straight cross our course astern."

I reached my feet, clinging to the mast to keep erect and, as the boat was again flung upward, gained clearly the glimpse I sought.

"Ay, you're right, lads!" I exclaimed. "It's a schooner, heading to clear us by a hundred fathoms. Port your helm, Schmitt—hard down, man. Now, Sam, off with that red shirt; tie it on the boat hook and let fly. They can't help seeing us if there is any watch on deck."

We swept about in a wide circle, headed straight across the bows of the on-coming vessel. All eyes stared out watchfully, Sam's shirt flapping above

We Swept By in a Large Circle.

us, and both Watkins and Schmitt straining their muscles to hold the plunging quarter-boat against the force of the wind. A man forward on his knees growled out a curse.

"What's the matter aboard there?" he yelled. "Did yer ever see a boat yaw like that, afore? Damn me, if I believe they got a hand at the wheel."

The same thought had leaped into my mind. The schooner was headed to pass us on the port quarter, yet yawing so crazily at times as to make me fearful of being run down. I could perceive no sign of life aboard, no signal that we had been seen. The sight angered me.

"Stand by, all hands," I cried desperately. "We'll board whether they want us or not. Slip across, Miss Fairfax, out of the way. Now, Watkins, run us in under those fore-chains; easy man, don't let her strike us. Lay hold quick, lads, and hang on for your lives. Give me that end of rope—ready now, all of you; I'll make the leap. Now then—hold hard!"

It was five feet, and up, my purchase the tossing boat, but I made it, one hand desperately gripping a shroud, until I gained balance and was flung inboard by a sharp plunge of the vessel. My head was at a level with the rail, yet I saw nothing, my whole effort being to make fast before the grip of the men should be torn loose. This done, I glanced back into the upturned faces below.

"Hand in slowly, lads; yes, let go, the rope will hold, and the boat ride safely through. Let a couple of men come up till we see what's wrong with the hooker—the rest of you trail on. Let Schmitt and Sam come with me."

I helped them clamber up and then lifted my body onto the rail, from which position I had a clear view of the forward deck. It was inexpressibly dirty, yet otherwise ship shape enough. Nothing human greeted me, and conscious of a strange feeling of horror, I slipped over onto the deck. The next moment the negro and Dutchman joined me, the former staring about wildly, the whites of his eyes revealing his terror.

"My Gawd, sah," he ejaculated. "Ah done know dis boat—it's shore de Santa Marie. Ah's cooked in dat galley. She was a slaver, sah." He sniffed the air. "A kin smell dem niggers right now, sah. Ah suah reckon dars a bunch o' ded ones under dem hatches right dis minute."

Schmitt's hand fell heavily on my sleeve and I glanced into his stolid face.

"I just bet I know vat wus der trouble."

"What, man?"

"Cholera," he whispered; "ve haf boarded a death ship."

CHAPTER XXVII.

On Board the Slaver.

The terror of the two men as this thought dawned upon them in all its horror was apparent enough. Nothing, not even fire, was more to be dreaded than a visitation of this awful nature on shipboard. Charnel ship though this might be, it was safer by far than the cockleshell towing alongside.

"Let's find out the truth first, men," I said quietly. "Hold your tongues. There is no use giving up until we know what the danger is. Will you come with me?"

The terror in Sam's eyes caused me to laugh and my own courage came back with a rush.

"Afraid of dead men, are you? Then we'll face them together, my lads, and have it over with. Come on, now, both of you. Buckle up; there is nothing to fear, if you do what I tell you—this isn't the first cholera ship I've been aboard."

It was no pleasant job confronting us, although we had less dead men to handle than I anticipated. Indeed, we found only five bodies on board. There were only two on deck, a giant, coal-black negro, and a gray-bearded white man, his face pitted with smallpox. Determined on what was to be done, I wasted no time with either body. The two sailors hung back, terrorized at the mere thought of touching these victims of plague. I steeled myself to the job and handled them alone, dragging the bodies across the deck and launching them over the low rail into the sea. I ordered Schmitt to cut the lashings and take charge of the wheel.

"See here, Sam, and you too, Schmitt, I am in love with that girl in the boat. Do you suppose I would ever have her come on this deck if I believed she might contract cholera? You do as I say and you are perfectly safe. Now, Schmitt, remain at the wheel, and you, Sam, come with me. There will be a dead nigger aboard unless you jump when I speak."

He trotted close at my heels as I flung open the door leading into the cabin. The air seemed fresh enough and I noted two of the ports wide open. A tall, smooth-shaven man, with an ugly scar down one cheek, lay outstretched on a divan at the foot of the after mast, his very posture proclaiming him dead. His face was the color of parchment, wrinkled with age.

The negro crept up behind me and stared at the upturned face.

"My Gaud, sah, he wus de ol' captain. Paradilla, sah; damn his soul!"

In what was evidently the captain's room I discovered a pricked chart and log-book, with no entry in it for three days. Without waiting to examine these I stowed them away in my pocket. Between us we forced the stiffened form of the captain through the open after port and heard it splash into the sea astern. There were two dead seamen in the forecastle, both swarthy fellows, with long Indian hair. I never saw a dirtier hole, the filth overpowering, and once satisfied that both men were beyond help, I was content to lower the scuttle and leave them there. God! it was a relief to return once more to the open deck and breathe in the fresh air. I hailed the boat towing below.

"Come aboard, Watkins," I called sharply. "Pass the lady up first, and turn the boat adrift."

I caught Dorothy's hands and aided her over the rail.

"Why was the vessel abandoned?" she asked. "What has happened? Do you know?"

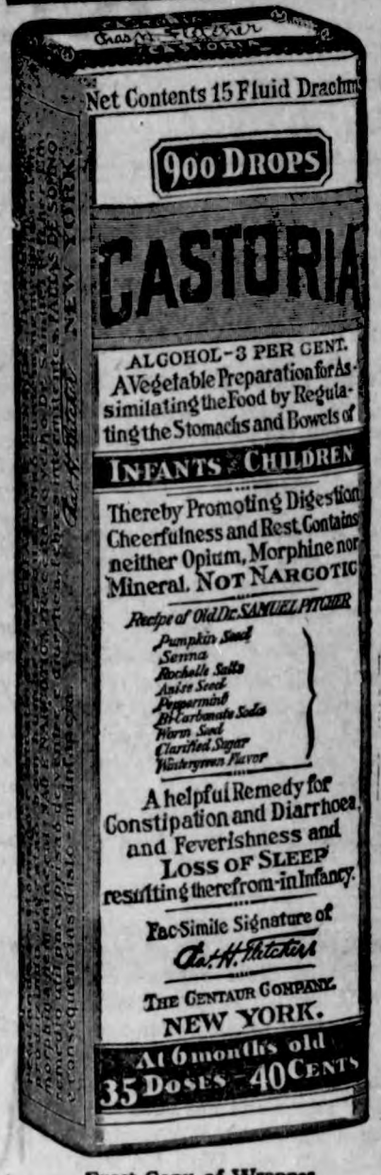
Quietly I told her the truth and assured her that if we staid on deck and used our own bedding and provisions we were in no danger.

"How can I help you?"

"Tell the men just what I have told you," I said gravely. "They will be ashamed to show less courage than you."

We turned and faced them together as they formed a little group against the rail. Hallin was first to speak.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WORK DIDN'T SHOW FOR MUCH

Lecturer's Wife May Have Had the Idea That Perhaps He Was Wasting His Time.

The steel and coal strikes were on; the reds were busy in thousands of American communities stirring up anarchy; the civilized world was literally broiling with discontent; the profiteers were piling up their guilty millions unrestrained. And Fred Warren, former editor of the Appeal to Reason at Girard, Kan., a socialist lecturer of national renown, was starting out from home with his traveling bag in hand, to fill a speaking engagement.

"Where are you going now?" inquired Mrs. Warren.

"Out to save the world," he replied.

"How long have you been engaged in saving the world?" she asked retrospectively.

"About fifteen years," was his answer.

"And now look at it!" she lamented. —Fort Scott Tribune.

Long Meteor Flight.

Numerous observations of the brilliant meteor seen in the early evening of October 21, 1919, show that it had the long horizontal flight of 335 miles from over a point 20 miles northeast of York, England, to 30 miles southwest of St. Valery, France. It traveled at a speed of about 33 miles a second and its average altitude was 74 miles. Its radiant point and speed agree nearly with those compared by Prof. A. S. Herschel for the meteors from the comet of 1739.—Scientific American.

An Apology.

He—Excuse my cigar.

She—Oh, you may smoke, or I shouldn't have given it to you. It is one of father's, you know.

He—That's why I am apologizing.

Assured Knowledge.

"How is it that woman knows so much about bringing up children?"

"She never had any."

Wealth in North Dakota.

According to United States government statistics the agricultural products of North Dakota have increased about $278,000,000 since 1915, making a per capita wealth in the state of $2,966 at the close of 1918. The United States census bureau estimates the per capita wealth of the entire Union at $1,956, so that the average wealth in North Dakota is more than $1,000 greater than the average for the whole Union. Including horses, cattle, hogs, sheep and creamery products, the agricultural production of the state at the close of 1918 was valued at about $638,000,000. The same production at the close of 1915 was valued at about $260,000,000.

Worth Paying Premiums For.

A $5,000 life insurance policy was taken out on a hen exhibited in Portland, Ore., recently. This hen is a White Leghorn, owned by Doctor Tancred of Kent, Wash. She set a world's record for production by laying 336 eggs in 365 days ending September 16. This is about four times the production of the average hen. The owner consented to allow her to be placed on exhibition by one of the poultry feed companies, but stipulated that she must be insured for $5,000.

A Triumph.

"Was the Grabcoin reception a success?"

"I judge so," replied Mr. Dubwaite. "Yes?"

"Mrs. Grabcoin's Paris gown was such a marvel that quite a number of the ladies present left earlier than they intended, and I understand that were very disagreeable to their husbands on the way home."

The Likeness.

"The nations are like the people at this time."

"How do you mean?"

"They're just fed up with Turkey."

Often a man's character would be unable to recognize his reputation when they were to meet.

Sleep Is Sweet

—so if coffee plays tricks with your nerves and breaks your rest *try*

INSTANT POSTUM

This economical beverage has a rich coffee-like flavor that truly satisfies.

Made by Postum Cereal Co. Battle Creek, Mich. Sold by Grocers and General Stores.

Soul That Is Truly Great.

Emerson, that greatest of modern philosophers, has told us that it is easy when in a crowd to allow ourselves to be swayed by the opinions about us and comparatively easy to keep our individuality and sweetness when alone, but that the great soul is he who in the midst of a mass of other individuals can still keep the poise and sweetness of solitude.

Work and Workers.

There is not so much difference in the world's work as in the world's workers. It is not so much difference what we are doing—so long as it is useful—that counts as the way in which we are doing it. The work of which we are ashamed we either have no right to do, or we are not doing it as we should.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

May Pass the Critical Period Safely and Comfortably by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Summit, N. J.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound during Change of Life and I think it is a good remedy in such a condition. I could not digest my food and had much pain and burning in my stomach after meals. I could not sleep, had backache, and worst of all were the hot flashes. I saw in the papers about Vegetable Compound so I tried it. Now I feel all right and can work better. You have my permission to publish this letter."—VICTORIA KOPPL, 21 Oak Ridge Ave., Summit, N. J.

If you have warning symptoms such as a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backache, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness, inquietude, and dizziness, get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin taking the medicine at once. We know it will help you as it did Mrs. Koppl.

WATCH THE BIG 4

Stomach-Kidneys-Heart-Liver

Keep the vital organs healthy by regularly taking the world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The National Remedy of Holland for centuries and endorsed by Queen Wilhelmina. At all druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

If one is clean, courageous and sensible, he can get along very well without romance.

Garfield Tea, taken regularly, will correct both liver and kidney disorders.—Adv.

The more some men have the less they seem to think others entitled to.

Artistic temperament is weak nerves.

INFLUENZA starts with a Cold

Kill the Cold. At the first sneeze take

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

HEADACHE

Often Caused by

Acid-Stomach

Yes, indeed, more often than you think. Because ACID-STOMACH, starting with indigestion, heartburn, belching, food-repeating, bloat and gas, if not checked, will eventually affect every vital organ of the body. Severe, blinding, splitting headaches are, therefore, of frequent occurrence as a result of this upset condition.

Take EATONIC. It quickly banishes acid-stomach with its sour bloat, pain and gas.

It aids digestion—helps the stomach get full strength from every mouthful of food you eat. Millions of people are miserable, weak, sick and ailing because of ACID-STOMACH. Poisons, created by partly digested food charged with acid, are absorbed into the blood and distributed throughout the entire system. This often causes rheumatism, biliousness, cirrhosis of the liver, heart trouble, ulcers and even cancer of the stomach. It robs its victims of their health, undermines the strength of the most rigorous.

If you want to get back your physical and mental strength—be full of vim and vigor—enjoy life and be happy, you must get rid of your acid-stomach.

In EATONIC you will find the very help you need and it's guaranteed. So get a big 50c box from your druggist today. If it fails to please you, return it and he will refund your money.

EATONIC

FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Travelers Will Find a Warm Welcome at the

Hotel West

MINNEAPOLIS

Sensible Prices—Service Our Watchword

WOULD YOU

invest one dollar a week for ten weeks on a chance to make $1,000 or more? Particulars free. No obligation. Write J. A. CARLTON, P. O. BOX 676, FORT WORTH, TEX.

Baby Coughs

require treatment with a remedy that contains no opiates. Piso's is mild but effective, pleasant to take. Ask your druggist for

PISO'S

DAIRY TALE

BREED HEIFERS FOR JUNIORS

Animals Are Relatively Easy to Handle and Young Owner Gains Experience in Handling.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Many junior dairy clubs favor the maintenance of bred heifers by their members, because these animals are relatively easy to handle while their young owner gains experience in feeding and caring for the young females before they calve. Subsequently he learns how to handle the calf, which constantly is increasing in value. Where mature cows are distributed among the junior dairy club members more risk is involved, as many of the youngsters are not experienced sufficiently to handle them properly.

The advantage of distributing calves among the next generation of stock breeders, according to specialists, is the low initial cost of the animal and

Club Members Exhibiting Their Calves.

the fact that its keeping involves less expense and care on the part of the attendant. On the other hand, it requires three years to complete the project. This may be considered undesirable, as interest of the club members will likely become lessened. In both the case of the bred heifer and the calf it is difficult to select the best animals which will prove to be profitable producers, while in the case of the cow, she demonstrates her worth if proper records of production and expenses are kept. The junior dairy club work develops potential breeders who will mature from raisers of a single heifer or calf into full-grown owners of extensive and quality herds.

LIBERAL FEEDING FOR COWS

Animals Starting Into Winter in Thin Condition Need Extra Care to Nourish Calves.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Breeding cows that started into the winter in thin condition need extra care and liberal feeding at this time if they are to nourish their calves properly and maintain their own bodies satisfactorily. It is a mistaken idea of economy to starve through the winter a cow that is to drop a calf in the spring. Such practice not only reduces the vitality of the cow but dwarfs the growth of her offspring, because she is not able to nourish it properly.

The cow should be provided with a liberal amount of silage, or legume hay if no silage is available. A protein supplement in the form of velvet beans or cottonseed meal should be provided in addition to two or three pounds of grain. Corn stover or straw may also be used if available at this time of year.

ASSETS IN MILK PRODUCTION

Large Flow of Blood Indicates Digestive Organs and Heart Are Functioning Properly.

It is a well established fact that milk is produced from the elements carried to the udder by the blood. It seems reasonable, therefore, that the quantity of milk produced depends largely on the amount of blood which circulates through the udder. It is also self evident that a large flow of blood indicates that the digestive organs are functioning properly, and that the heart is strong. Both of these are very important assets in milk production, and in transmitting vigor to the offspring of the cow.

DAIRY NOTES

Fill the churn only half full and you will have better churning results.

* * *

Thoroughly cleanse and sterilize the cooler, cans, pails, strainers and other milk utensils.

* * *

The cow barn is a dirty place in the winter months unless the proper methods of handling are exercised.

* * *

The cow-testing association is apt to start many a boarder cow on a sightseeing excursion with the return ticket lost.

* * *

Good, clean corn stover is excellent for part of the roughage feed. Silage is especially good and should be fed at the rate of three pounds of silage per 100 pounds live weight.

MISS PLINY

By JACK LAWTON.

(Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union)

Miss Pliny pinned an imaginary loose hair into the smooth coil at the back of her head as she regarded a small, blue-eyed girl, seated before a typewriter near by. The figure of the small blue-eyed girl drooped despondently, and her face was wistfully appealing.

"Miss Pliny," the girl asked, as though aware of the sympathy in the gaze bent upon her, "what ever have you done with all your evenings, alone in this big city? I was thinking about it last night as I sat in my room. You told me once that you had never had an admirer or lover to take you about. Neither have I, nor am I likely to have, for it was the same back home where I knew everybody. I seem to have missed some way the secret of attraction. Or it may be, that realizing the lack of men's interest in myself, I grow bored and tiresome in their company. I don't know the reason, but conditions are not likely to improve in a city where I am a stranger, while the girls have too many good times of their own to bother about lonely me. Miss Pliny, dear, how do you spend your time and keep from utter dullness?"

The elder woman smiled.

"I used to ask myself just that question," she replied, "until I learned how to find, and give, happiness. My dear Violet," Miss Pliny leaned forward, her shrewd eyes sparkling. "I've had many love affairs, though never a lover. Highly diverting affairs they were, too."

Violet stared. "You don't mean," she asked aghast, "that you loved without having your love returned—and were happy!"

"Exactly," nodded Miss Pliny.

Violet closed her typewriter.

"I can't see," she said laughingly, "how that could brighten a lonely evening."

The elder woman studied the girl with a certain inscrutable expression, which her associates in the office recognized as preceding some clever business venture. Miss Pliny had long been a valued, though silent member of the firm.

"Good night!" nodded Jim Bradley toward her desk as he took his departure, "Good night!" called Billy Blair, the office favorite. Miss Pliny responded absently. She was thinking of little Violet, and wondering impatiently why these same good-looking, honest young fellows could pass her shy, pretty assistant each day, without a gleam of interest in their faces? Miss Pliny knew the firms employees; they were good boys, and straight on the road to success. It was as Violet said. The other merry girls of the office openly refused to recognize her existence.

The girl slipped into her chair next morning with her usual low-voiced greeting, and it was not until near closing time that Miss Pliny became aware of a certain subdued excitement in her manner. Violet's blue eyes glinted, her pale cheeks were flushed with color.

"Miss Pliny," she said at last breathlessly, "the most wonderful thing has happened. I don't know how to explain it, and I do not know, exactly, what to do. Please, advise me. On my desk, when I came back from lunch, was a florist's box filled with glorious red roses. Red roses, Miss Pliny, with an audacious card reading, 'Red roses, for love.' Nothing more, Miss Pliny. No clue at all as to the sender. The message had apparently been written by the florist, for when I called up to learn the name of the donor, the clerk informed me that the person distinctly wished to remain unknown. I have met no men here, Miss Pliny, save those in the office, and you know, how likely they would be, to send me flowers."

"Just wait and keep quiet," advised Miss Pliny safely; "truth will come out."

After the fourth box of fragrant roses had been received, Jim Bradley approached Miss Pliny's desk.

"So the quiet one has a sentimental admirer," he said laughingly.

"Violet is lovely enough to have a dozen of admirers," Miss Pliny brusquely retorted.

And Jim Bradley, pausing, regarded with a new light in his eyes the bowed head of the little stenographer. Billy Blair, passing later, motioned toward the crimson bloom.

"Tribute of devotion?" he asked Miss Pliny, "or are we turning into a conservatory?"

Miss Pliny smiled. "Devotion would naturally be Violet's tribute," she said.

Billy Blair gazed into the happily transformed face of the stenographer, as though he were, for the first time, seeing her.

Miss Pliny, seated before her desk several weeks later, looked up to see Violet standing shining-eyed before her. "I have something to tell you," Violet said, "I— am going to be married, and to Billy Blair, Miss Pliny. Jim Bradley actually asked me, too. It is all so remarkable. Each of those foolish boys insisted upon believing that the other sent me flowers! So, of course, my red roses could have come from neither. I hope," Violet's radiant eyes clouded, "that whoever it was, will not be unhappy."

"'Who it was' won't be," Miss Pliny briskly responded. "Whoever it was is happy, indeed. She's been having another of her love affairs."

Home Town Helps

PROLONGING LIFE OF TREES

Filling Cavities With Cement Ends the Spread of Decay, and Is a Simple Operation.

Filling the cavities of trees with cement to prolong their lives is being commonly and successfully practiced. It is not only worth while in preserving fruit trees, but is also the means of saving valuable shade trees. Trees with cavities several inches deep are often cut down when, by using a little cement and sand, they could be kept alive for ten or fifteen years longer.

Of course, the cavities are small at first, but continue to get larger. They favor decay, weakening the tree.

With a knife or a chisel remove all of the decayed wood. Trim the edges of the wound smoothly with a sharp knife. Then a coat of paint or shellac should be given the outer edge of the wound. Successful growers recommend the use of creosote and coal tar to disinfect the inside of the cavity after it has been thoroughly cleaned out. This may be applied with a brush.

The cement may then be put in immediately. A good mixture may be made of one part cement to two parts of clean sand.

After the cement and sand have been stirred a few minutes add enough water to make the mixture into a thick paste. Begin filling the cavity

Putting a new heart into a tree. Cement has been substituted for the "heart" and most of the body.

from the bottom and tamp the material thoroughly. The work may be done on a warm day, and cement must be protected from freezing at least forty-eight hours. Remember that warmth and moisture are essential for the uniform and rapid hardening of concrete.

UNEVEN PAINT COATINGS BAD

Great Care Should Always Be Taken to Have Them of Equal Moisture Resistance.

Coatings of equal moisture resistance should be applied to all surfaces of a wood product which would give dissatisfaction if it were to warp in service. Tests at the forest products laboratory, Madison, Wis., have shown that even when wood is properly kiln dried, no coating entirely prevents it from picking up or giving off moisture and, consequently, from swelling and shrinking under the influence of varying atmospheric conditions.

Varnish, shellac, and other moisture-resistant finishes merely decrease the rate at which the moisture changes in wood occur. The higher the grade and the more coats applied, the slower will be the moisture changes.

Unequal coatings on opposite surfaces of wooden articles cause unequal rates of change in moisture content and hence unequal shrinkage on the two sides of the piece. The result is that the wood tends to cup or twist out of shape.

Planting Memorial Trees.

Planting of trees in honor of heroes who gave their lives in the late war is becoming a favorite method of perpetuating the memory of these men. In Cleveland, O., May 30, Memorial day will be made memorable by the dedication of Liberty row, which will extend for nine miles and will contain 694 trees each planted in memory of a gold star hero of Cleveland.

The trees will be called Victory oaks and each will contain a tablet bearing the name of a soldier, and the date and place of his death.

Do Away With the Billboard.

Signboards more than ever are becoming a nuisance on account of their increasing size and number. Our roadsides are boarded up with great signs in flashy colors. Just as a traveler along roadways reaches a point where a fine view is expected a glaring sign completely obstructs the view. It is exasperating to have a merchant intrude and force attention to his business on an individual at a time and place where it is not wanted. No good salesman conducts himself in this manner.—Exchange.

TERRIFYING DISCOMFORTS FROM SKIN DISEASES

Itching and Burning Eruptions Torture Victims.

If your skin seems ablaze with the fiery, burning and itching of Eczema, real and lasting relief can only come from treatment that goes below the surface — that reaches down to the very source of the trouble. Skin-diseases come from a disordered condition of the blood, and search far and near, you cannot find a blood remedy that approaches S. S. S. for real efficiency. S. S. S. has been on the market for fifty years, during which time it has been giving uniform satisfaction for all disorders for which it is recommended. If you want prompt relief, you can rely upon S. S. S. For expert advice as to the treatment of your own individual case, write to-day to Chief Medical Adviser, Swift Specific Co., Dept. 44, Atlanta, Ga.

This is of Interest to Mothers

You doubtless have read many, many times about

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN,

TRADE MARK

and resolved that you would purchase a package the next time you were at your Druggists. But you perhaps have forgotten or neglected to do so, and as a result have never tried this most superior preparation, which for over thirty years has given entire satisfaction to Mothers in correcting the little ills to which children are subject. We are confident that a trial in your family will convince you that these Powders are deserving of the highest praise, and we now offer you the opportunity of having a regular 30c. box delivered to your door absolutely FREE.

Simply cut from this paper the above Trademark Head and mail to us together with name and address of five or more of your friends who have children, and by return mail you will receive a full-sized package of

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS. Address, Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N.Y.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

DISEASE AMONG HORSES — the answer is

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Whenever there is contagious disease among horses SPOHN'S is the solution of all trouble. SPOHN'S is invaluable in all cases of DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, INFLUENZA, COUGHS and COLDS. A few drops a day will protect your horse exposed to disease. Regular doses three times a day will act marvelously on your horse actually sick. 60 cents and $1.50 per bottle.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Harvest 20 to 45 Bushel to Acre Wheat in WESTERN CANADA

Think what that means to you in good hard dollars with the great demand for wheat at high prices. Many farmers in Western Canada have paid for their land from a single crop. The same success may still be yours, for you can buy on easy terms.

Farm Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

located near thriving towns, good markets, railways—land of a kind which grows **20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre.** Good grazing lands at low prices convenient to your grain farm enable you to reap the **profits from stock raising and dairying.**

Learn the Facts About Western Canada

—low taxation (none on improvements), healthful climate, good schools, churches, pleasant social relationships, a prosperous and industrious people.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, reduced railroad rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

M. J. JOHNSTONE, 5th Street, DES MOINES, IOWA

Canadian Government Agent.

WESTERN CANADA Farm Lands at Low Prices The Wheat Belt of America

LEADS TO ODD RELATIONSHIP

Hawaiian Custom of Adoption of Children Has Been the Cause of Amusing Complications.

The very old custom of legal adoption in the Hawaiian islands, which originated when there were many tribes often at war with one another, was intended to bring peace among them. The cause has long since disappeared, but the custom still persists. When a child is "spoken for" by some relative or friend, the little baby, as soon as it can leave its own mother, will be given to the foster mother, and will be regarded as a sacred trust. A Youth's Companion contributor tells of one woman who was the mother of eight children, seven of whom had been adopted by friends. When she was asked why she gave them away, she replied sadly: "It is a superstition, I know, but if they are 'asked for' and I refuse I fear some harm might come to them." The poor soul let them go just because she loved them so much!

The custom leads to very amusing complications. One of the native princesses now living has given her baby to her own mother. The little girl is legally adopted, and therefore has become the grandmother's daughter.

Trying to Fool Philander.

"Brother Philander," said I, to our head deacon last Monday, "I was detained yesterday morning and could not get to services." "So I noticed," replied Philander. "I would have been absent, too, had I not washed my car Saturday afternoon."—Kansas City Star.

As to Terms.

"Is that a dirigible?"

"No; it's just a balloon airship."—Baltimore American.

DID NOT NEED INTRODUCTION

First School Teacher Had Met Her Chum's Friend Somewhat Earlier in the Day.

These two teachers were chums. They are still chums. The first one met the second one and was out of humor about something. "Why, the most terrible thing happened today. A regular pill of a teacher visited me. She didn't even tell me that she enjoyed my work when the visit was over—just put up her head and sailed out of the room."

The second one essayed comfort and invited the first one home with her to supper. "Then we'll go to a show and forget all about that visitor," she said.

The first one accompanied her home, and there in the living room was another visitor. The second one greeted the out-of-town cousin and turned to introduce her to her friend, when the friend began, with a sickly smile: "Oh, you visited me this afternoon."—Indianapolis News.

Marital Inconsistency.

"Married couples should yield to one another's opinions to get along," said the sober-faced man.

"I dunno," responded the other. "It didn't work in our case. I told my wife I wasn't worthy of her and she declared I was. For the sake of harmony, I yielded my opinion and said I was worthy of her, and she, not to be outdone in generosity, I suppose, yielded her opinion and said I wasn't. And so we parted. No, I guess what you said isn't so, stranger."

Learned Something.

"Flubdub seems subdued. He used to think he was the whole thing."

"He got married."

The entire food values of wheat and malted barley are found in

Grape-Nuts

A food in every sense: *nourishing, delicious, economical.*

Easy to digest because of twenty hours baking.

Ready-to-serve.

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

Buy Your

Binder Twine Now

Nowis the twine to order your Binder Twine. We are now taking orders for

Plymouth Twine

The best twine made; come in and give us your order now and you will be sure to have plenty of twine when you need it.

A Little Late, But

we wish to thank our patrons and customers for their business in 1919. We also invite all our old customers and new ones to come in and get their 1920 machinery and any other goods. Better buy at once as some will be hard to get, Our terms in 1920 will be 30 days on small accounts and a note for sums over $10

Henry Lau & Son

NOTICE! Wanted!

HORSES AND MULES

No doubt you have all heard of Mr. Jacob Wallach the well known horseman from eastern Pennsylvania. He will have his representative here on

Thursday, February 4 1920

to buy all horses, Mares and Mules they can. From 4 years old up and Pay you the Highest Market Price for them. We want them broke to work with size and shape from 1400 to 1500 lbs. and up. Be sure to bring them in as we will be here regardless of the weather and give you all they are worth for our market. We can also use a few 4 and 5 year old 16 hand driving horser, good broke, single.

JACOB WALLACH & CO.

Boyertown, Pa.

The Klemme Times

Entered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

IOWA PRESS ASSOCIATION

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1st, 1920
One Year, in advance.....$2.00
One Year, outside of county...$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES
Display, per column inch.....25c
Readers, per line.....10c
Classified or want ads, per line...10c
Card of Thanks, each.....50c
Political Announcements.....$10.00
Legal Notices at legal rates.
Black-face lines double charge.
No local or classified ad accepted for less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. Regular advertisers are given a special display rate.

Local News Notes

Get your sale bills printed at the Times Office. Satisfaction guaranteed

Rev. A. H. Meyer was a Garner visitor between trains Monday.

F. J. Wenck was at Garner on business Monday.

Hery Ludeke was a business caller at Garner Monday.

Louis Knoke was a business caller at Garner Monday.

Louie Suckow left last week for the sunny southland for a visit with relatives and friends.

We do it right. Good job, good work, and dandy sale bills. That's us. Call the Times, phone 12.

A few young people from here attended the dance at Belmond Monday evening.

Mrs. A. Ahrenkiel, of Goodell, visited at the Tom Blank home here last Thursday.

Dr. Zinn transacted business at the county seat last Thursday morning between trains.

Mrs. M. O. Hocum was at Garner last Thursday afternoon between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Ridder were Garner callers between trains last Thursday afternoon.

Marlin Croner was a passenger to Garner last Thursday, returning to Klemme the following day.

Nels Palmer was a business caller at the big town of Goodell Monday between trains.

During Mr. Brynteson's absence at Minneapolis last week Marlin Croner took charge of the lumber yard.

Miss Clella McCullough came rfom Garner Friday evening for an over Sunday visit with her brother and sister, Gerald and Mildred, here.

I wish to extend my gratitude to my many friends for their liberal patronage during the past years and wish them God speed. Mrs. John Josten. ad

Mr. Henry Beier left Friday evening for Kansas City where he was called on account of the illness of his son, Carl.

Miss Annetta Schuldt, who teaches near Klemme, spent Friday and Saturday visiting at the John Gruetzmahcer home.

I still have some goods to dispose of and will be pleased to assist in any way where needed. Please call, or phone 7105. Mrs. John Josten. 1-w ad

Rev. W. J. Suckow, of Earlville, Iowa, visited with Klemme relatives and friends between trains one day last week.

Notice. All those who are indebted to me please call at my home or leave check at First National Bank. Mrs. John Josten. 1-w adv.

Geo. Kessler is another one of our farmers who will soon reside in Klemme. He has purchased the old Ell property at the southeast corner of the park. He expects to move to town the latter part of February.

Elsewhere n this issue will be found the obituary of Mrs. E. P. Schafer. At one time the Schafers were in business in Klemme and have a wide acquaintance of friends and also have a number of relatives here in and near Klemme.

We have a few more of those

Suits and Overcoats

that we are offering at the *Special Price of*

$24.85

We are extending this sale a few days for the benefit of those who were not able to get in last week. We also have a number of Specials that we are offering and that are very acceptable at this time:

Several dozen Mens' Wool Hose at pair - -	69c
50 Dozen Mens' Heavy Black Cotton hose at or 5 pairs for $1.00	22c
One lot of Mens' Overalls, regular $2.50 values at - - -	$1.98

Several other good bargains to be had during the week.

Do not loose out on this special sale of

Suits and Overcoats

AT **$24.85**

Get To Know

Gildner Bros. & Johnson

The Home of Hart, Schffner & Marx Clothes

16 Stores Garner, Ia

Remanant Sale

DAMON-IGOU CO.

Remanant Sale

Mason City, Iowa

Our Semi-Annual

Remanant Sale

Starts Monday February 2

After Our Great January Clearance Sale we have hundreds of short lengths, odd lots and discontinued lines, that must be closed out at once to make room for our Spring merchandise.

Remanants of

Silks
Wash Goods
Wool Dress Goods
White Goods
Ribbons
Linens
Laces
Domestics
Embroideries

AT

1-4, 1-3, and **1-2** off usual prices

BUTCH SCHROEDER
Seller of Fat Steers at Chicago For
CENTRAL

Selling

FAT STEERS

For

Central Live Stock Commission Company

At Chicago
The Greatest Market in the World

That's my Job!

I lived in Klemme and dealt in fat cattle all my life before I came to Chicago where bigger opportunities were presented me.

I beleive I am safe in saying that I know the kind of cattle which come from your locality better then anyone here at Chicago.

I know the men who feed them and the conditions under which they are hand-becanse my firm receives a lot of them.

I know every steer buyer at Chicago and the class of cattle each one wants. I can guess the dressing percentage on a drove of cattle as close as any of them because the many years I spent in the butcher bu iness at Klemme gave me some mighty valuable experience which helps me greatly in selling fat steers.

Since the finst of the year, I became a member of Central Live Stock Commission Co, and my ambition is to get in touch with every man who handles fat cattle or any live stock in your locality.

I don' think anyone will question my statement that CENTRAL has the best cattle sales pens in the yards. Right against the Ezchange Building two minuets walk from the office; on the main alley where I crn stop all the buyers as they pass back and forth.

Write me a letter. Describe your cattle fully. Tell me how much they weigh and how long you have fed them. I will help you.

BUTCH SCHROEDER **With Central Live Stock Commission Company**
Union Stock Yards, Chicago
Bonded in the Hartford--Your Money is Safe

ORION BRED SOW SALE
OF
Duroc Jersey Tried Sows and Gilts

AT FOREST CITY, IOWA
FEBRUARY 3

To Be Held In

HEATED SALE PAVILION
One block east of M. & St. L. Depot

HERD BOARS

Orion The Great
By Great Orion Dam by Premier Gano

Shelter Orion
By Jacks Cherry Orion Dam by King Orion Cherry.

Col. Algo
By King the Col. Dam by Clairmonts Cheif

Pathfinder, Orion Cherry, Golden Model, King the Col., High Model, Chief Educator and Algo's Perfection are some of the bloodlines represented in our offering.

Free Entertainment in Forest City

Send for Catalog

F. P OLESON

Remember the R. E. Burman & Sons Sale at Night same Date and Place

Public Auction!

As we have disolved pardnership we will therefore sell the following live stock and other articles at auction on the Zinn farm 4 miles east and 1 mile north of Klemme,

Monday, February 2

Sale to begin promptly at 1:00 P. M.

110 HEAD OF LIVE STOCK 110

16 Head of Horses 16

Team of sorrels wt 3200, 8 and 9 yrs old; black mare wt 1600, 8 yrs old; gray mare wt 1500, 11 yrs old; bay gelding wt 1500, 12 yrs old; bay gelding wt 1400; 12 yrs old; Gray Gelding wt 1400, 7 yrs old; Gray Gelding wt 1300, 6 yrs old; Bay Gelding wt 1400, 8 yrs old; Roan mare, wt 1200, 10 yrs old; 2 colts coming 3 yrs old; 2 colts coming 2 yrs old; 1 colt coming 1 yr; Bay mare wt 1400, 8 yrs old.

49 Head of Cattle 49

10 Milk cows; 1 bull coming 3 yrs; 38 head young stock from 1 to 2 years old.

45 Head of White Hogs 45

Some bred sows

Hard coal stove; wardrobe; gas lamp; buzz saw; 2-row cultivator; etc.; etc.
Also some chickens and ducks

A GOOD FREE HOT LUNCH AT NOON, 12:00 O'CLOCK SHARP

TERMS—$10 and under, cash. Over that amount a credit of 10 months will be given on bankable notes drawing 8 per cent interest. No property to be removed until settled for.

Mossel & Zinn, Proprietors

R. R. Kester, Auctioneer — State Savings Bank, Klemme, Clerk

CLOSING OUT AT PUBLIC
AUCTION

Having rented my farm, I will sell without reserve, at my farm 1½ miles south-east of Klemme, the following property to-wit:- on

TUESDAY, FEB. 3
Sale to begin at 10:30 A. M. Sharp

3 HEAD OF HORSES 3

Black mare 7 years old; Bay colt coming 3 yaers old; Dark gray mare 11 years ol .

41 HEAD OF CATTLE

12 milch cows, some fresh others fresh soou; 6 2-yr old steers and 2 heifers on feed; 8 heifers 1-yr old and 4 steers one year old; 1 Registered Shorthorn Bull 3-yrs old; 8 calves less than one year old.

23 Head of Poland China Hogs 23

Consisting of 4 bred sows and 19 fall pigs

Farm Machinery, Household Goods, Etc.

8-ft McCormick binder: 5-ft mower; Fuller & Johnson riding corn plow; Deere corn planter with 90 rods of wire; hand corn planter; Rock Island disc; Ja esville 16-in. sulky plow; J. I. Case sulky plow; 3-section harrow; harrow cart; 11-ft seeder; feed grinder; fanning mill; Dain hay loader; hog oiler; Empire cream separator; churn; lumber wagon with triple box; surrey; hayrack; hay rake; bob sleigh; galvanized tank; tank heater; double harness; some collars; set fly nets; set fly blankets; some grain, hay etc.; 7½ bu. good seed wheat 1918 crop; about 3 bu. 1918 Silver King seed corn, laundry stove; log chain, forks, shovels, kerosene and gasoline bbls; household goods and other articles.

Chickens, Ducks and Geese

150 good Rhode Island Red hens and a dozen roosters; 2 pens of Rouen ducks, 2 geese; 1 220-egg Mankato incubator and out door brooder good as new; some chicken coops.

FREE HOT LUNCH AT NOON

Usual terms of sale. 10 month's time.

WM. SMITH, PROP.

Young & Reemstma, Auctioneers — State Savings Bank of Klemme, Clerk

WILD ANIMALS HUNTED DOWN

Government Hunters Kill Many Beasts That Destroy Live Stock.

WORK OF VALUE TO FARMERS

Mountain Lion That Had Killed $1,000 Worth of Stock in Month Is Slain—Wolves Lay Heavy Toll on Flocks.

Washington. — You would hardly think of the United States department of agriculture as an agency for hunting down desperadoes, but it is. That the desperadoes happen to be not men but wild animals does not detract either from the adventure or the value of the work. Now and then a wild animal becomes notorious for its exploits in killing live stock. The inspectors of the bureau of biological survey make special efforts to hunt

One of the Wolves, With Young, Killed by Hunters of Biological Survey.

down and kill such animals. A mountain lion that was known to have destroyed $1,000 worth of live stock in one month was killed near Dubois, Wyo., a few months ago. That the animal had eluded many private hunters was shown by the number of scars on the body. Another mountain lion taken in April had killed seven colts during the spring. In the same state a pair of wolves that had destroyed $2,500 worth of live stock was killed, the female by a government hunter and the male by a private hunter.

Ranch Owner Loses 300 Sheep.

A ranch owner near Mertzon, Tex., reported that within three months he had lost 300 sheep, valued at $3,200, as the result of the depredations of six coyotes. Government hunters, in July, captured all six of the beasts.

But not all of the bad beasts have been disposed of. About 30 very cunning wolves still roam the ranges of New Mexico, causing annual losses to live stock amounting to about $2,000 each. When the department's campaign for destruction of predatory animals began, however, there were between 300 and 400 wolves in the state. The small number remaining, though made up of the most cunning and destructive individuals of the packs, is being steadily reduced, in spite of the fact that the stock of wolves in that state is constantly recruited by stragglers from the mountains of northern Chihuahua, Mexico.

SCOTS WOULD BAN 'MACBETH'

Shakespeare's Play Libel to King, Is Claim of League of Veterans of World War.

New York.—A resolution demanding the elimination of Shakespeare's "Macbeth" from school curriculums on the ground that it was a libel on the Scotch in its "misinterpretation in presenting King Macbeth as a traitor and murderer," was adopted here by the League of Scottish veterans of the world war.

The resolution was addressed to the Newark (N. J.) board of education, which recently barred "The Merchant of Venice" from the schools because of the alleged slander to the Jewish race.

"If they have banned Shylock, I see no reason why they should not ban Macbeth," said Capt. Ian McTavish. "If the Jewish gaberdine is to be cleaned they should also remove the stain from the Scottish kilt."

Wild Ducks Not Scared by Those Men Who Fly

Washington.—Airplanes do not bother wild ducks, the army air service announces, and sportsmen who believe they do are unduly alarmed.

Lieut. Col. H. M. Hickman, when in command of Dorr and Chisholm fields, flew twice a day for several months over a swamp that was the feeding place of wild ducks. To flush the fowl he had to pilot his plane within 50 or 100 feet of the surface. But when he would take off the ducks would immediately return to the swamp.

REDEEMS HER OLD PROMISE

Woman Exchanges Gold for Silver Pieces on Her Golden Wedding.

London.—A promise made twenty-five years ago has just been redeemed by Lady Pender of Donhead, St. Andrew, Wilts.

At her silver wedding celebration in 1892 she gave threepenny pieces to a number of children, who were told that they would be exchanged for half sovereigns at the golden wedding.

Nearly thirty of the recipients returned their silver coins when Sir James and Lady Pender celebrated their golden wedding this year and each one has received the promised half sovereign.

Lady Pender has had the threepenny pieces gilded and made into a necklace as a souvenir.

SEEK TO SAVE STARVING ELK

Two Principal Herds in Country in Danger of Serious Depletion.

SPECIAL FUND TO BUY HAY

Officials of Department of Agriculture Making Every Effort to Procure the Needed Feed—Scarcity of Forage.

Washington.—The two principal herds of elk in the United States—one of which is under the protection of the biological survey of the United States department of agriculture—are in danger of such serious depletion, due to early severe weather and feed shortage, that special funds have been set aside for the purchase of hay for these animals whose home is in and near Yellowstone national park. Department officials are making every possible effort to procure the needed feed despite the serious scarcity of hay and forage in the region. Approximately 40,000 elk roam this section of the country. They are divided into two groups, known as the northern and southern herd, respectively. The latter, which winters in the vicinity of Jackson Hole, to the south of Yellowstone park, is the one for which the department of agriculture is seeking to make provision.

Ranchmen Slow to Part With Hay.

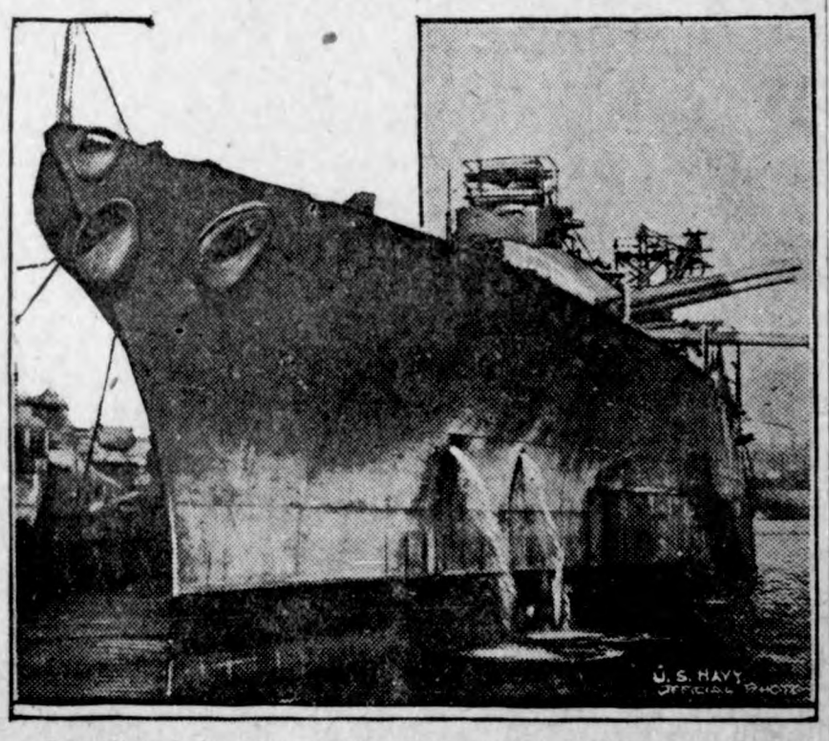
Reports have recently been received from government representatives in the region of Yellowstone national park stating that many elk are destined to starve if the present severe weather continues and if no additional supplies of feed are provided. On the winter elk refuge in Jackson Hole the department has in store approximately 1,300 tons of hay which normally would be sufficient to carry the southern herd through the winter. But cold weather and heavy snows came so early that there is grave danger that the animals will be without feed before many weeks have passed. Ranchmen in the region are confronted with a serious condition and are reluctant to part with any of their hay.

Largest Herds in Country.

The northern elk herd is under the supervision of the national park service of the department of the interior, which is also making every effort possible to prevent loss of these animals.

These two herds are the largest elk herds remaining in this country, though at one time elk were to be found in large numbers as far east as the Blue Ridge mountains. These animals, like the buffalo and antelope, have now been reduced to a mere fraction of their former numbers. The few herds that remain besides those in the vicinity of the Yellowstone park are relatively small. Loss of many of the animals in the larger herds might be irreparable, say government officials.

THE TENNESSEE NEARING COMPLETION



Bow view of the great superdreadnaught U. S. S. Tennessee, which is nearing completion at the Brooklyn navy yard. She was launched April 30, 1919, and when completed will be one of the largest and most powerful battleships afloat.

$12,512 in Pelts.

Burne, Ore.—W. Duncan, who has several hundred coyote traps, has just made his semi-annual trip to Burne and sold his entire stock of 650 skins, which brought $16.25 each, besides about $3 bounty each. The fur industry continues to be good. The entire returns of the 650 pelts, including bounty, amounted to $12,512.

VIOLATE FOOD RULES

Illicit Trade Is Spreading in Germany.

Smuggling and Usury Increase—Courts Crowded With Those Who Break Laws.

Coblenz.—Illicit trade in food, with its attendant evils of smuggling and usury, is on the increase throughout Germany, according to newspaper accounts.

The rationing system has never been abandoned even in the occupied areas of the Rhineland, and some of the newspapers contend that the average individual cannot subsist on the amount of food issued. The authorities are making every effort to check the illegal traffic in foods of all kinds, and the courts are crowded day after day.

Smuggling of potatoes is being carried on this winter in all parts of Germany on a scale greater than in war time. Germany produced an excellent potato crop this year, and the authorities are trying to save it from falling into the hands of the speculators.

Well-to-do people have been going to Bavaria from Prussia, Wuerttemberg and Thuringia to buy potatoes, eggs and fats, for which the farmers charged exorbitant prices. This worked a hardship on the poorer people, who could not compete with them.

Living appears to be cheaper in Bavaria than elsewhere in Germany. Butter has been selling there at 5 marks a pound, compared with 30 marks in Berlin. Eggs are quoted at 25 pfennigs each, while in Berlin they cost 1.75 marks apiece. Eggs in the occupied area have been bringing from 2 to 2.50 marks each this winter, but are very scarce at any price.

Meat is also reported as fairly plentiful in Bavaria, although in all other states this form of food is virtually unpurchasable by householders through regular channels excepting once or twice each month, when the authorities permit a few ounces to be distributed by the card system to the individuals.

Most of the hotels throughout Germany continue to serve meat three or four days each week, however. The proprietors say they obtain this from Holland and that this does not violate the food regulations.

Pearls in Oysters.

Spokane, Wash.—Ten pearls from a quart of oysters that cost him 45 cents were taken by one customers of a local fish market, and two pearls were found by another, the dealer reported. He, himself, found one, he said. The pearls are said to range in value from $2 to $10 each.

Plane Service for Peruvian Coast.

Lima, Peru.—An announcement is made that the Handley Page Airplane company will in a short time inaugurate commercial hydroplane service along the Peruvian coast.

STICK BY EX-KAISER

HOLLAND INFORMS ALLIES SHE WON'T YIELD WILHELM.

CANNOT BE BOUND BY TREATY

National Honor Impels Country Not to Betray Host—Would Be Party to New Regime.

Paris.—The Dutch government has refused the demand of the allied powers for the extradition of former Emperor William of Germany.

The reply of the Holland government to the note of the allied powers demanding the extradition of the former war lord, so that he might be placed on trial for his war crimes, received here January 23, declares that the government of Holland cannot be bound by the peace treaty, to which she is not a party. Neither the Dutch constitution nor tradition permit of her acceding to the demand of the allied powers, the note sets forth.

The national honor, the reply declares, does not permit the betrayal of the confidence of those who entrusted themselves to Holland and her free institutions. The note further asserts that if in the future there should be instituted by the society of nations an international jurisdiction competent to judge in case of war needs, qualified as crimes and submitted to the jurisdiction by statute ante-dating the acts committed, it would be fit for Holland to associate itself with the new regime.

ANTI STRIKE LAW.

Legislation Enacted for Kansas Revolutionary in Scope.

Topeka, Kan.—Industrial legislation, said by many to be revolutionary in character, was completed in Kansas, when the legislature enacted a bill establishing in the state a court of industrial relations having jurisdiction over essential industries invested with public interest. The bill, which was signed by Gov. H. J. Allen, affects food, clothing, fuel and transportation, prohibits strikes or lockouts in these industries and provides severe penalties for conspiracy to promote strikes or to interfere with production. It also provides that the court can fix wages and settle industrial disputes in these industries and serve as a court of arbitration to consider disputes in other industries not listed as essential. It was passed by large majorities in both houses.

Stirred By Hoover Boom.

Washington, D. C.—The Herbert Hoover for president boom, urged by the New York World, has resulted in a lively political stir here. The New York World, one of the foremost democratic newspapers in the country, has come forward boldly and claimed Hoover as its own.

In the senate, Hoover talk has been heard both for and against the former food dictator. Generally speaking, republicans opposed Hoover as their candidate. Democratic comment offered more profitable field for speculation. It has been conceded there was a chance of his nomination in San Francisco next summer.

Bogus Booze Hounds at Work.

New York.—An organized band of fraudulent revenue agents who are alleged to have worked under direction of a few dishonest agents of the revenue department and to have victimized more than 100 New York saloon keepers, has been uncovered and the ringleaders identified, it was announced by James J. Quigley, assistant supervising federal prohibition agent. The amounts collected by the agents, it was said, varied from $1 to $500, and in several instances large quantities of liquor were confiscated by the impostors.

Raiding New York Wet Joints.

New York.—Whiskey, wines and cordials valued at from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000 have been seized here by government prohibition agents. About 100 federal officers are searching saloons, warehouses and piers.

Many Girls Vanish.

Los Angeles, Calif.—Two hundred and twentyeight girls disappeared in Los Angeles in 1919, according to records of the police department, just made public.

After Profiteers in Iowa.

Council Bluffs, Ia.—Louis and Moses Bernstein, proprietors of a department store here, were held to the federal grand jury under $2,000 bonds each by United States Commissioner R. D. Neely, charged with profiteering in the sale of twenty-five bags of beet sugar on January 12, represented as cane sugar.

Newspapers in Mourning.

Berlin.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Budapest says that all the Hungarian newspapers appeared with black mourning borders on the occasion of the publication of the peace terms for Hungary.

Permits Trade With Russia.

Washington, D. C.—Reciprocal interchange of certain commodities, including foodstuffs, between the Russian people and allied and neutral countries has been decided upon by the supreme council.

EVIDENCE AGANIST CARRANZA

Startling Disclosures Made Before Senate Committee Investigating Mexican Affairs.

San Antonio, Texas.—Carranza and a few of his principal lieutenants instigated and directed the long series of raids on American properties that began along the Rio Grande early in 1915, according to documentary evidence placed before the senate subcommittee investigating the Mexican situation.

This was supported by testimony by John A. Walls, the district attorney at Brownville, Texas; L. R. Barnes, in charge of the United States army intelligence work along the border during the war, and other witnesses. The committee obtained from them and from documentary evidence information tending to show that not only were the highest Mexican officials cognizant of the program of the raiding parties which was carried out under the provisions of the "plan of San Diego," but that as late as June, 1915, they were still given encouragement to and aiding those who participated in those raids in plans inimical to the United States.

The committee also gained further information as to the success encountered by Germans in bidding for the sympathy and support of Mexico during the war and the reported present drift toward bolshevism. T. B. Allendorf, a Pole who was in the intelligence service of the American army during the war, was placed on the witness stand long enough to identify Mario Mendez, the director of telegraphs in Mexico, as one of those whom Minister Von Eckhardt kept on his payroll during the war.

Summarized, the plan of San Diego, a copy of which was read into the record, follows:

"The states of Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, Arizona and California are to be invaded simultaneously with uprising with Mexico and negro citizens on the American side.

"A separate government is to be established and re-annexation to Mexico requested. Six other states contiguous to this territory are to be carved out of the United States to be formed into a negro republic under the protection of Mexico. This is to be accomplished in a ruthless manner. All male Americans more than 16 years of age are to be killed."

SUSPENSION MEANS "REVOLT."

Grave Consequences Predicted if Members of Assembly Lose Seats.

Albany, N. Y.—Morris Hilquit, chief counsel for the five suspended socialist assemblymen, declared at the opening of their trial that if the assembly permanently ousted the defendants, the act "will loosen the violent revolution which we socialists have always endeavored, and are endeavoring, to stem."

Mr. Hilquit added this "one word of solemn warning," after asserting that the Romanoffs and all instruments of oppression in Russia had been destroyed after the government had tried to outlaw the socialist movement and that "we are not afraid of suppression at the time one-half the world is under socialist control."

This "warning" was later interpreted by Martin W. Littleton, asociate counsel for the committee, as "a warning to the country, a threat to the committee and an admonishment to the assembly that they do not dare deal with the gentlemen he represents unless they wish to invite revolution to this country." Mr. Hilquit denied that his remarks were intended as a "threat," and said instead he had 'made a sort of love offer" that "we socialists are ready to see the thing through in a constitutional manner and by peaceful methods."

Influenza Epidemic in Cuba.

Washington, D. C.—Six thousand cases of influenza have been reported in Havana, Cuba, the public health service is advised. The service announced that all possible precautions to prevent an influx of the disease into the United States is being taken.

Empty Wine in Gutter.

Los Angeles.—Thirty-five thousand gallons of wine, valued at more than $100,000, according to officials, was poured into the gutter here under provisions of the prohibition law.

Campaign to Save Men.

Lincoln, Neb.—A postcard bombardment to force Governor McKelvie to reprieve Alson B. Cole and Allen Vincent Grammer, sentenced to be electrocuted here January 30 on an earlier reprieve from January 16, has been launched by the newly organized Nebraska Anti-capital Punishment league. It has also undertaken the task of securing 30,000 signatures to petitions before the execution. If the postcards fail the petitions will place a moral obligation on the governor to act.

Methodist Churches Unite.

Louisville, Ky.—Recommendations of the joint commission of the Methodist Episcopal churches, north and south, that the two branches again be reunited, were unanimously adopted by the convention here of 100 or more bishops, pastors and laymen of both churches. The merger plan provides that the unified churches be named the Methodist church. The recommendations of the commission will be submitted to the general conferences for final decision. The northern conference meets next May in Des Moines.

PAIN IN BACK

Boy River, Minn.—"I have used Pierce's medicine with good results in family for years. In winter I was taken with La Grippe and left me run-down, with pains in my and back. I took different medicines without getting any benefit. At last I and got some of Pierce's Anuric took it and am feeling well and doing a good day's work. I commenced taking the Anuric Tablets I could hardly get out of the bed, as though a knife was sticking in my back."—A. C. Blodgett, Box 2.

KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Inland, S. Dak.—"I can recommend Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets and Anuric (anti-uric-acid) Tablets as grand medicines. I was troubled with my stomach, and had weakness of the bladder and I started taking Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets and Pleasant Pellets and I believe they have cured me of my trouble. I think my stomach trouble was dyspepsia. 'Pleasant Pellets' are the best regulator of the stomach and bowels I have ever used and I would recommend them highly. I have used four bottles of Anuric Tablets and four vials of Pleasant Pellets."—E. Eastman.

Rheumatism, Feet Swollen

Stillwater, Minn.—"I feel that it is my duty to write about the wonderful results I received from the use of 'Anuric.' I was suffering from kidney and bladder trouble, scalding, rheumatism, also my feet and ankles swelled so that at times I could not walk without assistance. Had taken several different kinds of kidney remedies and all failed. Finally I sent to Dr. Pierce for a package of his new discovery, 'Anuric' (anti-uric-acid), which I received by mail in tablet form. I soon got better and am convinced that this popular new medicine is good. I wish to recommend it to my neighbors and everybody suffering from kidney troubles."—Mrs. M. J. Sargent, 218 E. Elm St.

No Loss.

"What's the gloom about, Dauber?"

"I was just worrying over the arts."

"Why worry? There's a lot of stuff around now that ought to be lost."—Kansas City Journal.

TAKE ASPIRIN ONLY AS TOLD BY BAYER

"Bayer" introduced Aspirin to physicians over 18 years ago.

To get quick relief follow carefully the safe and proper directions in each unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." This package is plainly stamped with the safety "Bayer Cross."

The "Bayer Cross" means the genuine, world-famous Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" can be taken safely for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Joint Pains, Neuritis, and Pain generally.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

It's our opinion that the average woman is better than the average man.

WAS DISCOURAGED

St. Charles Man Tells How He Suffered Before Doan's Cured Him.

"Heavy strains on my back and being exposed to all kinds of weather, weakened my kidneys," says John S. Shelton of St. Charles, Mo. "The misery in my back was constant and I had to get up several times during the night to pass the kidney secretions. I got no rest night or day and lost twenty-two pounds in weight. My eyes burned as if there were fire in them. I also had dizzy spells and would feel as if I were going to pitch forward. Sharp catches would take me in my back as if someone were driving a sharp knife into my back. My kidneys were so weak I had no control over them and the secretions were scanty and burned in passage. I had pains in my bladder too. I was discouraged. I tried different remedies but received no benefit. I was advised to use *Doan's Kidney Pills* and when I did so I was soon relieved of my misery. *Doan's* cured me."

Mr. Shelton

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

THICK, SWOLLEN GLANDS

that make a horse Wheeze, Roar, have Thick Wind or Choke-down, can be reduced with

ABSORBINE

also other Bunches or Swellings. No blister, no hair gone, and horse kept at work. Economical—only a few drops required at an application. $2.50 per bottle delivered. Book 3 F free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Cysts, Wens, Painful, Swollen Veins and Ulcers. $1.25 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Book "Evidence" free.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Skin Troubles —Soothed— With Cuticura

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c

Colds Break

Get instant relief with "Pape's Cold Compound"

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a cold and ends all grippe misery.

The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of your head; stops nose running; relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness, stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice. Contains no quinine. Insist on Pape's!—Adv.

Stopped.

"Algy fell in love with a girl at the glove counter. He bought gloves every day for a week. To discourage his attentions, she became a manicurist."

"Then he got his nails manicured every day, I suppose."

"Just so. However, I don't think he will follow her any farther."

"Why not?"

"Then she got employment with a dentist."—London Tit-Bits.

As we grow more sensible, we refuse drug cathartics and take instead Nature's herb cure, Garfield Tea.—Adv.

Dissimilar Tastes.

"Professor Diggs is gone to visit the site of ancient Babylon for the sixteenth time."

"That's the difference between an archeologist and a 'jazz hound.'"

"What do you mean?"

"The archeologist delights in a dead city, but what the 'jazz hound' is looking for is a live one."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

WHY DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription.

Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Fast on Their Feet.

Hewitt—Do you believe that college training fits a boy for practical life?

Jewett—It sure does. I have known a young fellow who made a record as a sprinter at college to become one of the most successful dodgers of creditors in the community.

To Have a Clear Sweet Skin.

Touch pimples, redness, roughness or itching, if any, with Cuticura Ointment, then bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Rinse, dry gently and dust on a little Cuticura Talcum to leave a fascinating fragrance on skin. Everywhere 25c each.—Adv.

Correct Attire.

"What kind of a costume is the actress going to wear in that motion picture play?"

"Oh, I suppose a real filmy gown."

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP.

A cold is probably the most common of all disorders and when neglected is apt to be most dangerous. Statistics show that more than three times as many people died from influenza last year, as were killed in the greatest war the world has ever known. For the last fifty-three years Boschee's Syrup has been used for coughs, bronchitis, colds, throat irritation and especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning. Made in America and used in the homes of thousands of families all over the civilized world. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

On the Rialto.

"Yes, I may say I have inherited the mantle of Booth." "It will go around you at least four times."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Laugh a little less at your neighbor's troubles and a little more at your own.

ART OF MILKING FULLY OUTLINED

Chief Object of Milker Should Be to Increase Quantity and Keep It Clean.

FIRST COMES CLEANLINESS

Cow Should Be Curried and Given Sponge Bath—Harshness Should Be Avoided and Work Done Rapidly—Weigh Milk Daily.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Do you know how to milk?

The question is neither irrelevant nor impertinent. In sober fact, a great many persons who milk cows twice a day really know little about the true art of it, and a great many more could add to their present knowledge.

The writer of this article met one of the men in the dairy division of the United States department of agriculture who knew how to milk. He was a tall, quiet gentleman.

"I'll just drive the cow in the office here," he said. And he did. She was a pasteboard cow, to be sure, but she served very nicely to illustrate several things about milking. And following are a few of the essential things that this man who knows how to milk said about milking.

First Comes Cleanliness.

The first essentials are clean, healthy cows and a clean, healthy milker.

The next, perhaps, is a clean and sterilized pail with a narrow or partially covered top.

The cow should be curried before milking to remove loose hairs, dirt and dandruff. This should be done, if possible, an hour before milking to allow all dust to settle before milking is begun.

The Good Milker Gets the Larger Yield.

The next thing in order is a sort of sponge bath for the cow. It is a very simple matter, though, for all that is required is a pail of clean water and a cloth. Wash off and wipe the udder, the flanks, the thighs and the switch.

That done, everything is ready for the actual milking—which process, by the way, should be approached with hands that are not only clean, but dry.

The milker sits down on a stool placed on the right-hand side of the cow. It is not very clear just why the right side is universally the milking side. Perhaps it is partially due to the fact that the great majority of persons are right handed. The milker on the right side of the cow, if she starts to kick or to move, is in a better position to yank the pail out of harm's way before she can upset it.

The milker then grasps a teat in the palm of each hand. He squeezes the teat by closing the fingers around it and at the same time pulling the teat slightly downward. Then the fingers are loosened around the teat and the hand raised slightly to allow the teat to assume its original form and position, while the other hand squeezes and pulls slightly downward on the other teat. Thus each hand alternately gives a downward squeeze, in rhythmic order.

Getting Rid of Bacteria.

It is wise to milk about two squirts out of each teat before allowing any milk to go into the pail. Bacteria appear to accumulate around the end of the teat, and to be got rid of largely in this way.

Then clasp the small-top milk pail between the knees, with the covered portion of the top nearest the milker. If held in this position the covered portion will prevent hairs and dirt from falling into the milk.

Milk quietly but rapidly. The milker makes use of the mother instinct in the cow. Harshness is against that instinct and the cow does not secrete as much milk as she would if she were milked and handled quietly.

It must be remembered that not all the milk is in the udder when the milking process is begun. The cow secretes milk more rapidly during the milking process; and the milking, to be be successful, must be done in such a way as to promote that secretion If it is done so as to give pain to the cow or to alarm or disquiet her, she will not give so much milk.

Keep milking as long as it is possible to get any milk. The last milk is the richest. The first milk drawn is always comparatively low in butterfat. It is the "strippings," or last milk given, that contain the highest per cent of butterfat.

Milk Should Be Weighed.

Well, that is about all there is to the milking process. A great many things are related to it. The department of agriculture recommends that the milk should be weighed daily. There are several reasons for this. One is that the ration should be adjusted to the weight of milk. A safe rule, the department experts say, is one pound of grain to every three and one-half or four pounds of milk. Another, and perhaps more accurate, rule is to feed as many pounds of grain a day as the cow gives pounds of butterfat in a week; but this latter rule is not so conveniently applied in the case of the family cow, because of the necessity of making a Babcock test for butterfat.

The weight of milk produced, in proportion to the grain ration, is of particular importance during the first 30 days after the cow freshens. She is at that time most easily able to establish her working basis. She has just had her vacation. Her milk-secreting glands are sensitive, her digestive apparatus active. A few days after she becomes fresh, increase her grain one-half or three-quarters of a pound a day, and see how much milk she gives the following day. Keep up the increase from day to day as long as she responds with enough increase in milk to pay for the increased grain. When the point is reached where the milk flow fails to increase with increased feeding, reduce the grain ration a pound or two, and keep along this line until the point is found at which the cow produces the greatest and most economical flow of milk. Then fix this as her regular grain ration as long as she produces that amount of milk.

INFERIOR SIRES ELIMINATED

First Count of Scrub Purebreds Over Considerable Area—More Profit From Herds.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Of particular interest in a live stock survey recently completed in South Dakota are figures on the quality of purebred sires, as well as on the number of scrubs and grades in that region. Fourteen counties typical of live stock conditions in the state were included in the survey. Of the sires in herds of cattle 65 per cent were grades or scrubs, and about 25 per cent of the purebred sires were classed as inferior, according to a part of the reports. This is the first count of scrub purebreds, over a considerable area, received by the United States department of agriculture.

It was found that when purebred sires were used, the average herd of 20 grade cows returned $540 more profit during 1918 than when grade or scrub sires were used. It has been estimated that the elimination of inferior purebred sires would increase the average profit in each herd from $540 to $800 annually.

CLUB MEMBER PRIZE WINNER

Junior Poland China Sow Ascended to Reserve Championship at Colorado County Fair.

One of the largest and best exhibits of registered pigs ever shown in Colorado was brought together at the Larimer county fair, Loveland, by the boys and girls of pig clubs organized by the United States department of agriculture and the state agricultural college. Sixty-six registered pigs, Poland Chinas and Duroc Jerseys, were shown. Only nine club pigs entered were graded. The club pigs competed successfully with the entries of the best swine breeders in the state. A Junior Poland China sow, the property of a club member, ascended to the reserve championship, any age, any breed, being second only to a Duroc sow raised at the Colorado Agricultural college.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Guard against wear by continuous repair.

* * *

All high-protein feeds are high in price this year.

* * *

Leaves which fall from trees are benficial to garden soils.

* * *

As with all live stock, it pays to have purebred ducks and geese.

* * *

Good alfalfa seed is now very scarce and commands a high price on the market.

* * *

Leaves are especially valuable when barnyard manure is scarce and hard to obtain.

* * *

Crimson clover does not succeed unless either the seed or the ground is inoculated.

* * *

To rid land of Bermuda grass or salt grass, plant Napier fodder next spring or fall.

OBTAIN MAXIMUM YIELD OF OATS

Light Frosts or Even Severe Freezes After Seed Is Sown Rarely Injure Plant.

DATE OF SEEDING UNCERTAIN

Midseason-Maturing Varieties Usually Give Best Yields in Northern States—Preparation of Seedbed Important.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

To obtain maximum yields sow oats as early as it is possible to get land in satisfactory condition. This crop grows best in cool weather, and frequently is injured considerably by a few hot days when approaching maturity, and light frosts or even severe freezes after the seed is sown rarely injure it.

The date of seeding naturally depends on the locality and season. In the corn belt the best date is usually from about March 25 to April 15. In the more northern states seeding during the latter half of April is advisable whenever conditions permit. In favorable seasons seeding before the middle of April frequently can be done to advantage, while in unfavorable ones seeding may have to be delayed until early May.

The Disk Is the Implement Most Commonly Used in Preparing a Seedbed for Oats.

Varieties of Oats to Sow.

Throughout the northern states midseason-maturing varieties, such as Swedish Select, Silvermine, Banner and Victory usually outyield other varieties. In average yield the large, late (side oat) varieties rarely surpass the midseason type in this section. In unfavorable seasons, however, early varieties, such as Kherson and Sixty-day, frequently outyield the midseason varieties. In the corn belt early varieties as a rule produce the most satisfactory yields. For the northern portion of this section strains of the Kherson and Sixty-day type are to be recommended, while in the southern portion Red Rustproof, an early red oat, is the most dependable. For growing under irrigation at high elevations midseason varieties of the Swedish Select and Silvermine types are the most suitable.

Seedbed for Oats.

Prepare a good seedbed for oats. The old idea that oats will produce well on a poor seedbed has persisted too long. This crop responds as well to thorough seedbed preparation as any other cereal. Do not plow land that was in a cultivated crop last year, but disk and harrow sufficiently to make a loose, friable surface seedbed two or three inches deep. As oats require a fairly firm seedbed below the two or three inches of top soil, spring plowing is not desirable, there not being sufficient time for the soil to settle before sowing. Disking also is less expensive than plowing. Of course if a heavy growth of weeds is present in the cultivated crop it will be necessary to plow the land, in which case the seedbed should be rolled or dragged and worked down as much as possible.

Seed and Sowing.

Sow the best seed oats obtainable. Usually seed grown in the region where it is to be sown is better than that brought from some other section. Thoroughly fan and grade your seed, and then treat it for smut. The largest yields are obtained by use of a good grain drill. Drilling requires less seed, insures a more even distribution a more uniform covering, and consequetly quicker and more uniform germination. Under humid conditions the best amount of seed to use on a well-prepared seedbed is from eight to ten pecks to the acre. If it is necessary to sow broadcast on a poorly prepared seedbed use about twelve pecks. Under dry-land conditions these rates of seeding are usually reduced about one-half, from four to six pecks usually giving the best results.

GIVE CORN IN COLD WEATHER

One of Best Winter Feeds for Poultry, but Must Not Be Depended on Entirely.

More corn should be given to poultry in cold weather than in warm weather; in fact, corn is one of the best cold-weather feeds, though of course it should not be depended on entirely, for it does not contain all of the things needed to promote health and egg production.

PRACTICAL PLAN TO MEET HAY SHORTAGE

Utilization of Sugar Beet By-Products Is Recommended.

Tops Placed In Pit Silo Will Furnish Warm, Appetizing Feed Throughout Winter for Beef or Dairy Cattle and Sheep.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A very practical way of meeting the present hay shortage is through the use of beet-top silage, 30 pounds of which per day per steer will reduce the animal's hay requirements by one-half. That three pounds of beet-top silage per day per head of sheep will reduce the hay requirements fully one-half is the experience of many feeders who have tried out the newer way of utilizing sugar beet by-products.

On many fields as much as five tons per acre of silage can be had, when the tops are promptly gathered and put into piles, immediately after the beets are topped. This prevents scattering and waste. The farmer, after gathering the tops, should pile them in a pit silo, packing them down firmly, and sealing them over with fresh beet pulp or earth. A satisfactory silo may be made by scooping out a hole of suitable size and lining the sides and bottom with straw before filling. After 30 days, on opening the pit a fine quality of warm, succulent feed will be available. The silage has a value equal to about one-half the value of hay. The feed should be collected handy to the feeding yards. The silage comes out of the pit in warm, appetizing condition all through the winter feeding period. In fact, some growers hold a part of the silage for summer feeding to supplement the short-grass season when pastures are suffering for lack of moisture.

The silage is good for beef or dairy cattle and also for sheep. When fed in regulated amounts, excellent results are had. Much larger values are had from beet tops when siloed and fed as a blended ration than when grazed off the field in the usual way. Saving one-half of the hay crop is a big item this season where a hay shortage exists.

IS YOUR ICE HOUSE FILLED?

Season Is Getting Late and Farmer Should Not Wait Any Longer for Summer Supply.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Next summer when the little heat waves are rising from the cornfield and everything is parched and dusty, you're going to be mighty sorry if there isn't any ice in the ice house. No ice cream, no cool drinks, and lots of sour milk returned to you. Well, it will be your own fault. You let the winter slip by without harvesting ice. Maybe you planned to do it when the next heavy freeze came. But it never came, and you lost your golden opportunity.

It's getting late now. Soon sap will be running and buds swelling. You can't afford to wait any longer. This is nature's "last call" for ice. Cut it even if it isn't very thick. If it's spongy or soft, put up more than you would ordinarily to allow for greater waste. Get busy. You've heard about that place that's paved with good intentions! Ice next summer depends upon prompt action now—not next week.

A Farm Ice House.

DETERMINE QUALITY OF EGGS

To Obtain Accurate Knowledge of Condition It Is Necessary to Rotate Before Candle.

It is necessary to rotate an egg before the candle if one is to obtain an accurate knowledge of its condition. By tilting at various angles, the location and size of the air space can be seen, and very often the position of the yolk. But the quality of the egg is very largely determined by the ease with which the yolk moves and the direction of its motion. The operator, therefore—

1. Grasps the pointed end of the egg with the tips of the fingers.

2. Holding the blunt end uppermost, places the egg closely against the opening or spout of the candle.

3. Gives the egg a quick turn to the right or left, watching the movement of the yolk.

If the egg is perfectly fresh it may be difficult to find the yolk at first glance, but as the egg is turned a glimpse of it will be obtained.

HAIR FALLING? HERE IS WHERE IT SHOWS

Don't worry! Let "Danderine" save your hair and double its beauty.

To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle of delightful "Danderine" at any drug or toilet counter for a few cents, pour a little in your hand and rub it into the scalp. After several applications the hair usually stops coming out and you can't find any dandruff. Your hair will grow strong, thick and long and appear soft, glossy and twice as beautiful and abundant. Try it!—Adv.

An Advantage.

Joe was visiting at grandmother's house and was being put to bed when he recalled that he had almost forgotten to say his prayers. He then said them at grandmother's knee—his usual "Now I lay me," ending by asking a special blessing for father, mother and his two little sisters.

At its close he realized he had not remembered his grandmother. "Why, I forgot you, grandma," he said and then smiled encouragingly "but don't you mind that. Pretty soon I'll be big enough to make my own prayers and then I can pray for everybody."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrh. It is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

A Hurry Call.

Senator Boise Penrose awoke his chauffeur by telephone a couple of hours before daylight recently and told him to come to the hotel at once. The chauffeur responded, sans collar, vest and coat, simply slipping into his overcoat and buttoning it up tightly about his throat. As the senator, warmly clothed, stepped into the car, the chauffeur asked:

"To the capitol, senator?"

"No," said Senator Penrose, "to Pittsburgh."

A week later, still minus a dress coat, the chauffeur returned to Washington.

Take care of your health, and wealth will take care of you. Garfield Tea promotes health.—Adv.

Horrors of Entertaining.

Hostess—Do have some more jelly and whipped cream, Mr. Lobhough.

Slangy guest—A little more of the suds, please; I have plenty of the glue.—Boston Transcript.

"ROSY-FIT"

If Bilious, get your Pep and Color back with "Cascarets"

Furred Tongue, Bad Taste, Indigestion, Sallow Skin, and Miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and sluggish bowels, which cause the stomach to become filled with undigested food which sours and ferments, forming acids, gases, and poisons. Cascarets tonight will give your bilious liver and constipated bowels a thorough cleansing and have you feeling clear, bright and as fit as a fiddle by morning. Cascarets never sicken or inconvenience you like nasty Calomel, Salts, Oil, or griping Pills. They work while you sleep.—Adv.

Sometimes marriage is a failure and sometimes it is only a run on the bank.

SHE DYES HER OLD GARMENTS LIKE NEW

"Diamond Dyes" Make Faded, Shabby Apparel So Fresh and Stylish.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything.

Direction Book with each package tells how to diamond dye over any color.

To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

When marriage is but a matter of money it is suggestive of cupidity.

We are at Peace with the World.

We are facing an era of prosperity unprecedented in our history.

Building costs are high bnt so are prices in every other line. It is no argument against building when tomarrows prices may go higher.

The man with foresight will not delay further; he will build now according to his needs. Further, he will come to us for his estimates.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Whether it be termed "Capital" or "labor" our efforts, your efforts, at this time are directed to National, to general prosperity.

We are the most prosperous people in the world today our working conditions are the best.

Regardless of your classification this bank is here to help you where and when and how it can.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Walter F. Lau

Dealer In

Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographis — Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested — Glasses Fitted

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Mr. Wm. Schaper, of Charles City, was a business caller in Klemme last Friday and Saturday and while here managed to shake hands with a number of old time friends.

Olaf Brynteson returned from Minneapolis last Saturday where he had been attending a lumbermen's convention which was in session there all last week.

Harold Livermore of Garner was in Klemme last week Wednesday on business matters.

M. O. Hocum enjoyed a visit from his brother, Edwin, last Thursday and Friday. Mr. Hocum is a traveling salesman and does not get to Klemme very often.

FOR SALE—4-hole laundry stove, good as new, cheap if taken at once. Inquire at Times-Office. adv-2w

Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs and Mrs. Johnson left Saturday for Nevada for a visit with relatives. Mrs. Kahrs returned to Klemme Monday but Mrs. Johnson remained for a longer visit.

FOR SALE—About six or eight tons of good tame hay, part in stack and some in barn. Henry Wade, Phone 103, Klemme. 2w

Rev. Kephart, the pastor of the Eng. M. E. Church at Garner, has resigned his position after a few months service there. He will go to Oregon where he has a better position.

There are a lot of sales booked for this month. Let the Times print your sale bills and arrange your advertising. A liberal use of printers' ink will put dollars in your pocket.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the First Methodist Church will hold their February meeting on Thursday, February 5th, at the home of Mrs. August Ridder. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The firemen of Garner have decided they need a new whistle. They lack the necessary funds with which to procure one, so they have decided to give a dance and turn the proceeds into a whistle fund. The whistle they have in mind is one which will be driven by a motor and which is guaranteed to wake the dead.

Mrs. Josten has disposed of her millinery stock to the Liebenstein Co. at Garner, who expect to put in a millinery departmene in their large store. Mrs. Josten has gone out of the business entirely now after conducting a millinry store for quite a number of years. Klemme is now without a millinery store with little or no hopes of having one for some time as there is no good location now for an establishment of this kind.

Miss Wanda Jean Lau, is the name of the pretty young lady who came Sunday morning to make her home with Mr. and Mrs. Walter F. Lau. Miss Wanda tipped the scales at eight pounds and her proud father says she is the finest baby he has ever seen. Walt is exceedingly happy these days and we had difficulty in getting the item as he was all excited over Wanda and spent a lot of time in explaining her various fine qualities. This is their second child, both are girls. Both mother and babe are doing well, but "dad" can't quite get over it.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR COUNTY TREASURER

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

ANNOUNCEMENT

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

FOR SHERIFF

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
Garner, Iowa

1-22-tf

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers

S. K. Hazlett of Oelwein has been elected president of the Iowa Veterinary Association.

Warblers are regarded as of great value to forests because of their destruction of insects.

John L. Berry, 79, is dead at his home in Iowa City. He was a pioneer contractor and builder.

Page county claims the Iowa wheat championship. This county raised 1,013,000 bushels during the past year.

According to County Agent George H. Munger of Appanoose county, fully 98 per cent of the soil in the county is sour and needs limestone.

In order to have good wool, it is necessary that good purebred rams be uesd and that the flock be fed properly during the winter months.

Dr. W. L. Bullis, a prominent physician, of Wayne County, for 49 years died very suddenly at his home in Allerton of heart disease at the age of 74 years.

The Lee county supervisors have a bridge building program which will involve about $50,000. The bridges will be of steel and concrete and will replace wood and iron structures.

A load of clover seed valued at $2,444 was sold recently in Afton, Union county, to C. B. Crumpacker by Messer & Bissnell. The load contained 104 bushels and sold for $23.50 per bushel.

The Jackson county board of supervisors has appointed Hugh Williamson as county agent for a term of three years to succeed George McClellan, who just resigned.

The central division of the Iowa State Teachers association will meet in Des Moines April 1, 2 and 3. Dr. Allan Judd of Chicago university is one of the celebrities announced as a speaker.

Adams county farmers to the number of sixty have organized a shipping association. More are expected to join and there is talk of buying an elevator and engaging in the grain business also.

Two meetings recently held at Avoca and Walnut on farm management problems were preparatory to fourteen of such meetings which will be held in every township in the county soon, Income tax problems will be discussed.

Frank Scales, one of the well known farmers of Lucas county, says that there is much feeding in the county this winter and adds that feed is quite plentiful. "Shelled corn, clover hay and oil meal the rations I use in fattening my cattle," says Mr. Scales. "With my cattle are hogs following them; in this way hogs fatten on what the cattle drop."

As a result of the dual orchard and poultry demonstrations held in Van Buren county recently with R. B. Herrick and Mr. Parkhurst in charge, there will be formed the coming year a number of spraying clubs in the county, so that groups of orchardists may have their spraying done at a minimum of expense. More than 100 farmers attended the recent demonstrations.

The Union county Breeders' Association, organized some months ago, is proving to be a good thing for Union county in many ways. This association was started in October and the first meeting called was well attended by all breeders of the county. Officers were elected and a board of directors, consisting of one from each breed, who will have charge of the association business was chosen.

E. S. Kitterman, a well known breeder of Plymouth county, has recently purchased the champion under year boar, from E. N. Kern of Stanton, Neb. The price paid was $8300. This pig won first in his class at the state fair in Nebraska and was made world's champion at the National Swine Show held in Des Moines recently. The price paid is the largest ever paid for a pig of this age.

The object of the Iowa Farm Bureau Federation is not to displace or run counter with any other organization now existing, but rather to develop, strengthen and correlate the work of the county farm bureaus of the State; to encourage and promote cooperation of all representative agricultural organizations in every effort to improve facilities and conditions for efficient production, conservation, marketing, transportation and distribution of farm products; to further the study of agricultural legislation, and to advise with farm bureaus in all movements that effect their interests.

The German synod of the Lutheran Church at Waverly has brought suit in District Court to determine whether or not the German language may be taught in private of parochial schools.

Farmers in Iowa must use the very best methods of flock husbandry in order to get the greatest returns from their flocks. Sheep meetings are to be held in many of the counties this year and farmers of the state are urged to attend these when the announcement is made of such meetings.

Every Customer Who Comes to Patton Bros. Co.

is regarded as the aommander of his own individual forces—and right here let us say that a big part of our snccess in the clothing business is duc to th fact that we give every man the credit of having a mind and a manner of his own.

You can get what you want at

PATTON BROS.

Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**

"Where a dollar does it's duty"

Credit is Confidence

When you purchase an article in a store or create a debt of any kind, it is assumed on the part of the creditor that the bill will be paid when presented. This is the confidence that the creditor has in the party assuming the debt

It is both bad for business and bad for the debtor to betray that confidence. Prompt payment of bills helps business, and incidentaly establishes a credit slanding in the community, for the man or woman who appreciates the privilidge and convience of a charge acoount,

And, if you pay your bills with a check on this bank you'll have an indispatable rechipt,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Wash Day Made E-A-S-Y

You can do away with a lot of hard work and worry by using up to date equipment. Wash days are made a pleasure if you choose from the following list which we will be pleased to show you.

Electric, Power and Hand Washers
We sell the "One-Minuet" Washer

Electric and Dover Irons
The best on the market

Folding Ironing Boards
are most convient to use.

Anchor Wringers
The kind that wring the best

Baskets, Boilers, Lines, Pins
always a big line on hand.

Yours to make Wash Day EZ

Jacobs & Son

We carry a full line of

Jewelry, Clocks, and Watches

If you want anything in the line of *Silverware, Cut Glass, China, Watches or Clocks* we invite you to call on us.

E. S. D. KAHRS, DRUGS

KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 22 | Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, February 5, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Obituary

E. Alvin Schaefer, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Schaefer, was born in Liberty township the 17th of December, 1903. He died at the Methodist hospital in Des Moines, on February 1st, 1920, his death being caused by influenza. He attained the age of 16 years, 1 month and 14 days.

Alvin was a bright and friendly boy and much beloved by all who knew him. Born into a Christian home and trained by God-fearing parents, his life was directed in the right paths of life from his early childhood, and he was given every opportunity to develop a strong Christian character, which he did. He loved the Sunday School and church of his choice. He was confirmed in the catechism and received into full membership of the Methodist Episcopal Church on March 31, 1918. Alvin seemed to enjoy a fair degree of health, but having hurt himself some day and causing hernia, it was thought best for him to go to the hospital and undergo an operation. So with his father, brother Emery and cousin Elmer, he left January the 19th for the Methodist hospital where he was operated on Friday morning, January the 23rd. For two days after the operation he was getting along very well, but then influenza appeared and soon made inroads on his life. All that loving hands on the part of his father, kind nurses and best medical skill could do was done to save his life, but all was of no avail. On Sunday evening at 9:30 he quietly and peacefully went to be with his Saviour, after giving his father the assurance that all was well and all darkness had vanished in the light of heaven. He leaves to mourn his early death, his father, mother, one brother, two sisters, one grandmother, one grandfather, nine aunts, eight uncles, eight cousins and many other relatives and friends. Funeral services were held at the First Methodist church on Wednesday afternoon. Interment was made in Calvary cemetery.

A BAD ACCIDENT

Last Saturday just after noon George Lalor living southwest of Belmond, went to the George Barry farm nearby, taking his shot gun along as he expected to hunt rabbits with Barry's man, a son of Tom Bayliss. When going through the hog lot in some manner his gun was knocked down and discharged the entire contents taking effect in the calf of his right leg, badly lacerating it and shattering the bone of the leg. Dr. McBurney was called and dressed the wound, and he appeared to be recovering from the shock. Sunday he was removed to the Steele hospital in Belmond. The wound was so serious that it is now feared his leg will have to be amputated. It is reported that the dogs playing or fighting nearby knocked down the gun leaning against the hog house, but that is not certain. It is a very serious accident, and his family and friends are very anxious as to his condition.—Belmond Herald-Press.

Rudd Review—"The gun that wasn't loaded" claimed another victim last Saturday when Avery Kimbell, 14-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Kimbell, was accidentally shot and killed by his 16-year-old brother, Herman.

The accident happened about noon in the kitchen of their home. The mother was in the room at thee time and was an invountary witness of the terrible accident, which nearly prostrated her. Avery and one of his younger brothers were in the kitchen and were playing with one of the guns they had, when they started inquiring in a friendly controversy who could puli thee trigger the fastest. The older brother, who was in the room at thee time, started to take a hand in the discussion, picking up a double-barreled shotgun that was handy and started pulling the trigger to show his ability, with the sad result above chronicled. The charge entered the body right above the heart and at the close range was mutilated terribly.

The Kimbell family moved on the Kidam place (the old Kittleson farm) last March, coming there from the Ogden place near Otranto. Funeral services were held today, conducted by Rev. Waldeland. The family have the sincere sympathy of the entire community in their hour of trial.

BELMOND MINISTER SUES TRUSTEES OF CHURCH

Failed To Pay Salary. Congregation Divided. Published Statement In Belmond Herald Which Caused Humiliation. Claims $10,000 Damages

Rev. Henry F. Horton, pastor of the Congregational church, at Belmond, has filed suits in district court against members of the board of trustees of the church.

In his petition he states that the trustees named became his enemies, interferred with him in the performance of his pastoral duties, and by their conduct and attitude brought about a division in the congregation of the church. He says that his salary is $1,200 a year and that it was paid to him so irregularly that he could not pay his bills with regular promptness.

Then the main climax in Dr. Horton's petition is made when he asserts that on December 17, 1919, the trustees caused an alleged financial statement to be published in the Belmond Herald-Press as an advertisement and in publishing this alleged statement he avers the trustees really charged him indirectly with being irresponsible, dishonest, extravagant, and as being a citizen and a clergyman living beyond his means. He claims this subjected him to public shame, humiliation and disgrace—all to his damage to sum of $10,000.

The case probably will be tried at this term of court.—Renwick Times.

IN MEMORY OF LINCOLN

The approach of Lincoln's birthday renders timely the special service at the Methodist Episcopal church next Sunday evening in commemoration of the great president. It is peculiarly fitting, in this second great national period of reconstruction, now not only national but international, that we should recall the figure of that American whose leadership meant so much to our country and to the world

In one of the boy Lincoln's school books, still extant, is the inscription in his then scrawling, unformed handwriting, "Abraham Lincoln, his hand and pen. he will be good but God knows When." Did that time ever come? Was Lincoln a Christian? Herndon, his law partner at Springfield, and his biographer, asserts that Lincoln was a "freethinker." A discussion of this phase of his character will be a minor part of the address by Dr. Buriff Sunday evening.

All patriotic citizens having no other church engagements, are urged to do honor to the memory of Lincoln by attending this service.

THIS IS NO FISH STORY

We are informed by W. H. Green, who is on the J. J. Johnson farm, that on the 24th day of December he lost one of his calves and they looked every where that a calf could get, but with no avail. There was a straw stack that had blown over and they looked there, but nothing doing. On the 24th day of January they were hauling straw and sure enough they found the calf and it was alive. They gave it some water and in a short time it went to the barn, and they say that it is doing nicely when they phoned this office. Nothing strange for a camel to go without water, but think of a calf.—Dows Advocate.

MR. GROUND HOG SAYS GOOD WEATHER

According to old myths the second day of February is "Ground Hog Day." On that day the ground hog is supposed to come out of his hole and if the sun happens to be shining he will see his shadow. This is supposed to frighten the ground hog and he will scamper to his hole where he will hide and sleep for six more weeks, which also indicates that six weeks of cold and stormy weather will follow. If on that day the sun does not shine and the ground hog does not see his shadow then it is an indication of an early spring with good weather to follow. If we believe in the old tale we can therefore look for good weather from now on as the sun did not appear during any time of the day.

FLU RAGING AT GOODELL

Flu has broken out at Goodell and quite a number are down with the disease. The church is being used as a hospital at present. Monday night a sixteen year old girl died at Goodell after suffering a short time with the flu.

LEONARD WOOD, ADMINISTRATOR

WOOD HAS VARIED CIVIL EXPERIENCE

ADMINISTRATIVE QUALITIES ARE TESTED AND PROVED IN HANDLING GREAT BUSINESS PROBLEMS.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

From time to time people ask, "What has been the administrative and business experience of Leonard Wood? What has been his experience with men outside of the army? What does he know about conditions in the different parts of the United States and in our overseas possessions? Has he any thorough knowledge of foreign affairs and of our foreign relations?"

The administrative qualities of Leonard Wood have been tested and proved. No American living has been tried more thoroughly than he in complex fields of constructive civil work, administrative work of the highest order which carried with it the necessity for the exercise of keen business acumen.

The republic of Cuba, built upon firm democratic foundations, is a monument to the administrative ability of Leonard Wood. In the Philippines is to be found another monument to his statesmanship.

Leonard Wood graduated in medicine from Harvard University in 1884 and served for more than a year in one of the great hospitals, later to take charge of the charity departments in a section of the city of Boston where the poor lived.

Not long after the completion of Wood's work in Boston he became an assistant surgeon in the army, coming into contact with the western plainsman, the miner, the people generally, and giving much of his time to the work of assisting the Indians and to a study of the problems of irrigation and reclamation.

Then for Leonard Wood there came four years in California. He covered the state many times in pursuance of his duties and extended his field as occasion required into the states of the Northwest. Then for two years he was in service in the South, having headquarters in Georgia.

From the South Leonard Wood went to the city of Washington, where his work brought him into daily contact with Grover Cleveland. Then he had the same intimate relations with William McKinley and the men of his time.

Then came the Spanish war and the active campaign in Cuba as the colonel of the regiment of rough riders of which Theodore Roosevelt was the lieutenant colonel.

At the close of the Spanish war Leonard Wood's supreme administrative duties began. He was made the governor of the city of Santiago and a few weeks later of the entire eastern half of Cuba.

Under Wood profiteering was abolished, industry was built up, agriculture rehabilitated, hospitals organized, equipped and maintained, tens of thousands of people clothed and fed—and all this done in a thorough businesslike manner. It was done under tribulations which arose from the fact that the people were impoverished to the point of starvation and had been dying by thousands for the lack of the things which Wood quickly provided.

Then there came the rehabilitation of the municipalities, the establishment of schools, the opening of roads, the organizing of government in the provinces, the readjustment of taxation and of the courts, and the work of providing for the thousands of children made orphans by war or famine.

There was more business and more varieties of it than it has been the lot of many men ever to have placed upon their shoulders.

Not long after this there came the greater opportunities in Havana. It was necessary to re-write the election laws to make them fit the habits of the people. Production had to be stimulated, for agriculture was the main source of the island's wealth. Here again the same measures were followed and as a result there were established law and order, protection of life and property, and liberty within the law.

These were the foundation stones. Wood knew that the government must be run by the Cubans, and so 90 per cent of the officials engaged in the great work of reconstructiop were selected from the people of the island. The Cubans were taught government while the government was being built and thus they were able to run it when the rule of the island was turned over to its inhabitants.

When it became necessary to reorganize the Cuban railroads Wood secured the services of Sir William Van Horne, president of the Canadian Pacific, and of Granville M. Dodge, builder of the Union Pacific.

The same general policy was followed in dealing with the problem of caring for the tens of thousands of orphans that had been left by the war. Homer Folks, commissioner of charities of the state of New York, was called to Cuba by Wood to aid in the establishment of a system for placing and permanently caring for these little desolates. Chief Justice White of the Supreme court of the United States, at that time an associate justice, was consulted as to the method to be pursued in reorganizing the courts.

Leonard Wood was in Cuba about four years. He left there a reorganized and sound banking system, a good railroad system, no debts, nearly $2,000,000 unincumbered money in the treasury, a sugar crop of nearly 1,000,000 tons, sound municipal laws, fine public works, a firm agricultural foundation and an absolute respect among the people for life and property. The school system which Wood established was founded on the laws of Massachusetts and Ohio. Roads were built which made communication speedy. The hospitals erected under his supervision were of the highest type.

Lord Cromer said he wished this American officer was available to follow him in his reconstruction work in Egypt. Elihu Root said this work never was paralleled in colonial possessions anywhere. Theodore Roosevelt said that Leonard Wood "has rendered services to Cuba of a kind which, if performed three thousand years ago, would have made him a hero mixed up with the sun god in various ways."

After the Cuban experience Wood was for five years in the Philippines confronted with the difficult labor of establishing a civil government, this time among a Mohammedan people. There he did the same successful work he did in Cuba.

This period of residence in the Philippines gave Wood an opportunity to study conditions in the British colonies, Borneo, Singapore, and to keep in close touch with conditions in Japan and along the China coast. Wood traveled through India, spent some time with the Dutch in Java, and with Lord Cromer in Egypt. He gained and retained knowledge of all which at that time came under his studious observation.

Then Leonard Wood became chief of the general staff of the United States army, in whose hands rests very largely the direction and administration of the military establishment, which after all is 90 per cent a business matter.

The administrative career of Leonard Wood is spread upon the records of his country. The work which he has done is lasting. It is a statesman's work.

SURPRISE PARTY

Last Thursday evening a crowd of about thirty neighbors gathered at the U. G. Smid home as a surprise on U. G. Smid and A. W. White to celebrate the events of the two gentlemen's birthdays. Needless to say a merry time was soon in progress and many games were played by both old and young. After playing games until everyone was quite tired and ready to get their share of the fine luncheon which was served by the ladies. At a late hour all departed for home, looking forward to another such gathering

PARTY ON THE KIRKWOODS

Saturday evening a number of friends of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kirkwood gathered at the A. Kirkwood home here to give Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kirkwood a farewell party before they departed for their new home at Milaca, Minn., where Mr. Kirkwood will farm this year. They left here Tuesday.

IOWA PRESS ASSOCIATION CONVENTION WILL BE HELD IN DES MOINES

The fifth annual convention of the Iowa Press Association will be held in Des Moines, Iowa, Friday and Saturday, February 6 and 7, with a Prelude of High Jinks Evening of February 5.

All members of the Iowa Press Association and delegates and ladies will be guests of the Greater Des Moines Committee at a banquet in the ball room of the Savery Hotel. By fortunate arrangement the principal address will be by Federal Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis of Chicago. Other prominent speakesr will also address the assemblage.

FREIGHT TRAIN DE-RAILED

Last Thursday the north bound freight train while rounding the curve just south of town and just north of the river bridge, parted company with eight box cars which it switched off the rails. The accident was due to the frost leaving the rails which turned over as the train rounded the bend. The train lost several hours in getting the cars back on the track and the passenger was also held up several hours waiting to get by.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Public worship with sermon at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sunday School at 11:30 a. m. A live, happy, growing school. Interesting lesson study. Music by orchestra. Adults especially invited.

Special service in honor of Abraham Lincoln Sunday evening. Patriotic music. Address, "Abraham Lincoln, American."

A. E. Buriff, Minister

TELL IT TO THE TIMES

If anybody has a party, if you have out of town company, if you or some member of your family takes a trip, if you hear of an unusual accident, or if you know any other news item, call 12, we appreciate news.

GOOD WORK IN CANAL ZONE

Archdeacon Carson Tells of Religious Activities Among Those Employed on the "Big Ditch."

Few men perhaps have so intimate a knowledge of the spiritual progress made in the canal zone as the Rev. Henry Roberts Carson, archdeacon of the Protestant Episcopal church there.

From those days when the canal was yet a great doubt until the present, Mr. Carson has been laboring among the employees of the canal that they might have comfort of body and welfare of soul. White and black, the men there know him well and have come to love him, for Archdeacon Carson was with them in the now almost forgotten days when fever raged upon the isthmus and each noon struck men to the death.

Those early days Archdeacon Carson recalled in the missions house of the Protestant Episcopal church at New York the other day before returning to the canal zone.

"We were few in number then and the work was more than enough for many," he said. "The employees, most of them natives of the British West Indies, were housed in labor camps here and there, for the channel was not cut through from one end to the other; but activities were everywhere along its path.

"And in these camps we started churches and the church moved when the camp moved, for when the work in that immediate vicinity was completed the camp went elsewhere. When the water was turned into the canal it submerged these places where we had held divine service."

While the work stretches from one ocean to the other, with churches at a dozen places, some of the most unselfish labor is among lepers in the mission of the Holy Comfort on the west coast. There are to be found some 90 patients, including about a dozen children, and not a week passes without services being held for them.

Lovely Women to Be Lovelier.

American women are growing more beautiful and their loveliness is increasing with every passing year, said Howard Chandler Christy, famous artist, on the twenty-second anniversary of the beginning of his study of the American women.

"The American women, already the fairest on earth, are destined to continue their progress in beauty until they attain a degree of loveliness little dreamed of by the average male of today," he said.

Christy added that whether this feminine progress will prove a boon to the other side of the house all depends on the viewpoint.

"The reason America's girls are becoming more bewitching," he explained, "is because being beautiful is an art—and the American women are keeping ahead of their foreign sisters in the arts, like the American brethren are in business."

Joy for Philatelist.

The postage stamp collector, the philatelist, is in a new haven of joy. The changed world is developing new stamps and hundreds have already appeared in this country.

One of the prettiest of the stamps is from the new republic of Czecho-Slovakia. Several scores of varieties have emanated since the dual monarchy, Austria-Hungary, disintegrated under war pressure.

Jugo-Slavia also is in line with a number of new stamps that delight the collector, and the Hungarian republic is printing 28 different stamps for temporary use until a permanent series can be decided upon. Esthonia is in line with at least four varieties. Livonia has 11 new stamps; Ukrainia has a new series and the republic of Poland is offering an unusual stamp with 60 varieties.—Detroit News.

Up-to-Date Youngster.

Leroy had spent all of his allowance for fireworks. His little brother, Earl, being more conservative, still had some money left. From this amount Leroy was attempting to borrow 10 cents.

"Why, Leroy," I said, "are you going to take some of your little brother's money?"

"Sure," he replied, "isn't it all right? He's going to let me have 10 cents and I'm going to pay him back 11 cents."

Wondering where he had acquired his idea of interest, I asked:

"Why the extra cent?"

"That 1 cent is for war tax."—Chicago Tribune.

Tributes to the Departed.

Obituary notices in Australian papers are often, Lady Poore tells us, accompanied by poetic tributes to the departed. These tributes sometimes tumble into awkwardness, but she quotes as champion in that way a prose tribute in these words: "Mrs. B. has just passed away at the age of eighty-five. For some months she has been in failing health, but during the last few days, she approached the grave in leaps and bounds."—From "Recollections of an Admiral's Wife."

South France.

Of all parts of France perhaps the Nimes country is the most interesting. Nimes itself, with its Roman amphitheater, still used for circus shows and bull fights, its "Maison carree," otherwise a perfectly preserved second-century temple, and its beautiful gardens, is a charming place to stay in, though dusty when the mistral blows.

NOW FREE FROM PAIN

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Frees Another Woman From Suffering.

Bayonne, N. J.—"Before I was married I suffered a great deal with periodical pains. I had pains in my side and back and also headaches, and got so weak I could not do anything. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt better. Now I am married and have two little boys. Before the first one came I was weak and nervous, could not eat and was dizzy. After I took the Vegetable Compound I could work and eat. Now I am strong and recommend your medicine to my friends."—Mrs. ANNA SLEVA, 25 East 17th Street, Bayonne, N. J.

Women who recover their health, naturally tell others what helped them. Some write and allow their names and photographs to be published with testimonials. Many more tell their friends.

If you need a medicine for women's ailments, try that well known and successful remedy Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) for anything you need to know about these troubles.

Easily Figured.

"What are the 'jaws of death,' pa?"

"Almost any married man is liable to be jawed to death, my son. You can figure out the rest of it yourself."

WOMEN WONDER AT HER MANY CLOTHES

"Diamond Dyes" Make Faded, Old, Shabby Garments New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells how to diamond dye over any color. To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

Schoolbooks.

Cover the children's schoolbooks with eithrestiff paper or cloth so they will last the year and be in condition for the next in the family who will need to use them.

A Lady of Distinction.

Is recognized by the delicate fascinating influence of the perfume she uses. A bath with Cuticura Soap and hot water to thoroughly cleanse the pores, followed by a dusting with Cuticura Talcum Powder usually means a clear, sweet, healthy skin.—Adv.

Some folks are so economical that they use the same air over and over all night long.

"Labor," says Thomas Carlyle, "rids us of three ills—tediousness, vice and poverty."

112 Millions used last year to KILL COLDS

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

BAD BREATH

Often Caused by

Acid-Stomach

How can anyone with a sour, gassy stomach, who is constantly belching, has heartburn and suffers from indigestion have anything but a bad breath? All of these stomach disorders mean just one thing—Acid-Stomach.

EATONIC, the wonderful new stomach remedy in pleasant tasting tablet form that you eat like a bit of candy, brings quick relief from these stomach miseries. EATONIC sweetens the breath because it makes the stomach sweet, cool and comfortable. Try it for that nasty taste, congested throat and "heady feeling" after too much smoking.

If neglected, Acid-Stomach may cause you a lot of serious trouble. It leads to nervousness, headaches, insomnia, melancholia, rheumatism, sciatica, heart trouble, ulcer and cancer of the stomach. It makes its millions of victims weak and miserable, listless, lacking in energy, all tired out. It often brings about chronic invalidism, premature old age, a shortening of one's days.

You need the help that EATONIC can give you if you are not feeling as strong and well as you should. You will be surprised to see how much better you will feel just as soon as you begin taking this wonderful stomach remedy. Get a big 50 cent box from your druggist today. He will return your money if you are not satisfied.

EATONIC

FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

For Irritated Throats

take a tried and tested remedy—one that acts promptly and effectively and contains no opiates. You get that remedy by asking for

PISO'S

WOLVES OF THE SEA

By RANDALL PARRISH

Copyright, by A. C. McClurg & Co.

CHAPTER XXVII—Continued.

—18—

"Vot vas eet you say 'bout dis sheep? Eet haf cholera—hey?"

Dorothy took a step forward, and confronted them, her cheeks flushed.

"You are sailors," she said, speaking swiftly, "and ought not to be afraid if a girl isn't. It is true this vessed was ravaged by cholera, and the crew died; but the bodies have been flung overboard—Captain Carlyle risked his life to do that before he asked us aboard. Now there is no danger so long as we remain on deck. I have no fear."

The Swede shook his head, grumbling something, but before the revolt could spread Watkins broke in.

"An' that's right, miss. I wus on the Bombay Castle when she took cholera, an' we hed twenty-one days of it beatin' agin head winds off the Cape. We lost sixteen o' the crew, but not a man among us who stayed on deck got sick. Anyhow, these blokes are goin' ter try their luck aboard yere, er else swim fer it."

He grinned cheerfully, letting slip the end of the painter, the released quarter-boat gliding gently away astern, the width of water constantly increasing.

"Now, bullies, jump fer it if yer want ter go. All right then, my hearties, let's hunt up something to work with and scrub this deck. That's the way to clean out cholera."

He led the way and they followed him, grumbling and cursing, but obedient. I added a word of encouragement, and in a few minutes the whole gang was busily engaged in cleaning up the mess forward, their first fears evidently forgotten in action. Watkins kept after them like a slave driver.

It was not difficult finding plently for the lads to do, making the neglected schooner shipshape, and adjusting the spread of canvas aloft to the new course I decided upon. Sam started a fire in the galley and prepared a hot meal, singing as he worked, and before noon I had as cheerful a ship's crew forward as any man could possibly ask for. Dorothy and I glanced over the log, but gained little information. As the sun reached the meridian I ventured again into the cabin and returned with the necessary instruments to determine our position. With these and the pricked chart, I managed fairly well in determining our location, and choosing the most direct course toward the coast.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

A New Plan of Escape.

Nothing occurred during the afternoon to disturb the routine work aboard or to cause me any uneasiness. Sunset brought clouds, and by the time it was really dark the entire sky was overcast, but the sea remained comparatively calm and the wind steady.

It was a pleasant night in spite of the darkness, the air soft and refreshing. The locker was filled with flags, representing almost every nation on earth. I dragged these out and spread them on the deck abaft the cabin, thus forming a very comfortable bed, and at last induced the girl to lie down, wrapping her in a blanket. Finally I found a seat beside her on a coil of rope, and we fell into conversation.

This was the first opportunity we had enjoyed to actually talk with each other alone.

"Dorothy," I said humbly, "you were frightened last night. I cannot hold you to what you said to me then."

"You mean you do not wish to? But I was not frightened."

"And you still repeat what you said then? You said, 'I love you.'"

"Yes, I can repeat that—I love you."

"Those are dear, dear words; but I ought not to listen to them, or believe. I am not free to ask a pledge of you, or to beg you to trust me in marriage."

"Is not that rather for me to decide?" she questioned archly. "I make a confession now. You remember the night I met you on deck, when you were a prisoner, and told you that you had become the property of Roger Fairfax? I loved you then, although I scarcely acknowledged the truth even to myself. We are all alike, we Fairfaxes; we choose for ourselves, and laugh at the world. That is my answer, Geoffry Carlyle; I give you love for love."

"I would ask an opportunity denied me—to stand once more in honor among men. I would not be ashamed before Dorothy Fairfax."

"Nor need you be," she exclaimed impetuously, her hands pressing mine. "You wrong yourself, even as you have been wronged. You have already done that which shall win you freedom, if it be properly presented to those in power. I mean that it shall be, once I am safely back in Virginia. Tell me, what are your plans with—with this schooner?"

"To beach it somewhere along shore, and leave it there a wreck, while we escape. The men insist on it with good reason. They have been pirates, and might be hung if caught."

"And yet to my mind," she insisted earnestly, "that choice is most dangerous. I am a girl, but if I commanded here, do you know what I would do? I would sail this vessel straight to the Chesapeake and surrender it to the authorities. The men have nothing to fear with me aboard and ready to testify in their behalf. The governor will accept my word without a question. These men are not pirates, but honest seamen compelled to serve in order to save their lives; they mutinied and captured the bark, but were later overcome, and compelled to take the boats. The same plea can be made for you, Geoffry, only you were there in an effort to save me. It is a service which ought to win you freedom. If the governor fail me, I will bear my story to the feet of the king. I am a Fairfax, and we have friends in England, strong, powerful friends."

"I am convinced," I admitted, after a pause, "that this course is the wiser one, but fear the opposition of the men. They will never go willingly."

"There is an argument which will overcome their fear. I mean cupidity. Each sailor aboard has an interest in the salvage of this vessel under the English law. Also there must be gold aboard—perhaps treasure also. Let the crew dream that dream and you will need no whip to drive them into an English port."

"Full pardon, and possibly wealth with it," I laughed. "A beautiful scheme, Dorothy, yet it might work. Still, if I know sailormen, they would doubt the truth, if it came direct from me, for I am not really one of them."

"But Watkins is. Explain it all to him; tell him who I am, the influence I can wield in the colony, and then let him whisper the news to the others. Will you not do this—for my sake?"

"Yes," I answered; "I believe you have found the right course. If you will promise to lie down and sleep I will talk with Watkins now. I may catch some catnaps before morning, but most of the time shall be prowling about deck. Good night, dear girl."

She extended her arms, and drew me down until our lips met.

"You are actually afraid of me still," she said. "Why should you be?"

"Somehow, Dorothy, you have always seemed so far away from me I

I Dared Not Let Go.

have never been able to forget. But now the touch of your lips has—"

"Broken down the last barrier?"

"Yes, forever."

"Are you sure? Would you not feel still less doubt if you kissed me again?"

I held her closely, gazing down into the dimly revealed outline of her face, and this time felt myself the master.

I left her there and groped my own way forward. I found Watkins awake. He listened gravely to what I had to say, with little comment, and was evidently weighing every argument in his mind.

"I've bin in Virginia and Maryland, sir," he said at last seriously, "and if the young woman is a Fairfax, she'll likely have influence enough ter do just whut she says. I'll talk it over with the lads. If they wus only sure thar wus treasure aboard I guess most of 'em would face hell ter git their hands on a share of it."

"Then why not search and see?"

He shook his head obstinately.

"Not me, sir! I don't prowl around in no cholera ship, loaded with dead men—not if I never git rich."

"Then I will," and I got to my feet in sudden determination. "You keep the deck while I go below. Light the lantern and bring it here. If there is any specie hidden aboard this hooker it will be either in the cabin or lazaret. And, whether there is or not, my man, the Santa Marie turns north tomorrow if I have to fight every sea wolf on board single-handed."

CHAPTER XXIX.

A Struggle in the Dark.

He came back with the lantern in his hand, a mere tin box containing a candle, the dim flame visible through numerous punctures. Neither of us spoke until my hand was on the companion door ready to slide it open.

"I'll not be long below," I said soberly. "Better go forward and see that your lookout men are awake, and then come back here."

The port stateroom I had not previously entered because of a locked door. I determined on breaking in here. There was no key in the lock, and the stout door resisted by efforts. Placing the lantern on the deck I succeeded finally in inserting the blade of a hatchet so as to gain a purchase sufficient to release the latch. As the door yielded a sharp cry assailed me from within. It came forth so suddenly and with so wild an accent I stepped blindly backward in fright, my foot overturning the lantern, which, with a single flicker of the candle, went out. In that last gleam I saw a dim, grotesque outline fronting me. Then, in the darkness, gleamed two green, menacing eyes, growing steadily larger, nearer, as I stared at them in horror. Was it man or beast? Devil from hell, or some crazed human against whom I must battle for life? The green eyes glared into my face. I lifted my hand toward him, and touched—hair! My antagonist was a giant African ape.

Even as the big ape's grip caught me, ripping through jacket sleeve to the flesh, I realized my great peril, but I was no longer paralyzed with fear, helpless before the unknown. I drove my hatchet straight between those two gleaming eyes. The brute staggered back, dragging me with him. His humanlike cry of pain ended in a snarl, but, brief as the respite proved, it gave me grip on his under jaw and an opportunity to drive my weapon twice more against the hairy face. The pain served only to madden the beast, and before I could wrench free he had me clutched in an iron grip, my jacket torn into shreds. His jaws snapped at my face, but I had such purchase as to prevent their touching me, and mindless of the claws tearing at my flesh I forced the animal's head back until the neck cracked and the lips gave vent to a wild scream of agony. I dared not let go; dared not relax for an instant the exercise of every ounce of strength. I felt as though the life was being squeezed out of me by the grasp of those hairy arms; yet the very vise in which I was held yielded me leverage. The hatchet dropped to the deck and both my hands found lodgment under the jaw, the muscles of my arms strained to the utmost, as I forced back that horrid head. Little by little it gave way, the suffering brute whining in agony, until, the pain becoming unendurable, the clinging arms suddenly released their hold letting me drop heavily to the deck.

By some good fortune I fell upon the discarded hatchet, and stumbled to my feet once more, gripping the weapon again in my fingers. I sprang straight toward him, sending the sharp blade of the hatchet crashing against the skull. The aim was good, the stroke a death blow, yet the monster got me with one paw, and we fell to the deck together, he savagely clawing me in his death agony. Then the hairy figure quivered and lay motionless. I released the stiffening grip, rising to my knees, only to immediately pitch forward unconscious.

When I came back once more to life I was upon the schooner's deck breathing the fresh night air, Dorothy and Watkins bending over me.

CHAPTER XXX.

Opening of the Treasure Chest.

The dawn came slowly, and with but little increase of light. The breeze had almost entirely died away, leaving the canvas aloft motionless, the schooner barely moving through a slightly heaving sea, in the midst of a dull-gray mist. When Watkins emerged from the mist I proposed to him that we go below and continue the search for gold. He was not anxious to go and Dorothy persuaded me to let her go with me. In the room where the ape had been hidden we found a big chest and I set to work to open it.

It proved harder than I had believed, the staple of the lock clinging to the hard teak wood of which the chest was made. The lid was heavy, but as I finally forced it backward a hinge snapped and permitted it to drop crashing to the deck. For an instant I could see nothing within.

"Lift up the lantern, Dorothy, please. No, higher than that. What in God's name? Why, it is the corpse of a woman!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

A Good Fight.

A good fight is never for its day alone. It is for many days. And it is not alone for him who bears its utmost stress. No man can live his own life bravely and not be an energy of social good, virtue proceeding forth from him to heal some brother's wounded heart. There is a riddle here for us to guess.—John White Chadwick.

An Advantage.

Another advantage of tortoise shell glasses is that they cover up a good deal of face.—Kansas Industrialist.

CROSS PURPOSES

By GRACE E. RILEY.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"It is hard for you to have my mother all the time; but it is also hard for me to have yours, dear; don't forget that."

"Oh, I don't forget, Dan; I forget nothing connected with the whole affair. I only wish I could. It wouldn't be so hard if they did not quarrel so; and it isn't because they are tired as I am. I don't let them lift a finger. They offer from time to time, but the poor dears had their years of labor and deserve to rest now."

"Perhaps they would be happier if they did work, Jane," suggested her husband.

"Oh, you don't know what you're talking about!" Jane answered with irritation.

A year before her mother, Mrs. James, had decided to live with her married daughter. Mrs. James was right, of course; Mrs. James was always right. Six months later Dan had seen that it was necessary to have his mother, too, for she was failing in strength and needed her only son near her. From that day small irritabilities, endless arguments and tiresome dissensions had changed the harmonious atmosphere of the once happy Harrington home, and Jane was finding it almost more than she could bear.

When Dan awoke the next morning he was surprised to see that Jane was still sleeping—Jane, who usually awoke early, prepared breakfast and then called him—and the clock hands mercilessly pointed to eight o'clock.

"Jane!" Jane stirred restlessly, but did not awaken.

"Jane!" Dan spoke again. "Girl, it's after eight o'clock." This time Jane opened her eyes. "What's the matter, Jane? Look how late it is!" And Jane awoke—awoke to an understanding of the hour; to the fact that she had overslept and that Dan was late; but more alert to the pain in her back and head than to anything else.

"I guess I'm sick, Dan; you'll have to call mother."

Dan was quickly out of bed and downstairs tapping at Mrs. James' door.

"What is it?"

"Jane's sick—will you come upstairs as soon as you can?"

Then he went to his mother's room. "Mother," he said, "Jane is sick; her mother is going to her. Will you get me some breakfast while I go for the doctor?"

"Why, certainly, Dannie, I'll be right down." The thought flashed through Dan's mind that not for years had he heard his mother speak so cheerfully; but he could give no more thought to this now—there was much to be done. Dressing hastily, he went for Doctor Meade, who returned with him and gave Jane a thorough examination.

"She is certainly a very sick girl, but nothing dangerous, I think. Evidently a complete nervous breakdown, and she must have absolute rest and quiet."

"Had I better remain at home, doctor?"

"Better not; far better not," said the busy doctor, as he piled small stacks of pink and white and red pills on the dressing table.

Downstairs, Mrs. Harrington had prepared not only a tempting breakfast for Mrs. James and Dan, but had a tray ready to take up to Jane.

"Brace up, Dannie, we will bring her back to health before you know she's sick, son." A wealth of love and tenderness was in her tone, and Dan could scarcely believe his ears.

"Thanks, mother—and just be a little patient with Mrs. James, won't you? It wears on Jane frightfully to hear you two argue."

"Lan' sakes, son! We don't mean anything by our arguing—why, I think a heap of Mrs. James; and anyway, we will be too busy today, I reckon, for arguments."

Here Mrs. James put in an appearance looking frail and anxious.

"Now, Mathilde James, don't you worry a mite—the doctor told me Jane would be all right with you to nurse her," said Mrs. Harrington, as she drew her friend and enemy into a chair before the table.

"Did he say so, Mary? But who will do the housework?"

"Goodness, me, Mathilde, don't you reckon I have still strength enough to wield a dishmop?" sniffed Mrs. Harrington with fire in her eye. But of a sudden the fire disappeared. "Guess you and me, between us, Mathilde, can keep the house clean and take care of Jane, too, can't we?"

"You're a good woman, Mary Harrington—and I've always said so—though you have got a frightful temper," said Mathilde James, stopping to kiss Mary as she carried a pile of dishes to the kitchen.

During that day and those that followed, the two old ladies lived peacefully together, vying with one another in cooking, nursing and cleaning. Their minds were so occupied that there was no room for petty disagreements. Gradually was borne in upon Jane the realization that the keynote of the present harmony lay in the joy of the mothers in the round of duties with which they were daily confronted.

"We were all working at cross-purposes, Dan—but I've learned my lesson," she confidently informed her husband one evening.

"It takes you, dear, always to find the right way in the end," her husband lovingly assured her.

BAKER'S COCOA

IS GOOD for Breakfast Luncheon Dinner Supper

Any time that any one wants a delicious drink with a real, satisfying, sustaining food value.

We guarantee its purity and high quality. We have been making chocolate and cocoa for nearly 140 years.

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD. Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

BAGS WE BUY USED BAGS; pay on 200 or more. Lincoln Bag Dept. B2, Springfield, Illinois

16799 DIED

in New York City alone from kidney trouble last year. Don't allow yourself to become a victim by neglecting pains and aches. Guard against this trouble by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid trouble. Holland's national remedy since 1696. All druggists, three sizes. Guaranteed. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Economy.

"Are you giving away your old shoes?"

"No; I am having them sold and re-soled."

CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How to Get Quick Relief from Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh will be gone.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed up with a cold or nasty catarrh—Relief comes so quickly.—Adv.

Acquaintance Cultivated.

"They met at a lawn party. Appropriate, wasn't it, seeing she was a grass widow?"

"Yes, and he such a rake."

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Constipation invites other troubles which come speedily unless quickly checked and overcome by Green's August Flower which is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion both of stomach and intestines, cleans and sweetens the stomach and alimentary canal, stimulates the liver to secrete the bile and impurities from the blood. It is a sovereign remedy used in many thousands of households all over the civilized world for more than half a century by those who have suffered with indigestion, nervous dyspepsia, sluggish liver, coming up of food, palpitation, constipation and other intestinal troubles. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Try a bottle, take no substitute.—Adv.

Quick Verdict.

Poet—Here is a poem I have indited.

Editor (reading)—Guilty!

Garfield Tea, taken regularly, will correct both liver and kidney disorders.—Adv.

After pocketing his fee the congratulations of the minister officiating at a wedding are genuine.

Use MURINE Night and Morning and Keep Your Eyes Clean - Clear and Healthy

Write For Free Eye Care Book. Murine Co., Chicago

Public Auction!

As I am going to move to Minnesota, I will hold a public auction at my place 2 miles west and 4 miles north of Klemme, and 5 miles south of Duncan, on

Tuesday, Feb. 10

Sale to begin at 11:00 o'clock

FREE LUNCH AT 12 O'CLOCK SHARP

4 Head of Horses 4

Black mare 7 yrs old, wt 1350; Gray gelding 12 yrs old, wt 1100; Team of bay colts well matched coming 2 and 3 yrs old.

34 Head of Cattle 34

9 milk cows all fresh; Bull coming 3 yrs; Roan heifer coming 2 yr; 18 yearlings; 5 winter calves.

24 Head of White Hogs 24

8 Brood Sows

6 Head of Sheep 6

Farm Machinery, Etc.

Acme binder 8 ft cut good as new Dane hay loader 2 corn cultivators; 16 in sulky plow; 11 ft seeder with grass attachment good as new Acme corn binder; 26 ft Boss harrow; 18 ft harrow; hay rake; hay rack; Robinson manure spreader; bob sled; cutter; surry; top buggy; fanning mill, new; Letz feed grinder; 4 h. p. gasoline engine; feed cooker, set wagon springs; pump jack; hog troughs; shoveling boards. cupboard; heating stove; oil stove; kitchen cabinet; cream separator good as new corn planter, 100 rods wire; patatoes; some seed corn; some silage; some tame hay in barn; corn sheller; narrow tired wagon; spring wagon; and other articles.

TERMS—$10 and under, cash. Over that amount a credit of 10 months will be given on bankable notes drawing 8 per cent interest. No property to be removed until settled for.

G. A. KAHLER

Young & Reemstma, Auctioneers — State Savings Bank of Klemme, Clerk

PARTIAL TO LAMB

Armenians Make Meat Staple Article of Diet.

Methods of Preparing It Seem Strange to Those Accustomed to Western Cooking—Eggplant a Favorite Vegetable.

Lamb appears to be the basic item of the Armenian diet if one is to judge by the number of Armenian dishes in which it plays a part. No less than 23 ways of using this meat are given in a list of typical Armenian dishes prepared by an expert.

Roast lamb with matzoon sauce and lamb broiled whole are substantial features of Armenian banquets. Then there is boiled lamb, lamb roasted in paper, lamb roasted with tomato, whole spring lamb roasted, lamb stuffed with rice, steamed lamb, lamb broiled, hunter style; lamb grilled on skewers, braised lamb with wine sauce, braised lamb with currie, braised lamb with tomato sauce, braised lamb with onions and braised lamb in paper dishes seasoned with peas.

Kouzou kapama is an elaborate lamb dish in which the meat is steamed with scallion and lettuce; kouzou guvey is lamb roasted in an earthen pot with rice and tomatoes.

Eggplant is a favorite Armenian vegetable which is often used with the lamb to make a delicious dish. Hunkair beyendi is mashed eggplant and potted lamb; patijan cheop kebab is fried lamb and eggplant grilled on skewers; eggplant stewed in lamb broth and braised lamb and eggplant are other savory dishes.

All sorts of vegetables and even fruits are stewed in lamb broth to give them that richness which is a feature of the national taste in cookery. Fresh peas, artichokes, string beans, celery, leeks, spinach and quinces are mentioned in Armenian culinary lore as being the better for simmering slowly for some time in the lamb broth. A variation dish is nohud yahni, Turkish peas stewed with onions in lamb broth.

Ouscoumri dolma is an elaborate Armenian dish, composed of mackerel stuffed with onions, pinenuts and currants, fried in olive oil and served cold. Eggplant stuffed with rice and onions and cooked in olive oil is also served cold. Fassouli pulaki is beans stewed with vegetables and olive oil and served cold.

Pinenuts and currants are favorite ingredients of stuffing, appearing not only in the stuffed mackerel but also with rice as a stuffing for turkey in a dish called Hindi dolma. Harpoot keofteh are delicious boiled meat balls prepared with cracked wheat and stuffed with meat, pinenuts and currants. Stuffed vine leaves, yalanji dolman and yaprak sarma are other favorite dishes. The leaves of the grapevine are used for the outer wrappings of these viands. In the yalanji dolman rice and onions already cooked through are wrapped in the vine leaves and the whole again subjected to a slow simmering process in olive oil. In the yaprak sarma the rice and meat are cooked together or, rather, the rice is cooked in a rich stock and then wrapped in the vine leaves and simmered in oil.

The names of these Armenian dishes cannot be translated according to their sound, for hashlama is not an effort to orientalize the well-known boarding house viand of lamb hash, but plain boiled lamb, and shish lebab instead of being a Turkish form of TNT, is a mild and savory dish of lamb grilled on skewers.

Making Thrift Compulsory.

In the police courts of New York state it is getting to be a common practice to sentence minor offenders to a term of saving, and in Syracuse last year $5,000 was invested in this way in War Savings stamps, all later returned to the men or used to help their families. At Niagara Falls, when David Broderick was placed on probation six months ago and ordered to give the probation officer $12 a week for War Savings stamps, he complained bitterly. At the end of six months he received $230.50 worth of stamps, and he voluntarily placed himself on indefinite probation, promising to bring $10 a week to continue his savings investment.

Outguessed Him.

Pauline Lord went to call on William Harris, Jr., anent an engagement just before he set sail for Europe.

"What's your salary?" demanded Harris, after the other details had been discussed. Miss Lord told him.

"Ouch!" decried the manager, wincing at the sum.

"Why, don't you think I'm worth it?" Miss Lord asked.

"Yes," admitted Harris, "but I didn't think you did."

Some Kicks.

"And you say the mule kicked you, Sam?"

"'Deed he did, boss."

"How far did he kick you?"

"Watcher mean, boss?"

"How far were you from him after he kicked you?"

"Does you mean how fur was I from him after he kicked me de first or de las' time, boss?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Land for National Forests.

To date the national forest reservation commission has approved for purchase 1,751,115 acres for national forest purposes in the mountain areas of the eastern national forests.

Mystery of Chimney Swift.

The chimney swift furnishes one of the unsolved problems of bird life. The flocks drift slowly south until on the northern coast of the Gulf of Mexico they become an innumerable host. Then they disappear and for five months their hiding place is a mystery.

Benefit of Deep Breathing.

Deep breathing is an excellent preventive against catching cold or will head off one that has just been caught. Everybody ought to take twelve deep breaths every day and do this breathing outside or with windows wide open, be the weather cold, warm, dry, damp, clear or cloudy. Deep breathing is imperative for all snorers, cold sufferers and chilly people.

We Have.

R. J. S. wants to know if we have ever met the people who never go to bed, but retire; who never sleep, but slumber; who never get up, but rise; who never eat, but dine; who never drink, but indulge; who never talk, but converse; who never read, but peruse; who never buy, but purchase, and who never get sick, but become ill?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Putting It Formally.

The four-year-old had just been reproved at the table. He continued to talk cheerfully, though unanswered, to father. After some minutes of soliloquy he turned to mother and remarked: "Your husband doesn't talk very much this noon, does he, mother?"—Harper's Magazine.

Animal Isles.

There is the Isle of Dogs and Whale island, Pewitt island in Essex and Crane and Gulf islands off the coast of Cornwall, England. Near Lundy island are Rat island and the Hen and Chickens. A few miles off the coast of Wales are Puffin island, Sheep island and the Cow and Calf island in Pembroke.

Japanese Claim Credit for Fan.

Japan takes credit for the folding fan. The original kind was of the palm-leaf variety—an oval or round shape which could not be folded. But Japan conceived the idea, just when or how nobody knows, of fastening half a circle of paper on a frame made of sticks fastened together at one end—and the collapsible fan resulted.

Any Shape.

Butcher—"Will you have a round steak, ma'am?" Mrs. Youngbride—"I don't care what shape it is, so it's tender."—Boston Transcript.

CLOSING OUT AT PUBLIC AUCTION

As I am going to quit farming I will hold a sale at my barn in Klemme, on

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 11

Sale to begin promptly at 1:00 P. M.

14 Head of Horses 14

Team of bay chunks coming 4 and 5, wt. 2800; team gray mares 5 years old, wt. 2900; pair black geldings coming 3, wt. 2600; pair black mares 7 yrs. old, wt. 3200; pair of black driving horses wt. 2300; pair of 3 year old mules, wt. 2100; 3 year old saddle pony gentle and broke to drive; one Perheron Stallion "INDEX" pure bred, 8 yrs. old and sound, registered and recorded, pedigree furnished.

27 Head of Cattle 27

10 springers, some fresh, others fresh soon; 8 heifers 2 years old; 8 yearling past steers; 1 pure bred Red Polled registered bull 2 years old.

20 Head of Gilts 20

All are Duroc Jerseys bred to Pathfinder boar, puredreds but not registered

FARM MACHINERY

6 ft. Deering binder; Dain disc; 9 ft. John Deere disc in good shape; 1 4-section lever drag; 3-section drag; harrow cart; 8x16 flat rack; new Rock Island wagon with tripple box; LaCrosse wagon, both 3 inch tires; low steel truck wagon; 2 sets bang boards; 2 sets sand boards; road cart; 2 Tower surface cultivators; 6-shovel Perfection corn plow; Emerson 16-inch sulky plow; sleigh; 2 pairs buggy shafts; set eveners for 5 horse gang plow; 4 horse hitch and 3 horse evener; 6 h. p. Associate engine in good shape; 8-inch Letz feed grinder; good feed cutter; new 28-in. saw and frame; new Iowa cream separator; hand corn sheller; 400 ear seed corn tester; 2 sets single harness; 2 sets new Concord work harness; set breeching harness; set low hame harness; 20 bu. Silver King seed corn; 10 bu. Early Yellow seed corn; light bob sled; brand new 12x20 chicken house; 15x20 garage; Cyclone endgate seeder with grass attachment.

Usual terms of sale. 10 month's time.

Clark Bredbenner, Prop.

Young & Hanson, Reemstma, Auctioneers — State Savings Bank, Klemme, Clerks

AUCTION

As I am going to move to Klemme I will hold a sale on the farm known as the old Ernest Schuldt place located 2 miles west of Klemme, on---

Thursday, Feb. 12

Sale to begin promptly at 1:00 P. M.

FREE HOT LUNCH AT NOON

6 Head of Horses 6

Iron gray horse 5 yrs old, wt 1350; Bay horse 4 yrs old, wt 1250; Bay mare 13 yrs; Iron gray mare coming 3 yrs old; Bay mare coming 2 yrs old; colt coming 1 yr old.

24 Head of Cattle 24

8 head mildh cows including the following registered stock: Plume No. 28842: Pearl No. 41071; Torine No 53685; Maud No 53686. Victoria No 53683; Silver No 53684; Red Polled Bull, Bounce No 35203; 7 heifers, 3 coming fresh; Steer past yr old; 7 calves, 2 elgible to register. he above cows are bred to Bounce.

Farm Machinery, Etc.

6-ft McCormick binder, McCormick mower, McCormick corn binder, Rock Island disc, Case 4-section harrow, potato plow, Emerson 13-in gang plow, 16 in sulky plow, McCormick rake, 2 cultivators, Avery corn planter with 120 rods wire with drill attachment, Sandwich elevator 36 ft, elevator jack, Owens fanning mill, Blom spreader new last spring; broadcast seeder new last spring; top buggy; 3 wagons; high wheel wagon with box; hog rack; bob sled; cream separator; hay loader; 14 in gang plow; 8 bu rack; wood saw 18 in blade; 11 ft seeder; 1 1-2 h. p, engine; pump jack; stack of straw; 3 sets harness; single harness; 2 sets fly nets; glass door kitchen cupboard; 20 bu early seed potatoes; 30 White Wyandote chickens; and other articles.

TERMS—$10 and under, cash. Over that a credit of 10 Months tine will be given on bankable notes drawing 8 per cent interest. No property to be removed until settled for.

Geo. F. Kessler, Prop.

Col. B. A. Reemstma, Auct. — State Savings Bank, Klemme, Clerk

We have now on hand for immediate delivery

A car-load of Feed

And Tankage

Farmers come in and get what you need. Our price is right.

We have a full line of machinery also national oils of all kinds including kerosine and gasoline.

W. M. Baack

Farm Implements *Klemme, Iowa*

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Canny and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

Farm Bureau News

Members of the Farm Bureau in Hancock County will be interestec in the new Farm Bureau Dept. in

WALLACES' FARMER

Good Farming, Clear Thinking, Right Living
A Weekly Journal For Thinking Farmers

This Department contains all the important news about the farm Bureau activities. It tells all about the local Farm Bureaus and their problems. It gives the news of the state and national organizations. It will be devoted to securing better markets, better transportation and ec onomic justice for the farmer.

Edited by Carl N. Kennedy

To edit the Farm Bureau Department Wallaces Farme has been fortunate to secure the services of Carl N. Kennedy. He has been one of the most successful county agents in Iowa, and he is president of the National County Farm agents association. Mr Kennedy is pecularily fitted to make this Department of the greatest value to Farm Bureau members.

Mr Kennedy will spend most of his time in the field He can assist local farm bureaus in various ways. He has been in the farm bureau movement from the start and is enthusiastic for its posiibilities to become the business representative of the fatmer.

Articles From Farm Bureau Leaders

In addition to Mr. Kennedys weekly notes the new Departme..t will contain important articles written by Farm Bureau state nd notional leaders. Several are ready for publication this month and others ore promised for later issues.

A Business-Like Subscription Policy

Wallaces Farmer sells on its merits alont, as a clean constructive farm journel. All subscriptions stop when the time is out. The price is $1.25 per year or $3.00 for 3 years

The new Farm Bureau Department is alone worth the subscription price to any man who has farm interest Orderr may be sent direct to Wallaces Farmer, Des Moines, Iowa or be plaed thru the local subscription aent in every neighborhood.

First National Bank **State Savings Bank**

Local Club Raisers for Wallaces' Farner

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers .:.

Eastern divisional college oratorical contest will be held at Upper Iowa University in Fayette, Feb. 12.

Farmers of Wayne county are making hundreds of dollars by trapping. Mink, skunk, coon, muskrat and opossum are caught in abundance.

The Franklin county drive for Farm Bureau members has ended and a contribution to the Iowa Farm Bureau Federation, of over $4,000.

The farmers of the northern part of Story county are planning for their annual farmers institute which is to be held at Roland on Feb. 17, 18 and 19.

Beuna Vista county has an automobile for every 4.7 inhabitants. Altho the registration is not complete, the county has already taken fees from 3600 auto owners, representing a sum of $58,000.

With a total of nearly 1,400 members enrolled the Black Hawk County Farm Bureau is continuing its campaign to enroll every farmer in the county in the association. Units of the organization with their own officers are being formed in every township, this work being more than half finished to date.

The Mahaska county farm institute and corn show held in Oskaloosa was one of the most successful ever held in the county. Over $1500 was distributed to farmers in corn prizes alone. Seven counties were represented in this show. Every corn grower in the seven counties was invited to enter their products.

The launching of the new steamship, Mason City, took place Jan. 31 at the Bethlehem Ship Company's yards at Wilmington, Del. Miss Elizabeth Muse of Mason City was sponsor for the ship. The ship was named by C. H. McNider, who was given the privilege in recognition of the Liberty Bond work he accomplished in Iowa.

The consolidated schools of Jesup, Dunkerton, LaPorte City and Jubilee are conducting agricultural short courses under the auspices of the vocational educational board of the state. The school at Hudson has been conducting a school of this nature for some weeks while the work has been carried on for the past year in the Orange township consolidated school.

Bert L. France has resigned as county agent of Palo Alto county and his place will be filled by Fred F. Clark of Anamosa. Mr. Clark is a graduate of Iowa State college and has been county agent of Jones county for three years past. Mr. France will devote his time to looking after his farming interests in this county.

An appropriation of $1,000 was made for the 1920 Waterloo Dairy Cattle Congress by directors of American Jersey Cattle club at a meeting recently in New York City. The Cattle Congress had asked for but $900, but H. G. Van Pelt, who is a member of the Jersey club board, solicited the extra $100. This money will be used for prizes in Jersey classes at the show.

The annual Farm and Home Short Course will be held at the Iowa State College at Ames, on February 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14. This will be the first Short Course since the war. These Short Courses have been very well attended in previous years. Hundreds of folks, both men and women, have written to the College that these Short Courses have helped them to do better farming, to make a larger profit, and to keep better homes.

Twenty-two thousand bushels of corn from 350 acres of Carrol county land is the record of Oliver Conner, a well known farmer of the county, living a short distance from Glidden. The corn is averaging about 63 bushels to the acre, while in some cases the yield averages over 100 bushels to the acre. The farm was originally a part of the Storm Creek swamp, owned by G. E. Klick. The land was drained by means of the county drain.

Three Clinton-county farmers, John McCoy and Trimble Bros. of De Witt, shipped stock to the Chicago market recently, Trimble Bros. Shipping butcher stock and a load of hogs, the latter weighing 180 pounds and bringing $14.80, while McCoy shipped a load which averaged 183 pounds and brought him $14.80. McCoy says he thinks the hog market will go up in April or May. Many hogs are being raised in Clinton-county this year, while very few cattle and sheep are being fed.

Eight men picked 820 bushels corn in one day with weather 14 below zero. The men are Art Campbell, Cecil Buzzard, Grant Nelson, Bud Nelson, Norman Hughes, Hobert Chandler and two Smith boys of Ida Grove.

Report gathered from threshermen of Henry county show that 388,288 bushels of oats were threshed from 11,616 acres of ground last year, or an average of 33.5 bushels to the acre. Winter wheat, 44,399, grown on 2,231 acres; spring wheat, 1,972 bushels, from 226 acres.

In an attempt to market his stock profitably and without delay, Adolf Trede, a farmer near Treynor, used five motor trucks advantageously on a recent occasion when he marketed on the Omaha market, ninteen head of cattle averaging slightly under 1,200 pounds and which brought him $14.00 per hundredweight.

An organization of Jersey cattle breeders for Iowa will be effected at Ames, Feb. 12. Iowa has some of the finest Jersey herds in the country, and the American Society of Jersey Breeders has seen the desirability of having a branch established. National officers will be present at Ames to perfect the organization.

The farm labor problem is the most serious on confronting agriculture today. This is the conclusion of the farmers themselves. Out of 2,301 farmers interviewed by the U. S. department of Agriculture, a big percentage of them said that no other problem weighed so heavy in importance—not even marketing, good roads or matters of crop improvement.

John Miszner has sold his farm near LaPorte City to J. R. Blitch at $300.00 an acre. Mr. Miszner bought the place five years ago for $175.00 an acre. It is not his intention to quit farming as he has purchased another place three miles west of LaPorte City of E. F. Sult for which he gave $330.00 an acre. Mr. Miszner's last purchase is a fine place. The soil is good and will make him an ideal home.

A fee of $5 a member is to be recommended by the directors of the Polk County Pure Bred Livestock association as the result of a recent conference. Heretofore, membership has been automatic after joining the farm bureau. Funds needed for the proposed advertising campaign made the fee advisable. A nominating committee appointed consists of Clarence Pierson, Mitchellville; H. M. Meneough, Grimes, and Otho Smith, Altoona.

L. M. Pearce, manager of the Otis Dairy Farm in Yell township, Boone County is the first man in the county to have his herd tested for tuberculosis. The test has been completed and only two reactors were found in the entire herd of sixty head. These were disposed of at once. The loss of the two head is nothing compared with the satisfaction of having a full accredited herd with the state and government O. K. upon it.

Iowa will spend $30,000,000 during 1920 for road improvements and bridges, Fred R. White of Ames, chief engineer, announced recently. This money will be apportioned as follows: Road paving—355.85 miles. Road graveling—231 miles. Grading and draining earth roads—1334 miles. In addition, work will be done on 2000 miles of primary or main road systems calling for federal aid. The paving contracts are mostly for concrete and brick.

E. T. Meredith, of Des Moines, publisher of Successful Farming, has been appointed Secretary of Agriculture by President Wilson, to succeed David S. Houston, who has been appointed Secretary of the Treasury. From a penniless boy on an Iowa farm, Meredith has become at the age of forty-three the publisher of one of the largest farm journals in the United States. He is president of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, and director of the Federal Reserve Bank of the Seventh District. With his family, the Des Moines publisher will locate a temporary residence at Washington. His term will extend to March 4, 1921.

Live stock marketing problems will get special consideration in connection with the meeting of the Iowa Beef Producers Association during the farm home week at Ames, Feb. 9 to 14. It is not unlikely that the attending representatives of the local co-operative shipping association organized through the state will set up some kind of a state organization. The co-operative idea in marketing will be discussed from the stand-point of the associations by Knute Espe, president of the national organization of co-operative shippers; by A. A. Sykes, president of the Corn Belt Meat Producers Association, and by Capt. E. N. Wentworth, for the packers.

The Iowa Farm Bureau Federation was organized December 27, 1918, at a meeting called for that purpose in Marshalltown. Every county in the State was invited to send delegates to the meeting to participate in organizing a State Federation. Seventy counties responded. A constitution was worked out, officers elected and the new body sent on its way. During the year past the membership has been increased 200 per cent, a working fund of more than $300,000 provided and assistance given to several other states that are organizing state federations on the Iowa plan. Altho only one year old, Iowa has the largest and strongest state farm bureau organization in the country.

C. F. Hamilton, for many years active in the stock raising game, and who has been out of the business for some years, has again enrolled among Jackson county breeders.

County Agriculturist A. A. Burger and Home Demonstration Agent Clara M. Sutter of Black Hawk county are co-operating with the Orange township consolidated school in preparations for the annual farmers' institute and judging contest to be held there. A prominent list of speakers has been secured and many interesting features planned for the sessions.

INFLUENZA - COLDS

And Grippe

Are Now Attacting The Country!

WARD IT OFF!

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure"

We have a comple line of scientifically compounded Cough and Cold Tablets and Syrups, Mentholatum, Musterole-- and in fact, all of the best known preparations for combating "Flu" or stopping a cold.

Get a "drop" on that cough

E. S. D. Kahrs

Now is the Time

to look your car over and get ready for Spring Driving. Bring your car in and get it overhauled before the spring rush. Just received a large assortment of caseings and tubes, Get you order in early. While you can get the best don't wait until you have to take Inferior Brands. Goodyear and Fisk "Best by Test."

C. W. Wiles

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR COUNTY TREASURER

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

ANNOUNCEMENT

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

FOR SHERIFF

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-tf. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,

1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

AUDITOR

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

STATE REPRESENTATIVE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

Fish That Builds a Nest.

The stickleback is one of the most interesting members of the finny tribe. It constructs a home for its prospective mate, and then mounts guard over it until the mate comes along. The home is built from seaweed, twigs and aquatic plants, which are ingeniously woven together. There are two entrances to the home, which are never left unguarded by the master of the house until the lady of his choice signifies her willingness to enter.—Popular Science Monthly.

Friendship's Reward.

The most I can do for my friend is simply to be his friend. If he knows I am happy in loving him he will want no other reward.—Thoreau.

Ordering Meals Electrically.

An electrical system of ordering for lunchrooms, clubs, restaurants and hotels has been devised. You simply press a button which operates an annunciator installed in the kitchen, telling the kitchen hands just what food you want.—Popular Science Monthly.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Owing to the press of work due to the Flu and the usual acute winter diseases I will be unable to make my visits to Klemme until towards Spring. Patients from Klemme may come to Garner either on the morning or afternoon trains. Special calls will be attended to as usual.

Respectfully,
Dr. R. W. Schultz,
1w Osteopathic Physician

Vers Libre.

"Vers libre" (free verse) is so called because of its freedom from the formal laws governing poetic rhythm. It is by no means "new." Walt Whitman wrote almost entirely in "free" cadences, and Milton, to quote one classic example, used what we would call "vers libre" in the choruses of Samson Agonistes. The demand for "complete metrical freedom" stands out, however, as the most obvious element in "the new poetry."

Uncle Eben.

"George Washington was de father of his country," said Uncle Eben; "an' he ain' de only father whose folks got to thinkin' dey knowed mo' dan he did."

Modern Girl No Hypocrite.

Tom—"When you proposed to her I suppose she said, 'This is so sudden!'" Dick—"No, she was honest and said, 'This suspense has been terrible.'"

Closing Out

AUCTION

8½ miles east of Klemme, on—

Thursday, Feb. 12

Sale to begin at 12 o'clock M.

9	Head of Horses	9
43	Head of Cattle	43
60	Head of Hogs	60

Farm Machinery, Grain, etc.

J. E. Sawyer, Prop.

Clear Lake, Ia.

FILMS IN SCHOOLS

Writer Sees Vast Possibilities for Moving Pictures.

Visualized Geography and History Among Subjects Which Would Claim the Eager Attention of Pupils of All Grades.

Visualized geography, it is believed, will beat the maps a good deal further than a live bird beats a stuffed one.

Likewise, visualized history, it is expected, will beat the narratives of the books, which we sometimes say, when they are written by a graphic writer, make the dead past live again. But it is visualized history that will indeed resurrect the past, so far as a moving picture can make a scene that is past and gone real again. For these terms, visualized geography and visualized history, are used with reference to the possibilities and the development of the moving picture.

The president of one of the big moving picture companies has been talking very eloquently about the use of the film in the schools and surely he brings before our imagination a thousand school rooms full, not of languid but of eager pupils. Educators are thinking about the same thing, and we may be thankful that they are, for more of fact, information and instruction in the film service to this age, and less of hysteria, emotionalism, cheap farce and thrill is a desideratum, asserts Omaha World-Herald.

The classes in geography will see the mountains, the plains, the rivers, animated by such life as is peculiar to them. They will see the natural products of various countries being cultivated or gathered. Before them will appear companies of the inhabitants of each. In front of the eyes will troop the wild animals of which they see only the flat prints in the books. They will see exports moving out and imports moving in, the work at the wharves, the carrying to the seaboard, the laden ships plowing the ocean. It will be like taking them traveling over the earth to learn what it looks like, and they will get the vivid impression that is made on the eye, and their memory will be associated as by a personal recollection.

As for history, millions have been able to see on the screen the momentous history that has been in the making during the last few years—the camps and cantonments, the marching columns, the moving ocean transports, the busy shipyards, the construction and factory work of the war, the batteries in action, the destroyed cities, the flight of refugees, the commanding figures whether on the field or in the government cabinet—all the scenes of war, of war-swept countries, glimpses of wretchedness and the ministrations of comfort and mercy. Hereafter a film record of the more notable historical events will be kept for what will be both the entertainment and the instruction of after generations.

It is going to be a big work to get the moving picture installed as a common equipment for educational work in the schools. Schools will have to have the films and the machines, and they will require men, teachers or not, to operate them. This signifies that a great development of moving picture facility will have to be made in all the appliances and technique connected with the exhibition of the pictures. The moving picture will overflow from the theater into the schools, for it would be impossible for the theaters alone to do the work. It will also be necessary to improve the production of the pictures on the screen so that there will be no problem of vision and no over-straining of the eyes of children—a difficulty not yet overcome save when equipment and operation are the very best.

Bald Eagles Photographed.

A. S. Dockham, photographer of the Lafayette National park, has succeeded in making a photograph of two young bald eagles in their nest near Eagle lake, Maine, in the top of a high maple, 50 feet from the ground. Mr. Dockham erected a platform on which a ladder was raised. The ladder top was 60 feet above the ground and commanded a fine view of the nest. He clamped his camera on the ladder and led a string from the shutter to the crotch of the tree about 20 feet lower. Here he remained and watched the nest. In order to obtain the photographs he was forced to remain in the tree for five hours.

Milwaukee's "Medicinal" Water.

The city of Milwaukee has been greatly bothered with a peculiar taste in its drinking water. The water is obtained from the lake and is chlorinated before distribution. At first it was thought that the chlorine produced the taste, but a series of tests proved that this was not the source of contamination. There seems to be some connection between the intensity of the taste and the direction of the wind, and finally the source of trouble was located in a couple of plants, one three miles away and the other eight miles away, which were producing coal tar products.

Circulating News.

[illegible] its share of [illegible] in circulation in this country [illegible]—nearly $5 more than it was a year ago.

Customer Beak—Well, I can account for that extra five circulating I think.

"Well?"

"I had $5 a year ago."—Yonkers Statesman.

Porpoise Killed Shark.

How a bottle-nosed dolphin, a porpoise commonly called the seahog, slew a 6-foot shark, is described by Galveston (Texas) fishermen, who say they witnessed the killing from the causeway which connects Galveston island with the mainland.

The seahog, according to the boys, is a "most sociable and gregarious fish," but these fishermen declared there was nothing sociable about this dolphin. When the shark was within a few feet of the porpoise the fishermen saw the seahog charge, a gray streak in the water. It struck the shark squarely amidships, they declare, ripped it open and then tore the body into pieces.

The theory of the fishermen is that the porpoise fought to protect its single young one, which the shark was menacing.

His Caddie's Advice.

Clergyman (playing at historic St. Andrew's for the first time, to caddie)—What is that yawning abyss in the distance, caddie?

Caddie—That's hell, sir.

Clergyman—Indeed! What a name to give a bunker!

Caddie—You see, sir, it's called hell because yince ye get in ye canna get out.

Clergyman (after playing and landing in the bunker calls for his niblick and plays a good shot out of the hazard)—What have you got to say to that now?

Caddie—A' that I hae to say, sir, is when we dee tak' yer niblick wi' ye.—Portland Telegram.

Slang Is a Necessity.

"My friend," said the fussy old gentleman, "why do you say you must 'toddle along?' You are in the prime of life and walk with the easy tread of a banker."

"Sir," said the facetious citizen, "if everybody were as particular about the choice of words as you are, book reviewers would write up baseball games and heckling the umpire would become a lost art."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Prevalence of Deafness.

The last census showed that there are in the United States 89,287 persons who are totally deaf. Dr. Wendell C. Phillips of New York told the Philadelphia College of Physicians recently that in New York city there are at least 100,000 persons more or less incapacitated as a result of partial deafness, and of these probably 80 per cent are of the working class.

Prices for Canadian Wool.

The average value of unwashed wool a pound in Canada was 62 cents to producers in 1918 and 59 cents in 1917; washed, 80 cents in 1918 and 75 cents in 1917.

BUTCH SCHROEDER
His Job--Getting the High Dollar for Fat Steers for CENTRAL

Selling Fat Steers

THE FIRST REQUIREMENT

of a FAT STEER SALESMAN is his ability to judge the cattle he has for sale. He must know whether they are fat or not This may sound ridiculous, but if you will stop and think a minute, your memory will be freshened by some past experience where a difference of opinion existed as to the relative merits of a certain drove of cattle. Perhaps you thought they were Prime and Fat and someone else argued that they were big and horsey.

THE SECOND REQUIREMENT

of a FAT STEER SALESMAN is the possession of a wide and thorough acquaintance with steer buyers and an intimate knowledge of the class of stuff they need. It naturally follows that the man best qualified to possess this second requirement is the one who continually handles Fat Cattle and is thrown in contact with the buyers each and every day.

THE THIRD REQUIREMENT

is the ability to keep in close touch with market conditions, or, in other words, being well posted. His finger must be on the pulse of the law of supply and demand so as to enable him to obtain full market values at all times.

THE FOURTH REQUIREMENT

Provides for a STRONG ORGANIZATION behind the man charged with the enormous responsibility of Sales Pens, plenty of help to feed, water and proven worth. In other words, you must be satisfied that the firm behind the man has already made good. You can't afford to take any chances.

of selling Fat Steers. This includes the location weigh together with an established reputation of

Now let us see how close Butch Schroeder and the Central Organization behind him comes up to these four requirements.

FIRST

The one thing BUTCH SCHROEDER does know is FAT CATTLE. Up until ten years ago when he came to Chicago, his business was that of handling and shipping them to market. His entire time and attention is devoted to handling FAT CATTLE exclusively for the CENTRAL ORGANIZATION. He does nothing else.

SECOND

The volume of steers handled DAILY by Butch SCHROEDER serves to keep him in close touch with all classes of STEER BUYERS on the Chicago market. His nickname, "BUTCH" was derived because of the fact that he did a Butcher Business in connection with his live stock transactions prior to being associated on the selling side at this market and the experience thus gained enables him to beat the buyers at their own game of guessing dressing percentages on droves of cattle How many salesmen possess an education which enables them to look at cattle from the Buyers' Standpoint?

THIRD

BUTCH SCHROEDER is always well informed as to the law of Supply and Demand, the two big factors which determine market conditions, He knows the men who buy Fat Steers, the kind of cattle they are purchasing each day, he keeps in touch with the outside demand, which at times varies and knows more or less regarding the supply of dressed beef for consumption.

FOURTH

The CENTRAL ORGANIZATION, with a splendid record for producing successful results, stands behind BUTCH SCHROEDER, who is a member of the firm. Our cattle sales pens are directly against the Exchange Building, two minutes walk from the office. TWO MAIN ALLEYS intersect our pens. This enables us to stop all the BUYERS as they pass to and fro and eliminates a lot of wasted time and extra shrink which would be spent if we had to hunt for them one at a time. It means that your cattle are given the full strength of the market and sent to the scales in the shortest possible space of time. We have plenty of yard help to feed, water and weigh our consignments. The CENTRAL ORGANIZATION is now entering its eighth successful year, the past one having been the most successful ever experienced in both volume of business and number of satisfied customers

We have always kept pace with our growth, and the present time finds all departments in strong hands, fully equipped to render an exceptional class of service that holds old customers and makes "Regulars" out of New Ones.

Ship Your Cattle, Hogs and Sheep to

Central Live Stock Commission Company

Union Stock Yards, Chicago. Bonded in the Hartford Your Money Is Safe

Mid Winter Suggestions

A Pair of

ODD TROUSERS

Comes in very handy at this season of the year. Most every man finds that the trousers to his suit is "getting thin" and that he finds that he should have an odd pair. We've come to the rescue. The assortment of Men's and Young Men's Trousers is quite comple and priced at

$5 to $15

Some of you may have a blue serge coat and vest and would like to match up--Come in, and see if we have it. You can find here the best work pants money will buy at $5.00--it's a heavy Moleskin and a dandy work pants.

We Offer as a

Special for Friday and Saturday

Several dozen Men's Black Cotton Hose--good weight, all sizes and especialiy good values, at pair - - - 22c or 5 pairs for $1.00.

Get To Know

Gildner Bros. & Johnson

The Home of Hart, Schffner & Marx Clothes

16 Stores Garner, Ia

BUTLER MAY BE REPUBLICANS' CHOSEN LEADER

Famous American Honored by Iowa Society in Metropolis—Is Great Business Expert.

FAST FRIEND AND CONSULTANT OF THEO. ROOSEVELT

Chosen to Advise Congress Concerning National Budget System—Has Refused More Cabinet Positions Than Any Other Man.

By EDWARD MARSHALL.

New York, Jan. 28.—The chief speaker and guest of honor of the Iowa Society last night was no one less distinguished than the man whom the Republican party leaders in a growing number of states throughout the Union are considering as the most available aspirant for the presidential nomination—Nicholas Murray Butler.

The occasion was in many respects notable. The reception committee consisted of a list of able Iowans who have won success and standing in the great field of the metropolis. It included Ambrose O'Connell, president of the society; M. J. Morris, vice-president; Harry M. Farrell, secretary; Dr. Clinton E. Thorn, treasurer; Jerry B. Sullivan, William R. Huntington, Frank R. Raiff, George E. Roberts, Theodore N. Vail (the famous head of the Bell telephone system), Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis (pastor of the celebrated Plymouth Church, of which Beecher once was pastor), George F. Brownell, vice president of the Erie Railroad; W. A. Clark, George F. Parker, Thomas F. Buckner, the famous Dr. Albert Shaw, editor of The Review of Reviews; James R. Sheffield, president of the Republican Club of New York; Charles M. Hodgens, William M. Dodge and Daniel V. Raymond.

The hostesses were Mrs. James S. Clarkson, widow of the late celebrated general; Mrs. Warren F. Thummel, Mrs. William R. Huntington, Mrs. Jerry B. Sullivan, Mrs. George E. Roberts, Mrs. Chester F. S. Whitney, Mrs. Edward S. Devine, Miss Gilchrist, Mrs. Charles S. Gallager and Miss Dolliver.

Every Iowa college was represented—Ames, Iowa State University and Grinnell. A delegation from Cornell was present and a goodly number from Columbia had gathered to listen to the address of the distinguished president of their university. It was obvious on all sides that many thoughts were intent upon the frequent mention of Mr. Butler's name in connection with the presidential nomination by the Republican party. The Iowa Society felt itself particularly honored by the fact that the distinguished man upon whose time, just now, there are so many claims, felt willing to give it the evening.

Among the Iowans in New York, as among those at home, he has many keen admirers. At the present moment there are particular reasons, his friends think, why Nicholas Murray Butler must be admitted to be especially well qualified to steer the ship of state. The ending of the war has brought about conditions of great complexity, involving the United States in relationships, newly close, with practically every other inch of the earth's surface and with every people resident thereon.

Probably no other American is personally acquainted (unless it be Mr. Wilson himself, as the result of his peace conference experience, and even that is doubtful), with so many leaders of European political thought as are well known to Mr. Butler.

He has had personal acquaintance with almost every important statesman of Europe during the last fifth of a century—in England, Lloyd George, Asquith, Sir Edward Grey, Balfour and all the others; in France, practically everyone; in Italy, Nitti and nearly all who have been of importance since the war's beginning; he knows Masserich and Paderewski and Milikoff, leader of the Russian Cadets; he knows the foremost men of China and Japan.

In American political life he has played an important role. Probably he has refused more cabinet positions than any other man alive. Roosevelt wanted him and really wanted him very much. But Mr. Butler could not see his way to the acceptance of the proffered honor.

Indeed, every president since Benjamin Harrison has asked him to take a cabinet or a diplomatic post except Grover Cleveland, who, although of opposite political faith, asked him to become a member of the National Civil Service Commission. He has been a delegate at four Republican national conventions—those of 1888, 1904, 1912 and 1916—and received the Republican electoral vote for vice-president of the United States in 1913. He has become famous in the party as the author of critical and difficult platform planks. During 1912 he acted as chairman of the New York State Republican Committee.

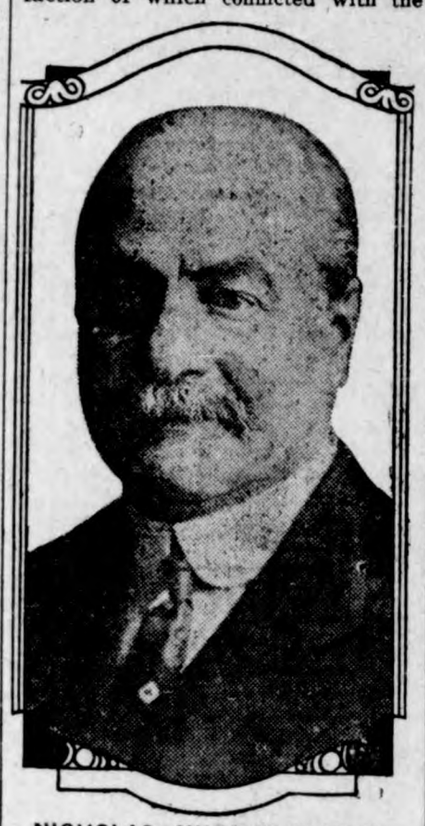
No Amateur in Politics.

His was a political family, his father having been chairman of, first, his County Committee and then of his State Committee. The elder Butler was as keen as his distinguished son has been in the study of American political life and systems and in work for the improvement of both, but, like his son, refused office. Mr. Butler's daughter is today the captain of the Republican organization in their home district.

Nicholas Murray Butler's early political experience was full of satisfaction for so young a man, although it was marked by the refusal of rather than by election to public office. A purely political career was suggested to him by a Republican no less distinguished and important than Garrett P. Hobart, later vice president of the nation and at that time one of the most powerful Republican leaders in New Jersey and the nation.

The Butlers and the Hobarts were neighbors and when Nicholas Murray Butler left college it was Garrett P. Hobart's own suggestion that he become a candidate for the New Jersey Assembly. The idea appealed to the young man, who even then had begun to speak and write upon the making of American citizenship, who already had established passionate national ideals and who was intensely anxious to bear his full share of the obligations of that nation which from his boyhood had been to him more of a religion to thrill for than an indefinite, inchoate and somewhat stupidly ponderous affair to read about in histories and books on civil government.

The suggestion was a tempting one, but there had grown in young Butler another and greater desire the satisfaction of which conflicted with the



NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER

possible gratification of this. Even as long ago as that he quite understood that the nations of the world were interdependent and that a fully equipped American must know, preferably at first hand, many things about other countries. When he gave this argument to Mr. Hobart, suggesting his desire to visit Europe for a time, the elder man quite saw the force of the idea and agreed, even in the circumstances commending it, but saying:

"All right, Murray; go abroad, study, learn what you can about the way in which they do things over there. If you can find anything good there that we haven't got, tell us about it when you come home. At any rate, the experience will broaden you. And when you return you must go into politics."

The young man went abroad and there laid the foundations for his extraordinary friendships with men of the first importance in European affairs, friendships which he never has abandoned and which have been of great value to all concerned. He came back much benefited, and Mr. Hobart saw it instantly. Again the older man suggested to the youth a political career, but at the time to follow the suggestion was impossible, for young Butler never believed that politics should be regarded as the means to a financial end, holding that view to be perhaps the greatest peril threatening America, and he was confronted by the necessity for earning his own living.

A Trained Expert in Government.

In order to do this he wrote, taught and earned in other ways, but his deep interest in politics and government did not decrease. He was one of the group which drew and passed the New Jersey state libraries act, putting the libraries of the state of New Jersey for the first time on a firm foundation. Soon afterwards he showed the fully practical nature of his predilection for educational progression by drawing up and securing the passage of the bill which gave New Jersey her first state aid for manual training. New Jersey then, as now, was a factory state, and it was the thought of the young author of this measure that it would be of especial value to young men engaged in industry, as, indeed, it has proved to be to an extraordinary degree.

This was the first important manifestation of the Butler conviction that the United States could not be a real and ultimate democracy until among the privileges which it offered to each individual was that of learning how most efficiently to make a living.

Then, as since, and this has been proved a thousand times in the course of his life work, young Butler was intensely anxious to be among those striving for an equality of opportunity in the United States which would extend far, far beyond mere equality in primary and secondary education, such as is provided for by all our school systems.

Asked to Go to Congress.

His work attracted wide attention, and he was asked to take the congressional nomination for the Fifth New Jersey District, then represented by the famous John Hill, father of the postal card, and by the celebrated William Walter Phelps. Again he felt that he could not afford to make a political campaign.

Later, after he became a resident of New York state, the political office continued to pursue him, and he continued to resist temptation. Three times he was urged to become the Republican candidate for mayor of New York and on one of these occasions a Republican was elected to the office. Twice he was urged to run for governor of New York state, in 1904, when the nomination was equivalent to election, and in 1912, when the situation was more dubious. All these proffered opportunities he refused.

So much for past recognition of his political sagacity and knowledge of government. It is interesting to note that the acknowledgment of his business ability has been as complete. Several times he has been offered the presidency of New York trust companies at salaries many times as great as that of any college president, and repeated offers from a great industrial corporation have named a sum more than six times that of Mr. Butler's academic income.

Close Friend and Adviser of the Great Roosevelt.

During the nearly ten years while Theodore Roosevelt was governor of New York state and president of the nation Nicholas Murray Butler was his most intimate unofficial counsellor. They were in daily contact throughout this long and intensely important period, either by correspondence or personal association, and Mr. Butler shared to an extent which even his close friends did not dream, until after Roosevelt's death, in shaping the policies which made the great Rough Rider the idol of the nation.

In 1908 he toured the West with Roosevelt. Some of his utterances almost amounted to uncanny predictions of that which has occurred under Democratic rule. Particularly he prophecied that should the Democratic party come into power just such a spread of radicalism would result as actually has occurred. Roosevelt's high ideals and broad patriotism were his continual themes.

"Such devotion to Roosevelt as Butler shows must entitle him to an ambassadorship," said a critic, and, as a matter of fact we know now that Roosevelt quite agreed with this, for he made an offer to exactly that effect and many others of attractive sorts. But Butler had not been devoted for a price; he never had sold his loyalty; he declined all the pleasant suggestions of the great Rough Rider and clung steadfastly to his chosen task of making real Americans.

Many Democrats Will Vote for Butler.

There is positive evidence at hand with which I am quite familiar, that the nomination of Nicholas Murray Butler by the Republican National Convention will draw from the Democratic party many votes. One man has said to me (and he is of great importance in the Democratic ranks) that if Butler is chosen as the Republican nominee and comes out (as he is thought to be practically sure to) with a declaration putting his feet squarely on an all-American platform, denouncing bolshevism, declaring for scientific rather than for haphazard taxation and governmental businness methods, the Democratic party will be split wide open and many prominent Democrats will declare for the New Yorker.

It is the contention of such Democrats that Wilson so far has departed from their traditional principles as to have destroyed their party, to all practical intents and purposes, leaving nothing worth while upon which to build anew. Such men, irrespective of old political affiliations, would work and vote for a real economic and business genius such as Butler.

They want him, if for no other reason, because he is a business man.

Nicholas Murray Butler has been recognized as the one greatest budget expert in the United States. When Senator Medill McCormick first began to advocate his senate bill, providing for a rearrangement of our government finance upon a budget system, he referred to Mr. Butler as one of the few Americans whose wisdom he had consulted and later Mr. Butler was called to Washington to offer his advice officially.

Mr. Butler's job, since he assumed the presidency of Columbia as the youngest man ever inducted into an office of similar importance, has been that of an administrator of a great business rather than that of a professor. The scholastic side of his work of course has had for him its strong appeal but with increasing clarity he has seen that education in the United States, the most desirable and necessary of all things, is nothing less than a great business.

Skilled Economist.

He has been a lifelong student of economics, theoretical and practical, not only in the United States, but throughout the world, and he has seen economics from that broad and lofty viewpoint which has included in their consideration a simultaneous survey of those political conditions which chiefly affect them. Naturally he has devoted most of his thought upon such topics to their manifestations as found in the United States, but at any moment his stored mind can bring into juxtaposition with any American problem the corresponding problems existing in every European country.

AUCTION SALE

Having sold my farm and going to move to town, I will sell at public auction at my farm 2 1-2 miles east of Klemme, known as the old Fred Bock farm, on-

TUESDAY, FEB. 17

Sale to begin at 10:00 A. M. Sharp

A GOOD FREE HOT LUNCH AT NOON, 12:00 O'CLOCK SHARP

8 Head of Horses 8

Bay team 3 and 5 yrs old; wt 3100; Sorrel team 2 and 4 yrs old, wt 2600; Sorrel mare 13 yrs old, wt 1300; Bay mare 7 yrs old, wt 1450; Black mare 2 yrs old, wt 1350; Yearling horse colt.

38 Head of Cattle 38

9 milch cows mostly fresh; 4 2-yr old heifers; 6 yearling steers; 3 yearling heifers; 9 spring and summer calves; 7 small calves; 1 registered Polled Durham Bull, 5 ydars old.

20 Head of Poland China Brood Sows

Farm Machinery, Household Goods, Etc.

8-ft McCormick binder; John Deere corn binder nearly new; 6-ft Standard mower; Hayes corn planter with 110 rods wire; endgate seed with cart; 11-ft seeder with grass seed attachment; Dain hay loader; Dain side rake new; 3 6-shovel corn plows; 2 surface corn plows; 2 16-in sulky plows; Emerson 8-ft disc; Rock Island 8-ft disc; Bradley 8-ft cutaway disc; 20-ft steel flexible harrow; 20-ft steel lever drag; high wheel wagon with new triple box; 3-in tire wagon with boq; steel wheel truck with hay rack; bob sled; 14 h.p. gasoline engine; Letz 10-in feed grinder; 2 hole sheller; hay rack; combined stock and hay rack; 12-ft hog rack; 15-bu seed corn drier; 12-hog self feeder; 2 Ideal hog waterers; surrey, top buggy; set buggy runners; blacksmith forge, anvil, vise; 7-ft stock tank; 2 steel milk tanks; wood milk tank; sickle grinder; Climax ensilage cutter 10 to 15 ton capacity; cider press; 2 siugle harnesses 3 sets work hsrness, 3 sets fly nets; some collars; 110 gal oil tank, 50 gal tank with some crude oil; 30 gal tank with tractor oil; tiling spades, shovels, forks, Robinson manure spreader, 2 sets h y slings, about 5 tons hay, Seed Corn Grader, some Seed Corn, fanning mill.

Kitchen cabinet, Wardrobe, Lap robe, heating stove, power washing machine, etc.

Usual terms of sale. 10 month's time.

H. J. SCHLICHTING

Col. B. A. Reemstma, Auct. First National Bank, Klemme, Clerk

PUBLIC SALE

Having sold my farm and moving to Story county, I am closing out the following described property at Public Sale to the highest bidder, at my farm residence, 5 miles south and 2 west of Klemme, and 1 mile north and 2 miles west of Goodell, on

Thursday, Feb. 12

FREE LUNCH AT 11:30 SALE STARTS AT 12:00

97 HEAD OF LIVE STOCK 97

13 Head of Horses and Mules 13

Black team, mare and gelding, well mated, 5 and 6 years old; 1 bay horse 5 years old; 1 gray mare 6 years old; 1 bay horse 5 years old; 1 bay mare 6 years old; 1 bay horse 8 years old; 1 sorrel horse 7 years old; 1 span of mules 8 years old; 1 mule colt coming 2 years old; 1 mule colt coming 1 year old; suckling colt.

Scott, Jr., No 94001, Pure Bred Percheron Stallion owned by W. H. Brand, will be sold.

58 Head of Cattle 58

2 milch cows, giving milk; 2 fat cows; 12 2-year-old steers; 10 yearling steers; 12 heifer calves; 20 steer calves.

25 Head of Good Hogs 25

16 High Grade Duroc Jersey Sows; 1 Registered Duroc Jersey Boar; 8 Summer Pigs.

Machinery, Etc.

McCormick 8-ft. binder; McCormick mower; Emerson self-dump hay rake; 4-section flexible harrow; 7-section Boss harrow; harrow cart; fanning mill; endgate eeder; John Deere gang plow; Sattley gang plow; walking plow; 8-foot John Deere disc; 10-ft. LaCrosse disc; Rock Island corn planter with 160 rods wire; 2-row cultivator with surface attachment; Tower surface cultivator; 3 6-shovel corn plows; hay rack and truck; combination hay and hog rack; 2 wagons; top buggy; pump jack; Nelson tank heater; hand sheller; Only hog waterer; Monarch 60-gallon hog waterer; hay fork; 2 self feeders; 2 feed bunks; Ideal corn tester, 400 ears; seed corn rack, 15 bushel; Dean ear corn cutter; 6 steel chicken coops; 6-hole Peerless all steel range; 5 sets work harness; hand forge; other articles too numerous to mention

About 12 ton tame hay, stack straw, about 150 Rhode Island Red Chickens

TERMS—All sums $10 and under, cash; over that amount 1 year's time will be given on approved notes bearing 8 per cent interest. No property to be removed until settled for.

T. P. FRANDSON, OWNER

H. BRUMMUND, Auctioneer OWEN F. CONWELL, Clerk

WESTERN CANADA CORN

Wins First Honors at Kansas City.

While visiting the Canadian Government Information Bureau at Kansas City, where there is on exhibition a very creditable display of Canadian products, my attention, says a writer in the agricultural press, was directed to a few ears of Dent corn, bearing the modest inscription,

"This Northwestern Dent corn took the first prize at the Soil Products Exposition recently held in Kansas City, Mo., and was grown by John Hamilton of Kelwood, Manitoba."

Kelwood, Manitoba, lies about twelve hundred miles north of Kansas City, and it was quite pardonable that these Canadians should so proudly parade the fact that they had been able to carry off for their corn display the blue ribbon that for years the old "corn-growing" states had looked upon as being practically their own, and for which they were strong contestants in the recent show.

I asked Mr. Hewitt, agent in charge of the Canadian Government office at 2012 Main Street, Kansas City, what the winning of the prize means for Canada. His reply was that it means the "corn belt" is moving northward, and in a few years to the fame that Canada has already achieved as a wheat, barley and oats producing country, will have to be added that of growing the best corn in America.

"Why," he said, "twenty years ago a friend of mine was attracted at the Minnesota State Fair by the number of those who were examining some corn growth north of Crookston, Minnesota. It was not the large ear produced farther south, but it was an even ear and perfect kernel. The interest centered in it was the fact that it had been grown so far north. That was twenty years ago. Today, the traveler on any of the railways in that section of the country may see field after field of corn. In many portions of Manitoba," he continued, "out into Saskatchewan and Alberta, the growing of corn is receiving much attention, at presently mainly for fodder, but within a short time, with acclimated seed a maturing corn of good quality may reasonably be expected. Already the number of silos in use in Western Canada indicates that the progressive farmers there look forward to the day when corn will be one of their most important crops.

"Corn lands in South Dakota are said to be selling as high as $250 per acre, and if corn has been the means of placing these lands at this price what may be expected of Western Canada lands, when the day comes that corn will be grown as successfully there?"

It was not in corn alone that Western Canada carried off the honors at the Soil Products Exposition. The awards won by Western Canada were 40 first, 29 second, and 26 third prizes. These included 1st, 2nd and 3rd prizes for hard spring wheat; the sweepstakes for wheat and the cup offered by Canadian Pacific Railway for the best half-bushel of hard spring wheat; 1st, 2nd and 3rd prizes and sweepstakes for oats; 1st, 2nd and 3rd prizes for barley; and 2nd and 3rd prizes for oats.

It is interesting to note that the sweepstakes for wheat and first prize for hard red spring wheat have been won by Saskatchewan exhibitors seven times in the last eight years, Manitoba winning one year.

Potato classes have some interesting successes for Western Canadian exhibitors, who won four firsts, three seconds and three thirds. Exhibitors from these provinces also made fine showing in the vegetable classes, winnig among other prizes the premium prizes for cabbages, cauliflowers, pumpkins squash and watermelons. —Adv.

Better Results.

"I see they are experimenting with a machine for laying the dust."

"I' rather have one for raisoing it."

UP A SINGIN'!

Tomorrow will be clear and bright, if you take "Cascarets" tonight

Feeling half-sick, bilious, constipated? Ambition way below zero? Here is help! Take Cascarets tonight for your liver and bowels. You'll wake up clear, rosy, and full of life. Cascarets act without griping or inconvenience. They never sicken you like Calomel, Salts, Oil or nasty, harsh pills. They cost so little too—Cascarets work while you sleep.—Adv.

After a girl gets to be about so old she tries to forget that she once wanted to marry a poet.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrh. It is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

There is no mean work save that which is sordidly selfish.

DAIRY

MILK RECORD IS EXCELLENT

Shipment Made From Los Angeles to Chicago Found Sweet Eighteen Days Afterward.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

When a bottle of cream shipped from Los Angeles to the national dairy show at Chicago, was opened and tested 18 days after it had left the cow, it was pronounced in perfect condition by those who examined it. Other samples of milk and cream entered in the national milk and cream contest and examined 15 to 18 days after production were also found to be sweet.

Because of the number of bacteria present, ordinary milk will not remain wholesome for such a long time, even if kept cold. The milk and cream which made such long keeping records were produced under very sanitary conditions, and every precaution was taken to keep them clean and to keep the bacteria count low. Furthermore, the milk was cooled to a low temperature immediately after it was drawn, and held there. The success attained in producing milk of such long-keeping qualities and low bacterial count is due in a large measure to the educational value of the local milk and cream contests which have been especially popular in cities of the Pacific coast states.

The bottles of milk, which were placed in boxes, and surrounded with crushed ice, were kept at a temperature from 32 degrees to 34 degrees F. at all times. The boxes were shipped in baggage cars to Chicago, and most of them were not re-iced along the route. An inspection of the samples on arrival at Chicago showed that of the various methods of packing, the insulated box filled with crushed ice was the most effective. The bottles of milk in these boxes were entirely surrounded by the ice, which was packed in as tightly as possible. One or two samples packed in ice and sawdust arrived in a spoiled condition, due to the fact that a low enough temperature had not been maintained. The ice in the insulated boxes lasted well, and one box from Portland, Oregon, which was re-iced at Minneapolis on Tuesday did not arrive in Chicago until the following Saturday, but was still in good condition.

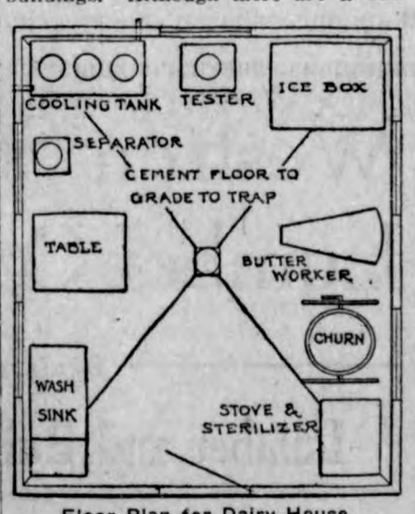
When milk is produced and handled under the right conditions it can be shipped to almost any point in the United States, or to foreign countries, and arrive in good condition. At present considerable quantities are being shipped to Panama, and are used on ocean liners plying between this country and Europe.

FAVOR ONE-STORY BUILDINGS

Recent Survey of Milk Plants Indicate That Low Structures Are Most Satisfactory.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A recent survey of more than 100 milk plants, made by the dairy division, bureau of animal industry, shows that for establishments handling more than 1,000 and less than 5,000 gallons of mily daily, the typical structure is two stories high; where less than 1,000 gallons of milk are handled daily, the plants are usually housed in one-story buildings. Although there are a few



Floor Plan for Dairy House.

plants of three or more stories, this record would seem to indicate that fewer stories prove more satisfactory in most cases. One of the most noteworthy disadvantages of a milk plant having several stories is the increasing quantity of labor needed, in proportion to the size of the business.

BALANCED RATION FOR COWS

Combination of Ground Oats, Gluten, Bran and Cottonseed Meal Is Quite Economical.

A balanced ration for dairy cows, used largely by New York farmers who feed silage, hay and some corn fodder for roughage, consists of 200 pounds ground oats, 200 pounds gluten, 100 pounds bran and 100 pounds cottonseed meal. Considering nutritive value it is about the cheapest ration a farmer can buy.

PUTTING RURAL COMMUNITIES ON MAP BY CO-OPERATION IS MOST EXCELLENT PLAN

Many Country Neighborhoods Are Coming to Realize the Value of Community Gatherings From a Commercial as Well as a Social Standpoint.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Communities, as well as firms and individuals, can reap legitimate profits through advertising. In her day Rome was a big advertiser and kept at it so persistently that eventually all roads led to that metropolis. From the standpoint of legitimate municipal publicity, America has several Romes. But this sort of co-operative advertising is not monopolized by the big centers. Indeed there are scores of communities—rural and semirural—that have put themselves on the map in big red letters. Their fame has not been restricted by their small size. The secret lies in their emphasizing some local product which the community is well suited to produce, and getting all interested persons to do their very best in that line.

A purse is trash compared with a good name, according to Shakespeare, and many towns recognizing the inestimable value of a good name have built up reputations that have lined the purses of those forming the community. For example, Monroe county, in southern Wisconsin, has built up a national reputation for the fine quality of its cheese. Not the least factor in winning and keeping leadership in this line has been the annual cheese day, a splendid community event at which quantities of the delicious product of the region are given away in sandwiches and in other forms to thousands who share in the occasion.

What Monroe county has done with cheese, Carrizo Springs, Tex., has done with strawberries. The whole countryside in the vicinity of this village joins in honoring its favorite product each season. Distinguished citizens come from miles around to take part in the festivities. The governor of the state counts it a privilege to be present.

Plowing Made a Fine Art.

That the humblest of farm tasks can be honored and exalted by community effort and the community in turn greatly profit thereby is shown by the record of the Wheatland plowing match in northern Illinois. This annual event, instituted something like half a century ago along lines followed by the founders' ancestors in Scotland, attracts annually 10,000 to 15,000 people. Here plowmen of all ages are divided into classes, the members of which compete for prizes offered for the best work done with riding, walking and tractor plows. The reputation for skill in agriculture created by this annual event has been worth an incalculable amount to the farmers of this region, and partly because of it Wheatland farms and Wheatland products are considered among the best in the whole Mississippi valley.

The orange growers of California have learned a similar lesson. Each year they hold a magnificent orange festival which is one of the big events of the Pacific coast, attracting as many as 25,000 people, some of them from distant states. The rivalry for honors has done much to raise and maintain high standards among the orange growers of the region.

A community celebration of a somewhat different character but equally effective in its advertising power, is the Ground-Hog day picnic at Punxsutawney, Pa. At this novel annual event farmers, politicians and former residents to the number of many thousands gather to share in eating a splendid repast, the principal feature of which is ground-hog meat. The meat is cooked in barbecue fashion and invariably wins the praise of the celebrants. Speeches and informal hearty greetings of old friends occupy the afternoon. While this event is not designed to advertise a farm product, its distinctive character and the fine spirit of hospitality that obtains puts Punxsutawney and the surrounding country on the map.

Texas Turkey Drives Famous.

The little town of Cuero, Tex., has won fame from ocean to ocean because of its turkey drives. Drivers of turkeys within a radius of 100 to 150 miles bring in flocks of birds on foot. The fowls travel at a slow rate during daylight and at dusk instinctively huddle together, while their drivers camp by the roadside until dawn, when the journey toward Cuero, a Mecca of turkeydom, is resumed. The culminating feature of this event is the turkey parade in which all of the drivers lead their flocks through the principal streets of the town. On a recent turkey day no less than 28,000 birds were in the procession. Following the parade the turkeys are loaded on cars and shipped to markets in all parts of the country.

There are thousands of communities which might undertake a celebration similar to these cited. In some cases the spring is the appropriate season, in others the fall or summer is the logical time. The first need is for an association or individual to gather together persons interested in promoting this idea. The winter days, when the farm work is less strenuous, offer an opportunity for preliminary conferences. The office of farm management of the United States department of agriculture will be glad to offer any inquirers suggestions regarding the best methods of promoting such events.

HELPS IN MARKETING WOODLAND PRODUCTS

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Get prices for various wood products from as many sawmills and other wood-using plants as possible.

Before selling, consult neighbors who have sold timber, and benefit from their experience.

Investigate local timber requirements and prices. Your products may be worth more locally because transportation is saved.

Advertise in papers and otherwise secure outside competition for your product.

Secure bids, if practicable, both by the lump and by log-scale measure.

Be sure that you are selling to responsible purchasers.

Get a reliable estimate of the amount and value of the material before selling.

Market the higher grades of timber and use the cheaper for farm purposes.

Remember that standing timber can wait over a period of low prices without rapid deterioration.

Use a written agreement in selling timber, especially if the cutting is to be done by the purchaser.

CUT BADLY DISEASED TREES

Excellent Forestry Practice to Use All Inferior Specimens in Wood Lot for Fuel.

It is an excellent forestry practice to cut out the badly diseased, crooked, overcrowded, inferior trees in a wood lot for fuel wood, giving more growing space to the straight, promising young trees, according to forestry specialists of the United States department of agriculture. In some cases, such as in stands of old pines, a few large trees should be left for seed to restock the land, unless the area is to be cleared. In many sections of the country the present high prices of coal have made profitable a renewal of the wood fuel industry so that many farmers are finding it worth their while to clear out the less desirable trees in cordwood or shorter lengths.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Do some of the repair work now.

* * *

Blood will tell—and so will feed.

* * *

Fighting stops, but feeding must go on.

* * *

Hogging down corn saves labor and time, increases pork production and puts the soil in excellent condition to be plowed.

Orchard Information

GIVE ATTENTION TO GRAPES

Important That All Grapevines and Other Small Fruits Be Pruned and Sprayed in Spring.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

With the approach of spring it is very important that all grapevines and other small fruits be pruned, sprayed, and given proper attention. Grapes especially need attention at this time. If the vines have not been pruned, do not delay but prune them at once. If the pruning is put off too long the vines will bleed and lose their vitality. There are two or three methods for pruning grapevines, but the main essential is to prune back the lateral branches that were formed last year, leaving about three or four buds; also, if the number of these branches is too great, they should be thinned out and only the stronger ones left.

The fruit is borne on the new wood formed during the early springtime, and the old wood simply serves as a basis for the production of this new wood. If the vines are left without pruning, a great number of new branches will be formed, the vines will be too thick, and the fruit small and inferior. It is a good plan to spray the grapevine with a commercial lime-sulphur solution, at the rate of one part to nine parts of water. This spray to be applied before the buds start. Later, after the fruit has set, make

Muscadine Grapes.

two sprayings with bordeaux mixture consisting of 1 pound of copper sulphate, 1½ pounds fresh stone lime, and 12 gallons of water. The copper sulphate should be dissolved in about 6 gallons of water, and at the same time the lime should be slaked in a little water, then diluted to 6 gallons, and the two solutions poured together and used immediately. This spray will go a long way toward preventing rot and mildew of the grapes.

A very simple method of protecting grapes from rot is to place a 2-pound bag over each bunch, tying the bag around the stem of the bunch by means of a short piece of string. The bunches of grapes will develop in their paper bags and will be protected not only from decay but also from bees and and other insects.

TOP GRAFTING IN ORCHARDS

Scions Need Not Be Cut From Trees Until Just Before Work Is to Be Performed.

When one is going to do top grafting in an orchard with scions from one's own orchard the scions need not be cut from the trees until just before the work is to be done, unless the grafting is delayed. If this is the case, the scions should be cut while still dormant and kept in a cool place until needed. When trees are root grafted in the winter the scions are cut in late autumn when the wood is thoroughly matured, and stored in forest leaves or sand in a cool cellar until needed. They must be kept plump, and usually there is sufficient moisture in the leaves and in the sand to keep them so without watering.

BEST MARKET STRAWBERRIES

Fruit Uniform in Size and Color Usually Sells at Premium—Grow Several Varieties.

The market demands strawberries that are uniform in size and color. Such berries sell at a premium usually and it is well to grow several varieties until we get the one that meets these requirements best.

PRUNE APPLE TREE ANY TIME

Most Convenient and Best Time Is Late Winter or Early Spring After Cold Weather.

Apple trees may be pruned any time with good success and with no appreciable injury, but the most convenient and, all things considered, the best time is late winter

WHEN THE DAY IS OVER

When the household cares and the worries of every-day life have dragged you down, made you unhappy, and there is nothing in life but headache, backache and worry, turn to the right prescription, one gotten up by Dr. Pierce fifty years ago, called Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

A Prominent Minnesota Woman

St. Paul, Minn.—"I used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to help me during expectancy and can say that it is all that is claimed for it. I also took Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets at the same time and think they are a splendid purgative. I have four children and we are all in perfect health. Dr. Pierce's book, 'The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser,' has been a great help to me in bringing up my family. I gladly recommend Dr. Pierce's remedies to those who need them."—Mrs. A. J. Allen, 343 Walnut St.

Doctor Said She Would Not Live

Fort Dodge, Iowa.—"At one time my daughter was very nervous and run-down in health. The doctor said she would not live a year. Before she had finished taking a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription her health was fully restored.

"My mother took the 'Prescription' about twenty-five years ago for general weakness and she was cured. I always recommend it."—Mrs. Mohler, 520 20th Street.

Healthy Liver Healthy Life

Your liver—healthy or clogged, active or sluggish—makes all the difference between a vigorous, cheerful life and low spirits and failure. To subdue a stubborn liver; overcome constipation, dizziness, biliousness, indigestion, headache and the blues there is nothing on earth so good as Carter's Little Liver Pills. Purely vegetable.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness.

Genuine must bear signature Brent Good

TRULY NOTHING IS CERTAIN

Small Girl Had Future All Laid Out, but Recognized One Direful Possibility.

Inez Haines Gilmore, the author of many successful children's books, being complimented at a Greenwich tea on her work, replied:

"To write books that please children one must study child psychology—a fascinating subject, by the way, full of amusing revelations. For example, take my friend's little daughter, who said one day:

"'When I grow up, mamma, I'm going to get married and have three children.'

"The mother, surprised and amused, remarked:

"'Well, you will be very fortunate, indeed.'

"Then the little girl lapsed into thought a moment and finally said:

"'But you can never tell, mamma. I might marry a bachelor.'"

A cup of Garfield Tea before retiring will next day relieve your system gently and thoroughly of all impurities.—Adv.

Men Attract Lightning.

Mrs. Flatbush—A curious fact revealed by statisticians is that the number of men struck by lightning is nearly four times that of women.

Mrs. Bensonhurst—That does seem strange when we remember that women are so much more attractive than men.

Naturally.

"Why are gossips quoted as authorities?"

"Because whatever they say goes."

Weak and Miserable?

Does the least exertion tire you out? Feel "blue" and worried and have daily backache, lameness, headache, dizziness, and kidney irregularities? Sick kidneys are often to blame for this unhappy state. You must act quickly to prevent more serious trouble. Use *Doan's Kidney Pills*, the remedy recommended everywhere by grateful users. *Ask your neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

Mrs. Henry Witt, 726 Otsego St., Storm Lake, Iowa, says: "My kidneys and bladder both caused me much suffering. My limbs were swollen and there were puffy sacs under my eyes. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they relieved me from the first and soon restored me to good health. I can't say enough in praise of this medicine."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Men of action, men of success, are men who build because building mean profit.

Every improvement built about your place is a sign of success and the source of additional success.

We are here to help successful men build, That means YOU when you are ready.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

You can establish business confidence through the medium of an account at this bank.

The most important thing in the business world is CREDIT.

It may govern your success or failure at any time.

Start an account with us today and buld your credit.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE
STATE SAVINGS BANK
CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA
AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Walter F. Lau
Dealer In
Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

DOCTOR MISSMAN
PHYSICIAN SURGEON
OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109
X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Prof. Collins spent Sunday at his home at Eldora, Iowa.

Miss Mildred Johnson went to Garner Tuesday morning between trains.

Rev. and Mrs. A. E. Buriff were Garner visitors last Friday between trains.

Miss Mable Starnes has accepted a position with the Belmond telephone company, and has begun her work.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Buseman were visitors at Garner between trains on Monday moning.

FOR SALE—4-hole laundry stove, good as new, cheap if taken at once. Inquire at Times Office. adv-2w

Mr. G. M. Stokesbery was at Garner Monday morning between trains on business.

H. V. Reed, of Garner, was transacting business at Klemme Monday afternoon between trains.

Miss Katherine Wille came from Garner Tuesday for a visit with her brother. She returned to Garne on the afternoon train.

FOR SALE—About six or eight tons of good tame hay, part in stack and some in barn. Henry Wade, Phone 103, Klemme. 2w

C. A. Arnold went to Forest City Tuesday morning to take in the thorobred stock sale which was in progress there that date.

Chas. Papousek, of Belmond, was in Klemme Tuesday. While here he installed a new motor for the big press in thee Times plant.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lewis left Saturday afternoon for Garner, from there they went to Clear Lake where they visited over Sunday with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Marlin Croner has been quite ill the past week with a sevee attack of the grippe. At the present writing she is but little improved. Her speedy recovery is hoped for.

Miss Jennie Neighbor, daughter of G. G. Neighbor, died Monday of pneumonia, at Goodell. She was eighteen years old and had been sick several days. The body will be shipped to Webster City for burial Wednesday.

The Instruction Class of the Reformed Church had a farewell surprise party on Louis Brandt last Wednesday evening. A large crowd was present. Refreshments were served and a general good time was enjoyed

Elmer Hartbeck arrived from Denver, Colorado, last Thursday morning. He is geatly improved in health and looks well. This is the first time he has been home since he went into the army, the greater part of which time he spent in hospitals abroad and in this country. His many friends cordially welcome him home.

CHICKENS

For Sale—Barred Rock Cockerels, Ringlet strain, deep barring, good bone, at $3 to $5 each. Wm. Priedow, Britt, Ia. Mail or phone. 3wp

TURKEYS

I have some nice Bourbon Red Turkey Hens left at $5.50 each if taken before the 10th of February. Also a few toms at $8.00. Mrs. Frank Sandry, Goodell, Iowa.

WANTED

Bring in your old iron and scrap metal now while you have time and while I can pay good prices. Henry Lau & Son. 2w

Benefit of Deep Breathing.

Deep breathing is an excellent preventive against catching cold or will head off one that has just been caught. Everybody ought to take twelve deep breaths every day and do this breathing outside or with windows wide open, be the weather cold, warm, dry, damp, clear or cloudy. Deep breathing is imperative for all snorers, cold sufferers and chilly people.

Putting It Formally.

The four-year-old had just been reproved at the table. He continued to talk cheerfully, though unanswered, to father. After some minutes of soliloquy he turned to mother and remarked: "Your husband doesn't talk very much this noon, does he, mother?" —Harper's Magazine.

Was Looking for Easy Money.

"I asked for alimony of $50 a week. I see wimmen are getting that right along." "But, madam," expostulated the lawyer, "your husband is earning only $12." "What's that got to do with it? I thought the government provided the alimony."

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopathic Physician, Masonic Bldg., Garner, Ia.

Mr. Arthur Wellemeyer was at Goodell on business Tuesday.

Mrs. M. O. Hocum was a Garner caller between trains last Friday.

Mrs. Chas. Ax was a Garner caller Monday morning between trains.

Mrs. F. J. Wenck was a visitor at Garner Monday afternoon between trains.

Mrs. R. W. Elder and son, Clarence, were Garner visitors Saturday between trains.

Mrs. Henry Knoke came Tuesday morning to visit with relatives and friends during the day.

Bill Miligan, of Goodell, was transacting business in Klemme on Tuesday.

Jeff Bell returned last Friday from a week's visit with relatives and friends at Clinton, Illinois.

Mr. Fred Gates went to Forest City Tuesday afternoon, and from there expected to go to Minneapolis to see his sister.

Prof. Tompkins, of Garner, was transacting business in Klemme Friday. We presume he was here writing insurance.

NOTICE—If you owe me on account I MUST have the money at once. I will give no further notice. Dr. Geo. Zinn. adv-1-w

Earl Josten and Fred Arnold were callers at Garner Monday between trains. We believe they were having some dental work done.

Philip Bock, Hod Lawhorn and Mr. Albers returned Monday morning from their trip into Oklahoma and Kansas where they spent about a week or so looking over land.

Mrs. Johnson, who has been visiting at the Kahrs home for the past two or three weeks, left Saturday for Minneapolis to visit a sister before she leaves for her home in California.

Tom Blank, of this place, is acting road master on this division during the sickness of his son, Ralph, who is at present laid up with the flu. Tom makes a pretty good "boss" and goes at it like an old timer.

Miss Esther Green and Mrs. W. A. Thompson came up from Belmond on Tuesday to shop in our good little town. Every day we come across someone from Garner, Goodell or Belmond, which certainly speaks well for our merchants.

by all.

In this issue of the Times we call your attention to the sale ads of G. A. Kahler, Clark Bredbenner, Geo. F. Kessler, H. J. Schlichting and T. P. Frandson. These sales are all large and it will pay you to look over the list of stuff.

Chris Jacobs, our county auditor, of Garner, was a business caller in Klemme Monday afternoon. Chris came down to see how his son Ed was getting along with the hardware business. Needless to say Chris found everything in ship-shape, so after "gassing" with the Times editor a little while he again beat it for Garner

County Treasurer Thompson informs us that he has issued 2,300 auto licenses, and there are between 300 and 400 applications on file at this time that will be issued as soon as the plates can be secured. Of the numbers issued, 30 have been for trucks, 21 motorcycles and 6 trailers. There has been just one transfer recorded. The receipts are approximately $40,000.00. When Treasurer Thompson planned for handling this automobile license business he bought new fixtures to be installed last fall. He has just received notice that the fixtures have been shipped.—Garner Signal.

Animal Isles.

There is the Isle of Dogs and Whale island, Pewitt island in Essex and Crane and Gulf islands off the coast of Cornwall, England. Near Lundy island are Rat island and the Hen and Chickens. A few miles off the coast of Wales are Puffin island, Sheep island and the Cow and Calf island in Pembroke.

Mystery of Chimney Swift.

The chimney swift furnishes one of the unsolved problems of bird life. The flocks drift slowly south until on the northern coast of the Gulf of Mexico they become an innumerable host. Then they disappear and for five months their hiding place is a mystery.

A Conservative Estimate.

Nine times out of ten, when a man "makes a good husband" for a woman, it is his wife who deserves all the credit.

When an experienced burglar enters a house he takes his time before he takes anything else.

If he chooses with care, without cost why shouldn t you' since you have to pay for what yon take?

Taking your time is second only to visiting the right house when the time comes,

You can call on us as late as you please --look as long as you prefer but you won't need a dark lantern to find what you're looking foror a jimmy to pry us loose from a genuine value.

A man is pretty safe at 9-11 So. Federal Ave., and we guess that nearly everybody in Northern Iowa knows it.

PATTON BROS.
COMPANY
Mason City, Iowa Manly, Iowa
"Where a dollar does it's duty"

Thousands of dollars will change hands in this community between now and March 1st in farm and land settlements.

A large part of these transactions will represent profits--idle money for a time awaiting a place for reinvestment.

Your funds if deposited with this Bank, will be safe and Secure; ready for you use when required. If left 12 mo or longer in a Certificate of deposit, at 5 per cent interest.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Come in and see the new
"Quick--Meal"
The beautiful Blue Porcelain Enameled Range.

The "Quick Meal" Range is the latest thing in kitchen stoves; its easy to keep clean and always look good. Come in and see them at

Jacobs & Son

Westren States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Materail

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

We take orders for-
Storm Sash and Storm Doors

KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 23 | Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, February 12, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

TWO DUROCS BRING LOCAL RAISER $1,000.00

Saturday our local Duroc Jersey man, F. H. Schuldt, sold two Duroc Jersey brood sows to Miner Bros. at Garner, for $1,000.00. To make a good story of this transaction it might be well to go back a couple of years. In 1917 when Miner Bros. held their first Duroc Jersey sale Mr. Schuldt bought a yearling female of them for $70, which he thought was a big price for the hog which was labeled "Marion's Golden Lady." But since that time he has come to find that he had a valuable animal for he has sold about $3,000 of pigs from her litters. Then this winter he put the old sow on the Miner Bros. sale at Garner and she brought him the top price at $465. The hogs he sold to Miner Bros. Saturday were both sisters and from her litter. One of them, "Marion A" took 2nd prize at Des Moines in 1918 in the under one year gilt class. In addition to selling all these hogs Mr. Schuldt still has sixty pure breds on hand and also a sister to "Marion A" which he values at $500 or more. This goes to show what can be done in the thoroughbred line and also goes to show there is more money in raising pure breds than there is in raising just common every day pigs.

A FEW REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS THE PAST WEEK

Last Thursday Henry Church sold his town property east of the park to H. J. Bailey, who now resides on a farm west of Klemme. The Church's have not decided their new location. Louie Knoke sold his residence property on the west side to Carl Suckow. After selling this Mr. Knoke bought the Swartz property in the northeast part of town where Barnabee now lives.

SURPRISE PARTY

Last Friday night a large gathering of friends and neighbors met at the Chas. Ax home ot give them a farewell send-off in the form of a surprise party. All came with baskets heavily laden with many good things to eat. Games were enjoyed, followed up wth a fine big lunch. As a gift of remembrance the guests presented the Ax family with a beautiful set of dishes. The Ax family will soon move to their farm west of town.

IOWA PRESS ASSOCIATION HOLDS BIG MEETING AT DES MOINES

Last Thursday evening opened the session of the annual meeting of the Iowa Press Association at Des Moines. Friday and Saturday were the big days of the convention when all newspaper men in the state met to hear famous newspaper men give interesting lectures and talks. It was the intention of the Times editor to take in the meetings, but we were over rushed on work and are still "snowed" under. The Iowa Press Association, of which the Times is a member, has done a lot for the newspapers of Iowa, and has also set examples for the Associations of other tsates.

SERMONS ON THE SHADOWLAND

During the past year or more there has been in England a great revival of belief in spiritualism. There is every indication that in this country we are on the eve of a similar movement. More books on the occult are printed and read than during any other time for a quarter of a century past. Ouija boards are spelling out messages, ostensibly from hovering spirits; books have been written, printed and sold by the thousand from manuscript prepared by planchette or automatic writing; more people are investigating spiritualistic phenomena than ever before. Our periodical literature, from the daily paper to the staid reviews, is inceasingly occupied with the discussion.

It is a subject that intrudes itself upon our attenion. Under these circumstances it would seem that sober thought should be enlisted to determine the reality of these phenomena and religion be heard as to whether these teachings be recognized as friendly or inimical. The pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church will therefore speak on next Sunday evening on the theme, "Where are the dead?" and will follow this with other Sunday vening sermons on modern witchcraft, spiritualism, dreams, apparitions and kindred topics, as may seem advisable and as the interest of the public may warrant.

PAST YEAR SHOWS BIG SHIPPING BUSINESS FROM KLEMME

During the year 1919 there were five hundred and forty-seven car loads of live stock and grain shipped out from Klemme. This is not counting any other shipments in car lots. The following table gives the result:

Live Stock

Hogs	223 cars
Cattle	106 cars
Sheep	3 cars
Horses	2 cars
Total	334 cars

Grain

Wheat	6 cars
Corn	63 cars
Oats	140 cars
Seeds	4 cars
Total	213 cars

TOTAL CARS SHIPPED, 547

That is doing pretty well for a town of the size of Klemme and we doubt if there are very many towns of even larger sizes that have come anywhere near these figures.

For the month of January, 1920, thee were a total of 67 cars of live stock and grain shippd as follows: 21 cars of cattle; 29 cars of hogs; 1 car of sheep; 9 cars of corn; and 7 cars of oats, which totals 51 cars of live stock and 16 cars of grain, or 67 cars all told.

RELEASE WHISKEY TO FLU SUFFERERS

Government Orders U. S. Marshall To Supply Liquor To Physicians

Detroit, Mich.—United States Marshall Henry Behrendt was authorized this morning in a telegram from Washington to furnish free of charge to all reputable physicians whiskey to be used in the treatment of influenza cases.—The Dubuque Telegraph Herald.

We suppose if the above is true and the doctors can really get a jug of whiskey that there will suddenly be an overwhelming lot of flu sufferers.

SOCIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Thursday, February 19, 1920

We extend a cordial invitation to everybody to attend our basket social to be given on Thursday evening, February 19, 1920, at District No. 8, Ell Township, 2 miles east of Klemme. Ladies, don't forget the baskets A big welcome awaiting for all.

F. Annetta Schuldt

The flu is hitting nearly every town in this patr of the State, according to the exchanges which reach our desk. Kanawha is having a time of it and have closed their churches and school, theatre, pool room, and the post office lobby during delivery hours. The schools and churches are closed at Whittemore. Lake Mills is under quarantine to prevent the spread of the disease. Albert Lea and other southern Minnesota towns are experiencig a siege of the flu. There are a large number of cases at Garner and Belmond, but the schools and churches are open and the disease is in a milder form. Two deaths on account of the flu at Goodell last week and the church used as a hospital, but this week the epidemic seems to be under control. As yet there are no flu cases in Klemme, but there are a few cases of Grippe and bad colds, which may possibly be flu in a real mild form.

Geo. Gruetzmacher has purchased a new Ford roadster which he will use this summer in selling silos.

Johnny Was Curious.

As a great privilege, John was taken to church to see his baby cousin baptized. Just as the minister had the water all ready and there was a hush in the congregation, John leaned toward his mother and asked in a too audible stage whisper, "Hot or cold?"

Fault-Finder's Folly.

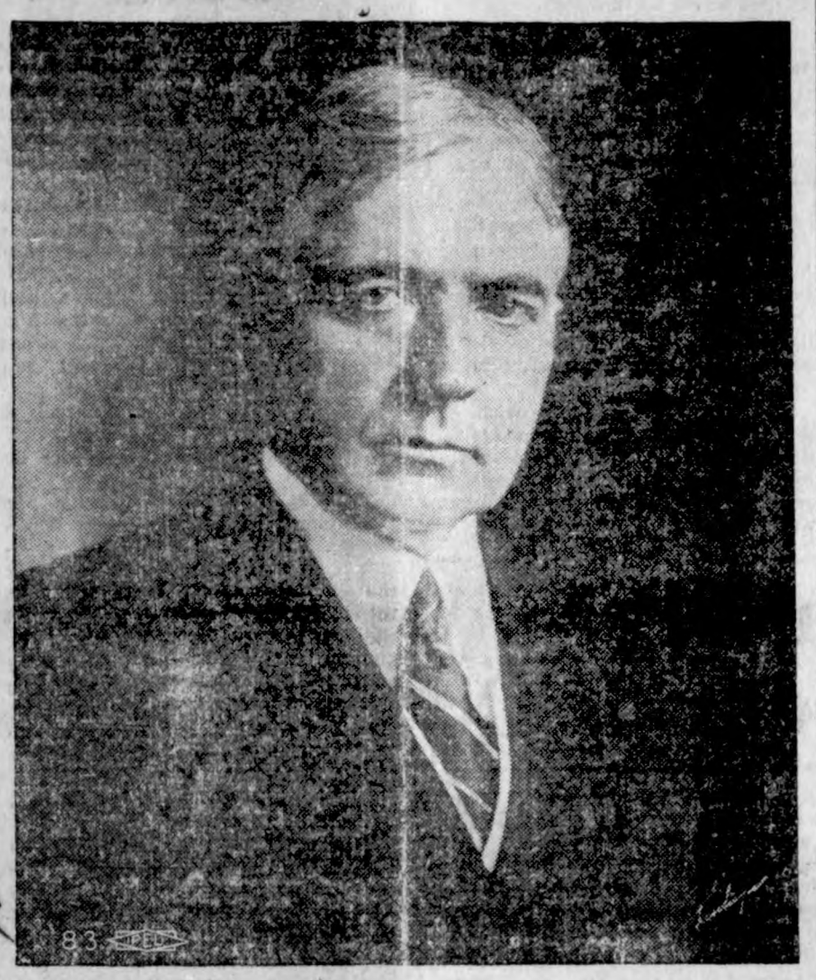
He who seeks only for faults sees nothing else, and will be so fully conscious of the faults of others that he will be at fault himself.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Owing to the press of work due to the Flu and the usual acute winter diseases I will be unable to make my visits to Klemme until towards Spring. Patients from Klemme may come to Garner either on the morning or afternoon trains. Special calls will be attended to as usual.

Respectfully,
Dr. R. W. Schultz,
1w Osteopathic Physician

Popular With The Iowa Voters For President



Gov. Lowden, of Illinois, Candidate for President

BLACKSMITH'S SON MAY BE PRESIDENT

Governor Lowden of Illinois, Leading Republican Candidate, Had Humble Start.

WON OVER MANY OBSTACLES

A Schoolmaster at Fifteen—Worked Way Through College and Law School—From Law to Politics —Farming His Big Interest.

Gov. Frank O. Lowden of Illinois, one of the prominent candidates for the Republican presidential nomination, won success in life by grit and hard work. Son of a village blacksmith, confronted by the privations of an undeveloped country, enjoying only such advantages as he could earn by unremitting work and sacrifice—it was not the kind of beginning to promise a brilliant future. But by determination, ambition and ability Lowden leveled the obstacles that rose about him and made success look his way.

Governor Lowden was born near Sunrise, Minn., on January 26, 1861. His father was Lorenzo Lowden, who ran the village blacksmith shop. The Lowdens left Sunrise when Frank was seven years old, barely out of the primer class at the school which Lorenzo helped to build, and moved to Hardin county, Iowa. There the elder Lowden took up farming. The boy farmed, too, but did more. He made spare time for himself and demanded an education. So well did he succeed that at fifteen he was master of the country school, saving his few dollars for college. At twenty he entered the University of Iowa. By outside work he made enough money to complete his course—at the head of his class.

Then he went to Chicago. He wanted to be a lawyer. By the same program of work and sacrifice that had advanced him thus far Lowden worked his way through the Union college of law, completing a two-year course in one year—again at the head of his class.

Now came more years of hard work, but blessed with greater rewards than the young man had before known. In 1896 he was married to Miss Florence Pullman, daughter of one of America's greatest business men. Four children have been born to them, a son and three daughters.

Lowden began to take an active interest in politics. He was a delegate to the national convention that in 1900 nominated McKinley and Roosevelt. Four years later he was a candidate before the Republican gubernatorial convention, but a combination of the Yates-Deneen forces defeated him. Lowden took the stump and helped elect his successful rival, Charles S. Deneen.

Two years later he was elected to congress from the Thirteenth Illinois district. He retired voluntarily after two and a half terms. On quitting congress he went to his farm near Oregon, Ill., and devoted himself to making that one of the finest properties of its kind in the state.

Meanwhile in 1904 he had been made a member of the Republican national committee from Illinois, on which he served until 1912. In 1916 he entered the gubernatorial primary and was nominated for that office. He was elected and took his seat the following January to begin what has proved one of the most constructive and successful administrations recorded in the history of the state.

In brief, the chief events of Governor Lowden's life, are as follows:

1861—Born, Sunrise, Minn.
1868—Moved to Hardin county, Ia.
1885—Graduated from University of Iowa.
1887—Graduated from law school.
1896—Married to Miss Florence Pullman.
1898—Entered law partnership of Lowden, Estabrook & Davis. Appointed lieutenant colonel, first infantry, Illinois National Guard.
1904—Defeated for Republican nomination for governor.
1906—Elected to congress.
1911—Retired from congress.
1916—Elected governor of Illinois.

LOWDEN SPONSORS GOOD ROADS MOVE

ILLINOIS EXECUTIVE STARTS CONSTRUCTION OF 4,800 MILES OF HIGHWAY.

Under the direction of Gov. Frank O. Lowden, Illinois has begun the construction of a system of 4,800 miles of good roads at a cost of $87,000,000, which, when completed, will cause automobilists and farmers to rejoice. Two hundred miles of good roads were built last year and plans have been made for the construction of more than 1,000 miles this year. When the work is completed Illinois will have one of the finest systems of hard roads in the country.

The voters of the state approved a $60,000,000 bond issue for good roads, and with the federal government appropriation the sum available for trunk line, hard surfaced highways has been fixed at $87,000,000.

LOWDEN'S WAR RECORD

Governor Active Aid of National Authorities.

His Own Son, Pullman, Wins His Stripes in Overseas Service.

Friends of Frank O. Lawden point with pride to his record as war governor of Illinois. Promptly following the severance of diplomatic relations between the United States and Germany Gov. Lowden issued an appeal to the people of Illinois to uphold President Wilson.

"It is the solemn duty of all Americans," he said, "to rally to his support."

Three days later he went before a joint session of the two branches of the legislature to renew his appeal.

"We may have many sympathies," he said. "We can have but one allegiance and that allegiance is to the United States."

The authorities in Washington regarded Illinois as critical territory. Gov. Lowden took immediate steps to demonstrate that the state was unitedly back of the government in whatever war measures it undertook. He appointed a state council of defense, representing all parties and all elements, to organize the war activities of Illinois.

The work of this council was noteworthy. Financed by an appropriation of $50,000 as against appropriations for similar purposes in other states running as high as $5,000,000, the Illinois council achieved results equal in importance to those of any other body of its kind in the country. Among the things it did of direct aid to the government's military plans was to give preliminary training to several thousand drafted men, so that on reporting to camp they were able to obtain immediate recognition as noncommissioned officers. The council's' chief function, however, was in building up the morale of the people at home, fostering economies, and aiding movements of whatever kind designed to increase national efficiency.

The governor kept in close personal touch with the Illinois boys in khaki and blue. He visited them in their camps, traveled to the seaboard to bid Godspeed to departing contingents and was at New York to give welcome in the name of the state to the veterans who came back at the close of the fighting.

His interest in the soldiers was not merely official. Among them was his own son, Pullman Lowden—a member of the Prairie division. In that division was the "Dandy First" regiment of the Illinois national guard with which Lowden served for three years as lieutenant-colonel. Pullman went overseas with his outfit, did his bit in the ranks as a common soldier, and came back with the cherished gold service stripes.

LOWDEN FOR ECONOMY

Term as Governor a Record of Saving and Efficiency.

Simplifies Management of State Affairs With Results Profitable to the Tax Payers.

The high cost of government has supplied the supporters of Frank O. Lowden the platform on which they are confident he will be elected president of the United States.

Governor Lowden was born on a farm and worked his way through school by teaching. He is a product of the Middle West, having been born in Minnesota, raised in Iowa and then coming to Chicago. He worked as a clerk in a chicago law office for $8 a week while preparing for his profession. Later he entered politics. He was thrice elected congressman from the Thirteenth Illinois district before voluntarily retiring.

He was elected governor of the state in 1916 by a tremendous plurality and his record as chief executive has put him in the list of presidential possibilities. Friends of the governor explain that he had to be dragged into the race for president. Certainly he does not seem to worry about the outcome of the campaign.

"I think one of the greatest needs of the country today is a stronger, finer, happier Americanism," said Governor Lowden. "We can compel aliens to respect our form of government, or get out, and that we must do. At the same time we are under the profound necessity of earning that respect from all right thinking men. We are hearing strong preachments against profiteering and extravagance. Yet it is hardly dawning on the public mind that we can be paying excessively for government, as well as for sugar, meat or fuel.

"Illinois formerly had 125 separate boards and commissions handling its affairs. No one man, no score of men, were responsible. A premium was put on spending.

"Under my administration these bureaus have been consolidated into nine departments, whose chiefs reside at the state capital and are held individually responsible. One effect of this has been to reduce the tax rate of the state 33 per cent in two years. Adoption of a budget system has been a valuable adjunct in saving the taxpayers money. I think efficiency and economy in government is one mighty step in the direction of improved Americanism."

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Public worship at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. with sermons by the pastor.

Sunday School at 11:30 a. m. A bright, interesting, helpful hour.

Sermon subject for Sunday evening, "Where are the dead?" This is the first of a series of Sunday evening sermons on religion and the occult.

A. E. Buriff, Minister

GRAND JURORS, MARCH TERM

A. G. Koerner, Klemme, Ell Twp.
Jim Trumbell, Goodell, Avery Twp.
Nels Matson, Britt, Crystal Twp.
D. E. Peterson, Britt, Erin Twp.
W. J. Madole, Woden, Bingham Twp.
Ole White, Garner, Ellington Twp.
E. H. Cummings, Britt, Orthel Twp.
H. H. Mullen, Britt, Britt Twp.
A. E. Katter, Garner, Concord Twp.
D. Welch, Kanawha, Amsterdam Twp.
J. E. Beasley, Corwith, Magor Twp.
Lenard Stieff, Forest City, Madison Twp.

PETIT JURORS, MARCH TERM

Albert Laascher, Woden, Bingham Twp.
Swan Miling, Forest City, Ellington
Albert Jass, Garner, Ellington Twp.
Carl Larson, Forest City, Ellington Twp.
A. L. Lunstrum, Forest City, Ellington Twp.
Henry Anderson, Britt, Orthel Twp.
James Morgan, Wesley, Orthel Twp.
H. L. Decker, Wesley, Orthel Twp.
Jas. Kent, Britt, Britt Twp.
August Steffen, Britt, Britt Twp.
Lars P. Olson, Britt, Britt Twp.
Alfred Walling, Britt, Britt Twp.
Axel S. Nelson, Britt, Britt Twp.
L. M. Burnes, Britt, Britt, Twp.
Sam Wrede, Garner, Concord Twp.
Chas. Stromer, Garner, Concord Twp.
Harvey Johnson, Garner, Concord Twp.
Albert Lada, Garner, Concord Twp.
Fred Zeul, Britt, Boone Twp.
Elmer Haes, Garner, Liberty Twp.
Frank Kopecke, Britt, Liberty Twp.
C. J. Wille, Klemme, Ell Twp.
Henry Theiman, Jr. Ventura, Ell Twp.
Harry Peters, Kanawha, Amsterdam Twp.
J. L. Larson, Kanawha Amsterdam Twp.
Herman Schuldt, Goodell, Twin Lake Twp.
Nels Anderson, Kanawha, Twin Lake Twp.
Theodore Kemp, Goodell, Twin Lake Twp.
R. S. Wilson, Goodell, Avery Twp.
A. L. Striebe, Klemme, Ell Twp.

A. E. Baumgartner,
Clerk of District Court,
Hancock County, Iowa

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,
1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.
1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.
1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I am a candidate for re-election subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

CHICKENS

For Sale—Barred Rock Cockerels, Ringlet strain, deep barring, good heavy bone, at $3 to $5 each. W. Friedow, Britt, Ia. Mail or phone. 2-p

WANTED

Bring in your old iron and junk metal now while you have time and while I can pay good prices. Henry Lau & Son. 2w

"Red" Menace Is Moving East

Whole World in Grave Danger Through Advancing Tide of Bolshevism.

NOW FLUSHED WITH VICTORY

Practically All of Asia Is Open to the Propaganda, and Result May Be Bloodiest Chapter in World's History.

Washington.—The danger to the world from bolshevism was never greater than at the present moment.

The collapse of the Russian national forces under General Kolchak in Siberia and the retreat of General Denikine's army from the Moscow front are regarded in every capital in Europe and in Washington as constituting a threat of a possible invasion of Europe, a certain penetration by the bolsheviki in Asia and a menace to the peace of the entire world.

Even Prince Michael Cantacuzene, husband of a granddaughter of President Grant, who has just arrived in the United States, while hopeful that the Russian national forces may still save themselves, confesses that their plight is desperate unless allied aid reaches them. "They have no shoes, no clothes, very little ammunition and very little food. If the allies wish to stop the spread of bolshevism throughout the world they must come to the rescue of Kolchak and Denikine."

This is the belief of a man who is fresh from Siberia and who is optimistic enough to advance the opinion that if bolshevism can be kept isolated in Russia it will wear itself out by its own excesses.

On the High Tide of Victory.

The word "if" makes all the difference in the world. But the fact is that bolshevism is now riding on the high tide of victory and there does not seem one chance in a million that it will be confined to Russia. Nearly all of Asia is now open to its propaganda. The defeat of the forces of General Denikine opens the door between Moscow and the Black sea. The connecting military link between the former Kolchak and Denikine lines has been obliterated and nothing remains to prevent the agents of the bolshevists from moving toward Armenia, Persia, Afghanistan and India. Agents of the Russian reds have already stirred up considerable trouble among the hill tribes on the northern confines of India and British troops are now engaged in suppressing uprisings.

As for Siberia, the red propaganda is moving eastward rapidly. It has become so serious a menace to China and Japan that the government of Japan is taking steps to halt the advance of the reds before it reaches the very threshold of Manchuria and the island empire itself.

Among the ignorant masses both of China and India there is great opportunity for the bolsheviki to spread their doctrines, and if these countries embrace the propaganda, the sequel will be written in the bloodiest chapter in history.

But it is not against Asia merely that the bolshevists are plotting. An invasion of Europe is among their plans. All recent developments indicate that it is the program of the reds to bring military pressure to bear against the Baltic provinces, Poland and the new nations which the Versailles conference has been erecting in central Europe and that the soviet military machine will this year be hurled against that front.

It is idle, nay, it is criminal to talk of peace while bolshevism remains in Russia, ever threatening to spread its accursed cult throughout the world. Treaties of peace may be drawn up at Versailles and signed at Paris, as the treaty with Germany was the other day, but such treaties have no more effect on bolshevism than the passing of a sedition bill by the senate. Bolshevism must be suppressed if the world is to know peace. And bolshevism must be ended if the world is not to become bolshevik. Between it and the principles of government in other lands there is an irrepressible conflict and one or other of these opposing forces must perish.

A few years ago in the United States communism was regarded as a "joke." Is it a "joke" today? Two years ago bolshevism in Russia was regarded as a passing mania. But it has not passed. It is in Russia still and it threatens to overflow its confines and plunge the world into another bath of blood.

Thieves Took Big Chances.

Baltimore, Md.—Taking chances of being dashed to death, a pair of daring hotel robbers used a narrow ledge outside the Hotel Emerson to enter the fourteenth floor rooms of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Stutz of Washington.

They filled a suitcase with fine dresses and lingerie owned by Mrs. Stutz and valued at $600 and escaped, carrying the plunder by the same dangerous route, a single slip upon which would have been certain death.

"Drys" In Fight Since Year 1808

Growth of Prohibition Can Be Traced More Than Century.

ADVANCE HAS BEEN STEADY

Moderation Was First Sought, and Not Until 1847 Did Demand for Abolition of Strong Liquor Make Itself Heard.

Chicago.—Prohibition sentiment, culminating in the epoch-making amendment to the federal Constitution, has been growing steadily in this country since 1808, according to records compiled by the board of temperance of the Methodist Episcopal church. At that time a demand for moderation in the use of ardent spirits arose, followed ten years later by an even broader movement for abstinence from ardent spirits and for moderation in the use of malt liquors. This in turn gave way in 1840 to sentiment for abstinence from all alcoholic beverages.

Agitation for abolition of the practice of licensing the sale of liquors did not come until 1847, resulting four years later in the enactment of prohibition laws in Maine, the first state to put prohibition into effect. Kansas was second, in 1880, and North Dakota third in 1889. Meanwhile the movement had grown to such proportions that the national Prohibition party was formed at a convention in Chicago in 1869.

Women, always in the forefront of the activity to stop the sale of alcoholic drinks, organized for a concerted fight after the famous woman's crusade, 1873-74. Their association was later to become known throughout the world by the name of Woman's Christian Temperance union.

Anti-Saloon League in 1893.

Another powerful influence in the fight for prohibition came into existence in 1893 in the formation of the Anti-Saloon league. It is noteworthy that both these organizations had their inception in Ohio.

The modern wave of prohibition legislation began with Georgia in 1907. Since that time, the movement gained strength more rapidly than any other reform in the history of the world, so that 33 states already have prohibition by state action, in 21 adopted by popular vote and in the others by legislative measures. At the time the constitutional amendment was submitted, 24 of the 48 states and considerably more than half of the territorial United States had prohibition. In states where prohibition was not state-wide, it has been adopted under local option laws by many communities.

In addition to state laws, there have been in effect stringent measures adopted by congress as aids toward winning the war, which gave a tremendous impetus to the prohibition movement. Studying the examples of foreign countries, a law was passed making it unlawful to provide any man in uniform with alcoholic beverages. Making of beer and whisky was stopped under the food control act and the sale of drinks was terminated at midnight last June 30. Shipment of liquor into any states was prohibited by the bone-dry law.

Ratifications Took 13 Months.

The constitutional amendment was finally adopted by congress on December 18, 1917, with a restrictive clause, hitherto unknown in legislative procedure, that it would be inoperative unless ratified within seven years. The vote in the house was 281 to 128 and in the senate 65 to 20. The ratification required only 13 months, the thirty-sixth state taking favorable action January 16, 1919. Frank L. Polk, acting secretary of state, proclaimed the amendment as part of the Constitution under date of January 29, 1919, but it went into effect one year from the date of ratification by the thirty-sixth state.

After that date nine states voted for ratification, making 45 in all. Rhode Island, Connecticut and New Jersey were the only exceptions.

FRENCH PAINTER, BLINDED, IS DECORATED

...ene in the studio of M. Lemordant, French painter who was blinded by ... explosion during the war, when officials of the republic notified him ... had been awarded the decoration of the Legion of Honor.

...thpick Brings Back Voice of Ex-Soldier

...ux City, Ia.—Swallowing a ...pick was a blessing in dis...se for Donald Cullings of this ...y, an ex-soldier, here. At ...inner a bit of toothpick lodged ...n his throat and he coughed violently, choked and nearly strangled before it was dislodged.

But when he had recovered he found that his voice, which he had almost lost following an attack at St. Mihiel, September 12, 1918—just a year to the day—had returned. After recovering from the gas attack Cullings could only speak in a husky whisper.

A True Sport.

Women have been accused of lack of sportsmanship; yet was a woman ever known to beat a carpet when it was down?—Boston Transcript.

MARVELS OF SURGERY

Taken From Rabbits and Grafted Into Soldiers Paralyzed by Shot Wounds —Cures Effected.

Chicago.—The miracles of modern surgery which have developed since the World war have made it possible to transplant into a human being the nerves of an animal and so to repair the part of the anatomy that has been shattered by shots.

There are wards in the big military hospital at Fort Sheridan filled with men who had nerves cut in half by bullets and fragments of shell and as a result were paralyzed. Sometimes the severed ends of these nerves could be sewed together, but in other cases a considerable length of nerve would be carried away so that a splice had to be put in.

The nerve to be grafted does not have to be used immediately, but can be kept indefinitely in cold storage or chemicals until it is needed. There have developed experimental proofs where nerves have been taken from the dead, preserved for a short period and grafted to the injured part of living persons.

In ward 59 is Joseph Higgins. A shell carried away the muscles and nerves of the upper part of his left arm. The wound healed, but his arm was paralyzed. Surgeons decided to transplant muscles from his chest. He is now regaining the use of his arm.

Private Joseph Fleischman, One Hundred and Forty-eighth infantry, who hails from Antigo, Wis., was hit by a machine gun bullet, which cut a nerve and resulted in the loss of control of his right leg. He was sent to the British expeditionary hospital and from there to Fort Sheridan. The leg was operated on, nerves from a rabbit grafted in, and now, six months later, he is again feeling sensation in the part of the leg which was dead.

MALTA IN HISTORY

Had Part in Each Step of Western Civilization.

Island Made Famous Forever When It Beat Back the Turkish Hordes in 1565—Deserving of Promised Home Rule.

"Perhaps no other by-product of the world war save the recovery of Jerusalem stirs the imagination so profoundly as the British announcement of home rule for Malta," says a bulletin of the National Geographic society, which explains:

"The Malta island group is a shrine of mythology, and of sacred and profane history. Calypso, vampire of Homer's word motion pictures, rescued the shipwrecked Ulysses, and employed her charms to make him stay on the island. St. Paul swam ashore there after his vessel ran aground. Publius, the island governor, according to Acts, 28, received and lodged him, and the apostle founded a Christian community before he departed.

"The date of Christ's birth is but the half-way point in Maltese chronology. Since its recorded history began ten nations have held sway over the coveted islands, beginning with the Phoenicians of Paul's time, and running a scale of Greeks, Carthaginians, Romans, Goths, Arabs, Germans, Spaniards and French, until the present sovereignty of the British.

"It has been said that Malta's chronicle holds, in microcosm, the history of Europe, and that its archeological remains mark each step in western civilization.

"But Malta was an actor, as well as a librarian of historic drama. Literally she became the savior of the western world when the Knights of Malta beat back the Turkish hordes during the famous siege of 1565. The alien knights, along with native Maltese, kept the blighted head of Moslem from crushing the lands which fostered those infant ideals of freedom which now are erected in England's concession.

"The thrills of that siege and the heroism displayed are unsurpassed. Of the 3,000 Maltese who fought with the knights, practically all were killed. Characteristic of the knights' valor was that of the defenders of Fort St. Elmo. Wounded and desperate, the few survivors of months of fighting went to a small chapel within the fort, embraced each other, received the eucharist, and prepared to die. The little company was cut off from all assistance, but fought on. Many fell with sword in hand.

"Fearing they would be exterminated before the assailants were beaten back, a Maltese was sent to swim across the harbor by night to inform the grand master of the danger. The messenger delivered his 'message to Garcia' by diving and swimming mostly under water. 'Hold the fort, or die fighting,' was the command he brought back. Every man obeyed—and died. But the consternation wrought by their frenzied resistance worked such havoc among the assailants that the news of it spread to other divisions of the Turkish forces, and turned the tide toward a Maltese victory.

"In command of the Turkish sea forces was Dragut, who rose from cabin boy and galley slave to be admiral of the Turkish navy, and was mortally wounded before Malta."

Deadly Snake in Bananas.

Patrons of a prosaic grocery store in a sedate Iowa community had an exciting taste of tropical adventure a few days ago. A bunch of bananas which had been ripening in the store for a week suddenly gave up a strange and brilliant snake, about three feet long and unpleasantly active. Taken in a glass-covered box to a local school, the reptile was identified as a bush master, most deadly of South American snakes. Its slender body is pinkish-yellow in color, with a row of large, diamond-shaped patches from head to tail, the latter being black, with stripes of pinkish-yellow. It is related to the better known fer-de-lance, but grows even larger than that six-foot carrier of swift poison. Because of local prejudice against the visitor, it was chloroformed.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Much Unproductive Land.

About one-fifth of a billion acres of the cutover land and woodland in the United States might be cleared up and the stumps removed so that the land would be available for productive farming. If all this agriculturally suitable forest and cutover land could be made into farms averaging 160 acres, it would provide 1,250,000 farms, an increase of about 20 per cent over the present number. It is believed unlikely that more than 50,000,000 acres, or enough for perhaps 300,000 farms, will be cleared of the stumps unless the govrenment assumes responsibility.

Sardonic Suggestion.

"Did you tell the janitor we need more warmth?"

"Yes," replied Mrs. Frizzle.

"Did he pay any attention to the matter?"

"Immediately. He sent up a booklet of winter resort advertisements."

The Trouble With Villa.

Redd—Why don't somebody down in Mexico kill that fellow Villa?

Greene—They have, but the trouble is he won't stay dead.

GLASS DECLINES AID TO EUROPE

Says Peoples Overseas Must Meet Own Problem of Sinking Exchange.

UNITED STATES GIVES LIMIT

Suggests That Europeans Live Within Their Incomes and Increase Their Production as Much as Possible, in Blunt Statement.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Europe, in so far as the United States government is concerned, must rely upon her own resources in retrieving financial equilibrium.

This was the interpretation here generally of the letter Secretary of the Treasury Glass has sent to a committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, which sought a government expression on the proposed international conference of financiers and commercial leaders to discuss reconstruction problems.

In a blunt statement of the facts as he sees them, Mr. Glass declared "the American government has done all that it believes advisable and practicable to aid Europe. The conference," he added, "would serve to cause confusion and revive hopes, doomed to disappointment, of further government loans."

Does Not Oppose Conference.

The treasury department does not offer objection, Mr. Glass said, if the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, which has charge of the details of the conference, wishes to name delegates to an informal conference, "provided the scope and character and limitations of such a conference, as well as the impossibility of United States government action, are clearly understood."

"If the people and governments of Europe," Mr. Glass declared, "live within their incomes, increase their production as much as possible and limit their imports to actual necessities, foreign credits to cover adverse balances would most probably be supplied by private investors and the demand to resort to such impracticable methods as government loans and bank credits would cease.

"The American people should not, in my opinion, be called upon to finance, and would not, in my opinion, respond to a demand that they finance the requirements of Europe in so far as they result from the failure to take necessary steps for the rehabilitation of credit.

"There is no more logical or practical step toward solving their own reconstruction problems than for the allies to give value to their indemnity claims against Germany by reducing these claims to a determinate amount which Germany may reasonably be expected to pay. The maintenance of the claims which cannot be paid causes apprehension and serves no useful purpose."

Case Is Desperate, Say French.

Paris, Feb. 2.—Commenting upon the exchange situation, the Intransigeant said: "This is one of the gravest crises of the last five years."

"If no remedy is possible, if gangrene has infected the organism," the newspaper continued, "only an operation will save us. In financial language this means liquidation or some kind of compression of our debt."

PUZZLED ON ENDING OF WAR

British Barristers at Sea—Committee Has Been Appointed to Fix Official Data.

London, Feb. 2.—A committee of counselors has been named to decide the official date of the ending of the world war. It is declared that thousands of pounds are involved in legal proceedings which have been held up pending an authoritative decision on the point. Interviewed on the subject, a prominent barrister said recently: "So many war measures were passed, such as the rents restriction acts and the orders in council, that one must not trade with the enemy or do this or that and the other, that the legal profession, generally speaking, is looking for guidance. No one can possibly answer the question offhand. Some contracts used the phrase 'at the termination of hostilities'; while others spoke of the 'duration of the war,' and in each case the parties probably intended the same thing."

CRAZED BY FLU; KILLS TWO

Husband Shoots Wife and Baby to Death, and Then Tries to End Own Life in Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 2.—Mrs. Edith Bullman and her five-months-old daughter Pauline were shot to death and the husband and father, Martin, was reported dying with a bullet in his brain. The police believe Bullman, deranged by influenza, killed his wife and baby and then shot himself.

Anarchist Escapes Police.

Rome, Feb. 2.—Enrico Malatesta, the anarchist leader, is reported to have dieappeared. Diligent search is being made for him by the police, who hold a warrant for his arrest on a charge of inciting class hatred and attempting to overthrow the present regime in Italy.

Nasty Colds

Get instant relief with "Pape's Cold Compound"

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a cold and ends all grippe misery.

The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of the head; stops nose running; relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice. Contains no quinine. Insist on Pape's! Ad.

Then It Ran.

I wanted to make a trip downtown. The motor started without trouble, but when I put it in gear the car refused to budge.

After working frantically on it for some time I called a garageman, but he was no more successful than I, until, quite by accident, he walked around to the rear of the car.

"What on earth are these two jacks doing under the rear wheels?" he exclaimed.

I had jacked the car up the night before and had forgotten to remove the jacks.

IF BACK HURTS USE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Eat less meat if Kidneys feel like lead or Bladder bothers.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulates them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.—Adv.

He Thought He Understood.

"I came in answer to your advertisement in the paper for a man," said the poor-looking chap at the door.

"Oh, yes," replied the lady. "Are you temperate?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"Industrious?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"No bad habits at all?"

"No, ma'am."

"How old are you?"

"Just thirty-two, ma'am."

"I guess you'll do. Come in."

"Oh, come to think of it, I guess I don't want the job, ma'am. I'm not a marrying man anyway, ma'am."

If not already acquainted, get to know Garfield Tea, the advance agent of Abounding Health.—Adv.

Charitable.

Mrs. Flatbush—So your husband went to church with you?

Mrs. Bensonhurst—Yes. he did.

"What was the minister's sermon about?"

"Charity toward all."

"And did your husband derive any benefit from the discourse?"

"Well, I'll say he did, for when the preacher asked him what he thought of the sermon my husband refrained from replying."

Rather Tactless.

As they sat holding hands in the moonlight, she said: "Are you lucky at poker?"

"No," he replied; "it is always my luck to hold bum hands—at poker and everything."—Houston Post.

MAKING PROFIT IN CUT TIMBER

Understanding of Elementary Principles of Forestry Will Assist Farmer.

CAN SELL IN CARLOAD LOTS

Wasteful Practice to Put High-Priced Logs to Ordinary Use on Farm—Much Pine, Yellow Poplar and Cotton Wood Used for Pulp.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

An understanding of the elementary principles of farm forestry will enable the farmer to market his timber far more profitably than it is done on the average farm. In the Southern states, and in many other sections of the country as well, high-grade logs of such trees as white oak, yellow poplar, red gum, ash, cherry, and black walnut can usually be sold in carload lots direct to manufacturing plants, even though these are located at some distance. Many local log-using plants buy in lots as small as a wagon or truck load. In the South clear logs of white oak and yellow poplar 16 inches and up in diameter are most profitably sold to sawmill plants especially equipped for quartering and veneering woods. High prices at loading points make it wasteful to put such logs to ordinary use at home.

Paper Pulp Wood.

Large quantities of pine are cut and sold by southern farmers for paper pulp wood. Yellow poplar and cottonwood, red gum, tupelo and others in less amounts are used for the same purpose, according to forestry specialists. The wood must be pealed and is usually marketed in 4-foot lengths and 3 to 10 inches in diameter. Pulp wood is sold by the cord, and the prices usually range from about $4 to $6 for pine and from $5 to $9 for poplar, cottonwood, etc.

Farm Timber Product.

Railroad ties have long been a standard farm timber product. As a rule, however, the price represents only fair wages for cutting, hewing, and hauling, with little return for the timber itself. For example, a tie 7 inches by 8 inches by 8½ feet long, if sold at 50 cents, when the items in the cost of manufacture are taken into account, would have a value equivalent to the same amount of lumber valued at $16.50 a thousand board feet. This is a low figure for white oak. It is often a mistake to cut a young tree for one small tie when in a short time the tree could produce two ties.

INSPECTION SERVICE GROWS

Certificates Issued by Inspectors State Condition of Interstate Shipments.

The inspection service for shipments of fruits and vegetables, started in 1917 by the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, has been extended to cover 150 designated

Federal Inspector Inspecting Carload of Badly Sprouted Potatoes.

markets. The certificates issued by inspectors upon request state the condition of interstate shipments as they arrive at market centers and are used as a basis for settling claims that may arise between shipper and consignee.

WHITE LEGHORN BEST LAYER

Average Total Production of Eggs During Life Is About 500—Profitable Four Years.

The White Leghorn is the most important egg-producing breed at the present time. The average life of a White Leghorn is about six years. The average total production of eggs is above 500 and the maximum possible above 1,000, but they are seldom profitable to keep after the fourth year.

REMOVE RAM DURING WINTER

Should Not Be Permitted to Run With Ewes Because He Gets "Bossy" and Eats Too Much.

The ram can be allowed to stay with the ewes until winter and then he should be taken away from them. If he stays with the ewes during the winter he will eat too much, get "bossy" and bunt them around, often causing abortions.

THOUSANDS OF WILD ANIMALS DESTROYED

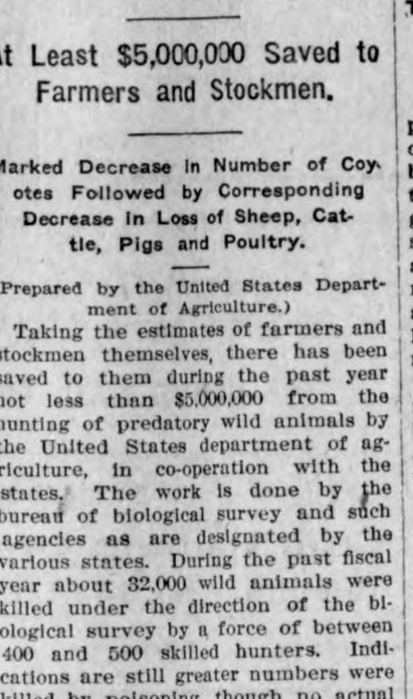
At Least $5,000,000 Saved to Farmers and Stockmen.

Marked Decrease in Number of Coyotes Followed by Corresponding Decrease in Loss of Sheep, Cattle, Pigs and Poultry.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Taking the estimates of farmers and stockmen themselves, there has been saved to them during the past year not less than $5,000,000 from the hunting of predatory wild animals by the United States department of agriculture, in co-operation with the states. The work is done by the bureau of biological survey and such agencies as are designated by the various states. During the past fiscal year about 32,000 wild animals were killed under the direction of the biological survey by a force of between 400 and 500 skilled hunters. Indications are still greater numbers were killed by poisoning, though no actual count was made of animals thus destroyed.

Extensive poisoning operations were conducted in the great sheep-growing sections of Arizona, Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming. This was followed by a marked decrease in the number of coyotes, particularly with a corresponding decrease in the losses of sheep, cattle,



Half-Grown Mountain Lions Snapped in Top of a Yellow Pine Tree—There Are Still a Considerable Number of These Animals in the West Which Have Eluded the Hunters.

pigs, colts, and poultry. Stockmen say that on many important ranges and lambing grounds the former heavy annual losses have become negligible or have been entirely eliminated. As an illustration, there is an area about 75 miles in diameter in western Colorado where sheep owners formerly reported an average loss of about 25 sheep a day throughout the season. Poisoning operations have been conducted through two successive seasons. Destruction of predatory animals has been so thorough that sheep now range freely, sometimes unattended for several days in succession, without loss. Losses throughout the area are nominal.

BORAX USED IN FERTILIZER

Container Must Be Properly Marked According to Order of Secretary of Agriculture.

A recent order signed under the control act by the secretary of agriculture, and issued by the bureau of soils of the United States department of agriculture provides as follows:

"That hereafter no licensee handling or dealing in fertilizers or fertilizer ingredients shall sell for application to the soil any mixed fertilizer which contains more than one-tenth of 1 per cent of boron, expressed as anhydrous borax, unless the container thereon be marked, tagged, branded, or labeled so as to show plainly and conspicuously, as part of the analysis, the percentage of borax present."

ANIMAL FOOD IS ESSENTIAL

Farmer Makes Mistake In Neglecting Any of Elements In Ration Stimulating Eggs.

Many poultry flocks which receive an abundance of fine quality grain do not lay many eggs in the winter due to a lack of animal food like sour milk, buttermilk or beef scrap. Many experiments by practical farmers prove the value of both beef scrap and sour milk in the hen's ration. At the present price of grain and eggs the farmer can hardly afford to neglect any of the elements in the ration which enable the hen to pay for her feed.

EXCELLENT FEED FOR SHEEP

Ewes Thrive on Three to Five Pounds of Silage Daily, With Alfalfa as Roughage.

An ideal winter feed for breeding ewes is three to five pounds per day of good corn silage to each ewe, and what alfalfa hay they will eat up clean. The silage should be made from well-matured, well-cured corn.

LESS MEAT IF BACK AND KIDNEYS HURT

Take a Glass of Salts to Flush Kidneys if Bladder Bothers You.

Eating meat regularly eventually produces kidney trouble in some form or other, says a well-known authority, because the uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish; clog up and cause all sorts of distress, particularly backache and misery in the kidney region; rheumatic twinges, severe headaches, acid stomach, constipation, torpid liver, sleeplessness, bladder and urinary irritation.

The moment your back hurts or kidneys aren't acting right, or if bladder bothers you, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity; also to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts cannot injure anyone; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then to keep the kidneys and urinary organs clean, thus avoiding serious kidney disease.—Adv.

An Easy Mark Drops In.

"There's a woman up in front who wants to buy a 'gen-u-wine' Persian rug," said the clerk.

"'Gen-u-wine,' did you say?" replied the dealer in Oriental goods.

"That's the way she pronounced it."

"Ahem! Does she appear to have money?"

"Yes, and she doesn't appear to have had it long."

"Ah! In that case get down some of those rugs we got from our factory in New Jersey the other day. I suspect that what we have in our net is a 'gen-u-wine' fish."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

"CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP" IS CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at tongue! Remove poisons from stomach, liver and Bowels.

Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear.

Mother! You must say "California."—Adv.

Civic Pride.

"But this town has no civic beauty," said the critical visitor.

"It doesn't need any," said the satisfied business man. "In my eyes there's nothing more beautiful than miles of factories in operation and hundreds of big smokestacks belching smoke day and night. Why, sir, every time I get a flake of soot on my face or my collar I wear it as a proud badge of prosperity." — Birmingham Age-Herald.

OPEN NOSTRILS! END COLD OR CATARRH

How to Get Relief When Head and Nose Are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty. Your cold in head or catarh disappears. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffling, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache, no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head colds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable. Relief is sure.—Adv.

His Eccentricity.

"Honest t' goodness!" ejaculated Heloise of the rapid fire restaurant, "Hughey is the queerest guy you ever seen. Actually, he thinks a fellah ought to have a wife along when he goes to a show or dines out in the evening, and all that."

"Whose — yaw-w-wn — wife?" asked Claudine of the same establishment.

"His own wife."

"Gee!"—Kansas City Star.

Don't waste your time trying to distinguish between a woman's "no" and "yes."

Tbourg to Honor De L'Isle.

pleasant detail in the coming of a memorial at Strasbourg t de l'Isle and his "Chant de l'armee du Rhin," which be- Marseillaise," that the chair- he committee in charge bears and is a direct descendant Dietrich, in whose house the first sung. Little enough l'Isle composed it did he fore- that his song would provide n for a French revolution or e would bring him a perma- morial in a Strasbourg that ed out of French possession back again. The author him- red both by loss of his com- nd by imprisonment, first be- adoption of his song by the n made him suspected of rev- beliefs by what power still to the older government, and ause his lack of enthusiasm evolution made him an ob- attack by the new leaders.

py Moving Signs Work.

neral way, the mechanism of electric sign is like the old- ic box drum, filled with pins. rum revolves the pins make gaps a gross return of a little less than $40. The all-important point, however, is that 300 families, or 1,500 people, were fed with fresh vegetables during the summer, and a supply was canned or stored for winter use.

Thousands upon thousands of home gardens were an important factor last year in supplying food, and it is important that many more thousands of gardens be placed in 1920. With food prices still soaring, it behooves every householder to plant a garden and grow his own supply of vegetables. The job of producing food for the nation has been well taken care of by the farmers, but the spare hours of industrial workers are now needed to supplement the efforts of the farmers, say specialists of the United States department of agriculture. The man or woman who works in the store, office, or factory cannot be of much direct assistance to the farmer, but can at least spend one or two hours every day in the cultivation of a vegetable garden in a back yard or vacant lot.

Home gardens are especially needed in densely populated sections, where the people are largely dependent upon transportation facilities for bringing their food to them. Every foot of suitable land in and around large cities should be made to produce its quota the coming season.

Time to Plan the Garden.

During January, while the southern gardener is planting peas, onions and potatoes the middle states gardener is looking over seed catalogues, and the New England and Minnesota gardeners have just settled down for a hard winter. It is just as important that the New England gardener be making his plans during January as that the southern gardener be planting

A Forecast of What Careful Planning Now Will Mean Next Summer.

his peas, onions and potatoes. Three months may constitute the growing season in certain parts of the extreme northern United States, and it is important that the northern gardener have all his plans made and be ready to make the most of the time at his disposal.

Looking back over last season's garden experience, anybody can see just where improvements could have been made in his methods. Most home gardeners did not have a definite garden plan to begin with, and simply rambled along through the summer, doing things as they called for attention.

Plan of Work.

This season there should be a "plan of work" for all garden operations. You may depart more or less from this plan, but you should start right, anyway. The winter is the proper time to make plans and build castles. With a mental picture of last year's garden, proceed with the aid of pencil, rule and paper. Plan just what you are going to do in your garden this season.

First of all, the plan must conform to the size and shape of the garden plot. If only a small piece of land is available, careful planning is necessary in order to provide for the crops that you want to grow. Last year, perhaps, too much space was devoted to lettuce and radishes, and not enough to beets, carrots and beans. Some of the crops did very poorly because they were shaded by the corn and pole beans, and the cucumbers

Thou

When Bobb mother he whatever wen morning she to make you saucer. Bobb you think I'm much trouble it a moment "mamma told and if it's goi can just as w lar size."

R. J. S. wa ever met the bed, but retir slumber; who who never ea drink, but ind converse; who who never bu never get sic cinnati Enqui

The

It is cons thing to eat fas

ashes ran all over the late nd carrots. Now, with your rule and paper, work out a whereby all, or most, of these es will be avoided. Provide os and intercrops, also a succ- of crops, so that the little gar- t will give maximum results.

Schedule of Work.

the garden plan is made, and low, or think you know, just e garden will look after it is the next step will be to formu- scheme of work providing for hings at the proper season and This does not mean planting crops at the right time of on, but at the right season and ll conditions are favorable. The rdeners believe that moonshine moonshine, anyway, and that nshine and some other things, s fertilizer, good seeds, and of work, are the essential re- ents for growing a good gar-

the lengthening of the days, it ot be long until work can be in the garden. In the mean- seeds should be procured, a few o and cabbage plants should be d in a window box, and the first should be taken toward the nting of a thrift garden.

All over the country various organizations are studying ways and means to promote thrift and reduce the high cost of living. Begin now to plan a thrift garden for 1920.

WAYS TUBERCULOSIS MAY BE INTRODUCED

Easy Matter to Transmit Disease to Healthy Herd.

Various Means by Which Infection Is Spread Is Outlined by Department of Agriculture—Disorder Develops Slowly.

Tuberculosis may be introduced into a healthy herd, says the United States department of agriculture, by any of the following means:

By the addition of an animal that is affected with the disease; therefore animals should be purchased only from herds known to be free from tuberculosis, or from herds under supervision for the eradication of the disease.

By feeding calves with milk or other dairy products from tuberculous cows; this frequently occurs where the owner purchases mixed skim milk from the creamery and feeds it to his calves without first making it safe by boiling or pasteurization.

By showing cattle at fairs and exhibitions; reports have indicated that numerous herds become infected through mingling with infected cattle at shows or by occupying infected premises.

The shipment of animals in cars which have recently carried diseased cattle and which have not been disinfected properly.

Community pastures; pastures in which tuberculous cattle are allowed to graze are a source of danger.

In most cases the outward appearance of the animal bears no relation to the degree of infection. The disease frequently develops so slowly that in some cases it may be months or even longer before any symptoms are shown; therefore be on the safe side and have your herd tested.

FORECASTS OF GREAT VALUE

Weather Bureau's Predictions of Weather Aid Shippers of Various Farm Products.

The weather bureau's various forecasting services are of particular value to growers of produce that is shipped in the winter, says the United States department of agriculture. Supplementing the general forecasts which appear in the daily papers and on cards conspicuously posted the bureau issues, among other forecasts, special warnings on which shippers place much dependence. These tell of the approach of cold waves and permit carriers of perishable stuffs to give them the necessary additional protection, or to delay shipment until milder weather. One result of this special service to shippers, transportation companies, and allied interests is that buyers are less subject to uncertainty as to the arrival of shipments, since the hazard of shipping in cold weather is reduced. Another result is a reduction in the amount of foodstuffs that is injured by cold.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Larger crops do not always mean larger profits.

* * *

Begin right now to keep a book account of the farm's production.

* * *

More celery is lost in storage by keeping it too warm than too cold.

* * *

Dirt must be kept away from the bottom of silos. It hastens rotting.

* * *

Plant at least a small area in grazing crops for your pigs, calves, lambs and chickens.

* * *

Do not be deceived. We cannot get something from nothing. Neglect and carelessness will not bring returns from farm lands.

48,000 Drug Stores Sell It.

Five million people use it to KILL COLDS

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

VICTIMS RESCUED

Kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles are most dangerous because of their insidious attacks. Heed the first warning they give that they need attention by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for these disorders, will often ward off these diseases and strengthen the body against further attacks. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

The Trouble.

"Is this son you speak of adolescent?"

"Mercy no, ma'am. He's just a little queer in the head."

COAX 'EM

Stop Whipping Bowels into Activity, but take "Cascarets"

Put aside the Salts, Pills, Castor Oil, or Purgative Waters that irritate and lash the bowels into action but which do not thoroughly cleanse, freshen and purify these drainage organs, and have no effect whatever upon the liver and stomach.

Keep your "insides" pure and fresh with Cascarets, which thoroughly cleanse the stomach, remove the undigested, sour food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels which are keeping you half sick, headachy, and miserable.

Cascarets tonight will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken or cause inconvenience. Cascarets cost so little too.—Adv.

Those Girls.

"Maud reminds me of a public office."

"Why so?"

"She's continually seeking the man."

BREAKS YOUR COLD IN JUST A FEW HOURS

"Pape's Cold Compound" instantly relieves stuffiness and distress

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a severe cold and ends all grippe misery.

The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of the head; stops nose running; relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, contains no quinine—Insist upon Pape's!—Adv.

He has no force with men who has no faith in himself.

Variety is the spice of life—especially a first-class vaudeville show.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Stop! Listen! Views!

Dandy Farm Bargains, Easy Terms: Dandy 210-acre valley farm, 176 acres in cult., balance good timber, ¾ mile from good town and high school; use riding machinery all over it; good well, cistern and orchard; land lays fine, good soil; price $60 per acre; terms. Also 150 acre fruit farm, 50 acres in fruit; $5,000; terms. Good valley 80 acre farm, $2,600; terms. Improved 40 a. from $1,600 to $2,500; terms. McGarth, Mountain View, Mo.

Persistent Coughs

are dangerous. Get prompt relief from Piso's. Stops irritation; soothing. Effective and safe for young and old. No opiates in

PISO'S

G. R. Ogden, of Shinnston, W. Va., says: "I have used AVALON FARMS HOG-TONE 56 days and I think it is the best medicine I ever used. I have two pigs 4 months and 3 days old that weigh 360 pounds, one 6 pounds heavier than the other. They are 100 pounds heavier than my neighbor's 2 of the same litter and feed."

This is the experience of a typical user of Hog-Tone. There are hundreds and hundreds of letters on file at the Avalon Farms Company's office from nearly every state in the Union, all telling of big improvement in hogs and in hog profits through the use of Hog-Tone, the scientifically prepared Hog Conditioner, Fattener and Worm Remover. Hog-Tone is sold on **60 days' Free Trial under an absolute money-back guarantee. Come in the store and tell us how many hogs you have in your herd and we will give you enough Hog-Tone to treat all of them 60 days. You don't have to pay for it unless you are absolutely satisfied. The decision is left entirely to you.**

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING NOW TO TRY
60 DAYS' TREATMENT OF

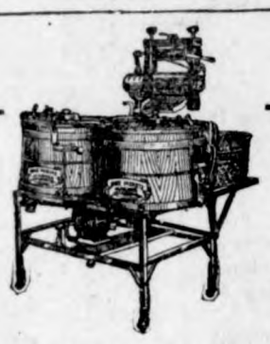
AVALON FARMS HOG-TONE

— THE LIQUID HOG FATTENER, CONDITIONER AND WORM REMOVER —

FOR ALL YOUR HOGS

— FOR SALE BY —

E. S. D. KAHRS, Druggist, Klemme, Iowa



The Power Washer That Satisfies Every Farm Wife's Needs

It does washing of heaviest clothing and finest fabrics in the shortest time possible without wearing or tearing them—giving farm wives more time to devote to other household duties.

ONE MINUTE WASHER

The ONE MINUTE Power Washer gets its power from a gasoline engine and is used in more farm homes than any other washer made.

If your farm is electrically equipped there's a model that fits your needs. ONE MINUTES are adapted to every form of motive power used on farms.

The growing satisfaction experienced by users of ONE MINUTE Washers is evidenced by the fact that there are over A MILLION SATISFIED USERS.

Come in and see the ONE MINUTE that fits your needs at

JACOBS & SON, Klemme, Iowa

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

Treaties of peace may be drawn up at Versailles and signed at Paris, as the treaty with Germany was the other day, but such treaties have no more effect on bolshevism than the passing of a sedition bill by the senate. Bolshevism must be suppressed if the world is to know peace. And bolshevism must be ended if the world is not to become bolshevik. Between it and the principles of government in other lands there is an irrepressible conflict and one or other of these opposing forces must perish.

A few years ago in the United States communism was regarded as a "joke." Is it a "joke" today? Two years ago bolshevism in Russia was regarded as a passing mania. But it has not passed. It is in Russia still and it threatens to overflow its confines and plunge the world into another bath of blood.

Thieves Took Big Chances.

Baltimore, Md.—Taking chances of being dashed to death, a pair of daring hotel robbers used a narrow ledge outside the Hotel Emerson to enter the fourteenth floor rooms of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Stutz of Washington.

They filled a suitcase with fine dresses and lingerie owned by Mrs. Stutz and valued at $600 and escaped, the plunder by the same dan-

Fireweed's Good Work.

Fireweed, otherwise known as the "great willow-herb," seems to have been created as an antidote for one of the ugliest sights a landscape may offer—burnt-over ground. The fireweed is a genuine cosmopolite, for it sends its consoling shaft above the ashes of burnt forests not only throughout America but in Europe and Asia.

Things Not to Be Hidden.

Three things cannot be hidden—love, a cough, and smoke—yea, even a hearth, and that is the signs of abundant life on a lively farm.

Way of Brothers' Wives.

Each brothers' wife thinks that all the other brothers' wives have everything they want.—Fort Worth Star-Telegram.

Left Algernon Pondering.

Algernon (after being accepted)—"Have you ever loved before?" Angela—"No! I have often admired men for their strength, courage, beauty, intelligence, or something like that, but I know; but with you, Algernon, it's love—nothing else!"

Geo. ZINN

Physician & Surgeon

Phone No. 19. KLEMME IA.

Office in Building East of Gruetzmacher Harness and Shoe Shop.

Eyes Tested. Glasses Fitted

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

KLEMME DRAY LINE

LLOYD LAU, PROPRIETOR

A share of your patronage is solicited.

All work attended to promptly and carefully.

Coal Hauling Done Promptly

Telephone No. 14

Young & Hanson — AUCTIONEERS — B. A. Reemstma

PUBLIC SALE!

Having rented the farms and are going to move to Klemme, we will sell without reserve at the farm 4½ miles west and 1 mile south of Klemme; 4 miles north and 5 miles east of Kanawha, the following property, to-wit:- on--

Thursday, February, 19, 1920

HOT LUNCH AT 11:00 A. M. **SALE TO BEGIN AT 9:30 A. M. SHARP**

21 HEAD OF HORSES 21

Tartarin De Petit is a fine Pure Bred Sorrel Belgian Stallion, imported Dec. 5, 1911 by Amicus M. Steinberg. His American number is 6392 and his foreign number is 61896. Tartarin De Petit is a showy Stallion and a good foal getter. Weight 1900 pounds, owned by Pleasant Ridge Horse Co.

Sorrel team Mares 7 and 8 yrs old, wt 3000; Bay team Mare and Gelding 3 and 4 yrs old, wt 3300; Gray team mares 5 yrs old, wt 3300; Sorrel team geldings 4 and 6 yrs old, wt 3000; Bay gelding 8 yrs old, wt 1650; Bay gelding 5 yrs old, wt 1600; Bay gelding 5 yrs old, wt 1500; Roan gelding 4 yrs old, wt 1400; Black gelding 3 yrs old, wt 1300; Gray team mare and gelding 4 and 6 yrs old, wt 2450; Gray mare 10 yrs old, wt 1600; Gray mare 8 yrs old, wt 1250; Gray mare colt 2 yrs old; Gray driving mare, wt 1000; Spotted saddle pony wt. 800.

150 HEAD OF CATTLE

Consisting of 12 milch cows; 19 head of steers and cows on feed; 28 head long 2 year old steers; 21 head 2 year old steers; 52 head of young cows and heifers, some springing; Black Angus Bull 2 yr old; Shorthorn Bull 1 yr old; 14 yearling steers; 10 calves.

Farm Machinery, Etc.

Acme Binder 8-ft; Deering binder 8-ft Deering corn binder; McCormick mower 5-ft; Dain side rake; Self dump rake; Dain hay loader; J. I. Case gang plow 13-in.; P&O sulky plow; 3-Fuller & Johnson 6 shovel cultivators; walking cultivator; Eclipse grain elevator 32-ft; 6-h. p. Sandow engine; 1½ h p air cool engine; Letz 10-in feed grinder; lumber wagon with triple box; 2 truck wagons with racks; 2 bob sleds; 2 top buggys; surry; cutter; end gate seeder with cart; 11-ft seeder with grass attachment; 2 corn planters with 100 rods of wire; Rock Island disc; 20-ft pounder darg; 3 section steel drag; 2 Great Western manure spreaders; Iowa 1000 lb cream separator; Chapman fanning mil; buzz saw; 5 sets work harness; fly nets; s ed corn racks; corn graders; 5 bu seed corn; tank heater; pump jack; corn sheller; grind stone; woven wire stretcher; kerosine and gasoline barrels and other articles to numerous to mention.

10 Tons Hay In Barn **200 Good Rhode Island Red Chickens**

As this is a large sale all small articles will be sold before noon.

GOOD FREE HOT LUNCH AT 11.00 A. M.

TERMS All sums of $10 and under, cash. All sums over $10 a credit of 10 months' time will be given on approved notes bearing interest at 8 per cent from date of sale. No property to be removed from premises until settled for.

Wm. C. Schmidt & Son

B. A. Reemstma, Auct. **State Savings Bank, Klemme, Clerk** **Young & Hanson, Auct.**

Times Print Shop, Klemme, Iowa

M. O. HOCUM

ne Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man,

will buy Hogs and Grain six day he week at Highest Market Price.

Successor to W. R. Bloom

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North	
821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:02 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.
South	
1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

We have now on hand for immediate delivery

A car-load of Feed

And Tankage

Farmers come in and get what you need. Our price is right.

We have a full line of machinery also national oils of all kinds including kerosine and gasoline.

W. M. Baack

Farm Implements *Klemme, Iowa*

$700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

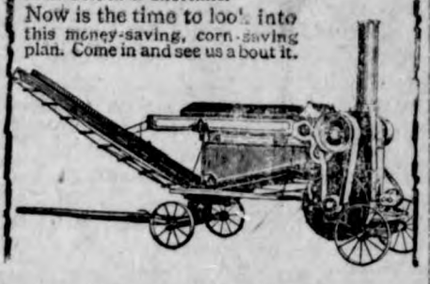
With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of ear corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us about it.



W. F. PAVEY

Dealer **Klemme, Iowa**

MEALS

We now serve meals. We especially ask the farmers to give us a trial. The best place, the best meal at the fairest price.

Hotel Klemme

What are you going to Varnish?

That determines the kind of varnish to buy

You buy one kind of paint for the outside of your house, another kind for your porch floor and still another kind for your inside woodwork. You have learned from experience that a single kind of paint will do for all these different surfaces. Have you learned this same lesson about varnishes.

Varnish like paint, is nothing more than a film that protects only so long as it will stand the wear imposed upon it.

Different kinds of varnish surfaces get different kinds of wear just as different kinds of paint surfaces do. It depends upon their nature, their location and to the uses to which they are put.

Sherman-Williams Varnish

Each Sherman-Williams Varnish, like each Sherman-Williams Paint, is made with a particular surface in mind and a knowledge of the kind of wear to be resisted.

THEREFORE, each Sherman-Williams Varnish is bound to give greater durability, and greater satisfaction on the surface it is made to protect.

Different Surfaces get different Wear

So there must be a different varnish for each

That's logical, isn't it? You do not walk on tables, but you do on floors. You do not subject your furniture to heat, rain, snow and ice, but outside surfaces must stand such exposure.

S-W MAR NOT for floors

Has a toughness and elasticity that resists the trying wear floors get. Holds its lusture against repeated cleaning and stands up under the wear of walking, dancing and moving about of furniture.

S-W SCAR-NOT furniture - woodwork

It is famous for the beautiful polish it takes. It will stand the knock and rubs of usage, and is heatproof and waterproof. Hot liquids do not scar or turn it white.

S-W REXPAR for all outdoors

It is made to stand weather--the severest wear that varnish ever gets In government tests for airplane use it successfully passed 34 of the severest tests ever given a varnish.

Floorlac **The all around varnish stain, for staining and varnishing at one operation.**

We also handle Flat Tone wall paint, all colors.

Call for Free Sample Cards.

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

Strasbourg to Honor De L'Isle.

It is a pleasant detail in the coming erection of a memorial at Strasbourg to Rouget de l'Isle and his "Chant de guerre de l'armee du Rhin," which became "La Marseillaise," that the chairman of the committee in charge bears the name and is a direct descendant of Mayor Dietrich, in whose house the song was first sung. Little enough when De l'Isle composed it did he foresee either that his song would provide inspiration for a French revolution or that time would bring him a permanent memorial in a Strasbourg that had passed out of French possession and come back again. The author himself suffered both by loss of his commission and by imprisonment, first because the adoption of his song by the Revolution made him suspected of revolutionary beliefs by what power still remained to the older government, and later because his lack of enthusiasm for the revolution made him an object of an attack by the new leaders.

How Moving Signs Work.

In a general way, the mechanism of a moving electric sign is like the old-time music box drum, filled with pins. As the drum revolves the pins make the contacts at determined intervals, and the illusions of revolving circles of light, bird effects and designs almost without limit are produced.

Optimistic Thought.

Things hardly attained are longer retained.

Thoughtful Bobbie.

When Bobbie went to see his grandmother he was much interested in whatever went on in the kitchen. One morning she said to him: "I'm going to make you a nice little pie in a saucer, Bobbie, all for yourself. Don't you think I'm pretty good to take so much trouble?" Bobbie thought about it a moment. "Grandma," he said, "mamma told me not to be a bother, and if it's going to be any trouble you can just as well make my pie the reg'lar size."

We Have.

R. J. S. wants to know if we have ever met the people who never go to bed, but retire; who never sleep, but slumber; who never get up, but rise; who never eat, but dine; who never drink, but indulge; who never talk, but converse; who never read, but peruse; who never buy, but purchase, and who never get sick, but become ill?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Orange in Spain.

It is considered a very healthful thing to eat an orange before breakfast. But who can eat an orange well? One must go to Spain to see that done. The senorita cuts off the rind with her silver knife; then, putting her fork into the peeled fruit, she detaches every morsel with her pearly teeth and continues to eat the orange without losing a drop of the juice and lays down the core with the fork still in it.—Exchange.

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian
All Calls Answered Promptly
Klemme, Iowa Office and Residence Phone

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Canny and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

MUST WEAR DARK CLOTHES

Strict Rule for Employees in Factories Where Work Is Done on Gold.

Clothes of a light color are not favorites where work is done on gold. In fact, in many such factories a dark suit of clothes is absolutely demanded, and even a light waistcoat may lose a man a job. The reason for this is that any stray grains of gold that may get on the clothing can easily be caught on a dark suit, while they might get away from the establishment if light clothes were worn.

That such a rule was enforced among gold workers one man learned recently when a Bohemian gold beater applied to him for a helping hand. The Bohemian said that he had not been in this country long, that he had had a chance to obtain a good job at his trade, but that the place had been refused him because he turned up with a light suit and waistcoat on, and they were the only clothes he had.

The man whom he approached was struck by the story and offered to help him out if it proved true. He went to a factory with him and found out that the man could have the job if he presented himself within an hour clad in the proper clothes. So a suit of desired kind was obtained for him and sure enough he got the job.

"You may think this is strange," said the foreman of the factory, "but it means quite a lot to us. Every man's clothing is carefully examined when he leaves the place at night and the gold is brushed off whenever we see any on his clothing. It is impossible to hide even tiny grains on a dark background, but in the case of a mixed or a light suit we might easily lose quite an amount of gold, and gold isn't anything you want to lose even in small quantities."

Japanese Claim Credit for Fan.

Japan takes credit for the folding fan. The original kind was of the palm-leaf variety—an oval or round shape which could not be folded. But Japan conceived the idea, just when or how nobody knows, of fastening half a circle of paper on a frame made of sticks fastened together at one end—and the collapsible fan resulted.

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

AUCTION SALE

Having sold my farm and going to move to town, I will sell at public auction at my farm 2 1-2 miles east of Klemme, known as the old Fred Bock farm, on--

TUESDAY, FEB. 17

Sale to begin at 10:00 A. M. Sharp

A GOOD FREE HOT LUNCH AT NOON, 12:00 O'CLOCK SHARP

8 Head of Horses 8

Bay team 3 and 5 yrs old; wt 3100; Sorrel team 2 and 4 yrs old, wt 2600; Sorrel mare 13 yrs old, wt 1300; Bay mare 7 yrs old, wt 1450; Black mare 2 yrs old, wt 1350; Yearling horse colt.

38 Head of Cattle 38

9 milch cows mostly fresh; 4 2-yr old heifers; 6 yearling steers; 3 yearling heifers; 9 spring and summer calves; 7 small calves; 1 registered Polled Durham Bull, 5 ydars old.

20 Head of Poland China Brood Sows

Farm Machinery, Household Goods, Etc.

8-ft McCormick binder; John Deere corn binder nearly new; 6-ft Standard mower; Hayes corn planter with 110 rods wire; endgate seed with cart; 11-ft seeder with grass seed attachment; Dain hay loader; Dain side rake new; 3 6-shovel corn plows; 2 surface corn plows; 2 16-in sulky plows; Emerson 8-ft disc; Rock Island 8-ft disc; Bradley 8-ft cutaway disc; 20-ft steel flexible harrow; 20-ft steel lever drag; high wheel wagon with new triple box; 3-in tire wagon with box; steel wheel truck with hay rack; bob sled; 14 h.p. gasoline engine; Letz 10-in feed grinder; 2 hole sheller; hay rack; combined stock and hay rack; 12-ft hog rack; 15 bu seed corn drier; 12-hog self feeder; 2 Ideal hog waterers; surrey, top buggy; set buggy runners; blacksmith forge, anvil, vise; 7-ft stock tank; 2 steel milk tanks; wood milk tank; sickle grinder; Climax ensilage cutter 10 to 15 ton capacity; cider press; 2 siugle harnesses 3 sets work hsrness, 3 sets fly nets; some collars; 110 gal oil tank, 50 gal tank with some crude oil; 30 gal tank with tractor oil; tiling spades, shovels, forks, Robinson manure spreader, 2 sets hay slings, about 5 tons hay, Seed Corn Grader, some Seed Corn, fanning mill.

Kitchen cabinet, Wardrobe, Lap robe, heating stove, power washing machine, etc.

Usual terms of sale. 10 month's time.

H. J. SCHLICHTING, Prop.

Col. B. A. Reemstma, Auct. First National Bank, Klemme, Clerk

AFTER 7 YEARS--STILL WELL

Now Enjoys Best of Health and Does Her Housework Unaided

"I didn't enjoy one day of good health for more than two years," says Mrs. C. E. Wildes, 746 E. Georgia St., Memphis, Tenn. "At first I had nothing more than backache. Afterwards terrible attacks of pain left me weak and limp. My arms and limbs ached. My feet felt weighted with tons of lead. I couldn't walk without a cane and had to be carried to bed every night. I couldn't do a bit of work and kept my people busy rubbing my aching limbs. Sometimes my whole body became rigid. My feet were swollen twice their normal size.

Mrs. Wildes

"It almost killed me to pass the kidney secretions. I lost 42 pounds and each day felt I had aged a year. I was so nervous the rustle of a paper made me scream.

"Finally I was advised to use *Doan's Kidney Pills* and seven boxes made me a well woman. I have enjoyed the best of health for seven years, and have done all my housework without any trouble." Sworn to before me.

JOHN McNULTY, Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Vaseline

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Carbolated

PETROLEUM JELLY

An antiseptic dressing for cuts, sores, etc.— A necessity where there are children.

AVOID SUBSTITUTES

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (CONSOLIDATED)
State Street New York

Cuticura Soap
AND OINTMENT
Clear the Skin

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Mother Gray's Powders Benefit Many Children

TRADE MARK

Thousands of Mothers have found **MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS** an excellent remedy for children complaining of Headaches, Colds, Constipation, Feverishness, Stomach Troubles and Bowel Irregularities from which children suffer at this season. These powders are easy and pleasant to take and excellent results are accomplished by their use. *Used by Mothers for over 30 years.* Sold by Druggists everywhere. Trial package FREE. Address, THE MOTHER GRAY CO., Le Roy, N. Y.

A Business Answer.

"And shall we find the pot of gold at the end of the rainbow?" bellowed the stump speaker.

"Not if the salvage gang gets there first," answered the vet.—The Home Sector.

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP.

A cold is probably the most common of all disorders and when neglected is apt to be most dangerous. Statistics show that more than three times as many people died from influenza last year, as were killed in the greatest war the world has ever known. For the last fifty-three years Boschee's Syrup has been used for coughs, bronchitis, colds, throat irritation and especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning. Made in America and used in the homes of thousands of families all over the civilized world. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Took the Better Way.

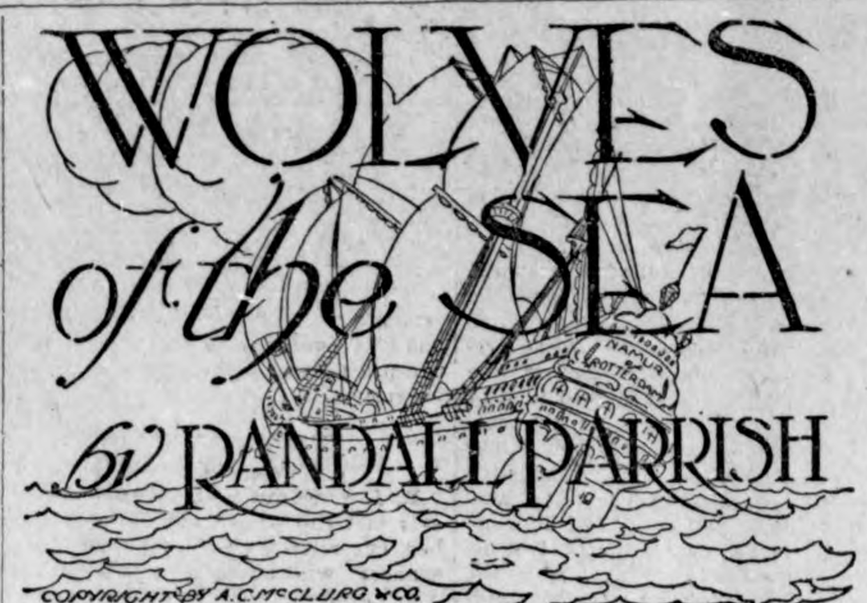
"Why did you jump from in front of Simpson's car directly in the path of Barton's car?"

"Well, I saw I was bound to be hit by one of them, and Barton has the most money."—Toledo Blade.

There is nothing heavenly about war, or dyspepsia. The world is outgrowing the first and Garfield Tea will conquer dyspepsia.—Adv.

"Safety first" is a good motto until it hooks up with "let the other fellow do it."

Night and Morning. ***Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.*** If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. **Soothes, Refreshes.** Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for



CHAPTER XXX—Continued.

—19—

I heard her cry out, and barely caught the lantern as it fell from her hand. At first I doubted the evidence of my own eyes, snatching the bit of flaring candle from its tin socket and holding it where the full glare of light fell across the grewsome object. Ay, it was a woman, with lower limbs doubled back from lack of space, but otherwise lying as though she slept, so perfect in preservation her cheeks appeared flushed with health, her lips half smiling. It was a face of real beauty—an English face, although her eyes and hair were dark and her mantilla and long earrings were unquestionably Spanish. A string of pearls encircled her throat, and there were numerous rings upon her fingers. The very contrast added immeasurably to the horror.

"She is alive! Surely she is alive!" The words were sobbed into my ear from Dorothy's lips.

"Alive! No, that is impossible!" I touched the figure with my hand. "The flesh is like stone," I said, "thus held lifelike by some magic of the Indies. What can it all mean? Who could the woman be? It is love or hate?"

"Not love, Geoffry. Love would never do this thing. It is hate, the gloating of revenge; there can be no other answer—this is the end of a tragedy."

There was nothing, not a scrap of paper, not even the semblance of a wound exposed. The smile on those parted lips had become one of mockery; I could bear the sight no longer, and rose to my feet, clasping Dorothy close to me, as she still gazed down in fascination at the ghastly sight.

"We will never know. The man who could tell is dead."

"Captain Paradilla?"

"Who else could it be? This was his schooner, and here he alone could hide such a secret. There is nothing more we can learn, and the horror unnerves me. Hold the light, dear, while I replace the lid of the chest."

It required my utmost effort to accomplish this. I was glad to have the thing hidden, to escape the stare of those fixed eyes, the death smile of those red lips. It was no longer a reality but a dream of delirium; I dare not think or speculate—my only desire being to get away, to get Dorothy away. In absolute terror I drew her with me to the open door—then stopped, paralyzed; the half revealed figure of a man appeared on the cabin stairs.

"Stop! Who are you?"

"Watkins, sir. I came below to call you. There's sumthin' bloomin' odd takin' place out there in the fog, Captain Carlyle. We want yer on deck, sir, right away."

CHAPTER XXXI.

The Boat Attack.

He waited for us just without the companion, but my eyes caught nothing unusual as I emerged into the daylight. I could barely see amidships, and on either side hung the impenetrable bank of cloud, leaving sea and sky invisible.

"What is it, Watkins? Where are the men?"

"Forrard, sir, a-hangin' over the starboard rail. Thar's somethin' cursedly strange a-happenin' in that fog. Ole was the first ter hear the clatter ov en oar slippin' in a rowlock. Then, sir, while we wus a-listenin' we both caught sound ov a Spanish oath, spoke as plain as if the buck was aboard."

"A lost boat, likely—shipwrecked sailors adrift in the fog; perhaps our other quarterboat. No one hailed them?"

"No, sir; I told the men ter keep still till I called you."

The crew were all gathered at the rail, staring out into the mist, whispering to each other. I pressed my way in among them. We may have been clinging there a minute of two, breathlessly listening. Then a voice spoke directly in front of me out from the dense fog.

"Try the port oar, Pedro; we must have missed the d——n ship."

I straightened up as though struck, my eyes seeking those of Watkins, who stared back at me, his mouth wide open in astonishment.

"You heard that?" I whispered. "Do you know who spoke?"

"Do I? Dead or alive, sir, it was Manuel Estevan."

"Ay; no other, and alive enough, no doubt. Lads, come close to me and listen—they must not hear us out there. By some devil's trick the Namur has followed our course, or else yonder are a part of his crew cast away. They clearly know of us—perhaps had a glimpse through some rift in the cloud—and are seeking to board with a boat party. 'Tis not likely those devils know who we are; probably take us for a merchant ship becalmed in the fog and liable to become an easy prey, if they can only slip on us unseen. How are you, bullies? Ready to battle your old mates?"

"Those were no mates o' ours, sir," said Watkins indignantly. "They are half-breed mongrels, and no sailors; Estevan is a hell-hound, an' so far as my voice goes, I'd rather die on this deck than ever agin be a bloody pirate. It that the right words, lads?"

The others grumbled assent, but their muttered words had in them a ring of sincerity, and their faces exhibited no cowardice. One only asked a question.

"I'm fer fightin', sir," he said grimly, "but what'll we use? Them lads ain't comin' aboard bare-handed, but damn if I've seed a weapon on this hooker."

"Dar's three knives, an' a meat cleaver in der galley, sah," chimed in Sam.

"We'll do well enough; some of you have your sheath knives yet, and the rest can use belaying pins and capstan bars. The point is to not let them get aboard, and, if there is only one boat, we will be pretty even-handed. Pick up what you can, and man this rail—quietly now, hearties, and keep your eyes open."

It proved a longer wait than I expected. Unable to withstand the inaction any longer I turned and took a few steps aft, thinking to gauge our progress by the wake astern. I was abaft the cabin on the port side when Dorothy called my name—a sudden accent of terror in her voice.

The alarm was sounded none too soon. Either fortune, or skill, had served those demons well. They had succeeded in circling the stern of the Santa Marie, unseen and unheard by anyone aboard. Even as she shrieked the alarm, a hand was at her throat, and she was struggling desperately in the merciless grip of a half-naked Indian.

Yet at that they were too late, the advantage of surprise had failed them. A half dozen had reached the deck, leaping from the rail, the others below clambering after their leaders, when with a rush we met them. It was a fierce, mad fight, fist and club pitted against knife and cutlass, but the defenders struck like demons incarnate. I doubt if the struggle lasted two mintes. I heard the blows, the oaths, the cries of pain, the dull thud of wood against bone, the sharp clang of steel in contact, the shuffling of feet on the deck, the splash of bodies hurled overboard. Each man fought for himself, in his own way. I thought only of her, and leaped straight for her assailant with bare hands, smashing recklessly through the hasty guard of his cutlass and gripped the copper devil by hair and throat. I knew she fell to the deck beneath our feet, but I had my work cut out for me. He was a hell-hound, slippery as an eel in his half nakedness, strong as an ox, and fighting like a fiend. Yet I had him foul, my grip unbreakable, as I forced his neck back against the rail, until it cracked, the swarthy body sliding inert to the deck. Whirling to assist the others I found no need. Except for bodies here and there the deck was clear; men were struggling in the chains; two below in the boat were endeavoring to cast off, and Schmitt, with Estevan helpless in his arms, staggered to the side and flung the shrieking Spanish cur overboard out into dark water. I heard the splash as he fell, the single cry his lips gave, but he never again appeared above the surface. Above the bedlam Watkins roared out an order.

"That's it, bullies! that's it! Now let her drop! We'll send them to hell where they belong. Good shot; she landed!"

It was the hank of a spare anchor, balanced for an instant on the rail, then sent crashing down through the frail bottom of the boat beneath. The wreck drifted away into the fog, the two miserable occupants clinging desperately to the gunwales. I lifted Dorothy to her feet, and she clung to me unsteadily, her face yet white.

"Watkins, have you figured up results?"

"Two of our men are cut rather badly, and one hasn't come to yet from a smart rap on the head."

"None got away?"

"Not 'less they swum, thar's six dead ones aboard. Four took ter the water, mostly because they hed to. The only livin' one o' the bunch is thet nigger 'longside the wheel, an' nuthin' but a thick skull saved him."

"Then there were eleven in the party. What do you suppose has become of the others aboard the Namur?"

"I dunno, sir; they might be a waitin' out there in fog. Perhaps the nigger cud tell you."

I crossed over to where the fellow sat on a grating, his head in his hands, the girl still clinging to my sleeve, as though fearful of being left alone. The man was a repulsive brute, his face stained with blood, dripping from a cut across his low forehead. He looked up sullenly at our approach, but made no effort to rise.

"Look yere, you black villain," roared Watkins, driving the lesson home with his foot, "don't be a playin' possum yer. Stand up an' answer Mister Carlyle, or yer'll git a worse clip than I give yer afore. Whar is the bloody bark?"

"Pounding her heart out on the rocks yonder," he said civilly, "unless she's slid off an' gone down. To the west, maybe a mile er so."

"What about the crew?"

"They got away in the boats, an' likely mostly are ashore. We were in the last boat launched, and headed out so far ter get 'round a ledge o' rocks we got lost in the fog. Then the mist sorter opened an' give us a glimpse o' yer topsails. We didn't expect no fight, once we got aboard."

"Expected to find something easy, of course? Perhaps it would have been if—what is it you see out there, Simms?"

The seaman, who was standing with hollowed hands shading his eyes, staring forth into the swirling drapery of fog, turned at my call and pointed excitedly.

"There's a bark aground yonder, sir; and it looks like the Namur!"

Even as I crossed the deck to his side the wreaths of obscuring mist seemed to divide, as though swept apart by some mighty hand, and there in the full glow of the sun, a picture in a frame, lay the wrecked vessel. Others saw it as I did, and gave vent to recognition.

"Damned if it ain't the old hooker!"

"She got what was coming to her all right mates."

"And she's lousy with treasure!"

"Come here, Sam! That's the last of the Namur."

CHAPTER XXXII.

The Last of the Namur.

The vessel was plainly a total wreck, rapidly pounding to death on a sharp ledge of rock. Both masts were down, and, lifted as the bow was, it was easy to perceive the deck was in splinters where falling spars and topmasts had crushed their way through. The bows had caught, seemingly jammed in between rocks, the stern sunk deep, with cabin port holes barely above reach of the waves. Not a living thing appeared on board, and, as the fog slowly drifted away, my eyes could discern no sign of any boat, no evidence of the crew, along the wide sweep of water. A voice aroused me.

"What was it you said, Jack, 'bout treasure on the old hooker? Why not get it afore it's too late?"

"It's thar, all right, Ole," and I knew the speaker to be Haines. "Ain't it, Mr. Carlyle?"

"Yes, lads, there must be money on board, unless those fellows took it with them in the boats. I know of fifty thousand pounds stolen in Virginia, and no doubt there is more than that. The bark is liable to slide off that rock any minute and go down like a stone. What do you say, bullies? Here is a risky job, but a pocket full of gold pieces, if we can get aboard and safely off again. Who'll go across with me?"

There was a babel of voices, the men crowding about me, all else forgotten as greed gripped their imaginations.

"Stand back, lads! I cannot use all of you. Four will be enough. You'll not lose anything of what we bring back; it'll be share and share alike, so fall, to, hearties."

I paused an instant to speak to Dorothy, seated on the flag locker, explaining to her swiftly my object in exploring the wreck and pledging myself not to be reckless in attempting to board. I read fear in her eyes, yet she said nothing to dissuade me.

I slipped down a rope and dropped into the boat, taking my place with a steering oar at the stern, and we shot away through the green water. The Namur proved to be a more complete wreck than our distant view had revealed, and lying in a more precarious position. It was no pleasant job getting aboard, but ordering Haines to accompany me, and the others to lie by, I made use of a dangling backstay, and thus hauled myself up to a reasonably secure footing. The fellow joined me breathless, and together we perched on the rail to gain view of the deck.

It was a distressing, hopeless sight, the vessel rising before us like the roof of a house, the deck planks stove in, a horrible jumble of running rigging, booms and spars, blocking the way forward. There were three bodies tangled in the wreckage within our sight, crushed out of all human resemblance, and the face of a negro, caught beneath the ruins of the galley, seemed to grin back at me in death. Every timber groaned as the waves struck and rocked the sodden mass, and I had no doubt but that the vessel had already broken in two.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Bigger and Heavier Hen Fruit.

It is thought by naturalists that the eggs of domestic hens of the present day are larger and heavier by nearly a third than those of the hens of the ancients. Eggs differ a good deal in weight, the average weight being about two ounces. A good egg is made up of ten parts shell, 60 parts white and 30 parts yolk. The white of an egg contains 86 per cent water. The shell contains about 2 per cent animal matter and 1 per cent of the phosphates of lime and magnesia, the rest consisting of carbonate of lime. Half the various specimens of snakes lay eggs. Instead of shell the covering of the egg is a tough, white, leathern substance. The largest egg of any bird today is the ostrich egg.

GOT A CHILD'S COAT BY DYEING GARMENT

"Diamond Dyes" Help Make New Outfits for Youngsters.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells how to diamond dye over any color. To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

Flannigan's Curiosity.

Flannigan (listening to new jazz record)—What kind iv music do ye call that, Norah?

Daughter—That's a fox trot, daddy.

Flannigan—An' how many tin cans did th' fox have tied to his tail whin he throtted?—Buffalo Express.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Rather.

Mary Pickford said at a Los Angeles tea:

"Some people try to tell you that beauty doesn't count for much in the movie world. Well, such talk is rot."

Miss Pickford smiled and added:

"A girl can't help her looks, but her looks can help her."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Sensible Plan.

"Are you still thinking of adopting a public career?"

"No," said the ambitious citizen, "I've seen a great light."

"What do you mean?"

"I've persuaded a practical politician to adopt me."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Shave With Cuticura Soap

And double your razor efficiency as well as promote skin purity, skin comfort and skin health. No mug, no slimy soap, no germs, no waste, no irritation even when shaved twice daily. One soap for all uses—shaving, bathing and shampooing.—Adv.

GREAT SOLDIERS POOR SHOTS

Neither Napoleon Nor Wellington Could Have Qualified as Marksmen, Even in Slow Company.

Wellington, the "Iron Duke," frequently stayed at Maresfield park, the estate in Sussex owned by Prince Munster von Dernburg. Sir John Shelley named Maresfield park in Wellington's time, and Lady Shelley records in her diary a woeful exhibition by the duke during one of his visits. "I accompanied the guns in the afternoon," she writes on September 8, 1819. "The hero of Waterloo was a very wild shot. After wounding a retriever and later on peppering a keeper's gaiters, he sprinkled the bare arms of an old woman who chanced to be washing clothes at her cottage window. 'My good woman,' I said, 'this ought to be the proudest moment of your life. You have had the distinction of being shot by the duke of Wellington.' . . . Her face was wreathed in smiles as the contrite duke slipped a gold coin into her hand."

Wellington shared his weakness as a poor shot with Napoleon, whose sole bag was a dog the only time he went out game shooting."

Cheer Up!

The homeward-bound doughboy was complaining sadly at the slowness of the ship, and the grizzled old top sought to cheer him up a bit.

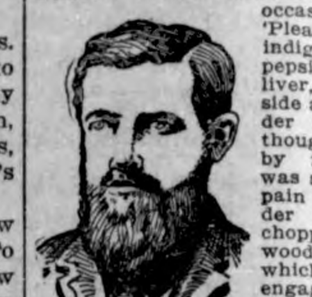
"Cheer up, Buddie," he said, as the ship started up the near side of a huge green wave, "we'll make good time as soon as we get over this hill."—The American Legion Weekly.

You may at least learn something by trying to teach old dogs new tricks.

Laugh and the world laughs with you.

INDIGESTION, DYSPEP[SIA]

Torpid Liver, Pain in Side [and] Shoulder-blade



Lime Springs, Iowa.—"I have tak[en] Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery [and an] occasional do[se of] 'Pleasant Pell[ets' for] indigestion, or [dys]pepsia, and [torpid] liver, with pa[in in] side and under [shoul]der blade, wh[ich I] thought was [caused] by rheumatism [and I] was so troubled [with] pain under the [shoul]der blade th[at] chopping or [sawing] wood, the w[ork in] which I have [been] engaged so m[uch of] the time by th[e day] I could not w[ork] steadily at it without being play[ed out] entirely. I am now 58 years old [and can] say that since taking the 'Discovery' [and] the 'Pleasant Pellets' as mentioned [my] stomach is in better condition th[an it] has been before for 25 or 30 years. [Not] long since I chopped down and t[hrew] up about 40 loads of wood as qui[ck as] I ever did that amount in my life [and] just enjoyed doing the work. I [have] taken the 'Discovery' and the 'P[leasant] Pellets' a number of times in m[y life] and never without very beneficial res[ults]. I also know that as a cough rem[edy] for any rash or skin disease the 'D[iscov]ery' is a great remedy. I could say [more] in recommendation if space wou[ld per]mit."—James L. Colby, Rt. 4, Box [...]

COULD NOT SLEEP

Dubuque, Iowa. — "Have used Pierce's Pleasant Pellets for 36 yea[rs and] can say nothing but what is to [their] credit. I could not sleep without [them in] the house. They have cured me of [chronic] constipation, and thus assisted in p[revent]ing serious results."—R. C. Camp[bell, ...] W. Locust St.

SICK-HEADACHES

Shenandoah, Iowa.—"I have giv[en] Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery [to my] children at different times when the[y] needed a tonic and it worked all ri[ght. It] is mighty good for sick headache[s. One] of my daughters took it for that a[nd was] relieved. It has always acted well [with us.] We have never taken any other m[edicine.] I consider it one of the best medi[cines.]" Mrs. B. J. Simmons, 711 Seventh [...]

$10.00 buys ten sha[res] Ace Petroleu[m Com]pany stock [...] company has [...] drilling in B[urk]nett Gusher territory, at a depth [...] feet. This well expected now any da[y. Sur]rounded by two to five thousand [barrel] gushers. There is room on this B[urk]nett, Texas, lease for five wells.

TEN VALUABLE HOMES. LOU[ISIANA] ACRES ADDED TO COMPA[NY]

In the very heart of the Twenty th[ousand] barrel Gushers, Ace Petroleum C[ompany] buys valuable property. 500 other [...] acres of Oil Properties scattered thr[ough] the Texas Oil Fields. Big chance [for] small investor.

FREE BOOKLET

Telling of the wonderful resou[rces of] Texas and Louisiana. Your opport[unity to] obtain first-hand information regar[ding re]liable oil investments. Full inform[ation on] Texas and Louisiana oil propertie[s. Send] your name and address for full infor[mation.] It is absolutely free.

ACE PETROLEUM COMPAN[Y]
Sam Houston Life Building, Dallas

BAGS WE BUY USED BAGS; [...] on 200 or more. Lincoln [...] Dept B2, Springfield, Ill.

FLORIDA COMBINATION BEARI[NG Or]ange and Grapefruit Grove, $600. $10 [a] month. I stand all expense for [...] and guarantee ship you not less [...] boxes fruit. Write for facts and photo[s.] Q. Lloyd, 316 Magnolia, Brooksvi[lle.]

BUY IMPROVED FARMS DIRECT [FROM] OWNERS, $15 a. up, all terms. Get [bul]letin. 1015 Security Bldg., Minneap[olis.]

MINNESOTA IMPROVED FARMS [...] Tail Co. Good soil, easy terms [...] prices. Delivery March 1. $75 to $[...] Free list. N. M. Faunce, Fergus Fa[lls.]

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by [Dr.] Freckle Ointment—Your dr[uggist or by] mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C[...] Co., 2975 Michigan Avenu[e ...]

MANY USES FOR QUICKSI[LVER]

Semi-Precious Metal, Much in De[mand] Is Becoming Scarce—Someti[mes] Employed as Drug.

Quicksilver is one of the se[mi-pre]cious metals, and is gradually [becom]ing scarce. The metal is noted [for its] many uses, besides the famili[ar one] in the thermometer. Its tend[ency to] unite with gold into an a[malgam] causes its chief use. The me[rcury is] spread over a copper plate ove[r which] the gold ore is washed. The go[ld by] its weight comes in contact w[ith the] plate and is promptly amalg[amated] with the quicksilver, from whi[ch it is] separated by heat.

Quicksilver is also known [for its] use as a medicine when rubb[ed into a] fine, globular powder with [...]ter, under the name of blue [mass]. Among the chemical compo[unds of] quicksilver is bichloride of m[ercury,] made by heating a mixture [of mer]curic sulphate and common sa[lt. It] is sometimes taken as a pois[on, with] results in painful and lengthy [suffer]ing and in death. Quicksilver [is also] very essential to the manufa[cture of] high-class mirrors.

A Cheerful Round.

"Do you go to the Green?" a [passen]ger boarding a trolley car in [a New] England city asked the condu[ctor.]

"Yes," said the conductor s[adly.] "I go to the Green twenty-fi[ve times] a day, and to two cemeteri[es, two] hospitals and an old ladies' h[ome.]"

An agreeable man is one w[ho con]sents to be taught things he [already] knows.

A Health-Building Cereal

Grape-Nuts

A satisfying food, greatly pleasing to taste, full of rich nourishment and ready to eat without cooking.

Needs no Sugar

Pleasing alike to young and old.

"There's a Reason"

AME "BAYER" ON GENUINE ASPIRIN

ke tablets only as told in each "Bayer" package.

"Bayer Cross" is the thumb- f genuine "Bayer Tablets of " It protects you against imi- and identifies the genuine As- escribed by physicians for over ı years.

rs buy an unbroken package of Tablets of Aspirin" which contains proper directions to safely relieve Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Joint Pains, and Pain generally.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Providing.

you believe in cycles in acci- "Sure, if they're reckless mo- s."

Important to Mothers

ine carefully every bottle of RIA, that famous old remedy nts and children, and see that it ı the re of *Chas. H. Fletcher* for Over 30 Years. n Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Its Glass.

got into a sweet mess in that something of a jam."

Anyway, there is no room for trouble in an air castle.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Raising Some.

He—I feel a queer kind of fuzz all over my tongue.

She—See here! Have you been drinking any of my hair tonic?

rfect Health Is Yours If the Blood Is Kept Pure

ost Every Human Ailment Directly Traceable to Impurities in the Blood.

u should pay particular heed ny indication that your blood ly is becoming sluggish, or there is a lessening in its g and vital force.

keeping your blood cleansed system more easily wards off se that is ever present, wait- o attack wherever there is an opening. A few bottles of S. S. S., the great vegetable blood medicine, will revitalize your blood and give you new strength and a healthy, vigorous vitality. Everyone needs it just now to keep the system in perfect condition. Go to your drug store and get a bottle to-day, and if you need any medical advice, you can obtain it without cost by writing to Medical Director, Swift Specific Co., 46 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

SOME TIME TO DINE

aken in Arabian Bazaar Is ething Like a Progressive Game of Cards.

book, "War in the Garden of Kermit Roosevelt gives a picdescription of restaurant he Arabian bazaars: "I wan- into the bazaar to get some- eat. In native fashion, I ght a big flap of bread from woman, and then to a pickle get some beets, which I in my bread. Next I pro- o a meat shop and ordered ab kababs roasted. The meat pellets, spitted on rods six inches long, and laid over wing charcoal embers. In there are long tables with beside them. The customer his former purchases, and s kababs are ready he eats er. He next proceeds to a ouse, where he has a couple es of tea and three or four ve cups of coffee to top off, meal is finished. The Arab ringly as a rule, but when or attends a banquet, he stuffs o his utmost capacity."

treet's sunny side isn't paved d intentions.

pportunity of a lifetime sel- a label on it.

ONLY ONE HOPE REMAINED

Under the Circumstances, Little Fellow's Suggestion Called for Immediate Adoption.

Members of a boy scout troop having a knot-tying contest. Th in each team had a short piece and when the signal was gi had to tie these together, the leader, who then threw ished rope out to a boy at a who was to represent a drownin

The signal was given, the boys both sides hurriedly tied their kno and passed the finished rope to their leaders. Leader of Team 1 had thrown his rope and helped haul in his suffering brother, but leader of Team 2 was not so fortunate. He threw his rope time and again and each time missed his goal.

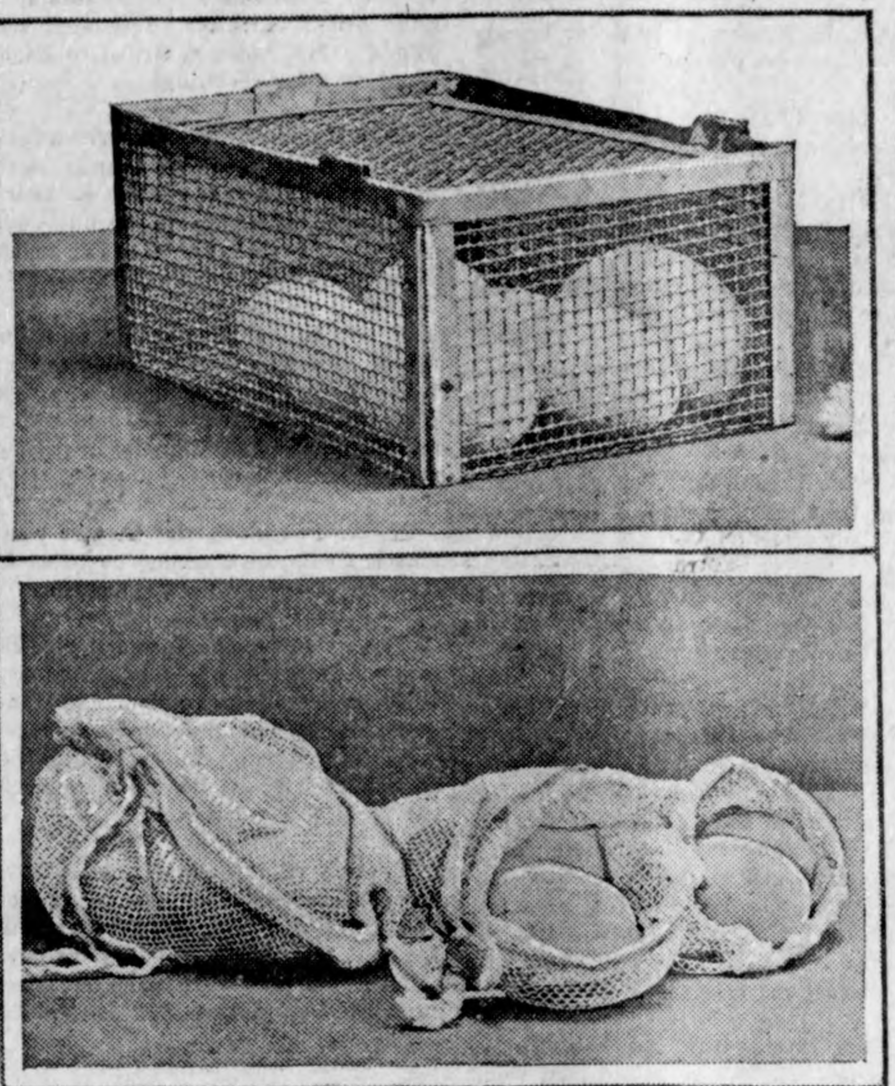
Then a little fellow far down toward the other end of the team heaved a prodigious sigh.

"No use to throw that rope again," he called out. "He's gone down now for the third time. Better get the pulmotor."

Scrap Leather Used on Roads.

It has been estimated that 55,720 pairs of old shoes are needed for every mile of a road composition made of slag, rock, asphalt and scrap leather that has been patented in Great Britain.

SCHEME OUTLINED FOR KEEPING ACCURATE PEDIGREE OF EACH CHICK IN INCUBATOR



Wire Basket and Bobinet Sacks Used to Hold Pedigreed Eggs in Incubator.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

"Cockerel No. 1,164. The dam of this bird was No. 987. She held egg-laying record of 220 eggs in her pullet year. Sire of this cockerel was son of No. 840, that held a 3-year record of 536 eggs."

A bird with a pedigree like the one above is the kind that is commanding a fancy price in poultry circles today. Ancestry counts in chickens quite as much as in cattle or horses, and every poultry man or woman who is endeavoring to build up the egg productivity of his flock seeks a bird with a good egg-producing ancestry to head it. Better still, he buys a pen of pedigreed birds and gradually culls out his common stock. For these birds he goes to a reliable breeder of the va- r."

erstitions of us have of our own. d believe in The last trial n Salem, Massa- te was not in 1692 ies recite, but in nday evening Episcopal rn witch- ns, pre- etc., tra w. range so that fied and a leg band of the incubator.

18th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEME

I hereby announce myself a c date for the office of County T urer, subject to the decision of Republican Primaries to be held 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,
1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALL

I hereby announce myself a ca date for the office of State Se from the district composed of cock, Cerro Gordo and F counties, subject to the de the Republican voters of s ties at the June, 1920, Pri Dated at Garner, Io by of January, 1920. J. F announ office

By means of l ens and trap nests the bree to identify every egg produ d to mark each egg. The United States department of agriculture poultry specialists mark the big end of the egg with the number of the hen and then put underneath that the pen number. The number on the leg band of the hen gives the clue in the record book to her pedigree. The pen number gives the information regarding the sire.

If laying heavily enough eggs from one hen for one setting may be safely saved when a hen is used for hatching. When an incubator is used a tray contains eggs from several hens. The method which the department of agriculture specialists use to identify the baby chicks when they hatch is as follows:

On the 18th day the eggs in the incubator are sorted. Each hen's eggs are put into a wire box or bobinet sack. These containers must be large enough to permit of plenty of room for the chicks. Each box or bag is tagged with the hen's number and the incubator is closed, not to be opened until the birds are hatched out of the shells.

Under ordinary conditions as soon as the chickens get their "sea legs" after hatching, they go toward the light in the front of the incubator and drop into the nursery below. Here the temperature is cooler. The pedigreed chicks in the boxes or bags, being unable to leave the tray, may become too warm. After the hatch is over, if they show signs of panting, the door should be fastened open so a little more air enter.

Metal Band Applied.

As soon as the chicks are dry, or after about 12 hours, they are taken out of the bags and a small metal band with a number is wrapped around the leg. This should be folded until it will not slip over the foot. Some breeders put one of these baby chick or pigeon bands on each leg so if one gets off accidentally, there is still one left by which the bird can be identified. As the bands are put on, the record is made in the book. For instance, No. 1 would be the first chick's number and opposite this in the pedigree book would be written the hen's, and pen's number of the egg from which it hatched. By this means the accurate pedigree of each chick is assured.

How the identification of each bird is kept as it grows older and outgrows the baby chick leg band is another story.

WRIGLEY'S

After a hearty meal, you'll avoid that stuffy feeling if you chew a stick of

WRIGLEY'S

Other benefits: to teeth, breath, appetite, nerves. That's a good deal to get for 5 cents!

Sealed Tight—Kept Right

→The Flavor Lasts← A8

Knights of Malta.

The order of the Knights of Malta is of great antiquity and is supposed to have originated during the first crusades, from about 1070 to 1090. After the capture of Jerusalem, the order was founded by Gerard, who died in 1120.

If You Need a Medicine You Should Have the Best

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfill the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as like an endless chain system the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent results, as many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact, so many people claim, that it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments; corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcels Post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Most contributors to charity manage to be caught in the act.

$10.00 buys ten shares of Ace Petroleum Company stock. This company has one well drilling in Burkburnett Gusher territory, at a depth of 1,000 feet. This well expected now any day. Surrounded by two to five thousand barrel gushers. There is room on this Burkburnett, Texas, lease for five wells.

TEN VALUABLE HOMER, LOUISIANA, ACRES ADDED TO COMPANY

In the very heart of the Twenty thousand barrel Gushers, Ace Petroleum Company buys valuable property. 500 other valuable acres of Oil Properties scattered throughout the Texas Oil Fields. Big chance for the small investor.

FREE BOOKLET

Telling of the wonderful resources of Texas and Louisiana. Your opportunity to obtain first-hand information regarding reliable oil investments. Full information on Texas and Louisiana oil properties. Send your name and address for full information. It is absolutely free.

ACE PETROLEUM COMPANY,
Sam Houston Life Building, Dallas, Texas

Cuticura Soap —Is Ideal for— The Complexion
Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff-Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
50c. and $1.00 at druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

Virginia Farms and Homes
FREE CATALOGUE SPLENDID BARGAINS
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 6--1920.

Coffee Prices Are Up But *There's No Raise In Price Of*

INSTANT POSTUM

Try this delicious table drink of coffee-like flavor in place of your next pound of coffee.

Note the satisfaction, not only to purse but to health, and you'll continue to drink this delightful family beverage.

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Company
Battle Creek, Michigan.

PLANS FOR MAKING TIMBER PAY PROFIT

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Farm forestry helps farmers in:

Marketing timber profitably.

Supplying timber for farm needs.

Furnishing paying employment during the winter.

Making waste lands yield a profit.

Increasing the sale value of the farm.

Farm forestry means:

Improving the woods by the right kind of cutting.

Protecting the woods from fire and other injuries.

Utilizing farm timber to the best advantage.

Reclaiming gullies and utilizing waste lands by planting forest trees.

Keeping woodlands growing at their maximum rate of production.

Farm forestry, as a branch of agriculture, is the handling of forest trees and woodlands in such a manner as to increase the income and permanent value of the farm and add to its comfort and attractiveness as a home.

Build Up Vigorous Calves.

We should do everything to build up a strong and vigorous constitution and a healthy frame during the first year of the calf's life, for unless this is being done we are doing exactly the other thing. There is no middle course in growing a calf.

PROVIDE DUST BOX FOR HENS

Chickens Cleanse Themselves of Insects by Wallowing in Dust—Best Size of Box.

Chickens never wash as many birds do, but cleanse themselves of insects by wallowing in dust. Where board or cement floors are used in the chicken house, some means of dusting during the winter months should be provided. A dust box 3 feet by 5 feet, or 4 feet by 4 feet will be found large enough in most instances, the United States department of agriculture suggests, for a flock of 50 or 60 fowls. It should be placed where it can be reached by sunlight during as much of the day as possible.

Fine, light dry dust is best for the box, but sandy loam is good. Road dust is recommended by many, but it is often hard to secure. Coal ashes may be mixed with the soil if desired to make it lighter.

POULTRY NOTES

A sandy soil makes the best poultry run.

* * *

A filthy henhouse is a sure breeder of disease.

* * *

To get winter eggs the first essential is good laying stock.

* * *

A dry mash hopper in which feed is always kept will mean more eggs and less bother in feeding.

* * *

All kinds of vegetables are good for poultry and those which they cannot eat raw can be cooked.

Three Fine Shetland Ponies FREE

Only One Pony to a Family

Can you fill in the blank spaces under the pony you want, and complete the pony's name? You can do this if you try. Just write Uncle Joe, and tell him the name of one of the ponies, and he will tell you how you can get a beautiful shetland pony with bridle and saddle, all trained to ride or drive.

You will be the proudest one in your neighborhood when you get a real live Shetland Pony, and you can get one if you will. Uncle Joe has a pony for you, so be sure to write quickly, telling him the pony's name. Send 2c in stamps, and he will send you a copy of our popular magazine. Write today so he can tell you all about the ponies, and how you can get one. Address all letters to

UNCLE JOE, the Pony Man, 636 Popular Bldg., Des Moines, Iowa

With all the reconstruction problems, all the delayed building now to be resumed, **prices are not likely to be lower.**

A delay may mean higher costs for you beside. the loss of time and profits to you now

We will save you every poossible dollar if you will figure with us at this time.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

HERE'S *The Way To* **SUCCESS**

Build your financial affairs on a strong foundation by opening an account at this Bank,

No man jumps to success at one leap, It is a matter of careful, thoughtful, painstaking effort.

Financial success demands an adequate Banking connection.

You can start it here; the sooner; the better; for your own welfare,

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — 5% PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Walter F. Lau

Dealer In

Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105

RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments

Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

C. W. Wiles went to Miller Tuesday on a business mission.

Mrs. J. F. Wenck was at Garner between trains Friday morning.

Mrs. John Josten went to Garner Friday morning on business.

Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson was at Garner Saturday morning.

Miss Aravella Emerson left Monda ymorning for Spencer where she will visit with her parents.

Elmer and Emery Schaefer returned from the Des Moines hospital last Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Wallace Carr, of Garner, was in Klemme Saturday visiting at the Rafmond White home.

Mr. George Schaefer of Garner, was a Klemme visitor between trains Thursday.

Mrs. Emil Kraus and baby went to Garner Thursday afternoon for a few days' visit.

Mrs. J. N. Day was confined to the house a few days the past week due to a cold and sore throat.

Miss Mable Smith has been off duty at the J. N. Day store the past week on account of sickness.

Ed. Jacobs drove his Lizzy wagon to Garner Sunday for a visit with his folks.

Carl Schneider, of Garner, was a business caller in Klemme Monday between trains.

Mrs. Missman and son Byrnes returned Tuesday afternoon from a short visit at Belmond.

Oscar Swanson shipped a fine pure bred Chester White hog to a party in the southwest part of the state Monday.

Holly and Ernest Lewis, of Mason City, were over Sunday visitors in Klemme. The boys are working in the post office department there.

The big annual auto show is on at Des Moines next week and some of the local dealers and auto fans are planning on attending.

A brother of Rev. Depping, of the Reform Church, returned to his home at Waukon, Iowa, after spending about two weeks visiting here.

Mrs. Marlin Croner is making rapid recovery from he recent attack of pneumonia, but is still confined to the house.

Mr. Chas. Kraus and wife from Trosky, Minn., came Friday evening for a few weeks' visit at the homes of their son and daughter in Klemme.

Mr. Clyde Montgomery, of Galt, Iowa, came Tuesday morning for a few days' visit at the home of his brother-in-law, Owen Neuhring, west of town.

FOR SALE—Secod hand range, in good condition. Jacobs & Son.

Lloyd Ulrich and Jim Wade are both owners of brand new Fords of the latest style.

Miss Bryson, one of our high school teachers, did not return from her Iowa Falls visit Monday morning. She was reported to be ill and could not come then.

Mr. E. S. D. Kahrs left Tuesday noon for Dolliver, Iowa, to pack up his household goods to ship back to Klemme. He expects to be gone a few days.

Mr. John Baack, wife and daughter Mrs. Daley, from Great Falls, Montana, have been visiting at the Baack's in Klemme a few days last week.

Miss Ethel Jacobs came last Wednesday evening to assist in the bookkeeping at the Jacobs & Son store for a few days. She returned to Garner Saturday morning.

Chris Gram returned from Milaca, Minn., Monday morning. Chris acocmpanied a good load of goods to Minnesota last week for Wm. Kirkwood who was unable to go on account of sickness.

Mrs. Fred Jorgenson returned to her home at Forest City after spending a couple of weeks in Klemme at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. L. Streiby. The Streiby family have been on the sick list for a couple of weeks and Mrs. Jorgenson was here helping care for them.

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopathic Physician, Masonic Bldg., Garner, Ia.

Marion Elder, of Eagle Bend, Minn. came Saturday for an over Sunday visit with his son Ralph and family, and other Klemme relatives and friends. Mr. Elder returned to Eagle Bend Monday morning.

John Suurballe was over from Garner Tuesday shaking hands with friends and old acquaintances. Looks like John is slated to become our next county treasurer as so far he has no opposition.

E. G. Ell, Elmer Fuller and Jim Wade dove three Ford roadsters thru from Iowa Falls last week one day. They found the roads to be in rather bad shape and had difficulty in getting thru in some places.

H. A. Sweigard, the Garner postmaster, was transacting business in Klemme Tuesday between trains.

The poles for the farmers' electric line running east of Klemme are now all set and ready to be strung up. The line at present runs about two miles east. The farmers along the line will find electricity to be quite convenient for light and power.

Friends of the Pabst family have received letters from them at Los Angeles, California, stating that both Mr. and Mrs. Pabst and Elenore have had the flu and were quite sick, requiring the services of a trained nurse.

The new Klemme Band began on a few easy marches this week and will from now on work toward summer concerts which will begin about the first of June. They are making rapid progress under the instruction of Mr. Crottv.

Harold Gruetzmacher was expected home this week on his vacation from Ames, as the short course was to have been held at this time, but on account of the Flu and so much sickness, it was postponed, and the school vacation will begin March 13th.

Rev. Meyer went to Garner Saturday to assist Rev. Gauger Sunday with the Communion Services. In the afternoon Rev. Meyer preached at Hayfield. While he was away Rev. [illegible] the wide sweep of water. A aroused me.

"What was it you said, Jack, 'bout sure on the old hooker? Why not t afore it's too late?"

t's thar, all right, Ole," and I knew speaker to be Haines. "Ain't it, Carlyle?"

"Yes, lads, there must be money on ard, unless those fellows took it th them in the boats. I know of ty thousand pounds stolen in Virnia, and no doubt there is more than . The bark is liable to slide off rock any minute and go down like ne. What do you say, bullies? s a risky job, but a pocket full ol pieces, if we can get aboard We off again. Who'll go across mach a babel of voices, the to take care of ut me, all else fo ng business that we d their imagi st and prompt service at ds! I ca editor.

l be e

Herman of r, an old timer in Klemme, is back again in the old stand, at the Lau elevator, where you will find him every day now helping with the grain, live stock or whatever it might be. He was recently discharged after serving six years in the regular army during which time he served about nineteen months in France. Herman thinks there is no place like Klemme and so he decided to come back here again.

Monday C. F. Keraus received a box of fine fruit from his brother-in-law, Mr. Patton. The box contained some big juicy oranges, grape-fruit, lemons and some large English walnuts. The fruit is much larger and sweeter than any that is shipped in here; we know, for Mr. Keraus left us a good sample and if he wants any more sampled we are perfectly willing to submit ourself as a good sampler. If anybody else is lucky enough to get some California fruit bring it around and we will take a bite and offer our verdict on same.

E. S. D. Kahrs (too many initials all at once) left Saturday night, armed with a scoop shovel for Nevada Iowa. Why the scoop shovel you ask. Well, he left here with the intention of driving his Buick Six back to Klemme, and also to visit while there with relatives. On his way back in the car in addition to the scoop shovel, he brought his brother-in-law, G. H. Ludwig, who he thought might come in handy to push the shovel. They got as far as a few miles south of Belmond when the scoop shovel failed to work properly and the services of a farmer and his team were needed to bring the car out from under a bank of snow. They reached Belmond all right but took the train the rest of the way home, getting here Monday afternoon. The scoop shovel and the car are still at Belmond.

When attending the Mason City Auto Show this week

we would like to have you drop in and get aquainted.

We will enjoy meeting you and since we are the foremost men's store in the City it wouldn't do yon any harm to meet us.

You are always welcome at.

PATTON BROS.
COMPANY
Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**
"Where a dollar does it's duty"

Farmers' Checking Accou

A Checking account is a business necessitp t farmer. It provibes a complete record of incom crops, live stock and othersourees. Every chec against these funds is a legal receipt.

In harvest, feeding, planting season—all t round the "check book" way is the convient handling farm finances.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

GREAT SOLD

Neither Napole Could Have men, Eve

Welling quently estat Mr se. more

Westren States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Mater

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

We take orders for-
Storm Sash and Storm Doo

Now is the Time

to look your car over and get for Spring Driving. Bring your and get it overhauled before the rush. Just received a large ment of caseings and tubes, Ge order in early. While you ca the best don't wait until you ha take Inferior Brands. Goodyear Fisk "Best by Test."

C. W. Wile

KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 24 Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, February 19, 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

WIDE SLEIGHS FOR NEXT WINTER

The undersigned is very much interested in the movement for widening the sleighs for the winter of 1920 and 1921.

I have been informed that more than fifty farmers and teamsters in and about the town of Klemme have signed the agreement to have their sleighs widened to the regular wagon width which is fifty-six inches.

While this is very gratifying, it would however be well to have this number increased to one hundred or more and furthermore to have the movement spread to other towns in the county.

I would like therefore to call the attention of the readers of this paper to the following advantages of the wide sleigh:

First, it will reduce to a minimum the danger of upsetting, which in many cases has left lasting injuries on the bodies of those riding in such sleigh; and besides this the unpleasant task of picking up what is spilled, if this is possible.

Second, the wide sleighs and the narrow ones, of which there will be some, will make two wide paths for our heavy horses and the various kinds of vehicles to travel in, which will be a marked advantage over the narrow sleigh track.

Third, it will permit the use of a wagon for hauling hay, straw, etc., without any serious difficulties and without spoiling the sleigh track as is sometimes the case with the narrow track.

Fourth, it will help us to decide whether to take the wagon or the sleigh when the sleighnig is bad at places and good at other places.

We will then take the wagon and very nicely drive along in our wide sleigh track.

Fifth, it will permit the use of the automobile during the greater portion of the sleighing period, which will be much to the advantage of the farmer, the doctor, the preacher, the laboring man, the mail carrier, etc., etc., etc.

Thanking you in advance for the interest I know you will take in this matter and for speaking to your friends and neighbors about it, I am yours for a wide sleigh track, the sooner the quicker.

G. I. Schaper

NEW DOCTOR IN KLEMME, TO CO-OPERATE WITH DOCTOR ZINN

Dr. R. N. Reuber, a nephew of Dr. Zinn, came Monday to assist Dr. Zinn with his practice. Dr. Reuber since graduating has been practicing at Goldfield, Iowa, for about six months or more. He comes here from Chicago where he recently completed three months work specializing in eye, ear, nose and throat treatment. Dr. Reuber is a fine yung man, pleasant to meet and good natured. We believe he will make an excellent partner for Dr. Zinn in his large practice. The Doctors intend to remodel the present office by building on an addition and installing the latest type of X-Ray machine and other equipment. Dr. Reuber has already been initiated into the practice here as he had hardly time to say "hello" before he was called out on a case. We cordially welcome him to Klemme and wish him and the senior doctor the very best success.

FARM BUREAU HOLDS MEETING HERE MONDAY

L. T. Nutty, the county agent, came over from Britt Monday and met with the farmers of Ell township. A very interesting meeting was held and quite a number of farmers were in attendance. Various problems of interest to the farmer were fully discussed. A similar meeting was held the following afternoon in Liberty township. The farmers in the county are getting pretty well organized and the Farm Bureau is making rapid growth here.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Public worship at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., with sermon by the pastor.

Sunday School at 11:30 a. m. A live, interesting, enthusiastic school. Adults especially invited. No church in Algona district and only four other churches in all Northwest Iowa conference have a larger enrollment in Sunday School in proportion to the church membership. Come and learn the reason.

Sunday evening sermon continuing the series on Shadowland, will deal with Twentieth Century Witchcraft.

A. E. Buriff, Minister

THE BUYING PUBLIC AND ADVERTISING STORES

That the American people who buy merchandise like to read advertisements and patronize stores that do advertise has been proven by all preadventure of dispute.

A Boone county farmer's wife when asked her opinion of newspaper advertising by a Democrat reporter, and whether or not she read the "ads" replied: "To be sure I read them, we take a Des Moines daily almost wholly to have a chance to look over the dry goods and shoe advertising."

Years ago when a man opened up a new store he sat down and waited for customers to come around and see him. If he waited long enough—a good many years, they got used to his patience and did come around.

Modern business is built on the soliciting system and no matter how much we try to dodge the fact it remains that the man who solicits your business and does it in the right manner is going to have your trade—everything else being equal.

The retail dealer buys from the wholesale house that solicits his trade. He rarely bothers with firms that do not care enough about his patronage to solicit it and send a representative to call on him. He feels that they must be out of line with the modern tendency and that they are unlikely to be up-to-date or enterprising.

The buying public feels the same way about it.

They wait to see what store solicits their trade before deciding where to buy. If a merchant does not solicit their trade in any way, they must conclude he is out of the game.

As newspaper advertising is the only practical way of soliciting trade at a reasonable cost, it is the only way to make it appear that a dealer is playing the game of modern business.—Boone County Democrat.

TWENTIETH CENTURY WITCHCRAFT

"Do you believe in ghosts?"

"No, but I'm afraid of them."

None of us believe in superstitions (the other fellow's.) Most of us have a few little pet ones of our own. Four-fifths of mankind believe in witchcraft to this day. The last trial for witchcraft was in Salem, Massachusetts and the date was not in 1692 as the school histories recite, but in 1878.

The sermon on Sunday evening next, at the Methodist Episcopal church will deal with modern witchcraft and popular superstitions, presentiments, dreams, telepathy, etc., so far as the limits of time will allow. Spiritualism, apparitions, visions and kindred subjects will be treated on succeedng Sunday evenings. Great progress has been made during the past twenty years in our knowledge of the truths underlying these phenomena, the last five years being especially fruitful. A feature that should make these sermons more useful is the offer of Dr. Buriff to answer any questions from the audience at the conclusion of his discourse. If preferred, the questions may be written and handed up at the beginning or through the ushers in the course of the evening.

WANT GERMANIA AGAIN

Election Called at Lakota to Decide On Resuming Old Name

ALGONA, Ia.,—An election has been called for Feb. 17, to allow the residents of Lakota to vote on a proposition to change the name of the town back to Germania.

During the war the name of the town was changed on account of the feeling that existed against Germany.

Now that the war is over the city council has ordered a plebcicite to determine whether the old name shall be restored.

C. F. Specht is mayor and J. Gus Thaves is clerk of the town.

Will have a car of Washed Egg coal in a few days, order now. W. F. Lau

For Sale—3 good building lots, will sell at a bargain if taken before Mar. 1st, Chas Ax, Klemme, Iowa.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Owing to the press of work due to the Flu and the usual acute winter diseases I will be unable to make my visits to Klemme until towards Spring. Patients from Klemme may come to Garner either on the morning or afternoon trains. Special calls will be attended to as usual.

Respectfully,
Dr. R. W. Schultz,
Osteopathic Physician

1w

GIVE THE AMERICAN BLUEGRASS A SHOW

—Reproduced by permission New York Tribune, Copyright, 1919.

ADVERTISE CANDY: Men-Women. Earn $30 wkly. Experience unnecessary. We start you in the candy business, at home, small room, any-where. Everything furnished. Grand opportunity. Write for particulars. Candymaking House. 5-South 18th St., Philadelphia, Pa. tf4-29

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

Left Algernon Pondering.

Algernon (after being accepted)—"Have you ever loved before?" Angela—"No! I have often admired men—for their strength, courage, beauty, intelligence, or something like that, you know; but with you, Algernon, it's all love—nothing else!"

How Moving Signs Work.

In a general way, the mechanism of a moving electric sign is like the old-time music box drum, filled with pins. As the drum revolves the pins make the contacts at determined intervals, and the illusions of revolving circles of light, bird effects and designs almost without limit are produced.

THE HOUSE OF TOO MUCH TROUBLE

In the House of Too Much Trouble
Lived a lonely little boy;
He was eager for a playmate,
He was hungry for a toy.
But 'twas always too much bother,
Too much dirt, and too much noise,
For the House of Too Much Trouble
Wasn't meant for little boys.
And sometimes the little fellow
Left a book upon the floor,
Or forgot and laughed too loudly,
Or he failed to close the door.
In the House of Too Much Truoble
Things must be precise and trim—
In a House of Too Much Trouble
There was little room for him.
He must never scatter playthings,
He must never romp and play;
Ev'ry room must be in order
And left quiet all the day.
He had never had companions,
He had never owned a pet—
In the House of Too Much Trouble,
It is trim and quiet yet.
Ev'ry room is set in order—
Every book is in it's place,
And the lonely little fellow
Wears a smile upon his face.
In the House of Too Much Trouble
He is silent and at rest—
In the House of Too Much Trouble,
With a lily on his breast.

—Albert Bigelow Paine

Fireweed's Good Work.

Fireweed, otherwise known as the "great willow-herb," seems to have been created as an antidote for one of the ugliest sights a landscape may offer—burnt-over ground. The fireweed is a genuine cosmopolite, for it sends its consoling shaft above the ashes of burnt forests not only throughout America but in Europe and Asia.

Protection Against Catarrh.

Any constitutional exercise which improves the circulation and makes the body resistant helps to protect one from catarrh. This is particularly true of all breathing exercises because the effects are beneficial locally as well as constitutionally, says one of the best-known physical culture teachers in New York. So let us teach our children the value of correct and deep breathing, and in doing so we improve our own health and thereby impart cheerfulness and happiness to our home.

Thoughtful Bobbie.

When Bobbie went to see his grandmother he was much interested in whatever went on in the kitchen. One morning she said to him: "I'm going to make you a nice little pie in a saucer, Bobbie, all for yourself. Don't you think I'm pretty good to take so much trouble?" Bobbie thought about it a moment. "Grandma," he said, "mamma told me not to be a bother, and if it's going to be any trouble you can just as well make my pie the reg'lar size."

THIRTEEN LEAP-YEAR BABIES

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Thirteen four-year-old babies will celebrate their second birthday on Feb. 29, this year. A record of Feb. 29, 1916, shows that twenty-five babies were born in this city on that day, but some have died, others have been moved away and there are thirteen that have been traced to homes here. Two sets of twins are included in this number.

CO. TREASURER'S OFFICE IS SELF SUPPORTING

County Treasurer Thompson advises us that the interest paid by the banks on county deposits more than pays the expenses of the treasurer's office at the county seat. We often speak of the large expense of conducting the county offices without giving thought to the fact that our banking institutions pay interest on 90 per cent of the daily balances on all public funds deposited with them. If the interest more than pays the expenses of the county treasurer's office it is an item of revenue to the county worth mentioning for the expense of operating that office must of necessity be a considerable sum.—Britt News-Tribune.

FARM NEWS WANTED

We would like to have a correspondent in every farm locality in the vicinity of Klemme. Anyone can easily get together a few items each week of what is going on in your neighborhood. The only way we can get this news is to have a correspondent in each neighborhood. We will be glad to make arrangements with anyone who will volunteer to write news for us. Call at the Times office and see us. Editor.

TOO PARTICULAR

Particular concerning a particular matter is well enough, but too particular concerning a certain particular may be more particular than that particular warrants; so relative to that particular we wish to say in particular, let us not be quite so particular.

WELLEMEYER'S FIRST FURNITURE SHOW

This week beginning Saturday will mark the beginning of the first Furniture Show at the Wellemeyer Department Store. Mr. Wellemeyer will show all the latest styles in furniture, rugs, pianos, and everything that goes into a house to make it cozy.

FENTON MAY CONSOLIDATE

A proposal to consolidate the Fenton schools is being agitated. At last accounts petitions were in circulation Twenty-eight sections, or thereabouts, are to be included in the territory of the proposed district.—Algona Advance.

SHEFFIELD, Ia., Feb. 12.—Sheffield celebrated last night with bonfires and whistles as a result of the election held yesterday on the building of a memorial building to cost $25,000.

The vote stood 309 for to 57 against the issuing of these bonds.

Sheffield is the first town in the country to vote on a memorial to honor the soldiers.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our neighbors and friends for their help and sympathy in our recent bereavement.

Sincerely,
C. C. Schaefer and family

NEW BANK TO BE OPENED AT GARNER

It has been reported to us that a Mr. Butler, of Ringsted, has purchased the building next to the Signal office at Garner which he takes possession of March first, and will open for business about the first of April. There are now two banks in Garner, the Farmers National and the First National.

Henry Greiman brought another wolf pelt into the office of County Auditor Jacobs Wednesday and claimed the $10.00 bounty. In addition to the bounty the pelt itself was worth several dollars.—Garner Democrat.

Mr. C. V. McCullough came from Garner Monday evening to spend the night with his son and daughter here, Gerald and Mildred, and also to take his little girl home who came Saturday night for an over Sunday stay with her brother and sister.

TIMES PRINT SHOP REMODELED

We have had the carpenters busy the past week remodeling the interior of the Times print shop, which we believe is for the better. We have had the stairway leading to our press room changed about in such a manner that the floor space is greatly increased. The stones, type cases and the like have also been shifted about, and other smaller details re-arranged. We have also purchased a large quantity of new type and other materials and plan to add some more new machinery. Our office room will also undergo some changes in the near future.

Thirty years ago this month Ben Swalve moved up from Ackley and bought the Archie Christie place south of town for $20 an acre. Everybody thought this was an enormous price and he was informed that he got beat on the deal. The town of Klemme was practically nothing then and Ben says there were but four business men in town: Schafer & Dow conducted a general business in the place now occupied by Kirkwood, and a fellow by the name of Irickson and a pardner were conducting a grain office, but no elevator. Corn and oats were worth only a few cents per bushel. Compare this with the present prices both in land and grain, and the size and prosperity of Klemme today. We will say it is some difference.

Clark Bredbenner has been putting up ice in his ice house the past week and has had a full force of men busy every day cutting and hauling. The ice is taken from the river west of town near the bridge and is of extra fine quality this year. The ice being harvested this week was about twenty-three inches thick.

The Idle Hour Theatre was reopened again Monday of this week after being closed for a short time due to the flu scare. The entertainment given that night was Robert Briggs, entertainer, and fourth number of the lecture course. The attendance was good and all were highly pleased with the number.

For sale—3 used ranges, guaranteed in good condition. Jacobs & Son.

Rev. Meyer has been somewhat "under the weather" the past week and was unable to preach his usual Sunday sermon. However he was seen strutting about the first of this week again and seems to be recuperating. He has been suffering a great deal thi winter with neuralgia.

A blaze started in the roof of Hocum's elevator office yesterday caused by an overheated exhaust pipe from the engine. Chemical extinguishers killed the flames.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Buentenback arrived in Klemme this afternoon from Williams, Iowa and immediately began to the farm vacated by Earl Kahler. Also Mr. Buentenbach ordered the Times for one year.

Howard Spitler shipped a fine pure bred Chester White hog to a party at Storm Lake Tuesday. Klemme breeders of pure bred stock are becoming widely known. Hardly a week passes but what we notice some thoroughbred stock being shipped out by our local men.

E. G. Ell and Elmer Fuller left Monday for Des Moines to take in the auto show which is in session there this week. While at the city they will also attend study classes conducted by the Ford Company to learn more about the new starters and ignition system which is now installed on all Ford Cars.

There are four farm sales this week Tuesday H. J. Schlichting sold out his goods; Wednesday Dick Panoff held a sale; Thursday (today) is the big sale of Wm. C. Schmidt & Son, one of the largest held in the county this year. Friday G. H. Carlson has a sale. Tuesday, Feb. 24, Harry Sandrey has a sale. This will just about wind up the farm sales in this community. The Times office has printed sale bills and advertising for about fifty farm sales this winter. We have printed many bills for farmers outside of this territory. The majority of the farmers have seen the value of advertising and have in most instances advertised their sale in more than one paper, using either a quarter page or a half page ad with great results.

'FADE-OUT' MAN HALTS WEDDING

Wealthy Fiance of Sophie Loderhose Provides Brooklyn First-Class Mystery.

BRIDE-TO-BE IS SICK

Day Before Wedding News Is Received of Man's Death in Auto Accident—Investigation Shows No Such Accident Occurred.

New York.—Miss Sophie Loderhose of 1447 Dean street, Brooklyn, is under the care of physicians following her heart-breaking experience with a fiance whose personality is shrouded in mystery.

The man she expected to marry was known to her as "Dr. A. William Hoffman, Jr.," an officer of the United States navy, a man of wealth, who was supposed to have homes in Millbrook, N. Y., and Pasadena, Cal., and whose father was supposed to have been a well-known physician of Brooklyn.

Miss Loderhose met "Doctor Hoffman" first at a dance through a woman who said she was Doctor Hoffman's sister.

Courted by Telephone.

Following the engagement last March Miss Loderhose received many valuable gifts from the man, including a four-carat diamond ring.

She was constantly called on the telephone by "Doctor Hoffman" and these calls purported to come either from Millbrook, and more lately from Pasadena, Cal. Miss Loderhose sometimes conversed for hours with her fiance, who, she said, told her he was in Pasadena supervising the erection of the home in which they were to live.

The date for the wedding was set and invitations were issued. Elaborate arrangements for the wedding were made, including rearrangement of the

Was Constantly Called on the Telephone by "Dr. Hoffman."

seats of Immanuel Lutheran church, whose pastor, Rev. John C. Holthausen, was to have performed the ceremony.

Halted by Death Report.

The day before that set for the wedding came the news that "Doctor Hoffman," on his way east from Pasadena, while in an automobile with a friend, "Doctor Cochrane" (who had been named as one of the ushers) had been killed in an automobile accident at French Lick Springs, Ind.

The information came in the form of a long-distance telephone message to Miss Loderhose, from a person who said he was Doctor Hoffman, Sr., father of the mysterious fiance.

Doctor Holthausen's suspicions had become aroused, as had those of W. P. Phillips of Brooklyn, Miss Loderhose's brother-in-law. Independent investigations by both men have established the fact that no Doctor Hoffman is known either in Millbrook or in Pasadena; that no automobile accident occurred in or near French Lick Springs on the date of the supposed death of Doctor Hoffman, that no Doctor Hoffman is listed in the medical directories of Brooklyn.

STEALS SACRAMENTAL WINE

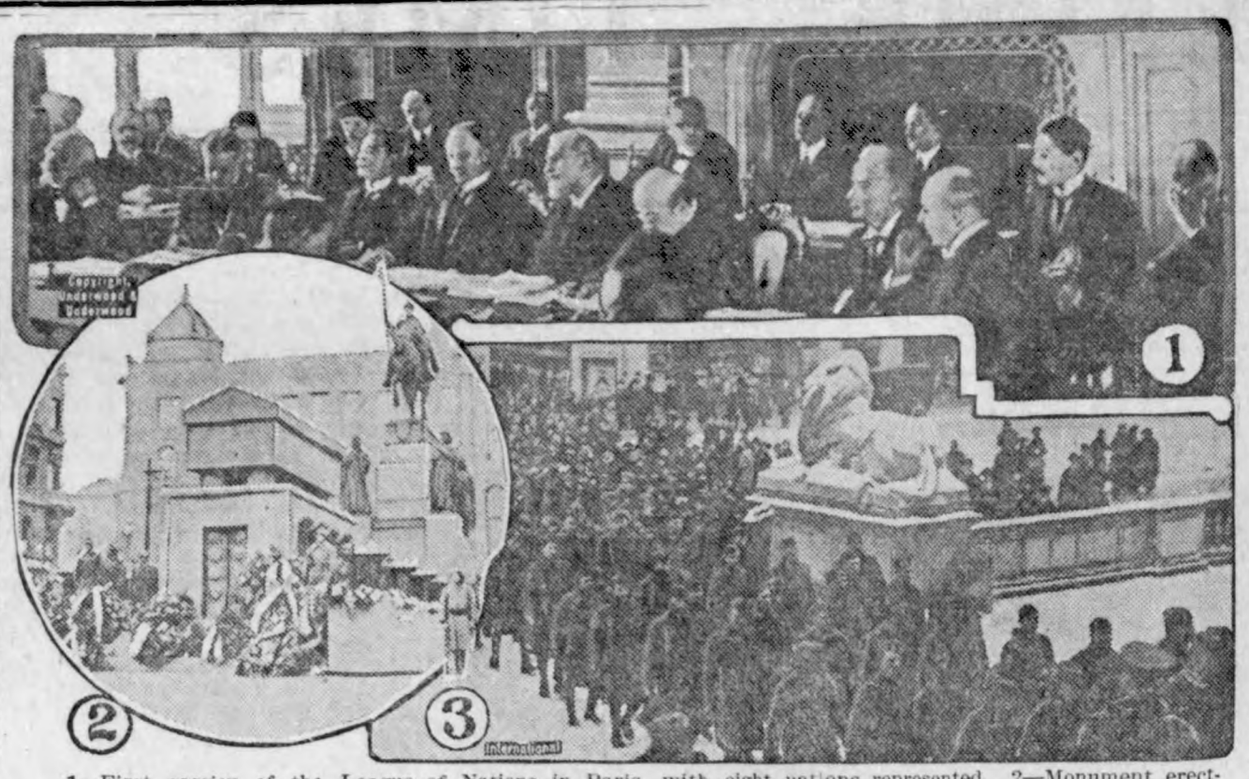
Thief Siphons Nine Barrels of Liquor From Dealer's Cellar in New York.

New York.—Theft of nine barrels of wine, intended for sacramental services in churches, was recently reported by a wholesale dealer.

The owner said the wine had been siphoned from his basement, where it was stored, to an adjoining cellar by means of a 75-foot pipe. The loss of the liquor was not discovered until some time after the theft.

'Dead' Goat Lived When Thawed Out.

Winsted, Conn.—Going to his goat barn early in the morning, B. E. Moore, found a newly-born kid, which apparently had frozen to death. He put it in the oven in the kitchen. The little goat thawed out and soon was able to scamper about the house.



1—First session of the League of Nations in Paris, with eight nations represented. 2—Monument erected in Prague to Czecho-Slovak volunteers who fought in other lands. 3—Last contingent of the A. E. F. to come home marching through New York city.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Germans Protest They Cannot Surrender War Criminals for Trial by Allies.

SAY GOVERNMENT WOULD FALL

Council of Ambassadors May Consider Some Modifications—Great Fall of Foreign Exchange May Stop Exports—Results of Viscount's Grey's Letter.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Germany's always evident intention to evade as much of the Versailles treaty as she could brought matters between her and the allies to the critical stage last week. The test of the ability of the allies to enforce full compliance with the terms of the pact comes up in the case of the Germans who are accused of war crimes and whose extradition for trial is demanded, in accordance with the treaty which Germany signed. The list, comprising 890 names, was handed to Baron von Lersner, head of the German delegation at Paris, for transmission to his government. He had been protesting, verbally and in writing, against the enforcement of that clause of the treaty, and finding his arguments futile, sent the list back to the French foreign office and resigned his post. The list was sent to Berlin by telegraph, but the Berlin government made it plain that it would never consent to extradition of the accused. Its attitude was expressed by Miniser of Defense Noske, who said: "The surrender of these men is virtually impossible. Suppose I succeeded in getting the men arrested. Do you think the train taking them to France would be allowed to cross the frontier? And if a crowd held up the train, do you imagine that I could order Germans shot down so that other Germans should be handed over to the revenge of their enemies? The government might resign, but what party could take its place?"

Passive resistance, it was said, would be the course followed by Ebert's government. The Berlin press agreed that delivery of the men could not be made, and the general assertion was that insistence by the allies would mean the downfall of the government and a probable revolution.

The council of ambassadors in Paris was sufficiently impressed by the German assertions to consider a modification of its demands. Its plan as outlined there was that Germany should accept the list of offenders and thus admit their culpability, and that the allies should then consider the exigencies of the situation.

As for the former kaiser, his fate seems to be either trial and punishment by the allies or exile from Europe. Sir Auckland Geddes, British minister of national service and reconstruction, declared in a speech at Andover that the government intended to put the former emperor on trial and carry out whatever penalty was provided; and he added that if Holland persisted in giving him asylum it must put him on some island belonging to it outside of Europe, for the fallen ruler could not reside on Dutch territory in Europe. There has been talk of a trade embargo against Holland to compel her to surrender Wilhelm, but it is not considered likely that this will be resorted to by the allies.

Foreign exchange, which had been steadily falling for some time, went down with a crash last week, and financiers of all calibers were thrown into a near-panic. On American stock exchanges prices tumbled fast and holders of securities added to the collapse by dumping their stocks and bonds on the market. The causes and probable effects of all this must be left to the financial experts to tell. But one thing is made clear to every one. That is that the high cost of living in America is due to shortage of production no more than to the greed of the producers. For the downward trend of foreign exchange is putting a stop to the export of American products to Europe, and those who should know agree that this is almost certain to result in a decrease in prices in this country. The European importers cannot afford to buy these products when exchange is so much against them, and there will be a "backing up" in all lines of goods, which will be thrown on the American market. This movement already is under way. Prices of grains and other commodities declined considerably last week, and in the case of grains the drop was helped on by the action of the railway administration which placed a ten-day embargo on the use of freight cars for the shipment of anything except grain, wood pulp or sugar in the Mississippi valley states. This was done to provide the farmers with cars with which to send their crops to market, relieving the artificial shortage and releasing immense funds.

Dispatches from Warsaw made it plain that Poland was about to accept the peace offer of the soviet government of Russia provided guarantees were given that bolshevist propaganda in Poland and other European states would cease. Poland's aim, says Prince Lubomirski, minister to the United States, is to serve as a peaceful and moral bulwark against bolshevism, and for this she must have the economic support of the allies.

By the Russo-Esthonian peace treaty the soviet government renounces all sovereignty over Esthonia and recognizes its independence. Both parties renounce claims to compensation for war expenditures. The treaty provides that prisoners will be repatriated shortly by both. Russia is to pay Esthonia 15,000,000 rubles in gold. There are to be no customs or transit charges on goods by either country.

The soviet armies met with some reverses last week, notably one in the region of the Don where the best of the bolshevik cavalry was routed by the Russian volunteer forces. In general, however, the soviet forward movement was continued on all fronts. A local revolution in Vladivostok put that city in the hands of the rebels. In England and probably elsewhere the opinion is gaining strength that peace should be made with the Lenine government because the return to normal life in Russia will soon destroy bolshevism.

When Viscount Grey's letter to the London Times, justifying the delay of the senate in ratifying the peace treaty and explaining to the British the attitude of America toward world affairs, was made public, it was at once assumed that acceptance of the pact by the senate, with the Lodge reservations little modified, would soon follow. Both sides admitted that the Grey letter had knocked important props from under the opposition to the Lodge program, in that it made clear that Great Britain and, presumably, the other allied powers would welcome the adhesion of America even with the reservations. The informal committee of the senate had failed to reach a compromise and Hitchcock had given notice that he would move to take up the treaty in the open senate on February 10. Lodge countered with the statement that the Republicans would bring the pact before the senate one day earlier. As the days passed with no comment from the White House on the Grey letter, however, hope for early ratification faded, and toward the end of the week it was widely reported in Washington that the letter had angered the president and increased his determination never to accept the Lodge reservations or anything like them. It was said Mr. Wilson and his firm adherents looked on Viscount Grey's pronouncement as an unwarranted attempt by the spokesman of a foreign government to interfere in the legislative affairs of this country. Though it seemed the letter had persuaded many Democrats that it was best to accept the reservations, it was admitted that the president could still rally a sufficient number to prevent ratification.

As a matter of parliamentary procedure, the treaty now goes through the entire course through which it passed before its rejection on November 19, so any amendments are in order. Senator Johnson hurried back from the far West with the assertion that he would push his amendment giving the United States six votes in the League of Nations, the same as the British empire. This, Lord Grey intimated, was preferable to the Lenroot reservation, which sometimes would bar the empire from voting at all. Johnson and his supporters say now that opponents of his plan will find themselves in the position of being "more British than the British."

In any event Lord Grey's letter has justified, to the British and to many Americans, this country's hesitancy to enter the League of Nations without full consideration and careful examination, since it is so radical a departure from our traditional policy. It will go far toward restoring or maintaining sympathetic relations between America and Great Birtain, especially if we do finally enter the league.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels appeared before the senate subcommittee investigating navy awards and replied vigorously to the charges made by Rear Admiral Sims and others. He read a prepared statement in which he took up point by point statements before the subcommittee by Admiral Sims and dwelt at considerable length on the two major disagreements voiced by the admiral—namely, the awarding of decorations to officers who lost their ships through submarine attacks or by mines, and the relative importance of shore and sea duty. On the latter Mr. Daniels said he had not and never would "approve a disparity between awards given men who served on shore as compared with the men who went to sea." Admiral Sims, he asserted, probably advocated high awards for many officers who served on staff duty ashore and few awards for officers who went to sea because "most of Admiral Sims' duty in the navy has been on shore."

Secretary Daniels declared there was nothing the matter with the morale of the navy except a shortage of enlisted men in many ratings and insufficient pay for officers and men left.

The conference committee of the senate and house reached a full agreement on railroad legislation, and it seemed certain that the remodeled Esch-Cummins bill would soon be reported to both houses and passed before March 1. As it now stands the Cummins antistrike provision is omitted but the Esch voluntary arbitration plan is strengthened by the creation of a board of appeals of five members to be appointed by the president. Public opinion will be relied on to prevent strikes. The Cummins section providing for an average return of 5½ per cent remains but the interstate commerce commission is given authority, after one and a half or two years, to change the percentage. Earnings above 6 per cent are to be divided equally between carriers and a fund to be administered by the commerce commission for the benefit of weaker railroads. The guaranteed standard return now in effect is to be continued for six months, the government paying the deficit. A revolving fund of $300,000,000 is established to make loans to the railroads.

All week representatives of the railway administration and officials of the railway unions endeavored to reach an agreement on the wage demands of the brotherhoods, but at this writing the results were nil. On Thursday the executive committee of the maintenance of way employees and railway shop laborers met in Detroit to consider wage demands. The grand president of the union predicted a general strike on the railways if a satisfactory adjustment was not reached at Washington. Some of the railway labor leaders are seriously discussing the formation of a third big political party with government ownership and lowering of the cost of living as its platform, and with a showdown at the presidential election next fall.

HOME TOWN HELPS

GENERAL CLEANUP IN ORDER

Patriotic Advertising Is No Longer an Excuse for the Presence of Unsightly Billboard.

Now that the orgy of war advertising is ended, where does it all leave YOU—as the posters said—and your future contributions to the maintenance of the advertiser's paradise? You gladly saw patriotism written all over the beautiful buildings and places of the city—even though this writing was a kind of scribbling, so incongruous were the papers and flimsinesses. Beauty was for the moment nothing—nothing unless it, too, served. But now!

Are we to be equally content to see Piffle's Pickles emblazoned where we testified our intention to save food and thus help win the war? Will not chewing gum and chicle be more than ever an impertinence when inflated to the dimensions of our fatherland, the liberty of the world and the sacrifices of our sons?

Some have feared that the riot of outdoor war advertising would debase our taste and make the public still more heedless of the incongruousness and ugliness of the advertising nuisance. We think not. In spite of everything, the war advertising truly expressed us. We looked at it and read it—and liked some of it—because it did. It expressed us best when it was most beautiful. And although much of it was small in scale, it never was too big to express the great ideas. But now, will not the apotheosis of the insignificant seem more than ever cheap and tawdry? If so, the blatant advertisement has lost some of its advertising value. If it could only lose it all, if people would not patronize what is offensively advertised, it would disappear.—Bulletin of the Municipal Art Society of New York.

PLANTS ON CITY LAMP-POSTS

Authorities of Allentown, Pa., Turn Usually Unsightly Objects Into Things of Beauty.

Turning the street lamp-posts into things of beauty is the object of the authorities of Allentown, Pa.

In that city every lamp-post wears a hanging-garden effect from spring until late autumn. The flowers and decorative leaf-bearing plants are planted in urn-shaped globes which encircle the lamp-posts some distance below the light.

The city fathers who thought of and adopted the flowering lamp-post idea made a thorough job of beauti-

fying the town by removing all of the overhead telephone and telegraph wires—at least, in the principal streets.

But Allentown can boast of use as well as beauty. It is the county seat of a farming section which ranks as one of the leading potato producers of the country.—Popular Science Monthly.

All Should Own Homes.

From the national standpoint, it is most desirable that every citizen should own his home. The proper education of the child needs the sanctity of the home and the future of our country depends upon the average citizen doing his or her duty "to train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it."

Building and loan associations should be formed in all cities where they do not already exist, as they are most useful in assisting men to acquire a home through the monthly installment plan.—Exchange.

For Large and Small Cities.

There should be a definite park policy and an appropriation sufficient to open up one new small park or recreation ground each year. Density of population grows in sections, and property values rise accordingly.

A forehanded small park policy will follow the trail of population density with an eagle's eye. The toilers and their usually large brood of children should have these city breathing spots at their doors.—Chicago Journal.

GIRLS! A MASS OF WAVY, GLEAMY BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Let "Danderine" save and glorify your hair

In a few moments you can transform your plain, dull, flat hair. You can have it abundant, soft, glossy and full of life. Just get at any drug or toilet counter a small bottle of "Danderine" for a few cents. Then moisten a soft cloth with the Danderine and draw this through your hair taking one small strand at a time. Instantly, yes immediately, you have doubled the beauty of your hair. It will be a marvel so soft, lustrous, fluffy and so easy to do up. All dust, dirt and excessive oil is removed.

Let Danderine put more life, color, vigor and brightness in your hair. This stimulating tonic will freshen your scalp, check dandruff and falling hair and help your hair to grow long, thick, strong and beautiful.—Adv.

Those Wags.

"Ever eat any venison?"

"About all I eat is dear."—Boston Transcript.

How's This?

We offer $100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Its Sort.

"In youth, we have vaulting ambition." "Yes, especially when we play leap frog."

Garfield Tea keeps the liver normal.—Adv.

Not That Goal.

"Are you going to the terminal on this car?" "Oh, no; we're just going to the end of the line."

Says Dodd's Kidney Pills Wonderful Remedy

Mrs. Delia Olson, of New London, Wis., like many others, knows after experiencing the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills that they are unexcelled. Here is what Mrs. Olson recently wrote us:

"I suffered with rheumatism for years. There was a gravel deposit in the urine and I had frequent headaches. I had dark circles around my eyes and was always tired. I bought a box of your Dodd's Kidney Pills and am glad I did, for I soon cured quick relief and think they are a wonderful remedy."

Mighty few people realize in time that kidney trouble is making its advances upon their health. They put off treatment—they say, "Oh, I'll be all right in a day or two." And the malady tightens its grip. Result: Bright's Disease, hospital treatment, doctors' bills—often death.

When you have backache, dizziness, pain in loins, stiffness in stooping or lifting, spots before the eyes, sediment in secretions, rheumatic pains, or swollen joints, immediately start toning the kidneys by the regular use of the remedy endorsed by hundreds of users—DODD'S kidney Pills.

If your druggist does not carry them, order direct, sending us 60c in stamps and mention your druggist's name.

Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

MILLIONS

Suffer from

Acid-Stomach

Millions of people suffer year after year from ailments affecting practically every part of the body, never dreaming that their ill health can be traced directly to acid-stomach. Here is the reason: poor digestion means poor nourishment of the different organs and tissues of the body. The blood is impoverished—becomes weak, thin, sluggish. Ailments of many kinds spring from such conditions. Biliousness, rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, general weakness, loss of power and energy, headache, insomnia, nervousness, mental depression—even more serious ailments such as catarrh and cancer of the stomach, intestinal ulcers, cirrhosis of the liver, heart trouble—all of these can often be traced directly to acid-stomach.

Keep a sharp lookout for the first symptoms of acid-stomach—indigestion, heartburn, belching, food repeating, that awful painful bloat after eating, and sour, gassy stomach. EATONIC, the wonderful modern remedy for acid-stomach, is guaranteed to bring quick relief from these stomach miseries. Thousands say they never dreamed that anything could bring such speedy relief—and make them feel so much better in every way. Try EATONIC and you, too, will be just as enthusiastic in its praise. Make your life worth living—no aches or pains—no blues or melancholy—no more of that tired, listless feeling. Be well and strong. Get back your physical and mental punch; your vim, vigor and vitality. You will always be weak and ailing as long as you have acid-stomach. So get rid of it now. Take EATONIC Tablets—they taste good—you eat them like a bit of candy. Your druggist has EATONIC—50 cents for a big box. Get a box from him today and if you are not satisfied he will refund your money.

EATONIC

FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Let the sunshine stream in. It will not fade a wall painted with

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
Flat-Tone

Do not cover up your walls—paint them with Flat-Tone. The colors are beautiful; the effect is restful. Sunshine merely emphasizes their richness and for indirect lighting they are ideal. Pictures leave no marks when moved and soiled spots can be wiped away with a damp cloth.

We have Flat-Tone in any shade you wish. Also a complete line of Sherwin-Williams' products, including S W P and Brighten-Up Finishes.

REMEMBER--You can trade your EGGS for Paint and Hardware at this Store

G. W. Kluchohn & Sons

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Canny and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

Come In and let us show you all about

The New
PRIMROSE
Cream Separator

This is the machine you have been wanting--*A perfect Separator in every way.* We have a full supply in three sizes.

Get your Primrose now and gain more cream money.

SEED We are now taking orders for **Timothy and Clover Seed.**

W. M. Baack

Farm Implements *Klemme, Iowa*

WARNS NATION OF RED PERIL

U. S. Department of Justice Urges Americans to Guard Against Bolshevism Menace.

CALLS RED PLANS CRIMINAL

Press, Church, Schools, Labor Unions and Civic Bodies Called Upon to Teach True Purpose of Bolshevist Propaganda.

Washington.—Calling for the patriotic support of all true Americans in its fight to protect their homes, religion and property from the spreading menace of Bolshevism, the United States Department of Justice has issued a warning against the insidious propaganda of the "Reds" during the new year. It reads:

"It would be extremely helpful to the cause of good government, the maintenance of law and order and the preservation of peace and happiness in our country if the people on this New Year's day would resolve to study, understand and appreciate the so-called 'Red' movement. They can counteract it most effectively by teaching its purpose through the press, the church, the schools, patriotic organizations and labor unions, all of which are within the range of its insidious attacks.

"Red" Theories Criminal.

"The 'Red' movement does not mean an attitude of protest against alleged defects in our present political and economic organization of society. It does not represent the radicalism of progress. It represents a specific doctrine—namely, the introduction of dictatorships the world over by force and violence. It is not a movement of liberty-loving persons, but a distinctly criminal and dishonest movement. Lenine himself made the statement at the Third Soviet Conference, 'Among one hundred so-called Bolshevists there is one real Bolshevik, thirty-nine criminals and sixty fools.' It advocates the destruction of all ownership in property, the destruction of all religion and belief in God. It is a movement organized against Democracy and in favor of the power of the few built by force. Bolshevism, syndicalism, the Soviet Government, sabotage, etc., are only names for old theories of violence and criminality.

Russian Labor Crushed.

"Though their adherents in this country are advocating and fomenting strikes, Lenine and Trotzky forbid strikes, and trade unions are being broken up and completely subordinated to the will of the few demagogues in control in Russia. This Bolshevist experiment on the living body of the Russian people has not proven in any sense of the word an experiment in Democracy. The Bolshevist leaders frankly repudiate democratic principles as we understand them. It has been a gamble which meant for Russia, and, indeed, for the whole of humanity, enormous losses in lives as well as in material resources. The Bolshevists have run up a colossal bill which the Russian workmen and peasants will have to pay.

"Reds" Menace America.

"Having lived at the expense of the Russian people for two years, these speculators in human lives and other people's earnings are trying to move to new fields to the east and to the west, hoping to take advantage of the economic distress and confusion of mind in which humanity finds itself after the terrific strain of five years of war.

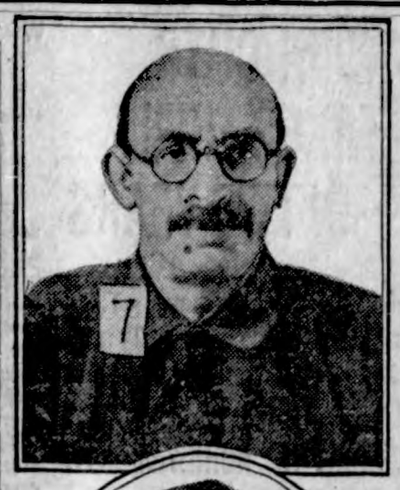
"Its sympathizers in this country are composed chiefly of criminals, mistaken idealists, social bigots and many unfortunate men and women suffering with varying forms of hyperesthesia. They are enemies of the government, of the church and of the home and advocate principles which mean the abolition of all three of these safeguards of civilization.

Would Rob Everybody.

"Twenty million people in this country own Liberty Bonds. These the 'Reds' propose to take away; 9,830,000 people in the United States own farms and 3,838,000 more own homes, which they would forfeit; 11,000,000 odd people have savings accounts in savings banks and 18,000,000 people have deposits in our national banks, at which they aim. There are hundreds of thousands of churches and religious institutions, all of which they would abolish. In other words, 110,000,000 hard-working and saving people who own property, love liberty and worship God are asked to abandon all the ideals of religion, liberty and government, which are the outcome of the struggles of their fathers and their own development, and to place themselves, their homes, their family and their religious faith in the keeping and their property under the domination of a small group of Lenines and Trotzkys.

Protection Promised.

"This department, as far as existing laws allow, intends during the forthcoming year to keep up an unflinching, persistent, aggressive warfare against any movement, no matter how cloaked or dissembled, having for its purpose either the promulgation of these ideas or the excitation of sympathy for those who spread them. The movement will not be permitted to go far enough in this country to disturb our peace and well-being or create any widespread distrust of the people's government. It will fall away before the light of popular knowledge and appreciation of its aims and purposes."



ALEXANDER BERKMAN
and
EMMA GOLDMAN,
Deported by U. S. Department of Justice as Leading Spirits in Communist Plots.

RED PAMPHLETS YANKS SPURNED

Poison Propaganda to Russian A. E. F. Revealed by U. S. Secret Service.

Extracts from pamphlets, published by the English-speaking Communists in Russia, and distributed among the American troops in the North—now in the possession of the U. S. Department of Justice.

"Comrades! Drop this dirty work. Turn your guns on your real enemies, the sweaters and capitalists.

"Come with us in the far nobler struggle to establish the triumph of labor the world over.

(Signed) N. LENIN."

"East and Central Europe is aflame with the revolt. The exploiting class has in some countries fallen, and in others are on the point of falling. The dawn of the day of Labor's emancipation has come!"

"You have arms. You know how to use them. Will you, like slaves, use them in defense of your master, or will you use them to help your class be free? If the former, then you know that you will meet with determined resistance of the united revolutionary people of East and Central Europe, and History will be your judge. If the latter, then here's a hearty welcome into the ranks of international labor."

"We want you to understand that every country in the world—including your own—can become a socialistic state, a workmen's country, if only it follows the Russian example. Every nation in the world—including the 'yankee race'—can become a really free nation, if it only does away with the trusts, the money lords and the bloodthirsty exploiters. It is up to you American soldiers to do it! It is up to you to bring the great lesson of the Russian Revolution home to your toiling and suffering brothers. It's up to you to start it there—in your own America, you just start it—and your brothers will follow you! You just dare! You have nothing to lose but your chains. You have a world to gain.

"You just dare to take home with you the Red Banner of the Revolution—and inscribe upon it:

"Down with capitalism!
"Long live Industrial Freedom!
"Long live Socialism!"

"You probably would let us alone and go home, if your officers would let you. But they do not intend to let you do so. You are under their orders, and they are under the orders of "higher ups," and those are under the orders of "still higher ups," etc. At the top of the whole pile are the wealthy capitalists who want to get their greedy hands upon the mines and factories, railways, etc., of Russia. That is the reason you are here to rob workingmen and make millionaires richer.

"We know that you are bound, hand and foot by discipline and have been in blind ignorance of what you were doing here or why you came. The only way that you can do the decent thing is by breaking the discipline that drives you to this crime against your own kind, the working class.

"The war is over. There is no honest reason for you to submit to military orders. You are not fighting 'German militarism.' You are submitting to it when you obey the commands of your own officer.

"You can break away. We know that you can, for we did. You are powerful enough and numerous enough to arrest the officers or to do with them what you please. Or you can come over to us."

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

Handy Tools
For The Farmer

Spring work will soon begin. The progressive farmer will get his machinery in repair now before the spring rush.

Get a set of tools

and do your own repairing. We always carry a full line of wood and iron working tools; perhaps it's a good saw, hammer or set of wrenches you are looking for--

And talking about wrenches---say, we have a crackerjack of an outfit, a seventeen piece outfit that will fit any nut or bolt on the farm, all packed a nice wood case. And we have sets that will holes from a pin-hole to a post hole. If you "bust" a bolt you can get's mate here,

Everything in Hardware at

Jacobs & Son

Exclusive Hardware *Klemme, Iawa*

Garner Band Concert

and Home Talent

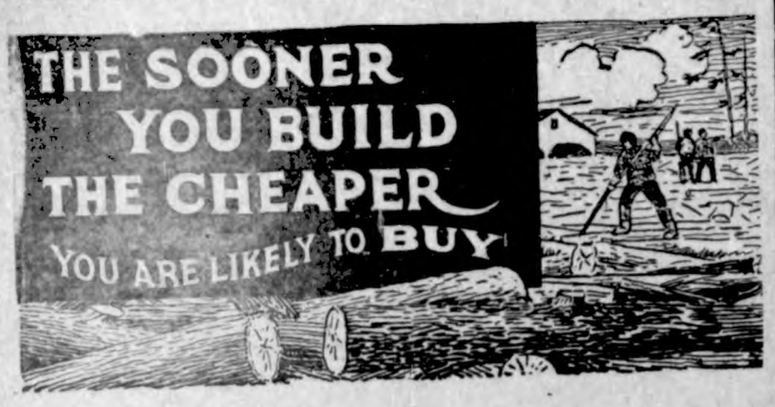
Colored Minstrel

at Garner Opera House

on Tuesday Evening Feb. 24

Colored gentlemen of all nationalities, sizes and temperments will be on the boards. Funny alway

Its a Band Benefit. Come!



That may seem queer talk under present building costs but we make the prediction advisedly.

For some years to come our export of building materials is bound to be immense.

For some years to come we will be unable to catch up with the demand at home.

We honestly believe we can sell to you cheaper now then later.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Confidential, personal relations are the basis of our service to customers.

They are not bealt with impersonally as depositors merely; they are treated as clients, in whose financial problem our officiers take a personal interest

Regardless of your need or request you can come to us with the assurance that you will be assited and advised to the best of our ability.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE
STATE SAVINGS BANK
CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA
AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Walter F. Lau

Dealer In

Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

DOCTOR MISSMAN
PHYSICIAN SURGEON
OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109
X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

LOWDEN CUTS TAXES THIRD IN TWO YEARS

Illinois Executive Shows That Business Methods More Than Counteract High Prices.

A RECORD OF ACHIEVEMENTS

Executive Departments Consolidated —Business Men Put in Office— Sound Financial Policy Applied to State Affairs.

Gov. Frank O. Lowden's great record as war executive of Illinois has made him one of the leading candidates for the Republican nomination for president. It is a story of administrative achievements. Every pledge to the people has been redeemed.

Despite high prices and unsettled conditions due to the war, Gov. Lowden, by the practical application of business methods to the management of the state's affairs, reduced the tax rate in Illinois 33 per cent in two years. His friends are certain that he can do for the nation what he has done for Illinois in the matter of good government and lower taxes if he is given the opportunity.

When Governor Lowden assumed office as executive of Illinois in January, 1917, the state treasury was practically bankrupt. There was only $550 to the credit of the general fund, when outstanding bills had been paid. One of his first official acts was to abolish many political jobs by combining the work of 125 different departments and bureaus into nine compact central departments. Gov. Lowden also had the state adopt a budget system which he thought would be a model for other commonwealths. He placed business men and trained experts in charge of each of these departments with gratifying results to the taxpayers.

The cost of conducting the state government was reduced hundreds of thousands of dollars a year while the quality of service to the public showed a marked improvement. The effects of a business administration in the state were manifest in a short time. The state gradually built up a cash balance and was able to discount its bills.

As a practical illustration of what good government means it is officially estimated that Illinois will have a cash balance of $9,877,225 on hand July 1, 1920, in spite of a reduction of 33 per cent in the tax rate. This is what Gov. Lowden's business administration has done for Illinois.

In addition to these things Gov. Lowden succeeded in accomplishing these concrete results:

Began work on the state's $60,000,000 good roads system. Two hundred miles of good road were built last year. One thousand miles will be completed in 1920.

Authorized the beginning of work on the last link of the state's system of waterways, which will connect the Great Lakes with the Mississippi river.

Obtained needed tax reforms for the people.

Reorganized the state's penal and charitable institutions on a humane basis.

Brought about a constitutional convention for Illinois, which is now in session forming a new basic law for the state.

Friends of Gov. Lowden believe that actions speak louder than words, and they point to his public record as evidence that he is the type of man needed for president in this critical period of the country's history.

PROGRESSIVE PARTY CHIEFS BACK LOWDEN

SENATOR McCORMICK, HAROLD ICKES AND OTHERS PUSH ILLINOISAN IN RACE.

The closest friends of the late Col. Theodore Roosevelt and former leaders of the Progressive party in Illinois and other states of the middle West are enthusiastically supporting Gov. Frank O. Lowden's candidacy for the Republican nomination for president. United States Senator Medill McCormick is one of the most active workers in Gov. Lowden's behalf, both in Washington and in Chicago.

Other former Progressives who are fighting for Lowden in the present campaign are: Harold L. Ickes, former chairman of the national committee of the Progressive party; Congressman Ira C. Copley of Aurora; B. F. Harris of Champaign; Frank H. Funk of Bloomington, Progressive party candidate for governor of Illinois in 1912; George H. Porter of Chicago, and Thomas D. Knight, former president of the Chicago Progressive club.

Col. Roosevelt was the guest of Gov. Lowden for three days at the executive mansion in Springfield, Ill., in August, and again in October, 1918.

If nominated for president Gov. Lowden will, in the opinion of the leaders, unite all factions of the party. He is perhaps the only candidate mentioned acceptable to the old leaders as well as to the Progressive element

WOMEN ARE KEEPING BOOKS IN 1920 THRIFT CAMPAIGN

Feminine Army Starts Three Months' Test to Pave Way for Safe Investment.

The savings division of the treasury department is depending on the women of the nation not only to help bring down the high cost of living, but to establish the permanent practice of saving money and material, and finally the investing of these savings in safe securities, such as War Savings stamps and $100 and $1,000 Treasury Savings certificates.

Under the signature of William Mather Lewis, director of the savings division, a letter has been sent to the presiding officers of all the principal women's organizations of the country. The general plan for the work of the women in 1920 has been worked out in a national way by Mrs. Grace G. Bartlett, vice director in charge of women's organizations.

Supplementing the letters sent out by her and Director Lewis, a similar letter has been sent to all the women's organizations in the five states of the Seventh district that have no national thrift chairmen. In his letter Director Lewis said in part:

"The influence of women in working out the great economic problems is invaluable. It is in the power of women to regulate the use and control the price of the necessities of life. They are the buyers. They must also be the savers. When this power is applied in a concentrated way, women will be one of the greatest factors in solving the present problem of the high cost of living and in establishing the permanent practice of saving money and material. The savings division called into conference the national thrift chairmen of the following women's organizations: Association of Collegiate Alumnae, Daughters of the American Revolution, General Federation of Women's Clubs, National Catholic War council, National Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teachers' associations, National Council of Jewish Women, National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, National League for Women's Service; Women's department, National Civic Federation, Young Women's Christian association.

"It was agreed that these organizations should be asked to make a test among their membership of the wisdom with which money is spent. This test was to be started January 1 and continued as an experiment through February and March. The plan is as follows:

"January—To keep accounts. Each individual will be asked to keep an account of her daily expenses, grouping them under such items as rent, food, clothing, household service, amusements, incidentals, etc.

"February—To save. Each individual will analyze the January expenses and make an effort through information gained in January to save a certain amount through conservation without hardship.

"March—To invest. Each individual will make a calculation of how much was saved on living expenses in February over an equal number of days in January. In this month an effort will be made to encourage the members of these organizations to invest their savings in government securities."

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS OF 1920 PAVE WAY TO INDEPENDENCE

The 1920 War Savings stamps are carmine in color and bear the head of George Washington. The price for January is $4.12 and it increases one cent a month to $4.23 in December. The 25-cent Thrift stamp also is on the market and is used as formerly to evidence payments on account of War Savings stamps and certificates. The 1920 War Savings stamp in size approximates the larger stamp used in 1918. It will have a maturity value of $5 January 1, 1925.

War Savings stamps of the series of 1918 and 1919 shall not be affixed to War Savings certificates of the series of 1920 and War Savings stamps of the series of 1920 shall not be affixed to War Savings certificates of 1918 or 1919. War Savings stamps of one series affixed to War Savings certificates of another series will not add to the value thereof. Thrift stamps, as such, are not directly redeemable in cash, but each Thrift card will, as usual, have spaces for 16 Thrift stamps. A filled Thrift card may be exchanged for a War Savings certificate stamp, series of 1920, at any post office or other authorized agency. As usual, post offices will require a written demand ten days in advance before payment will be made before maturity, and such War Savings stamp certificate must be surrendered for payment within 60 days after such demand. Otherwise the demand will be deemed to be waived.

WAY TO KNOCK OUT H. C. L.

"Only the most determined efforts toward thrift, economy, saving and simple living," said William Mather Lewis, director of the savings division, treasury department, "will bring about a reduction in the high cost of living, the stabilization of national industry and commerce, and the continuation of prosperous condition."

START TO BUILD A FORTUNE.

Rome wasn't built in a day. It went up stone by stone. Fortunes are not built in a day, either; they are built dollar by dollar. Commence building your fortune today by investing in Government Saving Stamps and keeping it up throughout 1920.

New Spring Styles

It's not necessary to be a judge of cloth in order to buy with safety here.

We'll give you the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth.

We know the iuside as well as the outside of every suit we sell and without amendments or reservations we you the facts. Otherwise we could not continue to build up an increasing business.

This week we are opening a few suits in the advanced Spring styles, novel colors and snappy patterns

PATTON BROS. CO.

Mason City, Iowa **Maniy, Iowa**

"Where a dollar does it's duty"

Time Tested

There are few surer or more dependable tests of a bank soundness and stability then the test of time.

With 1920 this bank enters on its 28th year of service to the people of Klemme and surrounding territory.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Westren States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Materail

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

We take orders for-

Storm Sash and Storm Doors

Now is the Time

to look your car over and get ready for Spring Driving. Bring your car in and get it overhauled before the spring rush. Just received a large assortment of caseings and tubes, Get you order in early. While you can get the best don't wait until you have to take Inferior Brands. Goodyear and Fisk "Best by Test."

C. W. Wiles

15th Annual Piano Sale!

of the largest and best stock of high grade Player Pianos ever displayed at a piano sale in Northern Iowa.

Consisting of Nearly Two Car Loads of Fine Instruments.

LISTEN, MR. PROSPECT! I'm talking to you! If you could make two dollars do the work of three—that is—if you could increase the purchasing power of a two dollar bill—make it expand and cover over what ordinarily would cost you three dollars, or make two dollars do the work of three, or five dollars do the work of ten dollars, you would do that very thing, wouldn't you? We all would, sure! We all want to save money but we do not wish to at the expense of quality. That would be poor judgment. But to actually save money on a good standard make high grade player piano, that would be driving a very shrewd deal—a good business transaction. Just a moment, Mr. Prospect! You know it costs to drive all over the country alking piano to the farmers. I might take a dozen trips twenty miles into the country and not learn that you were a prospect. All dealers must drive during good roads in order to get sufficient business to hold their agencies, as side line dealers cannot secure the agencies for the best pianos. Now Mr. Prospect! while the roads are bad let us change the usual order and instead you come to see me. It would just take one trip to attend this annual piano sale, and make your purchase. That is how you can make your dollars stretch out and increase their purchasing power. If we sell five pianos each day for five days at this sale we will have sold twenty-five pianos, which ordinarily would be three or four months' work the old way, driving through the country. This would eliminate much expense. To sell these twenty-five different families in five days if they come straight to my sale and buy of me here, the selling expense would be very little. Now Mr. Purchaser, this clearly illustrates how you can save considerable money by purchasing your piano at this sale.

MANY DEALERS are out of pianos and are not able to buy on account of the shortage of pianos. I am at this time and in this way very fortunate, having had my orders in over a year ago. I can furnish you player pianos good enough for the president of the United States or any ex-president, or Lloyd George of England. This stock of pianos, the greater part were purchased in the month of March, 1919, nearly one year ago, before the many advances in prices by all piano manufacturers. If you have a spark of interest in a good piano or player piano, Mr. Prospect, don't wait, sleep or eat, but get your family into the car or into the bob sled and drive straight to my store. Be the first one here and **be the first to write your check for your choice of pianos as I am going to GIVE the first purchaser the GREATEST bargain of all.** The greatest bargain ever offered before or ever afterwards, in the face of the fast advancing prices by all piano manufacturers. While I have not raised my prices as many other dealers have, they are costing me much more than last year at this time. While they have not raised in proportion to other commodities, but they are fast coming to it and it will be just a matter of a little time. So now is the accepted time for great bargains in pianos or player pianos. Don't resist and be forever a regretter. This sale begins

SATURDAY, FEB. 21

At 1 o'clock p. m. sharp

Auto hire or car fare and hotel expense will be allowed to out-of-town purchasers.
Read the description of each piano, sale price and discount as given on this page and
DON'T FORGET THE DATE!

1 beautiful Packard Player Piano in fancy burled Walnut, with Auto DeLuxe player action, nothing better, regardless of price.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation, $850.00
Sale Price
$700.00

2 beautiful Packard Bond Players in fancy burled Walnut. These pianos have a very fine tone and player mechanism works perfect. The most sensitive tracking device ever used, always tracks.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation, $750.00.
Sale Price
$600.00

1 Hobart M. Cable Player Piano in beautiful burled Walnut of exceptionally good quality, large style, with Auto DeLuxe player action, slightly damaged.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation, $800.00.
Will be sold at a sacrifice.

1 Hobart M. Cable Player Piano, in beautiful burled Walnut, large style, exceptionally good quality, with standard player action.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation, $800.00.
Sale Price
$650.00

1 second hand piano.
Special Price
$150.00

1 Strohber player piano, style A. S., in burled Walnut, with Standard action, small size.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation $700.00.
Sale Price
$550.00

1 Miller player piano, in fumed Oak. This piano was purchased a little later at an advance in price. Has Simplex player action with transposing device.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation, $725.00.
Sale Price
$575.00

1 Hobart M. Cable, beautiful burled Walnut case, small size, in waxed finish, player piano.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation $750.00.
Sale Price
$600.00

2 beautiful Strohber player pianos, Style M. S., their best make, in burled Walnut, very fine instruments, with standard player action.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation $800.00.
Sale Price
$650.00

1 Strohber piano player, in Golden Oak, style M. S., their best make, very fine instrument, with standard player action.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation $775.00.
Sale Price
$625.00

2 Strohber player pianos, style B. S., in burled Walnut, with Standard Player Action.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation, $750.00.
Sale Price
$600.00

1 second hand piano.
Special Price
$ 75.00

1 Miller player piano in burled Walnut, with Simplex player action with transposing device.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation, $700.00.
Sale Price
$550.00

1 Miller piano in bright Golden Oak, high grade
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation $500.00.
Sale Price
$350.00

1 Strohber piano, burled walnut, small size.
Feb. 1, 1920 quotation $525.00.
Sale Price
$375.00

5 per cent will be deducted from the special price for all cash purchases.

We sell pianos as far east as Malta, DeKalb and Sycamore, Ill., as far north as Minot and Granville, N. Dak., and as far southwest as Shadron, Neb. I have over 1,000 satisfied customers in and around Hancock county. Ask your neighbor if he didn't get his piano of C. D. Welty. Peter Duffy sent his check in full for a piano before he saw the piano—only heard of me in a business way. Below is his unsolicited testimonial:

Mr. C. D. Welty:—We wish to thank you very much for the pains you must have taken in selecting such a wonderfully fine instrument. We are more than pleased.
Yours very truly, PETER DUFFY, Shadron, Neb.

C. D. WELTY *The Piano Man*
BRITT, IOWA

DID NOT INVENT TELESCOPE

But Galileo Was the First to Perceive Its Possibilities in the Study of Astronomy.

The name of the man who first framed and used a telescope for the observation of the heavenly bodies is Galileo Galilei, though little known in that form. It was this scientist, who died January 8, 1642, who, it may be said, first gave stability and force to the theory which places the sun in the center of the planetary system. In April or May, 1609, Galileo heard at Venice of a little tubular instrument made by Hans Libbershey of Middleburg, which made distant objects appear nearer, and he immediately applied himself to experimentation on the means by which such an instrument could be produced. Procuring a couple of spectacle glasses, each plain on one side, but one convex and the second concave on the other side, and applying his eye to the concave glass, he found that objects were magnified three times, and brought apparently nearer. Soon after having made one which could magnify 930 times, Galileo commenced observations on the surface of the moon, which he discovered to be irregular, like that of the earth, and on Jupiter, which, in 1610, he ascertained to be attended by four stars, as he called them, which, afterward proved to be its satellites.

CRUSADERS WON AND LOST

In the End Nothing Was Gained by Attempted Conquest of the Holy Land.

During the four centuries from the Moslem conquest of Palestine until the crusades Christian, Jew and Moslem lived together in peace. Then along came Peter the Hermit and the Crusaders. The second coming of Christ had been forecast for the year 1000. The passing of that year without any catastrophe awakened an era of Christian piety that held the world safe through the year 1033, the anniversary of the crucifixion.

Peter the Hermit prevailed upon Pope Urban II to sanction the first crusade. It proved a successful venture, for Jerusalem was captured July 14, 1099, and Godfrey of Bouillon elected king of Jerusalem.

Saladin became master of Egypt and Syria toward the end of the twelfth century, after defeating the Crusaders at the battle of Hattin in 1187, capturing the most treasured of relics, a piece of the true Cross. This provoked the third crusade, led by Richard Coeur de Lion and commemorated in Scott's novel, "The Talisman." The Crusaders captured Constantinople for the Venetians, but failed of the entire conquest of Palestine.

Are You a Barometer?

Undoubtedly there is a great relation between the elements and certain complaints in the same way that some seasons of the year render certain people liable to illness more than others. The lower we investigate in the animal world the more prone are its subjects to be affected by the weather. A cat for as much as three days beforehand feels a coming storm; a horse's fine nostrils can sniff approaching rain in an uncanny manner. The birds of the air have but to be watched to see the way in which they seek their nests at a hint of danger in the air. The very trees and plants tremble in a peculiar manner before a severe storm. Many human beings are just as sensitive to the march of the elements, but do not always realize the significance of their sensitiveness. People who suffer from gout, rheumatism or neuralgia know at once when bad weather is approaching. Old wounds make themselves felt at certain times, and the stumps of members long since amputated give pain. Medical men have never satisfactorily explained these strange phenomena, neither can they tell why some people instinctively become restless and excited or moody, or sullen before thunderstorms.

Wilson Not the Only One.

One other president than Wilson traced his line to Carlisle, England; for Zachary Taylor was fifth in descent from James Taylor of Carlisle, who emigrated to this country in 1658. Considering the fairly uniform British extraction of our presidents, few indeed could have gone to the homes of really near ancestors in the British isles. Andrew Jackson is the only one whose father was born there, the elder Jackson having come from Carrickfergus, Ireland, a decade before the Revolution. Grant is not particularly distinguished in that his family had been American in all its branches for eight generations; as much could be said of others. It seems appropriate that the first president in office to visit the mother country felt so intimately the ties of blood that originally gave it the name of mother country.—New York Post.

Rumor.

The character of that sort of information that is generally known as news is changing with vertiginous rapidity. Once news was generally supposed to be a narration of something that had happened or was possibly going to happen, with, of course, due allowances for errors and mistaken judgments. Now, however, news seems to be made up of reporting what somebody alleges might have happened. Rumor, of itself, has a news value. The fact that a rumor existed is sufficient of itself, aside from the truth or falsity of the rumor, its probability or its possibility.

SAVINGS CERTIFICATES OUT; INVESTMENT VALUE SHOWN

"They Always Are Worth More Than You Paid for Them," Slogan of 1920.

"They are always worth more than you paid for them."

With this as their slogan representatives of the War Savings organization of the Seventh federal reserve district are touring the states of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan and Wisconsin showing banks, corporations and individuals the high investment value of the 1920 Treasury Savings certificates of $100 and $1,000 denominations. This form of government security has been placed in local banks, and for the financial prosperity of the nation and the individual, the government is urging a wide distribution.

The Treasury Savings certificates, which are virtually "Baby" bonds, bear interest at a rate a little better than 4¼ per cent. The price of the $100 certificates for January is $82.40; February $82.60. The price increases 20 cents a month. The $1,000 certificates may be purchased in January for $824 and in February for $826. This class of security increases $2 a month.

Here are some of the attractive features of the $100 and $1,000 certificates:

They carry valuable tax-exemption privileges.

They cannot depreciate in value, not being subject to market fluctuations.

They are always worth more than you paid for them.

They yield a substantial income, actually more than 4¼ per cent.

They are short term, maturing January 1, 1925.

They represent absolute safety as obligations of the United States government.

A change has been made in the terms of the 1920 certificates. They are redeemable at the treasury beginning with the second calendar month after the month of purchase without the ten days' demand required by the terms of the 1919 certificates.

A special issue of Treasury Savings certificates has been put on the market for conversion purposes. It is possible for the holders of 1918 and 1919 War Savings certificates to convert them into these special Treasury Savings certificates, whose terms and conditions are substantially the same as those of the 1920 issue except for the earlier maturity dates.

Holders of one or more War Savings certificates of the 1918 or 1919 issue which bear War Savings stamps having a total maturity value of $100 or some multiple of a hundred dollars—$200, $300, $400, etc., may exchange the certificates for the same maturity value of Treasury Savings certificates of the corresponding issue. When two or more War Savings certificates of the same issue are offered for exchange, each one need not bear its full complement of 20 War Savings stamps provided the total value of the stamps aggregates $100 or some multiple of it.

Treasury Savings certificates taken in exchange may be made out in favor of new and different owners, if the owners of the War Savings certificates so request.

A Conservative Estimate.

Nine times out of ten, when a man "makes a good husband" for a woman, it is his wife who deserves all the credit.

Such It Was.

Twelve baldheaded men were jurors in a Massachusetts hair-restorer case. "Is this justice?" asked the Brooklyn Eagle. "It may be retributive justice," suggests the Albany Argus. Let's call it destiny."—Buffalo Times.

Social Contract.

An up-to-date bride, when asked at her wedding if she would "love, honor and obey," murmured, "I will if he does financially what he has promised."

Way of Brothers' Wives.

Each brothers' wife thinks that all the other brothers' wives have everything they want.—Fort Worth Star-Telegram.

Home Talent Play

Presented by the Klemme R. N. A.

"Safety First" A Laughable Farce-Comedy in three acts

at the Idle Hour Theatre

Friday, Feb 21

Everybody come. Enjoy the Fun!

The best way to keep you stock healthy is to feed

Hog-Tone

To your hogs regularly.-you will soon see the results. *It puts kinks in their tails.*

Dr. Hess Stock Tonic

Is especially prepared to keep your horses and cows sleek and glossy and in the best condition to ward off disease.

Sold By

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian
All Calls Answered Promptly
Klemme, Iowa Office and Residence Phone

The City Dray Line

Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly
Your patronage is respectfully solicited
Charges Reasonable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

The Klemme Times

Entered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

IOWA PRESS ASSOCIATION

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1st, 1920
One Year, in advance.....$2.00
One Year, outside of county...$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES
Display, per column inch.....25c
Orders, per line.....10c
Classified or want ads, per line...10c
Card of Thanks, each.....50c
Political Announcements.....$10.00
Legal Notices at legal rates.
Black-face lines double charge.
No local or classified ad accepted for less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. Regular advertisers are given a special display rate.

IS 700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

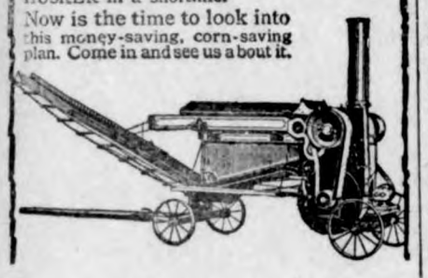
With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of your corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us about it.



W. F. PAVEY

Dealer Klemme, Iowa

MEALS

We now serve meals. We especially ask the farmers to give us a trial. The best place, the best meal at the fairest price.

Hotel Klemme

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

M. O. HOCUM
The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man.
We will buy Hogs and Grain six days in the week at Highest Market Price.
Successor to W. R. Bloom

Geo. ZINN
Physician & Surgeon
Phone No. 19. KLEMME IA;
Office in Building East of Gruetzmacher Harness and Shoe Shop.
Eyes Tested.
Glasses Fitted

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith
OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

PARTIAL PAYMENT PLAN TO HELP ALL SAVE FOR FUTURE

Seventh District Starts System With Banks to Aid Investment in Savings Certificates.

A partial payment plan which is calculated to give a big impetus to investment in the $100 and $1,000 Treasury Savings certificates, which always are worth more than you paid for them, is being put into effect by the Government Savings organization of the Seventh Federal Reserve District. This system enables the saver who wishes to invest in sound securities to do so on the installment plan as was done in the purchase of Liberty Loan bonds. Payments may be made on a weekly, semi-monthly or monthly basis, the minimum payments being $2, $4 and $8 respectively. The investor enters into a contract with a bank, to which he makes his partial payments. Under this agreement the bank deposits as a "nest egg" for the investor one dollar for each $100 certificate purchased from the bank.

"We have found," said W. B. Bosworth, executive secretary of the Seventh District Savings organization, "that there are vast numbers of people who would like to put their money in these Treasury Savings certificates who cannot afford to part with enough to pay for a $100 certificate in a single payment, so the organization of this district devised a partial payment plan, which was submitted to the Treasury Department at Washington and has received the official sanction of the Savings Division, headed by William Mather Lewis.

"The investor is thus enabled to purchase these Savings certificates on the installment plan and the certificates are turned over to him when he has completed his payments. The bank with which he does business also deposits to his credit in the bank one dollar as a savings account for each $100 certificate purchased. We feel that this partial payment system will enable many thousands to invest in these Government securities who otherwise would not be able to do so. It also will mean in many cases the starting of bank savings accounts.

"The safety of these securities is a feature that should not be lost sight of. Being registered, they are insured against loss through theft or fire. If one ever needs the money the certificates are redeemable, beginning with the second calendar month after the month of purchase without the ten days' demand required by the terms of the 1919 Savings securities."

Following is the text of the agreement entered into between the purchaser and the bank he selects:

I hereby enter my subscription with the bank named above for $..... (Maturity Value) in Treasury Savings Certificates, to be paid for regularly (Weekly) (Semi-monthly) (Monthly) at the rate of $..... Payments will begin on ....., 1920, and in no event can be completed later than December 31, 1920.

Purchase Price of $100.00 Certificates.

If final payment is made in July	$83.60
If final payment is made in August	83.80
If final payment is made in September	84.00
If final payment is made in October	84.20
If final payment is made in November	84.40
If final payment is made in December	84.60

Upon completion of said payments you agree to deliver to me the above described certificate or certificates, and for each $100 certificate so purchased to deposit $1.00 in your bank to the credit of a savings account with me (or any person I may designate), upon surrender to you of Partial Payment Contract of same date and number as this card.

It is understood and agreed that if I fail to make all payments promptly as above agreed and if any payment shall continue in default for more than thirty days, you may, in your discretion, after due notice to me, by letter addressed as below, issue to me War Savings Stamps and Thrift Stamps equivalent to the sum of all money actually paid in, upon surrender to you of said Partial Payment Contract. It is further agreed that I shall also be entitled at any time prior to completion of payments to a like refund of all payments made, if I so request and surrender the contract.

It is understood that this contract is solely between the bank named above and the subscriber and that no obligation on the part of the United States arises except on the Treasury Savings certificate (or certificates) after delivery to the purchaser.

FROM POVERTY TO $200,000,000.

The importance which the late Henry C. Frick placed on thrift and the habits of saving is clearly shown in the incidents of his career. Mr. Frick, who was called the founder of the industrial growth of Pittsburgh, was born in poverty and compiled an estate which at his death was estimated at fully $200,000,000.

HERE'S REAL GUIDE IN BUYING

Expert on Economics Gives Some Practical Tips on How and When To Purchase.

"How to buy, when to buy, when not to buy; save food, but encourage business."

With this as his guide, A. L. Marlatt, director of course in economics at the University of Wisconsin, has compiled the procedure to cut the high cost of living, and his outline has been sent to every woman's organization in the Seventh Federal Reserve District by the Government Savings organization in connection with the three months' campaign of the women in savings as paving the way for safe investment in government securities. Following is the guide as outlined by Prof. Marlatt:

HOW TO BUY:

1. Direct from the producer; at points where material is made; by parcel post; in municipal market.

2. Through wholesaler; co-operative buying (NOT for hoarding, but reasonable use); seasonable buying (contracts for future delivery insure reasonable prices for producer and buyer).

3. Through retailer: cash and carry stores. 5 per cent off for cash. 10 per cent off for cash and delivery. Buy in amounts so that dealer can cut prices for you. Pay cash or pay before the tenth of the month (so dealer can secure discounts).

WHEN TO BUY:

(Raise all the food you can.)

1. After study as to needs for week, month, season or year. Order once a week or order twice a week.

2. After distributing funds available, so that no need for healthful living is neglected.

3. Study as to exchange value in foods so that family will not suffer.

SAVE THE CHILD FIRST—They need to build muscle, they need to build bone, they need growth determiners.

SAVE THE ADULT SECOND—Adults need repair foods, adults need energy foods, adults need regulator foods. At Saturday sales, white goods sales, mill end sales. Avoid bargain counter sales unless you know the original price.

WHEN NOT TO BUY:

1. When product is a needless luxury.

2. When trusts have put up the prices (consult your state's attorney).

3. When by needless buying in large amounts prices may be sent soaring.

Japanese Claim Credit for Fan.

Japan takes credit for the folding fan. The original kind was of the palm-leaf variety—an oval or round shape which could not be folded. But Japan conceived the idea, just when or how nobody knows, of fastening half a circle of paper on a frame made of sticks fastened together at one end—and the collapsible fan resulted.

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North

821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.

South

1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

KLEMME DRAY LINE

LLOYD LAU, PROPRIETOR

A share of your patronage is solicited.

All work attended to promptly and carefully.

Coal Hauling Done Promptly

Telephone No. 14

CLOSING OUT

AUCTION

I will hold a public sale on farm 2 1-2 miles south and 1 1-2 miles west of Klemme; 3 miles north and 1 1-2 miles west of Goodell; on

Tuesday, February 24

HOT LUNCH AT NOON — SALE TO BEGIN AT 11:00 A. M. SHARP

10 HEAD OF HORSES 10

Percheron Stallion, PRINCE STERLING, record number 112660.

Bay Mare 8 yrs old, with foal, wt 1600; 3 Bay Mares 5 yrs old, wt each 1400; Bay Mare 7 yrs old, wt 1700; Roan Mare 5 yrs old, wt 1400; Bay Gelding 2 yrs old, wt 1300; 2 Bay Geldings 4 years old, wt each 1400.

72 HEAD OF CATTLE

14 head of milch cows, some fresh, others fresh soon; 20 coming 2-year old steers; 12 head of heifers coming 2 years old; 25 head of calves—steers and heifers; 1 Bull.

35 HEAD OF HOGS 35

25 head of shoats, weight each about 100 pounds; 10 head of brood sows.

Farm Machinery, Etc.

Hayes corn planter with 120 rods of wire; 2 LaCrosse riding corn plows; Emerson corn plow; 1 2-row John Deere corn plow; 2 Tower surface plows; McCormick mower; McCormick hay rake; Deere 14 inch gang plow; 2 Deere sulky plows; 10-ft disc; 8 ft disc; 2 drags; Appleton 2-hole corn sheller; 10 h.p. International engine; International silo filler; International feed grinder; manure spreader; endgate seeder; lumber wagon; truck wagon; light wagon; stock and hay rack combined; new Iowa cream separator; 6 sets of harness; single harness; some horse collars and many other articles too numerous to mention.

50 chickens. 4 bu. Reed Yellow Dent, and 6 bu. Silver King seed corn.

TERMS All sums of $10 and under, cash. All sums over $10 a credit of 10 months' time will be given on approved notes bearing interest at 8 per cent from date of sale. No property to be removed from premises until settled for.

Harry Sandrey, Prop.

Young & Hanson, Aucts. — State Savings Bank, Klemme, Clerk

Stock Raising in WESTERN CANADA

is as profitable as grain growing. Successes as wonderful as those from growing wheat, oats, barley, and flax have been made in **raising Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.** Bright, sunny climate, nutritious grasses, good water, enormous fodder crops—these spell success to the farmer and stock raiser. And remember, you can **buy on easy terms**

Farm Land at $15 to $30 An Acre

—land equal to that which through many years has yielded from **20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre**—grazing land convenient to good grain farms at proportionately low prices. These lands have every rural convenience; good schools, churches, roads, telephones, etc., close to live towns and good markets.

If you want to get back to the farm, or to farm on a larger scale than is possible under your present conditions, **investigate what Western Canada has to offer you.**

Free illustrated literature with maps and particulars regarding reduced railway rates, location of land, etc., apply to Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

M. J. JOHNSTONE, 5th Street, DES MOINES, IOWA

Canadian Government Agent.

WESTERN CANADA Farm Lands at Low Prices The Wheat Belt of America

OU CAN'T CUT OUT A BOG SPAVIN OR THOROUGHPIN

t you can clean them off promptly with

ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

and you work the horse same time. **Does not blister** or remove the hair. $2.50 per bottle, delivered. Will tell you more if you write. **Book 4 R free.** ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Varicose Veins, Ruptured Muscles or Ligaments, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Cysts Allays pain quickly. Price $1.25 a bottle ruggists or delivered. Made in the U. S. A. by F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 7--1920.

Relaxation.

You're getting the reputation of be- the prize grouch of Crimson ch!" exclaimed Three-Finger Sam. I know it," answered the ex-barder. "The boys don't understand. years they had me nailed where ad to laugh at their jokes or lose ir custom. I'm enjoyin' a long, sful holiday."

etter general health is sure to follow use of the natural Herb laxative, Gar- Tea. It corrects constipation.—Adv.

HEN KNIGHTS WERE BOLD"

s of the Tournament and the Joust Must Have Seen Some Pretty Lively "Scraps."

e national sports of Europe were long time confined to tourna- nd jousts, most of which were ated in by nobility, with the as a spectator.

e tournaments saw companies of five to a dozen knights ranged ist each other in the field, with es to see that the regularly set be observed. The plan of each stant was to unhorse the other blow with a blunt lance received from in front. A knight thrown side blow was considered the vicn that it showed poor horsemanon the part of the other.

e joust was entirely different the tournament, being virtually el, and usually a fight to death. ights seeking to fasten themselves saddle and thus save themselves being thrown, were deprived of thood. The knight was permitted ar an outer garment over his arthus lending a gay appearance to ontending forces.

Its Need.

am writing a book for chiropo- " hope it has plenty of foot notes."

Its Place.

n you tell me where a bight of is?" "I guess it is generally in the mouth of a river."

Earth presents one unconquerable trinity—Youth, Health and Brains.

ONLY WAY ASPIRIN SHOULD BE TAKEN

Look for name "Bayer" on tablets and follow directions in package.

The Bayer Company, who introduced Aspirin, tell in their careful directions in each package of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" that to get the best results one or two glasses of water should be drank after taking tablets.

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" to be genuine must be marked with the safety "Bayer Cross." Then you are getting the world-famous Aspirin, prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

Each unbroken "Bayer" package contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, and for Pain generally.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Eventful Day in Yuma.

What must have been the excitement in Yuma, Ariz., when on January 4 rain fell there for the first time in 45 years? Grown men and women, young men and women, boys and girls who had never seen rain gazed in alarm or delight or wonder at an amazing sight; they saw the heavens veiled for the first time and water falling from the gray curtain drawn across their sky of brilliant blue! Probably the little ones were soon barefoot and paddling about in puddles; men and boys throwing off their coats more intimately to feel the delights of a cloud-sent shower bath. A shower took on the proportions of an event; a natural phenomenon reached the heights of a treat.

They Get Giddy.

Charles M. Schwab said at a luncheon in Pittsburgh, apropos of a young Pittsburgh banker who had eloped to South America with his cashier's wife:

"That settles Tom. His rise was rapid. He climbed high. But success spoiled him, and now he's down and out."

With a thoughtful smile Mr. Schwab added:

"One reason why there's always room at the top is that so many people, once they get there, become giddy and fall off!"

The Selection.

"I have been eating fish for the benefit of my brain."

"Weakfish?"

That Popular Drink

~so much used nowadays in place of coffee~

INSTANT POSTUM

Sold at the same fair price as always. No raise.

At grocers everywhere

Made by
Postum Cereal Company
Battle Creek, Michigan

VALENTINE VERSES.

By Mary Humphrey.

To a Girl He Left Behind.

Dear Girl of My Dreams, I am coming,
Back from war I am coming to you;
And I wonder what fate will be waiting for me,
And will you be glad I came through?
It's so strange. They have called me a brave man,
And they gave me a medal or two;
In the fight I feared nothing—and yet I'm afraid
Of a small brown-eyed person like you!
Do you know that I love you? I wonder.
Oh, what ages and ages it seems
Since I left you! Perhaps it's absurb, but I hope
That I've been the Man of Your Dreams.

To His Fairy.

If I just dared to say it,
You sure can bet I would
Right up and tell you what I feel—
Gee, but I wish I could!
Oh, kiddo, you're so classy,
With those big eyes of blue,
You've got the others beat a mile—
There sure ain't none like you.
No chance for me—I know it,
I'm such a roughneck guy—
But if I thought you'd look at me,
Oh, Boy! I'd make the try.
Believe me, you're some fairy,
You're better'n I deserve;
I'd send a Valentine—but gee,
I just ain't got the nerve!

A Substitute.

A Valentine I've tried to find
That's nice enough for you;
But there is none—so here's my heart,
I hope that it will do.

To His Mother.

Today an old sweetheart of mine
Is my most precious Valentine;
My best and oldest sweetheart you
Are, mother dear. So loyal, true
And tender always. And your love
I cherish over and above
Earth's fairest gifts. You've made of me
All that I am and hope to be,
Mother mine,
My Valentine.

DAY SACRED TO LOVE MISSIVES

IT WAS an enterprising young girl who first captured the valentine trade for America. Her name was Esther Howland. After graduating from Mount Holyoke seminary she resided with her father, who was a stationer in Worcester, Mass. In 1849 she received from England a manufactured valentine, the first she had ever seen. It interested her so much that she decided to see whether she could make some of these valentines and find a sale for them.

She collected some lace paper, some printed verses and sentimental pictures, fixed up a few valentines and gave them to her brother, who was a traveling salesman for a grocery store. To her amazement her brother returned with orders for $5,000 worth of valentines! Her astonishment knew no bounds. She quickly got together some girl friends, taught them what she knew about valentines and commenced a prosperous trade that was to reach the one hundred thousand dollar mark.

First Love Missives.

It was a Frenchman who first conceived the idea of composing valentines in verse. Charles, Duke of Orleans, was taken prisoner by the English at the battle of Agincourt, in 1415. He was consigned to the Tower of London, where he spent the next twenty-five years of his life. But the cold walls of his dungeon could not completely dampen his sentimental nature, and from his gloomy vault came sunny little verses to the number of sixty, which are still to be seen among the royal papers in the staid old British museum. One of them reads:

Wilt thou be mine? Dear love, reply.
Sweetly consent or else deny.
Whisper softly, none shall know—
Wilt thou be mine, love? Aye or no?

Spite of fortune we may be
Happy by one word from thee.
Life flies swiftly. Ere it go,
Wilt thou be mine, love Aye or no?

England at once adopted the fad which its royal prisoner had set, and Valentine's day found the coaches more than usually laden with poetic outpourings of lovers, friends and even slight acquaintances.

Old Romance Recalled.

One of the most romantic histories of Valentine children is that of Lady Sarah Lennox, born on February 14, 1745. In fact, she apparently inherited a romantic temperament, for her own story is usually prefaced with a sketch of her parents' romance—by way of driving home the story's admonition, perhaps.

Her father's marriage was no more nor less than a bargain to cancel a gambling debt between the couple's parents. The young duke, then Lord March, was brought home from college to wed the plain little girl-bride just out of nursery. At the conclusion of the ceremony the indignant bridegroom fled to the continent with a tutor in tow, where he spent three years. On his return to London he carefully avoided going home, where he fancied a wrathful young woman was waiting to swoon at his arrival.

Instead, he went straight to the theatre and saw there a very handsome lady. He cursed his luck, but had breath left to ask who she might be. "Lady March, the toast of the season," informed his friends, to his utter astonishment. Then he blessed his luck, claimed his bride and, as it turned out, was very happy to the end. Her love was so great, too, that she died of grief for him after a year of widowhood.

Sentiment and Business.

Samuel Pepys has something to say in his famous diary about most of joys and disturbances, great and small, with which human nature is acquainted. Consequently one does not need to search very far to find allusions to Valentine's day and the customary pranks that it involved in the England of the seventeenth century.

On February 14, 1667, the following entry is made in the diary:

"This morning came up to my wife's bedside (I being up dressing myself) little Will Mercer to be her valentine, and brought her name written upon blue paper in gold letters, done by himself, very pretty; and we were both well pleased with it. But I am also this year my wife's valentine, and it will cost me five pounds; but that I must have laid it out if we had not been valentines."

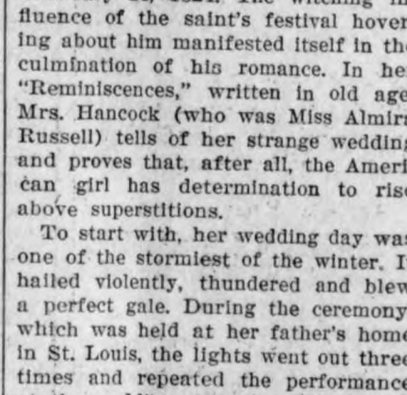
America's Noted Valentine.

America's most noted valentine was General Winfield Scott Hancock, born February 14, 1824. The witching influence of the saint's festival hovering about him manifested itself in the culmination of his romance. In her "Reminiscences," written in old age, Mrs. Hancock (who was Miss Almira Russell) tells of her strange wedding and proves that, after all, the American girl has determination to rise above superstitions.

To start with, her wedding day was one of the stormiest of the winter. It hailed violently, thundered and blew a perfect gale. During the ceremony, which was held at her father's home in St. Louis, the lights went out three times and repeated the performance at the wedding reception. The guests were filled with terror for the young bride who was beginning life under such suggestively evil omens. And by way of enhancing the evil influences that appeared to be abroad the crowd outside the house got the word that the bride was wearing a spun glass dress, and their curiosity reached the point of mob violence before the police could beat them back to make room for the passage of guests.

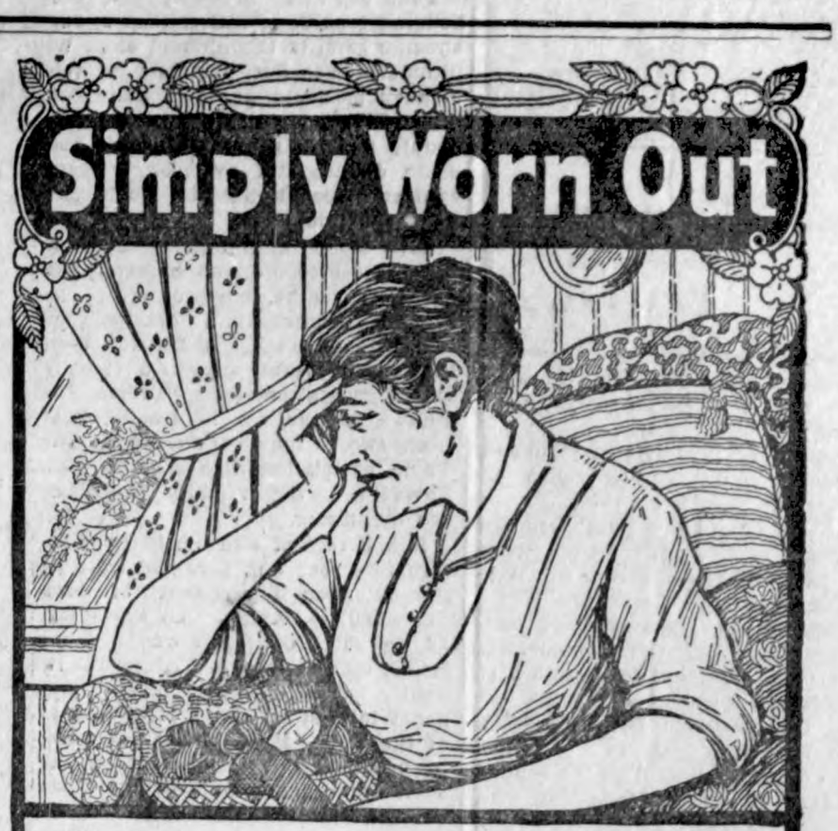
But the bride laughed in the face of these witches' pranks and lived to share the honors that her husband's career brought him.

St. Valentine's Mission.



When winter's at his oldest
And coldest
And boldest,
Then cometh good St. Valentine,
To show that love is burning
And sighing and yearning,
And breathe upon the wintry earth his tenderness divine.

When life is at its bleakest
And meekest
And weakest,
Then cometh good St. Valentine,
To show that love is rosy
And wistful eyed and cozy,
And breathe on every torpid heart his tenderness divine.



How Many Women Are Like This?

Can anything be more wearing for women than the ceaseless round of household duties? Oh! the monotony of it all—work and drudge; no time to be sick; tired, ailing, yet cannot stop. There comes a time when something "snaps" and they find themselves "simply worn out," and to make matters worse, have contracted serious feminine disorder which almost always follows the constant overtaxing of a woman's strength.

Then they should remember that there is no remedy like Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—the experience of these two women establishes that fact:

Cedar Rapids, Ia.—"After the birth of my last child I had such painful spells that would unfit me entirely for my housework. I suffered for months and the doctor said that my trouble was organic ulcers and I would have to have an operation. That was an awful thing to me, with a young baby and four other children, so one day I thought of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and how it had helped me years before and I decided to try it again. I took five bottles of Vegetable Compound and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and since then I have been a well woman, able to take care of my house and family without any trouble or a day's pain. I am ready and thankful to swear by your medicine any time. I am forty-four years old and have not had a day's illness of any kind for three years."—Mrs. H. Koenig, 617 Ellis Blvd, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Sandusky, Ohio.—"After the birth of my baby I had organic trouble. My doctor said it was caused by too heavy lifting and I would have to have an operation. I would not consent to an operation and let it go for over a year, having my sister do my work for me as I was not able to walk. One day my aunt came to see me and told me about your medicine—said it cured her of the same thing. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and they have cured me. Now I do my own housework, washing and ironing and sewing for my family and also do sewing for other people. I still take a bottle of Vegetable Compound every spring for a tonic. I recommend your medicine to others who have troubles similar to mine and you can use my letter if you wish."—Mrs. Paul Papenfuse, 1325 Stone St., Sandusky, Ohio.

All Worn Out Women Should Take

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

Old Practice.

"Do you believe doctors have a right to kill where they can't cure?"

"Haven't they always been doing it?"

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY AILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Some married men never get a chance to breathe the air of freedom.

People like each other pretty well even when crowded on a street car.

Constipation and Sluggish Liver

Don't take chances. Get **Carter's Little Liver Pills** right now. They never fail to make the liver do its duty. They relieve constipation, banish indigestion, drive out biliousness, stop dizziness, clear the complexion, put a healthy glow on the cheek and sparkle in the eye. Be sure and get the genuine.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for **Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness** and **Female Weakness.**

Genuine must bear signature Brent Good

MINNESOTA FARMS FOR SALE. Improved Farms $50.00 to $125.00 per acre. The best Red River Valley Land on easy terms. Wheat yield 50 bu. acre. Come and see me. Ignocy Zakrzewski, Stephen, Minn.

IDAHO LAND TO TRADE

40, 80 acres for sawmill, jack, automobile or anything else I can use. Price $30 acre. Orville Morgan, Rubio, Iowa, Rt. 2.

The Right Way

in all cases of
DISTEMPER, PINKEYE INFLUENZA, COLDS, ETC.
of all horses, brood mares, colts and stallions is to
"SPOHN THEM"
on the tongue or in the feed with
SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Give the remedy to all of them. It acts on the blood and glands. It routs the disease by expelling the germs. It wards off the trouble, no matter how they are "exposed." A few drops a day prevent those exposed from contracting disease. Contains nothing injurious. Sold by druggists, harness dealers or by the manufacturers. 60 cents and $1.15 per bottle. AGENTS WANTED.

SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, GOSHEN, IND.

Fiery Itching and Burning of Skin Is a Most Cruel Torture

Sure Speedy Relief in S. S. S.

Why suffer from these persistent tortures when it is so easy and costs so little to do as thousands of others have done and get relief through S. S. S.? It is now well known that eczema comes from the blood. By giving the blood a thorough cleansing you not only get sure and speedy relief but you also build up the system and renew your vigor and vitality.

This good medicine has stood the test of 50 years as one of the greatest blood cleansers known. It is guaranteed entirely free from minerals of any kind.

The experience of others has established the unfailing merits of S. S. S., and there's no question about the wisdom of your giving it a thorough trial. All reputable druggists sell it. If in doubt as to your case write to Medical Advisor, Swift Specific Co., Dept. 54, Atlanta, Ga.

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers .:.

Rainy days are excellent times to put the tractor in shape for the next season.

Almost every farmer can plant and cultivate a larger acreage than he can harvest.

A. H. Refshauge has purchased the 300 acres known as the Porter Stock Farm near Riceville for a consideration of $72,000.

County Agent Maakestad of Kossuth county claims the largest farm bureau membership in Iowa with 2147 members and expects 150 more.

Iowa Cleaners and Dyers' Association, at convention in Waterloo, pledged funds to establish a cleaners' and dyers' school in connection with Iowa State College, at Ames.

The best practices of feeding the by products of the sugar-beet crop will yield a net profit equal to half the net profits usually had in growing and marketing the crop of beets.

Stock on farms in the United States was worth $8,443,000,000 on Jan. 1, the agricultural department announced as the result of a nation-wide survey. This is an increase in value of three per cent in which Iowa leads.

At the public sale held on the Henry Mathes place near Newton chickens brought the high price of $15 per dozen. Corn was sold at $1.25 a bushel. The farm implement and stock also brought high stock.

Forty farmers of the Keystone vicinity have signed the membership roll and paid the membership fees to the Keystone Live Stock Shipping Association and the organization for mutual live stock shipping is assured.

About forty Iowa teachers and educators depart for Cleveland, February 21. They will attend a conference of the National Education association. They will meet Wisconsin and Minnesota delegations in Chicago, Feb. 22, and go to Cleveland on special train.

A follow up drive for Farm Bureau members will be put on in Monona county. More than 90 per cent of the farmers of the county are already members of the Farm Bureau. Many farmers are voluntarily going to the office of the County Agent to sign up for membership.

The annual Delaware county farm institute held in Manchester recently brings to mind the fact that Delaware county organized the first farmers' institute held in Iowa in 1875. Miss Clara Sutter, home demonstration agent of Black Hawk county spoke on poultry. The program was very interesting and instructive.

The city council of Belle Plaine has bought first class fire equipment in an effort to safe-guard the property owner from loss by fire. The purchase includes 300 feet of bi-lateral hose with a new controlling nozzle. This added to the present apparatus for fighting fires, gives the city plenty of equipment.

That skunks will eat bees is the testimony of E. L. Denslow of Black Hawk county. He came upon one in the act of moving his hives enough to bring out the bees, and when they came out the skunk ate them. Denslow fired at the ahimal but missed. Later the skunk came back and repeated the performance, again getting away.

W. H. Lower has sold his farm of 109 acres to Seymour Grimes for $40,000 averaging $367 an acre, which is the highest price an acre paid for any farm in Fayette county except small acreage tracts. Mr. Lower bought the place thirty years ago for $6,000, and so on the advance of $34,000 made $1,100 a year by the increase in the value of the land during that time.

A credit balance of $1,207.92 is shown above the expense necessary to run the Sac county farm the past year. The invoice lists a 160 acre farm with improvements, valued at $27,200, or $170 an acre. In addition there is 2000 bushels of corn, 600 bushels of oats, 16 brood sows, 111 head hogs, 34 ewes, besides much other stock, the entire inventory totalling $41,020.35.

The sugar factory at Mason City has closed for the season, but fifty men are being retained to work on a remodeling job in the plant. 12,000,000 pounds of sugar was made this season as against 18,000,000 last year. The deficiency is said to be the result of a poorer quality of beets this year. During the operating season 300 persons were employed. Two shifts of twelve hours each were required to turn out the sugar this year.

Ben Pringle, well known Floyd county farmer, gave out some interesting figures to County Agent Dickinson recently on the cost of feeding his hogs. Mr. Pringle said: "During the feeding period of my hogs now on feed, the hogs gained 1050 lbs. They consumed 72 bushels of corn at $1 a bushel early in the fall, and 350 pounds of tankage, costing 55c per pound. This makes the cost of gain on these hogs $9 per hundred. Can you beat it? The tankage was 8.7 per cent by weight of the amount of the corn fed."

That hog "flu" is caused by poor housing conditions rather than by any specific germ is the opinion of K. W. Stouder, extension professor of veterinary medicine at Iowa State College. When farm animals get sick people make a great effort to find some disease and overlook ordinary sanitary precautions that would prevent the trouble.

Live stock shipping associations, organized over Monona county in the past few months, are prospering. The Blencoe organization, has shipped two cars of stock. A general meeting and program was held recently and a good attendance was had. The Onawa association is leading with from two to four cars a week. The Turin association also is doing well. Farmers in the vicinity of Soldier are organizing.

Rex Beresford and W. H. Lapp, instructors sent out thru the state by the extension department of Iowa State college, Ames, who are engaged in short course work in Black Hawk county were in Cedar Falls recently. These instructors report great interest on the part of farmers of the state. Many indicate a desire to profit by the experiments of the agricultural department of Iowa State college and are adopting the suggestions put out as fast as they come to them.

Word has been received in Boone of the death in Long Beach, Calif., of Rev. W. D. Weaver, a former resident of Boone. Mr. Weaver lived there for about seven years before moving to California and was pastor of several Baptist churches in various parts of the state, at Ames, Newton, Fort Dodge, Webster City, where he was ordained, Comanche and other Iowa cities. He served thruout the Civil war with the 125th Illinois volunteers and was educated at Shurtleff College, Alton.

County Agent Dickinson reports that he has met with considerable success in the organization of the Floyd County Boys' and Girls' Club, which was organized with the cooperation of the Security Trust of Charles City. He says: The calves cost from $155 to $400 each. I tried to get good individuals with good breeding. The Herefords were all purchased in one neighborhood in Cerro Gordo county and the Shorthorns in one neighborhood of Black Hawk county.

In some counties the recent farm bureau campaign made almost a clean sweep of the rural citizenry. Clay county is probably entitled to the banner in that line, as the record now stands, with a farm bureau membership of 1531 from the 1604 farms in the county. Benton County has 2291 farms and listed a total of 2010 members for the farm bureau. O'Brien County, with 1798 farms has 1358 members. Cherokee County has 1777 farms and 1675 farm bureau members. Many other counties show almost as high a proportion of farmers joining. In dozens of town ships over the state a clean sweep was made, every farmer in the township joining the organization.

It is interesting to study the different methods employed in handling feeding steers. Much informations is secured from studying how the other fellow does things. No stockman knows it all and some obscure under study may be able to give the best of them pointers in the handling of stock. This is as true with pure bred animals as it is with feeders. We gain much knowledge from absorbing from each other. That is why organizations of men in a similar calling are so helpful. In Jackson county near Maquoketa, lives John Mommsen. His neighbors call him "Little Johnny," but he has a national reputation when he goes to the great markets of the country with his finished product. Recently he marketed his fourth shipment of what he terms hand-fed steers. For these animals he received $19.65 per hundred, the top of the market. In fact, nothing sold higher and packers were anxious to get his animals.

Announcement is made by J. W. Coverdale, secretary of the American Farm Bureau federation, that nineteen states have now ratified the constitution of the national organization and are ready to assume full rights and duties of membership. To that end the secretary has issued an official call for a meeting of the directors and members of the executive committee of the American Farm Bureau federation to be held in Chicago March 3. A meeting of the executive committee of the Iowa Farm Bureau federation at the secretary's office in Ames approved a tentative budget submitted by the secretary to cover the coming year's activities and a constructive program of work formulated. The most important item of the budget, and one which marks a new departure in farm organization work, was the appropriation of $20,000 to establish a bureau or department of research work to cover crop production, transportation and marketing.

Farmers to the number of one hundred or more have organized a company and will use power and light from the municipal plant in Traer. An order has been placed for poles, wire and all necessary equipment.

If you figure on the installation of drain tile this spring, you will find it advisable to place your orders at once. This is the advice of Prof. A. W. Turner, Iowa State college, who spoke in Carroll recently on matters pertaining to soil erosion and agricultural engineering problems in general.

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopathic Physician, Masonic Bldg., Garner, Ia.

Minnie Blank returned Monday from a visit at Goodell.

Chas. Stiehl had matters of business to attend to at Goodell Monday.

John Lemke was a business caller at Belmond Monday.

George Schafer, of Garner, was a business caller here Tuesday.

H. J. Bailey went to Garner on business Tuesday afternoon.

Ed. Jacobs was a business visitor at Garner Tuesday morning between train stops.

Louie Knoke had matters of business to attend to at Garner Tuesday morning.

Henry Church went to Garner Tuesday morning to look after business matters.

J. B. Spitler and son, Howard, were at the county seat town on business Tuesday between trains.

Mrs. Trafford and Mrs. Maitland were Garner callers between trains Tuesday morning.

Miss Aravella Emerson is reported to be quite ill with pneumonia this week.

See Welty's big half page ad, telling you about his wonderful cut-price piano sale. adv.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Ell attended the Mason City auto show last Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Dutro went to Mason City on Monday for a few days' visit with her brother and sister.

C. W. Wiles attended the Auto Show at Mason City last Thursday and Friday.

H. W. Wilson returned to Titonka Thursday after visiting with his sister here a few days.

Nels Palmer was a business caller at the city of Goodell Monday between trains.

Welty, of Britt can save you money on a piano. See his ad telling about the big piano sale, Saturday, Feb. 21st. adv.

STRAYED away, a red sow weighing about 225 pounds, from my place week before last. Finder notify C. V. Marshall. adv-1

Henry Coobs came from McGregor, Iowa, last Friday to spend a week or so visiting at the W. F. Pavey home, and with other friends.

Miss Aravella Emerson returned from Spencer last Saturday where she went for a few days visit with her parents.

Mrs. George Fuller returned to Owasa, Iowa, after visiting with her children and grandchildren here for the past three months, in Klemme.

Mr. and Mrs. Buferd Meyers of Mason City, spent several days the past week with Klemme relatives and friends.

LuVerne Smith who is attending the Capital City Commercial College at Des Moines, came home to spend Sunday with his mother and sister here.

A few more members have been added to the Kemme band, all of whom were young men from the country. The band can use a few more beginners.

Thomas Berhow, of Kanawha, who is on the board of supervisors, was a Klemme caller Tuesday afternoon. While here he looked up some matters of business for the county.

E. S. D. Kahrs received his car load of household goods from Dolliver, Iowa, Saturday. Monday he and Mrs. Kahrs were busy unpacking and getting settled again.

Clarence Johnson spent a couple of days of the past week taking in the auto show at Mason City. Bernice Gimer accompanied him for a few days' visit at Mason City with Miss Hulda Johnson.

Harry Sandrey spilled a lot of printer's ink in this issue of the Times telling about the big sale he will pull off next Tuesday. Look over his half-page ad which you will find elsewhere in this issue.

Marlin Croner left Monday afternoon for Cincinnati, Ohio, on business. He will also make business stops at Chicago and other large cities while he is away.

Oscar Schuldt, of Garner, was an over Sunday visitor with his mother here. Oscar has charge of the battery work at the Bamman Bros. Garage at Garner.

August Barz was a passenger to Garner Tuesday morning on business.

Ernest Lewis came from Mason City last Friday to spend a week with Klemme folks.

Mrs. Raymond White and little son, went to Miller Tuesday morning. Mrs. White's parents held a public sale Tuesday and she went there to help out for a day or two.

C. C. Tessier came over from Garner Monday to see the farmers along the new electric line east of Klemme to take their orders for motors and other electric fixtures.

Henry Maitland, Jr., has been assisting at the Crystal Cafe the past week taking the places of members of the staff who are absent on account of sickness.

Carl Suckow left Tuesday noon for Des Moines to attend the Auto Show. Carl is interested in that line now as he is a traveling salesman for a new kind of carburetor.

When you think of a Piano, think of C. D. Welty, of Britt, he has over 1,000 pleased customers in Hancock County. Welty's Big Piano Sale begins Saturday, Feb. 21st. Read his ad. adv.

Mrs. Marlin Croner, who has been confined to her bed the past week, has so far recovered from her attack of pneumonia that she was able to sit up every day since Sunday, and is rapidly regaining her strength.

Henry Maitland moved in from the farm last Friday and the family are now quite comfortably situated in their new home in the north part of town. Mr. Maitland recently purchased this property from A. Wellemeyer.

John Johnson and family have moved to their new farm east of Klemme. The buildings are all new, being put up last summer. The house is as fine as any in town and has all the modern improvements.

C. D. Welty, the piano man of Britt will have a big piano sale on Saturday, Febr. 21st. All kinds of bargains. adv.

Miss Edna Smith left Monday evening for Des Moines where she will visit a while with her grandmother.

John Miller accompanied a shipment of live stock into Chicago last Saturday night.

R. E. Quintus and his helper came from Garner Tuesday morning to install the plumbing at the new Henry Freie residence and also to install a new water tank for our barber, G. P. McCullough.

Marie Blank visited with her sister at Belmond Saturday between trains.

Karl Kraus, who is well known in Klemme, has leased his hotel at Allison, Iowa, and is now bask as fireman with the Mason City Fire Department.

Mrs. Dutro accompanied by her son's little boy, went to Garner Saturday to meet the mother of the little boy who then accompanied her to Spencer. The little boy has been visiting with his grandparents here for the past four weeks.

Don't forget the home talent play which is put on by the Klemme Royal Neighbors and which they will give at the Idle Hour theatre Friday evening of this week. It is a three act farce-comedy, full of fun and wit from start to finish.

Herman Coobs never likes to have us say where he goes but we have learned that he made another of those frequent trips to Rock Island, Illinois, last Friday. Why don't you bring her here Herman, and introduce the young lady to your friends?

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Heeren, of Foreston, Illinois, came last Thursday to spend a week or so visiting at the Ben Swalve home and with other Klemme relatives. The young couple are newly-weds and are spending their honeymoon here.

Clark Bredbenner believes in having a modern and up-to-date pool and billiard parlor. Stepping into his place of business is like stepping into any well arranged and well conducted store. He runs a good, clean place of amusement and does not tolerate any profane language or roughness. His latest addition to the business is a beautiful big temp-bar, of the latest design, which enables him to serve cool refreshing drinks to his patrons.

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers .:.

The sweet elderberry crop never fails.

Few small towns in Iowa the size of Bellevue can boast of as modern and finely equipped hospital as the Moulton hospital in that city.

The Farm and Home week short course at Iowa State College to have been held February 9 to 14 has been definitely abandoned by the college authorities.

One thousand dollars an acre income from Iowa land is not bad and that is what A. Miller and sons of Creston have done with their celery land the past season.

Several hundred people of Haverhill, Gilman and Green Mountain, in Marshall county heard some excellent talks by Professor Rex Beresford of Iowa State College, on beef cattle feeding, recently.

Farmers in the vicinity of Bode, Humboldt county, have contracted with the Iowa Sugar Company to raise 385 acres of sugar beets the coming year. By raising this amount they are entitled to a dump for unloading them.

The recent tractor show and demonstration in Sac county was a decided success. Prof. Glass of Iowa State college had charge of the work. Local tractor men cooperated in the work. Eleven different makes of tractors were shown.

Dairymen from all parts of Iowa will assemble at Iowa State College, Ames, in February, for a two-day convention. This gathering is held under the auspices of the Iowa State Dairy Association, which is one of the oldest dairymen's associations in the United States and which has been engaged in dairy educational work in Iowa for the past ten years.

Professor R. T. Parkhurst of Iowa State College conducted successful poultry demonstrations on the farms of S. K. Clemmons and Joe Halter, Scott and Sharon townships, Clayton county, recently. The work met with great enthusiasm. It has been found as a result of the work done earlier in the season along similar lines that of all flocks culled 25 per cent were low producers.

When Harvey Strum, living north of Marshalltown, purchased a young pure-bred Duroc Jersey gilt at a swine show early in 1918 he paid $70 for the animal and thought he was paying a long price. That was little more than two years ago, but Strum sold at public auction recently twenty-six of the progeny of this animal for the sum of $5,355. Pretty fair record for one Iowa hog.

Petitions for the paving of the Des Moines-Ankeny and Des Moines-Carlisle roads are to be received by the Polk county board of supervisors on Feb. 16. This work will be of exceptional importance as the roads are the first in Polk county to be paved in the new hard surface program as authorized by the Iowa state highway commission. The paving is to start as early as weather conditions will permit.

That the efforts of County Agent Brant to interest the farmers of Benton county in the idea of growing better fruit another year have been successful, is evidenced by the number of fruit growers of the county who are planning on having their orchards sprayed another year. Great quantities of fruit are raised each year on the farms of this county but heretofore only a few have taken the necessary precautions to insure a harvest that is really worth while.

District conference for county agricultural agents and home demonstration agents in the 99 counties of the state will be held at the following named places on the dates designated. Albia, Monday, Feb. 23; Burlington, Tuesday, Feb. 24; Cedar Rapids, Wednesday, Feb. 25; New Hampton, Thursday, Feb. 26; Hampton, Friday, Feb. 27; Des Moines, Monday, March 1; Red Oak, Tuesday, March 2; Denison, Wednesday, March 3; LeMars, Thursday, March 4; Spencer, Friday, March 5.

The County Agent of Clarke county is highly elated over the results obtained from the Farm Bureau "Exchange" the first week. Several married men have already been placed on farms and considerable live stock has changed hands through the "Exchange". More and more of the members are becoming interested and making their wants known through the Farm Bureau "Exchange". They realize this is the best medium they have for exchanging their products in the county.

Officers of the Cass county Breeders' Association are as follows: President, Ray Bell, Grove; vice-president, C. A. Zellmar, Washington; secretary, H. P. Kelly, Atlantic, and treasurer, R. F. Neal, Grove. The first annual meeting will be held soon.

Marion county boys and girls who were winners in club work the past year will each receive $15 as a fund to be spent on a trip to Ames in February to the annual Short Course. Madison county banks generously donated to this fund last spring as did others interested in this county.

According to County Agent C. L. Wygle of Emmett county, a recent census of the stock car shortage reveals the fact that only 35 to 40 cars of stock had been shipped during the month of December, while 150 cars were really needed to handle the market demand. At present this shortage is being rapidly overcome," said Wygle, "but if it should occur again the Farm Bureau will be glad to take the case up with the state authorities."

Altho five Muscatine county dairymen and farmers are at present enrolled in the Davenport Cow Testing Association, a move is being started among the farmers of the county to organize a similar association. It is the plan to complete the Muscatine association some time in June. Miss Elnora Studer, an Iowa young woman, representing the dairy extension department of Iowa State College at Ames, is working in the interests of the new organization.

At the recent meeting of the Iowa Farm Bureau Federation in Des Moines, Carl N. Kennedy, county agent for Polk county and president of the National Association of County Agents gave an excellent talk on the viewpoint of the county agent toward salary, co-operation and the exact position and relation to the Farm Bureau. The talk was well received, and showed the purpose of the national organization of county agents and their purpose and ideals.

Topping the market twice in a week is some achievement, but that is what Arthur Wilkins, successful farmer and feeder of Dallas county did recently. Besides topping the market twice, Mr. Wilkins established new price records for January. He sold one flock of fed western lambs at $19.85; top that day, and two days later marketed a flock of 111 lambs averaging 77 pounds, at $20.45, extreme top for that day. He bought the lambs on the Chicago market.

If a cockerel was considered along the same line as a dairy bull, the result would be better layers. The season of the year is at hand when many people are ready to buy cockerels for their flocks. Too often people buy and introduce new blood into their flock, that gives them pullets of the non-productive egg class. Dairy men do not choose or buy a bull entirely on his looks, but he must have records behind him. A good cockeral should have records behind him. A good show bird and a good looker does not mean that he is going to reproduce good layers. Often times the contrary is true.

Mrs. R. E. Dunahue, of Decatur county, started the year with 200 chickens. She sold from the flock eggs and poultry amounting to around $1,000 and she has a fine bunch of pullets with which to begin another season. Mrs. Jesse Aikin, a daughter Gladys, of Union county near Arispe, started the last season with 275 hens. They sold during the year over $600 worth of poultry and eggs, had all of the eggs and chickens that both families could use, and have 275 husky pullets left that are now ready for the coming season. They culled out all of the old hens and begin this season with the same number they started with only they are pullets from last season's hatching.

One of the largest crops of corn produced in western Iowa this year is on the farm of Oliver Connor, seven miles northwest of Glidden and on land that was for years regarded worthless as a swamp. G. E. Connor bought the land when it was a swamp and drained it and sold it for a good price. Mr. Connor this year had 80 acres of it in corn and he estimates the yield at 22,000 bushels or an average of 65 bushels to the acre. He states that some of the corn has run as high as 100 bushels to the acre. Over 6,000 bushels of the new corn was shelled and delivered at Glidden in one day and it graded No. 4 at best and sold for $1.20 a bushel. Mr. Connor this was on land which was once considered worthless.

Members are solicited on a basis. The fee is $5 a year and titles to membership in the membership local county farm bureau organization and also in the state federation. The contract becomes void in case of death or removal from the county. If at any time a member becomes dissatisfied and wants to withdraw he can do so by making written application to his county secretary. This life membership plan is a new departure from the old order of things. Iowa is the first state to put it into effect. That it is proving popular has been amply demonstrated in the recent campaign. It does away with the annual scramble for members and funds with which to carry on the work that has been a bugbear in most localities. A number of other states have already inaugurated similar membership drives under the Iowa plan of life membership, and it is probably only a matter of time until it will be adopted thruout the country.

More than 200 sheep have been killed by dogs in Allamakee county this year. These animals are worth more than $5,000 and cost the county more than $2,000. Dogs are being killed every night by some of our citizen owners.

Although school consolidation was recently lost out in two special elections at North Liberty, Cosgrove has voted by an overwhelming majority to consolidate schools in its district. The vote was almost 3 to 1 in favor of the proposition—112 for and 41 against.

KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 25 | Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, February 26, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

HOME TALENT GIVEN FRIDAY NIGHT BY THE ROYAL NEIGHBORS A SUCCESS

Klemme Shows Up Some Real Stars

One of the biggest entertainments given this winter was the play "Safety First" by the Klemme Royal Neighbors.

To say that the play was good would not be giving the actors a square deal, the play was excellent from every stand point and showed that Klemme had some real actors. The play was full of humor all the way through, always someone getting into an awful mess and having a time to get out again, but everything was cleared up in the last act, which came all too soon as most everyone present would willingly have stayed and laughed all night.

The house was packed from front to back and was one of the largest crowds which have gathered at the theatre this winter. Over $90 was realized from the sale of tickets.

ODD FELLOWS HAVE BIG MEETING

Nine Initiated Into The Order Monday Night

The Odd Fellows lodge of this place had a big meeting and banquet Monday evening when they gathered at the hall for a special meeting in which they took in nine new members into their organization.

The Odd Fellows here are rebuilding their organization. At one time they had a large membership, but many have since moved away to other places, some who went to war ahve since located elsewhere so that there were not very many left here. They are now making a drive for more members and are succeeding well as they had nine "ride the goat" Monday evening, after which they were all given a real banquet at the Crystal Cafe.

The Odd Fellows degree team were over from Garner to assist in putting on the work and there were between forty and fifty present at the meeting Monday night.

Those who were iniiated into the mysteries of the I. O. O. F. were Wm. Busch, R. B. Irwing, Ulrich Heppin, M. O. Barr, Wm. Howard, Walter Schultz, Raymond White, Charles White and W. H. Trafford.

The Odd Fellows have about thirty members here now but hope to increase this number

INFANT SON OF MR. AND MRS. OTTO KLINGE DEAD

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Klinge, residing northwest of town, are mourning the death of their two year old son, Elmer, who died of pneumonia following an attack of influenza. The little fellow was laid At Rest in the Eli Township cemetery Tuesday. The famiy have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

"DETROIT-TO-DENVER" LATEST IOWA HIGHWAY

DES MOINES.—The Detroit-to-Denver Highway association perfected its organization at a meeting here yesterday afternoon. Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska and Colorado were represented. Plans were discussed for starting work immediately and establishing a reliable and permanent highway from Detroit to Colorado Springs.

According to the suggestions advanced the road will enter Iowa at Davenport, follow the river-to-river road across the state through Des Moines and leave the state at Council Bluffs.

A box of our type containing local news and others went astray and has not yet showed. It will be run next week if we can locate it.

A few years ago a young fellow and a bottle at a public sale would have caused no sensation, but times have changed. At the John Long sale last week a young man with a bottle protruding from his overcoat pocket attracted more attention than the auctioneer. This young man recently married could not understand why all eyes were focused on him until he reached in the said pocket and found that the bottle was sticking out i plain view. Disgusted at his own carelessness in permitting such an exposure, he took it out and threw it, nipple and all, as far as he could send it. The reason it went that far is because Charley Dawson showed good judgment in hastily getting out of the way.—Corwith Hustler.

HOWARD SPITLER AND SARAH THIEMAN MARRIED

This week we are pleased to announce the marriage of two of Klemme's popular young people, Howard Spitler and Miss Sarah Thieman. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. H. Meyer at the First Methodist Parsonage on Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock, February 18th. Both of the young people are well known here and have a high standing in the community. They will for the present live with the groom's parents west of town on the farm formerly owned by H. J. Bailey, until a set of buildings can be erected on part of the farm. We wish them a long and happy married life.

SOCIAL PAYS OUT BIG

Miss Annetta Schuldt held a basket social at her school last week Thursday that brought perhaps the top price for any social held near here this winter. If someone had bid just twenty cents more on a basket the total amount would have reached $100. That is certainly a large amount but we will have to blame our young Klemme men for their liberal bidding. The highest price paid for a basket was $11.60, and quite a number were close to that amount. A fine program was also given in connection and all enjoyed a good time.

IT IS SOME SAUSAGE

Did you ever hear of a sausage that was eight feet long? No, you perhaps never did, neither did we and if anybody else but a preacher told us such a yarn we would call him a ——, well you know. But such is the case, the sausage case in which is located the sausage, the whole thing measures eight feet long and three inches in diameter in United States measure. John Tanner brought the sausage, or maybe hauled it to Rev. Meyer one day last week. A man could never think of making such a fine sausage, but Mrs. Tanner is the artist who constructed it and the Reverend gentleman says it is the best he ever tasted.

...ington arch in New York has ...dest recognition for merit of de... It had its beginning in Stan... White's temporary structure for ... Washington centennial in 1889, ... 100 years after Boston had built ...lfinch's arch of lumber and canopy ...bric beside the old state house. Four ...ars later it stood in mellow marble ... the foot of Fifth avenue. In straightforward construction, with no columns ... gables applied in merely decorative ...es, this centennial arch attests its ...signer's courage in breaking with ...most universal precedents. Except ... an occasional ancient arch like

A TOWN'S FUNERAL

A town that never has anything to do in a public way is on the way to the cemetery. Any citizen who will do nothing for his town is helping to dig the grave. A man that cusses the town furnishes the coffin. The man who is so selfish as to have no time from his business to give affairs, is making the shroud. The man who will not advertise is driving the hearse. The man who is always pulling back from any public enterprise throws bouquets on the grave. The man who is so stingy as to be howling hard times, preaches the funeral, sings the doxology. And thus the town lies buried from all sorrow and care.—News, Downs, Kansas.

INVENTOR OF WIRE FENCE IS DEAD

John Calvin Merrill said to have been the inventor of the wire fence in Dubuque, Iowa, 52 years ago, is dead here today. Merrill said his invention came about through his difficulty in keeping confined the pigs of his Iowa ranch. He is credited with laying out the town of Westphalia, Kansas.—Britt News.

FARM NEWS WANTED

We would like to have a correspondent in every farm locality in the vicinity of Klemme. Anyone can easily get together a few items each week of what is going on in your neighborhood. The only way we can get this news is to have a correspondent in each neighborhood. We will be glad to make arrangements with anyone who will volunteer to write news for us. Call at the Times office and see us. Editor.

Your Best Hand Out for Year 1920

How U. S. Savings Certificates Grow in Value

Denomination of $100.

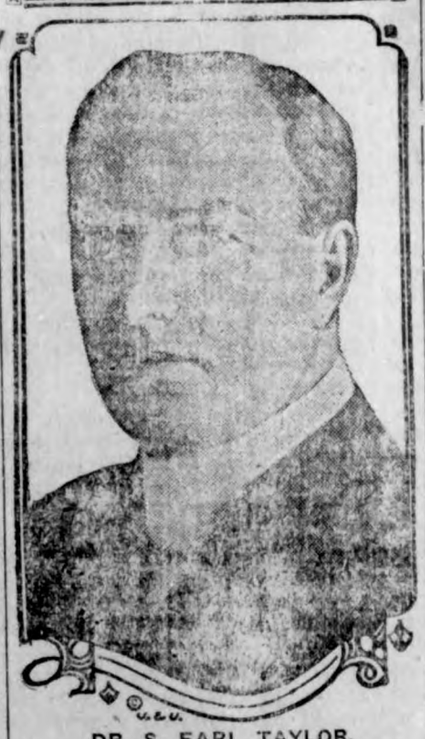
Month.	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924
January	$ 82.40	$ 84.80	$ 87.20	$ 89.60	$ 92.00
February	82.60	85.00	87.40	89.80	92.20
March	82.80	85.20	87.60	90.00	92.40
April	83.00	85.40	87.80	90.20	92.60
May	83.20	85.60	88.00	90.40	92.80
June	83.40	85.80	88.20	90.60	93.00
July	83.60	86.00	88.40	90.80	93.20
August	83.80	86.20	88.60	91.00	93.40
September	84.00	86.40	88.80	91.20	93.60
October	84.20	86.60	89.00	91.40	93.80
November	84.40	86.80	89.20	91.60	94.00
December	84.60	87.00	89.40	91.80	94.20
January 1, 1925	.....	.....	.....	.....	$ 100.00

Denomination of $1,000.

Month.	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924
January	$824.00	$848.00	$872.00	$896.00	$920.00
February	826.00	850.00	874.00	898.00	922.00
March	828.00	852,00	876.00	900.00	924.00
April	830.00	854.00	878.00	902.00	926.00
May	832.00	856.00	880.00	904.00	928.00
June	834.00	858.00	882.00	906.00	930.00
July	836.00	860.00	884.00	908.00	932.00
August	838.00	862.00	886.00	910.00	934.00
September	840.00	864.00	888.00	912.00	936.00
October	842.00	866.00	890.00	914.00	938.00
November	844.00	868.00	892.00	916.00	940.00
December	846.00	870.00	894.00	918.00	942.00
January 1, 1925	.....	.....	.....	.....	$1,000.00

NEW WORLD PROGRAM DEVISED BY CHURCHES

By S. EARL TAYLOR.



DR. S. EARL TAYLOR, General Secretary Interchurch World Movement.

If Christ, on the day He was born, nad started on a tour to preach in every village in India, He would still have 30,000 more to visit.

We now believe we have found a way by which the leaders of the Protestant churches can sit around a common table and have the Christian program of the entire world laid before them. By means of the Interchurch World Movement we can see where the Methodists are, and where the Baptists are. We can see the general outline of their forces, their present status in this great world struggle, and may also have some idea of the anoccupied places, and what may be done by all of us to enter these unoccupied parts of the world field which Christ sent us to occupy.

CHURCHES TO AID LONELY SHEEP SHEARERS OF WEST

The bleat of the sheep on the backbone of the continent calls men to the mountains. On high uplands from the Canadian border to Mexico, in lonely and inaccessible places, one of the most romantic examples of the country's migrant worker — the sheep shearer—plies his trade.

Unheard of though he is to thousands of his fellow workers, it was for him that the immigration regulations of three countries—Canada, the United States and Mexico—were modified during the war. This permitted freedom of movement to many hundreds of this strange craft, and the means of employment to thousands in factories and stores.

Yet, for all his importance in the ranks of the nation's great Marching Army of the Employed, what sort of life does this man lead? The migrant fruit packer, or wheat harvester, or farmhand, or lumberman often roams inland through cities and the congested spots of civilization. But the sheep shearer, by the nature of his trade, is cut off from such influences.

Through a survey of the nation's migrant labor now being made by the Interchurch World Movement, it is suggested that for men of this class relief may be afforded through churches in outlying districts. For social and other purposes these men, with proper co-operation by church bodies, could make use of many of the facilities without which they are doomed to a life of isolation.

MINISTERS COST LESS THAN AUTOS

World Survey Figures Reveal How Badly United States Is Paying Its Pastors.

MANY LIVING ON $600 A YEAR

One of the Aims of Present Protestant Co-operation Is to End Disgrace of Underpaid Preacher—Pensions Also to Be Provided.

What are the chances of a young man who intends to be a lawyer of making $3,000 a year? What are the doctor's chances? What of the minister or the manufacturer?

The lawyer has exactly one chance in five. The doctor's chances are one in seven. It is ten to one against the manufacturer. The modern minister, however, who formerly ranked with the doctor and lawyer as a member of the "learned professions," has fallen hopelessly behind. He is a 100 to 1 shot.

These figures are part of a mass of astonishing facts brought to light by the world survey being made by the Interchurch World Movement and whose sources of information are such that many economists and statisticians are availing themselves of the results. This survey puts America's minister at the bottom of the ladder of the nation's income receivers—and with responsibilities which equal those of any captain of industry.

A worker in a silk mill, a laborer in a rubber plant, a paper maker, a worker in a shoe factory—all are getting higher average wages, the survey shows, than does America's minister, city or country. Nor does the city man receive the luxurious salary that many persons, including many country parsons, believe he does. Not four ministers in a thousand, according to the survey, receive $5,000 a year. In no instance, whatever the denomination, does a majority receive $1,000.

Cotton Pickers Better Off.

Are you a Congregationalist? In 2,783 churches the yearly pay to your ministers has been less than $1,000. Are you a Presbyterian? You are then on the less than $1,000 list with 6,415 ministers. In the event that you are a Methodist the charge is that 4,719 pastors are trying to exist on the $20 a week that you pay them. Episcopalians do a little better, yet half of their rectors receive less than the $1,500 a year which government economists regard as the minimum on which a family can be decently maintained.

The initial cost of the cheapest "flivver" on the market is less than $600, but a very good, conscientious pastor, it is shown, can be hired for a year for that sum.

Ministers in the South are preaching to fifty or more cotton pickers who individually are paid more for picking cotton than their entire neighborhood pays to the preacher in a year.

One of the aims of the present co-operation of the world's Protestant denominations is to end this disgrace of the underpaid minister. With universities, business houses and municipalities daily taking action to provide for the comfort of their workers, the church is to keep pace with the times, and to arrange not only for adequate pay for its workers, but to provide pensions for those no longer able to work.

It is to move the public to prevent unfavorable comparison of pastors and puddlers. Until then, as for a puddler swapping jobs with a pastor drawing an "ordinary" salary—never! The lowest salary paid to pastors is lower than any wages paid in the entire steel industry.

SOUND BUSINESS BASIS FOR CHURCH

Interchurch World Movement Natural Growth of Tendency to Eliminate Waste.

AVOID USELESS COMPETITION

Religious Financiering Revolutionized by Success of Men-and-Millions Movement and Co-operation Is Result.

The Interchurch World Movement of North America is an attempt by forward-looking leaders of the various evangelical denominations of the United States and Canada to co-ordinate the resources in men, money and material of Protestant America.

Historically it is the logical outgrowth of a tendency of the national boards in each denomination to form working alliances among themselves, in which each board shall preserve its identity and control its own personnel and treasury.

In former times, the home mission society, the foreign mission society, the church mission society and the various philanthropic and eleemosynary agencies of any denomination conducted their affairs independently of one another. Each surveyed its own restricted territory, prepared a budget of money and workers for its own purposes and made its own appeal to its constituency for support.

This could only mean that these agencies were more or less in competition with one another; that there were waste and duplication of work and money, and that among them all some work was neglected and some denominational resources were entirely overlooked. Because of their specialized training, the leaders of each agency regarded themselves as peculiarly fitted for their tasks, and jealously regarded attempts at outside interference.

Decide on Experiment.

After ecades of such haphazard methods, the leaders of one denomination decided on an experiment. They thought it would be possible for the agencies to get together for a common study of all the opportunities and resources of their brotherhood, to make out a unified budget of men and money, and to conduct a concerted appeal for funds. It was made clear that each constituent board should preserve complete autonomy.

When the board representatives met they found it possible to eliminate a great amount of organization expenses. They ultimately worked out a budget and plan of campaign that was satisfactory to all. This resulted in the famous Men-and-Millions Movement of the Disciples of Christ, which brought in what was then considered the staggering sum of $1,300,000 for a five-year program. The members of the communion were so pleased with this business-like method of conducting affairs that they contributed even more generously than had been expected.

The success of this enterprise revolutionized the whole business of church financiering. The other great denominations immediately adopted the plan. The denominational associations have come to be known as "forward movements," and some thirty of them are in existence today. Each one has clarified all the information in relation to the enterprise within the denomination, and has reduced the business of collecting and spending money to a science.

World-Budget Formed.

The Interchurch World Movement is simply a plan to do interdenominationally what the forward movements have done within the various communions. It means that every denominational budget will be made in the light of world needs instead of in the semi-obscurity of incomplete information. It means that contributions to one denomination will not be in wasteful competition with contributions to another, because all the fellowships will have worked out their program together.

The functions of the Interchurch World Movement are threefold. First, it collects, by means of world surveys, all the pertinent facts on which denominational programs may be built. Second, it sets up the practical machinery of co-operation. Third, it acts in an advisory capacity whenever its advice is requested.

The Movement has nothing to do with organic church union or matters of creed or doctrine. Each constituent unit preserves complete autonomy, and is bound only so far as it wishes to be bound. Financial appeals are issued by each denomination to its own constituency. Any surplus in undesignated funds over and above the actual cost of administration, will be prorated among the denominations engaged in a given financial undertaking.

An illustration of one thing the Movement can do is to be found in a western community of 1,600 persons in which thirteen denominations have been supporting separate churches with missionary funds, while an adjacent territory of 50,000 persons has only three churches. By seeing that all missionary boards are supplied with informaton in such cases, the Movement will make possible a wiser distribution of funds.

Its first goals are to reduce unnecessary duplication and overlapping to a minimum and to bring about an intelligent division of labor in unoccupied fields. The Movement is, at bottom, an attempt to put church business on the sound, business-like foundations on whicl the great commercial institution of Americn are built.

A shipping association was organized at Melrose in Monroe county about the 1st of December, and to date has shipped about a dozen cars of hogs, nearly all going to Burlington and St. Louis. The officers are Sterling B. Martin, president; S. M. Rairdon, vice president; J. S. Coughlin, secretary treasurer; J. E. Smith, director; P. R. Coady, director; John Knowles, director. This board met and employed S. M. Rairdon as manager and Neal McGee as assistant manager.

Fifty head of female Poland China hogs, the offering of F. G. Paul & Sons of just north of Marshalltown were sold at public auction for a total of $10,62[illegible]. The animals brought an average price of $212.50, the top being $500. The total and average although not being exceptionally high was very satisfactory to the seller. The sale attracted a very large crowd most of the buyers being from central Iowa and distant parts of the state and nearby states. Only a few of the animals went to county breeders.

F. J. Sedlacek becomes the owner of the 40 acres of land just south of St. Angsar, which formerly belonged to A. O. Gilbertson, the purchase price being $1,000 per acre for the land and was a cash deal. This piece of land is practically unimproved so far as buildings are concerned, but the land itself is in a high state of cultivation, being clean and well fertilized, onions and other truck crops having been raised there for a number of years. Mr. Sedlacek plans on continuing the raising of truck crops on this field and plans to have [illegible] held put into onions the coming year.

Iowa building tradesmen meet Des Moines at Hotel Fort Des Moines to organize a permanent association and to make plans for a state building congress to be held later this year in Des Moines.

LANSING QUITS WILSON CABINET

Secretary of State Charged by President With Usurping Power.

LETTERS ARE MADE PUBLIC

Executive Objected to Holding of Cabinet Meetings Without His Knowledge—Friction Between Pair Began at Peace Conference.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Robert Lansing resigned on Friday night as secretary of state.

Mr. Lansing left office because he was charged by President Wilson with assuming the prerogatives of the president during the period of the latter's illness in the past four months by calling and presiding over meetings of the cabinet.

His resignation, tendered in a letter under date of February 12, was accepted by the president Friday and became effective at once. Under-Secretary of State Frank Polk is the ad interim head of the state department and may be named as Mr. Lansing's successor.

The state department on Friday night issued a formal statement announcing the resignation of Secretary Lansing and giving the correspondence which passed between the president and his chief aid leading up to the reaking of relations.

Wilson to Lansing.

"The White House, Feb. 7.

"My dear Mr. Secretary: Is it true, as I have been told, that during my illness you have frequently called the heads of the executive departments of the government into conference? If it is I feel it my duty to call your attention to considerations which I do not care to dwell upon until I learn from yourself that this is the fact. Under our constitutional law and practice, as developed hitherto, no one but the president has the right to summon the heads of the executive departments into conference, and no one but the president and the congress has the right to ask their views or the views of any one of them on any public question.

"I take this matter up with you because in the development of every constitutional system custom and precedent are of the most serious consequence, and I think we will all agree in desiring not to lead in any wrong direction. I have therefore taken the liberty of writing to ask you this question, and I am sure you will be glad to answer.

"I am happy to learn from your recent note to Mrs. Wilson that your strength is returning.

"Cordially and sincerely yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

Lansing to Wilson.

"The Secretary of State, Washington, Feb. 9.

"My Dear Mr. President: It is true that frequently during your illness I requested the heads of the executive departments of the government to meet for informal conference.

"Shortly after you were taken ill in October certain members of the cabinet, of which I was one, felt that, in view of the fact that we were denied communication with you, it was wise for us to confer informally together on interdepartmental matters and matters as to which action could not be postponed until your medical advisers permitted you to pass upon them.

"Accordingly I, as the ranking member, requested the members of the cabinet to assemble for such informal conference, and in view of the mutual benefit derived the practice was continued.

"I can assure you that it never for a moment entered my mind that I was acting unconstitutionally or contrary to your wishes, and there certainly was no intention on my part to assume powers and exercise functions which under the constitution are exclusively confided to the president.

"During these troublous times, when many difficult and vexatious questions have arisen and when in the circumstances I have been deprived of your guidance and direction, it has been my constant endeavor to carry out your policies as I understood them and to act in all matters as I believed you would wish me to act. If, however, you think that I have failed in my loyalty to you and if you no longer have confidence in me and prefer to have another conduct our foreign affairs, I am, of course, ready, Mr. President, to relieve you of any embarrassment by placing my resignation in your hands.

"I am, as always, faithfully yours,

"ROBERT LANSING."

Wilson to Lansing:

"The White House, Feb. 11, 1920.

"My Dear Mr. Secretary: I am very much disappointed by your letter of Feb. 9 in reply to mine asking about the so-called cabinet meetings.

"You kindly explain the motives of those meetings and I find nothing in your letter which justifies your assumption of presidential authority in such a matter. You say you 'felt that, in view of the fact that you were denied communication with me, it was wise to confer informally together on inter-departmental matters and matters as to which action could not be postponed until my medical advisers permitted me' to be seen and consulted, but I have to remind you, Mr. Secretary, that no action could be taken without me by the cabinet, and therefore there could have been no disadvantage in awaiting action with regard to matters concerning which action could not have been taken without me.

"This affair, Mr. Secretary, only deepens a feeling that was growing upon me. While we were still in Paris I felt, and have felt increasingly ever since, that you accepted my guidance and direction on question with regard to which I had to instruct you only with increasing reluctance, and since my return to Washington I have been struck by the number of matters in which you have apparently tried to forestall my judgment by formulating action and merely asking my approval when it was impossible for me to form an independent judgment because I had not had an opportunity to examine the circumstances with any degree of independence.

"I, therefore, feel that I must frankly take advantage of your kind suggestion that if I should prefer to have another conduct our foreign affairs you are ready to relieve me of any embarrassment by placing your resignation in my hands, for I must say that it would relieve me of embarrassment, Mr. Secretary, the embarrassment of feeling your reluctance and divergence of judgment, if you would give your present office up, and afford me an opportunity to select some one whose mind would more willingly go along with mine.

"I need not tell you with what reluctance I take advantage of your suggestion, or that I do so with the kindliest feeling. In matters of transcendent importance like this the only wise course is a course of perfect candor, where personal feeling is as much as possible left out of the reckoning. Very sincerely yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

Lansing to Wilson.

"The secretary of state, February 12, 1920.

"My Dear Mr. President: I wish to thank you sincerely for your candid letter of the 11th, in which you state that my resignation would be acceptable to you, since it relieves me of the responsibility for action which I have been contemplating and which I can now take without hesitation, as it meets your wishes.

"I have the honor, therefore, to tender you my resignation as secretary of state, the same to take effect at your convenience.

"In thus severing our official association I feel, Mr. President, that I should make the following statement which I had prepared recently and which will show you that I have not been unmindful that the continuance of our present relations was impossible and that I realized that it was clearly my duty to bring them to an end at the earliest moment compatible with the public interest:

"Ever since January, 1919, I have been conscious of the fact that you no longer were disposed to welcome my advice in matters pertaining to the negotiations in Paris, to our foreign service, or to international affairs in general. Holding the views, I would if I had consulted my personal inclination alone, have resigned as secretary of state and as a commissioner to negotiate peace.

"I felt, however, that such a step might have been misinterpreted both at home and abroad, and that it was my duty to cause you no embarrassment in carrying forward the great task in which you were then engaged. Possibly, I erred in this, but if I did it was with the best of motives.

"When I returned to Washington in the latter part of July, 1919, my personal wish to resign had not changed, but again I felt that loyalty to you and my duty to the administration compelled me to defer action, as my resignation might have been misconstrued into hostility to the ratification of the treaty of peace or at least into disapproval of your views as to the form of ratification.

"Believing that the time had arrived, I had prepared my resignation, when my only doubt as to the propriety of placing it in your hands was removed by your letter indicating that it would be entirely acceptable to you.

"I think, Mr. President, in accordance with the frankness which has marked this correspondence and for which I am grateful to you, that I cannot permit to pass unchallenged the imputation that in calling into informal conference the heads of the executive departments I sought to usurp your presidential authority.

"I had no such intention, no such thought. I further believe that the conferences were proper and necessary in the circumstances, and that I would have been derelict in my duty if I had failed to act as I did.

"I need hardly add that I leave the office of secretary of state with only good will toward you, Mr. President, and with a sense of profound relief.

"Forgetting our differences and remembering only your many kindnesses in the past, I have the honor to be, Mr. President,

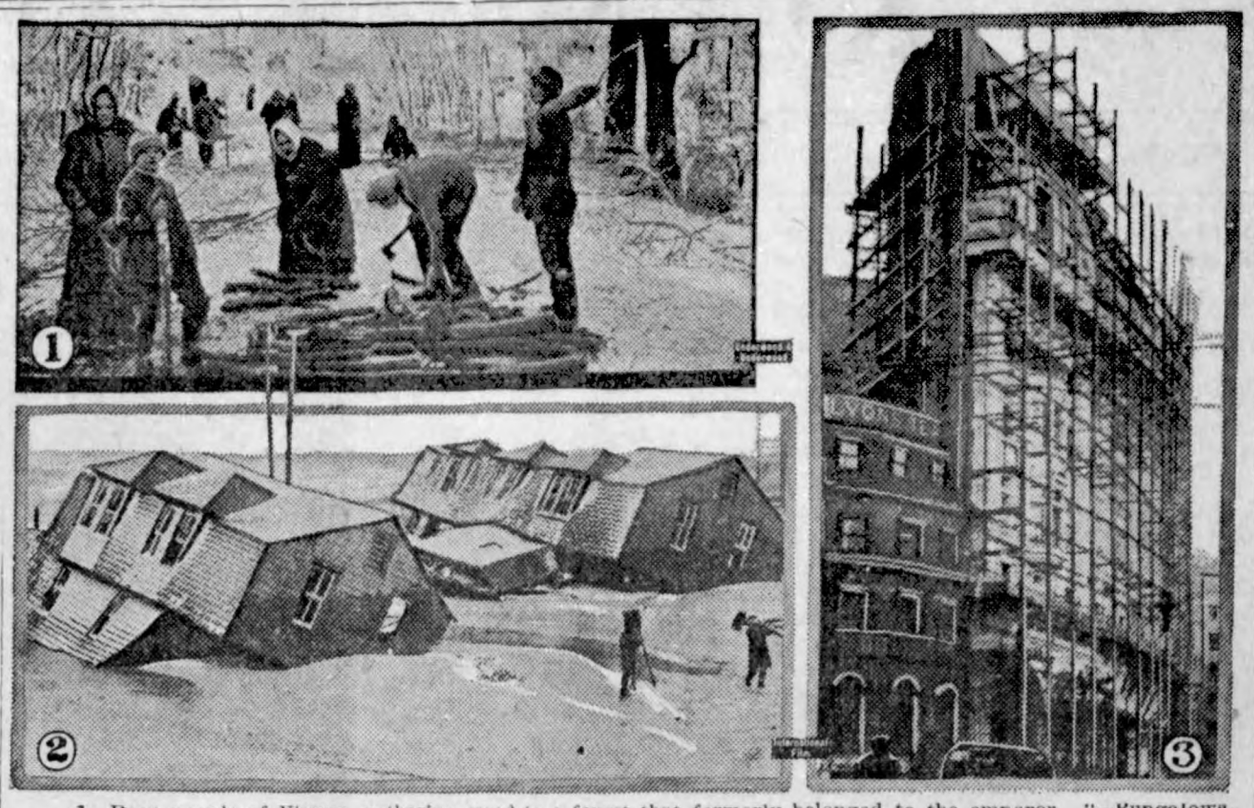
"ROBERT LANSING."

Wilson to Lansing.

"The White House, Feb, 13, 1920.

"My Dear Mr. Secretary: Allow me to acknowledge with appreciation your letter of February 12. It now being evident, Mr. Secretary, that we have both of us felt the embarrassment of our recent relations with each other, I feel it my duty to accept your resignation, to take effect at once; at the same time adding that I hope that the future holds for you many successes of the most gratifying sort. My best wishes will always follow you, and it will be a matter of gratification to me always to remember our delightful personal relations.

"WOODROW WILSON."



1—Poor people of Vienna gathering wood in a forest that formerly belonged to the emperor. 2—Bungalows near Atlantic City wrecked by the destructive storm that raged along the Atlantic coast. 3—First skyscraper erected in London.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Director General Hines Refuses to Raise the Wages of the Railway Employees.

DISPUTE PASSED TO WILSON

Gompers Against Organization of Labor Party—Farmers' Representatives Deny Inherent Right to Strike—Renewed Hope for Agreement on Peace Treaty.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Director General Hines and the heads of the railway unions failed to reach an agreement as to wages, and the whole matter was passed on to President Wilson for his decision of the final attitude of the government. The possibility of a general railway strike and consequent paralysis of industry loomed big, despite the assertion of the leaders of the four brotherhoods that no such move was being considered yet.

Mr. Hines, after many days of conference with the labor chiefs, came to the conclusion that, though the workers may be entitled to more pay under existing living conditions, it is economically impossible for the railway administration to grant the increases in view of the fact that federal control comes to an end on March 1. It was believed in Washington that the president would sustain Mr. Hines and appeal to the railway unions to submit their demands to the wage adjustment boards provided for in the pending railway legislation. The unions, however, do not seem to have any faith in such tribunals, and feel that they will have no chance after the roads have been returned to private ownership.

Everyone concerned in the matter directly feels that the union chiefs have been very courteous and have shown a genuine desire to avoid serious trouble. It is to be expected that some strikes will follow if the president decides against the workers, but there has been no threat of a general strike. One such strike already has been ordered. The maintenance of way employees and shop laborers have been directed to quit work on February 17. Their president, Allen C. Barker, said, however, that the submission of the controversy to President Wilson might avert this, as it was at Mr. Wilson's request that the strike plans made last August were held in abeyance while the government tried to lower the cost of living. Since it mainly failed in this, said Mr. Barker, he felt Mr. Wilson would afford the men the relief they had asked. This may be so, but official statistics do not bear out the claims of the maintenance of way workers. Since 1913 their wages have increased on the average 106 per cent, while the cost of living in the same time has gone up 83.1 per cent. It is not surprising, however, that the workers should join in the general grabfest. Since the war began there has been no greater profiteer than organized labor, but the capitalist, big and small, set the example and led the way.

In Kansas the maintenance of way men have been officially warned that their contemplated strike will be in violation of that state's new industrial court law.

The congressional conference committee fixed up a clever compromise railway legislation bill and its speedy acceptance was predicted. But formidable opposition developed. Representatives Barkley of Kentucky and Sims of Tennessee, both Democratic members of the conference refused to sign the report and announced they would fight the measure. Barkley objects to the provision for a 5½ per cent return on earnings with an equal division of excess earnings over 6 per cent between the roads and a government fund for the benefit of the weaker lines. Sims makes his fight especially against the rate-making provision; but he is opposed to the bill generally for he is an advocate of government ownership. The union labor leaders were waiting until they could study the compromise bill, but they were expected to join with the opposition to the measure. The sections dealing with wage adjustments do not please them.

Samuel Gompers, who several times lately has felt his throne tottering, has come out strongly against the organization of a political labor party and urges that organized labor devote its effort to the election of members of congress who will be friendly to it. The third party plan is especially favored by the Plumb plan leaders, but Mr. Gompers warns that it would be fatal to the interests of organized labor. His attack on congress was decidedly bitter, and called forth several vigorous replies, particularly from Senator Sherman of Illinois and Representative Blanton of Texas.

The antagonism between union labor and the farmers was accentuated last week when representatives of the National grange, the American Farm Bureau federation, the Cotton States board, and the Association of State Farmers' union presidents met in Washington and drew up a memorial to congress denying that any group of organized workers possesses an inherent right to strike. Allu especially to strikes of transport workers, the memorial says:

"Those who believe that labor an inherent right to organize a s believe that such organizations ha right to starve the people of the c to death, on the one hand, and to stroy the property of the farmer the other.

"No such right had ever existed no such right exists now.

"No set of men has ever had moral or legal right to destroy p erty or cause suffering by conspi together.

"What would be the verdict of people if the farmers of the Un States should suddenly decide to on a strike and refuse to supply the wants and needs of those who are not in a position to produce food and clothing for themselves? They would be condemned from one end of the country to the other and the fact would be pointed out that they, as the owners and tillers of the land, had no right, either moral or legal, to bring about such a calamity.

"If the farmers have no such rights, those who handle their products have no such rights."

Hope springs eternal, and it is now the turn of the peace treaty compromisers to hope that their efforts will be crowned with success in the near future. President Wilson's latest letter to Senator Hitchcock on the subject, apparently written before Viscount Grey's pronouncement but made public much later, was interpreted as showing a yielding spirit, and the maneuvering to reach an agreement was renewed. At this writing hope for early ratification rested largely on the report that the mild reservationists, Senator Lodge and a group of Democrats had agreed tentatively on a substitute for the Lodge reservation on article ten. This substitute declares the United States assumes no obligation to preserve the territorial integrity or political independence of any other country, and Senator Hitchcock indignantly asserted it was no compromise and that its acceptance would be a complete surrender on the part of the supporters of the president. Lodge also proposed a series of amendments modifying the language of his reservations. The president, it is stated, has so far recovered his health and strength that he has taken personal direction of the Democratic forces in the present fight over the treaty in the senate.

The council of the League of Nations opened its meeting in London on Wednesday, with Arthur J. Balfour in the chair. The nations represented were Belgium, Brazil, Great Britain, France, Greece, Italy, Japan and Spain. Both Mr. Balfour and Leon Bourgeois of France expressed regret that the United States was not represented. To M. Bourgeois was intrusted the preparation of plans for the organization of the permanent court of international justice, and other steps were taken toward carrying out th purposes of the league.

There was nothing new last week to indicate the course which the allie would pursue in the matter of the ex tradition of Germans accused of wa crimes, except an unofficial statemen that they would insist on the execution of the treaty clause. The Berlin government insists that delivery of the culprits is a physical impossibility and also would be an incredible violation of the nation's honor. The latter point may be disregarded, but the former may have some weight. The British, it is said, are willing to show leniency, but not so the French. The former crown prince got on the front page with an offer to the heads of the allied governments to surrender himself in place of the 900 whom the allies desire to put on trial—a spectacular play to the grand stand which will have no results.

Hungary's representatives went to Paris to present their country's answer to the peace treaty. It was understood they would protest especially against the financial clauses, on the ground that it would be utterly impossible for Hungary to make the payments demanded. As for Austria, starving and freezing, she is still begging some millionaires or wealthy na-

pure-bred Duroc Jersey s... ring to show early in 1918 he paid $... the animal and thought he w... ing a long price. That was more than two years ago, but sold at public auction recently ty-six of the progeny of this ... for the sum of $5,355. Pret... record for one Iowa hog.

Petitions for the paving of t... Moines-Ankeny and Des Moin... lisle roads are to be received ... Polk county board of supervis... Feb. 16. This work will be ... ceptional importance as the ro... the first in Polk county to be ... in the new hard surface prog... authorized by the Iowa state h... commission. The paving is t...

ity and that the "ring of fire" to crush bolshevism is a failure. At the same time Lloyd George and his colleagues said bolshevism was not democracy and civilized methods of government must be adopted before any nation will make peace with Russia.

The Democratic members of congress, disregarding the wishes of President Wilson, formally decided in caucus to oppose any legislation for universal military training. Mr. Wilson's letter to the caucus not only urged that the matter be not made a party issue, at least until the national convention passed on it, but also made it clear that he heartily favored a project for moderate military training. The resolution against the training legislation was supported, of course, by such men as Kitchin of North Carolina and was passed by a vote of 106 to 17. Since the big majority of the lower house has adopted the same attitude there seems to be small hope for universal military training at present. Representative Kahn and others of its supporters, however, have not yet given up. Approval of the system expressed by the American Legion may have some influence on congress.

Herbert Hoover and his possible candidacy for the presidential nomination continue to afford food for speculation. Mr. Hoover has issued a long statement in which he denies that he is seeking the White House job or has any organization. He repeats that he must vote for the party that stands for the League of Nations if that becomes a partisan issue, and adds that he does not believe in more than two great parties. He declines to pledge his vote blindfolded, and does not say that he would accept either the Republican or the Democratic nomination if the platform suited him.

Responding to questions from Senator Borah, General Wood says: "I believe that we should accept the League of Nations as modified and safeguarded by the existing Lodge reservations —reservations which Americanize it and safeguard our traditional policies —reservations which leave America absolutely free and untrammeled to follow the will of her own people in all questions of foreign and domestic policy."

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION

Mother's Knee.

"Stories first heard at your moth... knee," said the moralizer, "are ne... forgotten."

"Yes," rejoined the demoral... "and it is the same way with so... other things you felt at a moth... knee."

SALTS IF BACKACHY AND KIDNEYS HU...

Stop Eating Meat for a While Your Bladder Is Troubling You.

When you wake up with backa... and dull misery in the kidney regio... generally means you have been ea... too much meat, says a well-known a... thority. Meat forms uric acid wh... overworks the kidneys in their ef... to filter it from the blood and they ... come sort of paralyzed and log... When your kidneys get sluggish a... clog you must relieve them, like y... relieve your bowels; removing all ... body's urinous waste, else you ha... backache, sick headache, dizzy spe... your stomach sours, tongue is coat... and when the weather is bad you ha... rheumatic twinges. The urine ... cloudy, full of sediment, chan... often get sore, water scalds and y... are obliged to seek relief two or th... times during the night.

Either consult a good, reliable phy... cian at once or get from your pharm... cist about four ounces of Jad Salts ... take a tablespoonful in a glass ... water before breakfast for a fe... days and your kidneys will then a... fine. This famous salts is made fr... the acid of grapes and lemon ju... combined with lithia, and has be... used for generations to clean a... stimulate sluggish kidneys, also ... neutralize acids in the urine so it ... longer irritates, thus ending bladd... weakness.

Jad Salts is a life saver for regu... meat eaters. It is inexpensive, can... injure and makes a delightful, eff... vescent lithia-water drink.—Adv.

The Search.

We saw Diogenes the other day w... his lantern.

"Still looking for an honest ma... we asked. He shook his head mou... fully.

"No; I gave that up long ago. ... wish I'd stuck to it. It wasn't half ... hopeless as what I'm doing now."

He certainly did look despond... and our heart went out to him.

"What are you looking for n... then?" we asked.

He sighed.

"I'm looking for a congressman w... made out his income tax without a... body's help."—Life.

Constipation, indigestion, sick-heada... and bilious conditions are overcome by ... course of Garfield Tea.—Adv.

The Difference.

"Our men went overseas in unce... tainty." "So they did, but they can... home in transports."

COLDS breed and Spread INFLUENZA

KILL THE COLD AT ONCE WITH

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

Acid-Stomach Makes 9 Out of 10 People Suffer

Doctors declare that more than 70 non-organic diseases can be traced to Acid-Stomach. Starting with indigestion, heartburn, belching, food-repeating, bloat, sour, gassy stomach, the entire system eventually becomes affected, every vital organ suffering in some degree or other. You see these victims of Acid-Stomach everywhere—people who are subject to nervousness, headache, insomnia, biliousness—people who suffer from rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica and aches and pains all over the body. It is safe to say that about 9 people out of 10 suffer to some extent from Acid-Stomach.

If you suffer from stomach trouble o... even if you do not feel any stomach distress, yet are weak and ailing, feel tired and dragged out, lack "pep" and enthusiasm and know that something is wrong although you cannot locate the exact cause of your trouble—you naturally want to get back your grip on health as quickly as possible. Then take EATONIC, the wonderful modern remedy that brings quick relief from pains of indigestion, belching, gassy bloat, etc. Keep your stomach strong, clean and sweet. See how your general health improves—how quickly the old-time vim, vigor and vitality comes back!

Get a big 50c box of EATONIC from your druggist today. It is guaranteed to please you. If you are not satisfied your druggist will refund your money.

EATONIC
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Where Washington Sleeps

by T. C. Harbaugh

Where the lordly Potomac thro' vistas of beauty
Sweeps with a song to the faraway sea,
America's chieftain, the hero of duty,
WASHINGTON, rests in the shade of the tree;
His fame is still bright, tho' the cycles have vanished,
His valor is written in Liberty's tome;
His name is immortal and ne'er can be banished—
Forevermore cherished in heart and in home.

He sleeps 'mid the scenes that he loved in his childhood,
Spring covers the ground with her blossoms so fair,
He dreams where he play'd as a boy in the wildwood,
As free as the eagle from sorrow and care;
Let Trenton and Princeton weave chaplets eternal,
And Brandywine sing of his unclouded fame;
He rose to the height of a patriot supernal,
And Yorktown adds splendor to WASHINGTON'S name.

The stars shed their light where he camps in his glory,
Adored everywhere where his actions are told,
And millions to come will rejoice when the story
Is lisped of our wonderful struggle of old;
Whole-soul'd and great hearted he rode to the battle,
Right's paladin, armed in a cause that was just;
Undaunted he stood 'mid the roar and the rattle,
Forever beloved, tho' his body is dust.

Mount Vernon will guard the great soldier forever,
America's Mecca and Liberty's shrine,
And free men will flock to his tomb by the river,
And kneel in the sunburst of glory divine;
And brighter each day grows the name that we cherish,
As the first in our hearts it will ever find room,
Fame's carved it on high so it never can perish,
And Love lays her wreath upon WASHINGTON'S tomb.

Sleep, Champion of Freedom, beside the loved river,
Thy requiem 'twill sing to the ending of Time;
Thy soul's in the care of Our Father, its giver,
Thy glory as lasting as Liberty's clime;
The morn as it bursts in its beauty discloses
The Banner that floats where thy slumber is deep,
Thy sword we will laurel with summertime's roses,
Beloved by the Nation, sleep, WASHINGTON, sleep.

(Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union)

MARYLAND FIRST IN FIELD

Residents of Boonsboro, in that State, Built Memorial to George Washington in 1827.

On the summit of South mountain, above Boonsboro, Washington county, Maryland, stands an interesting memorial to George Washington, which is, moreover, the first monument actually erected to his memory in this country, according to the Youth's Companion. Although work was begun on the monument in Mount Vernon place, Baltimore, some years earlier, that shaft was not completed until 1829, but the one on South mountain was virtually built in one day, the Fourth of July, 1827.

At 11 o'clock on the morning of that day all the people of the little settlement of Boonsboro—two years later it contained only twenty-nine houses—went in a body to the point then known as Blue Rocks. Some of the men had fought under Washington in the War of the Revolution. The result of the day's labor was a monument built of the stones found on the mountain. It measured fifty-four feet in circumference and was raised to the height of fifteen feet that day. Tradition says that that height was increased to fifty feet in the next few days.

A central stairway leads to the summit. The outlook is over three counties; it includes part of the route of Washington's historic trip up the Potomac, the scene of the John Brown tragedy, the Antietam battlefield and a part of the old National road. A white marble tablet was originally set in the side of the monument, on which was the inscription, "Erected to the memory of Washington, July 4, 1827, by the citizens of Boonsboro." The slab has disappeared and all efforts to trace it have been in vain.

In the course of half a century the monument fell into decay. In 1882 it was rebuilt by residents of Boonsboro; but a stroke of lightning has torn away a part of it. The people of Washington county believe that it would be a fitting tribute from the people of the whole country to restore it, and the matter has been brought before congress by the representatives of the 4th Maryland district. The fact that it is the first completed monument to Washington—except one in Paris—is settled by contemporary records.

Cause of Washington's Death.

George Washington probably died of diphtheria, instead of acute laryngitis, as is commonly believed, according to an article by Dr. H. B. Hemenway. Dr. Hemenway outlined briefly the means used to cure ills during the time of Washington.

"It is probable that Washington's life was cut short more by excess of treatment than by disease," the article reads. "It is sometimes said that he died of acute laryngitis, but we believe that it is now generally agreed his disease was diphtheria."

Prominent in Many Things.

A close study of the life, letters and documents of Washington will show that he was prominent also as a business man, a farmer, a philosopher and a statesman and in his knowledge of human nature.

NEW YORK'S FINE MEMORIAL

For Merit of Design, the Washington Arch in That City Has Been Given Universal Praise.

Of American arches already standing in permanent construction, the Washington arch in New York has widest recognition for merit of design. It had its beginning in Stanford White's temporary structure for the Washington centennial in 1889, just 100 years after Boston had built Bulfinch's arch of lumber and canopy fabric beside the old state house. Four years later it stood in mellow marble at the foot of Fifth avenue. In straightforward construction, with no columns or gables applied in merely decorative uses, this centennial arch attests its designer's courage in breaking with almost universal precedents. Except for an occasional ancient arch like

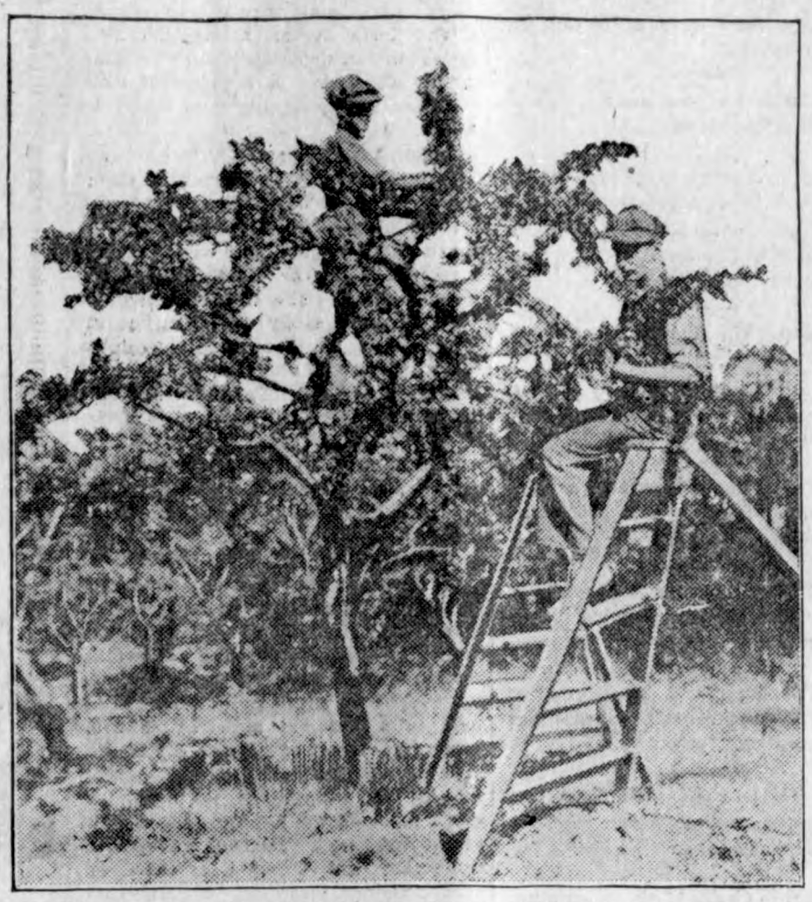
Washington Arch, New York City.

Trajan's on the Alcontara bridge, and an even rarer modern example like that of the colossal Arc de l'Etoile at Paris, whose architects indeed quarreled and wavered on this very point, the standard designs make use of pilasters and columns, engaged or detached, and carrying more or less orately broken entablatures. Stanford White's design shows two massive piers carrying with the help of a rather delicate arch between them, a decorated frieze and cornice crowned with an attic story whose broad wall panels bear the commemorative inscriptions.

Site of the White House.

The site for the president's palace, as the first maps name it, was selected by President Washington and Major L'Enfant when they laid out the federal city in 1792. They purposed to have the president's house and the capitol reciprocally close to the long vista formed by Pennsylvania avenue, and they also laid out a parklike connection between the two great buildings. The plans for the house, selected by Washington and Jefferson as the result of a competition in which L'Enfant took part, were drawn by James Hoban, a native of Dublin.

MORE FARMERS SHOULD GROW FRUITS FOR GOOD HEALTH AND PLEASURE OF FAMILY



To Scenes Like This—Paraphrasing Burns—Columbia's Memories Cling.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The middle-aged gentleman was downcast, not to say positively despondent. And it wasn't his nature—at lunch time. Something serious had happened, clearly. His young friend, who felt a duty of guardianship in a way, asked him what it was.

"Well," confessed the middle-aged gentleman, "I am apprehensive as to the future of the country. The home orchard is passing away—a specialist of the United States department of agriculture told me so. And I don't see how American institutions as we know them are going to survive such a blow. Why, all the memories that are worth while—all the sweet sentiments that tie us to the divine sufficiently to keep us from going wholly to the brute—connects in some way with the old home orchard. The thing that brings to me the spirit of Easter—the coming of life out of death—isn't sermons and lilies. It is the smell of plum blossoms, white on the trees and fragrant long before the leaves appear. Apple blossoms after a warm rain—peach blooms against a saffron sunset—apples hanging thick on the trees when the leaves are falling and frost is near, the visible proof of the faith that Nature will provide for her children through the frozen time! Why, there isn't a day but some memory of my playtime in the old orchard makes me kinder and more decent to the other human beings who have to live here with me. What's going to happen, I'd like to know, when we have bred a race that buys its fruit from commercial orchards and knows nothing of the humanizing influence of the little orchard that is a part of home, and if not actually a part of heaven, at least a bit of the path that leads to heaven?"

Reviewing the Home Orchard.

"Well," said the young friend, "other specialists of the department of agriculture besides the one you talked to have been thinking about it. I don't know that they had your particular phase of the home orchard in mind. I believe they were thinking more about saving money in the home, and about the greater comfort of the members of the household. But they have written a bulletin entitled 'Growing Fruit for Home Use.' It begins this way: 'A more general culture of fruits in gardens and in home orchards would contribute substantially to the health and pleasure of the average family, besides furnishing a supply of valuable food products at a relatively small outlay of money.' Something, you see, is being done to prevent the passing of the home orchard."

"I'm glad to hear it," said the middle-aged gentleman. "What else does the bulletin say?"

"Well, it has 40 pages full of sound advice about growing fruit in the home orchard. It outlines a plan for an orchard, tells what kind of site is best, how to obtain nursery stock, the relative advantages of large and dwarf trees, season of planting, preparation of the soil, handling the stock from the nursery, planting, cultural methods, maintaining soil fertility, pruning and training, control of insect pests and fungous diseases, varieties of fruit for different regions, description of the different fruit districts, comments on fruit varieties, age of bearing, and lists of varieties. It discusses apples, pears, quinces, peaches, apricots, plums, cherries, grapes, gooseberries, currants, strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, dewberries and, possibly, some others."

"That"—and the middle-aged gentleman let out a long breath and grew less tense—"is fine, as far as it goes. It tells a man how to grow fruit at home. But does it tell him why to grow fruit at home?"

"Yes," said the young man, "it points out that, in many localities, the difficulty of securing fruit in pleasing variety by purchase is a strong reason for its home production wherever possible. It says that, throughout a large portion of the country, a sufficient range in variety of fruits can be produced to provide a supply in the fresh state for the table during a large part of the year and for canning or otherwise conserving for use during the rest of the year. It calls attention to the difference in point of view of the commercial grower and the home grower. The commercial grower, it says, thinks and operates in terms of his orchard, carload shipments of fruit and market prices. The one who grows fruit for home use, it continues, thinks in terms of individual trees."

Fruit Trees Have Individuality.

"That's right," interrupted the middle-aged gentleman. "I remember apple trees—and pear trees and cherry trees, too—that had almost as much individuality as people—more, in fact, than some people I know."

"Or," continued the young friend, ignoring the interruption, "plants and works to secure a supply for family use. The commercial grower measures his success principally by the effect on his bank account. The man who grows fruit for home use measures success by the regularity and quality of the supply that comes to the table, and the satisfaction of having it fresh and tree-ripened and the product of his own efforts. In the home orchard, the bulletin says, large yields, good shipping quality and attractiveness in appearance may be made secondary to high dessert quality or special excellence for cooking purposes."

"That's right, too," said the middle-aged gentleman. "Now, I remember an apple tree that used to stand right by the spring branch at home. It bore the dingiest apples I ever saw, but they were—"

"Tell me that the next time," interrupted the young friend; "my 20 minutes' vacation for lunch is over. You get a copy of that bulletin and read it. It's free."

"All right, I will," agreed the middle-aged gentleman. "How do I go about getting it?"

"Write," called back the young friend over his shoulder, "to the division of publications, United States department of agriculture, Washington, for Farmers' Bulletin 1001."

NEED FOR STANDARD GRADES

Bureau of Markets Notes Increasing Interest in Uniform Grades for Various Vegetables.

Increasing interest in uniform grades for fruit and vegetables is noted throughout the country by the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, as a result of the work of the food products inspection service and the experience of the past two seasons, which demonstrated the necessity of establishing definite standards.

The need for national standard grades and their value is shown by the fact that the grades for potatoes, made compulsory during the war, are still in wide use, although the regulations making them compulsory were canceled after the armistice.

Investigations of the grading of tomatoes, cabbage and some other vegetable crops are now under way and the bureau of markets states that recommendations for grade specifications may be made in time for use next season.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Is the manure pile growing? Get it onto the fields.

* * *

Don't burn the leaves, save them for use as fertilizer.

* * *

A workshop provides a place for employment during the winter days.

* * *

The pen is mightier than the sword—especially if there is a pig in it.

* * *

It's not how much we can produce but what we can save of the production that counts.

* * *

Cowpeas are a legume that should be grown on every farm. They do reasonably well on thin soil.

The DAIRY

REMEDY DEFECTS IN BUTTER

Use of Churn Numbers Would Enable Inspectors to Sort Out Various Churnings.

Some of the defects noted by butter inspectors of the United States department of agriculture are: Old cream flavor, wavy or mottled appearance, too much salt, and leakiness in the butter. These defects are reported to the shipper when the inspection certificate is sent him, so that he may know why his butter scores low and may remedy the defects.

The use of churn numbers, so that the receivers can more readily sort out separate churnings, is urged by food-product inspectors of the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture. In one lot of butter, for example, the score varied from 88 to 92. As no churn numbers were shown, the only way the receiver could separate the butter was by examining every tub. If churn numbers had been shown it would have been a simple matter to separate the various churnings and sell them according to score.

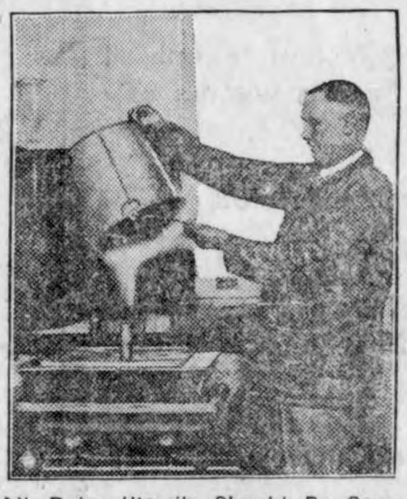
It is not possible to take time to examine every tub, so the butter is sold according to the samples taken, and at a discount if the samples vary much. If there should happen to be just one poor tub in the shipment and the sampler found it, the whole shipment would suffer; while if churn numbers were used, only the tubs in that churning would receive the lower score.

DON'T WASTE FUEL IN DAIRY

Exhaust Steam Can Be Advantageously Used in Pasteurizing Milk and Sterilizing Cans.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Many factory operations of the dairy industry require the use of heat, although they demand little power. As exhaust steam contains about 90 per cent of its original heat, it can be



All Dairy Utensils Should Be Carefully Sterilized for Use.

advantageously used in pasteurizing milk and cream and in sterilizing dairy equipment in the average commercial plant, according to specialists. They advise that all dairy factory men utilize this waste steam during the current winter, when fuel is scarce and high in price. Information on how to use steam effectively will be furnished free of charge when request is made to the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

VALUE OF BULL AS BREEDER

High Average in All His Daughters Is Final Measure—Four Years Are Needed.

The number of daughters a bull has in the advanced registry is not sufficient measure of his value as a breeder. Neither can his value be measured by a few high-producing daughters. High-average production in all his daughters is the final measure, and that cannot be determined by using the bull two or three years. Four years are needed to measure the value of any bull.

CARE FOR CREAM SEPARATOR

It Should Be Thoroughly Washed and Sterilized After Being Used—Particles Harmful.

The cream separator should be thoroughly washed and sterilized after each time it is used. Particles of milk or cream left in the separator act as a "starter" to hasten the souring of the cream.

SOME ESSENTIALS FOR COWS

Animals Will Do Better If Not Confined Too Closely—Warm Stables Necessary.

The cows will do a great deal better if not confined in too close quarters. They require above everything else plenty of exercise, fresh air, and good clean water. Good warm stables are a necessity.

BAKER'S COCOA

IS GOOD for Breakfast Luncheon Dinner Supper

Any time that *any one* wants a delicious drink with a real, satisfying, sustaining food value.

We guarantee its purity and high quality. We have been making chocolate and cocoa for nearly 140 years.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd
Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS

Wealthy Pauper.

In a cheap lodging house in William street, New York, an aged man died, leaving a will showing that he was wealthy enough to live in a brownstone mansion in Fifth avenue. He was Edward Campion, aged sixty-five. Why he chose the habitat of the "down-and-outer" may remain a mystery. The house is one of those where the unfortunate can get "bath and bed" for 15 or 25 cents.

In his will, Campion disposes of several valuable parcels of Manhattan property, as well as real estate in other sections, in addition to considerable cash, to two daughters and three sons.

How's This?

We offer $100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

New Luminous Paint.

The luminous paint of a recent British patent is made by heating sublimed sulphur with carbonates of strontium, calcium and magnesium, the strontium being preferably the predominant carbonate. A simpl mixture contains 26 parts of sulphur 19 of strontium carbonate, six of calcium carbonate and one part of magnesium carbonate. After heating in a crucible to about 1,500 degrees Fahrenheit the mixture is ground, and is then made into a liquid paint with a colorless varnish of mastic with turpentine spirit or drying oils.

For a disordered liver, take Garfield Tea, the Herb laxative. All druggists.—Adv.

Gone for Gowns.

Simpson—I see by the society journals that Mrs. Dashaway is going to Europe for her gowns.

Keene—Judging from her appearance I think she must have left her clothes somewhere.—Cartoons Magazine.

Don't linger at the bottom of the ladder. Either go up or down.

BACK GIVEN OUT?

There's surely some reason for that lame, achy back. Likely it's your kidneys. A cold or strain ofttimes congests the kidneys and slows them up. That may be the reason for that nagging backache, those sharp pains, that tired, worn-out feeling. You may have headaches and dizzy spells, too, with annoying bladder irregularity. Use *Doan's Kidney Pills*. They have helped thousands. *Ask your neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

C. Wall, plumber, 1410 S. 8th St., Council Bluffs, Iowa, says: "Three years ago I was troubled with my kidneys being weak. I couldn't bend my back. My kidneys were sore and weak and fairly beat with pain. My back felt as if I had a heavy weight across it. The kidney secretions were highly colored and passed too freely. After doctors' medicine had failed to help, Doan's Kidney Pills gave me relief. Three boxes cured me of the trouble."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Cuticura Talcum is Fragrant and Very Healthful

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Stop Your Coughing

No need to let that cough persist. Stop the irritation, and remove tickling and hoarseness by soothing the inflamed throat with

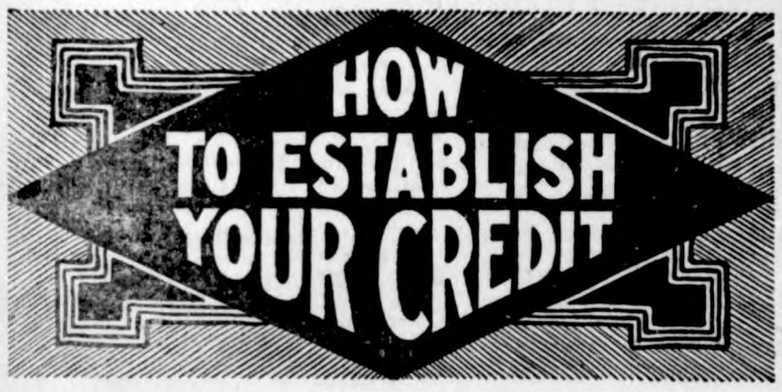
PISO'S

Waiting, procrastination, for any reason, never made for success, never showed a profit.

The successful man acts, goes ahead in spite of apparant obstacles which in nine cases out of ten later prove not to have been obstacles at all.

It is our earnest advice to you to build according to your needs, and don't miss a single profit waitiug for better bnilding conditions which may never come.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL



The officers of this Bank desire to cooperate with all ambitious men and to assist them in every possible connection.

They know that a man's character and credit go hand in hand.

If you have an establish account here and have handled it correctly you have a CREDIT NOW that is of value to you.

If you have not such a credit the time to start one is NOW.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE—
STATE SAVINGS BANK
CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME, 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $2500.00 IOWA
AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Walter F. Lau

Dealer In

Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Clarence Elder went to Garner Saturday forenoon.

Mrs. Chas. Ax was a passenger to Garner last Thursday.

Mrs. Baack went to Woden Saturday for a visit with relatives.

Miss Sarah Thieman went to Garner Saturday afternoon.

The Henry Glave family moved into the country the past week.

G. P. McCullough was at Garner on business Monday afternoon.

Ray Nelson from Garner, was visiting Klemme friends last Friday between trains.

Mrs. Henry Maitland went to Garner Saturday to have some dental work done.

Mrs. Behringer and daughter ,Florence, were passengers to Garner Saturday forenoon.

C. C. Tessier was over from Garner Monday looking after electrical business.

The Eighth Grade County examinations are being held today and tomorrow all over the county.

Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Luick of Goodell were shopping in Klemme Monday between trains.

John Henschen was a business caller at Belmond Tuesday between trains.

Mr. E. S. D. Kahrs was a business caller at the court house at Garner last Thursday between trains.

Henry Freie expects to move into his new house in Klemme the last of his week or the first of next.

Mrs. Thomas Johnson and daughter Bess, of Cedar Rapids, came last Saturday afternoon, being called here by the illness of her brother, Alvin.

Mr. and Mrs. Orville Johnson, of Garner, were shopping in Klemme on Monday between trains. These people are newy-weds and came here from their wedding trip to Des Moines.

C. W. Wiles sold his farm west of Klemme Tuesday to Frank Livermore, of Garner and a Mr. Johnson of Des Moines. The farm was formerly owned by L. H. Yost.

Rev. A. H. Meyer, accompanied by Dr. Brenner left for Des Moines Monday noon to attend the World Church Movement Convention. Rev. Meyer expects to return today.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Heeren who have been spending a week's honeymoon trip visiting with Klemme relatives, returned to Foreston, Illinois, Saturday, to begin housekeeping.

Mrs. A. L. Emerson came from Spencer last Wednesday to take care of her daughter, Arvella, who has been quite ill with pneumonia. She is very much improved at this time.

Mrs. O. R. White and Mary Nissen came from Miller last Friday to visit at the Raymond White home and also to take in the home talent play. They returned Saturday.

Geo. Post and family, of Nevada, Iowa, arrived in Klemme Monday with their car load of goods and will move to the Linden ranch east of Klemme.

Wm. Ax and family from near Garner, were visiting with Klemme relatives over Sunday. The Wm. Ax family will leave for Becker, Minn., this week where they will go on a farm for the coming year.

Mr. E. S. D. Kahrs and his father-n-law, Mr. H. Ludwig, went to Belmond last Thursday to bring home Mr. Kahr's Buick which he had left in storage there. The only bad place they found in the roads were near Goodell at the Carpenter farm.

Now is the time to subscribe for that daily or magazine. Let us send in your order when you get ready. We order magazines and papers practically every day in the week. No matter what periodical you wish to order, we can get it for you.

A farm near Humboldt sold the other day for $450 per care, possession to be given March 1st. Since then an 80-acre farm sold for $500 per acre. Possession of this farm will also be given March 1st. Iowa farm land continues to advance in price, and quite a few changes are reported every week, although March 1st is only a few days off—Fenton Reporter

Plans for the first drainage district in Fayette county have been filed with the supervisors. It is located in Smithfield township, and will embrace about 2,600 acres. The preliminary estimate of cost is over $60,000. This first project has been started by farmers thru the assistance of the farm bureau association and the extension department of the state college at Ames. A number of communities in the county are ready to follow.

Green bay bottoms which have defied the effort of man to redeem them, at last have yielded. The tractor did the business. The former river basin is shoulder high with weeds every season and horses could not get through them. The tractor, however, goes through easily and ploughs up the ground besides knocking down the weeds which obstruct the work of tilling the land. Farmers declare that when the river bottom is cleared the property cared for, it will increase land values in the vicinity of Fort Madison from 10 to 15 per cent. The soil is a rich loam and has never been used.

The $100,000 bull has arrived. It was born on the Waterloo Jersey farm, just in time to be a valentine. The calf weighs 75 pounds and each pound is the quintessence of wealth, for the animal is worth several times its weight in virgin gold. Really the calf is a $120,000 bull for it combines the blood of "Financial Sensation" and "Financial Beauty's King," and a half interest in both animals has been sold for $30,000, making the value of each $60,000. "Financial Sensation" is half owned by the Greystone Jersey farm; E. T. Meredith, secretary of agriculture, bought a half interest in Financial Beauty King.

While there has been considerable sickness among the hogs in many localities the fatalities have been few, the most serious feature in the situation being the set back in finishing for market, compelling a later shipment than originally intended. Colds, pneumonia or flu is the most prevalent trouble. The general believe is that the sickness is due largely to the poor ventilation in sheds. After being shut up in a close shed all night hogs coming out in the morning into the cold air steaming and in excellent condition to catch cold. Arange your shed in such a manner as to provide better ventilation and you will have no sickness of any kind to amount to anything in consequence.

Iowa had a net balance in her primary road fund January 1, 1920, for expenditure on construction and maintenance work on her 6,400 mile primary road system of $5,046,770.36. This very satisfactory showing is made in the December report on the activities of the State Highway Commission made by Fred R. White, Chief Engineer. Federal Aid funds to the amount of $120,000 were obligated during December leaving a balance in Federal funds still to be obligated before July 1 of $1,508,155.28. Plans and specifications now before the Bureau of Public Roads are sufficient to obligate all but $60,000 of this and by February 1, this additional amount will be entirely covered by the work in preparation.

Logan B. Urice, secretary of the Benton County Agricultural Association, is promoting a scheme which should greatly increase the pure bred poultry in Benton county. The directors of the Association are back of the plan and every farmer that has been spoken to has shown great enthusiasm. The plan is this: The association will furnish 200 settings of pure bred eggs of the four main breeds of chickens to the first 200 boys and girls making application. At fair time next year those who have received the eggs are to bring two chickens of the hatch to the fair to be exhibited and these chickens to become the property of the association. These chickens will be eligible to the regular poultry prizes and extra prizes for these classes. Rhode Island, Rock, Wyandottes and Leghorns are the four broods that have been decided on.

Iowa's best acre of corn in 1919 was grown by a Scott county man, LeRoy A. Haines of Prince, and yielded 111.6 bushels of dry shelled corn. On that record he was awarded the Raymond A. Pearson silver trophy cup, offered annually by the Iowa Corn and Small Grain Growers' Association. It was won in 1917 by F. G. Pinn of Humboldt county and in 1918 by Chas. D. Kirkpatrick of Keokuk county. Second place in the contest went to L. J. Meyer of Iowa county, whose acre yielded 106.3 bushels of dry shelled corn. The ranking of the other leading contestants was as follows. Chris Kinsell, Benton county, 103.2 bu.; A. E. Johnson, Pocahontas county, 101.47 bu.; J. O. Westrum, Hamilton county, 101.26 bu.; Emil Kroeger, Scott county, 95.89 bu.; G. V. Giffin, Palo Alto county, 94.72 bu.; Harold Nielson, Monnona county 92.84 bu.; Louis Schmitz, Plymouth county, 88.94 bu.; L. V. Carter, Hardin county, 84.27 bu.

F. L. Odell, well known to the buttermakers of Iowa, and who has been associated with the agricultural extension department of the Iowa State College, has resigned and will engage in the automobile business at Sioux Rapids, this state.

A $13,000 grain elevator will be built at East Fort Madison in the spring by the Farmers' Elevator and Supply Company. A motion authorizing the building of the elevator was unanimously passed at a meeting of the association, which also elected officers.

Woodman, woodman, spare that tree!

Don't try to chop expenses in furnishing your olothes tree and expect it to bear fruit.

To look good you must look to good clothes and since the prices of poor garments are so high you should be all the more careful.

All Wool——thats the stuff. Hand Tailoring—thats your style.

Clothes that combine the two cost more of course but they give more.

This store is still hanging ou to old standards and high qualities for dear life so don't you for goodness sake, let go.

Patton Bros. Co.

Mason City, Iowa Manly, Iowa

"Where a dollar does it's duty"

Quick Loans--Liberal Terms

Business men, particularly farmers, will always find us willing to extend credit and advance funds for legitimat purposes.

Ample funds, full knowledge of local values enable us to advance necessary credit at the time it is needed.

Make your next loan here. Prompt service, liberal terms and a square deal assured.

First National Bank

Westren States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Materail

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

We take orders for-

Storm Sash and Storm Doors

Now is the Time

to look your car over and get ready for Spring Driving. Bring your car in and get it overhauled before the spring rush. Just received a large assortment of caseings and tubes, Get you order in early. While you can get the best don't wait until you have to take Inferior Brands. Goodyear and Fisk "Best by Test."

C. W. Wiles

If you are in need of

Kitchen Supplies

We would like to have you look over our line of

Aluminun Ware
Enameled Ware
Tin Ware

We always carry a full line of the latest combination sets in Aluminun and Enameled Ware.

We have just received a

Majestic Range

finished in blue enamel--just the thing to complete your kitchen.

Eggs taken same as cash here

Jacobs & Son

Exclusive Hardware Klemme, Iawa

Come In and let us show you all about

The New
PRIMROSE
Cream Separator

This is the machine you have been wanting--*A perfect Separator in every way.* We have a full supply in three sizes.

Get your Primrose now and gain more cream money.

EED We are now taking orders for **Timothy and Clover Seed.**

W. M. Baack

rm Implements Klemme, Iowa

Beautify The Home
Make old things new.

The time of year has arrived when you will want to brighten up your rooms after the long winter months which leave their usual stains of smoke, soot and dirt on walls and ceilings from dusty stoves and furnaces---brighten up with

Bradley & Vrooman Paints

We have them in all colors. ***Perma-lac*** is a paint made different surfaces, it can be had for General use, Floor Paint, Porch Paint, Auto, Wagon and Buggy Paint, also for Staining. We also sell ***Alabastine Wall Tints.***

have a full assortment of Paint and Varnish Brushs

E. S. D. Kahrs

ggist Klemme, Iowa

U G. Smid was transacting business in Garner Monday between trains

"Prof." Tompkins was here from Garner on business Monday.

C. A. Arnold went to Mason City on business Monday afternoon.

A. G. Koerner returned from his trip to Des Moines yesterday marning.

Miss Mildred Johnson was a Garner caller yesterday.

C. W. Wiles had business at Garner yesterday.

Mr. John Peterson, of Chicago, has been spending a few days of the past week at the Joe Johnson home.

Dr. Missman has been having a driver the last week during the rush of sickness in the country.

Raymond Smith of Garner came Friday from Garner for a short visit at the Henry Medaus home.

Leafy Wilson went to Titonka Saturday for an over Sunday visit with friends.

Oscar Wenck came from Garner Saturday on business in Klemme between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Art Kluckhohn, of Garner, were visiting with Klemme relatives between trains Saturday.

H. L. Suckow went to Prairie De Chein, Wisconsin, on business Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Raymond White and son went to Miller Saturday afternoon for a visit with relatives.

E. C. Crotty was ill at his home at Britt last week so the band boys did not have a rehearsal last Friday.

Marlin Croner returned from his business trip to Ohio cities Wednesday morning.

The W. F. M. S. of the First Methodist church will meet with Mrs. Lou Sampson March 4th. You are invited.

The Independent School District of Klemme have a statement of their financial condition in this issue of the Times.

Mrs. Wm. Howard's mother, Mrs. Walters, was quite sick the past week with an attack of pneumonia, but at this writing is able to be up a little.

Ed. Jacobs, Gerald and Mildred McCullough drove to Garner Sunday afternoon in Ed's car, for a short visit with home folks.

Mrs. L. J. Doty, of Oelwein, Iowa, came last Thursday for a few days' visit with Klemme relatives and friends.

Mrs. I. B. Thomas came last Wednesday and remained until Saturday for a visit with her son, Dr. R. M. Thomas and family.

Mrs. Thayne Bailey and Mrs. Otto Hanson of Belmond, were Klemme shoppers last Wednesday between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Hake and Mr. D. H. Hake, of Belmond, were Klemme visitors between trains last Wednesday.

Mrs. J. N. Day and son Dorance, and Mrs. Wm. Smith went to Garner yesterday morning to assist at the D. D. Ross farm sale.

Mrs. Schultz, of Garner, and daughter Mrs, Manuel and baby of Britt were visitors at the Walter Schultz home Tuesday night.

Mr. H. Ludwig, of Nevada, Iowa, came last Wednesday and remained until Saturday for a visit with his daughter, Mrs. Kahrs.

Henry Coobs, who has been visiting with Klemme relatives for a week returned to his home at McGregor last Saturday noon.

Are you one of the farmers who will use a wide track sled next winter? If so now is the time to make your arrangements. Get the material as soon as possible to widen your sled and avoid the rush next fall.

Mrs. A. L. Strieby and son went to Garner Tuesday afternoon for a few days' visit. Mr. Strieby is working in the meat market at Garner during the absence of one of the men who is sick.

The Wibur McGee family have moved into the John Johnson house. They have three children who will enter the Klemme school, Wayne, Gayland and Beatrice. We welcome the McGee family to Klemme.

The district superintendent of the Methodist Church, Dr. L. J. Brenner, conducted communion services at the First Methodist Church last Sunday. Dr. Brenner was to have preached at Fenton, Iowa, but as that little town was quarantined for flu, he came here.

Mr. A. L. Lake, of Mason City, was trnsacting business in Klemme last Thursday between trains. While here he stopped for a chat with the Editor and also to make arrangements to run an ad. Mr. Lake is a contractor and has the contract for a new brick building at Goodell.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith have moved in from the farm and are now residing on "Frog Slip Avenue," if you know where that street is located in Klemme. They intend to build a home of their own on the lots south of the C. W. Wiles residence, as soon as the weather will permit.

Henry Church has purchased a house and lot at Garner and will move there shortly. The residence which the Church's have acquired is located just one block west of the Rock Island depot. He is having some work done on the place and is a daily caller at Garner.

Mr. Lou Sherman, of Goldfield, Iowa, was transacting business in Klemme last Saturday between trains. Mr. Sherman is the foreman on the Goldfield Chronicle and while in town stopped at the Times Office to see how we were progressing. While in town Mr. Sherman made the discovery that h was a cousin of Frank Carpenter, one of our townsmen

A. G. Koerner, our telephone man, went to Des Moines Monday to battle with the Railroad Commissioners Mr. Koerner has the right of way for his telephone system along the Rock Island and the electrical line running along the same route is raising old Ned with his system and as he has the right of way it is up to the Commissioners to make a satisfactory adjustment in some manner.

The dance which the Garner Firemen gave cleared them $317.25. This amount they will use to buy a new fire whistle. They also intend to give another dance on St. Patrick's day to raise more money. Why wouldn't this be a good idea for the Klemme Fire Department to follow up? The fire company here needs a chemical cart, some kind of a good alarm besides the old cow bell which is now used. Boys, let's do something.

ph M. Edwards, of Belle Plaine, been elected county agent for Wright county.

A May festival of music will be given by the Simpson Conservatory, Indianola this spring.

Henry Wahle, Pottawattamie county, marketed two car loads of hogs at Omaha recently for which he received $14.80 per cwt.

With numerous automobile shows being held thruout the state, February is proving a red letter month for the motor trades men of Iowa.

E. A. Kurt, purchased the 126 acre farm adjoining Fisher's bridge north of Des Moines from Jerry Sayler. The consideration was $295.00 an acre.

Newspapers advertising to arouse public sentiment in favor of increased salaries for school teachers is being resorted to by a special committee of publicity of the Fort Dodge federation.

Frank N. Miller has purchased the four acre tract of land on Elm street, belonging to W. C. Schaefer, rural route No. 1, Davenport, for $8,200, or $2,050 per acre.

Fired with enthusiasm over the success of the recent poultry show held in Albia, managers are working on a plan to make the show permanent and to provide means for putting it on a sound financial basis. The recent show demonstrated that Albia people were raising standard bred fowls. A large number of prize birds were on exhibition from Jefferson county.

Hay is scarce in Humboldt and bringing about any old price which is asked for it, said Mr. S. Gilliand, well-known Humboldt county farmer, in discussing the farm situation.

The idea of consolidating the schools of Mendon township with the new building centrally located at North McGregor, will soon be brought before the patrons of the schools and the voters.

More than a half hundred farmers attended the West Point Township Farm Bureau meeting recently in Allison county. A. L. Surfus was elected Farm Bureal director and A. Boleman vice-director. The Clarksville meeting in the county was also well attended and W. C. Kimball elected director. A community Farm Bureau is to be organized at Clarksville to embrace part of Butler and Jackson townships.

Announcement is made by J. W. Coverdale, secretary of the American Farm Bureau Federation, that nineteen states have now raised the constitution of the national organization and are ready to assume full rights and duties of membership. To that end the secretary has issued an official call for a meeting of the directors and members of the executive committee of the American Farm Bureau Federation, to be held in Chicago, March 3.

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

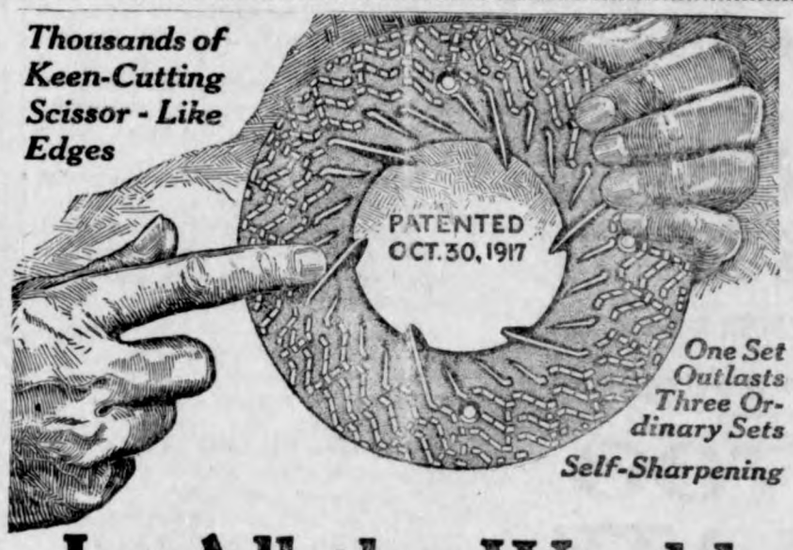
Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors **Phone 72**



In All the World
No Grinding Plate Like the LETZ!

Here's one of the famous Letz Grinding Plates—one of those plates between whose thousands of whirling scissor-like edges the grain and roughage is ground powder-fine in one operation.

No other process so fine cutting, so fast cutting, so durable, so dependable. No other process so altogether desirable for the feeder who wants to grind his own feed.

9 Sizes 22 Styles **LETZ** 2 to 40 H. P.

America's Leading Feed Mill

Letz Mills are enabling hundreds of thousands of progressive farmers and feeders to cut down their feed costs one-fifth, to save the 20% of feed that goes to waste when fed *whole*, to raise their hogs and cattle for market quicker, better, more economically.

LET US DEMONSTRATE

Henry Lau & Son

Farm Implements ***Klemme, Iowa***

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Candy and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

You Can't Keep House
AND LIVE HAPPY

Until you have ordered the Klemme Times sent to your home. Send us $2 for a year's subscription.

DO ALL MY HOUSEWORK

Before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I could hardly stand, says Mrs. Kwarcinski.

Chicago, Ill.—"I suffered with displacement and irregularities and I did not know what to do. My mother advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and use the Sanative Wash so I took her advice and used these remedies and cured myself. I feel fine and do all my housework which I could not do before, as I could hardly stand up and I have three healthy children. You can use this letter if you wish, for your remedy is certainly wonderful for sick, run down women."—Mrs. A. KWARCINSKI, 3627 W. Oakdale Ave., Chicago, Ill.

For forty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been making women strong and well, relieving backache, nervousness, ulceration, and inflammation, weakness, displacements, irregularities and periodic pains. It has also proved invaluable in preparing for childbirth and the Change of Life.

Women who suffer are invited to write for free and helpful advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

Vaseline

Reg U.S. Pat. Off.

PETROLEUM JELLY

For burns, cuts, sprains and all skin irritations. Relieves dryness of scalp.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.
(CONSOLIDATED)
State Street New York

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Guaranteed. Three sizes, all druggists.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Clubs Enough.

"I want to get something for my husband. He's a golf player." "Why not get him a new club?" suggested the clerk. "Dear me, no. He belongs to three clubs already."—Detroit Free Press.

DYED HER BLOUSE, SKIRT AND A COAT

"Diamond Dyes" Turned Faded, Shabby, Old Apparel Into New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells how to diamond dye over any color. To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

Utilizing Waste.

A new industry just introduced at Milan, Italy, consists of the manufacture from waste leather cuttings of boxes for collars, cuffs and carpets, furniture coverings and wallpaper.

Cuticura for Sore Hands.

Soak hands on retiring in the hot suds of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove surplus Ointment with tissue paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do if Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toilet purposes.—Adv.

It's enough to make a strong man tremble to think of a poor shad with rheumatism in all his bones.

Use MURINE Night and Morning and Keep Your Eyes Clean - Clear and Healthy

Write for Free Eye Care Book Murine Co. Chicago, U.S.A.

WOLVES OF THE SEA

By RANDALL PARRISH

Copyright, by A. C. McClurg & Co.

CHAPTER XXXII—Continued.
—20—

Haines was evidently reluctant, but sailor enough to follow as I lowered myself to the deck, clinging hard to keep my footing on the wet incline. A light spar had lodged here, and by making this a species of bridge, we crept as far as the companion, the door of which was open, and gained a view of the scene below. It was a dismal hole in the dim light, but presented no obstacle to our entrance, and I led the way down the stairs, gripping the rail to keep from falling.

The door of the captain's room gave, but it required our combined efforts to press it open against the volume of water, slushing about within. For a moment my eyes could scarcely recognize the various objects as I clung to the frame of the door and stared blindly about in the gloom. Then slowly they assumed shape and substance. Screwed to the deck, the furniture retained its place, but everything else was jammed in a mass of wreckage, or else floating about in a foot of water, deepening toward the stern. There were two chests in the room, one of which I instantly recognized as that of Roger Fairfax. The sight of this made me oblivious to all else.

"There's the chest we want, Haines," I cried, pointing it out. "Have the lads back the boat up to this port; then come down and help me handle it."

"Yes, sir," his voice trembling, "but—but isn't that a man over there—in the bunk? Good God, sir; look at him!"

The white, ghastly face stared at us, looking like nothing human in that awful twilight. I actually thought it a ghost, until with desperate effort the man lifted himself, clinging with gaunt fingers to the edge of the bunk. Then I knew.

"Sanchez! You! those cowards left you here to die!"

"No one came for me," he answered, choking so the words were scarcely intelligible. "Who are you, and what brought you here?"

"I'll tell you frankly, Captain Sanchez," and I stepped closer. "We risked coming aboard to save that chest—Roger Fairfax's chest—before it went down. This vessel has its back broken, and may slide off into deep water at any minute. We must get you out of here first."

"Get me out!" he laughed hideously. "To hell with your help. I want none of it. I am a dead man now, and the easiest way to end all will be to go down with the ship—'twill be a fit coffin for Black Sanchez. By God! I know you now—Geoffry Carlyle?"

"Yes, but an enemy no longer."

"That is for me to say. I hate your race, your breed. The very sound of your name drives me mad. I accept no rescue from you! Damn you, take your gold and go."

"But why?" I insisted, shocked at the man's violence. "Is it because I interfered between you and Dorothy Fairfax?"

"That chit; bah, what do I care for her but as a plaything. No, my hate runs deeper than that. How came you here—in the boat stolen from the Namur?"

"No, Captain Sanchez. The day after we left the ship we boarded a schooner found adrift; the crew stricken with cholera, with not a man left alive on deck, or below. She lies yonder now, the Santa Marie—a slaver."

"Merciful God!" and his eyes fairly blazed into mine as he suddenly forced his body upward in the bunk. "The Santa Marie adrift! the crew dead from cholera? And the captain—Paradilla, Francis Paradilla—what of him?"

"He lay alone on a divan in the cabin—dead also."

He tried to speak, but failed, his fingers clawing at his throat. When he finally gained utterance once more it was but a whisper.

"Tell me," he begged, "there was no woman with him?"

"There was no woman," I said gravely, "on deck or in the cabin."

"What mean you by saying that? There was one on board! Don't lie to me! In an hour I am dead—but first tell me the truth. Does the woman live?"

"No, she died before. We found her body in a chest, preserved by some devilish Indian art, richly dressed and decked with jewels."

"English?"

"I judged her so, but with dark hair and eyes. You knew her?"

"In the name of all the fiends, yes. And I know her end. He killed her—Paradilla killed her—because she was as false to him as she had been to me. Hell! but it is strange you should be the one to find her—to bring me this tale, Geoffry Carlyle!"

"Why? What is it to me?"

"You go back to England and tell the duke of Bucclough how his precious sister died."

"His sister! Good God, you cannot mean that woman was Lady Sara Carlyle?"

"Who should know better than I?" sneeringly. "Once I was called in England Sir John Collinswood."

He sank back exhausted, struggling for breath, but with eyes glowing hatred. I knew it all now, the dimly remembered story coming vividly back to memory. Here then was the ending of the one black stain on the family honor of our race. On this strange coast, three thousand miles from its beginning, the final curtain was being rung down, the drama finished. The story had come to me in whispers from others, never even spoken about by those of our race—a wild, headstrong girl, a secret marriage, a duel in the park, her brother desperately wounded, and then the disappearance of the pair. Ten days later it was known that Sir John Collinswood had defaulted in a large sum—but from that hour England knew him no more. As though the sea had swallowed them both, man and woman disappeared, leaving no trace behind.

The face I gazed dumbly into was drawn and white with pain, yet the thin lips grinned back at me in savage derision.

"You remember, I see," he snarled. "Then out of here, Geoffry Carlyle. Leave me to die in peace. The gold is there; take it, and my curse upon it. Hurry now—do you hear the bark grate on the rocks; it's near the end."

CHAPTER XXXIII.

Before the Governor.

The sound startled me; I imagined I heard the keel slipping, yet before we had reached the door opening on deck the slight movement ceased. My hand gripped the frightened Haines.

"Tell them in the boat to do as I said; then come back here."

"My God, sir, she's a goin' down."

"Not for some minutes yet. There are thousands of pounds in that chest; you've risked life for less many a time. Jump, my man!"

The boat lay in close, bobbing up and down dangerously, yet held firmly beneath the opened port. The box was heavy enough to tax the strength of two men to handle it, but of a size and shape permitting its passage. Sanchez had raised himself again, and clung there to the edge of the bunk watching us.

"Now let down easy, lads," I called. "No, place it amidships; get it even, or you go over. Fix it to ride steady, and stand by—we'll pass a wounded man out to you!"

I stepped across to Sanchez. He saw me coming, and drew back, his ghastly face like a mask.

"No you don't, Carlyle!" he snapped angrily. "Keep your hands off me. So you want me to die with my neck in a noose, do you? I was born a gentleman, and, by God! I'll die like one—and go down with my ship. Get out of here now! You won't? You will, or else die here with me! I'll give you a minute to make your choice."

He left no doubt as to his meaning. From beneath the blanket, the black muzzle of a pistol looked straight into my eyes. The hand holding it was firm, the face fronting me savagely sardonic.

"I'd like to kill you, Carlyle," he hissed hatefully. "By God, I don't know why I shouldn't. Every time I look at you I see her face. If you take a step nearer I pull the trigger—go!"

It was a hard pull back to the Santa Marie. Dorothy greeted me first, and we stood close together at the rail as the men hoisted the chest on deck. She said nothing, asked nothing, but her hands clung to my arm, and whenever I turned toward her our eyes met.

There was a sudden cry forward, and a voice shouted:

"There she goes, buckies! That's the last o' the Namur!"

I turned swiftly, my hand grasping her fingers as they clung to the rail. The battered hulk slid downward, the deck breaking amidships as the stern splashed into the depths; then that also toppled over, leaving nothing above water except the blunt end of a broken bowsprit, and a tangle of wreckage tossed about on the crest of the waves. I watched breathlessly, unable to utter a sound; I could only think of that stricken man in the cabin, those wild eyes which had threatened me. He was gone now—gone!

I yet held Dorothy's hand tightly clasped in my own, and the depths of her uplifted eyes questioned me.

"We will go aft, dear, and I will tell you the whole story," I said gently, "for now we are homeward bound."

* * * * * * *

I write these few closing lines a year later in the cabin of the Ocean Spray, a three master, full to the hatches with a cargo of tobacco, bound for London, and a market. Dorothy is on deck, eagerly watching for the first glimpse of the chalk cliffs of old England. I must join her presently, yet linger below to add these final sentences.

There is, after all, little which needs to be said. The voyage of the Santa Marie north proved uneventful, and, after that first night of storm, the weather held pleasant and the sea fairly smooth. I had some trouble with the men, but nothing serious, as Watkins and Haines held as I did, and the pledge of Dorothy's influence brought courage. I refused to open the chest, believing our safety, and chance of pardon, would depend largely on our handing this over in good faith to the authorities. Watkins and I guarded it night and day until the schooner rounded the cape and came into the Chesapeake. No attempt was made to find quarters below, the entire crew sleeping on deck, Dorothy comfortable on the flag locker.

It was scarcely sunrise, on the fifth day, when we dropped anchor against the current of the James, our sails furled and the red English colors flying from the peak. Two hours later the entire company were in the presence of the governor, where I told my story, gravely listened to, supplemented by the earnest plea of the young woman. I shall never forget that scene, or how breathlessly we awaited the decision of the great man, who so closely watched our faces. They were surely a strange, rough group as they stood thus, hats in hand, waiting to learn their fate, shaggy-haired, unshaven, largely scum of the sea, never before in such presence, shuffling uneasily before his glance, feeling to the full the peril of their position. Their eyes turned to me questioningly.

Opposite us, behind a long table, sat the governor, dignified, austere, his hair powdered and face smoothly shaven; while on either side of him were those of his council, many of the faces stern and unforgiving. But for their gracious reception of Dorothy and their careful attention to her words I should have lost heart. They questioned me shrewdly, although the governor spoke but seldom, and then in a kindly tone of sympathy and understanding. One by one the men were called forward, each in turn compelled to tell briefly the story of his life; and when all was done the eyes of the governor sought those of the council.

"You have all alike heard the tale, gentlemen," he said. "Nothing like it hath ever before been brought before this colony. Would you leave decision to me?"

There was a murmur of assent, as though they were thus gladly relieved of responsibility in so serious a matter. The governor smiled, his kindly eyes surveying us once more; then, with extended hand he bade Dorothy be seated.

"The story is seemingly an honest one," he said slowly, "and these seamen have done a great service to the colony. They deserve reward rather than punishment. The fair lady who pleads for them is known to us all, and to even question her word is impossible. Unfortunately I have not the power of pardon in cases of piracy, nor authority to free bond slaves, without the approval of the home government; yet will exercise in this case whatsoever of power I possess. For gallant services rendered to the colony, and unselfish devotion to Mistress Dorothy Fairfax, I release Geoffry Carlyle from servitude pending advices from England; I also grant parole to these seamen, on condition they remain within our jurisdiction until this judgment can be confirmed and full pardons issued. Is this judgment satisfactory, gentlemen?"

The members of the council bowed gravely, without speaking.

"The chest of treasure recovered from the sunken pirate ship," he went on soberly, "will remain unopened until final decision is made. As I understand, Master Carlyle, no one among you has yet seen its contents, or estimated its value?"

"No, your excellency. Beyond doubt it contains the gold stolen from Roger Fairfax; and possibly the result of other robberies at sea.

"The law of England is that a certain percentage of such recovered treasure belongs to the crown, the remainder, its true ownership undetermined, to be fairly divided among those recovering it."

"Yet," spoke up Dorothy quickly, "it must surely be possible to waive all claim in such cases?"

"Certainly; as private property it can be disposed of in any way desired. Was that your thought?"

"A Fairfax always pays his debt," she said proudly, "and this is mine."

There was a moment's silence as though each one present hesitated to speak. She had risen, and yet stood, but with eyes lowered to the floor. Then they were lifted and met mine in all frank honesty.

"There is another debt I owe," she said clearly, "and would pay, your excellency."

"What is that, fair mistress?"

She crossed to me, her hand upon my arm.

"To become the wife of Geoffry Carlyle."

THE END.

Orioles.

As for myself I am turned contractor of hammock netting for the orioles, taking my pay in notes. I throw strings out of the window and they snap them up at once. They sit in the cherry trees hard by and warble, "Hurry up! hurry up!" I never found out before just what they said. But if you will listen you will find that this is what they first say. A vulgarism, I admit, but native.—Lowell

YOUNGSTERS!

Need "Cascarets" when Sick, Bilious, Constipated.

When your child is bilious, constipated, sick or full of cold; when the little tongue is coated, breath bad and stomach sour, get a box of Cascarets and straighten the little one right up. Children gladly take this harmless candy cathartic and it cleanses the little liver and bowels without griping. Cascarets contain no calomel or dangerous drugs and can be depended upon to move the sour bile, gases and indigestible waste right out of the bowels. Best family cathartic because it never cramps, sickens or causes inconvenience.—Adv.

Children Challenge Churches.

I became well acquainted in the White mountains this summer with a layman from a large eastern parish, writes Dr. George Parkin Atwater in the Witness. As we climbed Mount Willard together he asked: "What do we need most? Could this church capture the child life?"

"It might," I replied, "if it would begin to train laymen for work among children, if it understood the meaning of the boy scout movement, if it poured its money into training men and women rather than into bricks and mortar; in other words, if it accepted the challenge of the children, as Doctor Gardner so finely puts it, and brought the training of children out of the basement into the chief place in the life of the church.

"Moreover, never forget this: The surest way to the heart and life of the parent is through an interest in the child."

Eases Colds

At once! Relief with "Pape's Cold Compound"

The first dose eases your cold! Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a severe cold and ends all grippe misery.

Relief awaits you! Open your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of your head; stop nose running; relieve the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice. Contains no quinine. Insist on Pape's!—Adv.

A Reconciled Face.

Tess—Why didn't you speak to her? She met you with a smile of reconciliation on her face.

Jess—Yes, her face was what you might call "reconciled," wasn't it?

Tess—Reconciled?

Jess—Yes. "Made up," you know.—London Tit-Bits.

Tell All The World "PAIN IN MY SIDE"

Davenport, Iowa.—"I wish I could tell all the world how much I owe to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I was nearing middle life when my last child came and my health was miserable. I had continuous pain in my right side. I took nine bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and can truly say that I suffered the least and my health afterwards was better than it had ever been before. Going thru the critical time of life, I depended solely upon 'Favorite Prescription' to keep me well and strong, and it did not fail me. I had none of the distressing symptoms most women have at this period, such as heat flashes and dizzy spells. I came thru in excellent health and am still just as strong and well as I was thirty years ago, thanks to this best of medicines, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."—Mrs. Alice Van Arnam, 1705 W. 4th St.

FOR ALL AILING WOMEN

Foley, Minn.—"Some years ago Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cured me of a case of woman's weakness, and since that time I have become the mother of seven healthy children. I have always taken the 'Prescription' and not one of my children was ever puny or sickly. They have grown up strong, and I have been in the best of health these many years, due I am sure to the constant use of this medicine. I hardly know what I would have done without it. I feel safe in recommending it to all ailing women. There is nothing better.

"We also keep Dr. Pierce's 'Pleasant Pellets' in the house for immediate use."—Mrs. George Walbridge, Lock Box 318.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days

They act quickly though gently and give nature a chance to renew your health. Correct constipation, biliousness, indigestion and sick headache.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness

Genuine must bear signature

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
50c. and $1.00 at druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

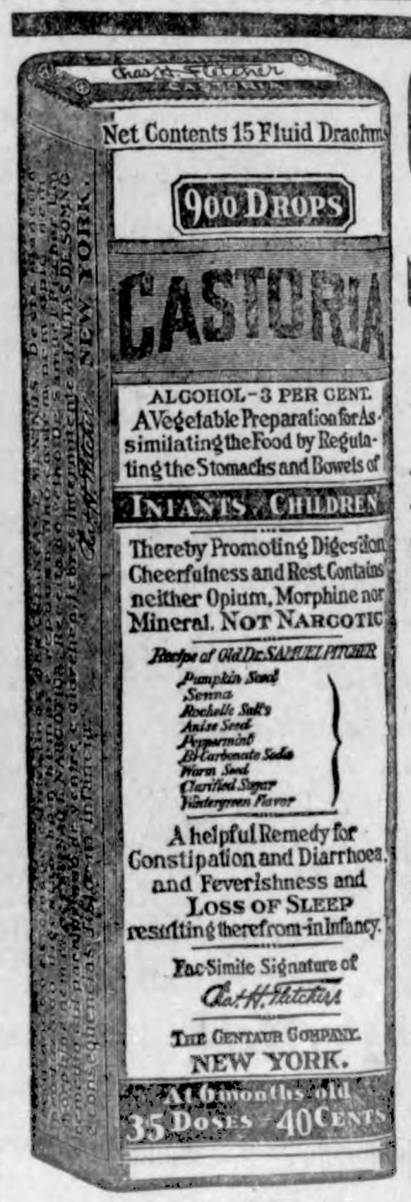
FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 60c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2375 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

Learn How to Make Automobile Polish: Prevents rust; restores body finish; costs 5c gallon; full directions 25c (no stamps). Automotive Mfg. Co., Box 1827, Washington, D. C.

What is it? Are spiritists seeing things hoodooed, which? Explanation of all strange spirit phenomena now affecting public. Unmatchable explanation, secrets, facts. Spiritators, educators investigating, 115-p. booklet 15 cents. R. C. Polston, Omaha, Ill., Box 1

Virginia Farms and Homes
FREE CATALOGUE SPLENDID BARGAINS
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best service.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Use

For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

ASPIRIN—A Talk

Take Aspirin only as told by "Bayer"

The name "Bayer" identifies the true, world-famous Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years. The name "Bayer" means genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions of people.

In each unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" you are told how to safely take this genuine Aspirin for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis and for Pain.

Always say "Bayer" when buying Aspirin. Then look for the safety "Bayer Cross" on the package and on the tablets.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages.

Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Christian Church History.

With much diversity of opinion on minor points, there is a general agreement in dividing the history of the church into three great periods: the first, from the birth of Christ to the time of Constantine; the second, from that epoch to the reformation, and the third, from the reformation to the present time.

Garfield Tea, the incomparable laxative, pleasant to take, pure, mild in action and wonderfully health-giving.—Adv.

Cannot Be Silent.

A politician must often talk and act before he has thought and read. He may be ill-informed regarding a question, but speak he must.—Macaulay.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

LEFT WHEN OCEAN RETIRED

Californian Reports Finding Millions of Shells Far Above the Present Sea Level.

Orrils I. Kennedy, an attorney of San Bernardino, Cal., has returned from an exploration trip on Painted Rock, which is 40 miles east of San Bernardino. He brought with him samples of seashells from the great floor of a one-time ocean that is older than Mount San Jacinto and a story of seeing an old Spanish musket and Indian water vessels in an inaccessible place on the hill.

Mr. Kennedy plans to organize a party to return and get the musket, which, he believes, is at least one hundred years old. To obtain the relic some-body will have to be lowered from a cliff on a rope and then swung into a cave that probably is an old sea cavern.

Some of the shells, he said, were found 2,050 feeet above sea level. He stated there probably were millions of them imbedded in the rock formation.

Amber Beads Long Popular.

The superstition which clings to the wearing of beads is of ancient origin. The custom of wearing an amber necklace was immensely common, and is not yet extinct among old women in England. The amber when heated gives forth an agreeable perfume. In ancient times it was the present made by a mother to her daughter on her wedding eve.

Willing to Contribute.

He—A kiss speaks volumes.

She—Are you collecting a library?—Boston Transcript.

NOSE CLOGGED FROM A COLD OR CATARRH

Apply Cream in Nostrils to Open Up Air Passages.

Ah! What relief! Your clogged nostrils open right up, the air passages of your head are clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, mucous discharge, headache, dryness—no struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh is gone.

Don't stay stuffed up! Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, inflamed mucous membrane, give you instant relief. Ely's Cream Balm is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer has been seeking. It's just splendid.—Adv.

Mirror Part of Dress in 1600.

In the sixteenth century no lady was considered in full dress unless she had a mirror at her breast. It was oval in shape, about four inches in size.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

DOESN'T BELONG IN BIBLE

American Educator Explains Presence in Book of Myth of Jonah and the Whale.

Dr. R. G. Moulton, professor of literature at the University of Chicago, addressing a gathering of Wesleyans at Bath, England, where he received his education, insisted that Jonah was not swallowed by the whale and that the story forms no part of the real Bible.

The Bible, mighty in itself, said Doctor Moulton, had passed through the hands of commentators who had no knowledge, no understanding of literature, and who reduced it to a form which had little or no likeness to the real Bible. One of these numerous commentators had written into that most spiritual and beautiful book of Jonah the narrative of the whale, the only effect being one of distortion and disfigurement.

In actual fact the story, asserted Doctor Moulton, had been originally in the form of a mere footnote comment in manuscript, but by some blunder, due to careless, slipshod printing from which the Bible suffered more than any other book in the world, the fable of the whale had been included in the general text. And in this way had it come down through the ages to the modern world as pure comedy, or, what was worse, ribald satire.

Women may be vain without being pretty, but it's almost impossible for them to be pretty without being vain.

Your Table Drink

should bring you comfort as well as appetizing flavor.

Let us Suggest

INSTANT POSTUM

If you have used this pleasing table beverage, you know its wholesome charm.

If you have never tried *Instant Postum*, you have a delight in store.

All Grocers sell Postum

"There's a Reason"

LIVE STOCK

SHIP CATTLE FROM MONTANA

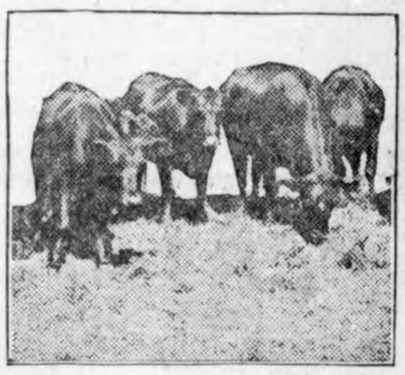
Estimated That Between 500,000 and 600,000 Head Have Been Shipped Out of State.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

An unusually large movement of cattle out of Montana has taken place in 1919, according to the bureau of animal industry. Normally, the movement of cattle from this state is between 200,000 and 300,000 head annually. It is estimated that between 500,000 and 600,000 have been shipped out for all purposes. Figures are not available for a similar comparison in regard to sheep, but reports from representatives of the department in the field indicate that between 400,000 and 500,000 sheep of all classes of range stock were moved out of the Northwest for feeding and grazing in sections east and west of the drought area.

These animals went first into the available nearby pasture lands in the Dakotas and Nebraska. Later they were moved into the middle cornbelt states, into Minnesota, Wisconsin, and the upper peninsula of Michigan, and still later into Texas and New Mexico. The movement into the two latter states continued on into November. The heavy snowfall that occurred early in the season overtook some ranchmen who were taking chances on the weather and they found it necessary to move their herds quickly. It is thought that enough railroad cars were made available to fill all orders. Stock cars moving west were given preference over dead freight.

Information that has reached the department indicates that the movement of cattle into New Mexico and Texas has been satisfactory, and with certain exceptions, the same holds true with respect to Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Michigan. Reports indicate that a considerable movement of



A Farmer May Feel Independent When He Has a Herd of Cattle Like These.

sheep and cattle into Michigan and nearby territory for summer grazing is likely in future years. Feed supplies in the Northwest appear to be adequate for live stock remaining on the ranges and there is now no expectation of serious shortage.

PROVIDE SHELTER FOR SHEEP

Exposure to Wind and Storms Is Cause of Much Loss—Protection Is Not Costly.

Great sheep losses come through exposure to wind and storm. In all parts of the country farms that have sheep on them will do well to provide shelter from bad weather. These do not cost so much as to have the sheep die in the cold and wet. If we had all the money that is lost in sheep in any one year through exposure to storm we would be far richer than we are.

PROFIT FROM BABY BEEVES

Farmer With Pasture Land Could Raise Few Without Great Expense—Grain Needed.

Every farmer who has pasture land could raise a few baby beeves profitably without great expense. In addition to the pasture a silo will be needed and a single crop. It may be advisable in addition to plant soiling crops to supplement the silage and pasture. Some hay should be available and enough grain to finish the calves for market.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Send the scrub sires to the butcher's block.

* * *

The water supply is of paramount importance in raising animals.

* * *

Pigs grow very fast when they have pasture and some grain as a supplement.

* * *

Beef cattle are able to convert coarse feeds such as hay, stover and silage into meat.

* * *

For a general farmer who raises animals and grows diversified crops a silo is almost indispensable.

* * *

Beef, pork, milk or mutton can be produced more economically by good pastures than by any other means.

FIND WEALTH IN WINTER

Canadian Farmers Turn Winter Months to Good Account.

Large crops and good prices for the wheat, oats, barley and flax from Canadian farms have made the winter resorts in California at times resemble a meeting of a Canadian farmers' institute, but the practice among successful farmers of spending their winters holidaying seems to be on the wane. After all, nothing can be more tiresome than having nothing to do, and the farmers of Western Canada are now finding winter employment right on their farms which rivals the attractions of the sunny South.

Live stock is the explanation, according to a six-foot Westerner who dropped into the Canadian Government Information Bureau at 311 Jackson street, St. Paul. He was on his way back to Western Canada with a carload of selected breeding stock which had carried off blue ribbons at several state fairs in 1919. "We have found," said he, "that there is just as much pleasure and a great deal more profit in developing a herd of prize stock as in listening to the murmur of the sad sea waves. Where we used to grow grain exclusively now we are raising stock as well. The fact that steers raised in Western Canada took the grand championship at the International Live Stock Show at Chicago two years in succession shows how well we are getting along. And instead of depleting our bank rolls we add a tidy sum to them."

"But don't you find the life monotonous?"

"Not in the least. You see, we have a rural club which meets in our school house, where we thrash out all kinds of problems. Here we exchange ideas and also have occasional talks from government experts, and the man who goes abroad for the winter only realizes how much he has missed when at a summer picnic he hears an address by a neighbor that would do credit to a college graduate.

"It was at one of these meetings that we decided to import a prize-winning stallion, and today our district is raising some of the best draft horses in Canada. The carload of breeding stock which I am now shipping to my farm is indirectly the result of our club meetings. We are going to make that little corner of Saskatchewan one of the big stock centers of America. Why shouldn't we? Everything is in our favor—climate, fertility, cheap land, free grazing land adjoining lots of farms, creameries, government supervision. You know how energetic the northern climate makes a man? Well, it's just like that with stock. They get to be great, husky fellows, hardy and big-framed—and that counts on market day.

"Come up and see me some time," were his parting words as he left to catch his train. "I'll show you some of the finest land and live stock out of doors, and treat you to a real farm meal—everything but the coffee and sugar grown right on my farm. That counts some in these days of high prices."—Advertisement.

WOULDN'T DO TO BE HASTY

Citizen Wanted to Be Sure Just Whose Dog Was Making All That Infernal Racket.

The suburban night was being made hideous by the howling of a dog whose soul was lonely, and the strolling police officer paused to speak to the citizen who, standing at his gate, was evidently listening to the canine wails.

"Awful racket," the officer observed.

"Fierce!" the citizen agreed.

"Want to make a complaint?" the officer suggested zealously.

"Why—er—not until I am sure," the citizen responded.

"Sure of what?"

"Why, whether that is my dog or Brown's. If it is my dog—oh, well, we have to put up with a few little annoyances in this life, you know; but if it is Brown's, why, by George, I don't propose to have my life made miserable by a nuisance like that!"

WRIGLEY'S

SEALED TIGHT— KEPT RIGHT

A dog growls over his dinner because he likes it and a man growls over his because he doesn't like it.

Let the labor of your hands show your worth to the community.

MINNESOTA FARMS FOR SALE. Improved Farms $50.00 to $125.00 per acre. The best Red River Valley Land on easy terms. Wheat yield 50 bu. acre. Come and see me. Ignocy Zakrzewski, Stephen, Minn.

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 8—1920.

YOUR CATARRH MAY LEAD TO CONSUMPTION

Dangerous to Use Treatment for Only Temporary Relief.

There is a more serious stage of Catarrh than the annoyance caused by the stopped-up air passages, and other distasteful features.

The real danger comes from the tendency of the disease to continue its course downward until the lungs become affected, and then dreaded consumption is on your path. Your own experience has taught you that the disease cannot be cured by sprays, inhalers, atomizers, jellies and other local applications.

S. S. S. has proven a most satisfactory remedy for Catarrh because it goes direct to its source. Get a bottle today, begin the only logical treatment that gives real results. For free medical advice write Medical Director, 47 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

RHEUMATISM?

TRY

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)

Write for Information

Post Office Box 4

Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co., Jordan, Minn.

Makes Every Little Pig a Great Big Hog

Every big hog that ever went to market got the right start as a little pig. International Pig Meal starts 'em off with a rush from the time you begin feeding the first half tablespoonful.

International Pig Meal

for Pigs, Shoats and Brood Sows

One pound of this famous meal is equal to one gallon of new milk in feeding value. Save your milk, feed International and get big hogs quicker and cheaper than in any other way.

Order a $5.00 sack today for every ten pigs you own. Start feeding at once according to directions, and watch them grow in pork and profits every day. Your dealer has International Pig Meal probably. If not, wire or write us your order and we'll shoot it to you in double-quick time.

INTERNATIONAL SUGAR FEED CO.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. Mills at Minneapolis and Memphis

LIVE SALESMEN WANTED

5¢ A Day Fattens A Pig

International Sugar Feed Company,
Department 160, Minneapolis, Minn.
United States Food Administration License No. 13615.
Gentlemen:
As per your special $5.00 per hundred pound sack, freight prepaid, International Pig Meal introductory offer, you may ship me
Quantity .....
My shipping station is.....
My name is.....
Address .....
.....R. F. D.....
The name and address of my bank is.....
.....
The above price does not apply to points south of Memphis and west of Denver. Write for quotations for these territories.

CO-OPERATION TO CURB THE RIOT OF UNWISE SPENDING

Savings Societies, Schools, Women's Clubs, Unions, Lodges and Churches Aid Savings Movement.

By Albert Boswell, Director Co-Operating Organizations, Government Savings Organization, 7th District.

Establishment of harmonious or reciprocal relations between the citizen and the government by giving the people an opportunity to acquire a stake in the government is one of the aims of the savings organization. Co-operation is the keynote of the 1920 thrift movement—the Treasury department and the people working together for the common good.

Purchase of Treasury Savings securities benefits the nation and the individual alike. It starts the saver on the road to independence and provides needed funds for the U. S. Treasury.

The business of the savings organization is to promote savings and the purchase, from the Treasury or in the market, of U. S. Government securities of all kinds and the continued holding thereof. In this, co-operating organizations play a large part in furthering the teaching of saving, not merely as an end in itself, but as a means of safe investment, which means government securities.

Co-operating organizations contributing toward the success of the thrift movement, and their varied activities, may be set down as follows:

1. GOVERNMENT SAVINGS SOCIETIES—These are formed in industries, mercantile and other establishments and are defined as "a group of men or women employing 'teamwork' for systematic saving." Their aims are:

To create community sentiment for saving.

To effect a change in the present extravagant standard of living.

To decrease the tendency toward convention in spending.

To provide a constant reminder, an incentive and the required suggestions for saving, and the purchase of government securities.

2. SCHOOLS—They are the means of achieving the object of inculcating the saving habit and of building up for the future a nation of thrifty citizens with a leaning to government securities for investment. The government asks the schools to:

Introduce thrift material into textbooks through enactments by state boards of instruction and legislature.

Distribute Treasury Department literature among pupils for family reading as well as their own use.

Make adequate arrangements for the regular sale of Thrift and War Savings Stamps.

3. WOMEN'S ORGANIZATIONS—Next to the schools, organized groups of women probably are the most important factors in advancing thrift education. They are expected to:

Establish classes in thrift and household economy through the use of the budget system.

Make appeals to women who, through inheritance or participation in industry, have money to invest and who may be convinced of the wisdom of investing in government securities.

Aid in carrying out the selling work in the schools in order to lighten the burden of the already overworked teacher.

4. LABOR, FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS, ETC.—Labor organizations, fraternal societies, commercial associations, agricultural bodies, churches and foreign language speaking groups offer means of general assistance, as follows:

Furnishing information on government war securities.

Making suggestions at regular meetings and at conventions on wise spending as the essence of true thrift.

Promoting the vigorous sale of government securities.

Encouraging the investment of idle organization funds in some form of government security.

The advantages presented by Treasury Savings Certificates, issued in denominations of $100 and $1,000, as investments for lodge funds, is being widely recognized by fraternal organizations. Labor unions and churches also are adopting this method.

Investment in government securities is being urged by experts in rural economics for farmers, who do not need to put the money back into their farming, as the best disposition for the farmers' surplus. They point out that investment of this surplus in land that must be leased or farmed by tenants usually will not pay as much net income as government bonds; also that bonds are useful as collateral for notes in banks to obtain temporary capital. The holding of government securities now owned and the buying of more is urged, therefore, as good policy for farmers.

THRIFT FINDS WAY TO SEA.

Along with the men of the navy the War Savings stamp is following the flag round the world. In the Mediterranean squadron the government savings securities are as much a part of the battleships and cruisers aiding in straightening out the tangled affairs of Asia Minor as the ammunition hoists.

A letter received by the savings division from Capt. David F. Boyd, commanding the U. S. S. Olympia at Constantinople, brings the information that the thrift campaign on that vessel has been placed in charge of Lieut. H. K. Koebig. Captain Boyd gave assurance of the co-operation of himself and his men.

Japanese Claim Credit for Fan.

Japan takes credit for the folding fan. The original kind was of the palm-leaf variety—an oval or round shape which could not be folded. But Japan conceived the idea, just when or how nobody knows, of fastening half a circle of paper on a frame made of sticks fastened together at one end—and the collapsible fan resulted.

Such It Was.

Twelve baldheaded men were jurors in a Massachusetts hair-restorer case. "Is this justice?" asked the Brooklyn Eagle. "It may be retributive justice," suggests the Albany Argus. Let's call it destiny.—Buffalo Times.

Peculiar Form of Dowry.

Leo Ugardi, a Naples hairdresser, married his sweetheart subject to an undertaking on the part of her father to spend $60 for tonsorial attentions within two years of the wedding in lieu of dowry, failing which the wife is to be returned to her parents.

IS 700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

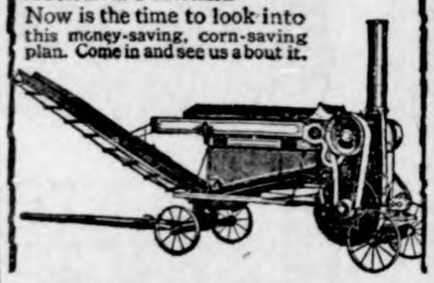
With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of ear corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us about it.



W. F. PAVEY

Dealer Klemme, Iowa

The Orange in Spain.

It is considered a very healthful thing to eat an orange before breakfast. But who can eat an orange well? One must go to Spain to see that done. The senorita cuts off the rind with her silver knife; then, putting her fork into the peeled fruit, she detaches every morsel with her pearly teeth and continues to eat the orange without losing a drop of the juice and lays down the core with the fork still in it.—Exchange.

We Have.

R. J. S. wants to know if we have ever met the people who never go to bed, but retire; who never sleep, but slumber; who never get up, but rise; who never eat, but dine; who never drink, but indulge; who never talk, but converse; who never read, but peruse; who never buy, but purchase, and who never get sick, but become ill?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Boiling Cracked Eggs.

Cracked eggs can be boiled safely by placing a little vinegar in their water.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

of the Independent School District of Klemme, Iowa, for the year ending February 19th, 1920.

General Fund

Bal. on hand Feb. 19, 1919	$ 409.37
Recd. from County Treas.	6198.57
Recd. from State	540.57
Recd. from Interest	22.12
Recd. from Tuition	681.00
Recd. from Books Sold	144.36
Recd. from Old Iron Sold	5.50
Total Money Recd.	**$8001.49**

Disbursements

Paid Teachers	$4403.76
Paid Fuel, Janitor, General Supplies	1387.69
Paid for Books Bought	133.94
Paid Secretary's Salary	30.00
Paid for Library Books	14.64
Total Expenditures	**$5970.03**
Balance on Hand	2031.46

(Estimated amount required for coming year, $7,000.00).

1-w LEW LEWIS, Secretary

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENTS OF BENEFITS

DRAINAGE DISTRICT NUMBER 96

To John Christians, Geo. Zinn, W. R. and S. A. Blom, Chas. L. Lawhorn, Wm. J. Irving, Elmer Howard, Herman H. Theiman, F. A. Arnold, Township Trustees and Peter Josten Clerk of Ell Township, Hancock County, Iowa.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the commissioners appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County, Iowa, to view and classify the lands in Drainage District Number 96 and to apportion to the said lands and tracts, the total cost of said Drainage District, have made and filed their report in the office of the County Auditor as required by law which report follows.

OWNER	DESCRIPTION-SEC.-TYP.	CLASS	AMT.
John Christians,	SE NE 23-95-23	$ 2.65	$120.00
Geo. Zinn,	NE SE 23-95-23	18.72	850.00
Geo. Zinn,	SE SE 23-95-23	16.50	749.00
W. R. & S. A. Bloom,	NW SE 23-95-23	1.98	90.00
W. R. & S. A. Bloom,	SW SE 23-95-23	.57	26.00
Chas. L. Lawhorn,	SW NW 24-95-23	4.30	195.00
Wm. J. Irving,	SE NW 24-95-23	.22	10.00
Elmer Howard,	NE SE 24-95-23	.09	4.00
Elmer Howard,	SE SE 24-95-23	.29	13.00
Elmer Howard,	SW SE 24-95-23	2.20	100.00
Elmer Howard,	NW SE 24-95-23	2.42	110.00
Elmer Howard,	NE SW 24-95-23	4.07	185.00
Elmer Howard,	SE SW 24-95-23	3.37	153.00
Elmer Howard,	SW SW 24-95-23	2.69	122.00
Elmer Howard,	NW SW 24-95-23	11.45	520.00
Herman H. Theiman,	NW SE 25-95-23	.22	10.00
F. A. Arnold,	NE NW 25-95-23	4.41	200.00
F. A. Arnold,	NW NW 25-95-23	7.05	320.00
Geo. Zinn,	NE NE 26-95-23	2.86	130.00
Highways Bet.	24 & 25	3.81	173.00
Highways Bet.	23 & 26	2.90	132.00
Highways Bet.	25 & 26	1.08	49.00
Highways Bet.	23 & 24	6.15	179.00
		$100.00	$4,540.00

You are further notified that the 23rd day of March, 1920, has been fixed as the date for final hearing on said assessment and all objections hereto must be made in writing and filed with the County Audtor on or before noon of said date.

Witness my hand and official seal this 17th day of February, A. D. 1920.

(SEAL) CHRIS JACOBS

County Auditor of Hancock County, Iowa.

DISSOLUTION SALE

Having decided to dissolve partnership we will offer our personal property at public auction on

Friday, March 5, 1920

on the farm known as the J. R. Thomas ploce 4 miles south and 3 miles east of Britt; 8 miles west of Klemme; 6 miles north and 3 miles west of Kanawha.

429 HEAD OF LIVE STOCK 429

12 Head of Horses and Mules

Span of brown mules 12 years old; Span of gray mules 13 yrs old; Span of geldings 6 yrs old, wt 2800; Bay mare 5 yrs old, wt 1700; in foal; Gray mare 9 yrs old wt 1350; Brown mare 14 yrs old wt 1400, in foal; Span geldings coming one and two yrs old well matched; suckling colt.

149 Head of Cattle

Consisting of 32 head of milch cows; 29 head of two-yr-old heifers; 17 head of steers coming 2-yrs-old; 22 head short yearling steers and heifers; 23 calves; 1 bull; 70 head of steers on full feed. 175 ofthese are good Aberdeen Angus.

190 Head of Good Thrifty Feeding Shoats

32 Head of Sheep consisting of thirty-one ewes and one buck.

1000 bushels of corn in crib. **1000 bushels oats**

Farm Implements

30-60 tractor; grain separator 36-62; gang plow with 6 bottoms; oil wagon; endgate seeder; fanning mill; 2-8 ft discs; 2 4-section drags; drag cart; sulky plow; corn planter; 5 corn plows; hay rake; mower. 8-ft binder; hay loador; feed grinder: manure spreader; wagon and rack; truck wagon with triple box; grain elevator, complete; corn binder; two hole corn sheller; spring wagon; 2-pair bob sleds; Cushman engine; Iowa Cream Separator.

Eree lunch at 11 o'clock **Sale commences at 11:30 sharp**

TERMS

All sums of $10 and under, cash. All sums over $10 a credit of 10 months' time will be given on approved notes bearing interest at 8 per cent from date of sale. No property to be removed from premises until settled for.

G. G. White and L. A. Dexter, Owners

Hanson, Senneff & Brummond, Aucts. Commercial State Bank, Britt, Clerks.

The Klemme Times

Entered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

IOWA PRESS ASSOCIATION

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1st, 1920

One Year, in advance $2.00

One Year, outside of county $2.50

ADVERTISING RATES

Display, per column inch 25c

Readers, per line 10c

Classified or want ads, per line 10c

Card of Thanks, each 50c

Political Announcements $10.00

Legal Notices at legal rates.

Black-face lines double charge.

No local or classified ad accepted for less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. Regular advertisers are given a special display rate.

Classified Ads.

(10 cents per line per week)

For Sale--Hay

100 TONS HAY—Auction Sale of tame, wild and mixed hay in stack, most of which is tame; located N. W. quarter section 29, Union twp. or 7 miles north of Meservey, will take place at Ventura Iowa on March 5, at 2:30 P. M. Combination sale at 1 o'clock, preceeds sale of hay. Edwin R. Benner. 1-w

15 TONS MIXED HAY and 10 tons good wild hay; 3 miles west of German church. Kelly Bros., Kanawha, Route 1. (Britt telephone.) 2-w

Entertainments

SOCIAL ANNOUNCEMENT—We extend a cordiat invitation to everyone to attend our Basket Social to be given Friday evening, March 5th, 1920, at District No. 8, Liberty township, 4 mi. west of Klemme. Ladies will please bring baskets. Emma Merten, teacher.

Miscellaneous- For Sale

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopathic Physician, Masonic Bldg., Garner, Ia.

ADVERTISE CANDY: Men-Women. Earn $30 wkly. Experience unnecessary. We start you in the candy business, at home, small room, any-where. Everything furnished. Grand opportunity. Write for particulars. Candymaking House. 5-South 18th St., Philadelphia, Pa. tf4-29

ANNOUNCEMENT

Owing to the press of work due to the Flu and the usual acute winter diseases I will be unable to make my visits to Klemme until towards Spring. Patients from Klemme may come to Garner either on the morning or afternoon trains. Special calls will be attended to as usual.

Respectfully,
Dr. R. W. Schultz,
1w Osteopathic Physician

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,
1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.
1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.
1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days the week, I pay highest market

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal

Lloyd Lau, Prop

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We solicit your patronage. Charges reasonable.

Sam Harvey, Prop

Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly

Phone me at

Klemme -

A. L. LAKE

Contractor & Builder

If you intend to build this year let me figure on your bill. I am in the market to draw your plans and estimate the cost.

I can **Save You Money** on building according to my New Method.

Address

A. L. LAKE

1641 N. Washington Mason City

MEALS

We now serve meals. We especially ask the farmers to give us a trial. The best place, the best meal at the fairest price.

Hotel Klemme

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 for me for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Tire Work a Specialty

Geo. ZINN

Physician & Surgeon

Phone No. 19. KLEMME

Office in Building East of Gruetzmacher Harness and Shoe Shop.

Eyes Tested.

Glasses Fitted

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME TABLE

North	
821, Mixed	1
1069, Passenger	8
435, Passenger	8
South	
1068, Passenger	11
820, Freight	12
436, Passenger	6

KLEMME TIMES

H. Metzgar

Twenty-fourth Year Number 26 Klemme, Iowa, Wednesday, March 3 , 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

LEMME CREAMERY INSTALLS NEW CHURNS

The Klemme Co-Operative Cream- have just installed a New Per- tion churn of giant size to take e of the large business that is ex- ted for the coming season. Their churn was getting too small for ever increasing amount of busi- s and they at times had difficulty handling the cream, but with the churn now installed they can ily take care of the business and any large increase that may come the future. Besides installing the e churn they have also installed a al "Baby Size" churn, No. 3, which y will use for special work and ex- imental batches of butter. The amery has gained a goodly number new patrons recently, mostly from northwest district. They hope to ke the coming year the most suc- sful one since the organization of creamery and to strive to please the patrons.

UNDAY SCHOOL TEACHERS' TRAINING CLASS

A class for training Sunday School chers has been organized in Klem- with Dr. Buriff as leader. The ss is making rapid progress and ven members are now enrolled. e object of the class is as the title icates—to train teachers the bet- o fi them for their work in the bbath School. They are now study- "The Worker and His Bible." esday the class met at the home of s. Gimer. Monday is their regu- meeting night and they meet at ious homes.

GH SCHOOL STUDENTS HAVE PARTY

Last Wednesday evening a large thering of High School students d their teachers gathered at the nz home as a farewell party on ne of the pupils who are about to ve for other localities. Those who to leave the Klemme schools are lton and Clifford Lenz, Adna urch, Florence and Annabelle Carl- . Games of all kinds were played r which refreshments were served. had a most enjoyable time but re- t to have their companions leave school and classes.

GOODELL WILL BUILD

All indications point to the fact t Goodell will re-build to some ex- t this year. Contracts have been by Mr. Monaghen for a big fire- of garage building and Mr. Sand- has let a contract for a splendid dware store. The work will begin soon as the weather permits.

OLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

I hereby announce myself a candi- e for the office of County Treas- r, subject to the decision of the publican Primaries to be held June , 1920. Yours very truly,

-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candi- e for the office of State Senator m the district composed of Han- k, Cerro Gordo and Franklin nties, subject to the decision of Republican voters of said coun- at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th of January, 1920.

2-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candi- e for the office of Sheriff for Han- k County, subject to the decision the voters at the June, 1920, pri- ries.

9-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candi- e for the office of sheriff of Han- k county, subject to the decision of Republican voters of said county, the Primary election to be held in ne.

2-tf W. C. ZIESEMER, Garner, Iowa

I am a candidate for re-election, ject to the will of Republican ers at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours, Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candi- e for the office of State Represent- ve from Hancock County, subject the decision of the Republican ters of said County, at the June 0, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

NEWS BY COUNTRY CORRESPONDENTS

Herman Schuldt, who lived west of own on a place that was practically roadless and poor school privileges, moved southeast of town on what is known as the Ross eighty. He purchased this land several years ago and last fall put up a new set of buildings where he now resides. It is so located that his children have our town school privileges, thus over coming the crime of keeping children ignorant, also on a good road, with easy access to a market. It is again proved that men who come into this world with nothing but their bare hand to fall back on, and their wife receives just as much as they, so they have nothing to quarrel about, if they work and save their money, soon own a home of their own and get the honor of having paid for it themselves.

Clarence and Elmer Arnold have been to Mason City to see their mother who is quite sick.

Charlie Bowsman and family were Sunday visitors at the Charlie Fritzel home.

Lulu Newburger was a caller at the Will Bachman home Saturday.

The William Bell family are on the sick list.

Mattie Gates was home over Sunday last week.

Elvin Stokesbary moved last week to the Joe Lawhorn farm near Klemme.

A. R. White and Henry Freie shelled corn this week.

After a two weeks' visit at the Chas. Fritzel home Gladys and Lynn Bowsman left for home Tuesday last.

Glen Francis returned home after a two months' visit in the southern part of the state with relatives.

Edior's Note—We would appreciate very much if the party who sent us the above news would kindly send us their name so we can furnish you with stamps and stationery.

We want news from every farm community. Anyone can write news for the Times. Send in your country news with your name at the bottom so we know who to give credit.

FAREWELL PARTY HELD

Last Wednesday afternoon about twenty-five ladies met at the home of Mrs. Trafford as a farewell surprise party for Mrs. Henry Church. The Chuches move to Garner where they have bought a residence. The afternoon was spent in a social way after which refreshments were served. The ladies also presented Mrs. Church with a gift as a remembrance from her many friends here.

NEW BUILDING FOR BELMOND BANK

The State Bank of Belmond will soon have a new home. They have made arrangements to have a new building erected of Bedford stone and brick construction two stories high, 41x50 feet. Although the building is two stories high outside, the interior will be one story, a high ceiling. A mezzanine floor will constitute a feature of the building to be used for business and social gatherings. The interior will be finished in marble and oak.

COMING EVENTS AT THE IDLE HOUR

Saturday, March 5th—"The High Sign," 5 reels, also "Babies is Babies" a one reel comic.

Tuesday, March 9th—"Elmo the Mighty," and 2 reels comic.

Saturday, March 13th—"Cleopatra" a 5 reel special attraction and it comes recommended by exhibitors who have run this feature.

Tuesday, March 16th—"Elmo the Mighty," and 2 reels comic.

Friday, March 19th,—The regular Saturday night picture will be run instead of Saturday night.

Saturday, March 20th—The fifth and closing number of the lecture course. "The War Players and Singers," all music.

BERNHART JENSEN BADLY INJURED

Bernhart Jensen, of the Upper Flat neighborhood, was badly injured Saturday when a horse on which he was rdngi, fell. One of his limbs was broken. His injury is all the more distressing at this time by reason of the fact that he was to have been married today to Miss Anna Peterson the invitations having been issued prior to his injury. The wedding has been indefinitely postponed awaiting Mr. Jensen's recovery.—Britt News-Tribune.

Rice Terraces Are World's Masterpieces

This is a photograph of the Ifugao igorrot rice terraces, which are among the most remarkable of their kind in the world. They are one of the many marvelous sights for the tourist to see in the Philippine Islands and are to be found in the Ifugao district of the Mountain province, Northern Luzon.

The height of these terraces, which are held up by stone walls, is from 4 to 18 feet, averaging 8 feet high. It is estimated there are 12,121 miles of eight-foot stone walls in the Ifugao terraces, which is approximately half the distance around the world.

These terraces are skillfully irrigated by water brought in troughs along the precipitous mountain sides over long distances.

CORRECTION OF MISTAKE

We made a serious error in last week's issue of the Times when we "got our wires crossed" in the write-up of Howard Spitler's marriage. We made a mistake in getting him married to the wrong party. Miss Alta Howard is the young lady whom Howard married and not the young ladies name whom we mentioned. Mistakes will occur and we sometimes make mistakes, so we ask that all concerned will cheerfully overlook the error and if you decide to throw a brick at us pease pick out a soft one and heave it gently. Editor.

LAKOTA IT SHALL BE!

The name of Lakota will stand, say the voters of that town when they held a special election last Wednesday to determine if hey should change Lakota back to the old name of Germania. It has been called Germania for the past fifty years o more but when war was declared on Germany the peopleo f Germania patriotically changed the name to Lakota. When the war was again over some of the old timers there wanted it changed back to the original but that was turned down by a vote of 75 to 49. Laktoa is the way it shall stand on the post office records.

THE DES MOINES CAPITAL AND THE KLEMME TIMES

Both One Full Year For $5.50

The Regular Price of The Des Moines Capital is $5.00 per year. The rate of the Klemme Times is $2. The Combined Rate of the two papers is $7.00. By taking advantage of this special offer you actually save $1.50.

During this campaign year more than ever you will want the Capital. It will serve you as it has in past years with TRUE NEWS and SANE OPINIONS concerning the campaign.

Call us by telephone or come into the office.

This offer expires March 15th.

We also take new subscriptions to the CAPITAL, and renewals. Leave your order with us and save money.

THE KLEMME TIMES

FARM NEWS WANTED

We would like to have a correspondent in every farm locality in the vicinity of Klemme. Anyone can easily get together a few items each week of what is going on in your neighborhood. The only way we can get this news is to have a correspondent in each neighborhood. We will be glad to make arrangements with anyone who will volunteer to write news for us. Call at the Times office and see us. Editor.

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopathic Physician, Masonic Bldg., Garner, Ia.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the preaching service at 11 o'clock.

Epworth League Sunday evening at 7:30. Preaching service at 8 p. m.

Mid-week prayer meeting each Thursday evening at 7:30.

Preaching service in Liberty township Sunday morning at 11:30.

A. H Meyer, Pastor

HUSBAND AND WIFE DEAD

It is a sad piece of news that the Hustler must chronicle this week concerning the John Daniels family of Crystal Lake. Mrs. Daniels died early last week and John passed away Saturday, death in both cases being due to influenza. By these deaths six children are left without father or mother John is a son of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Daniels of Corwith. We will endeavor to obtain the obituaries for next week's paper.—Corwith Hustler.

BELMOND HAS SAW MILL IN OPERATION

The Belmond Construction Company own and operate a saw mill and are now turning out inch lumber from basswood and elm logs taken from the old Elder place in Franklin Grove. They have turned out about 30,000 feet of lumber and have shipped some. They will also saw out lath for local use. About nine men are employed on the mill.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Owing to the press of work due to the Flu and the usual acute winter diseases I will be unable to make my visits to Klemme until towards Spring. Patients from Klemme may come to Garner either on the morning or afternoon trains. Special calls will be attended to as usual.

Respectfully,
Dr. R. W. Schultz,
1w Osteopathic Physician

Returning from Klemme Monday night, Scoop Larson, his Ford and the party of four other Odd Fellows spent an hour or so about midway between here and Klemme ni an attempt to figure out some way that an automobile could be made to move without gasoline or physical exertion. Happy Arnold came along with plenty of gas, ripped a surplus piece of tin off his "Lizzie," bent it into a funnel and thus was Scoop's gas supply replenished and the journey home completed.—Garner Democrat.

KLEMME MARKET

Oats	.76 to .77
Barley	$1.10 to 1.20
Corn	$1.25 to 1.30
Hogs	$13.50 to 14.25

A. C. LAU

WHY DON'T FISH ADVERTISE?

The carp lays a million eggs, while the old hen lays one; but the carp does not cackle to inform us what she's done, and so we scorn the carp, but the thrifty hen we prize, which indicates to thoughtful minds that it pays to advertise. Don't be a carp.

ONE AT A TIME, PLEASE

Don't be disgusted with a newspaper simply because everything you read in it doesn't suit you. Perhaps what you don't like pleases the other fellow. Remember in all considerations that you are only one of many. —Clearfield (Pa.) Public Spirit.

More Local

Mrs. Chas. Ax was a Garner visitor last Thursday between trains.

R. W. Sinclaire from Garner was transacting business here Monday.

A. G. Koerner went to Garner Tuesday morning to make his appearance with the grand jury.

Rev. "Sunny Sam" McConnell, of Garner, was a business caller in Klemme last Friday between trains.

Otto Pringnitz was a passenger to Belmond last Friday where he enjoyed (?) dental work.

Mr. Charlie Wichman, of Red Oak, Ill., is here visiting at the Leonard Sampson home.

John Cantwell of Belmond, was in Klemme last Thursday selling nursery stock.

W. H. Ramsay, the attorney from Garner, was in Klemme on business last Thursday.

C. A. Arnold was a business caller at Mason City last week, returning Wednesday aftertoon.

Miss Sarah Thieman went to Minnesota last Thursday morning to assist the Yahnke family in moving.

R. A. Jorgenson was a business caller at Garner last Thursday afternoon.

Henry Lau received a shipment of a couple of car loads of farm machinery last week.

Ed. Jacobs was busy the past week delivering ranges to parties from far and near.

FOR SALE—8-foot Deering binder, in good shape. Emil Kraus, Klemme, Iowa. 1w.

Robert, Russel and Glethel Wilson came last Monday from Titonka to visit with their sister, Leafy Wilson. They left Wednesday afternoon for Garner, where they took the Milwaukee for their new home in Indiana.

Mr. John Suurbale, of Garner, was transacting business in Klemme Monday afternoon. Mr. Suurballe is candidate for the office of County Treasurer.

Mrs. McCullough and daughter, Maxine, came from Garner Friday evening for a visit with her son and laughter, Gearald and Mildred. Mrs. McCullough returned to Garner Saturday afternoon.

Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Meyer went to Dows Monday noon, being called there by the illness of Mrs. Meyer's sister. From there Mrs. Meyer accompanied her sister to Des Moines where she will enter a hospital.

J. P. Larsen & Sons have been doing some remodeing in their meat market. They have repainted the interior of the refrigerator with white ename and will also do more painting in the near future.

A baby boy, Edward Kennith, has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Diehl, of Cedar Rapids. Mrs. Diehl was a teacher in our high school las year and will be remembered as Miss Schaver.

Dr. Zinn and Dr. Reuber have moved their rooming place to the Joe Johnson home. They formerly roomed at the office but that place is undergoing many changes to accommodate new equipment, etc.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Keraus left on Saturday for Clear Lake where they will make their future home. We thought it was a little early for Charlie to move to the lake, fishing doesn't open until May fifteenth.

Miss Drusilla Stromer returned last Thursday from California where she hs been for the last eight months visiting and sight seeing. She traveled all over California while there and also visited with the Walt Bloom famiy a great part of the time.

Ray Nelson from Garner was in Klemme between trains Wednesday on his way home from Sumner, Iowa. Ray has a brother Earl at that place who is in the clothing business. Ray also stopped at Waterloo for the auto show.

Mr. Crotty, te band leader, is sick with pneumonia and has been unable to instruct the band here. Last Friday R. A. Jorgenson took charge of the band. We hope for Mr. Crotty's speedy recovery as do the other members of the band.

Monday, the first day of March, was a busy day in this locality as it seemed that everybody and everybody's daughter and son and brother were movnig to some other place. Quite a few farmers near here were moving onto new farms and all day long teams went thru the town.

Mrs. A. L. Emerson and daughter, Arvella, left Monday morning for their home at Spencer, Iowa. Miss Arvella has been ill with pneumonia the past two weeks and her mother has been here taking care of her. Arvella has been working at the hotel here since her folks left town.

Mrs. Ernest Palmby and children, of Eagle Bend, Minn., came last Friday morning to visit at the home of Henry Wille, and also to see her brother Elmer, who returned recently from the hospital at Denver, Colorado The Palmbys are moving to Garden City, Minnnesota.

Sylvan Johnson met with a rather serious accident one day last week. They were fixing up a pump at the farm and as we understand it they had some of the piping up. The hired man and Sylvan were holding the pipe but in some manner it fell, narrowly missing the hired man but striking Sylvan's arm which was badly cut and bruised by the weight of the pipe.

We understand that Carl Suckow has taken the position as census enumerator for Ell township. We have not interviewed Carl about the matter but hope the iem is true as none could be found who would undertake the job. Here's good luck, Carl, and don't miss anybody as we want to see how much our little city has grown since the last census.

Last year Ye Editor had a nice little flower bed in front of the office in which we had some pretty "Bachelor Buttons" planted. Our wife won't stand for it now that we are a married man so she has purchased some sweetpeas to plant where formerly the bachelor buttos thrived. We pass this along to the other bachelors —plant some flowers, they bring results.

Harry Ell was married a week or o ago to Miss Jessie Pearl Herman of Rudd, Iowa. Harry is a brother of E. G. Ell of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ell have the congratulations of their many Klemme friends who wish them all the joy and happiness to come their way. Mr. Ell conducts a garage at Mason City and he and his bride are now comfortably located in their own little bungalow at Mason City.

There are over 600 teachers short in the state of Iowa today. The reason for this iis that teachers salaries are far too low in comparison with other positions with the result that the teachers aare taking up other work wiith larger salaries. A teacher who finishes high school and then spends four years at a university is certainly entitled to more pay than the girl who simply goes to a business school ffor a few months and thendraws a large pay envelope. Until the state gives the teachers better pay they are going to be confronted with this problem of shortage of teachers each year.

First Milling Process.

The conversion of wheat into flour was one of the earliest developments of civilization, and even the primitive races in the dawn of history submitted the grain to a coarse pounding between stones. Perhaps the oldest flour "mills" in existence are the rude stones found among the remains of the ancient lake dwellings in Switzerland. By a mortar and pestle arrangement the wheat was reduced to a coarse meal. Crude as this method was, it contained the germ of the modern flour mill.

The Orange in Spain.

It is considered a very healthful thing to eat an orange before breakfast. But who can eat an orange well? One must go to Spain to see that done. The senorita cuts off the rind with her silver knife; then, putting her fork into the peeled fruit, she detaches every morsel with her pearly teeth and continues to eat the orange without losing a drop of the juice and lays down the core with the fork still in it.—Exchange.

CAME NEAR DYING

Finally Used Doan's and Was Restored to Health. Has Been Strong and Well Since.

"Malaria fever weakened my kidneys when I was a young man," says L. W. Garrison, 23 F St., Anderson, S. C. "Finally, ten years ago, I was in such bad shape that I expected to die. Medicine wouldn't help me any more. My back pained as if it were pierced with a knife. Many times I have fallen in the street and didn't have any strength to move until the awful misery was eased up. I couldn't sleep in bed for two years. The kidney secretions passed every few minutes and scalding hot water couldn't have burned any worse. I thought I was doomed to die, but a friend pleaded with me to try *Doan's Kidney Pills* and I owe my life to his visit. Doan's helped me from the start and eleven boxes made a permanent cure which has lasted eight years. I have not had one sick minute since, nor missed a day from work." *Sworn to before me.*

H. S. Shumate, Notary Public.

Mr. Garrison

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt—Permanent—Relief

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver.

Stop after dinner distress—correct indigestion; improve the complexion—brighten the eyes.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for **Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness** and **Female Weakness.**

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

WHY DON'T THE

FARMERS

OF THIS COUNTY

WAKE UP

sell their high priced land, and with this money BUY FORD COUNTY, KANSAS LAND AT $40 PER ACRE?

Do you know that this is one spot on the map where farm values have not advanced in four years; do you realize that with the amount of crops we raise, a big jump in values is bound to come and that if you act quickly, you are going to get that profit?

We can sell you land at $40 per acre that raised 30 bushels of wheat to the acre this year. Write,

THE L. E. WAIT COMPANY

BROKER IN COLONIZATION TRACTS AND RANCH PROPERTIES

DODGE CITY, KANSAS

Established 1901

SALESMEN

to solicit orders for well known brands of lubricating oils, greases, paints and water proof roof coatings. Salary or commission. Represent the House of Quality.

THE TODD OIL & PAINT CO.

Harvard Ave. and E. 103d St., CLEVELAND, O.

SUNNY ALBERTA FARM LANDS—10% premium allowed on American funds. Write Larson & MacCullough, Killam, Alta., Can.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS—Guaranteed Tire Repairing by Mail. Write Harrison Tire & Repair Works, 809 Harrison Pc., Oak Pk., Ill.

FARMER AGTS. WANTED—New Hay Machine doubles speed, cuts labor. Illustrations. S. C. Harper, 408 W. B'way, Columbia, Mo.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

As Ye Sow, Sew, Etc.

Mr. Townley—Did you hire farmerettes for your sowing this year?

Farmer Siloh—Should say not! Last year they brought their dollies with them and they sewed more than they reaped.

SHE THOUGHT DYEING WAS OLD FASHIONED

But "Diamond Dyes" Made Her Faded, Shabby, Old Garments Like New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells how to diamond dye over any color. To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

A Surprise.

"Mabel had a fearful shock the other day."

"What was it?"

"She caught her husband in the truth."

USE MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Morning. *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. **Soothes, Refreshes.** Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for

Tells Italians to "Tighten Belts"

No Hope of Better Food Situation Seen by Food Controller at Rome.

STILL EATING WAR BREAD

Strikes and Riots Are Bred by Steadily Increasing Cost of Everything—Causing Deep Anxiety to Government.

Rome.—Italy's food situation is worse now than it has been since the armistice and almost as bad as it was during the dark days of the war. The feeling that all is not well has weighed upon housekeepers for weeks, when life's prime necessities grew rarer and dearer. But now the country has been told the bitter truth by Food Controller Murialdi in a speech before the chamber of deputies.

This year's harvest of grain has yielded 200,000,000 hundredweight less than last year; the government must import 250,000,000 hundredweight for bread, which is sold at 20 cents for a two-pound loaf, and means $400,000,000 on hard grain alone; on soft grain the loss equals another $400,000,000; on olive oil the state loses several hundred million dollars.

Italy is the only allied country whose inhabitants must still eat war bread. Its price, the government says, must shortly be raised 5 or 10 cents for a two-pound loaf, because the budget cannot stand the loss of $800,000,000 a year on grain alone. The public must bear part of the burden in dearer bread.

Rice is scarce, too; this year's harvest shows a shortage of half a million hundredweight; the oil harvest is so poor the public has less than one-third the quantity doled out last year. There is less than half the quantity of cheese, lard, butter and milk of last year; there is a serious sugar shortage too.

No Prospect of Relief.

And the food controller has no remedy to suggest. The public blames him and his food ministry. He blames the food ministry too, saying that such chaos reigned when he took it over last summer that he has been unable to straighten things out and will resign as soon as possible. He told an astonished chamber that he found his ministry buying cheese at 50 cents a pound, to resell to wholesale dealers, who doled it out to the public at $1.50 a pound. He added that one great trouble is the lack of food experts to advise the government in buying foods, especially perishable kinds. And he said he saw no hope for a better food situation in the near future unless people eat less and pull their belts tighter over empty stomachs.

The perpetual upward flight of food prices in Italy causes deep anxiety to those responsible for the country's good order. Recent strikes and civil strife were almost wholly due to discontent caused by the still increasing cost of life's prime necessities and more trouble is yet to come unless the upward trend is curbed.

Sample Increases.

Cotton goods cost 300 per cent more than they did in 1916, woolen goods 250 per cent, hats and shoes 200 per cent, shoddy clothes 250 per cent, glass goods 360 per cent. Home-grown produce has increased more than foods imported from America. For instance, eggs are now 55 per cent dearer than three years ago, potatoes 450 per cent dearer, beans 426 per cent, fresh pork 370 per cent, Italian lard 286 per cent, beef 311 per cent, butter 279 per cent, cheese 250 per cent, milk 300 per cent, wine 525 per cent. The food control office reports that wine growers made such big profits this last year that they paid for the land their wines are grown on from the one year's gain alone.

The ever-growing cost of living in Italy, once the cheapest country in Europe, the paradise of the poor man, seems to be in a vicious circle. Dear food and discontent go hand-in-hand, breeding strikes, riots, bloodshed. They again react on local production and cause prices to rise higher than before. Then follow fresh strikes and disorders; the screw is turned yet again and the vicious circle must be rounded once more.

BRITAIN HAS BIG NEW SHELL

Projectile Is Said to Pierce the Heaviest Armor Without Shattering.

London.—The British navy may soon be given a new and "unsurpassed" weapon in a large caliber shell which will pierce the heaviest armor without shattering, said Sir Robert Hadfield, chairman and managing director of Hadfields, Ltd., steel manufacturers, recently. He indicated that possession of such a shell during the great war would have been of inestimable value to the British fleet.

Enemy Rattled by Five Tanks

Ruse That Kept Germans Guessing on Eve of Argonne Disclosed.

STAGE ONE-NIGHT STANDS

Their Bluff Attacks Divert Two German Divisions—U. S. Army Gets First Two of Improved Type of Battle Tank.

Washington.—The story of five little American tanks and the part they played in the great Argonne offensive is told as follows in a statement issued by the war department:

"Gen. Pershing with the first American army had just finished awakening the German high command to a healthy fear of the American soldier by reducing the St. Mihiel salient, and the plans for the Meuse-Argonne offensive were about to be carried into execution. In these days of the airplane and wireless telegraphy, it seems impossible to deliver a surprise assault. Nevertheless no pains are spared to deceive the enemy as to the exact point of attack. As a means of covering the true point of attack, the chief of tank corps presented a scheme which received the approval of the high command.

Cut Up Like an Army of Tanks.

"Accordingly, after the withdrawal of the tanks from the St. Mihiel sector, Lieut. Higgins with his platoon of the Three Hundred and Thirty-fourth battalion tank corps, was directed to proceed from this point in a northwesterly direction along the lines via narrow gauge railway. He was to stop each night and make a reconnaissance in front of our positions with his tanks and immediately load up and repeat the operation the following night further down the line.

"On Sept. 19, the five tanks and their crews were loaded and the expedition started. That evening they stopped in the rear of a little wood, many kilometers west of St. Mihiel. Off the little narrow guage flat cars tumbled the the tanks and nosed into the woods for concealment. About 11 o'clock all was ready and the miniature army started forward on its mission. Everything went off as scheduled. The tanks rolled through our positions and into No Man's Land.

"They were operated back and forth for half an hour. After this they were quietly withdrawn, crawled back on their little narrow gauges and started merrily on their way. They timed their work perfectly, and as they pulled out a terrific barrage hit the wood they had left.

"The following evening the procedure was repeated. Again the barrage descended too late to hurt the jaunty band. For six successive nights the troupe staged their one night stands, and the reports all along the sector showed that the Hun was up in the air. All day long the sky was full of planes searching for the army of tanks which the enemy was sure was concentrating on this front. All suspicious looking places were bombarded with the usual Hun thoroughness and intensity. All night long the darkness was dispelled by hundreds of flares and rockets, and all indications showed that Heinie was not going to be caught napping.

Diverted Two Divisions.

"Best of all, just as the little band was preparing to entrain to get into the big show in the Argonne there came a message from the intelligence section stating 'two German divisions withdrawn from Argonne front. Entraining for your sector.'"

The tank corps has just received at Camp Meade, Md., from the Rock Island arsenal two Mark VIII. tanks. This type, the largest yet placed in quantity production, was especially designed for use against the Hindenburg line and similar defenses. Not so fast nor so easily handled as the lighter types, it possesses the ability to cross much larger ditches, crush more formidable obstacles, and carries a much heavier armament.

The great difficulty with the large British tanks was that they were underpowered and, on account of the arrangement of the machinery within, did not afford the proper room for the crews. A commission of British and American experts has corrected faults largely through the adoption of the American Liberty motor.

KENTUCKY FOR VOTES FOR WOMEN

Photo by Western Newspaper Union

Edwin P. Morrow of Kentucky signing the joint resolution of the Kentucky house and senate in ratification of the Constitutional amendment giving women the right to vote. This ratification marked the end of the thirty-year fight for that right in the Blue Grass state.

Company Takes Back Man Who Stole $235,000

C. R. Woodward of St. Louis, is again a citizen of the United States after release from a two-year term in the penitentiary. Citizenship was restored by the governor. In addition, the Federal Lead company, for the embezzlement of about $235,000 of whose funds he went to prison, has agreed to put him on its pay roll again and give him a fresh start in South America as its agent.

Austrian Children to Italy.

Vienna.—Ten thousand Austrian children are now going to Italy as guests of various municipalities. They will remain for the winter. Many thousands more are in Switzerland, Germany, Holland and the Scandinavian countries.

TRIBE IS HIT HEAVY

Almost Wiped Out by Dance and Feast.

Famine Follows Fete Among Alaskan Indians—Forty-Two Are Dead.

Cordova, Alaska.—A play, a dance and a feast, winding up a season of plenty was responsible for the near-extinction of the Quigillingok tribe of natives last winter and spring, according to John H. Kilbuck, superintendent of schools for the Kuskokwim river district.

The famine following the feast, Mr. Kilbuck said in his annual report to the bureau of education, caused the deaths of at least 42 of the natives, and would have wiped out the entire clan had not missionaries come to the rescue with a supply of food.

The tribe, Mr. Kilbuck said, stored up great quantities of fish during the summer and fall seasons.

In celebration of their good fortune they invited other tribes to attend a "kuvgagyagagg," featured by a play, a "white man's dance" and the giving away of food. When it was all over the guests were millionaires in the currency of the section, while the hosts were paupers.

It will be years, Mr. Kilbuck declared, before the Quigillingoks recover from the effects of their generosity.

Fewer Horses, More Cows.

Washington.—Farm animals of the United States were valued at $8,561,443,000 on January 1, compared with $8,827,894,000 a year ago, the department of agriculture announced. Horses numbered 21,100,000, a decrease of 1.1 per cent. Mules numbered 4,995,000, a decrease of 1.1 per cent, but milk cows were 23,747,000, an increase of 0.5 per cent.

Where Can I Find Relief From Itching, Terrifying Eczema?

Question on Lips of Afflicted.

There is a harrassing discomfort caused by Eczema that almost becomes a torture. The itching is almost unbearable, and the skin seems on fire with the burning irritation. A cure from local applications of salves and ointments is impossible, because such treatment can only allay the pain temporarily. The disease can only be reached by going deep down to its source, which is in the blood, the disease being caused by an infection which breaks out through the skin. That is why the most satisfactory treatment for all so-called skin diseases is S. S. S., which acts by cleansing the blood. Get a bottle to-day, and you will see results from the right treatment. Medical advice free. Address Medical Director, 48 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

DISTEMPER

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

or Strangles in stallions, brood mares, colts and all others is most destructive. The germ causing disease must be removed from the body of the animal. To prevent the trouble the same must be done.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND will do both—cure the sick and prevent those "exposed" from having the disease. Sold by your druggist. 60c and $1.15 per bottle.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Mfrs., Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Tired Out.

There are two young writers in Chicago who are given to chaffing each other with reference to the failure of their writings to sell.

Recently one asked the other: "Is the first edition of your novel exhausted yet?"

"Not yet. Why?"

"Oh, I thought it might be from standing so long on the counter."

Good health cannot be maintained where there is a constipated habit. Garfield Tea overcomes constipation.—Adv.

Mean Man.

Veritas—How many women do you suppose gave their real ages to the census takers?"

Cynicus—Oh, about a third of those under thirty.

YOUR COLD IS EASED AFTER THE FIRST DOSE

"Pape's Cold Compound" then breaks up a cold in a few hours

Relief comes instantly. A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a severe cold and ends all the grippe misery.

The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages in the head, stops nose running, relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! Clear your congested head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, contains no quinine—Insist upon Pape's!—Adv.

NEW ENGLAND'S COLD SPELL

Period of Frosty Weather That Will Long Be Remembered by Those Who Endured It.

Three or four winters ago, when the whole of New England was buried in snow and gripped in ice, Nantucket had one of its worst ordeals. The cold was intense, ten below zero, in early February. For miles on all sides of the island the ice pack stretched, to old eyes as far as the horizon. Day after day passed and the Sankaty did not run. The harbor was choked with ice, like that of St. Anthony in Labrador. The main ship channel from Monomoy Point light to Nantucket was frozen over. No mails or supplies were received on the island for eight days. The Cross Rip lightship was forced from its moorings when the pack broke and the lonely ship with its tolling bell was carried out to sea and lost, ten men on board. It was a hard winter on the mainland, a season of deep snows and killing cold, and on Nantucket it is an ugly memory. The island is often no longer sea-girt, but ice-locked, and the most imaginative summer loiterer could not believe how dreary the "purple isle" of his summer dreams can be when the snow's blanket lies deep upon it and the gale rages from Tuckernuck to Wauwinet.

Twice Robbed.

The disgruntled householder reported to the police sergeant that some one had entered his house the night before and stolen a quantity of lead pipe.

"I wouldn't mind it so much," he explained, "only it is the second time I have suffered this week."

"When were you robbed before?" asked the sergeant.

"Last Tuesday by the plumber who collected his bill for putting that pipe in."—Boston Transcript.

Its Case.

"Why don't you break that old box up? It's an offense."

"Yep, and it's not even a bailable offense."

"CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP" IS CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at tongue! Remove poisons from stomach, liver and bowels.

Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear.

Mother! You must say "California."—Adv.

Not Very Far, in Some Cases.

"Pa, who was Darwin?"

"Darwin, my son, was the man who declared that if you climb far enough up into your family tree you will come face to face with a monkey."—Boston Transcript.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ½ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

SIMPLY NO DEMAND AT ALL

Comment Made by Pretty Girl Seemed to Explain the Situation Very Thoroughly.

The man shortage, due to the horrible slaughter of the world war, left President Lewis of the United Mine Workers to say in Indianapolis:

"If we licked the Germans, the world was to be a better place to live in, but it seems to become a worse place every day.

"Take the shortage of young men—and the young men that are left can't marry on account of the profiteer. Why, millions of pretty girls all over the world are never going to get married!

"A crowd of pretty girls were taking tea the other afternoon when a rag man passed.

"'Old rags!' he yelled. 'Old rags, old bones, old iron!'

"And then, as he trudged slowly along the street, he yelled again:

"'Old copper! Old tin! Old bottles! Old papers! Old shoes!'

"The prettiest girl in the group made a dramatic gesture of despair.

"'Girls,' she said, 'he wants everything but old maids.'"

Wasn't Going Into Society.

Winnifred came in from the playhouse one day with the dirtiest face one could imagine. Her mother was shocked and exclaimed: "Why, Winnifred, your face is so dirty!"

"That doesn't matter," said the baby, calmly, "I 'cided not to go anywhere today."

The Sweet Cereal Flavor of

Grape-Nuts

is not produced by adding sugar to this blend of wheat and malted barley.

The sweetness is due to actual grain sugar, self-developed by the processing and long baking of this great food.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

END OF EIGHT YEARS MISERY

Used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Recovered.

Newark, N. J.—"The doctor said I had an organic trouble and treated me for several weeks. At times I could not walk at all and I suffered with my back and limbs so I often had to stay in bed. I suffered off and on for eight years. Finally I heard that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was a good medicine and tried it with splendid effect. I can now do my housework and my washing. I have recommended your Vegetable Compound and your Blood Medicine and three of my friends are taking them to advantage. You can use my name for a testimonial." —Mrs. THERESA COVENTRY, 75 Burnett St., Newark, N. J.

You are invited to write for free advice

No other medicine has been so successful in relieving woman's suffering as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Women may receive free and helpful advice by writing the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Such letters are received and answered by women only and held in strict confidence.

THE "BLUES"

Caused by

Acid-Stomach

Millions of people who worry, are despondent, have spells of mental depression, feel blue and are often melancholy, believe that these conditions are due to outside influences over which they have little or no control. Nearly always, however, they can be traced to an internal source—**acid-stomach.** Nor is it to be wondered at. Acid-stomach, beginning with such well defined symptoms as indigestion, belching, heartburn, bloat, etc., will, if not checked, in time affect to some degree or other all the vital organs. The nervous system becomes deranged. Digestion suffers. The blood is impoverished. Health and strength are undermined. The victim of acid-stomach, although he may not know the cause of his ailments, feels his hope, courage, ambition and energy slipping. And truly life is dark—not worth much to the man or woman who has acid-stomach!

Get rid of it! Don't let acid-stomach hold you back, wreck your health, make your days miserable, make you a victim of the "blues" and gloomy thoughts! There is a marvelous modern remedy called EATONIC that brings, oh! such quick relief from your stomach miseries—sets your stomach to rights—makes it strong, cool, sweet and comfortable. Helps you get back your strength, vigor, vitality, enthusiasm and good cheer. So many thousands upon thousands of sufferers have used EATONIC with such marvelously helpful results that we are sure you will feel the same way if you will just give it a trial. Get a big 50 cent box of EATONIC—the good tasting tablets that you eat like a bit of candy—from your druggist today. He will return your money if results are not even more than you expect.

EATONIC

FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Cuticura Soap The Velvet Touch For the Skin

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Permanent Agency

Quick Sales — Large Profits

We have an exceptional money making agency proposition to make to an energetic, reliable man in this vicinity who is successfully selling the farmer. Our product is in big demand, is nationally advertised and fully guaranteed by a large reliable Company. Sales quick. Profits large.

If you can give us gilt edge representation in this vicinity and want to make big money, write at once for particulars.

Rowe Manufacturing Co.
Galesburg, Illinois

The Ice.

An amusing incident occurred at a living bridge tournament.

A well-known woman who was impersonating the queen of hearts was accosted by a fellow performer whose accent suggested that her cradle had stood within sound of Bow Bells.

"I'm looking for the ices," she said. "Have you seen them?"

"Ices?" said the queen of hearts. "Are there any ices? How delightful! I'm horribly thirsty!"

"I don't mean those kinds of ices," was the rather hurt rejoinder. "I'm looking for the ice of spides!"—London Tit-Bits.

Since it is worth while to be well, take Garfield Tea. Nature's medicine.—Adv.

It's a mighty poor son that his mother won't stick up for.

A lot of successful men don't get written up in the magazines.

Pneumonia often follows a **Neglected Cold**

KILL THE COLD!

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

1—United States troops guarding the second highest bridge in America, that on the Southern Pacific railroad over the Pecos river in Texas. 2—Wendell Phillips, third secretary of state, who has been named as minister to the Netherlands. 3—Marshal Foch laying the corner stone of the memorial to the Dover patrol at Calais.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

President Wilson Blocks Plan of the Premiers to Settle the Adriatic Problem.

HIS PROTEST IS EFFECTIVE

Threatens Withdrawal of America From Peace Treaty—Decision Is Reached Concerning Turkey—Compromise Railway Bill Before Congress—Sale of Former German Liners Is Enjoined.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

The Adriatic in general and Fiume in particular provided the main topic of international discussion last week and there was much excited talk in the world capitals. Premiers Lloyd George, Millerand and Nitti thought they had arranged a neat settlement of the Adriatic trouble and had called on Jugo-Slavia to accept it, with the alternative of having the principles of the pact of London applied. But they were reckoning without President Wilson, probably because he seemed to have withdrawn himself to a great extent from the discussions over the subject. As soon as he learned what the "Big Three" had done, Mr. Wilson projected himself into the affair with a note that tipped over their apple cart and brought them to a realization that he was still to be considered. He declared that he could not consent to the solution reached by the premiers and called attention to the discrepancies between it and the settlement of the problem agreed upon in December at the London conference, in which the United States was represented. Then he added a postscript that was the real stinger. Despite denials in Washington, it is quite certain that in this postscript Mr. Wilson told the premiers that unless they receded from their position he would take into serious consideration the withdrawal of the United States from the treaty of Versailles and from the treaty between the United States and France.

Of course a considerable portion of the press in the allied countries was enraged by this note and roundly abused Mr. Wilson, but the statesmen and others well informed recognized the soundness of his position and the fact that the withdrawal of America from further concern in the peace settlement would be disastrous. The allied council sent a reply to Washington which, while it urged the difficulty of inducing the rival interests to consent to the December solution, was exceedingly conciliatory in tone and asked the president to indicate what practical steps can be taken to carry out the earlier agreement, under which Fiume was to be created into a free state under the League of Nations and the principle of self-determination was to be applied to the Dalmatian coast. The situation is extremely delicate and there are not a few who predict that the outcome will be another war, with Italy and Jugo-Slavia as the contenders. From the beginning Mr. Wilson has insisted that Jugo-Slavia should not be shut off from the sea by Italian territory, and in this country, at least, this contention is generally supported. There is no unfriendliness toward Italy, but a feeling that she has already enough seaports; and the sympathy with the new republic of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes is marked.

The American government wished to make public the notes exchanged in this affair, and took steps to obtain the consent of Great Britain, France and Italy. This is in accord with the principle of "open covenants openly arrived at" which Mr. Wilson vainly tried to make effective when he went to Paris the first time.

It is known that the president holds that America, as a co-belligerent in the war, is actively interested in the settlement of the Adriatic dispute, despite the fact that it has not ratified the peace treaty. Also, he holds that we are equally interested in the questions concerning the breaking up of the Turkish empire. Consequently he may have something to say about the agreements reached by the supreme council last week that the sultan shall be permitted to retain Constantinople and to reside there, provided the massacres of Armenians are discontinued; and that the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus shall be internationalized. It is not known, however, that he opposes these arrangements. It is said that in the future all sessions of the supreme council will be attended by an American representative, who will keep Washington informed of developments.

The allies so far yielded to the protestations of the Germans against the surrender of war criminals as to tell Berlin that the accused might be first tried before the German supreme court in Leipsic. But the allies reserve the right to reject the results of such trials if they believe there is any miscarriage of justice and in such cases to enforce the terms of the treaty and themselves try the offenders. It is stipulated, also, that the verdicts at previous trials of German war criminals must be annulled and the cases remanded for retrial. This would reopen the Fryatt case, in which the verdict was that the murder of the British merchant ship captain was not a violation of international law. The conservatives in Germany declare this offer of the entente is quite unacceptable. It is inconceivable to the Germans that they could put on trial their national heroes.

The government of the Netherlands was put in a rather uncomfortable position by the reiteration of the demand for the extradition of the former kaiser, and though it prepared a reply repeating its refusal, there was much discussion of plans for the internment of the fugitive in some Dutch possession far from Europe. The place most favored seemed to be Curacao, an island in the Caribbean sea north of Venezuela. If Wilhelm intends to do any plotting in his retirement he would find a congenial atmosphere in Curacao, for it has long been the refuge of would-be revolutionists from the Latin-American republics. It may be, however, that Holland will merely intern the ex-kaiser in his new house at Doorn, keeping him under strict military guard.

Germany is having so much trouble with revolutionists and labor agitators that the entente has extended the time limit for the reduction of her army to 100,000. Minister of Defense Noske has issued an order applying to Berlin and Brandenburg province threatening imprisonment or heavy fine for inciting strikes that affect food production. In the Saar region, which is occupied by the French troops, fresh disturbances resulted in the proclamation of martial law.

If soviet wireless dispatches from Moscow are to be believed—and in this instance they probably are—the revolutionists are in full control of Vladivostok and most of eastern Siberia and are putting into effect a program which is in favor of union with soviet Russia. In southern Russia the volunteer army is reported to be ravaged by typhus and falling back in disorder to the Sea of Azov before the red troops. The bolsheviki are said to have proclaimed a soviet republic in the part of the Ukraine they occupy and the formation of an "eternal brotherly union" with soviet Russia. Petrovsky is president of the new state. Sevastopol, the great port of the Crimea, is panic-stricken fearing the fate of Odessa.

Poland while still maintaining the barrier against the bolsheviki is taking steps toward a general peace between the allies and the Moscow government, and in this it probably has the support of the nations of western Europe. The negotiations will be taken up deliberately and the results submitted to the peace conference in Paris.

In Roumania, where royalists and radicals are struggling for control, the conditions are not promising. The radicals are in secret accord with the Russian bolshevists, who already are creeping across the border, and the recent mobilization of the Roumanian army has not checked the peril. The monarchists of Hungary, who are numerous, would like to help those of Roumania, but cannot do so for fear of the bolshevists in their own land and also because of the national hatred of the Roumanians engendered by their looting of Hungary.

Somewhat disheartened by the international complications, the treaty compromisers in Washington attempted little last week and made less progress. But congress entered on another struggle that promised to be lively. This was brought on by the submission to both houses of the conference report of the railway reorganization bill. It came up in the house Saturday and a long and heated debate ensued. The measure was scheduled for consideration in the senate on Tuesday if the house should not reject it.

Opposition to the bill was led by the officials of the Federation of Labor and of the railway brotherhoods. They were against the whole measure in the first place because they favor government ownership and operation; and specifically they object to the section providing for compulsory investigation of wage disputes and decisions by a labor tribunal, which, while not binding, are likely to have the support of public opinion and to that extent will deprive strikes of public sympathy. They also object to the financial provisions which labor views as a validation of water stock and guarantee of abnormal profits. Representatives of railway investors said they were satisfied with the financial provisions.

Something of a jolt was administered to the war department by the report of the subcommittee of the house which had been investigating aircraft production and expenditures; but the department has had so many such jolts that it probably has become callous. The report finds that there was "woeful extravagance, total incompetency, utter failure and a wild riot of waste." Secretary Baker, Colonel Disque, who supervised spruce production, and Director Ryan are severely criticized. The subcommittee strongly recommends the creation of a separate air service. Virtually all of the facts of the collapse of aircraft production during the war have been known to the public for a long time. They do not make pleasant reading and the American people would like to forget them, since it seems impossible to punish those to blame; but they make fine campaign ammunition.

Disregarding the many and loud protests, the United States shipping board tried to pull off its proposed auction sale of 30 former German passenger liners. Bids were received for single vessels and for groups, but all of them were so low that they were rejected. Then a temporary injunction against the sale was granted by Associate Justice Bailey of the district supreme court in Washington. He said the statutes did not show an intention on the part of congress to place in the president or the shipping board the power to sell the ships. The board has asked congress for authority to offer the vessels for sale again. Vice Chairman Stevens is the only member of the board opposed to the sale. He says their true valuation has never been worked out and that they are worth $75,000,000, whereas less than half that amount was bid. Chairman Payne and the other members thought the ships should be sold to relieve the government of the expense of reconditioning them and also because the future market for ships is uncertain.

Senator Pomerene of Ohio has withdrawn from the race for the Democratic nomination for president, alleging important business in the senate and the impossibility of his obtaining a solid Ohio delegation. He never had much chance, anyhow. Mr. McAdoo has declared that he is not a candidate, but admits that if nominated he would be proud to accept. In many Indiana cities petitions are in circulation to have the name of Vice President Marshall placed on the Democratic presidential preference ballot. This is done without the knowledge and consent of Mr. Marshall who said he would not seek the nomination. On the Republican side about the only important development was the decision of the Lowden managers to keep out of the North Dakota primaries. This is at the request of the Republicans of the state, who fear that a party contest would help their enemies of the Nonpartisan League. Senator Johnson probably will follow Lowden's example, and General Wood may do the same.

Thousands of Happy Housewives in WESTERN CANADA

are helping their husbands to prosper—are glad they encouraged them to go where they could make a home of their own—save paying rent and reduce cost of living—where they could reach prosperity and independence by **buying on easy terms.**

Fertile Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land similar to that which through many years has **yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre.** Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. With such crops come prosperity, independence, good homes, and all the comforts and conveniences which make for happy living.

Farm Gardens—Poultry—Dairying

are sources of income second only to grain growing and stock raising. Good climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephone, etc., give you the opportunities of a new land with the conveniences of old settled districts.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent

WESTERN CANADA Farm Lands at Low Prices in the Wheat Belt of America

The Pattern.

"That woman claims she made her husband." "So she did; she made a fool of him."

How's This?

We offer $100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Pleasant Information.

Edith—Dear Jack is so forgetful.

Maud—Isn't he? I had to keep reminding him that it's you he's engaged to and not me.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

IN THE WRONG DIRECTION

Colored Soldier Just at That Time Was Not Living Up to His Announcement.

The company had fallen out for a rest on its hike into the Argonne. Nearby negro workers drowsed in the sun. A burly six-foot Numidian driving a big army mule hove into sight on his way to replenish the water supply at the front. For a whip he carried a five-pound hammer.

"Hey, there, Sam, where yo' goin' wid dat new-fangled whip?" called one of the roadside loafers.

"I'se on mah way to build me a bungalow on de Hin'enburg line," retorted the other without a smile.

Just then a shell exploded a few yards from the road. The mule instantly turned tail and proceeded to break all records in getting back where he came from, his driver hanging on for dear life.

"Man alive," mused a darky. "Dat ain't no way to arrive at the Hin'enburg line. Dat baby's done gone toward the Cunard line."—The Home Sector.

Desirable Kind.

"What a loud-looking woman?"

"Pity she couldn't use noiseless powder."

One should learn to talk well—also when it is well not to talk.

ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Reduces Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphangitis, Poll Evil, Fistula, Boils, Swellings; Stops Lameness and allays pain. Heals Sores, Cuts, Bruises, Boot Chafes. It is a **SAFE ANTISEPTIC AND GERMICIDE**

Does not blister or remove the hair and horse can be worked. Pleasant to use. $2.50 a bottle, delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and **Book 5 R free.**

ABSORBINE, JR., antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Strains, Painful, Knotted, Swollen Veins. Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. Price $1.25 per bottle at dealers or delivered.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

We Have FARMS of All Sizes

in MINNESOTA, WISCONSIN, DAKOTA. Customers for all prices. CONSULT US before buying or selling.

LARSON LAND AGENCY
X450 Temple Court - MINNEAPOLIS

Travelers Will Find a Warm Welcome at the

Hotel West

MINNEAPOLIS

Sensible Prices — Service Our Watchword

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 9--1920.

Crown Balm.

When General Pershing arrived in Washington after his return from France he had with him a trunk containing a mass of medals, citations and ribbons and the correspondence concerning it. Attaches of the war department were detailed to go through the material. They had not gone far when they ran across this memorandum which bore the signature of one of the general's aids and a date several months old:

"The King of ——— was here yesterday and left a couple of medals."

In one corner of the memorandum, over the initials of the C-in-C, was this penciled notation:

"Write him something pretty."

The Soft Answer.

"Is that gentleman your husband?" asked the stranger who shared the seat on the car.

"What d'ye mean by speaking to my wife?" demanded the gentleman in question.

"I just wished to ascertain if you are the lady's husband."

"Well, I am."

"In that case, I thought I'd let you sit together! that's all."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Price of Sweets.

Miss Pansy Pyetin wanted to give a party that would show her folks didn't mind expense, so her father suggested an old-fashioned taffy pulling.

Hard Work Tires

muscles and nerves, and then to whip them with coffee, with its drug caffeine, makes a bad matter worse.

POSTUM CEREAL

is a drink for workers that contains no drug, but furnishes a finely flavored beverage, full-bodied and robust, pleasing to former coffee drinkers.

Two sizes At grocers
Usually sold at 25¢ & 15¢

Made by
Postum Cereal Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Your lumber and building material requirments can bo filled here to your financial advantage.

In other words, we will save you money on these prices.

Every price advantage that the market affords will be yours if you trade with us.

Let us help you with your building plans.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

One of the most important functions of this Bank is to assist our friends and customers, where either credit or depeneable counsel and advice is desired.

There is no single need you may have which will not receive our most careful, experienced attention if presented to us.

Our chief aim is to help each customer succeed. We grow through your success.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Walter F. Lau

Dealer In

Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Delayed News

The following items should have appeared last week but became lost in transit and did not show up for several days.

Crystal Lake will have a consolidated school.

Mr. Lemke, of Garner, was a caller i Klemme Tuesday.

The Chas. Ax family are moving to heir farm west of town this week.

Lee Ell of Mason City was in Klemne visiting this week Tuesday.

Clara Kirkwood went to Mason City Saturday for a visit with friends.

Electricians are here from Iowa Falls this week stringing wires on the farmers' line east of town.

Kanawha has lifted the quarantine on flu and everything was opened up again last Wednesday and are running on normal.

Four car loads of live stock left here Saturday night for the markets. Shipping has been light lately due to the slump in the markets.

Mrs. F. H. Clark, of Goodell, who has been visiting with her brother Lear Meservey, returned to her home Tuesday noon.

Herb Bailey and family expect to move to town next week Monday. They have bought the Henry Church place east of the park.

Mr. W. Bailey, father of Herb Bailey, left Tuesday for Iowa Falls where he will visit a while with his daughter. He also expects to visit at Dows before returning home.

Dr. A. E. Buriff eft for Des Moines Tuesday noon where he will attend the convention of the Inter-Church World Movement. He expects to remain in Des Moines for a few days.

Mrs. Wiley, who has been staying viht her daughter, Mrs. M. O. Hocum, and family this winter, leaves today for Grinnel for a visit and will then go to Gilman where she will visit with her two sons.

Bryan Menick is the new barber at the G. P. McCullough shop. He began work Monday. "Zip" says he has almost too much business to attend to alone and with two barbers at the shop he says he can give his customers better service.

Roy Schaefer left Tuesday noon for Eldora, Iowa. No, Roy does not intend to enter the Industrial school there but went there with the hopes that he might be able to secure a young man from the school to help him wiht his farm work this year.

For the benefit of some of our readers who reside in sunnier climes we will say that we have been experiencing "some" weather the past week. We have had a full variety and then some, but it has been "all" weather with plenty of cold mixed in.

Linn and Gladys Bausman left for heir home at Wellsburg, Iowa, after visiting at the home of their sister, Mrs. Chas. Fritzell and also to help the Fritzell family move and get settled in their new location. The Fritzell family are now on the Wm. Smith farm.

Art Kuck and Fren Henschen have had a wholesale business fixing up cisterns the past week. They have fixed up Hocum's, Croner's and Ye Editor's cisterns. First they cleaned them all out good and then washed them, set an oil stove in them until they dry out good when hey are ready to operate on the "inards of the brutes." They sewed up a few cracks in our old soft water jug and guarantee it to hold anything but hard cider.

Moving in Klemme still goes on every day. New changes which we noted this week are the following. The Raymond White family moved into the Mrs. Kirchner house where Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Suckow were living. They have moved into the Carl Suckow place in the north part of town, Carl moves into the Louie Knoke house Louie Knoke moves into the Barnabee place. There are perhaps several other changes which we have failed to note.

NO MORE ELEVENTH GRADE

The eleventh grade at the Klemme school is a thing of the past, or will be Friday. They still have the grade but lack the pupils to fill it because Annabelle Carson moves with her parents to Wisconsin; Adna Church will attend school at Garner as her folks are moving there, and Edna Smith has gone to Des Moines. The eleventh grade are without pupils temporarily with none to fill the place until next fal when the tenth grade will move in.

INCOME TAX RETURNS DUE

Business Men, Farmers and Wage Workers Must File Schedules of Income for 1919.

MARCH 15 LAST FILING DATE.

Net Incomes of $1,000 or Over, If Single; or $2,000 or Over if Married, Must Be Reported.

The Income Tax imposed by Act of Congress on earnings of the year 1919 is now being collected.

Returns under oath must be made on or before March 15 by every citizen and resident who had a net income for 1919 amounting to:

$1,000 or over, if single; or if married and living apart from wife (or husband); or if widowed or divorced.

$2,000 or over, if married and living with wife (or husband).

The status of the person on the last day of the year fixes the status for the year with respect to the above requirements.

Under any of these circumstances a return must be made, even though no tax is due.

Husband and wife must consider the income of both, plus that of dependent minor children, in meeting this requirement; and, if sufficient to require a return, all items must be shown in a joint return or in separate returns of husband and wife.

A single person with minor dependents must include the income of such dependents.

A minor who has a net income of $1,000 or more is not considered a dependent, and must file a separate return.

Personal returns should be made on Form 1040A, unless the net income exceeded $5,000, in which case Form 1040 should be used.

Residents of Iowa should file their returns with, and make payments of Income Tax to, Louis Murphy, Collector of Internal Revenue, Dubuque, Iowa.

How to Figure Income.

The best way to find out whether one must file a return is to get a Form 1040A and follow the instructions printed on it. That form will serve as a reminder of every item of income, and if a return is due it tells how to prepare and file it.

If in doubt on any point as to income or deductions, a person may secure free advice and aid from the nearest Internal Revenue office.

Guesswork, estimates and other hit-or-miss methods are barred when a person is making out his Income Tax return. Accuracy and completeness must be insisted upon. The return is a sworn statement. As such it must be thorough and accurate.

Salaried persons and wage earners must ascertain the actual compensation received. Overtime, bonuses, shares in the profits of a business, value of quarters and board furnished by the employer and other items which are compensations for services must be included.

It must be borne in mind that compensation may be paid in other forms than in cash. A bonus paid in Liberty Bonds is taxable at the market value of the bonds. A note received in payment for services is taxable income at its face value, and the interest upon it is also taxable.

Other Returns Due.

Every partnership doing business in the United States must file a return on Form 1065; and every personal service corporation must file a similar return.

Corporations must file annual returns on Form 1120.

Trustees, executors, administrators and others acting in a fiduciary capacity are required to file returns. In some cases, Form 1041 is used; in others, Form 1040; and still others, returns on both forms are required.

Information returns, on Forms 1099 and 1096, must be filed by every organization, firm or person who paid, during 1919, an amount of $1,000 in salary, wages, interest, rent, or other fixed or determinable income to another person, partnership, personal service corporation or fiduciary. These information returns should be forwarded directly to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue (sorting division), Washington, D. C.

INCOME TAX IN NUTSHELL

WHO—Single persons who had net income of $1,000 or more for the year 1919.
Married couples who had net income of $2,000 or more.

WHEN—March 15, 1920, is final date for filing returns and making first payments.

WHERE—Collector of Internal Revenue for District in which the person resides.

HOW—Full directions on Form 1040A and Form 1040; also the law and regulations.

WHAT—Four per cent normal tax on taxable income up to $4,000 in excess of exemption. Eight per cent normal tax on balance of taxable income. Surtax, from one per cent to sixty-five per cent on net incomes over $5,000.

FAIR PRICES

are not a recent development here that we organized overnight to smooth over a guilty conscience. We have been absolutely profiteer proof for the past 27 years and its going to take more then a World War to change our spots.

We are the same today as when we were sweet 16 and our values this Spring are as wholesome and clean as new mown hay.

There are signs of Spring in our stock from Alder—Rochester, Society Barnd; and Michaels—Sterns;

Patton Bros. Co.

Mason City, Iowa — Manly, Iowa

"Where a dollar does it's duty"

An Open Invitation

A cordial invitation is extended to all newcomers to Klemme or adjourning territory to call at the First National Bank and get acquainted with its officers. They are at your service to give you the benefit of their experience and knowledge of business and farming conditions in Hancock County.

Come in at your convience and get acquainted.

First National Bank

Westren States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Materail

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

We take orders for-

Storm Sash and Storm Doors

Now is the Time

to look your car over and get ready for Spring Driving. Bring your car in and get it overhauled before the spring rush. Just received a large assortment of caseings and tubes, Get you order in early. While you can get the best don't wait until you have to take Inferior Brands. Goodyear and Fisk "Best by Test."

C. W. Wiles

Red Paint Looks Good!

There is no question that red paint looks good on a barn, chicken or hog house or other farm building--but there is a lot of difference in paints. Our paint contains the highest per-centage of pure lead and linseed oil of any paint sold, and when you use--

Gilt Edge Paints

you are using the best and it don't cost any more than cheap made paint.

Gilt Edge House Paint

can be had here for either interior or outside work, in all colors. **Moco Varnish** is the best by test.

We offer you

Special Prices 5-10 gal. lots.

Full line Brushes and Supplies.

Just received a car of FEED, get what you need!

Jacobs & Son

Exclusive Hardware *Klemme, Iawa*

You Can't Keep House

AND LIVE HAPPY

Until you have ordered the Klemme Times sent to your home. Send us $2 for a year's subscription.

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors Phone 72

STATE NEWS

Gleaned from many fields and summered for busy readers

Clermont D. Loper died in Charles City recently. He was 100 years and 5 months old.

The water level of Spirit Lake is to be lowered about one and one-half feet below the average during the past year.

Contracts for a new cattle barn and sale ring at the state fair grounds has been let by the state fair commission.

Benton county has many successful livestock breeders and each year sees a decided increase in the stockmen who favor the keeping of only pure breeds.

The farmers of Orange township in Black Hawk county staged an institute and judging contest recently which was a success in every way and brought out a good crowd.

A forty acre tract of land near Twentieth and St. Joseph streets, Des Moines, has been chosen by the Polk County Tubercular commission as the site for the new tuberculosis hospital.

The Johnson County Farmers Institute elected officers at the recent meeting as follows: Preisdent, R. P. Adams, Solon; Vice President, C. M. Fountain; Secretary L. F. Morford; Assistant Secretary, E. F. Graff. The membership has increased from 40 persons to 100 and this entitles the society to state aid for $200 a year.

Nearly $3,850 worth of butter, eggs and chickens have been marketed by Mrs. John Jensen of the Arthur road near Humboldt during the past two years. These poultry and dairy natures have been kept by Mrs. Jensen for a number of years and the last two years have been the largest that she has yet recorded.

A series of sheep and wool demonstrations were held in Sidney recently, one demonstration on the Walter Savage farm and the other at the Delbert Willey farm near Farragut. There was a third demonstration at the R. Teachout farm. Prof. T. C. Stone of Iowa State College was present and addressed the farmers.

Two sheep clubs are to be organized in Davis county this year. Members are already enrolled in the Delaine club and a Shropshire club is being formed. Any boy or girl between the ages of 10 or 19 who wishes to enroll in these clubs can do so. Liberal prizes are being offered, beside those given at the county and state fairs.

Farmers of the immediate vicinity of Monroe have decided to erect a farmers' cooperative elevator. A meeting was held a few days ago with M. K. Culver of Iowa State College in attendance as the principal speaker. Committees were appointed to sell stock in the proposition and a personal canvass will be made over the entire territory.

At the recent meeting of the Farm Bureau of Union county the following men were elected to hold office for the ensuing year. Pres., W. J. Colbert; V. Pres., A. D. McGee; Secy., Leonard White; Treas., W. W. Morrow. Seven new members were elected from as many townships. A recent clean up campaign netted the bureau 150 new members.

The county treasurer has completed the work of registration of the automobiles in Winnebago County and 2,075 vehicles have been registered. All but seventy-five registrants have received number plates. A total of $21,168.50 has been paid in for registration and of this amount the county will receive a good share for road work to be done this year.

All officers of the Black Hawk County Farm bureau were re-elected at the annual meeting. J. W. Coverdale, Ames, secretary of the National Farm Bureau association, was the principal speaker and he explained the state and national movement. The yearly reports of Miss Clara M. Sutter, home demonstration agent, and A. A. Burger, county agent, were heard. Over 250 farmers were present.

According to Miss Florence McDonald, teacher of home economics, fifty of her pupils are keeping personal accounts. Record cards, supplied by Iowa State College, are being uesd. This form is in general use all over Iowa in high schools. Miss Ida Aherns, home demonstration agent of Poweshiek county recently gave a talk to Miss McDonald's class in home economics on budget making and account keeping, explaining in detail the record forms to be used.

The 73rd birthday of the University of Iowa, established in 1874, was celebrated as "Founders Day," Wednesday, Feb. 25. James B. Weaver of Des Moines, being the principle speaker.

Arrangements have been made by the Benton County Farm Bureau with the agricultural extension department whereby William H. Lapp a poultry expert, and R. S. Herrick, who needs no introduction to orchard men of Iowa, will spend two days in March in Benton county giving demonstrations.

Polk county real estate transactions for 1920 have exceeded by more than a thousand those of a year ago, for the first two months of the year, according to records at the office of the county recorder. The instruments recorded up to and including February 20 number 4,036 against 2,710 for the same period last year, an increase of 1,326. While these numbers include all instruments, the greater number of them are real estate transfers.

Nearly 2900 ministers of the Evangelical churches of Iowa attended the interchurch world conference held in Des Moines February 23, 24 and 25. This was the largest gathering of ministers ever held in the state of Iowa, and religious work of great importance was taken up at the meetings. The inter church world movement is one of the most important religious propositions ever placed before the evangelical churches of the world. The purpose is to bring about cooperation between all churches, to work out a program that will further Christianity in the entire world.

Ladora farmers can raise hogs too big for the Chicago packing houses to slaughter. Joe Cummings of Ladora sent a car load of hogs to Chicago, 32 head in all, which averaged 620 pounds, the largest of the lot tipped the beam at 850 pounds. When they reached their destination the stock yard officials took one look at them and decided they were too large to handle. The packing house had no slaughtering machinery large enough to take care of them and they were disposed of to the butcher shops over the city, who did their own butchering. They were the most remarkable lot of hogs for size ever received at the Chicago yards and they drew a lot of attention.

The Methodist general conference which meets in Des Moines in May have leased the Coliseum and Auditorium for the entire month. The committee also approved the signing of the bond required to bring the conference to Des Moines. The committee on entertainment have arranged four nights during the month on which there will be no convention sessions, and which will be left at the disposal of the local committee for some address or entertainment, the proceeds of which might go to defray local expenses. The four open nights will be used for two big concert numbers, one address by a bishop of prominence, and an address by some man of national or international note as a speaker.

C. P. Earle, poultry club agent, Iowa State College and in charge of poultry club work for Iowa, says that the enrollment in these clubs in the state the past year was over 1700 members and that of this number 1394 members finished their work. If the members of the Iowa State Poultry Breeders' Association could fully realize what the boys' and girls' poultry clubs mean to them, there is little doubt but that they would be more than anxious to lend it both their moral and financial support. More than 38,000 eggs were set last year by the members of these clubs, 26,338 cicks were hatched and 23,749 chickens were raised, and this was done in the first year of poultry club work. This year it is hoped to double the membership and this means that the breeders of Iowa will be called on to furnish more than 80,000 eggs for hatching for the boys' and girls' poultry clubs of the state.

The Democratic State Convention closed its session in Des Moines by electing the following delegates at large to the National Convention, which convenes in San Francisco. Wilbur W. Marsh, Waterloo; Edwin T. Meredith, Des Moines; Tom Steele, Sioux City; N. F. Reed, Ottumwa; W. D. Jamieson, Shenandoah; W. J. Casey, Knoxville; Dr. J. W. Reynolds, Creston; Louis Murphy, Dubuque. The delegation goes uninstructed as to presidential choice and the unit rule of voting will prevail. The convention was largely attended and it was the first state convention of either of the predomination parties where women delegates were present and participated in the deliberation of the assembly. The resolutions offered contained the following ten points: First—Indorsement of the administration and President Wilson's policies. Second—Readiness to submit the party's record to the people for a verdict. Third—Indorsed the league of nations. Fourth—Urge ratification of the treaty bringing universal peace and thereby dispensing with the need of universal military training. Fifth—Welcome to the women. Sixth—Indorsement of all measures whereby women will have equal suffrage rights. Seventh—Commends President Wilson for appointing Mr. Meredith to a cabinet position. Eighth—Laments the death of Fred E. White. Ninth—Points to the party and administration's achievements in peace and in war. Tenth—Resolved, That the Iowa delegation would go to San Francisco uninstructed and be bound by unit rule.

Iowa's consolidated rural schools, and particularly those operated in co-operation with Teachers college represent the best type of such schools, according to delegates to the recent national consolidated school conference held in Cedar Falls.

Otto Albert, Reinbeck, has sold 80 acres to Gus Treimer, for $18,000. He also sold 40 acres east of Reinbeck to Alfred Sieh for $12,000. August Strohbehn has bought the Albert Vittum farm, east of Morrison, for $350 per acre. He gets possession next year.

In All the World

No Grinding Plate Like the LETZ!

Here's one of the famous Letz Grinding Plates—one of those plates between whose thousands of whirling scissor-like edges the grain and roughage is ground powder-fine in one operation.

No other process so fine cutting, so fast cutting, so durable, so dependable. No other process so altogether desirable for the feeder who wants to grind his own feed.

9 Sizes 22 Styles **LETZ** 2 to 40 H. P.

America's Leading Feed Mill

Letz Mills are enabling hundreds of thousands of progressive farmers and feeders to cut down their feed costs one-fifth, to save the 20% of feed that goes to waste when fed *whole*, to raise their hogs and cattle for market quicker, better, more economically.

LET US DEMONSTRATE

Henry Lau & Son

Farm Implements ***Klemme, Iowa***

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Candy and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

Hats---$1.85

Special for--

Saturday

Childrens' Hats at--

$1.85

Our New Hats are arriving daily. We bought early and are prepared to give you BARGAINS.

CLEAVES HAT SHOP

GARNER - - IOWA

GARDENS AGAIN ARE IMPORTANT

Just as Essential This Year as During War Period, Say Federal Specialists.

MUST PRODUCE MORE FOOD

Several Hardy Crops Will Withstand Considerable Frost and Should Be Planted Early—Make Plantings at Short Intervals.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Gardens are going to be just as important the coming year as during the war period, United States department of agriculture specialists declare. High food costs, they say, are likely to remain until more to eat is grown and distributed. Farm gardens, village gardens, and city back yard gardens all will help. Food produced in the garden not only helps balance the family budget but releases that grown on farms for the use of people who are entirely dependent upon others.

With the lengthening of the days it will not be long until land can be worked, and such hardy crops as peas, onions, lettuce, radishes and beets planted, especially throughout the lower Gulf Coast region. The average date of the last killing frost of the winter in this section is not later than March 15. This zone includes the southern portion of South Carolina, the southern half of Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi, almost the whole of Louisiana and all southeastern Texas. Several of the more hardy garden crops, including those mentioned

When the Right Time Comes Let the Girls Be Shown How to Plant and Care for the Beds.

above, will withstand considerable frost and may be planted at least a month before the average date for the last frost.

Take a Chance on Early Planting.

Irish potatoes are easily injured by freezing, but they require about a month to come up and may be planted at about the same time as lettuce and radishes. It pays to take a chance on the early planting of certain of the more hardy garden vegetables. If they are killed or severely injured they may be replanted. A good method is to make about three plantings at intervals of two weeks, and if the first planting is killed the later ones take its place; if not killed, early vegetables will be produced and the second and third plantings provide a continuous supply.

Keeping up the gardening interest throughout the season is just as important as making an early start. About the time the more hardy vegetables are planted in the garden the seeds of tomato, eggplant, and peppers should be started in a window box indoors. By the time the ground and the air are warm these plants will be of good size and ready to set in the garden. In the meantime a few "frostproof" or hardy cabbage plants may be set out. Next will come the planting of snap or string beans. Then follows the planting of Lima beans, summer squashes, melons of all kinds, and other of the more tender vegetables.

Remember the Greens, Too.

And don't forget the greens. We all need more greens in our diet. Spinach, kale, and turnips will keep you supplied with greens during the late fall and early winter, but you should have a bed of spinach planted now, in the Gulf Coast region, for early spring greens. Early turnips and beets are excellent for use as greens and later you can have delicious Swiss chard. Bassella withstands heat and makes satisfactory summer greens. The main point in getting the most out of your garden is to begin early and keep going throughout the entire season, making every foot of land produce to the limit.

OBTAINING EGGS IN WINTER

Supply of Bone Meal or Beef Scraps Should Be Kept Before Hens at All Times.

The farmer who wants winter eggs should keep a box of bone meal or beef scraps before the fowls, or give them a feed of freshly-cut bones every few days. In addition, supply them with vegetables occasionally, make them scratch for all their grain feed, and keep the fowls warm at night.

EARLY PLANTING OF CORN IS ESSENTIAL

Larger Varieties Can Be More Profitably Grown.

Results of Experiments Conducted to Demonstrate Practicability and Value of Method—Better Yields Obtained.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Earlier planting of large, productive varieties of corn is frequently much more profitable than the normal planting of early maturing varieties. Proof of this has been obtained in many instances, announces the chief of the bureau of plant industry, in reporting on the results of experiments conducted to demonstrate the practicability and value of the earlier planting of corn. By much earlier than normal planting it has been found that larger varieties can be profitably grown for ensilage in northern localities with much better yields than can be had from the smaller native varieties planted at the usual date.

In the South, by planting small short-season varieties earlier than normal, much earlier maturity can be secured, affording a supply of corn for very early feeding. Many rather soft varieties that rot badly when planted late produce sound corn when planted early in southern localities. The planting of short and long season varieties in alternate rows has increased yields where moisture is a limiting factor.

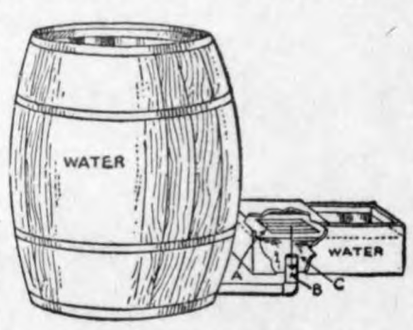
Varieties differ, it has been found, in their ability to adapt themselves and their grain production to varying stands. Prolific varieties, when given increased space, have shown ability to increase their grain production much more satisfactorily than have the single ear varieties, because of their ability to make up for deficiency in stand.

The studies made by the department specialists have resulted in isolating uniform types within a variety. It has been found that so-called varieties of corn are largely conglomerates of many distinct types, and to arrive at basic facts in breeding work it is necessary to segregate these uniform types.

BARREL FOUNTAIN IS HANDY

Outfit Will Save Lots of Work and Also Insure Constant Supply of Water for Fowls.

The diagram shown is of a homemade poultry fountain. The cistern is a common barrel that is watertight, connected to a drinking tank by a piece of pipe with one elbow as shown, says a writer in The Farmer. A big washer or something else of that shape is fastened on the end of the pipe at "C" in order to make a sort of rim on the inside of the pipe. "A" is a piece of board used for a float and connected to plunger, "B," by means of a wire. This makes a self-locking valve so that the water will flow in until the tank gets full when the float pulls the plunger up against the rim on the inside of the pipe and shuts off the water which flows in again as the water is consumed. It is well to have the part of the tank where the valve is boxed off by itself with a lid over to keep



Homemade Poultry Fountain.

the poultry from meddling with the valve. This outfit will save a lot of work and also insure a constant supply of fresh water if the cistern is kept replenished with a couple of pails of water once in awhile, according to the number of chickens.

CHICKENS NEED GREEN FEED

Greatest Value Is Succulence, and Salts it Contains are Great Assistance to Digestion.

In nutritive elements, green foods contain so little strength that if their only claim to poultry favor was on that account they would have been discarded long ago. Their greatest value is their succulence, and the salts they contain, which promote digestion.

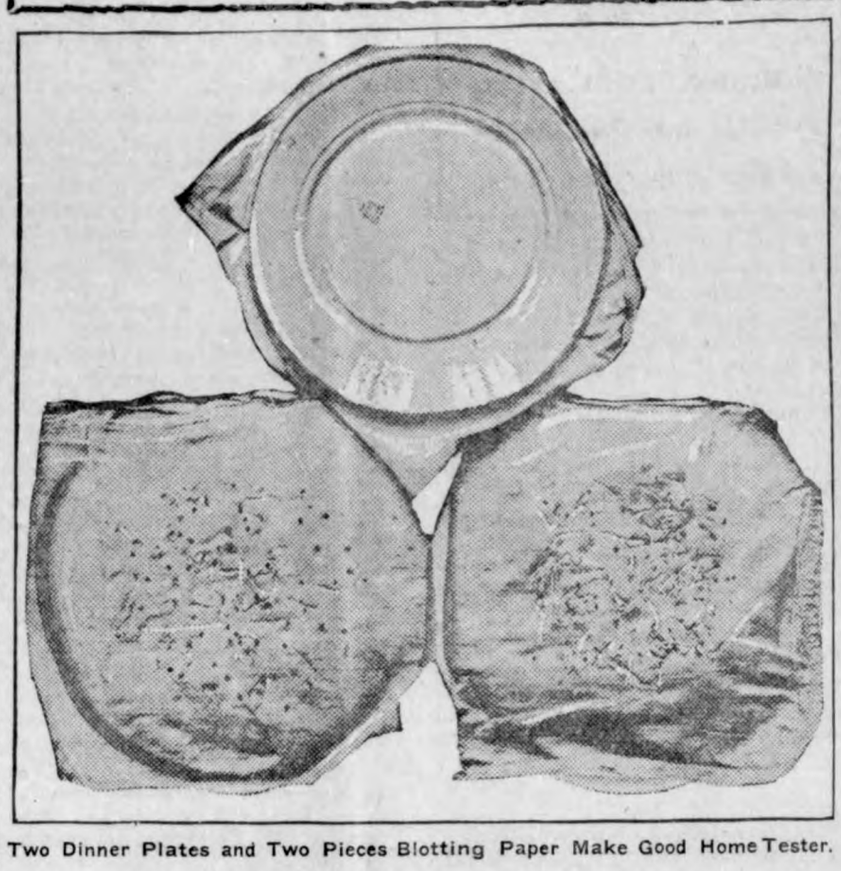
Green feed in the winter poultry ration helps to keep a laying stock in good tone. It assists digestion, and many poultry keepers use it for that reason and because it increases egg production.

SUPPLY MATERIAL FOR EGGS

No One Kind of Grain Will Furnish All of Different Food Elements Required by Hen.

There is no one kind of grain that alone will furnish all of the different food elements required to maintain the body of the hen in good condition and also furnish the material of which eggs are made. Certain kinds of food combinations are required to make the yolk of the egg, certain other kinds are required to make the whites, while still other kinds are needed for building the membranes which surround the yolk and the white and the shell which contains all.

FARMER CANNOT AFFORD TO SOW POOR SEED



Two Dinner Plates and Two Pieces Blotting Paper Make Good Home Tester.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Red clover seed is selling at approximately 50 cents a pound. At that price a farmer cannot afford to sow as clover seed anything that is not clover seed. Half a dollar a pound for weed seed, chaff, and dirt is too high a price to pay for the privilege of being careless—particularly as seed testing is comparatively an easy and wholly an inexpensive operation.

There is but one factor in crop production over which the farmer has absolute control. Sunshine and moisture are matters that are wholly beyond his power of influence. Measurably, he can control culture, but too much rain or too long a drought at a critical time may place even that beyond his power. But, no matter what happens, the farmer can be sure that he is planting good seed—the kind of seed that, given a fair chance, will produce a full crop. He cannot afford to handicap himself at the outset by planting adulterated or dead seed—the kind of seed that cannot make a full crop no matter how favorable conditions may be.

Labeling of Seeds Promised.

The sale of seeds, in many states, is regulated by law, the seller being required to make certain statements as to quality, but the law is not applicable to seeds that go into interstate commerce. In order to meet this difficulty so far as possible, the secretary of agriculture, in 1917, asked representatives of the seed trade to meet in Washington and secured the consent of most of them to a suggestion that seed men label all farm seeds sold in lots of 10 pounds or more, the label to show percentage of pure seed, percentage of germination, and date of germination test. In some cases the agreement was not lived up to, but the matter has again been called to the attention of seed men and many of them have again announced that they will label all seed they sell.

Practically all large seed houses now have facilities for testing the quality of all lots of seeds that they buy and sell. They have, therefore, the information that the farmer needs, and he should insist upon being given this information when he buys seeds. Few farmers are willing to buy low-grade seed, containing much chaff, dirt, weed seeds, and dead seeds—if they know how poor it is. The dealer, however, almost invariably makes his largest profit on the lower grade of seed he sells and is not always willing to put on a truthful label. The farmer's protection lies in buying only labeled seeds.

Farmer May Protect Himself.

The farmer, however, may do a great deal toward protecting himself by testing seeds at home. "Testing Seed in the Home and in the Rural School," published by the United States department of agriculture as Farmers' Bulletin 426, discusses the subject in detail. It will be furnished free on request.

All kinds of farm seeds may be subjected to one kind of test or another, but the seeds of the crops in most general use and which it is especially desirable to have tested are the true clovers, such as red, alsike, and crimson; alfalfa; such grasses as timothy, orchard grass, and the millets; cereals, rape, flax, vetch, and corn. Much of the seed of these crops, except cereals and corn, is imported and widely variable grades are on the market. Just now a great deal of clover seed is being imported from Italy, and specialists believe that much of it is poorly adapted to American conditions. The prevalence of foreign-grown seed in the market is probably not generally recognized, but it is one of the important elements in making testing necessary.

GETTING PROFITS IN FEEDING LIVE STOCK

Two Tests Conducted on Private Farms in Florida.

Herd of Native Steers Turned on Field of Velvet Beans Gave Better Results Than Those Fed on More Expensive Feeds.

Less gains in weight but greater profits resulted from feeding a herd of cattle in a velvet bean field, compared with another herd fed in a similar field for only a short time and then given more costly feed, including sorghum silage and cottonseed meal. These two feeding tests were conducted on private farms in Florida in co-operation with the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture.

In one case 220 native steers, three to five years old and averaging 582 pounds per head, were turned into an 80-acre field of velvet beans early in November. After 28 days the animals averaged 590 pounds and the feed was changed to sorghum silage, velvet beans in pod and cottonseed meal. On the fifty-sixth day the weight was 589 pounds. On the eighty-fourth day, when the test ended, it was 644 pounds. The average daily grain per head was approximately three-fourths of a pound. The ration was not the typical fattening ration used heretofore but was one used to secure a comparable degree of finish. Had grain been fed in addition probably a greater gain would have been secured. There was a $2 margin and a profit of $4.02 per head.

In the second experiment 116 native steers similar to the first herd were pastured on an 85-acre field of velvet beans for 72 days, beginning at about the same time of year. They lost considerable in weight for a part of the second month, but there was a daily average gain for the whole period of a little more than one-fourth pound per steer. The pasture charge in this case was $9 per acre, and the profit $6.35 per head. The margin was $2, as in the other case.

BUILD HEN HOUSE IN SPRING

Building Then Will Have Chance to Dry Out During Hot Days—Avoid Danger of Colds.

The best time to build a poultry house is in the spring or early summer, for then it will have time to dry out during the hot days. Lumber is often rather damp and it must be thoroughly dried out before winter or the birds housed in the building will be in danger of contracting colds, says the United States department of agriculture. Cement floors and foundation walls, if made in the spring, will also have an opportunity to dry thoroughly, and most of the dampness often attributed to them will be avoided.

Spring or early summer is the busy time on the farm, so those who foresee the need of new poultry houses next winter will do well to build them during the slack time this winter before spring work starts. Do not put the birds into the new building, however, until it has been dried out.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

The livestock farmer owns his own fertilizer factory.

* * *

Mulching tomatoes with straw has been found to increase the yield of fruit.

* * *

Harness are very high in price, so don't forget that good oil prolongs the life of leather.

* * *

Neighborhood clubs for buying garden seeds and field seeds are a source of much saving.

* * *

Keep the vegetable cellar at an even temperature; between 33 and 35 is good for most crops.

* * *

Alfalfa shoots up quickly and makes especially good pasture in late summer—better than clover.

* * *

A few dollars spent in building a shed for your farm machinery will pay mighty good dividends.

DAIRY

BOYS AND GIRLS' CALF CLUB

Question for Farm People and Extension Workers to Think About, Say Dairy Experts.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Why shouldn't a boys and girls' calf club grow into a men and women's cow club? Or, more immediately speaking, a larger boys and girls' calf club—larger boys and girls, that is, not larger club. Or, getting nearer the meat—or the milk—of the thing, why shouldn't the club boy or girl who raises a calf milk that calf when she

Youngster Making a Good Start.

becomes a cow, watch her development, keep a set of books on her production, and, in a small way, learn the essentials of dairy farming, taking the figures to school and getting them interpreted, and incidentally teaching "the old man" a new trick or two?

That is the question, in one form or another, asked by the experts of the dairy division. It is a question that farm people and agricultural extension workers might think about. There may be more to say on the subject after a while.

GENTLE TREATMENT OF COWS

Unique Blotters Distributed by the Department of Agriculture Urging Kindness to Animals.

The following, printed on blotters, was distributed by a dairying agent for the United States department of agriculture and the Utah Agricultural college:

Our Domestic Animals Have Acute Hearing.
WHY YELL!

Show me a man who says "milking is a dirty job" and I will show you a man who will make a dirty job of milking.

DAIRYMEN!
SAFETY FIRST
Cleanliness Is Safety.

Gentle treatment of our cows, horses, hogs and sheep will put money in our pockets and peace in our hearts.

MORE MILK AND BUTTERFAT

Of Greater Importance Than Improvement in Breed Type—Purebred Bulls Essential.

Far more important than the improvement in breed type due to the use of purebred bulls, is the increase in milk and butterfat production of the daughters of purebred bulls from high-producing families. It goes almost without saying that a purebred bull, when introduced into a herd of scrub cows, will produce daughters that produce more milk and butterfat than their mothers.

DAIRY NOTES

Winter cow comfort means more winter profits.

* * *

A cow that ranks with the best of her breed is worth half a dozen average cows.

* * *

Good dairy cows are hard to find and high in price. The best way to get them is to raise them.

* * *

There may be some roughage the cows like better than silage, but the average dairyman hasn't discovered it.

* * *

It is becoming more evident daily that a herd of cows on the farm offers the owner an opportunity to increase his profits, and at the same time maintain the fertility of his soil.

"DANDERINE" STOPS HAIR FALLING OUT

Hurry! A few cents will save your hair and double its beauty.

A little "Danderine" cools, cleanses and makes the feverish, itchy scalp soft and pliable; then this stimulating tonic penetrates to the famished hair roots, revitalizing and invigorating every hair in the head, thus stopping the hair falling out, getting thin, scraggly or fading.

After a few application of "Danderine" you seldom find a fallen hair or a particle of dandruff, besides every hair shows more life, vigor, brightness, color and thickness.

A few cents buys a bottle of delightful "Danderine" at any drug or toilet counter.—Adv.

Prudent Arrangement.

"At a political banquet," said Senator Sorghum, "it's always best to wait until after the eating is over before bringing on the speakers."

"What's the difference?"

"If you started the speaking too early there would be a chance of having everybody's appetite spoiled by remarks from one source or another."

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview on the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Proposing by Telephone.

"Excuse me," said the telephone girl, "but I see the lady refused you."

"That's right," gloomed the young man. "Thank you."

"Pardon me. I think I can give you a number where you'd have better luck."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

PUT CREAM IN NOSE AND STOP CATARRH

Tells How to Open Clogged Nostrils and End Head-Colds.

You feel fine in a few moments. Your cold in head or catarrh will be gone. Your clogged nostrils will open. The air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more dullness, headache; no hawking, snuffling, mucous discharges or dryness; no struggling for breath at night.

Tell your druggist you want a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream in your nostrils, let it penetrate through every air passage of the head; soothe and heal the swollen, inflamed mucous membrane, and relief comes instantly.

It is just what every cold and catarrh sufferer needs. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable.—Adv.

Wifey's First Thought.

Benham—I am fighting with my back to the wall.

Mrs. Benham—Well, don't get your head against it or you will grease the wall paper.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER.

Constipation invites other troubles which come speedily unless quickly checked and overcome by Green's August Flower which is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion both in stomach and intestines, cleans and sweetens the stomach and alimentary canal, stimulates the liver to secrete the bile and impurities from the blood. It is a sovereign remedy used in many thousands of households all over the civilized world for more than half a century by those who have suffered with indigestion, nervous dyspepsia, sluggish liver, coming up of food, palpitation, constipation and other intestinal troubles. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Try a bottle, take no substitute.—Adv.

Any young girl can tell you that her mother's only fault is the good advice she is constantly giving.

ME "BAYER" IS ON GENUINE ASPIRIN

e tablets without fear, if you see the safety "Bayer Cross."

you want the true, world-famous irin, as prescribed by physicians over eighteen years, you must ask "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." he "Bayer Cross" is stamped on tablet and appears on each pack- for your protection against imi- ons.

each package of "Bayer Tablets Aspirin" are safe and proper direc- s for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, thache, Earache, Rheumatism, mbago, Neuritis, and for Pain in eral.

Handy tin boxes containing 12 tab- cost but a few cents. Druggists sell larger "Bayer" packages. As- in is the trade mark of Bayer Man- cture of Monoaceticacidester of licylicacid.—Adv.

His Complaint.

Excited Young Man at Lunch Coun- —Gimme a hamburg steak, gimme hamburg steak, gimme a hamburg ak.

Counter Man—What's the matter, ng feller? Shell shock?

Excited Young Man—Shell shock hing. I used to be a company clerk we always made out our requisi- ns in triplicate.—Home Sector.

T LESS AND TAKE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Take a Glass of Salts if Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers.

The American men and women must ard constantly against Kidney trou- e, because we eat too much and all r food is rich. Our blood is filled th uric acid which the kidneys strive filter out, they weaken from over- ork, become sluggish; the eliminative ssues clog and the result is kidney uble, bladder weakness and a gen- al decline in health.

When your kidneys feel like lumps lead; your back hurts or the urine cloudy, full of sediment or you are liged to seek relief two or three mes during the night; if you suffer th sick headache or dizzy, nervous ells, acid stomach, or you have rheu- atism when the weather is bad, get om your pharmacist about four nces of Jad Salts; take a table- oonful in a glass of water before eakfast for a few days and your dneys will then act fine. This fa- ous salts is made from the acid of apes and lemon juice, combined ith lithia, and has been used for enerations to flush and stimulate ogged kidneys; to neutralize the ids in the urine so it no longer is a urce of irritation, thus ending ladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot in- re, makes a delightful effervescent thia-water beverage, and belongs in ery home, because nobody can make mistake by having a good kidney ushing any time.—Adv.

Really Not Her Fault.

"Aunty," pleaded Lilly, "may I have saucer of milk for my kitten?"

"I just gave you a big saucer of ilk for her," reminded aunty.

"I know that, but she stuck her w in it and spilled it over the floor," id Lilly.

"She doesn't deserve any more; milk too expensive to waste," irately de- ared aunty.

"Oh, yes, she deserves it," indul- ntly decided Lilly; "I don't fink kit- is old enough yet to know the price milk."

Cuticura Soothes Baby Rashes.

hat itch and burn with hot baths Cuticura Soap followed by gentle nointings of Cuticura Ointment. othing better, purer, sweeter, espe- ially if a little of the fragrant Cuti- ura Talcum is dusted on at the fin- h. 25c each everywhere.—Adv.

Long Road to Ultimate Consumer.

Country Boarder—I suppose we'll be etting some of these nice fresh eggs or brenkfast.

Farmer—Yep; these very eggs, but ot till ye come down here next year. e see, I've got to sell them to the local ommission man, and he sells them to he jobber in the city, who in turn sells em back here to the fellow who runs he country grocery, and I buy them om him.—Life.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy or infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

n Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

In Running Order.

"Look here," said the automobile ealer, "the bill for that car I sold ou has been running for over a year ow."

"Let it run," said the delinquent ustomer. "I want to have something onnected with that flivver that will un over half an hour without stop- ing."

For Constipation use a natural remedy. Garfield Tea is composed of carefully se- lected herbs only. At all drug stores.—Adv.

Matching Him.

He—I am a cipher in my own house.

She—I care naught for that.

No, Cordelia, watered milk doesn't ecessarily come from the river scow.

The House of Whispers

By WILLIAM JOHNSTON

Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.

UP TO DATE GHOSTS

Fiction readers who like haunted houses and mysterious noises in the night, and ghost doings that baffle explanation, should stop, look, and read right here. For "The House of Whispers" is well named. It's even more fascinating than the old-time haunted house, because it's a mystery apartment in a big city building—the lovely heroine, for instance, can creep along a ledge from one window to another in the dead of night, and a wonderful pearl necklace can disappear from a wall-safe and find its way back again, and the superintendent and his employees can fasten a charge of murder on the hero, and there might be room in the walls for secret passageways. But there is nothing new-fashioned or queer about the loyalty and devotion of the heroine for her lover in trouble; it's the same glorious thing that has thrilled us all ever since true love ceased to run smooth. And of course she gets the reward that she deserves—and they live happily ever after.

CHAPTER I.
—1—

With an exclamation of annoyance I crumpled up the note from my great-uncle Rufus and flung it on the floor. My disappointment at its contents was the one thing needed to complete the utter misery of a wretched day.

Only that morning my roommates, Birge and Roller, fortunate fellows, had been informed that their applications for the ambulance service had been accepted. Our year of happy companionship had come to an abrupt end.

"Cheer up, old man," cried the optimistic Birge, "your luck will change some time."

"Right," said Roller, as he stooped to give a final tug to the straps of his new kit bag, "a chap as crazy about Adventure as you are is bound to meet her soon."

"Stop it," I cried in desperation. "It is you two who are to have the great opportunity. Soon you'll be seeing shrapnel burst, airplanes battling, regiments charging, heroes dying, and I—I'll be sitting here alone in a hall-room, eating my heart out with lonesomeness and envy, spending my days at an uncongenial desk, and my nights, God knows how, after you fellows have gone."

"You never can tell," chirped old Birge, "all kinds of strange things happen right here in New York. You may be the one that has had a bellyful of adventure before we return—if we do."

His last three words gave us all a sobering thought. There was a chance, more than a chance, that never again on this earth would we three be together again. Eight of our college mates had preceded Birge and Roller to the great battlefield. Already three of them lay in hero graves somewhere under the lilies of France.

The silence of a sad parting fell on us. The taxicab came and we drove together to the pier with hardly a word spoken.

As we shook hands at the gangplank old Roller spoke again, a glisten of tears in his eye, something almost prophetic in his voice.

"Nelson," he said, "I feel it in my bones that something is going to happen to you soon, something thrilling."

"I wish to God something would!" I answered bitterly.

Disconsolately I waved them a last adieu from the dock. In a black mood I railed against the fate that had left me behind, poignantly lamenting the lack of the eight hundred dollars that would have set me free to accompany them.

Two letters, thrust under the door in lodging-house fashion, awaited my homecoming. One of them I recognized at once as my mother's weekly billet of good advice, and tossed aside to be read when I was in a better frame of mind. The other was in a cramped, unfamiliar handwriting. As I studied the envelope curiously a suspicion as to the writer's identity flashed into my mind and eagerly I tore it open. My great-uncle, Rufus Gaston, was an old, old man. It must be from him. What could he be writing to me about? Rufus Gaston was rich—worth many millions.

It was merely an invitation to dine with him and his wife. Disgustedly I flung it aside. It capped the climax of my dissatisfaction with everything. Here were my two chums starting off to the war, and here was I, Spalding Nelson, twenty-six, strong in physique, save for a "football knee" that had barred me from military service, thirsting for excitement, left behind in the prosaic business world and now bidden to an uninteresting meal with two decrepit old relatives. I made up my mind not to answer the note. My great-uncle Rufus could go hang, for all of his millions. I would not go near him.

The sight of my mother's letter lying unopened on my desk served to recall to me that it was she who had prevented my going. Poor mother! She and I had been at cross-purposes ever since my father's death while I was a youngster. It seemed to me that always she had opposed everything I wanted to do.

After I left college she had found a place for me in the office of one of my father's friends in the little western city where our home was. I had been two years getting away to join Birge and Roller in New York. Most of all she had set herself against my going to France. She did not believe in war. I was the only man left in the family. She was far from well. If anything should happen to her, my young sisters had only me to look to. When these pleas had failed to move me she had not hesitated to remind me that I was in her debt.

Unfortunately this was true. My years at college had cost me more than my small patrimony. I had borrowed freely from her, expecting soon to be able to repay her. Like all young graduates I had vastly overestimated my earning capacity. Three years had elapsed and I still owed her eight hundred dollars.

"I do not see," she had written me, "how you can honorably feel free to go while you are in my debt. To furnish you funds at college your mother and sisters practiced many economies. The girls are now reaching an age when their expenses will be much greater. I need the money for them. The least you can do is to pay it back before you give up your position and go off on wild-goose chases."

For this argument I could find no answer. My obligation to her was a debt of honor that must be paid before I could be my own master. Each week I had been putting away five dollars, and as it accumulated had been sending her a money order.

While I was debating what to do I began to read my mother's latest letter. The first part of it repeated her many arguments. She wrote:

"Two days ago I received a letter from my father's brother, Rufus Gaston, upon whom you called when you first went to New York. He asked about you and made me a proposition concerning you. I did not venture to give him an answer. Your views and mine are so seldom in accord. I gave him your address and suggested that he write to you himself. Probably he has done so by this time."

Hastily I rescued my great-uncle's crumpled note from the floor and smoothed it out. If Rufus Gaston—with his millions and no direct heir—had made a proposition concerning me, his letter took on a vastly more interesting complexion. Carefully I reread it, seeking for some hidden meaning between the lines, but it gave no clue to what he had in mind. He merely expressed the hope that I would be able to dine with him and his wife informally next Thursday evening.

What could it mean? It was at least well worth looking into. Mr. Gaston was seventy-four. He had made a fortune in the South American trade, retiring at sixty-five. There was only himself and his wife. On the Gaston side, through my mother, my sisters and I were the only blood relations. I wondered if it could be that old Rufus was thinking of making me his heir—heir to the Gaston millions!

As I penned a cordial acceptance of his dinner invitation I determined to set myself to pleasing the old couple, whom I had met only once, on the occasion of my call. A few years ago I would have despised the thought of catering to wealth, but since I had discovered how difficult it was to earn money and how much more difficult to save it, my views had changed.

I could hardly wait for the day he had set for me to dine with them to arrive. I found myself approaching their residence fully three-quarters of an hour before the time named. When I discovered how early I was I decided to loiter in the park for a few minutes. Old Rufus recently had given up his Avenue residence and now lived in one of those stately apartment buildings erected in the East Eighties. I turned into Central park opposite my great-uncle's street and dropped into the first bench I came to, depositing beside me a bunch of roses I had purchased as my first move toward winning my great-aunt's affections. Lighting my pipe I gave myself up to pleasant reveries, from which I was aroused by finding my roses tossed suddenly to the ground at my feet.

"Pardon me," I said indignantly, "but those belong to me."

"Benches ain't for bundles," croaked an evil voice beside me.

Recovering my flowers, I turned to find seated beside me a rat-eyed young fellow, cheaply dressed, eyeing me with an insolent stare. As I looked at him he began crowding over toward me. Plainly it was his intention to oust me from the bench.

"There's plenty of room on those other benches over there," I suggested resentfully.

"Beat it yourself if you don't like it here," he retorted, blowing the smoke from a cheap cigarette in my face. "I got a date here, and I'm going to stay, see?"

I answered with an angry retort and hot words followed. We had almost come to blows when the bushes opposite us suddenly parted. I caught sight for just a second of a villainous face, that of a man about forty, an unforgettable face with a red scar across the left cheek. He raised one finger in an imperative gesture, signaling to my unwelcome companion on the bench. With a profane exclamation of dismay, the rat-eyed fellow sprang up and walked hastily away along the park path. Wondering what it was all about, I watched him out of sight around a turning of the asphalt and then glanced toward the apartment house where in a few minutes I was to be a guest.

As I looked a young girl came out of the house and walked slowly toward the park. At the corner she hesitated. She seemed to be debating whether to continue on down the avenue or to turn into the park. Apparently the lure of the greenery won her, for she came on slowly toward where I was sitting. As she drew nearer I observed her with interest, for she was one of the prettiest girls I ever had seen. Her slim figure, her dainty ankles, her carriage, everything about her suggested the patrician. Her face, rosy and youthful, was set off by a jaunty feathered toque, from under which a pair of soft, black, roguish eyes, shaded by long lashes, looked out above a dainty nose, just a bit tip tilted, on either side of which a fugitive dimple played.

To my great amazement she walked right up to me and stopped short. I

"You Were to Wear One, Too."

observed then that she seemed to be greatly agitated. Involuntarily I sprang to my feet and removed my hat, feeling certain that she had mistaken me for someone else.

She looked straight at me with an odd tightening of the lips. Into her great dark eyes came a look in which pride and fear seemed to mingle with utter loathing.

"I am here," she said.

In my confusion I mumbled something, I hardly knew what. She looked me up and down with a puzzled air and raised her hand to a red carnation she was wearing.

"You were to wear one, too."

"I don't understand," I answered.

"Didn't you," she asked hesitatingly, "didn't you come here about the papers—"

"What papers?"

"You know—"

"I don't know," I replied. "I know nothing about any papers. You must have mistaken me for someone else."

"But this was the place—this bench—the first bench?"

"I sat down here quite by accident."

"Oh!" she exclaimed with a sigh of relief. "And you're not wearing a red carnation, either."

I recalled then with misgiving that the ill-favored youth who just a moment ago had disputed the bench with me had been wearing a red carnation, and that he had muttered something about having a date. Yet it did not seem possible that a girl of this sort would be having a rendezvous with a scamp like him. I determined if possible to ascertain the girl's mission.

"I am merely waiting here," I hastened to explain, "until it is time for me to keep a dinner engagement with some relatives in the apartment house from which you came."

As I spoke I noticed that the fear and loathing had vanished from her eyes and that she was looking with relief at a little college pin I was wearing. She was blushing now from confusion at her mistake, and the rising red in her cheeks added greatly to her exquisite loveliness.

"I was to meet someone here," she faltered; "you quite understand, don't you?"

"I understand perfectly," I answered, and recalling the scar-faced man who had been lurking in the bushes, I hurried on to say, "but if I can be of any service—"

"No, no," she sobbed, apparently overwhelmed by whatever it was that was besetting her. "It's nothing—nothing anyone can help."

"Tell me about the man you were to meet here."

"Who are you?" she demanded, her suspicion suddenly rising at my question. "You're not a detective?"

"Far from it," I answered amusedly. "I'm just plain Spalding Nelson, on my way to dine with my great-uncle Rufus Gaston."

"Oh!" she said, relieved, "their apartment is on the same floor as ours."

"Tell me about the man you were to meet," I insisted. "I may have seen him."

"Did you? What was he like?" she demanded eagerly.

"Don't you know him?" I countered.

"No, I never saw him. I don't even know who he is. I only know that there was to be a man waiting here on this bench this evening. We were both to wear red carnations. I was to come here alone, to see him and to get the—"

She stopped abruptly and tearing off the flower she was wearing, trampled it viciously under her foot.

"Not so loud," I warned her, fearful lest they might still be lurking about and overhear us. "There were two of them."

"Two," she whispered, turning pale.

"Yes, one waiting here on this bench, and the other, a villainous scar-faced fellow, hiding in the bushes yonder."

"I dare not go on with it," she sobbed, "I dare not! I dare not! Oh, what shall I do?"

"The thing to do now," I replied, "is for you to let me accompany you back to your home. They will make no further attempt to meet you this evening, since my presence has spoiled their plans. Come, let me escort you, Miss . . ."

As I hesitated over the name she answered simply:

"Bradford—Barbara Bradford."

She pondered for a moment over my suggestion and then turned to walk with me toward the apartment house.

"What were the men like?" she asked.

I described them as best I could, though really the impression that the youth on the bench had left was vague. His voice, an insolent, hoarse, uncultivated one, was almost all I could recall about him.

"I wonder who they were? I wonder how they knew?"

"Knew what?"

Her lips tightened into a straight line.

"I can't tell you. I daren't. It isn't my secret."

By this time we had reached her home and the bowing doorman was swinging back the great iron door for us. It had been my intention to announce my arrival, but recalling that Miss Bradford had said that the Gaston apartment was on the same floor as hers, I stepped with her into the elevator. When it had descended, leaving us together in the corridor, she turned to me and offered her hand.

"Thank you so much, Mr. Nelson."

"I wish you'd let me help you," I cried.

She shook her head.

"Well, promise me one thing," I insisted.

"What is it?"

"That you never again will go alone to the park to meet those men."

A tremor shook her body, and once more a look of terror crept into her eyes.

"I can't promise that. I must meet them. I must! I must!"

I reached out and took her hand.

"Promise me, then, that before you go again you will let me know."

"You must not try to stop my going," she cried desperately and freeing her hand turned quickly and unlocking her door left me standing there alone, staring after her.

Perplexed beyond measure as to what I ought to do, after a moment I pressed the bell and was admitted to the Gaston apartment and to the presence of my aged relatives.

Under the same roof with the heroine.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Reached Its Destination.

A little boy was given a penny to give to the Lord at church. He returned home to report that not seeing God around he gave his penny to the man with a plate.

SAVED HER LIFE

Morrison, Iowa.—"Dr. Pierce's remedies and the professional advice received from the specialists at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y. (which I followed to the letter), saved my life when I was a girl and I have had cause to feel grateful for more than forty years. When I was about sixteen years of age I fell from my horse and was terribly injured internally. A short time after this an immense bunch formed on my right hip which doctors neglected to lance and consequently my entire system was poisoned. I not only became terribly emaciated but my body was a mass of running sores and my right limb grew up under me and became helpless. I was in bed for more than six months and all hope for my recovery had been given up when someone told my father about Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, where they not only manufactured some wonderful remedies but also gave advice free, so he wrote for advice, and in a very short time we were very thankful that he did, because the first half bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery' helped me so much that I was able to raise my head from the pillow, my appetite returned and I was able to sleep. Then the sores commenced to heal and I knew that I had started on the right track.

"It took five years to bring me back to my original good health but I took no remedies but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Pleasant Pellets'—with the approval of my doctor all the time. This was forty years ago and I am still in the best of health. I have never had any sign of a blood disorder since or any ailment due to impurity left in my system, and I feel quite confident in recommending Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery as a blood purifier. The 'Favorite Prescription' I found equally as good in toning up the womanly organs, and I could not have kept house without the 'Pleasant Pellets.' Every member of my family has found them to be unequaled as a purgative and liver tonic, and we have often had to drive a good many miles from home to get them."—Mrs. N. P. Jensen, P. O. Box 100.

Mother Gray's Powders Benefit Many Children

TRADE MARK

Thousands of Mothers have found **MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS** an excellent remedy for children complaining of Headaches, Colds, Constipation, Feverishness, Stomach Troubles and Bowel Irregularities from which children suffer at this season. These powders are easy and pleasant to take and excellent results are accomplished by their use. *Used by Mothers for over 30 years.* Sold by Druggists everywhere. Trial package FREE. Address, THE MOTHER GRAY CO., Le Roy, N. Y.

One and the Same.

Student, farmer, author, politician and reformer, Sir Horace Plunkett is one of the most versatile of Ireland's sons.

He is very witty also. On one occasion he delivered a lecture in Dublin on the best way to improve the conditions among the poor. At that time he was not exactly a finished speaker, and then, as now, a bachelor.

The day following his address he received from a lady a note which read: "What you need are two things—first a wife; second, lessons in elocution."

To this he replied: "These are only one."

CONVENIENT!

If Constipated, Bilious or Headachy, take "Cascarets."

Cascarets never gripe, sicken or inconvenience one like Salts, Oil, Calomel or harsh Pills. Feel bully! Be efficient! Don't stay sick, bilious, headachy, constipated. Remove the liver and bowel poison which is keeping your head dizzy, your tongue coated, your breath bad and stomach sour. Why not spend a few cents for a box of Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest laxative-cathartic you ever experienced? They work while you sleep. Adv.

Unruly.

Neverwed—Well, I suppose your wife obeys you as she vowed at the altar.

Justwed—Obeys me! Why, the poor girl can't even obey her own impulses.

Couldn't Wait.

"Did her husband die?"

"No, he resigned."—Boston Transcript.

BETTER DEAD

Life is a burden when the body is racked with pain. Everything worries and the victim becomes despondent and downhearted. To bring back the sunshine take

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The national remedy of Holland for over 200 years; it is an enemy of all pains resulting from kidney, liver and uric acid troubles. All druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Bronchial Troubles

Soothe the irritation and you relieve the distress. Do both quickly and effectively by using promptly a dependable remedy—

PISO'S

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.

Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

A. L. LAKE

Contractor & Builder

If you intend to build this year let me figure on your bill. I am in the market to draw your plans and estimate the cost.

I can

Save You Money

on building according to my New Method.

Address

A. L. LAKE

1641 N. Washington Mason City, Ia

MEALS

We now serve meals. We especially ask the farmers to give us a trial. The best place, the best meal at the fairest price.

Hotel Klemme

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Geo. ZINN

Physician & Surgeon

Phone No. 19. KLEMME IA;

Office in Building East of Gruetzmacher Harness and Shoe Shop.

Eyes Tested.

Glasses Fitted

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North	
821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.
South	
1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Mrs. Baack returned from her visit at Woden Monday.

C. J. Wille was a business caller at Garner Saturday morning.

Bert Mathews had business at Garner last Saturday.

Miss Dahlia Stromer was a Garner visitor Saturday between trains.

Wm. Neuhring from Belmond was a Klemme caller last Thursday.

Mr. G. A. Goll was a Garner visitor afternoon between trains.

Miss Irma Priebe was a passenger to Garner Tuesday morning.

Miss Mildred Johnson was a Garner visitor Tuesday between trains.

C. W. Wiles was a business visitor at Garner Tuesday morning.

Howard Doyle went to Estherville Monday morning and returned the same evening.

Miss Norma Stomer went to Iowa Falls Monday noon. Miss Stomer is attending school there this year.

Mrs. Rev. Depping and little daughter left Monday noon for Baxter for a visit with her folks.

Mrs. Wm. Werner and little child, of Garner, were over Sunday visitors with Klemme friends.

Miss Marion Walker went to Forest City Monday where she is attending school.

Mrs. A. N. Ahrenkiel and baby of Goodell, were visiting at the T. Blank home last Thursday.

Mrs. W. F. Lau of Garner, and Mrs. Quandt of Belmond, spent last Thursday at the T. Blank home here.

Wm. Baack left Saturday evening for Ohio on business. He returned yesterday.

Mrs. Ralph Blank from Dows was a visitor at the Tom Blank home last Thursday and Friday.

W. F. Lau reports that he shipped over twenty thousand bushels of grain last month.

Mr. and Mrs. Irwing of North Dakota came Monday evening for a short stay at the T. Blank home.

Mr. Emil Bettin of Charles City, was transacting business in Klemme Tuesday.

Henry Lewis is sporting a new Ford car. "Heinie" says that it will be used for his fishing trips this spring.

Clifford Juhl, a brother of Mrs. Ray White, came Monday for a few days visit in Klemme.

Mrs. Dr. Missman and son, Byrnes, went to Belmond last Thursday noon ffor a visit with relatives and friends. They returned Tuesday morning.

Miss Edna Katter who has been visiting with her brother, Ben, was a Klemme caller Saturday before she returned to her home at Garner.

A. G. Ludwig from Zearing, Iowa, came Saturday for a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs. Mrs. Kahrs is a sister of Mr. Ludwig.

A number of the local Masons drove to Garner last Thursday evening to attend lodge. Work was put on in the first degree.

Mrs. Arthur Fluhrer from Charles City, was an over Sunday visitor at the Lou Sampson home and with other relatives.

Miss Mable Starnes came from Belmond Monday for a visit with Klemme relatives. Lola Smith accompanied her back to Belmond Tuesday. Miss Starnes is a telephone operator at Belmond.

Miss Leafy Wilson went to Garner Wednesday afternoon to visit with her folks before they left on the evening train for Indiana.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church will meet with Mrs. Pavey Thursday afternoon, March 1th1. Everybody invited.

Saturday evening March 20 will be thte last nnumber of the winter entertainment course. It will be a big musical treat for everyone.

Agent M. O. Barr was on the sick list a few days the past week. Howard Doyle was the man in charge of the depot during Barr's absence.

NOTICE—I want all who owe me to call and settle at once. Dr. Zinn. Hereafter the firm will be known as Drs. Reuber & Zinn. 1-w

Mrs. Wiley, who has been visiting with her daughter, Mrs. M. O. Hocum this winter, left last Thursday noon for Gillman, and Grinnell, Iowa, where she will visit with her sons.

Doris Martha is the young lady's name who arrived at the Ralph Ludeke home Sunnday, February 22nd. Ralph says she is the finest baby girl he has ever seen.

Mrs. Johnston and daughter Bess went to Mason City Wednesday, to visit with her sister, after having spent several days at the Freie ohme in Klemme.

Rev. Ortmeyer, of Forest City, came Monday evening to meet with Dr. Buriff and Rev. Clegg, district superintendent, in quarterly conference here.

We are peased to state that the mailing list of The Klemme Times is growing rapidly and that we have added a number of new names to the list the past week.

The afternoon train from the south was so late last Thursday that it did not get here until evening. The passenger from the north and the afternoon train passed here.

Miss Ethel Jacobs came from Garner Saturday noon to help her brother Ed balance his books for the month at the hardware store. She and Ed drove to Garner Sunday.

Mrs. O. P. Brooks returned to Clear Lake Monday afternon after an over Sunday visit here with her sister, Mrs. Henry Lewis. Mrs. Lewis accompanied her to Garner.

Patronize the merchants who advertise in the Klemme Times. They sell good goods at right prices. That's why they advertise, they always carry the best.

March came in "like a lamb" Monday, the first. We wonder if it will "go out like a lion" according to the old saying.

Frank Kluckhohn purchased the Charles Lenz place and moved into it the first of the week. The Lenz family move to Minnesota.

W. C. Keraus moved into the old Tom Mitchell residence the first of the week. It was formerly occupied by Frank Kluckhohn and family.

Saturday August Lau bought one hundred and ninety head of hogs which he shipped Saturday night to Chicago in three carloads. George Alberts and Wm. Johnson also shipped with him.

Chas. Lenz and two sons, Miilton and Clifford left with their carload of household goods for Spooner, Wisconsiin, Tuesday. The rest of the family will leave the latter part of the week.

FOREST CITY TO HAVE MEMORIAL BUILDING

Last Friday the voters of Forest City decided by a small majority to issue bonds for the construction of a $50,000 memorial building. The women were the ones who should be given credit for carrying the proposition as they carried the election. The men's votes were against the issue.

The memorial building will be erected in honor of the Winnebago soldiers, sailors and marines, as well as the Forest City young men who were in service. The building will be used as a city hall, library, rest room for all community gatherings.

IS 700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of ear corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us about it.

W. F. PAVEY

Dealer **Klemme, Iowa**

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENTS OF BENEFITS

DRAINAGE DISTRICT NUMBER 96

To John Christians, Geo. Zinn, W. R. and S. A. Blom, Chas. L. Lawhorn, Wm. J. Irving, Elmer Howard, Herman H. Theiman, F. A. Arnold, Township Trustees and Peter Josten Clerk of Ell Township, Hancock County, Iowa.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the commissioners appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County, Iowa, to view and classify the lands in Drainage District Number 96 and to apportion to the said lands and tracts, the total cost of said Drainage District, have made and filed their report in the office of the County Auditor as required by law which report follows.

OWNER DESCRIPTION-SEC.-TYP.	CLASS	AMT.
John Christians, SE NE 23-95-23	$ 2.65	$120.00
Geo. Zinn, NE SE 23-95-23	18.72	850.00
Geo. Zinn, SE SE 23-95-23	16.50	749.00
W. R. & S. A. Bloom, NW SE 23-95-23	1.98	90.00
W. R. & S. A. Bloom, SW SE 23-95-23	.57	26.00
Chas. L. Lawhorn, SW NW 24-95-23	4.30	195.00
Wm. J. Irving, SE NW 24,95-23	.22	10.00
Elmer Howard, NE SE 24-95-23	.09	4.00
Elmer Howard, SE SE 24-95-23	.29	13.00
Elmer Howard, SW SE 24-95-23	2.20	100.00
Elmer Howard, NW SE 24-95-23	2.42	110.00
Elmer Howard, NE SW 24-95-23	4.07	185.00
Elmer Howard, SE SW 24-95-23	3.37	153.00
Elmer Howard, SW SW 24-95-23	2.69	122.00
Elmer Howard, NW SW 24-95-23	11.45	520.00
Herman H. Theiman, NW NE 25-95-23	.22	10.00
F. A. Arnold, NE NW 25-95-23	4.41	200.00
F. A. Arnold, NW NW 25-95-23	7.05	320.00
Geo. Zinn, NE NE 26-95-23	2.86	130.00
Highways Bet. 24 & 25	3.81	173.00
Highways Bet. 23 & 26	2.90	132.00
Highways Bet. 25 & 26	1.08	49.00
Highways Bet. 23 & 24	6.15	279.00
	$100.00	$4,540.00

You are further notified that the 23rd day of March, 1920, has been fixed as the date for final hearing on said assessment and all objections thereto must be made in writing and filed with the County Audtor on or before noon of said date.

Witness my hand and official seal this 17th day of February, A. D. 1920.

(SEAL)

CHRIS JACOBS

County Auditor of Hancock County, Iowa

PAINT UP

We have Paint in all colors and for all purposes. Also varnishes and Stains. Brushes in all sizes.

Tell us your paint Troubles.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Come to This Store

for your wants in all kinds of Merchandise

Dry Goods	**Groceries**
Shoes	**Rubbers**
Hosiery	**Underwear**

Work clothing Etc.

You can save money here

Try us—bring your next order in and let us fill it for you. We will give you good goods—best service—lowest prices.

Eggs taken same as cash in trade.

G. W. Kluchohn & Sons

"BALL TRADE Red Ball MARK BAND"

Look for the Red Ball

"Ball-Band" Rubber Footwear gives you long wear, perfect fit, and real foot-comfort.

More than ten million people look for the Red Ball when they buy Rubber Footwear, because they know it stands for highest quality and More Days Wear. Sold in sixty thousand stores.

F. Gruetzmacher

Shoes, Rubber Footwear, Harness ***Klemme, Iowa***

KLEMME TIMES

wenty-fourth Year Number 27 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, March 11 , 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Passed Away

ARENCE THOMAS NELSON

arence Thomas Nelson, only f Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Nelson ng five miles east of Klemme, born March 7, 1919, and depart- is life five minutes past twelve, h 7, 1920. The little fellow contracted whooping cough and combined with influenza was than the little body colud en- The death of the little son further saddened because the er and father are both con- to their bed with influenza and unable to attend the funeral eir loved one. A large number iends and neighbors gathreed at ome to express their sympathy he bereaved. The funeral ser- was conducted by Rev. H. T. r, of the U. B. church of Good- Interment was made at the Nelson family have received than their share of sorrow for lost a child four years ago. The st sympathy of the entire com- ty is extended to Mr. and Mrs. n in their sorrow.

CARD OF THANKS

wish to thank all those who were d and helpful to us in our sickness orrow of the death of our little nd grand son. Atso for floral of- s. Mr. and Mrs. Hans Andrew n, and Tom Nelson, Sr.

T METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

aching service Sunday morning o'clock.

nday School at the close of the hing service at 11 o'clock.

worth League Sunday evening at Preaching service at 8 p. m.

l-week prayer meeting each day evening at 7:30.

aching service in Liberty town- unday morning at 11:30.

A. H Meyer, Pastor

TICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

m a candidate for state repre- ive for Hancock County sub- o the decision of the republi- oters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

reby announce myself a candi- or the office of County Treas- subject to the decision of the lican Primaries to be held June 920. Yours very truly,

JOHN SUURBALLE

reby announce myself a candi- or the office of State Senator the district composed of Han- Cerro Gordo and Franklin es, subject to the decision of epublican voters of said coun- the June, 1920, Primaries. ed at Garner, Iowa, this 12th January, 1920.

J. E. WICHMAN

reby announce myself a candi- or the office of Sheriff for Han- County, subject to the decision voters at the June, 1920, pri-

E. PECK HANSON

reby announce myself a candi- or the office of sheriff of Han- ounty, subject to the decision of publican voters of said county, Primary election to be held in

W. C. ZIESEMER,
Garner, Iowa

n a candidate for re-election, to the will of Republican at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

reby announce myself a candi- or the office of State Represent- rom Hancock County, subject decision of the Republican of said County, at the June Primaries.

d at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day uary, 1920.

E. P. Healy

Tommy Is Out!

THOS. H. THOMPSON OUT FOR REPRESENTATIVE OF THIS COUNTY

We are indeed pleased to announce this week that Thos. Thompson has at last decided to run for the office of Representative from Hancock county after being urged by his many friends to make the run. "Tommy"is perhaps as well known a man as we can find in the county and stands ace high with the voters. Mr. Thompson we might say is a farmer by trade for he has farmed in this county fo a number of years. He came to Hancock county in 1881 fom Hamilton county and spent the greater part of his time on the farm. He took a business course at Humboldt College but went back to farming , mixing business ideas with farming and thus mak ing it a success. Later Tommy was given the post office at Kanawha, which trusty position he held for one term, or until the Democratic administraion put in a man of their. We almost forgot to say that before this, however, Mr. Thompson has always been active in the farmers' movement as he held the office of secretary for the farmers elevator at Kanawha and also the same office for their creamery. He was then elected to the office of Treasurer of Hancock county which position he filled most satisfactory as can be seen by the way he has been supported by the voters who gave him the office three terms a feat that no other man has done in this county for a good many years And now Mr. Thompson has been urged to make the run for the office of Representative and he has accepted the invitation to represent the people of this county. We believe Mr. Thompson will appeal strongly to the farmers especially but we also are sure that he will fulfill the office if elected, in a manner that will please all the voters. A man like Thompson is worth supporting, he should have the loyal support of every Republican voter in the county at the June Primaries.

COMING EVENTS AT THE IDLE HOUR

Saturday, March 13th—
THE LITTLE ORPAN—feature.

Tuesday, March 16th—"Elmo the Mighty," and 2 reels comic.

Friday, March 19th,—The regular Saturday night picture will be run instead of Saturday night.

Saturday, March 20th—The fifth and closing number of the lecture course. "The War Players and Singers," all music.

THe DES MOINES CAPITAL AND THE KLEMME TIMES

Both One Full Year For $5.50

The Regular Price of The Des Moines Capital is $5.00 per year. The rate of the Klemme Times is $2. The Combined Rate of the two papers is $7.00. By taking advantage of this special offer you actually save $1.50.

During this campaign year more than ever you will want the Capital. It will serve you as it has in past years with TRUE NEWS and SANE OPINIONS concerning the campaign.

Call us by telephone or come into the office.

This offer expires March 15th.

We also take new subscriptions to the CAPITAL, and renewals. Leave your order with us and save money.

THE KLEMME TIMES

FARM NEWS WANTED

We would like to have a correspondent in every farm locality in the vicinity of Klemme. Anyone can easily get together a few items each week of what is going on in your neighborhood. The only way we can get this news is to have a correspondent in each neighborhood. We will be glad to make arrangements with anyone who will volunteer to write news for us. Call at the Times office and see us. Editor.

FARMER'S INCOME SUBJECT TO TAX

Gains for 1919 Must Be Figured Under U. S. Law—Returns Due March 15.

LAND SALE PROFITS TAXABLE.

Necessary Farm Expenses May Be Deducted—Special Form for Farm Income—Cash or Accrual Basis for Computing.

A farmer, shopkeeper, or tradesman must figure up his net income for 1919; and if the farm or business income plus his other income was sufficient to require an income tax return a complete return must be filed with the collector of internal revenue by March 15.

A farmer should ascertain the gross income of his farm by computing all gains derived from the sale or exchange of his products, whether produced on the farm or purchased and resold.

Farm Expenses.

From his gross income a farmer is allowed to charge off all of his necessary expenses in the conduct of the farm during the year. These include costs of planting, cultivating, harvesting and marketing. In addition to these costs he may deduct money spent for ordinary farm tools of short life bought during the year, such as shovels, rakes, etc. Also, the cost of feed purchased for his live stock may be treated as an expense in so far as this cost represents actual outlay, but the value of his own products fed to animals is not a deductible item.

Other farm expenses allowable are the cost of minor repairs on buildings (but not the dwelling house), on fences, wagons and farm machinery; also bills paid for horseshoeing, stock powders rock salt, services of veterinary, 'nsurance (except on dwelling house), gasoline for operating power and sundry other expenses which were paid for in cash.

As to hired help, all the productive labor is a deductible expense, but the wages of household servants, or help hired to improve the farm, as in tree planting, ditching, etc., cannot be claimed against earnings. A farmer is not allowed to claim a salary for himself or members of his family who work on the farm.

Wear and Tear.

Purchase of farm machinery, wagons, work animals, etc., also the cost of construction or extension of buildings, silos, fencing, etc., should be considered additional investments in the farm and are not proper deductions against income.

A reasonable allowance may be claimed for wear and tear on farm buildings (except the farmhouse), fences, machinery, work animals, wagons, tanks, windmills and other farm equipment which is used in the conduct of the farm.

As to autos and tractors, the cost of these is not an expense, although the cost of their upkeep is an allowable deduction, if the machines are used exclusively for farm purposes and not for pleasure. Also, in such cases, a deduction for wear and tear is allowed.

Farm Losses.

The loss of a growing crop is not a proper deduction from income, inasmuch as the value of the crop had not been taken into gross income. The loss of a building or of machinery through storm, lightning, flood, etc., is an allowable deduction, but care should be used to ascertain the correct loss sustained, as restricted by income tax regulations.

No deduction is allowed in the case of loss of animals raised on the farm, but a loss is deductible from gross income if the animals had been purchased for draft or breeding purposes.

Shrinkage in weight or value of farm products held for favorable market prices cannot be deducted as a loss, for the reason that when such products are sold the shrinkage will be reflected in the selling price.

Sale of Farms and Land.

The value of agricultural lands has been jumping during the past few years, and during 1919 many owners sold out part or all of their lands at big profits. All such gains constitute income and must be taken into the net income for the year.

Any person who sold part of a farm or ranch, or part of a parcel of land, must also show any gains realized by the sale.

The method of figuring gains and losses on such transactions is prescribed in the Income Tax regulations, copies of which may be secured from Internal Revenue Collectors.

Forms for Returns.

The Internal Revenue Bureau has issued an improved Form 1040F for the use of farmers. This form, together with Form 1040A or 1040, will give the farmer explicit information as to how to properly figure his net income for 1919.

There are two methods of figuring a farmer's income tax return this year. He may make his return on the basis of the difference between the money and goods received for his products and the cash paid out for actual allowable farm expenses within the year. Or he may make his return on the accrual basis, which means computing the receipts and expenses that pertain to the taxable year, excluding income earned and expenses incurred in previous or succeeding years.

U. S. INCOME TAX EXEMPTS NOBODY

Every Person Who Had Income in 1919 Must Determine Own Liability.

MARCH 15 LAST FILING DATE.

Surest Way Is to Follow Form 1040A. Free Advice in Doubtful Cases. Severe Penalties in Law.

Nobody is exempt from Income Tax. An obligation is laid directly on the shoulders of each citizen and resident to consider his own case and to get his return in on time if one is due.

With each return showing a tax due a payment must accompany the return in the full amount of the tax or at least one-quarter of the tax.

All returns for 1919 must be filed on or before March 15.

Must Show True Figures.

In figuring up his earnings for income tax purposes a person must take into consideration all items of taxable income, and each item itself must be accurate in amount. Guesses and estimates must be avoided, for the return is made under oath.

Everybody who had an income during 1919 must now determine whether his or her net income was sufficient in amount to require an Income Tax return. The best way to find out is to get a Form 1040A and follow the instructions printed on it. That form will serve as a reminder ot every item of income; and if a return is due, it tells how to prepare and file it

One of the important points to keep in mind is that a person's net income is found by a computation prescribed in the law, and that each item of income from every source must be considered, unless specifically exempted.

Another thing to remember is that the personal exemption allowed taxpayers by law has no relation whatever to the requirement to file return. This exemption is not to be considered until a person has figured out his net income and determined whether it was sufficient to require him to file a return. Then, if a return must be filed, he should read carefully the instructions for claiming exemption, and complete his return.

If in doubt on any point as to income or deductions, a person may secure free advice and aid from the nearest Internal Revenue office. Many banks and trust companies are also furnishing similar service during banking hours.

Heavy Penalties in Law.

For failing to make a return on time the penalty is a fine of not more than $1,000 and an addition of 25 per cent to the tax, if any. For making a false or fraudulent return the penalty is a fine of not more than $10,000 or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both; and, in addition, 50 per cent of the tax. There are other penalties for failing to pay tax when due and for understatement of the tax through negligence.

Many Sources of 'ncome.

Aside from what one may earn by his services, there are many other sources of income. If he sold any property during 1919 he must figure out the gain realized. If he rented buildings, land, apartments or rooms such rents must be considered taxable, and he may claim deductions for necessary expenses incidental to rents.

Bank interest is a common source of income and is taxable whether withdrawn or not. Any amount of interest credited to a depositor is income to the depositor.

Interest on mortgages and notes is taxable; also bond interest received from corporations.

A taxpayer who cashed his insurance during 1919 must report as income any excess received over the total of premiums paid.

Members of partnerships or personal service corporations or beneficiaries of an estate or trust must report their shares of income distributable to them whether or not actually withdrawn.

Dividends of domestic corporations must be reported. M ny other forms of income are taxable, unless specifically exempted.

LET PAVING CONTRACT

The contract for 90,000 square yards of paving at Garner has been let to a construction company at Des Moines. Paving will be a big improvement to their city.

Join The Post

THE GIFFORD OLSON POST AT GARNER INVITES KLEMME MEN TO JOIN

The Gifford Olson Post of the American Legion at Garner extend an invitation to all Klemme young men who hav served in the army, navy or marines to join with them. The initiation fee is two dollars and yearly dues are two dollaars. Of this amount one dollar goes to the Nationl orgnization, fifty cents to the state organization and fifty cents to the local organization for expenses. The National dues include subscription to the American Legion Weekly which will be sent Klemme young men who are interested in the Legion can communicate with Chas. F. Merten at Garner who will give further particulars. There are some in Klemme who have joined the post at Garner and others are urged to become members.

CROTTY WILL BE HERE FRIDAY

Mr. Crotty, the leader of the Klemme band will again be able to take up his work with the band here Friday. Mr. Crotty has had a siege of pneumonia but has recovered again which the Klemme band boys are glad to hear. If you have been taking private lessons from Crotty you can come in Friday afternoon and he will be here to help you.

Band rehearsal at the band room—Pres. Band.

PREACHER FINED $25.00

A minister at Waverly, Iowa, by the name of Bartels was recently hauled up before a Justice court on the charge of teaching German in a parochial school. He was tried found guilty and fined $25. Bartels has appealed to the supreme court. It is against the laws of Iowa to teach German in any school as we understand it.

SOME WEATHER LAST WEEK

Last week Monday and Tuesday the weather was like spring and Art Kuck claims he saw a cricket on Hocum's elevator. Wednesday it snowed, blew, rained, sleeted and raised Cain in genera. Thursday a heavy March wind bew a reguar blizzard. Friday it was the same. Saturday was no better. Sunday a little sunshine and still cold. Monday it was fine again. Looks like spring again.

RUNS SHOWS SUNDAY, PAYS FINE TUESDAY

Over at Eagle Grove the motion picture theatre runs shows every Sunday. Of course there was a lot of kick about running an amusement place on Sunday. The case was taken to the district court at Clarion and the jury returned a verdict of "guilty." The case will be taken to the supreme court now. Every Sunday the theatre is open and picturs run and then on Tuesday the manager plunks down $50 to the city as a fine for viloating the ordinance. The case is attracting a lot of interest in this part of Iowa.

MESERVEY WANTS PICTURE SHOW

The town of Meservey are assured of electric lights. With this improvement they can run a picture show. The merchants of Meservey want a picture show as they say many people go to other towns Saturday nights to trade and see a show. They are willing to help finance the proposition. It is a good idea and the Meservey business men seem to be wide awake.

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North

821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.

South

1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

School Election

A MOST EXCITING ELECTION HERE MONDAY

Monday aftrnoon the polls opened at one o'clock for the purpose of electing one director to succeed Arthur Wellemeyer on the school board. The election board consisting of Lew Lewis and John Gruetzmacher were kept very busy the whole afternoon—busy talking to each other mostly and occasionally handing a ballot to a voter—about one an hour. Lew would take his time writing down the voters name, John would adjust his spects and quietly slip the ballot into the box, re-adjust his spects on his forehead and "Well, Lew, as I was saying—," etc. When the smoke of battle had cleared away and the gentlemen had begun to count the ballots—with the assistance of an adding machine, (an up-to-date "Lewis & Gruetzmacher adding machine" of the latest type) it was found that Arthur Wellemeyer had seven votes cast in his favor. There was one other ballot cast and we will lay it to John Day voting for himself as his name was written in on the blank line but he forgot to put a cross ahead of it, so the ballot didn't count but Lewis said as it was such a close contest he would credit it to John's account. When John and Lew had discussed the matter fully and recounted the votes several times they found Mr. Wellemeyer in the lead by seven votes. It was the most exciting election ever held—for Lew and John, as they got a good chanc to "chin over old times." Yep, there were 8 ballots cast Monday, and Art is doomed to serve as director again.

More Local

The choir of the M. E. church met on Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. Platt, with Mrs. Sam Harvey as leader. After the regular practice all enjoyed their new player piano and also several selections by Mrs. Harvey. Refreshments were also served and all adjourned at a late hour.

Lester Stille took Rev. Meyer and Rev. Koerner in his car to Garner Tuesday morning where the two latter gentlemen took the train for Mason City to attend the funeral of Rev. Dulitz. Rev. Dulitz was at one time pastor of the First Methodist church here in Klemme and is well known among the older members of the church. They returned on the evening train.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Kahler who moved to Dexter, Minn., a few weeks ago spent a few days at the Chas. Velau home. Mr. and Mrs. Kahler were called to Grundy Center by the death of his brother-in-law and so on their way back stopped here.

The railroads are now back in the hands of the private owners as the government turned over their control March first. Perhaps we can look for better service in the future. Dwight M. Lewis, state railroad commissioner stated that September 1st, this year, the Iowa 2 cent railroad fare would again become effective. Oh, Boy! Guess we Iowans will do some traveling then.

How "Rubbers" Were Produced.

"Rubbers," as Americans have named them, were the invention of Charles Goodyear, father of the man who helped produce the Goodyear welt machine. In 1833 it was found that India rubber, dissolved in turpentine and mixed with lampblack, would give a waterproof surface to leather. But the leather so treated was subject to atmosphere changes, heat causing it to melt and cold to crack. Mr. Goodyear mixed sulphur with the other combination and produced rubber.

The Orange in Spain.

It is considered a very healthful thing to eat an orange before breakfast. But who can eat an orange well? One must go to Spain to see that done. The senorita cuts off the rind with her silver knife; then, putting her fork into the peeled fruit, she detaches every morsel with her pearly teeth and continues to eat the orange without losing a drop of the juice and lays down the core with the fork still in it.—Exchange.

BACK HURT ALL THE TIME

Mrs. Hill Says Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Removed The Cause.

Knoxville, Tenn.—"My back hurt me all the time, I was all run down, could not eat and my head bothered me, all caused by female trouble. I was three years with these troubles and doctors did me no good. Your medicine helped my sister so she advised me to take it. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and the Liver Pills and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and now I am well, can eat heartily and work. I give you my thanks for your great medicines. You may publish my letter and I will tell everyone what your medicines did for me."—Mrs. PEARL HILL, 418 Jacksboro St., Knoxville, Tennessee.

Hundreds of such letters expressing gratitude for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished are constantly being received, proving the reliability of this grand old remedy.

If you are ill do not drag along and continue to suffer day in and day out but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a woman's remedy for woman's ills.

Wretchedness OF Constipation

Can Be Quickly Overcome by

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable—act sure and gently on the liver. Correct biliousness, headache, dizziness and indigestion. They do their duty

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

Shave With Cuticura Soap The New Way Without Mug

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
50c. and $1.00 at druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks., Patchogue, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

A woman's jealousy flatters a youth of 20 and scares a man of 40.

SUFFERED TEN YEARS FROM INDIGESTION

Trouble Gone, Appetite Strong, and Eats Anything Without Distress.

"I had a case of catarrh and indigestion, of ten years' standing. I had been treated by the best medical men in Michigan. When I commenced taking Milks Emulsion, I was in bed. I improved so fast that I kept the neighbors wondering. I am now up and working every day. My cough is gone. My appetite is great, and I can eat anything without hurting me."—H. D. Lovelee, Rockford, Mich.

Indigestion is seldom cured by "helping" the stomach digest food. Digestives, like physic pills, usually make slaves of the stomach and bowels.

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength, Milks Emulsion is strongly recommended to those whom sickness has weakened, and is a powerful aid in resisting and repairing the effects of wasting diseases. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day. It produces remarkable results in colds, coughs and bronchial asthma.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. Truly wonderful for weak, sickly children.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions and if not satisfied with the results, your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.—Adv.

Poverty is no disgrace, but it is a terrible handicap nowadays.

Whenever there is a tendency to constipation, sick-headache or biliousness, take a cup of Garfield Tea. All druggists.—Adv.

This world owes every man a chance to make an honest living.

Use MURINE Night and Morning and Keep Your Eyes

The House of Whispers

By WILLIAM JOHNSTON

Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.

"SOMETHING WRONG HERE."

Synopsis.—Circumstances having prevented Spalding Nelson, clerk, from joining the American forces going to France, he is in a despondent mood when he receives an invitation to dinner from his great-uncle, Rufus Gaston. On his way to the house he meets, under peculiar circumstances, a young girl, apparently in trouble, to whom he has an opportunity to be of slight service. She lives in the same apartment building as Rufus Gaston, and he accompanies her home.

CHAPTER I.—Continued.

—2—

Although I tried to pretend an interest in their conversation and absently answered their questions about my family, my thoughts kept constantly recurring to the strange trouble of the girl across the hall, her plight interesting me far more than the purpose for which my great-uncle had sent for me. I had expected that he would broach that subject himself, but the coffee arrived and still the conversation had been limited to stilted family chat. As we returned to the living room, I decided to give him a lead:

"My mother wrote me—" I began.

"Oh, yes," said old Rufus, looking relieved.

"Yes, yes, of course," echoed Mrs. Gaston.

I waited for one or the other of them to proceed but for some reason they both seemed at a loss for words.

"You tell him, Rufus," said my great-aunt at last.

His tired old eyes studied my countenance carefully, searchingly, as if he was trying to read my soul.

"What is it?" I asked impatiently.

"It is this," said old Rufus, speaking slowly and with effort, as if he hated to disclose his intentions. "Three days from now—that will be Sunday morning—my wife and I are going to Maine to be gone for some months. We have leased a furnished cottage there and shall take our servants and our motor with us. We do not like to leave this apartment wholly untenanted, and it occurred to Mrs. Gaston that you might occupy it in our absence."

I am afraid my countenance at that moment must have betrayed my consternation. My great expectations vanished, blew up, disappeared. They did not want me for an heir but for a caretaker. What a fool I had been to imagine for one moment that this penurious old couple had contemplated doing anything for me. They wanted me to do something for them. A sarcastic refusal of their proffer trembled on my lips but was stayed by my great-aunt speaking:

"It will enable you to save your room rent. Mr. Gaston will pay the rent in advance before we go. There will be no one here to serve your meals so you will have to get them elsewhere, but I will arrange with my laundress to come in once a day to make up your room, and you'll be under no expense."

Her suggestion that I would have no room rent to pay decided me. Two other considerations also influenced me. It might be a plan on the part of the old people to try me out and see if I was trustworthy, and then, dwelling under the same roof with Barbara Bradford, I might have opportunities of seeing her again, and who knows, perhaps of assisting her out of her mysterious plight.

"I shall be very glad indeed to come," I found myself saying. "It was nice of you both to think of me."

"Something Wrong Here—in This House—I Tell You!"

"We'll consider the matter settled," announced old Rufus. "We are unused to guests here, so you had better come at ten on Sunday, an hour after we have started."

"Rufus," suggested my great-aunt apprehensively, "had you not better give him the combination of the wall safe? My jewels are there, and in case there should be a fire—"

"Why not take them with you?" I interrupted.

"A safe deposit box would be better, then."

"No," said old Rufus shortly. "Both my safe deposit boxes are full and there is no use hiring another one. The jewels will be all right where they are. In case of fire you can remove them to a place of safety. This is the combination—see that you remember it—six right, four left, two right, eight left, 6,428."

"I'll remember it," I replied, mentally repeating it over and over again.

"And now, my dear," said the old gentleman, "if you will get the keys from my desk, we can permit our nephew to depart."

My great-aunt left the room to do his mission. The minute she was safely out of hearing old Rufus' whole manner underwent a startling change. Into his deep-set gray eyes came a look of terror. His face became ashen, and the withered hand with which he clutched my arm was trembling violently.

"Listen, boy," he hissed, leaning forward that he might speak into my ear and looking about apprehensively as if he feared to be overheard. "Listen—there's something wrong here."

My first thought was that he had been suddenly stricken with senile dementia, but recalling his perfectly rational conduct throughout the rest of the evening, I dismissed the theory as absolutely untenable. His fear, whatever caused it, certainly seemed very real.

"Something wrong?" I repeated, wonderingly. "What do you mean? What is it?"

He clutched my arm in a still tighter grasp, and his voice, suppressed to a terrified whisper, became more insistent.

"I don't know," he breathed. "I wish I did." He glanced timorously about and went on. "There's something wrong! I sense it. I feel it. I cannot find out what it is. All kinds of queer things happen. I am always hearing voices—whispers, whispers, whispers! That is why we are going away. My wife thinks it is on account of my health. I don't want her to know. Please, please, Spalding, find out what it is before we return. I have no son. There is no one else but you to do it. Solve the mystery for me. Find out about the whispers. Promise me you will. Ssh—not a word to her! Not a word!"

He withdrew his hold on my arm and laid his finger on his lips as he heard his wife returning. With a visible effort he straightened up, and when she entered the room he apparently had entirely recovered his self-possession and was his natural self again, a dignified, world-weary old man.

"I can't find your keys, Rufus," said my great-aunt, "you had better get them yourself."

The minute he left the room she hastened to my side and she, too, began to whisper mysterious warnings, exhibiting a terror hardly less than her aged husband's.

"This is a house of mystery," she announced. "I'm always hearing strange sounds here. He doesn't know"—with a nod in the direction old Rufus had gone, "and I do not want him to. That is the reason I am taking him away. Solve the mystery of it before we return. I'll pay you. I'll make it well worth your while."

Her husband's shuffling in the passage warned her of his return, and she quickly dropped my arm. As he entered she was telling me in quite normal tones to be sure to remember her to my mother the next time I wrote.

Old Rufus handed me the keys, explaining which was which.

"And remember," said my great-uncle, as he escorted me to the door, "you are not to come until Sunday morning at ten, after we have gone. And remember the combination of the safe—Remember!"

The insistent way in which he repeated the word conveyed to me forcefully that what he most wanted me to remember was the strange warning he had given me, and as I clasped his hand in parting I tried by the firmness of my grip to let him know that I understood.

"Remember," repeated my aunt, too, as she stood there in the door a little behind him, at the same time giving me a significant look.

Yet, puzzling as had been the conduct of both of them, my memories that night were not of their warning nor of the combination of the safe nor of the hour at which I was to arrive. They were of the most beautiful eyes I ever had seen and of the haunting terror written in them.

CHAPTER II.

Sunday morning came at last.

It was hardly eight when I set out for my new quarters, taking with me only one small handbag and leaving my two trunks for the expressman. In the time intervening since my visit to the Gaston home I had done but little except speculate on the mysterious warnings that both of the old people had surreptitiously given me. It possible that there could be any inexplicable mystery about a home in a modern, up-to-date apartment house in the center of a civilized city. And if there was a mystery, why did they stay there? Why didn't they move?

Yet, as I pondered over the matter, I was convinced that both my great-uncle and his wife were rational. I dismissed without hesitation the theory that there could have been any supernatural happenings to affright them. It was probable, I decided, that their fears might have been played on by some conspiracy on the part of their servants to induce them to spend a season in Maine. Perhaps there was some specter from my great-uncle's past now rising to confront him that he was seeking to hide from his wife. It might be that she knew of it or had received threats and was trying to conceal the matter from him. There are few men of millions without some secret shameful pages in their lives. As I remembered that old Rufus Gaston's dollars had been made in South America, all that I had heard and read of plots and counterplots below the equator came buzzing into my brain. If such should be the case, that some betrayed conspirator now was seeking vengeance, more than ever I welcomed the unexpected chance that had thrown this opportunity for adventure in my prosaic path.

Yet maybe their warnings were justified. There was Barbara Bradford, who lived under the same roof, on the very floor with them. She seemed to be caught in the web of some plot, to be living in fear of some mysterious peril.

Was she, I wondered, in any way connected with the mystery that overhung the Gaston home? Did my great uncle and his wife know her? Her mission to the park had been to get some papers. Could they have been in any way involved with what was menacing my great-uncle's peace of mind? How I regretted now that I had not asked the Gastons if they knew Miss Bradford. How I welcomed the opportunity I was now to have of living in the same apartment house with her, close at hand if ever I could serve her. I was glad now that circumstances had prevented my going to France with Birge and Roller.

As I arrived at my great-uncle's corner, I saw Miss Bradford approaching from the opposite direction. She was in riding togs. I timed my steps to reach the corner as she did. Would she, I wondered, consider our strange meeting a few evenings before sufficient introduction to justify her speaking to me.

"Good morning, Mr. Nelson," she greeted me pleasantly. "Making an early call, aren't you?"

"I'm coming here to live for a while," I answered, falling into step with her. "The Gastons are going to Maine and have asked me to occupy their apartment while they are away."

As we chatted we had entered the building, and as before I went into the elevator with her. As I left her at the door, wondering if she had had any more encounters in the park, yet hardly daring to ask, she turned to me, half apologetically, and said:

"Mr. Nelson, since you've come to live here in the house, I must be careful. We have not been introduced, and my people will think it strange if they see me speaking to you. You understand, don't you? You must not speak to me or recognize me until—"

"Until what?" I cried eagerly.

"Until we can manage to be properly introduced."

"Yet," I insisted, "you promised to let me help you."

"I have not forgotten. I'm grateful, really I am. Perhaps I may call on your services. I may have to. If I do, I'll find some way of letting you know."

"Some secret way," I suggested, half sarcastically.

"Perhaps," she laughingly nodded as we separated.

As I took out the keys my great-uncle had given me and entered the apartment, I looked about me with a wholly new interest. That little word "mine" makes a vast difference in the way we regard things. Now that these luxurious quarters were to be my home, temporarily at least, I looked about curiously. Certainly at first glance there was nothing mysterious in the atmosphere. Setting my bag down I began an immediate inspection of the rooms.

The Gaston apartment, I discovered, occupied one whole side of the sixth floor of a twelve-story building. Around the elevator shaft that came up through the center was a small square court with four doors, two opening into the Bradford apartment opposite and two into the one I was occupying. The east apartments were known as Six A and the west as Six B. The door by which I had entered led into a lofty foyer, connecting by sliding doors with a great dining room, and beyond it, in the front of the house, with a reception or living room that ran the entire width of the apartment. Back of the elevator, with a separate door for the servants' use, were the kitchen, room and two bedrooms. From the foyer a long hall ran almost the length of the building. On the servants' side it was blank as to doors, save for the passage from the pantry to the dining room, but on the other side several doors opened into spacious sleeping rooms, each with its own bath. As I was wondering which of the bedrooms my great-aunt had expected me to occupy, I noticed still another door which I found led into a small bedroom on the servants' side of the house but unconnected with their quarters. While it was less elaborately furnished than the rooms opposite, it was comfortable enough, and it had a spacious bathroom adjoining. The fact that the bed here had been left turned down was evidence enough that it was intended for my occupancy. Returning to the foyer to get my bag and unpack it, I was startled by the ringing of the front doorbell.

I sprang eagerly to answer it. It must be Miss Bradford. Probably she had reconsidered and had decided to take me into her confidence. Who else could it be? There was no one else who knew I was in the apartment. It must be Miss Bradford!

With an exclamation of welcome on my lips I flung open the door. A man stood there—an utter stranger. In my disappointment I was almost closing the door in his face, but as if anticipating my thought he quickly advanced one foot over the sill and kept it there.

"Well," I demanded, almost savagely, "what do you want?"

"Oh, it is you, is it?" he replied, eyeing me with what seemed to me a most insolent stare.

"What do you mean?" I asked, bewildered. Certainly I never had seen this person before. He was short and stocky, with sparse nondescript hair and weak, shifty blue eyes. His face

"You Must Not Speak to Me or Recognize Me Until—"

had an unhealthy pallor, as if he had lived long away from the sunlight, and was sunken in as if from undernourishment, yet the breadth of his shoulders and his huge rough hands seemed to indicate physical strength beyond the ordinary.

"You're Mr. Spalding Nelson, aren't you?"

"That's my name," I answered shortly.

"Mr. Gaston's—" He paused, as if trying to recall the relationship.

"Mr. Gaston's great-nephew."

"I guess you are him, all right," he said, in a manner of evident relief. "I'm Mr. Wick, the superintendent of the house."

"Of course," I answered, feeling rather foolish at my own vexation.

"Mr. Gaston told me you were coming in this morning," he hastened to explain.

"He gave me a description of you," Mr. Wick went on, unperturbed, "and the boys in the hall were pretty sure it was you that came in, but—"

"But what?"

"I couldn't understand it. You didn't announce yourself. It seemed funny, your coming in with the young lady from next door."

"It just happened that way," I explained, now understanding his mystification. "I met her as I was coming in."

"Twice," he said, rather insolently.

"I can't see that it is any of your business," I retorted angrily, "if it happened a dozen times."

His manner at once became apologetic, and he hastened to offer obsequious explanations.

"Mr. Gaston asked me to take particular notice. The other evening when you were coming to dinner he told me to tell the hall boys to look at you closely so that they could identify you as the right party when you came in today. That was how it happened. You see, sir, in a house of this sort we have to be careful. It doesn't do to let strangers prowl about without finding out who they are and what they are doing."

The hero's troubles begin.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Rapid Communication.

A receiver which takes down dots and dashes on sensitized tape at the rate of 200 words a minute is the latest device in wireless telegraphy. As the human ear cannot interpret a message so rapidly delivered the transmission cannot be understood except at stations using this machine.

Foregt It.

A slang expression which ought to be applied like a sticking plaster to a large proportion of our schemes to

BACK-ACHE Pain In Side, Kidneys

St. Paul, Minn.—"I was troubled with disordered kidneys for about two years—my back ached terribly, side pained and I had frequent excretions. I let it run on until I read of Dr. Pierce's Anuric (anti-uric-acid). I took the Anuric but a short time when I was feeling fine. My side and back stopped paining, and kidneys acted normally. I could sleep well at night which I couldn't do before. I certainly advise anyone suffering from kidney disorders to use the Anuric Tablets."—Mrs. Louise Gilfillan, 289 State St.

The kidneys and bladder suffer from the wear and tear and we get chronic inflammations sometimes indicated by backache, painful voiding of water—dull, heavy feelings. Perhaps the uric acid is stored up in the system in excessive amount, and consequently when the urate salts are deposited in muscles and joints one suffers from lumbago (pain in back) rheumatic pains, gout, etc.

Nothing will act so nicely as "Anuric" (anti-uric-acid), a recent discovery of Dr. Pierce's which can be had at all drug stores. "Anuric" washes away the poisons, cleanses the bladder and kidneys—rendering them antiseptic—consequently one is soon cured of lumbago, rheumatism, gout, and the body is put into a clean, healthy state.

About the greatest drawback to a man's happiness is himself.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers—No pain!

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic!

A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.—Adv.

A toothache will keep your mind on it more persistently than a heartache.

MAN'S BEST AGE

A man is as old as his organs; he can be as vigorous and healthy at 70 as at 35 if he aids his organs in performing their functions. Keep your vital organs healthy with

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid trouble since 1696; corrects disorders; stimulates vital organs. All druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Bad Sickness Caused by Acid-Stomach

If people only realized the health-destroying power of an acid-stomach—of the many kinds of sickness and misery it causes—the lives it literally wrecks—they would guard against it as carefully as they do against a deadly plague. You know in an instant the first symptoms of acid-stomach—pains of indigestion; distressing, painful bloat; sour, gassy stomach; belching; food repeating; heartburn, etc. Whenever your stomach feels this way you should lose no time in putting it to rights. If you do serious consequences are almost sure to follow, such as intestinal fermentation, auto-intoxication, impairment of the entire nervous system, headache, biliousness, cirrhosis of the liver; sometimes even catarrh of the stomach and intestinal ulcers and cancer.

If you are not feeling right, see if it is acid-stomach that is the cause of your ill health. Take EATONIC, the wonderful modern stomach remedy. EATONIC Tablets quickly and surely relieve the pain, bloat, belching, and heartburn that indicate a sour stomach. Make the stomach strong, clean and sweet. By keeping the stomach in a healthy condition so that you can get the strength from your food, your general health steadily improves. Results are marvelously quick. Just try EATONIC and you will be as enthusiastic as the thousands who have used it and who say they never dreamed anything could bring such marvelous relief.

So get a big 50-cent box of EATONIC from your druggist today. If not satisfactory return it and he will refund your money.

EATONIC FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

GRANDFATHER'S STORY

om $143 to a Competence in Three Years.

F. J. Chamberlain tells a story of his forts before moving to Canada in 16 to make a living. It was hard ork. He had so many "ups and wns" that he became dispirited be- re he learned of the success of for- r neighbors of his who were doing ll up in Canada. He sold his hold- gs for a song, and had a sale of what fects he had. When he straightened with his storekeeper and paid a w debts he found that he had $143 cash, a good constitution, a wife d five children. He had saved some w things from the sale. These he t into a car with the effects of a uple of others, who like him were ing to Canada. He went into the en Colony in Alberta in 1916, bought piece of land and commenced opera- ns. The money he placed in the nk, and started one of his boys out earn enough money to supply the ble. The older boy used his wages break up the sod on the 160 acres. t let Mr. Chamberlain tell the rest the story, which he has signed over s own signature. He says: "I rented acres and hired it put into wheat, rashed 23 wagon loads for my share. e lived in the granary two years.

"The first of December, 1918, I laid e concrete foundation for a twenty- e hundred dollar house and com- eted it the last of January. I have ne head of horses and mules, five ad of cattle, fifteen pieces of ma- inery, seven outbuildings paid for d half interest in a thrashing ma- ine. This is an old grandfather's ory, as my son-in-law came with four ildren from Idaho last March and ught 320 acres C. P. R. irrigated d and we helped him develop 200 es of it. They can't say around re, 'everybody works but father.'"

ncreased His Wealth Six Hundred Fold.

There are more stories of success Western Canada. There's that of lan Nicholson of Hazelbridge, Mani- oba. In speaking of it he says: "I all never regret coming to Mani- oba. I came here seventeen years ago. think it was in the spring of 1903. y old home was at Le Mars, Plym- uth county, Washington township. wa, where I had been farming for a ood many years. I had a farm of 8 acres, of which I owned 80 acres nd rented 160. When I left in 1903 sold my equity in the farm for $75.00 er acre. The nearest station to my lace was Dalton, and my old neigh- ors there will remember me very well.

"When I came to Canada I rented hree-quarters of a section at South ympton, near Springfield, Manitoba. fter a year or two's experience at enting I bought my present farm of 0 acres, and am now engaged in ixed farming. I have always had ood crops since I came here, and me of them have been bumper rops.

"If I went back to the United States oday I could take back $5.00 or $6.00 every $1.00 that I brought into e country. My land today is worth om $75.00 to $85.00 an acre, and in ddition to my grain growing I have ade a specialty of high-grade Per- heron horses, purebred Shorthorn attle and purebred Berkshire hogs, I ave had uniform good luck in con- ection with my stock, and today I ould not sell my farm for a cent less han $30,000.

"The older settlers of Le Mar, Iowa, ill remember me very well. I was reatly impressed with the country hen I made my first visit here in 903, and that impression has been trengthened all the time I have been ere.

"The climate agrees with us all. Be- ore I came here my doctor's bills ere something awful. I had no ooner got one paid than I was due or another one. Since we have been n Manitoba $50.00 would pay all our octor's bills for the last seventeen ears.

"I think I am doing my old friends a indness in letting them know how ell I have done since I came here. his is certainly a country of opportu- ities. I have had no more good luck han falls to the fortune of any ordi- ary person, and I am satisfied I could ever have done as well had I re- ained in the old home. I shall be leased at any time to give informa- ion to old friends who care to write e about my experiences in this ountry."

Mr. M. J. Johnston, Canadian gov- rnment agent, 202 W. 5th St., Des oines, Iowa, can give information oncerning all districts in Western anada.—Advertisement.

Described.

"Pa, what is a skeptic?"

"Anybody who doesn't believe the ay you think he ought to."

Cuticura Soap for the Complexion.

Nothing better than Cuticura Soap daily and Ointment now and then as needed to make the complexion clear, scalp clean and hands soft and white. Add to this the fascinating, fragrant Cuticura Talcum and you have the Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

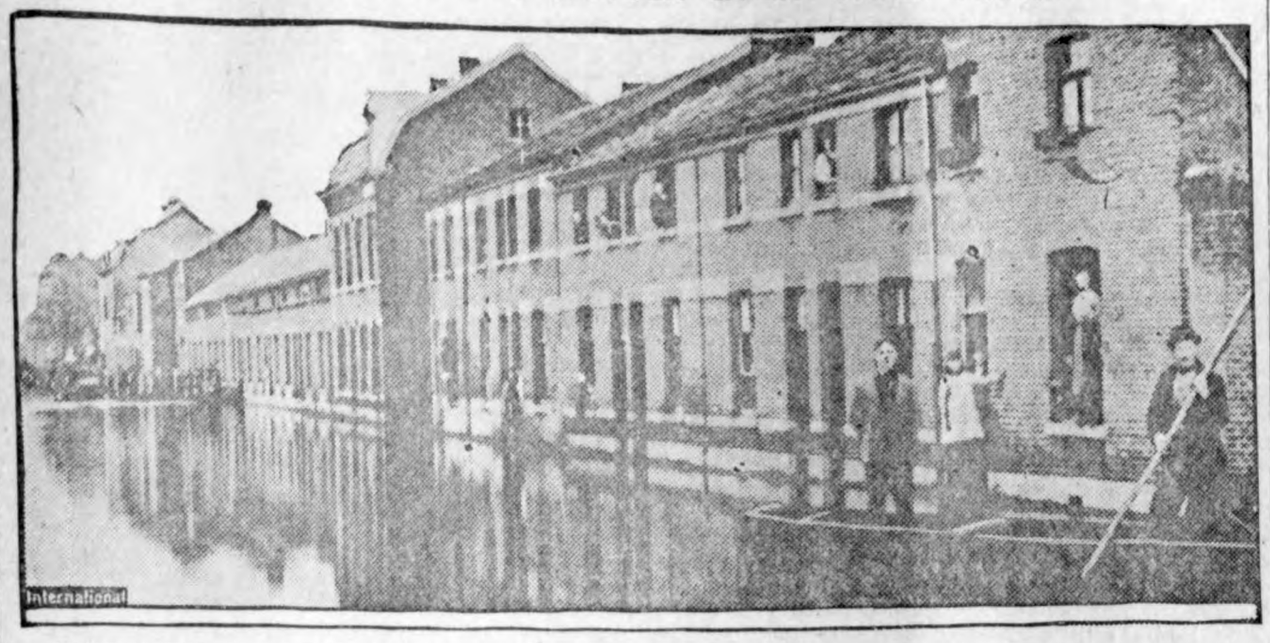
His Achievement.

"The kaiser started out to remake the map of the world." "Well, he did put Amerongen on the map."

Coated tongue, vertigo and constipation are relieved by Garfield Tea.—Adv.

A teaspoonful of vinegar in water in which fowl is boiled makes it tender.

WHEN HOLLAND IS WETTER EVEN THAN USUAL



Scene near the bridge at Maestricht, Holland, with the waters of the Meuse inundating streets and homes.

Liquor Flows Across Border

Northern Section of Maine Being Flooded With Whisky From Canada.

LAWFUL SEIZURES ARE FEW

Comes Across Line in All Forms Into State Which Was Pioneer in "Dry" Laws—Many Ways of Fooling the Sleuths.

Bangor, Me.—The rate at which Canadian and Scotch whiskies are flowing over the northern border into Maine proves that enforcement of the federal prohibition law hasn't got into its stride as yet, for never in all the history of theoretical droughts have oases been greener, more numerous or closer together in this pioneer dry state than right now, when there is more law than ever before, twice as many "enforcers" and increased penalties.

Trainmen who come down say that whisky of all grades and oceans of pure grain alcohol are flowing over the border at a hundred places, and that at four principal points the alcoholic invasion amounts to a flood. These four points are Van Buren, opposite the New Brunswick town of St. Leonards, on the St. John river; Fort Kent, which has easy access to the Canadian village of Clare via a suspension footbridge; Fort Fairfield, which is but nine miles distant from the New Brunswick town of Andover, and Houlton, which is a near neighbor of the provincial town of Woodstock.

Only Occasional Seizures.

Occasionally the revenue officers seize a wagon or sled load of whisky coming over the international bridge from St. Leonards or over the ice at some more obscure locality, but nothing is said about the great number of "booze" chariots that get by the government's lookouts and which keep the speakeasies of Aroostook or the barrooms of Bangor supplied. Also, the St. John river being frozen good and solid for its entire length, men and teams can cross anywhere in the river's 100-mile stretch along the border, so that, as the revenue men themselves admit, a standing army with sentinels every fifty feet would be required to shut out the flood.

There is so much more money to be made in bringing in "booze," even a few bottles at a time, that hundreds of woodsmen have quit swamping roads and chopping trees for the rum-running business, and ninety-nine in 100 of them, knowing the country thoroughly, get by with their goods.

Price of Canadian Whisky.

Canadian whiskies that can be bought at $3 a "short quart" on the New Brunswick side of the line sell in Aroostook county at $6 and in Bangor at $8, while genuine Scotch is $4 in New Brunswick, $8 in Aroostook and $12 to $15 in Bangor. Pure grain alcohol, to be had in New Brunswick at $4 a quart, is "split" with water on this side of the line, so that every quart yields about $16. With the addition of a little prune juice and burnt sugar, this alcohol is transformed into "American rye," supposed to have been brought in from Boston or New York "before the lid went on."

Whatever the outcome of the war on "booze," the enforcement of the law will be hardest in Maine, both on account of the state being cheek by jowl with Canada and on account of the seventy years' experience that the people here have had in devising ways and means of fooling the sleuths.

Finally Got New Golden Eagle.

Phoenix, Ariz.—Two years ago a fire destroyed the only golden eagle of the Rhizomanians, a distinguished society of the Pacific college, California.

Remembering the Phoenix that rises out of its ashes every 500 years, Milnes, secretary to Governor Campbell, decided it would be appropriate to present his old accomplices with a brand new eagle bird from Phoenix just as soon as it could be obtained. It took him two years to do it, but the bird has at length been caught and prepared for shipment.

It is declared to be the most gigantic bird ever stuffed for museum purposes.

Jump Rails, Ride Ties and Jump Back Again!

Sharon, Pa.—Jumping the track on the Hilliards branch of the Bessemer railroad, a locomotive, pulling a freight train, traveled along the hard packed snow for a distance of 400 feet and then mounted to the rails again.

An Erie freight locomotive east-bound on the Bessemer road jumped the track in the Shenango (Pa.) yards and after proceeding 200 feet, again regained the rails.

And to prove their stories, railroad men will show the locomotives.

Plan Chain of Landing Fields

Army Air Service Officers Cover 300,000 Miles in Making Aerial Survey.

IS LIKE HARBOR TO LINER

Thirty-two Southern Cities Invited to Provide Stopping Places for Planes —Must Be Fit to Handle All Forms of Aircraft.

New York.—Plans for establishment of a chain of airplane landing fields have been worked out by officers of the army air service and the Manufacturers' Aircraft association, it was announced here.

Army flyers have covered more than 300,000 miles in an aerial survey of the country and made exhaustive reports on the facilities offered to cross-country flyers.

Representatives of 32 southern cities already have been invited to establish landing fields under army direction. Many others will receive like invitations during the next few months.

These must be laid out according to specifications given by the army, and in return the government gives steel hangars to the municipalities. Operation of the "air harbor" is assumed by the municipality.

Since the armistice the number of army fields has been reduced from 50 to 16, and the naval air stations from 17 to 9.

Like Harbor to Liner.

"The landing field," says the aircraft association, "is to the airplane what the harbor is to the ocean liner and the railroad terminal is to the train. It is not merely a flat piece of land on which a flyer can bring his craft to earth. Such a piece of ground bears the same relation to a real landing field as an unimproved water inlet to a harbor like New York or Liverpool.

"A landing field should have, first of all, dimensions which fit it to handle all forms of aircraft. It should be drained to permit its use even in the wettest weather. It should have shelter and supplies for flyers and their craft and should be accessible to the trade center it is meant to serve.

"This feature is of supreme importance because commercial aerial navigation will develop only in proportion to its commercial value. The field should be identified with markings visible from great heights and with radio apparatus so flyers may be aided in finding their way in spite of the fog or failure to identify the country over which they are passing.

Haven if Mishap Occurs.

"Fields at frequent intervals means that cross-country flyers can come to the earth for rest, replenishment of supplies and adjustments to their machines without inconvenience or unnecessary delay. In the event of a mishap in the air, such as a stalled motor, the near-by landing field permits the pilot to glide to it without damage to the machine or to himself.

Thousands of Rabbits Killed.

Walla Walla, Wash.—More than 11,000 rabbits were killed in a drive near Burbank the other day, thousands of the bunnies escaping because the shooters ran out of ammunition. Forty thousand shots were fired. Within the last few months 25,000 rabbits were killed in drives in counties bordering the Columbia river.

BREATHE ROCK DUST

Millions of Particles Taken Into Lungs With Air.

Hygiene Experts Devising Means of Removing Dust and Fumes From Air in Factories.

Niagara Falls, N. Y.—Over 200,000,000 tiny particles of dust, as sharp as ground glass, are breathed into the lungs and air passages with every cubic foot of air in some of the factories in the United States, according to a survey made by the public health service here.

Such dusts breathed into the lungs are never expelled. Photomicrographs show the tiny particles to be exceedingly sharp and jagged and chemical tests prove them to be practically insoluble. Work under such conditions invites respiratory diseases and makes a real health hazard. Similar investigations in chemical factories showed that laborers were frequently exposed to poisonous fumes and gases.

The investigation was made at Niagara Falls because plants were engaged in the manufacture of abrasives, chemicals, gases, electrodes, carbons, metals and alloys. In all of the factories the laborers were found to be exposed to dangers which would eventually incapacitate them for further work. Fortunately over 60 per cent of the labor in these plants seeks new employment monthly and the result of exposure to such dangers is not evident as it would be if the workers remained at the same work for longer periods.

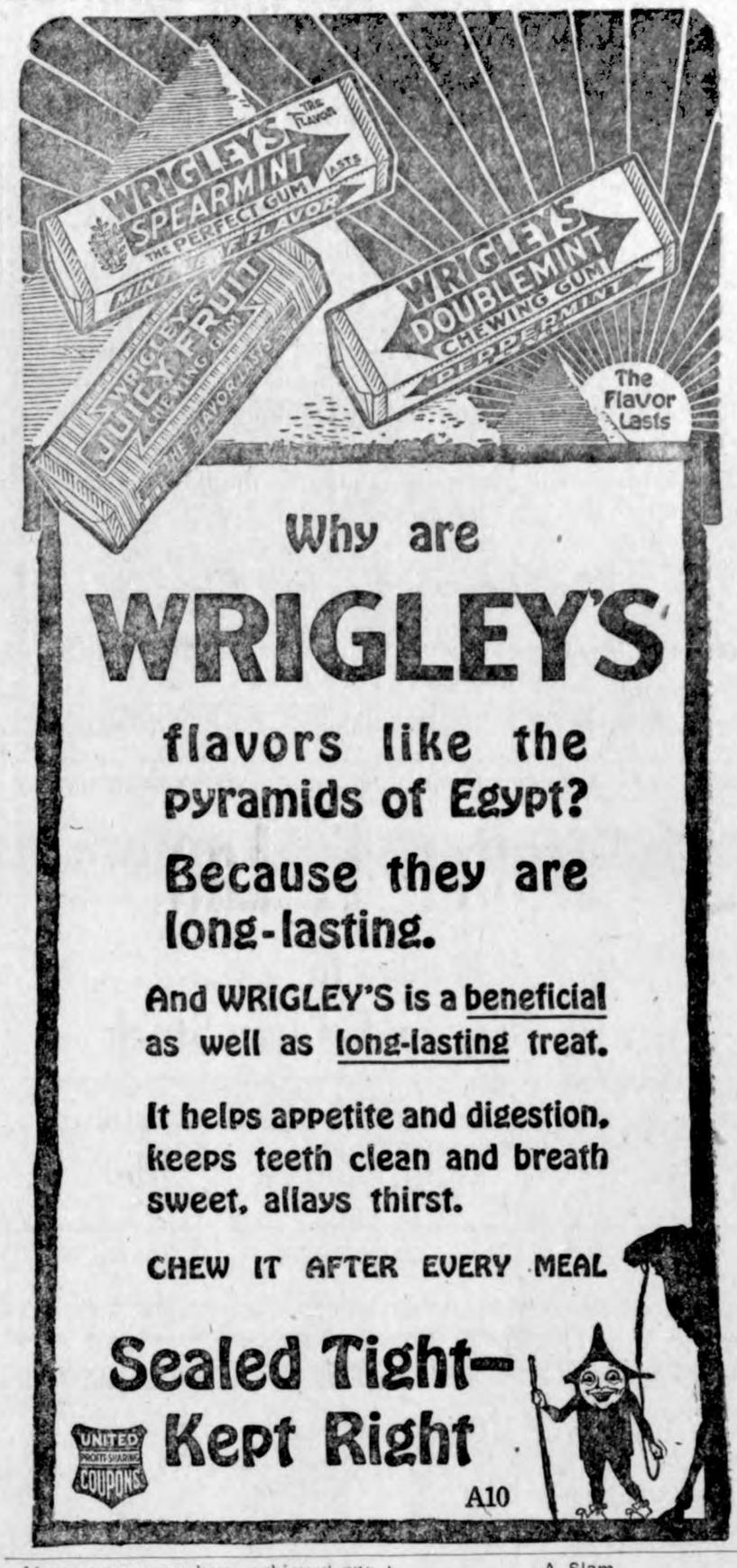
As a result of the survey industrial hygiene engineers devised means of removing the dust from the air and minimizing hazards from fumes and poisonous gases. In spite of the fact that the installation of such devices was expensive, factory managements immediately put them into use.

Lighthouse Keeper Uses Motorcycle

South Norwalk, Conn.—Performing a feat without precedent in government annals here, Capt. Richard G. Hendricks, supervisor of United States lights in this portion of Long Island sound, has been making his rounds for the last few days on his motorcycle, taking a supply of oil in the side car.

The ice has been so thick that he could not get to them with a boat, nor could he, on foot, carry a sufficient supply of oil. It is the first time in this state that a motorcycle has been used for such a purpose.

Eskimo women and children catch most of the birds and fish to be stored away for the six months' winter food supply while the men hunt walrus and polar bear.



More young men have achieved success in life with grit as capital than with money capital to start with.

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Womens' complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Three hundred thousand children die annually in this country of preventable disease.—Coffman.

NEW DRESS FOR OLD WITH DIAMOND DYES

Women Can Put Bright, Rich Color in Shabby, Faded Garments.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells how to diamond dye over any color. To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

If it weren't for the few the multitude would still be burning candles and driving ox teams.

Pure blood is essential to good health. Garfield Tea dispels impurities, cleanses the system and eradicates disease.—Adv.

He that keepeth a cold hath his steps turned toward an early grave.

A Slam.

Algy—"My dog knows as much as I do." Miss Keen—"How odd you are! Most men brag about their dogs."

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP.

A cold is probably the most common of all disorders and when neglected is apt to be most dangerous. Statistics show that more than three times as many people died from influenza last year, as were killed in the greatest war the world has ever known. For the last fifty-three years Boschee's Syrup has been used for coughs, bronchitis, colds, throat irritation and especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning. Made in America and used in the homes of thousands of families all over the civilized world. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Its Class.

"The English baronet who is visiting here has a horse which is a dream."

"I see. A regular knight mare."

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION

SUCCESS IN OIL!

I picked Bill Rowe, who opened up the greatest high grade oil field in the world, to drill for me. He was broke three years ago. Today he is worth millions. Am I a picker? Is he? He tells me other great oil pools are to be opened up. I don't pick often, but when I do look out. Send for free story of how Bill Rowe did it. Address Manning, No. 1 West 34th Street, New York City.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 60c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 10--1920.

MUD BATHS
AT
Mudbaden
BEST FOR RHEUMATISM
(ORIGINAL SULPHUR MUD BATHS OF THE NORTHWEST)
Assure Wonderful Results in Treating
Rheumatism, High Blood Pressure, Neuritis, Gout, Kidney and Liver Trouble, Autointoxication; Arthritis, etc.
Write for Information
Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co.
Post Office Box 4
Jordan, Minn.

Makes it nice for the man on the fence---

to be able to walk in and try on the new Spring Suits without being urged to buy.

When our salesman lose a sale, it isn't considered a criminal offense---but if they fail to offer a cheerful try again it is.

Every man who enters here receives the good oldfashion treatment that made the Old Homestead famous—even if he doesn't care for our latest fashions.

This Spring—this store and yourself ought to get togeather.

Patton Bros. Co.

Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**

"VALUE FIRST CLOTHIERS"

Walter F. Lau

Dealer In

Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

Now is the time to select your

Spring Machinery!

We have just received a large shipment of the highest grade machinery, including:-

International, John Deere and Emerson Farm Machinery

from which to pick your disc drag, seeder, plow, cultivator or other farm implement.

Gas Engines

We handle the well known Fairbanks-Morse Engines and other reliable makes from 1 1-2 to 6 h. p., unmounted or on trucks.

The New Idea Spreader

is absoluetly the best spreader on the market. We have a car load coming on the way, place your order now.

Buggies and Wagons

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements *Klemme, Iowa*

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Subscribe Today at $2.00

KNEW AND LOVED STEVENSON

Old Resident of Tahiti Proud of His Association With the Famous Romanticist.

In the town of Papeete, on the island of Tahiti, lives an old man named Donat, a former comrade of Robert Louis Stevenson when the famous romanticist was journeying through the South Sea islands. Donat loves to tell of the days when the writer used to rest in his home and listen to the weird ghost tales which the old man told and which Stevenson wove into some of his stories.

Their friendship began when the writer rented a house to rest in after a trip through the Marquesas islands. On Donat's grounds were the only vegetable gardens in the island, the formation of which was mostly coral, sand and rubble. Each morning the old man would send to Stevenson's house a great basket of fresh vegetables, fruit and coconuts, and later when the author came to thank Donat for the gift the two would sit in the shade and talk for hours.

Nothing delights Donat more than to talk of his gentle friend and the days when they were together. He gives an intimate picture of Stevenson's simple life on the island, of his rambles on the beach among the coconut groves, of his friendly associations with the natives. When Stevenson left the island he invited Donat aboard his ship for dinner and presented him a valuable ring as a souvenir of their friendship. "He was a good man, a great gentleman," is Donat's tribute.

FOUGHT "REDS" WITH CUSTER

"Devil" Devlin, Veteran of the Plains, Now Sells Apples on Streets of New York.

It is a long jump from selling apples from a little sidewalk stand in West 43d street to pumping a carbine during the height of Custer's last fight, but there's an old man in town who does it daily, if any one comes along to encourage him to make the journey. He is Frank Devlin, a little gray-haired, wrinkled apple man, who sits daily with his stock of apples. Yesterday, writes the New York correspondent of the Pittsburgh Dispatch, he met a modern warrior wearing the Croix de Guerre who had just returned from overseas. The newly made veteran listened with respectful attention while the apple man showed him the way to handle a rifle. For years the withered old man was "Devil" Devlin, crack rider of the Fifth United States cavalry, and one of the twenty best horsemen in the United States army. It was "Devil" Devlin who rode from Prescott, Ariz., to Dodge City, Kas., which took a matter of nearly three months, 1,110 miles in the saddle. Devlin was present at Custer's last fight and he declares that the Indian fighter of the plains could tell some things to the heroes of the A. E. F. about hard work and harder fighting, long hours and scanty rations.

Many Raise Peppermint.

Peppermint probably occupies one of the most honorable places on the list of drug plants, for the distillation of oil from its leaves is an important industry to which thousands of acres are devoted, principally in Michigan and New York. Their oils are extracted also from wintergreen, pennyroyal, tansy and a number of other well-known plants. To be salable the leaves must be dried in a place where there is plenty of air but no dampness, and in the shade, for this keeps the bright color. They must be looked over with care that no other leaves are mixed with them and packed in boxes or barrels to be shipped. Bulletins on this subject may be obtained from the superintendent of documents, Washington, D. C., at a cost of 15 cents apiece. Uncle Sam warns us that there are risks in these crops as well as in others, but all enterprises are risks in this uncertain world.

Make Gas From Straw.

A Canadian inventor has worked out a new application of thrift in the form of a gas which can be made from straw. The invention will be of special value in farm communities, as it will enable the farmers to utilize straw that now goes to waste. The gas is made in a three-cylinder retort. Each cylinder holds a bale of straw seven feet long, two feet wide and six inches thick. With the chambers closed the straw is ignited and allowed to burn from 30 to 40 minutes. It is said that 12,600 cubic feet of gas can be generated from a ton of straw, in addition to which there will be by-products of six to eight gallons of tar and 640 pounds of carbon from which lamp black can be obtained.

Awful Thought.

It was Dora's first trip on the ocean and the water kept on going see-saw and slipside and heaveho, and all sorts of uncomfortable, disagreeable things; so that Dora began to get a little giddy and dazed and tired and hazy.

Clasping a large doll in her arms, she stood upon the deck by her mother's side.

"Mamma!" she suddenly exclaimed, and her face turned to a delicate pale green.

"Yes, darling; what is the matter?"

"Oh, nothing, mamma! But I—I don't fink the rabbit I had for dinner could have been quite—quite dead!"

The Best He Would Say.

"Does your wife believe every thing you tell her?"

"I'm not quite sure about that. All I know is that she patiently listens to everything I tell her."

THEIR LAST DANCE TOGETHER

Mrs. Castle Tells a Pretty Story of Her Final Performance With Her Husband.

Irene Castle's memories of her late husband, Capt. Vernon Castle, conclude in Everybody's with the following account of their last public appearance:

"Our last dance together was while he was instructing up at Camp Mohawk, Canada. He had been given permission to come to New York especially to dance with me at a British recruiting benefit which was held at the New York hippodrome. Because of the nature of the occasion, he had been given permission to dance in uniform. It had been long since we had danced our old dances together, and it had been necessary the day before to work quite hard in brushing up. I had expected that Vernon would have forgotten altogether a lot of the steps or that he would be a little stiff from lack of practice, but on the night of the benefit he danced divinely. At the close of the performance many beautiful flowers were handed to us over the footlights. We bowed and bowed again our thanks. In the wings Vernon nervously kissed my hand and there were tears in his eyes. I wonder if he guessed we had danced our last dance, and the last ring of applause for us was still.

"The world had been very good to us. We had lived well and lavishly because of that same applause. Together we tasted success, fame and money. Thank God that at no time during that night did I dream it was the end."

SIMILAR TO SHELL SHOCK

Malady Affecting Those Unfortunate Enough to Be on Ships That Were Torpedoed.

Cases have lately come to the attention of the military surgeons where the fright and fear due to ships being torpedoed have given rise to symptoms suggestive of shell shock. Doctor Clunet, in a communication to the Neurological society of Paris, has described the mental effect observed when on board a ship which was torpedoed.

After the first stupefaction following the attack it was observed that several passengers discharged guns into the air or into the sea. In other words, the pent-up nervous energy found release in letting loose the immense energy concentrated in explosives. Similarly, it was well known at the front that a long day of waiting in the trenches was productive of more cases of shell shock than a day of active engagement with the enemy. Next there were a few cases of suicide among the passengers. These passengers were on the whole calm enough, even on the life rafts. It was only when they were on the rescuing ship that psychoneurote phenomena began to develop, including mutism, spasmodic weeping, laughter, tremors, spasmodic movements of the limbs, etc.

The Versatile Carrot.

There is nothing like a war to change the status of things. Look, for example, at the humble carrot. Before the war it was one of the lowliest of all the vegetables, seldom used except for stews or New England boiled dinners, but it certainly has been doing its bit in the culinary line recently. It has become a past master in the art of camouflage. Grated raw, it is said to be a very good substitute for eggs in certain things. Little slices dried become raisins and currants, and other bits, treated a little differently, masquerade as candied orange and lemon peel. Orange marmalade and certain kinds of jam are made of them, and large chunks of them boiled and sugared make wonderful candied fruits of every kind—pineapples, pears, apricots, cherries—and are used by many caterers to give their war cakes and puddings a prosperous and festive look.

Work for East Indian Women.

The thought of Mohammedans fighting for Christian ideals, of dark age heathenism taking up arms for the cause of civilization and humanity, opens a vista that would be staggering were it not that the idea has long been dreamed of.

As one result of the war, the women of India have for the first time worked in the government departments in Delhi, and the question is being debated as to giving women equal representation with men in the plans of the India National society. In all the battle for larger things India has met the problems common to all lands with the most modern, efficient and self-sacrificing methods.

The women of India can henceforth be counted on as a factor in the larger problems of reconstruction.

Exports Increase.

American dairy products are more favorably received in Europe than ever. Exports of condensed milk to Europe rose from 16,000,000 pounds in 1914, to 530,000,000 in 1918, and there were notable increases in the export of other dairy products. Most of this was due to war demands, but there seems an opportunity to expand in dairy exports. A normal increase in dairying in this country is justified providing there is the necessary increase in field crops.

The Installment Method.

"I see we can pay our income tax in installments."

"At last the government has hit upon a plan with which I am perfectly familiar."

The officers of this Bank realize that its continued success and growth must result from the co-operation and friendship of its customers, gained through earnest attention to their interests.

It is our endeavor constantly to improve our service to the end that your business here may be carried out expeditiously and intelligently.

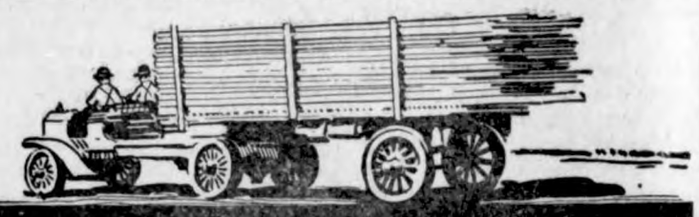
To that end we welcome your suggestions for the betterment of our service and invite your business an the merit of that service.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME, IOWA SURPLUS $25,000.00

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET



WHAT IS LIKELY TO LOWER BUILDING COSTS ?

You have to Face this Proposition

Building material is at a tremendous premium for export purposes.

Building operations at home have been away behind normal and totaly inadequate to our needs.

Honestly, logically, is there any sensible reason to expect a worth while recession in prices?

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement

Lime

Brick

Posts

Drain Tile

Olaf Brynteson, Mgr.

Just Arrived
Spring Shipment
OF

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Suits, Top Coats and Cravenettes

Call in and see the New Models for the Spring Season of 1920

They're very prettily designed and the fabrics are excellent.

Gildner Bros. & Johnson

"IOWA'S LARGEST CLOTHERS"

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Cloths

Sixteen Stores. Garner, Iowa

The Satisfaction of Safety

There is a great satisfaction in knowing that your money is safely invested,—that you don't have to worry about it in any way, and at the same time it is earning a satisfactory income return.

Thats the way you'll if you invest your surplus funds in our Certificates of Deposit. We pay 5 per cent if you leave at this bank for 12 months or longer.

First National Bank

If Its to Eat or Wear
We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at
J. N. Day's
The Busy Stors Phone 72

STATE NEWS

Gleaned from many fields and summered for busy readers

In Decorah during February there were thirty-two births reported, twenty-one being boys and eleven girls.

The Fairfield Building company, with $200,000 capital, has bought eleven acres of land and will build homes for Fairfield people.

A costly fire visited the farm of William S. Uhler, one-half mile south of Tipton, burning his hog house, the total loss being near $6,000.

Grinnell has been chosen as the place of the interchurch convention to be held during the third week in March by the churches in Poweshiek county.

Of the 114 farmers in Cedar township, Black Hawk county 99 own automobile, asccording to farm crop statistics reported to the county auditor for 1919 by H. Steimel, assessor.

The dual orchard and poultry meeting in Mt. Ayr was crowded to capacity by interested orchard and poultry enhtusiasts. Mr. Kochren of Iowa State College spoke on orcharding.

Bids will be opened on March 17, by the board of supervisors of Cerro Gordo county for the paving of 28 miles of the primary road system of the county. This project is expected to cost about $1,000,000.

Mrs. John H. Jorgenson of Stuart is building a hatchery of concrete, 14x30, and is installing an incubator holding 3,200 eggs. The machine weighs 2,500 pounds. Mrs. Jorgenson has been selling baby chicks since 1913.

Another $80,000 farm was sold by William A. Johnson, of Mahaska county, to Raymond L. Van Metre and Bryon A. Smith, in Liberty township. The farm consisting of 240 acres, in section 24 and 13, sold for $335 an acre, or a total of $80,400.

In the wildest rush of business ever transacted about March 1, in Webster county, more than $9,500,000 changed hands in land deals. Two deeds listed with County Recorder carried considerations of $120,000 each. Of the sixty-five deeds recorded the average consideration was approximately $30,000, while $50,000 and $75,000 were common.

An old deed, yellowed by age, was offered for refiling with the county recorder. It was given 66 years ago for 160 acres of land in section 4, Mt. Vernon township. It evidences the transfer of the land from Asa T. Webster and wife to Solomon Webster and the price was $1,650, or $10.31 an acre. Can you remember Black Hawk land selling for this amount?

Poultry this year is of more importance than ever before. Higher prices have been received during the past year than ever before in the history of the industry. The supply must be met largely by the farm flocks. How to select the highest producing hens and pick out the unprofitable ones is something of great importance. Unless the poultry house is comfortable and well ventilated and dry the birds will not do well.

Acording to C. S. Terwilliger, a well-known farmer of Hancock county sugar beets are a most profitable and paying crop. Mr. Terwilliger says. At this time we say that 12 tons to the acre is a fair crop, but in three years we can raise this yield to 15 and 18 tons to the acre. The past season where I had beets on rich ground and where the beets were planted from eight to 10 inches apart, I got a yield of 20 tons to the acre.

The annual corn and small grain show of Polk county will be held at the courthouse in the lower corridor March 10 to 13, under the auspices of the Polk County Corn and Small Grain association and the farm bureau. A liberal premium list is offered, and the show will end with a large auction sale of seed corn on Saturday, March 13. The scarcity of good seed corn this year leads the board to believe that the sale of all thirty ear and bushel exhibits will bring excellent prices.

The farmers of Winnebago county are making a vigorous campaign against tuberculoiss in cattle. More than 150 farmers have applied for the free federal test and the creamery associations of Rake, Scarville, Vinji, Leland and Forest City have voted at their annual meeting to have all cattle of their patrons tested for this dread disease. This is a wonderful movement and in the end will mean more than $100,000 saving in loss of stock to the farmers to say nothing of saving in human lives.

According to Neal S. Knowles, state leader of home demonstration agents for Iowa, eight Iowa counties are asking for home demonstration agents. There are now 25 of these women in Iowa. The work has been explained in a total of 25 communities in these counties. In some cases the meetings were joint meetings with men and women and were in all cases called with the sanction of the local Farm Bureau. A total of 55 communities have been visited the past month with a total of 5600 persons reached.

Only mature birds should be used in th breeding pens. Hens are more desirable than pullets because they produce stronger chicks and because the hens can be more accurately judged for laying ability than can pullets. If the breeders were not picked out last fall they can be successfully chosen this month. The birds which lay best during the winter are the ones which will make the best record for the year, and at mating time the best winter layers can be easily distinguished.

A large number of Ringgold county farmers will use acid phosphate the coming season on their farms. The use of this fertilizer has proven very profitable in the past. In almost every community in the county there have been farmers who have wanted to try the application of lime to correct the acidity of the soil in order to secure more easily a stand of clover. Clovers are about the only legumes raised in Ringgold county that will take nitrogen from the air and store it in the soil to be used by other plants. Prices for limestone are ranging from $2 to $2.45 per ton laid down at any station in the county.

The Contract to pave twenty-two and one-half miles of hard surfaced roads in O'Brien county will be let on March 19. It will involve about $1,000,000, and is said to be the largest contract to be let in Iowa this year. The road to be paved is what is known as the North Iowa pike, and extends along the northern half of the county, connecting the towns of Sheldon, Sanborn and Hartley. The pavement will be eighteen feet wide, eight inches thick in the center and seven inches at the sides. In connection with the paving project eleven miles of tile will be used. The plans call for bids on brick, concrete and reinforced concrete.

County Agent Chas. W. Martin says that Clay county farmers should take a preliminary test of their seed corn at once as word comes from surrounding counties that seed corn is not as good as was expected. Woodbury, Sac, Allamakee and other counties report poor seed corn as a result of the early freeze in November. There was not enough moisture in the corn when the early freeze came, the reports say, and tests have shown that it will make poor seed. The county agent says Clay county farmers should look over their seed before it is too late and his office will lend any assistance in making the tests and determining the quality.

One of the most important and essential factors in the successful management of the brood sow at the time of farrowing is proper feeding and plenty of exercise. It is important to feed right. The high price of tankage is keeping farmers from feeding this protein feed to their sows. Corn alone is not sufficient because it is low in protein and mineral content. The experiments at Iowa State College go to show that where ¼ pound of tankage is fed along with corn, the pigs weighed .4 of a pound more at birth and were stronger than the pigs from the corn-fed sows. Alfalfa or clover hay are good feeds to furnish protein and bulk. A liberal supply of mineral matter must also be supplied in the form of salt, soft coal, lime or wood ashes.

Benton county, according to last year's assessor's reports, has roughly, about 6,000 sheep and markets each year about four carloads of wool worth $30,000. With a good Wool Growers' association, this wool could be assembled at three or four points in the county and shipped in carload lots and marketed through the Iowa Wool Growers' association. The association operates on a straight commission basis and the wool is sold direct to the woolen mills. The association marketed 1,250,000 pounds of Iowa wool in 1919. The average price received was 59 cents net the grower. Seventy-five percent of the money is advanced to the grower as soon as the wool reaches the warehouse; the balance is paid when the wool is sold.

The farm bureau movement has resulted in the organization of most counties by townships. A force of farmers have been going over the state taking charge of this phase of the work. It is planned to work through the township organization in reaching conclusions touching all farm activities. It is evident that marketing is going to have greater attenton than ever before. The co-operative shipping idea is growing and in every county it will be possible for the farmer to obtain the Chicago market for his live stock less freight and a small per cent for handling. The exchange features so popular in many counties will be extended so that it will be possible for farmers to know where certain breeds of stock can be secured, certain varieties of seeds and other commodities. It oftimes happens that the farmer in an adjoining township can supply the needs of his neighbor. The trouble in the past has been getting the fellows together.

A number of county agents are planning spraying demonstrations this spring. The success of these demonstrations in the past has led to a large demand upon the extension department at Ames for the coming season. Spraying and pruning are doing wonders for Iowa orchards. People who are paying ten cents each for apples grown in the Rocky Mountain regions see the need of a greater interest in apple growing right here in Iowa where with the same care and expense better quality and larger yields can be secured.

In All the World
No Grinding Plate Like the LETZ!

Here's one of the famous Letz Grinding Plates—one of those plates between whose thousands of whirling scissor-like edges the grain and roughage is ground powder-fine in one operation.

No other process so fine cutting, so fast cutting, so durable, so dependable. No other process so altogether desirable for the feeder who wants to grind his own feed.

9 Sizes 22 Styles **LETZ** 2 to 40 H. P.

America's Leading Feed Mill

Letz Mills are enabling hundreds of thousands of progressive farmers and feeders to cut down their feed costs one-fifth, to save the 20% of feed that goes to waste when fed *whole*, to raise their hogs and cattle for market quicker, better, more economically.

LET US DEMONSTRATE

Henry Lau & Son

Farm Implements *Klemme, Iowa*

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Candy and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

Now is the Time

to look your car over and get ready for Spring Driving. Bring your car in and get it overhauled before the spring rush. Just received a large assortment of casings and tubes, Get you order in early. While you can get the best don't wait until you have to take Inferior Brands. Goodyear and Fisk "Best by Test."

C. W. Wiles

Hanging

IS A BAD END FOR A MAN

but perfect finish for

Wall Paper!

We have just received some that ought to be hung in your home, and we ready to have you hang it. Look over our new wall paper which we have a full stock in all patterns.

Drop in at your convenience and "inspect the ropes."

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

RAILROADS GO BACK TO OWNERS

Return to Private Control After Being Run by U. S. For Two Years.

FRENCH RAIL STRIKE GROWS

Orders for General Walkout Issued by Union—Strong Military Forces Are Guarding Tracks in Paris.

Chicago, March. 1.—At midnight Sunday the railroads of the United States pass back to private ownership after more than two years under federal administration.

In Chicago the different systems are announcing that their individual ticket offices will reopen at once. During the governmental direction the entire office personnel of the roads, as well as the general administrative forces, were gathered in the Insurance Exchange building at Jackson and Wells streets in the interests of economy and centered control.

The Northwestern announces it will open its city ticket office at its former location, Clark and Monroe streets, beginning Monday.

French Strike Perils Nation.

Paris, March, 1.—Orders for a general railroad strike have been issued by the National Federation of Railroad Men.

Railroad strike conditions throughout France were considered near a crisis and belief was expressed that a breakdown of the strike movement or paralysis of the nation's railroad system would ensue.

Operating conditions on the Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean line and other roads affected by the walkout of employees seemed slightly improved.

Traffic was shown to have increased, and it was believed that mobilization orders sent to men of the Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean and state roads would bring a sufficient force to carry on normal traffic.

Strong military forces are guarding tracks inside the city limits of Paris and a law authorizing the requisitioning of automobiles, motor trucks and airplanes in case of interruption of railroad traffic was passed by the chamber of deputies.

Spreading Hourly.

"Owing to the attack by the Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean Railroad company on the exercise of union rights," the strike order begins, "the railroaders of that system and of the Paris region, influenced by solidarity and dignity, have begun a movement of protest which is spreading hourly."

Although the strike had extended to the Orleans system, main line service continued during the day. Suburban trains, however, had been annulled. At the St. Lazare station the company promised that trains would be run to Cherbourg, Havre and Dieppe, some civilians having offered their services. At the station of the Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean railroad mobilized men were reporting for duty and a limited service was operated.

CENSUS FOR THREE CITIES

Population of Lima, O., 41,306; Paducah, Ky., 24,735; and Hazleton, Pa., 32,267.

Washington, March 1.—The announcement of the population of Lima, O., 41,306; of Paducah, Ky., 24,735, and of Hazleton, Pa., 32,267, was the second issue of statistics of the fourteenth census, the enumeration of which began January 2. Washington and Cincinnati were the first cities to complete the work, their population having been announced a week ago. Of the cities announced Hazleton showed the largest growth in the thirteenth census with an increase of 78.9 per cent from 1900 to 1910; Lima's increase was 40.4 per cent, and Paducah's 17 per cent. In the twelfth census Paducah's increase was 52 per cent over 1890, Lima's 35.9, and Hazleton's, 19.9, while in the eleventh census their increase over 1980 was: Lima, 111.2 per cent; Hazleton, 71.2 per cent, and Paducah, 59.2 per cent.

FOUR KILLED IN MINE BATTLE

Forty Others Wounded When Striking Native Miners in South Africa Clash With Troops.

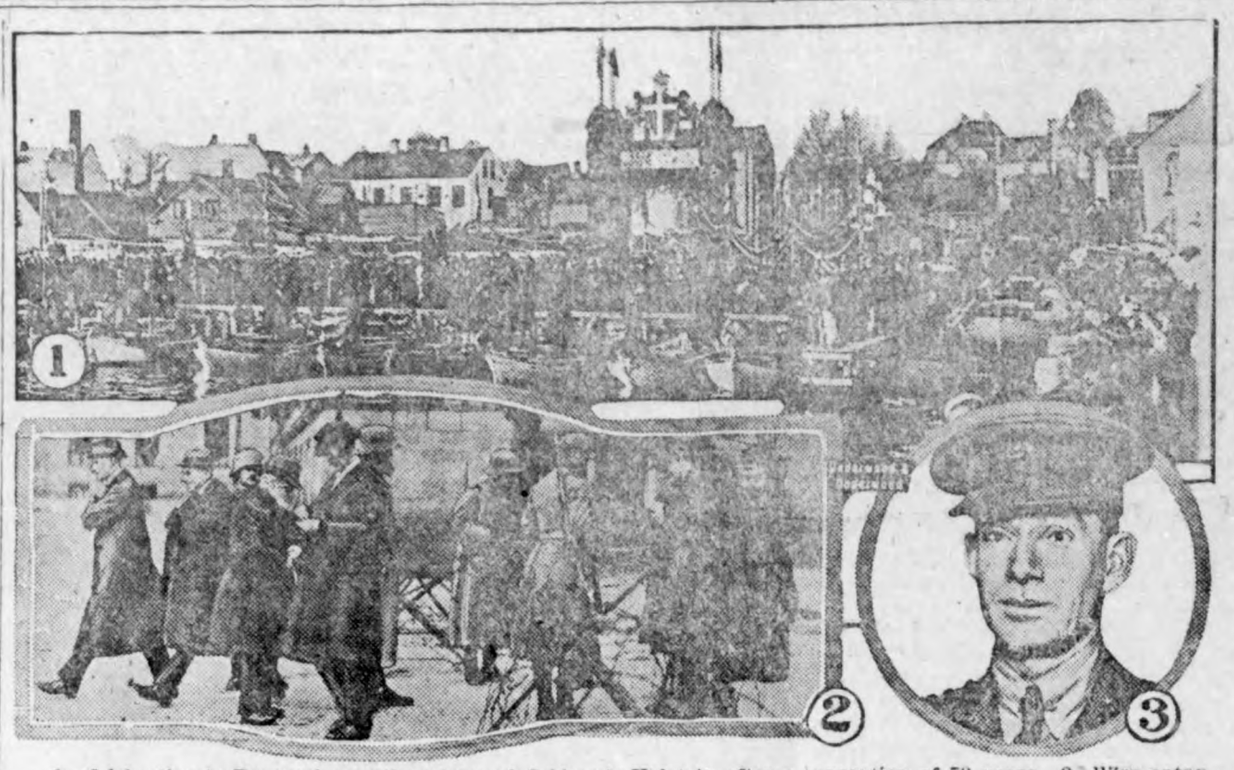
London, March 1.—Several hundred striking native miners attacked white miners who were about to descend into the mine shaft at Johannesburg, South Africa, according to a dispatch to the Central News. A pitched battle ensued in which the military was employed. Four natives were killed and 35 injured and six Euorpeans were wounded.

Two Killed, 20 Injured on Ship.

Valencia, March 1.—Two sailors were killed and 20 others injured when 700 tons of naphtha exploded aboard the ship Llovet Peres at the port of Villa Neuva del Crao, near Lere. The vessel was completely destroyed.

Police Stop Anarchist Fete.

Rome, March 1.—Police authorities here have prohibited a proposed socialist and anarchist demonstration on Sunday in favor of Hungarians who failed to establish a soviet form of government.



1—Celebration in Denmark over the return of Schleswig-Holstein after a separation of 50 years. 2—Wire entanglements and troops protecting the foreign embassies in Berlin. 3—Capt. G. H. Williams, who will have charge of the airplane to be used by the Cope expedition in exploring the regions about the south pole.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Railway Reorganization Bill Is Passed Despite Opposition of Organized Labor.

COLBY TO SUCCEED LANSING

Selection of Former Bull Mooser Is a Surprise—Peace With Soviet Russia Coming Nearer—"Rum Rebellion" in Northern Peninsula of Michigan.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Organized labor lost its fight against the Cummins-Esch railway bill, for the conference report on the measure, after being approved by the house, was adopted in the senate by a vote of 47 to 18. The debate was unexpectedly brief, the opposing senators confining their remarks to explanations of their vote. The result was made only the more certain by the efforts of the labor leaders to prevent passage of the bill. Senators of both parties expressed their resentment of the tactics employed, and Myers of Montana made an especially bitter attack on Gompers and his allies and on those who would cater to the labor vote.

The measure went at once to the president, and so did the arguments and appeals of the labor leaders. The latter urged the president to veto the bill, and then prepared an elaborate brief presenting their side of the controversy. Their request for a veto was seconded by the Farmers' National council, though other farmers' organizations approved the legislation. The general belief was that Mr. Wilson would sign the bill after it had been passed on by Attorney General Palmer, to whom he submitted it. The heads of the railway brotherhoods and other labor leaders were calm in their discussions of the measure and expressed the belief that there would be no general strike of the rail workers, though they were confident of their power to call a walkout that would tie up the transportation systems of the entire country. What they seem to want most is the creation of a tribunal on which the workers and management shall be represented, independent of the wage adjustment machinery provided by the bill. They believe the men and their employers can come to agreements without the intervention of the public.

With the roads going back to the owners on March 1, the government's statistical experts spent the week in estimating the advances in freight rates and possibly passenger fares necessary to put the railways on a sound footing. Opponents of the bill said the public, through increased rates, would be made to pay at least 5½ per cent on the old watered stock, but the experts assert that the increased value of properties has squeezed out the water, and that, anyway, the rates will be based not on inflated book values but on real valuation.

The whole matter of railroad legislation, with government ownership in the background, will be injected into politics this year, according to the labor chiefs. Under the leadership of Gompers, they will endeavor to secure the election to congress of candidates of either party who will be favorable to labor and who will agree to push amendments to the Cummins-Esch measure.

President Wilson sprung another of his surprises on the country Wednesday with the announcement that he had selected Bainbridge Colby of New York to succeed Mr. Lansing as secretary of state. The wise ones had predicted that the place would go to either Secretary Baker or Undersecretary of State Polk. The friends of both those gentlemen were active, and when their efforts failed they were somewhat resentful. Mr. Colby's name was not submitted to the senate at once, and there was a good deal of talk of opposition in that body to his confirmation. Senator Calder of New York said he would fight against it because he considered Mr. Colby no better fitted for secretary of state than for the shipping board, for which he was confirmed several years ago after a hard fight in the senate. Mr. Colby is a native of St. Louis, a graduate of Williams college and a lawyer by profession. Until the organization of the Progressive party he was a Republican. He followed the fortunes of Colonel Roosevelt until the latter came out for Hughes in 1916, and then Mr. Colby joined the ranks of the Democrats. It is reasonably certain that Mr. Wilson will not have any serious differences with his new adviser concerning international affairs. Mr. Colby is an ardent advocate of the treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations covenant. Incidentally, he is opposed to national prohibition.

Hope of early ratification of the peace treaty faded last week and the senate deadlock seemed tighter than ever. The predicted revolt of Democrats against the president's policy failed to materialize, and on the other hand, Senator Hitchcock admitted that he had been deceived in expecting a break in the ranks of the Republicans. Senator Lodge let it be known that he was determined to force another vote on ratification or rejection and to put the Democrats on record. He believes if all minor matters were adjusted an agreement could more easily be reached on article 10. Some friends of the Egyptian nationalists must have been busy in Washington, for it is asserted that a majority of the senators now favor the reservation refusing to recognize the British protectorate over Egypt.

The soviet government of Russia appears to be doing everything it can think of, short of ceasing to be a soviet government, to bring about peace with the other nations; and by one route or another most of the nations of Europe are moving toward the same goal. Lenine, who admits that Russia must have peace and that the rest of the world must have peaceful relations with Russia, last week sent an offer of peace to the United States, Japan and Roumania. The council of the allies declared its position in the matter earlier, as follows:

"The allies cannot enter into diplomatic relations with the soviet government, in view of their past experiences, until they have arrived at the conviction that the bolshevik horrors have come to an end and that the government at Moscow is ready to conform its methods and diplomatic conduct to those of all civilized governments.

"Commerce between Russia and the rest of Europe which is so essential for the improvement of economic conditions, not only in Russia, but in the rest of the world, will be encouraged to the utmost degree possible without relaxation of the attitude described above."

It is recognized that this policy is a compromise forced by the French, for Lloyd George and Nitti, and perhaps the Japanese, were rather in favor of recognizing the soviet government and concluding a speedy peace. The American diplomats, it is believed, have sided with the French, and there are rumors of a growing split in the entente. The compromise is regarded by many as an unworthy evasion. The Poles, on the other hand, are inclined to open peace negotiations with the bolsheviki at once and are formulating their conditions.

The military successes of the soviet government continue. The government of northern Russia has collapsed entirely and has surrendered Archangel and all the Murmansk coast to the reds. Earl Curzon on its behalf urged the victors to abstain from violence and severe repressive measures, and there has been nothing to indicate that his plea was in vain. In the south the Kuban Cossacks at last reports were trying to come to an understanding with General Denikine, insisting that the people must rule, though they are heartily opposed to the Lenine regime. They have a well-grounded distrust of Denikine's reactionary tendencies. The general insists he is fighting for a united Russia, whereas the Cossacks had planned a semi-independent state.

The supreme council's plans concerning Turkey are attacked from various directions. In England Lord Robert Cecil declared that the Turks must be removed from Constantinople because the maintenance of Turkish sovereignty there would be a menace to tranquility. He added that the danger of offending Musselman opinion in India was "very gravely exaggerated." His views are supported by other public men there. Prince Feisal of the Herjaz has warned the allies that the independence of Syria must be recognized or war with the Arabs will follow. Lenine, it is reported, has jumped into the controversy with a demand that Constantinople be given to Russia in fulfillment of a promise given by the allies in 1915 as recompense for Russia's war effort. Premier Millerand of France, who is not in accord with some of Lloyd George's plans, says he will not consent to any important decisions regarding Turkey that have not been approved by President Wilson.

President Wilson's rejoinder to the supreme council rejecting its reasons for revising the Adriatic settlement was well received by the premiers, and it was predicted they would yield after further argument. The president's note gave in detail his reasons for objecting to the new concessions to Italy and for insisting on his solution of the problem as modified by the agreement of December 9 last. Great Britain and France, it was said in London, would answer the note, as Italy is now standing aside as an interested spectator, taking the position that if the compromise fails, the pact of London will be put in force. Presumably Mr. Wilson never would agree to this, and probably he would have the support of the present French government.

Some very interesting events in British politics are impending. For one thing, the Irish home rule bill has been presented to parliament and is certain to stir up things. The Labor party is planning to oppose it on the ground that it will not lead to a settlement of the Irish question. After its introduction the measure was changed by the cabinet in two important particulars. First, as a concession to Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster area was defined as a homogeneous Protestant area instead of the whole province; by the second change the bill, instead of reserving indefinitely the control of customs and excise to England, states clearly that control of all taxation will be transferred to Ireland the moment the two Irish legislatures demand it. This, it is believed, may gain for the bill the support of many of the Sinn Feiners.

Another event of importance in British politics was the return of Asquith to parliament from Paisley with a majority of nearly 3,000 over the Labor candidate. It was assumed the former premier would resume active leadership of the opposition, and troublous times for Lloyd George were predicted.

Mention must be made of the "rum rebellion" that broke out last week in Iron River, in the northern peninsula of Michigan, although it was really a tempest in a wine jug. The local authorities, resenting the attempt of the government liquor inspectors to seize and destroy some home-made wine owned by certain influential citizens, defied the federal forces which were rushed up from Chicago, threatening their leader with arrest. He succeeded, however, in pouring the offending wine into the gutter and returned by orders from Washington without punishing the recalcitrant district attorney and his aids. Then a joint federal and state inquiry into the circumstances surrounding the "revolt" was started in Iron River.

Because of the widespread opposition to the universal military training feature of the army bill, the Republican leaders agreed to sidetrack it for the present, and the measure was presented to the house with that section omitted. A special subcommittee will draft a separate training bill, which will be given the right of way at the next session of congress in December. Meanwhile both parties will have the opportunity of putting training planks in their platforms if they deem it wise. Chairman Kahn is as earnest an advocate of the system as ever, and almost as hopeful of final success, but he admitted separate legislation was the only practical course now.

NAME "BAYER" ON GENUINE ASPIRIN

"Bayer Cross" on Aspirin like "Sterling" on silver.

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," marked with the safety "Bayer Cross," can be taken without fear because you are getting the true, world-famous Aspirin, prescribed by physicians for over 18 years.

Always buy an unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" which contains proper directions to safely relieve Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Joint Pains, and Pain generally.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Not So Well.

"I understand your wife treats you like a dog." "Oh, no! She pets and feeds the dog."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Make this resolution every morning: I am going to make this day count as never day counted before.

Nothing to Lose.

Pat (after losing an empty pocketbook)—"There, begob, I ain't got nothin' in' be jiggered if I don't lose that."

How's This?

We offer $100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Explained.

"Why do they want to try a play on the dog?" "To see if it will be a howling success."

You Can't Cure Rheumatism With Liniments and Lotions

If you are afflicted with Rheumatism, why waste time with liniments, lotions and other local applications that never did cure Rheumatism, and never will?

Do not try to rub the pain away, for you never will succeed. Try the sensible plan of finding the cause of the pain. Remove the cause, and there can be no pain.

You will never be rid of Rheumatism until you cleanse your blood of the germs that cause the disease. S. S. S. has no equal as a blood cleanser, scores of sufferers say that it has cleansed their blood of Rheumatism, and removed all trace of the disease from their system.

Get a bottle of S. S. S. at your drug store and get on the right treatment to-day. If you want special medical advice, address Medical Director, 49 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

OBEYED VOICE OF COMMAND

Safe to Say That Adolphus' Schoolmates Will Not Let Him Forget That Episode.

Dr. A. F. Hughes, president of Evansville college, and Lucy Jenkins Franklin, dean, who spoke recently at Henderson, Ky., before a large audience of high school boys, tell an amusing story of their experiences.

Mrs. Franklin was giving a reading, in which a mother was talking to her young son. Pointing her finger point-blank at the first row, she exclaimed: "Adolphus come to your mother." As though paralyzed by fear, a young man of high-school age, in the first row, arose from his seat to obey the command. It was five minutes before the house was quiet. The boy's name was Adolphus, and evidently one who was used to doing what he was told. As Doctor Hughes and Mrs. Franklin left they heard the young man's schoolmates addressing the youth: "Adolphus, come to your mother."—Indianapolis News.

Evicted.

Mrs. Moringcall—Where is your magnificent big dog? You don't mean to tell me you've sold him?

Mrs. Nickelpinch—Yes, we sold him. It seemed a shame for a dog to occupy that commodious doghouse this winter when so many people will be homeless, so we disposed of him and rented his house to an artist.

More Mechanical Zoology.

Not long ago the Youth's Companion published an item about mechanical tools that bear the names of animals. Several readers promptly wrote to explain the origin of some of the curious names that the article left unaccounted for.

The monkey wrench, one correspondent informs us, got its name by corruption from that of its inventor, a Pole named Moncka. Another writes that when Samuel Crompton contrived a spinning machine that combined the best qualities of Hargreaves' spinning "jenny" (named for his wife) and Arkwright's spinning frame he named the new machine a mule in reference to its mixed parentage.

Fate's Irony.

"Did you read in the papers about that eccentric man who made all the arrangements for his funeral, having every detail just the way he wanted it, and then attended the exercises with evident enjoyment?"

"Yes; I read about that fellow. He thinks he's smart, no doubt, but some of these days he's going to die and his obituary will be printed in his home town paper, and it will be full of typographical and other mistakes that he will never be able to correct."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Both Have Grown Since.

In 1701 the population of China was what that of the United States is today.

Find Out!

If you suspect coffee is upsetting your stomach or nerves, don't let the matter run along. Find out! Change over for ten days to

Instant Postum

a snappy, invigorating table beverage made from wheat, with a bit of wholesome molasses. Postum has a delightful flavor, much like a high grade coffee, but there are no coffee troubles in Postum.

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

TCH THAT COLD!

ds and chills leave thousands with kidneys and aching backs. The ys have to do most of the work hting off a cold and they weaken w up. You feel dull and irritable have headaches, dizziness, back- and irregular kidney action. the kidneys quick help with *'s Kidney Pills!* Doan's are and recommended the world over eak kidneys and bad backs. *Ask neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

Mrs. W. E. Downs, 803 S. Ave., C., Washington, Iowa, says: "About ten years ago I first had kidney complaint. When I stooped over to pick up anything I would become very dizzy and black specks would come before my eyes, almost blinding me. I had sharp, shooting pains in my sides, too. My back ached and I felt languid. I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills and used them. They never failed to relieve me of any ck of this kind."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

OAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

TER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

LDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

Mothers who value the health of their children should never be without **MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN,** for use when needed. They tend to Break up Colds, Relieve Feverishness, Worms, Constipation, Headache, Teething disorders and Stomach Troubles. *Used by Mothers for 30 years.* Sold by Druggists everywhere. Trial package FREE. Address MOTHER GRAY CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

TRADE MARK
on't accept Substitute.

Hatching Dollars"

is a book that tells you how money makes money—it tells you about high-class securities from which big men get their incomes—how you can buy these same safe securities by small payments. *Send for your free copy today to*

Investment Department
MORGAN, LIVERMORE & CO.
1 Broadway - - New York City
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange)

ATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. tes reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

irginia Farms and Homes

EE CATALOGUE SPLENDID BARGAINS
B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

To run out of the path of duty is run into the way of danger.

CALOMEL!

It's Mercury! Quicksilver! Shocks the Liver—Danger!

You're bilious, but take "Cascarets"! ou have a throbbing sensation in your ead, a bad taste in your mouth, your yes burn, your skin is yellow, with ark rings under your eyes; your lips re parched, your bowels are constiated. No wonder you feel foggy, ean and ill-tempered. You need Cascarets tonight. Don't continue being bilious nuisance to yourself and hose who love you, and don't resort o harsh physics that irritate and injure. Remember that most disorders f the stomach, liver and bowels are nded by morning with gentle, harmless Cascarets—they work while you leep, never gripe, shock, sicken or inconvenience you. They're grand! Adv.

A few weeks more and you will be kicking because it is too hot.

OUCH! MY BACK! RUB LUMBAGO PAIN AWAY

Rub Backache Away With Small Trial Bottle of Old "St. Jacobs Oil."

When your back is sore and lame or lumbago, sciatica or rheumatism has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle of old, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it right on your aching back, and by the time you count fifty, the soreness and lameness is gone.

Don't stay crippled! This soothing, penetrating oil needs to be used only once. It takes the pain right out and ends the misery. It is magical, yet absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

Nothing else stops lumbago, sciatica, backache or rheumatism so promptly. It never disappoints!—Adv.

There is nothing that makes a bigger hole in a busy day than a bore.

Ask for "HILL'S"

FIVE MILLION PEOPLE USED IT LAST YEAR

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years —in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

LIVE STOCK

GOOD RECORD IN "T B" DRIVE

Official Tuberculin Testing in October, 1919, Greater Than Any Previous Month.

More official tuberculin testing of cattle was conducted during October, 1919, than in any previous month of any year, according to a summary just issued by the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture. During the month 57,270 cattle were tested by state and federal veterinarians engaged in co-operative tuberculosis-eradication work. Herds or lots tested numbered 3,251, and the total number of reactors found was 2,821, an average of slightly less than one reactor for each.

From the standpoint of the number of animals tested the drive against tuberculosis was most vigorous in Minnesota, where 6,269 cattle underwent the test. Vermont was second with 4,035 and Washington third with 3,855 cattle tested.

The figures, live stock specialists of the department point out, indicate the nation-wide extent of the campaign to stamp out the disease. At the end of October the total number of herds officially accredited as free from tuberculosis after a number of tests was 1,324, more than double the number at the beginning of the year.

PROVIDE WATER FOR CATTLE

Ponds, Springs, Troughs and Other Facilities Should Be Cleaned and Put in Shape.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Before turning cattle that have been kept in the barn or lot during the winter onto a pasture a good water supply should be carefully provided for. Ponds, springs, watering troughs or other facilities for watering should be cleaned and put into shape. It is frequently thought that the water supply is abundant early in the season and therefore that no attention need be given to it. This is a mistake, as springs and ponds fill up during the winter and troughs become damaged

Water Supply for Live Stock Is of Greatest Importance.

so they fail to hold sufficient water for the needs of the cattle. In most cases the water supply cannot be materially increased, so care must be taken to conserve what is available. It is advisable to fence around springs to prevent the cattle from tramping the earth and polluting the water. The maximum use of water from a spring can be obtained by providing two or three troughs set so that the overflow from one will run into the next one. This arrangement not only makes the water more accessible to the stock but keeps it cleaner and better.

COLLAR FOR MATURE HORSES

Where Animal's Weight Does Not Vary During Year Leather Is Most Suitable.

The best collar for the mature horse, whose weight does not vary much throughout the year, is the leather collar. But for most horses the best collar is one stuffed with hair and covered with ticking.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Breeding hogs should have lots of exercise.

* * *

Every man who is using a scrub bull knows he ought to be using a purebred.

* * *

With the present high prices of feeds and the good prices being paid for hogs, no farmer can afford to neglect his pig crop.

* * *

Animals should be sheltered in wet weather. On cold days they will do better if confined in the barn than if turned on pasture.

INSPECTORS AID SQUARE DEALING

Growers, Shippers and Buyers Can Profit by Certificates From Federal Agents.

UNFAIR RATING ELIMINATED

Food Products Inspection Service Maintains Offices in 30 of Larger Cities—Wholesome Effect on Marketing.

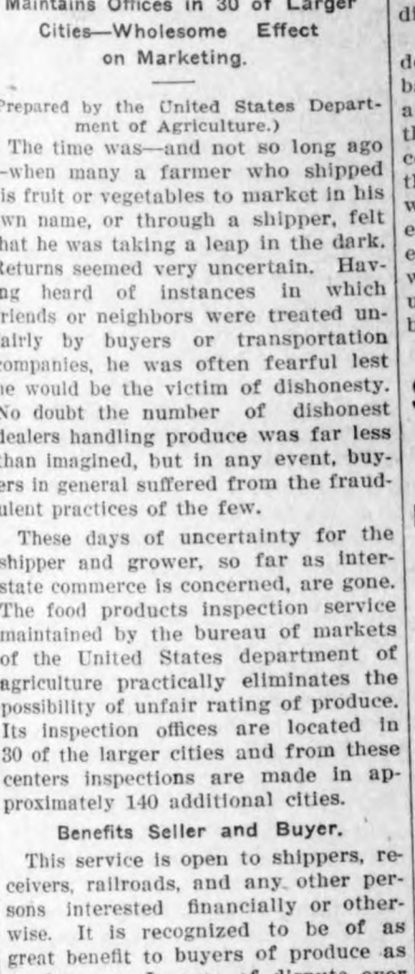
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The time was—and not so long ago—when many a farmer who shipped his fruit or vegetables to market in his own name, or through a shipper, felt that he was taking a leap in the dark. Returns seemed very uncertain. Having heard of instances in which friends or neighbors were treated unfairly by buyers or transportation companies, he was often fearful lest he would be the victim of dishonesty. No doubt the number of dishonest dealers handling produce was far less than imagined, but in any event, buyers in general suffered from the fraudulent practices of the few.

These days of uncertainty for the shipper and grower, so far as interstate commerce is concerned, are gone. The food products inspection service maintained by the bureau of markets of the United States department of agriculture practically eliminates the possibility of unfair rating of produce. Its inspection offices are located in 30 of the larger cities and from these centers inspections are made in approximately 140 additional cities.

Benefits Seller and Buyer.

This service is open to shippers, receivers, railroads, and any other persons interested financially or otherwise. It is recognized to be of as great benefit to buyers of produce as to shippers. In case of dispute over a shipment any party concerned can



Federal Inspector Ascertaining Condition of Carload of Sacked Potatoes.

call on the inspector at the market in which the car is located to make a thorough examination and issue a certificate stating all the facts regarding the quality and condition of the goods. This certificate will be received as prima facie evidence in all United States courts.

The service has been in operation since November, 1917. It is in no sense a regulatory or police organization. The inspector examines a shipment and makes a report on it only when requested to do so by some one having financial interest in the transaction. He has no authority to do anything more than to issue a certificate showing the exact condition of the shipment at the time of inspection. He has no authority to act as a mediator in making adjustments.

Request Inspections by Wire or Letter.

Those in charge of the work aim to give immediate, effective service. Anyone interested can secure from the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., a list of the 26 cities in which inspection offices are maintained and from which neighboring cities are served. Requests for inspection may be made to any of these 26 points by wire or letter and should be addressed to "Food Products Inspector," stating the kind of products, the car number, the receiver, and the delivering carrier, as well as any particular feature regarding which special information is desired. At present butter inspections are made in only five markets.

A fee of $2.50 for any quantity from half a carload up to a full carload, and $1.50 for less than half an ordinary carload, is charged for each inspection. For inspections made in the smaller markets the applicant also pays the expenses of the inspector in making the trip. Only shipments that have moved in interstate commerce are eligible for inspection.

Since the food products inspection service was established more than 30,000 inspections have been made. Large as this number is, it does not measure the full effectiveness of the service. The very fact that some 45 federal inspectors are available at any time has had a wholesome effect upon the entire business of marketing fruit, vegetables, and butter. The dishonest few now know that they are taking big chances if they make fraudulent claims regarding shipments. The honest differences which inevitably arise between buyers and sellers at times are settled more speedily and with less friction and misunderstanding.

Special Advice for Farmers.

The service employs five plant pathologists who specialize in diseases that affect fruits and vegetables in transit. From their reports more than one farmer has learned of some disease that has been injuring his crops, and has been able to remedy the condition.

The inspectors are particularly in demand when the market condition is bad. When buyers are reluctant to accept shipments that are doubtful, they are only too glad of a government certificate which shows conclusively the exact condition in which the goods were received. Likewise, the service enables shippers to procure conclusive evidence of the soundness of products which otherwise might be subject to underrating because of an unfavorable market.

STANDING OF DEALER OF MUCH IMPORTANCE

Rating of Any Dealer Is Not Difficult to Obtain.

Chambers of Commerce and Similar Bodies Are Often of Much Assistance in Giving Information —Bankers Also Help.

When much produce is to be shipped, it will pay the shipper to look up a dealer's commercial standing very carefully before consigning in his care. Marketing experts of the United States department of agriculture call attention to the fact that the rating of any dealer may be secured through firms which make a business of rating the financial and general credit standing of men in different kinds of business. They publish regular reports which give a general idea as to a dealer's standing, though, as is perhaps inevitable, in many specific instances they have been found to be inaccurate. This general credit standing is of prime importance, as a man with a rather low financial rating may be one of the most reliable. Firm letterheads, giving trade references, should not be accepted at their face value without verification.

The chambers of commerce, boards of trade, and similar bodies are often of assistance in giving information as to dealers specializing in different commodities. Local bankers may also help in determining the responsibility of a particular firm. Limited lists of dealers in various commodities are sometimes supplied by the Bureau of Markets, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., in response to inquiries.

Once a satisfactory representative or customer is found, it should be the aim of the shipper to maintain his connection with this one firm, as by so doing mutual confidence will be fostered and better results secured than where the shipper jumps from one connection to another in quest of slightly higher prices.

ICE HOUSE LOCATION VITAL

Of Much Importance on Dairy Farm That Site Should Be Placed Close to the Milk House.

Selection for a site for an ice house is very important. Other conditions being suitable, the ice house on a dairy farm should be placed as near as possible to the milk house, in order to reduce the labor of handling the ice, according to the United States department of agriculture. On a general farm the ice house should be located near the residence. To facilitate drainage the ground on which the ice house stands should be porous and slope from the building. Advantage also may be taken of the nearness of hills, trees, or buildings, which often afford protection from hot winds, thus saving ice.

BEET-TOP SILAGE OF VALUE

Comes Out of Silo Warm in Winter and Is Appetizing—Stimulates Assimilation of Food.

Beet-top silage comes out of the silo warm in the winter, and it is appetizing, according to the United States department of agriculture. It seems to stimulate the assimilation of food and to aid the animal to appropriate the maximum values from all the feeds consumed.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Save all of the straw, manure, leaves and other rubbish that will make fertility for land.

* * *

Unless alfalfa or soy bean seed is inoculated it cannot be depended upon to be a reliable crop.

* * *

The potato plant first grows its top, and later moves the materials from the tops into the roots to form the tubers

The DAIRY

TOM GOT ANOTHER GOOD COW

Members of New Hampshire Boys and Girls' Club Chip in and Help Out Unfortunate Boy.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Tom Jenkins—that isn't his real name, but it will do—was very proud of his cow. He used to go out to the barn and curry her, like a horse, and "doll her up," and tie a blue ribbon around her tail. He was figuring on her being the best cow owned by any of the Boys and Girls' club members in Merrimack county, New Hampshire. But once in a while Tom Jenkins would grow solemn.

"Crickets," Tom would say to himself; "suppose something happens to my cow."

Something did happen. The cow became sick and died, while she was still dry, and without returning a cent. That took all the joy out of life for Tom. He moped around, and once or twice he went out to the barn and looked at the place where she had stood.

"I'm in for it," he said. "My cow is gone, and I owe the bank every cent she cost. It'll take a million years to pay it back. Just my luck. I ought to have known better than to join that club."

Tom wasn't so far wrong at that. When a boy loses a cow these days it means something. Older people would feel just as bad, especially if, like Tom, they still had to pay for the cow, with no way of doing it.

But Tom's club leader heard about it. He knew that none of the club members was rich, but he told them about Tom's bad luck. And somehow, Tom's plight appealed to them, for many had borrowed money to start them in club work. They began to send in little contributions. A garden and canning club sold popcorn at the farm bureau field day and turned over $6.80 to Tom Jenkins' cow. In a month there was enough money to buy Tom a new cow—one that would return enough money to pay for the cow that had died. And she's doing it.

LULU IS A LULU OF A COW!

Jersey Yearling Breaks All Records for Production of Butter—Way Above Average.

All records for the production of butter are believed to have been broken by the registered yearling Lulu Alphea of Ashburn, which produced 13,669 pounds of milk from which 1,000 pounds of butter was made in the year

Lulu Alphea.

ending November 1, according to an announcement made by the American Jersey Cattle club.

The butter produced from the cow's milk is 100 pounds in excess of her weight and is said to be five times as much as the average production from dairy cows. The milk tested 5.85 per cent butter fat, or more than 50 per cent above the amount required by law.

COW TESTING LESSENS COST

Stimulates Farmers to Do Better Dairying and Develops Higher Community Spirit.

Cow testing lessens the cost and increases the profit by co-operative buying and selling of feeds, live stock and their products. It stimulates farmers to do better dairying and develops community spirit. By paying cash and purchasing feeds in carload lots, members have been able to reduce their feed bills materially. The association also results in bringing the members together into closer union on all matters affecting their farms. The regular meetings of the association, occasional farm tours and picnics give opportunity for discussing topics of particular interest and profit.

APPEARANCE OF DAIRY COWS

Animal With High Head and Mean, Vicious Look in Her Eye Should Be Carefully Avoided.

One can usually judge by the appearance of a cow whether or not she has a good dairy temperament. The cow with a high head and a vicious, mean look in her eye should be avoided. The reliable dairy cow will have eyes that are placed wide apart, with an expression showing a meek and gentle temperament.

Any time of day
BAKER'S COCOA
is welcome

DO not make the mistake of thinking that cocoa is only an occasional drink. It is so valuable a food beverage, so rich in the elements of nutrition, so delicious in flavor, and so wholesome that it should be used regularly and often.

Booklet of Choice Recipes sent free

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd
Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

What She Writes.

"What do you hear from your wife?" "Not much, except that she needs money again."

DRUGS EXCITE YOUR KIDNEYS, USE SALTS

If Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers, Drink Lots of Water.

When your kidneys hurt and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract. Keep your kidneys clean like you keep your bowels clean, by flushing them with a mild, harmless salts which removes the body's urinous waste and stimulates them to their normal activity. The function of the kidneys is to filter the blood. In 24 hours they strain from it 500 grains of acid and waste, so we can readily understand the vital importance of keeping the kidneys active.

Drink lots of water—you can't drink too much; also get from any pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning for a few days and your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate clogged kidneys; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean and active. Try this, also keep up the water drinking, and no doubt you will wonder what became of your kidney trouble and backache.—Adv.

Oh, yes, pitiless publicity is for everybody except the people you like very much.

STOP CATARRH! OPEN NOSTRILS AND HEAD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Relieves Head-Colds at Once.

If your nostrils are clogged and your head is stuffed and you can't breathe freely because of a cold or catarrh, just get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm at any drug store. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic cream into your nostrils and let it penetrate through every air passage of your head, soothing and healing the inflamed, swollen mucous membrane and you get instant relief.

Ah! How good it feels. Your nostrils are open, your head is clear, no more hawking, snuffling, blowing; no more headache, dryness or struggling for breath. Ely's Cream Balm is just what sufferers from head colds and catarrh need. It's a delight.—Adv.

There would be fewer spinsters if girls would be more careful about their makeup.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Suicidal tendency is three times as pronounced in men as in women.

Irritating Coughs

Promptly treat coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis and similar inflamed and irritated conditions of the throat with a tested remedy

PISO'S

The Klemme Times

Entered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

IOWA PRESS ASSOCIATION

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1st, 1920
One Year, in advance.....$2.00
One Year, outside of county...$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES
Display, per column inch.....25c
Readers, per line.....10c
Classified or want ads, per line...10c
Card of Thanks, each.....50c
Political Announcements.....$10.00
Legal Notices at legal rates.
Black face lines double charge.
No local or classified ad accepted for less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. Regular advertisers are given a special display rate.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
Klemme - Iowa

A. L. LAKE
Contractor & Builder

If you intend to build this year let me figure on your bill. I am in the market to draw your plans and estimate the cost.

I can
Save You Money
on building according to my New Method.

Address
A. L. LAKE
1641 N. Washington Mason City, Ia

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA
Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith
OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Geo. ZINN
Physician & Surgeon
Phone No. 19. KLEMME IA;
Office in Building East of Gruetzmacher Harness and Shoe Shop.
Eyes Tested.
Glasses Fitted

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Telephone us the news. Phone 12.

Miss Anna Griewe was a Garner visitor Tuesday between trains.

Mrs. Martin Brinkman was a Garner visitor Tuesday between trains.

Miss Josten was a passenger to Garner Saturday morning.

W. H. Trafford was at Garner on business last Saturday morning.

Frank Terhufen was a business caller at Garner Monday.

Dr. R. W. Shultz of Garner was a business caller here Monday.

Dwight Smith, of Garner, was a Klemme business visitor Monday.

Henry Church, of Garner, was in Klemme Saturday between trains.

Mr. Henry Schlichting was a Garner visitor last Friday.

Clarence Larsen was a business caller at Garner Monday looking after work at their Garner shop.

Henry Freie and family are now comfortably located in their new home on east Main.

Miss Clella McCullough of Garner, was an over Sunday visitor with her sister and brother here.

Mrs. A. E. Katter, returned to her home at Garner Wendesday after a short visit with Klemme relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Kraus and little baby went to Garner last Wednesday between trains.

Joe Starnes and family moved to Belmond last Wednesday where they will make their future home.

C. A. Ross of Garner, was transacting business in Klemme last Friday and also visiting relatives.

N. L. Palmer was a business caller at Garner Saturday between trains.

Oscar Wenck was over from Garner on business here Monday between trains.

Mrs. Walter Markle from Goodell was shopping in Klemme between trains Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Tompkins were over from Garner Saturday calling on Klemme friends.

Mrs. Anna Fuller is spending a week visiting in the country at the Albert Fuller farm.

Bertha and Harold Johnson were passengers to Garner Saturday moning.

Mrs. Ralph Elder and son Clarence, were visiting at Garner Saturday between trains.

Ed Chistensen came from Woden last Monday to work for Rudy Baack this coming year.

John C. Larsen has moved from a farm 2 miles east of Garner to a farm two miles south of Klemme.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Suckow, Sr. were visiting at Garner Tuesday between trains.

Frank Terhufen is a daily passenger to Garner as he is putting in the new refrigerator for the J. P. Larsen shop there.

Mr. D. D. Ross from Garner was here Monday helping to shell corn on his farm and while here spent the night with the J. N. Day family.

The English M. E. church at Garner have a new pastor, Rev. M. B. Phillips. The gentleman comes from Sumner, Washington.

The Belmond Foundry is doing business. The foundry is another new institution in the rapidly growing little city of Belmond.

Mrs. Richard Bamman of Garner, was visiting with Klemme relatives and friends Monday. Mrs. Bamman was formerly Miss Ella Schudlt.

Mr. and Mrs. Merkle and family, of Miller, have moved onto the Walt Bloom place east of Klemme. Abe Scott formerly lived on this farm.

The Misses Warnock and Bryson went to Garner last Wednesday afternoon. The train was just late enough to make it and they wanted to go "just for fun." Perhaps they had just received their pay envelope and were out right away.

Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson was a Garner visitor between trains Saturday.

Joe Johnson was at Garner Tuesday on matters pertaining to business

Mrs Frank Quigley, Jr., of Goodell was shopping in Klemme last Wednesday.

G. B. Lawhorn of Garner was transacting business in Klemme Saturday.

Mrs. Maude Hummel and family came last Thursday from Elliot, Iowa. They will farm near Klemme.

Mrs. S. J. Kirkwood was a passenger to Mason City Monday where she went to have some dental work done.

Helen Gates went to Garner last Wednesday afternoon for a few days visit with her sister while her sister while her folks were moving to their new home in Wisconsin.

Rev. Fred Grieve returned to his home at Rudd last Wednesday after visiting at the home of his folks here a few days. Rev. Grieve is the Methodist minister at Rudd, Iowa.

Mr. Thos. Burhow, one of our supervisors was a Klemme business caller Thurday. He was here selling stock in a new cement factory to be erected in Des Moines.

Miss Katherine Wille was down from Garner last Wednesday between trains for a visit with relatives and friends.

The State Checkers are at work on the county books at the court house. It will take them from thirty days to six weeks to go over the county records carefully.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Dutro left Tuesday morning for Aberdeen, South Dakota, being called to that place by the death of Mr. Dutro's brother S. B. Dutro.

Marlin Croner and Wallace Pavey went to Garner last Thursday afternoon and returned Frday noon. They were there on matters of business, so they say.

Miss Myrtle Schoenwetter who is teaching school near Klemme closed her school Friday for a two week's vacation. She went to Garner to visit with her parents.

Chris Anderson, who resided on the Melvin Whitesal farm last year has moved to the Dr. Zinn farm northeast of Klemme. Dirk Mossel was the former tenant but we have changed his address to Thornton. He lives near Meservey now.

H. J. Theiman and Herman Schuldt went to Garner Tuesday morning to occupy chairs in the jurors' box. The court was to have opened last Tuesday but the judge postponed it a week. Judge Kelly is holding down the bench this session.

We have a very complete list of periodicals, some of which will soon raise in price. If you have a magazine or newspaper which you would like to order we can get it for you. leave all your orders for reading matter at the Times office.

Don't overlook the Des Moines Capiital bargain which we are offering to our readers until March 15th. Better come in and subscribe today for the Des Moines Capital and the Klemme Times both one year for $5.50.

On account of several requests from those who desire osteopathic treatment Dr. Shultz will be at the Klemme Hotel as formerly, from 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.—Advertisement-1

Mrs. W. A. Montgomery returned to her home at Dows Saturday after spending two weeks at the Owen Neuhring home. She was here assisting in the care of Mrs. Neuhring and three children who had been ill.

The time has come at last when you can hang up the old snow shovel and grease up the lawn mower. Yes, and we will soon hear of the guy who claims he saw a robin perching on his back fence picking cooties off his hind legs.

W. M. Baack returned last Thursday from Coldwater, Ohio, where he went the previous Saturday night with a large number of other Iowa implement dealers. The New Idea Manure Spreader company furnished them with free transportation and special coaches. Mr. Baack says the visit was well worth while as they were shown all thru the factory and saw how various parts of the New Idea spreader were constructed. The implement men thoroughly enjoyed the trip.

Mrs. A. H. Meyer returned from Des Moines Saturday where she had accompanied her sister from Dows, who went to the hospital there for treatment.

Leppo Blank and family, who formerly were on the Britt route, are now living on the Henry Freie farm, to which place they moved last week.

Mr. A. G. Ludwig returned to his home at Zearing, Iowa, after visiting about a week at the E. S. D. Kahrs home here. He is a brother of Mrs. Kahrs.

Mr. and Mrs. Nels Nelson from Forest City were here to attend the funeal of his nephew, Clarence, which was held Monday afternoon. They returned to Forest City Tuesday morning.

Mr. A. E. Rankin, superintendent of the Garner schools has been reelected for the coming year with a liberal increase in salary. He will receive $3,000 the coming year.

Mr. H. J. Schlichting left Tuesday morning for Minneapolis from which city he will go to Morris, Minn., on business for a few days. He expects to return the latter part of the week.

Mr. Hod Lawhorn was down from Garner last Wednesday afternoon. Hod moved to Garner last Monday but was tempted to take another look at the old burg here. We expect to see him here quite often, as he is in the real estate business now.

We were right last week when we said that Carl Suckow was the census taker for Ell township. Carl is doing remarkably well at the job and gets over the territory in a hurry. He was rather up against it last week on account of the bad weather but went out nevertheless.

Clarence and George Johnson have gone to farming on their father's farm east of Klemme and are quite conveniently settled there now. Frank Glanville was the tenant las tyear but he has moved to the Fred Ax farm. The Johnson boys are just starting out and we wish them all kinds of good success.

Mr. H. B. Stohbehn of Traer, Iowa was in Klemme Monday buying cattle and left Tuesday morning. We asked Mr. Stohbehn if he was acquainted with J. W. Berggren our former restaurant man and he replied that he knew him. He says Mr. Berggren enjoys a very good business and runs a fine restaurant at Traer. He also stated that Miss Eleanor Duffy, niece of the Berggrens was married now, which news will interest our young people here as Eleanor was quite popular with the young people of Klemme.

We wish all who are moving about would notify the Times office at once so that we can change your address and you will not miss any numbers of the paper. We have received a number of new subscriptions from people moving into this neighborhood. The want to get the Klemme news and get acquainted with the people. If you know of any new neighbor in your locality hand them the Times after you are thru reading it and by so doing you will also help us to reach new people. We endeavor to give all the news and also the advertising of the Klemme merchants.

IS 700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of ear corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us a bout it.

W. F. PAVEY
Dealer Klemme, Iowa

We have on hand
Two Cars of Feed
Consisting of
Bran
Standard Middlings
Flour Middlings
Red Dog
Oil Meal

Owing to the fact that we buy all our feed in carload lots we are therefore able to give you the benefit of a low price.

Jacobs & Son
Hardware Feed Salt Paint & Oil

For Your
Sunday Dinner
Make your table attractive and the food appetizing with
Heinz Products
We have just received a new shipment of Pickles, Ketchup, Mustard, Peanut Butter and other Heinz Products.
Once Tried, Always Used
J. P. Larsen & Sons

Come to This Store
for your wants in all kinds of Merchandise

Dry Goods — Groceries
Shoes — Rubbers
Hosiery — Underwear
Work clothing Etc.

You can save money here

Try us—bring your next order in and let us fill it for you. We will give you good goods—best service—lowest prices.

Eggs taken same as cash in trade.

G. W. Kluchohn & Sons

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 28 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, March 18, 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

The Beginning Of A Future Public Library

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY

The Win One Class of the Methodist Sunday School have ararnged with the State Library Commission to lpace a circulating library at the service of this community. By the courtesy of Postmaster Waterman and his assistant, Miss Lenz, the library has found a place in the post office, and Mr. Watermn and Miss Lenz will have charge of the issuing of the books.

The books are issued absolutely free of charge under the usual rules. But one book at a time is issued to each person; a book may be retained two weeks with privilege of reissue for two additional weeks; a fine of one cent a day is collected for each day over two weeks that a book is retained; minors must fill out an application card and secure the endorsement of a responsible guarantor. There are sixty books in the library and it is hoped that this number may be increased by donations from local people.

These traveling libraries are retained in each community for three months and then shipped back to Des Moines and exchanged for another. All expenses of the local library are borne by the Win One class and this with the public spirited co-operation of the postmaster and his assistant makes the services of the library free to the patrons. Sixty books are comprised in the present assortment and are now available to all who care to use them. The list comprises some forty books of fiction with some of the newest titles, a number of children's books and books of religion, poery and essays.

BOOKS WANTED

Have you any good books that you are willing to donate or lend for use in a public library. If so, please inform Rev. A. E. Buriff, and a messenger will call for them. It is hoped by means of such co-operation to build up a local free public library around the nucleus of the loan from the State Library Commission, an account of which will be found in another column

Some Wind!

HIGH WIND CAUSES DAMAGE

This part of the state was visited by a terrific wind storm Monday night It was a regular hurricane in it's performance. Farmers around Klemme report that a lot of damage was done to their barns and other buildings when the high wind tore off doors, shingles and wrecked orchards and groves. Many places small sheds were turned over and blown to pieces. Nearby towns also report loss by plate glass being blown in by the wind. No rain or snow accompanied the storm, although it was quite cold.

ADDRESS AND PAGEANT

The Womans Foreign Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal church will hold its annual thankoffering service next Tuesday evening, March 23rd. The address of the evening will be given by Miss Lulu Golish, a missionary home for furlough after several years in North China. A pleasing feature of the program will be the presentation of the pageant, "The Challenge of the Cross," by a number of the young ladies of the church. The general public is invited.

Coming Soon

"The Birth of a Race" is a photoplay staged on a stupendous basis. The theme compasses a vaster subject than anything ever attempted before for the screen, for it follows the high lights of history from the Garden of Eden to the present day. The larger part of the picture, however, deals with American subjects. The big events of American hstory, from the landing of Columbus on, are pictured vividly. The modern story deals with an American family. There is humor as well as pathos in this part of the picture. At the Idle Hour Theatre, Saturday, March 27th. Nine Reels. Don't miss this one.

—Advertisement

Goodell News

—Special to the Klemme Times:

Mr. Henning Sandberg is moving into Roy Bockman's house.

Mr. O. Sandberg is laid up for a few days with a bruised leg which he hurt last Saturday while repairing a disc.

Harold Savogue is improving very nicely.

Grandmother Carpenter is on the sick list, but is improving as fast as can be expected for one of her age.

Mrs. Cunningham joined her husband and son last Friday. Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham have lately moved o to the Wm. Rhodes farm.

Last Thursday Mrs. John Savogue and son Arthur visited at the Gertrude Galbraith home.

The U. B. Church Ladies' Aid will serve luncheon for the people at L. W. Wesenberg's Spring opening. Mr. Wesenberg has a fine line of up to date machinery and the ladies are anticipating a large crowd if the roads and weather are favorable.

Church services are as follows:

Sunday School at 9:45.

Preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Prayer meeting Thursday evening at the parsonage at 7:30.

Passion Week March 28 to April 4.

Communion service and reception of members April 4th.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the preaching service at 11 o'clock.

Epworth League Sunday evening at 7:30. Preaching service at 8 p. m.

Mid-week prayer meeting each Thursday evening at 7:30.

Preaching service in Liberty township Sunday morning at 11:30.

A. H Meyer, Pastor

COMING EVENTS AT THE IDLE HOUR

Friday, March 19th,—The regular Saturday night picture will be run instead of Saturday night.

Saturday, March 20th—The fifth and closing number of the lecture course. "The War Players and Singers," all music.

Saturday, March 27th—"The Birth of a Race," as pecial big feature picture in nine reels, don't miss this one.

FARM NEWS WANTED

We would like to have a correspondent in every farm locality in the vicinity of Klemme. Anyone can easily get together a few items each week of what is going on in your neighborhood. The only way we can get this news is to have a correspondent in each neighborhood. We will be glad to make arrangements with anyone who will volunteer to write news for us. Call at the Times office and see us. Editor.

Are there any Bolsheviki in Klemme? Well, we'll say so, at least there was one here Monday. A Bolsheviki invaded our office Monday afternoon and we wondered who had left the gate open and let the be-whiskered Russian in, but somehow his voice seemed familiar and upon close examination we found that the man behind the bush was none other than John Suckow hidden by a three weeks' growth of natural timber. We asked John what was the idea of the disguise and he informed us that he had been sick and confined to the house for three weeks and Monday was his first trip up town, and that he was headed for the barber shop to have the whiskers mowed down before the dog catcher got him.

Make Haste Slowly.

Remember that some training is necessary before a man can become a farmer. Even potato raisers have to know how to drill.

More Local

Mrs. Karl Kraus and Lucile have moved to Mason City after spending the winter here with her mother, Mrs. Henry Schuldt. Karl has a position on the Mason City Fire Department now. Formerly they conducted a hotel at Allison, Iowa.

A. D. White and wife who formerly conducted a general store at Goodell, have moved to Klemme to live. They will move to his son's place south of Klemme and intend to build a new home on the place to live in. We welcome M. and Mrs. White to this community.

Algona in their recent home talent play for the benefit of the local post of the American Legion, cleared over $800. A basket social cleared $600 and a Catholic priest presented them with a piano. Also the G. A. R. donated the boys the use of their hall for meetings and other doings.

E. C. Crotty, after three weeks absence from Klemme, returned last Friday to give the band boys private instructions and rehearsal. They were mighty glad to see Mr. Crotty with them again after his recent battle with pneumonia. The band is making rapid progress under his able supervision.

The school election at Goodell last week was uneventful as the voters unanimously elected Dr. Geo. Snearly, E. P. Hetland and F. C. Dominy as directors and O. Conwell for treasurer. Exchanges from over the state show that school elections were rather quiet and that in most cases the old board were re-elected.

Last week it was necessary to pump water into the city mains about four hours extra each day. There was a leak some place which could not be located. However, the search was kept up and it was found that the water meter in Rev. Depping's cellar had frozen during his absence and a continuous stream of water was running into the tile. The meter was fixed and the trouble ended.

Tuesday was a fairly good day for the Greiman Ditcher Company. They sold two machines that day to Charles City parties. One of these machines will be loaded within a few days. The other is to be shipped the 15th. Two in one day. That will be about the regular gait when the company hits its stride.—Garner Democrat.

Fort Dodge will be an airplane center for this section of Iowa. A large field has been laid out and buildings are being erected. An airplane school will also be a feature as will also a a distributing point for Curtis machines. Hereafter we will ride the train to Fort Dodge and return driving our own airplane.

Plans have been completed for a new bank at Hayfield and we understand that the work of building the same will begin in a few weeks. The bank will be of stone and brick and the most up-to-date arrangements of the interior. The ground plan will be 28 by 55 feet, one story high. The new building is being erected by the First National Bank at Garner.

The nine-months-old baby of Mr. and Mrs. Ben F. Greiman of Liberty township, died of pneumonia Friday last and was buried Sunday afternoon in the Reformed church cemetery. The little one contracted influenza from whcih it recovered, but when pneumonia set in its little body was unable to withstand the strain, and it returned to the God who gave it.—Garner Democrat.

Pay the teachers for twelve months is the pace set by the Clinton school board for the rest of the state to follow. This is done in order to keep teachers from going into other lines of work. The pay will be added each time to the regular salary for the nine and one half months the teachers are employed. This should solve the question of shortage of competent teachers.

The Times office further improved the printing plant by installing a Horton variable speed pulley on one of the presses. With this machine the press can be run at any speed by simply stepping on a foot pedal. It is especially useful when a job must be run at a slow speed to get the best result and can also be speeded up for jobs that will stand a high speed on the press.

SOME FACTS AND FANCIES ABOUT THE PHILIPPINES

There Has Been Much Misrepresentation in America About People and Conditions.

By MAXIMO M. KALAW,
Secretary of the Philippine Mission.

Maximo M. Kalaw.

A certain lady at the St. Louis Exposition saw at a ballroom a brown complexioned man in faultless evening dress and accosted him with the inquiry, "I suppose you are Japanese, sir?"

The man addressed replied, "No, madam."

"Then you must be Chinese," she said.

"No, I am not. I am a Filipino," he replied.

"How's that?" asked the lady. "I thought they were all savages living in the woods."

"Well, I'll tell you how I came here," he said. "A month before I left the Philippines I was living in the woods, but the American Governor decided to catch as many wild men as possible, train them and send them over here. So here I am, just as you see." And the St. Louis lady actually believed him.

That is what you would call fancies about the Philippines. The fact is, however, that the 11,000,000 Filipinos and their ancestors have been civilized and Christians for 300 years; that the non-Christian population, according to the census of 1918, is only 500,000, and even these are not all uncivilized.

Another fancy is that not until the coming of the Americans were school buildings seen in the Islands, roads built, or substantial houses erected. Do you know that for hundreds of years the Filipinos have had colleges and schools and that the University of Santo Tomas is only twenty-five years older than Harvard? That as early as 1866, out of a population of 4,000,000 people, there were 841 schools for boys and 833 for girls? That in 1892, eight years before the coming of the Americans, there were 2,137 schools?

"To grant self-government to Luzon under Aguinaldo would be like granting self-government to an Apache reservation under some local chief." Thus spoke a former President of the United States during the Filipino-American war. Exaggeration could be an excuse at a time when the dignity of the American people demanded the extinction of Filipino opposition, but do you know that the Philippine Republic, before the American occupation of the Islands, had the approval of prominent Americans who were on the spot—like John Barrett, Director of the Pan-American Union, who compared it favorably with the Japanese government? That Admiral Dewey considered the Filipinos better fitted for self-government than the Cubans? That they had drafted a constitution at Malalos which elicited the approval of distinguished Republicans like the late Senator George F. Hoar? That before the coming of the Americans they had produced national heroes like the martyred Jose Rizal, pronounced by a Republican congressman, Representative Cooper, as the noblest victim that has ever fallen into the clutches of tyranny?

And do you know that the Filipinos have not had for hundreds of years any caste system, blood distinction or royal families, and that, unlike their oriental sisters, they are the only Christian people in the orient?

People have pictured an ignorant mass of Filipinos, illiterate, poor, living a life of servitude for a few wealthy land owners and foreigners, with no houses or farms or property of their own. Do you know that 70 per cent. of the people above ten years of age can read and write and that this percentage of literacy is almost as high as some of the states of the Union? That it is higher than in any country of South America, higher than the literacy of the Spanish people, and unquestionably above that of any of the new countries recognized in Europe? Do you know that there are a million and a half farms in the Philippines and that 96 per cent. of these farms are owned by Filipinos. In other words, that out of the 11,000,000 Christian Filipinos, 8,000,000 of them at least live on their own farms, with houses of their own, independent of any absentee landlord or foreign master? That 91 per cent. of the urban property consisting of houses and lands is owned by the natives of the Philippines, and only 9 per cent. is in the hands of foreigners? Yet these are facts cabled by Acting Governor Charles Emmett Yeater to the War Department from the recent census estimates.

Having solemnly promised the Filipinos their independence and having gone before the world as the champion of self-determination, the Filipino people cannot understand how America can consistently refuse to make good these promises.

CLIMATE OF THE PHILIPPINES.

The Philippine Islands have a mildly tropical climate. The nights are cool and sunstrokes are unknown. The temperature record for the past thirty years shows an average of 80 degrees.

Last Number on Course Sat'day

DON'T MISS THE LAST NUMBER OF THE LYCEUM COURSE

Saturday evening of this week will be a grand musical wind-up of the winter entertainment course. The War Players and Singers was the number which was scheduled to appear here but the Lyceum Company are sending us a better number in its place as so many towns have requested that a war number be cancelled, so the Lyceum Company have re-arranged the number and in its place they have changed this number of the course by discontinuing the trench scenes and the quartette appear in dress suits. Also the quartette have been strengthened by more experienced entertainers who give both vocal and instrumental numbers in their evening's entertainment. Don't miss this big musical treat, it is the last big event of the winter's entertainment. Come, also bring your family and friends.

Where Water Is Precious.

In Cape Town, where water—especially in the hot summer months—is a very precious fluid, it is the custom to shut off the supply at night, in order to eliminate waste as far as possible. The authorities complain that persons frequently go to a tap to draw water after the supply has been shut off for the day, and finding no water, thoughtlessly leave the tap open. Consequently the next morning when the supply is turned on a large quantity of water runs to waste unnoticed.

Master of Circumstance.

We are forced to accept circumstances, to take them into account in our planning. No one is big enough to disregard them, but everyone should be big enough to refuse to be mastered by them. A creature of circumstance is always a poor creature. We have no right to allow the chance of today, the accident of tomorrow, to decide our future.—Exchange.

Division to Two-Mile Trench.

A division, which is the largest body known in the organization of the American army, will fully man two miles of trenches. The regulation distance in the manning of a trench is a yard to a man. There are three lines, however, needed to fully man the defenses—the firing line, which is down in the trench, a yard behind each man; the support, which is back a short distance, and the reserve.

Turns Eyes Inside Out.

The garden snail's eyes are on the very tips of a pair of very long tentacles and it has an additional pair of shorter tentacles with which it smells. When any danger approaches the eyes are drawn down within the tentacles and the tentacles themselves are pulled into the body in exactly the same way as you would pull a glove finger inside out."

Road to Wickedness.

The many prove the wisdom of Hesiod, who says that the road to wickedness is smooth and very short and there is no need of perspiring. But before virtue the immortal god have placed the sweat of labor, and long and steep is the way thither, and rugged at first; but when you have reached the top, then, however difficult, it becomes easy.—Plato.

Water-Loving Trees.

Water-loving trees along streams often consume more water than they save. Estimates are that a beech forest will transpire nearly 50 per cent of an annual precipitation of 20 inches, while a coniferous forest but eight per cent of the same or like precipitation.

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North

821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.

South

1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

RURAL ROUTE QUESTION

A GREATLY NEEDED IMPROVEMENT

For some time the problem of having a mail route or two out of Klemme has been agitated by both the farmers and business men of Klemme. We have heard more about rural routes since new farmers have moved into this locality in the past few weeks. Farmers who have always been accustomed to having mail delivered to their farm each day dislike the idea of moving into a place where they get their mail from some other near by town and not from the town where they do their trading. We are up against this proposition in Klemme. Farmers who live but a few miles out of Klemme receive their mail from Goodell, Garner, Britt, Kanawha and Ventura routes, which at times causes a great deal of confusion

Postmaster Waterman wants rural routes from Klemme and is doing all in his power to see the problem solved The farmers near Klemme are also in favor of having a route or two from Klemme and they have gone so far as to get a petition started, have mapped out a route to take in the territory east of Klemme. It is also hoped that a suitable route can be laid out to take in the farmers north and west of Klemme, and eventually perhaps we can slice some territory from the other routes that bring mail to Klemme farmers.

It will take some time to get the routes thru as they must be approved of by the postal department and there is all kinds of red tape connected to the matter, but it is hoped that all can be overcome and that routes can laid out in a most satisfactory manner and approved by the postal department. We may yet seet the day dawn when Klemme R. F. D. men will drive out each morning from Klemme with the farmers' mail.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,

1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

DEPENDED UPON IT 20 YEARS

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Has Been This Woman's Safeguard All That Time.

Omaha, Neb.—"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for over twenty years for female troubles and it has helped me very much. I have also used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash with good results. I always have a bottle of Vegetable Compound in the house as it is a good remedy in time of need. You can publish my testimonial as every statement I have made is perfectly true."—Mrs. J. O. ELMQUIST, 2424 S. 20th Street, Omaha, Nebraska.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should be convinced by the many genuine and truthful testimonials we are constantly publishing in the newspapers of the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

To know whether Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, try it! For advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Vaseline

Reg.U.S.Pat.Off.

PETROLEUM JELLY

For sores, broken blisters, burns, cuts and all skin irritations. Also innumerable toilet uses.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (CONSOLIDATED)

State Street New York

Earns the Name.

"There goes a man who claims to be a benefactor of the human race."

"What has he done?"

"Invented a noiseless piano."

DON'T FEAR ASPIRIN IF IT IS GENUINE

Look for name "Bayer" on tablets, then you need never worry.

To get genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" you must look for the safety "Bayer Cross" on each package and on each tablet.

The "Bayer Cross" means true, world-famous Aspirin, prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years, and proved safe by millions for Colds, Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Neuritis, and for Pain in general. Proper and safe directions are in each unbroken "Bayer" package.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Opened a Can.

"That was really a fine poem the man wrote about your baked beans."

"Yes. The poor fellow was hungry."

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Women Made Young

Bright eyes, a clear skin and a body full of youth and health may be yours if you will keep your system in order by regularly taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles, the enemies of life and looks. In use since 1696. All druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

DAIRY

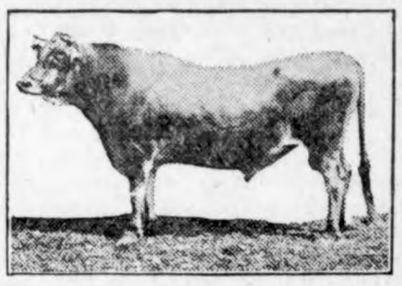
BULL ASSOCIATIONS TO STAY

Every Dairyman in Community May Have Use of Animals of High Producing Ancestry.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Bull associations are here to stay. Figures furnished by the United States department of agriculture show that there were 78 co-operative bull associations in operation in this country on July 1, 1919, which represents a gain of 34 associations over the previous year when records showed that there were 44 associations active on July 1, 1918.

Bull associations have proved especially popular in sections where dairying is a comparatively new industry. Many dairymen have been anxious to increase the productivity of their cows, but due to the fact that their herds were small and their resources limited, it was often impossible for them to buy and maintain sufficiently good purebred bulls to accomplish this purpose. It is in cases of this kind that the bull association has proved most valuable, says the department. By organizing the dairymen into an association and working co-operatively



The Average Dairyman Cannot Own This Kind, But the Community of Dairymen Can.

the purchase of proved bulls of high producing ancestry is made possible. By using these animals co-operatively a few good bulls can take the place of all the inferior bulls formerly found in the community.

An example of what the bull association can do in improving the type of sires is found in the South Gibson Bull association of Susquehanna county, Pa. This association has 20 members who own a total of 382 cows. Before the bull association was formed there were 13 bulls in the community with a total valuation of $7,300. After organizing, only four bulls were needed and these were purchased at a total cost of $4,800. The average investment in each of the 13 bulls in use before organizing was $561.54, but after the association was formed the average investment was $1,200 for each of the good bulls. In this way each dairyman had the use of bulls that were twice as valuable as the bulls used formerly, and at the same time his investment was $125 less.

The southern states have been found especially well adapted to bull association work. Dairying in these states is making rapid strides, and producers have shown great interest in improved dairy cattle. Twenty of the associations organized during the past year are credited to the South, six associations having been formed in Mississippi, four in North Carolina, three in South Carolina, two each in Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee, and one in Louisiana.

DISEASES OF DAIRY CATTLE

Careful Observation Detects Approaching Illness and Simple Remedies Avoid Trouble.

The caretaker of a dairy herd must be able to recognize and treat some of the common diseases affecting cattle, since they are likely to occur at any time. In many cases it may be advisable to employ the services of a trained veterinarian, but often helpful home treatment may be given. Careful observation at all times usually results in detecting approaching illness, and frequently simple remedies may be applied in time to prevent further development. Prevention is far better than cure and less expensive.

It is well to keep on hand some of the simple and well-known drugs such as Epsom salts, saltpeter, gum camphor, ginger, tincture of iodine and alum water, and such apparatus as a milk-fever outfit, trocar and canula, fever thermometer, hose and funnel and drenching bottle.

DAIRY NOTES

The bull should be well cared for.

* * *

It takes a mighty good cow to hold her own with 25 average hens.

* * *

Milk production is very largely a matter of proper feed induction.

* * *

Whitewash is one of the best and cheapest barn interior decorations.

* * *

It is worth as much or a little more to feed and care for a bull a year than for a cow.

* * *

It is important that the calf pens be so placed as to avoid too great variations in temperature.

* * *

Milking is a dirty job these cold mornings, but don't slight the precautions to keep the dirt out of the pail.

MANY FARMERS OVERLOOK OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE SWEET MAPLE SUGAR AND SIRUP

Collecting Sap in Forest Near Burlington, Vt.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Many thousands of American farmers throughout a region comprising more than a score of states are overlooking opportunities to secure delicious maple sugar and sirup for home use, as well as for sale, at very little cost. This statement, of peculiar interest because of the present sugar shortage, is based on data compiled by experts of the United States department of agriculture who have made a special study of the maple sugar industry. While Americans commonly think of this industry as being confined largely to circumscribed areas in New England and New York, there are, as a matter of fact, many potential "sugar bushes" throughout eastern and northeastern United States; in other words, throughout a region extending south to include North Carolina and Tennessee and west to include northern Missouri, Iowa and Minnesota. There are also a considerable number of maple trees of a sugar-yielding species in Washington and Oregon.

Some Experience Necessary.

While some experience is necessary to boil the sap down to sirup and sugar properly, the process is not complicated and may be learned readily. A United States department of agriculture bulletin, "Production of Maple Sirup and Sugar," gives the necessary information, and will be sent free to any person addressing the department at Washington.

A clump of 10 to 15 trees usually will yield enough sirup for family use to make the tapping worth while, and in many cases will afford a surplus which can be sold at a remunerative price. The flow of sap depends upon the age, condition and habit of growth of the tree, also upon the character of the weather and condition of the soil during the sap-flowing season. In a good season a tree 15 inches in diameter will yield sufficient sap to make from one to six quarts of sirup, which in turn can be concentrated into two to ten pounds of sugar. Larger trees under the same conditions will produce correspondingly larger yields of the sirup and sugar. All hard maple trees, eight inches or more in diameter, may be safely and profitably tapped for sirup and sugar production.

Cutting Sugar Trees for Lumber.

Recently an investigator of the United States department of agriculture in North Carolina discovered many groves of sugar maples that were not being utilized for sirup and sugar production. One of these groves is probably larger than any now to be found in New England. The owners, not being aware of the value of these trees from the maple-sugar standpoint, had begun cutting them down for lumber on an average return of less than one dollar a tree. At the suggestion of the federal representative the groves were spared further cutting in many instances and the owners last year began tapping the trees and making sirup that sold for four dollars a gallon. This revelation of the potential value of these groves has induced the owners to plan more extensive operations for this coming spring, so that instead of destroying the groves they will become a source of permanent and larger income. It is expected that the flow of sap will be even more satisfactory than last year, since the warm weather of last winter was not favorable to producing the best grade nor the highest yield of sugar and sirup.

The maple sirup and sugar industry is distinctively American and offers good commercial opportunities for those who engage in it systematically. No countries besides the United States and Canada produce this much-prized product on a commercial scale, which is at once a delicacy and a highly nutritious article of diet. The demand for both sirup and sugar is far beyond the supply.

Because the sugar content of the sap varies from time to time, uniformity of quality cannot be secured throughout a season. Warm days and cool nights are essential to a satisfactory flow, and the sugar content may vary considerably from day to day. However, this is not a feature that materially affects the success of one's operations.

Does Not Injure Tree.

Tapping of sugar trees, if done properly in no way injures the tree. Trees have been tapped for more than 100 years, and are still in good condition.

It is a good policy to tap early in the season to obtain the earlier runs, which are generally the sweetest, and therefore the best producers. Makers have lost half and even more of their crops by not being prepared for the first run. In general, it may be said that the season is ready to open during the first or middle of February in the southern section, and later in the northern regions when days are becoming warm (when the temperature goes above freezing during the day and at night below freezing). If the days are very bright, warm and sunny, the sap will start with a rush, but soon slacken, or if wind starts the flow is checked. Protracted warm weather or a heavy freeze with nights and days of even temperature stops the flow altogether, to start again when weather conditions are right.

Methods of Tapping.

Considerable difference of opinion exists as to the best method of tapping a tree. A thirteen thirty-seconths of an inch (13-32) bit is often used. Its direction should be slightly upward into the tree, the slant allowing the hole to drain readily. With an ordinary tree the hole should not be over one and one-half to two inches deep at best.

The equipment required for sirup and sugar-making does not necessarily represent a large outlay. A number of sap spouts, either wooden or metal, are needed. The sirup is usually gathered in buckets, and if the grove covers a considerable area a wagon or sled is used to carry barrels into which the buckets are emptied. For a small grove a big iron kettle, such as most farmers possess, is ample for boiling the sap over an outdoor fire. For large production a more elaborate equipment, such as a pair of pans set over a brick framework of various patent evaporators, may be employed. When sirup is made as a side issue or in small quantities, it is customary to make the extra concentration, essential to producing sugar, in pots over the kitchen stove, but where made on a large scale homemade or factory-made apparatus can be employed.

Commercial Possibilities.

While the possibilities of immediate returns from maple trees now standing are of chief interest at this time, the United States department of agriculture experts call attention to the large commercial possibilities in maple sirup production which could be developed in a comparatively few years by extensive planting. There are large numbers of tracts now unfruitful and considered almost worthless, but well suited to growing maple trees. These tracts are to be found throughout the regions referred to above, and could be planted to sugar maple at small cost.

CHEAP SEED MAY BE COSTLY

Special Stress Placed on Necessity for Testing Because of Low Germination of Clover.

With all kinds of seed as high as they are, the use of inferior seed is a most expensive form of carelessness. Careful testing of practically all kinds of seed has long been urged by the United States department of agriculture, and special stress is being placed on it, now that prices are so unusually high. In the matter of clover seed, for instance, attention is called to the fact that comparatively cheap seed may be actually higher than that which costs more money, because of low germination. The department, at various times, has issued advice in bulletins and other forms of the best methods of testing seeds. This information may be had free on application.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

A good hired man is worth all he gets.

* * *

Russian thistles, if cut green, make excellent fodder.

* * *

Most farm machinery is more worn by rust than by use.

* * *

Kohlrabi is related to the cabbage and should be grown about like that vegetable.

Many School Children are Sickly

and take cold easily, are feverish and constipated, have headaches, stomach or bowel trouble.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN

Used by Mothers for over 30 years

Are pleasant to take and a certain relief. They tend to break up a cold in 24 hours, act on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels and tend to correct intestinal disorders and destroy worms. 10,000 testimonials like the following from mothers and friends of children telling of relief. Originals are on file in our offices:

"I think MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN are grand. They were recommended to my sister by a doctor. I am giving them to my little three year old girl who was very puny, and she is picking up wonderfully."

"We have used MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN at different times for past nine years, and always found them a perfect children's medicine and very satisfactory in every case."

Get a package from your druggist for use when needed.

Do Not Accept Any Substitute for MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS.

The Right Way

in all cases of

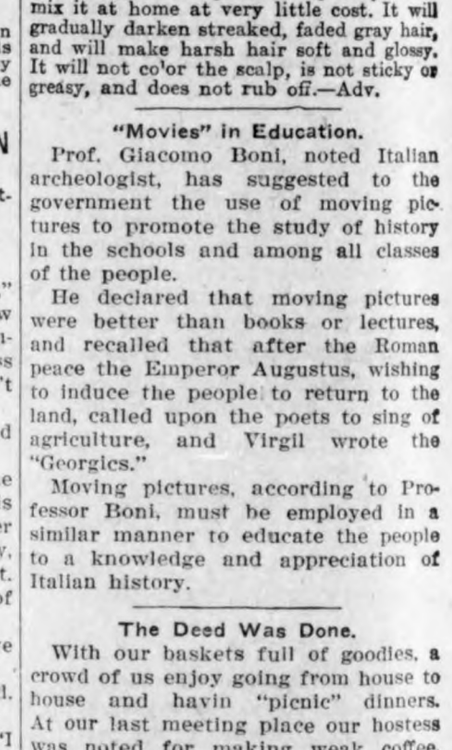
DISTEMPER, PINKEYE INFLUENZA, COLDS, ETC.

of all horses, brood mares, colts and stallions is to

"SPOHN THEM"

on the tongue or in the feed with

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND



Give the remedy to all of them. It acts on the blood and glands. It routs the disease by expelling the germs. It wards off the trouble, no matter how they are "exposed." A few drops a day prevent those exposed from contracting disease. Contains nothing injurious. Sold by druggists, harness dealers or by the manufacturers. 60 cents and $1.15 per bottle. AGENTS WANTED.

SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, GOSHEN, IND.

A spinster says that dying an old maid is easier than living one.

Before retiring, a cup of Garfield Tea. For good digestion and continued good health.—Adv.

Late hours may tell on a man, but his wife doesn't have to be told.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly without scars. 25c and 50c by all druggists. For free sample write The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill.—Adv.

TOO QUICK IN CONDEMNATION

Billy Grimes Might Have Been a Little Less Hasty in "Bawling Out" the Doctor.

"The opponents of strong drink," said a politician at a dinner in New York, "are too ready with their accusations—accusations of drunkenness and what not—against all who don't share their views.

"Sometimes I think they are as bad as Billy Grimes.

"Billy's doctor had bought a fine new pair of acetylene lamps for his automobile, and one evening the water reservoirs of both lamps got empty, and so, of course, the lights went out.

"The doctor, halting in front of Billy's shack, shouted:

"'Hi, Billy, can you let me have some water for my lamps?'

"Billy came forth. 'Water?' he said. 'I guess ye mean oil, don't ye, doc?'

"'No, I don't,' said the doctor; 'I mean water.'

"Billy looked at the doctor, then he shook his head sadly.

"'Better go right off home, doc,' he said. 'Go home and sleep it off. Ain't ye ashamed of yerself—at your age—and all the lives of the community dependin' on ye.'"—Washington Star.

The Locality.

"Experts say it takes fully fifteen minutes to shear a sheep by hand."

"Not if it is done in Wall street."

As the inventor of strenuous games it's queer the Romans overlooked football.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

"Movies" in Education.

Prof. Giacomo Boni, noted Italian archeologist, has suggested to the government the use of moving pictures to promote the study of history in the schools and among all classes of the people.

He declared that moving pictures were better than books or lectures, and recalled that after the Roman peace the Emperor Augustus, wishing to induce the people to return to the land, called upon the poets to sing of agriculture, and Virgil wrote the "Georgics."

Moving pictures, according to Professor Boni, must be employed in a similar manner to educate the people to a knowledge and appreciation of Italian history.

The Deed Was Done.

With our baskets full of goodies, a crowd of us enjoy going from house to house and havin "picnic" dinners. At our last meeting place our hostess was noted for making weak coffee. This worried my husband, who likes his strong. To please him I promised to go early and offer to make the coffee. Luck was against me, for when I arrived, she had already made it. My husband, thinking of course, that I had done the deed, looked across the table at me, and bellowed before them all: "This coffee is simply rotten."—Exchange.

Many a man has accidentally lost his best umbrella by coming in contact with the owner.

If You Hear Anybody Talking

about coffee prices or coffee troubles, tell them to quit coffee and try

Instant Postum

A ten days' trial shows results that please, and with gain in comfort there is no loss of pleasure.

A wonderful table drink, pure, healthful, economical, delicious! No advance in price.

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Alabastine

Instead of kalsomine or wallpaper

No Package Genuine Without Cross and Circle Printed in Red

To Get Alabastine Results You Must Ask for Alabastine by Name

Beautiful—Sanitary—Durable—Economical

for Homes, Schools, Churches and all Interior Wall Surfaces

Alabastine can be applied to plastered walls, wallboard, over painted walls that have become soiled, or even over soiled wallpaper solid on the wall and not printed in aniline colors.

Alabastine is a dry powder, ready to mix with pure, cold water, full directions on each package. Alabastine is packed in white and beautiful tints. These, by combining and intermixing, enable you to carry out individual color plans in matching rugs and draperies. Alabastine is used in the finest residences and public buildings, but priced within the reach of all.

You will readily appreciate the economy of Alabastine over paint or wallpaper, and its results will be most gratifying.

New walls *demand* Alabastine, old walls *appreciate* Alabastine.

If your local dealer cannot or will not supply you, take no substitute but write for Alabastine designs and we will give you name of nearby dealer.

Alabastine Company
1645 Grandville Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Harvest 20 to 45 Bushel to Acre Wheat in WESTERN CANADA

Think what that means to you in good hard dollars with the great demand for wheat at high prices. Many farmers in Western Canada have paid for their land from a single crop. The same success may still be yours, for you can buy on easy terms,

Farm Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

located near thriving towns, good markets, railways—land of a kind which grows **20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre.** Good grazing lands at low prices convenient to your grain farm enable you to reap the **profits from stock raising and dairying.**

Learn the Facts About Western Canada

—low taxation (none on improvements), healthful climate, good schools, churches, pleasant social relationships, a prosperous and industrious people.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, reduced railroad rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

M. J. JOHNSTONE, 5th Street, DES MOINES, IOWA

Canadian Government Agent.

QUEUE IS SIGN OF BONDAGE

Remarkable That Chinese Have Come to Look Upon It With a Degree of Pride.

If the Germans had won the war, would they have made us wear pigtails—in order that they might have something to yank us around by? And would they have applied their efficiency to a new system of punishment, perhaps with a different number of yanks for each offense against our conquering masters? The zeal with which patriotic Chinamen cultivate the queues that they consider a sort of national distinction, and the fact that those Chinamen in other countries who discard them are forever considered outcasts is indeed paradoxical. For the pigtail is a sign of bondage, the earmark of a conquered race. Centuries ago ancient China had a civilization all its own. But on every side she was surrounded by warrior hordes that coveted the riches and luxuries of the more advanced people and harassed them continually. Finally overcome by a barbarian host, the Chinese were reduced to a state of servility. One of the exactions of the conquerors was that the men grow long queues, by which, as they flew by on their horses, they actually took hold of the helpless creatures to swing them before them to the saddle or to cut off their heads.

So It Is.

"What is the center of gravity?"
"The letter V."—Boys' Life..

Only a girl who is sure of her complexion will permit a young man to kiss her on the cheek.

Politeness may be the freezing point in the atmosphere of love.

No harmful drugs in Garfield Tea. It is composed wholly of simple, health-giving herbs.—Adv.

BELIEF IN "LUCKY PIECES"

Superstition That Seems More General Now Than in the Days Before the Great War.

"That is my luck piece," a veteran said, as he pulled a shapeless little bit of metal out of his pocket with his regular small change. "That's a bullet that just grazed my ear and burrowed into a wall right behind me." "What sort of luck has it brought you?" He laughed. "Six months in hospital from another bullet the very next day. . . . But I married the nurse, and she's a bit of good luck, you bet! I got into the habit of carrying this about; most all the boys carry a pocket piece of some kind for luck whether they believe in luck or not." One man always carries a half-dollar in an inside pocket by itself, so that if his spending pocket happens to get empty he would not be altogether destitute. There is another who sews a $10 bill in the fob pocket of every pair of trousers he buys. In that way he can never have the bad luck of forgetting to change his money when he changes his clothes. True, he might have the bad luck to forget to remove it when he sent the trousers to be pressed, but—as he philosophically expresses it—that would be good luck for the tailor.

If a married man thinks he is the head of the house that's all that is necessary.

A Morning Dish Of

Grape-Nuts

certainly does hearten one up for the day. Why shouldn't it? Grape-Nuts is ready-cooked, ready-sweetened, and contains just those good elements nature requires for the strength to do things.

Make Grape-Nuts your home cereal

"There's a Reason"

DAIRY COWS FED TOO MUCH GRAIN

Greatest Quantity at Lowest Cost for Production Makes Dairying Profitable.

HOLSTEIN COW MADE RECORD

Produced More Milk and Butterfat on Pasture, Silage and Roughage Than When Fed Grain—Feed Stuff Grown on Farm.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Profitable dairying does not consist in producing the greatest possible quantity of milk.

It does consist, however, in producing the greatest possible quantity of milk at the lowest possible cost.

To produce more milk, many dairymen feed too much grain, and pile up stupendous feed bills. But the grain does not always increase the flow of milk above what it would have been without grain, enough to pay the difference in the feed bill. Dairy specialists of the United States department of agriculture believe that in many cases more grain is fed to dairy cows that can be justified by the results in milk and butterfat.

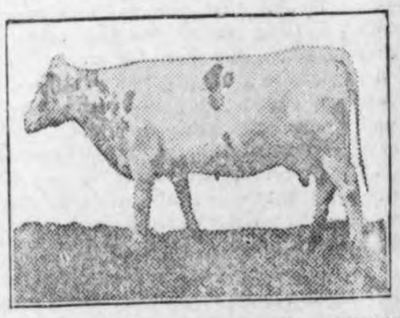
If your neighbor told you that his cow, that had not eaten a pound of grain for a whole year, produced 3,000 pounds more milk and 90 pounds more butterfat than she ever did when fed the regular grain and roughage ration—well, what would you believe if your neighbor told you that? And yet, that has actually happened. At least, that is substantially the story that the United States department of agriculture tells about its Holstein cow, Helen Uilkje Calamity 145857.

Up to the time Helen was eight years old, she had always been fed a grain, silage, and roughage ration, and the best she had ever done was 11,778.2 pounds of milk and 368.39 pounds of butterfat. When she was eight years old, that being in the spring of 1918, it was decided to feed her no grain for a year. She lived for a full 12 months on pasture, silage, and roughage. And that year she produced 14,210.1 pounds of milk and 470.24 pounds of butterfat. The experiment was carried out at Huntley, Mont.

A Revolutionary Cow.

Helen may properly be referred to as a revolutionary cow. Some other cows, in cow-testing associations and elsewhere, have shown similar tendencies. And the result is that the dairy specialists are urging dairymen to see if it is not possible to produce milk and butter without feeding so much grain as is commonly fed.

The basis of successful dairy feeding is now said to be to feed the cows on the stuff that the farm produces instead of buying a great deal of grain and other concentrates. The dairyman should plan his feeding and crop growing to take care of the herd he has, instead of buying as the need arises for more feed. He should devote special attention to having the right kind of pasture and the right kind of roughage. If he cannot grow



She Produced More Milk Without Grain Than With It.

alfalfa, say, he should see what can be done toward growing soy beans or cowpeas or some other roughage crop that will supply the protein needed.

Caring for Pasture Pays.

In the old days, when a cow could be fed on grain and roughage at $5 or $6 a month, there was no great inducement to take care of pastures. But today it costs from $15 to $30 a month to feed a cow on grain and roughage. Attention devoted to pasture, therefore, pays bigger dividends than formerly. Dairymen used to figure that they must get $15 a year from every acre of land in pasture, and this meant that the acre had to pasture a cow for three months. Now, if the same acre pastures a cow only one month, it produces its $15. If it pastures a cow for three months it is producing $45 a year. And the price of pasture land has not increased in that proportion. Therefore, every day that the cow is kept on pasture means a saving of money to the dairyman. It pays, nowadays, to take care of the pastures. And it pays equally well to take care of the roughage. Pasture, forage, silage—these things are the essentials in dairy production.

SOLVE WINTER EGG PROBLEM

Commercial Breeders Have Discovered Importance of Green Food in Ration of Fowls.

The most important discovery the commercial breeders have made in the past few years towards solving the winter egg problem has been the discovery of the value of green food in a tender, succulent form in the ration.

DISINFECT SEED BED TO PREVENT DISEASE

Before Planting Be Sure to Destroy All Fungi.

Sterilization by Heat in Form of Steam Is Most Effective—Formalin Treatment May Be More Practical for Majority.

(By OTIS REINKING, Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Colo.)

Be sure to disinfect your seed beds, cold frames or hot house beds before planting. The purpose is to kill all fungi which cause damping off, stem rot, black rot, and other diseases. Sterilization by heat in the form of steam is the most effective; however, the formalin treatment may be more practical for the majority.

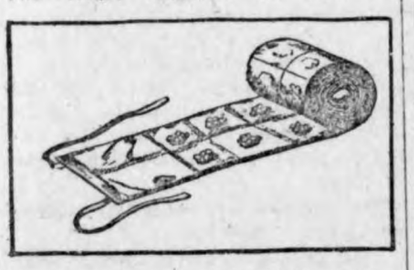
The formalin solution is made up by using 4 quarts of formalin (40 per cent formaldehyde to 50 gallons (1 barrel) of water. Apply at the rate of 2 quarts per square foot of ground. One barrel, at this rate, will cover a piece of ground one rod long by six feet wide. Apply the solution gradually to the soil with a sprinkling pot. It is well to cover the bed for 24 hours with sacks disinfected in the formalin solution.

Do not plant until the third or fourth day after disinfecting, or until the ground is in a suitable condition. This will allow all formalin fumes to escape so that the seed and young growing plants will not be injured.

SEED TESTER QUITE SIMPLE

Inexpensive Contrivance Comprises Envelope Enfolding Pad Which Retains Moisture.

The Scientific American in illustrating and describing a seed tester invented by A. F. Esslinger of Ypsilanti, Mich., says: The object of the invention is to provide a simple, and inexpensive contrivance for testing seeds. The tester comprises an envelope



Showing Manner in Which Seeds Are Enclosed in Tester.

formed by folding longitudinally the outer member and stitching it at one of the edges, this envelope enfolds a pad which absorbs and retains moisture for a period sufficient to cause germination of the seeds. The envelope is stitched longitudinally and transversely, to form sections each of which is numbered for identification purposes.

SOIL FERTILITY IS LACKING

Many Unprofitable Pastures Need Reseeding or Liberal Application of Plant Food.

Many pastures gradually prove unprofitable not from overgrazing or seasonable conditions but from lack of soil fertility. This is especially true where cattle, sheep, etc., graze in an open field and then run into some shady spot to rest, so conditions should be carefully studied. In some cases it will be found that the pasture needs reseeding, though in many cases it will be learned that it is overgrazing or lack of available fertility in the soil that causes the decline, in which case removing the stock for a time if from overgrazing or the application of the necessary plant food if the latter will prove profitable.

CONFINED FOWLS NEED GRIT

Conditions, in Winter Season Are Vastly Different From Summer When Hens Are Free.

When the hens are running in the field in summer they pick up and eat small sharp pieces of gravel which serve as grit to grind the food in the gizzard and keep the digestive organs in good shape. When the hens are confined to the houses during the winter they must have plenty of grit, and the commercial grit to be given in boxes and hoppers is the best, because it is the right size and is sharp.

LIME IS GOOD DISINFECTANT

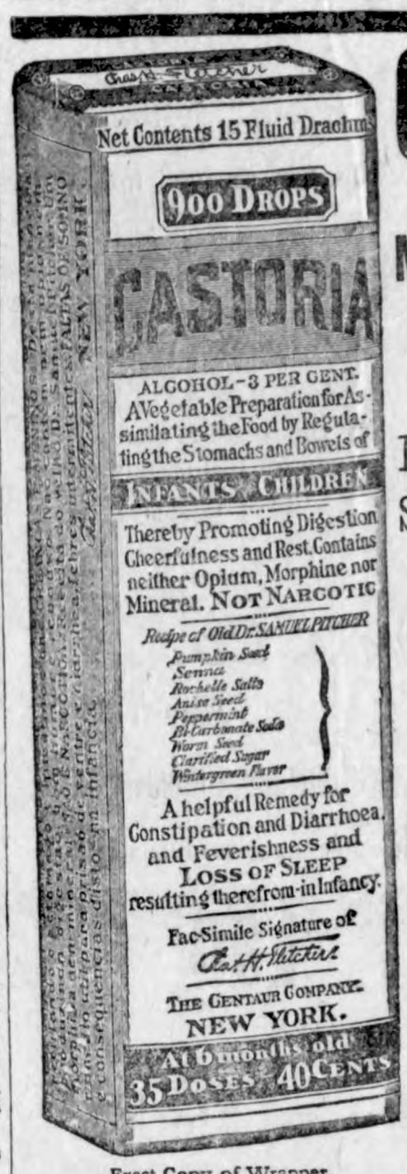
Scattered About Henhouse It Has Tendency to Keep Fowls in Thrifty Condition.

Air-slaked lime is one of the best things known to scatter about in the henhouse, over the walls, roosts and floor, and in the nests, as a disinfectant. It keeps fowls in good health. It is also excellent to use in fighting roup and mites.

MORE FERTILIZER IS NEEDED

Every Shovelful of Manure Should Be Saved and With Rubbish Plowed Under.

More fertilizer is needed on many farms. Every shovelful of manure should be saved and all rubbish turned under when possible to improve the fertility of the soil. It takes plant food to yield crops. Poor land should be improved.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Needn't Economize.

"Is your daughter going to make her debut this season, Mrs. Comeup?"

"No, ma'am; we ain't so hard pushed yet that we have to have anything homemade."

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up; the air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed up with a cold or nasty catarrh.—Adv.

Behind the Times.

"What horsepower have you in this establishment?" "Don't use any horses, mister. We've got motors."

EASIER FOR HER TO DYE THAN TO BUY

"Diamond Dyes" Turn Faded, Shabby Apparel Into New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells how to diamond dye over any color. To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

When a man is in trouble two-thirds of his alleged friends are willing to help him stay in it.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER.

Constipation invites other troubles which come speedily unless quickly checked and overcome by Green's August Flower which is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion both in stomach and intestines, cleans and sweetens the stomach and alimentary canal, stimulates the liver to secrete the bile and impurities from the blood. It is a sovereign remedy used in many thousands of households all over the civilized world for more than half a century by those who have suffered with indigestion, nervous dyspepsia, sluggish liver, coming up of food, palpitation, constipation and other intestinal troubles. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Try a bottle, take no substitute.—Adv.

The little cur is always trying to get even with the big dog.

Icicles are cool eaves droppers.

LAND

FORD COUNTY, KANSAS

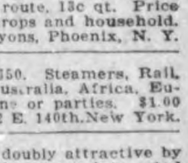
Delightful climate, year round. Altitude 2,500 feet. Cool, refreshing summer nights. Relief from hayfever and asthma. Water the best, inexhaustible underflow. Soil very deep silt loam. No rocks, gravel, sand or gumbo. Wheat, corn, oats, barley, milo-maize, kafir. Country developing rapidly with modern towns, fine schools and churches.

$40.00 PER ACRE

We are reliable and do not misrepresent.

THE L. E. WAIT COMPANY
BROKER IN
COLONIZATION TRACTS AND RANCH PROPERTIES
DODGE CITY, KANSAS
Established 1901

DON'T CUT OUT A Shoe Boil, Capped Hock or Bursitis



FOR

ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REG. U. S. PAT. OFF

will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. $2.50 a bottle delivered. Book 6 R free.

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, the antiseptic liniment for Boils, Bruises, Sores, Swellings, Varicose Veins. Allays Pain and Inflammation. Price $1.25 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Will tell you more if you write.

W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

LIBERTY BONDS
ALL ISSUES
50-100-500-1000
Bought and Sold on Commission
POST BROTHERS & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
52 Broadway, New York

Cuticura Soap Clears the Skin and Keeps it Clear
Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

DAIRY FARMS FOR SALE
In productive N. Y. state, near large city. Banks, stores, high school & college. Modern bldgs., furnace, el. lights, running water, paved road. Local milk route, 13c qt. Price $25,000; includes stock, crops and household. Address Owner, W. D. Lyons, Phoenix, N. Y.

Around World, 4 Mos. $650. Steamers, Rail, Hotels, Tips inclusive. Australia, Africa, Europe (Battlefields). Alone or parties. $1.00 itineraries. H. Harris, 342 E. 140th, New York.

Attractive Homes made doubly attractive by adding Indian goods. If you are interested in unique decoration we will send you an actual photo of a home artistically arranged in the Indian-Bungalow style—Navajo Rugs, Hopi Baskets, Plaques, etc., for sale. Indian Products Company, Flagstaff, Arizona.

480 ACRES, CENTRAL SOUTH DAKOTA, rich black loam soil; 300 acres can be plowed with tractor, balance good grazing land. Fenced. $35.00 per acre. Three miles post office and general stores. W. C. RANDOLPH, Cheyenne Agency, South Dakota.

OIL Invest $100 and make $1,000. Write for interesting particulars. Conroe Oil Co., 698 Union Bk. Bldg., Houston, Tex.

Yes; S. S. S. Is Purely Vegetable Nature's Safe Blood Treatment

On the Market Half a Century.

When you are in perfect health, and are enjoying a strong and vigorous vitality, it is then that your blood is free from all impurities.

You should be very careful and give heed to the slightest indication of impure blood. A sluggish circulation is often indicated by an impaired appetite, a feeling of lassitude and a general weakening of the system. It is then that you should promptly take a few bottles of S. S. S. It will aid in cleansing the blood and build up and strengthen the whole system. S. S. S. is sold by all druggists. Valuable information about the blood supply can be had free by writing to the Swift Specific Co., 50 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

SPRING!

Regardless of the weather outside, has arrived in our store.

Here unhampered by "pushing salesmen" but assisted by courteous attendents, you can comfortably look thru our new Spring Styles——suils that interest men that want correct dress.

The leading colors. as shown at the better stores in New York are tones of brown, shades of blue, mixture of gray and greenish effects.

And your exact fit is here.

Patton Bros. Co.

Mason City, Iowa — Manly, Iowa

"VALUE FIRST CLOTHIERS"

Walter F. Lau

Dealer In

Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

Now is the time to select your

Spring Machinery!

We have just received a large shipment of the highest grade machinery, including:-

International, John Deere and Emerson Farm Machinery

from which to pick your disc drag, seeder, plow, cultivator or other farm implement.

Gas Engines

We handle the well known Fairbanks-Morse Engines and other reliable makes from 1 1-2 to 6 h. p., unmounted or on trucks.

The New Idea Spreader

is absoluetly the best spreader on the market. We have a car load coming on the way, place your order now.

Buggies and Wagons

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements — *Klemme, Iowa*

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN — SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105

RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs — Electrical Treatments

Eyes Tested — Glasses Fitted

Subscribe Today at $2.00

CHUMS OF BOYHOOD RALLY TO LOWDEN

Sunrise, Minn., Birthplace of Illinois Governor, Backs Him for President.

THE LOWDEN SWIMMING HOLE

Early Friends of Governor See Village Famous as Cradle of President —"Born in Sunrise and Been Awake Ever Since."

Sunrise, Minn., a sleepy little village with a population of 200, has found a place in the political sun. Politics has put the village on the map and it expects to stay there. For Gov. Frank O. Lowden of Illinois, one of the leading candidates for the Republican presidential nomination, was born in Sunrise fifty-nine years ago. His boyhood chums and neighbors are conscious of the fame thrust upon them. Perhaps the most enthusiastic Lowden-for-president club in the country is the one that meets in Sunrise, now in the village hall, now in Andrew Lind's general store.

It is many years since the Lowdens made their home in Sunrise—more than half a century, in fact—but the village has never forgotten the family, least of all "little Frank." The old shed where Lorenzo Lowden, the governor's father, had his blacksmith shop, still stands. It is the property of the Lowden children, used only for storage purposes—and for the ghost games which, the folk say, were started by Frank Lowden. The Lowden home still stands, too. It is an old-fashioned dwelling that occupies a rise of ground two miles from the village. There is a third building in Sunrise that figured in the governor's boyhood. That is the schoolhouse. Lorenzo Lowden helped to build it so his boy could have a schooling. The one-room structure is but a stone's throw from the blacksmith shop. It is no longer a school, having been succeeded by a more modern building, but is now the village hall. A picture of the Illinois governor hangs on the wall, and under its roof the Lowden club holds meetings.

The Sunrise folk are full of stories about Frank Lowden.

"He was a studious child," said Henry Voss, one of the governor's schoolmates. "After he had learned to read he used to walk back and forth between the school and home, a distance of two miles, carrying a book before his face. The boys would speak to him and he wouldn't answer. If we annoyed him when he was interested he would stop and trounce us. Or," Voss added, with a twinkle, "at least he'd try to."

In a bend of the river near town is the swimming hole where Frank's career was almost cut short. The boy was passionately fond of the water and in the spring could scarcely wait for the ice to go out.

"See right over there in the center?" asked Voss. "That's where Frank nearly drowned. Trying to do what the older and stronger boys did he got up on the springboard and plunged off in ten feet of water. Theo. Voss saw his head bob up, go down, come up a second time and again disappear. Theo dived in, a few feet down the current, caught him by the hair and dragged him ashore. We poured the water out of him and in a few minutes he was as right as ever."

"Lowden's swimming hole" is still popular with the boys of the neighborhood.

Many of the governor's old friends are now at North Branch, ten miles from Sunrise. Among them is S. W. Runyan, who had something to do with Frank's education.

"I taught Frank to hunt squirrels," said Runyan. "We covered many a mile of this country with our gun and dogs."

The Lowdens left Sunrise in the late sixties. The last picture of Frank's boyhood that remains with the old residents is that of a sturdy little chap, dressed for travel, marching off down the road behind the "prairie schooner" that bore all the Lowden effects to their new home in Iowa. There was nothing forlorn about the picture. The boy was cheerful, wideawake and on the lookout for something to do. Alertness was characteristic of him.

Said Henry Voss, the village philosopher, speaking of his old friend:

"Frank was born here in Sunrise, and it kind of appears that he has been awake ever since."

FARMERS TO PUSH LOWDEN

Harvey J. Sconce Quits Agricultural Post to Work for Governor.

Harvey J. Sconce, a former baseball star of the University of Illinois, has resigned as president of the Illinois Agricultural association to devote his entire time to organization work among the farmers of the middle West in the interest of Gov. Frank O. Lowden's candidacy for president. He will make a tour of North and South Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Michigan, Iowa, Nebraska, Colorado and other states, talking to the farmers.

GOV. LOWDEN REAL FRIEND OF FARMER

Record in Offices Proves His Interest in Measures to Benefit Agriculture

MANAGES HIS OWN FARM

Illinois Governor Is Cotton Planter, Stock Raiser and General Farmer —Fosters Bills to Make Rural Life More Attractive.

Gov. Frank O. Lowden of Illinois, one of the leading candidates for the Republican nomination for president, is a practical and successful farmer. Born on a farm near Sunrise, Minn., of sturdy American parentage, he moved to Hardin county, Iowa, when he was 7 years old, where he worked his way through school later by teaching. When he came to Chicago, he purchased a large farm near Oregon, Ill., which he now calls his home.

This farm is one of the finest in Illinois. In addition to this he owns and operates two cotton plantations in Arkansas and has extensive stock breeding interests in Texas. Although he has been successful as a teacher, lawyer, business man and statesman, Lowden prefers to be known as a farmer. He has a way of succeeding in everything he undertakes and his experience as a farmer is no exception to this rule.

The governor's interest in farming has at no time been more forcibly shown than during the four years he has governed Illinois. In his inaugural address he laid out a broad policy which he has consistently followed for fostering every phase of agriculture. He said, on taking office:

"Agriculture is our most important industry. It is the source of our greatness. Its continued success is the condition of any permanent prosperity within our borders. The conservation movement must concern itself with the soil, for even our brief history shows that fertile fields may become abandoned farms through other causes than lack of rainfall. The raising of live stock seems necessary if we are to preserve the fertility of the soil. We should foster this industry in every way we can.

"We should encourage co-operative farming. Wherever you find agriculture in its highest state you find that co-operation has made its greatest advance."

One of the most notable measures taken by Gov. Lowden to foster agriculture was the civil administrative code. This act consolidated in the state department of agriculture various commissions and bureaus, created from time to time to aid the farming interests. The efficiency of administration was vastly enhanced by this centralization of responsibility, and the benefits to the rural population have been increasingly evident during the two years since the code was adopted.

Moreover, through Gov. Lowden's active interest, a number of bills have been put through the legislature directly bearing on the farmer's lot. These include the bill for establishing a tenancy commission, for regulating commission merchants, the pure seed law, the revised dog law, compensation for the slaughter of tubercular cattle, appropriation of $125,000 for a limestone plant, appropriation for a live stock biological laboratory, establishing a veterinary college, and regulating the spread of plant disease.

The governor likes not only farms but farmers. In a speech recently he said:

"In these troublesome times I often wish I were governor of a state whose only citizens were farmers. The farmer is the greatest stabilizer in the country and if it were not for our 6,000,000 farmers I would despair of the future of America."

LAST LINCOLN PALLBEARER LOOKS TO LOWDEN TO LEAD

Simeon W. King, Friend of Emancipator, Expects Illinoisan's Record to Make Him Party Choice.

Simeon W. King, active in Illinois Republican politics for 70 years and the last surviving pallbearer who officiated at the funeral services for Abraham Lincoln held in Chicago, has declared his intention of supporting Governor Frank O. Lowden for president.

"I have voted for every Republican president since Lincoln and I expect to cast my ballot for Lowden next November," said Mr. King. "I have known Frank Lowden for thirty years, and he is just the type of man the country needs for president in this crisis of the country's history. He is able, honest, progressive, experienced and efficient. I remember when he first came to Chicago as a poor young man to study law. I saw him admitted to the bar and later enter public life and rise to fame, and I feel proud of his great success.

"He has proven the best governor Illinois has ever had, and we have had some great executives in the history of the state.

You Can PROFITABLY PATRONIZE This Bank

It is accommodating. It co-operates in every manner known to the best, most up to-date banking methods, with those who patronize the Bank.

It assits by extending credit where credit is due, by gladly giving advice to anyone wishing to consult its officers on any financial or business matter.

Come in and talk it over with us. You will find the friendship of this bank valuabl to you.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

EVERY LUMBER ORDER HAS OUR PERSONAL, UNDIVIDED, ATTENTION

One of your guarantees of correct service here is fact that your every lumber order, large or small, has our closest personal attention in the filling.

We take no chance of making any avoidable mistake.

It is a vital part of our service to you to insure your complete satisfaction in every deal at our yard.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement

Lime

Brick

Posts

Drain Tile

Olaf Brynteson, Mgr.

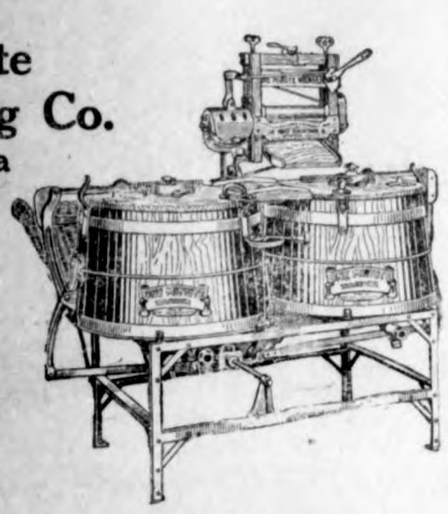
o Need to Boil Clothes Now

OILING clothes, the wash board, washing powders, etc., are all eliminated by the ONE MINUTE Pow- Washer which, with soap and hot water, gets a big shing clean and white and on the line by nine.

ONE MINUTE WASHER

built to last a life time---to save you labor and time. e wooden tub "holds in" the heat, enabling you to sh the second and third batch of clothes with the same t" water. Come in and see a demonstration of the wer washer that has "made good" and has over a illion satisfied users."

One Minute Manufacturing Co.
Newton, Iowa



supply you with single or double Power or Electric.

The Ideal Washer for the Busy House-keeper

Jacobs & Son

are Feed Salt Paint & Oil

VICTORY

A Safe Place for Receipts

our receipts proper protection for some day they rotect you.

deposit box offers that protection at a fractional f its value. The box is kept in a fireproof vault. ave access with the only key.

ls as low as $1.00 yearly. Reserve a safety depo- x today.

First National Bank

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

e carry a nice line of Fresh Gro- ies--Ladies, mens and childrens oes for all kinds of wear--also a mplete line of

Dry Goods

me in and let us show you the w goods for Spring which are ming in at this time. We will interested to show you and you ll be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors Phone 72

STATE NEWS

Gleaned from many fields and summered for busy readers

Kossuth county has a membership in its Farm Bureau of 2145.

Fred C. Schmitt has sold his farm, one mile south of Holland, for $35,000. There are 110 acres in this tract.

Sheep in Iowa have increased four per cent during the past year. This is a greater increase than any of the neighboring states.

John Carman of Rockford trapped a mink, the pelt of which was 36 inches long and 3¾ inches wide, the largest ever caught in Iowa.

The Supreme Court of Iowa has convened for the March term. The biggest case under consideration is the Bettendorf case of Davenport, involving $4,000,000.

For the past two years Belle Plaine school children have ranked high among the 100 cities and towns of Iowa where gardening classes have been maintained.

Sioux City is to have an aerial police force. Captain Sanford Willits and Lieutenant Paul Hoerr have been employed. They will be used to pursue escaping criminals.

The Wright and Franklin County Breeders Associations are backing a pig club project for the children whose parents are stockholders in the big sales pavilion recently constructed at Rowan.

The farmers of Iowa have lost in the last eight months $3,000,000 in the reduction in the price of products on the farm. The farmers of the state are just beginning to realize that it is just as necessary to get a market for their products as it is to produce them.

Every high school in Des Moines is now maintaining a completely organized Y. M. C. A. of its own, developing community service, social work and the regular physical training features of the adult institution.

One of the largest single sales of land in Iowa during the past year was that of the J. C. Phillips farm of 800 acres, bordering Wayne and Appanoose counties, at $112,000. This farm is mostly unimproved land. Besides this, a 290-acre farm near Humeston, in Wayne county, sold for $92,000, or $317.25 an acre.

At the meeting of the quadrennial session of the Methodist church to be held in Des Moines during the month of May a vigorous effort will be made by the Iowa representatives to secure a resident bishopric in Des Moines. This state is now in the Omaha area. It has been many years since Iowa was favored by a resident bishop. The late Bishop J. F. Hurst was the last one.

New Hampton has an unusually successful municipal electric light and water plant. The electric plant was purchased by the city in 1907 for $5,600. At that time there was a broad minded council of business men who had a vision of the future. Three thousand six hundred dollars were received from customers the first year. This year the same plant with two more men at work turned in $21,000.

Money spent in ornamental planting of trees and shrubs about the country school is money well spent. The results of the early training the boys and girls receive in practical and ornamental values of planting of shrubs and trees will be shown in the homes of the children. Later on more of the homes of those who remain in the community will be benefited in being more beautiful places in which to live.

Blackhawk county claims the smallest pair of twins of which there is any record in this country. The combined weight of the twins is only eight pounds, Julia weighing three pounds and 13 ounces and Michael tipping the scales at four pounds and three ounces. They were born February 19 and have been placed in a baby incubator, where they appear to be thoroughly contented. They are said to resemble animated dolls rather than real babies.

Recent county agent district conferences held in several counties of the state demonstrated the fact that the scope of work to be performed by county agents in Iowa in the future has been widened considerably by the organization of township farm bureaus. Much of the activities of the various counties in the state will be handled through these township organizations, leaving the county agent free to work in an advisory and supervisory capacity.

R. G. McDuff of Monroe disposed of his famous Duroc boar, Royal Pathfinder, to Hankes & Bishop, New London, for $20,000. He also sold ten sows to the same parties for $10,000.

After declaring a dividend of 7 per cent, the Farmers Shipping Co. of Kimballton has a surplus of $4000 in the treasury to show for its $400,000 business transacted during 1919. The company also successfully operates a feed store in connection with its operations. During last year it shipped 130 car loads of stock and 25 cars of feed.

In the 1919 demonstrational work over Iowa the sprayed trees produced two and one-half times as many bushels of apples as the unsprayed ones. To secure the best results from fruit trees it is as necessary to spray them as it is to do any other important work on the farm. Spraying is culminative in its results, as not only large yields of better fruit are obtained, but the trees are in better condition to produce fruit buds for the next year's crop. During the growing season the trees must, first, feed the insect pests and diseases that live on them; second, mature if possible a crop of fruit; third, produce fruit buds for the next year's crop.

Professor R. T. Parkhurst, Iowa State College visited Mahaska county recently to look into poultry conditions. Professor Parkhurst gives his report on conditions as follows: "I found conditions very poor. Five out of seven flocks visited were mongrel. One flock was a mixture of five breeds, so mixed that it was impossible to tell what varieties previously existed. There was one bird in this flock with a blue back and body, blue wings and red hackle. Four out of the seven flocks had tuberculosis. Most of them also had roup. There was not a single house that was properly ventilated. Most of them could be made over with little labor and expense into ideal semi-monitor type houses."

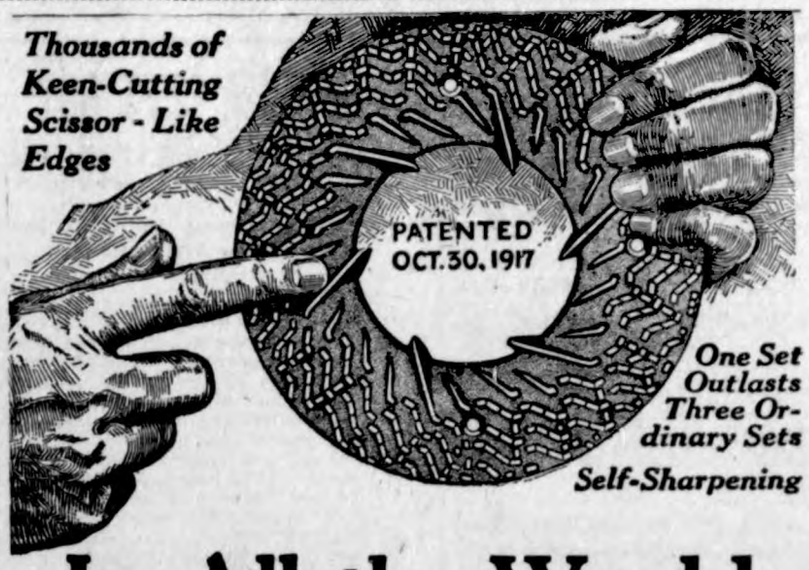
Near Peru, Madison county, in the Hiatt orchard, still stands the apple tree from which the famous "Delicious' variety was obtained. The quality of the fruit produced from this particular tree attracted attention and an enterprising nurseryman down in Missouri heard of it and he proceeded to obtain scions from its branches and by grafting it was not long until a start was made toward the development of the most popular apple grown in the west. Millions of bushels are marketed every year and by the time the choice specimens reach Boston, they readily sell for 25 cents each. As fine apples of this variety as are grown anywhere are produced from orchards right here in Iowa. In an early day near Peru was located the largest sugar camp in the west. A great grove of hard maples, the original sugar-tree, provided sweetness for the people of that section before refined sugar as we now know it had been evolved.

The Presbyterian church in Sioux City has quite a history. It was the first church in Sioux City, organized in 1859. The first pastor was a missionary named Chestnut. He was going down the Mississippi river one time and remarked to the captain of the steamboat that he was planning to build a church at Sioux City, then a mere village out on the frontier. The captain told him when he got ready for a bell he had the very one that was needed, and so an order was given for the bell and in due time $250 was raised to pay for it. Before the church was completed the bell was placed on a pole and served to call worshippers to the school house where services were being held. Since that time three different church edifices have been erected by the Presbyterians, each an improvement over its predecessor, but the same old bell is still doing duty. It is patterned after a steamboat bell, but is much larger and is made from a combination of metals of which bell makers of the present have no knowledge. The bell was brought to Sioux City on a steamboat up the Missouri river in 1861.

Iowa farmers are starting the new farm year with 35,000,000 more bushels of corn in the crib than they had on March 1 of last year, a total of 166,500,000 bushels of corn being on hand, according to figures issued by the Iowa co-operative crop reporting service. While 40 per cent of the total crop for 1919 is still on the farms, only 28 of the remaining 60 per cent has been shipped from the state. About 39 per cent of the oats crop last year, or nearly 26,800,000 bushels less than last year, are now in the bins. Of the remaining 61 per cent, about two-thirds will be shipped out of the state. Wheat and barley are not kept over the winter in large amounts for only 17 per cent of the wheat and 27 per cent of the barley is still in the possession of the farmer. About 67 per cent of the wheat and 45 per cent of the barley will be sold outside of the state. The increase in farm values during the last year, show for poor plow lands an average of $129 to $157 an acre. Good plow lands jumped from $196 to $257 an acre, and the average from $169 to $219. Improved lands showed an increase from $192 to $255 and unimproved lands from $156 to $205.

Contestants from the high school in Goldfield won the three firsts in the declamatory contests of Eagle Grove, Clarion, Belmond, Dows, Rowan and Goldfield. Clarion was second, Eagle Grove third.

One of the biggest meetings of its kind ever held in Iowa was that which called together the members of the County Wool Growers Association and their friends recently, for an all-day meeting. It was decided to ship cooperatively another year and all seemed well satisfied with the results of last year.



In All the World
No Grinding Plate Like the LETZ!

Here's one of the famous Letz Grinding Plates—one of those plates between whose thousands of whirling scissor-like edges the grain and roughage is ground powder-fine in one operation.

No other process so fine cutting, so fast cutting, so durable, so dependable. No other process so altogether desirable for the feeder who wants to grind his own feed.

9 Sizes 22 Styles **LETZ** 2 to 40 H. P.
America's Leading Feed Mill

Letz Mills are enabling hundreds of thousands of progressive farmers and feeders to cut down their feed costs one-fifth, to save the 20% of feed that goes to waste when fed *whole*, to raise their hogs and cattle for market quicker, better, more economically.

LET US DEMONSTRATE

Henry Lau & Son
Farm Implements *Klemme, Iowa*

Come to This Store

for your wants in all kinds of Merchandise

Dry Goods **Groceries**
Shoes **Rubbers**
Hosiery **Underwear**
Work clothing Etc.

You can save money here

Try us—bring your next order in and let us fill it for you. We will give you good goods—best service—lowest prices.

Eggs taken same as cash in trade.

G. W. Kluchohn & Sons

For Your Sunday Dinner

Make your table attractive and the food appetizing with

Heinz Products

We have just received a new shipment of Pickles, Ketchup, Mustard, Peanut Butter and other Heinz Products.

Once Tried, Always Used

J. P. Larsen & Sons

You can *sell that article!* *A Classified ad brings result*

FLOODS IN EAST DESTROY HOMES

Many Houses Swept Away and Occupants Are Rescued by Boats.

BLIZZARD PILES UP SNOW

Towns Along the Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rivers Worst Sufferers —New York City Hit by Another Blizzard.

Philadelphia, March 8.—Freezing temperatures, which came on the heels of a raging snow, wind and rain storm, are expected to check the floods which broke over eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware, causing heavy damage and driving many persons from their homes.

Driven by a strong northwest gale, the snow piled up in big drifts and brought the trolley service in this city to a standstill. Hundreds of night workers living in outlying sections were forced to pass the night at hotels.

Virtually every stream in this section of the state overflowed its banks Thursday, and ice gorges broken by the high water swept away bridges and railroad tracks. Telegraph and telephone service was put out of commission in many places and a number of towns and cities were in darkness at night by the flooding of power plants.

Scores of Homes Washed Away.

Trolley service was badly crippled and several lines were forced to cease operations entirely because of washouts. Scores of houses along the banks of the swollen streams were washed away, and many mills and factories had to shut down because of flooded boiler rooms. Men, women and children, marooned in their homes, were rescued in boats, some of them being taken from second story windows.

Towns along the Schuylkill and Susquehanna rivers appeared to be the heaviest sufferers. Reading, Lancaster, Harrisburg, Williamsport and Wilkesbarre reported heavy damage. Parts of all these towns were inundated and much of the surrounding lowland was under water.

The breaking of two ice gorges in the Schuylkill river above Reading caused all of the industries in that city using electric power to close down. Bridges and houses were swept away at Lancaster and the city's filtration plant was threatened. All the streams in the Wyoming valley overflowed and low-lying sections of Wilkesbarre and suburban towns were under water.

Many Families Marooned.

At South Wilkesbarre all traffic except by boats was suspended, and scores of families were marooned in their homes.

Entire blocks were inundated to the second story at Wilmington when the Brandywine overflowed its banks. Occupants of the houses were rescued by the police, fire department and volunteer workers. The refugees passed the night at the fire houses and police stations.

New Storm Damages New York.

New York, March 8.—Another unwelcome storm visited New York just as the city was commencing to recover from the effects of the $5,000,000 blizzard of a month ago. Within 12 hours the metropolis struggled with a pelting rain, a driving sleet storm and a biting snow squall. As the temperature dropped steadily during the night the wind increased in velocity until during the early morning hours it had reached an unofficial velocity of sixty miles an hour, which bodes ill for shipping off the coast.

The rising wind whistled through the canyons of narrow streets in the skyscraper district, making walking well nigh impossible. It unloosened signs, toppled over chimneys here and there and smashed great plate-glass windows in fashionable shops along Fifth avenue, causing thousands of dollars damage.

AWAKEN TONG WAR MEMORIES

Murderers of Chinese Restaurant Keeper in New York Fail to Mark Dead Body.

New York, March 8.—Memories of murderous tong wars in Chinatown in past years were revived by the first murder in that picturesque quarter in the last five years. Lee Wing, a restaurant keeper in Doyers street, was found dead yesterday with a fractured skull. As the body was not mutilated in the peculiar manner customary in tong slayings, the police believe the tongs were not connected with the murder.

Steal $8,000 in Whisky.

St. Louis, Mo., March 8.—Whisky valued at $8,000 was stolen by four unidentified men who broke into the government bonded warehouse at Valley Park, Mo., seventeen miles west of here. The thieves were fired on as they drove away in a truck, but escaped after returning the fire.

Blizzard Rages in Montana.

Helena, Mont., March 8.—Snow, wind, and below zero temperatures are reported in the portion of Montana east of the Rocky mountains. Traffic on roads leading to Bozeman, Mont., is impeded by the deep snow.

PNEUMONIA LEFT BOY WEAK AND SICKLY

Parents Were Almost Hopeless, But He Is Now Well and Strong.

"Our little boy's health was so poor we were afraid we were going to lose him. He is ten years old, and has had weak lungs ever since he was eight months old, caused by pneumonia. We have been very careful with him and doctored him continually, but we had almost despaired of ever having a strong, well boy.

"But since giving him Milks Emulsion all his trouble is gone, and he is in perfect health."—Mrs. G. W. Smiley, 20 Maple St., Dayton, O.

For restoring appetite, health and strength in sickly children, mothers will find Milks Emulsion the thing they have always sought. Most children like to take it, because unlike many emulsions and tonics, it really tastes good.

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It retores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength Milks Emulsion is strongly recommended to those whom sickness has weakened, and is a powerful aid in resisting and repairing the effects of wasting diseases. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.—Adv.

Slighting the Description.

Mr. Justwed—Here's my discharge from the army. Nice, isn't it?

His Bride—Let's see. "Had gray eyes, brown hair, light complexion—" Why, Edwin, that's horrid. It doesn't say a word about those dear amber glints in your eyes, nor that soft, tempting wave of your hair, nor your simply adorable complexion.

"DANDERINE" PUTS BEAUTY IN HAIR

Girls! A mass of long, thick, gleamy tresses

Let "Danderine" save your hair and double its beauty. You can have lots of long, thick, strong, lustrous hair. Don't let it stay lifeless, thin, scraggly or fading. Bring back its color, vigor and vitality.

Get a 35-cent bottle of delightful "Danderine" at any drug or toilet counter to freshen your scalp; check dandruff and falling hair. Your hair needs this stimulating tonic; then its life, color, brightness and abundance will return—Hurry!—Adv.

Fly's Frugality.

"The philosopher who told us to 'go to the ant' for our lesson in frugality, should have said, 'Go to the fly.'" "But the fly is not a frugal insect." "Yes, it is. Why, they simply swarm into the cheap eating houses."—Wichita Eagle.

A Feeling of Security

You naturally feel secure when you know that the medicine you are about to take is absolutely pure and contains no harmful or habit producing drugs.

Such a medicine is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

The same standard of purity, strength and excellence is maintained in every bottle of Swamp-Root.

It is scientifically compounded from vegetable herbs.

It is not a stimulant and is taken in teaspoonful doses.

It is not recommended for everything.

It is nature's great helper in relieving and overcoming kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

A sworn statement of purity is with every bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

If you need a medicine, you should have the best. On sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to try this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Much Appreciated.

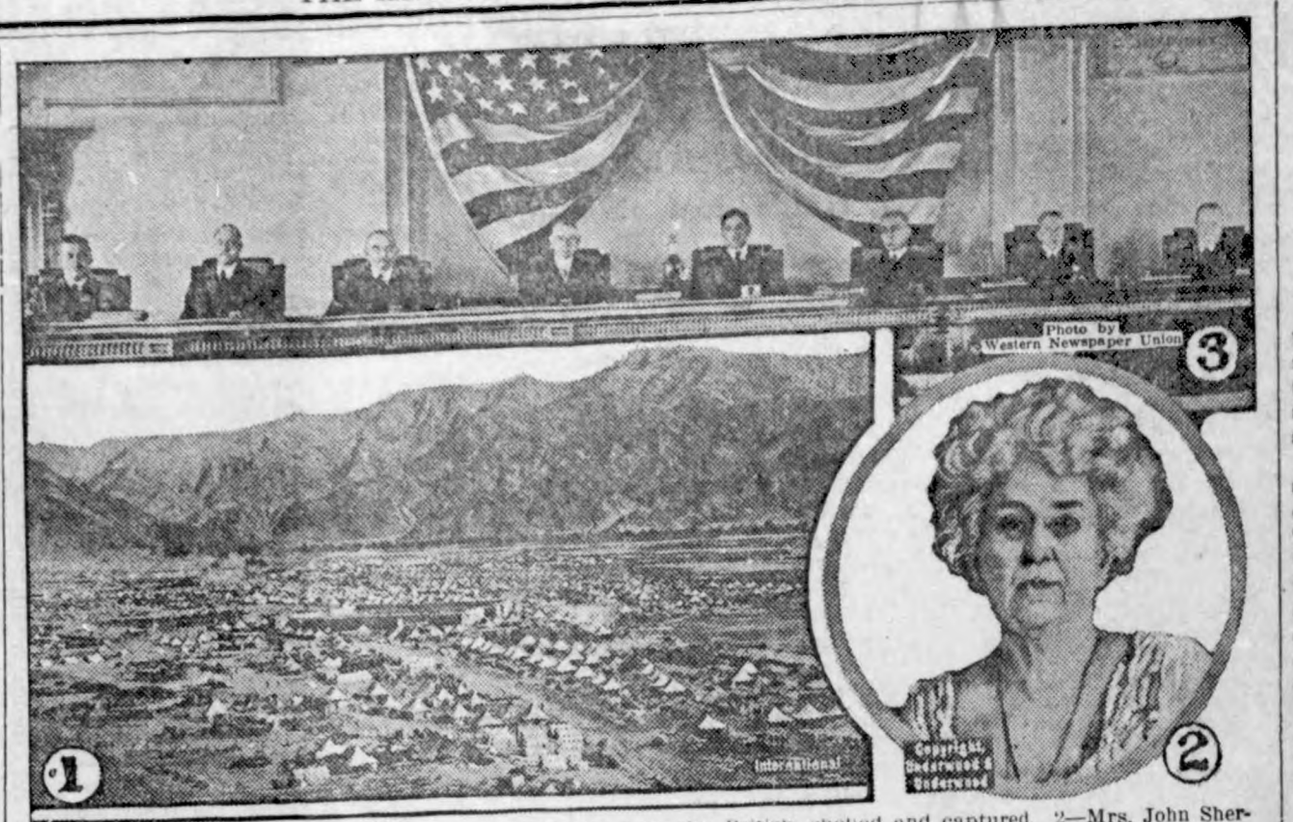
"They say an hour early in the morning is worth two in the afternoon." "So it is, if you can have it in bed."

There is no excuse for the dyspeptic with Garfield Tea accessible at every drug store.—Adv.

Yes, Stanley, it takes a lot of ice cream and candy to decorate love's young dream properly.

USE MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Morning. *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. **Soothes, Refreshes.** Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago



1—British camp at Dakka, Afghanistan, showing fort the British shelled and captured. 2—Mrs. John Sherwin Crosby of New York, known as the "Grand Old Lady of Democracy." 3—New photograph of the interstate commerce commission which has enlarged powers under the new railway law.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Mr. Wilson Eliminates Himself From the Race for the Democratic Nomination.

PALMER IS AFTER THE PRIZE

Various Attacks on the Prohibition Amendment and the Volstead Law —Supreme Court Puts O. K. on Steel Trust—Peace and War Moves in Europe.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

President Wilson got out twice last week. For the first time in five months he was taken out for an automobile ride, surprising all who saw him by his robust physical appearance and gleefully exchanging greetings with the people of Washington. Two days earlier he took himself out of the race for the Democratic nomination for the presidency. This long-awaited event occurred Monday after William G. McAdoo had a confidential talk with his father-in-law. The news of the conference was speedily communicated to Attorney General Palmer and he, in turn, got into touch with Mr. Wilson through his adherents in the White House. The president let Mr. Palmer know he had told Mr. McAdoo he would not be a candidate for renomination, and also gave express permission to the attorney general to announce his own candidacy. Mr. Palmer lost no time, telegraphing authority to file his petition in Georgia, where Tom Watson and former Senator Hardwick are boosting Senator Reed as an anti-administration candidate. Palmer hopes to rally the administration forces there to his support and believes McAdoo can scarcely afford to split them by entering the contest in that state. The president let it be known that he will keep his hands off the pre-convention campaign, not favoring McAdoo, Palmer or Hoover, any one of whom presumably would be a nominee satisfactory to him.

Mr. Palmer, according to his spokesman, stands with the president on the question of the treaty and League of Nations and is willing to make that an issue of the campaign. He is against universal military training because he thinks the League of Nations will make it unnecessary. He holds that the Sherman anti-trust law must be modified. He favors the enforcement of the prohibition law and does not believe it will be a real issue in the campaign. Despite the fact that he is a dry, one of his chief lieutenants will be former Congressman Carlin of Virginia, a leader of the wets.

Which brings us neatly to consideration of the late John Barleycorn and the rumblings from his grave which are causing perturbation among the drys and also among many of the politicians. The first of these ominous noises last week was the decision of Federal Judge Geiger at Milwaukee legalizing the manufacture and sale of 2.5 per cent beer in Wisconsin on the ground that each state has the sovereign right and police power to fix its own standard as to what constitutes an intoxicating beverage. The prohibition amendment providing for concurrent power of congress and the several states to enforce the amendment. Judge Geiger held that state legislation in the matter could not be overturned by an act of congress; he found section 1, title 2 of the Volstead act unconstitutional.

New Jersey's legislature got into action the same day, and after an exciting debate the senate passed the house bill legalizing the manufacture, sale and transportation of beverages containing not more than 3.5 per cent alcohol by volume. In order to avoid complications the measure was altered so that it does not go into effect until the termination of the state of war with Germany, and severe penalties were fixed for its violation. In this shape it was signed by Governor Edwards, who issued a statement that he approved it not because he was against prohibition but because he sought to defend the ancient American liberty.

In the New York legislature a bill was introduced to legalize beverages containing 6 per cent alcohol, and a resolution was adopted providing for an investigation of the Anti-Saloon league by the judiciary committee.

License was the issue in elections in Massachusetts and Vermont, and in both states many towns that had been dry for years voted wet.

On Thursday New Jersey came to bat again with a suit filed for the state by its attorney general in the United States Supreme court, attacking the constitutionality of the prohibition amendment on the ground that it was improperly drawn, that in 21 states the legislatures have not ratified it as provided for by their state constitutions and that there is no power in congress to propose a constitutional amendment regulating the habits and morals of the people.

Politics of course is entering into the prohibition fight. The wet Democrats of Illinois already have launched the presidential boom of Governor Edwards of New Jersey and have filed the necessary petition that puts his name on the April 3 direct primary ballot. The real leaders of the party in that state, however, say this movement will not amount to much and that the delegates to San Francisco probably will not be instructed.

The New York state Democratic convention adopted resolutions condemning prohibition by constitutional amendment and calling for the restoration of states' rights.

By the close vote of 4 to 3 the United States Supreme court has given legal sanction to the United States Steel corporation, the biggest of industrial combinations. The majority opinion dismissed the government's suit for dissolution of the corporation "without prejudice" so that the proceedings can be reinstituted if the concern does not behave in the future. The opinion was based on the two main points that the size of a corporation is not in itself a violation of the antitrust laws, and that the Steel corporation has not exerted its admitted great power to stifle competition, especially since 1911, when the suit was instituted. No precedent was found in the tobacco and Standard Oil cases; but neither is it assured that this latest decision will furnish a precedent for decision of the suits against the American Sugar Refining company and other trusts that are pending in the Supreme court.

Transfer of the railroads back to private hands was accomplished smoothly and so far nothing has happened that would make the traveling public aware of the change. Officials of some of the roads are hoping that the interstate commerce commission will permit a considerable increase in freight rates to take care of the evident needs of the companies, so that it will not be necessary to ask for higher passenger rates. The government guarantee holds good until September 1, so there may be no boost in rates for several months. The railway brotherhoods wisely concluded to give the new railway legislation a fair trial before talking of strikes, though they did not pretend that they liked it at all. President Wilson has asked the rail executives and the brotherhood leaders to pick their representatives on a board that will at once begin work on pending wage disputes.

International interest is still centered largely on Russia and on the peace offers made by the soviet government. Sentiment in favor of coming to an agreement with the Moscow government seems to be growing stronger, and all the entente nations have been given the tip that they may trade with the Russian co-operatives, whose chief representative has $500,000,000 in gold to pay for the things Russia most needs. The race for this trade is lively among the British and some of the continental nations, including Germany. The representatives of Finland, Latvia and Roumania, and perhaps of other countries, are in Warsaw discussing peace conditions to be submitted to the soviet. Lenine, while apparently striving for international peace, is not letting up on his domestic enemies and at latest reports had General Denikine's Cossack armies cornered in the Kuban peninsula east of the Sea of Azov. In northwest Russia the bolshevik front was advanced almost to the Finnish frontier.

The settlement of the Fiume controversy still lags and discussions of it were transferred from London to Paris. The Jugo-Slavs naturally are pleased with President Wilson's notes, and Premier Nitti of Italy seems to be in conciliatory mood.

Hungary, which has not accepted the peace treaty offered it, has elected Admiral Horthy regent governor of the country, and the adherents of the old regime were hopeful that this presaged its restoration. But the supreme council, it is said, is determined that no Hapsburg shall be placed on the throne of either Austria or Hungary. Premier Nitti, it is reported, has demanded of the supreme council a revision of the Hungarian treaty because as it stands it places 3,000,000 Magyars in the Jugo-Slav, Roumanian and Czecho-Slovak states.

The peace treaty with Turkey is in the hands of experts for completion, its main details having been determined by the allied council. Besides the features already mentioned in these columns, it was decided that the Turkish warships shall be broken up, and that the army shall be reduced to such a point that it will be ineffective against another country. There is great disorder in Turkey, and on Thursday the cabinet resigned, Izzet Pasha being called on to form a new ministry. In connection with the disturbed situation, the British naval forces in the eastern Mediterranean are being largely increased, and French troops have been dispatched to Constantinople.

Both France and Portugal have been having serious labor troubles, and the latter is still so afflicted. In France the rail workers declared a general strike, but the government took drastic measures and, with the aid of thousands of volunteer railway men, broke up the strike and forced the workers to accept a compromise. The disturbance in Portugal also began with a rail strike which spread to tramways and postal and telegraph lines. It was reported the workers had proclaimed a soviet form of government, but this was not confirmed. Of course the Portuguese monarchists, who are always on the lookout for such chances, became active and complicated matters.

Organization of the American Farm Bureau federation was completed at a meeting in Chicago which was attended by representatives of more than 1,000,000 farmers. The organization has raised $500,000 for its 1921 program, and $1,000,000 is promised for 1922. Part of the money will be used to establish national headquarters and to pay officers and experts, some of whom will receive salaries as high as $25,000 a year.

The directors drew up the following tentative program:

National legislation that will prevent strikes and unnecessary suffering.

Investigation of the tariff in relation to farm products.

Fight reciprocity with Canada.

Investigation of marketing, live stock prices and foreign competition.

Lower freight rates.

Investigation of foreign trade relations.

More businesslike relations with packers and consumers.

Investigation of credits and foreign exchange.

Establishment of a Washington office, with experts to watch and report on legislation.

All decent American citizens—and that includes the vast majority of the population—rejoiced over the results of the municipal election in Seattle, Wash. Maj. Hugh M. Caldwell, a former member of the A. E. F., was opposed for the mayoralty by James A. Duncan, leader of the radical element in labor circles there. The issue was clear cut—Americanism against the I. W. W. and extremists in general—and Americanism won, the final count of the vote being 50,850 for Caldwell and 34,849 for Duncan. Seattle has been a center of potential rebellion, but the city feels that it has now removed the blot from its fame.

OUT O' LUC

Never mind! Just Cascarets if Bilious Constipated

Everyone must occasionally the bowels some regular help suffer from constipation, bi tacks, stomach disorders and s ache. But do not whip the bo activity with harsh cathartic

What the liver and bowels a gentle and natural tonic, can constantly be used witho The gentlest liver and bowel "Cascarets." They put the work and cleanse the colon an of all waste, toxins and poiso out griping—they never sicke convenience you like Calome Oil or Purgatives.

Twenty-five million boxes carets are sold each year. T while you sleep. Cascarets c tle too.—Adv.

Vice's Aftermath.

He (despairing)—Oh, why ever learn gambling?

She—That's the trouble; y learned.

URIC ACID IN MEAT CLOGS THE KI

Take a Glass of Salts if Y Hurts or Bladder Bothers.

If you must have your me day, eat it, but flush your kidn salts occasionally, says a t thority who tells us that mea uric acid which almost paral kidneys in their efforts to from the blood. They beco gish and weaken, then you su a dull misery in the kidney sharp pains in the back or si ache, dizziness, your stomac tongue is coated and when the is bad you have rheumatic The urine gets cloudy, full ment, the channels often get irritated, obliging you to s two or three times during the

To neutralize these irritati to cleanse the kidneys and the body's urinous waste ounces of Jad Salts from a macy here; take a tablespoo glass of water before breakf few days and your kidneys act fine. This famous salts from the acid of grapes and juice, combined with lithia, been used for generations and stimulate sluggish kidn to neutralize the acids in ur no longer irritates, thus endi weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; e jure, and makes a delightful cent lithia-water drink.—Adv.

Married in Ignorance.

Beck—Yes, I have met y In fact, I knew her before yo her.

Peck—Ah, that's where yo advantage of me—I didn't Answers.

FRECKL

Now Is the Time to Get Ri These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slighte feeling ashamed of your freckles —double strength—is guaranteed these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Oth strength—from your druggist, a little of it night and morning should soon see that even the w have begun to disappear, while ones have vanished entirely. I that more than one ounce is need pletely clear the skin and gain clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the dou Othine, as this is sold under money back if it fails to remove

No Leisure for Animadv

"You never mention the hi living any more." "Too bus about it! Hustling for the p

RUB RHEUMATIC PAIN FROM ACHING

Rub Pain Right Out With S Bottle of Old "St. Jacobs Oil."

Stop "dosing" Rheumatism. It's pain only; not one c requires internal treatme soothing, penetrating "St. J right on the "tender spot," a time you say Jack Ro comes the rheumatic pain a "St. Jacobs Oil" is a harm matism liniment which n points and doesn't burn th takes pain, soreness and stif aching joints, muscles an stops sciatica, lumbago, bac neuralgia.

Limber up! Get a small of old-time, honest "St. J from any drug store, and ment, you'll be free from p and stiffness. Don't suff rheumatism away.—Adv.

If all we had to do to g to buy oil stock none of us to work.

Freshen a Heavy S

With the antiseptic, fascin cura Talcum Powder, an scented convenient, econo skin, baby and dusting p perfume. Renders other p perfluous. One of the Cuti Trio (Soap, Ointment, Talc

Values of commodities whether you want to buy

LOST HOPE

n's Effected a Complete ry After Other Remedies Now in Good Health.

A. Stitsworth, E. Bell Ave., Ind., says: "Kidney trouble me suddenly and before I real- was in a critical condition. bloated and my feet and welled like ns. The kid- ions burned in passage. puffed up flesh under and on my ng down in ad smother- s, when I would die. h water had under my weighed 176 gain of 45

Mrs. Stitsworth

My sight failed and little ks passed before my eyes. I sy and was so nervous, I stand the least noise. Rheu- ns darted all through me and if every nerve in my body ted. Medicine didn't help me d little hope or strength left. used *Doan's Kidney Pills* restored me to health. I am and strong."

to before me,
M. WHITTINGHILL,
Notary Public.

oan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
AN'S KIDNEY PILLS
MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

LES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

rful Collection of China.

ous English firm of china urers possesses samples of arious kinds of china they nufactured for nearly 150 t, including samples of din- ces made for Lord Nelson celebrities of bygone days n Eagle.

RNIA FIG SYRUP" IS CHILD'S LAXATIVE

tongue! Remove poisons m stomach, liver and bowels.

"California" Syrup of Figs k for the name California on age, then you are sure your aving the best and most harm- tive or physic for the little liver and bowels. Children delicious fruity taste. Full for child's dose on each bot- it without fear. ! You must say "California."

Its Nature.

do you think of that free seed n congress?"
it is a plant."

man on the job thinks he re than the boss.

Iowa Woman Testifies

ine, Iowa.—"When in Oklaho- waiting to build I was exposed to cold weather. I was not well and felt the need of some medicine to give new strength. Having seen Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery advertised I pro- cured and used one bottle, then I used one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Fa- scription also. These two caused me to get stronger ow off the unpleasant effects posure. I shall always speak Dr. Pierce's remedies."—Mrs. rton, 123 W. Front St.

OMINENT WOMAN OM MINNESOTA

Minn.—"I am a great be- Dr. Pierce's remedies. I have vorite Prescription' for weak- liar to women and found it ficial. I had taken other med this ailment but did not get . This medicine gave me the as seeking. I also use the Pellets' for disordered stom usness and headaches—ther better. I can highly recom Pierce's medicines from the e of them. I am taking 'Fa scription' at the present tim doing me a world of good."- hayer, 4027 W. 5th St.

Folks' Coughs

lieved promptly by Piso's. Stops k; relieves irritation. The remedy more than fifty years of use in

ISO'S

The House of Whispers

By William Johnston

© BY LITTLE, BROWN, & CO.

Illustrations by Irwin Myers

THE GASTON PEARLS.

Synopsis.—Circumstances having prevented Spalding Nelson, clerk, from joining the American forces going to France, he is in a despondent mood when he receives an invitation to dinner from his great-uncle, Rufus Gaston. On the way to the house he meets, under peculiar circumstances, a young girl, apparently in trouble, to whom he has an opportunity to be of slight service. She lives in the same apartment building as Rufus Gaston, and he accompanies her to the house. Gaston and his wife are going to Maine for a trip and want to leave Nelson in charge of the apartment. He accepts. Gaston and his wife tell their great-nephew of mysterious noises—"whispers"—which they have heard in the house. On his way to the Gaston apartment next Sunday Nelson again meets his accidental acquaintance of a few days before, Barbara Bradford. She urges him not to allow the fact of their being acquainted to be known. The hero takes an instinctive dislike to the superintendent, Wick, of the building.

CHAPTER II.—Continued.

—3—

"Quite a proper precaution," I admitted.

"The elevator boy reported your arrival," he continued, "but he wasn't quite sure it was you. The fact that you were chatting with the young lady bothered him, and me, too. Mr. Gaston told me you were a stranger in the city, and I didn't expect to find you knowing one of the Bradfords."

It was on the tip of my tongue to say, "Well, you see I do know her," when I recalled her request that I would not recognize her until we had been introduced in some fashion. I contented myself with saying merely: "Well, I hope you are satisfied now."

"Of course, Mr. Nelson, of course," he answered, though his looks belied his words. Manifestly he was still puzzled over my acquaintance with Miss Bradford.

"I hope you will find it comfortable here," he said, plainly trying to continue the conversation. "If there's ever anything the matter, just call me on the house phone; Mr. Wick, the name is."

"I will," I said, and he unwillingly withdrew.

"If there's ever anything the matter . . . " Was there something sinister in the superintendent's parting remark? Once more the warnings of my relatives flashed into my mind. What was wrong in the house? Why did he anticipate that I might be calling him up? Why did he exhibit such an interest in me and in my acquaintance with the girl across the hall? Somehow the man's whole aspect had impressed me unfavorably.

I carried my bag back to my bedroom and unpacked it. The various attachments in the bath looked so inviting that I stripped and amused myself for half an hour testing the variety of showers and sprays provided. Donning my bathrobe I leisurely smoked an excellent cigar from a box old Rufus had thoughtfully—or perhaps thoughtlessly—left open on his desk, and then returned to the inspection of my new quarters.

As it was Sunday, I had a whole day of leisure before me, and I felt that if I was to clear up the mystery that had driven the old couple out, it was incumbent on me to make a minute study of my surroundings. Only in the little rear sitting room was there any atmosphere of hominess. All the rest of the place was done in the best department store style, even to the richly bound sets of standard authors which lined the walls of the living room, most of which I found had their pages uncut.

My search of the place—and it was thorough, extending even to the empty canisters in the pantry and kitchen—revealed nothing whatever that gave any hint as to the cause or explanation of old Rufus' fears. The place seemed the least likely of all places in the world to hide any mystery, just a great, modern, luxurious apartment, equipped with every possible device for the comfort and convenience of its occupants. It would have to be an up-to-date ghost to find itself at home here.

But wait! Perhaps the safe held some clue to the problem they wanted me to solve. But where was the safe? I had not noticed it anywhere in my repeated journeys through the rooms. I made another tour looking for it. More than likely it had been located in some inconspicuous place purposely. But where? At last I located it, behind a faded crayon portrait of Mrs. Gaston, in the little sitting room.

I lifted the picture to the floor and stood hesitant before the safe. Should I, or should I not, open it? The fact that they had given me the combination seemed to imply that I had a perfect right to inspect its contents.

"Six to the right, four to the left, two to the right, eight to the left."

As I turned the knob I repeated the combination to myself. There was a little click, and the steel door came open. Reaching in I drew forth two old-fashioned jewel cases of leather, both securely locked. I took from my pocket the keys my great-uncle had given me and toyed with them thoughtfully. Among them were two tiny keys that undoubtedly belonged to the jewel cases. Had I the right to use them? I decided that I had.

The first case I opened contained, so far as my limited knowledge of precious stones enabled me to judge, nothing but a bunch of cheap junk, bits of finery from another century, coral earrings that Mrs. Gaston may have worn when she was a little girl, combs of jet, amber beads, quaint hoop earrings and a ring or two, merely the trinkets of a vain old woman, treasured from the time when the money to buy them was scarce. There was nothing in the lot that any self-respecting thief would take, precious as they may have been to their owner. I locked up that case and returned it to the safe and opened the other.

As I raised the lid an involuntary exclamation of amazement and admiration escaped me. There, nestling in the center of a velvet-lined tray, lay gleaming the most wonderful mass of iridescent pearls I ever had laid eyes on, surely worth a vast fortune. Turning them over and over admiringly in the light, at last I laid them back in the tray and began to investigate the other treasures the casket contained. In other traps in the box I found diamonds galore, a great solitaire that must have been all of seven carats, dinner rings, bar pins, crescents, stars, earrings, and in a compartment all by itself, a tiara of rubies and diamonds. There was also a variety of other gems, pins and rings wrought in curious designs with rubies, diamonds, sapphires, and pearls, some unset diamonds and loose fragments of pieces that had evidently been torn apart to add to other settings, the collection of a woman with unlimited money to spend.

With trembling hands I restored the jewels to their hiding place, twice testing the knob to make sure that the combination had set. The unexpected sight of such a vast fortune in gems had filled me with strange emotions, with thoughts so evil I hardly dared admit them to myself. There must have been nearly half a million dollars' worth of precious stones in that one casket. The Gaston pearls in themselves were a fortune.

If only they were mine!

To every honest man at times come temptations as great as come to any criminal. No man knows whether or not he is honest until he has been put to the test. I knew! I was tempted, strongly tempted, to take my great aunt's jewels. What was to hinder? The old couple were to be absent for months. They had left me in charge and had given me their keys and the safe combination. There would be abundant time for disposing of the jewels before their theft was discovered. With the money they would bring I could satisfy my craving for adventure. I could travel the world over.

Yet, as I look back at it, all the time I was thinking these thoughts, I knew I would not take the jewels. A normal man cannot steal. Even when his desires lead him to theft, his mind points out the folly and his conscience the wrong.

Resolutely I put the thought of the jewels out of my head—or tried to—

There, Nestling in the Center of a Velvet-lined Tray, Lay Gleaming the Most Wonderful Mass of Iridescent Pearls I Ever Laid Eyes On.

and stretching myself out on a couch gave myself up to pleasant reveries about my delightful new acquaintance, the girl who lived just across the hall. I pictured myself finding some way of winning her confidence and of helping her out of her mysterious trouble. And what if eventually old Rufus should make me his heir? Surely I would need a mate with whom to share the joys of having a fortune. With visions of Barbara Bradford bedecked with my great-aunt's choicest jewels, I fell asleep.

It was almost dusk when I was awakened by the arrival of the expressman with my trunks. After I had receipted for them and had unpacked, I suddenly realized that I was hungry, for I had eaten nothing since breakfast. Hastily I donned my clothes, stopping only to count my money. With a week's salary in my pocket and no room rent to pay for several months, surely I could afford a good dinner to celebrate the change in my fortunes.

As I went out I stopped in the lower hall to chat with the telephone girl, ostensibly to ask her to take any messages for me, though I was expecting none.

"You're Mr. Nelson, ain't you?" she asked, eyeing me with curious interest.

"Yes," I replied, "Mr. Spalding Nelson. I am occupying the Gaston apartment while they are away."

A flicker of amusement crossed her face, with just the suggestion of a sneer.

"I hope you'll enjoy living here."

"Why not?" I replied carelessly. "If any one calls, say that I will be home by ten, Miss—"

"Nellie Kelly," she added.

As I chatted with her the elevator had descended again, and three persons emerged, one of them being she for a sight of whom I had been intentionally loitering. One of the two persons with her was plainly the mother and the other I took to be an older sister. She resembled Barbara strongly, but there was a world-weary look in her face, and her beauty seemed to me to be marred by a weak, sensitive, passionate mouth. But I had no eyes for her, so absorbed was I in the appearance of the girl I had met in the park. If I had thought her beautiful then, she was ravishing now. Her raven hair was piled high and caught back with a great Spanish comb. An ermine-trimmed evening coat of brocade swathed her figure, opening at the front just enough to give me a glimpse of her bared white neck. Involuntarily my hand went to my hat, but into her eyes came a haughty look and one hand went to her lips for just a second, as if she were warning me again not to recognize her. I stood there abashed as she swept by me to the waiting motor. The telephone girl's voice jarred me back to my senses.

"I thought you was a friend of the Bradfords," she said sarcastically.

"Sure he is," said the voice of Mr. Wick behind me. "Didn't you hear the boys telling me he came in twice with Miss Bradford?"

"Well, what of it?" I answered lamely and fled from the house, indignant at this open prying of the employees into my affairs, yet entirely at a loss to know how to stop it. How could I tell them I knew Barbara Bradford, when she had just cut me dead?

Feeling vaguely dissatisfied with my first day in my new home, I boarded a 'bus and rode downtown to a little French cafe, where my comrades and I had been accustomed to go when we were in funds. All about me were merry Sunday evening dinner parties, and I was alone. Birge and Roller had gone, and Miss Bradford had refused to recognize me. I hurried through my dinner, paid my check, and was leaving the restaurant when at a corner table I spied the scar-faced man whom I had seen in the park a few evenings before.

He looked up and caught my glance. Into his face came a strange expression, a look of malignant hate, not unmingled with fear. Boldly I returned his gaze. I was tempted to walk right up to him and ask him what he had been doing in the park, and why he had warned his mate away when he saw me there. Yet I had no right to interfere. Miss Bradford had not taken me into her confidence. I had only suspicions to go on that the two men had been there to attempt some wrong on the girl.

Slowly I left the restaurant, puzzled more than ever by the malevolent glance he had given me, and perplexed as to how I was going to serve Miss Bradford, when she would not even recognize me.

CHAPTER III.

My great-aunt's pearls were gone—stolen—vanished from the wall safe!

Still discrediting the evidence of my own eyes, I lighted a match and peered into the steel-lined recess. It was empty. On the table beside me was one of the two jewel boxes it had contained, the one filled with worthless trinkets. The other, which had contained the priceless Gaston pearls and the other rich treasure, had vanished.

Today was Saturday. Six days before I had arrived in the apartment. There had been two jewel cases then. With my own hands I had put them both back safe in their hiding place. I recalled having tested the knob to make sure that the combination had set. Yet since that time someone had opened the safe. Someone had removed the jewels. Who could it have been?

To the best of my knowledge there had been but two persons in the rooms, old Mrs. Burke, my aunt's trusted laundress, and myself. Certainly I had not taken the jewels, and it seemed absurd to suspect Mrs. Burke, who had been in Mrs. Gaston's employ for years and had long been entrusted with a key to the servants' entrance. Yet who else was there to suspect?

Recovering a little from my bewilderment I hastened to the telephone. I must notify the superintendent and also the police that the apartment had been robbed. I decided, too, that I should wire my great-uncle Rufus of the robbery, and then it dawned on me for the first time that I did not know the old couple's address. They merely had said that they were going to Maine. Never mind, there was nothing that they could do in their absence. Probably I could get their address from the superintendent, or from Mr. Gaston's bankers. The first thing to do was to notify the superintendent.

But wait! With my hand on the telephone, I stopped short. It dawned on me that in all likelihood I would be the one most under suspicion.

If detectives were called in, I could see that their first move would be to lay the theft to my door. They would investigate everything about me, and I remembered with distress that I, Spalding Nelson, just now was out of a job—and far worse, stood discredited at the only place of employment I had had in New York.

My discharge had come that very morning like a thunderbolt out of a clear sky. The reason for my peremptory dismissal I had not been able to fathom. In some mysterious fashion my employer's wrath had been roused toward me. Why, I could not imagine. Certainly my life, especially since my two comrades had gone away, had been circumspect enough.

Even though I was living in a seven-thousand-dollar apartment I was unemployed, all but penniless, just recently dismissed for some unexplained reason, and now more than likely to be accused or at least suspected of theft.

This Letter Is Enough. It Exposes You for What You Are."

Yet only this very morning I had been taking an optimistic view of life. Delighted at having cut my living expenses in two, I had decided to take twenty dollars of the thirty-five I drew that day and add it to the one hundred and eighty dollars I had in the savings bank. I would mail a registered letter to my mother and reduce my indebtedness to her. On my way to business I stopped at the bank and drew out every penny I had there. It was my intention to go to the post office at lunch time to register the letter. Just before twelve, Mr. Wood, the head of the firm, had sent for me.

"Mr. Nelson," he had said wrathfully, the minute I entered his office, "here is your week's salary. You will leave our employ at once."

Stunned both by his manner and his words, I gasped out something about not understanding what he meant. I knew of no reason that would warrant my discharge.

"I can't put it in any plainer English, can I?" he roared at me. "Get out!"

I held my ground.

"Surely I am entitled to some explanation," I protested. "If there's been anything wrong with my work—"

"Your work's all right," he bellowed. "It's this," he cried, waving at me a letter that had been lying on his desk. "This letter is enough. It exposes you for what you are."

Dumfounded at his amazing statement, I demanded to see the accusing document. Angrily he refused.

"You know as well as I what's in it."

In vain I protested. Every word I uttered only seemed to add to his wrath. In the end he almost hustled me out of his office. Blindly I found my way to the street, still clutching in my hand the week's pay he had rudely thrust on me.

That letter to which he referred—who could have written it? What could have been in it that had so inflamed my employer against me? I racked my brains in vain, puzzling to account for it. I had not been aware that I had an enemy in the world, yet who but an enemy could have written a letter that would have such dire effect?

The mystery of my dismissal was too great for me to solve. The one thing I felt thankful for was that it had come before I had sent off my money. At least I had two hundred and fifteen dollars in my pocket. Under my present mode of life that would last me quite a while, surely until I found another position. Well, there was nothing to do but make the best of it.

Barbara's sister with a "past."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Strategic Retreat.

"O'Shea," said the captain sternly, "I saw you running from a boche this morning as if the very devil were after you; you had thrown away your rifle and—"

"Yis, sor, Oi know it, sor; but you see Oi had just slipped a live hand grenade in his pocket—"

"I see," said the captain.

INFLUENZA starts with a Cold

Kill the Cold. At the first sneeze take

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

BILIOUSNESS Caused by Acid-Stomach

If people who are bilious are treated according to local symptoms they seldom get very much better. Whatever relief is obtained is usually temporary. Trace biliousness to its source and remove the cause and the chances are that the patient will remain strong and healthy.

Doctors say that more than 70 non-organic diseases can be traced to an Acid-Stomach. Biliousness is one of them. Indigestion, heartburn, belching, sour stomach, bloat and gas are other signs of acid-stomach. EATONIC, the marvelous modern stomach remedy, brings quick relief from these stomach miseries which lead to a long train of ailments that make life miserable if not corrected.

EATONIC literally absorbs and carries away the excess acid. Makes the stomach strong, cool and comfortable. Helps digestion; improves the appetite and you then get full strength from your food. Thousands say that EATONIC is the most effective stomach remedy in the world. It is the help YOU need. Try it on our money-back-if-not-satisfied guarantee. At all druggists. Only 50 cents for a big box.

EATONIC
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Correct constipation, biliousness, sick headache and indigestion.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for **Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness** and **Female Weakness.**

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

"Hatching Dollars"

is a book that tells you how money makes money—it tells you about high-class securities from which big men get their incomes—how you can buy these same safe securities by small payments. *Send for your free copy today to*

Investment Department
MORGAN, LIVERMORE & CO.
71 Broadway - - New York City
(Members N. Y. Stock Exchange)

Avoid the Cynic.

If you want to retain a wholesome view of life, if you want to hold your faith in mankind, if you want to have enduring peace of mind, keep away from cynics. Should any such be among your acquaintances, give them a wide berth. They may be bright, clever, entertaining people. Cynics often are. But they are poisonous people.—Chicago News.

$100 Reward, $100

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. $100.00 for any case of Catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Mistaken Identity.

Mrs. Newrich—What was that man I saw you talking with? Isn't he—er—obese?

Newrich—Obese? No, that's O'Brien. Ain't he the fat slob?

One Box of Dodd's Kidney Pills Relieves Mrs. Frey's Rheumatism

Mrs. Ira Frey, of Le Mars, Ia., suffered for six long months with the agonies of rheumatism. Then she heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills and bought a box. Here is what she writes:

"For six months I had rheumatism. I had swelling of the limbs, stiffness in the joints and cramps in the muscles. I suffered greatly from backache. My limbs felt heavy, and I had a dragging sensation across my loins. I had a great deal of pain in the top of my head, was often dizzy and had flashes of light and floating specks before my eyes. I had heart flutterings and could not sleep well. My appetite was fitful and I felt heavy and sleepy after meals. I suffered from shortness of breath. After taking one box of Dodd's Kidney Pills I was much improved."

Mighty few people realize in time that Kidney Trouble is making its advances upon their health. They put off treatment—they say, "Oh, I'll be all right in a day or two." And the malady tightens its grip. Result: Bright's Disease, hospital treatment, doctor's bills—often death.

If your druggist does not carry Dodd's, order direct, sending us 60c in stamps and mentioning your druggist's name.

Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Klemme Times

Entered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

IOWA PRESS ASSOCIATION

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1st, 1920
One Year, in advance.....$2.00
One Year, outside of county...$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES
Display, per column inch.....25c
Readers, per line.....10c
Classified or want ads, per line...10c
Card of Thanks, each.....50c
Political Announcements.....$10.00
Legal Notices at legal rates.
Black-face lines double charge.

No local or classified ad accepted for less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. Regular advertisers are given a special display rate.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
Klemme - Iowa

A. L. LAKE
Contractor & Builder

If you intend to build this year let me figure on your bill. I am in the market to draw your plans and estimate the cost.

I can
Save You Money
on building according to my New Method.

Address
A. L. LAKE
1641 N. Washington Mason City, Ia

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Geo. ZINN
Physician & Surgeon
Phone No. 19. KLEMME IA:
Office in Building East of Gruetzmacher Harness and Shoe Shop.
Eyes Tested.
Glasses Fitted

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Telephone us the news. Phone 12.

Minnie Blank returned Monday after a few days' visit at Goodell.

Mrs. J. E. Baumgartner was a Garner visitor Tuesday between trains.

Miss Anna Griewe was a Garner visitor Monday between trains.

Mrs. Henry Barz was visiting at Garner Monday between trains.

Joe Lawhorn, of Garner, was transacting business in Klemme Tuesday.

Mrs. Mille Smith was an over Sunday visitor with Belmond relatives.

Chris Blumer was a Garner business caller last Friday.

Walter Lau was a business caller at the county seat town last Friday.

Miss Mildred Babcock was a Garner caller Monday.

Alvin Freie went to Mason City last Friday for a few days' visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Kearney were at Garner Monday between trains.

R. A. Jorgenson was attending to business matters at Garner last Friday.

Gorge Kessler since moving to town has done considerable remodeling on his house.

Miss Edna Katter came over from Garner Monday for a short visit with Klemme relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Larsen and children were visiting at Garner last Friday afternoon.

Bertha Goll from Garner was visiting friends and shopping here last Friday between trains.

CLASSIFIED

For Sale

Dodge Sedan—Fully equipped with five wire wheels andt ires, bumpers, shock absorbers, etc. Car practically new, excellent shape, real bargain. Elmer Ludeke. Advertisement 2wp.

Typewriter Paper for sale at the Times Office. advertisement.

For Sale—No. 9 Victrola and 14 records, practically new. Inquire at depot. 1-w. (advertisement).

New J. I. Case sulky for sale. Reasonable offer takes it. Elmer Ludeke. Advertisement 2wp.

Wanted

SALESMEN WANTED to solicit order for lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or Commission. Address—THE VICTOR OIL CO., Cleveland O.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Just received a car load of Tankage. Call and get what you need. Jacobs & Son. (Advertisement) 1w.

Order your magazines, dailies or other reading matter at the Times Office. Advertisement.

TO THE PUBLIC

Cement Block Prices until August 1st will be: Rock-face 20c, Corners 25c, Smooth 18c. Foundation work in town 9c, Country 8c, others according. Cement to farmers 63c, town 64c delivered where I do work only. I dig cellars and haul sand. I have the most up to date outfit in this county. Haul my own tools. I guarantee first class work. I worked for 100 parties and can go back to 99. I work six days in the week and 10 hours per day at 75c per hour. Motto—"Live and Let Live."

Yours truly,
CHAS. W. STIEHL
(Advertisement tf.)

Lost and Found

LOST—A yellow six months old female shepard dog. Finder return to Chas. Ax. Adv. 1w

A Classified Ad will sell that article you don't want and which somebody else may need. Try one in the Times. Advertisement.

Correct English
How to use it
A monthly magazine
$2.50 the year
Send 10c for Sample Copy
Correct English Publishing Co.
EVANSTON ILLINOIS

Albert Yahnke went to Buffalo Center Monday afternoon for a visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Swartz were Garner visitors last Saturday between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Schoenwetter of Garner were in Klemme Monday visiting with relatives and friends.

Mrs. M. O. Hocum and daughter, Avis, were passengers to Garner last Saturday morning.

Mrs. Walter Schultz and child were visiting with Garner friends last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Asa Gibbs were callers at Garner Saturday between trains.

Miss Lena Coobs left Tuesday for Mason City to spend a few days visiting with friends.

Mrs. M. O. Barr is assisting her husband at the depot during the absence of Howard Doyle.

Mr. and Mrs. Davis, son and daughter, who were visiting at the Henry Freie home here last week, returned to Mason City Friday.

Harold Gruetzmacher and friend, Mr. Tracy, came Monday morning from Ames to spend their spring vacation with Klemme people.

Fred Blank came up from Belmond for a short visit with his folks here. Fred is assistant at the Belmond depot.

Miss Emma Sampson returned from Goldsburg Tuesday where she was called by the death of her aunt. She also visited with friends at Rudd.

Mrs. F. H. Ridder and daughters, Neota and Mrs. S. A. Harvey, and Miss Minnie Lau, were visitors at Garner last Friday.

Recently the town of Allison voted on the question of consolidated schools, but the plan was turned down by a big majority.

Miss Alvia Schneider who has been visiting at the home of her sister here, Mrs. Geo. Gruetzmacher, left for Mason City Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Elsie Peterson who has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. Clint Stokesberry, left last Saturday for a visit with Algona friends.

The high winds the past few days have dried up the roads in good shape and it is now possible to drive a car most any place.

Fred Henschen returned last Friday evening from a few days spent visiting with Garner relatives and friends.

C. J. Papousek and helper from Belmond, were in Klemme a few days last week wiring up some houses for "electric juice."

A baby girl arrived at the Chas. Schoemaker home last Wednesday afternoon. The Schoemakers live near the Linden ranch east of Klemme.

Arline Ell invited a number of her little girl friends to a doll party at her house last Saturday afternoon. The little girls report a fine time playing with their dolls.

I'm Coming!

Good Folks,
Fat and Lean,
And All Sizes
in Between!

Cheero

It thril-l-s the palate,
It captu-r-e-s the thirst,
But no one must taste it
—'til April the first!

Just you wait!

Jack Sprat

P. S.—It's an absolutely NEW coffee with a MYSTIC new flavor —smacking good!

Jack Sprat BRAND Coffee

HERE APRIL FIRST
No Sooner No Later

Fred Gates and family left Monday for Wisconsin where they will make their home in the future. They intended to leave sooner but were delayed on account of sickness.

Stock shipments were light the past week. Last week there were but three cars shipped from the local yards, th week before there were fifteen cars shipped out.

Bert Markel has been suffering a little inconvenience during the past week on account of blood poisoning which set in one of his fingers. Infection started from a slight cut.

J. D. G. Houghton has accepted the job of taking the census at Goodell and Avery township. Much difficulty was experienced in getting a man at Goodell to take the position.

Mr. and Mrs. Hod Lawhorn from Garner came Thursday. Hod returned to Garner Thursday afternoon but Mrs. Hod Lawhorn remained until Friday for a visit with her many friends.

Fred Arnold, C. A. Arnold and Rev. A. H. Meyer were called to Mason City Saturday by the illness of Mrs. Mary Arnold, mother of the Arnold men. They returned to Klemme Monday.

LuVerne, Iowa, have voted to build a $10,000 home for the teachers of their school. This is certainly a step in the right direction and assures the teachers of a good modern place to room and board.

Billy Keraus who has been helping out at John Day's store for some time during the winter rush of business, has "jumped his yob, by yimminy," and hereafter he will be with G. W. Kluckhohn in the real estate business.

A few may not know it but H. L. Suckow is hte Justice of the Peace in Klemme. He took over the office some few weeks ago. If you get in a scrap with your neighbor Henry can perhaps settle the difficulty.

Howard Doyle left Saturday for Chicago where he will visit at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Roche. Howard expects to remain in Chicago for about two weeks before returning to Klemme.

Miss Sarah Thieman returned last week Tuesday from Elkton, Minnesota, where she has been to assist the Henry Yahnke family move. The Yahnkes formerly lived near Austin, Minn., to which place they moved from Klemme about a year ago.

The first case called before the court last week was that of E. C. Knapp vs. Joe Johnson. Mr. Johnson was on hand to defend the case but Knapp's attorney failed to show up and the judge dismissed the case and charged the costs to the plaintiff.

Frank Terhufen and Wes Schuldt who have been working ta Garner, installing a new refrigerator for J. P. Larsen & Sons, completed the job the fore part of this week. The Larsens are also installing a new cooling system in the market.

Dr. Reuber was at Mason City several days the past week doing surgical work.

Patronize the merchants who advertise in the Klemme Times. They sell good goods at right prices. That's why they advertise, they always carry the best.

IS 700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of ear corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us about it.

W. F. PAVEY
Dealer Klemme, Iowa

The Misses Blanche Pollock and Hattie Guttermann of Garner were Klemme shoppers last Friday.

Mrs. A. Ahrenkiel of Goodell was a visitor at the T. Blank home last Wednesday.

The Klemme Fire Department held a meeting at the city hall last Friday evening.

Miss Mildred Johnson went to Mason City Saturday for a few days' visit with her sister, Hulda.

Mrs. Ludwig returned to her home at Nevada Wednesday after a few days visit here with her daughter Mrs Kahrs

Governor Harding says there will be no special session of the legislature in March for Code revision purposes.

Troubles of a Lazy Man.

"A lazy man ain't likely to be happy," said Uncle Eben. "He generally gits a bad disposition tryin' to scare other people into doin' de work."

NATURALIZATION NOTICE.

To Soldiers who have been discharged from the U. S. Army.

I am in reciept of a notice that Ira ton A. Balmer, U. S, Naturalization Examiner, will be at my office on Tuesday, March 23, and that all honorably discharged soldiers in the county who desire to be naturalized be present at my office at the hour of 9 A. M. on said day mentioned, to permit of the petitions for naturalization of said candidates being prepared under the supervision of Mr. Bolmer. Bring your witnesses with you.

A. E. BAUMGARTNER
Clerk of the District Court

Can't Dodge That.

"De man dat dodges work," said Uncle Eben, "generally gets hit by trouble."

Uncle Pennywise Says:

I've often heard a man offer to whip another with one hand tied behind him—but I've never seen it tried —Kansas City Journal.

Come in and hear
The New Edison
"The Phonograph with a Soul"

We have just received several more Edisons in Oak and Mahogany finish. Come in and let us play this instrument for you—or better still let us bring one to your home for your trial, play it and compare it with other machines and you will find that the Edison is the ONLY phonograph which actually re-creates the natural tone of voice or instrument.

We now have 500 records in stock to select from

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist Klemme, Iowa

Just Arrived
Spring Shipment
OF
Hart Schaffner & Marx
Suits, Top Coats and Cravenettes

Call in and see the New Models for the Spring Season of 1920.

They're very prettily designed and the fabrics are sxcellent.

Gildner Bros. & Johnson
"IOWA'S LARGEST CLOTHERS"
The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Cloths
Sixteen Stores. Garner, Iowa

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Candy and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

THE KLEMME TIMES

ty-fourth Year | Number 29 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, March 25, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

ORN ANNOUNCES FOR SUPERVISOR

Lawhorn was in Klemme last ay looking over the political egard to his coming out for erm as supervisor. The ed- es that the people here are sfied with the present board visors as they are doing as nybody can. So it would be et a good board remain and whorn for another term. The Signal has the following to rding Lawhorn:

s issue of the Signal appears uncement of G. B. Lawhorn lection as supervisor. He is his first term and his term next January. The other sup- were elected for three years, le they will come up for re- this year, their terms do not ntil January 1st, 1922. Mr. n is one of the best super- Hancock county has ever had, uld be elected without op- and we believe he will be. He f the best men in the county, horoughly versed in the duties ffice. He is absolutely square way, and bears a reputation eproach. The other supervis- enry Meyers of Britt and erhow of Kanawha—are also onally good men, and should o opposition. They are each their first term. The board as is today is as good a board as expect to ever have. They located that the entire county esented as well as it could be nly three members, and we ey will all be re-elected with- position. They are doing good nd why not show our appreci-

owardliness and Couarge.

real secret of cowardliness is ove of life—that is, the pleas- f living; the secret of courage tempt of life. The secret of lliness is love of one's self; the of courage is love of others.

"SWEDE" NEWMAN NOW A MARRIED MAN

The following clipping will be of some interest to the people of Klemme, as Walter Newman, now of Wing, N. D., is well known here:

Friday, the fifth, Walter Newman and Bertha Wilkinson left town on the westbound passenger for Bismarck, where they were married. If they had hopes of surprising anyone they did nto succeed, as the bunch was waiting for them on their return Monday and noisily escorted them up town, where the groom had an opportunity to treat. Walter Newman is of the Newman Brothers firm in the dray and transfer business. Friends join in wishing them a long, happy wedded life.

KANAWHA WILL HAVE BAND AND BALL TEAM

Kanawha is assured a band and ball team this season.

At a special meeting of the Booster Club, held Tuesday evening, final steps were taken to secure a band leader and one will be contracted for within a few days.

The committee in charge of the baseball team is also negotiating for a catcher and have practically closed contract with a gentleman from Dayton, this state.

With a good band and ball team in Kanawha this summer we can offer the people tributary some real live entertainment.

Street concerts will be given by the band just as soon as the boys can get in shape to give them.

Another pleasing announcement is that the ball team will play week-day games during the season . An effort will be made to get the business houses to close during the games and give everyone a chance to get out and not only enjoy the games but to boost for the home team.—Kanawha Reporter.

LAST NUMBER OF COURSE WELL ATTENDED

Saturday night wound up the winter entertainment course and a large number of people turned out to hear the quartette. The company seemed to give universal satisfaction and their numbers took well with everyone. They gave both vocal and instrumental selections and their humerous work was especially appreciated by the audience.

The winter lyceum course was not a success from a financial standpoint as the men who were back of it had to dig down into their pockets to make up for the loss. This is hardly a fair proposition. If the people would have packed the house at all the numbers as they did at the last one then a little money could be laid up in the treasury to take care of the next winter's entertainment. However, we understand that the company coming next winter are to sell their own tickets and will take their chances, all but on the rent of the house and minor expenses. But even then, the backers of next year's course stand a fair chance to lose if the people do not attend.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Palm Sunday (March 28) will be commemorated in appropriate services, both morning and evening.

Passion Week, the anniversary of our Lord's last week in the flesh, will be observed by special services beginning with the Palm Sunday services and continuing every evening throughout next week except Saturday evening. The general public is invited and will be very welcome at these services.

Morning worship at 10:30 a. m., Sunday. Sunday School at 11:30 a. m. All evening services at 7:30 p. m.

A. E. Buriff, minister

BRITT HAS FIRE

The Princess theatre at Britt suffered a heavy fire loss last Friday evening when the films caught fire from the picture machine. Fortunately the accident which caused the fire did not happen until the second show and as there were but few people in the theatre at the time all escaped without injury.

From reports received the fire did not do a great deal of damage but an explosion of gasses which formed from the machine and smouldering film caused the heaviest loss as it forced the front out of the building and the water also played a heavy part in ruining the interior of the place. The lodge hall above and the Welty music store also suffered considerable damage from water and smoke.

Mr. Bandy, proprietor of the play house, is also owner of the coliseum and we understand will use it as a show house until the theatre can be repaired.—Kanawha Reporter.

MRS. LIZZIE STANLEY

Mrs. Lizzie Stanley, a sister of Mrs. Asa Gibbs, passed away at Garner and the remains were brought here for burial. The funeral services were conducted from the Gibbs home here by Rev. Buriff. The deceased was quite well known here and she leaves a number of relatives to mourn her death.

AVERY TOWNSHIP ITEMS

E. A. Zeidler and Chas. Velau are building a fine new hog barn for Henry Helps. Mr. Helps believes in having everything up-to-date so he thought a new barn for his hogs would be just about right.

John Bachman was called out to Henry Help's place last Friday to fix the pump which had gone on the bum. John developed some speed for he had the pump fixed in thirty minutes. (Contributed.)

Simplicity and Wisdom.

To maintain oneself on this earth is not a hardship but a pastime, if one will live simply and wisely.—Thoreau.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

More Local

Henry Church from Garner, was in Klemme Monday looking over his old haunts and chatting with friends. "Hank" likes Garner alright, but we notice he makes frequent trips to Klemme.

Ed Jacobs, John Opsal and Bert Mathews autoed to Mason City Sunday. We also hear they enjoyed a regular four course dinner at the Cerro Gordo hotel—the fourth being a glass of water and a tooth pick, as the country is now dry.

A number of the local Odd Fellows went to Garner Tuesday evening to attend the Garner lodge. The Klemme men who were initiated here a few weeks ago took their second and third degrees at Garner Tuesday night also. The men all report a good time.

Mike Haskins of Garner was in town last Friday to fix up the lights in the south part of town as the houses there were out of light for a couple evenings due to a short circuit He was then back again Monday reading the meters.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the First Methodist church will hold its April meeting on Thursday, the 1st. Each one of the members should prepare for the Mystery Box and we'll see who will be at the head of the class. All are invited to an interesting meeting.

The old churn which had been in use at the Klemme Co-Operative creamery for the last six and a half years and which did fairly good service but was getting too small for the increased business, has been sold and shipped to the creamery company at Clarksville, Iowa, where it is now grinding out butter for that town. The new churn which has been installed here is far superior to the old one and turns out a much better grade of butter, as well as handling a larger quantity with less work.

The public library acknowledges with thanks a donation of nineteen volumes from Drs. Zinn and Reuber. Who else has books that you are willing to donate or loan? Inform Rev. A. E. Buriff and a messenger will call for them. Put your books where they will do good. Have you some books for children, clean fiction ,interesting books of travel, biography, etc., that are lying idle on your shelves? Give the young people and the readers generally in the community a chance to use them.

Monday night a number of the Klemme Masons, some with their wives and some without, went to Garner to hear a lecture by Robert D. Graham, of Denver, Colo., on "The Mission and Purpose of Free Masonry." A large crowd was in attendance including wives of Masons and also men and women who were not connected with the organization, but were invited to attend. The lecture was very interesting and instructive as well, and was illustrated with lantern pictures. These meetings are being held all over the United States to explain to the people the real purpooe of Masonry and what the organization teacnes.

NEW SCHOOL FOR BUFFALO CENTER

Buffalo Center will have a new $125,000.00 school building soon. At a recent election bonds were voted to build the school and carried by a majority of 94 votes. There were 171 ldies who voted and 245 men.

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North	
821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.
South	
1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

FILIPINAS GET BALLOT BEFORE AMER. SISTERS

Senora de Veyra Describes Status of Women in the Philippines.

The Filipino woman is destined to be in the world's spotlight more than ever before as a result of the news just received by cable from Manila to the effect that the Philippine senate has passed the equal suffrage bill giving women full political rights with men. This would indicate that the Filipina may beat her American sisters to the ballot box.

The Filipina has many admirers who predict she will make good if she gets the vote, just as she has made good in the very important role she has occupied in the family and business life of the Philippines ever since the introduction of Christianity in the islands three centuries ago.

"America's advent in the Philippines discovered a wonderfully interesting, responsive little being, the Filipino woman," writes one American concerning

MRS. JAIME C. DE VEYRA,
A Filipina who is doing important work for her people in the United States.

the Filipina. "Mothering the only Christian people in the far east, she holds a place of authority, love and respect in family and social life that is not accorded to women in countries neighboring the islands, or in India, China or Japan."

A Filipina who is doing an important work for her people in the United States is Mrs. Jaime C de Veyra, wife of the resident commissioner from the Philippines. Not only has she frequently addressed the wives of members of Congress in Washington as to conditions in the new Philippines, but she has visited various cities, speaking before women's clubs. The senora wears, in giving her talks, one of the beautiful gowns of her home land, a delicate pineapple fabric, hand-woven and hand-embroidered, shaped like a gauzy-winged butterfly.

"In many ways the path of the women of the Philippines is easy," says Senora de Veyra. "Laws made by her have combined the best of American and Spanish precedents, and she has come into her own with far less struggle than either her American or her Spanish sisters. Married women may hold property in severalty. They are guardians of their own children. These are vested rights and cannot be taken away from her.

"Professional opportunities are as good for women as for men in the land from which I come. The Filipina is by custom the dictator in the home. She is usually the keeper of the family treasure. Practically all of the small shops in Manila are conducted by women. Women are already members of the Philippine Bar Association—a thing still impossible in Great Britain. They are also successful as physicians."

Life is really a fifty-fifty proposition for women in the Philippines, according to the senora, who has taken such a prominent part in women's work there that she has sometimes been referred to as "the little mother of them all." She was the assistant matron of the Normal Hall Dormitory for Girls when she married. She speaks English fluently and puts her little talks "over" with real tact. She has four children. An evidence of her enterprise was her action last year in mastering shorthand so she might be "useful to her husband at home in the evenings in case he wishes to dictate a few letters or a speech."

Public Sale OF SLAVES

dvertisements with the above headlines were at one time common ights in the newspaper of long ago. Today we have a great United Country built on the staunch platform of Universal Democracy and True Brotherhood for all mankind. The issue of most importance berofe the ntire world today is the

League of Nations

s this what mankind since the dawn of history has been working for? This question can be more intelligently answered after seeing the Great-Photoplay on Earth

The Birth OF A Race

At the Idle Hour Theatre
ONE NIGHT ONLY
Saturday, March 27

SHOW AT 7:00 AND 9:00 P M SHOWN IN ALL LARGE CITIES
AT 1.75 AND 2.00 TOP PRICES.

Our Bargain Prices Here

Adults 50c Childern 25c Plus War Tax

Two hours of Tears
Thrills and Laughter

No. 6659 Report of the Condition of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Klemme, in the State of Iowa, at the close of business, Feb. 28 1920.

RESOURCES		
Loans and discounts		$299,199 39
Overdrafts, unsecured		200 51
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		25,000 00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebt'ness owned and unpledged		15,300 00
Liberty bonds, unpledged		
Bonds, Securities, etc.		3,103 64
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank		1,050 00
Banking house	8,302.00	
furniture and fixture	2,700.00	11,002 00
Other checks on banks in same city or town as reporting bank		8,143 71
Lawful money reserve with Federal Reserve bank:		18,974 21
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		126,858 79
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		
Checks on banks outside of city or town and other cash items		455 59
War Savings Certificates & Thrift Stamps owned		874 00
Redemption fund with U S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		1,250 00
Total		$511,411 84
LIABILITIES		
Capital stock paid in		25,000 00
Surplus fund		10,000 00
Undivided profits	$ 6,148 76	
Less current expenses interest and taxes paid	4,579 94	1,568 82
Interest and discount collected but not earned		672 46
Circulating notes outst'ding		23,895 00
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding		208 60
Individual deposits subject to check		142,792 10
Certificates of deposit payable within 30 days		53 132 09
Certificates of deposit (other Than for money borrowed)		254,142.77
Total		$511,411 84

STATE OF IOWA, } ss
Hancock County, }

I, F. A. Arnold, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. A. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of Mar., 1920.

Frank M. Hanson
Notary Public.

[SEAL]

Correct—Attest:
C. A. Arnold
August Barz
August Lau
} Directors

KILLED BY TORNADO

MISSOURI TWISTER TAKES LIVES OF FOURTEEN PERSONS.

SEVERAL TOWNS DAMAGED

Number of People Injured—Seven Children of Two Brothers Meet Death; Wives of Both Hurt.

Springfield, Mo.—Eleven persons were killed outright, two are missing and eight were injured as the result of a tornado which swept through the valley of Turkey creek near Branson and Mollister, of Taney county, last Thursday. Seven of the dead are minor children of Ran and William Box, brothers, living a' Melva, a small town five miles south of Branson. In addition the wives of both men received injuries from which it is believed they cannot recover.

Mrs. Alva Howard and child, living at Melva, were killed instantly, and William Jockson, living five miles southeast of Branson, is dead. John Gross and his wife, living on a farm north of Branson, were blown away with their home and no trace has been found of either the house or its occupants.

Because of the rains, roads were impassable, and there was no school in most localities. Consequently many children who were playing away from home and were caught unawares by the storm were injured.

The storm was not confined to Melva alone. Homes were carried away, buildings destroyed and children injured at Melva, Kirbyville, Taneyville, Mildred, Oasis, Forsyth and Branson.

The entire area is well known to thousands of tourists who annually visit the Ozark region, which is known as the "Shepherd of the Hills" country.

Tornado Wrecks School House.

Dry Ridge, Ky.—Forty persons, including thirty school children, were injuured when a tornado blew down a school house, a general store, three stock barns and damaged other buildings at Sherman, Ky., three miles from here. No one was killed. Damage was estimated at $50,000.

Roofs were blown off several houses and all telephone and telegraph wires are down. The tornado was about 100 yards wide and came from the west.

Tornado in Mississippi.

Greenville, Miss.—Five negroes were killed, between twenty-five and thirty-five injured, and twenty-five tenant houses were destroyed by a tornado in Washington county, near Percy.

NO MORE ALLIED LOANS.

U. S. Government States Sufficient Funds Already Advanced.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary Houston has announced that no further loans would be made to the allies. Under authority granted by congress to extend $10,000,000,000 credits to the allied nations, the treasury has made loans amounting to $9,659,834,649.. Secretary Houston said that the remainder of the credits authorized would not be granted, as it was thought sufficient advances had been made. Discussing the question, treasury officials said that in view of the exchange situation and the unsettled economic conditions of the European nations during the reconstruction period, it would seem advisable to permit them to postpone interest payments for at least three years.

Blame U. S. for Turk Muddles.

London.—Blame for the troubles that are being experienced in settling the Turkish problem was laid at the door of the United States by Earl Curzon, the foreign secretary, in explaining the peace conference's negotiations to the house of lords. "The difficulty in framing the treaty is largely due to delay, and America is responsible for the delay," Lord Curzon said. The foreign secretary added that the peace conference hoped that when the new states were set up in Asia Minor, however, the United States "would help materially in asssisting the new Armenia."

West Virginia Ratifies.

Charleston, W. Va.—The West Virginia legislature ratified the federal suffrage amendment by a vote of 15 to 14 following a dead lock of several days.

The vote of Senator Jesse A. Bloch of Wheling, who made a hurried trip from California to Charleston, to vote on the amendment was effectual in breaking the deadlock between pro and anti-suffrage forces.

Will Impair Pact.

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson has re-stated for democratic senators his opposition to any peace treaty reservations which would weaken the full force of Article 10 or materially impair provisions of the league covenant.

May Boost Price of Coal.

New York.—Demands which anthracite mine workers of Pennsylvania have asked operators to incorporate in the new wage agreement to be drafted to take effect April 1, and formally presented to the mine owners recently, and a sub-committee of practical men was named to negotiate the new contract. Unofficial opinions were expressed by operators that the increase in wages asked by the miners would mean a rise in the price of coal to the consumer, if granted.

FAIL TO SETTLE COAL ISSUE

Conference of Operators and Miners Brought to Close With No Agreement.—Now Up to President.

Washington, D. C.—Representatives of the bituminous coal miners and operators, whose differences, which reached a climax in the disastrous strike last fall, remain unsettled, following a lengthy conference here called by President Wilson.

The bituminous coal commission having submitted a report which fails of agreement between representatives of operators and miners, both sides feel convinced that it is up to them to get together by themselves, as they did before the government intervened, and to make another effort to reach an agreement.

Leaders of the mine workers insist that the miners will quit voluntarily after April 1, when the present working agreement expires, because of their failure to get shorter hours and a greater increase than the 14 per cent granted by government decree or the 25 per cent recommended by Chairman Robinson and Rembrandt Peale of the coal commission, John P. White of the mine workers refusing to sign the agreement. Mr. White has filed a minority report with the president.

Neither of the documents, it was said at the White house, would be made public until the president determined whether the operators' representatives and the miners could reconcile their views. The only factor regarded as serious is the difference in the hour schedule. The original demand of the mine workers was for a thirty-hour weeks, a 60 per cent increase in wages and local adjustment of the differentials arising in and between districts. Officials said that John H. White, the miners' representative, had held out for a six hour day throughout the negotiations between the commissioners. The miners originally demanded a six hour day and five days a week.

MAY BAR OUIJA BOARDS.

Move to Prohibit Their Sale in California—Seven Go Insane.

El Cerrito, Cal.—State Senator Will R. Sharkey of Martinez announced here he would sponsor a bill in the next session of the California legislature to prohibit the sale of ouija boards in the state.

The investigation grew out of tests given seven El Cerrito citizens after a twenty-four-hour seance over the ouija board. Four of the women were declared insane. Three others were found to be of unsound mind after seances with the boards.

"The four women who sat around a ouija board for twenty-four hours are all insane," said Sharkey. "After the seance they offered $700 in currency as a sacrifice to the evil spirits of the board. They burned this money, together with the curls shaved from the heads of the children who had been enticed into their house. I'm convinced many people place a superstition in these boards, and we are going to have a wholesale mental test in El Cerrito."

TURKS UNCONCERNED.

Threat of Allies Has No Noticable Effect Upon the Nation.

Constantinople—Numerous dispatches from London and Paris announcing that the supreme council has decided to take drastic action at Constantinople to prevent the killing of Christians and enforce peace terms more radical than were contemplated before the trouble at Marash, have been received with apparent indifference by the Turks, the only effect being the designation of a slightly changed cabinet.

Turkish officials are watching without any evidences of concern the movement in London to force them out of Europe and the printing of a dispatch reporting that President Wilson would insist that the sultan must leave Constantinople, caused scarcely a ripple.

Blunders of Navy Costly.

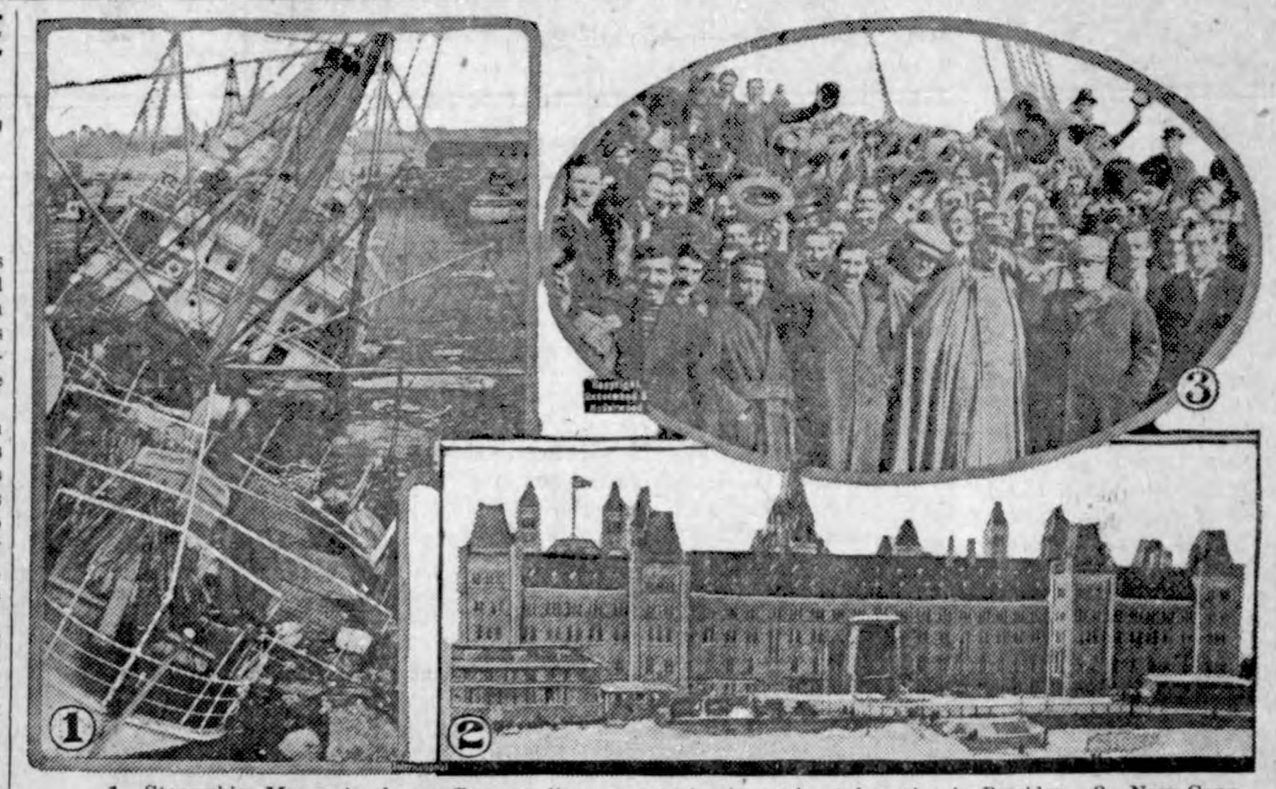
Washington, D. C.—Rear Admiral Sims gave the senate naval investigating committee what he asserts was indisputable evidence that the Navy department fell down almost completely during the first six months of the war. The lack of whole-hearted American co-operation with the allies from the start, the admiral said, resulted in prolongation of the war until November, 1918, when it could have been ended in July; needless sacrifice of 500,000 lives; expenditure of $15,000,000,000 which might have been saved, and gain of 2,500,000 tons of shipping.

New Trial for Mrs. Stokes.

St. Louis, Mo.—Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, millionaire New York socialist, convicted in Kansas City in June, of 1918, for violating the espionage act, was granted a new trial by the United States circuit court of appeals here.

Stuffed Olives Cause Illness.

Denver, Colo.—Poisoned olives were discovered in this city, after Mrs. H. E. Benke was made seriously ill, and a warning has been issued by W. F. Cannon, state food and drug commissioner. The bottle which Mrs. Blake used has been sent to the state chemist at Boulder, for analysis. The commissioner said that they were green, stuffed olives of a well known brand, and put on the market by a reliable house. They were purchased at one of the largest stores in this city.



1—Steamship Moccasin, former German liner, mysteriously sunk at her pier in Brooklyn. 2—New Canadian federal parliament building recently opened by the duke of Devonshire. 3—Italian reservists returned to America after fighting through the war.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Reactionaries Under Kapp and Luettwitz Seize Berlin and Oust Ebert.

GERMAN REPUBLIC DISSOLVED

Turkish Conditions Compel Allies to Show Force—Russia Again Seeks Peace—Supreme Council on Economic Restoration—Another Final Struggle in Senate Over the Treaty.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Germany now appears to be actually in the throes of the counter-revolutionary monarchist struggle that has loomed large of late in all the news from Berlin. What has been the government has now ceased to exist. The power of the state is in the hands of the factions in favor of restoring a monarchy in Germany, with some relative of William Hohenzollern on the throne. These factions have been trying to overthrow the republic and bring about the downfall of President Ebert.

General Director Kapp is reported to be at the head of this "revolution." General Luettwitz is slated to be commander in chief of the military forces. These names indicate its reactionary character. Dr. Kapp was president of the fatherland party, which favored carying on the war to the bitter end. After the armistice the Socialists clamored for his arrest, charging that he had prolonged the war and hindered peace.

Maj. Gen. Luettwitz was military governor of Belgium in the early days of the war. He is thoroughly Prussian and has been strong in his opposition to the peace terms. He has an American wife, born Cary, of Cleveland.

The military power behind Kapp and Luettwitz is presumably troops recently returned from the Baltic states. These troops are believed to be in control of Berlin.

All sorts of possibilities are in the air. The national assembly has been dissolved. The Socialist parties have declared a general strike. Some sort of a government is being formed. In the meantime Kapp is practically a dictator.

Conditions in Turkey have been going from bad to worse until the supreme council of the allies has been driven not only to adopt drastic measures but even to plan for the temporary taking over of certain of the Turkish government activities, including the war department. If the Turks behave themselves better and cease the massacring of Armenians this control will be only temporary. Urged especially by Premier Venizelos of Greece, the council is said to have ordered the occupation of important points in Asiatic and European Turkey by allied military and naval forces in the belief that strong showing of military force would bring the Turks around to their senses. If this is not sufficient, it may be necessary to start operations against Mustapha Kemel Pasha, the Turkish commander in Asiatic Turkey, and it is believed these would be carried out by the Greek army of 90,000 men now in the Smyrna region.

Since the recent massacre in Marash similar outrages have occurred in a number of other places and it is reported that Turks, Kurds and Arabs are besieging Aintab, Urfa, Diabekr, Mardin and other towns. In all these places there are American relief workers who are in danger, and many days ago Consul J. B. Jackson at Aleppo asked our state department to send a squadron of warships to Port Alexandretta. The French garrisons, however, are the chief objects of attack and considerable French reinforcements have been sent to Cilicia.

The trouble in Turkey, which is said to be directed from Berlin and supported by the bolsheviki, is a part of the general fight being put up in Egypt, Mesopotamia, and other countries by so-called nationalists who are attacking the British rule. Dispatches from Turkey assert that Prince Feisal of the Hedjaz kingdom is implicated in it and has suggested a possible union of Turkey, Syria and the Hedjaz. The situation is becoming almost as complicated and difficult to understand as that in Russia some months ago.

What was heralded as a great drive against Poland by the Russian bolsheviki was turned into a decisive defeat of the latter when the Poles took two important railway junctions and a large number of prisoners, including an entire division staff. Immediately thereafter Tchitcherin, soviet foreign minister, sent another peace note to Warsaw, asking when and where the peace delegates of all the border nations might meet with the representatives of the bolsheviki. He asked Poland to refrain from further hostilities and explained that the soviet operations on the Lithuanian and White Ruthenian fronts, which the Poles had broken up, were inspired by fear that the Poles intended to start a drive against the Ukraine. President Pilsudski's position in Poland was greatly strengthened by the victory of his troops and the attitude of the Moscow government.

The Roumanians and the bolsheviki are in a fair way to make peace, negotiations now being under way at Dorna-Watra in Bukowina. As a preliminary the Roumanians demand that the soviet troops be withdrawn from the frontier and that commercial relations be resumed. It now appears likely that Roumania will succeed in her great purpose of annexing, or recovering, Bessarabia.

The supreme council of the allies, taking note of the distressing state of the world in general, has issued a memorandum on economic conditions that is welcomed by all serious minded persons. For the preservation of civilization it urges, as might be expected, the early and complete restoration of peace conditions, with normal economic relations, reduction of armies to a peace footing and limitation of armaments; the encouragement of larger and better output by workers everywhere; the suppression of extravagance, and deflation of credit and currency; and assistance for countries that are now unproductive for lack of raw materials. Without any suggestion of mitigating the treaty terms it is stated that Germany and especially Austria must be enabled to obtain foodstuffs and raw materials in order that they may recover enough to pay the indemnity demanded of them, and it is declared that the total of the reparation must be fixed at the earliest possible time. There is even a suggestion that Germany should be allowed to raise an international loan to meet her immediate needs. In this proposed line of conduct toward the vanquished nations the supreme council is facing the facts with business calculation, not with sentimental feelings.

At frequent intervals the opposing forces in the senate have entered on what is described by the Washington correspondents as the decisive struggle over the peace treaty of Versailles. At this writing they are engaged in another of those combats, and the prospect is that this time it really will be decisive. Early in the week President Wilson, rather than to confer with a representative of the compromisers, wrote a long letter to Senator Hitchcock in which he reasserted his old position regarding the treaty, condemned the reservations as a nullification of the League of Nations covenant and pleaded for consideration of the needs of humanity instead of "special national interests." He demanded that article 10 be accepted unchanged and asserted that to refuse to accept the moral obligation required by it would be a breach of good faith. If the United States cannot enter the league with full responsibility, he said, it should retire gracefully from the great concert of powers. Article 10, said the president, represents the renunciation by the other great powers of their old imperialistic ideas and aims, and its doctrine is the essence of Americanism. He continued:

"Militaristic ambitions and imperialistic policies are by no means dead, even in the councils of the nations whom we most trust and with whom we most desire to be associated in the tasks of peace." And then he added the surprising statement that the militaristic party of France which was prevented from getting the upper hand during the peace conference is in control there now. In evident allusion to Vincent Grey's letter, he says he is "not willing to trust to the counsel of diplomats the working out of any salvation of the world from things which it has suffered."

Quite naturally, Mr. Wilson's references to French policies annoyed the French government and enraged the French people. It was reported that Ambassador Jusserand had been instructed to ask our state department for a more explicit explanation of the president's meaning.

That the president's letter sounded the knell of the treaty was the general opinion, for while there were some further feeble efforts at compromise, the senators prepared themselves for a final fight in which it was believed enough Democrats would be rallied to the support of the president to prevent ratification with reservations, provided the "irreconcilable" Republicans voted with them.

The insurgent Democrats, most of whom are up for re-election this year, are inclined to think Bryan was right when he said the party could not afford to go before the country on the issue of article 10, yet that is the prospect that confronts the Democrats. And if that is made the issue, it is predicted that Mr. Wilson will be compelled to reconsider his reported decision not to seek a third term. Of the administration Democrats who are after the nomination Attorney General Palmer is the only one who is trying to capture instructed delegations, and of course if his chief determined to run again, Mr. Palmer would have to stand aside. The others, like McAdoo, have been contenting themselves with keeping their names before the public and advising the sending of uninstructed delegates to San Francisco.

Many of the Republicans welcomed the chance to make article 10 the issue of the campaign, the irreconcilables especially being pleased. The situation served to boost the stock of Senator Hiram Johnson considerably. Two of his colleagues, Kenyon of Iowa and Norris of Nebraska, promptly announced that they would support his candidacy. "The president has made the issue," said Kenyon. "It is article 10. Let the fight come. Let the Democrats nominate Woodrow Wilson under the white flag of internationalism and the Republicans nominate Hiram Johnson under the Stars and Stripes of Americanism."

So far, however, the main contestants for the Republican nomination remain as before, General Wood and Governor Lowden. Both have made considerable progress and also their managers have succeeded in stirring up a good deal of bitterness in some states, notably Illinois, where the Lowden men thought the Wood forces were trying to trespass on their preserves. When Frank Hitchcock became actively engaged in the Wood campaign it was believed this would assure for the general the support of all the southern states, where Hitchcock built up a smooth-working machine when he was postmaster general. But this idea received a jolt last week when the North Carolina state convention indorsed the candidacy of Judge Peter C. Pritchard.

Herbert Hoover has done something to make clear his political affiliations. In a letter to a California admirer he says it is well known that he was a progressive Republican before the war, and that he is now an independent progressive.

The president's commission for settlement of the coal mine labor troubles was unable last week to formulate a unanimous report as Mr. Wilson requested, but one was forwarded to the White House, signed by Peale, representing the owners, and Robinson, representing the public. White, representing the miners, refused to concur.

The Supreme court of the United States dealt the national treasury rather a severe blow last week when it decided that stock dividends of corporations are not taxable as income. The government will be compelled to return a huge sum—maybe as much as $100,000,000—already collected. Many corporations that have been accumulating big surpluses have been awaiting the decision to "cut melons."

HOMELESS

Constipation, Headach
Colds, Biliousness, drive
out with "Cascarets"

Drive away those persistent
of happiness—biliousness and
pation. Don't stay headachy
tongue coated, sallow and mis
Never have colds, indigestion,
stomach or that misery-maki
Feel splendid always by takin
carets occasionally. Cascarets
gripe, sicken or inconvenience
Calomel, Salts, Oil or nasty,
Pills. They cost so little and
while you sleep.—Adv.

London Council to Be Land

The London (England) coun
bought a solid block of 3,000
east of Barking, in Essex, and
will build 24,000 houses. Her
soon rise a town, or towns,
population of some 120,000
laid out on the best model,
the adjuncts of a city—parks,
ments, places of recreation,
churches, schools, and, it is
hoped, some factories of a
kind. It will be the first exam
England of a large city entirely
by a public authority.

OUCH! LUMBAGO PAIN! RUB BACKACHE A

Instant Relief With a Small Bottle of Old "St. Jacobs Oil."

Kidneys cause Backache? They have no nerves, therefore not cause pain. Listen! Your b ache is caused by lumbago, sc or a strain, and the quickest re soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Rub it right on your painful and instantly the soreness, sti and lameness disappears. Don't crippled! Get a small trial bot "St. Jacobs Oil" from your dr and limber up. A moment after applied you'll wonder what becam the backache or lumbago pain.

Rub old, honest "St. Jacobs whenever you have sciatica, neur rheumatism or sprains, as it is lutely harmless and doesn't burn skin.—Adv.

The Reformation.

Admiral Mark Kerr said at an man's wedding:

"Women often marry men to form them, and oftener than pe think, the women succeed in The reformed husbands, however, seldom very grateful.

"'My wife married me to re be,' a man said bitterly on a sea age Cubaward.

"'Did she succeed?' asked ano man.

"'You bet she did!' said the one. 'Why I wouldn't marry a if I lived to be as old as Meth ah!'"

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP.

A cold is probably the most mon of all disorders and when neg ed is apt to be most dangerous. tistics show that more than t times as many people died from fluenza last year, as were killed the greatest war the world has known. For the last fifty-three y Boschee's Syrup has been used coughs, bronchitis, colds, throat ritation and especially lung troub It gives the patient a good nig rest, free from coughing, with expectoration in the morning. M in America and used in the homes thousands of families all over civilized world. Sold everywhere.—A

Made Him Feverish.

The story is going the rounds t when in New York recently, Har Lloyd stepped into one of the N York shops and asked to be shown certain kind of overcoat.

"How much?" asked the movie m

"Two hundred and fifty dollar was the reply.

"Nothing doing! Take it awa said Mr. Lloyd firmly.

"Why, you can afford that," t salesman said, unwilling to lose t sale.

"Sure I can!" replied Mr. Lloy "but I'm darned if I'm that cold."

OLD CLOTHES DYED MAKE NEW GARMENTS

"Diamond Dyes" Turn Faded, Shabb Apparel Into New.

Don't worry about perfect result Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed give a new, rich, fadeless color to a fabric, whether it be wool, silk, lin cotton or mixed goods,—dresse blouses, stockings, skirts, children coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells ho to diamond dye over any color. T match any material, have dealer sho you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Ad

Curiosity.

Bay (to butcher who had put on a bone to make up weight)—Mother said the pork she had this morning was all bone.

Butcher—Run home and tell your mother that the next pig I kill without bones I'll make her a present of it.

Boy (a few minutes after)—Mother says the next pig you kill that has got mutton bones in, she would like to buy the whole carcass as a curiosity.

The House of Whispers

By WILLIAM JOHNSTON

Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.

"I AM IN TROUBLE."

Synopsis.—Circumstances having prevented Spalding Nelson, clerk, from joining the American forces going to France, he is in a despondent mood when he receives an invitation to dinner from his great-uncle, Rufus Gaston. On the way to the house he meets, under peculiar circumstances, a young girl, apparently in trouble, to whom he has an opportunity to be of slight service. She lives in the same apartment building as Rufus Gaston, and he accompanies her to the house. Gaston and his wife are going to Maine for a trip and want to leave Nelson in charge of the apartment. He accepts. Gaston and his wife tell their great-nephew of mysterious noises—"whispers"—which they have heard in the house. On his way to the Gaston apartment the next Sunday Nelson again meets his accidental acquaintance of a few days before, Barbara Bradford. She urges him not to allow the fact of their being acquainted to be known. At the apartment Nelson meets the superintendent, Wick, and instinctively dislikes him. In a wall safe he finds a necklace of magnificent pearls, worth a small fortune. Meeting Barbara in the hallway she passes him without recognition. Dining in a restaurant he is conscious of the unpleasant scrutiny of a stranger, but a man whom he had seen before. Next day Nelson finds the pearls have disappeared from the wall safe. His first idea of informing the police is not acted upon because of peculiar circumstances. He has been discharged from his position without adequate explanation or reason, and feels himself involved in something of a mystery. He decides to conduct an investigation himself.

CHAPTER III.—Continued.

—4—

I dined in a little restaurant in one of the side streets and walked home. Immediately on entering the apartment I decided to put my money in the wall safe. There would be less temptation for me to spend it if I carried only a little in my pocket. As I opened the safe by means of the combination I made the astounding discovery that one of the jewel cases had disappeared.

And now I stood hesitating at the telephone. Self-protection bade me notify neither the superintendent nor the police. Yet I must do something. The jewels entrusted to my care had been stolen. The thief must be found and the pearls recovered.

Why should not I myself play the detective? I had abundant leisure now. My great-uncle had informed me that there was something wrong in the house and had charged me to discover what it was. Here was the opportunity for me to fulfill the trust he had imposed on me.

The thought flashed across my mind, too, that perhaps the crafty old gentleman had deliberately planned the disappearance of the gems. Perhaps he had devised an elaborate test to see if I was honest, if I was of the right caliber to be his heir. Maybe he and his wife had not gone to Maine at all. They might even be quartered in another apartment in this very house, surreptitiously entering when they knew I was absent. There really had been no necessity for them to give me the combination of the safe. They need not have told me anything about the pearls. I wondered if they themselves might not have taken away the jewel box just to see if I would discover the loss and to ascertain what I would do about it.

Another theory suggested itself. My aunt evidently prized her jewels highly. After they had started she might have repented having left them behind and have sent the old colored butler back to get them. He of course would have a key to admit him, and they would have supplied him with the safe combination, as they had me. Probably he had been told to leave some message for me and had forgotten to do so. More than likely in a day or two I would receive a letter from old Rufus that would explain everything.

I was glad now I had not notified the superintendent nor the police. My second theory surely was far more logical than the first. It seemed preposterous that they would risk hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of gems just to test my honesty.

Still, I determined to make a thorough investigation. If they had been stolen, I would set about in a scientific way to discover the method of the theft and to bring about restoration. I would keep my investigation secret, and if it turned out that the pearls were safe, no one would know of my fright about the matter. I began outlining my work as a detective.

First, I would examine the safe knob for possible finger prints.

Second, I would interrogate Mrs. Burke. I would watch her carefully for any appearance of guilt. I would try, without arousing her suspicions, to ascertain if she had let her key out of her possession.

Third, I would insert an advertisement offering a reward for the return of the jewels, so worded that only the thief and myself would understand.

Fourth, I would try to locate the Gastons and would question the hall boys and telephone girl as to whether they had surreptitiously returned.

Fifth, I must try and discover what was in the mysterious letter that had led to my discharge. While this did not seem to have any connection with the other affairs that were troubling me, if I was to remain in New York and become better acquainted with Barbara Bradford, as I fondly hoped, I meant to have nothing hanging over me.

I was about to get into bed, had turned out the light, in fact, when I recalled the errand that had led me to open the wall safe. I had more than two hundred dollars in my trousers pocket and I purposed putting it where it would be safe. With the feeling that if the jewels had disappeared, so might my money, I pressed the light button in the sitting room and looked about for a hiding place. Recalling a custom of my mother's, I stepped over to the bookcase and taking a Macaulay's History, Volume Three, from the shelf, placed between the leaves all of my money except fifteen dollars. No burglar was likely to find it there.

I extinguished the light and in the darkness stepped back into my bedroom, and stopped stock still.

From somewhere in the room there came three distinct taps. Instinctively I crouched in an attitude of self-defense and strained my ears to listen. My first impression was that there was someone in the room, probably the burglar. I hesitated about turning on the light. If he were armed it would give him all the advantage.

Breathlessly I listened. Once more there came three distinct raps, this time apparently from somewhere outside the room. I wondered if it had been sounds like these that had so terrified the old couple.

Perhaps it was the echo of someone pounding in another apartment, the noise being carried along by a water pipe. The thought that it might be the crackling of some hidden steam or refrigerating pipe suggested itself. Both these theories I rejected. The sound, whatever it was, had originated close at hand.

It came again. This time I was certain that it was not due to footfalls as I had at first conjectured. I was able, too, to locate more closely the direction from which it came. The window at the foot of the bed stood open, and the sound seemed to float in from somewhere outside. I hurried over to the window and thrust my head out. At first I could see nothing, but even as I looked a white arm

As I Read It I Stood There Aghast.

thrust forth from an adjacent window on the same floor. It held a riding crop and reaching out as far as was possible it rapped three times on the sill of my window.

It dawned on me at once that the window next must belong to the Bradford apartment. It must be Miss Bradford trying to signal to me.

"Hello," I called out softly.

"Oh, is that you, Mr. Nelson?" a relieved voice whispered. "I thought you would never hear. I must see you."

"Why didn't you phone me?"

"I couldn't. Someone might hear me."

"What's the matter?"

"I've had another letter."

"From those men in the park?"

"I suppose so."

"Tell me about it."

"I can't now. Can you meet me somewhere tomorrow?"

"Wherever you say."

"Do you ride?"

"Yes, indeed."

"I'll be in the cross lane that leads from McGowan's Pass tavern between eight and eight-thirty."

"I'll be there."

Whether or not she heard me I did not know. She withdrew quickly from the room as if someone had entered. I waited there in the window for a full hour in case she should wish to communicate with me again.

By and by the light in her window was extinguished, but even then I sat in a jubilant mood. I had quite forgiven Miss Bradford for cutting me when she met me in company with her mother and sister. It was enough for me to know that when trouble again threatened her she had decided to trust in me and had sought my aid.

I fell asleep at last and slept for I do not know how long. Opening my eyes in the darkness I seemed to feel the presence of someone in the room. There was the sound of footfalls somewhere—muffled, seemingly some distance off. I was almost certain I could detect muttered words. In a curious detached state of mind I listened, wondering whether I was awake or asleep. The footsteps seemed to come closer, then recede. The whispering noise ceased. I sprang up, and hastily lighting up all the rooms, explored them thoroughly. There was no evidence anywhere of anyone's presence. As I lay there thinking about it, I decided that my illusion must have been a dream, due to my thought of spirit rappings when I first had heard Miss Bradford's signal.

I was still thinking about my experience when I awoke early the next morning. Springing lightly out of bed, I stopped in utter bewilderment. There, in the center of the room on the floor lay a small white folded slip of paper. It could not have been a dream, after all. I had heard footsteps and whispers. I had not imagined it. Someone had been in the room while I slept. There was the proof, the note they had dropped.

Wondering if Miss Bradford had found still another unusual way of communicating with me I hastened to pick up the folded paper that lay on the floor. On the outside it bore my name, in typewriting, "Mr. Spalding Nelson."

With eager fingers I unfolded the paper, wondering what message it contained. As I read it, I stood there, aghast. It ran:

"Why didn't you tell the police about the pearls?"

CHAPTER IV.

I had twice traversed the cross lane near McGowan's Pass tavern waiting for Barbara Bradford. Although it had been my intention to ride thither I was amazed to learn on applying at two of the stables near the park entrance to hire a horse that the few they had there either were owned privately or had been already engaged.

There was nothing for me to do but to go to my rendezvous on foot. I had almost despaired of Miss Bradford's coming when I spied her cantering slowly along the lane, followed at a decorous distance by a groom. She was looking right and left and when she saw me her face brightened but she rode a few steps past me with no sign of recognition. I was wondering what to make of this new slight when she suddenly reined in and allowed the groom to come up with her.

"James," I heard her say to the groom, "my head aches, and the riding is making it worse. Take the horses back to the stable, and I will walk the rest of the way home."

"Very well, Miss Bradford," he said, touching his cap, as he assisted her to alight.

She waited until he had vanished and then hastened to the bench where I was seated, one I had purposely selected because it was half hidden by a turn in the road and the branches of a wide-spreading tree.

She colored vividly as I rose to greet her with outstretched hand.

"Oh, Mr. Nelson," she cried, "I don't know what you will think of me, asking you to meet me here. I am in trouble. I must tell someone. I don't know what to do!"

"The only thing to do," I suggested, "is to begin at the beginning and tell me the whole story. I've sisters of my own. Just pretend you are one of my sisters and let me help you."

She looked at me thoughtfully, studying me as if questioning whether or not I was to be trusted, and apparently deciding in the affirmative, told me an amazing story.

"It's all about my sister, Claire," she began. "She's five years older than I. She's a lovely girl, but she's—that is, she used to be—impulsive, romantic, and headstrong. She and my mother never got along well together, and she was sent away to boarding school. One winter, it was six years ago, mother was in Europe and only Dad and I were at home . . ."

She sighed sadly. Evidently her words were bringing back to her moments of heartache.

"To make a long story short, Claire ran away from the school and married—married a French chauffeur employed by a family in the neighborhood. She took me into her confidence a week later, and I—well, I told dad. There was a terrible time about it all. Dad found out that her husband was already married, had a wife and child right here in this city. He had the marriage annulled and managed to keep everything out of the papers. He threatened Claire's husband with prison and made him go back to France. Dad was simply wonderful. No one knew anything about Claire's escapade except ourselves, the principal of the school, and the judge down in Nassau county, who ordered the marriage annulled. Dad kept mother abroad until after it was all over, and to this day she never has heard a word about it."

"Your father must be a wonderful man," I said enthusiastically.

"He was," she said simply. "He has been dead two years."

"Oh, I'm so sorry," I cried, "I did not know."

"If Dad were alive he would know what to do. You see, when he died, there was not much money left. We're really little better than paupers. We've been living from day to day on our tiny capital, and Mother has been working every wire to arrange a good match for Claire. I wanted to do something, to go out and earn a living for myself, but she never would consent. She insisted I'd be damaging Claire's prospects if I went into trade, as she calls it, and I promised her I'd do nothing until after Claire is safely married."

"And is she to be married?" I asked.

A troubled expression came into her face.

"She was to be, but now I don't know. She is engaged to marry young Harry D. Thayer, who is worth a lot of money, but someone has found out about her secret."

"How did they find out?" I asked eagerly. I understood now the mysterious meeting in the park that had brought me first into touch with Barbara Bradford. Some band of rascals was trying to blackmail Claire Bradford, and her sister was trying to save her.

"That's the greatest mystery of all," exclaimed Miss Bradford. "Before Dad died he turned over to me all the papers about the annulment of Claire's marriage. Somehow he seemed to rely on me far more than on either Mother or Claire. He explained to me the importance of always keeping them, in case the past should ever crop up, but he charged me to see that they always were safely put away where no one could find them."

"Where did you keep them?" I asked.

"In the wall safe in my sitting room."

"In the wall safe!" I cried, thinking in bewilderment of the coincidence that these papers should have had a similar hiding place to the Gaston jewels which had vanished so strangely.

"Yes," she answered, plainly puzzled at my bewilderment. "It was an excellent hiding place. No one but myself had the combination. I don't see now who could have taken them. I found the safe locked as it always was."

"When did you first discover the papers were missing?"

"Let me see," she pondered. "Claire's engagement was announced at a dinner three weeks ago last Thursday. The newspapers on Sunday carried a brief notice of it. Two days later the first note came."

"What note?"

She reached into the pocket of her riding habit and drew forth a folded slip of paper.

"I brought it with me to show you; here, this is the first one."

Like the mysterious note I myself had received only the preceding night, this one was not inclosed in an envelope. It was just a folded slip, addressed in typewriting to "Miss Claire Bradford." On the other side was this message:

"What if Thayer knew about your being married before? How much will you give to get those papers back?"

"Where did you get this?" I asked.

"I found it on the floor of my bedroom one morning when I got up late. I gave it to my sister without having read it, thinking she had dropped it there. She read it and screamed and fainted. Fortunately Mother was out of the house at the time. Naturally I read the note then. I went to the safe and found the documents gone. Claire has been nearly crazy ever since. She insists that it is all my fault. She says I ought to have destroyed the papers, but I couldn't, could I?"

"Of course not," I replied warmly. "You did quite right in keeping them. It was not your fault they were stolen."

"I couldn't destroy them. Dad had told me to keep them," she said simply.

"What did you do then? Did you tell your mother?"

Barbara has heard the whispers, too.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Compensation in Age.

It is true that a poet wrote a famous hymn, "I Would Not Live Always," yet people are interested in living as long as they can, as that is one of the great laws of nature. Even advanced age, bringing dim sight, loss of hearing and general decline, is not without its compensations, and Longfellow proved that "age is opportunity no less than youth."

WRIGLEY'S

E-Z STOVE POLISH

MARTIN AND MARTIN
E-Z
ESTAB. 1882 CHICAGO

Save time and hard work by using E-Z Stove Polish; absolutely dustless, smokeless, odorless; gives a durable — ebony-black shine.

Try a 15c box of E-Z *Oil* Shoe Polish. All colors and white. It saves the leather and prevents cracking. *Don't risk cheap polish.*

To open box just lift the latch.

E-Z SHOE POLISH

Butlers Are Scarce.

"The servant problem in gilded circles must be acute."

"Why do you think so?"

"I see where the wife of a multimillionaire has brought suit against the wife of another multimillionaire to recover the person of one English butler."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

WHY DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription.

Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Their Practice.

"The group I was with in the attack brought down a man with every shot."

"Then I bet they were a party of amateur hunters."

112 Millions used last year to KILL COLDS

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

"Hatching Dollars"

is a book that tells you how money makes money—it tells you about high-class securities from which big men get their incomes—how you can buy these same safe securities by small payments. *Send for your free copy today to*

Investment Department
MORGAN, LIVERMORE & CO.
71 Broadway - - New York City
(Members N. Y. Stock Exchange)

HEARTBURN Caused by Acid-Stomach

That bitter heartburn, belching, food-repeating, indigestion, bloat after eating—all are caused by acid-stomach. But they are only first symptoms—danger signals to warn you of awful troubles if not stopped. Headache, biliousness, rheumatism, sciatica, that tired, listless feeling, lack of energy, dizziness, insomnia, even cancer and ulcers of the intestines and many other ailments are traceable to ACID-STOMACH.

Thousands—yes, millions—of people who ought to be well and strong are mere weaklings because of acid-stomach. They really starve in the midst of plenty because they do not get enough strength and vitality from the food they eat.

Take EATONIC and give your stomach a chance to do its work right. Make it strong, cool, sweet and comfortable. EATONIC brings quick relief for heartburn, belching, indigestion and other stomach miseries. Improves digestion—helps you get full strength from your food. Thousands say EATONIC is the most wonderful stomach remedy in the world. Brought them relief when everything else failed.

Our best testimonial is what EATONIC will do for you. So get a big 50c box of EATONIC today from your druggist, use it five days—if you're not pleased, return it and get your money back.

EATONIC (FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH)

160 ACRES RICH TILLABLE

Williams County, N. D., land, underlaid with coal; 3¼ miles to market; convenient school and church; full title to minerals; considerable broke; $25 per acre. 320 with running water, considerable broke, close to market and school, full title to minerals, $22 per acre. 752 acres, ideal for diversified farming; running water; all fenced; considerable broke; less than 2 miles to R. R. market; creamery; convenient school; $18 per acre. Beautiful, well improved farms worth $150 per acre, at $25 to $35 per acre. 160 close in, good buildings, 110 acres broke, $25 per acre; 160, partly under irrigation; buildings, $24 per acre. All on terms at 6%. Write for list to O. A. Houge, Williston, N. Dak.

Attention Farmers—Free—Descriptive booklet of Eastern Idaho, land of farm opportunities. Sec'y Commercial Club, Driggs, Idaho.

Big Money Packing Eggs. Send 50c for case package of Sure Keep Egg Pack, postpaid. Western Supply Co., Oakland, California.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

Virginia Farms and Homes
FREE CATALOGUE SPLENDID BARGAINS
E. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
50c. and $1.00 at druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

Did You Know That Spring Comes Eztra Early This Spring?

that the new spring suits—the fresh Spring hats and the fine Easter furnishings have all been received and that we are waiting for you before we can ring up the curtain.

Figuratively speaking—it will only be a few days now before you will be oiling up the lawn mower—so why not see about your Spring clothes now while the dew is on the selections.

Ample stocks to choose from here and the values are strikingly stout.

Suits $35 to $85

Patton Bros. Co.

Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**

"VALUE FIRST CLOTHIERS"

Walter F. Lau

Dealer In

Grain, Coal and Live Stock

Never out of Coal and always a good stock. A Good Place to Trade.

Office Phone No. 16. Residence Phone No. 52

Now is the time to select your

Spring Machinery

We have just received a large shipment of the highest grade machinery, including:-

International, John Deere and Emerson Farm Machinery

from which to pick your disc, drag, seeder, plow, cultivator or other farm implement.

Gas Engines

We handle the well known Fairbanks-Morse Engines and other reliable makes from 1 1-2 to 6 h. p., unmounted or on trucks.

The New Idea Spreader

is absolutetly the best spreader on the market. We have just received a car load, come in and look them over,

Buggies and Wogons

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements *Klemme, Iowa*

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Subscribe Today at $2.00

GOV.-GENERAL OF PHILIPPINES FOR FREEDOM

Declares It Not Right That Freedom Should Longer Be Withheld.

By FRANCIS BURTON HARRISON, Governor-General of the Philippines (First Article.)

Gov. Gen. Harrison

My six years' experience as governor-general of the Philippine Islands have convinced me that the Filipino people are ready and fit to have their independence. I have recommended to Congress, as well as to the executive administration, that independence be granted.

As to the question of the stability of government, I wish to say to the American people upon my responsibility as the governor-general that in my opinion there exists today in the Philippine Islands a stable government, which I think should answer the requirements laid down by Presidents Grant and McKinley, and as I understand it, also by Mr. Root—namely, a government elected by the suffrage of the people, which is supported by the people, which is capable of maintaining order and of fulfilling its international obligations.

I am very glad to go on record as being entirely in sympathy with the aspirations of the Filipino nation for independence.

I have recommended to Congress that in granting independence some provision be made similar to what is known as the Platt amendment in the treaty with Cuba, which restricts the ability of the new republic in borrowing of foreign governments and also permits the United States to interfere with the affairs of the new republic in case conditions of disorder should be found to prevail. Such recommendation does not come as an expression of the views of the Filipinos; it is my own view of what would be desirable to secure a feeling of confidence and satisfaction on the part of all persons who have already invested money in the Philippines or who contemplate doing so in the near future.

But it is not right that independence itself should longer be delayed.

By temperament, by experience, by financial ability, in every way, the 11,000,000 Filipinos are entitled to be free from every government except of their own choice. They are intelligent enough to decide for themselves.

I have found the native Filipino official to be honest, efficient and as capable of administering executive positions as any men I have met anywhere in the world.

These officials are today governing 1,000 municipalities and forty-two provinces, economically, efficiently and for the good of the entire people. They have a native congress, including many graduates of Yale, Princeton, Harvard and other American universities. Other members are graduates of Santo Tomas and other Philippine universities, and in education and ability they compare favorably with any I know.

They have leaders like Speaker Osmena of the House of Representatives and President Quezon of the Senate who would adorn any office.

The Philippines are away ahead of the United States in successful government ownership and operation of public utilities.

The government took hold of the steam railways and made them pay a profit of 1,000,000 pesos a year more than under private ownership.

It took hold of the highways, and we have 7,000 miles of the best macadamized roads in the world. The Manila city government is about to take over the street railways and the gas and electric plants, while the territorial government is arranging for ownership and control of the coal supply.

The movement for independence is a peaceful one. No territory was more loyal to Uncle Sam during the war. It offered an armed and equipped division to our government, gave it a submarine destroyer and oversubscribed Liberty loans and Red Cross funds.

Two million natives speak English fluently, and there are 700,000 English speaking children in the public schools.

I am more than willing to retire if the Filipinos can be granted what they deserve—a government like that of the United States.

A MISREPRESENTED RACE.

The Filipino people are a much misrepresented race. The frequent publication of pictures of semi-naked Mindanao Moros and Igorotes has caused a great many Americans to believe they are typical of the inhabitants of the Philippines. Such is far from the case, however. Of 11,000,000 inhabitants of the islands, 10,500,000 are a Christian, civilized people with a culture and refinement that will compare very favorably with that of other nations. The Filipino women are exceptionally modest. A street flirtation in Manila, so far as a Filipino woman is concerned, is something that is almost unknown, as any American that has visited Manila will testify.

DAUGHTER OF AGUINALDO IN U. S. CAPITAL

She Meets Many Wives of American Statesmen and Makes a Hit.

When General Emilio Aguinaldo was leading the Filipino army against the American forces twenty years ago he probably little dreamed that some day a daughter of his would visit the city of Washington and would be given a great reception at the famous Congressional Club! And that the wives of 120 members of the American Congress and two wives of members of the President's cabinet would call upon her to pay their respects!

But all this actually happened when Miss Carmen Aguinaldo, his nineteen-year-old daughter, visited Washington recently. And those wives of the American statesmen expressed themselves as both charmed and surprised at the refined, tactful, college educated young miss who greeted them.

"Miss Aguinaldo was simply delightful," was the expression of one congressman's wife. "She was very modest, yet she acted so natural and thoroughly at home that she captivated everybody."

MISS CARMEN AGUINALDO, Daughter of the Former Leader of the Filipino Army.

On another occasion while in Washington Miss Aguinaldo was given a real ovation by a Filipino-American audience when she recited "My Last Farewell," poem of Dr. Jose Rizal, the Filipino martyr.

Miss Aguinaldo is a student at the University of Illinois, Urbana, Ill. While in Washington she was the guest of Mrs. Jaime C. deVeyra, wife of one of the resident commissioners from the Philippines. The Capitol building and the Congressional library appealed particularly to the young Filipina, while the beautiful sights from the Washington monument thrilled her with delight. When asked how she liked America, she smiled and answered:

"It is a wonderful country. I didn't like winter at first, but since I have learned how to skate I am having fine times. All the Americans whom I have met have been very good to me. My friends in Urbana and my classmates in the university are just lovely, but I cannot help feeling homesick at times because I am missing my father. My coming here was indeed a great sacrifice for him, for we are very close. He is so good to me."

Miss Aguinaldo is intensely patriotic. She does not conceal her resentment when she hears or reads of a misrepresentation of the Filipinos. "It is unfortunate," she once exclaimed in a voice full of sadness, "that my country and my people are hardly known, much less understood, by the people of America."

Politics is tabooed in any conversation with this Filipino maid. She evades the topic by replying that she is too young to express opinions on things political. "All I can say," she declares, "is that I share with my father in the desire for independence for my native land. There is no question about our being able to govern ourselves."

Filipinos declare Miss Aguinaldo has a "genuine Filipina temperament"—that is, she does not believe in the occidental custom of "dates" between young men and women. She does not see anything wrong in it, she says, but it is such a violent departure from the custom in the Philippines that she cannot adopt it.

"You might laugh at me," she said, "but I cannot go out with one single escort unchaperoned. I simply can't. I will go back to my country with the soul of a Filipina."

A newspaper in one of the large American cities that Miss Aguinaldo visited expressed the opinion that she would no doubt be greatly impressed by the sight of street cars and some of the fine residences she would see, but the truth is the young lady was raised in Manila, where she has seen an up-to-date street car system all her life.

This is a Home Bank, loyal to the community and to you.

We appreciate loyalty wherever it is found. We stand ready to aid and encourage every movement designed, directly or indirectly, to advance community interests.

If you need funds for the expansion of your business, if there is any way in which we can help you to grow, do not hesitate to coll on us-

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

IT IS PATRIOTIC TO BUILD NOWADAYS

YOU can do no more progressive, patriotic thing than to carry out your building plans now.

Building is conservation, it gives employment, it is profitable to you.

We offer you patriotic, conservation values on all lumber and building material.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Olaf Brynteson, Mgr.

Farmers' Service

The First National Bank offers service especially suited to the requirements of farmers during every season of the year. This undoubtedly accounts for the large patronage we are receiving from the farmers of this community.

We would be pleased to discuss service requirements with farmers desiring a helpful banking connection or present patrons who expect to increase their farm operations during the year.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

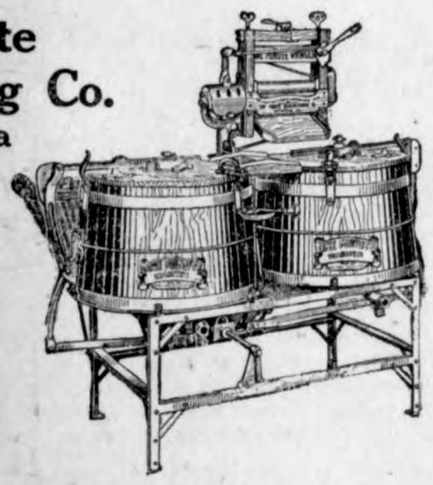
No Need to Boil Clothes Now

BOILING clothes, the wash board, washing powders, etc., are all eliminated by the ONE MINUTE Power Washer which, with soap and hot water, gets a big washing clean and white and on the line by nine.

ONE MINUTE WASHER

is built to last a life time---to save you labor and time. The wooden tub "holds in" the heat, enabling you to wash the second and third batch of clothes with the same "hot" water. Come in and see a demonstration of the power washer that has "made good" and has over a "million satisfied users."

One Minute Manufacturing Co.
Newton, Iowa



Sold by
acobs & Son
LEMME, IOWA

If Its to Eat or Wear
We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groeries--Ladies, mens and childrens hoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at
J. N. Day's
The Busy Stors Phone 72

STATE NEWS

Gleaned from many fields and summered for busy readers

Twenty-nine new bridges will be built in Marion county this year. Contracts totaling $35,000 have been let.

The Iowa State bank, Fort Madison's newest banking institution, with capitalization of $50,000, has opened its doors to the public.

The Ireton High school debating team won the northwest Iowa championship by defeating the Storm Lake team in the final debate at Ireton.

A total of $11,323,611 worth of farm lands and town property, all Story county real estate, had been filed for record with the county recorder at the end of the second week of the first of March period.

Contracts have been awarded in Marion county for the construction of twenty-nine bridges for $35,000. Prices are about 60 per cent higher than last year. But is about the lowest bid in Iowa this year. Bids ran as high as $48,000 on the work.

The best thirty ears of corn at the annual Polk county corn show brought $30 to its owner. It cost Marion Coppock of Ankeny $35 to buy back the bushel of prize corn which brought him first prize at the show. I. E. Proudfit of Altoona sold his bushel of corn for $18.

Allison, the county seat of Butler county is the smallest as to population in Iowa. Butler county has another distinction. It has a jail in the basement under the court house. During the year of 1919 there were but two occupants of that jail and these were but for a few days.

Congregational churches of Iowa will launch a drive for their quota of $3,000,000 to be raised this spring by the Congregational church in connection with the Congregational world movement. This movement provides for the raising of a fund of $50,000,000 during the five years of reconstruction period.

Approximately 31,000 head of cattle are now under government supervision for tubercular tests in Iowa. The cattle, which include 1,075 herds, are being tested by eight veterinarians in accordance with federal regulations for accredited herds. Winnebago county is in the lead for tested herds for 140 are now enrolled for supervision.

East Waterloo, having 163 farmers on 18,683 acres, makes a good showing in the Iowa farm crop statistics record for 1919. On these farms are 127 automobiles, nine tractors, four farm trucks. Down the capacious throats of 58 silos were crammed 5,398 tons of ensilage. In 17 homes are bathtubs, in 37 furnaces and in 15 electric lights.

These statistics are a few showing some of the more important items in the billion and a half crop Iowa had last year. Corn, $407,000,000; Spring wheat, 13,000,000; Winter wheat, 91,000,000; Hay (tame), $91,000,000; Alfalfa, $11,000,000; Dairy products, $113,000,000; Poultry, $85,000,000; Horses $133,000,000; Milch cows, $119,000,000; Swine, $226,000,000.

Iowa is right now in need of nearly a thousand farm laborers. Iowa farmers now want 377 married farm hands and 438 single men for farm work. About one-fourth of the counties of the state are yet to be heard from. Never before have the farmers been ready so early in March to take on farm help nor has there been such a large per cent, asking for married workers.

Tearing down of the north shore of Smith's island below LeClaire to secure the requisite width for the new government ship canal between the island and the Iowa shore has been commenced. This portion of the big reclamation project will be completed by this summer. A retaining wall will be erected along the north shore of the island, running westerly to join the dam at the lower end of the island, where the big locks will be located.

A good many Iowa farmers will be interested in a report from Webster City stating that Judge H. E. Fry has declared unconstitutional that part of the drainage act which seeks to empower a judge to fix drainage district boundaries. The section is 1989-a-36. The case in which the decision was made was brought by farmers in Hardin county, Alex McCoy and F. E. Baker, who asked the establishment of a drainage district by the judge. The supervisors of Hardin and Hamilton counties had disagreed and under Section 1989-a-36 the court was empowered to make the district. This Judge Fry says a court has no constitutional authority to do.

A big jump in the price of Iowa farm lands the past year is indicated by reports of the correspondents of the Iowa co-operative crop reporting service. The average value of poor plow lands March 1, 1920, was $157, compared with $129 a year ago; average of good plow lands, $157, compared with $196 a year ago. All farm lands with improvements on March 1, 1920, averaged $255, compared with $192 a year ago, and all farm lands without improvements were estimated at $205, compared with $156 a year ago.

The Iowa 2-cent fare will again go into effect, as soon as the railroads shall have passed what might be called the probationary period. That seems to be a sensible view. That's the way the layman would decide the matter if it were left to him. And it is probably the best for the railroads. The higher the fare, the fewer the passengers. The Iowan is no longer dependent upon the railroad. The auto will transport him just as quickly and traveling by auto is not any more discomfortable than riding in stuffy cars. If the railroad can carry the passengers for less money than the auto, it is going to get the business.

Sioux City as a center within a radius of 150 miles is the greatest live stock country on earth. 159 hogs were sold at an average of $510, aggregating $80,940.00. First fall sale in August brought $19,270, for 41 head averaging $470.00. The second sale was held in October. The offering of 34 head brought $18,830, an average of $554.00. The third sale held in January totalled $17,825. The 40 head averaged $440.00. The fourth sale which was held recently was a record breaker. The offering of 44 head brought $25,015, an average of nearly $570.00. The fifth sale will put the total over the $100,000 mark.

According to the report of the Iowa co-operative crop reporting service there was 40 per cent of the 1919 corn crop on farms March 1, 1920, or 116,400,000 bushels, compared with 131,468,000 bushels a year ago. The report indicates that 28 per cent has been and will be shipped out of the state. The quality of last year's crop was good, 96 per cent being merchantable. Approximately 39 per cent, or 76,511,000 bushels, of last year's oat crop was on farms March 1, 1920, compared with 103,307,000 bushels a year ago. 17 per cent of last year's wheat crop was on farms March 1, or 4,025,000 bushels, and 67 per cent has been and will be shipped out of the state. Last year Iowa produced 8,032,000 bushels of wheat.

Iowa scored again in her first of March settlements on land when 20,000 farms changed hands and there is no report of a financial wreck or a panic anywhere. Not only that, but land advanced from $10 to $25 per acre and it will not only stay there for a short time, but it will surely go higher. The admirable federal reserve currency system had a lot to do, of course, with the ease in which such a huge financial transaction was made possible, but the stability of Iowa land values also was a great help. Those who were fortunate enough to possess good Iowa land—and there is precious little of it that is not good—have something that will never decrease in value, but will grow in value every year.

From the annual report of the county agent and farm bureau work in Iowa an idea may be had of the improvement in the poultry business brought about by proper culling and selection. Meetings to the number of 1076 were held in 63 counties and were attended by 11,h54 people. Specialists culed 967 flocks and county agents culled 259 more flocks. The total number of birds in the flocks was 132,534 and from this number 50,697 hens were discarded, Records kept in each flock two and two weeks after culling showed that very few layers were discarded. The average 100 birds in the original flocks laid 22 eggs per day while the average 100 birds left after culling was 35 eggs per day. The original flocks therefore produced 29,157 eggs per day and after 50,697 hens had been thrown out they continued to lay 28,643 eggs per day. These figures show that the culling was 99 per cent efficient and that 50,183 non-producers were eliminated.

The largest barn in Iowa, is the barn on the J. Westrope farm, a few miles from Harlan. The barn was erected in the days when building material was cheap and 33 car loads of building stone was used in the basement of this immense barn The foundation wall is 10 feet high and covers a space of 84x64. The lower part is used as a cattle and horse barn, and 96 head of cattle can be comfortably accommodated without crowding. There are eight rows of stalls and a feed and litter alley for each row. In addition to the cattle sixteen head of horses can be taken care of along one end of the barn. One of the outstanding features of the foundation work is the fact that all rock used, was hand cut. From the top of the masonry wall to the peak of the roof is 65 feet. Enclosed under this big room is the granary, hay loft, machine shed, feed grinding room and repair shop. The grain bins are exceptionally large and built with chutes to the feed alleys below. The hay mow holds 500 tons of hay The place is lighted by artificial lights has 90 feet of hay track and 500 feet of litter track. Eight carpenters worked five months on the woodwork and three stayed five months longer to finish up the job. Recently reshingling had to be done and it took just 480,000 shingles for the job.

The seed corn situation as a whole in Iowa is very satisfactory but this does not mean that there will be no trouble with seed corn or that all of the corn will give a good strong germination. If anything, there is too much of a tendancy to believe that all of the corn matured thoroughly last fall and that late gathered seed does not need testing. Many are going to find to their sorrow that all of the corn gathered late for seed purposes during the husking time needs the individual ear test. This is especially true in the northern part of the state.

We have just received a

MOLINE UNIVERSAL Tractor

It solves the farm help problem!

One man controls both tractor and implement from seat of implement, and is so easy to handle a woman or boy can operate it. This tractor can be used for plowing, discing, planting, cultivating, etc. or can be used for belt work as filling silos etc.

We have also just received three carloads of Moline Rock Island and Hayes farm machinery of all kinds.

See the 9-16 Tractor on our floor which is fully equiped with self starter and electric lights.

Henry Lau & Son
Farm Implements *Klemme, Iowa*

Come to This Store

for your wants in all kinds of Merchandise

Dry Goods	**Groceries**
Shoes	**Rubbers**
Hosiery	**Underwear**

Work clothing Etc.

You can save money here

Try us—bring your next order in and let us fill it for you. We will give you good goods—best service—lowest prices.

Eggs taken same as cash in trade.

G. W. Kluchohn & Sons

For Your
Sunday Dinner

Make your table attractive and the food appetizing with

Heinz Products

We have just received a new shipment of Pickles, Ketchup, Mustard, Peanut Butter and other Heinz Products.

Once Tried, Always Used

J. P. Larsen & Sons

Any time of day

BAKER'S COCOA

is welcome

DO not make the mistake of thinking that cocoa is only an occasional drink. It is so valuable a food beverage, so rich in the elements of nutrition, so delicious in flavor, and so wholesome that it should be used regularly and often.

Booklet of Choice Recipes sent free

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd.
Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

LIBERTY BONDS
ALL ISSUES
50-100-500-1000
Bought and Sold on Commission
POST BROTHERS & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
52 Broadway, New York

SQUEEZED TO DEATH

When the body begins to stiffen and movement becomes painful it is usually an indication that the kidneys are out of order. Keep these organs healthy by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Famous since 1696. Take regularly and keep in good health. In three sizes. All druggists. Guaranteed as represented.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

MATERNITY

LANE BRYANT—specialist in Maternity clothes. Newest modes; conceal condition. Worn by over a million mothers. *Your Money back if not satisfied.*

Style Book FREE
Picturing latest styles in Coats, Suits, Dresses, Corsets, etc.
Write Dept. Y3

Style Book FREE

LANE BRYANT 38th St. at Fifth Ave. NEW YORK

Quickly Conquers Constipation

Don't let constipation poison your blood and curtail your energy. If your liver and bowels don't work properly take **CARTER'S Little Liver Pills** today and your trouble will cease. For dizziness, lack of appetite, headache and blotchy skin nothing can equal them. Purely vegetable.

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for **Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness.**

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

Mere Trifle.

Mr. Feathertop—I'm going to the races this afternoon, and I'm so excitable I know I'll fairly lose my head there.

His Wife—Oh, don't worry about that, dear. But be careful of your money!

Health is the fashion. Take Garfield Tea, the herb laxative which purifies the blood and brings good health.—Adv.

A doctor who tells you your symptoms before you can tell them wins your eternal faith.

Use **MURINE** Night and Morning and **Keep Your Eyes** Clean - Clear and Healthy

Write for Free Eye Care Book Murine Co. Chicago, U.S.A.

DOCTOR ADVISED CHANGE OF CLIMATE

Run Down and Lungs Hurt—Stayed Home and Gained 22 Pounds.

"In November, 1911, I had a severe cold and la grippe, which left me with a bad cough. My lungs and shoulder blades hurt so I couldn't sleep and I finally had to give up my job and was ordered to change climate. In April, 1912, I began taking Milks Emulsion. On the second bottle I could see a change. My appetite was better and I commenced to gain strength and weight. Now (August 23, 1912) I have used 23 bottles, have increased 22 pounds in weight and believe I am permanently cured."—W. F. Bourland, Route 5, Wolf City, Texas.

Mr. Bourland was fortunate in commencing to use Milks Emulsion when he did. A run-down system invites disease. Milks Emulsion costs nothing to try.

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength Milks Emulsion is strongly recommended to those whom sickness has weakened, and is a powerful aid in resisting and repairing the effects of wasting diseases. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. Truly wonderful for weak, sickly children.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.—Adv.

The Wrong Disease.

A Greencastle physician was approached by a patient who was in poor health. The patient explained his illness, and also the fact that he was not able to pay for the professional services at once, but would do so within a short time. He got the medical services and was improving nicely, in fact he had recovered sufficiently to go to work. The patient met the physician, who broached the subject of his fees. The patient said: "Well, doc, don't you know I was just talking to another doctor, and he told me you doctored me for the wrong thing, and I don't want to pay you for doctoring me for the wrong disease."—Indianapolis News.

IF BACK HURTS USE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Eat less meat if Kidneys feel like lead or Bladder bothers.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulates them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.—Adv.

Water on the Knee.

A certain man of rather a waggish disposition, contends that his wife has no imagination. At dinner one night he chanced to mention a tragic circumstance, which he had read in the evening paper on his way home. A passenger on a transatlantic steamer had fallen overboard in mid-ocean, and had never been seen again.

"Was he drowned?" asked the wife.

"Oh, no," answered the husband, "but he sprained his ankle, I believe!"

CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How to Get Quick Relief From Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh will be gone.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh—Relief comes so quickly.—Adv.

"He-Rose."

A small boy was asked by the teacher to write an essay on heroes.

The boy promptly wrote the following:

"I put a tin tack on the chair. Father sat on it and 'he-rose.'"

HOG WALLOW IS OF IMPORTANCE

Sanitary Type Advocated by the United States Department of Agriculture.

ANIMALS SUFFER IN SUMMER

Provision Should Be Made for Intake and Outlet So That It Can Be Filled and Drained Often to Keep Clean and Fresh.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

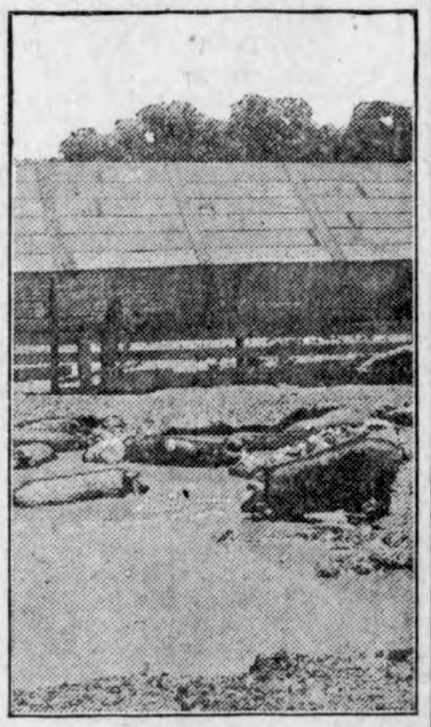
It is as natural for the hog to want to wallow as it is for the small boy to scurry to the old swimming hole with the first breath of spring. Hot weather is hard on fat animals, the portly porker included. That is why a well-made, sanitary hog wallow is like a Coney island bathing beach for the hogs. A popular and serviceable type of wallow advocated by the United States department of agriculture should be made of concrete about 12 inches in depth and large enough to accommodate the herd of hogs. The wallow should be supplied with a satisfactory intake and outlet so that it can be filled about two-thirds full of water and drained every few days, or as often as is necessary to keep the pool fresh and cleanly.

Face Two Extremes.

The hog grower in many of the leading pork producing states faces two temperature extremes during the year. During the winter, unless he provides comfortable houses and warm quarters, his hogs are likely to suffer from the cold, while in the summer season he must handle the animals under conditions of extreme heat. Any animal as fat as the average hog which is to be marketed in the late summer or early fall suffers greatly during hot weather, and unfortunately many hog farmers neglect to provide shelter and protection for their hogs from the extreme heat. During hot weather hogs need plenty of shade—natural shade such as is furnished by trees and bushes being the best.

Temporary Shelter.

Where natural shade and shelter are not available, the hog owner should put up a temporary shelter by building a framework about four feet high and thoroughly covering the top with brush, straw, grass or hay. This inexpensive sunshade should be of sufficient size to protect a herd of hogs in comfort as they lie under it. As a rule, the ordinary hog house should —not be used for shade purposes during the summer. Each year hog mortality is comparatively heavy due to "porker sunstroke" induced by maintaining the hogs in the open without sufficient protection from the ruddy glow of Old Sol's furnace.



Hog Cholera Thrives Under Such Conditions.

GROWING SOY BEANS IN CORN

Farmers Pleased With Results Obtained by Using Crops for Silage and Hogging Down.

The Iowa agricultural experiment station says that Iowa farmers who have been growing soy beans in corn for silage or hogging down, furnish almost conclusive proof of the value of the combination.

Some 800 farmers throughout the state co-operated with the experiment station in the growing of these crops. Over 700 of these men were well pleased with the results and said that they would use the combination of soy beans and corn more extensively in the future. More than half of the number of co-operators reported that the yield of corn was increased rather than decreased.

Statements such as "Didn't decrease corn yield," "Coming crop to mix with corn silage," "Very good crop," "Expect to plant beans with every hill of corn next year," were included in the farmers' reports to the experiment station.

Soy beans are high in protein content, and therefore the mixed silage is richer than corn silage. The corn yield is not decreased on soil of good fertility, and a yield of a little less than one-half a ton of soy beans per acre is received. These facts should make soy beans a popular crop.

DIFFERENT DISEASES OF SWEET POTATOES

Bulletin Just Issued Explains Fully Various Ailments.

Suggestions Are Made on Control or Prevention of Ills—Illustrations of Much Assistance in Identifying Troubles.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

"Sweet Potato Diseases," a 26-page Farmers' Bulletin—No. 1059—just issued by the bureau of plant industry, and now available for distribution, explains in nontechnical language the character of various field diseases and storage rots which do much to menace the profitableness of sweet-potato crops of this country. Accompanying each description of a disease are suggestions as to how the disease may be controlled or prevented. The comments on the manner in which the various diseases are spread and the best methods of prevention are also of timely value. Supplementing the text are a number of illustrations which should be of assistance to the grower in identifying various field diseases and storage troubles. Stem rot, black rot, foot rot, Texas rot, scurf, leaf blight, and white rust are among the field diseases treated, while the list of storage rots discussed includes soft rot, ring rot, Java black rot, and charcoal rot.

Small Sweet Potato Plant With Characteristic Blackening of Underground Part of Stem.

The new bulletin is a revision of Farmers' Bulletin No. 714. It can be had by addressing the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

BEES LOST SEEKING POLLEN

Minnesota Expert Recommends Insects Be Not Liberated Until Food Supply Is Plentiful.

Bees sometimes get lost, says L. V. France of the beekeeping division at University farm, St. Paul. They do so on being turned out in the spring if they have to go far in search of pollen. Therefore, Mr. France urges that bees should not be given their freedom in April until there is plenty of pollen available on willows and soft maples close by.

If there is no pollen available outside the hives in April, or the weather is too bad for the bees to go out, the keeper should provide combs of pollen.

Among other things suggested by Mr. France for bees just given their freedom are these:

Clean water in a warm nook in the bee yard.

Food enough to last until May 20 in the form of sugar, sirup, or combs of honey saved from the previous year.

Protection against cold weather until May 15 or 20 by wrapping each hive with several thicknesses of heavy wrapping or building paper.

Prevention of robbing by reducing size of entrances.

OVERHAUL FARM IMPLEMENTS

Matter of Economy to Inspect Various Machines and Make All Necessary Repairs.

It will be found a matter of economy on every farm to go over the various machines and implements, making a careful inspection of the need for repairs. Incidentally, it will be found advisable to slap some good oil paint on all exposed surfaces of metal or wood. Costs of implements of all kinds are high and a little time spent in overhauling in advance of the season of use may mean extending the life of a machine for several seasons.

AMOUNT OF LAND FOR FRUIT

Acre Makes Good Garden, but Trees May Be Set About Back Yard and Along Fences.

An acre makes a good fruit garden, but if so much land cannot be devoted to the growing of fruit, trees set about the back yard and along the fences would give good returns for the time and labor expended upon them.

DAIRY

CHANGING COWS TO PASTURE

Caution Must Be Observed to Avoid Drop in Flow of Milk—Reduce Grain Gradually.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Farmers welcome the season when dairy cattle can be turned on pasture, as they feel that the heavy expense of winter feeding is over, and expect that during the late spring and early summer months the cows will reach their maximum flow of milk at a minimum cost. This is true within certain limits, but caution must be observed in making the change from dry feed to pasture conditions. The change should not be made too early in the spring, nor too abruptly, especially in the case of cows that are producing a relatively high flow of milk and that have been fed liberally during the winter. Unless the change is made gradually there will be a decided drop in the flow of milk.

Pasture grasses in the early spring are immature and contain a high percentage of water and but a small amount of dry matter. This makes it physically impossible for cows producing a large amount of milk to eat enough of such grass to supply the necessary amount of nutrients. The cows should be allowed on pasture only a few hours a day and the grain ration should be reduced gradually. After the change has been made cows which are producing only an average amount of milk and butterfat will find a sufficient supply of feed on good pasture. High producers, however, will require some grain throughout the season. While direct results may not show immediately it is the general consensus of opinion that cows are brought to a better body condition and are likely to maintain their flow of milk longer during the balance of the lactation period if they receive some grain. Three to five pounds daily of grain, such as a mixture of oats, bran, and corn or barley, may be used to supplement pasture.

GREATEST PROFIT FROM COWS

Difficult for Some Owners to Realize That Greatest Returns Come From Good Feed.

Records of cow testing associations go to show that it is the well fed cow that returns the greatest profit. "It would be advisable often for the man who is milking ten cows to sell two of them and give all the feed to the rest," says J. B. Fitch, head of the dairy department at the Kansas State Agricultural college.

"It requires a long time for some cattle owners to realize that it is profitable to feed a cow well. It is a fact, that the average cow requires one half of her ration to maintain her body and that only the part of the ration above that required for her maintenance can go into the production of milk, as the cow's share is taken out of the ration first.

The Kind of Cow That Pays.

"It is obvious that, after supplying a cow with her maintenance, not to give her all the feed she will use in producing milk would be an unprofitable practice."

DAIRY COWS RELISH SILAGE

Not a Complete Feed Because of Its Bulk, Moisture and Lack of Mineral Matter.

Silage has been found to be particularly well adapted to the feeding of dairy cattle, but it is not a complete feed because of its bulk, its high moisture content and its lack of protein and mineral matter. In combination with silage one should feed some alfalfa or clover hay and in addition a well-balanced grain ration.

THRIFTY GROWTH OF HEIFERS

Daily Average Gain of Young Animal Should Be Close to One Pound Up to Calving Time.

If fed so as to induce a thrifty growth, yet not produce fat, dairy heifers will gain on an average close to one pound daily from the age of six months up to two years or calving time.

A WELL-KNOWN INSTITUTE

Probably no institution in America is more widely known than Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y. Although established many years ago it is today a modern sanitarium having all the latest facilities for correct diagnosis of diseases and successful treatment through medicine or surgery.

It was Dr. Pierce, its founder, who over 50 years ago gave to the world that wonderful stomach tonic and blood purifier, "Golden Medical Discovery," and that famous non-alcoholic medicine for women, "Favorite Prescription."

In his early professional career Dr. Pierce realized that every family, especially those who live remote from a physician, should have at hand some instructive book that would teach them something about First Aid, Physiology, Anatomy, Hygiene; how to recognize different diseases, how to care for the sick, what to do in case of accident or sudden sickness, etc., etc. He published that great book, the "Medical Adviser," an up-to-date edition of which can be procured by sending 21 cents to Doctor Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y.

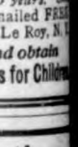
Later, Dr. Pierce added another feature to his chain of good works by establishing a bureau of correspondence to which any one can write for medical advice, without any expense whatever, and if necessary, medicines especially prepared in Doctor Pierce's Laboratory will be sent by parcel post or express for use at home, at a reasonable cost. Thus those who have symptoms of disease need not suffer mental agony, fearing that they have some serious ailment, but can have a diagnosis made free by a physician of high professional standing. Write to Dr. Pierce relating your symptoms if you want medical advice for any chronic disease. All letters regarded as confidential.

Children Who Are Sick

When your child cries at night, tosses restlessly in its sleep, is constipated, feverish or has symptoms of worms, you are worried. Mothers who value their own comfort and the welfare of their children should never be without a box of

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children

for use throughout the season. They tend to Break up Colds, relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy Worms. These powders are pleasant to take and easy for parents to give. They cleanse the stomach, act on the Liver and give healthful sleep by regulating the child's system.



Trade Mark

Used by mothers for over 30 years. Sold by all druggists. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Be sure you ask for and obtain Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children

Ladies Let Cuticura Keep Your Skin Fresh and Young

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. J. Berry Co., 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

Benefit of Silence.

"I don't see your name in the paper quite so often as it used to be, senator."

"No," replied the senator. "I think it just as well not to inform the public of my whereabouts. When I don't actually know where I am it is natural for them to believe that I am busy working for their interests."

An Exception.

"They say Mrs. Bump's table is a weak point."

"Not if you judge it by the bill she puts on it."

BACK ACHING?

That "bad back" is probably due to weak kidneys, a trouble that often follows grip, cold, or overwork. It starts in constant, dull, throbbing backache or sharp twinges when stooping or lifting. You have headaches, too, dizzy spells, a tired, nervous feeling and irregular kidney action. Don't neglect it. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands have saved themselves serious kidney ills by timely use of Doan's. Ask *your neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

Peter Van Rees, retired, 1009 Columbus St., Pella, Iowa, says: "For three days I couldn't even walk or bend over. I had such pains in the small of my back and when I would move the least bit, sharp pains would cut through my kidneys; they felt like knife-stabs. I had heard about Doan's Kidney Pills and after using part of a box, I felt better. The pains left my back and it felt strong again. I have not been bothered since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Coughs Grow Better

surprisingly soon, throat inflammation disappears, irritation is relieved and throat tickling stops, when you use reliable, time-tested

PISO'S

Take Aspirin With Water

If your Aspirin tablets have the name "Bayer" stamped on them, they are genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," proved safe by millions of people. The name "Bayer" identifies the true world-famous Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

Always drink one or two glasses of water after taking the tablets.

Each unbroken "Bayer package" contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis, and for Pain.

Always say "Bayer" when buying Aspirin. Then look for the safety "Bayer Cross" on the package and on the tablets.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages.

Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

When the Lot Shrinks.

"I thought you told me your lot was 50 feet wide, said the neighbor.

"So it is."

"Then why shovel only 40 feet of snow off your walk?"

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION

How About Your Catarrh? Do You Want Real Relief?

Then Throw Away Your Sprays and Other Makeshift Treatment.

Why? Simply because you have overlooked the cause of catarrh, and all of your treatment has been misdirected. Remove the cause of the clogged-up accumulations that choke up your air passages, and they will naturally disappear for good. But no matter how many local applications you use to temporarily clear them away, they will promptly re-appear until their cause is removed.

S. S. S. is an antidote to the millions of tiny Catarrh germs with which your blood is infested. A thorough course of this remedy will cleanse and purify your blood, and remove the disease germs which cause Catarrh.

For free medical advice write to Chief Medical Adviser, 101 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Blind Men Splice Rope.

Blind men in a Pacific coast institution have become expert rope splicers and knotters with a very brief series of lessons.

$100 Reward, $100

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. $100.00 for any case of Catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

For a Consideration.

Spratt (gloomily)—"I don't believe I have a friend in the world." Sponger—"You can make one: I need $5."

FAMOUS BOWERY IS NO MORE

Prohibition and General Good Things Responsible for Disappearance of Its Oldtime Characteristics.

New York's old-time Bowery is no more. No final rites have marked its passage, nor has the last requiem been sung, but of recent months the change has been progressing swiftly and noticeably.

Only old-timers can remember the "Tub of Blood" and other famous dives, but now even the modern hangouts are disappearing one by one before the advent of national prohibition.

Most potent of the changes in America's former driftway of human wreckage is the virtual disappearance of the "Bowery bum." A newspaper feature writer recently sojourned on the street for a time, and he reported that the "bums" are now almost all at least casual workers, and that "cash," or a sizable roll of the "long green," abounds.

Accommodating.

"Will you do me a favor?" asked the shabby-looking visitor.

"No, I won't," growled Mr. Grumpson. "I presume you want money."

"Well, I'd be glad to do you a favor," replied the visitor as he edged toward the door. "I'd be so tickled to get as your pallbearer that I'd even provide my own white gloves."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

NOT SO HARD TO UNDERSTAND

After Experience With Truthful Parent, Teacher Got Great Light on Johnny's Case.

A teacher who believed in co-operating with the parents of her pupils called at the house of a small boy whom she had caught in a number of falsehoods in order to take counsel with his mother.

"I can't see how you can say that," the boy's mother objected. "John never tells me lies. I'm mighty particular about it myself. He's out in the yard now. Annie," she said to his small sister, "you go out and tell him to come right in this minute!"

Annie went, but in a few minutes she returned without the small prevaricator. "He won't come," she announced proudly. "He says he won't."

"Did you tell him who was here?" inquired his mother.

Annie shook her head.

"All right," said the truthful parent. "Go back and tell him his grandmother is here and has some candy for him. That'll bring him!"—Youth's Companion.

Real Signs.

"Is that a baby squall which is coming up?" "I guess so from the way the boat is rocking."

Applause has made fools of more men than criticism.

Health and Comfort Flavor and Economy

POSTUM CEREAL

gives you every desirable quality in a table beverage and has none of the harm of coffee.

This All-American table beverage must be boiled 20 minutes.

For children and grown-ups.

"There's a Reason"

Two Sizes 25¢ and 15¢ All grocers.

Made by Postum Cereal Co. Battle Creek, Mich.

Home Town Helps

PAYS TO BUILD BIRD HOUSES

Feathered Songsters, Through Their Destruction of Insects, Increase Yield of Farm.

Birds are desirable to have about the premises, not only on account of their beauty and song but because of their economic worth. The little feathered songsters are especially useful as insect destroyers during the breeding period, when they have to work early and late to obtain sufficient food for their nestlings. One way to increase the number making your property their summer home is to put out feathers, bits of wool and twine during the nest-building season for the birds to use in building their habitations. Another way is to build safe retreats for them in which they can rear their young comfortably. Most of the houses will be occupied year after year. In fact, no attraction for summer birds is more effectual than plenty of houses suited to the needs and habits of the various kinds of house birds. During idle hours the construction of a few of these bird dwellings is fascinating and useful work.

Farmers' Bulletin 609, prepared by the United States bureau of biological survey, gives clear working directions, with illustrations, for a large number of bird houses—both of the single and apartment house variety. This bulletin may be had free by writing the department of agriculture, Washington.

TOWN RUN ON BUSINESS LINES

Municipal Departments of Lakewood, O., Work Through Mayor's Office—Makes for Co-Operation.

From his military training in the Spanish-American war and his business training since, Mayor Louis E. Hill of Lakewood has adopted methods which he believes are novel in municipal affairs.

The idea, the mayor says, is to keep him in direct touch with all municipal problems and works and to bring about greater co-operation between heads of departments in a business administration.

Army correspondence procedure governs all communications between heads of departments. A letter between departments goes first through the hands of the mayor, who forwards it to its destination. It is answered by indorsement on the original letter and returned, again through the mayor's office, to the writer.

Every Tuesday morning at ten o'clock the mayor holds a conference with all department heads, at which every phase of each department's work is discussed.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

MAKE WAR ON THE BARBERRY

Any Number of Substitutes for Shrub Which Is One of Farmer's Worst Enemies.

Landscape gardeners are recommending substitutes for the common barberry, a host of the black stem rust of wheat which causes enormous losses each year to the wheat crop.

Where a purple variety is desired in the shrubbery border, the purple-leaved plum may be substituted, according to P. H. Elwood, Jr., assistant professor of landscape architecture at the Ohio State university. This may also be used as a high background mass or as specimen tree groups on the lawn. The purple hazel may also be used as an accent of color in the shrubbery mass.

Many other shrubs can be used where the common barberry has or would have been planted, such as the five-leaved angelica, red-twigged dogwood, pink weigelia, winged euonymus, white kerria and high bush cranberry.

The common barberry must go, and the sooner we make up our minds to it the better. Root it out, and put something else in its place, and soon its absence will be forgotten.

Plant Memorial Trees.

While various kinds of memorials are being erected for our departed soldiers, none is more simple and more appropriate than the tree, which will be a living emblem of the remembrance of a grateful people to those who gave their lives upon the altar of their country. Statues and monuments after a few years may come to look cheap, and they may be meaningless to the next generation, but in the memorial tree nature will assist man in keeping fresh and green the memory of American heroes.

His Consideration.

"Looky yur, Gap," chided a friend. "What in thunder made you tell your wife you'd be home from the spanking dead shore by nine o'clock, when you know good and well it won't let out until half past ten or 'leven?"

"She always begins to worry about me as soon as she thinks it's about time for me to show up," replied Gap Johnson of Rumpus Ridge. "So I figgered I'd give her plenty of time to worry. My wife is like all the rest of the women; she hain't happy unless she's pestering about nuth'n."—Kansas City Star.

Garfield Tea stimulates the liver, corrects constipation, cleanses the system and rids the blood of impurities. All druggists. —Adv.

Rest in the Newspapers.

"When I'm tired my wife reads to me the news of the day."

"I've tried that once."

"Yes?"

"But my wife couldn't see any news except about bargain sales and cooking hints."—London Answers.

The Cuticura Toilet Trio

Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations. The soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them. 25c everywhere.—Adv.

Little Things That Hurt.

You may think that a bachelor with an income of one million hates to pay an income tax, but if you want to behold his enthusiasm freeze just watch him groan when the school tax is h'isted.—Houston Post.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Georgette and Tricotine.

"My, but you've dyed your hair a fashionable red," commented Georgette.

"Like it?" smirked Tricotine.

"I'll say I do. Is it expensive?"

"Well, yes. I used six bottles of tomato ketchup on the little job."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Never the Same After That.

As I was making a bed one Monday morning a friend came to see me. She walked right in and not seeing me, said: "Are you at home?" I said: "Oh, yes, I never go visiting Monday morning." When I thought how it sounded, I was awfully embarrassed, and she never acted the same toward me.—Exchange.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Apply few drops then lift sore, touchy corns off with fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic!

A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.—Adv.

No Expense.

Lawyer—What was the judge's charge to the jury?

Ex-Juryman—Not a cent. In fact, we got paid by the day for our work.

Facts for Sick Women

Reliable Information

All American women know of the great success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in restoring to health women who suffered from ailments peculiar to their sex, yet there are some who are skeptical and do not realize that all that is claimed for it is absolutely true—if they did, our laboratory would not be half large enough to supply the demand, though today it is the largest in the country used for the manufacture of one particular medicine.

The Facts contained in the following two letters should prove of benefit to many women:

Buffalo, N. Y.—"I suffered with organic inflammation and displacement. When lifting I had such pain and bearing down that I was not able to stand up, and it hurt me to walk or go up or down stairs. I was going to a doctor without any results and he said the safest thing would be to have an operation. I met a lady who told me she had three operations and was not well until she took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

I felt relief after taking two bottles of Vegetable Compound and I kept on with it until I was cured. I always use Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills and they are fine. Everything used to turn sour on my stomach and the Liver Pills relieved that."—Mrs. A. Rogers, 593 Fargo Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sacramento, Calif.—"I had organic trouble and had such terrible pain and swelling in the lower part of my side that I could not stand on my feet or even let the bed clothes touch my side. I gave up my work thinking I would not be able to go back for months. My mother advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as it had saved her life at one time, and it put me in a wonderful condition in a couple of weeks, so I can keep on working. I work in a department store and have to stand on my feet all day and I do not have any more pains. I surely recommend your Vegetable Compound to all my friends and you may use these facts as a testimonial."—Bertha J. Parker, 3320 M St., Sacramento, Calif.

The fact is, the Best Medicine for Women is

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

A Plea.

"I have always maintained that alcohol is a food." "Me, too. Could you help a starving man?"

Cole's Carbolisalve Quickly Relieves and heals burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Heals without scars. 25c and 50c. Ask your druggist, or send 25c to The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill., for a pkg. Adv.

Nail This, Quick!

"Why has he named his motor Wilton?"

"Because it's his car-pet."

Life in Death.

It was a death-bed scene, but the art director was not satisfied with the hero's acting.

"Come on!" he cried. "Put more life into your dying!"

A postal card to Garfield Tea, Brooklyn, N. Y., asking for a sample will repay you. —Adv.

One has to be able to reason somewhat in order to know when he is unreasonable.

Have you been refused Life Insurance?

TRY

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)

High Blood Pressure, Bad Heart, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuritis, etc., successfully treated.

Write for Information
Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co.

Post Office Box 4
Jordan, Minn.

Every $5.00 Sack Saves 100 Gallons of Milk

You make two extra profits when you feed International Pig Meal—one pound of International dissolved in hot water or skim milk is the equal in feeding value of one gallon of fresh dairy milk. Your pigs reach top of the market condition thirty to sixty days earlier than with ordinary feeds.

INTERNATIONAL PIG MEAL

For Pigs, Shoats and Brood Sows

Start feeding this wonderful fat, bone and muscle builder at once. Wean pigs early. Continue to use it until ready for market. Save your milk. Save corn. Pigs fed International Pig Meal don't need so much corn. Get bigger and better hogs. Mail the coupon today Pay when meal arrives. Act now!

INTERNATIONAL SUGAR FEED CO.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

Mills at Minneapolis and Memphis *Live Salesmen Wanted*

Order A Sack for Every 10 Pigs You Own

International Sugar Feed Company,
Department 179, Minneapolis, Minn.

United States Food Administration License No. 13616.

Gentlemen:

As per your special $5.00 per hundred pound sack, freight prepaid, International Pig Meal introductory offer, you may ship me

Quantity .....

My shipping station is.....

My name is .....

Address .....

.....R. F. D. .....

The name and address of my bank is.....

.....

The above price does not apply to points south of Memphis and west of Denver. Write for quotations for these territories.

The Klemme Times

Entered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

IOWA PRESS ASSOCIATION

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1st, 1920

One Year, in advance.....$2.00
One Year, outside of county...$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES

Display, per column inch.....25c
Readers, per line.....10c
Classified or want ads, per line...10c
Card of Thanks, each.....50c
Political Announcements.....$10.00
Legal Notices at legal rates.
Black-face lines double charge.

No local or classified ad accepted for less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. Regular advertisers are given a special display rate.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.

Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

A. L. LAKE

Contractor & Builder

If you intend to build this year let me figure on your bill. I am in the market to draw your plans and estimate the cost.

I can

Save You Money

on building according to my New Method.

Address

A. L. LAKE

1641 N. Washington Mason City, Ia

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Geo. ZINN

Physician & Surgeon

Phone No. 19. KLEMME IA:

Office in Building East of Gruetzmacher Harness and Shoe Shop.

Eyes Tested.

Glasses Fitted

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Telephone us the news. Phone 12.

April 4th is Easter Sunday.

Mrs. Henry Medaus was a caller at Garner Saturday between trains.

Mrs. Clifford Swartz was a passenger to Garner last Friday afternoon.

Miss Lena Swalve was a passenger to Garner Tuesday morning.

Ben Swalve had business at Garner Tuesday between trains.

Henry Freie and daughter, Viola were at Garner Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Cora Neuberge was a Garner visitor Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Leafy Wilson was a passenger to Garner Tuesday afternoon.

Howard Wilson went to Titonka Tuesday afternoon.

Henry Freie was a passenger to Forest City Monday morning.

Miss Edith Forrisdale, of Belmond, was shopping in Klemme Saturday.

J. N. Day went to Garner Monday morning, to see what he could see.

Mrs. Hood, of Belmond, was a Klemme visitor and shopper Saturday

Howard Doyle returned from his Chicago visit Saturday..

John Swalve autoed to Garner on business Monday morning.

W. H. Trafford had business at Burlington a few days last week.

Milvern Ell was at Garner Saturday between trains.

Miss Anna Kieper was a passenger to Garner Saturday morning.

Mrs. J. A. Young, of Garner, was calling on Klemme friends last Wednesday

Supervisor Buroow was transacting business in Klemme a few days the past week.

Wm. Schlawin and son were passengers to Garner Monday morning to be candidates for the dental chair.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Starnes and son of Belmond were visiting Klemme relatives Saturday between trains.

Mrs. John Gruetzmacher and Mrs. Paul Greiesmer were visiting Garner friends Monday between trains.

C. D. Montgomery came from Dows Monday morning to begin work for Owen Neuhring on the farm.

Mrs. Fred Knoke was taken to the hospital at Hampton Saturday for an operation.

M. E. Peck from Garner was in town Monday shaking hands with old acquaintances.

Miss Lola Smith went to Garner last Thursday to have some dental work done.

Mrs. J. E. Baumgartner was a Garner visitor Tuesday morning between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Wenck of Garner were in Klemme last Friday for a visit.

Mrs. Paul Quintus and daughter of Garner, were calling on Klemme friends between trains Tuesday.

Albert Swanson was a business caller at Belmond Tuesday between trains.

Mrs. H. Schuldt and daughter, Mrs. Dick Bamman, were passengers to Belmond Tuesday.

Henry Schuldt of Mason City spent a few days the past week visiting with his mother, Mrs. H. Schuldt.

Mrs. Dick Bamman of Garner, was a Klemme visitor a few days the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Ell came from Mason City Monday for a few days' visit with Klemme relatives.

Miss Leoda Smith returned Friday from a few days' visit at Belmond with relatives and friends.

Mr. G. B. Lawhorn of Garner was in Klemme last Wednesday visiting friends.

Mrs. Philip Behringer and daughter Florence, and Miss Gale Buss were Garner visitors between trains Saturday.

R. W. Sinclair came over from Garner Saturday morning on business here.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kluckhohn returned Saturday morning from several days' business trip at Burlington.

Mrs. Ruider went to Belmond Saturday noon for an over Sunday visit with relatives, returning Tuesday.

We are in receipt of a letter from H. P. Yahnke, at Good Thunder, Minn., to which place he has recently moved. Henry also remitted for another year's subscription to the Times which he requested be sent to his new address.

Mrs. A. Ahrenkiel and baby were here from Goodell Saturday visiting friends.

Miss Mildred Babcock was a passenger to Garner Saturday morning where she had some dental work done

Mrs. Ralph Blank came Saturday morning from Dows and remained until evening visiting at the Blank home here.

Miss Minnie Blank went to Belmond Saturday for an over Sunday visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. Quandt and family.

M. and Mrs. Grant Dutro returned Saturday from Aberdeen, South Dakota, where they were called two weeks ago by the death of his brother

C. C. Tessier and Sam Tadlock of Garner were in Klemme a few days the past week doing some electrical wiring for tne farm lines.

Wallace Ramsay, the editor of the Herald-Press at Belmond, was elected as a member of the school board this year.

Jos. Heginger of Goodell has purchased one of the lots in the burned out district and will erect a modern building on the site this year.

Hod Lawhorn, of Garner, was a Klemme visitor last Wednesday. Hod hasn't quite gotten used to Garner yet and comes to Klemme quite often

A. E. Baumgartner, clerk of the district court, at Garner, was here on official business last Wednesday between trains.

Casey Blank left last Friday evening for Harlan, Iowa, we believe to accept a position in the depot at that place.

Miss Emma Stuart left Monday for her home at Clear Lake. She was here to attend the funeral of Mrs. Lizzie Stanley, which was held here Saturday.

Mrs. Leo Wilkins, who went to the hospital at Hampton last Thursday and who underwent an operation there, is reported to be improving rapidly.

Mrs. Chas. Conklin who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. H. Lynch northwest of Klemme, returned to her home at Dayton, Iowa, Saturday morning.

All reports indicate that sugar will again be scarce drring the canning season. It will be well for you to lay in a supply now while it oan be purshased cheaper.
S. B. Dutro.

Mrs. C. V. McCullough and little daughter, Maxine, came last Thursday evening and remained until Saturday morning visiting with Gerald and Mildred McCullough.

Calr Boyle came from Davenport the latter part of last for a visit with Klemme friends. This is his first trip here since his discharge from the army. Carl formerly worked near Klemme.

There was an old fashioned dance held at Garner last Wednesday night under the auspices of the Garner Fire Department. A number from Klemme went over but we did not get their names, however Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lewis and Mr. and Mrs. Baack went over in the Lewis car.

CLASSIFIED

Cars For Sale

FORD touring car, 1916 model, in good running order. Bargain. Inquire Henry Maitland. 1w

Dodge Sedan—Fully equipped with five wire wheels and tires, bumpers, shock absorbers, etc. Car practically new, excellent shape, real bargain. Elmer Ludeke. Advertisement 2wp.

For Sale

Typewriter Paper for sale at the Times Office. advertisement.

New J. I. Case sulky for sale. Reasonable offer takes it. Elmer Ludeke. Advertisement 2wp.

For Sale—10 tons of well matured corn silage. Ralph Ludeke. 2w.

Wanted

SALESMEN WANTED to solicit order for lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or Commission. Address—THE VICTOR OIL CO., Cleveland O.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Order your magazines, dailies or other reading matter at the Times Office. Advertisement.

TO THE PUBLIC

Artificial Stone prices until August 1st will be: Rock-face 20c, Corners 25c, Smooth 18c. Foundation work in town 9c, Country 8c, others according. Cement to farmers 63c, town 64c delivered where I do work only. I dig cellars and haul sand. I have the most up to date outfit in this county. Haul my own tools. I guarantee first class work. I worked for 100 parties and can go back to 99. I work six days in the week and 10 hours per day at 75c per hour. Motto—"Live and Let Live."

Yours truly,
CHAS. W. STIEHL
(Advertisement tf.)

A Classified Ad will sell that article you don't want and which somebody else may need. Try one in the Times. Advertisement.

Correct English

How to use it

A monthly magazine

$2.50 the year

Send 10c for Sample Copy

Correct English Publishing Co.

EVANSTON ILLINOIS

Here Soon

Hello, Good Folks —Again!

Cheero

It witch-e-s the fancy,
It puzz-l-e-s the taste,
April 1st to your grocer's
—you'd better make haste!

Yours (ever after Apr.1)

Jack Sprat

P. S. —A brand new coffee, full of MYSTIC new flavor—you'll like it!

Jack Sprat BRAND Coffee

HERE APRIL FIRST

No Sooner No Later

IS 700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of ear corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us about it.

W. F. PAVEY

Dealer Klemme, Iowa

"Biddy" says-

I am not striking for shorter hours or more pay but if you want me to lay more eggs for Easter I insist that you feed me Pan—a—cea, it makes hens lay more eggs.

Yours truly,

Mrs Biddy Hen

P. S. Poultry Pan-a-cea is sold by

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Fire, Water and Smoke

DAMAGE SALE

March 27 to April 10

Of the following music merchandise

2 High Grade Player Pianos
150 Player Rolls
4000 copies of Century and McKinley Music
500 pieces of Popular Music
4 new Rotary White Sewing Machines
1 Player-Phone Talking Machine
1 Second Hand Piano

These goods are but slightly damaged but will be sold at sacrifice prices. If you are interested come or write me.

C. D. WELTY Britt Ia.

Easter Togs

Getting Ready for Easter?

We suggest a Nifty Suit--

One of the medium or form fitting backs, belted models in single and double brested and in neat green mixtures, grays, blues and browns.

Top Coats & Craveneted Coats

In all the new models,
styles and colors.

Beautiful shades in hats and an exceptionally large showing of the newest creation in neckwear. Call in today or any time and let us show you the new things.

Gildner Bros. & Johnson

"IOWA'S LARGEST CLOTHERS"

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Cloths

Sixteen Stores. Garner, Iowa

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Candy and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

Mrs. H. Schuldt 1 Mar. 18

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 30 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, April 1, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Correspondence

GOODELL NEWS

n March 22nd a large audience ed the entertainers of the last ber on the lecture course. This or gave the best satisfaction of number on the course. After all nses were paid the committee de- ed $40.24 in the bank as a lec- ourse fund to help out next year eeded. About 70 have signed up ickets for the next year's course.

e basket social at the U. B. ch on Friday, March 26th, was yed by more than a hundred le. $75 was realized from the of baskets. The piano fund has reached $94.

ss Maude Griggs and Mrs. Julius went to Belmond Saturday.

large number of Goodell citizens to Belmond on Friday to attend funeral of Mr. Butts.

r. Riley Clark was greeting old ds on Sunday.

e farmers who shipped hogs and e last Saturday had to take them on Sunday because of the strike hicago. The railroad had started the stock to Chicago, but when stock yard men struck the rail- company brought the stock This is a great loss to the farm- which will not increase the farm- love for the unions.

rs. Wm. Deeger has been in Chi- for more than a week with her er who is in the hospital for an ation.

B. Church announcements: e Women's Foreign Missionary ety will hold theri annual tea and on Friday, April 9th, at 2 p. m., e basement of the church. All nvited to attend.

e United Brethren church will communion service and receptio communion service and reception embers on Easter Sunday. All welcome to the Sunday and mid- services.

NORTH AVERY NEWS

ne weather! The farmers of Avery are preparing for field

ill Waddingham shipped a car of cattle Saturday, but on account of the railroad strike they were returned to Klemme.

Tom Nelson has just remodeled his buggy.

Svlvan Johnson had the misfortune to step on a rusty nail last week.

Howard Wilson is assisting E. J. Arnold with ihs spring work.

Mrs. Henry Helps was a visitor at the school Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Roths moved into their new home one day last week

A number of the young folks visited at the Huffman home Sunday.

Miss Surley Wilson of Titonka, visited with her sister over Sunday.

—Contributed

Editor's Note—Thanks, send more again.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Special Passion Week services every night except Saturday night. Monday, Thursday and Good Friday should be especially commemorated. All are invited and welcome at these services.

Easter Sunday will be observed with programs of unusual interest both morning and evening. At the morning service receptio of members, baptism of infant children and Easter anthems by the choir. Miss Buriff will also sing at both the morning and evening service.

In the evening the annual thank-offering program of the W. F. M. S. with special music by the choir and orchestra, a brief address by the pastor and the pageant, "The Challenge of the Cross," by a number of the young women members of the Win One class.

The class contest between the younger and older adult classes of the Sunday school closes at the Easter day session. This contest is very close and on next Sunday's record will depend the decision. Attendance last Suday 141. Come out and help the class of your choice.

Morning service at 10:30 a. m. All evening services at 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 11:30 a. m. Come and welcome.

A. E. Buriff, minister

Answers the Purpose.

"Your true lover is often at a loss for words." "But nature makes that up to him by supplying him with an extensive vocabulary of gurgles, sniffles and sighs."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"Stolen Orders"

Wm C. Brady presents

The Big Drury Lane Melodrama

with

Carlyle Blackwell **Kitty Gordon**
Montague Love **June Elvidge**

in

Stolen Orders

a companion picture to

The Whip

written by Cecil Raleigh and Henry Hamilton, staged by Harly Knowls and George Kelson

Idle Hour Theatre

2 Nights

Friday and Saturday

APRIL 2 and 3

This is not a war picture

Prices 25 and 40 tax paid

MARNE MEMORIAL POSTER

JUST as the school children of France gave for their country's gift to the United States—the Statue of Liberty—so will American school children contribute "one cent and upward" for "America's Gift to France," a monumental statue by Frederick MacMonnies, the noted American sculptor. Mr. MacMonnies is contributing his services toward the monument which, it is estimated, will cost $250,000.

The poster shown herewith, is by Albert Sterner, noted American portrait painter. It typifies the tribute which this country will pay to the French through the Marne monument. The poster will be displayed in cities, towns, and villages, and will designate many of the places where contributions may be made during the week of March 22—a free-will offering, in which numbers of contributors, rather than size of contributions, will be sought from school children and others.

Contributions are now being received at National Headquarters, 150 Nassau street, New York, by Charles H. Sabin, president of one of New York's largest trust companies, who is treasurer of the fund.

The memorial will be erected at Meaux, on the Marne, and will rival in size and grandeur of design the Statue of Liberty.

Pretty New York School Girl Helps Spread Appeal for Pennies for "America's Gift to France."

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH

Easter services Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the morning service at 11 o'clock.

Epworth League service Sunday night. The church choir will have charge of the League services and will render Easter music.

Preaching service Sunday night at 8:00 o'clock.

GRANDMA JOSTEN PASSES AWAY

Monday Grandma Josten passed away at the age of eighty-one years, she being that age on her last birthday, March 4th. Funeral services were held from the Reform Church yesterday afternoon. Obituary will be published in next week's issue of the Times.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
Garner, Iowa

1-22-tf

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

ANOTHER VITAL QUESTION WHICH MUST SOON BE SOLVED HERE

A town can only go on a few years and then must come a standstill, both in community spirit of building new homes and a limit to business possibilities unless this standstill is avoided by further improvements. The great community machinery gradually wears away until the wheels come to a standstill and the machine is stopped unless a "mechanic" comes to its assistance and makes the necessary repairs and oils up the machine for another run.

The above may be likened to any town. For instance there is Garner, our near neighbor. Their machine began to wear out and run down and needed fixing up. They saw what was coming and got right busy to mend the machine and install new parts and now they are running to beat the band. They have put in an $85,000 sewer system, they have let the contract for some ninety blocks of paving. Others have gotten the spirit and now they are putting up new buildings. They have come to a great awakening and have started a boom. We can find many other towns that are doing the same and that brings us to the question, "What is Klemme doing to keep the community machinery in motion?"

Klemme needs a sewr, we need it worse than any other town in the state, and it is time that this question be brought before the people of Klemme, the mayor and the council. Every town in the state should have sewerage and there should be a law enacted to have sewerage put in every town in the United States as a safe guard to health and cleanliness.

Sewerage will come some time and now is the time when it should come before more new buildings are erected. Cess pools, septic tanks and out door toilts are a menace to public health and should be done away with, for they are breeding places for deadly diseases no matter how clean they may be kept. Let's boost for a sewer for Klemme and put it through, for a time may come when the State Board of Health may see fit to do it for us. It is a serious proposition, but it is only a question of time before we will be compelled to put in sewerage.

Other improvements will follow, but sewerage must come first.

MESERVEY WANTS LIGHT

Will someone please throw a little beam of light on Meservey? Some time ago the town put up bonds to have an electric line run to their little city but there seems to be "a nigger in the wood pile" somewhere and they still are in the dark. The editor is putting up a good scrap with the mayor and town council to see if he can't budge them on to take some action in getting the lights into Meservey. Stick to it brother and give them h—l until they come clean.

Washington Honored While Alive.

Washington was the only American whose birthday was publicly celebrated while he still lived. February 22 was quite widely observed while he was president.

More Local

Quite a number of people were attracted by the nice weather Sunday to take a little joy ride. They soon turned back and headed for home when heavy clouds rolled up in the wset.

Fred Becker is putting up a fine set of buildings on the land one and a half miles east of town. The improvements consist of a fine large house, a big barn, and other buildings. Now when we consider that Fred is yet a single man, and this being leap year, we are beginning to thik that perhaps we will be able to add some more to this news item in the near future.

A lively contest is taking place at the M. E. church between the young people's class and the adults class in Sunday School attendance. So far we believe the young people are some in the lead but the adults are hard after them to "snow them under" if hey can. Next Sunday will see the finish of the race and both sides are working hard to capture the honor of having the largest attendance.

"Zip" McCullough, the barber, has added a Ford Coupe to his possessions and gave the car a try out Monday night when he and Clarence Bachman headed for Belmond. They struck a nice little camouflaged mud puddle which they mistook for paving with the result that the rear axle of the car broke in trying to back out of the hole. However ,"Zip" will be seen in his "sheeny show case" in a few days and we will bump him for a ride. Now "Zip" please remember this is leap year and many beautiful maidens cast longing glances on a young man with a car. Beware!

We wot mention the man's name, but we heard a peach of a joke on him the other day. A certain gentleman who moved to Klemme a few weeks ago is the owner of a dog. Now the city requires that animals with four legs, wag their tails and bark, must have a license tag. So Mr.—— was required to plunk down a dollar for Fido's guarantee of life. When the said dog owner looked at his receipt for the license he discovered that it was only good until May 1st this year and then he would have to dig up another dollar to save the dog's life for another year. Of course he (the man) pawed the air considerable and wanted the dollar back, but nothing doing. The town got the dollar, the dog the tag and the man the receipt. The city hads thank him for the donation.

Ralph Blank and family, of Dows, spent Sunday with his folks here. Ralph has been road master on this line for several months now but he says that the first of April he will have to step back a notch and take over his old job as yard foreman at Estherville. Since the railroads have gone back to private ownership they are again putting back their old men on the better jobs and so Ralph will have to await his turn again. He says it is tough luck but can't be helped. He has made good while on the job as road master and was well liked all along the line and his many friends hope that he will soon be promoted to the position again. The man who was road master before Ralph was promoted has been re-instated by the company and he will again hold the position. Ralph also holds the honor of being the youngest man who has ever held the position of road master on the Rock Island road.

GARNER RE-ELECTS OLD COUNCIL AND MAYOR

Monday a big battle was staged at Garner when the old mayor and council were up for re-election and were opposed by the "conservative gang." The old council and mayor however gave them a good trimming and Garner will still progress under their able management.

SPECIAL OFFER DES MOINES CAPITAL

The Des Moines Capital from now until Jan. 1, 1921, for only $3.50. Call at the Times Office now as this offer will not hold good only for a short time.

Bear This in Mind.

When r young girl has words with her father over the frequent appearances of some one young man, and she calls dad a horrid, cross, old bear, you may be sure there is trouble a-bruin.

OBITUARY

Ella Louise Runge, daughter of M and Mrs. Henry Runge, was born N vember 15th, 1897, near Klemm Iowa, and died at the age of 22 ye and four months, at the paren home, March 21st, 1920. The cau of her death was influenza follow by pneumonia.

Ella was endowed with a stro body and no one expected that dea would so soon overtake her. All th skillful doctors and loving han could do was done to save her life b all efforts proved of no avail befo the grim messenger of Death, and Sunday night at nine o'clock sh uieqtly and peacefully closed her ey and slumbered into the Great Beyo where sorrow and pain are fore unknown. Ella was a member of th Methodist Episcopal church in Li erty township. She leaves to mou her early death her father, mothe one brother, besides many other atives and friends

Funeral services were conducted the family home on Tuesday af noon. As her pastor, Rev .A. Meyer was not able to lead the s vices on account of sickness, R Wm. Koerner conducted the servic and interment was made in Liber township cemetery.

LIVE STOCK SHIPMENTS TUR ED BACK

Saturday there were seven loads of live stock shipped from Klemme yards for Chicago. stock was all shipped by the farme as the local buyers did not ship stock out last week. On accoun the stockyard men at Chicago be on a strike, the railroads could get the stock through so they w sent back to the places from wh they were shipped from. Two spec trains came through Klemme Sund which brought back the seven cars stock that had been shipped out night before. This will be quite a l to the farmers as the shrinkage v great. The cattle are now back in hands of the farmers. Stock tra which had nearly reached Chica were forced to turn back with stock as they had no other way dispose of it. Now the question m arise, who is responsible for the l to the owners of the cattle? The o way we can figure it out is to bla he nine hundred men who caused strike.

IDLE HOUR RUNNING FINE PICTURES

Saturday night the Idle Hour wa packed with people who came to s "The Birth of a Race." The pictu was very good and was enojyed by a l. Manager Pavey has been booki some mighty fine pictures and for th week, Friday and Saturday, he wi run "Stolen Orders," another of th better class of pictures which is se dom shown only in the larger citie Read the adv. elsewhere in this issu

CYCLONE SUNDAY NIGHT

Sunday afternoon toward evenin that part of Illinois in the vicinity Chicago and Elgin was visited by severe cyclone. Reports show th quite a number of people lost the lives, much property was destroyed i the storm.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm Koerner held a birthday party on Mrs. H. J. Stille, her daughter last Sunday. Those who were present were Wm. Stille and family, Lester Stille and wife, J. E. Stille and family, A. G. Lau Jr. and family, and A. G. Koerner and family. The party was held at the H. J. Stille home. A good time was reported by all and they also say the sandwiches, cake, ice cream and coffee were just right.

Simplicity and Wisdom.

To maintain oneself on this earth is not a hardship but a pastime, if one will live simply and wisely.—Thoreau.

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North	
821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.
South	
1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

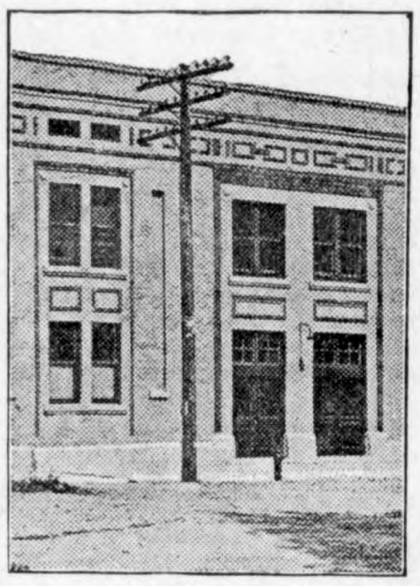
HOME TOWN HELPS

PLACE FOR THE RURAL CLUB

Comparatively New Idea in Community Life Has Proved Its Worth. and Movement Is Spreading.

American rural and village life is experiencing a new era of neighborliness. It began a score of years ago, but received its greatest impetus during and since the war. Well-housed rural clubs—something almost unheard of a few years ago—are springing up all over the country. Because they mean so much to their neighborhoods, and because this neighborhood movement contains so much of promise for the 50,000,000 Americans who live in the country or in villages of less than 2,500, the United States department of agriculture has sent representatives to learn first-hand the history of nearly 300 of these clubhouses. The results of this investigation have been published in a bulletin, "Rural Community Buildings in the United States," which can be had by addressing a request to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington.

The majority of the structures visited were erected by popular subscription or by the sale of stock in a community organization. In some cases the projects were financed by local manufacturing concerns. Other buildings were the gifts of public-spirited



Entrance to Social Hall, Hyrum, Utah.

individuals. A few were erected by public funds raised through taxation or the sale of bonds. In all cases the structures are the centers of a great variety of wholesome activities such as communities without central meeting places cannot enjoy. One evening a building may be used for a basketball game, the next night for a neighborhood dance, later in the week for a political gathering, and on Sunday for union church services or union Sunday school. Any rural or semi-rural district interested in erecting a clubhouse—whether it is to cost $2,000 or $50,000—is expected to find helpful suggestions in this publication.

Many of the simpler structures, located in the open country, contain an auditorium with movable seats which permit it to be transformed into a dining room, an athletic room or a dance hall. Usually, also, there is a stage and a well-equipped kitchen. These features make possible banquets and entertainments which mean much in the life of rural communities. In the clubhouses in smaller towns, in addition to the rooms mentioned, there are often a library, a reading room, a women's rest room, and a

Neighborhood Hall and Post Office, Amherst, Mass.

meeting place for various organizations.

The clubhouses in the county seats and larger towns are more pretentious, some having special banquet rooms, gymnasiums, swimming pools, billiard rooms, and offices for the county agent and for local commercial club secretaries. The following is a partial list of the varied uses to which these buildings are put: Lectures, night-school classes, home-talent entertainments, dances, banquets, socials, political meetings, elections, indoor athletic games, welfare work, boys' and girls' club work, domestic science classes and demonstrations, agricultural society meetings, farmers' institues, and co-operative purchasing and marketing activities.

Funds for maintenance are secured through one or several of the following: Dues, rental fees, assessments, receipts from entertainments, from dances, from moving pictures, from pool and billiards, and, in the case of publicly constructed buildings, from the public treasury.

1. Fighting in the streets of Berlin. 2. Street scene at Freeport, Ill., where the Ohio river overflowed its banks. 3. General Von Luettwitz, commander of the forces wihch temporarily overthrew the Ebert government in Germany.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

German Revolution a Mystery, the Undercurrents of Which Are a World Puzzle.

CHAOS SEEMS TO PREVAIL

How It Affects Treaty Status—Minnesota Primary and Presidential Race —Allies Under Milne Occupy Constantinople—Mexico and Her Presidential Timber.

By E. F. CLIPSON.

Although Germany has occupied an eminence conspicuous in the center of the stage of world events during the week and considerable light has arisen from the conflagration raging within her borders, much mystery rules as to the true state of affairs. Dark areas exist which the spotlights of anxious international interest and the telescopes of publicity cannot penetrate. One thing certain is that the revolution instigated by Kapp, Luettwitz and others with Kapp as self-appointed dictator, has been overthrown after five days of hectic, febrile existence. The active agent in bringing about this speedy demise was a general strike of workmen centered in Berlin.

Whether the offspring of militaristic designs, an effort to administer oxygen to the gasping hopes of royalty, a cunning machination of bolshevism, or a deeply laid plot involving all parties to muddy the waters of international affairs and so defeat the terms of the peace treaty as affecting Germany, is not yet evident and may not be clear for a long time. At any rate, the revolution appears to have been a feeble child. When the railroad workers quit, and also those of the public utilities including gas, water and electricity, the life-giving and distributive facilities ceased. A lustier infant could have lasted longer, but eventually would have succumbed.

Has the Ebert government been mere camouflage? Ebert seems to have known what was impending and at the first sound of alarm deserted Berlin after calling upon the proletariat to support him by the strike. Earlier advices indicated that Noske, his minister of defense, the man who has recently been proclaiming his acceptance of the principles of the treaty and his determination to help work them out, had an understanding with the revolutionaries. Time alone will demonstrate the truth or falsity of this indication. With the Russian, Turkish and eastern situations what they are, added to the complications of the Adriatic situation and the internal affairs of France and England, it would seem to be a fairly opportune time for Germany to stage a muddling and distracting demonstration. There are elements aplenty in Germany committed to such intentions. That which now seems likely is that the various groups could not work together harmoniously. Ludendorff was in Moscow intriguing with Lenine and Trotsky, a case indeed of politics making strange bedfellows. At home there was a movement, if Ebert and his followers could be rendered sufficiently complaisant, to set up Hindenburg as a candidate for president. Notwithstanding that Ludendorff, the embodiment of reactionism, was flirting with the personification of advanced radicalism, and Hindenburg's supporters were endeavoring to make friends with the socialistic adherents of Ebert, a reactionary undercurrent was prevalent throughout all the plotting. If the revolution went off half cocked, as seems fairly evident, it was due to human nature and the impossibility of combining antagonistic elements and soothing individual ambitions. Throughout the whole affair there has been deceit, subterfuge and recrimination, a heritage from the teachings of kultur; proving that German leaders cannot be honest with each other and can scarcely face their own visages in a looking glass.

Out of the whole mess has come the renewed menace of bolshevism. Harnessmaker Ebert is the one figure in Germany who carries any indications of influence and strength on the side of law and order. He ordered the strike and it remains to be seen whether or not he can control it. Just now it looks as though he might have created a Frankenstein destined to crush him and throw his nation—perhaps the whole of Europe—into chaos. Soviets have been proclaimed in certain places in Germany. It is true that these manifestations are confined largely to Saxony and other industrial centers where radicalism has been strongest. Ebert has confidence in his military resources and in the sober inclinations of the people; thoroughly sick of war, anxious to heal internal troubles and get back to work. The optimistic announcement comes from his government that the present rioting and communistic demonstrations will be controlled as easily as were the Spartacide outbreaks. Observers who have been warning that a renewal of war in Europe was imminent and that it needed but a spark, are firm in the belief that the spark has been applied.

Meanwhile the kaiser in his Holland retreat, is sawing wood literally. The erstwhile crown prince is reported running around in circles alternately buoyed and depressed by the course of events. Holland has doubled the guards surrounding the residences of the two. Firm in her determination not to abate the right of sanctuary to which she claims they are entitled, she also seems equally disposed not to permit them to escape or to become active participants in any of the affairs of the disturbed area.

What of the treaty status in America? Many there are who are contending that delay in ratifying the instrument has contributed to present conditions. Others are equally firm in the assertion that the German imbroglio shows the wisdom of the delay. Their position is that if we had not been cautious we would at this minute have been in the heart of a great world mix-up.

At any rate the situation and the discussion evoked caused a showdown and galvanized the senate into action. William J. Bryan entered the treaty fight at the eleventh hour on the side of compromise. His position was that his party could not go before the country in the next campaign on an issue on the president's view of the treaty and our obligations under it.

A startling incident in connection with the late treaty struggle was the adoption by the senate of a resolution committing the United States to sympathy for the cause of Irish independence, introduced by Senator Gerry of Rhode Island, as a reservation to the treaty, the resolution stated that the United States adheres to the principle of self-determination and sympathizes with the aspirations of the Irish people for a government of their own choice, and that when such government is attained, it should promptly be admitted as a member of the League of Nations. The action was not merely a reaffirmation of the resolution of sympathy passed last June, the difference being that in the latest resolution a specific mention is made of the principle of self-determination and the United States is placed on record by the senate as favoring the application of that principle to Ireland. Although there has been continual agitation for an expression regarding Irish independence, it was not thought that the senate in view of present relations with Great Britain would go so far and take such unequivocal action. The first vote in committee of the whole was close, being 38 to 36. Afterwards it was readopted by the senate by a vote of 45 in favor of adoption to 38 opposed.

Opposition was keen, Senator Thomas of Colorado endeavoring to secure an amendment expressing the wish of the senate that Japan should by the same token at once restore independence to Korea. Senator Townsend of Michigan and Williams of Mississippi attacked the proposition relating to Ireland and all the proposed amendments as being nothing but politics.

In the race for presidential nominations the Minnesota primary furnished a test of strength and a new basis for forming theories. Unless verified returns change the figures Wood will be shown to have carried every county in the state but two. His lead appears to be 50 per cent over his nearest competitor, Senator Johnson, with nearly four times as many votes as Lowden, although Minnesota is the native state of the Illinois governor. This disposes of a prediction that a soldier candidate would be defeated in an agricultural state, which though traditionally Republican, President Wilson almost carried in 1916, the claim being made that the "kept us out of war" issue contributed largely to his strength.

Much significance is also attached to the comparatively large vote in the primary for Herbert Hoover, whose name it was necessary to paste or write upon the ballot. It is taken as an evidence of his strength with independent Republicans. The Wood forces regard the Minnesota result as an augury of success in the South Dakota primary.

Mr. Bryan has announced himself in favor of primary instructions while Mr. McAdoo is against them. The former thinks that general opposition to instructions savors of reaction against the primary system. Incidentally, Bryan makes it clear that he is not a candidate for the Democratic nomination, neither is he running away from it. His attitude seems to be that he is not seeking it, but that the nomination may do all the seeking it wants in his direction.

In pursuance of plans to stop massacres and enforce upon Turkey fulfillment of the terms of the peace treaty, Constantinople was occupied by allied forces under Gen. Sir George F. Milne of the British army. The ancient city returns to Christian control for the first time in nearly five centuries. This long anticipated military demonstration was accomplished with but slight resistance. At the war office an exchange of shots occurred in which two British soldiers were killed and four wounded. Nine Turks were killed. The city which has withstood so many sieges and been the grave of so many expeditions sent against it, has never before in history surrendered so quietly. The allied high commission has announced that in the occupation there was no intention to permanently destroy the Sultan's authority or deprive the Turks of the city.

President Deschanel and Premier Millerand of France have united to oppose misconceptions concerning that country which they fear are forming in the United States. Deschanel hastens to combat the charge that France is either militaristic or imperialistic. He points out that having a German pistol aimed at her heart, she wishes to protect herself and must have the co-operation of England and America. Millerand says that no misunderstandings must be allowed to mar our relations. He also touches on economic conditions and states that France will pay every debt; that she is asking time, not pity; help, not alms.

Mexico continues to be a point of most absorbing interest. As a problem it will soon call for something like definite settlement. In the present condition of the world, the dearth of materials, especially minerals, oil and foodstuffs, this natural treasure house must be opened. Just how it is to be accomplished is not exactly evident. America and American interests have been listening to the claims of rival candidates for direction of affairs in that country. Obregon has put forth a statement of his qualifications, plainly implying that he is the only man who has the ability to grapple with the problems of that disturbed nation and restore it to tranquility or at least comparative safety for agricultural and industrial pursuits. There is a familiar sound to his assertions, just like those of others who have aspired to the task and failed signally.

An impasse may be reached which will prevent complete ratification of the suffrage amendment in time for women to vote in the presidential primaries this year. Suffragists pin their hopes on the action of the Vermont legislature, but even if it should be favorable delay is likely through the action of at least one state which has been not entirely favorable to the amendment. In Ohio, where it was submitted to a referendum, the actual decision is still in doubt, and the case is now awaiting dispositoin by the supreme court. Thirty-five states have ratified the amendment, and the same action by but one more is needed to make it effective. If the Ohio case is decided adversely, then it will be necessary for both Vermont and Connecticut to ratify before it can become law.

HANDS ACROSS

By GRACE R. RILEY.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

The electric fan hummed monotonously; the bookkeeper's pen scratched unceasingly; even the keys under the stenographer's fingers were momentarily still, when the door suddenly opened and a voice boomed through the silence:

"Is Duncan Pratt in?"

The office force became rigid, alert.

"Your name, please," a clerk inquired.

"Norman Dodge of Dodge, Ltd., London."

A comprehensive glance flashed from one to the other. Dodge, their largest competitor!

Mr. Pratt's door opened and a striking young woman, tall and slender, with a regal carriage, whose bronze hair in sunlight turned to gold, summoned the stranger within. What occurred there no one knew; but in a short time he emerged, muttering in a testy voice:

"You'll regret your decision, Pratt!"

As he drove away from the building his brain plotted the downfall of Pratt & Co. He forgot the war had so undermined the once impregnable solidity of his house that he was driven to Duncan Pratt to reinstate his business to its former financial standing. His car halted abruptly; his chauffer leaped from the motor and lifted an unconscious girl from the pavement. Without looking at her, Mr. Dodge ordered that she be taken in his car to the hospital.

His days were crowded. His brain was constantly revolving the problem of Pratt's refusal. A week passed before he again visited the hospital, where he learned that Patient 36 was doing well and would like to see him. She sat in a chair by the window; the sun on her hair turning it to gold.

"How do you do, Mr. Dodge?"

With a great effort he managed to say something agreeable, but his mind and his speech had no connection whatsoever. For an hour they chatted pleasantly. When departing he touched lightly upon their first meeting.

"Now that I have run down his secretary, Mr. Pratt will be even more obdurate on my proposal—"

"Please don't think that. I intend you shall be friends some day."

Every day Norman Dodge spent an hour with "Miss 36," as she insisted upon being called, and finally she was able to ride with him.

"I am going home tomorrow, Mr. Dodge. Next Sunday will you dine with us?"

"Where is your home?"

He was surprised when she gave him an address in the heart of Boston's most exclusive center.

"I'll be there."

When Sunday came he was elated as a college boy. Never had he met a girl like this one, and he knew the impression was to be a lasting one. The girl's home was of solid brown stone.

"Miss 36 is an anomaly—her character and appearance belong to this beautiful house, yet she is one of the toilers of the world," he thought, as he waited for her in a room whose rich simplicity bespoke not only money, but good taste.

"Mr. Dodge," she came in with hand extended, "father will be here directly, so let's be frivolous while we may before you become immersed in business. Father lives and moves and has his being in business, and the only chance I ever have of seeing him is at his office."

"What's that, daughter?"

Norman Dodge turned at the voice.

"This man her father! It could not be!"

He found himself greeting Duncan Pratt. His daughter left them alone.

"Dodge," said Mr. Pratt, "since we last talked business, your chauffeur has accomplished that which was absolutely beyond you. In running down my daughter, he has brought us together. In business—you will pardon my frankness—you had cut my throat as often as possible. I would have retaliated, but the great Dodge, Ltd. was beyond my reach. Then the war—the great leveler—brought you within my grasp and I meant to crush you. When you had this accident, your treatment of a girl whom you supposed to be poor, made a strong appeal, and my daughter, whom I prize more than she can ever know, has made a stronger. She insists, and I agree if you do, that we must be friends."

Norman Dodge took the hand extended to him. "I gladly agree."

"Then shall we go further—let us reconsider the matter which brought you to my office. If details can be arranged, shall we clasp hands across the sea?"

"Wait a moment, you two—I am coming into this hand-holding campaign." Natalie Pratt came back into the room. "I think the combination should include me, too." She looked from one to the other, the dimples coming and going, a blush coloring her cheeks.

"Mr. Pratt, can you open your heart still further and accept me as a son? I love your daughter, and—"

"She loves you, and you mighty well know it!" interpolated Natalie.

"Dodge, since I declined to go with Natalie into society, Natalie insisted upon going with me into business. You will do well in acquiring her head as well as her heart. We will have a combine that can't be beaten!" said her father, as he clasped their hands in his own.

YOU'LL SOON LOOK OLD FROM HERE

Let "Danderine" check that dandruff and stop hair falling.

Get a small bottle of "Danderine" any drug store for a few cents, pour little into your hand and rub well the scalp with the finger tips, morning most, if not all, of this scurf will have disappeared. Two three applications often remove bit of dandruff and stop falling Every hair on scalp shortly shows life, vigor, brightness, thickness color.—Adv.

The Retort Courteous.

He—Don't you try to make a of me.

She—Not after your boasts of a self-made man and doing the much better than I could.

LESS MEAT IF BACK AND KIDNEYS HU

Take a Glass of Salts to F Kidneys if Bladder Bothers You.

Eating meat regularly eventu produces kidney trouble in some or other, says a well-known auth because the uric acid in meat ex the kidneys, they become overwor get sluggish; clog up and cause sorts of distress, particularly b ache and misery in the kidney reg rheumatic twinges, severe headac acid stomach, constipation, to liver, sleeplessness, bladder and nary irritation.

The moment your back hurts or neys aren't acting right, or if bla bothers you, get about four ounces Jad Salts from any good pharm take a tablespoonful in a glass water before breakfast for a few and your kidneys will then act This famous salts is made from acid of grapes and lemon juice, c bined with lithia, and has been u for generations to flush clogged neys and stimulate them to nor activity; also to neutralize the a in the urine so it no longer irrita thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts cannot injure any makes a delightful effervescent li water drink which millions of men women take now and then to keep kidneys and urinary organs clean, avoiding serious kidney disease.—A

High-Priced Language.

"Hey, Bill!"

"What is it?"

"Your doctor's out here with a tire."

"Diagnose the case as flatulency the perimeter and charge him accordingly," ordered the garage "That's the way he does biz."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

100% PEP!

If Constipated, Bilious or Headachy, take "Cascarets."

Feel bully! Be efficient! Don't sick, bilious, headachy, constipa Remove the liver and bowel po which is keeping your head d your tongue coated, your breath and stomach sour. Why not spe few cents for a box of Cascarets enjoy the nicest, gentlest laxative thartic you ever experienced? C carets never gripe, sicken or in venience one like Salts, Oil, Cal or harsh Pills. They work while sleep.—Adv.

Had Experience.

Doctor Chargem (meeting form patient)—Ah, good morning, Binks. How are you feeling this morning?

Binks (cautiously)—Doctor, does cost anything if I tell you?—Boston Transcript.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle CASTORIA, that famous old rem for infants and children, and see that

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Extreme Economist.

"Are the locomotives going to r bells and blow whistles when their gineers' wages are raised?"

"I don't know," replied Mr. Dus Stax, cautiously, "whether we can ford to use up all that steam and power."

Garfield Tea, by purifying blood, eradicates rheumatism, dys sia and many chronic ailments.—A

Virtue is almost anti-everyth Most of the commandments "don'ts."

Women's Accounts Solicited.

The First National Bank gives special attention to Women's Accounts. We have made it convenient for them to do their banking here.

The facilities of this bank are adopted to their individual requirements. Here women will find helpful and courteous service.

Regardless of the size of your account, it will be welcomed here.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

For Your

Sunday Dinner

Make your table attractive and the food appetizing with

Heinz Products

We have just received a new shipment of Pickles, Ketchup, Mustard, Peanut Butter and other Heinz Products.

Once Tried, Always Used

J. P. Larsen & Sons

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

Subscribe Today at $2.00

STATE NEWS

Gleaned from many fields and summered for busy readers

Fourteen spray rings, covering 270 orchards in Benton county and representing 11,000 trees have been formed in the county.

Iowa automobile owners, with half the number of cars, pay approximately as much tax as is paid in the state of New York, with four times Iowa's population.

One of the largest real estate deals that has occurred in Benton county lately, was the sale of the Frank Harmon farm southwest of Garrison. The farm consists of 240 acres and sold for $400 per acre or $96,000.

At a special election held in Webster city a proposition to bond the city in the sum of $75,000 for the purchase of the gas plant to be operated as a municipal institution, carried. The vote was 599 for the proposition and 82 against.

More than 1500 interested Iowa farmers and buyers were in attendance at the big horse sale held in Cedar Falls recently, when James Loonan & Son disposed of 55 Percheron mares at good prices. Eighteen states were represented at the sale.

Argentine buyers are after Iowa's fine stock. Hargrove & Arnold of Norwalk, have just sold four Holstein cattle to Argentine stock raisers at $5,000. The same firm has sold one animal to Pennsylvania buyers at $2,000 and one to Vermont buyers.

The Iowa is a pedigreed variety of white oats bred at the Iowa experiment station and distributed for co-operative tests throughout the state last year for the first time. In 52 tests where it was compared with Iowa 103 it averaged 5.26 bushels more to the acre than Iowa 103. This new variety grows a few inches taller and is four or five days later than Iowa 103.

The State Bank of Deep River has purchased a handsome loving cup which it will present to the Poweshiek County Declamatory association, to be used by the association as a trophy to be striven for at the contests. The cup will remain the property of the association and will be striven for each year, the school winning being honored by having its name engraved thereon.

A. J. Magnus of Muscatine was elected president of the Iowa Laundry Owners Association. Other officers are H. M. Wetlaufer, Oelwein, vice president; W. C. Martin, Des Moines, secretary; A. L. Brooks, Ft. Dodge, treasurer; H. L. Wilson, Des Moines, sergeant-at-arms. G. R. Spensley of Waterloo, the retiring preisdent, was chosen advisory member of the National Association.

How Iowa is enriching the coffers of Uncle Sam is shown by the report of the Bureau of Internal Revenue. Income and profit taxes paid in Iowa between Jan. 1 and March 20 totaled $8,804,358.05. As these payments, in most instances, constitute but one-fourth of the total to be paid, it is estimated that Iowa during the calendar year will conribute $35,217,432.20 to the national treasury.

Six district contests are to be held at Orange City, Fort Dodge, Waterloo, Iowa City, Albia and Shenandoah in the statewide Extemporaneous speaking contest which is being conducted under the auspices of the Iowa Patriotic League and the Iowa Extemporaneous Speaking League. Winners of the district contests will come to the University of Iowa sometime in April to speak for the state championship.

In order that hundreds of acres of rich agricultural land may be saved from devastation, farmers living in the extreme north part of Iowa, in Allamakee county, are interesting themselves in the straightening of the Iowa River. Each year floods have caused thousands of dollars worth of damage to crops of farmers whose land borders on the stream, and they have determined to stop this immense loss. The estimated cost of the project will be about $60,000, and about 2000 acres of rich Iowa land will be directly benefited by the change at a cost of about $27 an acre.

Fire at Norwalk, destroyed two buildings and damaged several others, resulting in an estimated loss of nearly $25,000. Two hundred citizens battled the blaze. Volunteers were called and a bucket brigade was formed. The Jacobc' Merchandise building, a brick structure, and the Methodist Parsonage, were totally destroyed. The A. Easter Dry Goods store was partially destroyed and other buildings were slightly damaged.

Several Iowa breeders have recently purchased purebred Duroc sows in Maryland and South Dakota, the animals costing $2,500. The fair association in Mahaska county will sell $100,000 worth of stock to improve and enlarge the fair.

Black Hawk county, thru an organization, is the first in the state to buy, operate and maintain one of the most modern and up-to-date movie picture outfits under the auspices of the county, Y. M. C. A.. Thus Black Hawk is given credit for another "brand new idea".

While the demand in the spring for heavy horses is always higher than in the other seasons, the past few months have shown sales beyond expectations, especially for city uses. The Sioux City market, which is one of the largest horse markets in the United States, sold nearly 24,000 horses in 1919 and since December they have surpassed the average figures.

There is plenty of good corn in Cedar county of the best feeding quality and it is selling at $1.35 a bushel. Much corn throughout the State has been moving, some going to market, while in other cases it has been bought by local feeders. The supply of corn is larger than it would be if farmers were feeding a normal amount of cattle, which has not been the case this winter.

A course in philanthropy and social service work will be added to the curriculum at Drake University next fall. Opening of the new courses are contingent on securing the entire $2,000,000 endowment fund now being solicited by the school. Drake authorities, however, think the amount will be raised by next fall in time to permit enrollment of students in these classes when school reopens.

There were 491 fires in Iowa in February this year, involving a loss of $536,031 or an average loss of $1,091, as compared to 387 fires in the same month a year ago and 370 fires in February, 1918. The February loss last year was $469,666, or an average of $1,020 per fire, and in 1918 the loss was $394,959, or an average of $1,067. In January this year there were 731 fires in the state, involving a total loss of $799,045, or an average loss of $1,106. The losses in January, 1919, totaled $760,712, from 517 fires, or an average loss of $1,471. In 1918 there were 688 fires, with a total loss of $617,324 or an average loss of $897.

Hamilton county wool growers marketed last year 23,369 pounds of wool at an average price of 35 cents per pound. Two methods of marketing wool were tried out. At Webster City and adjoining territory, the wool was shipped through the Iowa Fleece Wool Growers Association, for which an average price of 56 cents per pound was obtained for 5369 pounds. This method had the disadvantage or waiting for the returns, but had it not been for this possibility of marketing it would not have been possible for the sheep men to receive the price to which the local market finally raised and the price which was received for the wool sold to the highest bidder, delivered at Stratford.

R. O. Hazen, well known Polled Hereford breeder of Iowa, who has fed Polled Herefords for 14 years, says that the future success of the Iowa feeders of pure bred live stock will depend on how carefully the owner feeds his stock. Mr. Hazen says that he feeds alfalfa, bran, corn and oats in great quantities. "The feeding of young calves is one of the essentials of the pure bred business. A growing ration will give plenty of size in latter years. Let the calves run with their dam until close to the time of her next calf. If necessary to supply plenty of milk give the calf another nurse cow. Alfalfa, bran and oats from the bulk of the ration. Corn is fattening and is limited in the calf ration.

When Kelley's contingent of Coxey's army arrived in Iowa from the west in 1894, there was considerable apprehension lest an outbreak of lawlessness might result, and to prevent this a number of State military organizations were called out. In an article on the militia of Iowa, in the "Iowa Journal of History and Politics," Mr. Upton quotes the Adjutant General's report of 1895 to the effect that, in that connection, "the first practical use of bicycle corps for military purposes in the United States was made in the transmission of intelligence by couriers from the commanding officers at Chautauque to the Adjutant-General at the transfer depot, by means of which the Adjutant-General was fully informed at all times of the movements of the army and troops."

Fifteen years ago a baby was born in Ocheyedan, Osceola county and given the name of Carl Jess. For three years he was cared for by a mother who did the best she could for the development of the child under circumstances most cruel. The baby was permitted to grow up in ognorance and treated as a slave. Perhaps in every county in Iowa a family may be found living in such a condition as found in this incident. Why will a civilized community tolerate such a condition? If the authorities had been notified by the neighbors of this particular instance of brutality and neglect, it is possible that Carl might have been placed in a home somewhere and given proper training and develop like all children should. Claus Jess might still be alive and a boy would not be forced to look back and realize the enormity of a crime of which he is not responsible.

Truck crop irrigation projects in Iowa are on the increase. Muscatine island has 1150 acres under irrigation. This land is used for intensified truck farming which is successful.

F. W. Johnson, superintendent of the schools at Cherokee, was made president of the Northwest Iowa Teachers association at the closing session of the annual convention held in Sioux City. Other officers are: Miss Carrie Duran, Algona, secretary; J. E. Fitzgerald, Sioux City, treasurer.

We have just received a

MOLINE UNIVERSAL Tractor

It solves the farm help problem!

One man controls both tractor and implement from seat of implement, and is so easy to handle a woman or boy can operate it. This tractor can be used for plowing, discing, planting, cultivating, etc. or can be used for belt work as filling silos etc.

We have also just received three carloads of Moline Rock Island and Hayes farm machinery of all kinds.

See the 9-16 Tractor on our floor which is fully equiped with self starter and electric lights.

Henry Lau & Son

Farm Implements *Klemme, Iowa*

Your

Easter Clothes!

Let Us Suggest a New Nifty Suit for Easter in one of our smart two or three button, double breasted effects, or, if you prefer,

We can also show you a neat, medium form fitting model which is very popular.

Top Coats and Cravenettes

are also in big demand. We advise you to make your purchase while the selections are good. See our new

SPRING HATS, NECKWEAR
HOSIERY, SHIRTS

also the new shapes in SOFT COLLARS

Gildner Bros. & Johnson

"IOWA'S LARGEST CLOTHERS"

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Cloths

Sixteen Stores. **Garner, Iowa**

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Candy and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

Alabastine

Instead of kalsomine or wallpaper

No Package Genuine Without Cross and Circle Printed in Red

To Get Alabastine Results You Must Ask for Alabastine by Name

We Hand You the Package That Puts Health and Cheerfulness in Your Home

Smoked, grimy, papered, painted or kalsomined walls are a menace to health and offensive to the discriminating housewife.

Alabastine is so economical, so durable, so sanitary, so easy to mix and apply that it is universally used in securing proper wall conditions.

Alabastine is used in the homes, schools, churches and on all kinds of interior surfaces, whether plaster, wallboard, over painted walls, or even over old wallpaper that is solid on the wall and not printed in aniline colors.

Alabastine is packed in dry powder in full five pound packages, requiring only pure cold water to mix, with directions on each package. You will readily appreciate the economy of Alabastine over other methods, and remember it is used in the finest homes and public buildings everywhere. Be sure you get Alabastine, and if your dealer cannot or will not supply you, write direct for sample card and color designs with name of nearest dealer.

New walls *demand* Alabastine, old walls *appreciate* Alabastine.

Alabastine Company

1646 Grandville Ave. Grand Rapids, Mich.

Stock Raising in WESTERN CANADA

is as profitable as grain growing. Successes as wonderful as those from growing wheat, oats, barley, and flax have been made in **raising Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.** Bright, sunny climate, nutritious grasses, good water, enormous fodder crops—these spell success to the farmer and stock raiser. And remember, you can **buy on easy terms**

Farm Land at $15 to $30 An Acre

—land equal to that which through many years has yielded from **20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre**—grazing land convenient to good grain farms at proportionately low prices. These lands have every rural convenience; good schools, churches, roads, telephones, etc., close to live towns and good markets.

If you want to get back to the farm, or to farm on a larger scale than is possible under your present conditions, **investigate what Western Canada has to offer you.**

For illustrated literature with maps and particulars regarding reduced railway rates, location of land, etc., apply to Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

M. J. JOHNSTONE, 5th Street, DES MOINES, IOWA

Canadian Government Agent.

WESTERN CANADA Farm Lands at Low Prices in the Wheat Belt of America

MODERN YOUTH HARD TO TRAP

Little Near-Tragedy Story That Is an Example of His Quick Wit and Duplicity.

Of course, he shouldn't have done it, and all that sort of thing, but both Hazel and Betty were charming girls, and it was summertime, and he was young, and he had gone and got himself engaged to both of them. He was sitting on the beach pondering the various problems this situation presented, when two soft hands were laid lightly over his eyes and a soft voice whispered at the back of his head "Guess who?"

Now, the voices of Hazel and Betty were much alike, too much alike when heard as a whisper to make identification sure. And it didn't help any when the voice cooed—"I'll give you a hint—it's some one you told you loved."

Still he hesitated, his mind in a whirl. Should he name either girl and chance it? Already he felt a cooling of the air, as the voice continued: "Well, if that doesn't tell you who—"

"Of course I know who it is!" he exclaimed. "It is the prettiest, sweetest, dearest, smartest little girl in all the world!"

"Oh, you dear old boy!" she chirped in satisfied delight. "How did you really know for sure it was I?"

Crusty Comment.

"We all think the baby has got its mother's nose."

"I'm glad to hear it. Then she can't go around any more poking it into other people's business."

Adam must have been swift-footed, inasmuch as he was first in the human race.

Safety First.

Mrs. Smith and her daughter attended the movie. On entering they found it very dark. The daughter, taking the lead, found seats No. 2 and 3, about midway in the balcony. The man in seat No. 1 stood up to let the two pass, and when they had entered the row the mother thought she was falling and reached her hand forward to catch herself. The man, still standing, said to the mother: "Lady, you have your hand on that man's head."

Drawing her hand back with surprise, she turned to the speaker and said: "Oh, I thought it was a post, for it shone like that post up there."

After seating herself she addressed her daughter in a loud voice, and said: "I put my hand right on that man's head," pointing to a man in the row below. Much laughter followed and many lost interest in the rest of the film.

The Contrary Sex.

"How would you answer the objection to equal suffrage that every woman would think and vote just as her husband does?"

"That the user of that argument was not a married man."

California's Fruit Crops.

In the year ending August 31, 1919, California fruit growers marketed 10,904,892 boxes of oranges, 3,708,667 boxes of lemons and 203,188 boxes of grapefruit.

Alarming Symptoms.

"There is something meretricious about Maude."

"Goodness gracious! Is it ketchin'?"

Never judge the size of a woman's foot by the price she pays for shoes.

The Satisfying Sweetness of the wheat and barley food

Grape-Nuts

is a matter of economy as well as delight these days. *Grape-Nuts* pleases without the addition of sugar, as is not the case with most cereals.

Grape-Nuts is economical

BIG OBJECT IN PRUNING TREES

Assists Development of Strong Framework for Support of Wood and Fruit.

SHOOT GROWTH IS BIG HELP

Choice Given to Secure Best Possible Distribution From Viewpoint of Training—Prune Young Tree Very Severely.

One of the main objects in pruning young trees is to assist in the development of a strong framework for the later support of fruiting wood and fruit, says V. R. Gardner of the University of Missouri College of Agriculture in Circular 90. It is desirable that this framework be developed as quickly as is compatible with a proper maturing or ripening of the wood in the fall. The main scaffold limbs and their branches which go to form the framework of the tree are developed from shoots. That is, in the young apple tree the shoots of one season become the limbs of the next season. Consequently any practice which promotes a strong, vigorous shoot growth in the young tree is a direct aid in building its framework. It is a well-established fact that comparatively heavy pruning is a great stimulant to shoot growth, a stimulant in the sense of causing larger and stronger, though fewer shoots. In other words, while heavy pruning does not cause the tree to produce more total shoot growth, it reduces the number of new shoots and those which do grow are correspondingly longer and stockier. In the very young trees we expect to retain only a few shoots, enough to form the main scaffold limbs and their branches, and we want these to be as strong and vigorous as possible. Hence we desire only a few to form, perhaps twice as many as we wish to retain, thus giving us a choice in order to secure their best possible distribution from the viewpoint of training.

Three-Year-Old Peach Tree Pruned for Full Crop.

Prune Severely.

In the case of the tree a little older (three or four years), we expect to retain a larger number and also a larger proportion of the shoots because then we are developing the branches and sub-branches of the scaffold limbs; and we still want enough shoots produced so that some choice may be made between them. With these general considerations in view it becomes evident that the very young tree should be pruned severely, but as it becomes older and larger pruning decreases in severity. It is impracticable to attempt to reduce this general principle to a definite rule to be followed with all trees. Good judgment should be exercised in its interpretation. However, it may be a kind of a guide to some to state that the amount of pruning to be given after the first year's growth in the orchard should in average cases remove perhaps three-fourths of the shoot growth of the preceding year; the second pruning should remove perhaps two-thirds of the shoot growth of the second season; the third pruning should remove a half to two-thirds of the shoot growth of the third season, and the fourth pruning probably should remove something less than a half of the shoot growth of the fourth season. Pruning the fifth and sixth seasons should be somewhat less severe.

Heading Back and Thinning.

When it is suggested that the first pruning should remove approximately three-fourths of the shoot growth made by the tree during its first year in the orchard, this does not mean that three-fourths of all the shoots should be cut out of the tree. Probably a third to a half should be removed, and the remainder cut back to a half or a third, or in some cases a quarter, of their length. In other words, the pruning should consist partly in a thinning out and partly in a heading back. The same statements hold for the pruning of trees a little older, except that as the trees become older relatively more of the pruning should consist in thinning out and correspondingly less in heading back.

WINNING BATTLE ON DISEASE OF POTATO

Wart Has Been for Long Time Destructive in Europe.

Specialists of Department of Agriculture Announce That Infected Field or Garden Can Be Thoroughly Disinfected.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In the war against the potato wart the United States has done in less than two years what other countries had not succeeded in doing in decades. Wart has been for a long time a destructive disease of potatoes in Europe, and the belief always was that once a garden or field became infected there was no way of eradicating it. An infected area, even when no potatoes were planted in it for a number of years, would show the disease still virulent when again planted to potatoes. The potato wart disease was discovered last year in gardens in some small mining towns in Pennsylvania. The United States Department of Agriculture quarantined the infected areas and the specialists of the department began experiments in control. They have now announced that a field or garden infected with potato wart can be thoroughly disinfected by the use of steam and formaldehyde. The cost of the work, however, is high, and it will be used only when absolutely necessary in cleaning up the infected areas.

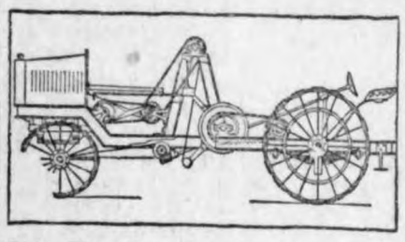
The investigators of the department, who have worked in co-operation with the state authorities of Pennsylvania and West Virginia, have also discovered varieties of potato that are immune to the wart disease, and steps are being taken to assist gardeners in the infected regions to purchase varieties of seed known to be immune. The department specialists now believe that further losses from the disease can be practically eliminated.

MECHANISM IS TRACTOR AID

Particularly Applicable Where Rear Axle Is Driven From Motor Mounted at Front.

The Scientific American in illustrating and describing a driving mechanism for tractors, the invention of L. M. Yaggy of Bowman, N. D., says:

This invention is applicable to tractors generally and more particularly to a tractor in which the rear axle is driven from a motor mounted on the tractor at the front. A specific object is to provide a drive means in which ratchet mechanism in driving connection with the driven axle is actuated from the motor by driving means including a system of belts and belt-means controlled by the movement of ratchet levers.



Side Elevation of a Tractor Embodying the Invention.

LIVE STOCK FAVORS CARROTS

Succulence and Juices Possess Dietary Value That Should Not Be Ignored in Feeding.

Carrots for horses are a splendid feed when cereals, such as corn and oats are fed. The good secured is really more than the nutrient suggests. The succulence and juices contained in carrots possess a dietary value that should not be ignored in feeding live stock.

SCRATCH-FEED FOR POULTRY

Mixture of Cracked Corn, Wheat, Oats, Speltz and Barley Gives Fowls Needed Variety.

A good scratch feed for chickens to be fed in deep litter, straw, hay or shredded corn stover, should be composed of a number of farm grains, as cracked corn, wheat, oats, speltz or barley. This mixture gives a variety and each hen can eat the grain she likes best.

MAKE CHICKEN MANURE TALK

Dry It Up Now by Scattering Plaster or Road Dust Over It to Conserve Ammonia.

If you want the chicken manure to talk crops next year, make it dry up now. Scatter plaster, road dust or sifted coal ashes over it as taken from the henhouse. This will hold the ammonia, which is the tongue of growing crops.

RAISING AND FEEDING KEATS

Young Guineas Are Much Less Worry Than Turkey Poults—They Make Rapid Growth.

Keats, or young guineas, are much less trouble to rear than turkey poults. They are so nimble that they generally get out of harm's way instead of into it. Given a clean, dry situation and suitable food, keats make rapid growth.

STOMACH TORTURE GONE FIRST SLEEP IN THREE MONTHS

Mr. Heinricks Was Ready to Give Up. Then He Found How to Regain Health.

"My first sleep in 3 months was on the second night after I began using Milks Emulsion. I had had a bad case of stomach trouble and constipation for years and was ready to give up. I was troubled with gas, dizziness, bloat after eating, gnawing sensation and cramps in the stomach. Milks Emulsion was a Godsend to me, and I want everyone to know about a medicine that will cure cases like mine."—C. E. Heinricks, 702 S. Alabama St., Indianapolis, Ind.

Thousands of sufferers from catarrh of the stomach, indigestion and bowel troubles have found that Milks Emulsion gives prompt relief and real lasting benefit.

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength Milks Emulsion is strongly recommended to those whom sickness has weakened, and is a powerful aid in resisting and repairing the effects of wasting diseases. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.—Adv.

Kindness.

When the Brazen Hussy moved into the house next door, the "Uplifter" said: "Of course, I can't exactly call. But if she comes out on her veranda to sit, I shall smile at her. The only way to get a hold on people like that is to be friendly."

And the Brazen Hussy looked at the "Uplifter" next door and said to herself: "Poor fright! I suppose I might as well speak to her. Perhaps after a little she will let me show her how to do her hair."—Life.

"CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP" IS CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at tongue! Remove poisons from stomach, liver and bowels.

Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear.

Mother! You must say "California."—Adv.

Too Much for Her.

Four-year-old Harold was going away on a visit. His mother had been giving him final instructions in table etiquette and the general importance of being polite.

His six-year-old sister listened with increasing disdain. Finally, unable to bear it any longer, she said:

"Now, mother, if Harold's going up there to act a d—n sissy, I'm not going."—Home Sector.

TAKE ASPIRIN RIGHT

Bayer Company, who introduced Aspirin in 1900, give proper directions.

To get quick relief follow carefully the safe and proper directions in each unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." This package is plainly stamped with the safety "Bayer Cross."

The "Bayer Cross" means the genuine, world-famous Aspirin, prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" can be taken safely for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Joint Pains, Neuritis, and Pain generally.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

How Her Husband Felt.

"Has my husband appeared to miss me during the month I have been away, Mary?"

"Well, ma'am, at first he seemed in very high spirits, but toward the end of the time he became less cheerful, and yesterday, ma'am, he was just miserable."—New York Evening Post.

Says an amateur poultry fancier: "The only money in chickens is what they swallow."

Youth doesn't value its youth, and even a million in later years has its disappointment.

OPEN NOSTRILS! END COLD OR CATARRH

How to Get Relief When Head and Nose Are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty. Your cold in head or catarh disappears. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffling, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache, no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head colds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable. Relief is sure.—Adv.

Anyhow, They Saw Action.

The untried anti-aircraft battery had gone into position for the first time in the Toul sector. Determined, like most newcomers, not to let anything get away from it, it blazed away indiscriminately and vociferously at every speck that appeared in the sky.

After one particularly active session its commander ran across an old friend, who asked him how the outfit was coming along.

"Oh, not so badly," answered the C. O. without elation. "We brought down five planes the other day."

"Five! Why, that's wonderful! Mighty few batteries have done that. Are you sure you got the figure straight?"

"Fact, no doubt about it," replied the captain, gloomily. "One Boche and four allied."—The Home Sector.

The less a man knows about politics the more angry he gets in a political argument.

AFTER 6 YEARS--STILL WELL

Now Strong and Hearty Though Case Looked Hopeless

"Six years ago I was in awful condition," says E. K. Chase, 36 E. Cross St., Ypsilanti, Mich. "My family was told I couldn't live more than two months. I was in constant pain from the uric acid and was so bad with rheumatism my legs seemed all drawn up. My back never stopped hurting. The kidney secretions were held back until only a few drops came, and I bloated until I thought my skin would burst. My legs were twice their normal size.

Mr. Chase

"The water seemed to fill my chest and press against the heart. For three months I never moved out of the chair and I choked and gasped for breath like a dying man. All the doctoring failed, and my weight went from 185 to 125 pounds. "*Doan's Kidney Pills* saved my life. Eleven boxes cured me of every complaint. I have been well six years and able to work as hard as any man."

Sworn to before me.
FLOYD E. DAGGETT, Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Appetite Keen and Bowels Regular

You can relish your meals without fear of upsetting your liver or stomach if you will put your faith in **Carter's Little Liver Pills.** Foul accumulations that poison the blood are expelled from the bowels and headache, dizziness and sallow skin go.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for **Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness** and **Female Weakness.**

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

"Hatching Dollars"

is a book that tells you how money makes money—it tells you about high-class securities from which big men get their incomes—how you can buy these same safe securities by small payments. *Send for your free copy today to*

Investment Department
MORGAN, LIVERMORE & CO.
71 Broadway - - New York City
(Members N. Y. Stock Exchange)

LIBERTY BONDS

ALL ISSUES
50-100-500-1000
Bought and Sold on Commission
POST BROTHERS & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
52 Broadway, New York

We Have FARMS of All Sizes

in MINNESOTA, WISCONSIN, DAKOTA. Customers for all prices. CONSULT US before buying or selling.

LARSON LAND AGENCY
X450 Temple Court MINNEAPOLIS

APED AN OPERATION

aking Lydia E. Pinkham Vegetable Compound Many Such Cases.

Ill.—"Sometime ago I got so female trouble that I thought I would have to be operated on. I had a bad displacement. My right side would pain me and I was so nervous I could not hold a glass of water. Many times I would have to stop my work and sit down or I would fall on the floor in a faint. I consulted several doctors and e told me the same but I kept to keep from having the opera- had read so many times of Lydia am's Vegetable Compound and i my sister so I began taking it. never felt better than I have en and I keep house and am able my work. The Vegetable Com- certainly one grand medicine." . R. MATTHEWS, 3311 Sycamore Cairo, Ill.

rse there are many serious cases y a surgical operation will re- We freely acknowledge this, but e letter, and many others like it, rove that many operations are ended when medicine in many all that is needed. u want special advice write to Pinkham Medicine Co. (confi- Lynn, Mass.

aseline
Reg U. S. Pat. Off.
arbolated
PETROLEUM JELLY
A convenient, safe ntiseptic for home se. Invaluable for dressing cuts and sores. A time-tried emedy.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES
SEBROUGH MFG. CO. (CONSOLIDATED)
Street New York

SLOW DEATH

, pains, nervousness, diffi- in urinating, often mean s disorders. The world's rd remedy for kidney, liver, r and uric acid troubles—
GOLD MEDAL HARLEM OIL CAPSULES
quick relief and often ward off diseases. Known as the national of Holland for more than 200 All druggists, in three sizes. or the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

STOP STUMBLING
over furniture etc. in the dark. Stop groping for light chains.
INGERSOLLITE LOCATERS
contain REAL RADIUM and glow in the dark. They mark keyholes, poison bottles, steps, etc. $1 today brings 4. Guaranteed for 2 years.
Ingersoll Watch Co., New York City

PAY AGENTS $35 WEEKLY
ucing "ROUPINE," Poultry and Remedies. Experience unnecessary. guaranteed. They are giving ex- satisfaction. Agents are making everywhere. For particulars write PINE MFG. CO., APPLETON, WIS.

No Scarcity.

the world's a stage."
p, and there's no scarcity of logue artists."

He Gets It Again.

lly—I feel like a fool tonight.
s Keen—So glad you've recov- —Boston Transcript.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, all box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a until it becomes the desired shade. druggist can put this up or you can it at home at very little cost. It will ally darken streaked, faded gray hair, will make harsh hair soft and glossy. ll not color the scalp, is not sticky or y, and does not rub off.—Adv.

The Only Kind That Does.

op, what is a deponent?"
deponent is a man who works nd depots. Any fool knows that."

e man who is unable to find his h may have to go to bed in the

URINE Night and Morning. *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or YOUR EYES Granulated, use Murine . Soothes. Refreshes. Safe for t or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

The House of Whispers

By WILLIAM JOHNSTON

Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.

"YOU HEARD WHISPERS?"

Synopsis.—Circumstances having prevented Spalding Nelson, clerk, from joining the American forces going to France, he is in a despondent mood when he receives an invitation to dinner from his great-uncle, Rufus Gaston. On the way to the house he meets, under peculiar circumstances, a young girl, apparently in trouble, to whom he has an opportunity to be of slight service. She lives in the same apartment building as Rufus Gaston, and he accompanies her to the house. Gaston and his wife are going to Maine for a trip and want to leave Nelson in charge of the apartment. He accepts. Gaston and his wife tell their great-nephew of mysterious noises—"whispers"—which they have heard in the house. On his way to the Gaston apartment the next Sunday Nelson again meets his accidental acquaintance of a few days before, Barbara Bradford. She urges him not to allow the fact of their being acquainted to be known. At the apartment Nelson meets the superintendent, Wick, and instinctively dislikes him. In a wall safe he finds a necklace of magnificent pearls, worth a small fortune. Next day Nelson finds the pearls have disappeared from the wall safe. His first idea of informing the police is not acted upon because of peculiar circumstances. He has been discharged from his position without adequate explanation or reason, and feels himself involved in something of a mystery. He decides to conduct an investigation himself. That night Barbara signals from the window of her apartment, which is opposite his, and they arrange a meeting for next day. In the morning he finds a note in his room, asking him why he had not informed the police of the loss of the jewels. Barbara tells Nelson her sister Claire had some years before made a runaway marriage with an adventurer, from whom she was soon parted, and the marriage had been annulled. Claire is engaged to be married and someone knowing of her escapade has stolen documents concerning the affair from the Bradford apartment.

CHAPTER IV—Continued.

—5—

"Oh, no, she must never know. Dad did not want her ever told anything about it. We talked it over, Claire and I, and decided to put a personal advertisement in the papers. It simply said, 'Liberal reward and no questions asked for return of important papers.'"

"Were there any answers?"

"Yes and no. One morning there was a second note."

"Delivered like the first?"

"Yes, I found it, too, on the floor of my bedroom. Here it is."

More amazed and perplexed than ever by the growing ramification of the plots of the thieves that seemed to involve us both, I took the paper and read:

"Ten thousand is our price for the papers. Pay it or you'll never marry Thayer."

"Did you go then to meet the man in the park?"

"Not until after I got a third note, more threatening than the first and second. Claire and I talked it over and over, trying to think who could have taken the papers. We only keep two servants now, Sarah and Mary, and they both have been with us since we were children. It could not have been either of them. They think as much of us as our own mother does."

"Do you suppose the man that she married may have learned of your father's death and have returned from France to try to blackmail her?"

"We thought of that. The notes did not come from him. They do not read as if a Frenchman wrote them."

"Who could it be?" I said more to myself than to her.

"Then there was another note," she went on. "It demanded that Claire wear a red carnation and meet the writer in the park and bring ten thousand dollars. That was the time I first met you. Your presence must have frightened them off, for we had no more demands until night before last."

"Did you have ten thousand with you that night I first met you?"

She shook her head.

"We haven't ten thousand dollars in the world. Outside of our furniture and our jewels and our motor, we have very little. If all the bills we owe were paid, we'd have almost nothing at all."

"What did you propose doing when you met the man—or men?"

"I didn't know. I was going to try to plead with them to give me the papers. I would have promised anything to have gotten them back."

"But the man—the men—might have harmed you."

She smiled incredulously.

"Hardly. There was little danger of their attacking me there in the park so near the avenue, with people constantly passing, and besides, I carried this."

She reached again into the pocket of her habit and brought forth a vicious-looking automatic.

"It was Dad's," she said. "He taught me to shoot with it, though I don't think either of us thought then there would come a time when I might need it."

"What did the last note say?"

"Here it is."

This was written and folded as the others had been, on the most ordinary kind of writing paper. It read:

"Unless we get the money Wednesday, Thayer gets the papers Thursday. No wedding then for yours. Same bench at six-thirty."

"What can I do about it?"

"I'll go in your place," I suggested.

"Oh, no, I couldn't permit that."

"Let me explain," I hastened to say. "I'm in this mystery as deep as you are. Only last night I discovered that all the Gaston jewels which had been left in my custody are gone."

"Not stolen!" she cried. "The Gaston pearls!"

"Yes," I replied, "the pearls, too."

"Why, they are worth two hundred thousand dollars, at least. What have you done about it? Have you notified the police?"

"No, as yet I have told no one of the robbery but yourself."

"Why not? You must notify the police at once."

I hesitated. It was hard to explain my actions without telling her the whole miserable story, without admitting to this girl on whom I was most eager to make the best of impressions that I was a young man out of a position, discharged in disgrace. Yet she had given me her confidence. It was only fair to her and to myself that there should be no secrets between us. I began at the beginning. I told her of my coming to New York and how I had seen my great-uncle Rufus only once or twice. I related the departure of Roller and Birge for the war front and told her how eager I had been to go with them. I even went into detail as to the reason I had not gone with them, my debt to the mother.

She did not seem greatly interested in the first part of my narrative but when I began telling of the proposition the Gastons had made to me and of the mysterious warnings each of them had separately given me, I could see her interest kindling.

"There is something wrong in that apartment house," she explained. "We have had nothing but trouble ever since we lived there. I wonder if there is anything in the theory that evil deeds make bad karma, which spreads its effects all about. I know I feel there is a sinister atmosphere about the whole place."

"I'm beginning to feel it, too," I said bitterly.

I told her then of my unexpected and unwarranted discharge without explanation the day before.

"How do you account for it?" she asked perplexedly.

"You must have some enemy, some malicious person, who has spread some terrible tale about you."

"I haven't any enemy in the world," I replied, yet even as I spoke there flashed across my mind the malevolent glance the scar-faced man had given me in the restaurant a few evenings before.

"I wonder," said Miss Bradford thoughtfully, "if the same people who are trying to blackmail us are not trying to involve you with us in some way?"

"Why should they?"

"They may have been watching and have seen you enter the house with

"But the Man—the Men—Might Have Harmed You."

me twice. They may think that you and I are friends and that you were there in the park purposely that first time."

"Even so," I replied, "that doesn't explain this."

I pulled from my pocket the note I had found on the floor of my bedroom and showed it to her.

"Where did you get that?" she gasped in astonishment.

"Last night I heard footsteps and whispers. I thought at the time I was dreaming. This morning I found this note on the floor."

"You heard whispers," she cried excitedly. "whispers that seemed to come from up near the ceiling?"

"I thought I heard them. I wasn't sure."

"I know, she said, shuddering. "I've heard them—twice."

We looked at each other despairingly. We both of us realized that we must be surrounded with some potent evil forces working to accomplish our ruin. The motive in the anonymous letters that Miss Bradford had been receiving had plainly been blackmail. But what was the motive in my own case? Why had someone stolen the Gaston pearls and then in an anonymous letter to me spoken of the theft? I wondered, too, if the successful attempt to discredit me at my place of business had not originated from the same mysterious source.

Was my great-uncle Rufus to blame? The suspicion of him rose in my mind and would not be downed. I recalled the unusual pretext on which he had sent for me after having paid no attention to my existence for nearly a year. I recalled his curious warning and that of his aged wife. I remembered that they had insisted on leaving the jewels behind against my urgings, and that they had been insistent on my having the combination of the safe. Could it be possible that they also had some grudge against the Bradfords, their neighbors, and in some way had got hold of Claire Bradford's secret?

"I think you said," I asked Miss Bradford, "that your family and the Gastons were not acquainted in any way."

"No," she replied, "we don't know them at all. Why do you ask that?"

"I was wondering if it could be possible that my great-uncle Rufus could have had any hand in all this. He's a queer, secretive old chap."

"It's probable that he and my father might have known each other. Both were in business here in the city for many years. I never remember, though, of hearing Dad speak of him—wait, yes, I did once."

"When was that?"

"It must have been six or eight years ago. There was something in the papers about Mr. Gaston retiring from business."

"What was it he said?" I asked eagerly, wondering if some old feud between the two men might not give us a clue to unravel the web of mystery.

"As nearly as I can recall his words were, 'I see that old pirate Gaston has retired with his ill-gotten gains.'"

"To whom was he talking?"

"I don't remember that, probably some man who was visiting at the house. Dad always used to have a lot of men about."

"Did he say anything else?"

"That's all I remember, but I don't think the Gastons could have anything to do with it. This threatening my sister is more the sort of thing a discharged servant would do."

"Yes," I admitted, "but find the discharged servant. Yours have been with you for years."

"Oh, what are we going to do?" she cried in desperation. "If I don't get those papers back, we'll all be ruined. They'll give them to my sister's fiance. Her engagement will be broken. My mother will die of disgrace and shame."

"Don't be discouraged," I cried, trying to inspire in her a confidence I was far from feeling myself. "This is only Sunday. We have until Wednesday evening. I'll find some way of trapping those rascals and making them surrender those papers. Leave it to me."

In spite of my reassuring words, distress was still written on her countenance. As I debated how best to comfort her, she glanced at her wrist watch and exclaimed:

"I must be going. They'll be alarmed about me if I stay longer."

"When am I to see you again?"

"I don't know. That's hard to arrange. My sister and I are so much together."

"Can't I telephone you?"

"No, that wouldn't do at all. Mother and Claire would both want to know all about it and besides—"

"Besides what?"

"I don't trust that girl at the switchboard. I think she listens to everything that is said."

"They are a prying lot," I admitted, "including Mr. Wick, the superintendent."

"I don't like him a bit."

"Nor I, but we must communicate with each other somehow. If you find out anything more you must let me know at once. If I learn anything, I'll let you know, and I'm going to discover a lot."

"There's always our windows," she suggested, "they are close together. I can signal you when I'm alone, and we can talk."

"I'll be there in my room every evening from ten o'clock on," I said, "waiting to hear from you. I'll put a handkerchief on the sill when I'm there."

"And I'll do the same."

Having reached this understanding, I walked with her to the park entrance within sight of the house. All the way we had been talking over the puzzling circumstances of the anonymous notes and of the strange way in which they had been found on the floor. Miss Bradford had spoken again of the whispers she had heard.

"The voices were vague—just like a ghost's might be," she said.

"Yes," I admitted, "that's what they sounded like. But there aren't any ghosts. If those whispers were real, some human being was making them. I'm going to find out who it was, and when we've learned that, we'll have learned a lot about—"

I hesitated.

"About whom?" she questioned.

"I don't know yet," I answered.

I was wondering about my great-uncle Rufus.

CHAPTER V.

I was determined to let the disappearance of the jewels alone until I had found some way of getting the Bradfords out of their troubles. The key to the mystery surely lay in the notes that had been found on the floor in both apartments. If I could discover how the notes had been put there and who put them there, I would be on the trail of the miscreants.

The placing of the notes indicated the necessity of a confederate in the apartment house. Could it be that one of the employees was in league with the plotters? Was one of the Bradford servants betraying them?

Under Ordinary Circumstances I Would Have Hesitated to Examine Them, but Now I Felt No Scruples.

Was my aged great-uncle in hiding somewhere, playing malevolent pranks on us? How had that note gotten into my own apartment? Nobody had access to the place but myself—yes, and Mrs. Burke, my great-aunt's trusted old laundress. I determined to return to the apartment and lie in wait for her until she came in to do up my room. In the week that I had lived there I had not even laid eyes on her, although each evening when I came in I found my bed neatly made.

While I awaited her arrival I busied myself with studying anew the different rooms in the apartment, hoping ever to find some new clue to the methods by which the anonymous notes had been delivered. I went to the back of the house and looked out of the rear windows. An ornamental ledge of stone, perhaps eighteen inches wide ran along apparently on the level of the flooring. Any agile person might easily have crept along it if they dared risk falling six stories to the ground, but there was no means of access to it save from either my bedroom or the sitting room or from the corresponding rooms in the Bradford apartment. Certainly no one from my apartment had been flipping mysterious notes into the other apartment. Could the converse be true? Was there some unbalanced person in the Bradford family who was doing it? Could it be one of the servants, or possibly Claire Bradford? She always had been flighty, according to her sister's description. Had her troubles unbalanced her to such an extent that she was playing mysterious hysterical pranks on all of us?

I sat down at my uncle's desk. The pigeonholes crammed full of papers caught my eye. Under ordinary circumstances I would have hesitated to examine them, but now I felt no scruples. Old Rufus had warned me that there was some mystery about the place. The pearls had strangely disappeared. I faced the accusation of having stolen them. Surely I was entitled to examine anything and everything in my efforts at solving the mystery.

Pigeonhole after pigeonhole I examined without result until at last I came to a little leather-covered diary. I read it with interest, noting that it was for the present year and that the last entry had been made only the day before he had departed for Maine. About six weeks previous to the present date I found this amazing entry:

"Heard whispers last night."

A week later there was another entry, "Whispers again." There could be no question as to what he meant. The ghostly noises that had been heard by both Miss Bradford and myself had been heard by him, too. No wonder the old man had been so terrified. Other entries in the book recorded hearing the whispers at intervals of about one week.

Nelson and Barbara agree to meet frequently.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

New Musical Instrument.

New in the musical instrument line is a whistle with two tubes that is played like a slide trombone.

Daily Thought.

Never anger made good guard for itself.—Shakespeare.

Mother and Daughters ALL TESTIFY TO RELIEF

Mankato, Minn. — "I have three daughters who are all strong and healthy today, due, I am sure, to the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. When they were in their teens they were all very delicate. I always gave them this medicine and it never failed to give relief.

"I have had, in years past, three operations for wens, my blood was in bad condition. I also would suffer with pains all through my flesh at different times. Could not seem to get anything to help this condition until I began using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and the 'Pleasant Pellets' and they gave me wonderful relief. I know of no better medicines than Dr. Pierce's."—Mrs. Mary Goodrich, 218 W. Rock St.

AFTER MOTHERHOOD

Des Moines, Iowa.—"I was ailing and dragged out. It was after motherhood and I did not get my strength back. My husband got Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription at the drug store and I used two bottles. It brought back my strength and helped me overcome my troubles. I have been well ever since."—Mrs. Ambrose Stein, 922 W. 3rd St.

BELCHING
Caused by
Acid-Stomach

Let EATONIC, the wonderful modern stomach remedy, give you quick relief from disgusting belching, food-repeating, indigestion, bloated, gassy stomach, dyspepsia, heartburn and other stomach miseries. They are all caused by Acid-Stomach from which about nine people out of ten suffer in one way or another. One writes as follows: "Before I used EATONIC, I could not eat a bite without belching it right up, sour and bitter. I have not had a bit of trouble since the first tablet."

Millions are victims of Acid-Stomach without knowing it. They are weak and ailing, have poor digestion, bodies improperly nourished although they may eat heartily. Grave disorders are likely to follow if an acid-stomach is neglected. Cirrhosis of the liver, intestinal congestion, gastritis, catarrh of the stomach—these are only a few of the many ailments often caused by Acid-Stomach.

A sufferer from Catarrh of the Stomach of 11 years' standing writes: "I had catarrh of the stomach for 11 long years and I never found anything to do me any good—just temporary relief—until I used EATONIC. It is a wonderful remedy and I do not want to be without it."

If you are not feeling quite right—lack energy and enthusiasm and don't know just where to locate the trouble—try EATONIC and see how much better you will feel in every way.

At all drug stores—a big box for 50c and your money back if you are not satisfied.

EATONIC
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will reduce inflamed, swollen Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Soft Bunches; Heals Boils, Poll Evil, Quittor, Fistula and infected sores quickly as it is a positive antiseptic and germicide. Pleasant to use; does not blister or remove the hair, and you can work the horse. $2.50 per bottle, delivered. Book 7 R free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful, Swollen Veins, Wens, Strains, Bruises; stops pain and inflammation. Price $1.25 per bottle at dealers or delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Liberal Trial Bottle for 10c in stamps.
W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Maternity

LARGEST house in the world specializing in apparel for expectant mothers. Newest styles. Lowest prices because of our own manufacturing. Your money back if you are not satisfied.

Style Book FREE
Picturing latest styles in Coats, Suits, Dresses, Corsets, etc.
Write Dept. Y-3

STYLE BOOK FREE

Lane Bryant Fifth Ave. New York

Travelers Will Find a Warm Welcome at the
Hotel West
MINNEAPOLIS
Sensible Prices — Service Our Watchword

Clear Baby's Skin With Cuticura Soap and Talcum
Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

LOUISIANA OIL LEASES on Sabine Uplift
Sabine Parish. 10 acres, $200.00. 20 acres $400.00. Five-year standard form abstracts and reputable attorney's approving opinion furnished, direct from owner. Must act quick. Prices subject to change and return of money. Send money order or draft; first order gets closest leases. Inquiries answered; maps. Eugene Kelly, 215 Simon Building, Shreveport, Louisiana. Licensed by State of Louisiana; bonded. Refer Exchange Nat. Bk.

Coughing
is annoying and harmful. Relieve throat irritation, tickling and get rid of coughs, colds and hoarseness at once by taking
PISO'S

A Padded Cell like a Padded Price

seems soft at first—but try to get out—what you put in

The success of your Spring clothes buying is going to depend on the integrity of your clothier. If he sells you a cotton suit at any price IT WONT HOLD UP. If he is a profiteer YOU'LL BE HELD UP: so whats the difference.

This simile is not aimed at any store in particular; it's given because its true—so that you'll be particular.

We want you to receive the last drop of value out of every dollar you spend for Spring clothing.

It's our duty to see that you do and the U in our duty is more then skin deep.

Patton Bros. Co.

Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**

"VALUE FIRST CLOTHIERS"

House Cleaning Time

is at hand and with it comes the time to

PAINT

up the Woodwork and exterior

WALL PAPER

should hung now to brigeten up the walls.

ALABASTINE

is a good sanitary wall wall finish easily applied

We carry a full line

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Spring Announcement

This week we want to announce the arrival of our Spring Goods both in the Ladies department and the Gents furnishing.

We Invite the Ladies

to look over our new line of

Waists Blouses Hosiery
Dress Goods Curtain Goods
Camisoles Petticoats
Dress Trimmings Footwear

Gentlemen

will find here a complete line of

Silk Shirts Dress Shirts Ties
Silk & Linen Collars Hats
Caps Belts Shoes

We will have a supply of Fresh Vegetables & Fruits and other Specials in our Grocery Department for your Easter Dinner.

G. W.

Kluckhohn & Sons

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

CLASSIFIED

Cars For Sale

FORD touring car, 1916 model, in good running order. Bargain. Inquire Henry Maitland. 1w

For Sale

For Sale—10 ons of corn silage. E. J. Arnold, Phone 7405. tf.

For Sale—15 feet of new 4-inch belting, at a bargain. Call at Times Office.

For Sale—Organ, just overhauled and in good shape. N. L. Palmer. tf

For Sale—Four lots on East Main Street, these lots have south front and are very desirable for building purposes. Ask for price and terms. Also six lots directly north of these, fenced up for pasture, at $150 per lot providing one party takes the entire bunch. Also have a good building lot with 70 foot front facing the east, north of the Kerschner residence. These lots are all close to county drain and are priced to sell. See the owner,

A. D. GIMER, Klemme, Iowa tf.

For Sale—10 tons of well matured corn silage. Ralph Ludeke. 2w.

Typewriter Paper for sale at the Times Office. advertisement.

For Sale—Some young stock, some Milk Cows and some Springers. Inquire of Chas. Ax, Klemme, Iowa. 1w

Wanted

Wanted—To do sewing. Mrs. Gilbert Schaefer. tf.

WANTED—Cattle for pasture. Fred Johnson, Rt. 2, Ventura. 7 miles east and 2 miles north of Klemme. 2w.

Wanted—Buyer for 15 foot belt, used four times, good as new. Bargain for some farmer. Call at Times Office.

Farm Wanted—Wanted to hear from owner of farm or good land for sale. State price and description. Fall deliver. Leslie Jones, Box 10, Olney, Illinois. 1w

Miscellaneous

Bazaar—Apron Sale and Bazaar, April 7th, at Hotel. Supper from 5 o'clock until all are served. Ladies' Aid, M. E. Church. 1w.

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Order your magazines, dailies or other reading matter at the Times Office. Advertisement.

TO THE PUBLIC

Artificial Stone prices until August 1st will be: Rock-face 20c, Corners 25c, Smooth 18c. Foundation work in town 9c, Country 8c, others according. Cement to farmers 63c, town 64c delivered where I do work only. I dig cellars and haul sand. I have the most up to date outfit in this county. Haul my own tools. I guarantee first class work. I worked for 100 parties and can go back to 99. I work six days in the week and 10 hours per day at 75c per hour. Motto—"Live and Let Live."

Yours truly,
CHAS. W. STIEHL
(Advertisement tf.)

A Classified Ad will sell that article you don't want and which somebody else may need. Try one in the Times. Advertisement.

IS 700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of ear corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us about it.

W. F. PAVEY

Dealer **Klemme, Iowa**

2,000 UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE PRESIDENTS ACT AS SPEAKERS

Addresses will Outline Plans for Work of Women's and Laymen's Organizations.

Approximately 3,000 conferences in as many counties in all of the states of this country will be held between April 6 and 16 at which pastors and laymen of churches will face the opportunities and obligations of Christian service in the United States and the world survey made by the Interchurch World Movement.

The conferences in the counties will consider practically the same subjects presented to the pastors of the country at the Pastors' Conferences held in February and March at fifty strategic centers under the auspices of the movement.

The tentative program at each conference, as arranged by the national leaders, will open with a devotional period followed by a statement of the cooperative nature of the Interchurch World Movement in its service of, by and for the cooperating communions. The plans for raising the sum of $336,777,572, which is the aggregate amount of the budgets of the churches for missionary, educational and benevolent causes, will be explained in detail.

For several hours during the one day session of the conference the denominational groups will meet to consider the plans for the financial campaign as they relate to the denominations involved.

After the denominational rallies, the results of the foreign and home surveys made by the Interchurch World Movement will be presented by charts and stereopticon views. This will be followed by the presentation of the evangelistic campaign to be constructed between Easter Sunday and Pentecost. Then will follow a composite address covering the plans of the movement to develop the spiritual resources of the churches; to enlist men and women for whole time service propagating the Gospel; to promote the acknowledgment of the stewardship of life and resources; and to promote the program of missionary education.

During the supper hour a conference of members of the Christian Endeavor societies, Epworth League, Baptist Young Peoples' Union and Bible Classes will be held to enlist them to serve as effective units in the financial ingatherings.

Addresses outlining plans for the work of the women's and laymen's organizations will be other features of the conference. A lecture showing some of the results of the surveys will close the program.

The speakers' bureau of the Interchurch World Movement has prepared a list of about 2,000 names of preachers, college and university presidents and professors and prominent laymen who have indicated their willingness to speak on different occasions. The state secretaries have been advised that the men and women whose names are listed have received the literature of the movement and that they are believed to be qualified to present the plans and purposes of the movement intelligently.

INTERCHURCH NOTES

Part of the fund that is to be collected by the Interchurch World Movement will be apportioned among the denominational schools and colleges supported by the churches which are taking part in the campaign.

Members of the Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. in this city who were members of churches in their home towns and who have not transferred their membership to churches in this city will be urged to join some local church on Easter which is "Join the church Sunday" as termed by the Interchurch World Movement.

Meetings which this subject will be stressed are being arranged for in all associations throughout the country in response to letters which have been sent to the general secretaries of local associations by Dr. John Mott, general secretary of the International committee of the Y. M. C. A. and by Miss Mabel Cratty, the general secretary of the National Board of the Y. W. C. A.

Voodoo rites, with all the gruesome features that are part of the original African ceremony, are being performed in Haiti, five days by boat from New York. The existence of Voodoo worship there has been established by the Haitian. Survey of the Interchurch World Movement. Interchurch Investigators report, that the attempt of Americans and Europeans in Haiti to break up this practice has not yet been successful.

The rites are administered by a native priest or what would be called in Africa a "Witch doctor." A ceremony which in form closely resembles the mass is used at the beginning. Afterward, the child that is to be sacrificed is brought in and at a certain stage of the ceremony is killed, its heart being taken out and the participants drinking of its blood.

EARN MORE PRODUCE HAVE MORE

We Will Help

Your progress, your success, is measured by what you have accomplished, by what what you have.

The community progress, community success is measure by the spirit and accomplishment of its individual members.

We will back you to the limitof sound banking sense in any plan looking to your greater production, which means the community good.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA.

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

OUR LUMBER VALUES ARE WORTH DRIVING MILES TO SECURE

We have customers from even two and three towns away.

Where the amount that you need is enough to make the saving worth while twill pay you to get our prices.

We are willing to cut our margin of profit to our advantage because it is good business for us to do so.

Volume of business is more important to us then profit margins.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Sense of Neatness.

"Doesn't it annoy you to be obliged to get under your automobile and try to adjust the mechanism?" "No," replied Mr. Chuggins. "I don't mind that part of it. But I don't think it's right for my wife to make me stay there in hiding till dark, so that people can't see how mussed up I am."

Napoleon's Last Words.

When Napoleon lay dying on the island of St. Helena he kept murmuring in his delirium, "Head of the Army," and these are his last recorded words, whilst his unfortunate successor, Napoleon III, asked the doctor, whilst also under the influence of some mental delusion: "Were you at Sedan?"

ure
elief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

ELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION

Beginner's Luck.

nger," said Plute Pete, "you've ite a little money since we be- teach you this game known as oker."

had what might be called be- s luck."

sure have. And me and Three- Sam here has decided it's about change the entertainment to ind of a game that you know don't."

WOMAN CAN DYE AND KEEP IN STYLE

ond Dyes" Turn Faded, Shabby Apparel into New.

't worry about perfect results. Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to new, rich, fadeless color to any whether it be wool, silk, linen, or mixed goods — dresses, s, stockings, skirts, children's feathers—everything!

ection Book in package tells how mond dye over any color. To any material, have dealer show Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

No Escape.

u charged me more for this than you used to."

staurant Manager—I have to more for it. The price of meat one up.

nd the steak is smaller than it to be."

hat, of course, is on account of scarcity of beef."—Buffalo Com- al.

$100 Reward, $100

arrh is a local disease greatly influ- d by constitutional conditions. It fore requires constitutional treat- HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE ken internally and acts through the on the Mucous Surfaces of the Sys- HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE oys the foundation of the disease, the patient strength by improving eneral health and assists nature in its work. $100.00 for any case of rrh that HALL'S CATARRH DICINE fails to cure. ggists 75c. Testimonials free. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Supreme Office.

bert came home filled with excite- t about a new club formed by sev- of the neighborhood associates. said, "Jim is president and Myron ice president, but I am the most ortant officer."

And what are you?" asked Uncle ert.

Why, I'm janitor, and they can't in till I unlock the door!"

Constipation indigestion, sick-head- e and bilious conditions are over- e by a course of Garfield Tea. nk before retiring.—Adv.

Want to Be Americanized.

The people of the Virgin islands are ging to be Americanized. Now that y are under the American flag, they e a right to be dissatisfied with the Danish laws and customs. One of se makes it necessary for a man to e an income of $300 a year in order vote. This law gives only about 300 ple in the islands a chance at con- lling legislation.—Exchange.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when e's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals ckly without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write The W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill.—Adv.

Cheerfulness is an excellent wear- g quality. It has been called the ght weather of the heart.—Samuel iles.

A pawnbroker who is always ad- ncing is naturally progressive.

48,000 Drug Stores Sell It.
Five million people use it to KILL COLDS

HILL'S
CASCARA QUININE
BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years —in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.

At All Drug Stores

If You Need a Medicine You Should Have the Best

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfill the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as like an endless chain system the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent results, as many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact, so many people claim, that it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments; corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcels Post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Danger All Around.

"Here is a rum go!"

"For heaven's sake, don't let the prohibitionists find you in such a predicament.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

On Even Terms.

An old codger, disliking the remarks of the chairman at a political meeting, shouted: "Young man, I was a Republican before you were born."

"What of that?" came back the chairman. "I will be a Republican after you are dead. Sit down!"—Exchange.

Cuticura for Pimply Faces.

To remove pimples and blackheads smear them with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Once clear keep your skin clear by using them for daily toilet purposes. Don't fail to include Cuticura Talcum.—Adv.

No Time to Lose.

Timothy approached his lady love timidly, bearing a big fish, which announced its presence subtly, but unmistakably.

"Oh, what a fine cod!" exclaimed Maria. "Wherever did you get it?"

"A man at the market gave it to me last week for helping him," replied Tim. "I've been keepin' it for your birthday."

"But my birthday ain't till tomorrow," the girl told him coyly.

"—I know, Maria, but I sort o' wondered if you'd mind keepin' it today, as—well, me and—and the fish is gettin' kind of impatient."

RUB RHEUMATISM OR SORE, ACHING JOINTS

Rub Pain Right Out With Small Trial Bottle of Old "St. Jacobs Oil."

Rheumatism is "pain" only. Not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Stop drugging. Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil" right into your sore, stiff, aching joints and muscles, and relief comes instantly. "St. Jacobs Oil" is a harmless rheumatism cure which never disappoints and cannot burn the skin.

Limber up! Quit complaining! Get a small trial bottle of old, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" at any drug store, and in just a moment you'll be free from rheumatic pain, soreness, stiffness and swelling. Don't suffer! Relief awaits you. "St. Jacobs Oil" has cured millions of rheumatism sufferers in the last half century, and is just as good for sciatica, neuralgia, lumbago, backache, sprains.—Adv.

Teacher's Splendid Record.

Miss Jennie Fish, placed on the pension list at the age of seventy by the New York board of education after 52 years' continuous service as a teacher in one school in the Bronx, has taught 40,000 children, including three generations of at least one family. In all the 52 years she was never late in reporting for duty and has been absent only once, when there was a death in the family.

This is of Interest to Mothers

You doubtless have read many, many times about

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN,

TRADE MARK

and resolved that you would purchase a package the next time you were at your Druggists. But you perhaps have forgotten or neglected to do so, and as a result have never tried this most superior preparation, which for over thirty years has given entire satisfaction to Mothers in correcting the little ills to which children are subject. We are confident that a trial in your family will convince you that these Powders are deserving of the highest praise, and we now offer you the opportunity of having a regular 30c. box delivered to your door absolutely FREE.

Simply cut from this paper the above Trademark Head and mail to us together with name and address of five or more of your friends who have children, and by return mail you will receive a full-sized package of MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS. Address, Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N.Y.

IMPORTANCE OF GRADING LARGER NUMBER OF FARM PRODUCTS PROVEN BY SUMMARY

Grading Apples for the Market; Growers of Many Kinds of Fruits and Vegetables Are Required to Accept Relatively Low Prices Because Their Products Are Not Sold According to Standard Grades.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Farming by rule of thumb is becoming obsolete. But many farmers still "want to be shown" the value of grading fruits and vegetables and certain other farm products. Without commonly accepted standards for many products a considerable part of the profits due to a systematic agriculture is lost.

Benefits of Standard Grades.

The bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, in pointing out the importance of grading a larger number of farm products, summarizes the benefits as follows:

It would encourage better methods of production and handling.

It would provide a standard trading basis.

It would enable the buyer to procure a stock of any size and quality desired.

It would aid in eliminating fraud, thereby promoting confidence among producers, dealers, and consumers.

The federal grain and cotton standards have come to be generally recognized as desirable, and the war-time potato grades, though no longer compulsory, are still widely adhered to—a fact that is good evidence of their value. Several states, including Pennsylvania, New Jersey, California, Texas, Wisconsin, and North Carolina, through their own marketing bureaus, are establishing or have established standard grades for one or more products. The federal bureau of markets has been glad to aid these agencies in various ways, having made an extensive study of the problem and accumulated much valuable data. It is prepared to offer helpful suggestions to any state or trade organization interested in establishing standard grades for the following products: Irish potatoes, onions, sweet potatoes, apples, fresh tomatoes, and cabbages. It also has investigations under way dealing with several other products.

Grades a Universal Language.

Students of present-day complex methods of distribution assert that it is impossible to have adequate market quotations until farm products are sold according to commonly accepted standards. Terms used in standard grades are in effect a universal language. They permit each agent in touch with the market to speak and be spoken to with clear and full understanding of the sort of products under discussion.

The total value, for the United States, of such representative items as eggs and poultry indicate the magnitude of the interests now suffering from lack of adequate grading practices. These products for 1919 were estimated to be worth more than $1,000,000,000.

Various attempts have been made to establish egg and poultry standard grades, but the various exchanges are not in agreement regarding grades, and the trade has been handicapped because of resulting diversities.

The difficulties constantly arising because of the lack of common standards are illustrated by the experience of a New York broker who made a bid to a western shipper for a carload of eggs classed as "refrigerator firsts." The offer was accepted, and when the car arrived it could not be discovered that these eggs fitted any known grade of "refrigerated firsts." In the rather heated discussion that followed the western shipper finally announced that he had graded the eggs according to a standard of his own!

These are days when American producers are looking to foreign markets. Abroad, even more than at home, recognized grades are an asset. Again eggs may be used as an illustration. Prior to 1914 the largest amount of eggs exported to the United Kingdom by this country was less than 100,000 dozen in a year. Since 1914 it has varied from 4,900,000 dozen to 7,700,000 dozen. The way has been opened for the development of this immense trade because there have been small imports from continental Europe. But, in spite of the lead given us by the war, Canadian eggs have been bringing from 2 to 4 cents more in the British market than American eggs. Nor was it a question of sentiment with the Englishmen. The Canadian shippers, anxious to continue merchandizing connections established during the war, have been grading their eggs, and that fact has appealed to the discriminating British public.

Standardizing Is Fundamental.

The lesson to America is obvious. It applies not only to eggs, but to many other farm products. A representative of the bureau of markets has stated the case thus: "Standardization is fundamental to progress in every field of effort—in the arts and sciences, and in industry and commerce as well."

Coal is sold on grade. Grades of lumber have been known to the trade for years. Grades of cotton and wheat, though recently established, are now recognized as absolutely necessary to the marketing of these products. Eventually we must adopt grades for a larger number of farm products. If eventually, why not soon? The expert services of the bureau of markets are available to any state or trade organization desiring to promote this needed improvement.

JUDGING LIVE STOCK PROPERLY IS AN ART

Relatively Few Persons Ever Attain Highest Standing.

Various Features on Subject Discussed in Popular Language by Circular Issued by the Department of Agriculture.

A real need in agricultural regions today is more widespread knowledge of how to judge live stock properly. While the judging of the finest animals is likely to remain an art in which relatively few persons can attain the highest standing, nevertheless farmers as a whole should be thoroughly familiar with the general principles of judging stock. Knowledge of this sort is a real asset.

The art of judging beef cattle is the foundation of all beef-cattle shows, and also is largely the means of determining the value of cattle offered in public sales. It serves as a basis for every man who buys and raises cattle to seek improvement along well-recognized lines.

Sample score cards for fat and feeder beef cattle and for breeding beef cattle, together with a model card for comparative judging by class or team, constitute part of the material contained in a recent Farmers' Bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture, entitled "Judging Beef Cattle." The 21 pages of text discuss in popular language the various features of judging beef cattle, and it contains suggestions regarding their scoring. The bulletin may be had free upon request.

BEST TIME TO WEAN CALVES

Allow Them Some Time on Grass in Autumn if Winter Pasture Cannot Be Provided.

Spring calves should be weaned before the end of the pasture season in the fall to allow them some time on grass, says the U. S. Department of Agriculture. If they are to be finished as baby beef they should go into dry lot at the end of the pasture season and be ready for market the following June or July.

CAN MAKE FOREIGN CHEESES

Circular Issued by Department of Agriculture Gives Full Information on Subject.

With proper methods and equipment many of the so-called foreign cheeses can be made in the United States and elsewhere, says the United States department of agriculture. Department circular 71, "Trend of the Cheese Industry in the United States," will give you full information on the subject.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Cut up the dead timber in the wood lot for fuel.

* * *

Hotbeds and cold frames give a chance to start vegetables earlier and gain on the weather and insects.

* * *

Cheap vegetable and flower seeds are expensive at any price. It pays to buy good seeds from reliable firms of established reputation.

Lift Off Corns!

Doesn't hurt! Lift touchy corns and calluses right off with fingers

Apply a few drops of "Freezone" upon that old, bothersome corn. Instantly that corn stops hurting. Then shortly you lift it right off, root and all, without pain or soreness.

Hard corns, soft corns, corns between the toes, and the hard skin calluses on bottom of feet lift right off—no humbug!

Tiny bottles of "Freezone" cost but a few cents at drug stores

HORSES COUGHING? USE
Spohn's Distemper Compound

to break it up and get them back in condition. Twenty-six years' use has made "Spohn's" indispensable in treating Coughs and Colds, Influenza and Distemper, with their resulting complications, and all diseases of the throat, nose and lungs. Acts marvelously as a preventive, acts equally well as a cure. 60 cents and $1.15 per bottle at drug stores.
SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, Goshen, Ind.

Work! Work! that is my unfailing cure for all troubles.—Lydia Maria Child.

Genius may not be infinite attention to details, but business is.

SOUTHERN N. Y. FARMS—Large farms; small farms; equipped farms; country estates. List free. F. B. Wells, Sidney, N. Y.

Attention Farmers—Free—Descriptive booklet of Eastern Idaho, land of farm opportunities. Sec'y Commercial Club, Driggs, Idaho.

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 13--1920.

Do Not Get Careless With Your Blood Supply

Impurities Invite Disease.

You should pay particular heed to any indication that your blood supply is becoming sluggish, or that there is a lessening in its strong and vital force.

By keeping your blood purified, your system more easily wards off disease that is ever present, waiting to attack wherever there is an opening. A few bottles of S. S. S., the great vegetable blood medicine, will revitalize your blood and give you new strength and a healthy, vigorous vitality. Everyone needs it just now to keep the system in perfect condition. Go to your drug store and get a bottle to-day, and if you need any medical advice, you can obtain it without cost by writing to Medical Director, Swift Specific Co., 109 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

FASCINATED THE FAIR SEX

Marat, Repulsive in Person and Manners, Was Noted for His Attractiveness to Women.

Jean Paul Marat, one of the leading and most infamous figures of the French revolution, was described by a contemporary as "beyond any question the ugliest man in the whole of France—and not merely ugly, but positively repulsive in person, habits and manners." And yet, in his early years, he was the most popular physician in Paris, not because of supposed professional skill, but on account of his attractiveness to women, the most wealthy and beautiful women of France daily crowding his consultation rooms, pushing, almost fighting, to get a word or perhaps a single from him. That he turned a cold shoulder to their allurements seemed only to inflame their ardor, and at one time he contemplated flight, so embarrassing became their attentions. Even when he contracted a loathsome skin disease while hiding in the sewers of Paris, fair women continued to adore him.

Took Him Literally.

Henpeck—"That woman is unspeakable." Henpeck—"Then she's just the woman for me."

The fool politician fights friction; the wise one uses soft soap.

KING HAD SOME IMAGINATION

Wonderful Story of "Waterless Sea" Would Have Done Credit to Baron Munchausen.

Prester John as a title was like the Egyptian Pharaoh and belonged to whole lines of king who reigned in the East and in Ethiopia in particular. One writer of long ago sets Abyssinia as the kingdom of Prester John. Abyssinia used to be called "Middle India."

It is related that before the year 1241 a letter was addressed by Prester John to Manuel Commenus, emperor of Constantinople, saying that in Prester John's country there is a "waterless sea," which none have ever crossed. It consists of tumbling billows of sand, never at rest, and contains fish of most excellent flavor.

Three days' journey from the coast of the sand sea is a mountain whence rolls down a "waterless river," consisting of small stones, which crumble into sand when they reach the sea.

Whoever Prester John may have been, if he invented that story, he certainly possessed a vivid imagination and considerable originality.

Dire Consequences.

She—You liked my cooking well enough just after we were married.
He—I didn't have dyspepsia then.

One ton of water may be colored by a single grain of indigo.

An Invigorating Table Beverage

—a real part of the meal, not merely something to drink with your food—

POSTUM CEREAL

If you feel that something interferes with your health, stop tea and coffee and use this popular drink.

"There's a Reason"

No raise in price.

Made by Postum Cereal Company
Battle Creek. Michigan.

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
☞ Coal Hauling Done

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Telephone us the news. Phone 12.

America is your home—don't spit on the floor.

Miss Gretchen Blank spent Sunday visiting at Belmond.

Miss Sarah Thieman was a Garner caller Monday between trains.

Miss Lola Smith was a passenger to Garner Monday afternoon.

Ed. Jacobs drove to Garner Sunday to spend the day with his folsk.

G. P. McCullough Sundayed at Garner this week.

LuVerne Smith spent Sunday with his mother and sisters here.

Miss Edna Smith has returned from a visit of several weeks at Des Moines

Spring is here, so are the robbins and many other birds.

Chas. Stiehl had business at Garner Monday morning.

Ben Swalve was over at Garner Monday morning between trains.

Miss Minnie Lenz was a passenger o Garner Saturday morning.

J. P. Larsen went to Garner Tuesday morning on business.

Henry Church, of Garner, was a business caller in Klemme Saturday.

Miss Annabelle Church, of Garner, spent last week end visiting here with Mildred Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner and Miss Gretchen Blank autoed to Mason City Monday.

G. H. Carlson has notified us to send his paper to Ingram, Wisconsin, which is now their address.

Miss Lurley Wilson went to Titonka Monday after a few days' visit with relatives and friends in Klemme.

Those who practice justice get it in America.

Rev. Buriff was unable to give his sermon Sunday evening on account of a sore throat.

Mrs. Conlan and Mrs. Houghton, of Goodell, were in Klemme Saturday shopping.

Mrs. John Griewe and daughter, of Garner, came Monday for a short visit with Klemme relatives.

Miss Ella Keeper and little sister were at Garner Tuesday morning between trains.

Mrs. Henry Griffen and child from Goodell spent Tuesday visiting with Klemme people.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson were at Garner Monday morning on business.

Mrs. Albert Johnson and daughters, Nina and Pearl, were visiting at Garner Saturday.

Henry Lau will demonstrate the Moline tractor on Main Street Saturday afternoon. Watoh for it.

M. and Mrs. Ell have been here the past week visiting at the home of their son, Ed. G. Ell.

The students of the Klemme school are enjoying their Easter or Spring vacation this week.

Mrs. E. S. Uben and children were passengers to Garner Tuesday morning where they visited the dentist's office.

Mrs. and Mrs Earnest Palmby and son, of Eagle Bend Minn were here visiting at the Wille home.

Wiles has a large ad in this issue and tells you all about his line of cars. See the ad on the back.

Gilbert Schaefer returned Saturday fom his winter's stay in the south where he went with the hopes of benefiting his health. Gilbert is looking much better and we notice a marked improvement in his condition.

Supervisor Burhow has been here the past week selling stock in a new cement company located at Des Moines.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Schaefer and son have gone to housekeeping in their cottage in the southeast part of town.

Miss Avis Ely, of Rock Island, Illinois, came Saturday evening to spend a few days visiting at the W. F. Pavey home.

School is out for a week and the teachers have gone home, with the exception of Miss Warnock, who is spnding her vacation here.

Miss Celia Brouwer, of Ventura, came Monday for a visit with Miss Annetta Schuldt and other Klemme relatives.

C. C. Suckow came from Forest City Monday on business here. Mrs. Suckow has scarlet fever and is staying at the E. P. Dow home at Forest City.

There are a lot of automobiles running every day now as the roads are getting into good shape. Road drags are out nearly every day to fix up the roads for summer.

We notice that Geo. Kessler is building a new garage this week. So far George has had no place to park his car for the night and has kept it on the farm.

A nine pound baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Bock, of Beulah, North Dakota, March 26th. This is news which perhaps will interest many of our readers.

Miss Anna Griewe and Mrs. H. G. Griewe were at Forest City last Thursday and Friday visiting with relatives. Ethel and Clarice Wellemeyer accompanied them.

The Idle Hour got a little "bawled up" with their reels and as a result Saturday they found they had extra reels on hand which should have been cancelled, as the reels for the "Birth of a Race" were to run that date. So the manager invited a number of his friends to come and see the other pictures Sunday afternoon when they were run.

Garden Tools

Now that spring has come at last it is time for you to get ready for that garden you are planning this year. A good garden will help you cut down the

"High Cost of Living"

Let us help you with your garden by suggesting that you look over our line of garden tools such as

Spades Shovels Hoes
Garden Plows, Rakes
Sprinklers, Wheelborrows, etc.

We have also stocked up on a very fine line of

Garden Seeds

of all kinds

Your Summer Lawn

should be started now. We have the best seed obtainable to made a beautiful green lawn for you this summer Start it now. Get one of our

Lawn Mowers

and be ready to give your lawn the first proper trim

Eggs taken in on trade at this store

Jacobs & Son

The Quality Garage

Automobile Announcement!

Spring is here and with it comes the driving season. You are cordially invited to come in and look at our line and get our prices before buying elsewhere. We have also secured the exclusive selling in this territory for Buick Six and the Dort Four Cars, besides our regular Willys-Overland line of cars.

Buick Six $1495 F. O. B. Factory

Overland Four $985 F. O. B. Factory

Dort Four $1035 F. O. B. Factory

The Farmers are especially requested to come in and see our Hart-Parr Tractor which we have on the floor now. We also carry a big line of Oliver Tractor plows and can supply you at once. A Hart-Parr Tractor will solve your farm help problem. Let us explain to you.

Cord Tires in all sizes

Goodyear and Fisk Caseings and Tubes

Most Complete line of New Auto Accessories in town. **We are equiped to Repair all makes of Cars.**

C. W. Wiles Garage

The Quality Garage

The Quality Garage

THE KLEMME TIMES

wenty-fourth Year | Number 31 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, April 8, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

wo Deaths This Week

RS. MARY ARNOLD DEAD

onday afternoon the Arnold boys, d, Clarence and Elmer, were ed to Mason City by the serious ss of their mother, Mrs. Mary Ar- d, who has been ill for some time . Tuesday morning at six o'clock gave up life's struggle and passed cefully away at the home of her ghter, Mrs. C. B. Tice, at Mason . Funeral services were held yes- ay from the First Methodist rch, and interment made in the mme cemetery. We will arrange ave the obituary published in our t issue of the Times.

S. J. C. KERSCHNER PASSES AWAY MONDAY

Mrs. J. C. Kerschner passed away nday evening after a short illness, the age of sixty-five years. Mr. rschner died about a year ago and ir only daughter, Mrs. J. B. Spit- , mourns her loss. Funeral ser- es were held yesterday and inter- nt was made at Clarion where the eased husband is buried.

Obituaries

OBITUARY OF MRS. JOSTEN

Anna Katharina Josten, nee Nissin, s born March 3, 1839, in Schles- g Holstein, Germany. In her in- cy she received the Sacrament of y Baptism and was later by con- mation admitted to the full mem- rship fo the Lutheran church. On e first day of June, 1861 ,she was ited in marriage to Mr. Valentine sten, which union was blessed with ven children, six sons and one ughtr: Hans, Valentine, Erick, ristine, Peter, John and Henry. Of ese Hans, the oldest son, preceded parents in death in 1904. The stn family came to America in 75, and settled on a farm in Ell wnship, Hancock county, Iowa. re they witnessed the hardships of e pioneer days of said county. In 03 they retired and made their me with their son Valentine till in 14 the Lord called the husband of e deceased from her side. Mother sten was formerly a member of the rman Reform Church at Ell town d until the time of her death a ember of the Reformed church at lemme. The asthma is one of the lments that caused her much misery r nearly 20 years, yet God in His ercy granted her life and strength ntil Monday, March 29th, 8:00 a. ., when she quietly and peaceably assed away at the home of her son alentine. Her age was 81 years, 25 ays. Among those that survive her re her five sons, one daughter, six- en grandchildren and many relatives nd friends.

Rev. A. A. Depping

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our neighbors dn friends for their kind assistance nd sympathy in the illness and death f our mother.

w Josten Brothers and Sisters

OBITUARY, MRS. EMMA JANE KERSHNER

Mrs. Emma Jane Kershner passed way at her residence in Klemme, owa, April 5, 1920,. aged sixty-five ears, five months. She was born in Princeton, Illinois, September 24th, 1874, she was married to J. C. Kersh- er. Of this union two children were born: a son, deceased, and a daughter Mrs. J. B. Spitler, of Klemme.

Mrs. Kershner was left alone one ear ago by the death of her husband. She leaves to mourn her loss her daughter, Mrs. J. B. Spitler, and fam- ily, and her granddaughter Vivian.

Funeral services were held in the Methodist Episcopal church of Klem- m, on Wednesday, April 7th, at 9:30 a. m., and the body taken to Clarion, Iowa(for interment.

—By A. E. Buriff

Admission Free.

Jack had a little party on his birth- day. His mother had told one of the little boys not to buy a present. When this little boy arrived at the party Jack said: "What did you bring?" but quickly added, "that's all right if you didn't bring anything 'cause this par- ty's for nothing."

Serious Injury

M. O. BARR'S FATHER SERIOUSLY INJURED

Last Tuesday Agent M. O. Barr received a telegram stating that his father was run over by a motor car and that he was being brought to the hospital at Fort Madison, Iowa. Mr. Barr's father is superintendent of a railroad telegraph gang and while at work in some manner or other the motor car which they were using ran over him crushing his ankle. His injuries were so serious that it was necessary to amputate below the knee Mr. and Mrs. Barr left Wednesday vening for Fort Madison, to see his father and word from them says that he is getting along as well as can be expected. Mr. Barr's father is about fifty years old and the accident no doubt will be rather hard for him to endure.

AN ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING

Benny Hull, the twelve-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Bud Hull accidentally shot himself Tuesday afternoon about 2:30 o'clock with a 22-calibre rifle. Benny had possessed himself of the shooting-iron in some manner and sallied forth in search of gophers we presume. He traveled east, follow- ig the Milwaukee road and when in the vicinity of the cut about one-half mile east of town, the accident oc- curred. How it happened we are not sure, but Benny says that he was looking down the barrel. The bullet entered his body at a point between the first two ribs, well above the heart,and there it still remains. The youngster's condition appears to be normal in all ways, has recovered from the shock, and in case blood- poisoning does not set in, he will get along all right. It appears that about every so often, some youngster must be the victim of an accidental shoot- ing in order to warn parents of the real danger of allowing kids to handle fire arms.—Democrat.

CHURCHES

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the morning service at 11 o'clock.

Epworth League service Sunday night at 7:30 o'clock.

Preaching service at the close of Epworth League service 8:00 o'clock.

Midweek prayer service each Thurs- day evening at 7:30.

The church that extends a welcome hand to everyone.

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Morning worship at ten o'clock in- stead of ten-thirty, as formerly. Sun- day school at 11:00 a. m. Evening worship at 7:30 p. m.

An official count will be necessary to determine which class of the Sun- day School won the contest. It is expected that this count will be made and the result announced at next Sunday's session of the school. At- tendance last Sunday 162, being the record for the school this year.

Sunday morning sermon subject, "After Easter, What?" Popular ser- vice in the evening. Good music and a cordial welcome.

A. E. Buriff, Minister

KLEMME MAN, ONE OF THE SIX IN THE STATE TO TAKE COURSE AT FORD FACTORY

Chris Gram left Tuesday night for Detroit, Michigan, where he will take a six weeks' mechanics course at the Henry Ford factory. Three are but five other men in the state who will take the course as Iowa was allowed to send only six men for the course. The other five men are three men from the Herring Motor Co., of Des Moines, one man from Marshalltown and one from Cedar Rapids. The men will be given a thorough instruction in repairing cars, wiring and electric- al work ad in fact everything con- nected with the working part of a Ford car.

SPECIAL OFFER DES MOINES CAPITAL

The Des Moines Capital from now until Jan. 1, 1921, for only $3.50. Call at the Times Office now as this offer will not hold good only for a short time.

MAPS ARE TO BE SENT TO PASTORS ALL OVER THE U. S.

Country Church Not Reaching Community and Ministering Only to a Percentage.

Washington.—Convinced that the surveys of the Interchurch World Movement in rural America are of such accuracy as to constitute a defi- nite scientific contribution to present day information on the country church, the United States Govern- ment, through Charles Josiah Galpin of the Office of Farm Management of the Department of Agriculture, has contracted to buy a copy of the sur- vey map of each of the 2,968 counties to be surveyed by the Town and coun- try Division of the Inter church Movement.

This county map is a concrete ex- pression in graphics of the first thorough-going and wholly compre- hensive church and community sur- vey ever attempted in this country.

Each graph when completed, shows the location of every church, the residences of the ministers, the cir- cuits on which they travel in reach- ing their charges, the parish lines of every church and the community boundaries. By the graph, areas of denominational competition are dis- covered as well as the areas which are untouched by any religious minis- tration.

The survey to date has revealed the fact that the average country church is in no sense reaching the commun- ity and is ministering only to a per- centage of a certain creed of sect, and also that there are very few buildings in which provision has been made for the social and recreational needs of the young people. The survey has disclosed that more than one-half of the rural pastors are receiving less than a living wage.

The plan of presenting church con- ditions on a county map began with the establishment of the Country Life Commission by President Roose- velt. It was developed by Gifford Pinchot and the Rev. C. O. Gill, as Congregational clergymen of New England, who intensified the idea of obtaining specific information on the churches in a community. Dr. War- ren H. Wilson, known as the dean of specialists on the rural church in America and the Rev. H. N. Morse, both of the rural life work depart- ment of the Presbyterian Board of Home Missions, together with Dr. Edmund des Brunner, head of the town and country survey department of the Interchurch World Movement, brought the graphs to their present perfection in presentation of com- munity matters. This graph is a vi- vid picture, intelligible on first glance to the lay mind, of how the church is or is not reaching a community.

The maps ordered by Mr. Galpin are made in the field by an Inter- church surveyor, checked up in the national office and traced by expert draftsmen. To date surveys on 182 counties have been completed and more than 150 finished maps are available. In more than 2,000 of the 2,968 counties the survey is actually underway.

Mr. Galpin, who decided that the Government should have the maps, was formerly a professor in the Wis- consin State school of Agriculture and is the author of many books and pamphlets and a pioneer in the study of farm life and farm communities. He was particularly attracted by the maps in that the manner of dividing up a county into normal communities instead of townships or other arbi- trary and fixed lines shaped into the kind of work he is doing for the Gov- ernment.

Aside from their use by the Govern- ment, the rural maps will be distri- buted among pastors all over the United States in the areas concerned as the basis of programs to recon- struct the rural church in America.

Cooperation with the local church- es in carrying out the community plans in the promotion of the Lenten Evangelistic campaign urged in the letters sent from the national Head- quarters.

More than 100,000 workers will be needed during the next five years in the world campaign planned by America's Protestant churches affili- ated with the Interchurch World Movement. More than 9,000 new mis- sionaries are to be recruited for the foreign fields alone, and thousands of other workers, lay and clerical, are to be [illegible] for churches in the affil- iated [illegible] of this country. Wher[illegible] from?

It only a pe life th w d

highly specialized training. As much executive equipment is required, it is commented, to direct a congrega- tion as to direct a business, for the successful clergyman must know mo- dern life in all its many sided phases quite as well as Biblical History. The Missionary nowadays must often teach agriculture, carpentry, hygiene or sanitation to pave the way to the gospel.

Convention

The Republican State Convention will be held in Des Moines on the 22nd day of April, 1920.

Precinct Caucuses are to be held on the 14th day of April, 1920, at which time delegates are to be elected to the County Convention to be held in Garne on the 17 day of April, 1920, commen- cing at 11 o'clock A. M. at the Court House, to elect delegates to State Con- vention.

Hancock County is entitled to seven (7) delegates to the State Convention.

The several precints of Hancock County are entitled to the following delegates in the County Convention to be held in Garner on the 17th of April 1920, to-wit: One delegate for each pre- cindt and in addition one delegate for 20 or major fraction thereof of the vote cast for W. L. Harding for Governor at the general election held in November 1918.

	Votes Cast	Delegates
Amsterdam	85	5
Avery	71	5
Boone	48	3
Britt	236	13
Bingham	39	3
Concord	164	9
Corwith Pct	18	2
Crystal	47	3
Ell	53	4
Eilington	41	3
Erin	47	3
Garfield	27	2
Liberty	15	2
Magor	89	5
Madison	44	3
Orthel	55	4
Twin Lake	34	3

Township Committee men will pleare see that caucuses are held on the above named date.

Ladies are permitted to attend this convention for the purpose of selecting delegates, the same as the men can do.

[illegible] believe that unless a more general return to clover ductivity will certainly decline.

Be Sure Seed is Right.

Here are some of the things they say about sowing clover this spring.

Clover seed is high—probably 60 cents a pound at retail. Do not plant it unless you plant it right.

Have the seed tested. The state seed laboratory or the seed laboratory of the United States department of agriculture will do it. You can't af- ford to take a chance by not testing it.

Clover seed is most commonly sown on winter wheat in the early spring. This is ordinarily good practice, but if the wheat field was left rough in the fall the seed bed may not be fa- vorable and much seed may be wasted. Clover needs a seed bed that is firm below but fine and loose on top. Use a drill when possible. On loamy soil harrow the seed in on the wheat, but do not attempt it when the land is wet.

If farmers would take as much pains seeding clover as they do seed- ing alfalfa, there would be fewer clover failures.

Best Soil for Clover.

As a rule red clover will not do well on land that is "sour" either natural- ly or because it has been so long cropped that the lime in the soil has been used up. There are occasional exceptions. Clover has been known to do well on land that had a lime re- quirement of 1,400 pounds an acre but this land had been heavily ma- nured and fertilized. Usually clover wants soil that is neutral or nearly so. It is a safe statement that in most cases where clover goes out or fails to make a fair crop two tons of ground limestone an acre would help a great deal. In many cases this would make the difference between success and failure. In other cases lime may have to be supplemented with phosphoric acid or potash. The use of potash will not be warranted when the price is as high as it is, ex- cept in the rare case when this ele- ment is decidedly the limiting fac- tor. Lime, however, is fundamental. There is generally no use seeding red clover on "sour" soil.

Use for Alsike Clover.

If the farmer cannot lime and the land is worn or "sour," or if the land is poorly drained, low, and damp, alsike clover should be seeded. It is common practice now to mix the red clover with alsike for worn or part run-down land. Alsike likes lime, too, but it will make a crop on land that will not bring red clover. This is especially true if the soil is both "sour" and damp. Of course, so

Improvements

REUBER & ZINN REMODEL OFFICE

There is much activity in the vi- cinity of the Times office these days as Doctors Reuber & Zinn are re- modeling their office building. They are raising the old part up about two feet and are having a basement exca- vated and concrete foundation put in But this is not all; a brick wing will be built to the north of the main office room and will be used by Doctor Zinn in his work. Dr. Reuber will occupy the remaining part of the building and will have a modern X-Ray room fitted up as well as for his other chem- ical and mechanical machines. Work on the building is being upshed rap- idly and it will be no time at all be- fore the doctors are conveniently lo- cated in the remodeled office. How- ever, they are still occupying the office but are "up in the air" consid- erable. They will also have a place for their cars in the basement and will have an entrance from the rear.

HENRY LAU & SONS IN NEW BUILDING

Saturday Hery Lau & Sons re- moved the last boards from the front of their new brick implement building and the public saw for the first time the finished building. The building is sure a peach, has a fine large office room in the front, all plate glass and copper front, big display and store room back of the office and connected with it and a full basement under- neath, all cemented. The basement will be used for repairing cars and for a storage battery station and other kinds of work. The new build- ing is a great improvement over the old one and will also make business easier to handle.

KLEMME GROWS ACCORDING TO CENSUS

Carl Suckow has completed the job of taking the census and as a result finds that Klemme has a population of 468. The last census taken in 1915 shows that there were 404 natives here then so we have made some gains but not as much as was figurd. How- ever, when the census was taken in 1915 there were a lot of floaters in town but this time it seems as if about half the population were away on a vacation somewhere—anyway we will add a few more to it and call it an even six hundred; they all do it.

HATTIE M. ALDRIDGE ANNOUNCES FOR RE-ELECTION

In the political announcement col- umn of the Times you will find the announcement of Mrs. Hattie M. Ald- ridge for re-election to the office of Recorder. Mrs. Aldridge has given satisfactory srvice while she has been in the office for a little over a year now and so far she has no opposition in the field against her re-election. She should have the office again for another term as a reward for her faithful service to the county and we believe the voters will give her their loyal support in her campaign for a second term.

A LETTER FROM FORMER KLEMMEITE

We are publishing a letter from a former Klemme young man, Fred Reffenstein, who lived with his folks on the Dr. Zinn farme ast of town. It follows:

Standard, Alta.
March 31, 1920.

Mr. Ray Jorgenson,

Dear Friend Ray:

How are you? I am not as bad now, although I am not well yet. I just happened to think I would like to have the Klemme Times sent to me so I am enclosing a $2.00 bill for which I would like the paper sent to me at Standard, Alberta, Canada, as long as the two dollars will buy it.

We have a blizzard here today and is about twenty below. Half of the snow is gone so it may soon be spring. I suppose that the farmers are in the field by this time.

I had the flu this winter and all the folks had it too. The folks are all well.

Well Ray, as I am in a hurry, I'll close for this time. Best regards to all I know in Klemme.

Yours,
Fred Reiffenstein,
Standard, Alta., Canada

Why Stars Twinkle.

The so-called twinkling of the stars is chiefly an effect produced in our atmosphere upon the waves of light.

More Local

The Ladies' Aid of the Refo church was entertained at the ho of Mrs. H. Schuldt last Thursday a ternoon. Mrs. Dick Bamman of G ner came Wednesday evening to h her mother with the entertaime and returned to Garner Friday aft noon.

M. O. Hocum left laist Wednesd noon for Des Moines where he a tended a convention of grain deale from Iowa, the Dakotas, Minneso Nebraska and Illinois. $Many pron nent grain men and merchants w there who gave lectures and point to the ensembled grain men. He turned to Klemme Saturday.

As we are writing news copy w comes to us that Sylvan Johnson quite seriously ill with blood pois ing which he received a week or ago when he stepped on a rusty n We also hear that Ernest Schwicht berg is suffering from blood poison but we did not learn in what man he received it. We hope for the ra recovery of bto hgentlemen.

Mrs. Mille Smith received word Wednesday that her mother-in-law Des Moines had fallen down broke her shoulder blade, disloca her hip and other injuries wh caused her death. The lady was years old and the fall was more th she could recover from. Interm was made at Amsterdam Cemet east of Goodell last Friday.

Hugo Neff came over from Ma City Saturday for an over Sun visit with Klemme and Goodell r tives and friends. Some of the r who are working at the same plant where Hugo is employed w on a strike for higher wages and a result the plant was closed down a few days. Hugo's bunch, ab forty-five men, did not strike and their loyalty the superintendent g them a few days off and told them come back Monday with an incre in salary. Hugo says it don't pay strike and he was glad he did not on a strike with the other men.

Elmer Schmidt spent a few da the past week visiting at Garner.

Herman Coobs left last Wedn day for a few days visit with mother at McGregor, Iowa.

Heny Johnson, who was forme known here as Henry Linne, return to Klemme last week from fo moths' visit with his folks in Swede His change of name came abo w hen he joined the 88th Division a with which outfit he spent nine months in France. "Linnie" was h soldier name from the old country b when he was sworn in at Camp Dod he took over his real name of "John- son" and it was also recorded that way on his citizen papers which he re- ceived shortly after his discharge. Henry says he had a good time visi- ing in Sweden but that the United States was the best country in th world and he was anxious to get bac He says conditions are far bett there now than they were ten yea ago when he left and came here. A good laboring man receives abou fifteen marks ad ay in Sweden bu has to pay fifty marks for a pair o shoes and about three hundred mark for an ordinary suit of clothes and o top of all that he has to pay an in- come tax for every piece of money h earns.

HANCOCK COUNTY TO HEAD THE LIST

One of the state checkers who is going over the books at the court house at Garner says that Hancock county will be near the head of the list of the counties of the state in the number of automobiles per capita. This is a fair indication that Hancock county is one of the richest counties in Iowa.

When Living Was Cheap.

An investigator into the socia toms of Cleopatra's times gives c ter and verse in support of his con tention that living was exceptiona cheap in those supposedly luxuri days. Cleopatra could entertain Mark Antony during the time of his al courtship for a whole lot less than a working man can entertain his wife at a picnic party. Cleopatra could provide a sumptuous repast for two for about a dollar.

Taking It Out of Picturesque.

The amateur photographer can be relied on to take the picture out of a picturesque country.—Deseret News.

Real Estate Transfers

J. a Schlick hus to George C. James $4250 lots 1 & 2 blk 10, Tallman's add to Garner.

Neil Hanson wf to Emma H. Johnson $1 1-3 int. in E½ 22-94-26.

Neil Hanson wf to Edward Hanson **$1 1-3 int E½ 22-94-26.**

Martin Johnson to J. K. Johnson et al $1500 lot 6, blk 9, Kanawha, Ia.

J. Gaffney wf to Charles L. Balm, $24,000 SW¼ 30, 97, 25.

Fidelity Inv. Co. Webster Co. to Charles L. Balm $24,000 SW¼ 30-97-25.

Victor W. Keith wf to C. Bielefeld $11,000 S½ NE¼ **21-94-23.**

C. W. Kluckhohn wf to Chas. W. Stiehl $500 lots 9-10 blk 8 Barz add Klemme.

C. Bielefeld to S. G. Fuller $12,000 S½ N E¼ 21-94-23.

C. H. Lenz wf to H. L. Suckow $500 W½ of W½ lots 3-4 blk 3, Klemmes add to Klemme.

Fred Cock Jr wf to Louis Petrakis, $5,000 lot 8, blk 15, Kanawha.

E. B. Sielman wf to J. P. Rasmussen 16,371.50 SW¼ 32-97-24.

J. P. Rasmussen wf to Rube McFerren $18,000 SW¼ 32-97-24.

Edwin H. Arnett wf to O. W. Engstrom et al $47,697 SW¼ 31-96-25.

Jos. A. Kramer mf to Hauke Freerks $2800 lots 13, 14, 15, blk 5, Woden

F. A. Prelip wf to John A. Wenzel, $1 ½ int in lot 3, blk 15, lot 21, blk 15, Kanawha and tract of 5a in outlot 1, Thor Johnson add to Kanawha.

W. R. Prewitt wf to Severt N. Sjovangen $15,000 E½ SW¼ 28-97-23.

J. F. W. Vrba wf to C. S. Terwiliger $1 and other con. W frl ½ SW¼ and SWfrl. ¼ NW¼ 7-96-24.

H. L. Valen et al to Iowa Farm Inv. Co. $1 and other con. S½ 22-94-24

T. R. McKaig to Ernest Mattoon, $45-200 S½ SE¼ and S146aSW¼19-94-26.

Lewis W. McKinley wf to D. T. Smith to A. G. Larson NE¼ Sec 31 97 23 $1 and other con.

Howard L. Hartley wf to Frank E. Schriber $51,000 SE¼ Sec 8 and NE¼

R. T. Norvet wf to Peter J. Kirschbaum $27,200 SW¼ 96 24.

Lillie D. Poorman et al to H. C. Armstrong $33,600 SW¼ 5 96 24

Mrs. Nellie Bowers hus to Jno. A. **Senneff $36,000 NE¼ 26 96 23**

Curse of Modern Life.

To eat what you like, and all you like, may be a merry life, but it will be a short one. The curse of modern life is overfeeding.—Dr. Frank Crane.

Ups and Downs.

"The problem which confronts the modern housewife," said the would-be philosopher, "is how to raise children and keep down the cost of doing so."

Polite.

"Sir," said the considerate stick-up man, as he reached for his victim's watch, "I sincerely trust you will pardon me for taking your time."

Operatic Opulence.

"You must love art to pay such enormous salaries to grand opera singers." "I'm not sure," replied Miss Cayenne, "whether it indicates a love for art or an indifference to money."

The Stars and Stripes.

When the American flag is draped on a flat surface the stars should appear in the upper left hand corner if the stripes are horizontal; in the upper right hand corner if the stripes are vertical.

Mother Knew 'Em.

Applicant—"You see, mum, bein's as 'ow Hi 'ave been a-takin' keer of children all me life, Hi knows just 'ow to handle 'em." Mrs. Of de House (with a smile)—"I anticipate then, that you will have a howling success with mine, Mary."

300 Hide In One Tree.

At Ellerslie, where William Wallace was born, there is an oak which is 21 feet in circumference. One summer, when the tree was in full leaf, Wallace and 300 of his soldiers are said to have hidden away in its upper branches, so escaping capture by the English.

She Knew.

She had gone to the doctor for some medicine for her husband. "What is the nature of your husband's ailment?" asked doc. "To tell you the truth, doctor, I think it is a plain case of ill nature."

Temperament.

Technically, temperament means "the special type of mental constitution due to natural characteristics of the bodily organism. Broadly speaking, temperament is character—the mental make-up of a person, the way he is inclined to think and feel about things in general.

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

The truest economy nowadays is to buy your clothes of the best quality.

Though you pay more in the beginning they cost you less in the end.

VICTOR GARMENTS are always reliable and their best recommendation is the fact that year after year, women of discrimination come back to us, knowing that they will get just what they order, greater then can be had elsewhere and garments that can be worn for several seasons and always be in good style.

THE VICTOR FASHION BOOK is now ready, showing the most wonderful values in season's latest and most approved styles in WOMEN'S AND MISSES' HIGH CLASS SUITS, COATS, DRESSES, SKIRTS, WAISTS AND PETTICOATS.

READY TO WEAR and MADE TO MEASURE

The styles are more beauiful than ever and the Materials of the finest all-wool grades to be had, and all in all the garments the are best to be had.

It will be a revelation and a pleasure to you to look through this wonderfull line and you are cordially invited to call, whether you wish to buy or not.

Mrs. John Josten

AGENT FOR

Victor Ladies Tayloring Co., Chicrgo

Prompt Service, Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed and Prices Always the Lowest

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

Organized under the laws of Iowa, located at Klemme, in the County of Hancock, at the close of business on the 2nd day of April A. D. 1920

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$627,230 32	$627,230 32
United States Bonds	41,288 00	
United States certificates of indebt'ness		
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	830 00	42,118 00
Overdrafts		
Banking house	200 00	200 00
Due from banks and bankers	71,798 46	71,798 46
Gold coin and certificates	10 00	
Silver coin and bullion	1,645 21	
Legal tender and National bank note and subsidiary coins	17,285 00	
Exchanges for clearing house and checks on banks in same place	1,516 80	20,457 01
Foreign checks and items in transit		
All other cash items		
TOTAL RESOURCES		$761,803 79

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	15,000 00	
Surplus fund	25,000 00	40,000 00
Undivided profits, expenses deducted	3,594 03	3,594 03
Deposits due to banks and bankers on demand		
Individual deposits subject to check	228,841 83	
Time certificates of deposits	434,980 18	663,822 01
Bank overdrafts		
Bills payable other than with Federal Reserve Bank	40,000 00	
Rediscounts	14,387 75	54,387 75
TOTAL LIABILITIES		$761,803 79

STATE OF IOWA } ss.
HANCOCK COUNTY }

We, P. M. Griesemer, President, D.D. Ross, Vice-President, and F.J. Wenck, Cashier of the Bank above named, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is full, true and correct, to the best of our knowledge and belief, that the assets therein set forth are bona-fide the property of said Bank in its corporate capacity, and that no part of the same has been loaned or advanced to said Bank for the purpose of being exhibited as a portion of its assets.

P. M. GRIESEMER, President.
D. D. ROSS, Vice President
F. J. WENCK, Cashier

{SEAL} Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence by P. M. Griesemer, D. D. Ross and F. J. Wenck this 7th day of April, 1920.

CATHERINE A. WENCK
Notary Public in and for Hancock County

Attested by

Wm. Katter
Aug. E. Katter
A. Kelly
W. H. Ramsay
} Directors

To Our Friends and Customers!

We thank ... ss for the past year.

Buick

We have delivered FORTY ONE ... since the first of August, and still have a nice bunch of orders coming in regular.

Firestone and Goodrich

Have on hand $3,000 worth of Fabric and ... we bought there before the raise in price, ... came in in February. The price advance ... age of 20 per cent.

LISTEN for the next thirty days we will ... old price. after that we will take the raise ... tires try and get in some time this month, w...

Carload of Tractor and Auto Oil C...

We are carrying $4,000 worth of repair p...
We sell FORDS only and ca...

With it comes the ... look at our line a... so secured the ex... Cars, besides o...

Overlan...

$985 F. O. ...

requested to come in ... carry a big line of ... will solve your farm...

Ford Tires

Goodyear and Fisk ...

Accessories in town ...

FORDSON TRACTORS

have orders for THREE CARLOADS OF TRACTORS, have several sold now for Fall delivery.

ou are planing on buying a **FORDSON** let us have order early so we will be sure to have it on hand ... you are ready for it.

...ut oil before you buy, can save you 12½c per gallon!

...S and FORD TRACTORS, can give you service. ...m---therefore we can give you SERVICE.

KLEMME MOTOR CO.

ED. G. ELL, MGR.

KLEMME, IOWA

WOMEN HEAR ME

an Be Free from Pain m, if You Do as I Did.

gton, Me.—"I suffered with e, pains through my hips and such a bearing down feeling that I could not stand on my feet. I also had other distressing symptoms. At times I had to give up work. I tried a number of remedies but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did me more good than anything else. I am do not suffer the pains I used house and do all my work. I end your medicine to all who s I did and you may use my letou like."—Mrs. MINNIE MITCHarrington, Me.

e are many women who suffer as itchell did and who are being benefrom this great medicine every day. helped thousands of women who een troubled with displacements, mation, ulceration, irregularities, ic pains, backache, that bearing feeling, indigestion, and nervous ation.

a E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com- contains no narcotics or harmful It is made from extracts of and herbs and is a safe medium omen. If you need special advice Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. dential), Lynn, Mass.

HEADACHE

Often Caused by

cid-Stomach

indeed, more often than you think. e ACID-STOMACH, starting with in- tion, heartburn, belching, food-repeat- bloat and gas, if not checked, will even- affect every vital organ of the body. e, blinding, splitting headaches are, fore, of frequent occurrence as a result is upset condition.

e EATONIC. It quickly banishes acid- ch with its sour bloat, pain and gas. aids digestion—helps the stomach get strength from every mouthful of food eat. Millions of people are miserable, sick and ailing because of ACID- MACH. Poisons, created by partly di- d food charged with acid, are absorbed the blood and distributed throughout entire system. This often causes rheu- sm, biliousness, cirrhosis of the liver, t trouble, ulcers and even cancer of stomach. It robs its victims of their th, undermines the strength of the vigorous.

you want to get back your physical mental strength—be full of vim and r—enjoy life and be happy, you must rid of your acid-stomach.

EATONIC you will find the very help need and it's guaranteed. So get a big box from your druggist today. If it to please you, return it and he will nd your money.

EATONIC

FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH)

The Liver Is the Road to Health

If the liver is right the whole system is right. **Carter's Little Liver Pills** will gently awaken your sluggish, clogged-up liver and relieve constipation, stomach trouble, inactive bowels, loss of appetite, sick headache and dizziness. Purely vegetable. You need them.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for **Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness** and **Female Weakness.**

Genuine must bear signature Brent Good

As we grow older our prejudices become mellowed and our judgment riper.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A blind horse is satisfied if he can feel his oats.

Vaseline

Reg.U.S.Pat.Off.

PETROLEUM JELLY

For burns, cuts, sprains and all skin irritations. Relieves dryness of scalp.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (CONSOLIDATED) State Street New York

MAKING WAR ON INSIDIOUS FOES

Cabbage Grower Likely to Be Discouraged at Prospect of Fight.

CUTWORMS MOST INJURIOUS

Larvae of Number of Kinds of Medium-Sized Grayish or Brownish Moths Are Found in Garden Allowed to Grow Up in Weeds.

When the grower enters his well-kept garden, in which a day or two before he has set out a fine lot of cabbage or tomato plants, and finds that a goodly part of them have been cut off near the roots by some invisible and insidious foe, he is likely to become discouraged at the effort to fight the stealthy attacks of these nocturnal marauders, and to wonder whether the game is worth the candle, especially after the plants which he resets are attacked in the same manner.

If he is familiar with the habits of cutworms, however, he will, before replanting, make a search of the soil within a few inches of the base of the damaged plant, and will probably be rewarded by uncovering a smooth, greasy-looking, gray or brownish caterpillar from an inch to an inch and a half in length, the foe for which he is seeking.

Found in Weedy Garden.

Cutworms are the young or larvae of a number of kinds of medium-sized grayish or brownish moths, and are likely to be found wherever a garden has been allowed to grow up in weeds the previous season. They pass the winter as half-grown caterpillars buried in the earth, and in spring come forth with a several-months' appetite which they satisfy with the first edible vegetation that comes to hand, this often being the gardener's choicest transplanted vegetables. As the season goes on, they become mature and enter the ground, there undergoing the transformations which are completed by the issuance of the moth in midsummer.

As Preventive Measure Scatter Poison Bait Over Garden Before Setting Out Plants.

If the garden is known to have been weedy last season, the proverbial ounce of prevention may be exercised by scattering thinly over it, just before setting out the plants, a poisoned bait. This is prepared by mixing thoroughly a quart of dry bran with four or five tablespoonfuls of white arsenic or Paris green. It is then made into a wet mash by the addition of a quart or more of water, into which has been stirred a half cupful of cheap sirup or molasses. It may be scattered thinly over the field a day or two before planting, or will serve as a protection to the newly set plants if a little is sprinkled around the roots after wetting them down. Better results are secured by putting out poison after sunset, since cutworms begin to feed about dusk.

Poison Is Dangerous.

Care should be taken that this bait is scattered thinly, as it might be dangerous to children or domestic animals.

In small gardens, transplanted vegetables may be protected by surrounding their stems when setting them out with a somewhat stiff paper band extending from about an inch below the surface to two or three inches above. Tin cans with ends removed afford similar protection.

TREATMENT FOR SICK FOWLS

Weak or Ailing Hens Should Be disposed of at Once, or Separated and Treated.

Any weak or sick hens should be disposed of as soon as discovered, or separated from the flock and treated because they are not only likely to die but they are likely to infect other members of the flock with disease germs.

TWO STEMS OF CLOVER

Lime the land for clover.

A ton of lime on wheat in the fall will make two stems of clover grow where one grew before.

MOTOR TRUCKS VERY USEFUL

Bought by Farmer Not as Single-Purpose Machine, But for Variety of Uses on Farm.

It is only in the past two or three years that tractors have been used extensively as general-purpose machines. They were bought for and used principally for plowing, and, to quite an extent, for threshing and filling silos. Now they are used for harvesting, preparing the seedbed, drilling, hauling manure spreaders, and so on. The tractor, to be a paying investment on most farms, must be profitable for a variety of work.

So it is with the motor truck. The truck salesman lays special stress on the hauling of crops to market or shipping point. This is a very important use, but it is a long way from covering all the farm needs for a truck. The truck salesman's hauling-to-market argument is comparable to the earlier days of the tractor when it was sold around the plowing idea principally. Both the truck and tractor will be bought by the farmer not as single-purpose machines, but for their application to a variety of uses.

Truck Gathering Potatoes in Field.

The farmer's hauling requirements may be divided into two general classes: (1) Hauling on the road and (2) hauling on the farm. On most farms where trucks are used the hauling on the farm will constitute by far the greatest number of uses for a truck.—Power Farming.

STRAW ROUGHAGE FOR STOCK

That Obtained in Threshing Soy Beans Has Been Found to Be Satisfactory for Cows.

Soy bean straw which is obtained from threshing out soy beans for seed makes a very good roughage for all kinds of stock. It will not dry up cows, but on the contrary it has been found that it will increase milk production. It is a common practice in sections where the crop is grown extensively for seed to bale the straw after threshing and sell it to dairymen and stock feeders.

ESSENTIAL PIG POINTS

The essential points in the care and feeding of the brood sow and litter are—

1. The provision of comfortable farrowing pens.
2. Individual attention to each sow and litter at the time of harrowing.
3. Plenty of exercise and sunshine for young pigs.
4. Liberal feeding of the pigs on grain in addition to milk of the dam.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

The legumes are our most important crops.

* * *

Farming is a profession as much as a business.

* * *

Garden, chickens, bees, fruits and other sidelines are worthy of attention.

* * *

Some seed and manure might cover up that bare spot in the meadow or pasture field.

* * *

Hogs should never have damp sleeping quarters and their bedding should be changed often.

* * *

Examine clover and grass seed with a magnifying glass to see whether there are any noxious weed seeds in the lot.

* * *

Do not neglect the fences till planting time when it will be a difficult matter to spare the time required to repair them.

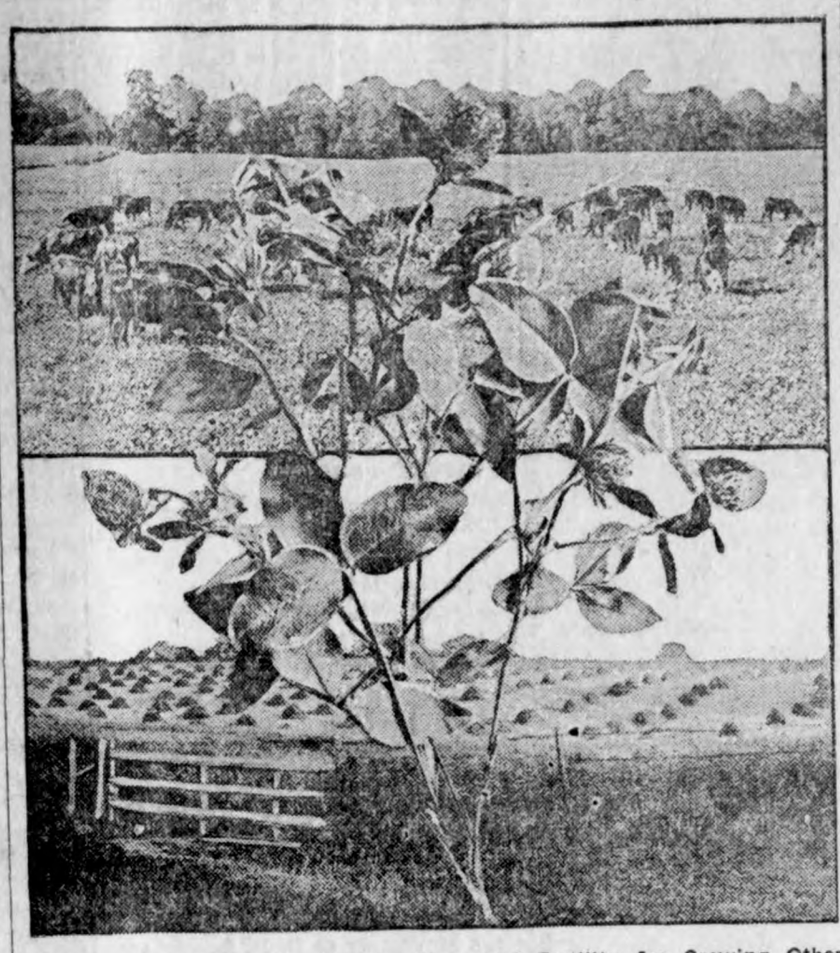
* * *

A good cellar under the house where it is cool in summer and warm in winter is one of the best places to operate an incubator that can be found.

* * *

The farm library goes with the farm office. The bulletins from your experiment stations and state college ought to be handy to the desk where you keep your papers and accounts.

CLOVER IS MOST ESSENTIAL CROP FOR BEST MAINTENANCE OF SOIL FERTILITY



This Pretty Plant Provides Pasture, Hay and Fertility for Growing Other Valuable Crops on Farm.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Clover is the most important crop on the farm for keeping up the land. Old? Yes. But perhaps you remember that once when the queen of France demanded something absolutely new in a frock the dressmaker replied, "There is nothing new—except what has been forgotten." Maybe the forage crops specialist of the United States department of agriculture had just that thought in mind when he made the statement just quoted. Farmers have been drifting away from clover. Apparently, some of them have forgotten the old truth that clover is the most important crop for keeping the land productive, and the clover story needs to be told again.

Crops demand a soil containing four things—organic matter, nitrogen, potash, phosphoric acid.

Of these four essential things, clover supplies two, organic matter and nitrogen. It cannot add phosphorus or potash, but it can return what it takes out. The most important point is that clover in the crop rotation will supply the nitrogen or most of it. Numerous demonstrations of that fact have been made by the state experiment stations. Land on which clover is grown in rotation with other crops makes better yields than land on which no clover is grown. The specialists believe that unless there is a more general return to clover productivity will certainly decline.

Be Sure Seed Is Right.

Here are some of the things they say about sowing clover this spring.

Clover seed is high—probably 60 cents a pound at retail. Do not plant it unless you plant it right.

Have the seed tested. The state seed laboratory or the seed laboratory of the United States department of agriculture will do it. You can't afford to take a chance by not testing it.

Clover seed is most commonly sown on winter wheat in the early spring. This is ordinarily good practice, but if the wheat field was left rough in the fall the seed bed may not be favorable and much seed may be wasted. Clover needs a seed bed that is firm below but fine and loose on top. Use a drill when possible. On loamy soil harrow the seed in on the wheat, but do not attempt it when the land is wet.

If farmers would take as much pains seeding clover as they do seeding alfalfa, there would be fewer clover failures.

Best Soil for Clover.

As a rule red clover will not do well on land that is "sour" either naturally or because it has been so long cropped that the lime in the soil has been used up. There are occasional exceptions. Clover has been known to do well on land that had a lime requirement of 1,400 pounds an acre, but this land had been heavily manured and fertilized. Usually clover wants soil that is neutral or nearly so. It is a safe statement that in most cases where clover goes out or fails to make a fair crop two tons of ground limestone an acre would help a great deal. In many cases this would make the difference between success and failure. In other cases lime may have to be supplemented with phosphoric acid or potash. The use of potash will not be warranted when the price is as high as it is, except in the rare case when this element is decidedly the limiting factor. Lime, however, is fundamental. There is generally no use seeding red clover on "sour" soil.

Use for Alsike Clover.

If the farmer cannot lime and the land is worn or "sour," or if the land is poorly drained, low, and damp, alsike clover should be seeded. It is a common practice now to mix the red clover with alsike for worn or partly run-down land. Alsike likes lime, too, but it will make a crop on land that will not bring red clover. This is especially true if the soil is both "sour" and damp. Of course, soil can be so "sour" that even alsike will not grow. In such a case there is nothing for it but to lime or to quit clover.

On land that has lime but is otherwise poor and lacks organic matter, try sweet clover. It is no use sowing this on "sour" soil. It won't thrive. But with lime it is about the best clover for poor land. It will add organic matter and nitrogen and leave such a soil in better shape for the following crops. Sweet clover seed is cheaper than red and in many cases a farmer could profitably substitute sweet clover for red in the rotation.

The questions involved in the importance of clover and methods of getting a stand, use of lime, and sweet clover are only touched on here. Any state experiment station or the United States department of agriculture will send bulletins or additional information on request.

IS FARM PRODUCING FOODS FOR FAMILY?

One of Important Factors Determining Amount of Income.

Garden and Live Stock Are Usually Cared for at Times That Do Not Materially Interfere With Regular Farm Work.

Is the farm producing such of the family foods as are adapted to local conditions in ample quantities for the welfare of the family?

The value of the family living furnished directly from the farm is one of the important factors determining the amount of the income of the farm and the degree to which the farm business is safe and profitable, says the United State department of agriculture. This is especially true of the smaller farms.

The garden and live stock which supply the larger part of the family food are usually cared for at times that interfere comparatively little with the regular farm commercial enterprises, and by labor which otherwise would not be utilized. Further, it has been found that, up to a considerable size of farm business, when the family food is produced on the farm, this item, plus the fuel and shelter furnished by the farm, amount to an equivalent of the rent for the entire farm or interest on the whole farm investment.

DRAINAGE FOR GARDEN LAND

It Is Advisable to Thoroughly Drain All Soil Inclined to Contain Too Much Moisture.

Garden land inclined to be wet should be thoroughly drained before crops are planted upon it. If tile drains or open ditches cannot be provided, the next best thing is to plant the crops on slight ridges, so as to get their roots above the water table in the soil.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Where there's the will there's a garden.

* * *

More farmers should understand accounting.

* * *

Oil the tractor magneto parts sparingly and use a light oil.

* * *

It has been definitely proved that potato blight can be prevented by spraying.

* * *

Every garden should have a hotbed in a sunny corner for raising early vegetables.

Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freezone costs only a few cents.

With your fingers! You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.

A tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs little at any drug store; apply a few drops upon the corn or callous. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callous right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. Truly! No humbug!—Adv.

Gossip is the mother-in-law of slander.

Don't Forget Cuticura Talcum

When adding to your toilet requisites. An exquisitely scented face, skin, baby and dusting powder and perfume, rendering other perfumes superfluous. You may rely on it because one of the Cuticura Trio (Soap, Ointment and Talcum). 25c each everywhere.—Adv.

He is truly a shiftless man who is too lazy to shift for himself.

BILIOUS!

Quick! Get Liver and Bowels Right with "Cascarets"

Furred Tongue, Bad Taste, Indigestion, Sallow Skin, and Miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and sluggish bowels, which cause the stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments, forming acids, gases, and poisons. Cascarets tonight will give your bilious liver and constipated bowels a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. Cascarets never sicken or inconvenience you like nasty Calomel, Salts, Oil, or griping Pills. They work while you sleep.—Adv.

Lots of people who are inclined to do good keep putting it off until tomorrow.

LOOK AT ASPIRIN

If the name "Bayer" is on tablets, you can get relief without fear.

When the Bayer Company introduced Aspirin over eighteen years ago, physicians soon proved it a marvelous help in relieving Rheumatism, Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago, Neuritis, Aching Joints, and Pain in general.

To get this same genuine, world-famous Aspirin, you must ask for "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," marked with the "Bayer Cross." You will find safe and proper directions in every unbroken package.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost only a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Cold facts often cause hot arguments.

There is a joy in not knowing everything.

Nerves All Unstrung

"But Doan's Made Life Again Worth Living," Says Mrs. Harris

"I was in excellent health until my kidneys weakened," says Mrs. N. A. Harris, 1009 Indiana St., Neodesha, Kansas. "The kidney secretions burned like fire and passed so often I couldn't get a moment's rest. My back ached and for days at a time I was confined to bed, fairly tortured with the sharp pains. I couldn't stoop without fairly screaming with misery.

Mrs. Harris

I lost strength and weight and was so weak I became a nervous wreck. Headaches and dizziness added to my distress. My sight blurred; limbs, hands and face were swollen and puffy sacs came under my eyes. I lost hope of being well again.

Finally a neighbor brought me a box of *Doan's Kidney Pills*, and later I got several boxes. My troubles began to lessen and soon I could sleep all night and wake up refreshed and happy and life was again worth living. I am now a strong, healthy woman and owe my health and happiness to *Doan's*.

Sworn to before me.

J. A. DEARDORFF, Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Under the Spreading Chestnut Tree--

Honest now—can't you look back a few years and re-how sincerely you longed to be a blacksmith—whereas Mother had it all planned that you were going to make sparks fly from the pulpit.

American boys have always been strong for strength—and you being a native son, were no different then the boys of today.

Perhaps one reason for our marked success in Boys Clothes is that we know the ways and wishes of a boy from personal expeaience, a good memory plus a de luxe edition of Mark Twain.

Your son deserves this kind of clothing consideration in his next suit.

We're ready anytime.

Patton Bros. Co.

Mason City, Iowa — Manly, Iowa

"VALUE FIRST CLOTHIERS"

We have a full supply of--

Dr Hess Stock Tonic
Dr Hess Hog Worm Powder
Poultry Pan-a-cea

Stock Tonic in Packages or 25 lb pails

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist — Klemme, Iowa

Spring Announcement

This week we want to announce the arrival of our Spring Goods both in the Ladies department and the Gents furnishing.

We Invite the Ladies

to look over our new line of

Waists Blouses Hosiery
Dress Goods Curtain Goods
Camisoles Petticoats
Dress Trimmings Footwear

Gentlemen

will find here a complete line of

Silk Shirts Dress Shirts Ties
Silk & Linen Collars Hats
Caps Belts Shoes

Get your Garden Seeds Here!
Our stock of Groceries the Best.

G. W.

Kluckhohn & Sons

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN — SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs — Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested — Glasses Fitted

Real Estate Transfers

Wm. Bachman wf to Alfred O. Risetter $69,600 NW¼ & N½ SW¼ 14-94-23.

John Anderson wf to S. P. Juhl et al $34,920 NWfr¼ 4 ¼ SE¼ NE¼ 5-96-23.

W. K. Blackwell wf to D. L. Richardson $21,600 NW¼ 27-96-26.

J. A. Redden wf to Clara O'Rourk, $25,600 NE¼ 21-96-25.

Frances E. Cummins hus to A. W. Dana $15,600 S½ NW¼ & NW¼ N W¼ 35-97-25.

Chris Jacobs wf to Herman Brummond et al $43,170 NEfr¼ 4-94-25.

F. N. Knudsen wf to Henry Mantle, $27,500 SWfr¼ 19-94-25.

John Olson wf to R. T. Norvet et al $1 S½ NW¼ 12-97-23.

S. L. Lamoreux wf to Fred Marth, $2050, W 8a of E 23 a of N 40 a of SW¼ 33-96-25.

Emory J. Lewis wf to Henry Freerks $8000 10½ a off N end of S 60a of E½ SE¼ 9-97-26.

R. E. Hunsley wf to H. M. Stanberry $14,000 W½ NW¼ 35-96-25 & lots 1-2-3-4 blk 4 Hutchins.

Saml. C. Hough et al to V. E. Gabrielson $1 NW¼ 12 & W 40a of NE¼ 12-97-26.

Carsten Grieme wf to C. H. Lackore $48,000 E½ 30-97-24.

W. J. Elling wf to T. W. Foley $80,000 W½ 23 ¼ E½ NE¼ 22-96-24.

W. F. Insel wf to E. K. Ryan $27,675 E½ NW¼ 19- & SE¼ SW¼ 18-94-23 and strip of 3a

Carl McVay wf to O. H. Snyder $20,279.70 NEfr¼ 3-96-26.

J. F. Wareham wf to M. N. Zeiger $24,000 E½ SE¼ & NW¼ SE¼ 3-95-23

Geo W. Rubel wf to John Daly $38,800 SE¼ 7-95-26.

Clara M. Leonard to C. W. Nicoulin et al $24,705 SW¼ 31-97-23

Haaken Rasmussen to O. C. Syse, $12,000 N½ NE¼ 10-97-23

Henry O. Harrison wf to Oscar Bergen $27,200 SE¼ 11-97-23.

P. M. Griesemer wf to J. M. Bergland $48,000 NE¼ & NE¼ SE¼ 27-95-23.

John Heginger wf to Gust A. Kahler $18,000 W½ SE¼ 15-95-24.

Gust A. Kahler wf to John Heginger $28,000 SE¼ 17-95-24.

Annie Fuller et al to Albert S. Johnson $24,000 SE¼ 31-95-23.

Henry Freie to L. Blank $18,782.40 N½ NE¼ 6-94-23.

Herbert J. Bailey wf to John B. Spitler $32,000 NW¼ 26-95-24.

John B. Spitler wf to Geo. W. Kluckhohn $68,800 S½ 25-95-23.

Guenn E. Denney hus to Hattie Legg $3450 E½ NE¼ blk 2 Stubbins addition Britt.

J. W. Loy wf to Alma A. E. Tyrrell $44,400 SW¼ 9 ¼ W½ NW¼ 16-96-25.

R. S. Rassmussen wf to John Huyck et al $18,263.60 E½ NE¼ 23 & pt SW¼ NW¼ 24-96-25.

Chas. Miller wf to Laura I. Miller, $1 NE¼ 22-95-25.

H. B. Welch wf to Cyrus L. Eisenman $36,000 NE¼ 10 & SE½ SE¼ 3-96-25.

Chas. Miller et al to O. L. Lein $49,000 SW¼ 2 & S½ NW¼ ¼ NW¼ 11-96-25.

G. H. Croot wf to Clarence Woster, $23,000 E 3-4 of NE¼ 19-97-25.

Frank Wetterling wf to Wm. Wm Vordermark $14,000 S½ SW¼ 27-97-23.

Fred Gates wf to C. A. & E. J Arnold $17,000 E½ NW¼ 17-94-23

W. K. Blackwell wf to J. H. Bode $23,200 SW¼ 14-97-26.

A. E. Kalseim wf to A. B. & Nellie Berhow $36,300 NE¼ & Pt NW¼ 12-97-24.

E. M. Hoffman wf to W. K. Blackwell $41,600 W½ SE¼ 4 & NW¼ 9 & E½ SE¼ 8-96-25.

J. Y. McCormick et al to H. C. Pinkham et al $32,000 W½ NE¼ & E ½ NW¼ 10-95-25.

W. A. Fox wf to R. G. Kalsheim $32,800 SW¼ 22-97-23

Wm. E. Gourley wf to Neil Hanson, $19,200 N½ NE¼ 22-94-26.

C. A. Groth wf to John Huyck $1000 ½ int in lot 10, blk blk 11 Kanawha

A. J. Foster wf to J. K. Johnson, $3,800 lots 15-16-17 blk 7, Kanawha

Severt Hill wf to Anna Sampson, $5500 outlet 4 Town of Wanawha.

Anna Sampson hus to Harm Roskamp $35,217.60 SE¼ 20-94-25.

Wm. Birney Martin Jr. et al to A. O. Hauge et al $1 SW¼ & W½ SE¼ 11-97-25 & W½ NW¼ 19-97-24.

John W. Sheahan wf to Wm. E. Gourley $1 N½ SE¼ 19-94-26.

S. L. Thompson wf to John W. Sheahan $39,600 E½ 28-95-26 S of M & St. L. Right-way 176a

A. J. Hatteberg wf to Fred A. Beers $53,775 SE¼ 29- & S½ SW¼ 28 & Pt. N½ SW¼ 28-95-26--239a.

J. R. Sutton wf to John Bitker $3,900 lots 3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11 blk 8, Park add Garner

Frank A. Lenz wf to Community Service Station $1,000 lot 8, blk 23, Garner

H. P. Hull wf to Geo. Hull $1 etc lot 12, blk 7, Garner

Henry W. Luebke wf to Ft. Dodge Building co. $64,800 NE¼ & N½ NW¼ 13-94-23.

Carl Suckow wf to Henry L. Suckow $4300 lot 6 Auditor's sub S½ SE¼ 30 & W½ NE¼ 31-95-23.

O. H. Stilson wf to David Johnson, $16,000 W½ SE¼ 36-95-26

Lewis Barth wf to Emil Christensen $6000 SW¼ SW¼ 16-97-23

Herman Ax to M. J. Whitesell $23,255 S½ SW¼ 7 & NW¼ NW¼ 18-95-23

Harm Roskamp wf to Anna Sampson $12,000 SE¼ 20-94-25.

Fred G. Hunsley wf to H. B. Welch $37,600 NE¼ 24-95-26.

Lizzie Keel hus to Clarence L. Smith $18,000 W½ SE¼ 22-95-25.

D. G. Gronewell to Jacob Swanson, $1 SE¼ 34-96-26

M. Bronlee wf to Ralph Whitney $11,000 S½ SE¼ 1-95-25.

Bridget Madigan to Dennis Madigan $1 NW¼ 25-94-25.

Lewis B. Katterhenry wf to Jos F. Brcka $18,960 Nfr½ NE¼ 3-95-24.

M. N. Zeiger et al to W. J. Elling, $40,000 SW¼ 24-96-24.

Chris Jacobs wf to W. J. Elling $56,000 NW¼ 25-96-24.

Ludwig Grell wf to J. C. Morrison et al $1 E11 a SE¼ 25 & N½ NE¼ 36-96-23.

W. A. Minor wf to Elma H. Castle $1 80 ft N & S & 430 ft E &W in SW cor NW¼ SE¼ 28-96-25.

Elma H. Castle hus to Thos Murray $4200 same as describeda bove.

Christian A. Nonweiler et al to Michael H. Collins et al $70,650 W½ 28-97-24.

Melvin J. Whitesell to Herman Ax, $29,255 S½ SW¼ 7 & NW¼ NW¼ 18-95-23.

John J. Quam wf to Hans J. Indvik $5600 ½ int in NW¼ 36-97-24.

Geo. Ruka wf to Frank Quigley et al $1 N½ 24-94-24.

Joie Jenison wf to Jacob Dorenkamp $12,000 NW¼ SW¼ SW¼ & S 7-10 of NE¼ SW¼ SW¼ & N½ SE¼ SW¼ ex N 3a of NE¼ SE¼ SW¼ 32-94-23.

M. F. Rofinot et al to A. A. Miller $500 lot 7 blk 1 Rofinots add to Corwith.

H. C. Friesener wf to Edwin H. Arnett $1 W½ NW¼ 4-95-25 & S 120 a of SW¼ 33-96-25.

Otto L. Kramer wf to J. F. W. Vrba $1 NE¼ 35-96-23

Mary VanDusseldrop to Jennie V. Clark $3500 W½ SW¼ SE¼ SW¼ 22-94-25 ex tract in SE cor

Frank C. Murray wf to Victor Waldeck $7950 S½ NW¼ 5-96-24.

Geo. C. Sayler wf to O. I. Cook $59,750 NE¼ & E½ NW¼ 33-95-25

Esther Staebler hus to P. J. E slmo, $13,500 E½ NW¼ and W½ NE¼ 12,96,26.

B. F. Legg wf to L. H. Gray $47,600, W½ E¼ and NE¼ NE¼ 28,96,25.

Samuel S. Sandry wf to J. C. Humphrey and F. A. Leander

Lewis Nelson wf to Carl A. Hanson $7,000 S½ NW¼ SW¼ 6, 97, 23 SE¼ 1, 97, 24, 6¼ AN and E Road 5 Mad Twp.

Town of Garner to George Neimeyer, $7600 Tenth E C. R. & P. R. R.

Town of Garner to George Neimeyer $76 Tenth St. E of C. R. I. & P R. R.

B. F. Whetsler wf to Chas. Conrad $3,000 Lot 14, blk. 2, Sapps add to Corwith.

Isaac H. Parshall to Joseph Maier, $44,800 SE¼ 2 1, 94, 26.

Joseph H. Johnson wf to Christian Boddum $9,600 N½ SW¼ 26, 97, 25.

P. F. Nugent wf to Thos. M. Healey $44,000 S½ NW¼ and N½ N½ SW¼ and SW¼ 29-97-23.

Ed. L. Larson et al to P. F. Nugent $40,000 S½ NW¼ N½ N½ SW¼ & SW¼ NE¼ 29,97,23.

J. K. Johnson wf to Knud A. Larson $100 W½ lot 14, Johnson's add Corwith.

Anton Lukas wf to Jos. Hanzlik, $1,550 lot 4, blk. 15 Garner.

Marinus Iverson wf to Paul Anderson $1 ½ of lots 10-11-12 blk 14 Crystal Lake.

E. A. Wilhite et al to Jno E. Wilhite $19,850.48 NW¼ 10-94-26 & pt W NE¼ 10-94-26.

Mary E. Wilhite et al to Lester A. Wilhite $31,800 NE¼ 9-94-26.

John E. Wilhite et al to Walter S. Wilhite $32,000 NW¼ 11-94-26.

Mary E. Wilhite Exrs. et al to Walter S. Wilhite $31,800 NE¼ 9-94-26

Mary E. Wilhite et al to E. A. Wilhite $19,850.48 NW¼ 10 & Pt. W ½ NE¼ 10-94-26.

Edgar W. James wf to Henry W. Luebke $1, NW¼ & N½ SW¼ 24-94-23.

Paul Anderson wf to Marinus Iverson $1 ½ lots 16 blk 4, Woden.

Mary A. Emsley to Chas. Liegel $1120 SW¼ 3-97-26.

Carrie Jordanger et al to Ole Jordanger $1 SW¼ 29-94-25.

Carrie Jordanger et al to Clarence Jordanger $1 S½ SW¼ 28-94-25.

Clarence Jordanger et al to Carrie Jordanger $1 SE¼ 29 & N½ SW¼ 28-94-26.

Geo. F. Kessler wf to John E. Osterkamp $30,800 SE¼ 26-95-24.

Walter R. Bloom wf to Paul M. Greisemer et al $73,600 W½ 1-94-23.

A. L. Fuller to Frank W. Kluckhohn $1 E½ Lots 3-4 blk 1, Klemme.

Clara L. O'Neil et al to Sarah J. Beadle $1 tract 11½ rds x 45 rds. NW co r NE¼ of NE¼ 16-97-23.

Jos. H. Johnson wf to Nels Matson $10,000 S½ SW¼ 26-97-25.

M. S. Burgitt to Wm. Roehlik $44,640 SE¼ & E½ SW¼ 5-96-25.

F. R. Lackore wf to Arthur C. Taylor $10,000 S 80a of NWfr¼ 4-96-24

Wm. Heifner wf to M. S. Burgitt, $24,000 SW¼ 31-97-26.

John Keel wf to Ben Anderson, $1000 E½ Bl. 8, Stubbins to Britt, Iowa.

Henry W. Luebke wf to E. H. Townsend $80,000 E½ 12-94-23.

Jacob Hanson to Henry Brouer et al $125 lot 9, blk 7, Crystal Lake, Ia.

Oftentimes the servicds of a good Bank can add largely to one's working efficiency.

We advise our patrons to work safely and conservatively, but where additional financing is needed co secure your best production, we solicit your call.

You are not doing your duty unless you are running at full production and up to full capacity.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME, 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

WE HONESTLY BELIEVE IN THE VALUE OF OUR

LUMBER SERVICE TO YOU

Naturally we want your business.

We will do any reasonable thing in our power to secure it.

Our buying facilities, our ability in building material lines, are the equal of any in the field.

The big value to you in our service is the desire on our part to merit your trade.

It will mean your satisfaction, will save you many a dollar in the end.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

The Right Policy at The Right Price

Investigate our facilities for taking care of your fire insurance requirements

You will not be "talked into taking a policy unfitted to your needs if you figure with us.

In selling insurance our aim is to supply the right policy at the right price, We an opportunity to explain our methods.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

For Your
Sunday Dinner
Make your table attractive and the food appetizing with
Heinz Products
We have just received a new shipment of Pickles, Ketchup, Mustard, Peanut Butter and other Heinz Products.

Once Tried, Always Used

J. P. Larsen & Sons

If Its to Eat or Wear
We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at
J. N. Day's
The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

Subscribe Today at $2.00

STATE NEWS

Gleaned from many fields and summered for busy readers

Iowa has 12,000 tractors or one for every 16 farmers.

The 1920 automobile tax in the state of Iowa will amount to approximately $8,000,000.

William Dunkel, the first white male child born in Iowa City, is dead at his home, aged 79.

Cedar Falls has a population of 6,316 acording to the 1920 census. This is an increase of 1,304 or 26 per cent since 1910.

Mrs. Mary Norris, aged 91, died at the home of her daughter in Des Moines. Mrs. Norris was a pioneer resident of Iowa having lived here over 65 years.

A flock of Buff Rock hens, numbering 190 and owned by Mrs. Henry Parsons of Fairfield, and kept under ordinary farm conditions, brought their owner returns to the amount of $590.18 in one year.

The Iowa State Conservation Society has acquired a 2000-acre park in the Blue Lake district of Monona county. Another site in Tama county was given by Mrs. F. A. McCornack of Traer.

Counties of Iowa situated along the route of the North Iowa Pike continue to lead all the rest of the state in the matter of permanent road improvements and it seems certain now that these counties will be the first to have their paving completed.

To help keep fertility and to get the land in good condition for the following crops Iowa farmers should put in many acres of red, sweet or alsike clover this spring with an early oats as a nurse crop and on soil in good condition for the growth of crops.

Plans are under way at Indianola for the construction of a new Methodist church to cost $100,000. One part of the Methodist centenary program provides for a gift of $20,000 for the erection of modern churches in Iowa towns in which colleges are located, providing $80,000 is raised by the church itself. This amount has been raised by the church in Indianola.

Twenty-three members constitute the boys' and girls' pig club in Floyd county this year. The animals were purchased recently at from $100 to $170 each. It is planned to hold a sale next fall when the animals will go to the highest bidder. Practically all of the sows were bought at public sales. They were distributed by lot to the members. Most of the sows were young ones.

One thousand feet of 5-inch tile on January 1 of this year could be purchased for 35.9 bushels of corn In 1911, 55.5 bushels of corn were necessary to buy the same amount while in 1913, 61.1 bushels were required. The greatest trouble Iowa farmers experience at present is the inability of the factories to fill the orders on hand, and altho the prices are high they are not out of reason with other commodities.

For a number of years the farmers have been building silos in Iowa so that the use of them has become very well established. They have found that the use of silage is a big factor in the feeding of their live stock and it is a common thing now to see a silo on a majority of farms. Wherever a farmer has found his first efforts at storing ensilage a success, he has also found in many cases that one silo does not meet his needs and he has erected a second one.

The Poland China breeders of Jefferson county held their first consignment sale recently, and while no record breaking prices were received, one man's average was $94 and another breeder averaged $88 for his stock. The Duroc Jersey breeders held a later bred sow sale and the average at this sale was also very satisfactory. The average in both of these sales ran about $70. Recently 44 head of bred gilts were shipped from the county to parties in Wisconsin.

Bee men of Iowa should standardize their apiaries to such an extent that when a specialist comes to their county less time will have to be spent in talking and making the necessary change to increase production and better bees. They should standardize first by discarding box hives, hollow trees or logs, etc., for such things do not pay. Here is where the cheapest is not the best. Use a well made, preferably a 10-frame hive. The frames should be wired and fitted with full sheets of comb foundation for the brood chamber and the last, but not least, Italian bees. Come on, bee men, let's go!"

Chickasaw county is growing rapidly. Six hundred and eighty-two babies have gladdened homes in the last two years. That is a growth greater than the census gives to some larger towns.

Because of its central location and because it is regarded as showing conditions typical thruout the state, Marshall county has been chosen as the first in the state for the activities of the Iowa Farm Bureau Federation in conducting a campaign to determine the cost of production on the farm.

A few farmers have begun operations in the fields, discing, plowing, working down corn stalks and spreading fertilizer. There is still a small amount of standing corn to be gathered. A few of the farm women report little chicks and it is safe to say no less than a hundred incubators are going business at the various stands thru the State. Seed corn testing is going on and the germinating qualities of the corn seems to be exceptionally good.

If farmers of Story county will grow 100 acres of cane this year, the Ames Canning Company will put in a complete, modern sorghum plant.

The demand for farm hands in Iowa is increasing steadily despite the fact that the men are asking from $5 to $15 a month more than last year. The state employment bureau has sent 110 farm hands throughout the state during the last few days. Since January 1a total of 618 farm hands have been placed.

Goose lake, the mecca of hunters from central Iowa, eight miles north of Jefferson, will soon be a matter of history. The drainage project has been completed up to the lake, and the water now slowly vanishing thru the 30-inch tile. This lake covers about 800 acres and is from six to ten feet deep. About two years ago potash was found in the water of the lake, and estimates placed the value of the potash at close to $1,000,000 but the expense of obtaining a commercial product therefrom was prohibitive. Attempts to stop the drainage by injunction, have been made at different times without success.

At the time of the 1910 census, Iowa had 216,807 farms, averaging 156 acres. In total value of crops in 1918 Iowa with a product worth $821,920,000 was excelled only by Illinois. The cereals generally, dairy and market garden products, hay, wool, linseed, sorghum, and live stock of all kinds are very largely produced. Iowa is first in oats and corn. The 1918 crops included 375,624,000 bushels of corn; 229,572,000 bushels of oats; 4,286,000 tons of hay; 9,648,000 bushels of potatoes; 11,340,000 bushels of barley; and 19,650,000 bushels of wheat. Other grains are also largely grown. Grapes grow well in the southern part of the state, and fruit culture is increasing in all sections of Iowa each year.

The state park board has formally accepted a tract of some twenty or twenty-five acres lying four and a half miles northeast of Traer for a state park. The tract has been presented to the state by Mrs. F. A. McCornack of Sioux City, who inherited it from her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Clark. The Clarks were pioneers in Tama county and their old home farm has long been used as a public gathering place because of its natural beauty and the generous donation of the grounds to the public for picnics and similar events. It is probable the state will improve the grounds with a baseball diamond and will provide water and convenience for camping. Mr. McCornack of Sioux City visited the town of Traer recently and perfected the transfer of the land to the state.

Iowa, located as it is in the corn belt, and because of the favored position it holds, stands at the top of the corn producing states. Not only have her farmers found that the crop of field corn can be most advantageously grown, but in recent years certain farmers have been reaping a big profit from pop corn, which produces most satisfactorily in most sections of the state. Then, too, about 20 per cent of all the canned sweet corn in the United States is packed in Iowa. Pop corn, however, has become an attractive crop to many farmers who have raised it most profitably in recent years and are planning on increased acreage the coming year. There is danger, though, of overstocking the market, because of the limited uses to which pop corn may be put. While field corn always has a cash value and can be fed profitably to stock in case the market does not suit the producer, pop corn has its limitations.

Clinton county may well be termed the birth place of the Iowa Farm Bureau movement, as the first county agent to be employed in Iowa was M. L. Mosher and he began his duties there Sept. 1, 1912. About this time Congress made an appropriation for co-operative demonstration and farm management work in counties thruout the country and Clinton county, through the assistance of the late Hon. I. N. Pepper, then in Congress, and the Clinton Commercial Club, together with a number of progressive farmers, among them J. W. Coverdale of Elwood, now secretary of the State Federation, formed a Farm Improvement Association with headquarters in that county. For five years after Clinton county formed their Farm Bureau this movement had a slow but steady growth in Iowa and in not one single instance did any county after once taking up the work drop it. Instead each year has seen its growth gradually increasing.

Four calves in one year is the record of a cow owned by L. H. Johnson of Belmond. The cow had twin calves April 1, 1919, and another set was born March 23. It is thought this is the world record for one year's breeding.

Lack of Iowa farm labor is already coming to a critical stage. It is estimated that the shortage now numbers 1,000, and Iowa labor has failed to come up to the scratch in making application, though the wages offered are said to be the highest paid anywhere in the United States.

We have just received a

MOLINE UNIVERSAL Tractor

It solves the farm help problem!

One man controls both tractor and implement from seat of implement, and is so easy to handle a woman or boy can operate it. This tractor can be used for plowing, discing, planting, cultivating, etc. or can be used for belt work as filling silos etc.

We have also just received three carloads of Moline Rock Island and Hayes farm machinery of all kinds.

See the 9-16 Tractor on our floor which is fully equiped with self starter and electric lights.

Henry Lau & Son
Farm Implements ***Klemme, Iowa***

Fix 'em up!

Right now Mr. Farmer is the time for you to look over your machinery and see if it needs any repairs or new parts. We always have on hand a full supply of new repair for John Deere, International, Emerson, and Janesville farm implements. Fix 'em up now and don't wait until you need the machine.

Have you been in to see our line of

Endgate Seeders
Broadcast Seeders

Now is the time to buy a seeded, don't take chances on an old seeder which gives poor service.

Feed and Oil---Big Supply

W. M. BAACK

Meals and Lunchs

You will find this a good place to eat. Also a full line of Fruit. Candy and Cigars.

The Crystal Cafe

The House of Whispers

By WILLIAM JOHNSTON

Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.

"LEFTY MOORE'S WIFE."

Synopsis.—Spalding Nelson receives an invitation to dinner from his great-uncle, Rufus Gaston. On the way he meets Barbara Bradford and renders her a service. She lives in the same apartment building as the Gastons. They go there together. Gaston and his wife are going to Maine for a trip and ask Nelson to live in their apartments. He accepts. The Gastons tell him of mysterious noises about the apartment—"whispers" and noises that have scared them. Going to the apartment a few days later Nelson again meets Barbara, his accidental acquaintance. Nelson meets the building superintendent, Wick, and instinctively dislikes him. In a wall safe he finds a necklace of magnificent pearls. Next day Nelson finds the pearls have disappeared from the wall safe. His first idea of informing the police is not acted upon because of peculiar circumstances. He has been discharged from his position without adequate explanation or reason, and feels himself involved in something of a mystery. He decides to conduct an investigation himself. That night Barbara signals from the window of her apartment, which is opposite his, and they arrange a meeting for next day. In the morning he finds a note in his room, asking him why he had not informed the police of the loss of the jewels. Barbara tells Nelson her sister Claire had some years before made a run-away marriage with an adventurer, from whom she was soon parted, and the marriage had been annulled. Claire is engaged to be married and someone, knowing of her escapade, has stolen documents concerning the affair from the Bradford apartment and is attempting to blackmail the Bradfords. Nelson and Barbara exchange confidences about the "whispers," mysterious notes and other queer doings, which are much alike in both apartments. Nelson encounters more mysteries. He takes Miss Kelly, the telephone girl, to dinner with the idea of pumping her.

CHAPTER VI.

—7—

Left alone for a moment by my companion, I sat there at the table in the crowded restaurant, idly watching the beautifully costumed women all about me, listening dreamily to the music of the orchestra, observing with interest the graceful gyrations of the occasional couple who sought the dancing floor in the center, when suddenly I was brought to myself by hearing a gruff voice saying:

"What'd you bring that crook in here for?"

"What do you mean?" I gasped in astonishment, looking up at a square-shouldered man with a neatly trimmed black mustache who was standing beside my table.

"It's you I mean," he announced. "Don't you know you can't bring that kind of people in here?"

As explanation for my presence there in the White room of the famous Hundredth hotel, let me say that my investigations into the perplexing chain of mysterious circumstances in which Barbara Bradford and I seemed to be each day becoming more firmly involved, had finally led me to deduce three different theories, each more or less plausible, and each involving an entirely different set of persons.

There were certain happenings and circumstances that made me sometimes wonder if the whole thing were not a base plot on the part of my great-uncle Rufus, perhaps influenced by a desire for revenge or perhaps led on by an insane greed for still greater wealth.

Yet, on the other hand, there were those entries in his diary about the mysterious voices. Apparently, too, his wife and Mrs. Burke had heard them.

Did it not seem more likely that the arch plotter was Claire Bradford's ex-husband?

This theory seemed far more tenable. While the Bradfords had heard nothing from him for several years, the publication of Claire Bradford's engagement might have attracted his notice and inspired him to an attempt at blackmail. Yet how could he gain access to the wall safe where the divorce papers were kept, or how could he be dropping notes on the floor of Barbara Bradford's bedroom? How could he have stolen the Gaston pearls? It seemed incredible but still my thoughts kept returning to the possibility of his directing Claire Bradford's actions through hypnotic control. Once he had had influence over her sufficient to make her give up family, friends, home, everything, to marry him. Had he, in some way unknown to Barbara Bradford, regained his control over her sister and was he using her as the unconscious tool for his villainies? She could have gained access to my room by walking along the ledge when all the house was still. Yet this theory explained neither the theft of the pearls, my great-uncle's peculiar actions, my own discharge, nor the mysterious noises in the apartment. I had still a third theory.

Suppose a band of criminals was located in the apartment house on the floor above the Bradfords and me?

Access to either apartment would not be difficult. By short rope ladders they could easily reach either set of rooms. They would be so located that there would be little difficulty for them to devise mysterious sounds for terrifying the people in the apartments below. I recalled that in every case the voices and the footsteps seemed to come from somewhere up near the ceiling. Of course it seemed preposterous that a criminal band would find lodging in a luxurious apartment house like this, yet, why not? Tenants in these buildings knew little about each other and cared less. There was no exchange of neighborly visits. Once having gained access to such a building by forged references, so long as they paid their rent promptly, no one in the building would bother his head about the character of any of the other tenants.

This last theory seemed the most plausible. Besides it was the easiest to work on. It ought not to be difficult to ascertain who lived in the two apartments above. Undoubtedly my best source of information would be Nellie Kelly, the telephone operator. Perhaps, too, she might be able to inform me of my great-uncle's whereabouts. More than likely he had left a forwarding address for his mail with her.

With a letter I had written to my mother, I descended to the main floor and began a conversation with Miss Kelly by asking where was the nearest place that I could buy stamps. As we chatted I began complaining how lonely it was in the apartment and wound up by inviting her to dine with me that evening.

I had anticipated a ready acceptance of my invitation and was amazed to find it firmly refused. In a much confused manner she advanced a dozen reasons, or rather pretexts. She did not go out with the people of the house. Her mother would not like it. She did not know me well enough. Mr. Wick would discharge her if he heard about it.

From an unexpected source, though none the less unwelcome, I found an ally. Mr. Wick himself bobbed up from somewhere, apparently having overheard enough of our conversation to know what it was abut.

"Why, of course, Mr. Nelson," he began in an ingratiating manner that was most repellent to me, "Miss Kelly'll be glad to go to dinner with you. It's part of her business to make things pleasant for the tenants."

It seemed to me that the girl's eyes flashed defiance at him and that she was still inclined to refuse, and I was about to explain resentfully that my invitation was not issued on a business basis, when into Wick's face came an ugly look, something almost threatening.

"Of course Miss Kelly will be glad to go with you," he repeated sharply.

"Certainly," said the girl quickly, before I had a chance to speak, "if Mr. Wick thinks it is all right, I will be glad to go."

Her acceptance did not ring true. I was convinced that it was unwillingly given under some sort of compulsion from the odious Wick.

I met her, at her suggestion, in the parlor of one of the less pretentious hotels. In the hour that had elapsed since she left the apartment, she had exchanged her neat black working suit for more modish clothes. After one quick glance at her transformed appearance my mind was quickly made up as to what sort of a restaurant to take her. It was manifest that she was of the type that would enjoy to the utmost the costly whirl of the fashionable cafe of the moment. It was my purpose to give her such a delightful evening that she would be wishing to spend others in the same way, for I felt certain that she, perhaps better than anyone else, could supply me the information I wanted about the tenants in the building. I was sure it would be well worth my while to win her good graces, cost what it may. Calling a taxi, I bade the chauffeur take us to the "White Room," the very latest fashion in restaurants, where hordes of hectic pursuers of pleasure were wont to assemble to dine and dance. I observed the gleam of satisfaction that came into her eyes as she heard me mention our destination.

At first we talked, in Broadway fashion, of the theaters and restaurants, of the place we were in, of the people at the tables about us, but gradually I led the conversation to Miss Kelly herself and to her work in the apartment.

"It was funny, wasn't it," I said, "about Mr. Wick insisting on your coming with me? I had a notion he didn't like me."

Hitherto my companion had been most vivacious, chatting merrily, flashing back at my sallies with clever bits of that slangy repartee of which most of the metropolitan business girls are such clever mistresses. At my last remark a quick change came over her face. It was as if a mask had been set up between us behind which she was hiding from me.

"I guess he likes you," she answered guardedly. "I never heard him say one way or the other."

"While we're talking about the apartment," I went on, "did my great uncle happen to leave a forwarding address with you? There are some things I want to send him—some pearls they left behind—and he has not written me yet where his address will be."

I had not intended to mention the Gaston pearls. I had slipped that phrase in on the spur of the moment, but little was I prepared for the astounding effect my words had upon her.

"The pearls!" she gasped, turning white. "You're going to send him the Gaston pearls!"

There was a note of amazement, of incredulity in her tone.

"Excuse me," she said, rising unexpectedly, "I gotta telephone."

Before I could gather my wits together she had vanished, leaving me sitting there, staring after her in dismay. What did she—the telephone girl—know about the Gaston pearls? How could she possibly know that they were missing? I had told no one—no one except Barbara Bradford—about the rifled wall safe. How could her excitement and perturbation be accounted for except by the fact that she knew of their loss? I was sitting there, puzzling over her mysterious conduct, when I became aware that a man was standing beside my table, glaring down at me. I looked up, expecting to see the waiter, or head

"You've Got Your Nerve," He Sneered at Me.

waiter. Instead it was a man in a dinner jacket, a stocky, broad-shouldered chap with a close-cropped gray mustache.

"You're got your nerve." he sneered at me. "Bringing a woman of that sort here."

"A woman of what sort?" I asked eagerly, surprised to find someone in a place of this sort who knew the Granddeck's telephone girl.

"Why, Lefty Moore's wife, of course."

"I don't understand," I replied, "I'm here with Miss Kelly."

"Oh, she told you that was her name, did she?"

"I know it's her name. She's the telephone girl in the apartment where I live—the Granddeck."

I could see his manner toward me change at the mention of my abode, but he was still insistent about the identity of my companion.

"How well do you know her?" he asked.

"Well"—I am afraid I colored, as I realized that my acquaintance with the girl was limited—"I've been living there for a week or so, and I've talked with her two or three times and—"

"I thought so," said my inquisitor. "There's nothing to it. She's Lefty Moore's woman all right. If I'd seen you come in with her, you'd never have got a table in this place."

"What is the matter with her? Who is Lefty Moore?"

An expression of amazement came into the man's face.

"Did you never hear tell of Lefty Moore, the cleverest three-time burglar there is in or out of Sing Sing? Fourteen years he got the last time, and it was quite a write-up the papers gave me for catching him."

It began to dawn on me then who the man was. He must be an ex-policeman employed as the restaurant bouncer or house detective.

"You're sure Miss Kelly and Lefty Moore's wife are the same person?"

"I've reasons for not forgetting her. She was with him that time when I took him. I've got the marks of her nails in my face yet. It's her all right, even if she has gone to work as Miss Kelly while Lefty's doing his stretch. She's a bad one, she is."

"Is she a crook, too?" I asked excitedly. I was trying to measure up the importance of this astounding bit of information. Already my deductions had convinced me that some band of criminals was in collusion with someone in the apartment who was carrying out their plots against the Bradfords and me. I had been thinking of an apartment surreptitiously tenanted by a criminal gang. How much more likely that an employee of the place was in the pay of the plotters! And now to learn that the telephone girl was, if not a criminal herself, at least the associate of criminals.

"She's got no record that I know of," the detective admitted, "but she couldn't be Lefty Moore's wife without being a crook herself."

"That helps explain things," I said more to myself than to him.

"Explains what?" he asked suspiciously.

"Look here," I said with a new determination. "There have been some mysterious happenings in the Granddeck, and I brought this girl here to try to pump her. I asked her a question or two, and she became much embarrassed and confused. She jumped up and said she was going to the telephone. Do you suppose that she saw you and recognized you?"

"Not a chance," said the detective.

"Well, I'd like to find out to whom she telephoned. Can you find out for me?"

"Sure I can, but you got to get her out of here."

"All right," I replied. "As soon as she returns to my table, I'll pay my check and we'll leave. I'll be back by and by and see if you've learned anything."

"Here she comes now," said the detective, hastily taking his departure, but I noticed that he had stationed himself behind some palms where he could watch the girl without being seen.

"Who was the fellow talking to you as I came up?" asked Miss Kelly curiously.

She was cool and collected now. Her telephone message—if she had been really phoning—seemed in some way to have fortified her.

"Oh, that fellow," I replied with assumed carelessness, "that was the manager of the place."

"What'd he want?"

"Nothing in particular. He just asked if everything was all right. Why?"

"He looked to me like a bull—like a detective I used to know," she hastily corrected herself.

Her slip in using the thieves' slang phrase served to aid in convincing me that my informant had been correct in his identification. I was as anxious now as the house detective to get her out of the restaurant, and summoning the waiter I hastened to pay my check.

"Let's stay for a couple of dances," she suggested.

"Sorry," I said, "but I can't dance"—mentally adding the words, "with you.'

"Let's go then," she said disappointedly, and to my surprise on the way out she renewed the subject of Mr. Gaston.

"You were asking if the old gentleman left a forwarding address. He didn't leave any with me. If you find out where he is, will you let me or Mr. Wick know? Mr. Wick wants to get in touch with him."

Something told me then it must have been Mr. Wick she had telephoned to. Probably she had informed him I had been asking about the Gastons' address and had consulted him as to what answer to give. Putting the girl into a taxi I paid her driver to take her home and hurried back into the hotel. I found the house detective—James Gorman, I learned his name was—waiting for me in the lobby.

"Was it to the Granddeck she telephoned?" I asked eagerly.

"It was 0909 Plaza. That's a private number. I called up information, and she wouldn't tell me where it was. I'll find out tomorrow, though. There's other ways besides through 'information.'"

"If you find out you'll phone me right away, won't you?" I asked him, giving him my card.

"And have Lefty Moore's wife listening in," he suggested. "Nothing doing, son. You'd better call me from a public pay station."

A night visit from a beautiful ghost.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Word to the Women.

It may not beget undue attention, but 240,162,943 needles were made in the United States last year. It would be pleasant mental recreation for a long evening to figure how many hours of labor, based on the proverb that a stitch in time saves nine, would have been saved the women of the nation if all these needles had been applied at the psychological moment.

First Gun of the Civil War.

On the 9th of January, in 1861, the steamship Star of the West was sent by the federal government from New York with supplies and re-enforcements for Fort Sumter, in Charleston harbor. When the Star of the West reached Charleston she was fired upon by Confederate batteries from the town and was obliged to turn back. This was the first actual gunfire of the Civil war

Alabastine

Instead of kalsomine or wallpaper

No Package Genuine Without Cross and Circle Printed in Red

To Get Alabastine Results You Must Ask for Alabastine by Name

You Can Not Be Deceived!
This Package Protects You

You want Alabastine. Alabastine results alone will satisfy you. Alabastine results can be secured with no other material.

The Cross and Circle printed in red on the package is your guarantee of quality and results.

Alabastine is artistic, sanitary, durable and economical. Alabastine will permit you to put your own individuality in your home, match your rugs and furnishings and have complete color harmony in all your rooms. Combining and intermixing the different tints enables you to secure unlimited color effects.

Alabastine requires only pure, cold water to mix and can be used on all interior surfaces, plaster, wallboard, over smoked and grimy painted walls, or even over wall paper that is solid and has no raised figures or aniline colors. Best paint dealers everywhere sell Alabastine. Write us direct rather than take a substitute.

Alabastine Company

347 Grandville Road **Grand Rapids, Mich.**

A Long War, too.

Civvy—How often do they pay you in the army?

Demobbed—About once a war.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

LAUGHS AT GREENLAND COLD

In His Primitive Abode, Eskimo Dwells in Comfort Through the Monotonous Arctic Winter.

The Eskimo of Greenland, no matter what his station in life may be, always has both a summer and winter home. The winter house is described by Roger Pocock in the Wide World Magazine as being a dugout with an upper structure built of turf and beams of driftwood. It has but one window, as winter in Greenland occurs during the four-month-long arctic night. Entrance to the one large room of which the house consists is gained through a long tunnel about five feet in height, in which the dogs live. In the rear of the living room is a raised dais on which the entire family sleep, and in the front part stands the stove. This stove consists of a hollow stone filled with seal oil in which burns a rag wick, which lights and heats the house and cooks the meals.

While You Wait.

A fur shop in one of the Japanese cities has the sign: "Ladies' and gentlemen's skins repaired while they wait."

A woman forgets all her troubles when she is wearing her new spring hat for the first time.

Write for Our

Free Map of the North Louisiana Oil Field

Showing producing oil wells, gas wells, pools and locations.

SHREVEPORT SECURITIES COMPANY
300 Kittrell Bldg. Shreveport, La.

COLORADO LAND FOR SALE

BURLINGTON DISTRICT, 160 acres unimproved; good farming or investment. $35 per acre, $1,500 cash. Balance easy terms. Address, FRANK GASS, Owner, 4005 North 25th Street, Omaha, Nebraska

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

NOT MUCH STUDY INVOLVED

Grandma Evidently Didn't Think Highly of the Doings at Women's Debating Club.

Tiny Timothy had to be very quiet on certain days in the week. Sunday mornings were bad because then father had to study his lesson for the afternoon Sunday school. Tuesday evenings he had to tiptoe around while brother John studied his lodge ritual. Friday evenings sister Nellie went to a debating club and it was often preceded by the last look at her part in the debates.

Then one day mother announced that she had been invited to join a bridge club. Every one was anxious for her to join but little Timothy, who sighed: "Oh, mother, now will you have to study, too, before you go there? What do they recite at your club?"

Everybody smiled but dear old grandmother, who did not approve of bridge clubs. "Oh, she won't have to study much," she retorted tartly. "She can just listen at the first few meetings until she learns how to gossip like the rest of them."

A woman is really in a hurry if she says good-by that way.

The closer a man is the harder it is to touch him.

Same Fair Price As Before The War

and the same pure, wholesome beverage so many have enjoyed for years.

INSTANT POSTUM

has a pleasing coffee-like flavor but is more economical than coffee and has the added value of absolute freedom from caffeine or other harmful ingredients.

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Battle Creek, Mich.

ning!
HOUR
heatre

EEK ONLY
cing Monday
ril 12

Stuarts
ture Show
ng ths best in
N PICTURES
and
Pictures
of
emme

f as others see you.

E PRIZES
Away To
Popular Lady
Popular Baby
lar Gentleman

T a Medicine Show
nothing sold in the
Hall

ven with admission
ONLY

s the Opening Night
Western
Comedy
y Hamilton in
e Fortune
Teller

& 25 cents
uding Tax
Price All Week

dle Hour
Saturday
pril 10

ry MacLaren
in
ie Hurst's Greatest
Story

Petal on the
Current"

also Comedy
the Good Old
Days"

Featuring
Lyons--Lee Moran

CLASSIFIED

For Sale

For Sale—10 ons of corn silage. E. J. Arnold, Phone 7405. tf.

For Sale—15 feet of new 4-inch belting, at a bargain. Call at Times Office.

For Sale—Organ, just overhauled and in good shape. N. L. Palmer. tf

FOR SALE—A Scotch Shorthorn 3 year old bull; 2 Scotch Tops 13 and 11 months old. Erick Josten.

For Sale—Four lots on East Main Street, these lots have south front and are very desirable for building purposes. Ask for price and terms. Also six lots directly north of these, fenced up for pasture, at $150 per lot providing one party takes the entire bunch. Also have a good building lot with 70 foot front facing the east, north of the Kerschner residence. These lots are all close to county drain and are priced to sell. See the owner,

A. D. GIMER, Klemme, Iowa tf.

Typewriter Paper for sale at the Times Office. advertisement.

For Sale—Some young stock, some Milk Cows and some Springers. Inquire of Chas. Ax, Klemme, Iowa. 1w

Wanted

Wanted—To do sewing. Mrs. Gilbert Schaefer. tf.

WANTED—Cattle for pasture. Fred Johnson, Rt. 2, Ventura. 7 miles east and 2 miles north of Klemme. 2w.

Wanted—Buyer for 15 foot belt, used four times, good as new. Bargain for some farmer. Call at Times Office.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Order your magazines, dailies or other reading matter at the Times Office. Advertisement.

FOUND—Auto plate number 127,757 Iowa '20. Owner may have same by calling at the Times office and subscribing for the paper.

TO THE PUBLIC

Artificial Stone prices until August 1st will be: Rock-face 20c, Corners 25c, Smooth 18c. Foundation work in town 9c, Country 8c, others according. Cement to farmers 63c, town 64c delivered where I do work only. I dig cellars and haul sand. I have the most up to date outfit in this county. Haul my own tools. I guarantee first class work. I worked for 100 parties and can go back to 99. I work six days in the week and 10 hours per day at 75c per hour. Motto—"Live and Let Live."

Yours truly,
CHAS. W. STIEHL

(Advertisement tf.)

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North

821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.

South

1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

IS 700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of ear corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us a bout it.

W. F. PAVEY
Dealer Klemme, Iowa

WOMAN WORKER HAS MADE GOOD

Wonderful Record in War Service Is Shown in Statistics Just Compiled.

MANY TAKE UP MEN'S WORK

Nearly 15,000,000 Women Drew Pay for Labor Never Before Performed by Them—700,000 Acted as Volunteers in Liberty Loan Campaign.

Washington.—Statistics have proved that during the world war nearly 15,000,000 women actually were drawing pay for their services. More than 1,000,000 of them never had done a day's work in their lives. The number of volunteers would add another 1,000,000 to that total.

In the Liberty loan campaign alone 700,000 women acted as volunteers. There was a similar number in the united war drive. For the Red Cross the total must have been millions, for in this organization women who worked all day or who kept house all day, and who had an hour to spare, would devote that hour to surgical dressings, classes, refugee work or ministering to the wants of those whose homes had been hit by the influenza epidemic. Then, too, stenographers, clerks and girls in office buildings would, at the close of the business day, offer their services gratis, to the draft boards or any of the other countless bureaus organized for the speedy termination of the war.

In actual figures the women whose services brought monetary remuneration were listed as follows: Mechanical and manufacturing, 2,000,000; agricultural, 2,000,000; transportation, 200,000; merchandise, 600,000; public service, 50,000; professional, 70,000; clerical, 700,000; domestic and personal service, 2,500,000; unclassified, 6,750,000—total, 14,870,000.

Help Win War.

Those employed in the actual winning of the war or in positions listed as necessary for the winning of the war included munitions, 100,000; canneries, 80,000; food, spice, drug, tobacco and similar factories, 125,000; textiles, 275,000; clothing factories, 212,000; hosiery and knit goods, 130,000; making shoes, 95,000; general equipment, 600,000; shipyard and foundry employees (the latter made bolts and rivets, ran drill presses and worked in machine shops), 100,000—total, 1,717,000.

This figure represents only the women who already were mill-trained and does not include those who left occupations to assist in war work, nor does it include those who had had no previous experience in work of any kind.

In 1910, one-fourth of all the women in industry were married, and more than 15 per cent were either widowed or divorced. In 1918 the number of married workers had practically doubled and, with comparatively few exceptions, all had one or more dependent upon them for support.

Of the number who actually have replaced men no figures are obtainable. The Bush Terminal company of New York was one of the first to realize the possibilities of women in men's jobs, and within a week after the selective service act had been passed called for woman volunteers to replace the men. Instead of confining the replacement to the families of its employees, it sent out an appeal to all stenographers, telephone operators and clerks, with the result that the clerical force of their own establishment, which was essentially a war-producing machine, was not in any way depleted, and within a few months women were operating electric and steam locomotives, running motor-trucks, operating steam winches and cranes, inspecting and maintaining lighting and telephone and other community service utilities, loading cars and ships, packing in warehouse and cold storage rooms and handling details of transportation.

Took Jobs of Men.

In the operating department of one of the Eastern railroads 2,360 women and girls took positions formerly held by men. In one of the large Western cities more than 20,000 women replaced men who had been called into service. Another American establishment employed 5,000 girls in nearly all the mechanical departments in the operation of making fuses. In another plant where uniforms were manufactured nearly 3,000 women were employed. Still another plant, a Massachusetts concern manufacturing munitions, employed 10,000 workers, nearly all of whom were women.

That the women have made good has been definitely established. In one of the munitions plants where 2,000 girls were at work the greatest output made by two sets of engineers were 15,000 complete sets of fuses daily in two shifts. The girls turned out 38,000 complete sets in the same period of time. In another instance where the work dealt directly with a drill press the greatest production where men were working in teams was 8,200 pieces each in nine hours' time, while that of girls doing the same work was 4,400 pieces each.

Policewoman Arrests Husband.

Atlanta, Ga.—Mrs. B. B. Cook, acting as policewoman, made her first arrest in her home, her husband being her victim on a charge of drunkenness.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

I hereby announce myself a candiate for re-election for Supervison, subject to the will of the republican voters at the June primaries. H. C. MEYER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of recorder of Hancock county, at the June 1920 primaries.

HATTIE M. ALDRIDGE

Knew His Age.

Allan, on his second birthday, was told by his mother that he was two years old. That same day his mother weighed him, and as she lifted him off the scale she said: "You weigh just thirty pounds." That evening, when the little boy's father came home he said: "Well, Allan, how old are you?" Allan hesitated a few seconds and then replied, "Two years and thirty pounds."

A WORLD REBUILT

By the Golden Rule not by the rule of Gold

THIRTY denominations of the Church are uniting in a simultaneous campaign in the week of April 25th-May 2nd.

They are uniting because the task before the Church is too great for any one denomination; because there must be no duplication of effort; no waste.

These churches know that the world needs many things; but it needs Faith most of all.

They know that there can be no final solution of our economic problems that is not a spiritual solution, based on the teachings of Jesus Christ and His Golden Rule.

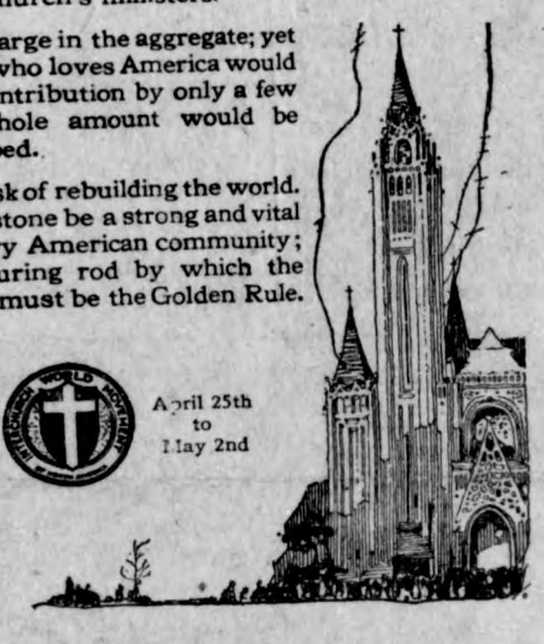
They have had the courage to survey the whole task, and to ask for a budget large enough to sustain (1) the work abroad, (2) the work at home including the church's part in the huge task of Americanization, (3) the colleges and (4) hospitals supported by the Churches, (5) the religious training of the young, and to provide (6) a living wage for the Church's ministers.

The budget is large in the aggregate; yet if each person who loves America would increase his contribution by only a few dollars the whole amount would be easily subscribed.

We face the task of rebuilding the world. Let the cornerstone be a strong and vital church in every American community; and the measuring rod by which the builders build must be the Golden Rule.

United Financial Campaign

April 25th to May 2nd



The INTERCHURCH World Movement of North America

The publication of this advertisement is made possible by the cooperation of thirty denominations.

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

Are showing some very nifty

Young Mens' Suits

in the new Shepard Plaid--brown and gray mixture, also seal brown, blue, with chalk line effects in dark tan. These facrics are shown in all the

New Models

Call in and have a trial.

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Sixteen Stores Garner, Iowa

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
☞Coal Hauling Done

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

Local News Items Of Interest to Everybody.

Telephone us the news. Phone 12.

Gerald McCullough autoed to Mason City Sunday in his Ford "coop."

Walter Ross, of Garner, was trading in Klemme Monday.

John Suturball fo Garner drove over to Klemme Monday on business.

R. A. Jorgenson was a business caller at Garner Saturday morning.

Ms. M. O. Hocmu was a passenger o Garner Tuesday morning.

Bobbie Maitland was a passenger to Belmond Thursday evening.

Chris Blumer was a passenger to Garner Monday morning on business.

Mr. Cheaster Moe, of Garner, was transacting business here Monday.

C. H. Tompkins of Garner, was in Klemme last Thursday on business.

Art Kuck went to Garner Saturday morning to have some dental work done.

Mrs. Julius Priebe and daughter, were passengers to Garner Saturday morning.

E. G. Ell has a half page ad in this issue which you should not fail to look over.

Miss Mildred McCullougs went to Mason City Saturday where she visited with friends until Tuesday.

Walter F. Lau left Tuesday evening for Sioux City, Iowa, on a business mission.

Mrs. J. N. Day and Miss Mable Smith were callers at Belmond last Thursday afternoon between trains.

Lew Sampson, Herman Schuldt and John Bock autoed to Garner Tuesday morning. These gentlemen are the assessors in this neighborhood and were taking their books to the court house.

Miss Helen Maitland returned last Thursday afternoon from her out of town visit.

Mrs. A. E. Katter came from Garner Monday for a short visit between trains with Mrs. Chris Blumer.

Mrs. August Dietrich, of Garner, was here Monday visiting with her sister Mrs. Henry Wille.

LuVerne and Lola Smith left Monday noon for Des Moines where they are attending school.

Miss Hulda Johnson came over from Mason City to spend Easter with her folks here.

Milton Schaper, who is attending school at Iowa Falls, was home over Easter visiting with his folks.

Attorney "Bill" Ramsay of Garner was in Klemme Tuesday between trains on business.

The State Savings Bank have a statement in this issue of the Times. It is the largest ye published, look it over.

A. Kelly, D. D. Ross, and A. E. Katter, of Garner were here Tuesday to attend a meeting of the directors of the State Savings Bank.

Mrs. H. Schuldt went to Garner Tuesday morning for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Dick Bamman, between trains.

Fred Etchen and sister, Mrs. Henry Lewis returned Monday from a few days' visit with relatives and friends at Ackley, Iowa.

Philip Bock left last Thursday evening for a couple of weeks' visit with relatives and friends at various points.

Mrs. Al Hubbard and children are spending a few days with the Kirkwood family before leaving for Minnesota, where Mr. Hubbard now is.

Miss Doris Buriff came from Chicago last Wednesday for a visit with her folks here, Rev. and Mrs. Buriff. She returned to Chicago Tuesday evening to continue her course in music at Evanston.

The Garner schools will have an exhibit on Friday, April 23, at which time work made by the students will be on display at the buildings.

We sent out a few sample copies of The Times last week and the result was an increase in our subscription list. Guess we will try it again.

Eli Schaefer, a brother of Mrs. John Gruetzmacher, came Tuesday evening from Hebron, Illinois, for a days visit with Klemme relatives.

Auditor Chris Jacobs was in Klemme last Wednesday between trains calling on friends and also to take a squint at Ed's hardware store.

Carl Barr left for Kansas City, Monday evening where he was studying an engineering course but came home some time ago on account of sickness.

Miss Martha Lenz came from Charles City Saturday afternoon to spend Easter with her sister, Mrs. A. H. Meyer. She returned Monday p. m.

Tuesday Mrs. A. H. Meyer received word that her aunt, Mrs. Herman Damrow, of Dows, died Monday and would be buried Wednesday afternoon at Dows.

Alvin Goll returned from the Park Hospital at Mason City Saturday where he went two weeks ago to have an operation for appendicitis. He stood th operation fine and is now rapidly recovering.

Charlie Stiehl says he has the contract for the Joe Heginger building at Goodell. The building will be 25x 64 feet, single story and will be constructed of cement blocks with a pressed brick front.

Miss Celia Brouwer returned to Garner last Wednesday after spending a few days of her spring vacation here. Whil here sh taught three days at the country school of Miss Annetta Schuldt as Miss Brouwe is taking Normal Training at the Garner schools and each student is required to do a certain amount of supervised teaching before they can graduate. Quite a number of the high school students taught a few days of their vacation.

Garden Tools

Now that spring has come at last it is time for you to get ready for that garden you are planning this year. A good garden will help you cut down the

"High Cost of Living"

Let us help you with your garden by suggesting that you look over our line of garden tools such as

Spades Shovels Hoes
Garden Plows, Rakes
Sprinklers, Wheelborrows, etc.

We have also stocked up on a very fine line of

Garden Seeds

of all kinds

Your Summer Lawn

should be started now. We have the best seed obtainable to made a beautiful green lawn for you this summer Start it now. Get one of our

Lawn Mowers

and be ready to give your lawn the first proper trim

Eggs taken in on trade at this store

Jacobs & Son

The Quality Garage

Automobile Announcement!

Spring is here and with it comes the driving season. You are cordially invited to come in and look at our line and get our prices before buying elsewhere. We have also secured the exclusive selling in this territory for Buick Six and the Dort Four Cars, besides our regular Willys-Overland line of cars.

Buick Six $1495 F. O. B. Factory

Overland Four $985 F. O. B. Factory

Dort Four $1035 F. O. B. Factory

The Farmers are especially requested to come in and see our Hart-Parr Tractor which we have on the floor now. We also carry a big line of Oliver Tractor plows and can supply you at once. A Hart-Parr Tractor will solve your farm help problem. Let us explain to you.

Cord Tires in all sizes

Goodyear and Fisk Caseings and Tubes

Most Complete line of New Auto Accessories in town. **We are equiped to Repair all makes of Cars.**

C. W. Wiles Garage

The Quality Garage

The Quality Garage

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year | Number 32 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, April 15, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Obituary of Mrs Mary Arnold

Mary Arnold was born Dec. 23rd, 1850, at Portsmouth, Ohio, and died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Tice in Mason City, Iowa, on Tuesday morning, April 6th, 1920, at the age of sixty years, three months and twelve days.

Mrs. Arnold had been failing in health more or less the past few years and last fall she thought it best to leave her home here in Klemme for the winter and go to live with her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Tice. When she left us no one thought that she would not return to us in spring. But God who knows best had planned it different. In the past few weeks she was a constant sufferer, and all that skilled physicians and kind and loving hands of the part of loved oes could do was done to save her life, but all efforts proved of no avail. On Tuesday morning the Angel of Death came and took her home.

Mrs. Arnold was united in marriage to Frederick Arnold in the year 1872 in Allamakee County, Iowa. To this happy union six childen were born, three boys and three girls. Mrs. Arnold came with her family to Hancock county, Iowa, April 5th, 1895, and located on a farm east of Klemme, where they lived until the death of her husband, who died the 14th of December, 1907. She remained on the farm 5 years after her husband's death, after which she moved to Klemme.

Mr. and Mrs. Arnold were some of the early pioneers of this community, and well known by everyone. Mrs. Arnold has been a member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church for many years. She was a devout Christian, and endeavored to teach her household, and raise her children in the fear of the Lord. Through her death the church loses one of its faithful members; the Women's Foreign Missionary Society one of its ardent workers; the community one of its most beloved citizens; the chlidren a kind and loving mother. Our loss is Heaven's gain.

She leaves to mourn her death three sons, three daughters, four sisters, two brothers, seven nephews, six nieces, nine grandchildren, besides many other relatives and friends.—A. H. Meyer.

CARD OF THANKS

We rae very grateful to all those who so kindly expresed their sympathy in acts of kindness in our recent bereavement in the loss of our Mother and take this means of showing our appreciation and thankfulness to every one.

Mrs. H. E. Holmes
F. A. Arnold
Mrs James Schneider
E. J. Arnold
C. A. Arnold
Mrs. C. B. Tice

CHURCHES

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Public worship, with sermon by the pastor, at 10:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sunday School at 11:00 a. m.

The following members of the Sunday School were perfect in attendance during the quarter ending March 28:

Bible Class—R. E. Elder, E. G. Ell, J. N. Day, W. H. Trafford, Mrs. W. H. Trafford, Mrs. A. D. Gimer, Mrs. R. E Elder.

Young People's Class—C. G. Waterman, Mrs. C. G. Waterman, Chas. Gibbs.

Class in Corner—Milvern Ell, Frank Gibbs, Clarence Elder, Maybell Johnson.

Intermediate—Harl Gimer, Florence Behringer, Gertrude Johnson.

Primary—Reva Elder

Beginners—Blanche Gimer

A cordial welcome to all. Popular evening service.

A. E. Buriff, Minister

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Sunday School at the close of preaching service at 11:00 o'clock.

Epworth League services Sunday night at 7:30 o'clock. Preaching service at the close of Epworth League service at 8 o'clock.

Midweek prayer meeting on each Thursday evening at 7:30.

The church that will give you a cordial welcome if you come.

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

Klemme In Line For Sewerage

SEWERAGE IN SIGHT

The sewerage question is being agitated to quite an extent in Klemme and the agitation has gone so far as to get the council busy. Monday night in their regular session the question was brought up and the mayor appointed A. L. Koerner and Tom Blank to look up the cost, and other matters pertaining to having sewerage put across in Klemme. Klemme certainly needs sewerage and the quicker the city officials can get the proposition started the better for the town. We are glad they are up and coming and hope they will keep the good work going for with a live mayor and council the town will be lively and likewise if they are dead from the ears up the town will follow suit, but we are glad to see that they are not classed with the latter group and we are here to help boost the officials and their good cause along. Let's all boost and put over a bunch of improvements—they will come sometime, and why not now?

It's a Long, Long Way But Beats Freighting!

TO DRIVE CARS FROM TOLEDO

Saturday night C. W. Wiles, local Overland dealer, accompanied by J. N. Day, W. F. Pavey and Howard Doyle, left for Fort Dodge where they were to accompany about one hundred other men on a special trip to Toledo, Ohio, to drive thru a train of Overland Cars. It is so hard to get cars thru by feight that the dealers are taking this means of getting the cars for their customers. It will be quite a trip for the men as nothing is nicer than to see the country traveling in a car. They will have paving all the way from Toledo to Chicago and no doubt this bunch of Iowa men will "eat it up." Can you imagine a string of over one hundred cars all traveling toward Iowa? Perhaps at times the rear car will be over fifty miles from the leading car. We also bet the cloud of dust they raise when they hit Iowa will be seen for many miles. Wiles and his bunch of drivers expect to reach Klemme in a day or two.

Are You Drawn on This Jury?

PETIT JURY, MAY TERM OF COURT, 1920

Nels Jackson
Ray Nelson
Henry Mason
D. F. Collins
A. C. Miller
Fred Ostercamp
Dale Mitchell
Martin Borg
Olaf Westerberg
Art Katter
Plum King
J. O. Prescot
Henry Hanson
Hans Sampson
Chas. Prull
J. P. Spalla
E. J. Fields
P. J. Elsmo
Severt Jacobson
Sam Merlay
Frank Hach
Herman Beek
John Johnson
F. A. Gee
E. T. Hetland
Sam Hersbergan
J. L. Earls
J. W. Walker
John Ormsby
A. G. Hanson

IOWA LEADS ALL STATES

You may not know it—but Iowa leads all the other states in the union when it comes to the value of cattle, horses, hogs, sheep and mules produced on the farms, according to the Jan. 1, 1920 estimate of the U. S. Department of Agriculture which places the value at $640,000,000.00. Texas comes in for second place and Illinois comes in for third count. Iowa's not such a poor place to live in after all.

Like Human Engine.

A locomotive may be all right in the long run, but at that it frequently has to take water.

OHIO FARMER TELLS ABOUT LOAN SHARKS

A. H. Judy Shows How Mortgage Brokers Put the Screws on Borrowers.

WANTS TWO KINDS OF BANKS

Says Joint Stock Land Banks Are for Farmers Who Want to "Go it Alone"—Federal Banks for Those With Co-Operative Idea.

"There should be two kinds of land banks," said A. H. Judy, an Ohio farmer, speaking before the United States senate committee on banking and currency in January.

"The reason for this is that one set of farmers do not want to take stock in any institution, but want to use whatever money they can get in their farming operations, while other farmers will join co-operative societies and take stock in the co-operative land banks. The joint stock land bank answers the need of those farmers who do not care to join a co-operative society and take stock in a bank. The federal land bank, with its co-operative plan, answers the need of those farmers who have the co-operative idea.

Some Farmers Need Big Loans.

"When it can be shown that a loan is to be used by a farmer residing on the land and to be used in improving the land and in increasing production of staples, the limit as to the amount of the loans should not be fixed too low. (The limit on joint stock land

A. H. Judy.

banks is now placed at $50,000). Here is the point: You cannot say you will only lend $2,500 and that you will make that loan to a class of farmers who only want $2,500, while at the same time here is a man who wants $20,000 or $30,000, who is just as capable of using that amount efficiently in the production of food as is the other fellow of using the $2,500.

"Since this bill (senate bill 3109) has been pending, the statement has gone out from the joint stock land banks that all applications for loans are held up until it is known whether this bill is to pass. My neighbor, Mr. J. H. Upps, was approached by a loan shark and offered a loan of $10,000 to take the place of a loan that was to have been made to him by a joint stock land bank. The joint stock land bank would have made the loan for 33 years, but the loan shark only offered to make his loan for five years. The loan shark did, however, offer to make the loan of $10,000 at 6 per cent interest with only an additional charge of $500 for commission.

What Will Happen In Five Years?

"But the question is: What will happen at the end of the five years? When the influence of the joint stock land banks or the federal land banks has disappeared because they have been killed by this bill, then what will the loan shark ask my neighbor Upps when his debt falls due? A million farmers in the United States can make a mighty good guess as to what will happen. A million farmers in the United States can foresee how the loan shark will put the screws upon Mr. Upps when the time for renewal comes around.

"The farmer is willing and anxious to increase production. He knows that the nation needs food. He knows that the world needs food. He knows that the nation is depending on him. He knows that the world is depending upon the American farmer. But he knows also that he cannot 'make bricks without straw.' If you want the farmer to increase production you have got to furnish him the tools. You have got to furnish him the opportunity. You have got to furnish him the capital on convenient terms and at reasonable rates. You cannot hamstring the financing of the farmer and get your needed increased production."

Repair Gravel Roads.

Gravel roads will wear in places but they are easily repaired by dumping a load of sand and gravel on the worn spots once or twice a year.

More Local

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Blank who have been visiting in Klemme for the past few days, went to Estherville Tuesday morning to see if they could locate a house there. Ralph goes back to his old job at Estherville as Yard Master for the Rock Island.

Fred Blank is now located at Ward, South Dakota, where he is holding down the position of station agent for the Rock Island railroad. Fred is making good and we wish him lots of good luck with his new job. Fred started out railroading in Klemme as agent's assistant.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, of Kanawha, were Klemme visitors Saturday.

The men who kick the hardest about th church and the school have forgotten the Lord's prayer and the multiplication table.—W. L. Brownell

As we are about to go to press we hear that Bill Howard is having a very "swell time"—with the mumps! Eat a sour pickle Bill and tell us if it makes you cuss the editor for trying it.

Maybe you also cussed Monday forenoon when the electric "juice" was off and you were trying to make that electric washer wash the clothes and you wanted to run the motor to do some work or wanted to turn on a light, but there was no light. We cussed also and if we had of known then what we do know now we would have jumped all over a Klemme man who got his screw driver mixed up with the "juice" and which kicked out the switch at the transformer, and after several hours deliberation he finally reasoned out why the juice was off and the switch was kicked back and there was again light. We suggest that someone tie the transformer switch down so it can't "kick" out every time a wire is accidently shorted.

GOODELL NEWS

Goodell U. B. Church Notes

There was a fine attendance from the country at the Women's Missionary Society Annual tea and Rally.

Rev. Donnie Minton, U. B. Pastor at Ventura, addressed the Goodell people Sunday evening on the Interchurch Movement.

Som of the Goodell people who attended the Interchurch meeting at Garner April 7th, cam to the depot on high in order to catch the passenger.

Harold Savogue is able to walk down town now.

Last Saturday Mrs. Dennie Conlan took Mrs. Harvey Christensen to the hospital at Hampto. Mrs. Christensen is rported getting along nicely.

Henry Nolte is till at the Hampton hospital. This enforced rest is hard luck when one needs to be in the field

Mr. O. Sandberg is getting a fine start on his new hardware building.

Mr. Frank McNutt took charge of the hotel on April 12th.

John Raph has moved his poultry and cream station down by the livery barn.

Mr. Vance is doing some repairing on the J. C. Reed cream and poultry building before moving his harness and repair shop into the place, which place will be much more convenient for his customers.

Miss Faye Letch and Mr. T. Hamilton are shut in with mumps.

I AM OFFERING TO THE PUBLIC the Breeding Services of CRITIC SENSATION 284071. Pigs sired by him at less than ten months old weighed 400 lbs. Ten sows and gilts bred to and sired by CRITIC SENSATION sold for $3,070.00, or an average of $307.00. If you have a pure bred sow and want to raise a $2,000 litter, it will be to your interest to write or come and see me for terms and breeding date.

F. H. SCHULDT, Breeder of Big Type Durocs, Godell, Iowa

3-w

Something New!

BIG EXPRESS SHIPMENT OF BUTTER

No chance to ship butter to New York by freight on account of the strike, so Buttermaker Gimer of the Klemme Creamery Company scratched his wisdom dome for information. He figured out that express was the thing to do and the butter could be shipped thru fine, so they rolled sixty-six tubs of butter to the depot, weighed them up and when they figured it over they found it weighed four thousand, seven hundred and fifty-two pounds. Agent Barr then scratched his wisdom dome and after figuring up a whole tablet of Rock Island stationery found that it would cost the creamery $135.43, cash by hek. Gimer paid the bill and then figured some more and his figures showed that even shipping by express to New York they would make more than if they had shipped to Chicago as the N. Y. market was ten cents per pound higher than the Chicago market. He also found that express is not much higher than freight on hauling butter that far and then the market is reached P. D. Q. It sure was some stunt to pull.

KLEMME MAY BE REPRESENTED

FIELD MEET TO BE HELD

May the seventh will be field meet day at the Garner school grounds and will be a sort of county event and all schools are supposed to send their men to compete in the events. Supt. Rankin has invited the following schools to be there: Britt, Corwith, Kanawha, Klemme, Goodell, Hayfield, Crystal Lake, Woden and Miller. In the forenoon will be a tennis meet for the girls; in the afternoon a track meet for the boys and in the evening a regular county contest.

We would like to see some of our Klemme boys get into the game. We have some mighty good sprinters here and they should get into training at once and get some of the honors at the meet. Get busy boys and show them that Klemme is on the map of athletics.

KLEMME MAN HONORED

Last week P. M. Greisemer received a telegram from New York headquarters of the Interchurch World Movement appointing him as chairman of Hancock county. It will be the duty of the county chairman to direct the meetings and program as they receive the orders from the state chairman.

GARNER READY TO BEGIN PAVING

Everything is all set for the paving program at Garner. Machines and material are on the grounds and the work will begin at once. The first stretch of paving will begin at the east road leading into Garner and then south. North and south streets on each side of Main street will be paved first, then these will be connected and the main thoroughfare will be kept open until the very last to allow the free passage of traffic. About ninety blocks will be paved.

CLEAN UP NOTICE

You are requested to clean up and beautify around your place before April 25th, 1920.

Lloyd Lau, Sam Harvey and H. Maitland have keys for the dumping ground and will do your hauling.

1-w F. GRUETZMACHER, Mayor

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank all those who were so kind to us in our recent bereavement, also we wish to thank those who contributed floral offerings.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Spitler and family
Vivian Kerschner

An Introduction Needed.

God once gave a reception to the Graces, all of whom seemed to be acquainted with one another, with the exception of two. Observing which circumstance, their host brought them together and said: "Benevolence, allow me to introduce Gratitude."—Leo Tolstoy.

SPLINTERS

Air castles of a bachelor are usually constructed of smoke.

Many a charitable woman allows her husband to have her own way.

"Labor," says Thomas Carlyle, "rids us of three ills—tediousness, vice and poverty."

Some men waste power trying to get wealth, then waste wealth trying to get power.

Women are always in quest of something—but a conquest seems to suit them best.

When a man begins to be his own worst enemy he can get a lot of free assistance.

Only a wise girl selects for a husband a man whose mother didn't know how to cook.

Nothing is made in vain except the extremely fashionable girl—she is a maiden vain.

Mirth is a paying investment—because its stock is never watered with tears of regret.

The only effective way to convince a contrary man that he is wrong is to agree with him.

Occasionally a man spends a lot of time at his club because there is no place like home.

If Adam had eaten the apple first he probably would have decided that Eve dared him to do it.

After a girl gets to be about so old she tries to forget that she once wanted to marry a poet.

After pocketing his fee the congratulations of the minister officiating at a wedding are genuine.

Wonder why a spinster can never remember anything that happened a good many years ago.

Even the lines of a poor poet are apt to be cast in pleasant places—when he goes fishing.

If we always prepare ourselves for the worst that may happen, we will never be disappointed.

What has become of the old-fashioned girl who, when a love affair went wrong, pined away and died?

About the only time a woman sees anything adorable in any one of her sex is when she looks in a mirror.

A woman can do a thing she doesn't want to do without making unprintable remarks, but few men can.

Satisfactory Test.

"So you want to marry my daughter, eh?" said the old man. "Do you think you have the patience and forbearance to make her a kind and indulgent husband?"

"Surest thing you know," replied the applicant for the son-in-law job. "I can button a collar on a shirt that is half a size larger, without getting angry, and—"

"Say, no more," interrupted the old man, "she's yours. Take her, my son, and my blessing goes with her."

Phew!

One cold, windy morning, after a sudden change in the thermometer, a man in the 3600 block in East Tenth street, came rushing downstairs in the morning in his nightshirt to change the drafts on his furnace. He decided to put the thermometer outside to see how cold it was. The wind blew the door shut. He stood out in the cold with only his night apparel on for 15 minutes before he could awaken any members of the family.—Indianapolis News.

Accounting for the Weight.

"So you are playing with your soldiers, Willie?" said the caller.

"Yes, ma'am."

"You handle them as if they were quite heavy."

"They are heavy just now, ma'am."

"What makes them so heavy just now?"

"Why, they're on their way back from the war, and they've got a lot of lead in 'em, ma'am."

The Precious Apple.

"Every day my favorite pupil used to bring me a beautiful red apple," remarked the woman who used to teach school.

"Splendid custom!" commented the student of educational systems. "If it were still in existence, the perquisites of a teacher might make increase of salary appear less urgent."

Pinholes in Negatives.

Small, irregular shaped transparent spots in negatives are known as pinholes. These are usually caused by particles of dust resting on the film during development.

All this Week
At The
Idle Hour
THEATRE

Neil Stuarts
PRESENTS

Local Pictures
of
Klemme

Entire change of program every night

Special for Friday
Night Only

Wm Shakespeares
most brilliant
Comedy

The Taming of the Shrew

Also
Scotch Comedy
Songs & Stories

By
Neil Stuart
Also local Pictures

Saturday Night
Harry Cary

in a Big
Western Drama

Hell Bent

Also Local Pictucres

Different Colors of Paper

Many business men have a system of using different colors of paper for different printed forms, thus distinguishing each form by its color.

We can work this system out for you, using

HAMMERMILL BOND

the Utility Business Paper, and you will find that it saves you time and money.

Let us show you the advantage of standardizing your paper and your printing.

Willows Mentioned in Bible.

Willows are mentioned in the Biblical books of Leviticus 27, Job 11, Isaiah 14, Psalms 137. The tree upon which the captive Israelites hung their harps was the Salix Babylonica. This tree is abundant on the banks of the Euphrates.

How to Lower Your Meat Bills

Hints From the Department of Justice

SPECIALIZE IN BUYING MEAT AND SAVE MONEY.

The housewife of the present generation and particularly of the past year or so, during which money has been rather plentiful, has been demanding meats from one or two cuts of beef; that is, cuts from the loin for steak and cuts from the ribs for roasts. This has created a tremendous demand for the loins and ribs, leaving an oversupply of the major portion of the carcass, which the retailer must dispose of at a disadvantage, owing to the lack of demand.

If Mrs. Housewife would take more interest and specialize in her buying, and would read carefully the articles that have been and are being published, calling her attention to the cheaper meats, she would realize a substantial saving. She would soon become convinced that there is exceptionally good meat in the round, rump, plates, chuck, etc.

In the olden days Mrs. Housewife would call for a chuck steak, round steak, as well as an occasional porterhouse. Mrs. Housewife now knows only one steak, and that is the porterhouse, which is naturally the most expensive, as it is the most called for, and it logically must stand the extra expense. It is the world old law of supply and demand.

How many housewives know that from the chuck they can get steaks, boiling beef, pot roasts and stew meats? The carcass (excepting the loins and ribs) contains meats that are just as appetizing, delicious and nutritious as the more expensive cuts, which are the ribs and loins. Unfortunately, however, custom recently has dictated that the ribs and loins be considered the more popular, hence the cheaper cuts have really gone out of their own.

A few years ago the average housewife usually called for a chuck steak or round steak as a matter of course. In fact, it was the daily diet and one seldom thought of ordering sirloin or porterhouse steak, except on special occasions. A good comparison would be that of ordering chicken or turkey for every day of the week just because it happens to be a "treat" or a special delicacy, and if chicken or turkey were thus ordered the outcome would simply be higher prices, due to the demand being larger than the supply.

The round makes wonderful steaks, pot roast or corned beef. It represents approximately 23 per cent of the entire beef carcass, and the chuck represents approximately 34 per cent. The loins represent 17 per cent and the ribs 9 per cent, and of the entire carcass there is actually less than 5 per cent porterhouse steak, 3 per cent of club steak and about 9 per cent of sirloin steak.

Among the many appetizing uses of the chuck are roasts, steaks, pot roasts, stews, boiling beef, pot pie meat and hamburger, with the fore shank for soup meat and soup bones.

There has lately arisen such a remarkable demand for one or two expensive kinds of meats that people who formerly were entirely satisfied with what represents the less expensive portions never even think of calling for them. At the same time they continually complain of their meat bills without stopping to analyze the reason.

"Is that the best you have?" seems to be the by-word. The more it costs the more people want it. The less expensive (although often very good articles), go begging. If a dealer has to buy a certain portion of the cheaper articles along with his good articles and he cannot sell the cheaper ones, YOU pay the price for what he is obliged to lose. The same applies to meats. The butcher pays a certain price for the cattle and he must get that price out of them. If the demand, as stated above, all runs to one or two different cuts, those cuts that are in demand must make up the loss on so-called cheaper meats, while if there was an equal selling distribution on the entire carcass, there would not be so much complaint of the high cost of meat.

Every housewife personally should make inquiries of her butcher as to the different cuts of meat.

Chopped Beef Au Casserole.

1½ lbs. clod of beef, ground,
½ c. tomato relish,
Tabasco sauce,
1 can beets.

Mix chopped beef with tomato relish. Add ¼ teaspoonful tabasco sauce (more if desired). Season well with salt. Put in glass casserole and bake two hours, basting frequently with a high quality of table sauce. A few strips of bacon across the top of any meat loaf adds to its richness and improves flavor. Serve garnished with beets, quartered. Serves 5 people.

How to Lower Your Meat Bills

Hints From the Department of Justice

HIGH LIVING ON LOW-PRICED MEAT.

"I don't see how you feed a family of five and pay so little for meat," said Mrs. Smith to Mrs. Jones who stood just over the back fence. For Mrs. Jones always served appetizing dishes of fresh meat, apparently in endless variety, and she never had big meat bills.

"I'll show you how I do it," said Mrs. Jones to Mrs. Smith. "If you come out here every day this week we'll compare notes and find out the way to reduce meat bills and yet live as well if not better than ever."

Monday's morning conference at the back fence discussed Sunday dinner which Mrs. Jones had made from 3½ pounds of chuck beef, a little oleomargarine, seasoning, and trimmings prepared as pot roast. The leftovers went into beef croquettes and were enough for Monday's dinner.

"It cost me, at 20 cents a pound, just 70 cents for good meat for two meals for five people," said Mrs. Jones.

Tuesday's report showed a bill of 75 cents for three pounds of spareribs, out of which Mrs. Jones had prepared a full meal of sauerkraut and spareribs in this manner:

She put spareribs in boiling water salted with one-half tablespoonful of salt and cooked until meat began to separate from the bones. She removed and arranged on a platter, surrounded with border of sauerkraut, one cupful of which had been previously heated.

On Wednesday Mrs. Jones described how she had fried a pound and a half of calf's liver, costing 60 cents with onions and celery:

1½ pounds calf's liver,
4 tablespoonfuls oleomargarine,
4 tablespoonfuls diced celery,
4 tablespoonfuls onions cut up fine.
Seasoning.

She said: "I put four tablespoonfuls of oleomargarine, four of diced celery, four of onions cut up fine and seasoning into a pan; the liver sauted in this sauce and served piping hot. I saved the leftovers for creamed meat."

On Thursday she had cooked chopped beef in a baking dish, two pounds of hamburger costing 32 cents. The leftover went into creamed meat enough for Friday.

"It can't be done," exclaimed Mrs. Smith, but Mrs. Jones furnished proof in the form of these recipes:

Chopped Beef.

2 pounds hamburger ground,
½ cupful tomato relish,
½ teaspoonful tabasco sauce,
1 can beets.

Mix chopped beef with tomato relish. Add tabasco sauce. Season well with salt and pepper. Put into baking dish and bake two hours, basting frequently with high quality of table sauce. Serve garnished with beets cut into quarters.

Creamed Meat.

Add all leftovers together. Add one-half can pimentoes chopped, one green pepper and two and one-half cupfuls of white sauce made from flour, evaporated milk, water, oleomargarine and seasoning. Serve on rounds of toast.

Saturday's meal was prepared by Mrs. Jones out of two and one-half pounds of flank steak for which she paid 65 cents, and which came on the table stuffed with bread crumbs, vegetables and seasoning.

"Now," said Mrs. Jones, "let's add up and see what the week's meat supply has cost." This was what she figured:

3½ lbs. beef chuck at	$.20	$ .70
3 lbs. spareribs at	.25	.75
1½ lbs. calf's liver at	.40	.60
2 lbs. hamburger steak at	.16	.32
2½ lbs. flank steak at	.26	.65
		$3.02

"Some saving!" said Mrs. Smith. "Do you know what I have been paying for the same amount of food value, and not as much variety at that?" She jotted down her own expenditures for a week which were these:

Monday—1¾ lbs. rib lamb chops at	$.50	$ .87
Tuesday—2 lbs. sirloin at	.42	.84
Wednesday—2½ lbs. beef roast (prime ribs) at	.40	1.00
Thursday—1½ lbs. veal off leg at	.45	.67
Friday—1½ lbs. pork tenderloin at	.55	.82
Saturday—1½ lbs. calf sweetbreads at	.55	.80
Sunday—3½ lbs. chicken at	.45	1.57
		$6.57

(These prices were accurate at the time this article was prepared. The market may have varied a few cents up or down since that time.)

CITY MAN HAS BIG ADVANTAGE OVER FARMER

New York Has Billion and Half Tax-Exempt Securities Now Outstanding.

THEN WHY TAX FARM BONDS?

Guy Huston Shows That Proposal to Tax Joint Stock Land Bank Bonds Would Injure Farmer and Raise Interest Rates on Farm Mortgages.

New York city alone has outstanding $1,450,000,000 of tax-exempt bonds, and there is a total of $8,000,000,000 of tax-exempt municipal bonds outstanding at the present time. Hundreds of million of this amount are invested in electric light plants, water works, municipal docks, subways and other large income-producing properties. Then why deny to the farmers of America the right to borrow a few hundred million dollars on tax-exempt bonds?

This was the question raised by Guy Huston, president of the American Association of Joint Stock Land Banks, in January at a hearing before the senate committee on banking and currency. A bill, known as senate bill 3109, which would repeal the tax-exemption feature of the farm loan act as applied to the bonds of joint stock land banks, was before the committee and the argument urged by the supporters of the bill was that the government needed the revenue. Mr. Huston showed that these farm loan bonds constituted less than one-third of one per cent of the

Guy Huston.

amount of tax-free securities and that the income the government would derive by taxing these farm bonds would amount to nothing as compared to the income that might be derived by taxing city bonds.

Mr. Huston said:

"There are four billions of dollars of farm mortgages in the United States, which, according to the best authorities, are held as follows:

Insurance companies	$1,100,000,000
Savings banks, state banks, trust companies and commercial banks	1,000,000,000
Eleemosynary institutions	400,000,000
Local loans	1,250,000,000
All other	250,000,000
	$4,000,000,000

Farm Mortgages Not Generally Taxed.

He explained that the $2,100,000,000 of farm mortgages carried by the insurance companies, savings banks, state banks, trust companies and commercial banks escaped the income tax, and that the income tax paid by these institutions is a tax only on the profit on the stock of these corporations. He said that the joint stock land banks now pay an income upon the profit on their stock the same as these other institutions.

Mr. Huston also explained that eleemosynary institutions which carry $400,000,000 of farm mortgages pay no income tax.

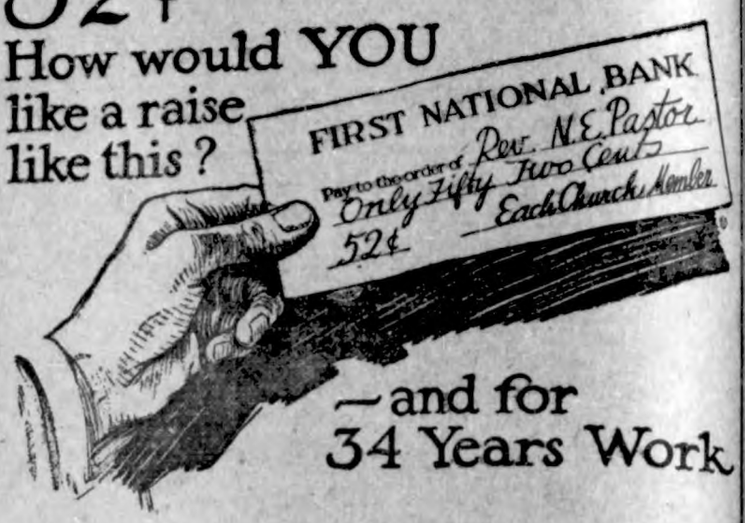
He said further that $1,250,000,000 which he classified as local loans are carried in small units by local investors who pay only a local income tax, if they happen to pay any at all. These cannot be rewritten under the provisions of the federal farm loan act because they have been made on terms and conditions which could not be accepted under the federal law.

Food More Important Than Revenue.

Mr. Huston then showed that in reality there was left only $250,000,000 (out of the original $4,000,000,000 of loans on farm mortgages) which are now paying an income tax but which in the future might escape taxation under the farm loan act as it now stands.

Mr. Huston said that the need of the nation for increased production in agriculture was so great that the government, acting for the common welfare of the entire nation, should permit the issuance of farm mortgage bonds without their being subject to the income tax.

52¢
How would YOU like a raise like this?



—and for 34 Years Work

THAT is the kind of increase in salary the minister has received. His living expenses have risen just as fast and as far as yours.

But he is paid on the average just 52 cents more *per church member* than he was paid 34 years ago.

The Minister Never Fails You

Every officer of the Government with a war message to deliver appealed to the ministers first of all.

But 80% of the ministers receive less income than government economists figure as a minimum for the support of an average family.

When hospitals need money they enlist the support of the ministers—and receive it.

But when sickness visits the minister or the members of his family they must be treated in a charity ward. His pay is less than a day laborer's.

8 out of every 10 ministers receive less than $20 a week—about half the pay of a mechanic.

We Pay Him Half the Wages of a Mechanic

And of these pitifully inadequate salaries, how much do *you* contribute? Nothing if you are outside the church; an average of less than 3c a day if you are a church member.

All of us share in the benefits of Christian ministers to the community. They marry us; bury us; baptize our children; visit us when we are sick. In their hands is the spiritual training of the youth.

We Are All Profiteers at Their Expense

Part of the Interchurch World program is this—a living wage for every minister of Jesus Christ; an efficient plant, and a chance to do a big man's job.

If you want better preachers, help to pay the preachers better. It's the best investment for your community—and for your children—that you can ever make.

INTERCHURCH WORLD MOVEMENT

45 WEST 18th STREET, NEW YORK CITY

The publication of this advertisement is made possible through the co-operation of 30 denominations.

Paint Up Now!

This is Clean up time and also
Paint up time

We have everything you need to paint up and a full line of-

Gilt Edge and Minnesota
House Paints

Red and Gray
Barn Paint

All kinds of brushes turpentine and Lindseed Oil.

Jacobs & Son

SUFFERED THREE YEARS

Finally was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lowell, Mass.—"I was all run down and had an awful pain in my right side, was persistently constipated and had very dizzy spells. I suffered for three years and was perfectly miserable until a friend was telling me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I found it a wonderful medicine. I can now do twice as much work and I recommend the Vegetable Compound to other women. You can use these facts as a testimonial."—Mrs. M. THEALL BESSEY, 186 Appleton Street, Lowell, Mass.

Why women will continue to suffer so long is more than we can understand, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound!

For forty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 60c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Dubious Indorsement.

"People like optimistic doctors." "Yet a doctor is naturally a man of ill omen."

STOMACH TROUBLE AND CONSTIPATION ENDED

Suffered So He Couldn't Work for a Year, but Mr. McCormick Was Cured Promptly.

"I had stomach trouble and constipation for five years. One year of this time I was unable to work, suffering untold agony. I doctored with some of the best physicians, also took many proprietary medicines, but could not find permanent relief. Finally a friend recommended Milks Emulsion. The first few doses relieved me greatly, and three bottles of it effected a permanent cure."—C. A. McCormick, Anderson, Ind.

Mr. McCormick is only one of many hundreds who have endured torture for years and then found that Milks Emulsion gives blessed relief and real, lasting benefit. It costs nothing to try.

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy and natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength Milks Emulsion is strongly recommended to those whom sickness has weakened, and is a powerful aid in resisting and repairing the effects of wasting diseases. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. Truly wonderful for weak, sickly children.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results your money will be promptly refunded. Price 50c and $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.—Adv.

He's a mean father who has his whiskers amputated just because the baby likes to pull them.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Many a so-called orator is merely a human phonograph.

WEAK AND WORN?

Has winter left you dull, tired; all worn out? Do you have constant backache, with headaches, dizzy spells, sharp, shooting pains, or annoying kidney irregularities? Influenza and grip epidemics have left thousands with weak kidneys and failing strength. Don't wait until serious kidney trouble develops. Help the weakened kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's have helped thousands and should help you. Ask your neighbor!

An Iowa Case

J. D. Clayton, retired farmer, Bloomfield, Iowa, says: "I was in mighty bad shape with my kidneys. My back ached and I was very weak. I was so lame across my back that I could hardly move. I would have to get up two or three times during the night to pass the kidney secretions, which contained sediment. I got Doan's Kidney Pills and began taking them and they soon cured me. Doan's gave me more strength and better health generally."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Keep Your Skin-Pores Active and Healthy With Cuticura Soap

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

FEDERAL GRADES AID TO FARMERS

Miller Willing to Pay More for Wheat if It Meets All Requirements.

PREMIUM ON POOR PRODUCT

Demonstrations at State Fairs, Local Schools and Other Places Given for Purpose of Acquainting Farmer With Grades.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The miller buying wheat from a farmer is willing to pay more for it if, among other things, it has a heavy bushel weight, is dry and sound and is free from weed seeds—in other words, if it meets the federal requirements for No. 1 grade, of the proper subclass. The miller knows he can get from such grain more and better flour, with less labor and expense on his part. This is illustrated by results of several hundred tests made by the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, in which No. 1 spring wheat (according to federal standards) weighing 58 pounds per bushel, yielded 71.3 per cent of straight flour and 28.7 per cent of bran and middlings. On the other hand, spring wheat grading No. 5, weighing 50 pounds per bushel, yielded 63.8 per cent straight flour and 36.2 per cent bran and middlings.

Penalizing Grower of Good Wheat.

When the country dealer under normal marketing conditions buys the wheat of his section at a flat rate he has in mind the approximate federal grade the average run of local wheat will receive at the market where he sells, and he pays accordingly. But under such circumstances the farmer who raises choice wheat receives the same price as the one who raises poor wheat. The farmer who raises the poorest wheat in the section, therefore, receives more than he should, while the one who raises the best receives less. This putting of a premium on poor wheat tends to discourage the growing of a better grade product.

Grades have long been used in the larger markets. Prior to the fixing of federal grades, however, these local grades often differed in the various markets and their application frequently was based largely on the judgment of the individual inspector at each market. Consequently, it was very difficult for the country dealer to apply grades accurately. He was not sure that the grain he had bought at one grade would be received at that grade by the one to whom he delivered it. In contrast to this, the grades established by the federal government are uniform throughout the country. Furthermore, standardized equipment has been perfected for making many of the tests to determine the grade, so that with the aid of uniform rules for grading, the federal standards can be applied uniformly in all parts of the country.

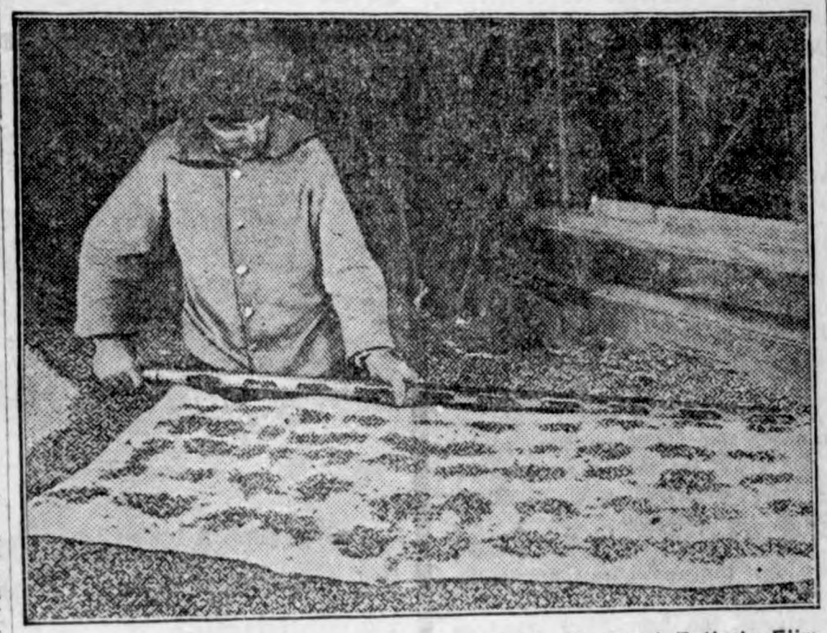
Acquainting Farmers With Grades.

While the government has no authority under the United States grain standards act to supervise grain grading under federal grades, except in the work of licensed inspectors and in interstate shipments, the government does want to acquaint farmers and dealers generally with the application of the federal standards so that they may benefit more generally thereby. This is one reason why federal grain supervision officials give demonstrations of federal grades at state fairs, local grain-grading schools, and other places, and colleges give grain-grading courses. By these means the farmer learns how to apply the grades to his own wheat. He may not care to supply himself with a set of the equipment to grade his own grain but by learning the essential features of the standards and the grading rules he will be able to know whether the country buyer is correctly grading his grain when he markets it.

Appealing to Inspector.

In addition, if a country dealer buys by grade and his farmer customer thinks he doesn't grade right, they can mail a sample, upon which they both agree as being representative of the lot of grain, to a licensed grain inspector for grading. The sample required should be at least two quarts in quantity. About one and one-eighth pints of it is put in a clean, air-tight can which is placed with the rest of the sample in a clean cloth sack. A reasonable fee—usually not over $1—is charged by inspectors for each certificate issued.

Bulletins which explain in detail the methods of taking samples, how to mail them to an inspector for grading, and the grading rules, have been prepared by the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture. They will be sent free to anyone requesting them.



Sampling Grain for Federal Grading; the Methods Employed Entirely Eliminate Guesswork.

PARCEL POST USEFUL FOR SHIPPING SIRUP

Two Types of One-Gallon Containers Satisfactory.

Packages Properly Wrapped and Marked, as Required by Postal Regulations, Will Carry Without Danger of Leakage.

Maple, cane and sorghum sirups may be readily shipped by parcel post if properly prepared for shipment, according to investigators in the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, who have made experimental shipments from many parts of the country, over many different mail routes. Of 394 shipments only three showed any material loss because of leakage and this was due to unusually rough handling. The average distance covered by these shipments was greater than sirups are likely to be sent by mail under ordinary conditions.

Two types of one-gallon tin containers were found satisfactory for parcel post shipments. Both types have screw caps and are provided with outer cartons of corrugated paperboard. Snugly fitting pieces of cork in the caps cover the opening in the cans when screwed down tightly. Such packages properly wrapped and securely tied, marked "Fragile," as required by the postal regulations for packages containing liquids, will carry without danger of leakage in the mails. While the one-gallon can is most commonly used, any size up to five gallons may be shipped under the present parcel post weight limit of 70 pounds. Light but substantial wooden crates should be supplied for the larger containers.

Suggestions on obtaining customers and dealing with them by parcel post may be found in Farmers' Bulletin 922, "Parcel Post Business Methods," which also suggests how consumers may get in touch with producers. A copy of this bulletin will be sent free on receipt of a request addressed to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington.

CHEESE PRODUCED ON FARMS

Practically Ceased in United States, Factory-Made Article Taking Its Place.

In the last half century the production of farm-made cheese in the United States has practically ceased. Factory cheese, which has taken its place, now exceeds 300,000,000 pounds annually, about three times the highest figure ever reached by cheese made on farms.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Taking advantage of the market is more profitable than dumping onto it.

* * *

Let us put agriculture on a solid basis by breeding only the very best.

* * *

Keep all poultry manure dry until spring and then apply it to the garden and special plants.

* * *

The great value of rape lies in the fact that its rapid growth makes it a good emergency crop.

* * *

Stables should have water-tight floors. Fully one-half the value of manure is in the liquid.

* * *

The farmer's money profit is not the only dividend that he draws from his life in the country.

GARDEN WORK IS MOST IMPORTANT

Mistake to Think That Cultivation Is Done for Sole Purpose of Killing Noxious Plants.

ROOTS NEED SUPPLY OF AIR

Soil Particles Are Broken Up and Plant Food Made Available for Rootlets—Dust Mulch Will Retain Moisture.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Most people have an idea that gardens are cultivated solely for the purpose of killing weeds. As a matter of fact, the killing of weeds is just one object of garden cultivation, say the specialists of the United States department of agriculture. The roots of plants require air just the same as do the tops, and if the ground is packed or hard or is sunbaked over the surface after a beating rain, the roots of the plants will turn yellow, and if not cared for will die. The same thing is true where the land is poorly drained and waterlogged. The water keeps out the air and the roots cannot feed the plants.

Cultivation has another object, in that it breaks up the soil particles and makes plant food available for the feeding rootlets of the plants.

In Some Gardens a Wheel Hoe Can Be Used to Good Advantage.

Many persons, however, make the mistake of cultivating too deeply, and by so doing cut off or injure the feeding rootlets and deprive the plant of its source of nourishment and support. Frequent shallow cultivation during dry weather results in the formation of a layer of fine dust which serves as a mulch or blanket to retain moisture.

Cultivating After Rains.

The soil should always be cultivated just as soon as it is sufficiently dry to be safely worked after heavy rains. If it is not cultivated, a crust forms, the surface bakes and the crops are injured. The same will apply where irrigation is used, and it has been found best to give the soil a thorough soaking, then cultivate as soon as it is dry enough, and apply no more water until absolutely necessary.

The hoe and the steel rake are the most important tools for cultivating the small garden. On a larger scale a wheel hoe and a horse cultivator may be used to advantage. Even where horse-drawn tools are occasionally used, the greater part of the work, especially during dry weather, may be performed by means of a common steel rake. It is not necessary to go very deeply into the soil, but merely to stir the surface.

A Tool That Helps.

A handy little tool for loosening the soil can be made from a piece of thin board two inches wide and fourteen inches long, with one end whittled down to form a handle and the opposite end provided with three No. 6 or No. 3 box nails or wire brads. This little home-made implement can be used very soon after a rain to loosen the surface, so that any small seeds can break through. The wheel-hoe outfits are provided with a number of different shovels and scratchers adapted for the different types of work to be performed. These implements have the advantage that one can go over the garden very rapidly and break up the surface of the soil in a comparatively short time. It is generally necessary, however, to follow with the hoe to remove any weeds that have been destroyed by the wheel cultivator.

Kill Weeds Young.

It should be borne in mind that the time to kill weeds is when they are just coming through the ground. If allowed to become established, it is much more difficult to get rid of them than if they are taken in time. If the top two inches of soil is kept continuously and thoroughly loosened, no serious difficulty in keeping out weeds is probable.

SOILS OF MUCH IMPORTANCE

Where Heavy or of Gumbo Type Hardiest of Varieties of Fruit Should Be Planted.

Soils have much to do with the fruit growing. If your soil is very heavy or of gumbo type, choose the hardiest varieties. Also plant a few of the native fruits that may be growing in your vicinity

BATTLE ON BARBERRY IS BEING CONTINUED

Approximately 2,000,000 Plants Destroyed in 1919.

Federal and State Authorities Combine to Protect Wheat Against Black Stem Rust—Other Crops Are Attacked.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Approximately 2,000,000 common barberry bushes were dug up and destroyed during 1919 in connection with the combined efforts of federal and state authorities to protect wheat against black stem rust which cannot survive unless it is able to spend one period in its life cycle on the leaves of the common barberry. For this work the past year the federal government appropriated $150,000. The territory in which the fight was carried on comprises Colorado, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin and Wyoming, which states supplemented the federal funds to a considerable degree. The combined expenditures were small in comparison with the size of the menace to wheat production by this disease. Cereal disease experts in the United States department of agriculture estimate that the wheat crop of 1919 in the United States was reduced 53,000,000 bushels by black stem rust alone in addition to damage by scab and other diseases. This damage by black stem rust has only been exceeded in one previous season, namely in 1916, when the total reduction of the wheat crop by this disease was 200,000,000 bushels. In addition to the 1919 loss of 53,000,000 bushels of wheat due to ravages of black stem rust, there was a loss of 17,400,000 bushels of oats and 4,700,000 bushels of barley due to the same cause.

DON'T FORGET CLOVER

Corn, wheat, and clover.

That is the most important rotation in America.

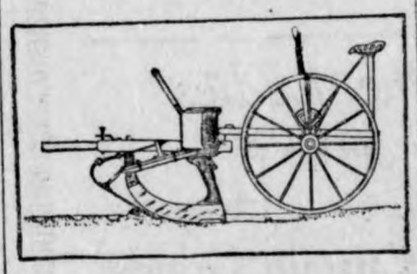
Where clover is no longer grown, yields are beginning to decline.

SMOOTHS SURFACE OF FIELD

Planter Attachment Permits Depositing Seed at Uniform Depth—Device Is Simple.

The Scientific American, in illustrating and describing a planter attachment, the invention of F. I. Classon of Ottawa, Ill., says:

The invention relates to planter attachments and one of the principal objects is to provide a means for evening and smoothing irregularities in the surface of the ground due to the tracks made by the horses or to uneven harrowing and thereby allowing the drill to deposit the seed at a uniform depth beneath the surface. The device is characterized by its simplicity, durability and economy in manufacture and maintenance.



A Side Elevation of a Corn-Planter Equipped With the Device.

SORE SHOULDERS IN SPRING

One-Half Ounce of Sweet Niter, 25 Drops of Iodine, Mixed With Oil, Is Favored.

When horses begin to get sore shoulders in the spring, try one-half ounce of sweet nitre, 25 drops of tincture of iodine, mixed with three ounces of lard or olive oil. Clean the sore spots thoroughly with water and apply this mixture at night after collar has been removed. It is very cooling and healing.

WINDBREAK FOR AN ORCHARD

Windstorms Break Limbs of Trees When Loaded With Fruits—Evergreens Give Protection.

An orchard often needs the protection of an evergreen windbreak. Windstorms break the limbs when loaded with fruit or scatter unripened fruit on the ground. By lessening the force of the wind against the orchard it is sometimes possible to reduce the injury during storms.

FALLEN LEAVES AID GARDEN

They Should Be Dug Into Soil to Rot and Assist in Growing Better Crops in Later Years.

Many people burn fallen leaves, which is a very wasteful practice, as these leaves, besides containing a considerable amount of plant food, are of the greatest value in loosening heavy soils. They should be dug into the garden to rot and help to grow better crops in later years.

When Blood Is Bad

Granite Falls, Minn.—"During one expectant period I had varicose veins, which were extremely painful. A couple of bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription completely cured me of this condition, and my system was toned up and I had comparatively no suffering. An old lady recommended Dr. Pierce's remedies to me a couple of years before when one of my children had a solid crust of sores on his head. She told me that it was because my blood was in poor condition, so I took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to purify my blood, and at the same time gave the baby a few drops several times a day. The effect was wonderful and in a very short time he was a healthy looking baby and had a fine head of hair."—Mrs. John M. Thompson.

FROM GIRLHOOD UP

Centerville, Iowa.—"I have suffered terribly at times since girlhood; I was all run-down and weak. Was advised to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and when I took the first dose I began to improve. I took only three bottles of it and was cured. Have had five children and have been in good health since. I have frequently recommended the 'Prescription' to others. My sister has also had good results from it."—Mrs. Frank Burns, 727 E. Grant St.

WOMEN EVERYWHERE

St. Paul, Minn.—"For several years I suffered with woman's trouble. I read an advertisement in the newspapers about Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and decided to try a bottle. In all I took about six bottles and it helped me right from the start; it actually cured me of the inflammation and pain in a very short time, and I think it a very wonderful medicine for women."—Mrs. Harry Frederickson, 268 Fuller St.

BAD BREATH

Often Caused by

Acid-Stomach

How can anyone with a sour, gassy stomach, who is constantly belching, has heartburn and suffers from indigestion have anything but a bad breath? All of these stomach disorders mean just one thing—**Acid-Stomach.**

EATONIC, the wonderful new stomach remedy in pleasant tasting tablet form that you eat like a bit of candy, brings quick relief from these stomach miseries. EATONIC sweetens the breath because it makes the stomach sweet, cool and comfortable. Try it for that nasty taste, congested throat and "heady feeling" after too much smoking.

If neglected, **Acid-Stomach** may cause you a lot of serious trouble. It leads to nervousness, headaches, insomnia, melancholia, rheumatism, sciatica, heart trouble, ulcer and cancer of the stomach. It makes its millions of victims weak and miserable, listless, lacking in energy, all tired out. It often brings about chronic invalidism, premature old age, a shortening of one's days.

You need the help that EATONIC can give you if you are not feeling as strong and well as you should. You will be surprised to see how much better you will feel just as soon as you begin taking this wonderful stomach remedy. Get a big 50 cent box from your druggist today. He will return your money if you are not satisfied.

EATONIC

FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Willing to Try.

"The Wombats have rented a haunted castle."

"Well, my dear?"

"Our castle is not haunted. We must have a ghost."

"Well, if they will loan me their ghost I'll see if I can match the shade."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Children Who Are Sickly

When your child cries at night, tosses restlessly in its sleep, is constipated, feverish or has symptoms of worms, you feel worried. Mothers who value their own comfort and the welfare of their children should never be without a box of

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children

for use throughout the season. They tend to Break up Colds, relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy Worms. These powders are pleasant to take and easy for parents to give. They cleanse the stomach, act on the Liver and give healthful sleep by regulating the child's system.

Trade Mark.

Used by mothers for over 30 years. Sold by all druggists. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Don't accept any substitute.

Be sure you ask for and obtain **Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.**

Clogged-Up Liver Causes Headache

It's foolish to suffer from constipation, sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, indigestion, and kindred ailments when Carter's Little Liver Pills will end all misery in a few hours. Purely vegetable Act gently on liver and bowels.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for **Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness** and **Female Weakness.**

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

FREE! BOOKLET ON HEALTH. How to Get Well and How to Keep Well. Address Luella Shaw, M. D., Mason City, Iowa.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling. Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. 60c. and $1.00 at druggists. Hiscox Chem. Wks., Patchogue, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

This is not a "Bargain Store"

It is a "Quality Store"

By this we mean the clothing we sell is the best possible value.

We buy only goods that we know will give satisfactfon and we price them as low as any one any where can sell equal quality.

We can serve you fine this spring—the best is here and and in much the larger assortments.

Our Boy's Department will please you.

Many send us mail orders—why not you?

Patton Bros. Co.

Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**

"VALUE FIRST CLOTHIERS"

COME AND HEAR

The Edison New Diamond Disc Phonograph

---which has no needles to change. It RE-CREATES the human voice so that it is indistinguisable from the living voice.

Will be pleased to play this phonograph for you.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Spring Announcement

This week we want to announce the arrival of our Spring Goods both in the Ladies department and the Gents furnishing.

We Invite the Ladies

to look over our new line of

Waists Blouses Hosiery
Dress Goods Curtain Goods
Camisoles Petticoats
Dress Trimmings Footwear

Gentlemen

will find here a complete line of

Silk Shirts Dress Shirts Ties
Silk & Linen Collars Hats
Caps Belts Shoes

Get your Garden Seeds Here!
Our stock of Groceries the Best.

—G. W.—

Kluckhohn & Sons

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

CLASSIFIED

For Sale

For Sale—2 work horses, double work harness, truck wagon. Wm Smith 2w

For Sale—A buggy in good shape. For price call on Gilbert Schaper.

For Sale—15 feet of new 4-inch belting, at a bargain. Call at Times Office.

For Sale—Organ, just overhauled and in good shape. N. L. Palmer. tf

FOR SALE—A Scotch Shorthorn 3 year old bull; 2 Scotch Tops 13 and 11 months old. Erick Josten.

For Sale—Four lots on East Main Street, these lots have south front and are very desirable for building purposes. Ask for price and terms. Also six lots directly north of these, fenced up for pasture, at $150 per lot providing one party takes the entire bunch. Also have a good building lot with 70 foot front facing the east, north of the Kerschner residence. These lots are all close to county drain and are priced to sell. See the owner,

A. D. GIMER, Klemme, Iowa tf.

Typewriter Paper for sale at the Times Office. advertisement.

Wanted

Wanted—To do sewing. Mrs. Gilbert Schaefer. tf.

Wanted—Buyer for 15 foot belt, used four times, good as new. Bargain for some farmer. Call at Times Office.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

See me about the Rooning Ensilage Harvester and the Endlock Silo. Geo. Gruetzmacher, Klemme, Iowa. 1-w

Order your magazines, dailies or other reading matter at the Times Office. Advertisement.

FOUND—Auto plate number 127,-757 Iowa '20. Owner may have same by calling at the Times office and subscribing for the paper.

FOUND—Small alligator wrench and bicycle wrench. Owner may have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this notice.

TO THE PUBLIC

Artificial Stone prices until August 1st will be: Rock-face 20c, Corners 25c, Smooth 18c. Foundation work in town 9c, Country 8c, others according. Cement to farmers 63c, town 64c delivered where I do work only. I dig cellars and haul sand. I have the most up to date outfit in this county. Haul my own tools. I guarantee first class work. I worked for 100 parties and can go back to 99. I work six days in the week and 10 hours per day at 75c per hour. Motto—"Live and Let Live."

Yours truly,
CHAS. W. STIEHL

(Advertisement tf.)

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North

821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.

South

1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

IS 700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of ear corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us about it.

W. F. PAVEY

Dealer **Klemme, Iowa**

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,

1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

I hereby announce myself a candiate for re-election for Supervison, subject to the will of the republican voters at the June primaries. H. C. MEYER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of recorder of Hancock county, at the June 1920 primaries.

HATTIE M. ALDRIDGE

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF IOWA:—

In Re-Estate of Mary Arnold, Deceased, in and for Hancock County, ss:

Now, on this 14th day of April, 1920, an instrument in writing bearing date the 2nd day of April, 1920, purporting to be the last will and testament of Mary Arnold, having been produced and filed in my office, and by me opened and read, the 10th day of May, 1920, at 11 o'clock A. M., is, by me, fixed as the time for proving the same, and, having prepared and signed a notice of the time so fixed, I now direct that said notice be published, for the period and in the manner provided by law in the Klemme Times, a weekly newspaper published in said county.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the District Court, at my office in Garner, Iowa, this 14th day of April, 1920.

(Seal) A. E. BAUMGARTNER,
Clerk of the District Court

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Mayor's Office, Klemme, Iowa.
April 12th, 1920.

Regular meeting called to order by Mayor Gruetzmacher, with the following members present: A. G. Koerner, J. E. Johnson, F. H. Ridder and T. Blank. Absent, C. W. Wiles.

Minutes of March 8th, and April 5th meetings were read and approved as read.

Upon motion the folowing bills were allowed:

Chas. Ax, Refund of Water Tax	$ 2.93
E. H. Schuldt, Refund of Water Tax	1.29
E. H. Schuldt, Refund of Water Tax	2.17
N. L. Palmer, Clerk Salary, 1919,	35.00
H. S. Schwarts, Road Dragging Streets	76.40
A. C. Lau, Gravel on streets	7.00
L. A. Ridder, Pumping Water for March	15.00
Hawkeye Oil Co., 55 gallons Gasoline	17.60
C. G. Waterman, Treasurer Salary, 1919	50.00

Moved and carried to adjourn.

Present day prosperity and opportunity should call for the best you have.

We expect prosperous time and excellent conditions to continue for the years to come —but—

Today—the present—is all that is ours. NOW is the time to profit from these conditions.

If we can help, call on us

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA.

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

You haven't a single need in lumber and building material that we cannot fill promptly and to your satisfaction.

Our buying facilties are now unrestricted, we are prepared to serve you fully, to save you money in many ways.

Whatever your needs in our lines it will pay you to see us.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Liberty Loan Coupons Due

Coupons of the Fourth Liberty Loan are due and payable at the First National on and after April 15th.

We will be pleased to render our customary service in cashing coupons or crediting the interest proceeds to your account.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

For Your
Sunday Dinner
Make your table attractive and the food appetizing with
Heinz Products
We have just received a new shipment of Pickles, Ketchup, Mustard, Peanut Butter and other Heinz Products.

Once Tried, Always Used

J. P. Larsen & Sons

If Its to Eat or Wear
We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at
J. N. Day's
The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

Subscribe Today at $2.00

STATE NEWS

Gleaned from many fields and summered for busy readers

A fine brick high school, to cost $80,000, will be erected at Sperry, Iowa, during the coming summer.

Queen of Pathfinders, a Duroc Jersey sow raised by Blackmore brothers, living west of Mt. Pleasant was recently sold for $10,700.

Preparations are being made in Dysart for the construction of the new sewer system, which is one of the town's big improvements for the year.

The 1920 population of Marshalltown, is 15,731 according to figures announced by the Census Bureau. This is an increase of 2357, or 17.6 per cent.

Fifty Thousand persons in Iowa filed income tax returns during the last three days of the filing period. 175,000 persons in all have made reports.

Iowa ranked fourth place in the number of high school students interested in the campaign against venereal diseases during the month of March, according to federal figures just issued.

The members of the selective draft board in Sac City occupy a unique position among the boards of the state and of the country, in that no bills for pay for their services were filed by any of the members and that expenses were held to the minimum.

Fourteen spray rings, covering 270 orchards in Benton county and representing 11,000 trees, have been formed in the county. The machines used in this work are power sprayers costing from $240 to $385. Machines and material are being ordered thru the Iowa Fruit Growers Association.

The 2 cent fare will not come back on the Iowa roads at once. Not now. Perhaps later. The 3 cent fare would undoubtedly produce greater revenue than the 2 cent fare, if there were no other ways of traveling. But if travel by auto costs less many will travel in that fashion rather than to pay 3 cents per mile on the railroad.

In speaking of the old hen we usually think of nickles and dimes, but the egg production for last year in Boone county was $700,000. Iowa's egg production in 1919 was $70,000,000. Poultry as a sideline in the farm game is worthy of attention. About the only way one can tell the average hen house today is to have it labelled. They are mostly alike.

The United States government will rent what was once the state home for inebriates at Knoxville, and turn the institution into an army recuperation hospital. The government would not obtain, either by rental or by sale, the institution dairy herd, or the 350 acres of land constituting the institution farm. The land and dairy herd would probably be retained, and put to other use for the state.

Officers of the Iowa Fleece Wool Growers Association for 1920 are as follows: President, W. W. Latta, Logan; vice president, Will Weible, Brighton; secretary treasurer, V. G. Warner, Bloomfield; sheep specialist, Tom C. Stone, Ames. Directors: R. R. Slattery, Farmington; H. H. Reed, Marengo; John Graham, Eldora; E. L. Bitterman, Mason City; Henry W. Miller, Newhall; V. G. Warner, Bloomfield; Jesse Bane, Bondurant; Arthur Leonard, Corning; Frank Ranier, Logan; H. K. Hutchinson, Ledyard.

The work in Iowa for the coming year along farm bureau lines was taken up at a recent meeting of the organization. It was left with each member of the board to make local arrangements for a farm bureau home demonstration and farm crops work in their respective vicinities. The principal work in such communities along farm crops lines will be with oats. County Agent A. G. Thurman has raised a fund from among the banks of the county to provide $7 in prizes on oats for each township in Mahaska county.

Field crop demonstrations are to be arranged for in Ringgold, Adams and Decatur counties. In Decatur county the present plans are to conduct a corn variety test. In this test 10 local strains of corn will be tried out to determine the highest yielding strain for Decatur county. Two soy bean variety tests are also to be located. In one test the following varieties of beans will be used in corn for hogging down purposes: Ito San, Manchu, Black Eyebrow, Medium Yellow and Wilson. In the other tests the same varieties will be tried out for hay and seed purposes. In Adams county the work will include a corn variety test while in Ringgold county both the corn and the soy bean work will be taken up.

Marion county farmers will plant five times the amount of soy beans in 1920 that they did in 1919. The chief difficulty has been heretofore in getting suitable seed. The seed for this years crops has been ordered thru the Farm Bureau office.

Over 90 per cent of the farmers of Prairie City vicinity have joined the new farmers' co-operative shipping and elevator company recently organized there. A new elevator will be built. Engineers were there recently locating a switch for the new enterprise.

Twenty or 25 workmen are employed at the Waverly sugar factory, fixing up and repairing the plant for work this fall. The old beet sheds have been torn away and in their place will be a huge pit into which the beets will be dumped, an electric dump doing the work. Seed to the amount of three carloads is now stored in the plant and will soon be sent out to the farmers for planting. The company now has more than 4,000 acres pledged and more is being added right along.

Nearly a quarter of a million dollars has been paid out by the officers of Black Hawk county for the care of those afflicted in mind or body, who have been sent to state institutions—the insane, the weak-minded, the blind, the deaf ,the orphaned, those upon whom the dreaded white plague has settled and those whose love for the cup grew into such a strong habit that a cure in a hospital for inebriates was deemed advisable by the court. To be exact, the officers have paid out $214,492.26 of the tax-payer's contributions, with no reimbursement by the relatives such as the law contemplates.

Iowa produced 2,647,685 less tons of coal in 1919 than it did in 1918. This because of the coal strike and a less number of men employed in coal production for 1919. The total production for 1918 was 8,219,315 tons of coal. There were 14,563 men employed in producing coal in 1918. For 1919 the coal production is listed at 5,571,630 tons with 12,886 men employed in production of that amount. There were 225 coal mines operated during 1919 in the state, while in 1918 there were 239 coal mines operated. Labor for the mines in 1918 was divided as follows: Miners and loaders, 9, 217; other underground employes, 3,790; surface employes, 1,556, making a total of 14,563. For 1919 the figures show: Miners and loaders, 8, 237; other underground employes, 3,319; surface employes 1,3330, making a total of 12,886 employes.

The idea of making Chicago a sea port is rather a stretch for the ordinary imagination. But the fight which the lake city is making to have the government provide a waterway from its wharves to tide water so that the largest ships may dock at the lower end of Lake Michigan is a business proposition in which the entire west is interested. If Chicago can win it will benefit every community which must use Chicago railroad terminals now as the outgoing agency of its commerce. Iowa is especially interested in the success of Chicago because Iowa's commercial wealth must pass thru Chicago to its ultimate destination. If the corn and wheat and other products of Iowa could be loaded into the holds of seagoing ships at Chicago docks it would relieve her the tyrrany and inefficiency of railroads between Chicago and New York.

Iowa is the headquarters of the hog, the porcine population in 1919, according to the Government statistics, numbering 19, 125,000, nearly double the number of the second state, Illinois. Iowa had also 1,322,000 sheep, 1,381,000 dairy cows, 2,861,000 other cattle that stood first in the number of horses 1, 567,000; third in the number of beef cattle and third in the number of dairy cattle. This state is also first in poultry and eggs, having, according to the 1910 census over 29,000,000 head of poultry, an average of over a dozen head for every man, woman and child in Iowa. The Dairies supply about 600,000,000 gallons of milk yearly for all purposes. Iowa occupies third place among all the states in the value of its dairy products. Prepared cereal products are also of great value. The total value of Iowa's farm property in 1910 was $3,745,861,000, the land being worth $2,801,947,000 buildings $445,460,000 implements and machinery $95,478,000; live stock $456,453,000.

The old books of the county assessor of Hazleton township, Buchanan county, tell a most interesting story of Iowa land values, and the time dates back to 1867. The footings show that in 1867 the total value of real estate in Hazleton township was $158,480.01, while today there is twice that amount in sight deposits in the two Hazleton banks and the town and township together this year pay the sum of $39,905.44 in county, school and municipal taxes alone. In 1867 about three-fourths of the land was in the possession of non-residents, while the government owned much of the remaining fourth. It was the custom in those days to give resident land owners considerably the best of it when it came to valuations and so while most of the land owned by Hazleton township farmers was listed at $4 an acre ,the bulk owned by outsiders was appraised at $6. This result gradually forced the non-resident to dispose of their land holdings and naturally hastened the development of the state. The highest valuation ever placed on any Hazleton township land at that time was $12 per acre and there was less than 80 acres so valued.

Marion county will have a sales pavilion to cost about $7500 before fair time this year, if the arrangements of the Breeders Association and the Fair Association are carried out as planned at a recent meeting of the two organizations.

Stock companies promoting the sale of stock in Iowa cannot legally issue stock for less than par value, the Iowa supreme court held in an opinion handed down in a case from Audubon county. The opinion was rendered in the case of L. E. Tramp vs. Evans Marquesson.

We have just received a

MOLINE UNIVERSAL Tractor

It solves the farm help problem!

One man controls both tractor and implement from seat of implement, and is so easy to handle a woman or boy can operate it. This tractor can be used for plowing, discing, planting, cultivating, etc. or can be used for belt work as filling silos etc.

We have also just received three carloads of Moline Rock Island and Hayes farm machinery of all kinds.

See the 9-16 Tractor on our floor which is fully equiped with self starter and electric lights.

Henry Lau & Son
Farm Implements ***Klemme, Iowa***

Fix 'em up!

Right now Mr. Farmer is the time for you to look over your machinery and see if it needs any repairs or new parts. We always have on hand a full supply of new repair for John Deere, International, Emerson, and Janesville farm implements. Fix 'em up now and don't wait until you need the machine.

Have you been in to see our line of

Endgate Seeders
Broadcast Seeders

Now is the time to buy a seeded, don't take chances on an old seeder which gives poor service.

Feed and Oil---Big Supply

W. M. BAACK

Specials ***Every Wed. and Saturday***

Cinnamon Rolls, Rye and Graham Bread every Wednesday and Saturday

XTRA Special!

While it lasts SWEET APPLE CIDER at **75c** per gal.

Always a full line of Fresh Fruits

The Crystal Cafe

The House of Whispers

By William Johnston

© BY LITTLE, BROWN, & CO.

Illustrations by Irwin Myers

A BEAUTIFUL GHOST.

Synopsis.—Spalding Nelson is occupying the apartments of his great-uncle, Rufus Gaston. The Gastons, leaving on a trip, tell him about mysterious noises and "whispers" that have scared them. He becomes acquainted with Barbara Bradford, who lives in the same big building. He instinctively dislikes and distrusts the superintendent, Wick. The mysteries in his apartments begin with the disappearance of the Gaston pearls from the wall safe. He decides not to call in the police, but to do his own investigating. It is soon evident that someone has access to his rooms. Becoming friendly with Barbara, he learns that her apartments are equally mysterious. She tells him that several years before her sister Claire, who lives with her, had made a run-away marriage with an adventurer, from whom she was soon parted, and the marriage had been annulled. Claire is engaged to be married and someone has stolen documents concerning the affair from the Bradford apartment and is attempting to blackmail the Bradfords. Nelson takes Miss Kelly, the telephone girl, to dinner with the idea of pumping her. Gorman, a hotel detective, recognizes her as the wife of Lefty Moore, a noted burglar. Nelson partly confides in the detective and arranges to meet him.

CHAPTER VI—Continued.

—8—

"You're right about that," I replied, "and say, look here. Why can't you meet me somewhere tomorrow afternoon. There are a lot of mysterious things happening in the Granddeck. Maybe you can help me in trying to clear them up."

"It's a date. I'll be in the back room of Jim Connor's place over on Third avenue at three o'clock waiting for you."

"I'll be there," I said, as I bade him good night.

"Hold on a minute," he said. "Do you know where Lefty Moore's wife lives now?"

I recalled the number she had told me to give the taxi man and repeated it to him, an address way over on East Sixty-second street near the river.

"I like to know them sort of things," he explained. "In our business you never know when you'll be needing them."

On my way home, after I left him, I congratulated myself on having made James Gorman's acquaintance. In him I had found a man with police and detective experience. The fact that he held a responsible position with a big hotel ought to be sufficient voucher for his honesty. Of course Miss Bradford must be consulted before I met Gorman the next afternoon. I could hardly tell him my own almost unbelievable experiences without bringing in the attempts to blackmail her sister. Surely Miss Bradford would not object to my plan. We were making such poor headway in solving the mystery ourselves that I was certain she would welcome Gorman's advice.

And would it not be a surprise to Barbara Bradford to learn that a criminal—or at least the wife of a criminal—was employed as a telephone girl in the apartment house? I was hoping that she would be at home and in her room when I arrived at the house so that I might signal her and tell her my great news at once.

I let myself into the apartment and without bothering to turn on the lights made my way back toward my own

As the Light Flooded the Room There Was a Suppressed Scream Followed by a Frightened Gasp.

room. As I reached the end of the hall my ears detected a scuffling noise that seemed to come from my quarters. I stopped stock-still and listened breathlessly. Unquestionably there was someone in my room.

I tiptoed softly forward. As I crept along in the darkness, making no sound, I found myself devoutly wishing for some weapon. Of course it might be Barbara, who had entered by means of the ledge to leave some message for me, but if it were not she, I felt certain that I would discover who was at the bottom of the plots against us.

I gained the door without my presence having been discovered. In the dim half-light that came from the open window I could detect a figure standing on a chair apparently feeling along the wall near the ceiling. I recalled with curiosity that it was from that spot that the whispers I had heard had seemed to come.

Inch by inch I edged noiselessly forward, my eyes on the intruder until at last my fingers found the electric light button. As the light flooded the room there was a suppressed scream, followed by a frightened gasp. The figure on the chair turned quickly and faced me. I saw that it was a woman, a badly frightened woman, with her hands clutching at her heart. Almost instantly I recognized her. It was not Barbara Bradford, but her sister, Claire. She was clad in some sort of a dark house gown thrown over her nightgown. Her slippered feet were bare of stockings, and her hair hung in a great braid down her back.

As I stared at her she sprang from the chair and made a rush for the open window. I grabbed for her and though she fought desperately I managed to hold her fast and to drag her away from the window. After a moment's futile resistance she suddenly collapsed in my arms, moaning in a tense whisper:

"Let me go, please let me go."

I placed her in a chair, and still keeping a tight hold on one of her arms, studied her, debating what to do. What desperate motive could have driven this girl to the daring journey across the narrow ledge by which she had gained access to my quarters? Was she, I wondered, once more in the power of that evil ex-husband of hers, driven by fear of him to such desperate deeds.

"Let me go," she moaned again.

"Not until you tell me what you were doing in my rooms," I answered firmly.

"I did not know there was any one here. I thought the apartment was vacant. I thought the Gastons were away"

"But why did you come?"

"I can't tell that," she moaned. "I can't! I can't!"

"You must," I repeated. "I am going to keep you here until you do tell me."

"You must not keep me here," she said. "I don't want my people to know about my having been here. You look like a gentleman. Please let me go."

"Doesn't Barbara—doesn't your sister know you are here?"

At my mention of her sister's name an expression of amazement escaped her.

"Who are you?" she asked excitedly. "How did you know who I was?"

"I am a friend of your sister," I answered. "She will tell you who I am. You must trust me. I feel I have a right to know what you are doing here. Won't you tell me?"

A strange look came into her eyes and she shook her head.

"You wouldn't understand. I was trying to trace the whispers."

"The whispers!" I cried excitedly. "You have heard them, too?"

"Often," she said. "I heard them tonight. Mother and Barbara were out to the theater. They seemed to come from near the ceiling in my sister's room. They seemed to vanish in the direction of this room. I thought there was no one here. I decided to creep along the ledge and see if I could trace them."

"And did you succeed?"

She shook her head.

"When I first came in this room I could still hear them. They seemed to be coming from up near the ceiling. I got up on a chair and put my ear to the wall to listen. Then they stopped altogether and then—you came in. May I go now—before my mother comes home?"

"On one condition," I answered, "that you tell your sister about your having been here."

"I'll tell her if you wish me to," she replied, "and now, please may I go? Could you let me out of your door? See, I brought a key to our apartment with me. I don't think I dare make that trip across the ledge tonight."

As I escorted her to the door, my mind in a whirl over the events of the evening, I suddenly remembered how important it was that I should see her sister for a long talk before I kept my appointment with Gorman.

"Tell your sister," I said to Claire Bradford as she departed, "that it is imperative that she meet me at luncheon tomorrow. I have news of the utmost importance—news that concerns all of us. Tell her to meet me at the Astor at one. She must come."

"I'll tell her," she replied.

CHAPTER VII.

It was the next evening that I made my astounding discovery, when pure chance led me plump into what both Barbara Bradford and I recognized at once as our first real clue to the mysteries surrounding us.

My find came unexpectedly at the end of an exciting day. As may be imagined I slept little in the hours following my unexpected meeting with Claire Bradford in my rooms, coming as it did right on top of Detective Gorman's revelations as to the identity of the telephone girl. Coupled with these circumstances was the fact that if my hopes were realized, Barbara would be within a very few hours lunching with me for the first time.

I just had to see her before I met Gorman. The tale I was to unfold to him was so improbable, so almost unbelievable, that I wanted to go over it with her step by step, in order to be able to convince the detective that it was the absolute truth.

I could not help but realize how preposterous it would sound in the telling. Mr. Gorman could hardly be blamed for believing that my mind had been inflamed by witnessing too many movie thrillers. Yet I had proof. There were the entries in my great-uncle's diary that I could show. I had the anonymous notes. My story of the strange whispers, if need be, could be confirmed by the old laundress, by Barbara Bradford, yes, and by Claire, too. That is, if the reason Claire had given to account for her presence in my room was the true one. It sounded logical, and yet I did not place the confidence in her that I did in Barbara.

But what I relied on most of all to convince Gorman of the truth of my preposterous tale was his own knowl-

"She Shouldn't Have Gone to Your Room. That's Just Like Her, Though."

edge of who the telephone girl was. Just when I had reached the deduction that the band plotting against us must have a coadjutor in the building, he had come forward with the knowledge that pointed toward the person most apt to be involved.

I was pondering it all over in my mind as I left the house to meet Barbara. I was out on the street and just turning the corner when I remembered that I had spent most of the money in my pocket the night before. Retracing my steps, I returned to my apartment and took some bills from their hiding-place in the bookcase. As I emerged into the street again, I became aware that across the street was a man whose appearance seemed vaguely familiar. As I once more turned the corner, walking briskly, I glanced back for a second look at him and was surpised to see him coming in my direction.

Then all at once my subconscious mind came to my rescue. I realized when it was that I had seen him before and what made his appearance so familiar. As I left the house not ten minutes ago that very same man had been standing across the street. As I had turned back at the corner he had been coming in my direction just as he was now.

He must be following me, trailing me, shadowing me. I determined to test out my theory. At the next corner I turned sharply, glancing quickly back as I did so. He was still following me, though on the other side of the street and perhaps half a block away. I went a few steps out of sight and then stopped as if to look in a shop window. He came hurrying around the corner an instant later, slowing down as soon as he spotted me again and walked on slowly past me as if not noticing me. I waited until he was some distance beyond and retracing my steps quickly to the avenue again stopped in the shelter of a building to light a cigar, purposely wasting a number of matches. In hardly ten seconds he was back, covertly watching me from the other side of the street.

There was no question about it. He was trailing me. But who could be having me shadowed? Certainly he was not in the employ of the Bradfords or of Detective Gorman. Either he must be one of the band of plotters, or—I hated to voice my suspicion, but somehow the thought of my great-uncle Rufus kept obtruding itself. It would be just like the suspicious old miser, if it was he who had planned all this deviment, to put me in a position of trust and then to have me watched night and day.

Whoever it was that inspired this pursuit, I determined to lead my shadow a merry chase. Jumping into a taxi I bade the driver take me to a department store. Looking back I saw the shadow hastily entering another cab. Arrived at my destination I thrust fare and tip into the driver's hand and hurrying inside managed to catch an elevator just ascending. One flight up I got out and redescended to the main floor by a staircase at the rear, emerging thence on to a side street. A second taxi took me to the Twenty-eighth street subway station, and there, with no sign of my pursuer, I took a train to Times square and went to the Astor to meet Barbara Bradford, arriving on the dot of one. She was there awaiting me and we quickly found a secluded table in one of the less conspicuous rooms.

"I've told Claire everything," she said as soon as we were seated. "I hope you're not angry with me."

"Of course not. You had to tell her. I am sorry to have frightened her."

"She shouldn't have gone to your room. That's just like her, though. She always acts on the spur of the moment. She's awfully worried, too, poor girl."

"We can save her," I said.

"Why," she asked quickly, "what have you learned?"

"I was convinced that they must have someone in the house aiding them. I've found out who it is. It's the telephone girl—Nellie Kelly is the name she goes by."

"I can't believe it," cried the girl, shocked at my statement. "She's only a girl like myself. I have talked to her lots of times. I'm certain there's nothing wicked or wrong about her."

"I'm afraid there is," I explained. "I took her out to dinner last night, to the White Room. The house detective, while she was off telephoning, practically ordered me out of the place because I was with her. She's notorious. Her husband is Lefty Moore, a well-known burglar. He's in Sing Sing now. Detective Gorman arrested him. He ought to know."

"Oh, the poor girl," exclaimed Miss Bradford, tears welling up in her eyes. "I'm so sorry for her."

"But think of your sister. Think what they are trying to do with Miss Kelly's aid."

"But how do you know she's aiding them?"

"I don't know it. But I do know that nobody could pull off all the things that have been happening in the Granddeck without some one there helping them. We've found someone used to helping criminals—a criminal's wife. Isn't that enough? All we need to do now is to watch her closely and fasten the thing on her."

"How are you going to do that?"

"That's why I insisted on your coming here today. I am to meet Detective Gorman at three. I feel that he could aid us, and I think we ought to tell him everything."

"Tell the police!" Her face grew white at the thought. "Wouldn't that mean a scandal—the newspapers and all that sort of thing?"

I shook my head decisively.

"Gorman's not with the police now. He is employed as a hotel detective. But he is just the man we need to help us. He knows all about criminals and how to track them. With his aid we can quickly clear the whole thing up."

"Will you have to tell him everything—about Claire's marriage?"

"We've either got to tell him everything or nothing."

"Oh, how I wish we did not have to. The more people there are who know about things the more likely they are to become public."

"Yet you trusted me with your sister's secret."

She gave me a quick glance of confidence.

"You're different."

"I'm afraid most people would not agree with you. They would regard me as a worthless, discredited young fellow out of a job."

"But it's not your fault."

"The point is," I went on, "that we have reached a place where we need expert advice. Gorman has fortuitously turned up to give it. The only way is to tell him everything."

For a moment she debated the matter silently, her pretty forehead puckered in thought.

"Yes," she said at last, "I suppose it is the only way. But won't he want a lot of money for his services?"

"I'll attend to that," I answered. "I'll make my great-uncle reward him handsomely for recovering the Gaston jewels."

"If he does."

"He must. We've got to get them back."

From her hand-bag she produced the anonymous letters she had received and handed them to me.

"Will you want to show the detective these?"

"Yes, I think I had better. The whole tale sounds so preposterous that I need every bit of corroborative evidence we can muster."

For half an hour we lingered over the table, discussing all the aspects of the case. Eventually I think I persuaded Miss Bradford that the evidence pointed most damningly to the telephone girl as one of the conspirators or at least one of their aides. She was eager to know what plan of action Gorman would advise and as we parted we arranged to be at our adjoining windows at ten that evening in order that we might have another chat.

I found Gorman waiting for me at the place he had mentioned.

"I told you that girl was a bad one," was his greeting.

"What do you mean?" I cried. "What have you learned about her?"

"Nothing except that the address she gave you last night was phony. The number she gave is the hospital grounds"—he pronounced it "horspital."

"Where does she live, then?"

"She's keeping that under cover. She shook the taxi at Fifty-ninth and Third."

Detective Gorman to the rescue.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

More fish are eaten by the Japanese than by any other nation.

WRIGLEY'S

The Flavor Lasts!

Always the best buy for the price

5¢

The greatest five-cents worth of beneficial refreshment possible to get.

Sealed Tight—Kept Right

The Flavor Lasts

Imaginary Junk.

"That was a narrow escape you had."

"So it was," replied the corpulent pedestrian, who had just dodged a motorcar by a surprising display of agility. "Still, I'm used to such experiences. If all the motorcars I've mentally demolished for making me jump were put on one pile it would be higher than the tallest structure ever raised by human hands."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Well Named.

Wheedle—I say, Jack, what is the name of the club you've joined?

Guiffer—The "Office."

Wheedle—Isn't that rather an odd name?

Guiffer—Not at all; you can tell the wife that you were detained at the "office" without any pricking of conscience.

The public's knowledge of many a theatrical star is due to patent medicine advertisements.

16799 DIED

in New York City alone from kidney trouble last year. Don't allow yourself to become a victim by neglecting pains and aches. Guard against this trouble by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid trouble. Holland's national remedy since 1696. All druggists, three sizes. Guaranteed. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

U. S. Army Overalls and Khaki Breeches, 95c per Pair

or $60 per 100. Army drab wool shirts $1.95 ea. or $16.50 doz. Russet shoes, worth $10, $3.95 pr. Hob nailed shoes, $2.95. These goods all used by army, but are clean and serviceable. We carry complete line of tents, stoves, refrigerators and all other army goods. Write for complete list. Send money with order; if not pleased we will gladly refund money. ARMY SALVAGE WAREHOUSE COMPANY, Greenville, S. C.

PEACE RIVER, the finest ranching district in Western Canada; splendid water, abundance of hay, seventy-five thousand acres open for operating ranch across river from this property; $8.50 per acre, good terms. Federal Securities, 615 Tegler Blk., Edmonton, Can.

WANTED—PARTY WITH $500 TO $1,000 to manage auto accessory store. Wonderful sales plan; sell tires guaranteed 6,000 miles; 6 months' time. Our dealers make their own adjustments. We arrange to finance you to the extent of several thousand dollars. We are establishing stores everywhere. No town too small or city too large. Write for full plan. FOX RUBBER COMPANY, 1412 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

RHEUMATISM?

TRY

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)

Write for Information

Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co., Post Office Box 4 Jordan, Minn.

Catarrh is a Real Enemy and Requires Vigorous Treatment

Do Not Neglect It.

When you use sprays, atomizers and douches for your Catarrh, you may succeed in unstopping the choked-up air passages for the time being, but this annoying condition returns, and you have to do the same thing over and over again.

Catarrh has never yet been cured by these local applications. Have you ever experienced any real benefit from such treatment?

Throw these makeshift remedies to the winds, and get on the right treatment. Get a bottle of S. S. S. and begin a treatment that has been praised by sufferers for half a century.

S. S. S. gets right at the source of Catarrh, and forces from the blood the germs which cause the disease. Special medical advice regarding your own case free. Address Medical Director, 106 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

NKFUL HE DIDN'T STOP

Such a "Break" There Was Only One Bright Spot Left in Drummer's Memory.

many years I had been calling good customer of mine in a small in Iowa. In charge of the milli- department was a scrawny, "lady-in-waiting," who had me cause for considerable an- ce by her spinsterly propensi-

e I made that town after a pro- d absence, and missing this wom- breezily inquired of the proprie- hat become of her.

e went off and got married," re- the proprietor.

t married!" I exclaimed. "Who- would marry her?"

id," was the quiet reply.

llowed no grass to grow under my but quickly packed my grip and ted, never to return to that store Only one bright memory re- with me now—I never stopped ologize.—Exchange.

G THE BEST HE COULD

ion as to What Joe Was Crying "About" Was Settled in Short Order.

ave a small brother, writes a 's Companion subscriber, who is years old. On one occasion he walking slowly and quietly up mother and turned a very wan, ed little face up to her. She him in a sympathetic voice:

hat is the matter, Joe? You sick, are you?"

o, ma'am."

ell, what is the matter?"

othin', only I just feel so pitiful!"

now his feelings were so "worked hat he began to cry.

ell, is that what makes you cry sily?"

o, ma'am, that's what makes me o hard!"

ow, Joseph, what is mamma's boy g so hard about?"

m cryin' 'bout as hard as I can."

d he proceeded to do so.

Natural Mistake.

the man and the maid strolled gh the picture gallery, the lady ed before one exhibit.

h, how sweet!" she breathed.

wonder what it means?" ques- d the young fellow as he eyed the red pair who clung together in ttitude of love and longing.

h, Charlie, don't you see?" the chided tenderly. "He has just her to marry him, and she has nted. It's lovely! What does the call the picture?"

e young man leaned nearer and a little label on the frame.

see!" he cried. "It's printed on card here—'sold!'"—London An-

Music on Post.

negro rookie was on sentry duty an officer approached, and the challenged him in a languid

hat's no way to challenge," said fficer. "Sing out when you halt an. Put some music into your . Now, I'll approach again, and ow you do it."

en the officer got within 30 feet, egro, keeping time with his feet, out: "Boom, tiddy-boom-boom! Who's there? How's that for , boss?"—Detroit Free Press.

Cautiously Stated.

American officers who came to courts at Cannes to compete for my tennis championship were re- d on their arrival to report to el Johnson, the organizer. When competitor came in, Colonel John- according to American Lawn Ten- ooked up and said:

re you a tennis player?"

lieutenant looked a little bash- nd replied:

ell, I think I am—at least, I have s to prove it."

Genteel Environment.

hat's Eloise doing now?"

elfare work in prison."

s too bad for a refined girl like o come in contact with hardened nals."

, she merely visits the 'bankers' y.' It's really a high-class club, now, whose members have moved od society and expect to do so as soon as their period of se- n is over."—Birmingham Age- d.

FRICK'S SECRET OF SUCCESS

Entire Devotion to Business, Coupled With Tireless Search for Offered Opportunities.

Shortly before Mr. Frick's death he was asked what was his secret for success.

"The secret of my success?" he repeated. "There is no secret about success. Success simply calls for hard work, devotion to your business at all times, day and night. I was very poor and my education was limited, but I worked very hard and always sought opportunities. To win in the battle of life a man needs, in addition to whatever ability he possesses, courage, tenacity and deliberation. He must learn never to lose his head. But, above all, hard work is the thing. For six years —from 1889 to 1895—when I first took hold of the Carnegie steel business, I did not have a day's vacation. I reached the office every morning between seven and eight and did not leave until six. My example had an influence upon the others. Carnegie often remarked to me: 'You do get work out of those fellows.' They worked because they saw that I, then the chairman of the company, worked."—Forbes Magazine.

ONLY ONE HOPE REMAINED

Under the Circumstances, Little Fellow's Suggestion Called for Immediate Adoption.

Members of a boy scout troop were having a knot-tying contest. The boys in each team had a short piece of rope and when the signal was given they had to tie these together, pass on to the leader, who then threw the finished rope out to a boy at a distance, who was to represent a drowning boy.

The signal was given, the boys on both sides hurriedly tied their knots and passed the finished rope to their leaders. Leader of Team 1 had thrown his rope and helped haul in his suffering brother, but leader of Team 2 was not so fortunate. He threw his rope time and again and each time missed his goal.

Then a little fellow far down toward the other end of the team heaved a prodigious sigh.

"No use to throw that rope again," he called out. "He's gone down now for the third time. Better get the pulmotor."

Rash Statement.

At the workingmen's institute there rose a fierce discussion as to whether women should be given a chance of filling the high appointments.

"'Twouldn't do!" said a youthful and newly married firebrand. "Just think of a woman as a secretary of the treasury. What do they know about finance, anyway?"

His effective pause was spoiled by an older man, who said, solemnly:

"You just go home to the missus next Friday night $5 short in your pay, and you'll soon find out!"—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Social Duties Neglected.

A little girl had been taken to church for the first time, and she was somewhat surprised by the general style of the building, which was quite unlike anything she had previously seen.

"Whose house is this?" she asked.

"It is God's house," her mother answered. The child took another critical view of the building.

"It is a very nice house," she finally soliloquized. "We have never called here before."—Boston Transcript.

He Wasn't So Much.

Giles' grandmother, with whom he lived, was ill and the little fellow was left uncared for except for his own childish efforts. One day he came home very dirty and shabby in appearance and with his stockings down.

His grandmother bewailed the fact that she was unable to take proper care of him.

"Gee, grandmother," said Giles, "you don't know the world. You ought to see the other guys."

Distinguished Family.

The Rodriguez family from Porto Rico, according to the files of the bureau of war risk insurance, sent 894 men into the American forces and among this number, which was almost large enough for a battalion, there were but seven first named as follows: Domingo, Francisco, Jose, Juan, Romos, Tomas and Antonio. The serial number of each man was in the 600,000 class.

GIVE THE FARM LOAN SYSTEM FAIR CHANCE

Dean Coulter of West Virginia Agricultural College Opposes Changes in Farm Loan Act.

FARM MORTGAGE BONDS SAFE

Experience of Germany With Joint Stock Land Banks Bonds Is Reassuring to American Investing Public.

"Give the farm loan system, in its present form, a chance. I worked for it for years before it was enacted. It has not had a chance to fully develop on account of the short time it has been in operation and on account of war conditions. Leave the system alone long enough for it to prove its worth."

This was the appeal made by John L. Coulter, dean of the West Virginia Agricultural college, to the United States senate committee on banking and currency.

There was pending a bill, commonly known as the Smoot bill, which, if passed, would make farm mortgage bonds subject to the income tax. This tax on the bonds would result in an increase in the interest rate on farm loans and also would drive the joint stock land banks out of business.

Wants Both Types of Banks.

Dean Coulter believes there is a distinct service for the joint stock land banks to perform and a distinct service for the federal land banks to perform. He believes that the bonds of both banks should be exempt from

John Lee Coulter.

taxation. In a letter to the senate committee he said:

"It will be a grievous blunder to repeal the tax-exemption clause as applied to either the joint stock or the federal land banks and it would be a serious blow to the system to drive either type of these land banks out of business. The two types of banks are demanded by the investing public and are demanded also by the borrowing public.

"When the original act was passing through its various stages in congress, we fully investigated the viewpoint of the investors. We found that many who are interested in farm mortgages or loans on farm lands said: 'We would prefer the bonds of the federal land banks because they would represent the joint or co-operative liabilities of scores of small farmers, and they are, after all, the backbone of the nation. When they fail we are all lost.' We found about an equal number who insisted: 'We want bonds issued by joint stock banks with double liabilities, with limited right to issue bonds (only 15 times their stock compared with 20 times for the other) and with bonds based upon farms of individual, large-scale farmers where brain supervises brawn.'

Farm Bonds Safe Investment.

"It was clear to us that there were two classes of farmers to serve, those who wanted to form associations, and those who wanted to 'go it alone.'

"The two classes of farmers and the two classes of investors and, therefore, two sources of funds for the development of agriculture, all looked toward more food for our great urban centers, which, if it would not mean lower prices, would at least mean that prices would not go so high as otherwise would be the case.

"You may be interested as to the situation in foreign countries during the war. Even in Germany during the war, the two types of banks (the joint stock and the co-operative banks) continued to thrive side by side. I am told that the bonds of the stock banks sold better than government bonds, while the co-operative land banks (landschaften) bought large blocks of government bonds. In other words, governments may come and go, may rise and fall and change form, and government securities may be accepted by the new government or may be disclaimed, but bonds based upon farm mortgages are as good as the land itself, which is as enduring as the world and more permanent than life itself."

HAD ALMOST HUMAN SENSE

Cat Whose Decease Is Mourned Said to Have Been Marvel of Feline Intelligence.

Ginger is dead.

Ginger was only a cat—a fine, big Persian cat—but it was worth one's while to have known him. He did some things that even human beings too often neglect to do—he said his prayers every night and he never stayed out late nor disturbed the neighborhood by singing "We won't go home till morning!" He was a respectable cat, and if there is a cat heaven Ginger went straight to it.

Ginger made his home for nine years with Dr. John A. and Josephine Carten Price in Denver, Colo., and when he died a few days ago he was buried with all the rites and ceremonies usually given a human being—coffin, shroud, tears, tombstone and all.

Ginger could sing, talk, wink, say his prayers and hold a conversation over the telephone. His wonderful intellect was almost human and he was known to scientists and students in psychology all over the country. His articulation on human words was marvelous.

Such words as "daddy," "mamma," "cowboy ranger," "I love you," and many others were pie for Ginger. One of the most wonderful traits of Ginger was his delight in "talking over the telephone" to his human friends, and he would listen to the mysterious voice that came back to him with marked attention. If the telephone bell would ring he would run to his masters and call out "r-i-n-g, r-i-n-g-g!"

With his paws upon his little bed Ginger would kneel every night and literally "say his prayers." A wonderful cat was Ginger, and when he died it was almost like taking a baby from the Price home. I knew Ginger for six years, and that this article may not be taken for a joke, I vouch for its truthfulness.—A. U. Mayfield, in National Humane Review.

Ha-Ha-Ha!

At the foot of a steep hill stood a signboard on which the following notice was painted:

"Danger—Bicyclists and autoists are hereby notified that this hill is dangerous and they are cautioned to come down slowly."

Appended to this were the equally funny lines.

"Any person not able to read the above will have it read for them if they call on the blacksmith who lives around the corner."

A Scotsman saw this notice and explained to his friends that the point of the joke was that the blacksmith might not be at home.—Boys' Life.

Query From Sir James.

Here is a story with a moral for telephone users. Hon. James Duff of Canada was in the habit of shouting into the receiver, and one day Sir James Whitney, who was in his office nearby, asked what all the racket was about.

"It is Mr. Duff, sir," replied the clerk. "He is talking with his wife up in Simcoe county."

"He is, eh?" said Sir James. "Well, why on earth doesn't he telephone her, instead of yelling across the province like that?"—Boston Transcript.

Names Almost Identical.

Attention has been called to the fact that in Tamil, the language of Ceylon, the names for apes, ivory and peacocks are almost identical with the Hebrew.

Worth While.

Try to live up to the best thoughts that come to you in your best moods. —James B. Angell.

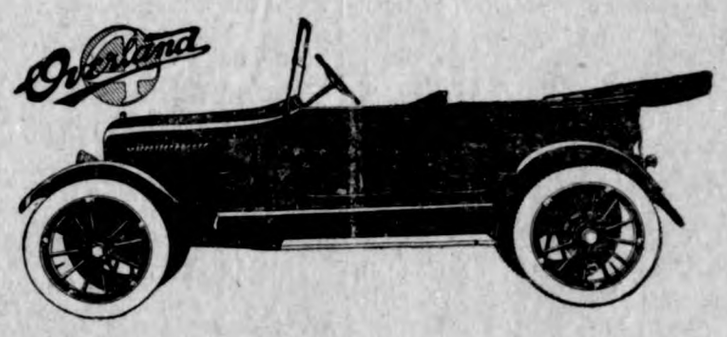
Overland

TRADE MARK REG.

YOU TELL 'EM

We'll get back from Toledo with that train of 120 Overland Fours or bust.

Didn't have time to write an ad this week as I am at Toledo bringing baok some Overlands, freights too slow for us, watch our dust as we drive four Overlands into Klemme in a day or two after an 800 mile hike from Toledo, Ohio.



THAT'S US!

C. W. Wiles

The

Westinghouse

Electric Range

is the ideal range for cooking quickly and econnmically. No Soot, no dirt, no ashes.

See me for particulars.

Eletric Wiring

I do house wiring and install fixtures.

See Me

C. C. Tessier

Garner, Iowa

Cravenettes and Raincoats

THE SPRING SEASON calls for something just a little different in an outer garment. You want protection against rain as well as cold during this uncertain period. We suggest a good Raincoat or Cravenette which answers a double purpose—that of keeping you warm as well as dry.

You do not have to necessarily buy the staple regular garment that is shown, as this part of the clothing business calls for stylish, snappy up-to-date models and good models.

We carry the conservative to the extreme models and invite your attention to this department in our store.

Prices $5.00 to $27.50

We have a display of the above in our window.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES GARNER, IOWA

-:- LOCAL NEWS THAT MAY INTEREST YOU -:-

Miss Sarah Theiman was a passenger to Garner Saturday morning.

H. L. Suckow transacted business in Garner Saturday.

C. Grell from Garner was an over Sunday visitor with Klemme friends.

Mrs. Waltr Schultz and child spent Monday at Garner.

Mrs. C. M. Gram was a visitor at Garner Tuesday between trains.

Eliza Cashman of Goodell was here Tuesday between trains.

Mrs. F. M. Tiernan, of Belmond, was shopping in Klemme last Friday.

Mrs. Wm. Werner, of Garner, was a Klemme visitor last Friday.

Miss Alma Schmidt, of Garner, was a Klemme visitor last Friday.

Harry Brooks and son Cyrus, went to Buffalo Center Monday on business

The council had a regular meeting Monday night.

R. B. Irwing and family autoed to Mason City last Friday.

Garner gave their first band concert this neck of the woods.

Looks as tho Spring has finally hit Tuesday night of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Clark, of Goodell, were Klemme shoppers Tuesday.

Mrs. E. J. Schneider, of Goodell, was a Klemme shopper Tuesday.

Miss Clella McCullough of Garner, was a Klemme visitor Saturday.

Mrs. Geo. Ahrenkiel, of Goodell, spent several days the past week visiting at the H. L. Suckow home.

The streets of Klemme were thoroughly dragged the fore part of the week and are now in excellent condition.

Mrs. Grell returned to Garner Tuesday afte a short visit with her daughter, Mrs. Emil Lau.

Mrs. Anna Fuller and Mrs. R. W. Elder were passengers to Garner on Monday morning.

Miss Brnice Gimer left Saturday noon for a week's visit with relatives and frinds at Abbott, Iowa.

Ralph Blank and family of Dows, spent Sunday here with the Tom Blank family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Swalve were Garner visitors Monday between trains.

Rev. Ortmeyer and wife of Forest City, visited at the Henry Greiwe home last week on Monday.

Clarence Wiles returned Saturday morning from Morris, Minn., where he has land interests.

Mr. Henry Church of Garner was in Klemme on business Saturday between trains.

The electric lights were on the "blink" here Saturday night. They looked real sad.

Miss Edna Smith is visiting friends in the country near Clear Lake this week.

Misses Bernice and May Suckow came from Unionville Tuesday, to spend the summer here.

Mrs. John Greiwe and daughter of Garner, were Klemme callers Tuesday.

Miss Minnie Bloomer of Jewel, Iowa, is here visiting with her sister, Mrs. John Lemke.

Mrs. Fred Ridder and daughters Neota and Mrs. Sam Harvey, spent Monday at Belmond.

Mrs. Al Hubbard and three children left Saturday for Minnesota to join Mr. Hubbard there. They will farm there this coming year.

Mrs. Paul Greisemer and Mrs. John Gruetzmacher were visiting at Garne Monday between trains.

Mrs. George Clemann, who has been visiting her folks at Gladbrook, Iowa, returned to Klemme Saturday.

Mrs. Schultz came over from Garner last Thursday and remained until Saturday visiting at the home of her son, Walter, and family.

Mrs. Chris Gram returned Saturday morning from Goodell, where she spent a few days visiting with her parents.

Miss Charlotte Miller returned from Minnesota last Wednesday, where she has been the past two months studying dress making.

Harold Livermore and Ruby Counts autoed over from Garner Monday evening for a visit with Ye Editor and wife.

"Tony" Ahrenkiel, wife and child, autoed to Klemme Sunday from Goodell to spend the day at the Tom Blank home.

This vicinity was visited by a steady Spring rain Saturday night, which turned into snow early Sunday morning.

Miss Geraldine Smid will go to Mason City in a few days where she will help Mrs. Tice for a few weeks with her housework.

Dr. C. B. Tice and family spent several days at the Arnold homes the past few days. They were here to attend the funeral of Mrs. Mary Arnold.

The Royal Neighbors held their lodge meeting at the home of Mrs. Kirkwood last Friday evening. Refreshments were served.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Barr returned lats Wednesday from Madison, Iowa, where htey went to visit Mr. Barr's father who is in the hospital recovering from his injuries received in a motor car wreck.

August Baack improved his house west of the State Savings Bank last week by putting on a new shingle roof.

Kanawha, our neighbor to the southwest has a population this year of 660, which is an increase of 144 over the 1915 census.

Bennie Hull, who accidentally shot himself with a ifle at Garner about two weeks ago, is rapidly recovering from the injury.

Dr. Thomas is having a rush of veterinary work the past week or two and has been on the go almost continually night and day.

Miss Laura Brooks, of Clear Lake, stopped in Klemme Monday on her way to Belmond. She is a sister of Mrs. Smith.

Work is progressing rapidly on the Reuber & Zinn building. The foundation is now put up. Bobby Henschen and Art Kuck are the birds who are laying the brick and blocks.

Mrs. Anna Fuller will soon move into her new house in south Klemme. Ray White and family, who now reside in the Kerschner house will move into Mrs. Fuller's house.

Miss Harris, who is attending school at Fort Dodge, spent the week end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harris, who reside on a farm northeast of Klemme.

E. C. Crotty, the leader of the Klemme band, is to be complimented on the way he is getting the boys to play their instruments. The band is doing well under his instruction.

Wm. Smith has rented the Mrs. Kircshner residence and will move into it until he gets his new house built. "Bill" formerly resided on "Frog-Slip Avenue" as he calls it. We understand Walter Schultz will move into the house as soon as Mr. Smith vacates it.

Mr. and Mrs. Olson, of Kanawha, were visiting in Klemme last Friday.

The supper which was given by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church at the hotel last Friday evening was well attended and quite a sum was cleared by the ladies.

Quite a number of our young people went to Garner last Friday evening to attend the American Legion Dance. They report that there was a large crowd and all had a good time.

Dows are right up to snuff. They have purchased an electric fire alarm siren. It's a good improvement and Klemme should be in line for a like alarm as cow bells for fire alarms are a thing of the past.

Mrs. Wessel, of Burt, Iowa, came last Thursday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Arnold. While here she visited with the Arnold families until Saturday morning when she returned home.

Belmond is planning to have a big Fourth of July celebration this year. Now would be a good time to talk over plans for having a celebration in Klemme this year, as none has been held now for a few years.

Mrs. G. W. Boever came from Algona last Wednesday evening to attend the funeral of Mrs. Mary Arnold. While here she visited with her aunt, Mrs. Fred Arnold and her sister Mrs. Fred Chase at Goodell, eturning to Algona Saturday.

Some of the local Masons went to Garner Tuesday night to see work in the second degree.

Miss Edna Katter an dniece from Garner, were here Tuesday between trains visiting at the Chris Blumer home.

Wm. Smith is the boss at the J. N. Day store during the absence of John Mr. Smith is quite handy counting eggs, selling "snoose" and talking to the ladies. He makes Emma do the sweeping and Mable the dusting as he sits on a soap box directing the proceedings while spitting at a hole in the stove door.

Klemme Dray Lin
Phone 14
A share of your patronage is so ed. All work attended to pro and carefully. We haul coal o
Lloyd Lau, Prop

M. O. Hocu
The Grain, Coal and L Stock Man
Will buy Grain and Hogs six da the week, I pay highest market p

DR. R. M. THOMA
Veterinarian
All Calls are answered prompt
Phone me at
Klemme - Io

The City Day Lin
—Is prepared to do your ha carefully and promptly. We S your patronage. Charges reaso
Sam Harvey, Prop
☞Coal Hauling Done

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live St
A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, I

Mr. E. P. Schaefer, of Hebro who came last Tuesday evening short visit with his sister, Mrs Gruetzmacher, went to Garn following morning. He was a panied by Mrs. Gruetzmacher Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Greisemer spent the day with him at Gar

To Our Friends and Customers!

We thank you for your business for the past year.

Business Is Good!

We have delivered FORTY ONE NEW FORDS since the first of August, and still have a a nice bunch of orders on hand, with new orders coming in regular.

Firestone and Goodrich Tires

Have on hand $3,000 worth of Fabric and Cord Tires; we bought there before the raise in price, most of these came in in February. The price advanced on an average of 20 per cent.

LISTEN for the next thirty days we will sell tires at the old price. after that we will take the raise, if you need tires try and get in some time this month, we have all sizes.

FORDSON TRACTORS

We have orders for THREE CARLOADS OF TRACTORS, have several sold now for Fall delivery.

If you are planing on buying a **FORDSON** let us have your order early so we will be sure to have it on hand when you are ready for it.

Carload of Tractor and Auto Oil Coming--See us about oil before you buy, can save you 12½c per gallon!

We are carrying $4,000 worth of repair parts for FORD CARS and FORD TRACTORS, can give you service. We sell FORDS only and carry parts to repair them---therefore we can give you SERVICE.

KLEMME AUTO Co.

ED. G. ELL, MGR.

KLEMME, IOWA

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 33 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, April 22 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Facts About Sewerage

SOME REASONS WHY KLEMME NEEDS A SEWER SYSTEM

The biggest question in the history of Klemme is now being discussed by the people in Klemme and as the council is now looking up the cost of installing a sewerage system the Times believes the following will prove of interest to all—

By proceedng with the plan now this council can get the work done before their term of office expires thus avoiding the possibility of a change in administration during the construction.

There seem to be no good reasons to xpect that either engineering or construction costs will decrease within the near future, but there are good reasons to anticipate future advance. No town in the past has profited by waiting, but in each case has lost money and the use of the improvement.

Public improvements, such as sewers and pavements increase the property values and make the properties more saleable. This may actually have the effect of reducing the rate of taxation.

Public improvements advertise a town throughout the state.

Sewers make a community more healthy and sightly by abating the fly and rat nuisance, by doing away with slops and garbage on the back yards and in the streets and alley gutters, stopping the polution of the ground about private wells.

Health statistics where kept usually show a large decrease in the number of cases of dysentery after the installation of sewers and waterworks due to the lessening of the above conditions.

Sewers make your town more desirable to live in and thereby hold citizens within your city, that otherwise would move to places that are modern.

Sewers add permanently to the work available to the laboring class and make and draw other forms of business.

It is more economical and sanitary and convenient for new buildings to connect to sewers than it is to construct cess pools. Therefore the sooner the sewers are constructed the less money wasted in the construction of the cess pools.

Sewers should be constructed before the streets are paved, otherwise when the sewers are ultimately constructed, the pavement must be seriously damaged.

Have you ever known any Iowa city or town with a sewer system, where the citizens as a class were willing to take back the money the system cost and abandon it?

BAND BOYS HAVE NEW DRUM

The big bass drum for the Klemme band has come at last after a couple of months of patient waiting. This completes the necessary equipment for the band and they can now go ahead full steam and be ready for the first concert which will be on Decoration Day. As the band is one of the largest in the state it was necessary to have a large drum and the one the band now has is in a class by itself—it would look big beside an elephant and sure is a peach. We believe Bobby Carr would make a good drummer for this instrument as he could carry it around on top of that bay front he sports.

Clarence Arnold is listed among those on the sick list this week.

Dr. Tice and family and Miss Geraldine Smid autoed over from Mason City Tuesday. They found the roads to be in a bad condition and were on the way several hours, getting stuck in the mud several times.

Bert Mathews and John Opsal sallid forth in Bert's flivver for Garner and Mason City Sunday. We notice that these young men make this journey quite frequently and we ask our readers, what attracts these young men away from Klemme?

OVERLAND DRIVERS RETURN FROM TOLEDO

About five o'clock Supnday afternoon, C. W. Wiles, John Day, Howard Doyle and W. F. Pavey pulled into Klemme after their eight hundred mile drive from Toledo with four new Ovrland cars for Mr. Wiles.

The men eport a very interesting trip. They spent several days at Toledo, where they went thru the Overland factory and saw how the cars were made and assembled. They reported that traffic in the eastern cities was very congested and that it took them several hours to go thru a large city. They also saw several accidents in the cities as there were thousands of cars of all makes being driven to different states, all makes of cars were being delivered in this way. They also experienced all kinds of roads. Th roads in the east were in bad shape due to the heavy traffic over them continuously and even the hard pave roads were rough and chucky due to the heavy travel. They found the best roads in Iowa and were glad when they hit them, as it was quite a relief. In some places they drove over planked roads, the idea being to prevent the cars from sinking into the mud. Another compliment for Iowa is that they found the Iowa highways to be well and plainly marked and were easy to follow. Considering the distance and the bad roads they went over the men made very good time as they left Toledo Wednesday and reached here Sunday afternoon. The four men and Dick Baman of Garner who also was with them all had a splendid time, from the time they left Fort Dodge on the special train with over a hundred Overland drivers until the time they were home again.

MARRIED

Wedding bells have not been ringing very loudly of late and we thought perhaps that many couples were awaiting the arrival of June, as that is the month of weddings, but not so with Harry Ruka and Miss Ruby Okrueg of Goodell, as they were married at the U. B. church at that place yesterday by Rev. Miller. These young people are well known in Klemme and their many friends extend congratulations. We understand they will go to housekeeping on a farm near Goodell.

IDLE HOUR THEATRE

For Saturday, April the 24th, a very good six reel feature is offered on the program:—

Piscilla Dean in
SILK LINED BURGLAR
Six Reels

In addition to the above one reel of good comic will be shown Saturday night, April 24th.

"BOBBIE" GETS THE PRIZE

The man who was here last week showing local pictures at the Idle Hour conducted a contest along with the show to stir up a little interest and exciement. The most popular gentleman, lady and baby were to receive a prize. When the smoke of battle had cleared away and the votes counted, "Bobbie Carr," who is sometimes known as John Henschen, was awarded a fine jack-knife for being the most handsome looker in town or whatever it was he was supposed to be, anyway it cost "Bob" a box of cigars to settle the dispute with the fellows. Mrs. Kate Nissen received a fine aluminum percolator as her prize and little Novella Bredbenner was proclaimed the most popular baby in the city and as a token of the honor she held was presented a gold ring.

THIS IS CLEAN-UP WEEK

This is Clean-Up Week for Klemme and all property owners are requested to co-operate in the movement by cleaning up thir yards and having rubbish and ashes hauled to the dump. Everybody likes to have Klemme look spick and span but it cannot look that way unless every individual will do his part in cleaning up his own premises. Get out the old rake and go to it.

LOST, PLEASE RETURN

A very valuable chunk of coal, weighing several ounces, disappeared from our office the other day. Finder please return and receive reward. J. Jones, Jr.

Like Human Engine.

A locomotive may be all right in the long run, but at that it frequently has to take water.

INTER-CHURCH MOVEMENT IS RAY OF HOPE IN THE FAR EAST

Protestant Men Outside of the Church are Showing Much Enthusiasm

"If the churches in every county in Iowa will team together, and make a thorough county canvass," says E. C. Wolcott, regional director of the Interchurch World Movement, "there will be more enthusiasm among the men who do not attend church, than there has been in the past.

"The Protestant men outside the church are showing tremendous enthusiasm.

"A Billy Sunday gospel team organization in cooperation with overseas members of the American legion are planning to cover every schoolhouse in one of the Iowa counties, and will challenge every service man in that county as the last battle and the great victory fight.

"The churches in the county are going to miss their one great opportunity, if they do not enlist members of the American legion.

"Bishop Morrison of the Episcopal diocese of Iowa gave a great address at the county conferences and will join in a speaking tour in favor of the movement.

"Sherwood Eddy, International Y. M. C. A. secretary, just home from the Far East, spoke to 300 men at Davenport, Iowa, and said that 'the Interchurch World Movement was the only optimistic note of hope in the Far East, and that it is up to the churches to prove our war ideals were real."

NOTES

"China has only one large university and students must come from the distant eastern provinces and from western provinces to attend this one large center of learning.

The name White Cross Service was agreed upon at a meeting this week of the National Board of Review, composed of official representatives of the thirty denominational boards cooperating in the Interchurch World Movement.

Welfare work among the million and a half migrant workers in the United States, men and women whose livelihood is won by temporary work at seasonal jobs, has been given a distinctive name by the Interchurch World Movement, now making surveys of this migratory army, in the designation "White Cross Service."

In the harvest fields of the middle west, the Interchurch welfare work will be known as the White Cross Harvest Service and in the cannery sections the work will be known as the White Cross Cannery Service. Similarly, as further ramifications of the work are agreed upon, the White Cross Service will be carried to other parts of the country where the migrant worker passes and repasses year by year.

In the last analysis the Interchurch World Movement is a great spirit, who is eager to be clothed in flesh and blood and walk among men, turning their faces to the future, instilling right, breathing hope and lending courage. No nation in history ever had such an opportunity as is presented to this country at this time, and the fight is on to see whether Christ or Mammon shall win.

This welfare service is based upon actual needs, discovered through the surveys of the Interchurch World Movement, the basis for the forthcoming drive for $336,777,572, April 25 to May 2, when thirty of the strongest denominations in the United States will join forces in an endeavor to raise this vast sum for meeting the situation at home and abroad. The expenses of the White Cross Service will be met out of this great general 1920 fund.

All thinking people realize that the program of Jesus Christ, if pressed to its fulfillment, comprehends a much wider basis of life than yet put into operation by the churches. It is in precisely this forward march that the churches must lead us in the present universal quest which is to bring on the Kingdom of God among men. As Jesus gave His life for others, the church is being called to reproduce this law of life today. The issue is so tremendous that under it the churches of America will make or break in a comparatively short time.

The Interchurch Movement is making intensive studies of the army of a quarter of a million harvest hands who work their way annually from Texas to the Canadian border; the army of lumberjacks and loggers in this country; the sheep shearers of the Rocky Mountains; the 20,000 men, women and children who work each spring and summer in the fruit and vegetable cannery industries in Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey and New York, and the homeless, voteless men engaged in railroad construction and similar occupations beyond the pale of civilization.

CHURCHES

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the preaching service.

Epworth League Sunday night at 7:30. Preaching service at 8 o'clock.

Midweek prayer services on each Thursday evening at 7:30.

A hearty welcome to all who come to worship with us.

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Public worship at 10:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sunday School at 11:00 a. m.

Morning sermon subject, "The Worthy Christ."

In the evening Klemme Lodge No. 445, I. O. O. F., will attend in a body in recognition of the anniversary of the founding of Odd Fellowship and the pastor will speak of Friendship, Love and Truth.

A cordial welcome to all at these services.

A. E. Buriff, Minister

ODD FELLOWS ANNIVERSARY

Monday, April 26th, is the one hundred and first anniversary of the founding of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, which in the century has grown to be one of the strongest numerically of all the fraternities now working in the United States. It is a purely American institution, founded in Baltimore, Maryland, for though there is a degree of resemblance between it and the Manchester Union, a British organization, there is no organic connection. However, in this century of growth it has penetrated into other lands and lodges, and even grand jurisdictions of Odd Fellows are to be found in many parts of the world outside the limits of continental United States.

The local lodge of Odd Fellows will celebrate this anniversary this year by attending in a body the service at the Methodist Episcopal church next Sunday evening, meeting in their lodge room at 7:00 p. m. and going from thence to the church for the service at 7:30. Klemme Lodge has invited the lodge at Garner to meet with them on this occasion and it is expceed that a considerable number of the Garner people will be present.

TO PAVE 106 MILES OF ROAD

Contracts Have Been Let for This Amount of Hard Road and More is Being Planned Upon

So far Iowa has let contracts for 106 miles of brick and concrete for country highways and 150 miles will be completed this summer according to figures furnished by the Iowa Highway Commission. Cerro Gordo leads with 28.1 miles of concrete, Scott is second with 21.7 miles of brcik and O'Brien third with 21.5 miles of concrete.

Prices range all the way from $3.59 to $4.37 per square yard for concrete and $5.43 to $5.93 for brick. These contracts were approved by the county supervisors and while they have not been approved by the highway commission, it is expected they will be.

State road officials had approximately 350 miles of paving in shape for letting in 1920, but due to the lack of contractors and materials it was thought that 50 miles would be the limit. However, Minnesota, Illinois, and Wisconsin contractors came to the rescue and have taken 40 miles of the work.

THE EDITOR

Breathes there a man with soul so dead, who never to himself has said: "That editor has quite a head, I'm glad to take his paper. He's got a raft of grit and sand, he prints the news of all the land, he boosts the town to beat the band, and that's the proper caper. He soaks the grafter in the neck, he saves the Ship of State from wreck. He's Johnnie on the spot, by heck, when things are in a jumble. He writes the ads that bring the dough; he chases all our gloom and woe; he tells us all we want to know—and yet he is quite humble.—Walt Mason.

YET FIGURES DON'T LIE

A nIrish laborer struck his boss for an increase in pay. The boss replied: "If you are worth it I will be pleased to give it to you. Now let us see what you do in a year, Pat. We have 365 days in a year: you sleep 8 hours very ady, which makes 122 days you sleep ,taken from 365 leaves 243. Now you have 8 hours recreation every day, which makes 122 days, taken from 243 days, leaves 121 days. We have 52 Sundays in a year which you have off leaving you 69 days. You have 14 days in a year. Take this off and you have 29 days left. Now Pat if you will allow 1½ hours for meals which total in a year 28 days. Take this off and you have 1 day left; I always give you St. Patrick's day oc, so I ask you Pat if you are entitled to a raise?"

Pat then answered. "Well what the devil have I been doing then?"—Luverne News.

PIDGEON GERMAN

An American soldier brought in a Hun prisoner and found the fellow had a pocketful of French money. The doughboy looked at the money, the picture of fine restaurants in Paris loomed before him, and then, tapping the Hun on the shoulder, he said:

"Kamerad, kanst du craps schutzen?"—The Trouble Buster.

W. F. Pavey has a rather attractive looking ad in this issue pertaining to the Case tractor which he sells. It might be well for any farmer interested in "horseless" power to look over what Pavey has to say in this issue.

Quite Catty.

"Why don't Mrs. Glipping and Mrs. Twobble speak any more?"

"Oh, they had a little spat and Mrs. Twobble insinuated that Mr. Glipping was squirrel food—you know that slang word, 'nut.'"

"Well! Well! She surely didn't come right out and say that?"

"No, but she advised Mrs. Glipping to keep a close watch on Mr. Glipping when she took him for a stroll through the park.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Settled at Last.

Flatbush—So their child is christened at last?

Bensonhurst—Oh, yes; last night.

"Were you there?"

"Sure, I was."

"Some occasion, I'll bet."

"You said it."

"And what was the dear child christened?"

"A boy!"

Not a Political Reason.

Mrs. Hoyle—I understand that you are trying to get votes for your husband for alderman.

Mrs. Doyle—Yes, the board meets once a month and I would like to have twelve times in the year when he did not have to tell me a fish story regarding where he had spent the evening.

Knotty Problem.

First-Class Scout—This rope is too short on one end.

Brilliant Tenderfoot—Well, why not cut a piece off the other end and tie it on?—Boys' Life.

The Reason.

"They say England is crazy over spirits."

"No wonder with a lot of our stock probably going over there."

Unanswerable.

"I hope you didn't take a second piece of cake, Ethel?" said the mother to the young daughter, who had been visiting a friend for tea.

"Yes, I did, mother," replied the child. "You told me never to contradict, and the lady said: 'I know you'll have another piece of cake;' so what could I say?"

Still Frivolous.

"The war sobered some people."

"Yes?"

"But not Mrs. Gadder."

"No?"

"She's going to Europe soon and she is asking everybody what would be the proper costume to wear when viewing a battlefield."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Rather Tactless.

As they sat holding hands in the moonlight, she said: "Are you lucky at poker?"

"No," he replied; "it is always my luck to hold bum hands—at poker and everything."—Houston Post.

Tunny Japanese Fish.

Tunny are caught along the Pacific coast of Japan from Formosa as far north as the Hokkaido. The total annual catch varies greatly, but the average for recent years has been 25,000,000 pounds, valued at $1,000,000.

50 YEAR OLD CACHE FOUND

Stefansson Discovers Supplies Left in 1850 to Aid Ill-Fated Franklin.

RECALLS TRAGEDY OF ARCTIC

Food and Clothing Found to Be Almost in as Good Condition as When Placed There by McClintock in 1853.

New York.—Of interest to all who have heard the call of the North and the lure of exploration is the announcement that Vilhjalmur Stefansson found the abandoned cache of Sir Leopold McClintock, commander of the Intrepid, in the Arctic after a lapse of more than half a century. It was Sir Leopold McClintock, in command of the ship Intrepid, who found traces of the voyage of that unfortunate explorer Sir John Franklin. He built a cache on Melville island, presumably between 1850 and 1854, when in quest of tidings of Sir John Franklin and the members of his ill-fated expedition in the Arctic.

Located by Stefansson.

The McClintock cache was located by Stefansson, who reports that he found everything in almost as good condition as when placed there in 1853. Articles of clothing he found particularly well preserved and much better in quality than the clothing of today, and the food and supplies left in the Arctic cache by Commander McClintock and his men also were well preserved, despite the severe weather known to prevail in the Arctic regions.

Documents and a list of the contents of a cache built in the far North by Commander McClintock and other data also were found by Capt. Joseph E. Bernier, in command of the "Arctic" expedition of 1908-1909. A tablet erected on Dealy island by Captain Kellett and Commander McClintock in 1852-1853, whose vessels were lost, also was found by Captain Bernier and re-erected, with his own tablet, on Parry's Rock, commemorating the annexing of the Arctic archipelago in 1909. On the tablet found by Captain Bernier were the names of the ships navigated by the explorers—"H. M. S. Resolute, Henry Kellett, Esq., C. B., H. M. S. V. Intrepid, F. L. McClintock, Esq., Comm. Wintered 1852-1853, S. 82 E. (true). Door of Depot House (with direction given). Record will be found in house."

"Lieutenant McClintock," says Captain Bernier, who was commander of the Intrepid and second in command to Captain Kellett, early showed his great activity by making sledge journeys of a hazardous nature across Melville island from the locality in which the Resolute and Intrepid were frozen in near Dealy island. The tracings made by McClintock around the shores of Melville island and Prince Patrick island, on foot, added many hundreds of miles to the coast surveyed under Belcher and Kellett. The cairns established by him between 1852 and 1854 are mentioned in his reports with the papers found at Dealy island.

Built Half Century Ago.

It is probably one of these cairns that was discovered by Stefansson and built by McClintock more than half a century ago.

Continuing, Captain Bernier says of McClintock: "His subsequent career in navigating the waters in Lady Franklin's yacht Fox of Peel sound, Regent inlet, Bellot strait, King William island and around Montreal island and Boothia peninsula are well known. His brilliant achievements and discovery of definite information regarding the fate of Franklin point to him as the most fortunate of all voyagers who pursued the most remarkable search known in the history of navigation."

One of the documents left by McClintock in a copper tube and under a pile of rocks was found by Captain Bernier. Another was found outside of Kellett's depot, probably disturbed from its resting place by a polar bear, for it bore the marks of the paw of an animal of considerable size. Much of the information found in these documents was utilized by Captain Bernier while cruising through northern seas in the Arctic.

King Solomon's Song.

King Solomon in his song says: "The winter is over and done; the flowers appear on the earth; the time of the singing of birds is come and the voice of the turtle is heard in the land."

New York Shilling.

New York shilling, or York shilling, is the old Spanish "real," or one-eighth of a dollar. It is about equivalent in value to sixpence, English. In the Southern states it is called a bit.

The House of Whispers

By WILLIAM JOHNSTON

Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.

A SECRET PASSAGE.

Synopsis.—Spalding Nelson is occupying the apartments of his great-uncle, Rufus Gaston. The Gastons, leaving on a trip, tell him about mysterious noises and "whispers" that have scared them. He becomes acquainted with Barbara Bradford, who lives in the same big building. He instinctively dislikes and distrusts the superintendent, Wick. The mysteries in his apartments begin with the disappearance of the Gaston pearls from the wall safe. He decides not to call in the police, but to do his own investigating. It is soon evident that someone has access to his rooms. Becoming friendly with Barbara, he learns that her apartments are equally mysterious. She tells him that several years before her sister Claire, who lives with her, had made a run-away marriage with an adventurer, from whom she was soon parted, and the marriage had been annulled. Claire is engaged to be married and someone has stolen documents concerning the affair from the Bradford apartment and is attempting to blackmail the Bradfords. Nelson takes Miss Kelly, the telephone girl, to dinner with the idea of pumping her. Gorman, a hotel detective, recognizes her as the wife of Lefty Moore, a noted burglar. Nelson tells his story to Gorman.

CHAPTER VII—Continued.

—9—

"And the number she called up—the private number—did you find out about that?"

"Sure, that was easy. It's one of the apartments in the Granddeck—Henry Kent's. Who's he?'

"I never heard of him. I'll try to find out, though."

"I would, but be careful how you go asking questions around the place. The Moore woman may have a pal. They generally work in pairs."

The ease and celerity with which Gorman had learned all these things about the girl impressed me greatly, and I said as much. He received my compliments with a deprecating wave of the hand.

"Nothing to it, boy, when you know the ropes. But last night you told me you had taken the girl out to try to pump something out of her. What was it? What's doing?"

From beginning to end I told him the whole story in all of its perplexing details, starting with the day that I had received my great-uncle Rufus' note that had led to the chance meeting with Miss Bradford, bringing in my discharge and the disappearance of the Gaston pearls, and explaining what made me think these facts were in some way involved with the attempt to blackmail the Bradfords.

"What do you make of it?" I asked as I ended my narrative. "Who do you think is at he bottom of it?"

"I don't think," he retorted. "In our business it does not pay to think too quick. You're apt to convict the wrong party."

"But you must think something," I protested.

"I think," he said slowly and meditatively, "that there's a lot of crooked work going on—I'll say that much. And you and Miss Bradford's pretty close to being the center of it."

"What can we do about it?"

"There's a way I learned from a lawyer that ain't bad. He'd take his client and put him in the center of a big circle with lines running in all directions — alibi, insanity, mistaken identity, no proof of guilt, lack of jurisdiction, escape on legal technicality—he'd mark out every possible defense. Then he'd follow each line out and see where it led and what plan the opposing lawyers would be likely to spring on him. Generally he got his man off."

"I don't quite see how that applies."

"You don't, eh?"

He traced an imaginary circle with his forefinger on the table in the little back room where we were sitting.

"Here's you and Miss Bradford in the center, surrounded by a lot of mysterious deviltry. We'll make two circles. This inside one is the things that have happened to both of you—the wall safes opened, the papers stolen, the pearls gone, the anonymous notes, the blackmail threats, the loss of your job, the voices you've heard. Now on this outer circle we'll mark down all the people who might be mixed up in these things—mind ye, I say only might be. First, there's Lefty Moore's woman—we know she's a crook. Then who do we know that knows her? There's at least two—Mr. Wick, the superintendent that hired her, and this Mr. Henry Kent, whose apartment she telephoned to. Then there's all the rest of the help in the house. Any one of them might be her pal. Then there's the flighty Bradford girl——"

"You don't suspect her, do you?" I cried, horrified at the prospect of his investigation taking this turn.

"Be easy," he retorted. "I'm not suspecting anyone. I'm only putting them down. There's the Bradford girl and her ex-husband. He's a bigamist and that makes him a crook. Those two men you saw in the park, one of them with a scar on his face—we'll run them down. You know a cafe the scar-faced man goes to. so that's a start. There's the man who shadowed you—would you know him again if you saw him?"

I shook my head doubtfully.

"I'm afraid not," I admitted, "you see—"

"Don't bother to explain. You either would or wouldn't, and that's all we need to know now. There's old Mr. Gaston and his wife. It's queer about their ducking out so suddenly and leaving no address, but maybe they're only scared. Let's see who else is there—the Bradford servants and the old man's, the old washerwoman—and the families who live in the house. We've got the circle pretty well covered, haven't we?"

More and more I had begun to appreciate how valuable the services of an experienced detective would be likely to be in helping to solve the mystery.

"Look here, Gorman," I said, "why can't you take charge of this case for us?"

"What's in it?" he asked.

My face fell, and my enthusiasm died a sudden death. Once more I was confronted by the specter of my poverty. Of what use my talking to a high-priced investigator like Gorman when all the money I had in the world was less than two hundred dollars, out of which I had to live until I found employment. Yet I must serve Barbara Bradford.

"If you clear up this case," I announced, "I'll give you every cent I've got in the world."

He shook his head.

"It ain't enough. If I take this case, it won't be for the money that's in it. For that matter I can get all I want from old Gaston for getting his pearls back. That'll be enough."

"Then you will take the case," I cried jubilantly.

"On one condition. That you'll promise to keep everything away from the police."

"I'll promise that for myself and Miss Bradford, too. That was the one reason she advanced against my telling you about things. She was afraid you'd call in the police."

"Never fear about that. There's nothing I'd like better than to put it over that bunch of young reformers they've got down in Center street. This hotel work don't suit me, anyhow. I've been thinking of opening up an office of my own. The recovery of the Gaston pearls would be a nice feather in my cap to start with."

"I see," I replied, "but you'll need money for expenses and that sort of thing, won't you? I have—"

"Leave that part of it to me," he retorted with a quizzical smile. "After all the years I was on the police force I ain't exactly broke by a long shot. All you've got to do is to keep your eyes open and let me know all that goes on in the apartment house. I'll attend to the rest. Don't do anything, though, without consulting me first."

"I'll gladly promise that."

"Good enough. We'd better arrange then to meet here every day at three sharp. It's as good a place as any."

"I'll be here."

"And look out you're not trailed. They may try shadowing you again."

"Who do you mean by they?" I asked eagerly.

"Them that trailed you yesterday," replied Gorman with a grin. "If you don't know, I don't know either—yet."

From his manner I was confident that he already had a shrewd suspicion as to the identity of some of the miscreants. The maze in the center of which he had placed Miss Bradford and myself meant far more to him, undoubtedly, than it did to me. More than likely his vast knowledge of the methods of criminals and his acquaintanceship with others like Lefty Moore had given him clues enough as to where to look for the plotters. I realized that it would be useless to question him further. He would admit suspecting no one until he was sure of their guilt, a quality I admired greatly.

"You can count on me," I repeated. "I'll be here at three tomorrow."

Yet how foolish it was for any of us to predict what we will be doing or where we will be twenty-four hours from now. Seldom do things happen in the routine of our lives as we had anticipated. I was not there the next day at the time appointed. By no possibility could I have been there, however much I might have wished to. Many things had happened in quick succession.

How it came about that my promise to meet Gorman went unfulfilled can best be explained by narrating the events of the evening after I returned to the Granddeck. It was nearly five when I left the detective. I strolled leisurely down town and had dinner in the cafe where on one occasion I had seen the scar-faced man. I lingered there for a long time over my coffee hoping in vain that he might appear. I even ventured to cautiously question the waiter and head waiter, describing the man as best I could, but both of them insisted that they never had seen any such person. As I walked home I kept a wary eye out to make sure I was not being followed, but apparently no one was now shadowing me.

It was nine-thirty when I reached home. It had been arranged that Barbara about ten would signal me that we might have a chat from our respective windows. As I sat in my room waiting for the time to come, I was reviewing the case in all its aspects. Indeed there was hardly a waking moment that I was not thinking of the many mysteries about us. I was wondering if, when the case was cleared up the mysterious whispers that we all had heard would also be explained. I recalled Claire Bradford's unexpected visit to my apartment the evening before and her confusion when I had captured her. I wondered if the explanations she had offered had been the truth. Was she really trying to locate the source of the whispers? I looked interestedly up at the section of the wall that I had found her inspecting. What had she hoped to discover there?

I decided to make a close inspection of both sides of the wall. As I lighted up the sitting room and hall for this purpose, something unusual came to my notice that had hitherto escaped me enturely.

THE INNER WALL OF MY ROOM—the one running along the hall of the apartment—HAD THE APPEARANCE OF BEING AT LEAST FOUR FEET THICK.

It seemed so absurd that I refused to believe the evidence my eyes had given me. In these modern days of steel construction there was no reason for a wall being of medieval proportions. I sprang to my great-aunt's work basket and began rummaging to see if I could find a tape measure, and luckily my search was quickly rewarded.

I sketched a rough diagram of the rear rooms, and began measuring them off, carefully checking my figures as I went along. I found myself growing wildly excited as the tape measure confirmed what my eyes already had told me. The inner wall was at least four feet thick.

With thrills at the thought of the possibility of a secret passage there, I climbed up on a chair just as Claire Bradford had done, and began inspecting the wall inch by inch. Even

As I, Trembling All Over at the Thought of the Peril She Had Been In, Put My Arms About Her and Helped Her In.

as I did so I could not help laughing at myself. The idea that a modern apartment building might contain a secret passage was utterly ridiculous, yet as I pounded lightly on the wall it gave forth a hollow sound, vastly different from any other part of the room. I was convinced that between my room and the hall there was space enough at least for a passageway in which a man might walk.

I surveyed with growing interest the wooden paneling that in my room ran clear up to the ceiling. In the other rooms there was no paneling. Mounting the chair again I pressed sharply against the wood at the point from which the sound had seemed to come. It seemed to me it gave a little to my touch. I struck one of the sections a sharp blow. It dropped back a full half-inch, leaving what looked like a doorway—a space three feet wide by five feet high. The bottom of the opening was hardly two feet from the floor. If there was a passageway here, this panel certainly would explain how my rooms had been surreptitiously visited.

Feverishly I worked at the panel trying to push it further back. If there was a passageway there in the wall I was determined to see whither it led. My efforts to move the panel further seemed hopeless. As I worked at it I heard a tapping on my window sill.

It must be Barbara. In my excitement over the find I had forgotten all about the time. I sprang from the chair and rushed to the window. I found her peering out, trying to ascertain why I had not answered her signal.

"Oh," she breathed with relief, as my head appeared, "you were there. Did you see the detective?"

"Yes," I replied, speaking as low as my excited state would permit me, "but just now I discovered something vastly more important."

"What is it?"

"A secret passageway leading into my room. It seems to run along the hall. The wall there is at least four feet thick—room for a man to walk. There is a panel in the wall in my room leading into it. I was just prying it open when you signaled."

"Oh, how I wish I could see it!"

"Why can't you? Slip out of your front door, and I'll be at my door to admit you."

"I can't do that. Mother and Claire are in the front part of the house playing bridge with some guests. They will be sure to hear me going out."

"Come in tomorrow morning, then," I suggested.

She did not answer, and before I realized what she was doing, Barbara was out on the ledge making her perilous way across to my window.

"If Claire can do this, I can," she announced triumphantly, as I, trembling all over at the thought of the peril she had been in, put my arms about her and helped her in.

"Darling," I cried, still holding her in my arms, "don't ever do that again. It's too dangerous. Promise me, Barbara, dear, you'll never again try that."

With her pretty face flushed at the terms of endearment that had unwittingly escaped me, she laughingly released herself from my arms.

"That was nothing," she said in a tense whisper. "Where's the panel?"

Relieved to find that she was not angered by my presumption, I hastened to turn up the light and pointed at the hole in the wall. As I had done, she sprang up on the chair and endeavored to push the panel further back, but was unable to budge it. Quicker witted than I, she then tried sliding it along. At the slightest touch it slid back in a groove, revealing the opening—leading into what?

Striking a match, we both of us peered in. The space between the walls was certainly high enough and side enough for a man to walk there in comfort. So far as the flickering light of the match enabled us to judge, it ran the length of the hall, and near its further end there appeared to be some steps.

"Come," cried the intrepid Barbara, "let's explore it."

"No," I said firmly. "We must do nothing until I have seen the detective. We have put the case in his hands."

"But we must find out about it," protested the girl.

"Tomorrow," I said. "We know where it is. We know where the voices and whispers come from now."

"I wonder," she said thoughtfully, "if there is the same sort of a passageway in our apartment?"

"Promise me that if you find there is one, you will not attempt to explore it alone."

As we argued about it we both stopped short and with blanching faces listened. From somewhere—it sounded as if it was right below us—we heard sounds as if two people were struggling. Then came a woman's shriek, a wild scream with the death terror in it. The sound seemed close at hand. It seemed to come right up from the opening in the panel by which we were standing.

Once more there came an awful scream—a scream stopped off short as if some brutal hand had throttled the woman's throat.

"What is it?" cried Barbara.

"Listen," I commanded. "It seems to come from the floor below."

Holding our breaths we strained our ears for further sounds. Suddenly a shot rang out, and there was a thud as if a body had fallen to the floor. Then all was silence.

With terror in our faces we turned to each other, seeking an explanation which neither could give.

"Mother—Claire!" cried Barbara. "They'll be alarmed. I must go back to them at once."

"She's been murdered. Get the police quick."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Taught Chinese Lacemaking.

The art of lacemaking was first taught to the Chinese of the Chefoo district by foreign missionaries about twenty-five years ago. They believed that by teaching lacemaking the women and girls would find profitable employment within their own homes, and the subsequent spread of the industry has fully justified their efforts. Although first taught in Chefoo, Chi Hsia Hsien was the first district in which lace was extensively made.

Time Measured by Candles.

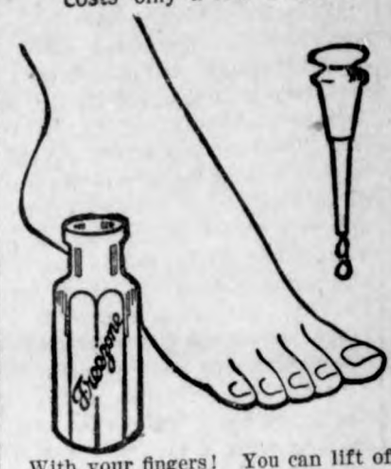
The Chinese, besides using water clocks, also invented joss-sticks, which burned uniformly. The joss-stick is somewhat similar to what good old King Alfred of England is said to have used way back in the eight hundreds. He was a great educator, and discovered that tallow candles could be used for dividing the time which he allowed his nobles in which to make complaints against each other.

Penguin Cult in Paris.

The cult of the penguin has come to Paris, writes a correspondent. In many houses and in more shop windows you will now find quaint, contemplative penguins as ornaments, or in pottery and china. The penguin porcelain coffee set is the latest design. Father Pengiun in delicate, deftly-shaped white china makes the coffee pot, and the coffee, nicely hot in his plump body, pours out through his long, sturdy beak. Penguin junior, a little slimmer, is the milk jug, and the coffee cup, in the shape of a penguin's egg, is little penguin "thought of" but not yet born.

Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freezone costs only a few cents.



With your fingers! You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.

A tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs little at any drug store; apply a few drops upon the corn or callous. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callous right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. Truly! No humbug!—Adv.

Guarding His Own.

The Patient—Ten dollars for extracting that tooth? Lucky I didn't take gas.

The Dentist—Why?

The Patient—'Cause I have another $10 bill in my vest that you might have found.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

No Smoking Allowed.

"Did you tell her that smoking isn't allowed?"

"Yes."

"Did you point out the notice?"

"Yes."

"Well, what did she do?"

"Lit her cigarette with it."—Tit-Bits.

"CARRY ON"!

If Constipated, Bilious or Headachy, take "Cascarets"

Feel grand! Be efficient! Don't stay sick, bilious, headachy, constipated. Remove the liver and bowel poison which is keeping your head dizzy, your tongue coated, your breath bad and your stomach sour. Why not get a small box of Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest laxative-cathartic you ever experienced? Cascarets never gripe, sicken or inconvenience one like Salts, Oil, Calomel or harsh pills. Cascarets bring sunshine to cloudy minds and half-sick bodies. They work while you sleep. Adv.

Off the List.

"Don't you subscribe to Blank's magazine any more?"

"No; when I was in France I received a notice from it asking me to notify it one month in advance if I changed my address."—Home Sector.

Easy.

"I wish I knew how to make a barrel of money?" sighed the little man.

"That's easy," replied the big man. "Spend a half barrel of money in advertising and you'll soon have a barrel of money."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

During Motherhood Later In Middle Life

Searles, Minn.—"Over twenty years ago I first started to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It kept me in splendid condition during expectancy and I had comparatively no suffering and was in unusual health afterward. Also during middle life it has helped me. I do not suffer with heat flashes or dizziness at all or any other ailment which I have known other women to have at this time of life. I am glad to recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I also have Dr. Pierce's Medical Book, the 'People's Common Sense Medical Adviser,' which I appreciate very much."—Mrs. Gertrude Bushard.

Wonderful Results

Oelwein, Iowa.—"I first took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription about thirty years ago and have often taken it since that time with wonderful results. I have often recommended it to others who have been satisfied with it."—Mrs. E. L. Erwin, 410 Fourth Ave., South.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

ABSORBINE STOPS LAMENESS

from a Bone Spavin, Ring Bone, Splint, Curb, Side Bone, or similar troubles and gets horse going sound. It acts mildly but quickly and good results are lasting. Does not blister or remove the hair and horse can be worked. Page 17 in pamphlet with each bottle tells how. $2.50 a bottle delivered. Horse Book 9 R free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; heals Sores. Allays Pain. Will tell you more if you write. $1.25 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Liberal trial bottle for 10c stamps.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Willing Auditors.

"Very few people would rather listen than talk."

"Yes," replied the telephone operator; "the only folks I know who are that way are on party wires."

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

We Have FARMS of All Sizes

in MINNESOTA, WISCONSIN, DAKOTA. Customers for all prices. CONSULT US before buying or selling.

LARSON LAND AGENCY

X450 Temple Court · MINNEAPOLIS

COLORADO LAND FOR SALE

BURLINGTON DISTRICT, 160 acres unimproved; good farming or investment. $35 per acre, $1,500 cash. Balance easy terms. Address, FRANK GASS, Owner, 4005 North 25th Street, Omaha, Nebraska

Travelers Will Find a Warm Welcome at the

Hotel West

MINNEAPOLIS

Sensible Prices — Service Our Watchword

NORTH STAR LAND CO.

Improved and unimproved farms for sale in Nicollet, Sibley and Renville Co.

Call or Write H. Knipple, Gibbon, Minn.

WHEAT FARM—480 A. PLAINS WHEAT LAND, fenced, house, sheds, well, windmill; 140 acres now in wheat. A real Iowa farm at Mexico prices. $15 acre, part cash. E. W. Bowen, Tucumcari, New Mexico.

HOW TO WIN is the story you can get by addressing a postcard to ABNER DAVIS, Fort Worth, Texas.

ADMINISTRATOR SALE—280 acre farm; cheese factory; 180 a., new house; bargain quick sale. W. M. Jones, Oconomowoc, Wis.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. N. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Where is Relief From Blazing Skin Diseases?

Must I Endure Forever the Torturous Itching?

The skin is fed from the blood, and upon the condition of the blood depends whether or not your skin will be healthy and free from boils, pimples, scaly irritations, red eruptions and other disfiguring and unsightly disorders.

The sensible treatment that will show real results is a remedy that will cleanse the blood thoroughly and kill the germs that cause the trouble. And for this purpose no remedy ever made can approach the record of S. S. S. which cleanses the blood of the disease germs, at the same time building up the general health.

For valuable literature write to Chief Medical Adviser, 100 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

DON'T LET THAT COUGH CONTINUE!

Spohn's Distemper Compound

will knock it in very short time. At the first sign of a cough or cold in your horse, give a few doses of "SPOHN'S." It will act on the glands, eliminate the disease germ and prevent further destruction of body by disease. "SPOHN'S" has been the standard remedy for DISTEMPER, INFLUENZA, PINK EYE, CATARRHAL FEVER, COUGHS and COLDS for a quarter of a century. 60 cents and $1.15 per bottle at all drug stores.

SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY. Goshen, Ind.

Start your checking account today

A checking account at this bank puts order and system into your financial affairs and supplies a means for keeping an accurate record of your income and expenditures.

It costs nothing to enjoy the privileges that go with a checking account. Check book and all other supplies are furnished without cost.

Come in today and say, "I want to open a checking account." Your business will be welcome here.

First National Bank

KLEMME, IOWA

For Your

Sunday Dinner

Make your table attractive and the food appetizing with

Heinz Products

We have just received a new shipment of Pickles, Ketchup, Mustard, Peanut Butter and other Heinz Products.

Once Tried, Always Used

J. P. Larsen & Sons

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

Subscribe Today at $2.00

STATE NEWS

Gleaned from many fields and summered for busy readers

It is estimated that there are at least 5000 new silos in Iowa, erected in the last 2½ years.

Fifty-four head of Shorthorns sold at Wapello recently for $108,225, or an average of $2004 per head.

Dr. Peter Malcom, of New Hampton, will become state veterinarian July 1, succeeding Dr. Robert A. Wall.

One of the largest land deals ever consumated in Jasper county was that which involved the Geo. Eggert place, consisting of 430 acres for $155,800.

Farmers in Ringgold county will this season try out acid phosphate fertilizer for demonstrational purposes. A number of plots will be tried to determine the effect on the soil in increased crop production.

Red Oak is talking a municipal electric light plant. Estimates on the cost of construction were presented by engineers at a meeting of the city council; it was estimated that a building and equipment sufficient for the city's needs would require $149,000.

Ministers and laymen of thirty denominations of the Interchurch movement from seven states will meet at Iowa State College, June 14, for a three weeks summer school in rural sociology. The states that will send delegates are: Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kansas, Nebraska and Missouri.

One of the landmarks of northern Iowa passes when Marquette is substituted as the designation of the place heretofore known as North McGregor. At a recent election it was voted to make a change. Marquette is the division terminal for the C. M. & St. P. and feels that its own importance has been overshadowed by the fact that it bore the same name as its more pretentious neighbor on the south.

More than 900 stock buyers from all parts of the United States and Canada attended the first annual sale of pure bred Shorthorns held in Ollie recently. 90 head of stock went under the hammer, bringing more than $90,000, or an average of better than $1000 a head. The first 40 head sold went at an average of better than $2000 a head. The top price was slightly over $4000 and a number of animals sold for $3200 and better.

The little college town of Mount Vernon, believes in education. The people of this Iowa village claim the record for the United States for the percentage of young folks who continue in school beyond the grammar school age. A recent investigation made in connection with the father and son banquet shows that there are only five young men in this town of 1,700 population, 21 years old or younger who are not in school or college somewhere. Cornell college is located in the town and claims the bulk of those who continue in higher education, but the town sends also its contingent of students to the state agricultural college, state university, state normal school, etc.

In the half year since the federal government relinquished control of the state-federal employment agency, a total of 21,678 men and women have been directed to positions and 88 per cent of 19,117 of them placed. In the same period, from Oct. 10, 1919, to April 10, 1920, 13,871 were directed to positions from the Des Moines office alone, of which 11,551 or 83.3 per cent were placed. Nothwithstanding the 1,033 farm hands that were sent out (92 per cent of whom were placed) there still continues a serious shortage of farm hands all over the state. Branches of the service are located at Sioux City, Clinton, Creston, and there is an employment agency for teachers only located at Iowa City.

If the crop report of the town of Hudson is any indication, the village has made a colossal and evidently successful attempt to combat the high cost of living. The population of the place is 411. Hudson comprises 166 acres of taxable land of a total farm acreage of 180, of which 116 acres was planted in corn and three and one-half acres in potatoes last year. Pasturage took up 58 acres of Hudson's allotment. The hamlet had 312 head of swine on July 1, 1919, and 172 on Jan. 1, 1920. There were nine head of cattle of all ages, grazing along the village streets last year, of which five produced milk. Six hundred seventy-one chickens laid 2,358 eggs during 1919. Sixteen horses bore the burden of transportation and farm work.

There are approximately 100 different kinds of trees in Iowa, 17 varieties of oak, 14 willows, five maples, five ash, six hickories, 10 to 12 hawthornes and many other varieties.

The treasury department is expected soon to send an architect to Des Moines to look over the site for the new federal court house, to consider the style of building location to conform to other public structures on the river front and like matters. The question of whether additional ground shall be purchased will also be taken up.

We Have Always Wanted To Handle the BEST Manure Spreader—And We've Got It.

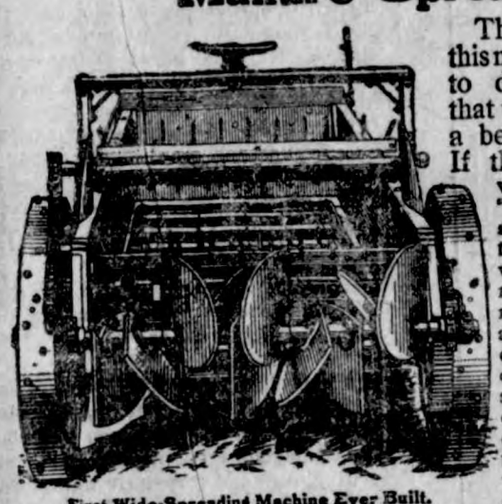
As all our friends know, we have been engaged the farm implement business right here for a long time. We've made it a rule to handle only thoroughly reliable goods. No matter how tempting a maker's proposition is, we leave it alone, unless we are convinced that the article will be of real value to our customers.

Now please keep this rule of ours in mind and then come in and see the

NISCO

Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

The "New Idea" Manure Spreader



First Wide-Spreading Machine Ever Built.

The fact that we have this machine set up, ready to demonstrate, shows that we believe there isn't a better spreader made. If there had been we would have found it. **"Nisco" is the original wide-spreading spreader.** Built to spread outside its own wheel track when other machines merely dumped manure behind. Low down and light draft, easy to load, easy on a team. Its chain conveyor brings every scrap of manure to the two cylinders where it is thoroughly pulverized and thrown onto swiftly revolving steel paddles that distribute it in even width and depth across three corn rows. This makes driving over spread manure unnecessary.

The Nisco Spreader can't clog and spreads at will, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18 loads per acre. It has a chain drive—no gears to break or strip from cold or under sudden strain. Wide tires fit the "Nisco" for use on soft soil. The Nisco Spreader is thoroughly well built of exceptionally stiff and sturdy materials, and the makers cheerfully guarantee it for a year against breakage from any cause. With proper care it will last a lifetime.

Now here is a machine that will give you dollar for dollar on a moderate investment in one year's time; because if used regularly it will absolutely save the full fertility value of manure and put it on the soil in such condition that growing plants can get it all.

The Nisco Spreader will save you money. Come in and see it next time you're in town. You'll be interested.

DON'T FORGET TO ASK US FOR THIS FREE BOOK We've a book here we would like you to read—"Helping Mother Nature." Tells more about the care and use of manure than you ever thought of. Written by an expert and full of right-up-to-the minute scientific data. Don't forget this—it's important.

Yours for better farming.

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements ***Klemme, Iowa***

Hermoline

A BETTER LUBRICANT

—FROM THE FORMULA OF A MOTOR COMPANY

Don't Ask Merely For "Oil"

When you drive up to a garage for lubricating oil, don't ask just for "oil."

Know good oil from the other kind—know just why one oil is better than another and then buy the oil about which there is no question as to quality.

The best oil is the only kind you want to put into your car, truck or tractor—know it by name and ask for it by name.

Ask for an oil made from pure, Pennsylvania crude—which anyone who knows will tell you is the very best lubricant you can buy.

Ask for HERMOLINE—and you are sure of getting a lubricant made from Pennsylvania crude—a better lubricant made especially for motor cars, trucks and tractors from the formula of a motor company, not an oil company.

In asking for HERMOLINE you are sure of getting an oil that stands up under the intense internal heat of the automobile engine and the even greater heat of truck and tractor motors—far better than any other lubricant not made from Pennsylvania crude. You are sure of getting an oil whose clear color is the result of thorough filterization, not the result of the counterfeiting use of acids. You get an oil free of sediment.

When you buy HERMOLINE, you buy not merely "oil,"—you buy motor safety and protection. You buy added years of satisfactory and profitable motor performance.

Don't get just "oil" for your car, truck or tractor—ask us for HERMOLINE.

Put it to any test you like, HERMOLINE is the lubricant you should insist on.

E. G. ELL
Klemme, Ia.

The Test of Oil Value

There are five tests by which the supreme quality of lubricants made from Pennsylvania crude oils are shown, and by these tests HERMOLINE lubricants are proved superior for use in your motor car, truck, tractor or aeroplane.

Gravity

The gravity of an oil shows its density. Lubricants like HERMOLINE, made from Pennsylvania crude oils, run high in gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees), and are invariably filtered oils that contain a small percentage of carbon.

Viscosity

The viscosity test shows the ability of oil to retain its body under extreme heats. Inferior oils usually have a high viscosity, while Pennsylvania oils have low viscosity (from 150 to 240 at 70°), but when subjected to a heat anywhere near the temperature of a working motor Pennsylvania oils surpass all in viscosity and lubricating capacity.

Flash and Fire

The flash test shows at what temperature the vapors coming off the oil will ignite when a small flame is brought close to its surface.
The fire test shows at what temperature the oil itself will burn. Oils refined from Pennsylvania crude show a flash of 400° Fahr. and over—a fire test of 450°.

Color

Some of the lightest colored oils often contain the most carbon, so that tests of color should never be taken as proof of quality without the other tests described in this column.

Filtering

Oils made from Pennsylvania crude may be depended upon as being truly filtered oils when they have a high gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees). You will note that HERMOLINE oil has both light and color and high gravity.

Ask your dealer for the HERMOLINE booklet—it tells in detail how to prove oil value.

And She Didn't Know.

Little Girl (looking over newspaper advertisement)—Mamma, why do all these boarding houses object to children?

Fond Mother—I'm sure I don't know. Go and see what the baby is howling about, and tell Johnny to stop throwing things at people in the street, and make George and Kate stop fighting and tell Dick if he doesn't stop beating that drum so hard I'll take it away from him.

What She Desired.

"Why, Norah," said her mistress, "how nice you look in your new dress and hat. I hope you will meet all your friends this afternoon so that they may see you in your fine clothes."

"Me friends, mum?" returned Norah. "What'll I be waitin' to see them for? Sure, I don't care to make me friends jealous. It's me enemies I want to meet when I'm dressed up."—Boston Transcript.

His Opportunity Gone.

A little friend of mine had been to see "Uncle Tom's Cabin" with her mother. At the dinner table that evening her father remarked that he believed he would go see the play that evening when little Fay said, "Well, there's no use in you're going, for Little Eva died this afternoon."—Exchange.

Men Attract Lightning.

Mrs. Flatbush—A curious fact revealed by statisticians is that the number of men struck by lightning is nearly four times that of women.

Mrs. Bensonhurst—That does seem strange when we remember that women are so much more attractive than men.

The Frenchman's Hands.

Patience—What nationality is he?

Patrice—He's French.

"Has he any accomplishments?"

"Sure thing; he's ambidextrous."

"Really?"

"Sure; he can swear with both hands!"

A Number of Them.

Horace—Did any man ever kiss you before I did?

Helen—Yes, dear.

Horace—Tell me his name so I can beat him up!

Helen—I'm afraid that he might be too many for you.

Treaty of Ghent.

The treaty of Ghent was one tween the United States and G Britain which ended the war of 1 It was concluded December 24, 1 and ratified early in 1815. It pr ed for the restoration of captured ritory, property and records; for release of prisoners of war, for the tablishment of a boundary line tween the United States and Can and other matters.

Carrier Pigeons Still Used.

Even to day, when airplanes and wireless play a conspicuous role, carrier pigeons play their part as well. Fliers can be shot down, and wireless messages might be taken up by enemy operators. The pigeon, in many cases, is the safest carrier, for seldom the bird is shot down. As a rule four or five pigeons are sent off with the same message, to make sure that at least one will reach its destination.

Where Onion Gets Its Odor.

The strong flavor and odor of all the members of the onion family are due to the presence of allyl sulphid, an oil-like organic compound of sulphur. The flavor-yielding material is very volatile and is broken down by heat to some extent. Consequently, the cooked vegetable has a milder flavor than the raw.

Flowers of Sanctity.

Long ago certain fragrant flowers bloomed. They were of eight kinds, and belonged to the species called "flowers of sanctity." Their names, as rendered from the Sanskrit were: Clemency, Self-Restraint, Affection, Patience, Resignation (repression of any mental perturbation), Devotion, Meditation, Veracity. It is thought that the correct modern botanical titles remain unassigned.—From a note-book.

Soap Used as Pills.

Soap has played a large part in medicine. Medicinal soap when pure is said to be made of caustic soda, and either olive or almond oil. It was much employed in the form of pills intended to have a gently aperient, anti-acid action.

BORE IN TELEPHONE CABLES

Beetle Causes No End of Trouble to Telephone Companies in California.

Washington.—When telephone girls in California find their wires are "shorted," a bug may be on or in the wire, for California has a wood-boring beetle that goes through wood and also through alloyed substances considerably harder than lead. The beetle has put hundreds of telephones out of commission by boring

This Beetle Bores Through Lead Sheathing of Aerial Cables—Magnified Ten Times.

holes in the cables that carry the wires. Water enters the cables, making wire connections useless until the bored places are found and repaired. The problem of control of this metal-boring beetle is still unsolved, according to the bureau of entomology of the United States department of agriculture, and it will be difficult to find a practical way.

HIGH HEELS CAUSE DEATH

Pittsburgh Woman Mangled by Elevator After Her Shoe Catches In Door.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—High heeled shoes dragged Mrs. C. Steffler, aged forty-two, to a slow death when she was crushed beyond recognition between an elevator cage and the shaft wall in the North Park apartments, No. 204 East North avenue, where she resided.

Mrs. Steffler was hurrying through the hall going to the elevator when John Gibson, the elevator operator, informed her that he would carry her up after he had answered a telephone call. As Mrs. Steffler stepped into the waiting car her high heeled shoes caught between the elevator and the floor. In an effort to extricate herself she fell forward, grasping the cable of the cage which started slowly to descend to the basement, pinning her between the steel cage and the wall.

GETS HISTORIC TOM-TOM

Oklahoma Society Presented With Property of Geronimo, Famous Apache Chief.

Lawton, Okla.—A tom-tom known to have been constructed and used by the famous Apache chieftain, Geronimo, recently was presented by Frank Harrah to the Oklahoma Historical society.

The tom-tom was given to Harrah by Geronimo in 1909, while the chief was a military prisoner at Fort Sill.

The tom-tom, a circle of rawhide about the size of a dinner plate, is decorated in bright red and green paints in a design symbolic of the compass and is fringed with feathers attached by rawhide throngs.

DOCTOR FLIES TO ICE-BOUND

Airplane Carries Medical Aid to Sick Children on Island in Susquehanna.

Harrisburg, Pa.—An aviator from the Middletown (Pa.) aviation reserve depot took a doctor by airplane to give medical aid to the family of John Pfaunmiller, a farmer on Duffy's island, in the Susquehanna, cut off by ice from the shores.

Word reached the depot that three children in the family were ill with pneumonia, and when the machine, piloted by Lieutenant Ray Brown, reached the farm on the island, it was found an infant had died Monday and two others were seriously ill.

"Immortals" Tackle Job They Will End in 2020

The holiday season set the French academy back two weeks in the work of revising the French dictionary which, according to the best estimates, will be completed in the year 2020 or 2025.

The two holidays this year happened to fall on Thursday, the only day of the week on which the Forty Immortals assemble.

Academy members began the present revision in 1878, 41 years ago.

Tobacco Use Increasing.

Ottawa, Canada.—Revenue receipts from tobacco transactions throughout the Dominion indicate that the weed is being burned up in increasing quantities since Canada's fighting men returned from overseas. Inland revenue returns for October show an increase of nearly $500,000 over October of 1918. Total receipts for this October were reported as $2,767,685. Tobacco revenue constitutes the largest source of revenue for this department. The income from liquors brought in only $800,000. Dispatches from London, however, have declared that much more whisky is being shipped to the Dominion than was exported to Canada before the Dominion went dry.

Just Where and How Is the Money to be Spent?

A businesslike Answer to a businesslike Question

THIRTY denominations cooperating in the Interchurch World Movement have budgeted their needs. No business could have done it more scientifically.

They have united to prevent the possibility of duplication or waste. At least a million dollars will be saved by the fact that thirty individual campaigns are joined in one united effort.

Each denomination has arranged its budget under six main heads:

1 FOR THE CHURCH'S WORK AT HOME. A score of items come under this head. Consider only one. Five and a half million people in the United States can not even read and write the English language. Who is to carry forward this vast work of Americanization if the church does not?

2 FOR HOSPITALS AND HOMES. Every year thousands of men and women seriously ill are turned away from Church hospitals because of lack of room. The children's homes are compelled to turn away more children than they can receive.

3 FOR HIGHER EDUCATION. Of the 450,000 American students in institutions of higher grade, one-half are in institutions founded and supported by the Churches. Many of these institutions have had no great endowment campaigns, but their needs are just as pressing as the needs of larger schools; and you have only to read their list of alumni and alumnae to measure the value of their contribution to America.

4 FOR RELIGIOUS TRAINING. At least 12,000,000 children and young people under 25 years of age are entering American life without any religious training at all. Remembering the faith of Washington and Lincoln, do you think that America will continue to produce Washingtons and Lincolns if faith dies out of the hearts of its youth?

5 FOR THE CHURCH'S WORK ABROAD. Influenza came first from the Orient thirty years ago; nearly all plagues are Oriental plagues. So long as China has only one physician to every 400,000 people the Orient will continue to be a menace. So long as one-third of the babies of India die before their second year our own babies are not safe. A Christian doctor or teacher sent abroad is working for America as truly as though he worked at home.

6 PREACHERS' SALARIES. The preacher is called the "forgotten man," and well he may be. Eight out of ten preachers are paid less than $20 a week!

Each denomination has its own detailed budget, and will administer its own funds. Your pastor has copies of the budget: examine them for yourself. In the week of April 25th-May 2nd you will be given your opportunity to help. You can do it with the full satisfaction of knowing that every dollar of your gift has its post assigned to it in advance.

Every dollar for better America and a better world. When your church calls on you give—and give with your heart as well as your pocket-book.

United Financial Campaign — April 25th to May 2nd

The INTERCHURCH World Movement of North America

The publication of this advertisement is made possible through the cooperation of thirty denominations.

The MOLINE Tractor is Universal

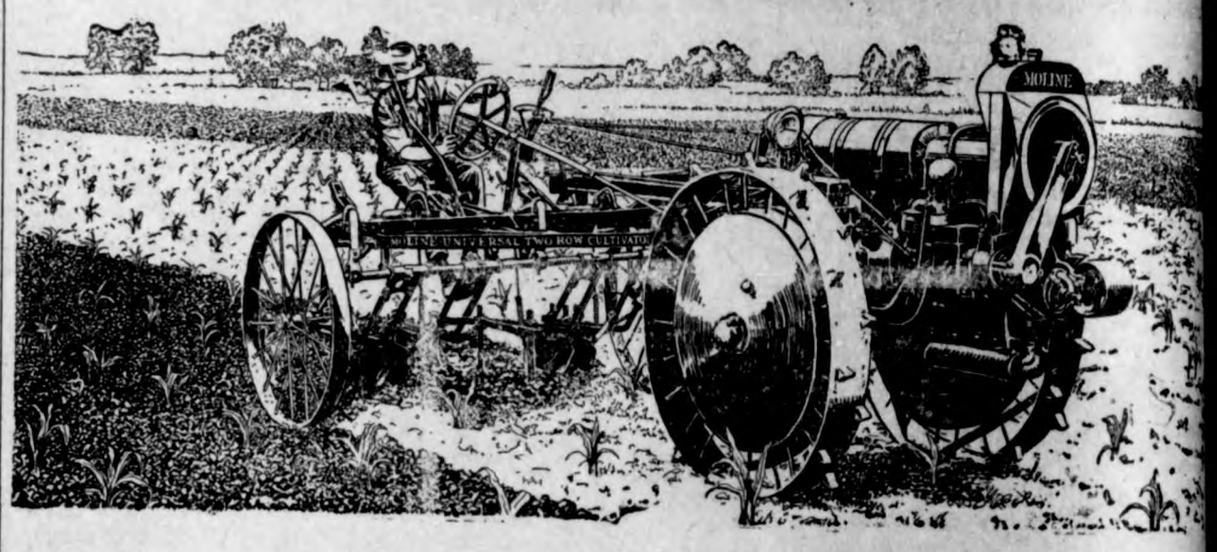
6 Indispensable Results

No duplication by horses	*Because*	Does all field work, including cultivating, harvesting and belt work
A large saving in labor	*Because*	One man completely operates both tractor and all implements
Great ease of operation	*Because*	A single seat in the center of controls of tractor and implements
Can back and turn short	*Because*	Single unit of operation—tractor and implements form but one unit
Better and faster work	*Because*	Operator sees all his work—"Fore sight is better than hind sight"
Power used as horses are used	*Because*	Tractor power in front of the work with operator behind the work

The principle of doing all field operations with one man sitting where he can watch his work is correct, or farming has always been done backward, and the operator would always have ridden or led his horses instead of driving them.

The Moline Universal Tractor places the power of nine big horses where the horses stood—is driven just like horses are driven, from the seat of the implement, and hitched up to the implements just as horses are hitched.

Utility Is Not Sacrificed for Price



If desired you can use the "drag behind" or horse drawn implements you now have with Moline Universal Tractor, the same as with other types of tractors.

See this tractor on our floor at **HENRY LAU & SONS** KLEMME, IOWA

Cravenettes and Raincoats

THE SPRING SEASON calls for something just a little different in an outer garment. You want protection against rain as well as cold this uncertain period. We suggest a good Raincoat or Cravenette which answers a double purpose—that of keeping you warm as well as dry.

You do not necessarily have to buy the staple regular garment that is show, as this part of the clothing business calls for stylish snappy up-to-date models anb good models.

We carry the conservative to the extreme models and invite you attention this department in our store.

Prices $5.00 to $27.50

We have a display of the above in our window.

We have the largest line of men's Work Shoes ever shown in Garner, $2.60 to $5.50.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES

GARNER, IOWA

The

Westinghouse Electric Range

is the ideal range for cooking quickly and economically. No Soot, no dirt, no ashes. See me for particulars.

Eletric Wiring

I do house wiring and install fixtures.

See Me

C. C. Tessier

Garner, *Iowa*

World's Record!

(Regardless of Size or Make)

Still stays in the Overland Family!

Held by the Overland model 90 several years and now held by

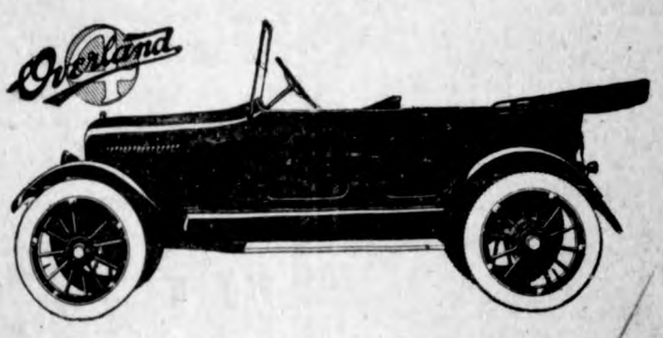
Overland

TRADE MARK REG

ROUGH USE--

A year of it in seven days.

5,452 Miles



168 hours driving at 32 miles an hour averaging 778 miles each day---

but read the telegram reproduced here as follows:-

Telegram

Indianapolis, Ind. 130 PM Mar 3 1920

TO Willys-Overland, Inc.
Advg dept Toledo, Ohio.

In seven days and seven nights continuous driving Overland Four stock car made World's Endurance Run Record of five thousand four hundred fifty two and fifteen hundredths miles. Average speed elapsed time being thirty two and forty five hundreds miles per hour. Stop gasoline consumption one gallon to twenty four four hnudredths miles. Car ready to start on repitition of its remarkable record.

THE GIBSON CO
J. M. Block 145 P. M.

Firstt endurance record of it's kind actually accomplished by a light weight, economical cal motor car.

A year's abuse in seven days. But Overland Four finished whole and sound and ready to do the work over again--a remarkable and convincing verification of the quality and road comfort of the car, and the protection to the car's mechanism provided by

Triplex Springs

which makes the Overland ride easy.

Buy Your Oil Here--

Before buying Tractor and Auto Oil see me, I don't claim to sell any cheaper than any one else but can se lljust as cheap as the next one Quality considered.

C. W. WILES

Willys-Overland *Buick* *Dort*

In one of the greatest purebred stock sales held in Marion county, Ray H. Cline sold fifty-two head of Aberdeen-Angus cattle for $44,910, at the Marion county fair grounds. The top price of the sale came when a cow with calf at foot sold for $4,700. This sale was closely followed by another cow with calf at foot which brought $4500. Forty-one head of the animals sold brought an average of $1027 each. Six head sold for over $2000 each.

Iowa live stock will be prominent in the exhibits at the Iowa state fair and exposition this year to be held Aug. 25 to Sept. 3. Iowa carried off 72 per cent of the winnings in the live stock department at last year's fair and the success of the Iowa exhibitors is prompting them to plan for big showings this year. Of 666 horses exhibited at the 1919 exposition, 588 were from Iowa and Iowans won 55 per cent of all the premiums. In the cattle department there were 1,298 entries of which 921 were from Iowa and from which 65 per cent of all awards were won by Iowans. In the swine department o total of 3,774 entries were enrolled, 3,481 being from this state. Hawkeye farmers won 89 per cent of all the money in the sheep department where Iowa was represented by 555 of the total 784 entries made.

Four new shipping associations have been organized in Mahaska county recently. Taintor, Fremont, Oskaloosa and Leighton. Agitation for these associations has been going on for some time. The success of the association at Fosterdale had much to do with the rapid conclusion of the work in these four places. All four places are ready for business. Taintor voted to capitalize at $30,000 and expect to run their shipping association and elevator together. Fremont capitalized at $75,000, with a minimum of $40,000 to take over a lumber yard and an elevator. Oskaloosa voted to capitalize at $10,000, with a minimum of $1000, this before doing business. Leighton capitalized at $25,000, with a minimum of $3500. At the latter place sufficient shares were sold at the meeting to start business at once.

Iowa farmers are starting the new farm year with 35,000,000 more bushels of corn in the crib than they had on March 1 of last year, a total of 166,500,000 bushels of corn being on hand, according to figures issued recently by the Iowa co-operative crop reporting service. While 40 per cent of the total crop for 1919 is still on the farms, only 28 of the remaining 60 per cent has been shipped from the state. About 39 per cent of the oats crop last year, or nearly 26,800,000 bushels less than last year, are now in the bins. Of the remaining 61 per cent, about two-thirds will be shipped out of the state. Wheat and barley are not kept over the winter in large amounts for only 17 per cent of the wheat and 27 per cent of the barley is still in the possession of the farmer. About 67 per cent of the wheat and 45 per cent of the barley will be sold outside of the state.

The scarcity of farm labor which still seems to be quite general over the state is perhaps not due so much to a scarcity of men looking for work as it is to the fact that they are speculating in most cases as to the most they can get for work from now until next fall. The farmers have been somewhat reluctant to hire men for the season, owing to the fact that the season this spring will be very late, and the men who are looking for work have been continually holding off in hopes that wages will reach an even higher mark than they are at present. The average seems to be around $65.00 to $75.00 per month, and considering that the man is getting his living in addition to this wage, it certainly seems ample pay. There are no doubt plenty of men who are looking for work, as there are also plenty of farmers still looking for help, but one scarcity itself seems to be merely a matter of reaching an agreement.

Agriculture and coal mining are the principal primary industries of Iowa, the ones upon which the economic life of the state depends. In the year 1919 Iowa mines produced 7,000,000 tons of coal worth $21,000,000 at the mine. During the same period the farm value of field crops produced in Iowa was $950,000,000. Add to this the value of dairy products, poultry, eggs and wool and the total is raised to $1,150,500,000. This figure does not include the value of hogs, cattle, horses and sheep which on January 1, 1920, was given a farm value of $650,787,000, making a grand total of farm products produced in one year plus live stock on farms January 1, 1920, of $1,791,281,000. The total output of the mines of the state represents less than 2 per cent of the total output of the farms, not including horses, cattle, hogs and sheep. Attention is called to this in order to point out the fact that agriculture is almost the sole basis of Iowa's economic life.

Morningside college of Sioux City for five years winner of the two-mile event in the annual Drake relay carnival, is preparing to send one of the fastest teams in its history to Des Moines to strive to maintain supremacy in that event.

Meetings of the Boone county farm bureau and the livestock breeders were held at Boone recently. Sixty-five breeders of the county attended. Officers were elected as follows: President, E. S. Thorngren, vice president J. A. Judge; secretary, O. W. Beeler; treasurer, T. H. Weeks.

CLASSIFIED

Live Stock For Sale

FOR SALE—17 head of Young Stock, weighing from 150 to 450 pounds each. H. Beek, Goodell, Ia. 3w

FOR SALE—A Scotch Shorthorn 3 year old bull; 2 Scotch Tops 13 and 11 months old. Erick Josten.

I AM OFFERING TO THE PUBLIC the Breeding Services of CRITIC SENSATION 284071. Pigs sired by him at less than ten months old weighed 400 lbs. Ten sows and gilts bred to and sired by CRITIC SENSATION sold for $3,070.00, or an average of $307.00. If you have a pure bred sow and want to raise a $2,000 litter, it will be to your interest to write or come and see me for terms and breeding date.

F. H. SCHULDT, Breeder of Big
3-w Type Durocs, Godell, Iowa

For Sale—2 work horses, double work harness, truck wagon. Wm Smith 2w

For Sale

For Sale—200 Egg Incubator, good as new. Ralph Ludeke. 2w

For Sale—Four lots on East Main Street, these lots have south front and are very desirable for building purposes. Ask for price and terms. Also six lots directly north of these, fenced up for pasture, at $150 per lot provjding one party takes the entire bunch. Also have a good building lot with 70 foot front facing the east, north of the Kerschner residence. These lots are all close to county drain and are priced to sell. See the owner,

A. D. GIMER, Klemme, Iowa tf.

For Sale—A buggy in good shape. For price call on Gilbert Schaper.

For Sale—15 feet of new 4-inch belting, at a bargain. Call at Times Office.

For Sale—Organ, just overhauled and in good shape. N. L. Palmer. tf

Found and lost articles

LOST—Presto-lite tank lost somewhere near Klemme. Finder please leave at Times Office. 1w

FOUND—Small alligator wrench and bicycle wrench. Owner may have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this notice.

Wanted

Wanted—To do sewing. Mrs. Gilbert Schaefer. tf.

Wanted—Buyer for 15 foot belt, used four times, good as new. Bargain for some farmer. Call at Times Office.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

See me about the Rooning Ensilage Harvester and the Endlock Silo. Geo. Gruetzmacher, Klemme, Iowa. 1-w

TO THE PUBLIC

Artificial Stone prices until August 1st will be: Rock-face 20c, Corners 25c, Smooth 18c. Foundation work in town 9c, Country 8c, others according. Cement to farmers 63c, town 64c delivered where I do work only. I dig cellars and haul sand. I have the most up to date outfit in this county. Haul my own tools. I guarantee first class work. I worked for 100 parties and can go back to 99. I work six days in the week and 10 hours per day at 75c per hour. Motto—"Live and Let Live."

Yours truly,
CHAS. W. STIEHL
(Advertisement tf.)

Order your magazines, dailies or other reading matter at the Times Office. Advertisement.

Hornet an Ancient Insect.

The hornet is a well-known insect even now in Palestine. Many of the Canaanites, as described in the Bible in Exodus 23:28; Deuteronomy 7-20; Joshua 24-12, were driven out before Israel by means of this insect.

Tree Sheds Water.

A tree which is said to shed water in abundance from its leaves and branches grows in the Philippines, where it is known as "acacia;" in Hawaii it is called "monkey pod."

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North	
821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.
South	
1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

Typewriter Paper for sale at the Times Office. advertisement

Is 700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of ear corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us about it.

W. F. PAVEY

Dealer **Klemme, Iowa**

Fishing Tackle

Say fellows we want you to come in and see our dandy new Rods, Reels, Hooks and Baits, Silk and Linen Lines--everything for the fisher.

Jacobs & Son

We Sell Genuine

International Repairs

Made For

The IHC Line

By the

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY

REPAIRS made for International implements and other farm equipment by the Harvester Company are the only repairs made from the original patterns. All others are copied from copies, and in this roundabout reproduction they may lose in correctness of shape, sharpness of detail, closeness in fitting, and quality of material. These repairs are made for Deering, McCormick, Milwaukee, Titan and other International-made machines.

Genuine IHC Repairs

Are Better in Quality
Fit Better and Wear Longer

The Harvester Company stands back of its machines. Be fair in the matter. Do not substitute imitation repairs for the genuine and expect best service. Repairs made by other concerns and marked "Made for" or "Will fit", are *not* genuine IHC repairs. They often lack weight, are not always correct in shape, are imperfectly finished, do not fit properly, or are made of inferior material. Buy Genuine International Repairs for your International Farm Equipment.

Beware of Any Other Kind!

W. M. BAACK

Spring Announcement

This week we want to announce the arrival of our Spring Goods both in the Ladies department and the Gents furnishing.

We Invite the Ladies

to look over our new line of

Waists Blouses Hosiery
Dress Goods Curtain Goods
Camisoles Petticoats
Dress Trimmings Footwear

Gentlemen

will find here a complete line of

Silk Shirts Dress Shirts Ties
Silk & Linen Collars Hats
Caps Belts Shoes

Get your Garden Seeds Here!
Our stock of Groceries the Best.

G. W.

Kluckhohn & Sons

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Times Ads Bring Result

ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-TWO CHURCH BOARDS ARE CO-OPERATING

In Every Community in Iowa a Citizen's Committee Has Been Organized

Sixty-five per cent of the Protestant church membership of the United States are behind the movement. One hundred and eighty-two church boards are cooperating.

In every community in Iowa and the United States a citizens committee has been organized to carry on the campaign. This is also true of every county and every state.

The distribution of the fund follows: Foreign Missioners, $107,661,-453; Home field, $109,949,037; American Education, $78,837,431; Religious Education, $5,931,925; Hospitals and homes, $5,116,466; Ministerial Relief and Retirement funds, $20,510,200.

Interchurch quotas by counties, exclusive of the denominational quotas are:

DISTRICT NO. ONE.

Buena Vista, $24,141; Calhoun, $21,-199; Cherokee, $13,752; Clay, $11,589; Dickinson, $10,184; Emmet, $13,326; Humboldt, $15,593; Ida, $13,048; Kossuth, $18,458; Lyon, $18,134; O'Brien, $23,720; Osceola, $9,980; Palo Alto, $9,659; Plymouth, $20,451; Pocahontas, $12,096; Sac, $18,602; Sioux, $24,-333; Webster, $29,085; Woodbury, $56,441.

DISTRICT NO. TWO

Allamakee, $10,003; Black Hawk, $42,018; Bremer, $19,527; Buchanan, $14,034; Butler, $22,279; Cerro Gordo, $26,540; Chickasaw, $9,067; Clayton, $16,924; Delaware, $12,229; Dubuque, $10,952; Fayette, $21,233; Floyd, $20,-361; Franklin, $22,723; Grundy, $21,-057; Hamilton, $23,468; Hancock $14,-120; Hardin, $25,620; Howard, $6,485; Mitchell, $13,889; Winnebago, $23,722; Winneshiek, $13,699; Worth, $12,645; Wright, $21,323.

DISTRICT NO. THREE

Benton, $33,789; Cedar, $24,603; Clinton, $26,471; Davis, $13,102; Des Moines, $29,330; Henry, $21,011; Iowa, $19,154; Jackson, $9,896; Jefferson, $16,616; Johnson, $17,601; Jones, $17,-268; Keokuk, $20,879; Lee, $20,612; Linn, $60,296; Louisa, $16,641; Mahaska, $28,678; Muscatine, $24,889; Poweshiek, $25,779; Scott, $42,752; Tama, $22,908; Van Buren, $14,909; Wapello, $27274; Washington, $22,426;

DISTRICT NO. FOUR

Appanoose, $15,628; Boone, $27,809; Clarke, $11,943; Dallas, $26,307; Decatur, $16,275; Jasper, $22,351; Lucas, $13,919; Madison, $19,004; Marion, $21,586; Marshall, $29,916; Monroe, $9,997; Polk, $116,000; Story, $29,856; Warren, $18,790; Wayne, $18,434.

DISTRICT NO. FIVE

Adair, $15,371; Adams, $13,239; Audubon, $16,096; Carroll, $8,360; Cass, $22,977; Crawford, $23,783; Fremont, $16,715; Greene, $18,449; Guthrie, $18,-779; Harrison, $22,082; Mills, $17,441; Monona, $18,397; Montgomery, $21,-051; Page, 29,449; Pottawattamie, $44,-240; Ringgold, $14,124; Shelby, $15,-053; Taylor, $18,752; Union, $15,365.

BENEFIT TO HOSPITALS

Iowa homes and hospitals will be benefitted by the Interchurch World Movement financial campaign, April 25 to May 2, to the extent of $826,500, it was announced today from New York by the officials of the movement.

The hospitals and homes to be taken care of by the Interchurch budget follows:

St. John's Methodist hospital, Sioux City, $100,000.

Lutheran Old People's Home, Madrid, $15,750.

St. Monica's Home for Wayward Girls, Des Moines, $52,500.

Iowa Lutheran Hospital, Des Moines, $165,000.

St. Luke's Hospital, Davenport, $100,000.

White's Mutual Training School, Oskaloosa, $26,250.

W. C. Graham Protestant Hospital, Keokuk, $210,000.

Evangelical Deaconess Home and Hospital, Marshalltown, $157,000.

DR. BEST OPENS OFFICE

Dr. H. R. Best, divisional secretary for the Interchurch World Movement in Iowa and Nebraska, has opened an office in Des Moines at Sixth avenue and High streets.

The secretary will be in charge of Iowa indefinitely and it will be his duty to see that the movement is continued after the financial department concludes its work.

WOLCOTT AIDS DRIVE

E. C. Wolcott, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Sioux City, Iowa, has opened offices in Des Moines, to conduct his work as regional financial campaign director of the Interchurch World Movement.

Mr. Wolcott is a native Iowan. He was born in Muscatine, Ia., and has been in Y. M. C. A. work the last fourteen years.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,

1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

I hereby announce myself a candiate for re-election for Supervison, subject to the will of the republican voters at the June primaries. H. C. MEYER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of recorder of Hancock county, at the June 1920 primaries.

HATTIE M. ALDRIDGE

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF IOWA:—

In Re-Estate of Mary Arnold, Deceased, in and for Hancock County, ss:

Now, on this 14th day of April, 1920, an instrument in writing bearing date the 2nd day of April, 1920, purporting to be the last will and testament of Mary Arnold, having been produced and filed in my office, and by me opened and read, the 10th day of May, 1920, at 11 o'clock A. M., is, by me, fixed as the time for proving the same, and, having prepared and signed a notice of the time so fixed, I now direct that said notice be published, for the period and in the manner provided by law in the Klemme Times, a weekly newspaper published in said county.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the District Court, at my office in Garner, Iowa, this 14th day of April, 1920.

(Seal) A. E. BAUMGARTNER,
Clerk of the District Court

Maxims of Agriculture.

"It is a maxim agreed upon in agriculture that nothing must be done too late; and, again, that everything must be done at its proper season; while there is a third precept which reminds us that opportunity lost can never be regained."—Pliny the Elder.

Prussic Acid.

Prussic acid is so deadly that even the smell of the acid produces pain in the throat, and in the region of the heart. There are few poisons for which there is such little opportunity for an antidote. If there is time—and there seldom is, for the poison is almost instantaneous—ammonia inhaled very freely may give relief and reduce the absolute certainty of death to a grave probability.

"Key" Not Spanish Word.

The word "Key" as used in Key West, the island and city of Florida, is not, as supposed, entirely a Spanish word. Key is a Spanish corruption of an American Indian word meaning an island, a sandbank or a rock in the sea.

Opportunity, prosperity, was never more rampant in this country, than it is today.

Unless you are producing--"getting ahead" to a greater degree then ever before you are falling behind the trend of the times.

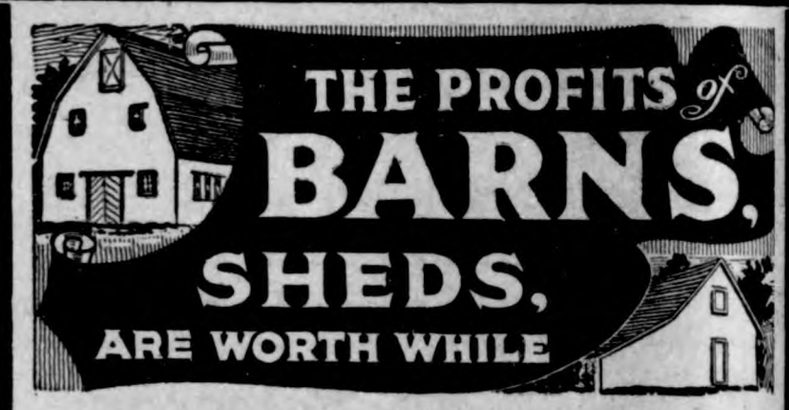
If the services and assistancte of a willing and accomodating Bank will help you at this time we are at your command.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET



The most important buildings

on the farm are those which give shelter to livestock and implements

At the present prices of livestoch, a good barn or other shelter may pay for itself almost in a ssason or two.

Ever delay means loss of profits to you.

Let us figure with you today?

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lim
Brick
Posts
Drain Til

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs
Eyes Tested Electrical Treatments
Glasses Fitted

ALL SEED ORE SOWING

and Quality of Corn ed Next Fall Depends tly on Seed Used.

BY HAND IS BEST

Stranger Fancy Prices for imed to Give Miraculous —Carefully Reject All efective Kernels.

y the United States Depart- ent of Agriculture.)

tity and quality of the corn rvest next fall depend, first, nd of seed you plant this rfect culture and the best the world cannot remedy evil if you plant poor seed. seed corn, say specialists of States department of agri- one that is adapted to the grown on the most produc- of a productive variety, is red, and preserved from ri- planting time in such a way ull vigor of the seed will be

d have been selected in the the stalk, but if that was all that can be done now is a uniform type of seed true characteristics and that will

uting Not Whole Story.

re fact that the kernels will a germinator is not the whole ecent experiments have shown sprouts may be indications se, that similar seed when s likely not to sprout and, if ill grow only a few inches or, roduce a barren stalk. at will come up but that will an unprofitable crop is worse which won't grow at all, be- fools the farmer into wasting land on it. Know what your do by selecting it yourself. seed corn may prove very e seed corn that produces the usually is the cheapest. must buy seed, pay your a reasonable price for select- preserved seed of a variety made good in a neighboring t don't pay a stranger a fancy seed claimed to give miracu- lds.

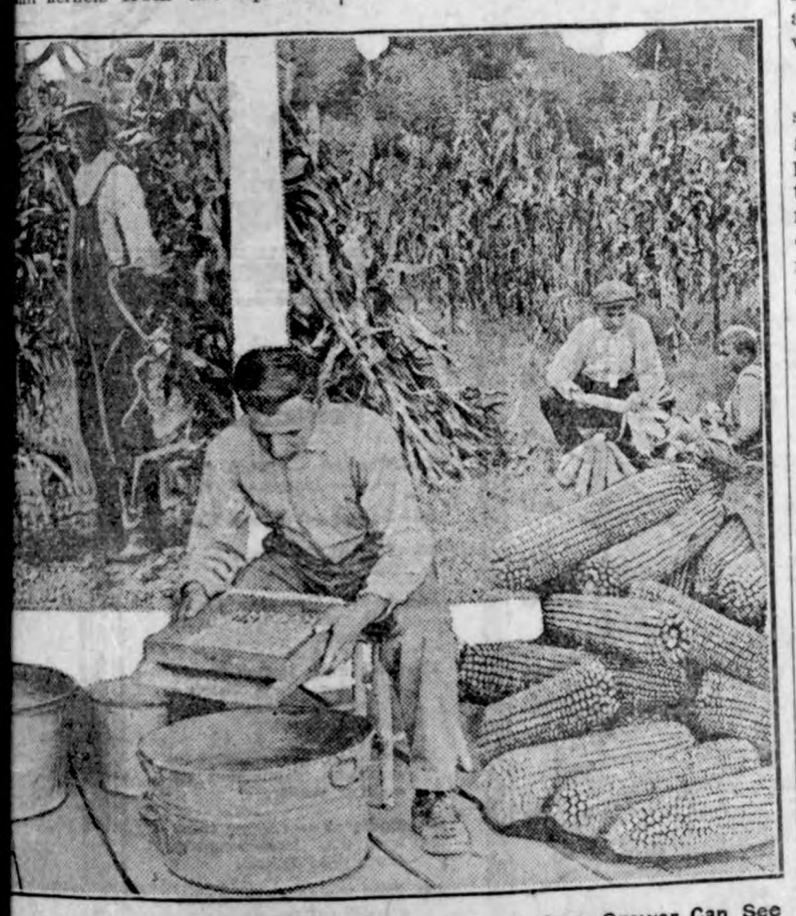
n Preparing for Planting Seed.

ears should first be nubbed, and nels from tip and butt should arded from the seed supply. all kernels from the tips are less productive than the other kernels on the ear; the thick rounded kernels from the butts are just as productive as any of the rest, but because of their shape and size they do not plant uniformly when used in a corn planter with other kernels.

Shelling by hand takes more time and labor, but is profitable. The mechanical corn sheller will injure some of the kernels, and thus destroy or reduce their power to grow and yield. No matter how large the required supply, says the department, it will still pay to shell it painstakingly by hand, because the greater the acreage to be planted the greater the ultimate profit.

Each ear should be shelled separately into a shallow pan or box, and any blemished, poorly developed, moldy or worm-eaten kernel should be rejected.

As the seed from each ear is found satisfactory and sound, and free from poor kernels, it is poured into the general supply and another ear is shelled in the same way. It is much easier to pick out defective kernels from a thin layer in a small sieve than from a large, mingled quantity in a bushel measure or a bag.



an With Imagination and Some Experience as a Corn Grower Can See These Things as He Selects, Grades and Tests His Seed.

RAG-DOLL TESTER IS SIMPLE AND EFFICIENT

The rag-doll method of testing individual ears of corn is one of the simplest and most economical, and is efficient, says the United States department of agriculture.

The tester consists of a strip of cloth, preferably bleached muslin, 16 inches wide and from three to five feet long. The cloth should be marked off into square sections and the squares all numbered. The ears to be tested should also be given corresponding numbers. Six or more kernels should be selected from different parts of each ear, and placed in the proper section.

When the tester is filled, fold over each side so that the edges meet in the center, roll up, and soak the tester for a few hours in lukewarm water. Drain off the excess water and place the dolls in a warm place for the seed to germinate. They should be covered with a wet cloth to keep them moist, and in about five days the seed should be sufficiently well germinated to show its fitness for planting.

Farmers' Bulletin 948, "The Rag-Doll Seed Tester," describes fully this method of testing seed corn. It may be obtained free from the department.

BEST CROPS FOR SPRING GREENS

Spinach Is Most Excellent and Should Be Found in Every Home Garden.

RICH LOAM MOST ESSENTIAL

One of Good Points About Swiss Chard Is That Leaves May Be Cut Without Injuring Plant—Dandelion and Kale Are Good.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Spinach is one of the best crops grown for greens and should be found in every home garden. In the North it may be planted in early spring, or it can be planted in the autumn and carried over winter by mulching with straw or leaves. Sow the seeds of spinach in drills 1 foot apart at the rate of 1 ounce to 100 feet of row or 10 to 12 pounds to the acre. To produce good spinach, a rich loam which will give the plants a quick growth is required. As ordinarily grown, spinach occupies the land during the autumn and winter only and does not interfere with summer cultivation.

Spinach is an easily grown garden crop, and there is, perhaps, no other of its kind that will give as good satisfaction. Three or four ounces of seed planted in the autumn after a summer crop has been harvested from the land, will produce an abundance of greens for the average family during the late autumn and early spring. In gathering spinach, the entire plant is removed and not the leaves. The larger plants are selected first, and the smaller or later ones are thus given room to develop. No thinning is required if this plan of harvesting is practiced.

The Savoy is the variety most commonly grown.

Chard.

Chard, or Swiss chard, is a beet which is grown for its foliage instead of its root. The leaves are cooked and used in very much the same way as asparagus. One of the good points about this vegetable is that crop after crop of leaves may be cut without injuring the plant.

Chard is planted about the same time and in the same manner as beets, but as the top grows larger it should be given more space than the garden beet. The edible part of this plant is the root, which somewhat resembles the carrot and is used in the same manner. The leaves are used the same as parsley for garnishing and in flavoring soups.

New Zealand Spinach.

The plant known as New Zealand spinach is not a true spinach but grows much larger and should be planted in rows 3 feet apart, with the plants 12 to 18 inches apart in the row. Some difficulty may be experienced in getting the seeds to germinate, and they should be soaked one or two hours in hot water before planting. New Zealand spinach is satisfactory for growing in warm climates, as it withstands heat better than the ordinary spinach. The fleshy leaves and tender stems are cooked the same as spinach.

Swiss Chard Has Been Bred for Foliage for Salads Instead of Root.

Dandelion.

Sow the seed of dandelion in spring in drills 18 inches apart, covering it one-half inch deep. Thin the plants to about 12 inches apart and give good clean cultivation throughout the summer. In the colder parts of the country it may be desirable to mulch slightly during the winter, to prevent the plants heaving out of the soil. Early the following spring the plants will be ready for use as greens, but they are greatly improved if blanched by setting two boards in the form of an inverted V over the row. The blanching not only makes the leaves tender but destroys a part of the bitter taste. Dandelion greens should be boiled in two waters to remove the bitterness.

There are a large number of forms of kale, and these are thought by some to be the original type of the cabbage. Kale does not form a head, and has convoluted leaves and thick stems. It may be set in rows and cultivated the same as cabbage or may be sown broadcast, but may be set somewhat closer. This crop is very hardy and will live through the winter in the open ground in localities where freezing is not too severe. The flavor of kale is improved by frost.

Kale is used for greens during the winter and as a substitute for cabbage.

CELERY SEED BED IS OF BIG IMPORTANCE

In North Seed Should Be Started in Hotbed.

Watering Should Be Attended to Very Carefully and Bed Not Allowed to Dry Out—Keep for Winter by Banking.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

For celery in the North, sow the seed in a hotbed or coldframe and transplant to the open ground. Celery plants are generally improved by transplanting twice. Celery seeds are very small and are slow in germination, and the temperature of the seed bed should be kept low. The seed bed should be especially well prepared, and the seeds should not be covered to a greater depth than one-eight of an inch. Watering should be attended to very carefully and the bed should not dry out. After the plants are up, care should be taken that the bed does not become too wet and the plants damp-off. Five hundred plants will be sufficient for the ordinary family. They should be set 6 inches apart in rows 3 to 5 feet apart.

Celery May Be Planted After Some Early Crop.

Celery requires a deep, rich, moist soil, with plenty of well-rotted barnyard manure or fertilizer and frequent shallow cultivation. In the garden, celery may be planted after some early crop, such as lettuce, radishes, peas or beans. As soon as the plants attain considerable size the leaves should be drawn up and a little soil compacted about their bases to hold them upright. If the blanching is done with earth, care should be taken that the hearts of the plants do not become filled. Boards, paper, draintiles, or anything that will exclude the light may be used for blanching; but earthing up will produce the finest flavor.

Celery may be kept for winter use by banking with earth and covering the tops with leaves or straw to keep it from freezing, or it may be dug and removed to a cellar, coldframe, vacant hotbed, or pit, and reset close together, with the roots bedded in earth. While in storage celery should be kept as cool as possible without freezing.

The blanched stems of celery are eaten in the raw state, and both the stems and enlarged roots are stewed and creamed. Celery seed is used for flavoring soups and pickles.

Celeriac is a large-rooted form of celery used for cooking only. Cultivate the same as celery, but banking or blanching is not required. The roots may remain in the ground until wanted for use provided a light covering is applied to prevent freezing.

Your New Home

should be made artistic, sanitary and livable.

These walls should be Alabastined in the latest, up-to-the-minute nature color tints. Each room should reflect your own individuality and the treatment throughout be a complete perfect harmony in colors.

The walls of the old home, whether mansion or cottage, can be made just as attractive, just as sanitary, through the intelligent use of

Alabastine

Instead of kalsomine or wallpaper

How much better, when you have a new home, to *start right* than to have to correct errors afterward from former treatment with other materials, when you come to the use of Alabastine, as does nearly every one sooner or later.

Once your walls are Alabastined you can use any material over it should you desire, but having used Alabastine you will have no desire for any other treatment.

Alabastine is so easy to mix and apply — so lasting in its results — so absolutely sanitary — and so generally recognized as the proper decorative material in a class by itself that it is becoming difficult to manufacture fast enough to supply the demand.

Alabastine is a dry powder, put up in five-pound packages, white and beautiful tints, ready to mix and use by the addition of cold water, and with full directions on each package. *Every package of genuine Alabastine* has cross and circle printed in red.

Better write us for hand-made color designs and special suggestions. Give us your decorative problems and let us help you work them out.

ALABASTINE COMPANY
Grand Rapids - - Michigan

Harvest 20 to 45 Bushel to Acre Wheat in WESTERN CANADA

Think what that means to you in good hard dollars with the great demand for wheat at high prices. Many farmers in Western Canada have paid for their land from a single crop. The same success may still be yours, for you can buy on easy terms.

Farm Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

located near thriving towns, good markets, railways—land of a kind which grows **20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre.** Good grazing lands at low prices convenient to your grain farm enable you to reap the **profits from stock raising and dairying.**

Learn the Facts About Western Canada

—low taxation (none on improvements), healthful climate, good schools, churches, pleasant social relationships, a prosperous and industrious people.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, reduced railroad rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

M. J. JOHNSTONE, 5th Street, DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent.

"SLANG" ROOT OF LANGUAGE

Idiom of Today in Correct Usage Tomorrow, Declares University Professor of English.

That the slang and idioms of today will be correct English tomorrow is the opinion of Prof. H. Glicksman of the English department, University of Wisconsin.

"Our language is made up of what was once slang, idiom, colloquialism and jargon," he said lately, and warned that the most deplorable feature about slang was its tendency to produce mental slovenliness.

Professor Glicksman then referred to the word "mob" as slang of 200 years ago and as such denounced in the Spectator by Addison.

"It is an abbreviation of the word 'mobile.' Even so the word 'pep' is vital and virile and will survive with the word 'snappy.' But to gain recognition slang must be free from vulgarity and cheapness," said Professor Glicksman.

"The term 'How do you get that way?' is condemned because it is meaningless, but the term 'he has a pull' is approved as it is the opposite of 'push,' a word that has forged ahead through its own strength."—Outlook.

Insight.

"I am sure that man is a gunman."
"How can you tell?"
"I guess it by his bullet head."

CLOSE STUDENTS OF NATURE

Examination Papers Proved That Pupils Must Have Made Keen Observations of Their Subjects.

A nature study and biology teacher sent the Nature Study Review the following from her pupils' papers, regarding their observation and conclusions in the domain of nature:

"Organic matter is when you have something the matter with your organs."

"Five devices by which seeds are scattered are wind, water, explosion, torn up, taken out and thrown away."

"The peculiars of an insect are some of them bring diseases, others destroy food, suck the blood, spoil the flowers, lay eggs and kill babies."

"The grasshopper, when he walks, either jumps or hops."

"The jaws of a grasshopper move east and west."

"A larva is an unfinished animal."

His Winning Way.

"It's wonderful how much feeling can be expressed in the tones of the human voice," said the studious person.

"The same thought occurred to me only yesterday," said Mr. Gadspur, "while I was listening to a candidate harangue."

"What was he talking about?"

"He was pleading with the voters to call him 'Bill.'"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

ME FARMERS GRIND WN FLOUR AND MEAL

eral Practice of Farmers Is to Buy Breadstuffs.

sionally Man Is Found Who Has is Own Little Mill and Does His Own Grinding—Bakers Are Patronized in Some Cases.

ereals, such as corn, wheat and kwheat, are raised nearly everyre throughout the United States. se grains are staple breadstuffs, the general practice of farmers is buy flour and meal rather than nd or have their own grain ground home use, says the United States artment of agriculture. In certain tions where custom gristmills are nd, farmers still have some grain ound into flour and meal for home e. Occasionally a farmer is found o has his own little mill and who kes his own flour and meal.

The average farm family consumes out six barrels of flour in a year. the South the average annual conmption of cornmeal is about 500 unds per family and in the North out 50 pounds. The consumption buckwheat and rice is low, except areas where these crops are genally grown.

SUBSTITUTE FOR BEEF SCRAP

Green Cut Bone Is Excellent in Poultry Flock's Diet—Should Be Furnished Fresh.

Green cut bone, when fed fresh, makes an excellent substitute for beef scrap in the poultry flock's diet. It must be purchased in small quantities, as it cannot be kept fresh for any length of time, especially in warm weather, and when spoiled may cause severe bowel trouble.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Bookkeeping pays on the farm.

* * *

Cheap vegetable seeds are often expensive at any price.

* * *

Poor farming now is not likely to lead to good farming later.

* * *

Pound for pound, emmer has a feeding value very similar to barley.

* * *

Sandy land generally needs limestone worse than it needs phosphate.

* * *

Hotbeds and coldframes give a chance to start vegetables earlier and gain on the weather and insects.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Cows and mules have kicks in them.

* * *

Our domestic animals have acute hearing. Why yell!

* * *

Very often hogs get tired of the same feed and want a change.

* * *

Nowadays the hog is allowed to range from farrowing time to marketing day.

* * *

A lamb does not need to be very old to take care of itself with the rest of the sheep.

* * *

Both clover and alfalfa have given satisfactory results when fed with corn to brood sows.

* * *

On a good grain ration, it is customary for lambs to gain about one-fourth of a pound per head daily.

* * *

Corn and tankage alone is a splendid ration for fall pigs, and in experiments at the Iowa station has uniformly proved profitable.

* * *

At the Iowa station they have pastured as many as forty spring pigs per acre on rape. On ordinary soil, however, rape does not do nearly so well.

One Trial of Grape-Nuts

will do more than many words to convince you of the goodness of this wheat and barley food.

But it's worth saying that Grape-Nuts contains all the nutriment of the grains, is ready to eat, requires no sugar and there's no waste.

Grape-Nuts is a Builder

-:- LOCAL NEWS THAT MAY INTEREST YOU -:-

SILLY BELIEF STILL STRONG

French Courts Called On to Take Cognizance of "Witchcraft" Practiced in Community.

Even in these latter days a witchcraft case occasionally gets into one of our courts. When they do we are all sufficiently humiliated that Americans, or even residents in America, should be so benighted, but amusement mitigates our pain, and even when a woman tried to get a Massachusetts judge to protect her from sorcery by punishing the sorcerer, the promptness with which the court dismissed her charge as absurd saved American self-respect.

But in this country, of late years, witchcraft cases, when we have had any, have been of the very simplest sort—mere survivals of peasant superstition in ignorant minds. Over in France they do better—or worse—for in the large city of Bordeaux there are about to be tried four citizens of considerable eminence whose lawyer is not afraid to interpose against the charge of assault brought against them by an alleged priest the defense that the beating they inflicted on him was justified by the cruel enchantments he had worked on a woman whom they regarded with reverence as a miracle worker.

That the wizard is accused of resorting to the ancient device of torturing a waxen doll as a means of transmitting agony to his victim is only one element of the offended justification. The defendants or their counsel must be well read in the annals of necromancy, for the tale of persecution is a fairly complete compendium, not of barnyard superstitions, but of those once familiar in every royal circle and not despised by philosophers or ecclesiastics. What a French court does with such a case as this it will be interesting to see. Bordeaux is not Paris, and strange things may happen.—New York Times.

He Thought He Understood.

"I came in answer to your advertisement in the paper for a man," said the poor-looking chap at the door.

"Oh, yes," replied the lady. "Are you temperate?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"Industrious?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"No bad habits at all?"

"No, ma'am."

"How old are you?"

"Just thirty-two, ma'am."

"I guess you'll do. Come in."

"Oh, come to think of it, I guess I don't want the job, ma'am. I'm not a marrying man anyway, ma'am."

Looked Like ——!

"We have heard a lot about the boys of the A. E. F. whose pay was a long time coming, and of course no one blames them for kicking," said Senator Penrose, "but in justice to the military paymasters, it must be said that they too, had their troubles. Like the case in Company B.

"Beg pardon," said the sergeant, "but what is your name?"

"Name!" echoed the private, who had just scrawled his cognomen on line thirteen of the pay roll. "Don't you see my name on that blank?"

"Yes," said the sergeant. "That is what aroused my curiosity."

Back to the Old Home.

He had just vacated one house on the street for another farther down. A few days later he came hurrying home, and when he came to the old place went in as usual. Passing into the living room he sat down, but when he came to himself he was gazing at three total strangers. "Oh, I beg your pardon!" he exclaimed, to their amusement. He departed hastily, but the joke leaked out to his great embarrassment.

Times Have Changed.

"Times ain't as easy as they used to be," said Uncle Eben. "I kin remember when a gemman didn' have to go to war to get de title of 'major' or 'colonel.'"

Mrs. G. I. Schaper is reported to be on the sick list at the present writing.

G. B. Lawhorn of Garner, was a busniess caller in Klemme Monday.

Rev. A. H. Meyer was a business caller at Garner Monday afternoon.

J. N. Day went to Garner Tuesday morning between trains on business.

Prof. Collins spent Sunday with his family at Elkora.

Ed. Jacobs spent Sunday with his folks at Garner.

Mrs. T. O. Letch of Goodell was a Klemme visitor Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Lydia Bock was visiting at Garner last Thursday.

Mrs. Chris Gram spent last Thursday visiting at Belmond.

Mrs. J. N. Day was a Belmond caller last week Wednesday.

Mrs. John Bock and son Mitchell, were at Garner last Thursday.

Mrs. J. E. Baumgartner was a Garner visitor last Thursday.

Wm. Bachman was a business visitor at Belmond Monday between trains.

E. G. Ell and son, Milvern, went to Des Moines Friday night to drive a couple of Ford cars back to Klemme.

Ray Nlson, of Garner, was a Klemme visitor a short while Saturday evening.

Mrs. Chris Gram attended the Missionary Convention at Garner Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Ruby Okrueg of Goodell, was a Klemme visitor last Friday between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Beard from Belmond were noted among the out-of-town shoppers here Friday.

Harry Ruka, of Goodell, was in Klemme last Friday on a business mission.

Walte Ross and family of Garner, were visiting friends and shopping here Saturday between trains.

Mrs. C. H. Tompkins of Garner, was in Klemme last Thursday calling on friends.

Mrs. Walters went to Mason City Saturday for a few days' visit with friends.

Hod Lawhorn and Henry Church autoed over from Garner last Friday to "chin" with old friends.

The Misses Warnock and Bryson went to Iowa Falls Friday evening for an over Sunday visit with home folks..

Mrs. A. L. Hubbard and four children left Monday evening for Minnesota. Mr. Hubbard is already there on the farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Haferman and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Haferman from Mesevey, were shopping with Klemme merchants last Wednesday.

Wm. F. Stille and family have moved from their country home to Klemme and for the present will live in the house north of Joe Johnson's. We welcome the Stille family to Klemme.

Al White has been on the sick list the past week. It's hard to keep a good man down so we presume Al is up by this time.

Mrs. John Gruetzmacher and Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Greisemer were Garner visitors Tuesday afternoon between trains.

Mrs. Clara Kirkwood went to Mason City last Thursday to have some dental work done. She returned to Klemme Friday evening.

Howard Wiles has been on the sick list the past week suffering from an attack of appendicitis. At this writing he is rapidly recovering.

Henry Schroeder returned to Chicago Saturday night after visiting with his mother here and other Klemme relatives for about a week.

Mrs. Mary Fouts came from Riceville, last week Tuesday to spend the summer with her daughter, Mrs. A. D. Gimer and family.

Miss Bernice Gimer returned Saturday afternoon from a week's visit with friends and relatives at Abbott, Iowa.

Mr. D. D. Ross from Garner came here last Wednesday for a few days' visit with relatives. He returned Saturday.

Mr. Cope, the harness maker who works at the Gruetzmacher establishment, spent Sunday visiting friends at Clear Lake.

F. A. Olney, landscape gardener from Charles City, was in Klemme a few days the past week drawing up lawn and flower garden maps for several of our citizens.

Second Garden of Eden.

It is said by scientists that Mesopotamia may, by the application of modern agriculture, be made into another Garden of Eden.

Rev. A. W. Gauge, pastor of the Grace Methodist church at Garner, and Rev. L. J. Brenner, District Superintendent, were in Klemme Saturday visiting friends. Mr. Brenner conducted services at Garner the following day.

Mrs. H. E. Holmes, son Elmer Larsen, and daughter Mable Larsen, returned tot heir home at Sioux Rapids, Iowa, after spending a week with Klemme relatives. They were called here by the death of Mrs. Holmes' mothr, Mrs. Mary Arnold.

Spring in this locality is at least two weeks, and possibly more, behind the regular schedule, but now the weather promises to be more favorable. And, oh boy!, won't it be a grand and glorious feelin' when we can go fishin' again?

Klemme has been suffering from a coal shortage the past week or two and as luck would have it the cold snap caught many without coal. Local dealers have coal on the way and the situation will undoubtedly be relieved in a few days.

A. L. Streiby and family have moved back to Garner after a couple of years' residence in and near Klemme. Mr. Streiby worked for the Klemme Meat Market and we understand will continue work with that firm at their Garner shop.

Ernest Schuldt met with an accident last Thursday while working at the Northern Lumber Company. He fell from the wagon on which he was working and was cut about the head and bruised bodily from the tumble. His condition was not serious and he was able to be up again in a few days but will be unable to work for a while.

Great Political Questions.

Great political questions stir the deepest nature of one-half the nation, but they pass far above and over the heads of the other half.—Wendell Phillips.

The views of Klemme and Klemme people which were shown at the Idle Hour last week were quite a success. Many pictures were comical and tickled the audience. We believe Joe Johnson would win the prize for the funniest picture shown. The photographer caught Joe sitting in front of Kluckhohn's store on a coaster wagon in a most humorous posture.

Bill Howard had a swell time last week entertaining the mumps but managed to get rid of them and was again on the streets Friday. Bill Claims it was mumps that caused his jaw to swell but we have seen fellows who got the worst of an argument with their wife and came out looking like a case similar to the ornament Bill was sporting.

Sometimes in our mad rush for news we do not "nail" all of them and thus we missed an item pertaining to Chas. Suckow. Mr. Suckow, who is a brother of Henry Suckow, Sr., and likewise has many other relatives here, came from Clarinda about two weeks ago for a visit with Klemme relatives and friends. He expects to return to his home about next week.

Mr. A. D. White who moved from Goodell to Klemme to live with his son Al, has changed his mind. A. D. was going to build a house on the farm with Al and had the cellar dug, the lumber hauled and all set to build when he must have got lonesome for old friends at Goodell for he quit oprations, hauled the lumber back to town and is going back to Goodell. We would like to see him stay in this locality but presume he is more contented with old friends at Goodell and so wish him happiness there.

You may be interested to know that a Klemme farmer tok first prize on seed corn at the short course held at Garner a few weeks ago. A. G. Lau took ten ears of Silver King seed corn to the short course and he was given first prize for it. The corn looked mighty good and certainly deserved being placed in the highest ... further goes to show that ... to-date and progressive ... Klemme.

Klemme Dray L...
Phone 14
A share of your patronage ... ed. All work attended to ... and carefully. We haul ...
Lloyd Lau, Pr...

M. O. Hoc...
The Grain, Coal and ... Stock Man
Will buy Grain and Hogs ... the week, I pay highest mar...

DR. R. M. THO...
Veterinarian
All Calls are answered pro...
Phone me at
Klemme -

The City Day L...
—Is prepared to do your ... carefully and promptly. We ... your patronage. Charges re...
Sam Harvey, Pro...
Coal Hauling Don...

Walter F. Lau...
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live S...
A Square Deal Always...
Phone 16 Klemme...

COME AND HEAR

The Edison New Diamond Disc Phonograph

—which has no needles to change. It RE-CREATES the human voice so that it is indistinguishable from the living voice.

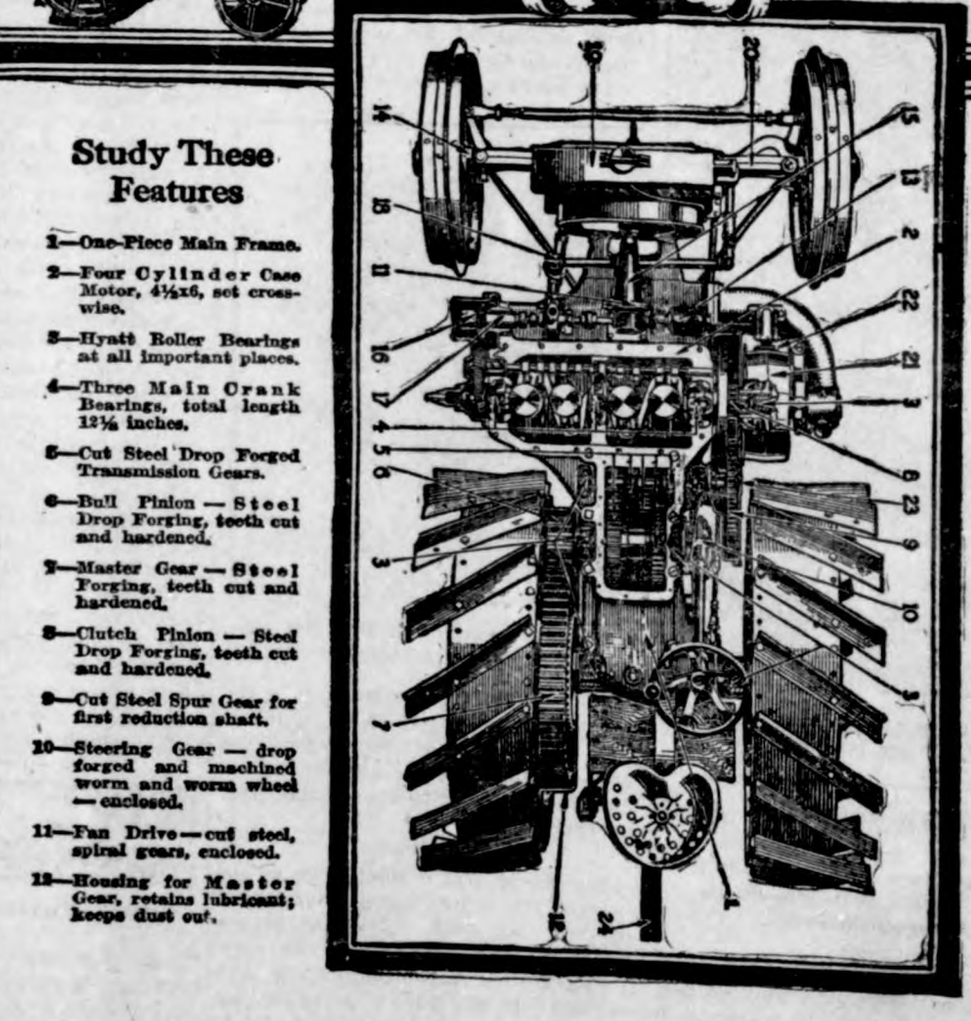
Will be pleased to play this phonograph for you.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

CASE

KEROSENE TRACTORS



Study These Features

1—One-Piece Main Frame.
2—Four Cylinder Case Motor, 4½x6, set crosswise.
3—Hyatt Roller Bearings at all important places.
4—Three Main Crank Bearings, total length 12½ inches.
5—Cut Steel Drop Forged Transmission Gears.
6—Bull Pinion — Steel Drop Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
7—Master Gear — Steel Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
8—Clutch Pinion — Steel Drop Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
9—Cut Steel Spur Gear for first reduction shaft.
10—Steering Gear — drop forged and machined worm and worm wheel — enclosed.
11—Fan Drive — cut steel, spiral gears, enclosed.
12—Housing for Master Gear, retains lubricant; keeps dust out.

Study These Features

13—Magneto — High Tension — dustproof type.
14—Dustproof Front Hubs.
15—Fan Shaft mounted on ball bearings.
16—Speed Governor — fly ball, throttling type, enclosed.
17—Ball and Roller Bearings for Shaft Driving Governor, Fan, Pump and Magneto.
18—Sylphon Thermostat — controls circulation of cooling water.
19—Radiator — copper tube and fin, non-clogging type; cast frame.
20—Steel Front Axle — automobile type.
21—Belt Pulley — mounted on crank shaft — the best place for it.
22—Brake for Clutch Pulley — convenient for quick stops.
23—Dustproof Housing for first reduction gears.
24—Adjustable Drawbar.

How to Judge Tractors Safely

We urge dealers and farmers alike to study the construction of Case Kerosene Tractors. And then make comparisons. This is the only way to get the utmost for one's money.

Above we picture and describe the chassis of the new Case 15-27. After studying the mechanical construction, then let this 15-27 demonstrate its performance. We will gladly send certified records.

This remarkable tractor has won rank as a leader. Before we announced it publicly, it was known to thousands who had seen it at demonstrations. Hundreds of dealers have ordered demonstrators. Any Case dealer or prospective dealer will be furnished with all information promptly upon request.

W. F. PAVEY, Dealer

THE KLEMME TIMES

enty-fourth Year Number 34 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, April 29 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

FINANCIAL REPORT

General Fund

from Co. Treas.	$2478.49	Overdrawn Apr. 5, 1919	$ 685.87
from Mayor	377.65	Orders Paid	2299.00
from Poll Tax	151.05	On hand April 24, 1920	22.32
tal	$3007.19	Total	$3007.19

Water Fund

and April 5, 1919	$ 216.78	Orders Paid	$1306.25
from Co. Treas.	1159.66	Transferred to Bond Fund	154.96
from Mayor	761.46	On Hand April 24, 1920	676.69
tal	$2137.90	Total	$2137.90

Bond Fund

and April 5, 1919	$ 470.61	Bond Paid	$1000.00
from Co. Treas.	309.79	On Hand April 24, 1920	309.79
s. from Water Fund	154.96		
s. from Int. on Bonds	374.43		
tal	$1309.79	Total	$1309.79

Interest on Bond Fund

Hand April 5, 1919	$ 152.55	Interest Paid	$ 82.85
d. from Co. Treas.	500.81	Trans. to Bond Fund	374.43
		On Hand April 24, 1920	196.08
tal	$ 653.36	Total	$ 653.36

Cemetery Fund

d. from Ell Township	$ 55.00	Overdrawn April 5, 1919	$ 111.46
rdrawn April 24, 1920	56.46		
tal	$ 111.46	Total	$ 111.46

Electric Light Fund

d. from Co. Treas.	$ 725.13	Orders Paid	$ 687.37
d. from Mayor	.75	On Hand April 24, 1920	38.51
tal	$ 725.88	Total	$ 725.88

Drag Fund

d. from Co. Treas.	$ 139.70	Orders Paid	$ 131.20
		On Hand April 24, 1920	8.50
Total	$ 139.70	Total	$ 139.70

Park Fund

d. from Co. Treas.	$ 112.03	Orders Paid	$ 50.36
		On Hand April 24, 1920	61.67
Total	$ 112.03	Total	$ 112.03

Recapitulation

hand, General Fund	$ 22.32	Cemetery F'nd Overdrawn	$ 56.46
hand, Water Fund	676.69	Cash on hand April 24,	1257.10
hand, Bond Fund	309.79		
hand, Int. on Bond Fund	196.08		
hand, Electric Light Fund	38.51		
hand, Drag Fund	8.50		
hand, Park Fund	61.67		
Total	$1313.56	Total	$1313.56

Indebtedness

ter Works Bond $1000 at 5 perct.

Warrants Outstanding

75 General Fund	$ 75.00
78, General Fund	35.00
72, Electric Lt. Fund	128.00
Total Outstanding	$ 238.00

C. G. Waterman, Treasurer

HANCOCK COUNTY TREASURER'S CALL FOR OUTSTANDING WARRANTS

tice of Payment of Drainage Warrants and Road Building and Bridge Warrants

Notice is hereby given, that there are now in the hands of the County asurer, funds for the payment of Drainage, Road, and Bridge Warrants, that said fund will extend to the payment of said warrants which have n heretofore presented for payment and not paid for want of funds, he following order to-wit:

All outstanding Road Building and Bridge Warrants.

Drainage District No. 7 or No 7 Sec 5
Warrant No. 87
Drainage District No. 8
Warrant No. 53 to 64 inclusive
Drainage District No. 9
Warrants No. 189 to 204 inclusive,
and Nos. 165-167-182-186
Drainage District No. 10
Warrants No. 181-356-364 to 383
inclusive
Drainage District No. 36
Warrants No. 55 to 71 inclusive
Drainage District No. 46-3
Warrants No. 77-80
Drainage District No. 56
Warrants No. 45 to 85 inclusive
Drainage District No. 70
Warrants No. 67 to 101 inclusive
Drainage District No. 71
Warrants No. 125 to 171 inclusive
Drainage District No. 75
Warrants Nos. 81-82-83
Drainage District No. 80
Warrants Nos. 153-154-155
Drainage District No. 83
Warrant No. 51
Drainage District No. 84
Warrants Nos. 80 to 88 inclusive
Drainage District No. 93
Warrants Nos. 9 to 16 inclusive
Dainage District No. 98
Warrants No. 17 to 20 inclusive

The holders of the above Warrants are notified that Interest ceases as ovided by law. Figure interest at 6 per cent on all Drainage Warrants d receipt for Interest on the back of each warrant. Figure Interest at 5 per nt on Road and Bridge Warrants.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 26th day of April, 1920.

THOMAS H. THOMPSON,
County Treasurer

Operatic Opulence.

"You must love art to pay such enormous salaries to grand opera singers." "I'm not sure," replied Miss Cayenne, "whether it indicates a love for art or an indifference to money."

Almost Good for Nothing.

"Judging from the paltry salaries some of our ministers are paid," observed the near cynic, "one might say with truth that they are good for almost nothing."

A PHILIPPINE TRAVELOGUE

THE ROMANTIC ISLANDS OF THE FAR EAST. PICTURES OF THEIR NATURAL BEAUTY AND HISTORIC SPOTS—BECOMING A MECCA FOR TOURISTS AND A POPULAR WINTER RESORT.

The Zigzag on the Way to Baguio, Summer Capital of the Philippines.

All aboard! Let's go! We're starting from Manila, the great picturesque, Americanized Oriental city, and will travel by automobile 200 miles to the north to Baguio, the summer capital of the Philippines The trip can also be made by train

We have ahead of us one of the most scenic, spectacular and thrilling automobile trips in the world. We will have excellent roads all the way. The Philippines are, in fact, a paradise for autoists, possessing 3,500 miles of fine macadamized roads.

The first part of the trip is through typical small towns and then across the central plain of Luzon and through several rich and fertile provinces, where tropical vegetation is seen at its best. Here one is impressed with the great agricultural wealth of the Philippines, which represents one of the East's greatest producing areas, with the advantage of immense natural resources for the development of further production. It is regrettably true that even in the United States there is far from any real understanding of the potentialities of the islands.

At some points rice fields, looking in the distance like the greenest of green lawns, stretch away as far as the eye can see. If you want color, if you want to feel the romance and mystery of an Oriental twilight, pass this way as the red eyed sun at the end of the dying day is slowly sinking behind the unending expanse of green fields. At first you cry out in ecstacy at the gorgeous scene. But as you ride along, your eyes fastened on the panorama of tints and colors, and with the impenetrably black Oriental night coming on fast, you become enthralled. You no longer try to express your feelings. You cannot. You realize that those now fast changing, colorful masterpieces in the heavens and on the landscape are pictures that no man can adequately describe nor human hands duplicate. So what's the use of trying!

True, these are but impressions, but the traveloguer considers himself justified in mentioning them, for they are a part of the trip to Baguio and return. Indeed, the gorgeous sunsets in all parts of the Philippines leave an impression on the mind of the tourist that is everlasting.

We leave the palms and tropical foliage and enter the zone of rugged pine. We pass from the soft, incense laden air of the warm lowlands to the crisp, invigorating ozone of the temperate zone, all within a few hours' time.

For mile after mile the road now follows the tortuous course of a river, the road lying in the bottom or on the rocky sides of a granite canyon.

The Philippines are rich in hydro-electric possibilities. This power is the cheapest power on earth. And it is everlasting. Your traveloguer is neither a prophet nor the son of a prophet, but he predicts that one day there will be innumerable Philippine government owned hydro-electric plants in this canyon we are now passing through. Think of the possibilities of such a project! Today the trip from Manila to Baguio is too expensive for the average Manila worker and his family, many of whom may live and die without beholding the wondrous beauties of their own island of Luzon. Think of what a blessing it would be to Filipino mothers and children to feel upon their fevered brows the cool, invigorating breezes of the mountain tops, now so near and yet so far! With the Philippine government owning its own electric railways and hydro-electric plants it would be possible to bring the trip to Baguio within the means of hundreds of thousands of Filipinos. Not only is there sufficient power in this river to electrify a line from Manila to Baguio, but to operate the street railways of Manila, light the city and furnish power for manufacturing concerns.

But we have now arrived at Camp One. From this point the scenery rapidly changes as the elevation increases. We are traveling over the famous Benguet road, the construction of which through the mountains is a most remarkable engineering triumph. At places the road is blasted out of the solid granite. Riding on the edge of a 100 foot precipice makes one feel like he is on the rim of the world. Some of the turns are so sharp it is impossible to see 20 feet ahead, and we seem to be perilously near the jumping off place. We wonder if it is safe to lean out and peer into the canyon far below, and when we do we are perfectly satisfied we are flirting with death. Yet the trip is a safe one, providing our driver has better nerves than our own.

All too soon we reach the outskirts of Baguio, a city among the clouds, and are rather surprised at the modern city we find it to be. In ten years Baguio has grown from a village of huts to the now justly famed mountain resort of the Philippines, sometimes called the Philippine Simla. It is undoubtedly destined some day to become a large city.

Baguio ranges in elevation from 4,500 to 5,500 feet and is surrounded practically on all sides by high mountain ridges and "hogsbacks" towering into the skies at a height of almost 8,000 feet.

Aside from the scenery, which is noteworthy, the great blessing of Baguio is its temperate climate, which is indeed a godsend to those impoverished by the tropical temperatures of the lowlands. Not only is the mountain air rich in ozone, but it has been demonstrated to be extraordinarily free from germs of all kinds.

Each year during the hot season the school teachers of the entire archipelago are enabled by the government to spend a month at the teachers' camp in Baguio for recreation and conference on school work. American army officers and their families also go to Baguio for the hot months.

And now that your traveloguer has you in Baguio, he believes he will leave you there, for there are many interesting side trips to take, and, besides, Baguio is the most delightful place for a vacation in the entire Orient.

C. H. T.

TO MAKE TILE NEEDLES

The ceramic department at the Iowa State College at Ames are working on a new kind of talking machine needle ad which they claim will play one hundred times. The needle is to be made of clay and baked like an ordinary tile. They also claim this needle will not wear the record which it is playing.

More Local

The J. N. Day family and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith and Mable autoed to Garner Sunday to spend the day at the Walter Ross home.

Mr. ad Mrs. John McCorkle and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gunderson of Kanawha were Klemme visitors Saturday.

Mesdames Buri,ff, Trafford, Elder and Gimér went to Garner last Wednesday to attend a Missionary Convention.

C. W. Wiles, M. O. Hocum, N. L. Palmer and Wm. Howard autoed to Algona Sunday where Mr. Wiles went to drive back a new Buick Six.

A number of the local Masons went to Garner last Thursday evening to see work in the third degree. Three took the work and a big supper was also served.

Bert Mathews made his usual Sunday auto trip to Garner, where he went to church and later—well, we are not telling the young lady's name whom he went to see.

LuVerne has a baseball team and the business men and citizens have also raised $1,000 to pay expenses of the team, for the grounds, and erection of bleechers. How about a ball team for Klemme this year?

Mr. Perkins, from Corwith is that new butcher you have seen back of the counter at Larsen's shop. Mr. Perkins knows how to "whittle" meat and thoroughly understands the business.

According to the Algona Advance Kossuth county will pave about twenty-two miles this year. The contract will be let as soon as they get the return approval of the state highway commission.

Our neighboring town of Corwith is also contemplating putting in a sewerage system this year. The Corwith coucil recently met with the Garner council to discuss plans and get pointers.

"Zip" McCullough sent out an S. O. S. last Wednesday and that evening his father, C. V., came from Garner to assist "Zip" in shaving the Klemme squirrels. "Mack" Senior returned to Garner Thursday.

Gerald McCullough autoed to Garner Sunday morning and there got his father and mother and they autoed to Northwood for diner, that day also being the birthday of Mrs. McCullough. They had dinner with Mrs. McCullough's brother.

The Commercial Club of Renwick have re-organized and will get busy on various things of public interest. It would be well that a Commercial Club be organized in Klemme and let it get busy and urge public improvements.

C. W. Wiles and Fred Wacker went to Sioux City last Thursday on the choo-choo cars, but returned in a handsome Buick Six car which Mr. Wiles sold to Fred. The auto dealers here are giving good service and if the railroads won't bring in the cars the dealers go get them anyway.

Garner will give their band concerts on Tuesday nights this year. Britt will give their concerts on Wednesday and Saturday nights and we believe Klemme concerts will be given on Thursday ights as that is the only night which Mr. Crotty, the leader of the band, can be here.

A. G. Lau went to Garner Sunday morig and from there took the Milwaukee for Mason City and Minneapolis, where he went to visit his son, Ben. From Minneapolis he will go to Fairfax, North Dakota, where he has interests in a coal mine and says that he may ship some of that coal to Klemme.

J. E. Baumgartner was operated on last Friday morning at the Park Hospital at Mason City for appendicitis. Mrs. Baumgartner who went over with him last Thursday returned to Klemme Friday afternoon and reported that he got over the operation in good shape and that at present time he is getting along well.

While on his way to Des Moines, J. E. Wichman of Garner, met with a rather peculiar and yet painful accident on the train. He had one of his hands resting on the window sill when the window dropped suddenly and caught three of his fingers on the right hand. One finger tip was nearly cut off by the window and he will lose the nail on another.

Art Wellemeyer was at Goodell Saturday to coduct the funeral of Frank Church who died of heart trouble at Mason City. Mr. Church was an optician at Mason City and has a brother at Goodell. Church was found dead in a bath tub at his rooming house at Mason City last Wednesday morning ad death was at first supposed to be caused by drowning, but examination revealed that heart trouble was the cause of his death.

About a dozen or more students fro mthe Klemme school took a day off and attended the school exhibit at Garner last Friday. Those who saw the exhibit said it was wonderful and that the time spent at Garner in going thru the school was time well spent. More of the Klemme students and also the teachers should have attended as it inspires them to do better work and try to compete with the larger schools.

Mr. Finis Lech, mother and sister, and Miss Kitts, of Goodell, autoed to Klemme last Sunday and while here Mr. Letch found a few spare moments to chat with the Times Editor. Mr. Letch formerly was publisher of the Goodell Globe until he lost his plant in the fire a few months ago. Finis is now with The Herald-Press at Belmond.

The first sermon in the new auditorium of the Liberty township church was given Sunday by Rev. A. H. Meyer. The church will soon be completed and when everything is all finished we will give a full description of the church and if possible will have some pictures of it also. To say that it is one of the best churches in the county is putting it mild. The church would be a credit to many cities as it is not only large and beautiful but has all modern conveniences such as the most up-to-date churches have.

Friday night of this week Britt will have a grand opening celebration. The program will be given at the Coliseum where the united Men's and Ladies' Band will give a concert under the direction of Mr. Crotty. The band will number about sixty musicians. After the concert a dance will be given. As Mr. Crotty is the director of the Klemme band and as they usually have their rehearsals here on Friday, he came here Wednesday and gave them their lessons and practice.

COUNTY AUDITOR CELEBRATES SILVER WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

Ed. Jacobs, our enterprising hardware dealer went to Garner Sunday to attend the Silver Wedding Anniversary which his father, Chris Jacobs and wife were to celebrate that day.

There were about thirty-five relatives and friends from far and near who were in attendance to help Mr. ad Mrs. Jacobs celebrate their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary. A big wedding dinner consistig of three courses was the center of attraction at the noon hour and was served by Mildred McCullough and Ethel Jacobs. The table scheme was carried out in pink and white and carnations were the principal flowers of decoration. Likewise another fine spread was given at the supper hour to the many guests. Mr. and Mrs. Jacobs were showered with many and useful gifts of silver in honor of the great event. It is hardly needless to say that all thoroughly enjoyed themselves at the great event which marked a great epoch in the lives of these people and they wished Mr. and Mrs. Jacobs many more years of joy and happiness and that they might again entertain guests to a Golden Wedding Anniversary.

GARNER PAVING PROGRESSING

Garner Signal: The paving company are making rapid preparation for doing their work in Garner. They bought the Garner House last week to furnish rooms for their men who will be here at work. They aree putting up buildings north of the Milwaukee tracks to store their material and are receiving more material every day. They already have a big gang of men on the job. The hotel they bought will accommodate all their better class of help. The foreign laborers they will bring here will be housed in temporary buildings at the outskirts of town. They are building a large building to store cement in. It will furnish room for 10 or 12 cars of cement. They are also putting in bins in which to unload their sand and gravel and have erected buildings to house their trucks and tractors. They are going at the job as though they intend to rush the contract to completion.

The W. F. M. S. of the 1st M. E. will meet with Mrs. Wm. Stille on Thursd'y May 6. Come and enjoy an interesting program.

PLANT A TREE

Gov. Harding has issued a proclamation proclaiming Friday, April 30, to be Arbor Day and urges that people set out a tree that day and that communities should plant a tree in honor of their soldier dead.

Vaseline
Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.
CARBOLATED
PETROLEUM JELLY

A clean, counter-irritant for scratches, cuts, etc. Healing and antiseptic
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.
(CONSOLIDATED)
State Street New York

Prayed for Cure
Finds it After 10 Years
Food Would Sour and Boil
—Teeth Like Chalk

Mr. Herbert M. Gessner writes from his home in Berlin, N. H.:

I had stomach trouble over ten years; kept getting worse. I tried everything for relief but it came back worse than ever. Last fall I got awfully bad; could only eat light loaf bread and tea. In January I got so bad that what I would eat would sour and boil; my teeth would be like chalk. I suffered terribly. I prayed every day for something to cure me. One day I read about EATONIC and told my wife to get me a box at the drug store as I was going to work at 4 p. m. I took one-third of it and began to feel relief; when it was three-fourths gone, I felt fine and when it was used up I had no pains. Wife got me another box but I have felt the pain but twice. I used five tablets out of the new box and I have no more stomach trouble. Now I write to tell you how thankful I am that I heard of EATONIC. I feel like a new man; I eat what I like, drink plenty of water, and it never hurts me at all.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 60c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

LIVE MAN WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY to handle fast selling auto accessory, Dickinson's Clear Vision Stormshield, protection against storms, sun or bright lights; fits any car; every car owner a prospect; exclusive rights given for one or more counties; positively a big moneymaker. PENCE & OSBORNE, 412 South Third Street, Minneapolis, Distributors for Minnesota, Iowa and South Dakota.

TEXAS OIL LEASES—$100 buys ten acres. $10 down, $10 monthly. Invest with the big producers. Title guaranteed. Bank refs. TEX-LOU-MEX SYND., Wichita Falls, Tex.

NORTH STAR LAND CO.
Improved and unimproved farms for sale in Nicollet, Sibley and Renville Co.
Call or Write H. Knipple, Gibbon, Minn.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

W. N. U., DES MOINES NO. 18--1920.

The Largest Animal.

Most boys have seen pictures of the huge lizard which roamed the earth millions of years ago, and is supposed to be the largest animal which ever lived. Searchers in Utah have discovered some bones of an animal which was twice the size of this great prehistoric animal. A hole 600 feet long and 80 feet deep had been dug when some one claimed the land. The government thereupon created a National Dinosaur Monument, comprising the locality, which will be protected until the investigations are finished. The work is being directed by the Carnegie institute, which discovered and assembled the skeleton of the familiar dinosaur.—Boys' Life for March.

PAIN IN BACK

Boy River, Minn.—"I have used Dr. Pierce's medicine with good results in my family for years. Last winter I was taken with La Grippe and it left me run-down, and with pains in my hips and back. I took different medicines without getting any benefit. At last I sent and got some of Dr. Pierce's Anuric and took it and am feeling well and doing a good day's work. When I commenced taking the Anuric Tablets I could hardly get out of the bed, felt as though a knife was sticking in my back."—A. C. Blodgett, Box 2.

KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Inland, S. Dak.—"I can recommend Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets and Anuric (anti-uric-acid) Tablets as grand medicines. I was troubled with my stomach, and also had weakness of the bladder and I started taking Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets and Pleasant Pellets and I believe they have cured me of my trouble. I think my stomach trouble was dyspepsia. The 'Pleasant Pellets' are the best regulator of the stomach and bowels I have ever used and I would recommend them highly. I have used four bottles of Anuric Tablets and four vials of Pleasant Pellets."—E. A. Eastman.

Rheumatism, Feet Swollen

Stillwater, Minn.—"I feel that it is my duty to write about the wonderful results I received from the use of 'Anuric.' I was suffering from kidney and bladder trouble, scalding, rheumatism, also my feet and ankles swelled so that at times I could not walk without assistance. Had taken several different kinds of kidney remedies and all failed. Finally I sent to Dr. Pierce for a package of his new discovery, 'Anuric' (anti-uric-acid), which I received by mail in tablet form. I soon got better and am convinced that this popular new medicine is good. I wish to recommend it to my neighbors and everybody suffering from kidney troubles."—Mrs. M. J. Sargent, 218 E. Elm St.

GARDENS LESSEN COST OF LIVING

They Will Return Abundantly in Proportion to Time and Effort Expended.

COMMERCIAL PLANTING CUT

Big Vegetable Gardeners See No Way of Obtaining Enough Labor to Conduct Usual Operations—Make All Plans Early.

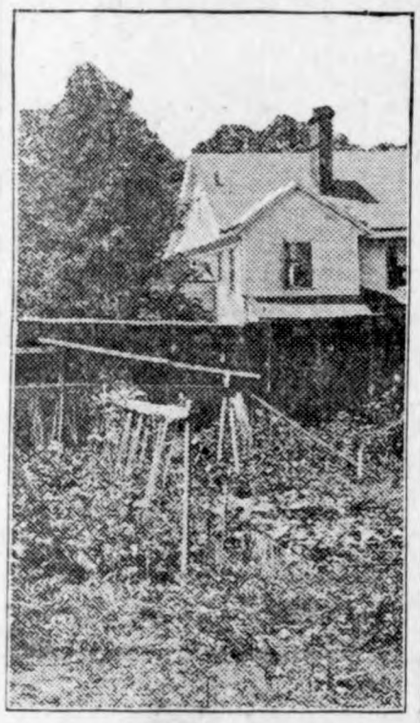
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

One way of reducing the cost of living is open to every man, woman and child who can get the use of an idle plot of ground. That way lies through the planting and cultivation of a home garden—a Thrift garden. War gardens played their part in the great mobilization of resources in wartime—Thrift gardens now have their own big job in helping households to feed themselves.

The reasons for Thrift gardens are many and various. The same reasons that existed last year and the year before still are present. Thrift gardens will produce food where nothing otherwise would be produced, they will reduce family food bills, they will return abundantly in proportion to the time and effort devoted to them. But added to these reasons is another one peculiar to this year.

Less Commercial Planting.

Reports to the United States department of agriculture indicate that the plantings by commercial vegetable gardeners will be materially reduced this year, because the commercial gardeners see no way of obtaining enough labor to conduct their usual operations. The commercial gardeners claim that they have paid high wages in endeavors to keep up production, but now have reached the point where the returns will not justify the continuance of this expense. At least, that is the report reaching the department of agriculture from seed merchants, whose operations at this season are regarded as a good indication of what conditions will be a month or two from now.



A Typical Home Garden—The Sort That Will Bring Health and Profit to the Tillers.

If the reduction of commercial gardening becomes a fact, the obvious result will be fewer vegetables and higher prices. The logical remedy lies partly in home gardens. This is a remedy, moreover, that will work no harm even if the commercial acreage should be up to normal, as any surplus of fresh vegetables may be saved by canning, drying, and other means of conservation and the surplus kept so that it will be useful next fall and winter.

Many More Gardens Needed.

Thousands of families learned the value of home gardens in wartime. United States department of agriculture specialists believe it essential that these families' interest be maintained and that other thousands be added to the home-food producers.

"Now is the time to begin making plans for your 1920 Thrift gardens," these specialists declare. "First, locate a piece of suitable land; second, make your plan; third, get your seeds; fourth, start work at the earliest possible moment."

A request to the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., will bring a booklet that will tell how to plan your garden, how much seed to buy, how to get the land in shape for cultivation, how to take every other step in the process of making your back yard or some other vacant lot help feed you.

WEEDS ARE VALUABLE ASSET

Noxious Plants Cut Down and Turned Under Excellent Fertilizer for Garden.

Weeds in the back yard or on that vacant lot next door are an asset to the gardener, for he knows, or should know, that these weeds, cut down and turned under in the garden plot, mean fertilizer for his soil. Turn the rank grass under with the wheel hoe and cultivate it once to destroy the growth. When manure is not procurable this green material is invaluable.

EFFICIENT PLANNING OF GARDENS FAVORED

Important to Make Cultivation Easy and Simple.

Plant in Long, Straight Rows and Cultivate at Least Once Each Week—Hardest Part of Work Performed by Horse.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Of several thousand farm women who answered a series of questions sent out by the extension service of the United States department of agriculture, 92 per cent had gardens and 56 per cent of the gardens were tended mainly by the women themselves. If this be universally true, it is important that the farm garden be planned so that the work of cultivating it will be simple and easy. All of the heavier work, such as plowing and fitting the land, should be done by men with the aid of a team.

The garden should be planted in long, straight rows and cultivated once a week with a horse, according to specialists. If this much is done by the men the work of the women will be materially reduced. The care of a home garden is not hard work if the fitting of the land and the main part of the cultivation is done with horse-drawn tools. Plan the farm garden right, work it right, and it will prove the most profitable piece of land on the farm.

The Long Rows in This Farm Garden Are Great Time and Labor Savers, Making Possible the Use of a Horse in Cultivation.

TEST SEEDS BEFORE SOWING

Essential Preparation Consists of Providing Apparatus and Knowledge of Methods.

Practically the only element in crop production that the farmer has completely under his own control is the planting of good seed.

It is important that farm seeds be tested before they are sown. Otherwise, a full crop cannot be grown even under the most favorable weather conditions.

Seed testing for practical results, says the United States Department of Agriculture, can be done much more easily than is generally believed.

The essential preparation for making seed tests consists of providing the simple apparatus necessary and of becoming familiar with the general purposes and methods of testing and the features of importance peculiar to tests of particular kinds of seeds. Ask the county agent, or write the Department of Agriculture for a bulletin.

FEED LITTLE CALVES GRAIN

Young Animal Begins to Eat When About Two Weeks Old, Amount Gradually Increasing.

When the calf is about two weeks old it will begin to eat. If a small amount of grain is placed in a box and kept before the calf it will be only a short time before it begins to eat regularly. A quarter of a pound or less each day will be sufficient for ten days or more and this can be gradually increased, giving the calf all it will clean up.

POULTRY NOTES

Take care of your setting hens, feed and water them regularly.

* * *

Perhaps the greatest drawback to turkey farms is the lack of range.

* * *

When the chicks have learned to roost it is much easier to protect them from mites.

* * *

Although ducks and geese are water fowls, they must have a dry, well-bedded house or shed to rest in.

* * *

Mites, lice and fleas are the prolific and everlasting root of most of the troubles of the poultry raiser.

* * *

Only laying fowls are worth keeping in the spring; the first step toward beating last year's record is to cull the non-layers.

* * *

A good laying strain of hens will keep busy laying all during the breeding season if they are shut up and their broodiness broken each time.

Another Royal Suggestion

COOKIES and SMALL CAKES

From the NEW ROYAL COOK BOOK

WHEN the children romp in hungry as young bears, here are some wholesome, economical delights that will not only be received with glee, but will satisfy the most ravenous appetite in a most wholesome manner.

Cookies

¾ cup shortening
2 cups sugar
¼ cup milk
2 eggs
¼ teaspoon grated nutmeg
1 teaspoon vanilla extract or grated rind of 1 lemon
4 cups flour
3 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

Cream shortening and sugar together; add milk to beaten eggs and beat again; add slowly to creamed shortening and sugar; add nutmeg and flavoring; add 2 cups flour sifted with baking powder; add enough more flour to make stiff dough. Roll out very thin on floured board; cut with cookie cutter, sprinkle with sugar, or put a raisin or a piece of English walnut in the center of each. Bake about 12 minutes in hot oven.

Cocoa Drop Cakes

4 tablespoons shortening
1 cup sugar
1 egg
½ cup milk
1¾ cups flour
3 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
½ cup cocoa
¼ teaspoon salt
1 teaspoon vanilla extract

Cream shortening; add sugar and well-beaten egg; beat well and add milk slowly; sift flour, baking powder, salt and cocoa into mixture; stir until smooth, add vanilla. Put one tablespoon of batter into each greased muffin tin and bake in moderate oven about 20 minutes. Cover with boiled icing.

Orange Cakes

4 tablespoons shortening
1 cup sugar
⅔ cup milk
1 egg
2 cups flour
3 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
⅛ teaspoon salt
1 teaspoon orange extract
grated rind of 1 orange

Cream shortening; add sugar slowly, beating well; add milk a little at a time; then add well-beaten egg; sift flour, baking powder and salt together and add to mixture; add flavoring and grated orange rind; mix well. Bake in greased shallow tin, or individual cake tins, in hot oven 15 to 20 minutes. When cool cover with orange icing.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

COOK BOOK FREE

Just off the press and finer than ever before. This new Royal Cook Book containing 400 delightful recipes, will be sent to you free if you will send your name and address.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
115 Fulton Street
New York City

"Bake with Royal and be Sure"

Better be a fool and part with your money than be a miser and have your soul buried under it.

To Have a Clear Sweet Skin.

Touch pimples, redness, roughness or itching, if any, with Cuticura Ointment, then bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Rinse, dry gently and dust on a little Cuticura Talcum to leave a fascinating fragrance on skin. Everywhere 25c each.—Adv.

TEACHER SHORT OF SUPPLIES

Tommy's Excuse Rather a Poor One, but He Was in a Mighty Tight Corner.

The village schoolmaster had done very well with his war saving association. The scholars brought in their pennies regularly every week; some even had as much as a shilling to subscribe.

One Monday morning Mrs. Oates gave her son Tommy the sum of threepence to pay in. On his return for dinner the good lady asked to see his card.

"Look here, Tommy," she said sternly, "there's only twopence entered here! How is that?"

Tommy grew pale as he saw that his sin had found him out. But the taffee in the village shop had been so tempting. However, he did his best.

"Yes, mother," he stammered, "that's all the ink the teacher had."—London Answers.

Extravagance of Japanese.

The extravagance of the newly rich of Japan finds vent mostly in endowing colleges, assembling treasures of literature and art and ministering to those senses and desires through which men nourish the soul.

Shape your way so the guardian angel may sound the call "Twelve o'Clock, and All Is Well."

MUSIC OF ANCIENT GREECE

Bands That Marched to War With the Soldiers Played on Flutes, Pipes and Harps.

Poetry in ancient Greece was accompanied by the cithara and the lyre, while the flute was played by both men and women in furnishing martial music to the soldiers in time of war. Musical bands marched to war with the soldiers and played on flutes, pipes and harps.

The lyre and the harp were preferred by the Greeks for private use, for it was thought they did not prevent one from remaining master of himself, while the flute, pipe or clarinet put the man beside himself and obscured reason. There were extensive choirs whose music was distinctly connected with the religious life of the people. These choirs were composed of both men and women and were employed for public and private religious festivals.

The choirs celebrated victories in war, deaths, holy days, births and marriages. Alkman, who lived as early as 650 B. C., wrote a choir song for girls which was a dramatic part song.

Made It Specific.

A little girl had been naughty, and her mother told her she must have no pudding for dinner. Later, the others ate a nice jam pudding, while the culprit received only bread and butter.

"Now, Jeanie," said her mother, at the end of the meal, "say grace."

Jeanie obeyed. Closing her eyes and her hands, she said, with emphasis:

"For what they have received may they be truly thankful."

Literary Objection.

Friend (doubtfully)—"I guess the old man will kick about your marrying his daughter." Lover (sadly)—"He did."

A vain woman may accuse a m of being a flatterer, but never of ing a liar.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle CASTORIA, that famous old rem for infants and children, and see that

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castor

NOTHING TO DO BUT WOR

When One Thinks of It, It Is Rather Foolish Way to Spend One's Lifetime.

The most common complaint hear from everybody we know is th they can't keep up with all there to be done. We make the same co plaint. Like you all, we undertake do seventeen thousand things m than the hours of the day will perm us to do.

It is an awful mistake. To be dr en like a galley slave is the rule have made for our lives. And, oh, quit it all, or to quit all but the thin we would like to do and are wor while!

To never catch up, to never kn what it is not to be tired—it is a fo ish way to spend a lifetime. This o and only little lifetime that is ours.

And what are we to do about Cut loose and run away; we guess is the only thing to do.—Los Angel Times.

Plenty of Goat Milk in Germany.

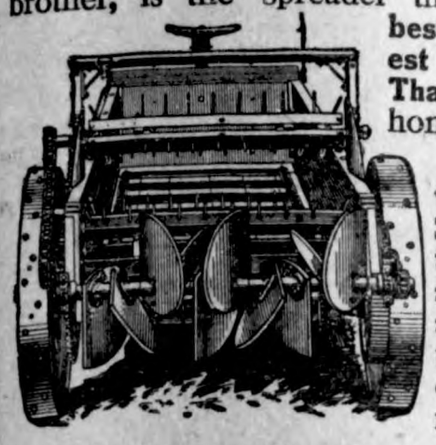
The only item of live stock in G many which increased during the w is—goats! Germany today has 3,00 000 goats, 10 per cent more than 1914. Goat milk is being very large used as a completely satisfactory su stitute for cows' milk.—Omaha Bee.

Swallowing your indignation will n satisfy your thirst for revenge.

25 Cents
will buy
a big package of
POSTUM CEREAL
weighing over a pound, net.
What are you paying for coffee?

Nothing But the Nisco Spreader for Us.

Any old machine that would just carry manure to the field and dump it on the ground wasn't good enough for us. When one of our customers came in and said, I need a manure spreader, we wanted to point to a machine and say "There, brother, is the spreader that handles manure best, pays for itself soonest and lasts longest. That machine we can honestly recommend."



Naturally we investigated Manure Spreaders; and we've taken the agency for a machine that actually measures up to the ideal we had set in our own mind. This machine is called the

NISCO

Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

The "New Idea"

Manure Spreader

And we want every farmer in our territory to come in and see it! The machine is a mechanical marvel. It pulverizes and spreads a full load over three corn rows in three minutes.

Here are some of the many good points of this wonderful spreader—see if they don't sound good to you. Low down and easily loaded. Wide-tired wheels—hence the machine is light draft. Chain conveyor carries all the load to the two cylinders, where it is thoroughly pulverized. Rapidly revolving steel paddles distribute this finely pulverized manure evenly. Can be set, by a convenient hand lever, to spread 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18 loads per acre. Positive chain drive—no possibility of clogging. Strongly built and able to stand steady usage year in and year out. This machine is

The Original Wide-Spreading Spreader

It was first of all spreaders to distribute wider than its own wheel track. Has been the leading spreader for 17 years and still leads.

Get This Book We Are Giving Away

Don't forget this when you come in, because it's important. This book is called, "Helping Mother Nature." It tells proved facts about the care and use of manure worth scores of dollars to any farmer. You can make money by heeding the suggestions in this book and using a Nisco Manure Spreader regularly.

Come in! We are waiting to show you this machine.

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements *Klemme, Iowa*

Special *Every Wed. and Saturday*

Cinnamon Rolls, Rye and Graham Bread every Wednesday and Saturday

XTRA Special!

While it lasts SWEET APPLE CIDER at **75c** per gal.

Always a full line of Fresh Fruits

The Crystal Cafe

The END of a Perfect Dinner

A golden-crusted, flaky slice of pie packed with apples, butter, sugar, nutmeg and cinnamon, brown juice running out the edges. *AND* that *fresh-from-the-oven* flavor of an aromatic cup of good *"rich and mellow"* Chocolate Cream Coffee.

Have You Tasted It Recently?

Chocolate Cream

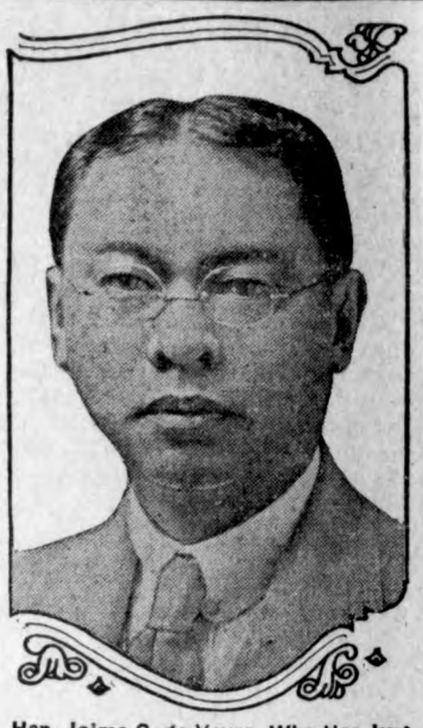
"Rich and Mellow" COFFEE

Tried it lately?—since we have been putting it up—like you seal fruit to keep it fresh—in these new hermetic seal canisters? A big improvement. Try some! Sixty cents the pound.

WESTERN GROCER COMPANY

MEET THE DE VEYRA FAMILY!

They Are Putting the Philippines on the Map in Washington



Hon. Jaime C. de Veyra, Who Has Just Been Re-elected as Philippine Commissioner to the U. S.

Mrs. Jaime C. de Veyra. She Is Doing Important Work for Her People in America.

THE CHILDREN OF THE PHILIPPINE COMMISSIONER.

The Baby of This Group Speaks Three Languages—Visayan, Spanish and English.

Permit us to present the De Veyra family.

The Hon. Jaime C. de Veyra is the Resident Commissioner from the Philippine Islands to the United States and has just been elected to a second term of three years. As Resident Commissioner he has a seat on the floor of the American Congress, the privilege of taking part in debates, although no vote.

Commissioner de Veyra has an interesting wife and four bright Filipino kiddies. The De Veyra family, individually and collectively, constitute the best argument as to the tact and capabilities of Filipinos that the Philippine Islands have in Washington.

The commissioner is a 100 per cent Filipino, a Visayan, and is one of the foremost leaders of the party in power in the islands. During American occupation he has been successively governor of his province, member of the Philippine legislature, cabinet member and executive secretary of the islands.

Like many statesmen of the Philippines, he was originally a newspaper man. He was one of the founders of El Nuevo Dia of Cebu, the first Filipino paper published advocating Philippine independence. The paper came under the censorship of General McIntyre, and on the appearance of the first number the editors were left in the singular position of seeing every prominent article blue penciled.

Mrs. de Veyra, like her husband, is a "live wire" in the Philippines' cause. She is the best known Filipina in America. She is an interesting public speaker and is constantly giving illustrated lectures at women's clubs and other gatherings. Mrs. de Veyra is a publicity bureau all in herself and has put the Philippines on the map, so far as the women folk of Washington congressional circles are concerned.

"I find that the Filipino people have been much misrepresented in the United States," says Mrs. de Veyra. "I do not mean to infer we are perfect, for we are not. My people have most of the defects, I suppose, that other humans have, but at the same time we are far from the people that many Americans have been made to believe. Not only are we a Christian people, but our race has a history that we are not ashamed of. Throughout the Philippine Islands the people are now working earnestly to improve themselves and their conditions so they will be prepared to take over their own affairs. We all love America for giving us a chance to help ourselves and for having promised us our independence, which is one of the dearest desires of the entire citizenship of the islands."

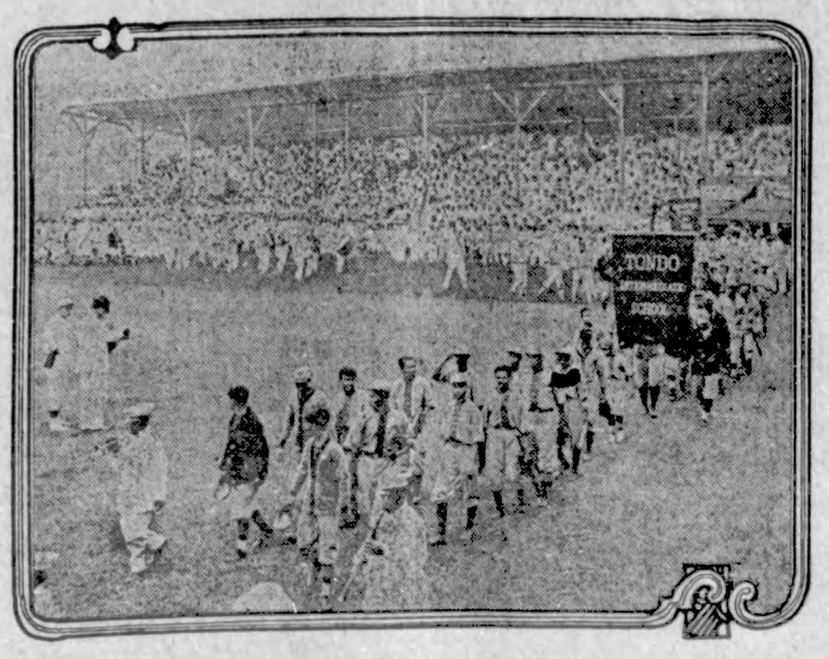
To American women whose ideas of Filipinos have been founded on Sunday supplement descriptions of wild tribes, Mrs. de Veyra's gentle manner and evident culture have been a revelation. She is sought by women's clubs because of her charming manner as an impromptu speaker on the subject nearest her heart—the women of her country.

At a recent Washington gathering she gave in perfect English a concise account of the work of a woman's club in Manila which supplies milk to the babies of the poor and trains mothers to care for their young children. She told of another woman's club which has branches all over the Philippine Islands and which maintains day nurseries for the children of the working women, provides Christmas cheer for the lepers, the insane and the convicts, and gathers data to influence legislation for the benefit of Filipino women and children.

The four little De Veyras, shown in the picture, having attended the public schools in Manila, slipped right into the same grades in the schools of Washington. Even little Mary, the baby of the family, speaks three languages—her native tongue, Spanish and English.

"PLAY BALL!"

They can do it the year around in the Philippines.



Here's indisputable evidence that the Filipino people have been Americanized! The great American game of baseball is the rage in the islands. This photograph shows a parade which preceded one of the big games in Manila. Baseball is played from one end of the archipelago to the other, and, as in other branches of athletic sports, some classy players have been developed.

Keep your stock Healthy

Dr. Blackman's

Medicated Salt Brick

Price 25c

Sal---Tonik

50 lb. Block $3.50

Place the bricks or blocks anywhere so the cattle can lick them, keeps them healthy.

Sal--Vet

The great Worm destroyer and Stock Tonic.

Sold by

HENRY LAU & SONS

Overland

TRADE MARK REG.

Overland, Buick, & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows & Farm Machinery.

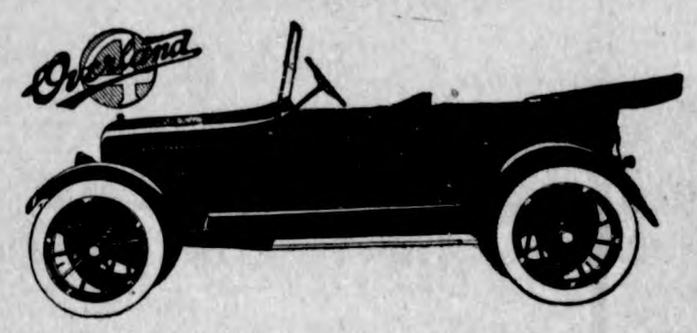
Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



PHONE 30

Willys Knight

C. W. Wiles Garage

YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST

KLEMME, IA.

Howard Doyle & Co.

Klemme, Iowa

Painters and Decorators

We are ready to do your job of painting or decorating, either interior or exterior. We always do work, see us.

Let us figure on your job--large or small.

Who Wants an Imitation?

WOULD you call on your local merchant and ask him for "imitation" sugar, or raisins, or coffee? Would you ask him to sell you a pair of shoes made of something "just as good" as leather? Or a suit of clothes "made for" a man, whether or not it fits you?

Get the Genuine

International Repairs

When you need repairs for your I H C Farm Equipment, buy the genuine repairs. See that this trade-mark appears on each piece.

Genuine I H C repairs are made from the original patterns—all others are copied from copies. Genuine I H C repairs are made of the same material, have the same finish, fit as accurately, and wear just as long as similar parts purchased with the original implement or machine.

We are the Authorized IHC Dealers

There is one certain and infallible way to secure genuine I H C repairs—buy them from us. And remember that International service, rendered by us, can only be 100 per cent right when International machines are equipped with genuine International repairs.

W. M. BAACK

Spring Announcement

This week we want to announce the arrival of our Spring Goods both in the Ladies department and the Gents furnishing.

We Invite the Ladies

to look over our new line of

Waists Blouses Hosiery
Dress Goods Curtain Goods
Camisoles Petticoats
Dress Trimmings Footwear

Gentlemen

will find here a complete line of

Silk Shirts Dress Shirts Ties
Silk & Linen Collars Hats
Caps Belts Shoes

Get your Garden Seeds Here!
Our stock of Groceries the Best.

G. W.

Kluckhohn & Sons

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Times Ads Bring Result

CLASSIFIED

Live Stock For Sale

FOR SALE—17 head of Young Stock, weighing from 150 to 450 pounds each. H. Beek, Goodell, Ia. 3w

FOR SALE—A Scotch Shorthorn 3 year old bull; 2 Scotch Tops 13 and 11 months old. Erick Josten.

I AM OFFERING TO THE PUBLIC the Breeding Services of CRITIC SENSATION 284071. Pigs sired by him at less than ten months old weighed 400 lbs. Ten sows and gilts bred to and sired by CRITIC SENSATION sold for $3,070.00, or an average of $307.00. If you have a pure bred sow and want to raise a $2,000 litter, it will be to your interest to write or come and see me for terms and breeding date.

F. H. SCHULDT, Breeder of Big
3-w Type Durocs, Godell, Iowa

For Sale

For Sale—200 Egg Incubator, good as new. Ralph Ludeke. 2w

For Sale—Organ, just overhauled and in good shape. N. L. Palmer. tf

Found and lost articles

FOUND—A black gauntlet glove with a yellow buckskin glove inside, the day of Mrs. Arnold's funeral. For information call at Times Office.

FOUND—Small alligator wrench and bicycle wrench. Owner may have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this notice.

FOUND—Pair of glasses. Pay this ad and get them at Times Office.

LOST—Radiator cap for Overland Car. Return to Times Office.

LOST—3 geese estrayed from my place Sunday. Finder please notify Robt. Roths. 1w

LOST—A pair of gent's work shoes and a box of coffee last Saturday afternoon between Schaper school house and Kluckhohn store. Finder return to the store for reward. 1w

Wanted

Wanted—To do sewing. Mrs. Gilbert Schaefer. tf.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Order your magazines, dailies or other reading matter at the Times Office. Advertisement.

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North

821, Mixed ---------- 1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger ---------- 3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger ---------- 8:44 a. m.

South

1068, Passenger ---------- 11:25 a. m.
820, Freight ---------- 12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger ---------- 6:05 p. m.

Preserve the Vitamines.

The use of bicarbonate of sodium in the manufacture of bread is deleterious, because on baking it is converted into the carbonate which tends to destroy the vitamines. The effect of this is obviated by adding such acid substances as buttermilk or cream of tartar. Because the vitamines are so important the growing and importation of vegetables and acid fruits should be encouraged.

IS 700 Bushels of Corn Worth Saving?

Wouldn't you like to save 700 bushels of corn each time you fill your silo? In filling a 100-ton silo you put in about 700 bushels of corn when the ears are run in with the stalks.

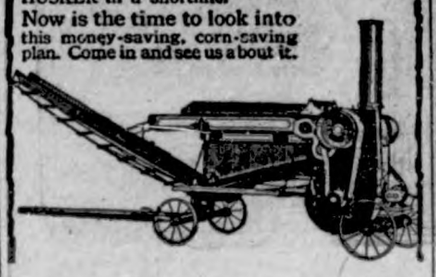
With a JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER you can take the ears off, put them in the crib and still have silage with just as much food value and give you just as good feeding results.

Figure out how much 700 bushels of ear corn is worth at present market price—that's your saving.

Let us tell you all about this money-saving, money-making way of making silage. It is opening the eyes of farmers, Experiment Stations and stockmen everywhere.

You don't have to fill your silo at just a certain time—you can fill it and re-fill it from fall to spring. The saving pays for the JENNEY SILO-FILLER-HUSKER in a shortime. (4-D)

Now is the time to look into this money-saving, corn-saving plan. Come in and see us about it.



W. F. PAVEY

Dealer Klemme, Iowa

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

I hereby announce myself a candiate for re-election for Supervison, subject to the will of the republican voters at the June primaries. H. C. MEYER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of recorder of Hancock county, at the June 1920 primaries.

HATTIE M. ALDRIDGE

I hereby announce my candidacy for State Senator from the 43rd district composed of the counties of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of the above counties at the primaries in June, 1920. W. P. Chambers.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF IOWA:—

In Re-Estate of Mary Arnold, Deceased, in and for Hancock County, ss:

Now, on this 14th day of April, 1920, an instrument in writing bearing date the 2nd day of April, 1920, purporting to be the last will and testament of Mary Arnold, having been produced and filed in my office, and by me opened and read, the 10th day of May, 1920, at 11 o'clock A. M., is, by me, fixed as the time for proving the same, and, having prepared and signed a notice of the time so fixed, I now direct that said notice be published, for the period and in the manner provided by law in the Klemme Times, a weekly newspaper published in said county.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the District Court, at my office in Garner, Iowa, this 14th day of April, 1920.

(Seal) A. E. BAUMGARTNER,
Clerk of the District Court

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

C. W. Seihl, Refund of Water Tax	$ 2.98
Hancock County, Drainage District No. 21	35.31
C. G. Waterman, Interest on Water Bonds	27.50
H. S. Schwartz, Dragging the streets	27.65

N. L. Palmer, Clerk

Magnetic Needle From Chinese.

The date of the introduction of the magnetic needle into Europe is unknown, but it came as many suppose, from the Chinese through the Arab sailors and traders, and it probably was already a nautical instrument.

We furnish the good Banking connection. Have you the ambition.

A Banking connection is asset that deserves cultivation. Start it early and it will be ready to serve you when you need it.

Regardless of your business prospects at this time your future need may be provided against by a banking relationship started today.

We invite you to start with us.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

YOU'LL BE SATISFIED WITH THE RESULT IF YOU BUY THE MATERIALS HERE

After you get started at the actual building operations you will find that many trying problems will arise.

We can help you with many of them. We are right here on the ground and it is part of our our service to avoid for you the worries of building.

We promise you satssfaction because we do deliver the goods.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

A Profitabe Bank Connection

A permanent connection with this strong modern bank offers more than the priviledge of making deposits and drawing checks.

These things serve merely as an introduction to a score of service-features of genuine value to all who seek to advance themselves financially.

Avail yourself of the many privileges offered by opening an account with us. The sooner you start the sooner benefits will accrue

First National Bank

KLEMME, IOWA

For Your

Sunday Dinner

Make your table attractive and the food appetizing with

Heinz Products

We have just received a new shipment of Pickles, Ketchup, Mustard, Peanut Butter and other Heinz Products.

Once Tried, Always Used

J. P. Larsen & Sons

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

Subscribe Today at $2.00

STATE NEWS

Gleaned from many fields and summered for busy readers

A fine community building is being erected at Lanesboro. The building when completed will be an improvement of which a much larger town might be proud.

A phonograph needle made of clay which in trial has played 100 records, has been invented by H. R. Straight, secretary and general manager of the Adel Brick and Tile Co.

Sheep men of Lee county have received their wool returns totalling $23,427.15. There were 112 men who shipped wool co-operatively last year thru the county association.

The decision of the state superintendent of banking in refusing a charter to the Citizens State Bank of West Union was overruled by the committee on retrenchment and reform.

The contract was signed for the erection of Ottumwa's new $250,000 Y. M. C. A. building. Construction will start at once and the building will be ready for occupancy Jan. 1, 1921.

The Iowa state board of parole reports that they granted paroles to thirty-eight inmates of Anamosa reformatory at their session just brought to an end. They also report that eight prisoners were granted parole at Fort Madison penitentiary. This session was one of the buisiest the board has experienced for several months past.

Many spraying circles have been organized in Tama county. Twelve of these have been organized with four or six orchards, or 150 to 250 trees each. These men have ordered a small spray machine and spray material and the Farm Bureau will supply competent help to do the work. In this way it is hoped that more communities may be served than though one large machine was used.

Annual report of Sartori Memorial hospital at Cedar Falls, shows a total of 439 patients in that institution during the year. Of that number 310 were surgical, 240 being adults and 70 children. Sixty-five medical cases were treated, 61 adults and four children. But 11 deaths occurred at the hospital during the year. Receipts were $18,633.51, disbursements $18,168.46, leaving a balance on hand of $465.05.

The Pottawattamie County Beekeepers Association was organized June 6, 1918. West Pottawattamie county is an ideal place for beekeeping, the Missouri River bottoms being overgrown with sweet clover and basswood trees. Although in the case of the basswood trees the bees only work with them once in every three years. There are now 16 active beekeepers' association scattered over Iowa, and West Pottawattamie county was one of the first to be organized.

Thirty-one head of pure breds were sold at a combination sale held in the sales pavilion at Ida Grove recently. The animals brought $5195. Eight head of pure bred French draft and Percheron mares and stallions sold for $1630, an average of $204 each. One buyer paid $300 for a French draft mare called Magirl, 6 years old, and $300 for Maiden, another animal of the same breed. Two other animals sold for $195 and $150. Ten Herefords sold for $2410, an average of $241 each.

Four demonstrations on poultry and orchard work were put on in Union county last month. The work was done in communities where the work was entirely new. Farmers and their families attended these meetings in large numbers. Since these meetings, according to County Agent, numerous calls have come to him for information on poultry and spraying material. In 1918 the agent assisted four farmers with their orchards. In 1919 10 were helped and in 1920 it is estimated that from 16 to 20 farmers will call on this office for help. Already 38 farmers have asked the agent to cull their poultry in June and July.

Cedar Heights, a town of 400 people, nestling in the woods at the lea of Cedar Falls, has inaugurated a feature of civic life which will make it famous throughout the State. The newly elected mayor, at a massmeeting at which all but twenty of the residents were present, selected and installed a mayor's cabinet of women numbering twenty-two of the prominent residents of the town. This probably is the first body of women to be instituted as an auxiliary in the United States. It gives to Cedar Height the distinction of inviting women to the deliberations of civic government in advance of actual election to positions on the council itself.

The O'Hara building in the heart of the business section of Cedar Rapids was completely destroyed by fire with an estimated loss of $75,000. Defective wiring is believed to have caused the blaze.

A thoroughbred Poland China boar bought about fifteen months ago for the comparatively insignificant sum of $265 was sold recently at a private sale to W. H. Ellsworth of Goldfield for the record price of $40,000, declared to be the highest price ever paid for a hog in the United States if not in the world.

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers.

A wedding which is attracting attention throughout the State is that of Mary Ketelsen and Louis Peterman of Osage. The startling thing about it is the age of the couple, the bride being 16 and the groom 15. The wedding was the result of an elopment, the couple going to Waterloo to be married. The license record shows that Glenda Wilson was the witness. She swore that the parties were of legal age. The young people were married by Judge G. W. Wood of the municipal court.. Glenda Wilson and E. F. Feely were witnesses according to the marriage return. J. W. Thompson, deputy clerk of courts, who issued the license, said he observed nothing unusual in the groom's appearance as to boyishness.

Iowa spent for road and bridge building during 1919 a total of $16,154,078.45. While the year 1918 showed a decrease of $934,163.29 from the previous year, 1919 showed an increase over 1918 figures totalling $1,922,765.74. Roads, county and township, cost $9,299,356.22. Bridges and culverts cost $6,854,722.43. This is but $45,904 more than the bridge and culvert expenditure for 1918. It is $2,444,633,79 less than the concurrent expenditure for roads, county and township, in 1919. The total, $16,154,078.45 was the largest for road and bridges for a single year in the history of the state. Whether there was more work actually accomplished for the increased expenditure or not is a question. Prices were considerably higher on the average than the year previous so that it is also possible that even with the larger expenditure in 1919 there was less actual road and bridge construction than in the previous year.

The Kellerton farmers co-operative store is one of the best known successful institutions of its kind in the state and, while a young venture, is doing from $5,000 to $7,000 worth of business a month. Business is steadily improving and the prediction is that the store will be doing $100,000 worth of business before the close of 1920. The Kellerton store, owned by farmers, is operated along modern and progressive lines. There is no attempt made to undersell the local merchants of Kellerton, but a legitimate profit is charged and dividends at the end of the year. Where merchandise is taken direct from the car and delivered reductions are made. The farmers surrounding Kellerton have built up a successful co-operative store, but not without their difficulties. As one man expressed it: "Sticking to it has been a big factor in our success. There were times when we felt like throwing over the whole business, but we had a good bunch of directors and by sticking to them we have come out on top.

Iowa's republican delegates to the national convention were instructed by their convention to cast their votes at Chicago for Governor Lowden as a presidential candidate. Senator Cummins was the only speaker, Chairman Tobin declaring the convention had met for business. James Devitt of Oskaloosa placed in nomination the names of Mrs. Frank Dodson of Des Moines, Mrs. James Devitt of Oskaloosa, Charles E. Curtiss of Ames, E. A. Burgess of Sioux City, Charles Pickett of Waterloo, Charles A. Rawson of Des Moines, Col. Claude Stanley of Corning and H. O. Weaver of Wapello as delegates at large. They were elected without question or debate. The republicans of Iowa whole-heartedly indorse the candidacy of Gov. Frank O. Lowden, of Illinois, for president of the United States. This state knew him in his youth and has watched him in his maturity. It knows his worth, has pride in his achievements ,and believes in his sound judgment, patriotic purpose, republican conviction, and administrative capacity.

It costs more to keep a cow and more to produce a yearling calf in Iowa than in Kansas, Missouri or Negraska. The records cover three years. The best cows were found in Iowa and Missouri, where the average value for 11,197 head was $67, as compared with $65 in Nebraska and Illinois, $63 in Kansas, $61 in South Dakota, $57 in Minnesota, and $55 in Indiana. The best bulls were also found in Iowa, where the average value was $125. In Iowa the calf is charged with $12.08 for feed, $1.91 for labor, $1.08 for equipment, $1.25 for interest, and 45 cents for other charges, making a gross cost of $53.96 against which a credit of $1.97 for manure makes a net cost of $51.99 as against $42.37 in Kansas, $46.31 in Missouri and $41.59 in Nebraska. A great deal of this difference is accounted for by the charge of $12.08 in Iowa for feed, which cost only $9.12 in Missouri, $8.34 in Kansas and $6.25 in Nebraska. On this basis, 1506 beef cows on 48 farms in Iowa averaged per head for feed, $24.55; labor, $4.45; equipment, $2.88; interest, $4.24; other charges, $1.21, or a total of $36.22. Against this a credit of $5.90 for manure leaves the net cost $30.32, as against $24.45 in Kansas, $28.77 in Missouri, and $23.87 in Nebraska.

With a total of $131,946.31 paid, up to April 1, by owners of motor vehicles in Black Hawk county for permission to operate their cars during 1920 in Iowa the prospect is bright that the motor vehicle license may reach the $150,000 mark long before the year is out. In March, according to the county treasurer, motorcar owners paid over the counter $8,041 in license fees. That amount represented permission given in one month under the laws to operate 373 pleasure cars and trucks and 24 motorcycles.

No Harmony.

Patience—Do you have harmony in your church choir?

Patrice—Do we? Listen. Last Sunday the soprano wore a pink hat and a green waist, the alto appeared in a green waist and a yellow hat, and the tenor wore a green necktie and a very red nose!

The Place for It.

"Willie!"

"Yes, Pop."

"Can you carry a tune?"

"Certainly, I can carry a tune, Pop."

"Well, carry that one you're whistling out in the back yard and bury it."

Good Night Tip.

"Is that your father I hear coming downstairs?" asked the startled young man of the fair young thing by his side on the parlor sofa.

"No, George," replied the girl, looking inquiringly at the clock on the mantel; "you won't hear papa when he does come down."

Not Idle.

"I'm afraid you're an idle fellow, Sam."

"What's that, sah?"

"I'm afraid you like to idle away your time."

"Oh, no, sah, I doesn't, sah. Why I gits m' wife mo' work dan she can do, sah!"

Not True to Life.

Church—Have you seen the new play?

Gotham—Oh, yes.

"Isn't that scene of the subway car amusing?"

"What's amusing about it?"

"Why, didn't you notice everybody had a seat!"

Sufferings of Rich.

"The poor are often overworked; but they suffer less than many among the rich, who have no work to do, no interesting object to fill up life and to satisfy the infinite cravings of man for action."—William Ellery Channing.

A Bear's Diet.

A bear will eat anything from green grass to elk steak. Favorite foods are fish, berries, roots, insect larvae, honey, frogs and all kinds of fish.

Hermoline

A BETTER LUBRICANT

—FROM THE FORMULA OF A MOTOR COMPANY

The Reason for Hermoline Oils

Over 25,000 motor cars have been sold by the Herring Motor Company in the fourteen years of their business experience.

And from thousands of these car owners came constantly the question—"What is the best lubricant to use in this car?"

So the Herring Motor Company set about to find a lubricant that would be satisfactory in every sense of the word. To do this they established a laboratory, secured the services of men with many years of experience in the oil business, and conducted many experiments to discover an oil that would meet all the requirements of a motor under all conditions.

The practical experience in the thousands of their cars that were in use and this extensive laboratory work showed them that an ideal lubricant should be made from a paraffin base crude which is found in the Pennsylvania fields—and from this Pennsylvania crude according to their formula was manufactured HERMOLINE.

At first these oils were refined only for the use of the Herring Motor Company and their own customers but one car owner told another about its remarkable superior qualities and the demand rapidly increased until today we find HERMOLINE sold by the majority of garages in the cities of Iowa, Nebraska, South Dakota, Kansas, Missouri, Illinois and adjacent territory.

We handle a complete line of HERMOLINE oils and greases for car, truck and tractor. Give them a fair trial and prove for yourself as thousands of others have proved that HERMOLINE is really a better lubricant.

Put it to any test you like, HERMOLINE is the lubricant you should insist on.

E. G. ELL
Klemme, Ia.

The Test of Oil Value

There are five tests by which the supreme quality of lubricants made from Pennsylvania crude oils are shown, and by these tests HERMOLINE lubricants are proved superior for use in your motor car, truck, tractor or aeroplane.

Gravity

The gravity of an oil shows its density. Lubricants like HERMOLINE, made from Pennsylvania crude oils, run high in gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees), and are invariably filtered oils that contain a small percentage of carbon.

Viscosity

The viscosity test shows the ability of oil to retain its body under extreme heats. Inferior oils usually have a high viscosity, while Pennsylvania oils have low viscosity (from 150 to 240 at 70°), but when subjected to a heat anywhere near the temperature of a working motor Pennsylvania oils surpass all in viscosity and lubricating capacity.

Flash and Fire

The flash test shows at what temperature the vapors coming off the oil will ignite when a small flame is brought close to its surface.

The fire test shows at what temperature the oil itself will burn. Oils refined from Pennsylvania crude show a flash of 400° Fahr. and over—a fire test of 450°.

Color

Some of the lightest colored oils often contain the most carbon, so that tests of color should never be taken as proof of quality without the other tests described in this column.

Filtering

Oils made from Pennsylvania crude may be depended upon as being truly filtered oils when they have a high gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees). You will note that HERMOLINE oil has both light and color and high gravity.

Ask your dealer for the HERMOLINE booklet—it tells in detail how to prove oil value.

Carrier Pigeons Still Used.

Even to day, when airplanes and wireless play a conspicuous role, carrier pigeons play their part as well. Fliers can be shot down, and wireless messages might be taken up by enemy operators. The pigeon, in many cases, is the safest carrier, for seldom the bird is shot down. As a rule four or five pigeons are sent off with the same message, to make sure that at least one will reach its destination.

Where Onion Gets Its Odor.

The strong flavor and odor of all the members of the onion family are due to the presence of allyl sulphid, an oillike organic compound of sulphur. The flavor-yielding material is very volatile and is broken down by heat to some extent. Consequently, the cooked vegetable has a milder flavor than the raw.

Flowers of Sanctity.

Long ago certain fragrant flowers bloomed. They were of eight kinds, and belonged to the species called "flowers of sanctity." Their names, as rendered from the Sanskrit were: Clemency, Self-Restraint, Affection, Patience, Resignation (repression of any mental perturbation), Devotion, Meditation, Veracity. It is thought that the correct modern botanical titles remain unassigned.—From a note-book.

Soap Used as Pills.

Soap has played a large part in medicine. Medicinal soap when pure is said to be made of caustic soda, and either olive or almond oil. It was much employed in the form of pills intended to have a gently aperient, anti-acid action.

How much should I give to make this a better world?

A CERTAIN man in New York filled out his income tax report.

It showed an income so large that his tax was 53%. *And his total gifts to church and charity for the year were $148.*

Think of it—thousands spent for luxuries and pleasure for himself; and $148 to leave the world a little better than he found it!

Most of us do better than that; but not so very much better.

Our average daily gift for all church causes is

—less than we spend for daily papers
—less than a local telephone call
—less than a third of the day's car fare
—less than 3 cents a day

No wonder that 80% of the ministers of America are paid less than $20 a week. No wonder that the church hospitals turn away thousands of sick people a year. No wonder that China has only one doctor for every 400,000 people. No wonder that every church board and charity society is forever meeting deficits, forever passing the hat.

It isn't because we are selfish; it isn't because we don't want to help. It's just because no one has ever put up a great big program to us, and asked us to think of the work of the church in a systematic businesslike way.

The Interchurch World Movement represents the united program of thirty denominations. They have surveyed their whole task, no business could have done it better.

They have budgeted their needs; no business could have a more scientific budget. They have united to prevent the possibility of waste and duplication. At least a million dollars will be saved by the fact that thirty individual campaigns are joined in one united effort.

And they come to the men or women who love America —to you— this week asking you to use them as the channel through which a certain definite part of your income can be be applied to make this a better world.

Only you can determine what part of your income that should be.

It's a good time right now to answer that question. We're passing through the world just once; how much better will the world be because *you* passed through?

United Financial Campaign

April 25th to May 2nd

The INTERCHURCH World Movement of North America

The publication of this advertisement is made possible through the cooperation of thirty denominations.

It's All Here!

A stock of men's and boys wear that is full and complet —well balanced in all departments.

The newest styles and the money's worth qualities.

Boy's first long pants suits are hard to find—some store neglect this part of their stock. We take fine care of the boys and you will find a generous assortment of these first long pant Suits. $30 to $50

If you are in a hurry for anything send us a mail order or phone 534

Patton Bros. Co.

Mason City, Iowa — Manly, Iowa

"VALU[illegible] CLOTHIERS"

FILIPINOS WANT AMERICA TO GIVE INDEPENDENCE

Maximo M. Kalaw Declares U. S. Cannot Consistently Refuse "Self-Determination."

By MAXIMO M. KALAW,
Secretary of the Philippine Mission, Author "The Case for the Filipinos," "Self-Government in the Philippines," etc.

"When they show sufficient capacity," "When they are able to govern themselves," "When they are educated enough." Thus run the answers of many Americans pressed with the question as to when the Filipinos should be granted their independence. Now, "ability," "capacity" and "sufficient education" —What do they mean in black and white?

Maximo M. Kalaw.

Senator Shogun may think no people is capable of self-government that does not establish the judicial recall, or that has no Billy Sunday. John Smith of Somerville may think no people is capable of self-government that does not vote his democratic ticket, or go to church on Sundays.

"Capacity for self-government" is as broad and elastic as the world, and if that should be the criterion for the granting of Philippine independence, America might as well say to the Filipinos, "I will give you independence when it pleases me to do so."

Fortunately, the American promise to the Philippines is not based on such obscure and abstract conditions. It is based on a definite seizable thing. When America, through her Congress, officially told the Filipino people that they would be granted their independence as soon as they could establish a stable government, no abstract or obscure condition was meant. Stable government, according to American usage, means a certain, definite thing.

The United States promised the Cubans the same thing, that "when they have established a stable government, then American troops would be withdrawn." As soon as the Cuban people elected a government suited to themselves, capable of maintaining order and fulfilling all international obligations, there was a stable government in Cuba, and American troops were withdrawn.

When Congress passed the Jones law, it simply borrowed the phrase "stable government" from the Cuban history and applied it to the Philippines. The history of Philippine legislation shows that in black and white. With full knowledge of what it meant, the Filipino people accepted the Jones law and immediately began setting up the stable government required by Congress as a pre-requisite to independence. The stable government is now a fact. It is indeed more than that; it is an undisputed fact.

The official representative of the United States in the Philippine Islands, the Governor General, reported to the American Congress and the administration that "the Filipino people have established the stable government demanded by Congress as a pre-requisite for the granting of independence—namely, a government elected by the suffrage of the people, which is supported by the people, which is capable of maintaining order and of fulfilling its international obligations."

The Philippine question is therefore no longer a question of politics, argument or supposition. To the Philippine mind, at least, it is now a question of whether the United States is ready to discharge its own obligations fully and completely. America went before the world in the recent war as the avowed champion of "self-determination" and Filipinos cannot see how America can consistently refuse to act.

The Filipino people, however, have no grudge or grievance against the American people. Theirs is a message of friendship and gratitude. They seek independence as the natural and logical outcome of America's policy in the islands and of America's solemn promise to them. They come willing to give privileges and concessions not incompatible with their national welfare.

The Filipino people are willing to accept independence under any of the following conditions: Under a League of Nations, guaranteeing its territorial integrity; under the protectorateship of the United States for the first few years; under a treaty of neutrality between the United States, England, Japan, France and other powers, or even without any condition whatever—absolute and complete independence. They have no fear of Japan. Philippine independence, in our opinion, is not inimical to Japanese interests. The Japanese are now free to come to the Philippines, but at the present time there are less than 10,000 Japanese in the islands. There are six times as many Japanese in California as there are in the entire Philippine Archipelago.

The Filipinos are willing to take their chance as a nation. Smaller nations beset by graver problems and dangers have taken a more hazardous chance at freedom, and have succeeded.

2ND MISSION COMES FROM PHILIPPINES

Body Headed by Senate President Quezon Reiterates Demand for Independence.

That the Filipino people are in earnest in their demand for immediate independence is indicated by the coming to the United States of a second Philippine mission to work for independence. Coincident with this announcement the War Department received a cable from Manila stating that the all-Filipino legislature had adopted resolutions reiterating its plea for immediate independence.

The second mission, like the first, is composed of the leading men of the islands and will work in the United States not only for immediate independence, but also to bring about "better understanding, greater confidence and closer economic relations between the United States and the Philippines."

The mission is again headed by Manuel L. Quezon, president of the Philippine Senate, who is well known in America, having been for six years resident commissioner to the United States. Mr. Quezon and the Hon. Sergio Osmena, Speaker of the Philippine House of Representatives and Vice President of the Council of State, are the leaders of the Nacionalista party, which has been in power since 1907.

Senate President Manuel L. Quezon.

While Speaker Osmena is not so well known in the United States as Quezon, he is considered one of the ablest men in the islands. Senate President Quezon recently referred to Osmena as "the greatest Filipino since Rizal."

The personal relations between Osmena and Quezon are probably without a parallel in modern politics. They have been the leading political figures in the islands for 12 years, yet there has never been the slightest indication of rivalry between them. Throughout their college life as well as their long political service each has refused to be a candidate for any position that the other aspired to.

During the years Quezon was the Philippine delegate in the American Congress he won the esteem and confidence of both the Republican and Democratic sides of the chamber. Whenever he spoke he was assured of a good attendance. One of the official short hand reporters once declared Quezon used the purest English of any member of the House.

Osmena, as president of the Nacionalista party, is the leader of the national movement for independence.

"Osmena is the premier 'de facto' of the Philippines," said a leading Filipino journalist, now in America. "A very conscientious and tireless worker, thorough and persistent, a genius for grasping the big features as well as the smallest details of public affairs, cool headed, quiet by temperament and education, a deep thinker, an eloquent speaker, a polished writer, a keen observer of men—such is Osmena."

Speaker Sergio Osmena.

Both Osmena and Quezon have been consistent advocates of Philippine independence, yet when the occasion demanded it they have never hesitated to champion the cause of America's good intentions toward the Filipino people.

Early Use of Lead.

In Job 19:24 is an allusion to the use of lead to fill carved inscriptions upon stone by pouring the molten lead into the cavities of the letters to render them legible and at the same time to preserve them from the action of the weather.

A Solace to Pride.

"You have made some powerful enemies." "That's all right," replied Senator Sorghum. "In so doing I have at least demonstrated that I couldn't be whipped by the little fellows."

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the preaching service.

Epworth League Sunday night at 7:30. Preaching service at 8 o'clock.

Midweek prayer services on each Thursday evening at 7:30.

A hearty welcome to all who come to worship with us.

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

NEW PERFECTION

Oil Cook Stoves and Ovens

Perfect Baking Too!

New Perfection Stoves give *speedy, steady, clean, intense heat for every cooking purpose.*

The Long Blue Chimney burns up all smoke, soot or disagreeable odor—drives clean, intense heat directly against the utensil. No fire to build—there's instant heat at the touch of a match.

Do *your* cooking and baking the New Perfection way.

Let us demonstrate the Long Blue Chimney burner.

Jacobs & Son

What's a "fair" price?

WHEN you buy anything, you ought to be willing to pay at least what it cost to produce it; plus a margin of profit to the maker, and to the merchant who has brought the merchandise to you; where you can see it; examine it, try it on, decide that it's what you want.

The ***Service*** rendered by the maker and the merchant are a part of what you pay for; you ought to pay for it willingly. If that service were not rendered there wouldn't be any merchandise here for you to buy.

Now, we aim to charge for our clothes merely *"fair"* prices, fair to both of us. We're going to make a fair profit, too. Our profit comes out of the money you pay us; yours comes out of the clothes you get.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes give you the greatest profit; they cost enough to be good clothes; all wool fabrics; perfectly tailored, smartly styled. They're the best clothes for you; that's why we sell them.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES

GARNER, IOWA

SN'T NEED ANY LAXATIVES NOW

cker says life is a joy, without constipation or stomach trouble.

d catarrh of the stomach and head e years. My stomach was so bad very time I ate anything sweet, fruit or pastry, the burning hot would run out of my mouth. I laxative every night.

e taking Milks Emulsion my bowve regularly. I have now taken ttles and have gained 10½ pounds. friends remark how fine I am , and it seems a pleasure to live without stomach trouble."—Bert , Miami, Ohio.

ics usually make slaves out of sers, and weaken the bowels inf correcting them. Stomach trouble ny cases is directly due to consti-

Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive nd a corrective medicine. It rehealthy, natural bowel action, doay with all need of pills and physIt promotes appetite and quickly he digestive organs in shape to ase food. As a builder of flesh and th Milks Emulsion is strongly recnded to those whom sickness has ened, and is a powerful aid in re- and repairing the effects of wastiseases. Chronic stomach trouble onstipation are promptly relieved—y in one day.

is the only solid emulsion made, o palatable that it is eaten with a like ice cream. Truly wonderful eak, sickly children.

matter how severe your case, you rged to try Milks Emulsion under guarantee—Take six bottles home you, use it according to directions, f not satisfied with the results your will be promptly refunded. Price d $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emul- Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by drugeverywhere.—Adv.

Things Not What They Seem.

happened in Muncie. One of the 's socially prominent and beautiful g women was tripping along an wn street when she met the wife he pastor of her church.

h, my dear, what a perfectly utiful vanity case you are carry- exclaimed the minister's wife. the same time the latter grasped supposed vanity case, pressed the g in order to see the interior, out popped a dozen cigarettes.—dianapolis News.

Feeling of Security

ou naturally feel secure when you w that the medicine you are about to e is absolutely pure and contains no mful or habit producing drugs.

uch a medicine is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp- t, kidney, liver and bladder remedy. he same standard of purity, strength d excellence is maintained in every ttle of Swamp-Root.

t is scientifically compounded from getable herbs.

t is not a stimulant and is taken in spoonful doses.

t is not recommended for everything.

t is nature's great helper in relieving d overcoming kidney, liver and blad r troubles.

A sworn statement of purity is with ery bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp oot.

If you need a medicine, you should ve the best. On sale at all drug stores bottles of two sizes, medium and large However, if you wish first to try this eat preparation send ten cents to Dr ilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a mple bottle. When writing be sure and ention this paper.—Adv.

Reckless Experiment.

"Friend," said Cactus Joe to the an who had just alighted from the ox, "could you tell us what a soviet s?"

"What do you want to know for?"

"Crimson Gulch has been getting so orderly and subdued that some of our most prominent citizens are talking about leaving. We need some excitement and we wouldn't mind a little trouble if it didn't last too long. From what I can hear a soviet, if it was managed right, would about fill the bill."

DEWS OF EVE

No More Gentle Than "Cascarets" for the Liver, Bowels

It is just as needless as it is dangerous to take violent or nasty cathartics. Nature provides no shock absorbers for your liver and bowels against calomel, harsh pills, sickening oil and salts. Cascarets give quick relief without injury from Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, Gases and Sick Headache. Cascarets work while you sleep, removing the toxins, poisons and sour, indigestible waste without griping or inconvenience. Cascarets regulate by strengthening the bowel muscles. They cost so little too.—Adv.

Some men never wander from their own firesides—because they dwell in steam-heated flats.

It is easier to get well on in years than it is to get well off in cash.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

The House of Whispers

By William Johnston

Illustrations by Irwin Myers

© BY LITTLE, BROWN, & CO.

"WHO SHOT HER?"

Synopsis.—Spalding Nelson is occupying the apartments of his great-uncle, Rufus Gaston. The Gastons, leaving on a trip, tell him about mysterious noises and "whispers" that have scared them. He becomes acquainted with Barbara Bradford, who lives in the same big building. He instinctively dislikes and distrusts the superintendent, Wick. The mysteries in his apartments begin with the disappearance of the Gaston pearls from the wall safe. He decides not to call in the police, but to do his own investigating. It is soon evident that someone has access to his rooms. Becoming friendly with Barbara, he learns that her apartments are equally mysterious. She tells him that several years before her sister Claire, who lives with her, had made a run-away marriage with an adventurer, from whom she was soon parted, and the marriage had been annulled. Claire is engaged to be married and someone has stolen documents concerning the affair from the Bradford apartment and is attempting to blackmail the Bradfords. Nelson takes Miss Kelly, the telephone girl, to dinner with the idea of pumping her. Gorman, a hotel detective, recognizes her as the wife of Lefty Moore, a noted burglar. Nelson tells his story to Gorman and puts the case in his hands. Nelson finds a secret passage with a panel door in his room. He realizes he loves Barbara. He and Barbara hear a shot in the building.

CHAPTER VII—Continued.

—10—

I sprang after her, but she moved so quickly that she was out of the window and safely home before I could stop her. Only waiting to see her off the ledge I turned back and hastily pulling the panel into place I dashed for the front of the house. The screams and the shots I was sure had come from the apartment directly below mine. I was certain that there had been murder done there, and my mind was made up to investigate it at once. If I moved quickly there might be an opportunity to catch the murderer red-handed. I let myself out and dashed down the one flight of stairs. As I arrived there, the ascending elevator stopped, and Mr. Wick burst out, followed by an excited elevator runner. Wick was carrying a revolver in his hand.

"Did you hear anything?" he asked excitedly.

"I heard a woman screaming in this apartment and then a shot."

"I heard it, too. In which apartment was it?"

"Right here," I said, pointing to the door.

"Miss Lutan's," he said. "Let's go in. Here's my pass-key. You open the door. I'll be right behind you with my revolver."

CHAPTER VIII.

Inserting the key Mr. Wick handed me, I turned it sharply and flung the door wide. It revealed a luxuriously furnished apartment, the front rooms of which were extravagantly ablaze with light.

For a moment the three of us, Mr. Wick, the elevator boy and myself, stood there with our ears alert for any sound from the apartment. While I do not admit to being a coward, the unknown has its terrors for all of us, and I must confess that the knowledge that Mr. Wick had his revolver drawn was indeed comforting. All was silence in the place.

"John," said Wick to the elevator boy, "you stand here right by the door

"She Has Been Murdered," I Cried; "Get the Police at Once."

and keep your eye on the elevator. If anybody tries to sneak past you, you holler for us."

"'Deed I will, Mr. Wick," said the boy, with chattering teeth. "I'll holler, all right."

"Go ahead, Mr. Nelson," said the superintendent. "I'm right behind you with the revolver."

Without waiting to explore the front rooms, I turned at once and ran down the long hall to the sitting room. If, as I suspected, murder had been done here, I was confident that the scene of the tragedy would be the room directly under mine. The screams I had heard—and the shot—had seemed to come from under my very feet.

Although the lights in the front of the hall were burning, the sitting room was in darkness. As I reached the door, my fingers sought the button, and as the flare of light illuminated the room I looked hastily about me. There was no one there, but my one quick glance showed me that the door of the wall safe, located similarly to the one in the apartment above, was standing wide open,

Quirkly I sprang to inspect the room corresponding to mine, a room, it will be recalled, opening off the sitting room. Here, too, was darkness, and as I turned on the lights, I stood aghast with horror.

On the floor, close up to the inner wall, lay the contorted body of a beautiful young woman. Her eyes were wide open and staring. One arm was twisted under her, and the other hand was clutching at the front of her bodice, where a blotch of ghastly red indicated the path of the shot that I had heard.

"It's Miss Lutan," said Mr. Wick's voice behind me.

"She's been murdered," I cried; "get the police at once."

As I bent over her to see if there was any evidence of life, I saw imprinted in her tender white throat the marks of her assailant's brutal fingers.

"Come," I said, "help me lift her on to this couch, and then telephone at once for a doctor."

Mr. Wick had been all the while standing there, staring at the body as if stupefied by the tragedy, but he obeyed my directions, and with him at her feet and I at her head we laid her down on the couch, where I proceeded to loosen her gown and to try by artificial respiration to restore her blood to circulation.

"Get the doctor at once," I commanded again, "and 'phone for the police."

"John," called out Mr. Wick, "go to the 'phone and tell Miss Kelly to send for Doctor Hunt to come at once."

"Tell her to get the police, too," I insisted.

"And let the burglar escape while we're doing it," objected Mr. Wick. "Come on, let's look through the apartment. He may be hiding somewhere still."

Together, while the boy was 'phoning, we went from room to room, peering into closets and under beds. There was no one there and no traces of the murderer's presence. Even the servants' quarters were untenanted. Only one thing happened that struck me as peculiar. As I started up the hall to search the bedrooms, I looked back and caught Mr. Wick furtively closing the wall safe. His action in surreptitiously closing this without saying anything to me made me suddenly suspicious of him. I recalled that Detective Gorman had put Mr. Wick into his circle of suspects along with the burglar's wife. Could it be possible that the superintendent of the building himself was in connivance with the band of criminals who had been harassing the Bradfords and me? I determined to watch his every move.

"There's no one here," I said, as we completed our round of the various rooms. "The murderer has made his escape. Hasn't that boy 'phoned for the police yet?"

Mr. Wick seemed so averse to carrying out my suggestion about the police that I think he must have sensed the suspicion in my voice.

"I think I had better ask Mr. Kent about it first," he said nervously.

"Who's Mr. Kent?" I demanded.

My thoughts were so taken up with the unexpected tragedy that the name at first meant nothing to me. Suddenly I remembered. It was to the apartment of Mr. Henry Kent that Miss Kelly had 'phoned last night when she was dining with me. I recalled, too, that Gorman had charged me to find out all I could about him.

"Who's Mr. Kent?" I repeated sharply. "What's he got to do with it?"

"He's the owner of the building," explained Mr. Wick. "He doesn't like the Granddeck to be mentioned in the papers. He says any notoriety is bad for its exclusiveness. I don't believe he'd want the police called in. In fact, sir, I'm sure he wouldn't."

"Whether he wants it or not," I said firmly, "it's got to be done. You can't keep murders out of the paper. Either you call the police right away or else I will."

My threat forced him to telephone against his will. I could quite understand his employer's aversion to having a crime in the Granddeck made public. But there was no help for it. There had been a dastardly crime committed, and the police must be informed. Yet it was not to the police that Mr. Wick was telephoning. It evidently was to Mr. Kent's apartment in the building.

"Miss Lutan's been shot by a burglar in her apartment," I heard him say. "Mr. Nelson and me just discovered her body. What's that, sir?"

Just what Mr. Kent's reply on hearing the shocking news had been I had, of course, no means of knowing, but whatever it was, over the superintendent's face came an expression of incredulity and amazement.

"What do you think," said Mr. Wick, turning to me; "he says for me to call up Headquarters at once."

"Of course," I said, "it is the only thing to do."

Nevertheless, as Mr. Wick waited for the number, he kept shaking his head and muttering under his breath something that sounded like:

"To think of his telling me to call in the police!"

With the doctor summoned and the police sent for, there seemed to be little else for us to do but wait, so Wick and I sat down together in the rear sitting room with the elevator boy still on guard at the door.

"Who was Miss Lutan?" I asked.

"Why, Daisy Lutan, the actress," said Mr. Wick in surprise. "I supposed every one knew her."

"I've heard about her," I hastened to say, "but I had no idea that she lived in the Granddeck. Did she live here alone?"

"She keeps a maid, an old woman that has been with her for years."

"Where's the maid tonight?"

"Out to the movies, I s'pose. That's where she goes every night when Miss Lutan isn't playing. When she is, she goes to the theater with her."

"Then Miss Lutan is not playing now?"

"Not for the last month."

"Had there been any one here with her tonight?'

"I'll ask the elevator boy."

"John says she came in alone about fifteen minutes ago," said Mr. Wick when he came back. "She went out

"Women of Her Type Always Have a Lot of Men Friends."

about seven. Her own chauffeur was driving her then, but when she came back she was in a hired taxi. That's something I can't understand."

"How do you suppose the murderer escaped?"

I was trying every avenue of questioning to see if I could not surprise Wick into some damaging admission. I was beginning to suspect that he knew far more about Miss Lutan's murderer than he was telling. I felt somehow that his whole search for the man who had killed Miss Lutan had been entirely perfunctory, a bluff to deceive me. In my growing dislike for the man, I felt that it would not be beyond the range of probability for Wick to have been standing guard at the door while a confederate rifled the apartment.

"I'm no detective," he answered noncommittally. "All I know is that he has gone. He certainly ain't here in the apartment."

It was on the tip of my tongue to suggest that we look in the secret passageway. I felt that the shock it would be to Wick to learn that I knew about this might lead him to open his lips. I felt certain that it was by way of a similar passageway to the one I had discovered in my room that the murderer had escaped. But before I could make up my mind to spcak the doctor arrived.

He made a hasty inspection and then said tersely:

"There's nothing here for me to do. This woman has been dead for some time."

"How long?" I asked.

"It is impossible for me to judge—maybe twenty minutes, perhaps an hour. I should say that death was practically instantaneous. She was killed by a bullet penetrating the heart. Who shot her?"

He looked sharply from me to Mr. Wick, as if suspecting that it might have been one of us.

"A burglar got her just a few minutes ago," Mr. Wick explained. "Mr. Nelson and me heard a scream and a shot. We let ourselves in here with my pass key and found her here. It must have been a burglar that she surprised when she entered the apartment."

"It looks like it," assented the physician. "There are marks on her throat where he tried to strangle her screams. Have you notified the police?"

"Yes," said Mr. Wick.

"There's nothing more that I can do then," said the doctor, making his preparations to depart.

"Would you not wait until the police come?" suggested the superintendent. "They'll be here any minute and probably they'll want a statement from you."

"Very well," said the doctor, "I'll wait."

As we waited the three of us chatted about the crime and about the dead actress. From the conversation I learned that at the height of her meteoric career on Broadway Daisy Lutan had become the wife of the young son of a very rich family. His parents insisted that she had trapped him into matrimony and after long legal wrangling she had been divorced about a year ago. She had received a large sum in settlement, and this with her earnings as an actress enabled her to live in luxury.

"Hadn't she a sweetheart now?" I asked.

"Better make it plural," sneered the doctor. "Women of her type always have a lot of men friends."

"No men ever came to see her here. I'm positive of that," said Mr. Wick.

"Of course not," said the roctor sarcastically. "The reputation of the Granddeck apartments must be protected at all costs."

As we talked two detectives in plain clothes arrived. They viewed the body and proceeded to question the doctor.

"How was this woman killed?"

"By a revolver shot right through the heart."

"Who is she?"

"Daisy Lutan, the actress."

"Who did it?"

"It must have been a burglar," interjected Mr. Wick. "My theory is that she came in unexpectedly and found him at work."

"Who found her?"

"These gentlemen," said the doctor, including both Mr. Wick and me with a wave of his hand.

The detectives turned to Mr. Wick first.

"Tell us about it," one of them directed.

"My name is James Wick," he began as if he was reciting a familiar lesson. "I am the superintendent of the Granddeck apartments. I was in the elevator about half an hour ago when I heard a woman screaming and then the sound of the shot. I took out my revolver and got off at this floor to investigate. At the door I found Mr. Nelson. He, too, had heard the screams and the shot and thought they came from this apartment. I took out my pass key and we went in."

"Were there any signs of the burglar?" asked the other man.

"No, we looked all through the apartment and found no one."

"Was anything missing?"

I waited with bated breath to hear if Wick would tell of having found the wall safe open. If he did not I felt it would be conclusive evidence that there was something he was trying to conceal.

"I didn't notice anything missing," he said glibly. "I wouldn't know, anyhow. I don't know what stuff she had here."

"Who would know?"

"Her maid might. She's out now. Generally she's home by eleven o'clock."

"Did she keep only the one servant?"

"Only the maid and a chauffeur."

"Then she was all alone in the apartment?"

"Yes. She'd gone out all dressed up about seven in her own car. She came home unexpectedly in a hired taxi not more than half an hour ago."

"Did she come home alone?"

"Sure she was alone. At least the hall boys told me so. I did not see her come in, myself."

More and more I was convinced that Wick was lying. I was sure he knew far more about affairs than he was admitting. Why did he keep harping on the fact that Miss Lutan had come in "unexpectedly?" What means had he of knowing what time she was expected home? Furthermore he said he was in the elevator when he heard the screams and the shot. I did not believe it would have been possible for the sounds to have carried that far. The walls were all deadened, and the room where the tragedy had taken place was at the back of the house many feet distant from the elevators. I wondered if the burglar had not been in the place with Mr. Wick's connivance, while he stood guard outside. As he heard me coming he might have taken refuge in the elevator. And why did he have his revolver so conveniently ready?

The detective who had been questioning Wick turned to me.

"Who are you?"

"Spalding Nelson."

"What do you do? Where do you work?"

"I'm a clerk."

"A clerk living at the Granddeck apartments," he sneered. "You must have a good job."

"I haven't any at present," I replied. "I'm living here in Mr. Gaston's apartment, taking care of it while he and his wife are away."

I could see that my statement that I was only a clerk and was not at present employed had not made a favorable impression on the detective.

"Will you explain what you were doing at the door of this apartment when the superintendent arrived?" he demanded with a growing suspicion in his tones.

"That's easy to explain," I retorted. "I was in my apartment directly over this one. I heard her scream and then the shot. It seemed to come from the floor right below me, so I ran down to investigate."

"Is that right?" he asked, turning to Mr. Wick.

The net about Nelson is drawn closer.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

A New Style.

"Does that new author burn the midnight oil with his toil?"

"No, but he burns the roads with his 'gas.'"

SIX MONTHS I COULD NOT WORK

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Made Me Strong and Able to Work—I Recommend It To All My Friends.

Bayonne, N. J.—"I had pains in back and legs so that I could not stand caused by female trouble. I felt so tired all the time, had bad headaches, and for six months I could not work. I was treated by a physician and took other remedies but got no relief. A friend told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has helped me very much. I am well and strong and now able to do my work. I cannot thank you enough and I recommend your medicine to my friends who are sick."—Mrs. SUSIE SACATANSKY, 25 East 17th St., Bayonne, N. J.

It must be admitted by every fair-minded, intelligent person, that a medicine could not live and grow in popularity for over forty years, and today hold a record for such wonderful success as does Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, without possessing great virtue and actual worth. Such medicines must be looked upon and termed both standard and dependable by every thinking person

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Guaranteed. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
50c. and $1.00 at druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks., Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

Comfort Baby's Skin With Cuticura Soap And Fragrant Talcum

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Little Friends of the Liver

The liver is the regulator of health. If the liver is active and well, good health and happiness prevail; but once you allow your liver to get torpid and sluggish, life becomes a misery. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation, Headaches and Melancholy assail you, resulting in lack of energy, loss of memory and ill health; but remember Carter's Little Liver Pills touch the liver and correct all liver ills.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness.

Genuine must bear signature Brent Good

Woman Financial Expert.

Marie Prodhom, who has been appointed director of the Bank of Geneva, Switzerland, and will sign the notes and scrip issued by the bank, is only twenty-eight years of age. She proved herself an excellent financier during the war, and is the first woman in Europe to hold such an important position.

Why That Backache?

Why be miserable with a bad back? You can't be happy if every bad day brings lameness: sharp, shooting pains and a dull, nagging ache. Likely the cause is weak kidneys. You may have headaches and dizzy spells, too, with a weak, tired feeling. Don't delay. Try *Doan's Kidney Pills*. They have done wonders in thousands of such cases. *Ask your neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

Mrs. Mary Christensen, Sabula, Ia., says: "I had an attack of kidney trouble and lame back. A constant dull pain made me very nervous and I felt tired out. Doan's Kidney Pills were so highly spoken of that I decided to give them a trial. They soon removed the lameness and backache and I have had no return of the trouble since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

-:- LOCAL NEWS THAT MAY INTEREST YOU -:-

Deales In Iowa Dirt

Mrs. H. Holeck to Katherine Weiland $5000 lots 1 2 6 Blk 1 Brown & Treganza's add to Britt.

A. C. Kreiger wf to J. H. Junker $4600 lots 7 8 Blk 3 Woden.

Eleanora E. Chambers to J. H. Elsham $200 lot 7 blk 2 Stilson's addition to Corwith.

Chas. Fiegel wf to J. H. Bode $17,-331.25 NE frl ¼ 97 26.

J. H. Bode wf to Ellan Kittleson, $20,797.50 NE frl¼ 4 97 26.

S. S. Young wf and D. L. Monlux to A. L. Rhodes $32,000 SE¼ 25 97 25.

Wm. Wessenberg wf to A. J. Lester $1 SE¼ SE¼ 30 NE ¼ NE¼ 30 and NE¼ NE¼ 31 and NW¼ 32 and N5 A of NW¼ W¼

John G. Tanner to Rosa M. Tanner $1 E¼ and NW¼ SE¼ 94 24.

Wm. B. Snyder wf to G. M. Whiteis $55,050 land W of M St. L R. R. Sec. 16 and NW¼ in 97 24.

H. C. Armstrong wf to Henry Swanson $39,00 NW¼ 96 26.

Jane Robinson to Raymond M. Robinson $1 E½ SW¼ 20 96 26.

Thomas Homes wf to Charles F. Thomas $12,700 E½ W½ 97 24.

Chas. F. Meyer wf to Lewis Halland $1 W¼ 97 24 ex R. R. R. of W 137 A.

Julius Meyer to Minnie Meyer $1 blks 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 15 16 17 18 Town of Hayfield, Iowa.

Lewis Johnson wf to W. A. Rhodes $1500 lo ts 1 to 16 blk 4 Farmans 2nd add to Goodell.

Charles Stayman to M. J. Mitchell $3818.75 int in SE¼ 10 97 24.

Clara I. Lockwood hus to W. A. Fox $28,800 SW¼ 22 97 23.

Clare Black et al to M. J. Mitchell $7638 int in SE¼ 10 97 24.

Anton Boller wf to Lewis Johnson blk 4 Farmans add to Goodell

Maria H. Brummond to H. C. Pinkham $36,800 S½ SE¼ & S½ SW¼ 26 94 26.

John H. Royer wf to Isaac Sweigard $75,200 S½ 33 96 23.

Isaac Sweigard wf to Geo. M. Whyte $80,000 E½ 33 96 23.

A. O. Christianson wf to Rusk Gabrielson $250 lots 6 7 blk 18 Crystal Lake.

Rush Gabrielson wf to Inc Town of Crystal Lake $250 lots 6 7 blk 18.

F. A. Gabrielson wf to O. S. Mathison $1 lots 14 15 16 blk 15, Crystal Lake.

W. W. Boutilier wf to A. W. Noonan $450 lots 1-2 blk 7 Lattimore's addition to Britt.

F. A. Gabrielson wf to S. P. Juhl $1 and other con lots 17 18 blk 15 Crystal Lake.

J. W. Walker wf to J. Christensen $600 lot 4 sub NE¼ 6 96 26.

J. W. Walker wf toJ.Christianson, $300 NW 25 ft lots 1 2 3 4 blk 4Corwith.

Bernice Stilson and Celia Stilson hus to E. N. Peterson $500 SE 3-8 lot 5 and all lot 6 blk 2 Standrings add to Corwith.

C. W. Seibert wf to Oscar C. Thompson $2400 tract land 50x142 ft in SW cor 22-94-25.

Albert Hill wf to W. J. Rotheram $20,000 SW¼ 34-97-25.

John P. Redman wf to W. S. and Esta Kaufman $14,800 E½ 7-96-24

John A. Iverson wf to Annie Anderson $2000 lots 1-2 blk 2 Brown & Hills add Britt.

Chritina Goll to Gladys G. Barnes lot 5 blk 13 & W 33 ft lots 3 &4 blk 13 Garner.

Otto C. Neuman wf to E. G. Mortensen $2450 lot 8 blk 13 Britt.

M. B. Severson wf to W C. Petzniek $20,000 W½ NW¼ 33-97-23.

Thos. J. Tobin wf to Stephen B. Engstler $34,650 NE¼ 11-96-24.

J. G. Buckton wf to W. E. Krietlow $20,667 NW¼ 7-97-24.

E. J. Gorton to W. H. Enabnit $3500 lots 18-19 blk 14 Kanawha.

H. C. Pinkham wf to Gunner Knutsen $1 SW¼ 27-94-26.

W. H. Short wf to Theo Rhodes $96,000 E½ 36-94-26

Mabel C. Murrin hus to C. S. Terwilliger $750 lot 9 blk 23 Garner.

J. W. Knadler et al to Frank Clark $2626 lot 11 blk 33 Garner.

Wilbur D. Martin wf to Peter L. Smith $700 lots 5-6-7 blk 4 village of Hutchins.

Globe Land & Inv. Co. to Standard Oil Co. $3500 N 44 ft lots 7-8-9-10-11-12 blk 12 Britt.

Betsey Hanson hus to Joe T. and Nellie Anderson $12,000 NE¼ NW ¼ 25-94-25.

J. N. Sprole wf to Henry Schuldt $350 lot 41 Sunset View add to Garner.

E. G. Mortenson wf to Andrew J. Stephens $3200 lot 8 blk 13 Britt.

Simon Juhl et al to M. P. Willadson $3500 Middle 23 1-3 A of E 70 A of N½ NE¼ 19-97-23.

A. G. Ganfield wf to Clarence E. Ward et al $1 W½ NW¼ 31 & W½ SW¼ 30-96-26.

Agatha Haverly to Clarence E. Ward et al $1 W½ NW¼ 31 & W½ SW ¼ 30-96-26.

Joe T. Anderson wf to Betsy Hanson $6,000 lot 1 in 24-94-255.

Henry C. Me yer Trustees to Geo. F. Castle $500 lot 8 blk 30 Andersons 2nd add Britt & Pt. Water St

Geo. F. Castle wf to Hawkeye Fence & Wire Co. $500 lots 1-2 blk 28 Andersons 2nd add Britt.

Geo. F. Castle wf to Hawkeye Fence & Wire Co. $6000 lots 5-6-7-8- blk 27 and lots 1-2-3 blk 30 Anderson's 2nd add Britt and part Water st.

Anna M. Mitchell hus to Empire Construction Co. $1000 4 blk 36 Garner

Joseph Maier wf to D. Goodrich and H. C. Pinkham $44,800 SE¼ 21-94-26.

Town of Klemme to Henry S. Schwartz $225 part of 5th street lying between lot 6 blk 1 & lot 1 blk 2 Barz add to Klemme.

Albert Hill wf to A. W. Erwin $1 etc NW¼ 28-95-25.

Martin Boomgarden wf to Harry J. Peters $5207 part of out lot 1 Thor Johnson's add to Klemme.

Local Happenings

A. C. Lau was on the sick list last week but is up and around again now.

Chas. Stiehl was at Garner Monday on business.

E. M. Schlei was a business visitor at Garner Tuesday afternoon.

Ernest Schwichtenberg was a Garner visitor Tuesday afternoon.

Art Johnson went to Garner last Friday to take in the school exhibit.

Mrs. Graever from Goodell was a Klemme visitor Saturday.

The Misses Leoda Smith and Marian Luick went to Garner Saturday afternoon between trains. Miss Luick is from Belmond and was here a few days the past week visiting.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ell of Mason City came Monday evening for a visit at the E. G. Ell home.

"Bill" Thompson, of Belmond, was a Klemme business caller Monday between trains.

Mrs. Schultz came from Garner Monday evening for a short visit with her son, Walter and family.

Mr. J. D. G. Houghton of Goodell, was transacting business in Klemme Saturday afternoon.

Quite a umber of Klemme people took advantage of the good weather Sunday and took auto rides.

Miss Mildred Wendall from Belmond was a Klemme visitor last Saturday.

Bert Trumbell, a nephew of Mrs. Mille Smith, came from Belmond Saturday for a short visit.

Ben and Dick Swalve drove to Ackley last week Sunday for a short visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dominy were up from Goodell Saturday morning on business.

Walter Lau received a car load of coal the other day which went like a bunch of hot cakes at a circus.

Don't forget the Old Time Public Dance at the Idle Hour Theatre Friday, April 30th. Good music.

Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner and Mrs. Schroeder autoed to Forest City Sunday.

Mr. ad Mrs. Mattson, of Goodell, were visiting at the M. O. Hocum home here Sunday.

Mrs. A. H. Meyer entertained the members of the Junior Choir and instructor, Mrs. Greisemer, of the First Methodist Church to a dinner last evening.

Mrs. Anna Fuller and son, Elmer and family, have moved into their new house.

Chris Jacobs of Garner and Frank Rolfe of Dakota were Klemme visitors Saturday.

Miss Mildred McCullough was a visitor at Miller for a short time Sunday.

Mr. Frank Gee was up from Goodell Monday for a short visit with his daughter, Mrs. C. M. Gram.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith have move dinto the Mrs. Kirchner house east of the park.

Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs left Tuesday morning for a couple of days' visit with her folks at Nevada, Iowa.

Herman Coobs left Tuesday afternoon for McGrgor for a few days visit with his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Lew Wesenberg and Mrs. Lester Wesenberg of Goodell, were Klemme shoppers last Wednesday.

Mr. ad Mrs. Dick Bamman came up from Garner Wednesday evening and returned Thursday from a visit at the home of Mrs. H. Schuldt.

The Xray machine for Drs. Reuber & Zinn arrived Tuesday. They will have it in operation as soon as a man from the factory comes to set it up.

Mrs. J. E. Baumgartner went to Mason City Tuesday afternoon to see her husband who is in the Park Hospital recovering from an operation.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Smith are here from Fort Atkinson, Wisconsin, for a visit at the Lew Sampson home and other Klemme relatives.

The Klemme Royal Neighbors met at the home of Mrs. N. L. Palmer last Friday eveing. A lunch was served to the ladies.

The Klemme Times

Entered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

IOWA PRESS ASSOCIATION

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1st, 1920

One Year, in advance.....$2.00
One Year, outside of county...$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES

Display, per column inch.....25c
Readers, per line.....10c
Classified or want ads, per line...10c
Card of Thanks, each.....50c
Political Announcements.....$10.00
Legal Notices at legal rates.
Black-face lines double charge.

No local or classified ad accepted for less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. Regular advertisers are given a special display rate.

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith
OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA
Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

To Soften Dry Beans.
When preparing old, dry beans for baking, a little soda in the water in which they are soaked will render them tender and soft.

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14
A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.
Lloyd Lau, Prop

M. O. Hocum
The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man
Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian
All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
Klemme - Iowa

The City Day Line
—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.
Sam Harvey, Prop.
Coal Hauling Done

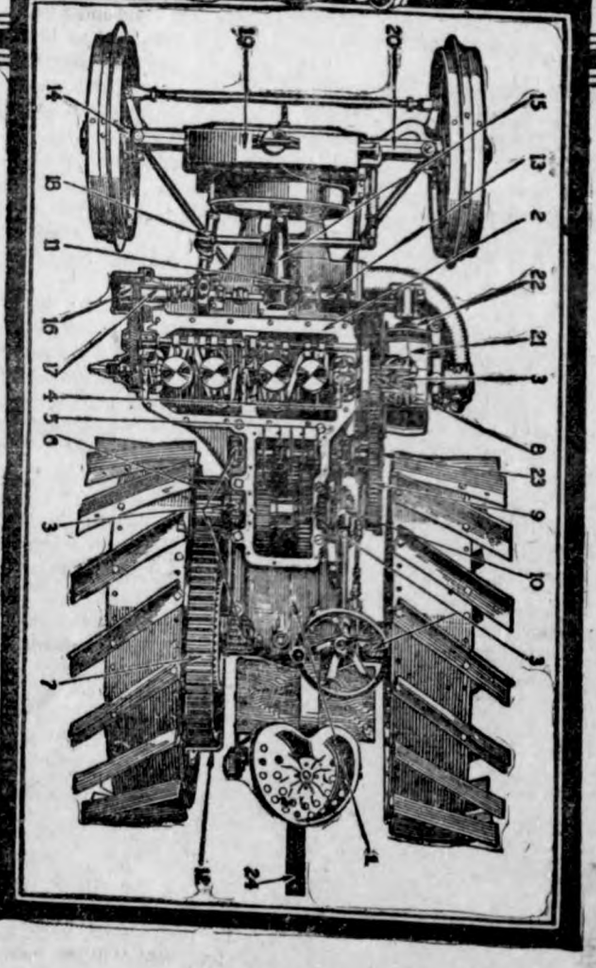
Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock
A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

Now is the time to use---

Dr. Hess Worm Powder
For Hogs, it's great!
Poultry Pan-a-cea
For chicken Cholera, Roupe, Gapes, White Diarrhea and other diseases.
Louse Powders
Rid the brood hen and chicks of pesky lice and you will have healthy chickens.

E. S. D. Kahrs
Druggist Klemme, Iowa

CASE
KEROSENE TRACTORS



Study These Features

1—One-Piece Main Frame.
2—Four Cylinder Case Motor, 4½x6, set crosswise.
3—Hyatt Roller Bearings at all important places.
4—Three Main Crank Bearings, total length 12½ inches.
5—Cut Steel Drop Forged Transmission Gears.
6—Bull Pinion — Steel Drop Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
7—Master Gear — Steel Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
8—Clutch Pinion — Steel Drop Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
9—Cut Steel Spur Gear for first reduction shaft.
10—Steering Gear — drop forged and machined worm and worm wheel — enclosed.
11—Fan Drive — cut steel, spiral gears, enclosed.
12—Housing for Master Gear, retains lubricant; keeps dust out.

Study These Features

13—Magneto — High Tension — dustproof type.
14—Dustproof Front Hubs.
15—Fan Shaft mounted on ball bearings.
16—Speed Governor — fly ball, throttling type, enclosed.
17—Ball and Roller Bearings for Shaft Driving Governor, Fan, Pump and Magneto.
18—Sylphon Thermostat — controls circulation of cooling water.
19—Radiator — copper tube and fin, non-clogging type; cast frame.
20—Steel Front Axle — automobile type.
21—Belt Pulley — mounted on crank shaft — the best place for it.
22—Brake for Clutch Pulley — convenient for quick stops.
23—Dustproof Housing for first reduction gears.
24—Adjustable Drawbar.

How to Judge Tractors Safely

We urge dealers and farmers alike to study the construction of Case Kerosene Tractors. And then make comparisons. This is the only way to get the utmost for one's money.

Above we picture and describe the chassis of the new Case 15-27. After studying the mechanical construction, then let this 15-27 demonstrate its performance. We will gladly send certified records.

This remarkable tractor has won rank as a leader. Before we announced it publicly, it was known to thousands who had seen it at demonstrations. Hundreds of dealers have ordered demonstrators. Any Case dealer or prospective dealer will be furnished with all information promptly upon request.

W. F. PAVEY, Dealer

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 35 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, May 6 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

COMING!

Evangelist Frank McKeegen!

Beginning

SUNDAY, MAY 9

Will Preach at a

UNION SERVICE

At the First Methodist Church at 10 a.m.

Beginning Sunday Night the meetings will be held all of of next week at the M. E. Church at 8:00 o'clock.

Let's all turn out and make this Evangelistic Campaign a success for city and comunity.

Everybody Come!!

NEW PERFECTION

Oil Cook Stoves and Ovens

The New Perfection

The Stove you have been looking for. We have a complete stock to select from. Perfection Oil Stoves are speedy, steady, clean and give a Hot fire--No danger from explosions--they burn kerosine. No parts to rust or warp

Let us show you

Jacobs & Son

Hardware Klemme, Iowa

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers.

Ames.—By producing 87,914,633 pounds of butter, valued at $42,969,285, Iowa in 1919 moved into second place as a butter-producting state, according to figures by the United States department of agriculture. For Iowa this is an increase of more than 3,000,000 pounds over the production of 1918, when 84,888,404 pounds were marketed. Iowa has at present 1,370,000 dairy cows producing on the average of 150 pounds of butterfat per year. It is estimated that each person consumes three gallons of 20 per cent cream worth 30 cents per gallon. Milk is consumed at the rate of 1.1 pints per person. This consumption is increasing at present, due to the campaign being waged in the state for the greater use of milk for children. If Iowa's cows produced 200 pounds of butterfat annually they would require no more outlay for housing and labor and little more for feed than now. The cow-testing associations are making the fight for better cows and greater production per capita.

Boone.—Great plans are under way for the benefit of the boys and girls of Boone county this year. At a recent meeting twelve live stock breeders met with County Agent Beeler to talk over plans, it was decided to back several definite club projects. Corn clubs, colt clubs, pig clubs and heifer clubs will be organized and started at different seasons and the membership will be limited. The calf club will be started at once and a committee is now looking for the heifers. Shorthorn, Angus and Hereford calves will be bought, with this club limited to 12 or 15. Last year 34 chose the Shorthorn breed alone.

Tama.—Forty-five head of Shorthorns from the N. J. Smith herd, one mile south of Tama, were sold at auction for a total of $24,500, or an average of $500 a head. The sale was well attended and buyers were present from all parts of Iowa and from adjoining states. This was the last of the four sales conducted in the past month by the members of the Central Iowa Shorthorn Breeders, previous sales having been held at Cedar Falls, Newton and Marshalltown.

Des Moines.—Economy and thrift have invaded the rank and file of the Mason City, Red Oak, Cresco and Arlington high schools. The Girls' Literary society of these schools have voted that all members shall wear house aprons to school instead of the more expensive dresses and suits which they have been using for their school clothes. A signed contract from all the boys in these schools that overalls will be their outstanding dress until school terminates in June was secured.

Grinnell.—The figures of the census just taken show the population to be 5,362, a gain of but 326 over the census figures of 1910, or but 6½ per cent. It seems incredible to many that the gain should have been so slight, and there is the usual tendency to dispute the count. This does not include the non-resident college students, who make the actual population of this city greater by several hundred through the college year.

Mason City.—Ten thousand acres of Iowa land will be planted to sugar beets this spring. The factories at Mason City, Belmond and Waverly will be running full capacity this fall. The Mason City factory did a very profitable business the past year and will employ many workmen the coming year. Russian labor is employed principally, the workmen being secured by the companies, but the growers are expected to pay them.

Coon Rapids.—Live stock has been moving out of the Iowa feed lots at a rapid rate until recently. The movement has been unusually heavy owing to the necessity of cashing in stock on farms that changed hands March 1, the recent muddy condition of feed lots and the fact that there is no incentive to finish cattle on expensive corn with beef prices as low as they have been lately.

Marshalltown.—During the year ending March 31 the fire department answered 155 alarms. The total loss from fires during the year was $96,833.96, with loss on buildings $32,756.72, and loss to contents, $64,077.24. Covering this loss insurance was carried on buildings and contents amounting to $864,150. Of this amount $433,850 was on buildings and $434,300 on contents.

Des Moines.—Gift of a $10,000 farm for educational purposes to the United Brethren church by Adam Shambaugh of Madison county featured the opening of the Interchurch World Movement financial campaign for $7,000,000 in Iowa. Reports were slow in coming to the state financial director's office, but it is estimated that at least $2,000,000 of the quota was raised the first day.

Des Moines.—Two men dressed in soldiers' uniform shot Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Rosner of Des Moines, dragged them from their automobile and drove the machine away. Rosner and his wife were not wounded seriously. They had "picked up" the two men, believing them soldiers, and driven about three miles when the shooting occurred.

Ames.—Rural ministers and laymen of 30 denominations are to study sociology at the Iowa State college during the three weeks beginning June 14. Classes will also be held in rural education and agricultural extension problems. Delegates are expected from Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kansas, Nebraska, and Missouri.

Des Moines.—Iowa has an extraordinary system of farm bureau work. In organization it is pretty nearly 100 per cent perfect, while in efficiency it is really several notches above par.

Memorial Day To Be Observed Here

Program Is Being Arranged And Committees Appointed

MAY 30th COMES ON SUNDAY THIS YEAR

At a meeting of the business men of Klemme at the First National Bank roms on Monday night it was decided that Memorial Day should be observed in Klemme this year as usual. As Memorial Day comes on Sunday this year it was also decided that that is to be the date on which to commemorate the event, as Decoration Day should be observed in a quiet and respectful manner, and Sunday is a very appropriate day for the celebration.

The motion was duly made, seconded and carried that Mayor Frank Gruetzmacher be appointed as chief executive and head of all committees to be appointed and that he should have full power in directing the program for the day.

Rev. Meyer, Rev. Depping, and Rev. Buriff were appointed on the committee for program and parade and to make arrangements for a speaker.

C. G. Wateman and R. A. Jorgenson were appointed on the committee to look after musical entertainment as band music and singing at the Park.

F. A. Arnold, M. O. Hocum and J. N. Day were appointed by the Mayor as a finance committee to take care of the expenses of the day, should funds be needed for a speaker and other minor details.

All of the committees were not appointed at the meeting but Mr. Gruetzmacher will appoint committees as he sees fit to make arrangements for the school children, who will march in a body from the Park bearing flowers for the soldiers' graves.

The time for the program was not fully decided at the meeting but it will undoubtedly take place in the morning as is the usual custom here. The services will be held in the park and ample seats will be procured to take care of the large crowd expected. As the day comes on Sunday a program in keeping with the day will be followed out. It is also hoped that a good speaker can be procured for the address of the day and his name will be announced a little later.

The Times "Devil" Says

OUR SCHOOLS A CURE FOR SOCIALISM

From the Des Moines, (Ia.) Capital

The outside world is being told that the city of Davenport has elected a Socialist administration and it is intimated that socialism is liable to spread further into the state of Iowa.

There is a great deal of socialism in the three cities—Davenport, Rock Island and Moline. It is related that a majority of the men employed in the Rock Island Arsenal, drawing big wages from the government, are socialists. Their style of socialism is imported from abroad.

But it must be remembered that local issues control local elections. At Davenport the socialists took up certain popular local issues and their ticket was carried on those issues It is reliably stated that there are not so many socialists in Davenport now as there were before the war.

Readers of newspapers will remember that there was considerable disloyalty at Davenport at the beginning of the war. This disloyalty subsided greatly after the trial of three or four prominent citizens, who were arrested fo talking sedition, and after the conviction of a man of the name of Wallace, who was sent to the prison at Leavenworth, where he died. From that date forward a large number of men who were inclined toward disloyalty either reformed or kept their mouths shut.

A great many foreigners have found our form of government so free that they have been anxious to convert it into a mob and have no law whatever. Socialism, of course, is a dangerous proposition in a republic.

The public schools of America, if given a fair chance with the children of these foreign socialistic families, will convert them from socialism to believeing in a constitutional form of government represented by the republic established by Washington and our Revolutioary fathers.

BELMOND WILL CELEBRATE 4th

That Belmond is to have about the biggest and most attractive and patriotic observance of Independence Day that has ever been known around here is very evident. The committee appointed by President Berg of the Chamber of Commerce to have charge of the celebration met on Monday evening and organized and got ready for action by appointing a number of sub committees, whose names it is announced will be given to the public at a later time. The finance committee immediately got into action and was interviewing Belmond business places and men as to the funds necessary to a rousing good celebration. They have met with splendid response and plans will go forward from this time with increasing surety and rapidity. It is planned to make it a great day for everybody. It is planned to make a celebration that will furnish enjoyment to all ages. Belmond is to be the host and hopes to receive and entertain a great crowd of friendly visitors on that day.—Herald-Press.

EVENING SERVICE HELD IN LIBERTY

Services were held in the Liberty township church last Sunday evening, Rev. Meyer preaching the sermon. This is the first time they have held evening service for some time. The church has it's own electric light plant to light the building and this was also the first time they have had the opportunity to use their new lights. Services will be held here every two weeks and in town every two weeks, alternating, and this arrangemet will be observed during the summer months. The next evening service in Liberty Church will be May 16th.

The school in District No. 1, of Twin Lakes township has closed for the summer vacation. Friday a big program was given by the pupils under the management of their teacher, Miss Lettie Mason. A big picnic dinner was the feature of the day and a big crowd was there to enjoy the fun. Games of all kinds were also played and all report a most excellent time. So well do the people of the township like their teacher that they circuated a petition to request the directors to ask her return next year. This they did with an increase of salary and doubtless Miss Mason will teach the school again next year.

Ben Lilljenberg, of Amery, Wisconsin, has been here the past week or more visiting with his sisters, Blanche Lilljenberg and Mrs. Frank Kluckhohn and other relatives and friends. Blache returned to Amery with him Monday for a few days' visit with her folks. She expects to return to Klemme Saturday.

CHRIS GRAM RETURNS FROM FORD FACTORY

Chris Gram returned Monday from the Ford factory at Detriot, where he went to take a course in repairing, electric lighting and generator work. The course consisted first in assembling and when Chris first started they put him two hours at just inserting bolts, then on a little further for two hours at another job until he finally got clear thru the factory at every operation in putting a Ford together. This part of the course occupied fifteen days, eight hours a day. The other part of the course was mainly electrical work, lighting and generator work a twhich he worked eight hours a day besides attending a school of instruction three hours a day at which lectures and chalk talks were given by experts. He was at the factory about four weeks.

KLEMME HIGH SCHOOL BALL TEAM TO MEET MESERVEY

The Klemme High School have a ball team and they intend to play their opening game with Meservey here this Friday. The Klemme boys have made a ball diamond out in Morningside Addition and have done some good practicing and have a fine line up for the season. Let's go out to the game and watch the boys wallop Meservey.

Later—Game postponed to Fri. 14th.

MOTHERS' DAY, MAY 9

Sunday, May 9th, is Mothers' Day all over the United States, as that is the day which has been set aside to honor mothers, whether living or dead. In honor of mother it is appropriate to wear a red rose if she is living, and if she is dead, honor her memory by wearing a white one.

BELMOND HAS BAND THIS YEAR

Belmond has organized a band of twenty pieces composed of experienced players who will give a concert at Belmond every Saturday night. Mr. A. A. Keiser, a local musician is at the head of the band as leader. They will also rehearse every Tuesday and Friday night and will give twenty concerts during the summer.

J. G. Thorne was here from Clinton last week Tuesday evening looking over the grounds for sewerage and to confer with the mayor and council regarding the same. He was also at Garner loking over their improvements.

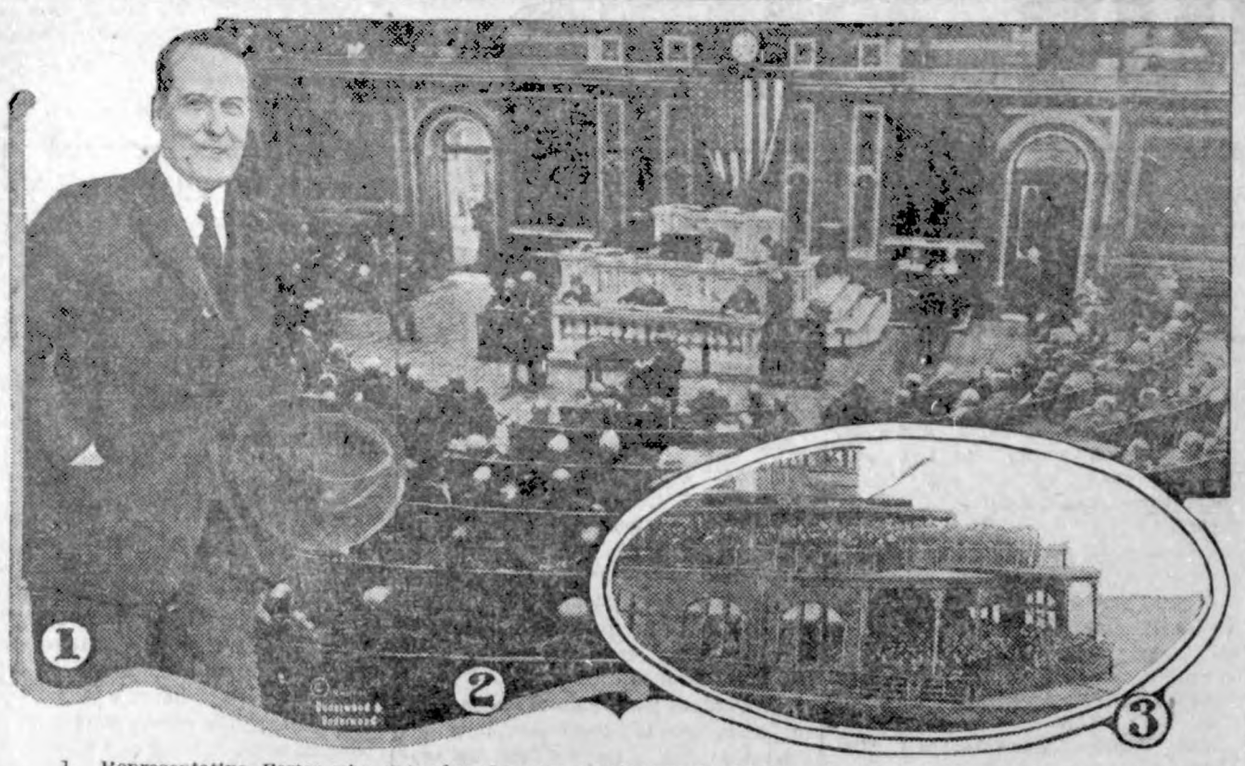
Cal Kraus and family were here a few days the past week visiting, but went to Garner Monday from which place they will go to Wisconsin where Mr. Kraus has a farm. Formerly the Kraus family were runing a hotel at Allison, Iowa, but he traded it for the farm to which they are now moving.

Last week the following places were piped to the mains for city water: The Times Print Shop, Drs. Reuber & Zinn office, Geo. Kessler residence, Asa Gibbs residence and Henry Freie residence. The different places were all tapped at the mains the same day and the water was only shut off a few hours.

Sylvan Johnson was in town a couple of days the past week navigating with a crutch. His leg is getting along well after a long siege of blood poisoning.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Larsen and children left Saturday morning for Garden City, Minn., and Good Thunder, Minn., where they will visit with relatives ad friends for nearly two weeks. On their return trip they will stop off at Buffalo Center for a few days. They expect to be gone for about two weeks. This is a vacation for Mr. and Mrs. Larsen and is also the first since they were married. This has been a busy season and they decided that two weeks' vacation would be just about the best thing going and they no doubt will have a good time.

Dr. Scott B. Hall of the Northwestern University, Chicago, was in Klemme last Friday giving a lecture under the auspices of the Red Cross. He came from Garner to here where he also lectured at the school and then went from here to Britt. Dr. Hall lectured to the boys for 45 minutes and then to the high school girls for the same length of time. After lecturing to the students he gave a lecure to the mothers. His lecures were along the lines of morals and the proper physical training for boys and girls.



1. Representative Porter who introduced peace resolution in house. 2. Champ Clark debating peace resolution in house. 3. Strike inconveniences New York commuters.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Attorney General Sees Red Plot in Rail Strike and Orders Arrest of Many Radicals.

LABOR TROUBLES IN KANSAS

Prospect of Anarchy in Ireland Brings Factions Into Closer Union—Strong Military Measures in Turkey —Sonora Secedes From Mexico—German Coalition Government on Trial.

By E. F. CLIPSON.

As foreshadowed by the general appearance of the railway strike from its beginning and pointed out in the previous issue of this review, the Ethiopian concealed in the woodpile has been the American I. W. W., fostered, supported and directed by the Moscow Third Internationale. If this is not true then the United States department of justice with its secret service, its mass of data and all its splendid facilities for gathering information and evidence, has gone woefully astray.

The Third Internationale is the branch of the communistic government of Russia devoted to international propaganda and organization and pledged to the cause of overthrowing the existing order in America and throughout the world. Its principal aim is to promote revolutionary class struggle and establish wherever possible a dictatorship of the proletariat such as exists in Russia. One of its objects, entering into the dreams of all radicals, is the organization of all workmen, everywhere, into one big union. With such an organization and such a powerful weapon, an oligarchy of labor would be possible. The I. W. W. is committed to these views, hence its fight to disrupt the American Federation of Labor which stands for collective bargaining and the preservation of contractual rights between employers and employees. Observers everywhere have been pointing to the traceable effects of communistic propaganda in the disturbed conditions all over Europe and the strikes and rumblings in America. Wherever the doctrines have gained ascendency, as in Russia, Hungary, portions of the Balkans and recently in a part of Germany, terrible conditions and in some cases actual chaos have resulted.

Attorney General Palmer reports that evidence in his hands proves that William Z. Foster, leader of the late steel strike, and other prominent radicals, have been the concealed brains back of the rail strike. The government's announcement was followed by prompt action in issuing federal warrants for a number of the active leaders of the strike. The warrants charged violation of section 2 of the war-time Lever law.

Before the issuance of the warrants and the determination to take drastic action had been announced, the government's disclosures had begun to have an effect on the strike and its early collapse, or at least gradual death was anticipated. Even before the disclosures from Washington an improvement in the situation was manifest in the West, although acute in New York and some other portions of the East. In Chicago where the strike started and in other parts of the West, railroad men who had been enticed by the "outlaw" movement, began to see signs of a trap and to turn again to the counsels of their old leaders. This was having a gradual effect in the restoration of traffic and normal conditions.

The new railway labor board authorized by the Cummins-Esch law and appointed by the president, will now have the arduous duty of reviewing the whole railway labor question, relative to wages, hours of employment, working conditions, etc. Out of the great volume of testimony to which it will listen and all the data compiled, it is called upon to find a solution which will be equitable to the men, the employers and the public and prevent a recurrence of strife for the near future at least. Some job, nez pas?

The eyes of the entire country and probably some foreign eyes as well, are turned upon the state of Kansas in its efforts to settle labor troubles through a state law and an industrial relations court. Alexander M. Howat, president of the Kansas Mine Workers' union and several other officials, were jailed for refusal to testify before the court. Some railroad men in the state have also been arrested for violating the law by participating in the switchmen's strike. Injunctions are being freely used by the state officials and the chief point of interest is, as to whether the law will stand and be an effective means of settling labor disputes, or will fall under the assaults to be made on it in the higher courts.

Governor Lowden, as was expected, carried the presidential preference primary in Illinois, although his plurality of more than 80,000 over Leonard Wood was somewhat startling. Lowden stock received a boom and so did that of Hiram Johnson whose admirers in the city of Chicago to the number of over 40,000 and upwards of 10,000 down the state, wrote or pasted his name on the ballot. Few of the preferential primaries bind delegates to instructions for the national conventions, although they do express to a considerable extent the wishes of voters. The fight is still an open one with General Pershing edging his hat tentatively into the Republican ring. He has stated that he is not a candidate for the presidency, but, that no man should refuse the high office if called to it by the people. No accurate forecasting of the real convention strength of any candidate is yet possible.

Affairs in Ireland take on a less turbulent aspect. The prospect of anarchy is reported as bringing the factions closer to an agreement. The number of extremists is reported as diminishing and moderates in all parties are said to be frightened at the outbreak of all kinds of crime under the guise of political action. A common meeting ground is being sought, but that it will not be found in the present home rule bill is apparent. Ireland will never indorse the bill with any unanimity. The British government averted a serious crisis by releasing the 70 Irish prisoners who were on a hunger strike after four had collapsed and others were in the last stages of exhaustion. A general strike impended unless the government granted the releases.

Internal problems in China having an important bearing on the future of that country, are in process of harmonization through a financial consortium of the powers. The scheme provides for control, through the banking groups of the different allies, of loans for railroads and the development of public utilities in China. Allied propaganda has been furthering the project for more than a year, but until recently the jealousy existing among the Shanghai Chinese and those of South China against the Peking government, has stood in the way of an agreement. The anti-Peking leaders appear to be satisfied so long as America, England and France direct operations under the loans and Peking officials have nothing to do with the actual expenditures. The remaining problem is to induce Japan to join the consortium on equal terms with the other three nations, thus easing the Japanese yoke on China. With the other powers presenting such a strong front, it is believed Japan will join.

Pending the final disposition of Turkish affairs through the medium of the peace treaty which is expected to be ready for submission to the Turks early in May, England, France and even the sultan's government are preparing for strong military measures against Mustapha Kemal and his nationalist forces. French re-enforcements are reported to have dampened the ardor of the nationalists in Syria and Cilicia. The British have fortified Ismid. The French are marching through Cilicia to the relief of Americans at Aintab and Urfa. A movement is under way to place 150,000 Turks, loyal to the sultan, at the disposition of the British forces and under command of British officers. The French have re-established railroad communication between Adana and Aleppo. Probably 2,000 refugees will be removed from Adana to Cypress.

A disturbed condition exists from the western borders of Turkey straight east for 2,500 miles to the western border of China. In the Caucasus bolshevism is strong. A disquieting situation has arisen at Batoum where the Georgians who have been opposing allied occupation, threaten to join the bolsheviki and take over the whole region. Armenian mobilization has been ordered in preparation for a possible campaign against the Tartars and Azerbaijanese over disputed territory. Warlike Kurds, relieved of Russian restraint, come down from the north and attack and pillage Armenian settlements frequently.

The council of the League of Nations is seeking a guardian for Armenia. That it may be somewhat difficult to find is evidenced by the report of the American military mission to Armenia headed by Gen. G. G. Harboard. The report recently made public states that any country accepting the Armenian mandate will require an army of 59,000 men, a good-sized fleet of naval vessels and an outlay of $757,000,000 during the next five years. The mission demonstrated its complete neutrality by enumerating 13 reasons for accepting the mandate and 13 reasons against acceptance, rather implying in the significance of the numerals, that it is unlucky if we do and unlucky if we don't. Of special bearing on the case of Armenia and other minority peoples who have been under Turkish rule is the declaration of the council of the League of Nations that it will guarantee clauses in the Turkish peace treaty providing for the protection of all non-Moslem minorities.

Ten years of fighting seem not to have diminished the Mexican gluttony for strife. With rebellions on every hand and the Carranza regime holding power only because it seemed to be the most strongly organized body, while no two of the others could combine effectively against it, a new element now enters the situation in the form of secession. Sonora, the northwestern border state with an area of approximately 77,000 square miles and rich in gold, silver, lead, copper and other resources, but having less than 300,000 people, has announced its withdrawal from the so-called republic. By proclamation the republic of Sonora is established, said proclamation being issued by Gen. P. Elias Calles, commander in chief of the military forces. The federals are reported organizing for suppression of the rebels. Other Mexican states may join the movement but whether or not they do, is not likely to change affairs much or either increase or diminish disturbed conditions in the country. A new alignment of factions may occur, but the whole incident takes on the character of a diverting high light in a strenuous presidential campaign being waged in the country.

Germany's coalition government is still on trial with a shifting of elements and sentiments due to the recent troubles. Labor is dissatisfied over the treatment of workmen in the Ruhr difficulties. Moderate socialists, irked by the hard economic conditions, are reported joining the independent socialists and communists. Both reactionaries and extremists are dissatisfied that they have no representation in the government and are accordingly making all the trouble they can. All factions condemn the government on account of the French occupation of Frankfort and other German cities. The hardest problem of the government is the attitude of labor which is endeavoring to rule the cabinet. The principal element of strength in the coalition is in the fact that it is so beset on all sides that it must remain united to prevent a fall and chaos again. France and Great Britain have smoothed out their disagreement over the French occupation. France will withdraw her forces from Germany as soon as the Germans withdraw from the Ruhr, and promises there will be no further independent action on her part.

COAL DUST LODGED IN MINER'S LUNGS

Tells how his cough was conquered and health restored.

"In November, 1916, I was working in a coal mine and the doctors said the coal dust had settled in my lungs. I couldn't lie down on my right side, coughed so I couldn't sleep and had constant pain in my right lung and under my shoulder blades. I coughed so hard the blood would spurt out of my nose. Finally the doctors had me change climate and live outdoors, but didn't improve.

"Then I came home and started on Milks Emulsion. Thank God I did, as it did me a lot of good right from the start, loosening up the coal dust in my right lung. In a few weeks my lungs were free. I could sleep like a baby, had an excellent appetite and my cough left me entirely. I gained back 30 pounds in weight and went back to work in the mines completely restored to health."—G. H. Bunn, 6th Ave. & No. 13th St., Terre Haute, Ind.

Thousands of victims of dust-filled air develop the same trouble that Mr Bunn had. Milks Emulsion costs nothing to try, so why not at least try it?

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. It helps build flesh and strength, and is a powerful aid in resisting and repairing the effects of wasting diseases.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream.

No matter how severe your case you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.—Adv.

His Interpretation.

Mortland Jones, the five-year-old son of Rev. Rhys Price Jones, pastor of the First Presbyterian church in Franklin, refused to sing "America" with the rest of the members of the primary class in Sunday school. When questioned he gave as his reason the line of the song, "Land where my fathers died." "My father didn't die," he said, "and I won't sing it."—Indianapolis News.

DRUGS EXCITE YOUR KIDNEYS, USE SALTS

If Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers, Drink Lots of Water.

When your kidneys hurt and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract. Keep your kidneys clean like you keep your bowels clean, by flushing them with a mild, harmless salts which removes the body's urinous waste and stimulates them to their normal activity. The function of the kidneys is to filter the blood. In 24 hours they strain from it 500 grains of acid and waste, so we can readily understand the vital importance of keeping the kidneys active.

Drink lots of water—you can't drink too much; also get from any pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning for a few days and your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate clogged kidneys; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean and active. Try this, also keep up the water drinking, and no doubt you will wonder what became of your kidney trouble and backache.—Adv.

Synonymous.

It was Springer's afternoon off and he thought he would take the children for a little outing.

"My dear," he said, approaching his wife, "suppose we take the children to the zoo today?"

"Why, Will, you promised to take them to mother's."

"All right, if it's all the same to the children."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Ouch!

"You seem to hate that fellow Smith," said Brown. "What is the trouble between you and him?"

"I introduced him to my wife the other day," replied Jones, "and the gabby boob had to say: 'Why, I thought that the lady you were with in New York was your wife.'"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Cuticura Soothes Itching Scalp

On retiring gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Make them your every-day toilet preparations and have a clear skin and soft, white hands.—Adv.

No regret is vain that inspires us to do better

Home Town Helps

ADVANTAGES OF SMALL TOWN

For One Thing, the Helping Hand Is Never Withheld From Man Who Is Worthy.

"A man coming back to a small town to make his pile will find every advantage," says William D. Pelley in People's Magazine. "The friendly attitude of the country banker, the well wishes and interest of his neighbors, the good will of a public which only asks that he render a service in order to get quick recognition. Time and again, as editor of a small town daily paper, I have been overwhelmed by watching some newcomer in the community open a store or build a factory or start in a profession, and noting how quick was the response on the part of my townspeople. They are very human folk, these townspeople. They are quick to discover if a man has ulterior motives, whether he is feathering his own nest first and looking after the public interest last. And that is the reason many a man returns to the city knocking the country town. He has tried to put something over and failed. He has found his clientele not at all the hicks and rubes he judged them. And having turned the tables on him, he abuses them roundly."

NEW STREET-LIGHTING PLAN

Kansas City Authorities Believe They Have an Improvement on the Cluster Effect.

Something new in the way of street lights is planned for Baltimore avenue by property owners between Twelfth street and Southwest boulevard, says the Kansas City Star. When the street has been widened and paved the owners propose to break away from the "cluster" effect that has been sought on other streets where "bright ways" have been established. And, incidentally, they plan to have the "lightest street" in the city.

The accompanying illustration shows the style of light and standard the property owners have adopted. It is the same style used along Michigan avenue in Chicago—a single pear-

shaped opaque globe on a graceful reenforced concrete standard. There will be 36 such lights on widened Baltimore avenue and the council already has passed an ordinance authorizing them.

The light will be "staggered" at approximately 100-foot intervals. Tests show that with the internal reflectors the single light will give greater efficiency than the old-fiashioned clusters.

Think It Over.

Think it over yourself, today, as you plan for the coming months. In private or public affairs, in business or social or family matters, seek out what points of friction there may be and drop upon them the soothing oil of common sense. Remember that the community is only a collection of interdependent units and that a single selfish act of yours may derange an incalculable number of your fellowbeings and thereby propel the whole a shade nearer to that condition of chaos that every reasoning person must regard with horror. Avoid all senseless and suicidal strife, no matter of what character, and learn to co-operate.—Bermuda Colonist.

Roadways.

For good residential property there should be provided a roadway having a hard, compact surface—20 to 25 feet in width, on a substantial foundation, and concrete sidewalks, four feet in width, the remaining portion of the right of way being treated in a less expensive manner. Drains will be required to carry off the surface water from the right of way and the lots fronting on it.

Would Plant Fruit Trees.

When the trees are planted in the city parks to replace some which have been removed, and other park improvements started, an eastern journal would have the common council plant various fruit trees.

Suffered for Years

Miserable From Kidney Trouble Doan's Made Mr. Barnett Strong and Well.

"I suffered untold agony with my kidneys for years," says John Barnett, 30 Virginia Place, Buffalo, N. Y. "Sometimes I felt that I would burn up with fever, but every now and then would have a severe chill. Often my clothes were wringing wet with perspiration. The kidney secretions were unnatural in color and odor and burned terribly. At night my shoes were so tight on my feet that I could hardly get them off and my hands swelled so I couldn't hold a teacup. My back! Oh, how it ached! I walked with two canes and was all bent over like an aged man. When the terrible pains shot through my kidneys my knees would give way, and many times I had to be lifted to my feet by people on the street. I didn't care whether I lived or died I was so miserable. I finally used *Doan's Kidney Pills* and they cured me of all kidney trouble. *Doan's* made me strong and well."

Mr. Barnett

Sworn to before me,
A. A. WILCOX, Com. of Deeds.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Acid Stomach Makes the Body Sour

Nine Out of Ten People Suffer From It

It sends its harmful acids and gases all over the body, instead of health and strength. Day and night this ceaseless damage goes on. No matter how strong, its victim cannot long withstand the health-destroying effects of an acid stomach.

Good news for millions of sufferers. Chemists have found a sure remedy—one that takes the acid up and carries it out of the body; of course, when the cause is removed, the sufferer gets well.

Bloating, indigestion, sour, acid, gassy stomach miseries all removed. This is proven by over half a million ailing folks who have taken EATONIC with wonderful benefits. It can be obtained from any druggist, who will cheerfully refund its trifling cost if not entirely satisfactory. Everyone should enjoy its benefits. Frequently the first tablet gives relief.

VICTIMS RESCUED

Kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles are most dangerous because of their insidious attacks. Heed the first warning they give that they need attention by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for these disorders, will often ward off these diseases and strengthen the body against further attacks. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

Gives ease and comfort to feet that are tender and sore.

If shoes pinch or corns and bunions ache this Antiseptic, Healing Powder will give quick relief.

Shake it in your Shoes. Sprinkle it in the Foot-bath. Sold everywhere.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible. Not only relieve constipation, but correct biliousness, sick headache, indigestion, sallow skin—they never fail—renewal of regular habits follow. Purely vegetable.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for **Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness** and **Female Weakness.**

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

Girls! Girls!! Save Your Hair With Cuticura

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

100 a. Farm on Fine Highway, 4 mi. from R. R. 35 a. under plow. Clay loam soil. Bldgs. worth $3,000. $2,500 personal prop'ty. $9,000. Brush-McWilliams Co., Antigo, Wis.

WRIGLEY'S

The children love Wrigley's—and it's good for them.

Made under conditions of absolute cleanliness and brought to them in Wrigley's sealed sanitary package.

Satisfies the craving for sweets, aids digestion, sweetens breath, allays thirst and helps keep teeth clean.

Costs little, benefits much.

The Shady Sort.

"If you hire the right sort of a lawyer you can get out of this scrape."

"But how am I to know who is the right kind of a lawyer?"

"Pick out one who has a shabby office, although he could easily afford the best."

"What's the idea?"

"A lawyer of that kind is apt to be very successful in handling the affairs of clients who get fussed when they see mahogany furniture, thick carpets and elegant chandeliers."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Drop Freezone on a touchy corn, then lift that corn off with fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic! No humbug!

A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.—Adv.

Young America in Doubt.

"What is an annuity, pa?"

"Something you have got coming to you every year."

"Is a birthday an annuity?"

Widely Divergent Interests.

Willis—I suppose the strike in your town is a purely local affair?

Gillis—Not in the least. The works are owned by Boston parties, the manager is from Chicago, the workmen came from Seattle, the labor organizer hails from New York, the strike-breakers were imported from Alabama, and the troops were sent by the governor. Our only local interest is ducking bricks.—Judge.

"DIAMOND DYES" DON'T RUIN YOUR MATERIAL

Women! Don't Buy a Poor Dye That Fades, Streaks, or Runs.

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any women can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into worn, shabby garments, draperies, coverings, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed even if you have never dyed before. Druggist has color card.—Adv.

High Aspirations.

"You are fond of school, aren't you, dear?" asked a teacher of a pupil who had just finished her first week.

"W'y, Miss Andrews," replied the little tot, "I mean to go to all the schools they is until I get to the highest school, and I mean to study all the histories they is until I study the highest one. I mean to study the history of the angels, even."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

To the youth in love whose salary is $9 a week an ice cream sign looks like a nightmare.

A bluff is all right as long as you can fool people with it.

MUD BATHS AT Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(ORIGINAL SULPHUR MUD BATHS OF THE NORTHWEST)

Assure Wonderful Results in Treating

Rheumatism, High Blood Pressure, Neuritis, Gout, Kidney and Liver Trouble, Autointoxication, Arthritis, etc.

Write for Information

Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co.

Post Office Box 4

Jordan, Minn.

DAIRY

TO PREVENT GARLIC FLAVOR

Few Simple Precautions in Herd Management Will Keep Out Disagreeable Odor in Milk.

Dairymen and creamery men in many states are troubled every spring by garlic or onion flavor in the milk. This is due to the cows feeding on garlic or wild onion, one of the first plants to start in the pasture in the spring. The trouble from garlic is not likely to last very long, as this weed is soon cropped off and the grass becomes plentiful enough for the cattle to feed on it in preference to the onion.

Garlic flavor in milk can be removed by heating the milk to 145 degrees F. and forcing air through it at this temperature for 30 to 60 minutes, according to Farmers' Bulletin 608 of the United States department of agriculture. As this method requires a certain amount of equipment, it is much more satisfactory for the average dairyman to keep the odor out of milk by a few simple precautions in herd management.

There are two ways of protecting the milk from garlic flavor. First, prevent the cows from obtaining garlic; and second, manage the herd on garlic pasture, so that there will be the least possible chance of getting the flavor in the milk.

Often the garlic is found only in one patch in the pasture, and this can be temporarily fenced off and pastured with other animals not producing milk.

Where garlic is scattered all over the field it will be impossible to keep the cows away from it, but by removing them to some other field three or four hours before each milking the flavor will be reduced to a minimum. The odor in milk is strongest from cows which have just eaten garlic, and the odor is reduced as the time between the eating of garlic and milking is increased.

In case no garlic-free pasture is available, it would be advisable to drive the cattle to the barnyard three or four hours before milking and feed them on hay and silage. As the season for garlic trouble is short, this should not cause much inconvenience.

Garlic Flavor Can Be Reduced to Minimum by Removing Cows to Some Other Pasture Three or Four Hours Before Each Milking.

The best plan for avoiding trouble from this weed on the dairy farm is to kill it out completely. This can be done with little trouble, and those interested can obtain information on the subject by writing to the United States department of agriculture for Farmers' Bulletin 610, "Wild Onion, Method of Eradication."

MUST OBSERVE CLEANLINESS

Neglect of Tubes of Milking Machine May Cost Milk of Dairy for Entire Day.

Just one time of neglecting to cleanse the tubes of the milking machine may cost the milk of the entire dairy for that day, and more, if one permits the carelessness to continue. No man ever ought to get a milking machine, unless he is determined to keep the pails, teat cups and tubes absolutely clean.

DETECT GOOD WORKING COWS

Value of Keeping Track of Production of Each Individual Animal Is Very Great.

Every dairyman, sooner or later, learns the value of keeping track of the individual production of the cows in his herd in order to detect the workers from the shirkers, so that the loafer and boarder cows may be spotted and eliminated from the milking stable.

GET BEST POSSIBLE RETURN

While All Nutrients Are High Priced It Is Important to Make Every Pound Count.

At present, when all nutrients used in the dairy stable are unusually high in price, it is imperative that every milk producer gain the greatest possible return from each pound of grain or roughage which he feeds.

URIC ACID IN MEAT CLOGS THE KIDNEYS

Take a Glass of Salts If Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers.

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush off the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.—Adv.

Fitted for the Films.

"How are you getting along with your scenario of 'Hamlet?'"

"Nicely. Just cast your eye over these."

"'To be or not to be.'

"'Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy.'

"'Alas, poor Yorick.'

"Well?"

"Shakespeare is just full of good titles."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Preparing an Alibi.

"There's a friend in the outer office waiting for you, sir."

"Here, James, take this $10 and keep it till I come back."

NAME "BAYER" ON GENUINE ASPIRIN

Take tablets only as told in each "Bayer" package.

The "Bayer Cross" is the signature of the true "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." The name "Bayer" is only on genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

In every handy "Bayer" package are proper directions for Pain, Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuritis.

Tin boxes of 12 tablets cost only a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Playing Safe.

Mr. Hardface—No, dear! I can't kiss you here; it's too light.

Miss Manchaser—But you kissed me on this very spot last night under the electric light.

Mr. Hardface—True, but this is daylight and some one might get a snapshot of me with a concealed camera.

Strange Raise.

"Even brooms are going up."

"Yet you would expect to find a sweeping reduction in brooms."

The Dear, Dead Days.

"Does your wife object to your going out with your men friends?" asked Jimkins.

"Not my married men friends," replied Sheard. "But she draws the line at bachelors."

"Why?"

"She says whenever I go out with a party of bachelors I always return home greatly depressed."

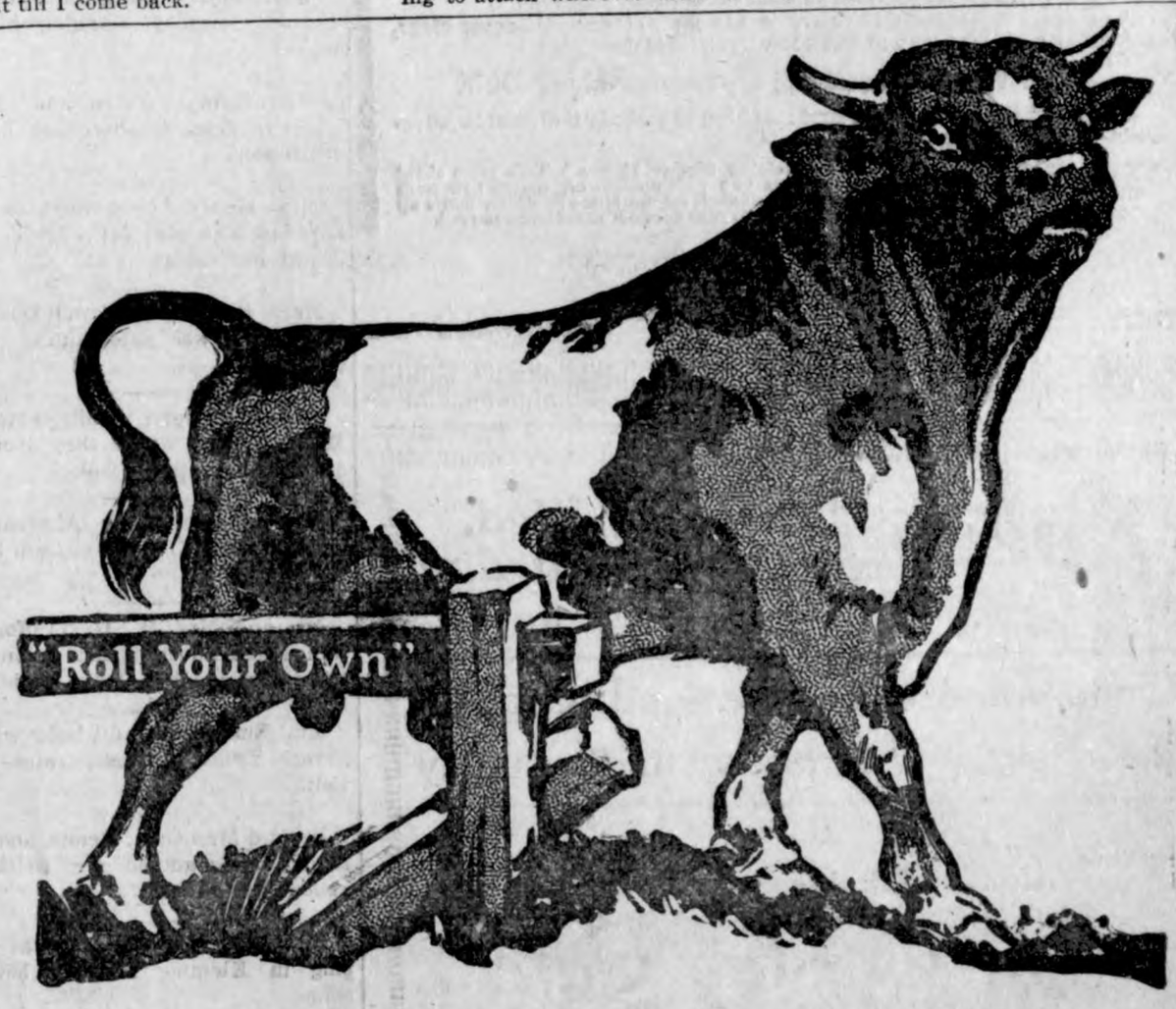
A fast young man is seldom able to keep up with his running expenses.

Perfect Health is Yours If the Blood is Kept Pure

Almost Every Human Ailment Is Directly Traceable to Impurities in the Blood.

You should pay particular heed to any indication that your blood supply is becoming sluggish, or that there is a lessening in its strong and vital force.

By keeping your blood purified, your system more easily wards off disease that is ever present, waiting to attack wherever there is an opening. A few bottles of S. S. S., the great vegetable blood medicine, will revitalize your blood and give you new strength and a healthy, vigorous vitality. Everyone needs it just now to keep the system in perfect condition. Go to your drug store and get a bottle to-day, and if you need any medical advice, you can obtain it without cost by writing to Medical Director, Swift Specific Co., 112 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.



HE'S THE OLD RELIABLE

GRAND old "Bull". He's the best there is. He sold over 300,000,000 bags last year.

You know genuine "Bull" Durham—never an enemy; millions of friends.

Genuine "Bull" Durham tobacco—you can roll 50 smokes from one bag.

That's *some inducement*, nowadays.

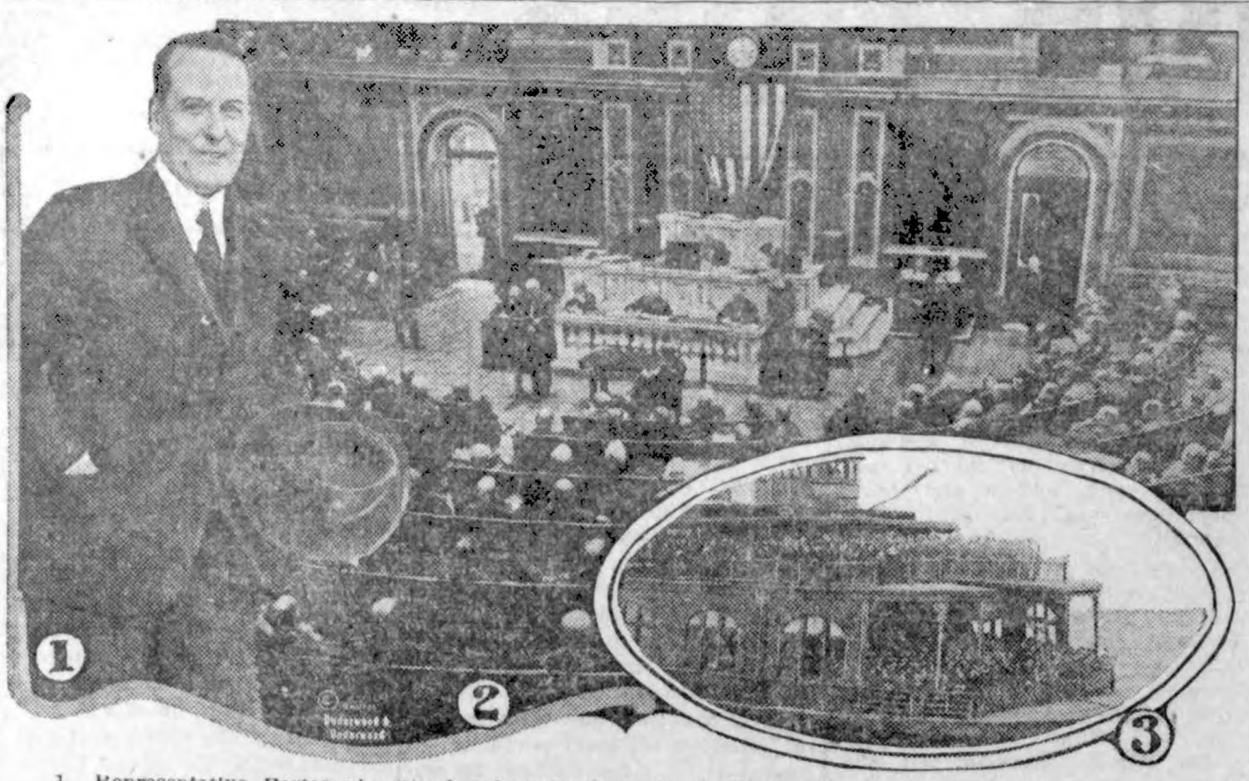
GENUINE

"BULL" DURHAM TOBACCO

10c

To pipe smokers: Mix a little "BULL" DURHAM with your favorite tobacco. It's like sugar in your coffee.

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.



1. Representative Porter who introduced peace resolution in house. 2. Champ Clark debating peace resolution in house. 3. Strike inconveniences New York commuters.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Attorney General Sees Red Plot in Rail Strike and Orders Arrest of Many Radicals.

LABOR TROUBLES IN KANSAS

Prospect of Anarchy in Ireland Brings Factions Into Closer Union—Strong Military Measures in Turkey —Sonora Secedes From Mexico—German Coalition Government on Trial.

By E. F. CLIPSON.

As foreshadowed by the general appearance of the railway strike from its beginning and pointed out in the previous issue of this review, the Ethiopian concealed in the woodpile has been the American I. W. W., fostered, supported and directed by the Moscow Third Internationale. If this is not true then the United States department of justice with its secret service, its mass of data and all its splendid facilities for gathering information and evidence, has gone woefully astray.

The Third Internationale is the branch of the communistic government of Russia devoted to international propaganda and organization and pledged to the cause of overthrowing the existing order in America and throughout the world. Its principal aim is to promote revolutionary class struggle and establish wherever possible a dictatorship of the proletariat such as exists in Russia. One of its objects, entering into the dreams of all radicals, is the organization of all workmen, everywhere, into one big union. With such an organization and such a powerful weapon, an oligarchy of labor would be possible. The I. W. W. is committed to these views, hence its fight to disrupt the American Federation of Labor which stands for collective bargaining and the preservation of contractual rights between employers and employees. Observers everywhere have been pointing to the traceable effects of communistic propaganda in the disturbed conditions all over Europe and the strikes and rumblings in America. Wherever the doctrines have gained ascendency, as in Russia, Hungary, portions of the Balkans and recently in a part of Germany, terrible conditions and in some cases actual chaos have resulted.

Attorney General Palmer reports that evidence in his hands proves that William Z. Foster, leader of the late steel strike, and other prominent radicals, have been the concealed brains back of the rail strike. The government's announcement was followed by prompt action in issuing federal warrants for a number of the active leaders of the strike. The warrants charged violation of section 2 of the war-time Lever law.

Before the issuance of the warrants and the determination to take drastic action had been announced, the goverment's disclosures had begun to have an effect on the strike and its early collapse, or at least gradual death was anticipated. Even before the disclosures from Washington an improvement in the situation was manifest in the West, although acute in New York and some other portions of the East. In Chicago where the strike started and in other parts of the West, railroad men who had been enticed by the "outlaw" movement, began to see signs of a trap and to turn again to the counsels of their old leaders. This was having a gradual effect in the restoration of traffic and normal conditions.

The new railway labor board authorized by the Cummins-Esch law and appointed by the president, will now have the arduous duty of reviewing the whole railway labor question, relative to wages, hours of employment, working conditions, etc. Out of the great volume of testimony to which it will listen and all the data compiled, it is called upon to find a solution which will be equitable to the men, the employers and the public and prevent a recurrence of strife for the near future at least. Some job, nez pas?

The eyes of the entire country and probably some foreign eyes as well, are turned upon the state of Kansas in its efforts to settle labor troubles through a state law and an industrial relations court. Alexander M. Howat, president of the Kansas Mine Workers' union and several other officials, were jailed for refusal to testify before the court. Some railroad men in the state have also been arrested for violating the law by participating in the switchmen's strike. Injunctions are being freely used by the state officials and the chief point of interest is, as to whether the law will stand and be an effective means of settling labor disputes, or will fall under the assaults to be made on it in the higher courts.

Governor Lowden, as was expected, carried the presidential preference primary in Illinois, although his plurality of more than 80,000 over Leonard Wood was somewhat startling. Lowden stock received a boom and so did that of Hiram Johnson whose admirers in the city of Chicago to the number of over 40,000 and upwards of 10,000 down the state, wrote or pasted his name on the ballot. Few of the preferential primaries bind delegates to instructions for the national conventions, although they do express to a considerable extent the wishes of voters. The fight is still an open one with General Pershing edging his hat tentatively into the Republican ring. He has stated that he is not a candidate for the presidency, but, that no man should refuse the high office if called to it by the people. No accurate forecasting of the real convention strength of any candidate is yet possible.

Affairs in Ireland take on a less turbulent aspect. The prospect of anarchy is reported as bringing the factions closer to an agreement. The number of extremists is reported as diminishing and moderates in all parties are said to be frightened at the outbreak of all kinds of crime under the guise of political action. A common meeting ground is being sought, but that it will not be found in the present home rule bill is apparent. Ireland will never indorse the bill with any unanimity. The British government averted a serious crisis by releasing the 70 Irish prisoners who were on a hunger strike after four had collapsed and others were in the last stages of exhaustion. A general strike impended unless the government granted the releases.

Internal problems in China having an important bearing on the future of that country, are in process of harmonization through a financial consortium of the powers. The scheme provides for control, through the banking groups of the different allies, of loans for railroads and the development of public utilities in China. Allied propaganda has been furthering the project for more than a year, but until recently the jealousy existing among the Shanghai Chinese and those of South China against the Peking government, has stood in the way of an agreement. The anti-Peking leaders appear to be satisfied so long as America, England and France direct operations under the loans and Peking officials have nothing to do with the actual expenditures. The remaining problem is to induce Japan to join the consortium on equal terms with the other three nations, thus easing the Japanese yoke on China. With the other powers presenting such a strong front, it is believed Japan will join.

Pending the final disposition of Turkish affairs through the medium of the peace treaty which is expected to be ready for submission to the Turks early in May, England, France and even the sultan's government are preparing for strong military measures against Mustapha Kemal and his nationalist forces. French re-enforcements are reported to have dampened the ardor of the nationalists in Syria and Cilicia. The British have fortified Ismid. The French are marching through Cilicia to the relief of Americans at Aintab and Urfa. A movement is under way to place 150,000 Turks, loyal to the sultan, at the disposition of the British forces and under command of British officers. The French have re-established railroad communication between Adana and Aleppo. Probably 2,000 refugees will be removed from Adana to Cypress.

A disturbed condition exists from the western borders of Turkey straight east for 2,500 miles to the western border of China. In the Caucasus bolshevism is strong. A disquieting situation has arisen at Batoum where the Georgians who have been opposing allied occupation, threaten to join the bolsheviki and take over the whole region. Armenian mobilization has been ordered in preparation for a possible campaign against the Tartars and Azerbaijanese over disputed territory. Warlike Kurds, relieved of Russian restraint, come down from the north and attack and pillage Armenian settlements frequently.

The council of the League of Nations is seeking a guardian for Armenia. That it may be somewhat difficult to find is evidenced by the report of the American military mission to Armenia headed by Gen. G. G. Harboard. The report recently made public states that any country accepting the Armenian mandate will require an army of 59,000 men, a good-sized fleet of naval vessels and an outlay of $757,000,000 during the next five years. The mission demonstrated its complete neutrality by enumerating 13 reasons for accepting the mandate and 13 reasons against acceptance, rather implying in the significance of the numerals, that it is unlucky if we do and unlucky if we don't. Of special bearing on the case of Armenia and other minority peoples who have been under Turkish rule is the declaration of the council of the League of Nations that it will guarantee clauses in the Turkish peace treaty providing for the protection of all non-Moslem minorities.

Ten years of fighting seem not to have diminished the Mexican gluttony for strife. With rebellions on every hand and the Carranza regime holding power only because it seemed to be the most strongly organized body, while no two of the others could combine effectively against it, a new element now enters the situation in the form of secession. Sonora, the northwestern border state with an area of approximately 77,000 square miles and rich in gold, silver, lead, copper and other resources, but having less than 300,000 people, has announced its withdrawal from the so-called republic. By proclamation the republic of Sonora is established, said proclamation being issued by Gen. P. Elias Calles, commander in chief of the military forces. The federals are reported organizing for suppression of the rebels. Other Mexican states may join the movement but whether or not they do, is not likely to change affairs much or either increase or diminish disturbed conditions in the country. A new alignment of factions may occur, but the whole incident takes on the character of a diverting high light in a strenuous presidential campaign being waged in the country.

Germany's coalition government is still on trial with a shifting of elements and sentiments due to the recent troubles. Labor is dissatisfied over the treatment of workmen in the Ruhr difficulties. Moderate socialists, irked by the hard economic conditions, are reported joining the independent socialists and communists. Both reactionaries and extremists are dissatisfied that they have no representation in the government and are accordingly making all the trouble they can. All factions condemn the government on account of the French occupation of Frankfort and other German cities. The hardest problem of the government is the attitude of labor which is endeavoring to rule the cabinet. The principal element of strength in the coalition is in the fact that it is so beset on all sides that it must remain united to prevent a fall and chaos again. France and Great Britain have smoothed out their disagreement over the French occupation. France will withdraw her forces from Germany as soon as the Germans withdraw from the Ruhr, and promises there will be no further independent action on her part.

COAL DUST LODGED IN MINER'S LUNGS

Tells how his cough was conquered and health restored.

"In November, 1916, I was working in a coal mine and the doctors said the coal dust had settled in my lungs. I couldn't lie down on my right side, coughed so I couldn't sleep and had constant pain in my right lung and under my shoulder blades. I coughed so hard the blood would spurt out of my nose. Finally the doctors had me change climate and live outdoors, but didn't improve.

"Then I came home and started on Milks Emulsion. Thank God I did, as it did me a lot of good right from the start, loosening up the coal dust in my right lung. In a few weeks my lungs were free. I could sleep like a baby, had an excellent appetite and my cough left me entirely. I gained back 30 pounds in weight and went back to work in the mines completely restored to health."—G. H. Bunn, 6th Ave. & No. 13th St., Terre Haute, Ind.

Thousands of victims of dust-filled air develop the same trouble that Mr Bunn had. Milks Emulsion costs nothing to try, so why not at least try it?

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. It helps build flesh and strength, and is a powerful aid in resisting and repairing the effects of wasting diseases.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream.

No matter how severe your case you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.—Adv.

His Interpretation.

Mortland Jones, the five-year-old son of Rev. Rhys Price Jones, pastor of the First Presbyterian church in Franklin, refused to sing "America" with the rest of the members of the primary class in Sunday school. When questioned he gave as his reason the line of the song, "Land where my fathers died." "My father didn't die," he said, "and I won't sing it."—Indianapolis News.

DRUGS EXCITE YOUR KIDNEYS, USE SALTS

If Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers, Drink Lots of Water.

When your kidneys hurt and your back feels sore, don't get scared and proceed to load your stomach with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract. Keep your kidneys clean like you keep your bowels clean, by flushing them with a mild, harmless salts which removes the body's urinous waste and stimulates them to their normal activity. The function of the kidneys is to filter the blood. In 24 hours they strain from it 500 grains of acid and waste, so we can readily understand the vital importance of keeping the kidneys active.

Drink lots of water—you can't drink too much; also get from any pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning for a few days and your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate clogged kidneys; also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean and active. Try this, also keep up the water drinking, and no doubt you will wonder what became of your kidney trouble and backache.—Adv.

Synonymous.

It was Springer's afternoon off and he thought he would take the children for a little outing.

"My dear," he said, approaching his wife, "suppose we take the children to the zoo today?"

"Why, Will, you promised to take them to mother's."

"All right, if it's all the same to the children."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Ouch!

"You seem to hate that fellow Smith," said Brown. "What is the trouble between you and him?"

"I introduced him to my wife the other day," replied Jones, "and the gabby boob had to say: 'Why, I thought that the lady you were with in New York was your wife.'"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Cuticura Soothes Itching Scalp

On retiring gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Make them your every-day toilet preparations and have a clear skin and soft, white hands.—Adv.

No regret is vain that inspires us to do better

Home Town Helps

ADVANTAGES OF SMALL TOWN

For One Thing, the Helping Hand Is Never Withheld From Man Who Is Worthy.

"A man coming back to a small town to make his pile will find every advantage," says William D. Pelley in People's Magazine. "The friendly attitude of the country banker, the well wishes and interest of his neighbors, the good will of a public which only asks that he render a service in order to get quick recognition. Time and again, as editor of a small town daily paper, I have been overwhelmed by watching some newcomer in the community open a store or build a factory or start in a profession, and noting how quick was the response on the part of my townspeople. They are very human folk, these townspeople. They are quick to discover if a man has ulterior motives, whether he is feathering his own nest first and looking after the public interest last. And that is the reason many a man returns to the city knocking the country town. He has tried to put something over and failed. He has found his clientele not at all the hicks and rubes he judged them. And having turned the tables on him, he abuses them roundly."

NEW STREET-LIGHTING PLAN

Kansas City Authorities Believe They Have an Improvement on the Cluster Effect.

Something new in the way of street lights is planned for Baltimore avenue by property owners between Twelfth street and Southwest boulevard, says the Kansas City Star. When the street has been widened and paved the owners propose to break away from the "cluster" effect that has been sought on other streets where "bright ways" have been established. And, incidentally, they plan to have the "lightest street" in the city.

The accompanying illustration shows the style of light and standard the property owners have adopted. It is the same style used along Michigan avenue in Chicago—a single pear-

shaped opaque globe on a graceful reenforced concrete standard. There will be 36 such lights on widened Baltimore avenue and the council already has passed an ordinance authorizing them.

The light will be "staggered" at approximately 100-foot intervals. Tests show that with the internal reflectors the single light will give greater efficiency than the old-fiashioned clusters.

Think It Over.

Think it over yourself, today, as you plan for the coming months. In private or public affairs, in business or social or family matters, seek out what points of friction there may be and drop upon them the soothing oil of common sense. Remember that the community is only a collection of interdependent units and that a single selfish act of yours may derange an incalculable number of your fellowbeings and thereby propel the whole a shade nearer to that condition of chaos that every reasoning person must regard with horror. Avoid all senseless and suicidal strife, no matter of what character, and learn to co-operate.—Bermuda Colonist.

Roadways.

For good residential property there should be provided a roadway having a hard, compact surface—20 to 25 feet in width, on a substantial foundation, and concrete sidewalks, four feet in width, the remaining portion of the right of way being treated in a less expensive manner. Drains will be required to carry off the surface water from the right of way and the lots fronting on it.

Would Plant Fruit Trees.

When the trees are planted in the city parks to replace some which have been removed, and other park improvements started, an eastern journal would have the common council plant various fruit trees.

Suffered for Years

Miserable From Kidney Trouble Doan's Made Mr. Barnett Strong and Well.

"I suffered untold agony with my kidneys for years," says John Barnett, 30 Virginia Place, Buffalo, N. Y. "Sometimes I felt that I would break up with fever, but every now and then would have a severe chill. Often my clothes were wringing wet with perspiration. The kidney secretions were unnatural in color and odor and burned terribly. At night my shoes were so tight on my feet that I could hardly get them off and my hands swelled so I couldn't hold a teacup. My back! Oh, how it ached! I walked with two canes and was all bent over like an aged man. When the terrible pains shot through my kidneys my knees would give way, and many times I had to be lifted to my feet by people on the street. I didn't care whether I lived or died I was so miserable. I finally used *Doan's Kidney Pills* and they cured me of all kidney trouble. *Doan's* made me strong and well."

Mr. Barnett

Sworn to before me,
A. A. WILCOX, Com. of Deeds.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Acid Stomach

Makes the Body Sour

Nine Out of Ten People Suffer From It

It sends its harmful acids and gases all over the body, instead of health and strength. Day and night this ceaseless damage goes on. No matter how strong, its victim cannot long withstand the health-destroying effects of an acid stomach.

Good news for millions of sufferers. Chemists have found a sure remedy—one that takes the acid up and carries it out of the body; of course, when the cause is removed, the sufferer gets well.

Bloating, indigestion, sour, acid, gassy stomach miseries all removed. This is proven by over half a million ailing folks who have taken EATONIC with wonderful benefits. It can be obtained from any druggist, who will cheerfully refund its trifling cost if not entirely satisfactory. Everyone should enjoy its benefits. Frequently the first tablet gives relief.

VICTIMS RESCUED

Kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles are most dangerous because of their insidious attacks. Heed the first warning they give that they need attention by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for these disorders, will often ward off these diseases and strengthen the body against further attacks. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

Gives ease and comfort to feet that are tender and sore.

If shoes pinch or corns and bunions ache this Antiseptic, Healing Powder will give quick relief.

Shake it in your Shoes. Sprinkle it in the Foot-bath. Sold everywhere.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible. Not only relieve constipation, but correct biliousness, sick headache, indigestion, sallow skin—they never fail—renewal of regular habits follow. Purely vegetable.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for **Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness.**

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

Girls! Girls!! Save Your Hair With Cuticura

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

100 a. Farm on Fine Highway, 4 mi. from R. R. 35 a. under plow. Clay loam soil. Bldgs. worth $3,000. $2,500 personal prop'ty. $9,000. Brush-McWilliams Co., Antigo, Wis.

WRIGLEY'S

The children love Wrigley's—and it's good for them.

Made under conditions of absolute cleanliness and brought to them in Wrigley's sealed sanitary package.

Satisfies the craving for sweets, aids digestion, sweetens breath, allays thirst and helps keep teeth clean.

Costs little, benefits much.

The Shady Sort.

"If you hire the right sort of a lawyer you can get out of this scrape."

"But how am I to know who is the right kind of a lawyer?"

"Pick out one who has a shabby office, although he could easily afford the best."

"What's the idea?"

"A lawyer of that kind is apt to be very successful in handling the affairs of clients who get fussed when they see mahogany furniture, thick carpets and elegant chandeliers."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Drop Freezone on a touchy corn, then lift that corn off with fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic! No humbug!

A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.—Adv.

Young America in Doubt.

"What is an annuity, pa?"

"Something you have got coming to you every year."

"Is a birthday an annuity?"

Widely Divergent Interests.

Willis—I suppose the strike in your town is a purely local affair?

Gillis—Not in the least. The works are owned by Boston parties, the manager is from Chicago, the workmen came from Seattle, the labor organizer hails from New York, the strike-breakers were imported from Alabama, and the troops were sent by the governor. Our only local interest is ducking bricks.—Judge.

"DIAMOND DYES" DON'T RUIN YOUR MATERIAL

Women! Don't Buy a Poor Dye That Fades, Streaks, or Runs.

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any women can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into worn, shabby garments, draperies, coverings, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed even if you have never dyed before. Druggist has color card.—Adv.

High Aspirations.

"You are fond of school, aren't you, dear?" asked a teacher of a pupil who had just finished her first week.

"W'y, Miss Andrews," replied the little tot, "I mean to go to all the schools they is until I get to the highest school, and I mean to study all the histories they is until I study the highest one. I mean to study the history of the angels, even."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

To the youth in love whose salary is $9 a week an ice cream sign looks like a nightmare.

A bluff is all right as long as you can fool people with it.

MUD BATHS AT Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(ORIGINAL SULPHUR MUD BATHS OF THE NORTHWEST)

Assure Wonderful Results in Treating

Rheumatism, High Blood Pressure, Neuritis, Gout, Kidney and Liver Trouble, Autointoxication, Arthritis, etc.

Write for Information

Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co.

Post Office Box 4

Jordan, Minn.

DAIRY

TO PREVENT GARLIC FLAVOR

Few Simple Precautions in Herd Management Will Keep Out Disagreeable Odor in Milk.

Dairymen and creamery men in many states are troubled every spring by garlic or onion flavor in the milk. This is due to the cows feeding on garlic or wild onion, one of the first plants to start in the pasture in the spring. The trouble from garlic is not likely to last very long, as this weed is soon cropped off and the grass becomes plentiful enough for the cattle to feed on it in preference to the onion.

Garlic flavor in milk can be removed by heating the milk to 145 degrees F. and forcing air through it at this temperature for 30 to 60 minutes, according to Farmers' Bulletin 608 of the United States department of agriculture. As this method requires a certain amount of equipment, it is much more satisfactory for the average dairyman to keep the odor out of milk by a few simple precautions in herd management.

There are two ways of protecting the milk from garlic flavor. First, prevent the cows from obtaining garlic; and second, manage the herd on garlic pasture, so that there will be the least possible chance of getting the flavor in the milk.

Often the garlic is found only in one patch in the pasture, and this can be temporarily fenced off and pastured with other animals not producing milk.

Where garlic is scattered all over the field it will be impossible to keep the cows away from it, but by removing them to some other field three or four hours before each milking the flavor will be reduced to a minimum. The odor in milk is strongest from cows which have just eaten garlic, and the odor is reduced as the time between the eating of garlic and milking is increased.

In case no garlic-free pasture is available, it would be advisable to drive the cattle to the barnyard three or four hours before milking and feed them on hay and silage. As the season for garlic trouble is short, this should not cause much inconvenience.

Garlic Flavor Can Be Reduced to Minimum by Removing Cows to Some Other Pasture Three or Four Hours Before Each Milking.

The best plan for avoiding trouble from this weed on the dairy farm is to kill it out completely. This can be done with little trouble, and those interested can obtain information on the subject by writing to the United States department of agriculture for Farmers' Bulletin 610, "Wild Onion, Method of Eradication."

MUST OBSERVE CLEANLINESS

Neglect of Tubes of Milking Machine May Cost Milk of Dairy for Entire Day.

Just one time of neglecting to cleanse the tubes of the milking machine may cost the milk of the entire dairy for that day, and more, if one permits the carelessness to continue. No man ever ought to get a milking machine, unless he is determined to keep the pails, teat cups and tubes absolutely clean.

DETECT GOOD WORKING COWS

Value of Keeping Track of Production of Each Individual Animal Is Very Great.

Every dairyman, sooner or later, learns the value of keeping track of the individual production of the cows in his herd in order to detect the workers from the shirkers, so that the loafer and boarder cows may be spotted and eliminated from the milking stable.

GET BEST POSSIBLE RETURN

While All Nutrients Are High Priced It Is Important to Make Every Pound Count.

At present, when all nutrients used in the dairy stable are unusually high in price, it is imperative that every milk producer gain the greatest possible return from each pound of grain or roughage which he feeds.

URIC ACID IN MEAT CLOGS THE KIDNEYS

Take a Glass of Salts If Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers.

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush off the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.—Adv.

Fitted for the Films.

"How are you getting along with your scenario of 'Hamlet?'"

"Nicely. Just cast your eye over these."

"'To be or not to be.'

"'Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy.'

"'Alas, poor Yorick.'

"Well?"

"Shakespeare is just full of good titles."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Preparing an Alibi.

"There's a friend in the outer office waiting for you, sir."

"Here, James, take this $10 and keep it till I come back."

NAME "BAYER" ON GENUINE ASPIRIN

Take tablets only as told in each "Bayer" package.

The "Bayer Cross" is the signature of the true "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." The name "Bayer" is only on genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

In every handy "Bayer" package are proper directions for Pain, Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuritis.

Tin boxes of 12 tablets cost only a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Playing Safe.

Mr. Hardface—No, dear! I can't kiss you here; it's too light.

Miss Manchaser—But you kissed me on this very spot last night under the electric light.

Mr. Hardface—True, but this is daylight and some one might get a snapshot of me with a concealed camera.

Strange Raise.

"Even brooms are going up."

"Yet you would expect to find a sweeping reduction in brooms."

The Dear, Dead Days.

"Does your wife object to your going out with your men friends?" asked Jimkins.

"Not my married men friends," replied Sheard. "But she draws the line at bachelors."

"Why?"

"She says whenever I go out with a party of bachelors I always return home greatly depressed."

A fast young man is seldom able to keep up with his running expenses.

Perfect Health is Yours If the Blood is Kept Pure

Almost Every Human Ailment Is Directly Traceable to Impurities in the Blood.

You should pay particular heed to any indication that your blood supply is becoming sluggish, or that there is a lessening in its strong and vital force.

By keeping your blood purified, your system more easily wards off disease that is ever present, waiting to attack wherever there is an opening. A few bottles of S. S. S., the great vegetable blood medicine, will revitalize your blood and give you new strength and a healthy, vigorous vitality. Everyone needs it just now to keep the system in perfect condition. Go to your drug store and get a bottle to-day, and if you need any medical advice, you can obtain it without cost by writing to Medical Director, Swift Specific Co., 112 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

HE'S THE OLD RELIABLE

GRAND old "Bull". He's the best there is. He sold over 300,000,000 bags last year.

You know genuine "Bull" Durham—never an enemy; millions of friends.

Genuine "Bull" Durham tobacco—you can roll 50 smokes from one bag.

That's *some inducement*, nowadays.

GENUINE

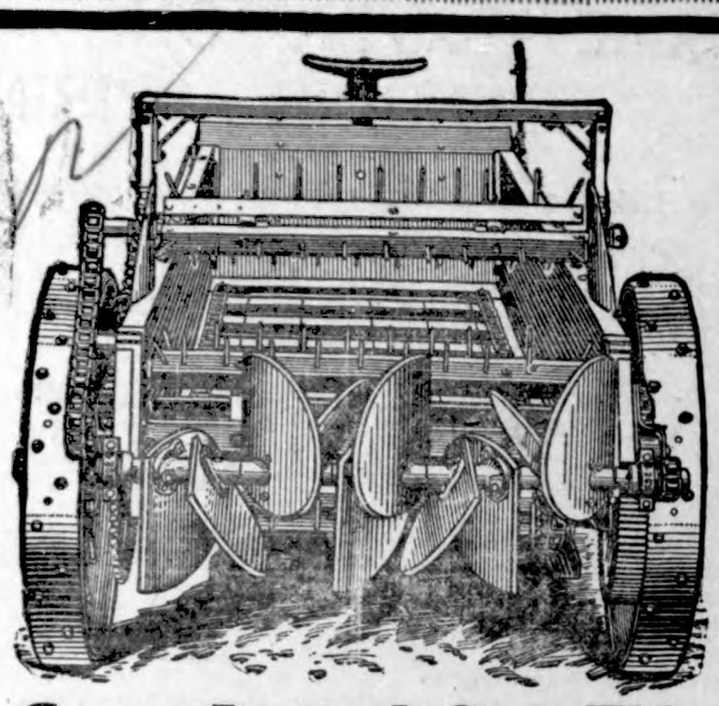
"BULL" DURHAM

TOBACCO

10c

To pipe smokers: Mix a little "BULL" DURHAM with your favorite tobacco. It's like sugar in your coffee.

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.



Come In and See This Spreader Work.

We announced a short time ago that we have the agency for the Nisco Manure Spreader. We believed at the time that this was the best spreader made, and now, after scores have examined it thoroughly and commented favorably, we are more than ever convinced that we have the ideal spreader—the original wide-spreading machine.

We want our customers to come in and see this practical, low-down, light-draft spreader. We have it all set up and can put the mechanism in motion just as you'd see it in the field.

Perhaps you don't need a spreader. No matter! Come in just the same and see the "Nisco." Our word for it, you'll be interested anyway. The

NISCO
Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.
The "New Idea" Manure Spreader

stands unique among spreaders. It puts manure on the soil in the best possible condition to furnish necessary plant food. A chain conveyor carries the load to a pair of cylinders, revolving one over the other, where it is thoroughly pulverized and thrown onto swiftly revolving paddles that distribute it evenly over three corn rows. The feed can be easily regulated, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18 loads per acre, or shut off entirely.

The Nisco Spreader will carry a big load of manure—never clogs, and with reasonable care will last a lifetime. It is the

First Wide-Spreading Spreader Ever Built

Introduced 17 years ago—the first machine to embody this great improvement—wide-spreading.

WE'VE AN INTERESTING BOOK TO GIVE YOU. Called "Helping Mother Nature." Tells more about manure than you ever thought of. Shows how fresh manure, distributed by the Nisco Spreader, builds up soil fertility and increases farm profits. Don't miss your copy—it's here when you call.

W. M. BAACK
Farm Implements *Klemme, Iowa*

Special *Every Wed. and Saturday*

Cinnamon Rolls, Rye and Graham Bread every Wednesday and Saturday

Always a full line of Fresh Fruits

The Crystal Cafe

Fertilize Your Corn!

Grow Bigger Crops This Year

We now have on hand Fertilizer to be to be put in the planter with your corn hereby applying fertilizer direct to the hill where it will do the most good.

It has been successfully used elsewhere and may increase corn crops hete. Give it a trial this year. Come in now as the supply won't last long as a number of farmers have already ordered fertilizer.

W. M. BAACK
Farm Implements Klemme, Iowa

Local News!

A. D. White came from Goodell Monday on business in Klemme.

Mrs. Wm. Kraus was down from Garner Saturday shopping in Klemme.

Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs returned from her visit at Nevada, Iowa, Thursday.

Miss Pearl Ax went to Garner Friday afternoon for a visit.

Chris Blumer was a passenger to Garner Monday morning.

Mrs. Chris Gram returned Tuesday morning from a short visit at Goodell.

Mrs. Tom Burgess of Goodell, was a Klemme visitor Saturday.

Mr. Robt. Maitland, of Belmond, was in Klemme Saturday visiting.

Mrs. J. E. Baumgartner was a Garner visitor Thursday.

"Stub" Lewis went to Garner Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Ed Wenck and Mrs. Joe Wenck, of Garner, were Klemme visitors between trains last Wednesday.

Mrs. C. H. Tompkins, of Garner, was a business visitor here last Wednesday and Thursday.

Hod Lawhorn and wife came over from Garner Thursday evening for a visit at the Cliff Swartz home.

Mrs. Coobs returned t her home at McGregor Thursday, after a few days' visit at the W. F. Pavey home.

Mrs. E. P. Hubbard was up from Goodell one day last week trading in Klemme.

Wm. Smith was a business caller at Garner Tuesday morning between trains.

Mrs. Henry Griffen and children were up from Goodell last Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Henry Lewis went to Clear Lake last Thursday for a few days visit with her sister.

Marie Blank had a "swell time" last week. She was entertaining a case of mumps.

Ray White and family autoed to Miller Sunday where they spent the day visiting with his folks.

Mr. nd Mrs. Tony Ahrenkiel of Goodell were Klemme visitors Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Trafford returned last Thursday afternoon from a few days spent in Cedar Rapids.

Mrs. Emil Kraus and baby were at Garner Friday between trains for a visit.

Dr. and Mrs. G. A. Bemis, and Miss Naomi Lewis autoed over to Garner Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Lester, of Goodell, was shopping in Klemme Monday between trains.

Dr. and Mrs. Paul Barth, of Garner, were in Klemme Monday on business.

Gearald and Mildred McCullough autoed to Garner Sunday and from there they went to Mason City.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Francis and family were up from Goodell Monday morning for a visit.

Bert Mathews spent Sunday at Garner. Ed. Jacobs also drove up in the afternoon.

Elsie Carolus has been quite ill the past week with pneumonia, but at this time is rapidly improving.

Mr. and Mrs. Heggen and Mr. and Mrs. Peterson, of Kanawha, were Klemme shoppers Monday.

Mrs. Hans Nelson from Goodell was a Klemme caller Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Ahrenkiel and baby from Goodell spent several days the past week at the Tom Blank home.

Mr. and Mrs. John Adams of State Center, Iowa, were over Sunday visitors at the Blank home.

Mrs. John Gruetzmacher and Mrs. P. M. Griesemer were at Garner Tuesday afternoon between trains.

Margaret Dickinson, accompanied by her sister, Arvella, went to Crystal Lake Tuesday afternoon for a visit with her folks.

Iowa News Briefly Told

Des Moines.—Damage to the extent of over $200,000 was sustained by the Des Moines Gas company when their plant was wrecked by an explosion of unknown origin, exclusive of the enormous loss in revenue from the cutting off of the gas supply for several days. The total death list was four, with several so seriously injured that their life hangs in the balance. Two separate investigations have been launched to ascertain the cause of the explosion—one in charge of the Polk county coroner, the other by the gas company. The men who could have told the most about its causes are dead—and the jury who will probe the cause of the disaster must depend largely on the testimony of men who were not present when the accident happened, in finding out what caused the explosion. Twenty-eight thousand families in the city of Des Moines were without gas and numerous devices were temporarily applied as gas substitutes for cooking. All Des Moines newspapers were published under great difficulties the first day following the explosion, being unable to set type by machines, only in a few instances where electric heating pots were in use. Hotels were unable to serve their guests with cooked food. Express trains from every direction were speeding toward Des Moines with shipments of electrical appliances to replace the gas heating devices and replenish the stock of local dealers which was depleted within a few hours after the disaster became known.

New Hampton.—Every pound of butter shipped from the New Hampton creamery in 1919 to the market brought a price of western extra on better, the last shipment being a 92 test and sold at 68½ cents. State and national reports credit New Hampton butter with scores of 92 and 93, the 93 being the highest market score used. Eighty-six test from other creameries sold at 61½ cents the same day or a net gain of 7 cents for the New Hampton product. During the year 1919 the 170 patrons of the creamery contributed 769,995 pounds of cream, with an average test of 24.1 per cent. This cream contained 185,944 pounds of butterfat and was made into 224,244 pounds of the highest test creamery butter at an overrun of 22.6 per cent.

Iowa City.—The thirty-fourth convention of the Iowa Academy of Science was held in Iowa City, April 23 and 24. Between 150 and 200 scientists of Hawkeye schools and colleges returned to the Athens which was the meeting place of the academy nearly a decade ago. Prof. T. C. Stephens of Morningside college, is president of the organization; and Assistant State Geologist James H. Lees is secretary. Prof. A. O. Thomas of S. U. I. is treasurer. A feature of the meeting was the moving pictures of the Barbados-Antigua expedition, on which Prof. C. C. Nutting of Iowa university, who headed that expedition, lectured.

Des Moines.—Declaring that several hundred millions of dollars of stock in new enterprises, many of them of doubtful value, have been floated in Iowa during the last 12 months, the United States treasury department appeals to farmers to investigate thoroughly before buying. The review quotes the methods employed in placing these stocks with farmers—the salesmen usually sell each $1,000 worth of stock on the basis of $250 cash and note for $750. The salesmen pocket the cash and turn the note over to the promoter.

Iowa City.—Forrest P. Hagan of Pleasanton, with an oration on "The Plea for Cuba," won first place and the Samuel Lefevre prize of $20 in the annual freshman oratorical contest of the University of Iowa. Vernon Sharp of Rolfe, speaking on "A Vision of War," was second and Charles DeVaul of Albert City won third with an oration on "The Great War."

Dubuque.—The new city jail of this city is completed and is awaiting its first prisoners. Under the new city manager plan all city prisoners will be kept in the city lockup instead of being placed in the county jail under the jurisdiction of the sheriff. There are accommodations for 20 prisoners beside two solitary cells for temperamental persons.

Cedar Rapids.—Patrick O'Neil of Cedar Rapids was shot dead by a revolver in the hands of his five-year-old son James. The gun was thought to be unloaded. The child had been in the habit of playing with the revolver, but it had never held cartridges until a few days ago.

Guthrie Center.—Three shipping associations, organied by farmers of their respective localities, have been organied at Guthrie Center, Adair and Stuart, each with a membership of about 85.

Cedar Rapids.—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of H. C. Beeson, formerly of Des Moines, organizer of the Iowa Bankers' Managing company, on a charge of fraud. It is alleged that he failed to account for $100,000 he obtained from the resale of the company's stock at an advance of from $50 to $100 above the par value of $50. It is charged that this stock was resold on the company's blank forms. Beeson is missing, and his present whereabouts are unknown. The company is in the hands of a receiver.

Keep your stock Healthy

Dr. Blackman's
Medicated Salt Brick
Price 25c

Sal---Tonik
50 lb. Block $3.50

Place the bricks or blocks anywhere so the cattle can lick them, keeps them healthy.

Sal--Vet
The great Worm destroyer and Stock Tonic.

Sold by
HENRY LAU & SONS

Overland

Overland, Buick, & Dort Motor Cars.

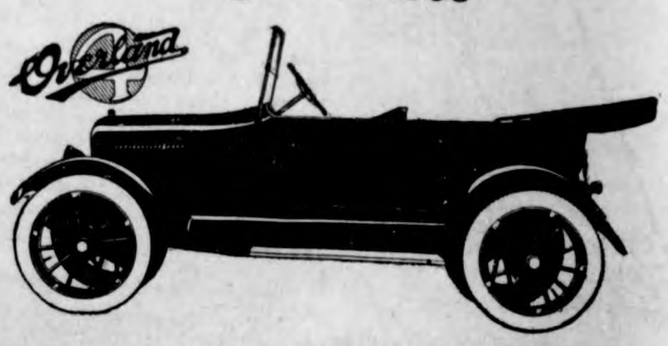
Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows & Farm Machinery.

Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant.

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes
Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal, 30 gal, or full barrels at
Right Prices



Willys Knight
PHONE 30
C. W. Wiles Garage
YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST
KLEMME, IA.

Howard Doyle & Co.
Klemme, Iowa

Painters and Decorators

We are ready to do your job of painting or decorating, either interior or exterior. We always do work, see us.

Let us figure on your job--large or small.

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors Phone 72

Spring Announcement

This week we want to announce the arrival of our Spring Goods both in the Ladies department and the Gents furnishing.

We Invite the Ladies

to look over our new line of

Waists Blouses Hosiery
Dress Goods Curtain Goods
Camisoles Petticoats
Dress Trimmings Footwear

Gentlemen

will find here a complete line of

Silk Shirts Dress Shirts Ties
Silk & Linen Collars Hats
Caps Belts Shoes

Get your Garden Seeds Here!
Our stock of Groceries the Best.

G. W.

Kluckhohn & Sons

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

Local News

Henry Freie an daughter, Viola, went to Mason City Tuesday afternoon for a couple of days' visit.

Grace and Aravella Dickinson came from Crystal Lake Tuesday morning for a visit at the Kirkwood home.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Healy of Garner were in Klemme Tuesday on business.

Mr. M. O. Hocum returned last Thursday from Cedar Rapids where he spent a couple of days on matters of business.

Mrs. Lawrence Hansen, Mrs. Glenn Avery ad Mrs. E. P. Hubbard of Goodell, were Klemme visitors Monday afternoon.

Milton Schaper came up from Iowa Falls Friday for a visit with his parents in Liberty township. Milton is attending school at Iowa Falls this year.

Mrs. John Josten and Earl were passengers to Garner last Friday, wheret the latter was entertained in the dentist's chair.

Mrs. Lew Sampson went to Garner Friday afternoon with her daughter an dhusband who left for Fort Atkinson, Wis., after a visit here.

Miss Clella McCullough was down from Garner Thursday night and returned the following day from a visit with her sister, Mildred.

Mrs. Henry Schuldt went to Garner Monday afternoon for a few days vist with her daughter, Mrs. Dick Bamman.

Herman Coobs returned Monday from a business trip in the eastern part of the state. While away he also spent a little time with his folks at McGregor.

Mr. and Mrs. Arleigh Eddy, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Miles and John Miles and family, were over here from Clear Lake Saturday shopping with Klemme merchants.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Jacobs from Garner drove over here Tuesday for a visit with their son, Ed. Mrs. Paul Walter, of Illinois, an aunt of Ed, was also with them.

Mrs. N. L. Palmer went to Forest City last Friday for a visit with Mrs. A. B. Schaefer. Mrs. Schaefer has not been well this winter but is now much better.

An Evil Genius.

Asmodeus is an evil genius or demon. In the apochryphal book of Tobit he is represented as slaying the seven husbands of Sara. In the Talmud he is described as the prince of demons and is said to have driven Solomon from his kingdom.

Captivates Your GUESTS

—that *fresh-from-the-oven fragrance* which curls up from their cups of good *"rich and mellow"*

Chocolate Cream COFFEE

Tried it lately? **Taste how real oven-freshness even betters a beverage so famously *"rich and mellow"* as this has always been. Our new hermetic seal cartons, now preserve for you the full fresh-roasted aroma of this coffee.**

60¢ lb.

WESTERN GROCER COMPANY

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

I hereby announce myself a candiate for re-election for Supervison, subject to the will of the republican voters at the June primaries. H. C. MEYER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of recorder of Hancock county, at the June 1920 primaries.

HATTIE M. ALDRIDGE

I hereby announce my candidacy for State Senator from the 43rd district composed of the counties of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of the above counties at the primaries in June, 1920. W. P. Chambers.

CLASSIFIED

Live Stock For Sale

FOR SALE—17 head of Young Stock, weighing from 150 to 450 pounds each. H. Beek, Goodell, Ia. 3w

FOR SALE—A Scotch Shorthorn 3 year old bull; 2 Scotch Tops 13 and 11 months old. Erick Josten.

For Sale

For Sale—200 Egg Incubator, good as new. Ralph Ludeke. 2w

For Sale—Organ, just overhauled and in good shape. N. L. Palmer. tf

Found and lost articles

FOUND—A black gauntlet glove with a yellow buckskin glove inside, the day of Mrs. Arnold's funeral. For information call at Times Office.

FOUND—Small alligator wrench and bicycle wrench. Owner may have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this notice.

LOST—Radiator cap for Overland Car. Return to Times Office.

Wanted

Wanted—To do sewing. Mrs. Gilbert Schaefer. tf.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Order your magazines, dailies or other reading matter at the Times Office. Advertisement.

Blank Verse.

Evidently some of the blank verse we used to read in school was so called as a slight tribute to the minds that wrote it.

A banking connection properly handled, gives you an asset in credit established that is next important only to cash.

No large business is recorded that did not at ttmes lean heavily on its bank credit

We offer you a banking connection adequate to your every legittmate need.

Why not start an account now and thus be prepared?

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

When you have a problem in our line large or small, bring it to us.

We will give the matter our personal attention and thought just the same as though the problem were our own.

We realize that we must render a superior grade of lumber service, save you money and add to your convenience and profits, if we are merit your trade.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building. 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Home Town Helps

REALIZE VALUE OF GARDENS

British Housing Authorities Forbid Erection of Dwellings Without Suitable Breathing Spots.

The new methods of land development in Great Britain now adopted by local authorities mark a clean breakaway from the "jerry planning" methods of the past. Instead of crowding from thirty to forty houses per acre in closely packed streets, local authorities, acting under the guidance of the ministry of health, are adopting the standard that in urban areas not more than twelve houses, and in rural areas not more than eight houses, should be built per acre. As a beneficent result of the adoption of these new standards the large garden is to be henceforward a fundamental feature of every newly built home.

The distance between houses on opposite sides of a street is not less than seventy feet, thereby making a broad park line road. Under the new method the cost per house of garden suburb roads on an estate with twelve houses per acre and with a frontage of twenty-five feet per house is less than under the old method with twenty houses to the acre and only 17-foot frontages to the houses.

This is the opening out of a new period of English town and village development. Under a clause added to the housing and town planning act in the committee of the house of commons every urban local authority with upwards of twenty thousand population, must between 1923 and 1926 prepare a town-planning scheme, and under the clause the exercise of town planning care will become general.

CONSIDER THE GARDEN PATH

Matter Worthy of Careful Thought When Improvements Around Home Are Being Planned.

It is the question of paths that comes to the fore when garden improvements are being discussed.

There are not many gardens in which the paths could not be improved, either in their sustance or their relation to surrounding things. They require as careful consideration as the beds and borders or the lawn in the making of new gardens.

Turf paths are deservedly popular if they be something more than narrow strips of grass. The latter are ineffective and troublesome. But a wide turf path kept neatly both in surface and edge is a delight, especially when it runs beside or between broad masses of flowers or well-grouped ornamental shrubs. It would be better for the garden-maker, however, not to indulge in this fancy unless he be prepared either to keep the paths in order himself or to pay for the necessary labor.

Good paths of stone or brick are a never-failing delight, but bricks are difficult to obtain—more difficult now than at any time in memory.

Birds in Cemeteries.

Not long ago it was suggested that with excellent propriety we could make of every cemetery a bird sanctuary or refuge. The proposition appears to have found wide favor through numerous articles in the press, and a few instances are known where the idea has been made a reality.

What could be more fitting than to make of these silent and sacred resting places of our dead, the abodes of creatures that bless and beautify the world of the living.

What could be simpler than to plant and nurture such shrubs and trees as by the berries and fruits they bear would attract to them these untiring servants of man? The decorative value of such planting would obviously be considerable. The songs of birds, the sweetest of nature's music, will take away from these silent cities something of the sadness and gloom that inevitably enshrouds them.

Good Citizenship.

To be a good citizen one must not live for himself alone, he must support religion, education and many worthy objects, and must in all ways be a good neighbor and a good friend. These obligations at times cost money, and where do we find the best of such people? It is safe to say, in most cases, that those who have saved and been thrifty are the ones who are most dependable. They are the best neighbors, the best friends, active in supporting the church, the school, lectures and all other good works that enlighten and make for happy and self-reliant people.—Exchange.

Protect Insect-Killing Birds.

We have come to an era of bird-life conservation. Economic, humane and sentimental interests, united in common cause, have won in the long contest in which bird life was at stake. It is lamentably true that we have lost forever some dozens of species and that the fate of twice as many more is hanging in the balance, but, says William M. Morrill in Our Dumb Animals, the tide of destruction has been stemmed, the hand of the despoiler stayed; henceforth safety supplants slaughter, preservation takes the place of persecution.

1—Fighting a Disastrous Fire on the Cargo Carrier Hallfried in New York harbor. 2—Conference of New Railroad Labor Board With Representatives of the Brotherhoods. 3—Representative W. D. Upshaw of Georgia, Organizer of the Congressional Overalls Club.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Allied Premiers Slice Pieces Off Turkey, But Do Not Know What to Do With Them.

DISAGREE ABOUT GERMANY

French Don't Like Lloyd George's "Economic Pressure" Ideas—Administration Gets Two Slaps in State Primaries—Senator Johnson Wins in Nebraska.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

With President Wilson, and consequently the United States, represented only by an "observer" in the person of Ambassador Johnson, the allied supreme council in session at San Remo decided that Turkey should be sliced up to a considerable extent, and that Germany must observe the treaty terms. As general propositions that sounded all right, but when it came to the necessary details there was woeful vagueness, so far as the correspondents could learn. Take the case of Turkey. The treaty with that country was substantially completed and the Turkish representatives notified to be in Paris on May 10 to accept it. The "big three" decided that seven big pieces should be severed from the sultan's empire—Armenia, Mesopotamia, Cilicia, Syria, Palestine, Georgia and Azerbeidjan—but the future of these territories is left for the future to determine. No one of the nations of Europe so far has signified a willingness to accept a mandate for any part of Asia Minor, though several of them are determined to cling to ports and zones of influence. The League of Nations declined to take charge of Armenia because it has neither the money nor the means of action. The United States, on which the Armenians relied and which they still hope will come to their rescue, can do nothing at present. When Great Britain, France and Italy are able to act as a unit, or when the league of nations is able to function, the destiny of the small nations freed from the Turk may be settled. Meanwhile Turkey is merely required to relinquish sovereignty over them, as was the case with Austria and the regions along the Adriatic. The supreme council, it is said, will ask Sweden and Norway to help the Armenians to establish a free state, and from Amsterdam comes the news that the Dutch would be willing to take over that job. If necessary, Canada is willing to accept the mandate, Lord Curzon says.

Politely disregarding President Wilson's protest, the allied premiers have decided that the sultan shall be permitted to retain Constantinople, though the Dardanelles are to be internationalized and other precautions will be taken to render him harmless there. His territory will not extend far into Europe, for Adrianople and Kirk-Kilise are given to Greece, as is Gallipoli though it will be controlled by allied forces. The only outlet to the Aegean for Bulgaria will be Dedeagatch, which will be governed by an international commission.

There are now in Turkey some 200,000 allied troops and Greece is in a position to send heavy reinforcements, so it is believed the Turks will do whatever the allies require.

In the matter of enforcing the treaty with Germany the discord among the allied premiers is especially marked. They all agree that the Germans must observe the terms of the pact, and have so notified Berlin. But what steps shall be taken in case the Germans are disobedient? There's the rub. Lloyd George insists that economic pressure, in the form of cutting off supplies of food and materials, will be sufficient, and in this he has had the support of Nitti. Millerand, on the other hand, asserts that military action, such as the French took recently in the matter of the Ruhr region, is the proper method and indeed the only method that will make the Germans behave. Backed by the political, press and public opinions of France, he says Germany must be compelled to carry out her pledges to the limit, and he does not believe she will do this unless she knows the penalty for evasion will be the military occupation of more German territory.

At this distance one is inclined to sympathize with the French view. Since it is perfectly easy for Germany to get food from the neighboring neutral countries with the enthusiastic cooperation of their merchants, and raw materials from the same and other sources, Lloyd George's pressure probably would be farcical in a measure. The Germans have not carried out the terms of disarmament, and now they are formally asking that they be permitted to retain an army of 200,000 with the entire general staff and corps of officers. They assert that this force is necessary to maintain order in the interior, and that, anyway, the army will not accept an order for its dissolution. The French, like many others, probably look with skepticism on the frequently recurring "revolutions" in Germany, and certainly they feel that the Germans are not to be trusted for a minute. The British view of the treaty of Versailles differs radically from that of the French, and if the Lloyd George government has its way that pact will before long be greatly modified in favor of the beaten foe. France is neither so forgiving nor so eager for trade that she wishes to restore Germany speedily to her old commercial status.

Despite existing differences and the hopes of Berlin, it is probable the allied premiers will come to an amicable understanding before long. Indeed that result may have been reached before this review reaches the reader. It is impossible to guess what will be the influence of President Wilson's views in the settlement of the pending problems.

The proclamation of an independent republic in Siberia east of Lake Baikal may serve to simplify conditions there, and it is believed it will be recognized by the soviet government at Moscow. In that case there would be left little excuse for further occupation of Siberian territory by the Japanese or any other foreign nation.

Since President Wilson has made the peace treaty a main issue of the campaign, it must be admitted that he suffered two rather severe set-backs in the state primaries of last week. In Nebraska, William Jennings Bryan, advocate of reservations, was elected a delegate to the convention in San Francisco, despite the utmost endeavors of Senator Hitchcock and the administration forces to keep him at home. The prohibition question entered largely into the fight, for Bryan had declared his intention of putting a bone-dry plank in the Democratic platform and of routing the faction, led by Governor Edwards, which favors the modification of the prohibition legislation so that the use of mildly alcoholic drinks may be restored. Hitchcock had openly sided with the Edwards view. The Peerless One does not intend that his party shall sidestep the matter. The result in Nebraska was affected by the action of vast numbers of women who, though not formerly active members of the Democratic party, registered as Democrats so as to vote for Bryan and dryness. Senator Hitchcock was given the state's preferential vote for the presidency, whatever that may be worth.

The other blow to the administration forces was delivered by the Democrats of Georgia, where support of the president and his peace treaty policy was the main issue. To be sure Attorney General Palmer, leading the Wilson contingent and standing for unconditional acceptance of the treaty, was victorious; but Senator Hoke Smith, supporter of ratification with reservations, and Tom Watson, opponent of the treaty and league covenant, together received a vote nearly twice that given Palmer. Watson led Palmer in the popular vote by several thousand. It seems the treaty as it stands is not really popular in Georgia, and the same is true in other parts of the south.

Senator Hiram Johnson, whose preconvention campaign is making the other Republican aspirants sit up and take notice, followed up his Michigan victory by capturing Nebraska. General Wood ran second for the state's preference and General Pershing was a rather poor third. It is said the Germans, who in the past have always supported Hitchcock, went into the Republican primaries almost solidly for Johnson, and that he also was given the Irish vote.

The Democratic national executive committee, in session in Chicago, selected Homer S. Cummings, chairman of the national committee, as temporary chairman and keynote sounder of the San Francisco convention. He was the choice of the administration and was chosen unanimously. E. G. Hoffman of Indiana, national vice chairman, will call the convention to order, and, of course, old Colonel Martin will be sergeant-at-arms, as usual. The Republican national committee will not name the temporary officers of the Chicago convention until next month, but already there is a strong movement to make former Senator Albert J. Beveridge temporary chairman and keynoter. It is believed Senators Lodge and Borah would withdraw in favor of the Indiana man.

The new national board of railway labor at its first session adopted a rule of procedure that put the finishing touches to the "outlaw" strike of switchmen and that will serve to discourage similar demonstrations in the future. In effect, this rule is that the board will not consider complaints from any persons who at the time are impeding transportation. At once the bottom fell out of the strike, which was on the point of collapsing, anyhow. During the week the leaders of the switchmen tried to have the strike called off, but the men accused them of selling them out. Many of the latter quietly sought their old places. The others must now obtain re-employment as new hands, having forfeited their seniority rights. Traffic conditions in Chicago, New York and other centers were improved, but not yet entirely restored. Along the Jersey City water front 700 freight handlers who had been on strike returned to work, their demand for $5 a day having been granted.

A serious fight took place at Butte, Mont., between striking I. W. W. miners and a sheriff's posse, in which one man was killed and 14 wounded. Governor Stewart was so alarmed by this and resulting disturbances that he asked General Liggett, commanding the western department, for federal troops. A detachment of the Twenty-first infantry was sent from Fort Wright, Wash.

About a dozen of the states of Mexico are now declared to have joined in the revolt against Carranza which started with the secession of Sonora. The bewhiskered president is not idle, however, and his forces under General Pina were reported to be massing for an attack on the Sonora troops on the Chihuahua boundary. There has been fighting close to Mexico City. At the close of the week there were hopes that an agreement would be reached by the Sonora officials and a peace mission that was on its way from the capital, but the revolt has spread over so much territory that it seems likely only the retirement of Carranza will put an end to hostilities. The government at Washington is watching developments closely but has given no indication that it would take sides in the quarrel.

The overall craze that is sweeping over the United States, though it can have little direct economic value, is an interesting expression of popular anger against the clothing profiteers. In isolated cases it already has caused some reduction of prices, but in general it must be regarded as a worthy demonstration that is likely to be taken up by faddists and distorted out of all reason.

We are still waiting to be told, authentically, how the cost of living can be lowered. The experts have been saying that increased production is the solution of the matter, but when one reads that American production is now on a basis of 40 per cent above domestic needs, and then looks at the prices demanded for all the necessities of life, one doesn't know what to think.

LABOR SHORTAGE NOW BEING FELT

Keep Rainy-Day and Wet-Land Jobs Out of Way of Rush Work in the Fields.

ONE OF IMPORTANT FACTORS

Farm Laborers and Tenants Are Caught by Lure of High Wages and Are Leaving Farms for Cities—Some Simple Rules.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Do nothing today which can be put off until tomorrow.

That is an apparent perversion of the ancient and excellent proverb, and most people may be inclined to look upon it as pernicious—but, properly interpreted, it is a sound principle in farm management and one that a great many farmers will particularly need to apply in the face of the shortage of labor with which this year's crops must be made. It applies to tasks that interfere with work in the fields at times when field work can be done. It does not mean procrastination. It means getting the indirectly productive work done in advance, if possible, but if it can't be done in advance put it off till the rush work in the fields is out of the way. It is one of the important factors, say farm-management specialists of the United States department of agriculture, in full utilization of farm labor.

Great Need This Year.

And full utilization is likely to be more important this year than it has ever been before. Reports coming to the department of agriculture from all sections of the country are to the effect that farm laborers and tenants are caught by the lure of high wages and are leaving the farms for the cities. A great many farmers, apparently, will be forced to carry on their operations this year with less help than they have ever had before. Unless such labor as is left on the farm is utilized to the best possible advantage, there is danger of a serious curtailment of production.

Farm-management specialists say, however, that a great deal can be accomplished toward helping production by getting the most out of the labor available. They lay down a few simple rules that they believe will help toward attaining this result.

The best farmer, they say, is the one who gets the other work out of the way and keeps the teams moving whenever the land is in condition for field work. The amount of products that a farmer can grow depends on getting the field work done when the weather will permit it. Nothing except necessary work like feeding and milking should be permitted to take men from the fields, and it planned where possible to things done and still keep working ten hours a day.

Plan no wet-land work, when there is work in the can be done. By wet-land meant such things as cut and brush in the fence row ing the fences, repairing buil a great many other necessary but things that can be done well when the ground is to plow.

Rainy-Day Work.

Leave no rainy-day work, rule says, to be done when raining, for profits are limited amount of outdoor work t done. Rainy-day work is work and if it is not done days it will have to be done fair days and will interfere work. It includes things that done under shelter, such as seed corn, mending the harn repairing tools.

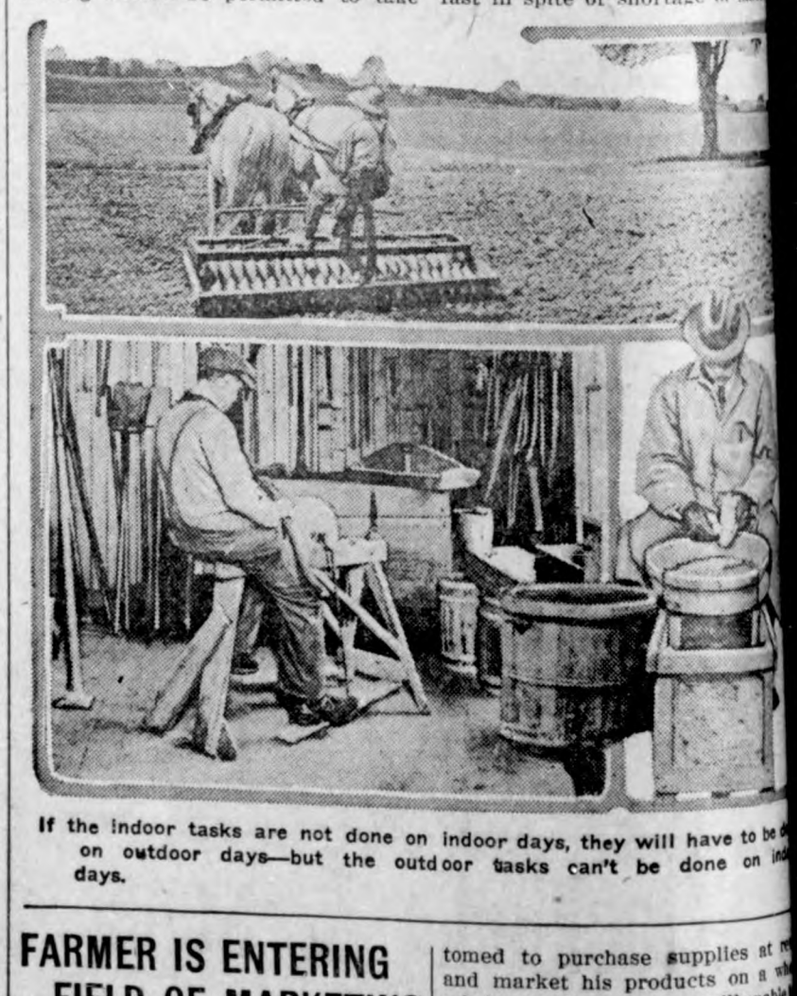
Jot down in a note book, th ists advise, the things that attention the next rainy day will enable you to plan you quickly when you get up some ing and find the rain pouring Do first the jobs that are in of getting in the way of the weather work.

Put in long days in rush with the assurance that you down on rainy days or when is over. And then comes the rule, "Do nothing today which well be put off till tomorrow." are a great many things that be put off till tomorrow. If oats is delayed until the w days of late spring, there will light harvest. If the corn is not tivated even for one week after old enough to cultivate, the fie be weedy and the crops poo dairy cows are neglected, the soon be no milk. This class of therefore, demands immediate tion. Put off the other things or less remote tomorrow wh rush work is out of the way.

Back to Old Proverb.

Then, when the rush work revert to the proverb in its form, "Put off nothing until row which can be done today." applies to work that may be d time within a wide latitude, b time comes when it cannot be any longer and it may stop the work. Seed corn, for example, be tested and shelled any time it is thoroughly cured, but if work is neglected until the fiel ready to plant, then that most able work in the cornfield may be layed. That is a fair illustrati "get-it-out-of-the-way" work.

It takes more planning, more ing, and more force of character this work, in seasons when there rush work than it does to concen on rush work. Only by using his can the farmer handle the "get-of-the-way" work in advance, b must apply the rule methodically unfailingly if he is to get ahead fast in spite of shortage of labor.



If the indoor tasks are not done on indoor days, they will have to be d on outdoor days—but the outdoor tasks can't be done on in days.

FARMER IS ENTERING FIELD OF MARKETING

Opportunity Offered to State and Federal Agencies.

Practice of Purchasing Supplies at Retail and Selling Products on Wholesale Basis Is Gradually Being Reversed.

Farmers' organizations, as well as the so-called regular dealers, need market information, and here state and federal agencies have a wide field for service because the farmer is actively entering the field of marketing. There are in this country today more than 15,000 farmers' business organizations, with a membership of approximately 2,000,000, according to the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture. Almost all of these organizations are at local markets, but their extension in greater numbers to the terminal and distributing centers is only a matter of time. The farmer has been accustomed to purchase supplies at r and market his products on a wh sale basis. Organization will enable to purchase supplies at wholesale retain for himself some of the com sions of the middleman. More di marketing also is expected to re prices paid by consumers.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Groom the cow twice daily, bef milking.

* * *

The sky is a poor roof under wh to store farm machinery.

* * *

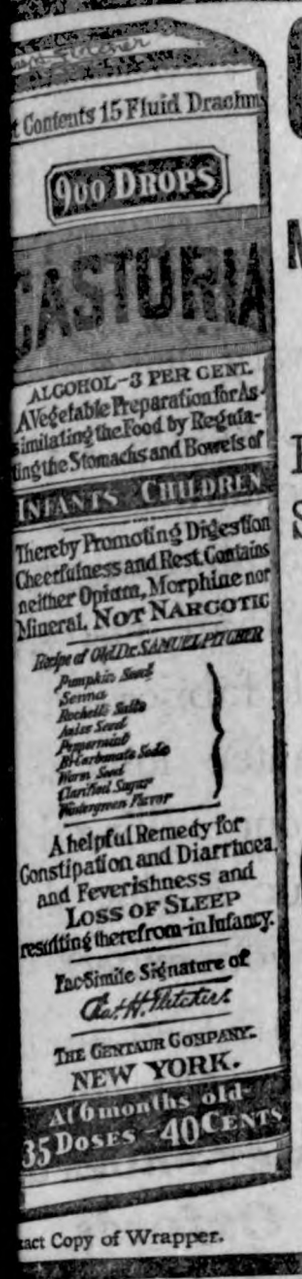
Remove the manure from barn tw daily where animals are kept up day.

* * *

Keep the long hairs on the udd clipped back so they will not ca dirt so easily.

* * *

Success lies not in the number cows that a man keeps, but rather kind of cows he keeps.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

Exact Copy of Wrapper. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MARTIN AND MARTIN STAB. 1882 CHICAGO

E-Z STOVE POLISH

Save time and hard work by using E-Z Stove Polish; absolutely dustless, smokeless, odorless; gives a durable — ebony-black shine.

Try a 10c box of E-Z *Oil* Shoe Polish. All colors and white. It saves the leather and prevents cracking. *Don't risk cheap polish.*

To open box just lift the latch.

SHOE POLISH

CHANGE IN PHYSIQUE

That Average Stature of American Men Was Affected by War Declared Untrue.

Wholesale clothing manufacturers that there has not been any in the size of their garments war. They are manufacturing garments, but the proportion sizes is no greater now than ree years ago. In short, their erns have not changed. Yet would be necessary if the statmerican men had been affectappreciable way by the year alf or two years of military

facturers of ready-to-wear nd undergarments agree with ing manufacturers that there no change in their size patspite the reports of numerous als who take "a size larger" an they did before the war. manufacturer put it, the proof soldiers who need larger shirts or suits today than they years ago is so small that it effect on wholesalers. Salesturally remember certain indiases of increased chest developut, taking the country by and here has been no appreciable in the physique of the male of the population, at least as eir clothing is concerned.

ot difficult to judge some men clothes—policemen and letter for example.

MARTHA JANE A DIPLOMAT

Even Stern Mamma Couldn't Deny She Had Obeyed the Strict Letter of the Law.

Martha Jane's sweet tooth had been indulged so much that her mother had issued the decree, "No more candy," and the raminder of the box had been relegated to the top shelf. A few days ago it was brought down and judiciously apportioned to Martha Jane, for whom a taste spelled more, and even a second taste did not satisfy. When her mother saw her about to take a third helping she remarked, emphatically:

"Now, don't let me see you take another piece."

Presently Mrs. S—— was called from the room, and when she returned she found her four-year-old daughter in the farthest corner of the couch, hastily making way with a nice, plump chocolate cream.

"Martha Jane," said her mother, in her sternest tones, "didn't I tell you not to let me see you take another piece of candy?"

"I know you did, mother," said the little diplomat, "but I took this one while you were gone."

Fact.

"Before I unchain the dog, answer me this: Are you one of these here bolsheviki?"

"No, madam; I'm just a plain hobo or bum."

"In that case, here's a piece of pie."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Health and Economy Rule Your Table Cup

when you make your meal-time beverage

Instant Postum

Its rich coffee-like flavor satisfies and its freedom from any harmful ingredient, such as the coffee drug caffeine, makes it a better drink for young and old.

There has been no raise in price and the high quality of Postum is always maintained.

"There's a Reason"

Made by POSTUM CEREAL COMPANY
Battle Creek, Mich.

DAIRY FACTS

COWS NOW HEAD PROCESSION

At Top of List of Farm Animals So Far as Value Is Concerned—Quality Is Improving.

The expansion which has been taking place steadily in the dairy industry of this country during the last seven years has at last put milk cows at the head of the list of farm animals so far as value is concerned. This is shown by a recent report by the bureau of crop estimates, United States department of agriculture. The value of these animals now exceeds that of horses and cattle other than milk cows, the two classes formerly standing higher on the list. On January 1 of this year there were approximately 23,747,000 milk cows in this country, an increase of 272,000 head, or 1.2 per cent, as compared with a year ago.

Head of Jersey—Milk Cows Now Lead All Other Farm Animals in Value.

Their aggregate value is placed at $2,021,681,000.

Ten years ago the average milk cow was worth $35.29, compared with $78.20 a year ago and $85.13 January 1, 1920. It is generally recognized that the quality of the milk cows of this country is improving at the same time that their number is increasing.

The class of cattle, consisting of calves, steers, bulls and cows, not kept for milk production and designated as "other cattle," shows a decrease of 700,000 head, or 1.6 per cent. Ten years ago the average value per head of animals in this class was $19.07, a year ago it was $44.22, and $43.14 this year. The number of "other cattle" in the country at the present time is approximately 44,385,000, and their value $1,914,575,000.

DRY CORN FODDER AS SILAGE

Cattle Like It and Do Well on It, but It Is Not as Good as That From Green Corn.

In reply to numerous inquiries on the feeding value of dry corn fodder in comparison with the fodder used as silage, H. H. Kildee, head of the Animal Husbandry Department of Iowa State college, says that the fodder put into the silo makes better feed than the dry fodder.

Many of the farmers have followed the practice of filling their silos with dry fodder after the silo has been emptied or nearly so. In almost every case the fodder will need the addition of considerable water to make good silage. The water may be put in the fan-box of the ensilage cutter. Many farmers, however, pump the water directly into the silo.

Silage made in this manner is not so good as that made from green corn. Cattle like it and do well on it. It is reported that last year farmers filled their silos as many as three times with dry fodder. The fodder was cut at the same time as the corn for ordinary silage and was left standing in the field until needed.

AVOID DIRECT HEAT OF SUN

Proper Care of Cans Must Be Taken in Transferring Milk to Station for Shipment.

In taking the cans of milk to the station for shipment, care should be exercised to see that they are covered with blankets in order to keep off the direct heat of the sun. Dairy supply houses handle special blankets for covering cans which it is highly desirable to use where milk is shipped for any distance and refrigerator cars are not supplied.

DAIRY NOTES

Keep the cows in clean quarters.

* * *

The profitable marketing of dairy products is very important.

* * *

Grass by itself is not considered a balanced ration for the milk cow.

* * *

The smaller the opening into which the milk goes the less the danger of dirt.

* * *

The general farmer is finding that the dairy cow is a valuable asset in his farming operations.

THAT FADED FROCK WILL DYE LIKE NEW

"Diamond Dyes" Freshen Up Old, Discarded Garments.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells how to diamond dye over any color. To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

Didn't Fill the Bill.

One day as Harold's father was hanging up a few pictures Harold begged him to let him hang one up. His father gave him a small one and walked into another room. When he returned he found Harold sitting in a chair puffing and mopping his forehead.

"What's the matter, son? Can't you get it up?"

"Naw. I guess I's too short at one end."

USES OF ASPIRIN

Bayer Company, who introduced Aspirin 18 years ago, give advice.

Aspirin created a sensation when introduced by Bayer over eighteen years ago. Physicians at once proved its wonderful efficiency in the relief of pain. The genuine, world-famous Aspirin, in "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is safely taken by millions for Colds, Headache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Earache, Toothache, Aching Joints, Neuritis, and Pain generally.

Be sure the "Bayer Cross," which is the mark of true "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," is on each genuine package and each genuine tablet.

Boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents and contain proper directions. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

The Lord Helps Those, Etc.

Mrs. Johnson—How does yo' feel dis mawnin', Joe?

Mr. Johnson—I feels bad—mighty bad! I wish dat Providence would have mussy on me an' take me.

Mrs. Johnson—How can you expec' it to ef you don't take de doctor's medicine?

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Womens' complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Still Married.

Gerald—I tender you my hand.

Geraldine—It isn't legal tender. You are not divorced yet.

There are times when words fail a man—but if he has a wife it doesn't matter much.

Thousands of Women

Owe Their Health To

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound — overshadowing indeed is the success of this great medicine. Compared with it, all other medicines for women's ills seem to be experiments.

Why is it so successful? Simply because of its sterling worth. For over forty years it has had no equal. Women for two generations have depended upon it with confidence.

Thousands of Their Letters are on our files, which prove these statements to be facts, not mere boasting.

Here Are Two Sample Letters:

Mother and Daughter Helped.

Middleburg, Pa. — "I am glad to state that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did me much good when I was 35 years old. I was run down with female trouble and was not able to do anything, could not walk for a year and could not work. I had treatment from a physician but did not gain. I read in the papers and books about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and decided to try it. The first few bottles gave me relief and I kept on using it until I got better and was able to do my work. The Vegetable Compound also regulated my daughter when she was 15 years old. I can recommend Vegetable Compound as the best medicine I have ever used."—Mrs. W. YERGER, R. 3, Box 21, Middleburg, Pa.

Fall River, Mass. — "Three years ago I gave birth to a little girl and after she was born I did not pick up well. I doctored for two months and my condition remained the same. One day one of your little books was left at my door and my husband suggested that I try a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I started it immediately and I felt better and could eat better after the first bottle, and I continued taking it for some time. Last year I gave birth to a baby boy and had a much easier time as I took the Vegetable Compound for four months before baby came. On getting up I had no pains like I had before, and no dizziness, and in two weeks felt about as well as ever."—Mrs. THOMAS WILKINSON, 363 Columbia Street, Fall River, Mass.

Wise Is the Woman Who Insists Upon Having

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

Cause and Because.

"Doctor," said a beldam of a rural village, "can you tell me haw it is that some folks be born dumb?"

"Why — hem — why, certainly, madam," replied the doctor. "It is because they come into the world without the power of speech.

"Dear me!' remarked the old lady, "just to see what it is to have a physical edication. I be right glad I axed you. I've axed my old man a hundred times that there same question, and all he would say was: 'Cause they be.'"—Boston Transcript.

A Need Omitted.

"I see the treaty of Versailles was taken back to the White House wrapped in brown paper."

"They should have added vinegar in consideration of its wounds."

Charity.

The clergyman of a poor parish was showing a rich lady round, hoping to touch her heart and so receive a big check for his people.

"We are now passing through the poorest slums," he said, as the car turned into a side street. "These people have little to brighten their lives."

"I must do something for them," the lady sighed, adding to the chauffeur:

"James, drive the car slowly and turn on the big lamps."—Tit-Bits.

Plain Diagnosis.

"Here is the case of a physician arrested because he prescribed whisky for a patient without inquiring what the patient wanted the whisky for."

"Any dub could tell that without asking. The patient wanted a drink."

Another Royal Suggestion

DOUGHNUTS and CRULLERS

From the NEW ROYAL COOK BOOK

DOUGHNUTS made the doughboy happy during the war and no wonder. There is nothing more wholesome and delightful than doughnuts or crullers rightly made. Their rich, golden color and appetizing aroma will create an appetite quicker than anything else in the world.

Here are the famous doughnut and cruller recipes from the New Royal Cook Book.

Doughnuts

3 tablespoons shortening
⅔ cup sugar
1 egg
⅔ cup milk
1 teaspoon nutmeg
1 teaspoon salt
3 cups flour
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

Cream shortening; add sugar and well-beaten egg; stir in milk; add nutmeg, salt, flour and baking powder which have been sifted together and enough additional flour to make dough stiff enough to roll. Roll out on floured board to about ⅛ inch thick; cut out. Fry in deep fat hot enough to brown a piece of bread in 60 seconds. Drain on unglazed paper and sprinkle with powdered sugar.

Afternoon Tea Doughnuts

2 eggs
6 tablespoons sugar
¼ teaspoon salt
½ teaspoon grated nutmeg
2 tablespoons shortening
6 tablespoons milk
2 cups flour
3 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

Beat eggs until very light; add sugar, salt, nutmeg and melted shortening; add milk, and flour and baking powder which have been sifted together; mix well. Drop by teaspoons into deep hot fat and fry until brown. Drain well on unglazed paper and sprinkle lightly with powdered sugar.

Crullers

4 tablespoons shortening
1 cup sugar
2 eggs
2 cups flour
1 teaspoon cinnamon
½ teaspoon salt
3 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
⅔ cup milk

Cream shortening; add sugar gradually and beaten eggs; sift together flour, cinnamon, salt and baking powder; add one-half and mix well; add milk and remainder of dry ingredients to make soft dough. Roll out on floured board to about ½ inch thick and cut into strips about 4 inches long and ½ inch wide; roll in hands and twist each strip and bring ends together. Fry in deep hot fat. Drain and roll in powdered sugar.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

FREE

New Royal Cook Book containing these and scores of other delightful recipes. Write for it TODAY.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
115 Fulton Street
New York City

"Bake with Royal and be Sure"

UNDER U.S. GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION

Promise and Performance

We speak with assurance about the merits of our service because we have had ample time and opportunity to test its merits.

Our steady growth for 28 years; our record for holding, year after year, the business that comes to us, offers convincing proof that our claims have a substantial foundation.

First National Bank

KLEMME, IOWA

Where a Dollar does it's Duty!

For twenty-five years this slogan has been connected with our name and good clothing.

We thought then and still beleive that all that people want to know is that they are receiving full value for their dollars.

It has been our policy thru all these years to sell only satisfactory merchandise and to give every customer the full value in quality and price.

We have never swerved one iota from our determination to build this business on quality, reliability and tne lowest price.

We clain our kind of clothing is the cheapest to buy—because it satisfies you in apperance and gives the utmost service.

Now—just at this time, we have fine stocks of the choicest clothing for men and boys. The styles—the quality—the variety will appeal to you. You will see that your,

"Dollar does it's Full Duty"

at

Patton Bros. Co.

Mason City and Manly, Ia.

Now is the time to use---

Dr. Hess Worm Powder
For Hogs, it's great!

Poultry Pan-a-cea
For Chicken Cholera, Roupe, Gapes, White Diarrhea and other diseases.

Louse Powders
Rid the brood hen and chicks of pesky lice and you will have healthy chickens.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Local News!

Frank Perkins and family and Mrs. Geo. Stokesberry autoed to Corwith Tuesday for a visit with friends. Mr. Perkins is the gentleman who is employed at the Klemme Meat Market.

Mrs. N. G. Moberly received a telegram Sunday stating that her father had died at Farm City, Illinois. Mrs. Moberly left here Monday night for that place.

The County Clerk reports that all petit jurors are excused until May 18. Grand jury will report Tues. May 11.

A number of our local fishermen have been at the river the past few days tempting the fish with nice big fat worms. A few brought home some good catches, but most reported no luck.

Carl Beier returned last week from Kansas City, Mo., where he was attending an auto and tractor school. He came home on account of a small pox epidemic as the school would soon close.

Mrs. Oscar Rice and baby from Clarion, came Tuesday for a visit at the Musfelt home. Mrs. Fred Musfelt and little Laura Lanahan who have been at Clarion for the past two weeks, returned with Mrs. Rice.

The other day Chris Blumer got his hand caught in the polishing machine at Wellemeyer's. The belt came off and wrapped around his hand pulling it into the brushes and cutting and bruising the fingers.

Did you notice the eclipse of the moon Sunday evening? Perhaps not but perhaps some of the young men ad ladies of the tow can tell you all about it, as doubtless some of the "star gazers" noticed it.

John Opsal has been suffering with a sore arm for the past week but at this time he is much better. The rouble started from a pin scratching his arm and blood poisoning was evidently setting in as the arm was swelled up considerable.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Suckow left last Wednesday evening for their home at Centerville, Iowa, after two or three weeks' visit with Klemme relatives and friends. While here Mr. Suckow did the interior decorating of he Liberty Township church.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Smith and baby returned to Fort Atkinson, Wis., Friday afternoon after a week's visit with Klemme relatives and friends. Mrs. Smith was formerly Florence Sampson of this place. They were also accompanied by Miss Viola Sampson who will spend the summer at Fort Atkinson.

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
☞Coal Hauling Done

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock
A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian
All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
Klemme - Iowa

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith
OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA
Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

What the Young Men want

We know they want style---the very latest. W make it our business to see that they get it. That one of the reasons we have Hart Schaffner & Ma clothes for them. But we know that all men, whet er they're young or old, want more than just styl they want good tailoring and durable fabrics that w keep their clothes stylish and guarantee long wea Thats the best reason we have for our selling Ha Schaffner & Marx clothes and your buying them They'll give you all the satisfaction you expect.

These new styles are simple in design: one, two and three button sacks; sma single and double breasteds. We'll show them to you in all fabrics.

Our spring line of Howard & Foster Shoes ar here, both in the Shoes and Oxfords. Come in and see the nifty numbers.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES ***GARNER, IOW***

Hermoline

A BETTER LUBRICANT

—FROM THE FORMULA OF A MOTOR COMPANY

1,000,000 Gallons Used in 1919

HERMOLINE is not a new lubricant—it is a better lubricant.

For the past six years it has been used by thousands of motorists, who desired to secure the advantages of better lubrication. Over 1.000.000 gallons of HERMOLINE were used in 1919.

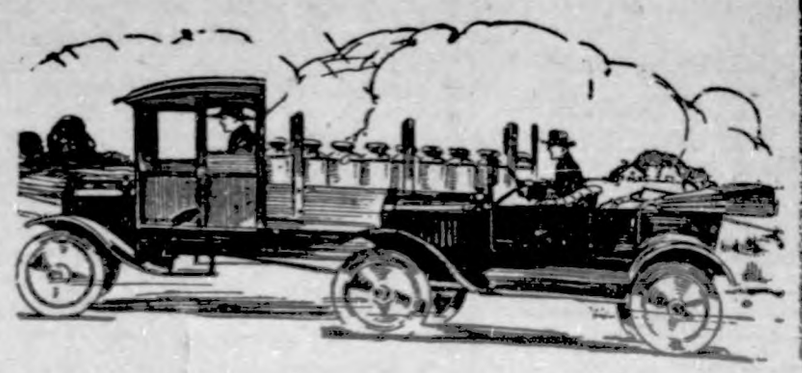
HERMOLINE is a better lubricant because it is made strictly from Pennsylvania crude—and it has long been known that motor lubricants made from Pennsyluania crude are superior to all others HERMOLINE is a better lubricant because it will retain its body under the most excessive heat developed in your motor, because it will keep a constant film of oil over the working parts, providing perfect lubrication under all conditions—because it will keep cylinders, valves and spark plugs in good condition and because it will make for smoother operation and longer life of the motor car, truck or tractor in which it is used.

The reason why you will find it hard to get a strictly Pennsylvania base lubricant of this sort, other than HERMOLINE, is because the supply of Pennsylvania crude is limited. But by limiting the sale of HERMOLINE to a few states, it is possible for motor car, truck and tractor owners in these states to secure this better lubricant.

Buy your HERMOLINE from us. Let us explain the advantage of buying it by the can or barrel.

Put it to any test you like, HERMOLINE is the lubricant you should insist on.

E. G. ELL
Klemme, Ia.



The Test of Oil Value

There are five tests by which the supreme quality of lubricants made from Pennsylvania crude oils are shown, and by these tests HERMOLINE lubricants are proved superior for use in your motor car, truck, tractor or aeroplane

Gravity

The gravity of an oil shows its density. Lubricants like HERMOLINE, made from Pennsylvania crude oils, run high in gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees), and are invariably filtered oils that contain a small percentage of carbon.

Viscosity

The viscosity test shows the ability of oil to retain its body under extreme heats. Inferior oils usually have a high viscosity, while Pennsylvania oils have low viscosity (from 150 to 240 at 70°), but when subjected to a heat anywhere near the temperature of a working motor Pennsylvania oils surpass all in viscosity and lubricating capacity.

Flash and Fire

The flash test shows at what temperature the vapors coming off the oil will ignite when a small flame is brought close to its surface.
The fire test shows at what temperature the oil itself will burn. Oils refined from Pennsylvania crude show a flash of 400° Fahr. and over—a fire test of 450°.

Color

Some of the lightest colored oils often contain the most carbon, so that tests of color should never be taken as proof of quality without the other tests described in this column.

Filtering

Oils made from Pennsylvania crude may be depended upon as being truly filtered oils when they have a high gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees). You will note that HERMOLINE oil has both light and color and high gravity.

Ask your dealer for the HERMOLINE booklet—it tells in detail how to prove all value.

THE KLEMME TIMES

wenty-fourth Year | Number 36 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, May 13 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

T OUT THE OLD HOOK AND LINE, BOYS!

turday is the biggest day in the dar for most red blooded men in ountry and especially in this neck e woods, for on that day a fellow allow forth after the finny tribe ut fear of being nabbed by a warden just after he has caught e string of fish. Saturday, May opens the season for fishing fish in Iowa lakes and streams ated in the Iowa Fish and Game The law further states that "no n shall use more than two lines, one hook upon each line, in still g—or in trolling a spoonhook osed of three hooks fastened to- r may be used." Nor shall any n take more than forty game fish s, pike, crappies, pickerel, or r game fish) all together of diff- t kinds, nor can he take more twenty of one kind of bass, pike ickerel. Regardig the size of fish out as follows—black bass must not be smaller than eleven inches in length, striped or white bass must be eight iches, pike fifteen inches, pickerel eighteen inches. It might be well for some to remember these laws as it will save them a lot of trouble in the event they should meet up with a game warden and they had more than the limit, or fish too small.

Well, let's get the gang together boys, and go fishing the first day again and then come home and tell about "that big one that got away, gee whiz, he almost pulled the boat over" etc.

Origin of Garden Carrot.

Wild carrot or Queen Anne's lace (Daucus carota) is thought to be the plant from which the cultivated garden carrot originated. The garden carrot, if allowed to grow unmolested for several years, gradually loses the highly developed crown-tuber for which it is valued as a vegetable, and becomes indistinguishable from the ordinary wild carrot.

KODAKS

We have the Eastman line of Kodaks in all sizes and prices. You will want a Kodok to take with you on your trips this summer.

We also carry a full line of films, film packs, developers, papers and supplies.

Leave your films here for developing and finishing by experts who do our work and who give best satisfaction.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist — Klemme, Iowa

NIGGER GOES TO LODGE

Depot Agent M. O. Barr has a very smart dog by name of Nigger. Now Monday night Mr. Barr went to lodge as he usually does on Monday night, and dog Nigger had to stay home as dogs are ot allowed as regular members in the Klemme lodge. However, a little later, Nigger perhaps thought as long as his master could go to lodge he could also, and with this intention he started out. He must have sneaked by the first guardian of the door to the wearers of the three links for he was not discovered until he got into the lodge room proper. We don't know yet how Nigger got by with the pass word but he might have got it from the goat in the ante-room, anyway, he got into the place and also got out again in a much bigger hurry. He probably will give it up as a bad job for as close as he can come to wearing the "three links" would be a dog chain.

EVANGELISTIC SERVICES BEGAN SUNDAY

Evangelist Frank McKeegen is here and began the campaign last Sunday at the First Methodist Church in the morning. In the evening he spoke at the M. E. church and continues his sermons there in the evening for the balance of the week. His talks are interesting and instructive and it is well worth anyone's time to go and hear him. He will be here for three weeks.

The husband arrived home much later than usual "from the office." He took off his shoes and stole into the bedroom. His wife began to stir. Quickly the panicstricken man went to the cradle of his first-born and began to rock it vigorously. "What are you doing there, Robert?" queried his wife. "I've been sitting here nearly two hours trping to get this baby to sleep," he growled. "Why, Robert, I've got him in bed with me," replied his wife. Then there were words.

KLEMME HIGH BEATS MESERVEY

The Meservey High School team came over last Friday afternoon in autos to have a baseball game with the Klemme High School. It was the first game of the season for both the teams but showed that the Klemme players were far superior. The teams agreed to play seven innings and when the Klemme men had nailed six scores to the home bag and Meservey had but one, the visiting team gave up the chase and quit before the Klemme sluggers took the last bat, otherwise they might have run up a dozen more scores as our boys said they were just beginning to warm into the game.

We believe the boys have the "makings" for a real bunch of baseball playrs. They of course need some coaching in batting work, base running and good plays, but they will get there soon. They have some other games scheduled for the season besides a return game with Meservey at that place.

LAST "ROASTING" PLACE

A Humboldt editor is having a warm time with one of his subscribers. The patron's father died and, in the obituary notice, the publisher stated that a large number of people followed the remains to their last "roasting" place." The relatives demanded a change of the word roasting to resting, but the editor was game and refused to grant the request unless seven years' back subscription would be settled. As a sudden call may come to our readers who are delinquent, they should step in and square up.—Algona Republican.

Didn't Forget His Manners.

Bobbie had been tol often that if he stumbled over or in front of an older person to say "Excuse me." One morning he fell downstairs, landing in a little huddled up heap. His mother, expecting an outburst, was surprised to see him manfully pick himself up and say " 'Scuse me."

PAINFUL ACCIDENT

Lawrence Retliff met with a painful accident Saturday while discing. He was repairing in front of the machine when the horses started up, knocking him down, drawing the disc partly over him stopping with the disc on top of him. He was compelled to start the horses and have them draw the disc on over him before he could be released.

He was able to drive the horses to the house but received some severe cuts and a broken arm.—Belmond Independent.

While driving his car around the mail route last Saturday Harry Bonwell saw a crow drop something from the air. The object fel in the grass at the roadside with the crow in hot pursuit. Harry turned on the gas and beat the crow to its prey which proved to be a little chicken which had not been injured in the least. Harry rescued the orphan and will undertake to raise it to frying size at which time its gender and pedigree will no doubt determine the length of its life. —Renwick Times.

The editor of a newspaper of a certain small southern town was given an article to print, praising in very elegant language the life and works of a certain Southern Colonel. The Colonel and the Editor were not the best of friends. The article came out, but in spelling "scarred", in that very important phrase, "battle scarred veteran," one "r" was omitted. The Colonel threatened violence but the Editor promised to admit his error in the next issue. In the following issue in large type appeared:—"The Editor of this paper regrets very much an error in spelling in our last issue. In describing our most worthy Colonel, instead of "battle scared veteran" it hould have read, "bottle scarred veteran." That day the Editor ceased to dit. His wife was a widow.

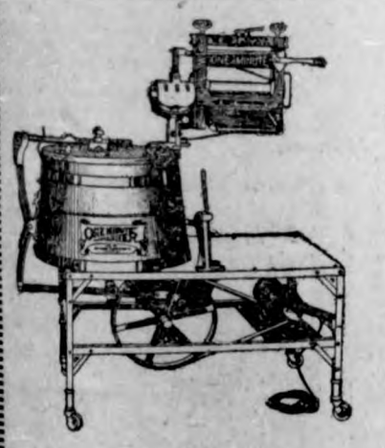
Four bids on the proposed paving, xcavating, and tiling of the Daniel Boone trail from Algona to the Rock Island tracks north of Bancroft, (the lowest of which was $4.30 by a newly rganized local paving company), were rejected by the board of supervisors at the meeting held at Algona last week, Tuesday. Only one member of the board of supervisors voted n favor of letting the contract, and hat was W. J. Anderson. However under the state law, it is possible for the board to reconsider the paving proposition and let the contract for he same, prvided the contract price does not exceed the low bid at the last regular meeting. The board, in our estimation, acted very wisely in deferring the paving proposition for the present, at least with the present extremely high cost of everything and he shortage of materials.—Fenton Reporter.

Starlings by the Million.

Starlings in Europe traditionally (and actually) congregate in such great flights that their millions darken the sky like a passing cloud. They are the terror of the fruit grower, but they do at least one compensative service by eating the destructive land snails which are very numerous, and with which the United States is not similarly afflicted.

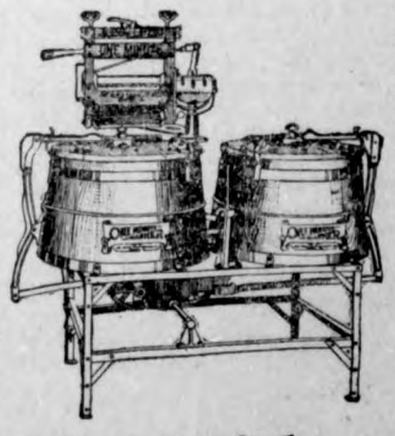
Over One Million Satisfied Users of "One Minute" washing machines!

Many Satisfied Users in Klemme and Vicinity!



The simplest washing machines on the market, less parts, takes up less room, easily moved about on casters. Tub is made of best cypress which is a nonconductor and holds the heat. It puts the clothes on the line at nine.

The machine is made in both single and double tubs and either equiped with electric motor power fixture to be run by your own engines. All machines have swinging, power run wringers; nothing to get out of order.



We have just received a half car load of these machines--several are already sold; come in now and get yours. Let us give you a demonstration, or try it in your own home.

Jacobs & Son

No, 6659 Report of the Condition of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Klemme, in the State of Iowa, at the close of business, May 4 1920.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts		$316,973 47
Overdrafts, unsecured		434 73
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		25,000 00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebt'ness owned and unpledged		17,100 00
Liberty bonds, unpledged		
Bonds, Securities, etc.		3,000 66
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank		1,050 00
Banking house	8,302.00	
furniture and fixture	2,700.00	11,002 00
Other checks on banks in same city or town as reporting bank		10 45
Lawful money reserve with Federal Reserve bank		20,725 10
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		127,663 14
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		
Checks on banks outside of city or town and other cash items		567 91
War Savings Certificates & Thrift Stamps owned		874 00
Redemption fund with U S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		1,250 00
Total		$525,651 46

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in		25,000 00
Surplus fund		10,000 00
Undivided profits	$11,391 12	
Less current expenses interest and taxes paid	9,702 83	1,688 29
Interest and discount collected but not earned		1,882 29
Circulating notes outst'ding		23,995 00
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding		21 23
Individual deposits subject to check		117,181 69
Certificates of deposit payable within 30 days		43 831 26
Certificates of deposit (other Than for money borrowed)		302,051.07
Total		$525,611 46

STATE OF IOWA, Hancock County, } ss

I, F. A. Arnold, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. A. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of May, 1920.

J. F. W. Vrba
Notary Public.

[SEAL]

Correct—Attest:

C. A. Arnold
C. H. Wiegmann } Director
August Barz

The Times "Devil" Says

Dubuque's street car strike was settled with an 8-cent fare allowed by the city commission and seven tickets for 50 cents. The 8-cent fare, seven rides for 50 cents is an increase from 7 cents or four rides for 25. The car men will be raised from 42 cents to a maximum of 60 cents.

Two hundred and fifty sweeet potato plants will be given to each of 100 boys ond girls by the Benton County Fair association. This is to create interest in a new and profitable crop in Benton county. This number of plants will be enough to set out a row ten rods long and should produce with good care 15 bushels of sweet potatoes.

At an election held at Ayrshire to pass on issuing $65,000 additional bonds to complete the consolidated school building at that place, the proposition carried. The original amount voted last fall was $125,000. In this contest 128 voted for the proposition and 39 against it. Four ladies voted "no." The additional amount will make the building cost $190,000.

Robert Armstrong of Fontanelle was tethering one of his horses on the grass in the dooryard when he handed the rope to his six-year-old son, Charles, to hold while the father went to the barn on a short errand. The horse, although being ordinarily gentle, became frightened and ran away. The boy had wrapped the rope about his wrist and was dragged to his death.

A recent storm drove some strange fowls under cover in the vicinity of Cascade. One of the wanderers was captured and it was identified as a night heron. Two years ago a large flock of sea gulls visited that community, something never before heard of. According to a bird specialist of national repute, during certain seasons there are flocks of birds constantly passing to and fro above, far too high to be discernible to the naked eye, going from coast to coast and from tropics to the north.

A 35,000,000-ton vein of coal will be opened up within ten miles of Des Moines during the next 30 days. It is the biggest vein of coal in the state and the richest to be found in Iowa. Leases covering 10,000 acres of farm land have been secured and more than 125 holes have been drilled to test the land. The coal lies between 275 and 375 feet under ground and the vein averages four feet, eight inches in thickness. In addition, there are from 40 to 50 feet of slate covering it.

Iowa people use their highways more than is commonly supposed. The traffic on the roads consists of 91.1 per cent of state people with only 6.9 per cent of interstate tourists. Tonnage on Iowa highways is enormous, and shows the need of roads of great durability. Passenger automobiles lead the traffic list, most of these being Iowa cars. The present condition of the highways does not encourage truck travel. Ninety per cent of the tonnage on the highways is motor-driven. It is shown conclusively that the travel on any main road is beyond the strength of a gravel road, which many people seem to think is the best material with which to build.

A religious census has been taken of the 4,000 students at the Iowa State college. The result shows adherents to 43 different religious sects. The list includes, besides the leading denominations, such others as Hinduism, Jewish Catholic, Havagschwan church, Spiritualism, Mormonism, Armenian Gregarian, Judean, Greek orthodox and Free Thinkers. Sixty-five per cent of the student body answered "yes" to the question whether they were church members. Of the remainder, 22 per cent expressed a church preference, although not members, and only 11.9 per cent said they were not members or failed to express themselves at all. Of the men students 63 per cent are church members, 23 per cent are not members but expressed a church preference and 13 per cent had no preference. Of the women students, 73 per cent are church members, 18 per cent are not members but expressed a preference and only 9 per cent have neither a membership nor a church preference. The total student membership of the principal denominations at the time of the census was as follows: Methodist, 986; Presbyterian, 373; Congregational, 198; Christian, 230; Baptist, 164; Lutheran, 158; Catholic, 155; Episcopal, 60.

Erastus Coffin, seventy-eight years old, pioneer Mahaska county settler, ended his life by hanging himself in the barn at the rear of his Oskaloosa home. No reason for the suicide is known. He was an active Republican, a veteran of the Civil war and a prominent resident of Oskaloosa.

Eleven girls and not one boy is the graduating record of Jewell high school this spring. The senior class, which will be graduated in about thirty days, is composed exclusively of girls this year, something never known to happen there before.

Almost Good for Nothing.

"Judging from the paltry salaries some of our ministers are paid," observed the near cynic, "one might say with truth that they are good for almost nothing."

Home Town Helps

HOME GARDEN STILL NEEDED

All Food Thus Raised Is a Distinct Gain, Helping to Overcome World's Shortage.

It has been proved that organization will effect a material increase in the supply of food products. During the war home gardening was carried on to an extent that very greatly relieved the shortage. Many families supplied their tables with vegetables entirely out of their own garden plots. Every ton of food thus raised is a gain. What is needed now is organization, and this should be effected as a preliminary step. If the people will support this movement, in full recognition of its importance, a great acreage will be added to the productive area of the country. The farm lands that heretofore have produced market truck will probably be devoted to other staples, or possibly to grazing. There will be no waste land, but, on the contrary, more land under cultivation.

The seriousness of this situation cannot be too strongly urged. Every person who is in a position to become a gardener during the coming season should do his bit for the relief of the country from the food stringency.—Washington Star.

PATH OF GOOD CITIZENSHIP

Oath Taken by Residents of Old Athens Might Be Revived Today With Good Results.

As a part of the campaign to "sell Indianapolis to its own citizens," those in charge of arrangements for the convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World have written what they term a sales contract which will be distributed among clubs and other organizations. The contract is a reminder of the oath that residents of Athens took centuries ago. It said:

"We will never bring disgrace on this, our city, by an act of dishonesty or cowardice.

"We will fight for the ideals and sacred things of the city, both alone and with many.

"We will revere and obey the city's laws, and we will do our best to incite a like reverence and respect in those about us who are prone to annul them or set them at naught.

"We will strive increasingly to quicken the public's sense of civic duty.

"Thus in all these ways we will transmit this city, not only not less, but greater, better and more beautiful than it was transmitted to us."

Beautify the Home.

There are so many native shrubs, vines and flowers to be planted about the farm homes that their absence is a deplorable fact. In a recent drive of a thousand miles we saw only four farmhouses where attention had been paid to beautifying them. Naturally, they were noticed. Don't dot the lawn with fantastic flower beds of annual flowers. Put hardy shrubs around the foundation, the taller growing ones behind. Then in front of these plant the perennial flowers such as iris, crocus, narcissus, peony, sweet william, phlox, etc. Keep the lawn open. A few ivy or wild grape vines make a hideous outhouse less noticeable. Shrubs can be transplanted in November. Get as much soil with them as possible and tamp the roots firmly in place.—Farm Life.

Home Always Good Investment.

There are many estimable citizens who do not own a home, but that does not disprove the fact that homeowning is a cure for unrest and the nomadic instincts. With persons of small means, the ownership of a home implies sacrifice and discipline. The character of the home builder not only becomes stronger, but he imbibes unconsciously the essence of patriotism. He upholds American institutions, because he is a part of them.

There may be other methods of turning one's savings to profitable account besides buying or building a permanent home. But there is no other method that gives more solid returns in confidence for the future, in family protection, and in Americanization of ideals.—Chicago Journal.

Plan Home Wisely.

The attractiveness of a home isn't dependent on the amount of money spent on it. A small and inexpensive house may be as beautiful in its way as a large and costly mansion. The essential thing isn't the cost. It is the good taste of the designer.

The old lesson is repeated. "With what do you mix your colors?" was the question put to the famous painter. "With brains, sir," was the retort. The house needs to be designed and planned with brains.

Pays to Own Home.

A citizen who owns his home, no matter what his vocation, is a more responsible member of the community, as well as more advanced in an assured standard of comfort and prosperous employment. To own a home is a long step toward the possession of a substantial income, and one in which the dividends are secure and always timely.

1—Barbed wire barricades erected in the streets of Berlin during the recent revolution. 2—Wood's Hole, where the president will spend the summer. 3—Doctor Gessler, minister of defense in the new Ebert cabinet.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Herbert Hoover Clears His Political Position and Announces He Will Accept Republican Nomination.

GERMANY GROWS MORE QUIET

Emir Feisel an Accomplished Trouble-Maker—Mustapha Kemal Stirs Feeling Against Christians—Denmark in the Limelight—Daylight Saving Confuses.

By E. F. CLIPSON.

Mystery regarding the political position and party affiliations of Herbert Hoover has been dispelled by the announcement of his conditional willingness to accept the Republican presidential nomination. He has said that he will accept if it is felt that the issues necessitate it and it is demanded of him, and further clarifies his attitude in the following words:

"If the Republican party—with the independent element, of which I am naturally affiliated—adopts a forward-looking, liberal, constructive platform on the treaty and on our economic issues, and if the party proposes measures for sound business administration of the country, and is neither reactionary nor radical in its approach to our great domestic questions, and is backed by men who undoubtedly assure the consummation of these policies and measures, I will give it my entire support."

Although Mr. Hoover's declaration created somewhat of a sensation, it relieved the tension existing in the camps of other candidates. Surrounded by silence and secrecy, his attitude had occasioned more or less quaking in both Republican and Democratic strongholds. No one prominent on either side felt like hurling a javelin at him for fear that it might rebound and act as a boomerang. Each party wanted his support and the competition had been so keen as to take on the characteristics of a race, with each side endeavoring to get to him and land him first.

Mystery entered the situation some weeks ago when Secretary of the Navy Daniels, positively refusing to give a name, but speaking most emphatically and authoritatively, said he knew who the next president of the United States would be. The most active guessers were practically unanimous in the theory that the secretary had in mind Mr. Hoover, and that the food man had made promises or had definitely committed himself to the Democratic party. The theory as to the definiteness was modified later when Mr. Hoover, pushed to some extremity for a declaration as to his political affiliations, stated that he had of late years been aligned with the Progressive Republicans. In the congressional elections of 1918 he appeared to favor the Democrats, and made some statements indorsing the leading policies of President Wilson.

The action of Mr. Hoover has brought the political pot from a more or less simmering state to an actual boiling point. His entry makes him a strong contender for the Republican nomination, and his declaration of principles will have much to do with preventing both parties from adopting either extreme reactionary or extreme radical viewpoints. He has stated that no one should be able to dictate the policies of great parties, yet every man and woman has a right to decide what issues and measures he will support. He thus creates a position which makes it possible for him to repudiate both parties after their national conventions. Some observers see in this a hint that if the candidates and platforms of the two parties do not satisfy the liberal thought of the nation, Mr. Hoover will be willing to support a third and independent ticket. Meanwhile several booms have already been affected by his entry into the race. His supporters are engaged in an active campaign. In the Minnesota primary, where it was necessary to write or paste his name on the ballot, he showed unexpected strength, and he looms strong in several state primaries which are to come.

The money question, as usual, enters into the political situation. Senator Borah charges the managers of General Wood and Governor Lowden with using unwarranted sums. Denials come from both candidates, with an expression of willingness to have their expenditures probed. Inasmuch as the legitimate expenses of such campaigns require large funds, it is difficult to see how any candidate can make much of a showing without them. Former Secretary McAdoo reflects this condition when he states that he has no fund, therefore is not a candidate.

In Germany, the coalition cabinet headed by Herr Mueller promises to remain in power until the elections, early in June. Concessions to the labor element had much to do with stifling the radical crisis in the Ruhr basin. Spasmodic hostilities in that and adjacent areas had not been completely suppressed, but the outbreaks had taken on a guerrilla aspect, with the red forces disintegrating under lack of supplies, poor discipline and inefficient leadership. Considerable of a bluff to affect enforcement of the terms of the treaty of Versailles seems evident in the Ruhr and contiguous situations. If the Ebert government had been permitted to send troops into the neutral zone, it would have suspended one of the important provisions of the treaty. The weakening of this one provision could have been made the basis for assaults upon other portions of the covenant, with a gradual and possibly complete defeat of the unfulfilled terms.

Settlement of the German crisis is not absolute. Factional disturbances are occurring, and are likely to continue, but that an ultimate condition resembling order will be brought about is not unlikely. The effect which the troubles have had on foreign credits, so necessary to Germany, and the consequent withholding of food supplies, raw materials, etc., has had a profound influence on the nation as a whole. One of the most disastrous consequences following the Kapp-Luettwitz revolution and later troubles has been the effect upon the morale of German workmen. They are reported as loitering on their jobs, discontented and strongly imbued with the feeling of ill treatment. Production is in an unhealthy state; precisely what the red leaders desire for the furtherance of their designs.

Emir Feisel, who lately proclaimed himself king of Syria, looms as an adjunct in a class with D'Annunzio, Mustapha Kemal and other trouble makers. Self-determination for Syria is not only his fetish, but he is for the complete independence of the country; wishes both French and British troops sent home at once, and all zones of influence by other nations abolished. His activities and the working out of his designs are being watched by the Jews of the world, as a complete fulfillment of his program would render impossible the establishment of the proposed Zion nation. Mustapha Kemal, nationalist leader in Turkey, continues his campaign to stir up feeling against Christians in Asia Minor. In a recent proclamation he deposes the sultan as chief of the Moslem world, and raises a call to arms throughout Islam. Fortunately his influence is not general as yet, but there is no denying the fact that he is an important factor, with a strong following in Turkish politics and a growing ability to create antagonism to the allies and all Christians.

Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, self-styled soviet envoy to the United States appears to be the next prominent candidate for deportation. Martens contended in an investigation held by the senate committee on foreign relations that the bolshevik government had not interfered in the internal affairs of the United States. At the same time the state department had secured and has now made public a series of soviet dispatches inciting American bolshevists to violence and the overthrow of the present form of the government of the United States. The dispatches were found on the person of a soviet courier captured at Riga, en route to this country. The department of justice announces a perfect case against Martens.

Denmark, which before had been regarded as placid, busy, and opulent from profits accruing through the great war, shows a strong disposition to get into the limelight of disturbance. Social democrats have been active for abolition of the monarchy, a general strike and the inauguration of a republic. A strong display of military force enabled the government to meet the first outbreaks of trouble successfully. Coming as it did with other European uprisings, the assumption that it is connected with them and part of a general plan is not unwarranted. The prosperous condition of the country is the principal augury for lack of success of any radical designs.

Daylight saving has become a local issue throughout the country, with the prospect of rather chaotic conditions in regard to time reckoning and many consequent dilemmas. New York city, which by the sun is only one hour ahead of Chicago and other mid-western points, by the adoption of daylight saving becomes two hours ahead. Communities which turn the clock ahead one hour will be that much at variance in time with others in the same longitude which do not take the same action. Railroads of course will stick to a standardized schedule, but that portion of the public moving from one place to another is sure to encounter confusion. So far the difficulty asserts itself in the financial relationships of different parts of the country, with the bankers hampered by the varying conditions. The only alternative if New York persists in the new schedule, seems to be for mid-western and western bankers to arise an hour earlier.

The freak tornado which visited Alabama, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Missouri and Ohio took a toll of nearly 200 lives, with hundreds more in the injured list. Chicago and vicinity suffered heaviest, with Georgia next in the number of casualties. The storm was not only unusual in the area covered, but in the shifting of the centers of intensity and the fact that it visited regions which were considered ordinarily immune from such dangers. The latter was especially true in the vicinity of Lake Michigan, where scientists have always claimed the existence of such a body of water neutralized the menace of severe windstorms. Another freak of the storm which has affected scientific theories and established a new precedent was its coming so early in the year. Such visitations in the United States had before been almost exclusively confined to summer months and generally followed severely hot weather. The late demonstration is regarded as one of the vagaries of the month of March.

The international monetary situation has been eased considerably through the shipment of British gold to the United States. This has lessened the strain on British credit and while it has depleted to some extent one of their most valuable home resources, it has improved their position abroad and increased the standing in international markets of the British pound. This has been reflected in advanced quotations for pounds sterling. With every advance their purchasing power increases. France shows an improving position in the evident intention of the nation to economize and to finance itself from its own resources. The great confidence of the French nation and its latent financial strength are seen in its ability to float huge loans at home.

Defeat of suffrage in Delaware leaving the amendment short one state of the 36 necessary for ratification, puts the issue in the delayed class for the present. The National Woman's party and others prominent in the cause, pin slight hopes to favorable action in Louisiana, North Carolina, Vermont, or Connecticut. In Louisiana the legislature meets May 10. Governor Bickett is said to be favorable to a special session of the North Carolina legislature in July. Suffrage adherents will endeavor to win both states although they have received little encouragement as yet in the South. The governors of Vermont and Connecticut have refused to call special sessions of their legislatures and to get consideration in either of those states, suffrage forces will have to overcome the announced objections of the governors

A FAILURE

By LILLIAN R. READ

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

The ice on Placid lake was at its best, and the skaters glided merrily over its smooth, translucent surface in great numbers.

Among them, on this particular afternoon, was Doris Ruskin, who was being pursued by three of the most popular young men of the town, each of whom sought the privilege of accompanying her home. But the girl was a dexterous skater, and she led them a merry chase around the lake, keeping well ahead of them until she was nearly exhausted. Then in her excitement, as she turned her head to see how closely she was pursued, she bumped into somebody with great force, and they both went sprawling on the ice.

"Oh, Billy, I'm sorry. Did I hurt you?" She could not restrain her laughter when she saw the blank look on his face as he picked himself up and clumsily assisted her to her feet.

"No. Are you hurt?"

Doris had turned her ankle, and found that she could not walk without support. "I guess I hurt my ankle," she said. "Would you mind taking off my skates?"

He assisted her to a seat on the shore, and proceeded to remove the skates. He was very much confused at first, for Billy Weston was not at all popular among the young people of the town, especially the girls. Even in high school he had been regarded by his classmates as a queer sort of a chap.

But Doris Ruskin, who had been in his class, had always pitied him, and wished that they might become better acquainted, so she took this opportunity. "I guess I'll have to ask you to assist me home, Billy, for I really can't walk alone."

She chatted gaily all the way home, telling of her experience at a business college, and later of her new position in the bank.

"By the way, Billy, what have you been doing since graduation?" she inquired.

The boy's head drooped. What had he done? All he could truthfully say was, "Nothing."

"Why," the girl ejaculated, "I thought you were going to be a newspaper man. You always had such big ideas at school, you know."

"Yes, that's just it, Doris, big ideas and that is all. I just can't get anywhere. I've written and written, stories, advertisements and everything else, but no one would buy them. 'No pep,' they always say. And here I am, broke, without even a typewriter. That would help me immensely in my writing, but—oh, what's the use!"

"You poor boy," Doris said, consolingly. "I wish I could help you."

"Thanks, but it's no use. I'm a hopeless failure.

They had reached her home, and as he turned to leave he took her hand. "Doris," he said, softly, "I don't know why I told you all that I did. Somehow you seemed so friendly and kind—so different from the others."

"I'm glad you did tell me," Doris said, "for I think I can help you. Won't you come over tomorrow evening and bring some of the ads you have written? I have a typewriter, you know, and I should like very much to see some of your work."

The next evening Billy came, and they sat down together to look over his work. "These ads are great!" the girl cried enthusiastically.

It was several hours later when they looked at the clock, and Billy arose to leave. They had worked hard and accomplished a lot of work.

"Now, Mr. Billy," spoke the "general manager," "tomorrow the big work begins. You take these ads and show them to the managers of all the principal stores in town. Tell them that they need your ads; that the use of them in the daily newspapers will double and treble their trade. Make them buy. Don't take 'No' for an answer."

The next evening Billy rushed into Doris' house without even ringing the bell. He was brimming over with enthusiasm, and his dark eyes sparkled as they had not sparkled in years. "They took 'em!" he cried. "Thought they were great. I've sold every one and have orders for more."

The good work continued, and for weeks and months the two labored on untiringly, selling their work as fast as they could produce it. Then the climax came. A large newspaper concern in a nearby city heard of Weston's work, and he obtained a very promising position as assistant advertising manager.

On the evening before his departure for the city, he called on Doris, and found her strolling in the garden. Billy thought she looked more beautiful than ever; but, for the first time, he noticed a tired, worn-out expression on her face, which had always been so happy and smiling. Words failed him for the moment, as he gazed lovingly at the girl who had made a man of him, and made his life worth living. Suddenly he took her hand and pressed it fervently to his lips. "Doris," he whispered, "you have worked hard for me, and worn yourself out, and I haven't even thanked you. I did not realize until just now how much you have done. Dearest, I can't think of going ahead alone, for I want you always to be my 'general manager.' Will you come?" She answered with a shy little nod, and he drew her into his arms.

AROUND THE WO

Winona, Minn.—"A few years ag... a severe attack of ptomaine po... which left my ... in very bad ... tion. I tried ... many so-calle... ics,' but felt ... ter until a ... suggested my ... a bottle of ... Pierce's Go... Medical Dis... which gave ... mediate relief ... surely an ex... tonic, does not purge and ... objectionable to the taste. I was li... England when I first took the 'Dis... and have since been around the w... and always carried a bottle of the 'G... Medical Discovery' right with me... would not be without it, and am onl... pleased to be able to recommend ... Walter H. Dunston, Willow Farm.

PROMINENT WOMEN

Kennebec, S. Dak.—"A few years ... during expectancy I got all run-down... felt that I needed something to stren... me. I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite P... scription and it soon had me feeling ... I did not suffer and my baby was a ... healthy child, and always has been ... picture of health, which I think I ow... this medicine. We also use Dr. Pi... Pleasant Pellets and they have al... given perfect satisfaction. I have ... Pierce's Medical book, the Common S... Medical Adviser, which has been a w... derful help to me and my family. I ... there is no better medicine made ... Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and ... highly recommend it to all."—Mrs. G. ... Cox.

YOUNG WOMANHOOD

Cedar Rapids, Iowa.—"A relative ... Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription ... she was a young girl and has taken it ... eral times since with wonderful re... I have taken it off and on since I w... young girl; it has helped me every ti... have taken it. I consider it a wonde... medicine for young girls just entri... womanhood. Nothing equals it. It ... stores one's health quickly and is plea... to take. I recommend it to every ... needing such medicine."—Mrs. O. ... Jones, 1329 2nd Ave., E.

WATCH THE BIG-

Stomach-Kidneys-Heart-Liv...

Keep the vital organs healthy ... regularly taking the world's stan... ard remedy for kidney, liv... bladder and uric acid troubles...

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The National Remedy of Holland ... centuries and endorsed by Queen Wil... mina. At all druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every b... and accept no imitation

After Three Physicians Faile...

Dodd's Kidney Pills Gave Prompt Relief

Here's one of the many unsolicited testimonials which reach us from eve... section of the United States. Thousan... upon thousands have been relieved ... their kidney complaints and there is ... reason why Dodd's—standard for ... generations—won't give you the sa... prompt benefit.

Mr. B. C. Birchler of Fulda, Ia... writes, "In the year 1905, I was ... low with a severe attack of kidney trou... and three noted physicians had given ... up expecting death at any moment, ... death did not come and I lingered for s... eral months until accidentally one day ... found an old Dodd's Almanac in my ho... which described symptoms exactly ... mine. I then procured a box of ... pills and took a double dose and the s... ond day actually felt relieved. After ... week I felt so good that I was glad to ... alive. I continued using them for a ti... and they cured me.

"This was fourteen years ago and I c... truthfully say I have never yet been ... up with the same disease. A severe ... tack of 'flu' last winter affected my ki... neys to a certain extent so I bought th... boxes of your pills and used them ... my whole family with the same good re... sults."

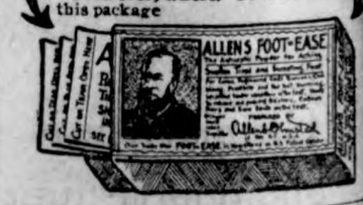
If your dealer can't supply you s... 60c in stamps to the Dodd's Medicine C... Buffalo, N. Y. Tell us the name of yo... druggist.

To stop the pain of Corns, Bunions, Callouses, Blisters, Tired, Aching, Swollen, Tender Feet, use

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The Antiseptic, Healing Powder to Shake Into Your Shoes and sprinkle in the Foot-bath.

Sold everywhere. Be sure to get this package



Maternity

LARGEST house in the world specializing in apparel for expectant mothers. Newest styles. Lowest prices because of our own manufacturing. Your money back if you are not satisfied.

Style Book FREE
Picturing latest styles in Coats, Suits, Dresses, Corsets, etc.
Write Dept. Y-3

STYLE BOOK FREE

Lane Bryant 38th St. near Fifth Ave. New York

SELDOM SEE...

a big knee like this, but your horse may have a bunch or bruise on his ankle, hock, stifle, knee or throat...

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will clean it off without laying the horse. No blister, no hair gone. Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. $2.50 per bottle delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and Book 8 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; allays Pain and Inflammation. Price $1.25 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10c.
W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

ASPIRIN—Its Uses

First Introduced by "Bayer" in the Year 1900

The name "Bayer" identifies the true, world-famous Aspirin prescribed by physicians for nineteen years. The name "Bayer" means genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions of people.

In each unbroken package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" you are told how to safely take this genuine Aspirin for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Neuritis and Pain generally.

Always say "Bayer" when buying Aspirin. Then look for the safety "Bayer Cross" on the package and on the tablets.

Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages.

Aspirin is trade mark of Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Mistaken Locality.

Say, is a shipment of liquor to go this vessel?" "No; this vessel is ng to a dry dock."

LIFT OFF CORNS WITH FINGERS

Doesn't hurt a bit and costs only few cents

Magic! Just drop a little Freezone that touchy corn, instantly it stops ching, then you lift the corn off with e fingers! Truly! No humbug! Try Freezone! Your druggist sells tiny bottle for a few cents, sufficient rid your feet of every hard corn, ft corn, or corn between the toes, nd calluses, without one particle of ain, soreness or irritation. Freezone the discovery of a noted Cincinnati enius.—Adv.

MONKS MADE FIRST PANCAKES

elicious Comestibles Once Formed Supper of Holy Men on Eve of Ash Wednesday.

Perhaps you admit ignorance as to nowing how pancakes first came to e produced? Well, the story is very nteresting and worth telling, London nswers says.

Monks were the originators of pankes, and we are told that on Shrove uesday their supper consisted of thin akes, made in a pan with flour, milk, ggs, fat, lard, etc.—hence pancakes. The idea was to use up all the foodstuffs remaining, which were prohibited on the following day—Ash Wednesday, the commencement of Lent. In the olden days the poor people would gather round various monastery gates, it being the custom for the monks to distribute what pancakes they had left after supper among the hungry and slum dwellers.

Shrovetide, and Shrove Tuesday by the way, were, in the first place, called shrive days. They were so called from the fact that in the Roman Catholic church confessions are then made and received preparatory to the fast of Lent. Shrive, which meant confession, later came to be called Shrove—thus we now get Shrove Sunday and Shrove Tuesday.

Naturally

"There is no royal road to good writing." "Of course not. You have to begin by taking a subject."

If a man should wear a red coat, a green vest and yellow trousers, he would feel that life isn't serious.

25 MILLIONS!

"Cascarets" is biggest selling Laxative-Cathartic for Liver and Bowels

Twenty-five million boxes of Cascarets were sold last year to folks who wanted relief without injury, from Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, Gases, Colds and Sick Headache. Cascarets work while you sleep, removing the toxins, poisons and sour, indigestible waste without griping or inconvenience. Cascarets regulate by strengthening the bowel muscles. They never weaken or shock the liver like calomel or harsh pills. Cascarets cost so little too.—Adv.

He that can have patience can have what he will.—Franklin.

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin

When red, rough and itching with hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment. Also make use now and then of that exquisitely scented dusting powder, Cuticura Talcum, one of the indispensable Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

Electricity in Next War.

That the use of high explosives in modern warfare has about reached the end of its development, is the opinion of a French inventor of one powerful compound of that nature. Neither can poisonous gases, it is indicated, be made much more dangerous than were those contrived in the world war. Flying mechanisms of various types promise much greater menace, and it is probable that any new developments in scientific warfare visible in the next international disagreement will be electrical in their nature. Electricity's use in the last war was relatively small.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Its Efficacy.

"Talk about your patent medicines," said Gap Johnson of Rumpus Ridge, "but castor ile has got 'em all beat. It'll cure anything."

"Git out!" skeptically returned a neighbor.

"Well, I've noticed that when any of our 14 children complain of being too sick to do some task or nuther and wife gethers a spoon and rotches for the castor ile bottle, that there child is cured that minute, no matter if there hain't more than three drops in the bottle."—Kansas City Star.

His Most Important Function.

"An editor is a man who puts things in the paper, isn't he, pa?"

"Oh, no, my son; an editor keeps things out of the paper."—Boston Transcript.

The after-effects of a cup of Postum Cereal

are good cheer and satisfaction. No frayed nerves, no unnatural wakefulness at night.

What wonder, then, that so many housewives serve Postum instead of coffee as the table drink!

Postum Cereal must be boiled fully fifteen minutes after boiling begins, to develop its full, rich flavor.

"There's a Reason" for Postum

Made by POSTUM CEREAL COMPANY
Battle Creek, Mich.

DAIRY FACTS

MUST MAKE BETTER BUTTER

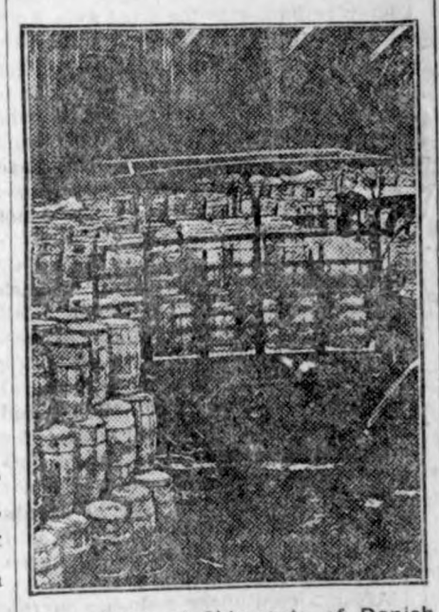
Imports Emphasize Impressive Lesson for Dairymen—Foreign Competition Active.

To meet foreign competition, dairy farmers of the United States must be able to produce a better quality of product and produce and market it more economically and more efficiently, according to specialists in the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture.

Arrivals of shipments of Danish butter are already affecting prices on the New York City market. Argentina is producing nearly three times the amount of butter and cheese consumed, and some of the surplus may be expected to come to this country or compete with our products in foreign countries. Before the war Siberia was rapidly extending its dairy industry and when conditions become settled in that country it may be expected to come back as a factor in the world's market. Recently there have been signs of interest in dairying in South Africa, and the industry as developed in New Zealand and Australia must be reckoned with.

If the dairy products manufactured in the United States are of a better quality than those from other countries they need not fear competition. Canada's cheese industry illustrates this. A strict system of government supervision in the training of cheese makers, in the operating of the factories, and in the grading, marketing and exporting of the product, exists there. This has tended toward an improvement in the quality of Canadian cheese until it ranks with the finest on the English markets.

The dairy industry in Argentina has grown rapidly since the beginning of the war. Before the war butter exports from that country totaled 3,262 tons a year; in 1918 they were five times that. Cheese exports were far exceeded by the imports in 1913. Now the conditions are reversed—over 6,000 tons of cheese being exported in 1918.



Part of One of Shipments of Danish Butter Arriving in New York Which Have Caused American Dairy Interests to See the Possibility of Growing Foreign Competition.

Today most of these exports are going to European markets, but should conditions become favorable it may be expected that some of these will come to this country. The bureau of markets warns dairymen to be prepared to meet this competition.

CANS BETTER THAN BUCKETS

Most Convenient for Collecting Milk at Barns and Conveying It to the House.

Milk and cream from even a few cows can be much more conveniently handled in regular milk cans than in the shallow pans and wide-mouthed buckets commonly used. Cans are convenient for collecting the milk at the barn and transferring it to the house.

These cans may be bought in various sizes. For handling cream and skimmilk where separators are used, or even where cream is set to sour for buttermaking, the "shotgun can" is very convenient. It can be easily covered and set in water and is convenient to handle.

DIFFICULT CHURNING CAUSES

Among Other Things Cream May Be Too Thin and Temperature May Not Be Right.

Difficult churning may be due to several factors:

Too thin cream. It should test between 30 to 35 per cent fat.

Wrong churning temperature of the cream. Sixty degrees is about right.

In a few instances it may be due to the action of certain germs.

In some instances it may be due to feeding foods which produce a large percentage of hard fats.

Sour cream churns easier than sweet cream.

Early Weaning Means Increased Profits

INTERNATIONAL PIG MEAL

Makes Little Pigs Great Big Hogs

When you feed International Pig Meal your pigs wean earlier and in better condition than through any other way of feeding. That means increased profits on their sale either as Shoats or Hogs.

Feed International Pig Meal when pigs are from three to four weeks, feeding one-half tablespoonful in warm skim milk, then increase the ration according to directions and bring to top of the market thirty to sixty days earlier than your neighbors.

This is the Pig Meal that saves milk—one pound dissolved in a gallon of water or skim milk is the equal of one gallon of fresh dairy milk. International is the result of the experiments and experience of practiced practical feeders, trained chemists, milling experts, and all the resources a $1,000,000 Company could put behind it.

International Pig Meal builds fat, bone, muscle, and creates top-notch body tone. It brings your pork to market in condition to command top prices, and it's economical. International saves corn, milk, time and takes the guess-work out of feeding.

Order a $5.00 sack for every ten pigs you own

INTERNATIONAL SUGAR FEED CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Mills at Minneapolis and Memphis — *Live Salesmen Wanted*

Order from your Dealer or Mail the Coupon Today—Act!

International Sugar Feed Company.
Department 180 Minneapolis, Minn.
United States Food Administration License No. 13615

Gentlemen:

As per your special $5.00 per hundred pound sack, freight prepaid, International Pig Meal introductory offer, you may ship me

Quantity .....
My shipping station is.....
My name is.....
Address .....
.....R. F. D.....
The name and address of my bank is
.....

The above price does not apply to points south of Memphis and west of Denver. Write for quotations for these territories.

Beyond Challenge.

"Who would you decide is the author in our literature with the largest vocabulary?"

"I should say the man who wrote the dictionary."

EAT LESS AND TAKE SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Take a Glass of Salts if Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers.

The American men and women must guard constantly against Kidney trouble, because we eat too much and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out, they weaken from overwork, become sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health.

When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead; your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night; if you suffer with sick headache or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or you have rheumatism when the weather is bad, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys; to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water beverage, and belongs in every home, because nobody can make a mistake by having a good kidney flushing any time.—Adv.

Never judge an argument by its sound; it may be all sound or not sound at all.

It's the privilege of a hatter to size a man up.

TEXAS-OIL-MILLIONAIRES

Often owe their start toward fortune to their first little lease

SALESMEN send for our proposition (Ladies or Gentlemen)

YOU CAN OBTAIN A LEASE FREE OF COST

INVESTORS Write for Particulars—Positively No Promotion or Oil Stock

TEXAS LEASING COMPANY 612 Wheat Building FORT WORTH, TEX.

Maternity

LARGEST house in the world specializing in apparel for expectant mothers. Newest styles. Lowest prices because of our own manufacturing. Your money back if you are not satisfied.

Style Book FREE
Picturing latest styles in Coats, Suits, Dresses, Corsets, etc.
Write Dept. Y-3

STYLE BOOK FREE

The Bruant 50 St. near Fifth Ave New York

Somewhat Popular Error.

"It's all right," said Miss Cayenne, "for a man to say he is just as young as he feels, but it is frequently a mistake for him to try to act that way."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Doing Time.

"So Mickey got ten days for stealing an eight-day clock?"

"He did that. An', poor boy, he thinks he got two days the worst of it."—Boston Transcript.

NORTH STAR LAND CO.

Improved and unimproved farms for sale in Nicollet, Sibley and Renville Co.

Call or Write H. Knipple, Gibbon, Minn.

COLORADO LAND FOR SALE

BURLINGTON DISTRICT, 160 acres unimproved; good farming or investment. $35 per acre, $1,500 cash. Balance easy terms. Address, FRANK GASS, Owner, 4005 North 25th Street, Omaha, Nebraska

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

About the only way for a married man to keep out of debt is to give his wife all the money she needs.

DYES HER GARMENTS BUT NONE CAN TELL

"Diamond Dyes" Turn Faded, Shabby Apparel Into New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells how to diamond dye over any color. To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

The nails on invalids' hands grow considerably faster than on the hands of a person in good health.

Another Royal Suggestion

BISCUITS, BUNS and ROLLS

From the NEW ROYAL COOK BOOK

BISCUIT! What delight this word suggests. So tender they fairly melt in the mouth, and of such glorious flavor that the appetite is never satisfied. These are the kind of biscuits anyone can make with Royal Baking Powder and these unusual recipes.

Biscuits

2 cups flour
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
½ teaspoon salt
2 tablespoons shortening
¾ cup milk or half milk and half water

Sift together flour, baking powder and salt, add shortening and rub in very lightly; add liquid slowly; roll or pat on floured board to about one inch in thickness (handle as little as possible); cut with biscuit cutter. Bake in hot oven 15 to 20 minutes.

Royal Cinnamon Buns

2¼ cups flour
1 teaspoon salt
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
2 tablespoons shortening
1 egg
½ cup water
½ cup sugar
2 teaspoons cinnamon
4 tablespoons seeded raisins

Sift 2 tablespoons of measured sugar with flour, salt and baking powder; rub shortening in lightly; add beaten egg to water and add slowly. Roll out ½ inch thick on floured board; brush with melted butter, sprinkle with sugar, cinnamon and raisins. Roll as for jelly roll; cut into 1½ inch pieces; place with cut edges up on well-greased pan; sprinkle with a little sugar and cinnamon. Bake in moderate oven 30 to 35 minutes; remove from pan at once.

Parker House Rolls

4 cups flour
1 teaspoon salt
6 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
2 tablespoons shortening
1½ cups milk

Sift flour, salt and baking powder together. Add melted shortening to milk and add slowly to dry ingredients stirring until smooth. Knead lightly on floured board and roll out ½ inch thick. Cut with biscuit cutter. Crease each circle with back of knife one side of center. Butter the small section and fold larger part well over the small. Place one inch apart in greased pan. Allow to stand 15 minutes in warm place. Brush each with melted butter and bake in moderate oven 15 to 20 minutes.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

FREE

Write TODAY for the New Royal Cook Book; contains 400 other recipes just as delightful as these. Will show you how to add interest and variety to your meals. Address

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
115 Fulton Street
New York City

"Bake with Royal and be Sure"

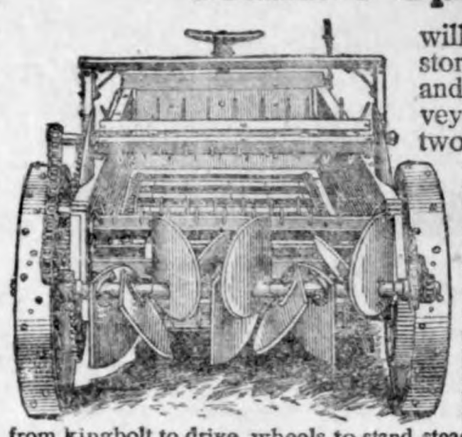
Everybody Agrees With Us Nisco Spreader Is Best

Since we began telling in the public press about the **Nisco Manure Spreader,** our store has been a central point of interest with farmers for miles around.

And to a man, they all agree that the **"Nisco" is the most** practical spreader they ever saw. Even men who have used other spreaders for years, quickly concede the superiority of the "Nisco."

Now, this is very gratifying to us because we took the Nisco Agency only after personal investigation, and this unanimity of approval confirms our good judgment. There isn't a doubt that the

NISCO
Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.
The "New Idea" Manure Spreader



will handle manure—fresh or stored—easily, economically and efficiently. A chain conveyor carries the manure to two cylinders, revolving one over the other, where it is thoroughly fined and pulverized. Then, swiftly revolving steel paddles distribute this fine manure over a strip wider than the wheel base of the machine itself—actually across three corn rows. The "Nisco" will spread 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18 loads per acre according as the feed lever is set and do it evenly. It is built low; mounted on wide tire wheels, and strong enough from kingbolt to drive wheels to stand steady hard service for a lifetime. Never clogs nor strains a team unduly.

First Wide-Spreading Spreader Ever Built

Leads now as it did when first invented 17 years ago. The first machine to embody the wide-spreading feature.

We've An Interesting Book To Give You

"Helping Mother Nature." This book is valuable. Tells fertility facts you never dreamed of. Gives suggestions about the care and use of manure that it will pay you to follow out. Don't miss your copy—ask when you come in—it's waiting.

W. M. BAACK
Farm Implements — *Klemme, Iowa*

Special *Every Wed. and Saturday*

Cinnamon Rolls, Rye and Graham Bread every Wednesday and Saturday

Always a full line of Fresh Fruits

The Crystal Cafe

Fertilize Your Corn!

Grow Bigger Crops This Year

We now have on hand Fertilizer to be to be put in the planter with your corn hereby applying fertilizer direct to the hill where it will do the most good.

It has been successfully used elsewhere and may increase corn crops hete. Give it a trial this year. Come in now as the supply won't last long as a number of farmers have already ordered fertilizer.

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements — Klemme, Iowa

Local News!

Mr. and Mrs. Pieper from Meservey were Klemme visitors Friday.

Dwight Smith of Garner was in town Saturday, disposing of oil stock.

M. O. Hocum and family autoed to Garner Saturday evening for a visit.

May 15th is the biggest day this year! Let's go fishing!

Miss Hattie Gutterman of Garner, spent Sunday with Klemme friends.

August Lau was at Garner Monday between trains on business.

Mrs. Cordes of Goodell, was visiting in Klemme Saturday between trains.

The union prayer meeting which was held at the M. E. church last Thursday evening was well attended.

Miss Donna Baumgartner was a passenger to Garner Monday for a visit.

Octave Church came from Garner Friday evening for a short visit with her Klemme girl friends.

Mr. ad Mrs. Fred Lemke from Meservey, were in Klemme last Friday shopping.

Donna and Johnie Baumgartner went to Garner last Friday to take in the Garner high school field meet.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Jorgenson and Mr. and Mrs. Louis Mulroney drove over from Garner Friday for a visit with the Editor and wife.

Dr. C. B. Tice and family, who have spent several weeks in Klemme, returned to Mason City about a week ago.

Drs. Reuber & Zinn are gradually getting their building erected after several weeks of delay. They will push the building as rapidly as possible in order to get room for their many improvements.

Mrs. Schroeder, our neighbor across the street, has adorned her garden with a fine new steel fence—which will make it ather hard for us to swipe vegetables from that direction this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Barz and daughter, Naomi, and Katherine Zeiger, autoed over from Garner last Thursday evening for a visit with Klemme relatives.

The First National Bank have a statement in this issue showing how the business stood at the close of business on May 4th. Total footings being past the half million dollar mark. It's a good showing.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Ell, Lee Ell and Albert Yahnke left last Friday evening for Chicago to drive three new Ford Cars back to Klemme. They got the cars back in good shape and record time.

The streets of Grner are pretty well torn up now as they have begun excavating for the paving. The streets running north and south on each side of main street are to be paved first, begining at the east entrance to the town.

A number of auto loads of Klemme Odd Fellows went to Garner last week Tuesday to take in the big doings which the Ganer organization put on at their hall that evening. A banquet was served and a musical program was also given.

Messrs. M. O. Hocum and P M. Griesemer drove to Mason City last Friday afternoon on business and while there stayed over to take in the Commandery, a higher brach of the Masonic Lodge. Special work was being put on that evening.

The town of Thompson have organized a band for this year and the unique part of it is that about half the players are ladies, some married and some still a "Miss." They have twenty pieces in the band. They expect to give concerts about the first of June.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Day, accompanied by Mrs. J. E. Baumgartner, drove to Garner last Friday evening where Mrs. Baumgartner took the morning train for Mason City. J. E., who has been in the hospital there for about two weeks recovering from an operation for apapendicitis, returned with her and they arrived in Klemme Saturday night. We are glad to see "Bum" back again in town. Altho he was a little wobbly on his pins for a while he is looking as good as ever again and says he feels fine.

Iowa State Happenings

False branding of bread, as to net weight, was given a blow by W. B. Barney of the state food and dairy commission. Barney has ruled that after July 1 all wrapped bread will have to bear a label showing the net weigh of the loaf.

Fire which, according to the occupants, was started by a spontaneous combustion in the coal bin, seriously damaged the Ottumwa Blank Book company and two adjoining places of business with an estimated loss of $7,500 to $10,000.

This year the common June bugs, which are the parents of the white grubs, will appear in large swarms. These swarms will be especially noticeable in that part of the state north and east of Cedar Rapids about June 1. Trees will be stripped of their leaves by these insects during this time, but there will be no injury to crops.

Four hundred former army trucks have been delivered to the Iowa state highway commission for work on Iowa roads this summer. A great share of those have already been sent to the counties for use while a central fleet of 200 will be kept in Ames for emergency work. Of the latter number 150 are three-ton trucks and the balance are lighter cars for inspection work.

The new automobile law is providing a large fund for highway improvement. The first of April, 356,685 automobile license plates had been issued this year. Collections total $5,067,367.-33. Ninety-four per cent of this sum goes to the state highway fund. It is expected that 425,000 auto license plates will be issued and that another million dollars or more will accrue to the state highway fund.

Denying that he quit the ministry because he intended to sue his wife for divorce, Rev. C. H. Morris, formerly pastor of Central Church of Christ of Marshalltown, and widely known in the Christian denomination in Iowa, has entered a controversy in the newspapers of Denver, Colo., in defense of his action in suing for divorce his charming and talented wife, Mrs. Ethel MacDougal Morris.

Travelers waiting at the Union station in Cedar Rapids for trains either have to patronize the depot soda fountain or go thirsty. Railroad authorities advised the custodian of the station that Cedar Rapids water was unfit to drink, although the city chemist, who makes a daily analysis, has not found it to be that bad and physicians have not traced any sickness to such cause. Anyway, the bubblers at the depot aren't working.

The directors of the Iowa State Fair association will offer $132,492 in cash premiums at the 1920 state fair. Cattle top the list with $37,583 in premiums, with horses exhibited standing to win $27,305. General agricultural exhibits can win up to $10,900 and boys' and girls' clubs will contest for $5,266.50 in cash awards. An old-time horse shoe pitching contest will net $300 to the winners. Speed events have a purse of $21,500. There will be an even $100 in prizes for those who enter the "spelling bee."

After a continuous residence on the old home farm for 50 years, the Misses Eleanor and Belle Fraser of near Bradford are leaving the farm and will make their home in Bradford. The sisters came to the place that has so long been home to them in April, 1870. At that time there was nothing to mark the spot except a straw stack and five acres broken. Only five houses existed between them and Iowa Falls. There was none between there and the Popejoy home, present site of the town of that name. Their home was the half-way place between Alden and Hampton.

A woman giving her home address as Ames has been going up and down the state selling a map that purports to be an official publication issued by the state highway commission. This map is labeled, "Official Highway Guide." Also it contains a note, "This is a true and approved copy of the official highways and roads on file with the Iowa highway commission." The state highway commission has issued a statement to the effect that it stands sponsor for no map and has no connection whatever with any alleged official guides.

Thirty-nine cows and heifers sold in Marshalltown for $120,175, an average of $3,082, and the one bull offered brought $6,200, making the total $126,375 of $3,160 for the 40 head. The top price was $11,100 paid for Blackcap Lassie, Sixteenth, calved May 27, 1917. The sale was largely attended, women making up half of the crowd. The offerings were all sold to breeders in the state with one exception, Blackcap of H. D., which went to John Mills of Kirksville, Mo., for $5,000.

At least $100,000,000 worth of Iowa farm products cannot be moved on account of the freight car shortage. Unless they can be moved within sixty days the farmers will be compelled to hold them until the new crop is added to them, on account of the demand for cars for moving coal, etc.

A recent meeting of the farmers and others interested in Des Moines county in a new co-operative company was held in Danville recently and it was decided to organize a company capitalized at $20,000. Of this amount $14,000 has already been raised.

Keep your stock Healthy

Dr. Blackman's
Medicated Salt Brick
Price 25c

Sal---Tonik
50 lb. Block $3.50

Place the bricks or blocks anywhere so the cattle can lick them, keeps them healthy.

Sal--Vet

The great Worm destroyer and Stock Tonic.

Sold by
HENRY LAU & SONS

Overland

Overland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

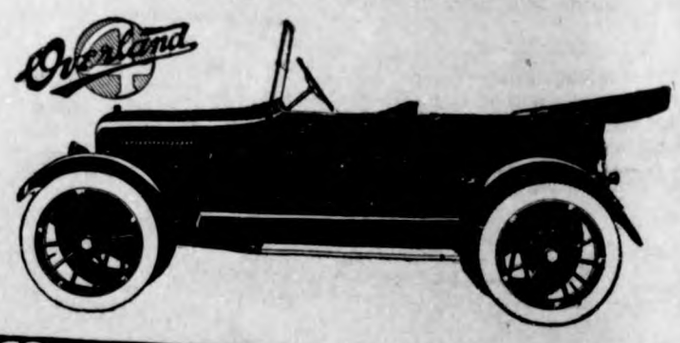
Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at
Right Prices



Willys Knight
PHONE 30
C. W. Wiles Garage
YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST
KLEMME, IA.

Howard Doyle & Co.
Klemme, Iowa

Painters and Decorators

We are ready to do your job of painting or decorating, either interior or exterior. We always do good work.

Let us figure on your job--large or small.

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

Spring Announcement

This week we want to announce the arrival of our Spring Goods both in the Ladies department and the Gents furnishing.

We Invite the Ladies

to look over our new line of

Waists Blouses Hosiery
Dress Goods Curtain Goods
Camisoles Petticoats
Dress Trimmings Footwear

Gentlemen

will find here a complete line of

Silk Shirts Dress Shirts Ties
Silk & Linen Collars Hats
Caps Belts Shoes

Get your Garden Seeds Here!
Our stock of Groceries the Best.

G. W.

Kluckhohn & Sons

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

M. O. Hocum
The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

Local News

C. H. Tompkins, of Garner, was a Klemme visitor Monday.

Ray Nelson, of Garner, was a Klemme visitor Saturday evening.

R. A. Jorgenson was at Garner Friday on business between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Buzicky of Britt were in Klemme Friday visiting.

Mr. and Mrs. Dan Miller of Goodell were Klemme callers Friday.

Henry Church came over from Garner Friday noon on business here.

C. C. Tessier was over from Garner last Friday doing electrical work here.

Mrs. Wright from Britt was visiting at the Wm. Wenz home last week.

Mrs. Valentine Josten is on the sick list this week.

Dick Osborn and family, of Kanawha, were Klemme visitors Saturday.

Marlin Croner and wife and Mrs. Schroeder autoed to Mason City last Thursday.

Miss Betty Pritchard came from Garner Friday evening with Mabel Waterman for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Sweigard, of Garner, were in Klemme Monday visiting with old friends.

A fine baby boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Suckow one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Willer of Meservey were visiting in Klemme last Thursday afternoon.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Neuhring last Saturday morning. Fred says "he is some fine boy alright."

Mrs. Trafford came from Illinois last week to remain for some time visiting at the home of her son, W. H. Trafford and family.

Belmond gave their first band concert Saturday night on the street. They have a bunch of experienced players and will no doubt have one of the bst bands near here.

Wm. Hampell's ten year old boy fell from a horse about a week ago, breaking one of his arms. The boy is getting along well now and soon will be as good as new again.

Man with small family wanted for steady work year round. Can furnish 4-room living quarters. 55c per hour, work rain or shine. Apply Belmond Cement Manufacturing Co., Belmond.

Mrs. George Bartholomew, a former resident of Klemme, and who at one time worked for Frank Gruetzmacher, died at Titonka last Friday. The cause of her death was a stroke of paralysis.

Kanawha and Belmond have both organized ball teams for this year and are getting their diamonds in shape for the games. Kanawha will play Sunday games at the lake east of Kanawha.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Gimer have purchased a nice home at Mason City. We understand that they will move to that enterprising city some time in August. Mr. Gimer is giving up the creamery work on account of his health.

The show which was here all last week at the Idle Hour drew a large crowd, especially on Saturday night when the house was packed and there was S. R. O. (standing room only). Manager Pavey has some big pictures coming in the near future. This week Saturday night he shows a special picture featuring Helen Gardner in "Cleopatra." Another big picture will be "The Boomerang" on the 25th. adv

E. P. Healy, of Britt, was in Klemme Friday talking to the voters and also to visit old friends. Mr. Healy is out for representative and we believe if he is elected to the office he will mak a good executive as he has years of practical business experience. Thos. Thompson of Garner, who is now County Treasurer, is his opponent for office. Both the men are good men and both will make good representatives for the office if elected. It seems to be heads or tails as to who is the best man.

Curiosity of Language.

The Greek word for iron, sideros, is the same as Latin for star, now called sun. But how did this happen? The good Greeks centuries B. C. had no spectroscopes and were not aware that iron exists in a billion suns. This curiosity of language was noticed by linguists once spectroscopists proved that iron is seen in every direction in the sideral (iron) universe.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

I hereby announce myself a candiate for re-election for Supervison, subject to the will of the republican voters at the June primaries. H. C. MEYER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of recorder of Hancock county, at the June 1920 primaries.

HATTIE M. ALDRIDGE

I hereby announce my candidacy for State Senator from the 43rd district composed of the counties of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of the above counties at the primaries in June, 1920. W. P. Chambers.

CLASSIFIED

Live Stock For Sale

FOR SALE—17 head of Young Stock, weighing from 150 to 450 pounds each. H. Beek, Goodell, Ia. 3w

For Sale

FOR SALE—282 acres of good land in Western Canada, near Standard. House, barn, feced, 100 acres broke. $50.00 an acre, $3,000.00 cash, balance on terms. For further information write

FRED REIFFENSTEIN,
Standard, Alta., Canada.

NOTICE—Can use 2 or 3 steady milk customers. Price 12c quart from a thoroughbred Guernsey. Do not deliver. Inquire of Walter Lau.

Found and lost articles

TAKEN UP—A steer came to my place April 15th. Owner can have same by proving property, paying for keep a dnadvertising. Tim Waddingham. 2w.

FOUND—Small alligator wrench and bicycle wrench. Owner may have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this notice.

LOST—Radiator cap for Overland Car. Return to Times Office.

Wanted

Wanted—To do sewing. Mrs. Gilbert Schaefer. tf.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Order your magazines, dailies or other reading matter at the Times Office. Advertisement.

This Bank is a public institution run for the private good of its patrons and friends.

In our public capacity we work for the good of the community at large.

Privately, a much closer relationship exists between ourselves and our customers.

If you want a Bank Service that seems built especially for **you**, we invite your account.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSIT SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA.

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Even with building costs high, the prosperity of the next few years is certain to make profitable the building of today.

As sure as the sun shines this good business advice and you will regret it if you wait for better building conditions.

Come to us for your estimates. We will hely to make your plans interesting to you.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

HOME TOWN HELPS

URGES ALL TO OWN HOME

Secretary of Labor Wilson Gives Many Reasons Why Building Should Be Undertaken Now.

I want to see every worker own his own home.

A man can borrow money on what he puts into a home. He can't on what he pays out for rent.

Your bank will assist you to build a home.

Own a home for your children's sake.

Construction adds to the wealth of the country. Build now.

A comfortable home is the first step to independence. Any official of your bank will tell you more about it.

Let us make America a nation of home owners. The president of your bank will be glad to talk it over with you.

Save your money by building a home.

During the war it was patriotic not to build. Now we can best show our patriotism by building.

Add to the nation's wealth and your own resources by building a home. The officials of your bank will advise you how to finance it.

Let everyone employed on this job help set a pace that will make building popular and profitable.

Best efforts on this building will prove an inspiration for some one to erect another near-by.

"One good turn deserves another." Good work here will encourage others to build.

Efficient work here will encourage others to build elsewhere.

Build now that city hall, courthouse, schoolhouse, church, factory, memorial. Build now.—W. B. Wilson, secretary of labor.

GET BUSY ON THAT GARDEN

Cultivation of Vegetables Just as Important This Year as It Was in 1919.

With springtime, we ought to have a revival of interest in gardens. For, whatever the paragraphers may have said about the war gardens, the fact is that they did a lot of good. We ought to have more of them this year than we have ever had; there will be just as much need for them.

The war gardens did not receive the credit to which they were entitled. Few people appreciated just how much they helped the nation. Funny stories were told concerning them; facetious remarks were made in connection with those who undertook to grow a little food in the backyard. But every vegetable brought to maturity contributed just that much to cutting the cost of living for the producer.

There is no reason to believe that garden vegetables will be cheaper this year than they were last year. There is every indication, in fact, that they will be fully as high or higher. It is going to cost just as much to produce the vegetables; labor is no cheaper this spring than it was last spring—nor is anything else. So it will be well for people who have a plat of ground to begin figuring upon growing something upon it, and this is the season to do the figuring.—Columbus Dispatch.

Many More Gardens Needed.

Thousands of families learned the value of home gardens in wartime. United States department of agriculture specialists believe it essential that these families' interest be maintained and that other thousands be added to the home-food producers.

"Now is the time to begin making plans for your 1920 thrift garden," these specialists declare. "First, locate a piece of suitable land; second, make your plan; third, get your seeds; fourth, start work at the earliest possible moment."

A request to the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., will bring a booklet that will tell how to plan your garden, how much seed to buy, how to get the land in shape for cultivation, how to take every other step in the process of making your back yard or some other vacant lot help feed you.

Old Prediction Verified.

Utilization of the Nile as a source of Palestine's water supply, predicted thousands of years ago, when the ancients were combating the same problem, was accomplished by a remarkable engineering achievement of General Allenby's army. Pipes were laid from the "sweet water canal" near Kantara, which has its source in the Nile, and water pumped at the rate of several million gallons a day across the Suez canal, through the desert, supplies the lower portion of Palestine.

Neglectful Husbands.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., said in a discussion of the divorce evil:

"So many men are like Dr. Cutler.

"'Doctor,' I said to him one day, 'how is it I never see you any more at the theater or restaurant with your former sweetheart, Miss Amanda?'

"'Oh, Amanda's married now,' said Dr. Cutler.

"'Indeed!' said I. 'To whom?'

"'To me,' said Dr. Cutler."

1. Constantinople During British Occupation. 2. Prominent Women Stage Demonstration at Washington in Favor of Irish Freedom. 3. Naval Officer Who Sailed for England to Bring Back the Dirigible Recently Purchased From the British Government.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Insurgent Switchmen Call a Strike in Defiance of Regular Unions and Force Tie-Up.

FRENCH TROOPS IN GERMANY

Japanese Take Vladivostok and Will Stay in Siberia—The Rent Situation in America—Liberals Gain in Denmark—Lakes-to-Sea Ship Canal Project Up.

By E. F. CLIPSON.

The railroad strike which started in Chicago and became acute coincident with the Easter blizzard, spread rapidly until nearly every prominent rail center in the country was affected. The first few days found traffic seriously disorganized around the Great Lakes and some other portions of the middle West by the double results of the storm and the walkout. From the beginning it was evident that the labor trouble was not one directly involving the men and their employers, but was an internal fight taking on the characteristics of civil war among the unions themselves.

Starting with a rebellion of radical elements among switchmen against the authority of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Switchmen's union of North America, it spread and was supported by similar elements in other branches of railway employment. Insurgent switchmen, however, formed the center of the movement and the other railway unions were involved to a lesser extent. Many enginemen, firemen and others were forced to stop work, but it appears that few of them walked out voluntarily. They were rendered idle by the action of the switchmen.

The strike was unauthorized, a breach of contract, and received no sanction from brotherhood officials. In fact, it was condemned at once by the regular officials and their organizations to the extent that they have aided in every way its suppression, even going to the unprecedented length of authorizing strike breakers and sanctioning the employment of men from other unions to take the places of the striking switchmen. Many switchmen have stood by their regular organizations refusing to take any part tacitly or otherwise in the outlaw action. During the worst periods of the trouble probably 50 per cent of the switchmen have been at work and loyal in their sentiments to the regular organization. Taking into consideration others also loyal in sentiment but intimidated by the radicals, it becomes evident that a substantial majority was opposed to the strike. Among the other important unions the percentage of "regulars" has been much higher than among the switchmen.

Responsible unionism has been under fire and has borne a heavy attack with the public, as usual, the chief sufferer. The whole railroad wage question was scheduled for early consideration and a complete hearing under the new railroad law. The strike was a virtual serving of notice that the insurgents cared nothing for the law and would not wait for a hearing—in effect a defiance of responsible unionism, law and the public. At least, so it is regarded by the officials of railway brotherhoods, employers and public sentiment so far as it can be gleaned. In the strike are clearly reflected the borrowed doctrines of European radicals, and many observers profess to see the direct results of propaganda by the Russian "Third Internationale" and its most prominent sentimental proponent in this country—the I. W. W.

After a few days of the strike railway officials were claiming in a few instances almost normal restoration of traffic and in general, conditions 40 to 50 per cent of normal. But the whole country has been hampered with a curtailment of the movement of food, fuel, perishable commodities and practically all the necessaries of life. Employment has been affected with a consequent lessening of production, contributing to further increase in prices and the cost of living. But since responsible unionism has been under direct attack and public sentiment has been aroused, the two forces see a clearing of the atmosphere and ultimate good as a result of the fray.

Germany seems surprised and endeavors to muster a show of indignation that the French should have taken seriously the terms of the peace treaty. With the movement of the German reichswehr in unauthorized force into the Ruhr basin (part of the neutral zone of 50 kilometers on the right bank of the Rhine) the French promptly occupied the German cities of Frankfort, Darmstadt, Homburg, Hanau and Dieburg and surrounding territory. French officialdom points out that Germany had already slipped out of ten compliances with the treaty, the most important being failure to disarm, nonpayment of indemnities, no prosecution of her war criminals and failure to deliver coal to France; also that if permitted to get away with such a vital violation as invasion of the neutral zone, she would soon discard all pretenses of living up to the pact. It is further pointed out that Noske far from reducing Germany's army to the point demanded in the treaty, had really been building up a great and potent military force from the remnants of the old army. The French, and they are not alone in the assertion, claim that Germany still has 12,500 cannon, and could now mobilize more than 2,000,000 trained men armed with rifles, machine guns and minenwerfer. The assertions are a tribute to German organizing efficiency and charge that camouflaged as auxiliary troops, safety guards, policemen, civic guards, regulars, volunteers, home guards, etc., the country really has no less than 3,500,000 men who can be called upon and 2,000,000 who could be rendered immediately effective. Every man in the country was recently a soldier and now each one under Noske's genius, has become a policeman or something similar, belonging to a military organization and with a complete military equipment in his home. The French occupation has been criticized as lacking allied support, but the allies were drifting apart on important matters before that. At any rate, the occupation appears to be complete so far as it has gone and promises to end with a compromise with allied supervision of German operations in the Ruhr districts or full German compliance with French terms.

American forces have left Siberia while Czecho-Slovaks and others are getting out as rapidly as possible, with the exception of the Japanese. Japan will not leave Siberia for the present, having on the contrary, occupied the city of Vladivostok and ended the Red regime there. Prior to that had occurred several brushes between the Russians and Japanese, notably an engagement March 18-20, at Nikolaevsk, in which the latter lost 700 men. Japan is said to fear the extension of bolshevik theories to Korea, Japan itself, Manchuria and other spheres of Japanese influence. Czecho-Slovak officers recently arrived in this country do not hesitate to assert the belief that German intrigue figures in the far Eastern situation and that ultimately Germany, Russia and Japan will reach a workable understanding if not an actual alliance.

In the training camp for the great presidential contest Hiram Johnson had an inning distinctly all his own in the result of the Michigan primary. The California senator made a runaway race of it, badly distancing all competitors. Lowden supporters claim it was a setback for Wood, while Wood supporters claim it was a setback for Lowden. It was a setback for all the Republican candidates except Johnson, so far as Michigan is concerned. That state has been undergoing some severe political throes since Ford carried it in 1916 and received the state's vote on the first ballot in the Republican convention. Affiliations and alignments have suffered many changes since. The recent prosecution and conviction of Senator Newberry and a number of his supporters has thrown further discord into the Republican ranks. Senator Johnson seized the psychological moment and made a vigorous, effective personal campaign. New York will send uninstructed delegates to both conventions, although Leonard Wood's managers claim the Republican delegates will favor his nomination. Rhode Island also sends an uninstructed delegation. Senator Johnson is conceded a good chance in New Jersey where he has been making a strong campaign, also in Nebraska and most of the Rocky mountain and Pacific coast states. Much interest attaches to the primaries in Illinois, Indiana and Ohio.

The battle between landlords and tenants in the United States assumes almost equal interest with strikes, politics, national and international problems. In New York recently enacted anti-rent-profiteering legislation, received its first tests with results wholly favorable to tenants. In every case tried evictions were defeated and tenants were granted stay-overs of from one to three months when they proved their inability to find new homes. In Chicago and many other cities tenants are organizing leagues to resist what they consider unduly increased rents. Many court battles are impending and in some cases arbitration has been invoked successfully, resulting in some compromises and some material reductions. Real estate boards have acted effectively in some instances in settling controversies and the problem is receiving wide attention from municipal authorities and financiers. Loan corporations with large capital have been formed in a number of cities to promote building and help end the housing shortage. In spite of all remedial measures and all the oil being poured upon the troubled waters, landlords and tenants are looking toward May 1 and other moving days, with misgiving.

Denmark having staged its demonstration, is outwardly quiet. The net result of the disturbance seems to be a distinct gain for the liberal elements, with the king considerably out of favor and an increased leaning of the people toward a republic. Both reactionism and radicalism received setbacks; the former through the will of the people to have the constitution amended and strengthened, and the latter in the failure of agitation to secure its entire abolishment. As a result of the troubles the king was forced to dismiss the unpopular cabinet of M. Liebe and permit the formation of a new ministry headed by M. Friis, which is considered popular enough to endure at least until the elections of April 22.

Construction of a ship canal from the Great Lakes to the sea, utilizing the St. Lawrence river, will be widely agitated during the coming year and undoubtedly will be a live issue in congress. Investigation of the project was authorized by congress over a year ago. Canada took similar action with the result that an international joint commission was formed which is now making surveys with a view to reporting both to the congress of the United States and the parliament of Canada, as to cost and feasibility. The organization chiefly interested in pushing the canal is known as the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence Tidewater association, composed of 14 states—Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota, Idaho, Wyoming, Montana, Colorado and Nebraska. Active opposition has developed among commercial organizations in New York state and the issue promises to be keen.

Failure of the bolshevik offensive against Poland leaves that country in better position to enforce its peace terms with the Russian reds, the principal item of which is a reconstitution of the Polish frontier line of 1772 running roughly along the Dwina and Dniester rivers. Plebiscites among the inhabitants are provided for and may modify the boundary to some extent, but it is believed, not essentially. Expecting to inflict a peace by force, the bolshevik government last month refused to consider the main Polish terms. The Roumanians, Letts and Esthonians are reported to have reached an agreement with the reds and to be awaiting the result of peace pourparlers at Warsaw.

A HERO'S WELCOME

By DAISY M. TWORT.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"Conrad is coming tonight!" Louise Pearson cried as she paused beside the counter behind which Frances Keith stood measuring off a yard of ribbon for a waiting customer.

"We can't tell just what time, but as soon as his mother knows that he is in town, she is to phone everyone on the street, and we all are going to turn our lights on, and so have a grand illumination by way of a welcome home. As you have no phone, you'll have to keep watch, and when the lights go on, you can set a lamp in your window. It will look awfully old-fashioned, but I suppose it is the best you can do. If your folks didn't belong among the old families, your poor little house would have been hustled off the street years ago," and with an irritating laugh, Louise turned away.

Conrad Roberts was the most popular boy in the small town of Firsex, and the girls had vied with one another in showering attentions upon him while he had been in France.

During high school days, he had shown a decided preference for the society of Frances Keith, but now he was coming home as a hero, it was rumored that Louise Pearson would be the favored one. Not only was she unusually attractive, but she was also a favored child of fortune, and her pretty clothes and her runabout were the envy of all the other girls.

Louise herself took it for granted that Conrad would seek her out first. She was sure he had written to her more often than to any of the other girls; an opinion which Frances did not share.

Extracts from Louise's letters found their way into the local papers, and were read at the afternoon clubs. Frances felt that hers were too sacred to show to anyone excepting her mother. It seemed to her quite too good to be true, that Conrad was on his way home at last; and it was with difficulty that she calmed herself sufficiently to pay attention to the wants of the people who found their way into the store that afternoon.

It was not until she was on her way home, that the remembrance of Louise's irritating laugh came to trouble her.

"I don't believe I will light our lamp at all," she said to her mother. "It will only emphasize our poverty, and seem such a stingy welcome to Conrad when all the other houses on the street are brilliantly lighted."

"Don't be foolish," Mrs. Keith advised, "If Conrad is the boy I think he is, he will realize that old-fashioned things are sometimes the most dependable. Set the light in the front window, and run up the shade, so as to give the house a cheerful look, then busy yourself about something that will take up your mind. It is more than likely that Conrad will not come tonight, but walk in upon us sometime in broad daylight, when we least expect him."

With a sigh of impatience, Frances arose to follow out her mother's suggestion. Going into the kitchen she took from the shelf a large lamp, carefully trimmed the wick and polished the chimney until it shone. As she lit it, she fervently wished that she had a fairy wand, by a wave of which she could change the feeble glow of the kerosene lamp into a bright light that would send a welcoming ray far down the street.

"Conrad never will notice it," she reflected dismally as she placed the lamp in one of the front windows. Having done this, she returned to the living room, where she settled herself to work upon the sweater that was to make her little sister happy on Christmas morning.

So busy was she that the minutes slipped by unnoticed, and it was with surprise that she heard the clock strike eleven.

"Oh! do you suppose that Conrad has come?" she cried, springing up and running to the door to see if the other houses were lit up. As she looked out, she was astonished to find that the street was in darkness, not a light to be seen.

"Why, mother!" she called out, "it is perfectly black out-of-doors. Even the street lights are out."

As she spoke she caught the sound of a footstep and the next moment a familiar voice said:

"Is that you, Frances?"

It was Conrad. "Of all dark places this town is the blackest!" he cried, as he made his way up the steps and into the hall.

"There must be some trouble at the power station," Frances said, trying to steady her voice. "Mother told me that old-fashioned things were sometimes the most dependable. How glad I am that I lit our lamp after all."

"I am not sure, but I should have lost my way, if you hadn't," Conrad said. "I missed the last train from Rosehills and had to foot it. When I reached Firsex I found it in darkness; not a light in town excepting yours. It was my beacon star, just as you have been, dear heart."

"But Louise thinks it is she for whom you care," Frances returned in a troubled voice.

"Louise is well enough in her way," Conrad made answer, "but she is apt to be uncertain as her light was, and for a welcome home a fellow wants a light and a love that never fails."

Ancient Cities Built Near Water.

Every ancient city of note was located on or near the sea or a river.

"TAKING STO

Should Sentiment Always Precedence?

"Taking stock" of oneself is a odical duty, probably not always ticed, and is as necessary as stock of your household effects "store goods." The right minded will do this. In unmolested he gives way to deep meditation gathers his thoughts to ascert brains, energy, and ability are pating properly, working toget lines that answer to an ambition looks for a satisfactory return.

If there be a deficit, his should be to discover the leak may be that he lacks the nerve into a retrospective analysis, in initiative that will prompt throw his horoscope in the future less he can do these things never be able to pull himself any "rut" in which his condition placed him. He must "take st

"Stock taking" leads to mode efficiency, and is demanded of worker if unsatisfactory condition to be overcome. In the case of farmer it may be that he is a "too high-priced farm"; interest rent may be an "overhead" ite the profits. There may be other sons why profits are not shown, just possible that he is sacri profit and encouraging loss be of sentiment, but he does not that this is the cause. The farm his birthplace; reared upon it, knows every nook and corner of old place. He fished in the hunted squirrels in the woods, h the hayfield, grew to manhood upo place, courted and married and bro up his family there. These are that commend themselves, and shouldn't sentiment have a say? many this will appeal. But are good reasons to continue? Does one owe it to himself and to his pendents to "take stock," and put to effect action that will bring a ance on the credit side of the ledg the balance that will bring happi and give a comfort far greater tha mass of unpaid bills and a home of worry, and a devotion to sentim Should he not look around for favorable conditions, which may be found?

Procrastination is said to be a th In this case the axiom is undoubte true. To allow the adverse condit under which you may be laboring continue may keep you for years in the present unsatisfactory positi

There was a man at Brazil, I who made weekly visits for upw of a year to the office of the Cana government at Indianapolis, Ind., from the agent secured all the inform tion he possibly could as to condit in Western Canada. But he lacked cision, did not "take stock," or if took it, failed to act. This was fo teen years ago. He lived on a s farm, which gave him a mere existe and no promise of anything more. is still on the same place and no bet off today than then. He had a fri working in a glass factory, who a had but little means. He became terested in Western Canada. He p sessed, though, spirit and action. W the impulse thus prompted he mov to Saskatchewan and took up a far Today he is the owner of a splen section of land, has plenty of mon in the bank, and could retire with handsome competence.

That which has been the good fo tune of the Brazil glass worker, w had "taken stock" and profited by may be that which will follow a other of like temperament and a f wish to erect for a satisfactory futur

Western Canada submits for cons eration and approval conditions in a ricultural lines that are exceptiona There is land there that annually pro duces about the same return as an other farming land, and it can be pu chased at but a portion of what t place which has not been a source profit can be sold for. A section i stead of a quarter-section, worked u der western conditions, with no mo effort, solves the big "overhead" ex pense. The social conditions, whi are an important factor in decidin on a new home location, are ideal.—Advertisement.

The lazy man would rather ta half a loaf than work for a whol one.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview on the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

eumonia often follows a
glected Cold
THE COLD!
HILL'S
SCARA QUININE
BROMIDE
Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture.
At All Drug Stores

Cuticura Soap
—The Safety Razor—
Shaving Soap
ura Soap shaves without mug. Everywhere 25c.

RTH STAR LAND CO.
ved and unimproved farms for sale in Nicollet, Sibley and Renville Co.
r Write H. Knipple, Gibbon, Minn.

RM FOR SALE
oved Southern Minnesota Farm. 270 , with good buildings, to be sold with ithout crop and personal property, from purchaser to buyer; reasonable . Meet Sidney C. Rieke, at Dakota e, New Ulm, Minn., April 12 or 15.

AK FINISHING—A free enlargement, from each roll sent us for finishing. Send prices and particulars. Topeka Photo y Company, Box 427, Topeka, Kansas.

tion Farmers—Free—Descriptive book- Eastern Idaho, land of farm opportu- Sec'y Commercial Club, Driggs, Idaho

HAD TERRIBLE COUGH AND NIGHT SWEATS

Cough about gone, eats and sleeps well, and gained 12 pounds.

"In December, 1913, I had a fearful cough, and my physician ordered me to change climate immediately. I went to San Antonio, Texas, and entered a sanatorium. Left there and came to Oklahoma City in October, 1915. Had no appetite, could not sleep, had night sweats and was losing from one to three pounds a week. I also had catarrh of the bowels, which the doctors had been unable to relieve.

"Relatives urged me to try Milks Emulsion. I did so and began to improve, slowly at first, but steadily. My weight has increased 12 pounds, I have no temperature, and my cough is about gone. I can eat heartily, sleep well, and am working at my trade again."—V. W. Neff, 610 No. Dewey St., Oklahoma City, Okla.

Nature does wonders in fighting off disease, if given the chance. Milks Emulsion is a powerful help in providing strength and flesh. It costs nothing to try.

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.—Adv.

Exception to Rule.

Alice—"You can't get something from nothing." Edith—"Can't you? I got a proposal from Algy."

You Can't Rub It Away; Rheumatism is in the Blood

Liniments Will Never Cure.

If you are afflicted with Rheumatism, why waste time with liniments, lotions and other local applications that never did cure Rheumatism, and never will?

Do not try to rub the pain away. Try the sensible plan of finding the cause of the pain, and go after that. Remove the cause, and you remove the pain.

You will never be rid of Rheumatism until you cleanse your blood of the germs that cause the disease. S. S. S. has never had an equal as a blood purifier and scores of sufferers say that it has cleansed their blood of Rheumatism, and removed all trace of the disease from their system.

Get a bottle of S .S. S., and get on the right treatment to-day. Special medical advice free. Address Medical Director, 111 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

The Right Way

in all cases of
DISTEMPER, PINKEYE
FLUENZA, COLDS, ETC.
of all horses, brood mares, colts and stallions is to
"SPOHN THEM"
on the tongue or in the feed with
POHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND
ve the remedy to all of them. It acts the blood and glands. It routs the sease by expelling the germs. It ards off the trouble, no matter how ey are "exposed." A few drops a day revent those exposed from contract- g disease. Contains nothing injuri- us. Sold by druggists, harness deal- rs or by the manufacturers. 60 cents d $1.15 per bottle. AGENTS WANT- D.
SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, GOSHEN, IND.

WAS GONE BEYOND RECALL

Headgear for Which Young Wife Had Pined Adorned Head of One More Fortunate.

"Every day for a week," the young wife said wistfully, "I've gone down to look at a hat in a show window—a wonderful hat, Tom; the kind of hat a woman dreams of but sees only once in years. Of course, I knew that I could not hope to buy it, as it was far more expensive than we could afford. The price was—"

"Perhaps we could manage it, dear, if you wish it so much," Tom interrupted fondly. "Business has been a little better the last month. I have two new contracts for large apartment houses. How much is the hat?"

"That is dear of you, Tom," she responded with a grateful smile, though her eyes grew sad, "but it is too late. Our cook happened to pass the store. I saw her wearing it home."

Tough on the Patient.

Nurse—Oh, doctor, what shall I do? Your patient followed your directions perfectly.

Doctor—Well, there's nothing to worry over.

Nurse—Yes, there is; the directions blew out the window and he jumped out to follow them.

Some men know more, some less, and some not even so much.

SOMETHING TO WORK WITH

Young Man Perfectly Willing to Practice Economy if Old Gentleman Would Supply Materials.

There is a well-known banker whose only son does not, his father contends, appreciate the value of a dollar by about 99 cents. A short time ago the youth approached the old gentleman with a request for a considerable sum in addition to his regular allowance.

"Look here, my boy," the father said severely. "You do not seem to realize that you spend a great deal of money—throw it away, in fact. Don't you think it about time that you began to economize a bit?"

"Yes, I do, father," the young man responded earnestly. "Been thinking just that—fine thing, economy; provide against rainy day, and all that sort of rot. I'd love to start right in economizing, but I can't, because I haven't a cent to economize. If you'll just pass over that thousand, however, I will begin, right away!"

Gulls of the Pacific Coast.

Along the Pacific coast there are three common species, the glaucous-winged, the western and the California gulls, which are not found in the East. They are white-headed species, not strikingly different from the herring gull.—A. A. Allen, in American Forestry.

FARM ANIMALS

BEEF ANIMAL FOR HOME USE

Unprofitable Cow or Heifer That Does Not Promise to Be Good Producer May Be Killed.

The farmer buys more beef than he takes from the farm. Only about 10 per cent of meat furnished by the average farm is beef. In the North and West the average consumption of beef per family is nearly 300 pounds and in the South it is less than 100 pounds.

The beef animal killed for home use, suggest specialists of the United States department of agriculture, may be a beef steer or an unprofitable cow, or a heifer that does not promise to be a good producer and would not bring a good price for beef on the market. Very little veal is killed on

Most Farmers Buy Beef From Village Butchers Who Operate Wagons in Country.

the farm for home use. Much of the beef bought by farmers is bought in the summer from village butchers who operate meat wagons or cars in the country. On the average farm there are no facilities for keeping fresh meat during warm weather.

STEER-FEEDING EXPERIMENT

Cottonseed Meal and Velvet Beans Used With and Without Addition of Shelled Corn.

In a steer-feeding experiment conducted last year on the government farm at Beltsville, Md., four lots of two-year-old steers were fed. The purpose was to compare cottonseed meal and soaked velvet beans when used with and without the addition of shelled corn.

The addition of corn to a ration composed of corn silage, cottonseed meal and wheat straw did not pay. The addition of corn to the ration of velvet beans and corn silage was profitable.

The lot receiving corn silage and soaked velvet beans with a small quantity of cottonseed meal as an appetizer produced the most economical gains and showed the greatest profit, even though the daily gains and the selling price of the cattle were lower than those of any of the other lots.

TO DOUBLE VALUE OF STOCK

President of Michigan Association Wants Every Farmer to Agree to Use Only Purebreds.

St. Joseph county, Mich., plans to double the value of its live stock within three years. Current activities to accomplish the purpose are described by William T. Langley, president of the St. Joseph County Live Stock Breeders' association, in a statement he has furnished the United States department of agriculture.

"We want every man," he declares, "to give us a pledge to use nothing but purebred sires.

"We have a sign in the making that reads 'Purebred Sire Farm' that we want posted on every farmyard gate.

"We want nothing but high-grade and purebred females."

A general association has been organized that includes the members of the various breeding associations and also all breeders of grades that pledge to use only purebred sires.

GROUND RYE BEST FOR PIGS

It Is Better Mixed in Equal Parts With Middlings, Ground Oats, Barley or Corn.

It is generally recommended that rye be ground for feeding to pigs. It is best mixed in equal amounts with middlings, ground oats, ground barley or corn. If the mixture is placed in the self-feeder, care must be taken to see that there is a good supply of water available for the pigs. They should have continual access to salt also.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

The higher the breed of cattle, the better is the beef.

* * *

There is no danger of a good grade of tankage spreading hog cholera.

* * *

A good bull is just as good as a stag as far as market value is concerned.

* * *

Horses are as poor as their feet. Always examine this section of their anatomy when a trade is in prospect.

SALTS IF BACKACHY AND KIDNEYS HURT

Stop Eating Meat for a While If Your Bladder Is Troubling You.

When you wake up with backache and dull misery in the kidney region it generally means you have been eating too much meat, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which overworks the kidneys in their effort to filter it from the blood and they become sort of paralyzed and loggy. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog you must relieve them, like you relieve your bowels; removing all the body's urinous waste, else you have backache, sick headache, dizzy spells; your stomach sours, tongue is coated, and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment, channels often get sore, water scalds and you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night.

Either consult a good, reliable physician at once or get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is a life saver for regular meat eaters. It is inexpensive, cannot injure and makes a delightful, effervescent lithia-water drink.—Adv.

Old clothes are about the only bad habits some women have.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

A variety stage transforms an actress into an artist.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the *result* of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

A brilliant orator is one who always uses the right word in the right place at the right time.

Many School Children are Sickly

and take cold easily, are feverish and constipated, have headaches, stomach or bowel trouble.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN

Used by Mothers for over 30 years

Are pleasant to take and a certain relief. They tend to break up a cold in 24 hours, act on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels and tend to correct intestinal disorders and destroy worms. 10,000 testimonials like the following from mothers and friends of children telling of relief. Originals are on file in our offices:

"I think MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN are grand. They were recommended to my sister by a doctor. I am giving them to my little three year old girl who was very puny, and she is picking up wonderfully."

"We have used MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN at different times for past nine years, and always found them a perfect children's medicine and very satisfactory in every case."

Get a package from your druggist for use when needed.

Do Not Accept Any Substitute for MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS.

Thousands of Happy Housewives in WESTERN CANADA

are helping their husbands to prosper—are glad they encouraged them to go where they could make a home of their own—save paying rent and reduce cost of living—where they could reach prosperity and independence by buying on easy terms.

Fertile Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land similar to that which through many years has yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. With such crops come prosperity, independence, good homes, and all the comforts and conveniences which make for happy living.

Farm Gardens—Poultry—Dairying

are sources of income second only to grain growing and stock raising. Good climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephone, etc., give you the opportunities of a new land with the conveniences of old-settled districts.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent

WESTERN CANADA Farm Lands Low Prices The Wheat Belt of America

MARTIN AND MARTIN ESTAB. 1882 CHICAGO

E-Z STOVE POLISH

Save time and hard work by using E-Z Stove Polish; absolutely dustless, smokeless, odorless; gives a durable — ebony-black shine.

Try a 10c box of E-Z *Oil* Shoe Polish. All colors and white. It saves the leather and prevents cracking. *Don't risk cheap polish.*

To open box just lift the latch.

E-Z SHOE POLISH

Some men get married because they are tired of being in love.

SHE WEARS NOTHING FADED AND SHABBY

But "Diamond Dyes" Her Old, Apparel Fresh and New.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, feathers—everything!

Direction Book in package tells how to diamond dye over any color. To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.—Adv.

Quack doctors are patient workers.

Too Much of a Good Thing.

"Did you ever try hot water for your trouble?" "Good heavens, man, I'm always in it!"

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

Three-fourths of the foreign-born people in the United States live in the cities.

Another Royal Suggestion

PIES and PASTRIES

From the NEW ROYAL COOK BOOK

CHEER up! There is no further reason for worrying about table variety. The new Royal Cook Book gives new suggestions for every meal every day. The book is so full of surprises there will never be another dull meal in the home. Here are a few suggestions from the new Royal Cook Book.

Plain Pastry

This recipe is for one large pie with top and bottom crust

2 cups flour
½ teaspoon salt
2 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
½ cup shortening
cold water

Sift together flour, salt and baking powder; add shortening and rub in very lightly with tips of fingers (the less it is handled the better the paste will be). Add cold water very slowly, enough to hold dough together (do not work or knead dough). Divide in halves; roll out one part thin on floured board and use for bottom crust. After pie is filled roll out other part for top.

Rich Pastry

2 cups pastry flour
½ teaspoon Royal Baking Powder
⅛ teaspoon salt
⅔ cup shortening
cold water

Sift flour, baking powder and salt; add one-half shortening and rub in lightly with fingers; add water slowly until of right consistency to roll out. Divide in halves; roll out one half thin; put on in small pieces half remaining shortening; fold upper and lower edges in to center; fold sides in to center, fold sides to center again; roll out thin and put on pie plate. Repeat with other half for top crust.

Apple Pie

1½ cups flour
1½ teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
½ teaspoon salt
2 tablespoons shortening
4 apples, or 1 quart sliced apples
2 tablespoons sugar
1 teaspoon milk

Sift flour, baking powder and salt; add shortening and rub in very lightly; add just enough cold water to hold dough together. Roll half out on floured board, line bottom of pie plate; fill in apples, which have been washed, pared and cut into thin slices; sprinkle with sugar; flavor with cinnamon or nutmeg; wet edges of crust with cold water; roll out remainder of pastry; cover pie, pressing edges tightly together and bake in moderate oven 30 minutes.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

FREE

By all means get the new Royal Cook Book—just out. Contains these and 400 other delightful, helpful recipes. Free for the asking. Write TODAY to

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
115 Fulton Street
New York City

"Bake with Royal and be Sure"

FOOD FORTIFIES
against exhaustion and illness—if it's the right kind of food.
Grape-Nuts
is easily digested and with cream or good milk is a well balanced ration that builds tissue and increases strength of body and mind.
"There's a Reason"

UNDER U.S. GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION

Coupon Clipping Day

May 15th is the time at which you realize ou your coupons for the Second Liberty Loan Bonds.

There are three choices. Take cash in exchange, have us credit your checking account, or place at interest with your savings.

We suggest the latter course, so you,ll benefit from compound interest.

Those who are not customers are invited to bring in their coupons.

First National Bank

KLEMME, IOWA

The True Measure of Value Is--

"What You Get For What You Pay"

You may buy clothing for less but you do not get the long service, perfect fit and lasting style that our cloth ing will give you.

Our clothing proves its "quality" from its first to its last days wear and costs less in the end.

Young men will find that our

Society Brand and
Adier-Rochester Suits

are the finest in the land. If you enjoy wearing keen up-to-the-minute clothes come and see us.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

RECIPE for a breakfast appetite!

A crinkly rasher of hickory-smoked bacon, country eggs sunny side up, buttered slices of nut-brown toast. . . . . AND that *fresh-from-the-oven fragrance* which curls up from a cup of good *"rich and mellow"* Chocolate Cream Coffee—

Chocolate Cream

"Rich and Mellow" COFFEE

TRIED IT LATELY? **Now put up like you seal fruits to retain their fresh flavor—same principle. The new hermetic seal cartons make a wonderful difference in the taste. Just try one pound!—60c**

WESTERN GROCER COMPANY

Subscribe Today at $2.00

Wm. Howard and Billy Busch left last Wednesday evening for Flint, Michigan, to drive two new Buick Sixes back to Klemme for the C. W. Wiles garage. They stopped over at Chicago Thursday and saw Cleveland wallop the White Sox in a ball game and then went on to Flint. They got back to Klemme, a distance of 748 miles, Monday afteroon. That was getting along pretty good. They had good roads all the way and enjoyed the trip.

The town of Wesley have recently installed an electric siren whistle as a fire alarm. The mayor tried it out last week Tuesday and according to the Wesley News-World the thing made some great noise and capable of disturbing the most sleepy man in the world. Garner recently installed a whistle of this kind and they also use it for a work whistle, blowing it at seven in the morning, at noon, and six in the evening, thereby testing it out three times a day so it is sure to work in case of fire.

Richard, the Hunchback.

Of all the kings of England, perhaps Richard, the hunchback, has the most sinister reputation, his only rival being the crafty John. He died on Bosworth field, fighting for the crown he had gained by murder. It is a matter of history as well as of Shakespeare—not always the same thing—that the tide of success turned against Richard when Lord Stanley took himself and his men from his side to that of Richmond. When hard pressed, Richard cried: "I am king of England! I will not budge an inch." Then, being overwhelmed, he died, crying, "Treason! Treason!"

No Substitute for Bread.

When bread ran short in 1812 Napoleon's generals tried to make up for it by issuing double, and even triple, rations of meat, but this, with other causes, contributed to the diseases which ravaged the forces. As far back as Caesar's campaigns there are records of similiar troubles, and Lord Wolseley in "The Soldiers' Pocket Book" refers to the desirability of making the soldier's rations palatable as well as abundant.

Bacteria Long Lived.

How long some bacteria may live under proper conditions is brought out by M. W. Lyon, Jr., of George Washington university in a letter to Science. He tells of a culture of organisms of paratyphoid beta kept for more than ten years sealed in a test tube at Howard university, which, when transferred to another medium, produced the reactions that proved the bacteria to be alive and active.

True In Some Cases.

A book reviewer in the London Times makes the rather remarkable assertion that the word "interesting" is not one that should ordinarily be applied to a work of fiction. It is remarkable because, for some occult reason, he considers the word unsuitable in its application to any fiction of whatever character. If he had said that it has no fitness when applied to much current fiction he would have aroused no surprise.—Exchange.

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.

Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Good Work Clothes, too

PERHAPS the Hancock County farmers, and a good many of our fellow townsmen, think we lose sight of the fact that they wear work clothes a big part of the time.

But we don't; we may not talk so much about them, but that's because buying them isn't so important a matter with you.

It's clothes for "dress up" that you're particular about; they involve more of an investment and they're the ones you rely on when you want to look right.

That's why we have Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes for you—they're stylish; worth the money.

But you'll find the same values in the things we have here for work wear. Shirts, overalls, gloves, caps, shoes—anything you need, at surprisingly low prices.

Our satisfaction guarantee goes with work clothes as well as the rest of our goods; money's worth or money back.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES ***GARNER, IOWA***

Hermoline

A BETTER LUBRICANT

—FROM THE FORMULA OF A MOTOR COMPANY

Protect Your Motor Car with a Better Lubricant

Motor car lubricants are used to protect the wearing parts. These parts really operate on a film of oil that must be kept constant under all conditions or metal will grind against metal and wear and destruction will result.

Naturally, a lubricant that will maintain this film of oil most perfectly under all conditions is the best one to use. There is but one kind of a lubricant that will give your car the *greatest* protection in this way—and this is a lubricant made from Pennysylvania crude oils.

HERMOLINE lubricants are made exclusively from the best Pennsylvania crude. This means that they will stand up under the hottest temperatures created within your motor when other lubricants break down. This means that HERMOLINE will assure you safe and constant lubrication. This means that HERMOLINE will give greater protection, longer life and smoother and better operation to your car.

You can be sure of securing lubricants made exclusively from Pennsylvania crude oils when you ask for HERMOLINE—and you can get HERMOLINE lubricants of all kinds at our store.

Put it to any test you like—HERMOLINE is the lubricant you should insist upon for your motor car, truck or tractor.

E. G. ELL

Klemme, Iowa

The Test of Oil Value

There are five tests by which the supreme quality of lubricants made from Pennsylvania crude oils are shown, and by these tests HERMOLINE lubricants are proved superior for use in your motor car, truck, tractor or aeroplane.

Gravity

The gravity of an oil shows its density. Lubricants like HERMOLINE, made from Pennsylvania crude oils, run high in gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees), and are invariably filtered oils that contain a small percentage of carbon.

Viscosity

The viscosity test shows the ability of oil to retain its body under extreme heats. Inferior oils usually have a high viscosity, while Pennsylvania oils have low viscosity (from 150 to 240 at 70°), but when subjected to a heat anywhere near the temperature of a working motor Pennsylvania oils surpass all in viscosity and lubricating capacity.

Flash and Fire

The flash test shows at what temperature the vapors coming off the oil will ignite when a small flame is brought close to its surface.

The fire test shows at what temperature the oil itself will burn. Oils refined from Pennsylvania crude show a flash of 400° Fahr. and over—a fire test of 450°.

Color

Some of the lightest colored oils often contain the most carbon, so that tests of color should never be taken as proof of quality without the other tests described in this column.

Filtering

Oils made from Pennsylvania crude may be depended upon as being truly filtered oils when they have a high gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees). You will note that HERMOLINE oil has both light and color and high gravity.

Ask your dealer for the HERMOLINE booklet—it tells in detail how to prove oil value.

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 37 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, 20 May 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

WHO CAUGHT ANY FISH

Saturday, May 15th, opened the fishing season in Iowa and of course all the fishing sports were out that day to help open up the ponds. Now so far we have been unable to find anyone who caught more than the law allowed and even Lew Lewis failed to make a catch that was worth looking at. Well we were among the "suckers" alright for we broke all previous records in rolling out of bed early (4:30 A. M.) and was about the first on deck. Marlin Croner, Ole Bryntetson, Frank Terhufen and the Ed. left in one car and Lew Lewis and Ed. Ell in another. The reason they would'nt take aybody with them was because they were afraid they wouldn't have room to haul all the fish back. First lake we hit was Cornelia hid some where southwest of Belmond. Nobody even got a bite, nibble or a look at anything like a fish only the minnow we had for bait. We gave it up for a bad job and pulled for Morse Lake about sometime before noon. Nothing doing there except a couple of bullheads and a few mud turtles. We also found Lewis and Ell here. They had stopped fishing and gone to eating. We tried our luck awhile and soon went to eating also. Then we hit for West Lake and Ye Editor carried away all honors of the day here and showed up the other guys as poor fishermen. We actually, by careful count, induced three little bullheads to swallow our hook and we nabbed them, Ye veriy it was "some" fishing trip. All told there were thirteen fish caught that day in our gang. Reports from fishers at other lakes also report that fishing was bum. Croner bought a box of sardines at Goodell and strung them on his fish stringer, but as yet we have not learned whether he got by with it or not. He claims they were young pickerel and that he caught them. "Kimmel" bought dried herrings and strung his chain; it was as close as they could get to a fish.

I have just secured the agency for

Tanlac

and have received a shipment of the goods. This is

A Splendid Tonic

and System Purifier. A treatment prepared by the combination of roots, barks and herbs gathered in various countries of the globe and blended to produce the best results. It is a great remedy for the stomach, liver and bowel trouble.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

YOUR LIBERTY BOND

The United States Government borrowed money from you to finance the war. You hold the Government's promise to pay you back. This promise is called a Liberty Bond or Victory Note. On this Bond is stated the conditions under which the Government borrowed the money from you.

For instance: If you hold a Bond of the Third Liberty Loan, it states that on April 15th and October 15th of each year until maturity, you will receive interest on the amount you paid for the Bond. Other issues bear other rates of interest and other maturity dates, all of which are clearly stated on the Bond.

Now, if you keep your Bond until the date when the Government pays you in full for it, you do not need to worry if, in the meantime, the price is low one day or high the next. You and Uncle Sam rea living up to your agreement with each other, and neither will lose by it.

On the other hand, if you sell your Liberty Bond now, you will find that the man you sell it to will not give you a dollar for every dollar you paid for it. The price has been brought down because so many people are oerinffg to sell their Bonds. If the market is flooded with tomatoes, you can buy them cheap, but if everyone is clamoring for tomatoes and there are few to be had, the price goes up. The same is true of Liberty Bonds. Short-sighted people are dumping them on the market, and wise ones are buying them.

The best advice that can be given to the owner of a Liberty Bond is this: Hold the bond you bought during the war; it is as safe and sound as the United States Government itself.

Buy as many more at the present low rate as you can afford. If you hold them to maturity, you are bound to make the difference between what they sell at ow and their face value. You will also receive good interest on your investment.

Hold on to your Liberty Bonds and buy more.

PARK MOWING BEE

Last Friday Mayor Gruetzmacher rounded up everybody he could find who owned a lawn mower and asked them to report at the city park at six-thirty p. m. with said machine and plenty of elbow grease. The city dads are having difficulty in finding anyone who will take the job of keeping the grass mowed so they solved it in that way. Sixteen men and lawn mowers were on the job and mowed the entire block in about an hour. Then Mayor Gruetzmacher invited the gang to the drug store where ice cream was served (at the expense of the town) but which all enjoyed. It was good sport and everybody had a lot of fun trping to chase down the guy ahead with his lawn mower. Fred Ridder was the only lazy man on the job (he belongs to the council, you know), well, we said he was lazy because here he come with a funny looking mower, a cross between a submarine and a grain binder. Fred had an electric motor mounted on his mower with a log cord attached to the same which he connected to the lamp sockets in the band stand and whizzzz away he went with the motored lawn mower and how the grass did fly, a regular storm of green hay was all we could see. The motor did the cutting and all he had to do was shove the mower around a little and watch the grass fly, and now if that ain't a lazy man for you we'll eat all the grass he can cut in a week. But don't forget that everyone is invited to come again every Friday night—with a mower.

"BOBBIE" PULLS A STUNT

Last week Thursday afternoon Art Kuck and Mart Hocum framed up a deal on John Henschen. They kidded "Bobbie" about being a poor shot with a shotgun and bet him that he couldn't hit Art's hat tossed up in the air. "Bobbie" was o take six shots at Art's lid and Art in turn was to have three plugs at "Bob's" sky-piece. Now that was a fine proposition and "Bob" took them up as he expected he could easily knock his opponent's hat to smithereens and back. Mart tossed up Kuck's hat and "Bob" blazed away with Mart's automatic. He pulled and he missed and then cussed, blazed away some more, missed the blooming hat and cussed some more. Then it was Art's turn and he proceeded to plug "Bob's" lid full of lead and made a nice ventilator in "Bob's" bug-cage. Of course that got "Bob's" goat and he took another pot shot at Kuck's lid. The gun went ping-booof and the funny noise put a bug in "Bob's" ear and he got a bright idea that he was the subject of a frame-up and that Hocum and Kuck had taken all the shot out of the shells he was shooting at Kuck's hat. "Bob" got busy, sneaked over to his house, got some of his own shells and then came back and bet Art again that h could hit his hat. Of course Art took him up supposing "Bob" would miss again with the fake shells but here is where "Bob" got in his dirty work. He slipped the shells out of the gun and put in his own shells, had Art's hat tossed up again, aimed, pulled, and BANG! That's all, but just ask to see Art's hat and see what "Bobbie" done to the roof of it. Keen work, we would say.

HANCOCK COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY RE-ORGANIZES

Re-Organized and Capitalized at $25,000.00

Ole Peterson, of Britt, was in Klemme Tuesday and while here dropped into the Times Office. He informed us that they had re-organized the Hancock County Agricultural Society and had formed a new organization capitalized at $25,000. It was necessary to do something as the fair grounds were badly in need of new buildings to take care of the exhibits and so in order to raise the money for this purpose the old company was dissolved at a meeting of the members some time ago. A new Floral Hall will be erected and also a new Stock Pavillion, with which new buildings there will be plenty of room for all exhibits and it will not be necessary to turn any away in the future for lack of show room. Those who hold life membership tickets in the old company will be given credit of $10 on the new stock they puchased in the new Society. It has been a hard time for the society in the past to make a go of it and they should have incorporated in the first place and be on a surer footing. Ole Peterson also informed us that the fair association in the future would do away with all free tickets, everybody must pay entrance fee and no life membership tickets would be issued. He intends to call on all the farmers in this vicinity and will be back again in about a week.

GARNER CHURCHES MAY CONSOLIDATE

It may be possible that the two Methodist Churches (First and Grace Methodist churches) at Garner may consolidate in the near future. Since German has been abolished forever from the churches it is unnecessary to have two churches of the same denomination i a town where formerly one was an English and the other a German Methodist church. Garner is like a lot of other towns, they have now two Methodist churches both using the American language and it is foolish to run two churches where one would answer the purpose. With this in view they are endeavoring to consolidate and the outlook is favorable toward that end. Now the same can very well apply to Klemme. We have two Methodist churches here running at a double expense; supporting two ministers where oe could do the work; heating and lighting two churches where one could be so run at half the cost; in short this is the time to economize and so why not get "just as much religion at half the cost"? We are up against the same proposition as the Garner churches—consolidate or go to an enormous expense of building a new church for one and a parsonage for the other. The Klemme problem is nearly the same with the exception of the parsonage, as both are good but not modern. As to the churches they are both too small, they are old, out of date, ad badly need repairing. Consolidation would solve it; build one large church and unite the congregations, have but one minister, and save half the expense. It is a question which is now being strongly talked over in many communities and is in keeping with the persent Inter Church World Movement.

IDLE HOUR THEATRE, KLEMME, IOWA

One Night Only ***TUESDAY, MAY 25***

AMERICA'S GREAT EMOTIONAL ACTOR

HENRY B. WALTHALL

And a brilliant All-star cast in seven parts

The Boomerang

The sensational photo-play the Pack Trust so vainly tried to keep from the Public Eye. Why? Because it tells The TRUTH!

No Red Blooded American can afford to stay at home the evening the Idle Hour shows this dramatic marvel of the movies. This is the BIGGEST and BEST photoplay that ever played here.

Has the man who tills the soil the same rights that the lap dog of the millionaire has? *"THE BOOMERANG" will tell you.*

SCENE FROM "THE BOOMERANG" FEATURING HENRY B. WALTHALL

DR. MISSMAN WILL HAVE NEW LOCATION

Dr. Missman will soon move into new quarters which will be located up stairs over the rooms he now occupies in the State Savings Bank building. The Doctor is making this change in order to have more room as he has recently purchased a new up to date X-ray outfit and which he has now installed in his new location. His old rooms are somewhat crowded and the added equipment would require much more room. He expects to be fully settled about the first of June in the rooms up stairs.

HIGH SCHOOL BEATS TOWN PLAYERS

Last Thursday evening a twilight game of base ball was battled out between the Klemme High School squad and the town sluggers, resulting in the defeat of the latter by about 5 to 2. The High School boys are showing some real baseball pep and have the star marks of becoming a future strong aggregation for Klemme.

Knew His Age.

Allan, on his second birthday, was told by his mother that he was two years old. That same day his mother weighed him, and as she lifted him off the scale she said: "You weigh just thirty pounds." That evening, when the little boy's father came home he said: "Well, Allan, how old are you?" Allan hesitated a few seconds and then replied, "Two years and thirty pounds."

Spirit Photography.

A famous French psychologist is quoted as saying that not only does the soul exist after death, but it can be photographed and he has written a book to prove it. He presents in his volume conversations with departed spirits and also their pictures, but if he thinks he is an original discoverer he has much to learn. "Spirit photography" is an old art—or should it be said, trick?—so old that it seems to have gone out of fashion in this part of the world. It may be added that the photographs seldom made the "spirits" beautiful.

Lights Frighten Fish Away.

Norwegian experiments with fishing with the aid of electric lights lowered into the sea have been failures, the illumination apparently frightening the fish away.

The House of Whispers

By WILLIAM JOHNSTON

Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.

CHAPTER VIII—Continued.

—11—

"I guess so," said Wick. "That's where his room is. He's only been here in the Granddeck a few days. I don't know much about him."

"And that's all you know about it?" said the detective, turning to me again.

I hesitated. Should I or should I not tell them of the wall safe that I had seen Mr. Wick closing? There was no way I could prove it. Undoubtedly Wick would deny having done so. It would be his word against mine. As superintendent his word would undoubtedly carry. I decided it would be best to withhold my information to a more propitious time.

"That's all I know, except what Mr. Wick has told you," I said.

"Very well," said the detective in charge. "You can go now, and you, too, Doctor."

Mr. Wick was escorting the doctor to the door. The detectives had withdrawn to the room where the body lay and were holding a whispered conference. I stepped quickly to the wall safe, and making sure that I was unobserved, tested the knob. It was securely fastened. I congratulated myself on having said nothing about it. Wick, I felt certain, would deny having shut it, and there was no proof that it had been opened when we had entered.

As I returned to my own apartment upstairs, nearing the top of the short flight of steps between the floors I was astounded to see a female figure flitting across the hall and entering the Bradford apartment. Though I had opportunity for only a brief glimpse, I recognized her at once. It was Claire Bradford.

The door of my apartment was standing wide open. I remembered that as I had run downstairs a few moments ago, I had neglected to close it after me. From the direction in which she had come, it was plain that Claire Bradford had been paying another surreptitious visit to my quarters. What could have been her purpose? There must have been some strong impelling motive to make her dare the perilous journey along the window ledge, and now, at the imminent risk of discovery, to pay me a second visit. I began seriously to doubt whether the explanation she had offered me was the true one. I was beginning to feel that there was more than a possibility that she was again in the clutches of the unscrupulous rascal who had once been her husband.

Greatly puzzled, I made a hasty survey of the apartment, but could find nothing that appeared to have been disturbed. Going back to my own room I hastened to place a handkerchief out of my window as a signal to Barbara, for I knew she would be anxious to know the meaning of the sounds we had heard below. In a very few moments I heard the tap of her riding-crop on my sill and hurried to answer.

"What was it?" she asked in an excited whisper.

"Daisy Lutan, an actress, who lived on the floor below, has been murdered—shot."

"Who did it?"

"I don't know. Mr. Wick and I went into the apartment together. There was no one there."

"How terrible!" she exclaimed.

"It is, indeed," I answered, "but it may help us."

"What do you mean?"

"With the police in the house making investigations, there'll be no more threats from the blackmailers for a while. They won't dare bother you for the present."

"Do you really think so?" she questioned with a little sigh of relief.

"I'm sure of it."

"Have the police been called in?"

"Yes; two detectives are downstairs now."

"I'm glad," she said. "With the detectives here, they won't dare molest us, will they?"

"Of course not," I answered. "Is your sister at home?"

"Yes," she answered. "Our guests have just gone. Mother has retired, and Claire is in the living room writing a note. They heard nothing, so I did not tell them anything about it."

"That was wise. They'll hear it soon enough. Has your sister been in the apartment all evening?"

"She hasn't been out all day unless she went out just to drop the letter she was writing down the mail chute in the hall. Why do you ask?"

"I was merely wondering if there was any way she could learn of the murder."

"How could she? Isn't that too terrible about Miss Lutan? But I mustn't talk any longer. Good night."

"Wait a moment," I cried. "There are some things I must discuss with you before I meet Gorman. How about meeting me at the Astor at eleven?"

"I can't promise, but I'll try. Good night!"

There was nothing further that I could do, and I felt sadly in need of rest. Throwing off my coat and waistcoat I began making preparations for bed. The notion took me to once more investigate the secret passageway. I pushed sharply on the panel as I had done before, but this time I could not budge it. I tugged and worked and pounded, but it stuck fast in spite of all my efforts. As I was struggling to force it open, there came a sharp ring at the bell of the apartment. As I was, in my shirt sleeves, I answered it. The two detectives I had seen downstairs stood there.

"What is it?" I asked.

"I arrest you for the murder of Daisy Lutan," said one of them, and with that they sprang forward and pinioned my arms.

"Why, this is absurd," I laughed in their faces, conscious of my utter innocence of the crime. "I had nothing to do with it."

"That remains to be seen. Put on your coat and come along."

Still holding me fast, they went back with me to my bedroom. Clutching me tight they made me put on my coat, and no sooner had I done so than one of them snapped handcuffs on me.

"Look at this, Jim," said one of them, pointing to a spot on the front of my coat.

"That's blood all right," said the other, after inspecting it.

"I got that when I was helping Mr. Wick lift the body to the couch," I protested.

"Tell that to the judge," the detective called Jim scoffed. "Better look around for the gun, Cullen."

"You'll find no gun here," I cried. "I never owned one."

Nevertheless Cullen began rummaging through the drawers of my dresser. Suddenly he gave a triumphant exclamation and drew something from beneath a pile of shirts in the second drawer.

"Here it is," he announced, holding

"Here It Is," He Announced, Holding Up Before My Astonished Eyes an Automatic Revolver.

up before my astonished eyes an automatic revolver.

"I never saw it before," I gasped.

The detective merely laughed.

"There's one bullet gone," said the man who was examining it.

"Come along, young fellow," said the other detective gruffly. "The bullet settles it. We've got the right party."

CHAPTER IX.

A prisoner in a police station cell. I passed a sleepless night. Conscious as I was of my utter innocence and confident of my speedy release, nevertheless I had to admit that the detectives from their point of view were perfectly justified in placing me under arrest.

For a burglar to have gained access to the apartments without the connivance of the employees seemed almost an impossibility. For him to have escaped from the building after having murdered Miss Lutan without being detected seemed also highly improbable. Then, too, there was the damning evidence of the blood on my coat and the fact that I had been found at the door of the apartment. I had not observed the stain on my clothing until the detectives discovered it. My explanation of how it had gotten there was the true one, yet I could readily realize that it might sound fishy to others.

On the face of it the tragedy in the Granddeck looked like an inside job. The revolver, with one bullet missing, was the strongest sort of evidence that I was the murderer. Yet I never had seen the weapon before and could not imagine who could have placed it there. There was only one explanation possible. It had been purposely planted there with the definite object of throwing suspicion on me.

The one person—the only person—whom I knew to have been in my rooms after the murder was committed was Claire Bradford. Could she have done it? I remembered that Barbara had showed me a revolver in her possession. I wondered if this could be the same weapon. I did not think it possible that Claire herself could have used it. I could imagine no motive why Claire Bradford would want to kill Miss Lutan, yet it must have been she who had hidden the revolver in my dresser. What had been her motive? How had she got possession of the revolver after the murder?

Come what may, I had no intention of telling any one—not even Gorman—of Claire's second visit to my apartment. For Barbara's sake I made up my mind I would keep my lips closed about that incident, even if I had to stay in prison indefinitely. At the police station when the detectives had brought me in, I had quietly but firmly refused to answer any questions, although they had badgered me for nearly two hours before they let me alone.

"Where did you live before you came to the Granddeck?"

"Where did you work?"

"Where is Rufus Gaston?"

"Where do your people live?"

"Why did you kill Daisy Lutan?"

"Where did you get the money you have?"

"We've got the goods on you. Why don't you confess?"

These were the sort of questions that were flung at me, first by one and then the other. Evidently at first they had had hopes of breaking me down.

"I have nothing to say," had been my unvarying answer to all their questions.

Finally they gave it up and locked me in a cell for the night, leaving me thankful that the honor of being a suspected murderer relieved me from sharing a cell with some of the frowsy prisoners I saw brought past my barred door.

"Haven't you any friends you would like to have notified?" was the last question they asked as they left me.

"I have nothing to say," I repeated once more.

Nor was this answer this time mere stubbornness. Who was there that I could notify of my plight? Birge and Roller, my two intimates, were somewhere on the high seas. The men whom I had known in the office where I had worked, for obvious reasons, were not to be called on. I had no idea of the whereabouts of my aged relatives beyond the fact that they were somewhere in Maine.

I had no intention whatever of communicating the fact of my arrest to my mother. Indeed, I was hoping that she would not hear of it until after my innocence was established.

I thought of Gorman. I would have been glad of his counsel, but I remembered that I did not know where he lived. He had told me he was giving up his position at the hotel. It would be useless to try to find him until morning.

Yet in spite of my apparent friendlessness, although to all appearances there was no one in New York to whom I could turn in this time of trouble, it was a wonderful comfort to feel that I was sure of one stanch friend—Barbara Bradford.

Although we had been acquainted but a few days, and although hardly a word of love had passed between us, I knew that her feeling for me already was something greater than friendship. I knew that she trusted me and that she would remain faithful in her affection for me, no matter what accusations were brought against me. I had been madly in love with her from almost the first time I saw her. Whatever happened, I must keep her out of it. I must find some means of warning her to say nothing to any one. I knew that her first impulse as soon as she heard of my arrest would be to come to my rescue, regardless of the fact that in establishing an alibi for me she would be blasting her own reputation. Under no circumstances, even if I was convicted, must she be permitted to speak. No explanation can account for the presence of a young girl alone in a man's rooms at eleven o'clock at night, even though she and I both knew how utterly undeserving of censure her presence there was and how important had been her motive in coming there.

Mention of Barbara's name in any way in connection with a murder case would be certain to wreck her sister's matrimonial plans. It would mean the ruin of her mother's ambitions and the unmasking of the parlous condition of their finances. It would mean that the reproaches of her mother and sister would be heaped on my Barbara's poor head.

I was still unsatisfied in my own mind as to just what part Claire Bradford was playing in the web of mystery about us. She was emotional and flighty, given to doing rash things. I felt that there was a strong possibility that relations with her ex-husband had been in some way re-established. I felt at times that she was being used as a tool by the conspirators in the Granddeck mysteries. If Claire was involved in any way, it behooved me to move carefully lest she should be betrayed in my efforts to clear myself.

There was nothing for me to do but to sit tight and take my plight as philosophically as I could until I could get in touch with Gorman. As soon as it was morning, I bribed a jail attendant to bring me a morning newspaper. On the first page I found an account of the murder under glaring headlines and read it with intense interest, my conviction growing with each line that I read that the police case against me was far better backed up than I ever imagined it could be.

Then and there I made up my mind never again to believe anything on purely circumstantial evidence. No one knew better than I how utterly innocent I was of that crime, how upright my conduct in New York had been, and how honest my motives for all my recent actions had been, yet this is what I read in the newspaper:

BURGLAR MURDERS WELL-KNOWN ACTRESS

Miss Daisy Lutan Found Mysteriously Shot in her Luxurious Apartment in the Granddeck.

Marks on Throat Where Murderer Had Choked Her

Police Arrest John S. Nelson, a Clerk, Out of Work, in Whose Rooms They Found a Revolver.

Daisy Lutan, an actress, whose matrimonial affairs recently brought her much notoriety, was found last night murdered in her apartment in the Granddeck. She had been instantly killed by a bullet wound through the heart, and there were marks on her throat where her assailant had tried to choke her. John S. Nelson, a clerk out of work, who had been acting as caretaker for one of the tenants in the building, was arrested.

There was blood on his coat when Detectives Cullen and Edwards took him prisoner, and they found in his room a revolver with one chamber empty hidden under a pile of shirts in the dresser.

The apartment Nelson is occupying is directly above that of Miss Lutan. The police theory is that Nelson let himself into the apartment by swinging down from his window, and that Miss Lutan, returning unexpectedly, found him ransacking her rooms.

The crime was discovered by James Wick, superintendent of the apartment house, who was in the elevator when he heard screams followed by a shot. Getting out of the elevator to investigate he found Nelson at the door of the Lutan apartment.

Nelson glibly explained that he had heard a shot and was trying to see where it had come from. Mr. Wick's suspicions were aroused by his manner, and he made Nelson come with him into the apartment and kept him there until the arrival of the police.

Little is known at the Granddeck about young Nelson, and he stubbornly refuses to make any statement about himself. He was employed only a few days ago by Rufus Gaston as caretaker for his apartment. As Mr. Gaston is absent from the city it cannot be learned how he happened to give Nelson employment. The police believe he may have obtained the position through false references in order to gain an opportunity to loot the apartments in the building.

Superintendent Wick had ascertained that Nelson was once employed by a shipping firm in the Wall street district but had been discreditably discharged. His former employer confirmed this, but would say nothing about Nelson beyond stating that he had been discharged for cause.

Although Nelson was not over well supplied with money he had been seen recently ordering elaborate meals in some of the most expensive restaurants. Miss Nellie Kelly, the telephone girl at the Granddeck, reported that only the night before Nelson had taken her to dinner, ordering champagne and hiring taxicabs, and had tried to pump her about the tenants in the building.

The one fact that stuck out in the whole article that seemed of vast importance to me was the fact that Wick had informed the police that I had been discreditably discharged from my last place of employment. How did he know that? Certainly I had not told him. I had told no one of the occurrence except Barbara Bradford, and I was sure she had not revealed it to anyone.

It was indubitable proof to me that Wick, or someone with whom he was conniving, had been having me shadowed. Even my great-uncle Rufus did not know where my place of employment was. Evidently the plot to discredit me had begun the day I arrived at the Granddeck. I had been discharged on account of some mysterious note my employer had received. I began now to believe that Wick must have had me followed to my place of business and to have sent that note for the express purpose of bringing about my discharge. But why? That was the puzzle.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Seventy to a House.

Warsaw is probably one of the most densely populated cities in the world. Its growth in area has been retarded by the fact that under the Russian regime certain fixed city limits were drawn many years ago, and for military reasons no houses were to be built outside of these limits. In a recent census it was found that the number of inhabitants to a building in Warsaw was about 70, as compared with only seven or eight in London.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Catarrhal Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing may be destroyed forever. Many cases of Deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the Mucous Surfaces.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

All Druggists 75c. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

A Hearse Horse.

The man entered the cab and instructed the driver to take him to his residence near the cemetery. On dismounting, he gave the cabby eighteen pence, his exact legal fare and no more.

The cabby looked at the coins, slowly pocketed them, and said, pointing to the horse:

"D'ye see that white 'oss with the short tail?"

"Yes," said the man, rather puzzled; "what of him?"

"Oh, nothink; only I 'opes as the next time you're brought here as it'll be by a black 'oss with a long tail! Evenin', sir."—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Her Jewels Gone.

"Mrs. Swellman has been robbed of her jewels and Mrs. Meanly is the guilty—"

"Gracious! You don't mean to say that she stole—"

"What else is it but stealing? She offered Mrs. Swellman's cook $5 a week more and her maid, $3 and now she has them."—Boston Transcript.

Embryo Politician.

"Mother," said little Ray in an aggrieved tone, "you have no constitutional right to send me to bed without my supper."

"What do you mean, Raymond?"

"You are exercising rule without the consent of the governed."—Boston Transcript.

Cupid sometimes grafts a peach on an old shrub.

His Views.

"All the world's a stage."

"Maybe so. But some people have on too much makeup."

Cuticura for Sore Hands.

Soak hands on retiring in the hot suds of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove surplus Ointment with tissue paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do if Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toilet purposes.—Adv.

A Touch of Mischief.

There had been a difference of opinion in the preacher's family in which six-year-old Elizabeth thought she got the worst of it. So at prayer time she was unhappy and resentful toward the world in general and her own ministerial family in particular. But she knelt at her mother's knee as usual and went through her usual evening petitions. Finally she prayed:

"Oh, Lord, make all the bad people good."

Then as an afterthought she added:

"And, God, if you can, please make all the good people nice."—The World Outlook.

Prosperous Martinique.

The number of manufacturing industries in Martinique has been increasing, although most of the plants are small. The factories in operation are 15 sugar factories, 114 rum distilleries, eight lime kilns, one factory for canning pineapples, one factory where chocolate powder and coco butter are made, one factory for alimentary pastes, two ice factories, two forges and foundries, one copper shop, one tile, terra cotta and brick factory 11 gaseous water factories and four printing houses.

Some Wag.

Redd—Black took his dog over to France with him when he left with his regiment, didn't he?

Green—Oh, yes.

"And they have returned, I hear."

"Yes."

"Both of their old jobs back?"

"Well, the dog has. I saw him chasing his tail today."—Yonkers Statesman.

At the Jungle Hop.

Mrs. Chimp (excitedly)—Did you hear about George Giraffe? Got a knot in his neck!

Mrs. Rhino (a late comer)—Gracious! How did it happen?

Mrs. Chimp—He was dancing with Heloise Hippo and tried to pull some cheek to cheek stuff.—Buffalo Express.

Their Material.

"Paw, what are castles in Spain built of?"

"Mostly of gold bricks, my son."

For Every Home

A table drink that refreshes, but leaves no after-depression—

Instant Postum

Much used nowadays instead of coffee as a breakfast beverage because of its similarity in flavor to coffee, but with entire absence of ill effect, since Postum contains no "caffeine."

Instant Postum is made quickly in the cup, with economy as well as convenience.

Sold by Grocers Everywhere

Made by POSTUM CEREAL CO., Inc.
BATTLE CREEK, MICHIGAN

"Old Style" Time Still in Use.

It is not only in eastern Europe, under the influences of the Greek church, that the unreformed calendar may be found still in use. Even in England, where Christmas has been kept on December 25 for many generations, the government does not pay the Christmas dividends on the national debt till Twelfth day, and the midsummer dividends are paid not on June 24, but on July 5.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Women Made Young

...right eyes, a clear skin and a body ...ll of youth and health may be ...urs if you will keep your system ...order by regularly taking

GOLD MEDAL HARLEM OIL CAPSULES

...he world's standard remedy for kidney, ...ver, bladder and uric acid troubles, the ...nemies of life and looks. In use since ...96. All druggists, three sizes.

...ok for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

DAISY FLY KILLER PLACED ANYWHERE ATTRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 5 by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The Antiseptic Powder to Shake into Your Shoes

And sprinkle in the Foot-Bath. It takes the sting out of Corns, Bunions, Blisters and Callouses and gives rest and comfort to hot, tired, smarting, swollen feet.

More than 1,500,000 pounds of Powder for the Feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war.

Allen's Foot-Ease, the powder for the feet, takes the friction from the shoe, freshens the feet and makes walking a delight.

Nothing relieves the pain of tight or new shoes so quickly or thoroughly. Try it to-day. Sold everywhere.

Healthy Liver Healthy Life

Your liver—healthy or clogged, active or sluggish—makes all the difference between a vigorous, cheerful life and low spirits and failure. To subdue a stubborn liver; overcome constipation, dizziness, biliousness, indigestion, headache and the blues there is nothing on earth so good as Carter's Little Liver Pills. Purely vegetable.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness.

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

ABSORBINE

TRADE-MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Will reduce Inflamed, Strained, Swollen Tendons, Ligaments, or Muscles. Stops the lameness and pain from a Splint, Side Bone or Bone Spavin. No blister, no hair gone and horse can be used. $2.50 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and interesting horse Book 2 R Free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Strained, Torn Ligaments, Swollen Glands, Veins or Muscles; Heals Cuts, Sores, Ulcers. Allays pain. Price $1.25 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Book "Evidence" free. W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

640 Acre Improved CANADIAN FARM

4 miles from station. Good soil; good water; fair buildings. 400 acres under plow, $37.50 per acre, crop included. Liberal terms. Address owner:

G. E. McEathron, 58 Lydia St., Winnipeg, Can.

Cuticura Talcum

Fascinatingly Fragrant

Always Healthful

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Southern Wisconsin Stock Farm

Would like to sell fine Wisconsin stock farm, easy terms; may exchange for smaller farm or good other property. Write Henry Scholl, Watertown, Wis.

E-Z STOVE POLISH Shines Quick

Easy—Dustless—Odorless—Durable

E-Z Metal Polish for the Nickel

E-Z Iron Enamel for the Pipe

MARTIN & MARTIN, Mfrs., CHICAGO

OWN 20,000 ACRES IMPROVED FARMS; must be sold. Big free list. Agents wanted. John B. Fried Land Co., Jamestown, N. D.

50 IMPROVED FARMS FOR SALE. CLOSE TO ST. PAUL. Low prices, easy terms. Write for our big farm land list. N. W. INVESTMENT CO., 27 EAST SEVENTH ST., ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

FARM BARGAINS—6,000 acres. Closing out. Large or small tracts, easy payments. Bird Estate, Wausaukee, Marinette Co., Wisconsin.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

W. N. U., DES MOINES. NO. 21--1920

Home Town Helps

TO LEVY TAX ON BILLBOARDS

Commission Recommends That Massachusetts Legislature Get Revenue From Advertising Devices.

Taxation of billboards and all other kinds of outdoor advertising devices, as well as regulations of their size, location and manner of construction, is recommended in the report of the special billboard commission submitted to the legislature.

The only advertising signs exempt from the legislation recommended by the commission are those which have been erected in conformity with existing law and which call attention to the person occupying the premises on which the sign appears or to the business that is done on these premises, or advertising the property itself or any part thereof as for sale or to let.

For all other signs, the commission recommended that an annual excise tax be levied, the amount to be determined by the division of highways of the public works department, having in mind in each case the location of such sign or device, the character of the neighborhood, the number and class of persons usually passing within reasonable distance of the sign, and such other factors as in the judgment of the members of the division will give to a sign in that particular location a particular value for advertising purposes.—Boston Transcript.

KEEP CAR IN A GARAGE

The new car may be taken care of easily when your home happens to be situated at the side of a hill. This is an inexpensive garage and is built where the cellar would ordinarily be. It is one of Los Angeles' popular ways of combating the high cost of garaging.

Towns on the Honor Roll.

More towns where memorial tree planting has been reported for the honor roll of the American Forestry association of Washington are announced as follows: Lanham, Md., Augusta, Ga., Thompson, Ga., Carbondale, Ill., Indianapolis, Ind., Greendale, Ky., LaGrange, Ky., Louisville, Ky., New Orleans, La., Waltham, Mass., Caruthersville, Mo., Camp Dix, N. J., Brooklyn, N. Y., Mamaroneck, N. Y., Mohegan Lake, N. Y., New York city, Tarrytown, N. Y., Sharon Hill, Pa., Marion, Va., Bridgeport, Conn., College Park, Ga., Milledgeville, Ga., Logansport, Ind., Hobart, Ind., Frankfort, Ky., Middlesex, N. J., Elmira, N. Y., Metuchen, N. J., Lumber Bridge, N. C., Addyston, O., Hatboro, Pa., Memphis, Tenn., Appleton, Wis. The American Forestry association is registering the thousands of memorial trees being planted and will send free tree day programs on request and free certificates of registration.

Beauty Always Appreciated.

Noble architecture and fine landscape gardening exemplify the helpful effect of art. The people's enjoyment of them, of buildings and parks, shows our need of beauty and the necessity of gratifying the desire for beauty. The existence of this craving and the satisfaction of it are evidence that a people has risen from barbarism to civilization.—Spokane Spokesman Review.

Early Care of the Lawn.

Get ready to reseed and top dress the lawn as soon as the frost is out of the ground. Fertilize and roll. If the fertilizer is to be dried sheep manure test it carefully in a flower pot and see that there is no weed seed in it. Much of the sheep manure has been dried, but not sterilized.

Pay Debt to Community.

Don't think your only debts are those mensurable in dollars and cents. Your community also has a claim on you in the way of interest and a bit of time now and then.

JUST KIDS

By JENNIE LITTLE.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

As the car swung round the curve and stopped, the motorman almost thought he was seeing double, for beside the white post stood a small boy and girl, as like as two peas in a pod. The conductor, smarting from the sarcastic comments of an old lady whom he had carried past her street, changed his scowl to a grin as he swung them up with a "Well, well, look who's here! Does your mother know you're out?"

"No, 'cause we're visiting Gramma," piped up the feminine portion of the party, who was the acknowledged spokesman in public, for Bobs was the victim of a most unmanly lisp.

As they passed down the aisle of the hot car, the listless or grumpy expression on the other passengers' faces changed as if by magic. They squeezed into a vacant space beside a mother trying vainly to amuse her fretting baby, who promptly stopped his wailing, and with a gurgle of mischief made a pass at Betty's curls.

"How long have you had him?" she asked, with a delightful giggle.

"He had his first birthday last week," smiled the mother.

"Oh, my, hasn't he lasted good?" was the admiring remark, as she cast a most unfavorable look of comparison at the battered features of a doll held tightly under one arm. "I only got Bella last Christmas. We've got a new baby brother home."

Bobs burrowed deep into newly acquired back pockets, the pride of his heart, taking as much time as possible, that none might overlook the existence of said pockets.

"Two marbleth," he announced briefly.

Just then a young man stepped on the car, and Betty hailed him as an old friend.

"The twin terrors, as I'm alive!" he exclaimed, his eyes searching eagerly about for a third party. "You're not alone?"

"Yes," said Betty, "but it's all right. It hasn't been a nice day at Gramma's. Aunt Alice cried hard last night when she thought I was asleep, and she hasn't laughed or played with us today. Bobs was bad, and when he upset the milk bottle in the 'frigerator, Gramma said, 'Children I'm 'zasperated. Go out and amuse yourselves till I call you.' So we started to water the lawn, and how did we know Grampa was coming round the corner just as we turned the hose that way? Then he told us to go straight off the lawn, so we took a walk down the street.

"We stopped to speak to a big mooly-cow looking through the fence, and she blew both her old horns at us. So we thought we'd ride a little way, till it's time for Gramma to want us back."

Poor Jack Barnes was as uncomfortable as a mere man could be under this running fire of explanation, and, red of face, signalled for the next stop.

"You'll go right back now," he said, firmly, and marshalled them off, followed by the delighted smiles of Betty's audience.

"I hope you are not going to be cross, too," said the engaging young sinner. "Guess everybody got out the wrong side of the bed this morning. Why didn't you come to see Aunt Alice last night? Then maybe she wouldn't have cried."

When they reached the gate, three distracted relatives came rushing from as many directions, but Jack turned to the grandparents.

"I found these twinsters having a joy ride on a car, so I made them about-face in case you wanted them."

"The little rebels," cried the old gentleman; "they ought to be spanked for giving us the scare of our lives." But Grandma thankfully folded them to her heart.

As they went to the house, Jack turned stiffly to the young lady, who, after her first cry of welcome, had not spoken.

"I didn't intend to force myself upon you again, after what happened last night, but I really would like to hear your reasons for letting that cad Hastings take you to the dance after you had promised me. If it was just a way of letting me down easy, why all right, of course."

"Well," answered that young person, coldly, "when I saw you an hour before devoting your time to a beautiful stranger, I certainly didn't think you needed my company, and the roadster will not accommodate three."

"Daylight breaks over me," cried Jack. "My sister arrived on the 5:30, and I was showing her about town a bit, and telling her about the finest girl in the world, who had so often wished to meet her." And you thought—oh, Alice Camden, I guess it's up to you to ask me in to supper and begin where we left off before this big mistake."

That night as the young adventurers were being put to bed, Alice led Jack to the foot of the stairs, where Betty's voice floated down—"and bless mamma and Daddy, and the new baby, and make Bobs a better boy tomorrow." Even a worm will turn, and from the next room came a defiant challenge: "Mind your own bittineth. I can pray for mythelf!"

There was a pause, fraught with great possibilities, then the prayer was concluded with a voice of Pharisaical sweetness:

"I'm going to be good, anyway, Lord, but you can help me a little if you feel like it!"

COUGHING, WEAK AND RUN-DOWN AFTER FLU

Regained flesh and strength quickly, and tells how.

"I nearly died from 'flu' last October, and it left me with a terrible cough. The doctor gave me one bottle of medicine after another, but it did me no good. Went to Charlotte, N. C., and took treatment of a specialist without any permanent benefit.

"I saw Milks Emulsion advertised and started using it. It helped me right from the start. I had no appetite and my stomach was in bad shape. But 12 bottles have straightened me out entirely. I eat anything without distress, my cough is gone, and I have gained back my strength and flesh."—Emma Withers, Box 50, Belmont, N. C.

Dont' trifle with a weak, run-down condition. It leaves you open to serious diseases. Get your strength back. Milks Emulsion costs nothing to try.

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength Milks Emulsion is strongly recommended to those whom sickness has weakened, and is a powerful aid in resisting and repairing the effects of wasting diseases. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.—Adv

Billions of Tons of New Fuel.

For the production of cheap electric power, briquettes and certain by-products the government of Victoria is planning to develop immense deposits of brown coal, estimated to exceed 20,000,000,000 tons.

IN BUYING ASPIRIN ALWAYS SAY "BAYER"

Look for the name "Bayer" on tablets, then you need never worry.

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," can be taken safely for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Joint Pains, Neuritis, and Pain generally.

To get quick relief follow carefully the safe and proper directions in each unbroken package or "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." This package is plainly stamped with the safety "Bayer Cross."

The "Bayer Cross" means the genuine, world-famous Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Taken in the Other Sense.

Miss Mugg—I think you are just beautiful, my dear.

Miss Bute (modestly)—That's where we differ.—Boston Transcript.

Pleasant Method.

He—"It makes me a better man every time I kiss you." She—"I've been hoping, dear, that you would reform."

When a man seeks notoriety he usually finds more than he can use in his business.

Other people's happiness gives the pessimist a headache.

Lucky is the man who loses his reputation—if it is bad.

WOMEN! DON'T BUY POOR DYE!

Say You Want "Diamond Dyes"—No Other Kind! Don't Spoil or Streak Your Material

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into worn, shabby garments, draperies, coverings, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed even if you have never dyed before. Druggist has color card.

War Graves Maps Popular.

The war graves map is now a popular publication in Europe. In its larger form it shows 2,000 military cemeteries, and in the more detailed editions it shows the numbered graves.

Can't Get Down to That.

Jules, the headwaiter, says he has enough money to retire on, but he can't reconcile himself to the idea of becoming one of the persons who have to give tips.

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY AILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

At the Pawnbroker's.

"Will you let me have something on this watch?" "I suppose I'll have to; time is money."

Even a miser may give you advice freely.

An Exception.

Jack—Lip-service is but mockery.

Belle—Oh, not in love-making.—Baltimore American.

Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freezone costs only a few cents.

With your fingers! You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.

A tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs little at any drug store; apply a few drops upon the corn or callous. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callous right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. Truly! No humbug!—Adv.

Self-love is the root of most people's discontent.

Terrible Tortures From Itching Skin Diseases

No Sure Relief Until the Cause Is Removed.

When the blood becomes infested with millions of tiny disease germs that attack the skin, then the fiery irritation and intense itching will remain with you until these germs are removed from the blood.

Genuine relief therefore, can only be expected from a treatment that goes right to the seat of the trouble, and strikes at its cause. Such a remedy is S. S. S., the reliable old blood purifier that kills the germs of disease, and sends a new supply of rich red blood coursing through the veins.

S. S. S. has been used successfully in some of the worst cases of eczema and other skin disorders.

For valuable literature write to Medical Adviser, 108 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

The Right Way

in all cases of

DISTEMPER, PINKEYE INFLUENZA, COLDS, ETC.

of all horses, brood mares, colts and stallions is to

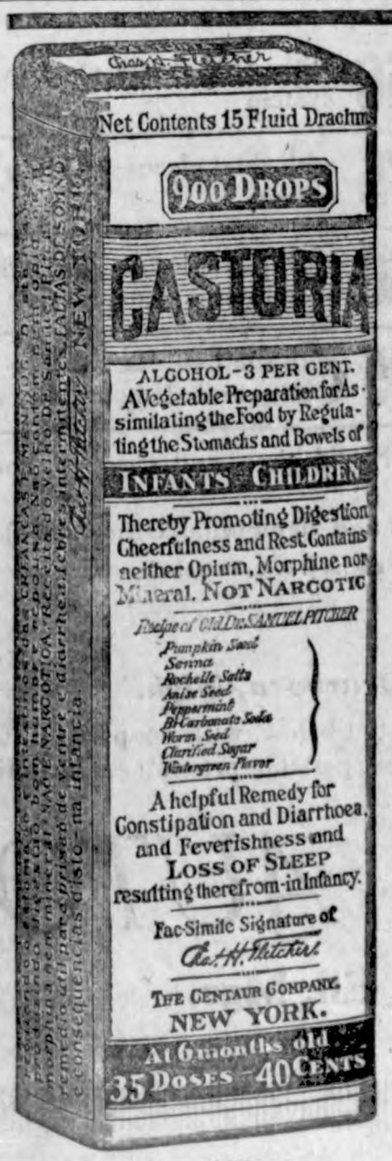
"SPOHN THEM"

on the tongue or in the feed with

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

Give the remedy to all of them. It acts on the blood and glands. It routs the disease by expelling the germs. It wards off the trouble, no matter how they are "exposed." A few drops a day prevent those exposed from contracting disease. Contains nothing injurious. Sold by druggists, harness dealers or by the manufacturers. 60 cents and $1.15 per bottle. AGENTS WANTED.

SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, GOSHEN, IND.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Special Care of Baby.

That Baby should have a bed of its own all are agreed. Yet it is more reasonable for an infant to sleep with grown-ups than to use a man's medicine in an attempt to regulate the delicate organism of that same infant. Either practice is to be shunned. Neither would be tolerated by specialists in children's diseases.

Your Physician will tell you that Baby's medicine must be prepared with even greater care than Baby's food.

A Baby's stomach when in good health is too often disarranged by improper food. Could you for a moment, then, think of giving to your *ailing* child anything but a medicine especially prepared for Infants and Children? Don't be deceived.

Make a mental note of this:—It is important, Mothers, that you should remember that to function well, the digestive organs of your Baby must receive special care. No Baby is so abnormal that the desired results may be had from the use of medicines primarily prepared for grown-ups.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY. NEW YORK CITY.

Local News!

The Misses Letch and Kitz of Goodell, were Klemme visitors last Friday.

Minnie Blank is entertaining a case of mumps this week.

Miss Alien Schipull of Garner, was in Klemme Tuesday visiting.

Mrs. Matt Avery of Goodell, was in Klemme Tuesday visiting.

John Conlan from Goodell was here Tuesday on business.

Mrs. Ralph Quintus and son were here Tuesday shopping.

Ed Jacobs drove to Garner Tuesday evening on business.

Henry Church of Garner was in Klemme Tuesday visiting friends.

Mr. Barz was a visitor at Garner Monday between trains.

Bert Mathews visited at Garner Sunday with relatives.

Miss Viola Freie left Monday for Jesup, Iowa, for a visit with her sister and friends.

Dr. Wesson and Ed. Steihl of Garner were in Klemme Tuesday on business.

Miss Myrtle Bell has returned from her visit with relatives and friends in Illinois.

Mrs. Walter Ross was down from Garner Tuesday visiting Klemme friends.

Howard Wiles and Walter Schultz were at Mason City Friday on business.

Miss Donna Baumgartner went to Garner Tuesday to attend the Senior Class play.

Mr. Dickinson and daughter, Margaret, came down from Crystal Lake Monday morning. He returned in the afternoon, accompanied by his daughter Grace, who has been visiting here.

Mrs. S. Fuller ad daughters from Goodell, were Klemme shoppers Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cunningham of Goodell, were Klemme visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Mille Smith autoed to Belmond Sunday with her brother for a visit.

Miss Edna Smith went to Belmond Saturday for a week's visit with relatives and friends.

Miss Mabel Waterman had a part in the Senior Class Play which was given at Garner Tuesday night.

R. A. Jorgenson was at Garner on business Monday morning between trains.

Ralph Quintus of Garner was in Klemme the fore part of the week doing plumbing work.

C. C. Tessier the electrician from Garner, was in Klemme the fore part of the week doing some wiring.

John Opsal left Monday noon for Clinton, Iowa, on a business mission, we presume.

Mrs. Emil Kraus and baby went to Garner Saturday afternoon for a short visit.

Mr. N. L. Palmer went to Estherville last Friday and remained until Saturday evening on a business trip.

Ole Peterso of Britt, was in Klemme Tuesday in the interests of the Hancock County Fair Association.

E. S. D. Kahrs and wife autoed to Nevada, Iowa, a week ago Sunday to spend the day with her folks.

Mrs. Hod Lawhorn of Garner was here Friday visiting her daughter, Mrs. Cliff Swartz.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Barr and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Howard autoed to Mason City Saturday evening.

Band practice was held in the band room Mondy evening, led by C. G. Waterman. Practice will be held every Monday night now for some time in order to rush the band as fast as possible for the summer season.

Peter Merkel is putting up a fine new set of buildings on his farm east of Klemme.

Gerald McCullough and Ed. Jacobs were both at Garner Sunday to spend the day with their folks, we presume, old stuff!

Some of the Klemme Masons went to Garner Monday evening to see work in the Royal Arch degree of the Chapter.

Mrs. Newton Moberly has returned from Illinois where she was called by the death of her father about two weeks ago.

Miss Esther Belken, of Iowa Falls, will be the teache to take Miss Warnock's place in the Klemme High School next season.

Miss Anne Griewe spent several days the past week at the home of her brother at Rudd, Iowa. She returned to Klemme Saturday noon.

Little Erzula Thomas celebrated her fourth birthday last week. She says she will soon be a great big girl now.

The Royal Neighbors were entertained and had a meeting at the home of Mrs. Chris Gram last Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Larsen and family returned from their two weeks' vacation and trip Monday evening. They thoroughly enjoyed the vacation

Mrs. Quitus and daughter, Mable, and Miss Lela James, of Garner, were in Klemme Tuesday afternoon shopping.

Miss Dorothy Baack, of Blairstown, Iowa, is here visiting her sister, Mrs. Alfred Josten, and other Klemme friends.

Mrs. George Clemman enjoyed a visit fom her mother, Mrs. Hersley, and daughter from Auburn, Iowa, who were here about a week and left again Saturday.

Fred Schuldt has purchased another fine Duroc Jrsy boar and for the benefit of the farmers here he is running an ad in this issue with a photograph of his new animal. Look for his ad elsewhere in this issue.

A number of families have had radishes and young onions from their gardens already this spring. We know for we have sampled these products from Rev. Meyers' and M. O. Hocum's gardens. Perhaps others also have had early garden, but how do we know?

Tops off the SUPPER!

—the *fresh-from-the-oven flavor* of a steaming, bracing cup of good *"rich and mellow"*

Chocolate Cream COFFEE

Tried it lately? Learn what fresh-roasted fragrance adds to the flavor of good coffee! We seal the fresh-roasted coffee within our new hermetic seal canisters at the ovens. Reaches you absolutely oven-fresh.

60¢ lb.

WESTERN GROCER COMPANY

Keep your stock healty!

Dr. Blackman's

Medicated Salt Brick

Price 25c

Sal---Tonik

50 lb. Block $3.50

Place the bricks or blocks anywhere so the cattle can lick them, keeps them healthy.

Sal--Vet

The great Worm destroyer and Stock Tonic.

Sold by

HENRY LAU & SONS

Overland

Overland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

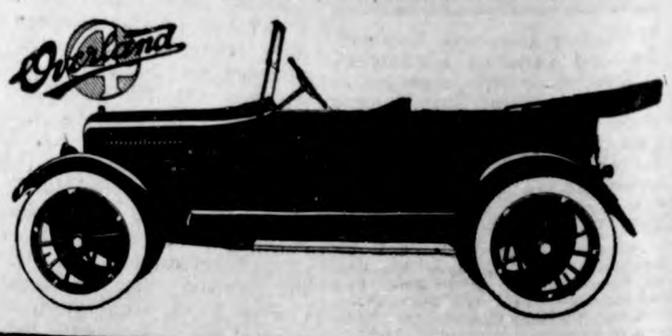
Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



Willys Knight

PHONE 30

C. W. Wiles Garage

YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST

KLEMME, IA.

FORD

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

March 3, 1920, the Ford Motor Company advanced the prices of Ford cars be- of the increased cost of production. No specific announcement was deamed necessary at the time, but it has developed that misrepresentations and misquotations of these advanced prices have been and are given out. So to safeguard the public against the evils of misrepresentation, we herewith give the present prices.

Runabout -	**$550**	with dual electric starting and lighting system - - - $625
Touring Car	**$575**	with dual electric starting and lighting system - - - $650
Coupe - -	**$750**	with dual electric starting and lighting system and demountable rims $850
Sedan - -	**$875**	with dual electric starting and lighting system and demountable rims $975
Truck Chassis		with solid tires and clincher rims **$600**

(With pneumatic tires and demountable rims $640)

These prices are all f. o. b. Detroit

Fordson Tractor $850 f. o. b. Dearborn, Mich.

The Ford dealer whose name is listed below, will be pleased to receive your order, pledging the assurance of the best possible promptness in delivery.

KLEMME AUTO CO.

E. G. Ell, Mgr.

Insist on genuine Ford Parts

We carry a full line of best grade

Machine Oils

and other oils. Also Grease,

Full line of oil cans at all prices.

Trade here and save money.

Jacobs & Son

Hardware Klemme, Iowa

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors **Phone 72**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

arge latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

M. O. Hocum

e Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

ll buy Grain and Hogs six days in week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

Special ***Every Wed. and Saturday***

Cinnamon Rolls, Rye and Graham Bread every Wednesday and Saturday

Always a full line of Fresh Fruits

The Crystal Cafe

Local News

Miss Mildred McCullough went to Ames, Iowa, last Thursday to attend the Agricultural Carnival and Field Meet and also to visit with a cousin. She returned to Klemme Monday.

It was reported to us that Herman Priebe lost some cattle in the storm Tuesday evening when they were struck by lightning as they were standing near a wire fence in the pasture.

We had quite a heavy rain here Tuesday evening. About an inch of rain fell in less than an hour. A heavy wind and electrical storm accompanied the rain.

The rains the past week have somewhat delayed the corn planting in these parts but at present the weather is improving and work is again being take up in the fields.

The warm rains of the past week have brought out the leaves and blossoms on the trees and it really is beginning to look a little like summer.

Al White says that he and his family expect to leave the latter part of this week by auto for Wisconsin to take a vacation and also to take a few good fishing trips.

Only one more week of school after this one and the Klemme school kids will begin to ejoy their summer vacation of three months. The Garner schools will close this week.

Dr. Reuber returned Saturday from Des Moines where he spent several days attending the convention of the Iowa State Medical Society. He reports a very interesting and instructive meeting.

Tonight (Thusday) the Garner High School have their commencement exercises and have the honor of being the largest class to graduate from that school. Two Klemme young ladies are in the class: Miss Mabel Waterman and Miss Lulu Newberger.

LAND SALE

We will sell on public auction the following land: The North ½ of the Northeast ¼ Section, No. 3, in Twin Lake Township, Hancock County, Iowa; tract of land 73 acres. This land will be sold to the highest responsible bidder. $2,000.00 cash when sale is made, balance to be paid in 60 days thereafter. Sale will take place on farm 2 miles west and 1 mile south of Klemme, Iowa, June 16th, 1920, at 2 p. m.

J. A. Young, Auctioneer
F. A. Arnold, Clerk
adv. 4 wks. A. C. Lau and
Wm. Grieman,
Administrators

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North

821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.

South

1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

The Distinction.

"Now that, sir, is a very good cigar, one that you needn't be afraid to offer anybody." "That's all right, as far as it goes, but I want one that I can smoke myself."—Judge.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,
1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

I hereby announce myself a candiate for re-election for Supervison, subject to the will of the republican voters at the June primaries. H. C. MEYER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of recorder of Hancock county, at the June 1920 primaries.

HATTIE M. ALDRIDGE

I hereby announce my candidacy for State Senator from the 43rd district composed of the counties of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of the above counties at the primaries in June, 1920. W. P. Chambers.

CLAS IFIED

Live Stock For Sale

FOR SALE—17 head of Young Stock, weighing from 150 to 450 pounds each. H. Beek, Goodell, Ia. 3w

For Sale

FOR SALE—282 acres of good land in Western Canada, near Standard. House, barn, feced, 100 acres broke. $50.00 an acre, $3,000.00 cash, balance on terms. For further information write

FRED REIFFENSTEIN,
Standard, Alta., Canada.

Found and lost articles

TAKEN UP—A steer came to my place April 15th. Owner can have same by proving property, paying for keep a dnadvertising. Tim Waddingham. 2w.

FOUND—Small alligator wrench and bicycle wrench. Owner may have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this notice.

LOST—Radiator cap for Overland Car. Return to Times Office.

Wanted

Wanted—To do sewing. Mrs. Gilbert Schaefer. tf.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Order your magazines, dailies or other reading matter at the Times Office. Advertisement.

The Whippoorwill.

The whippoorwill does not build a nest for its eggs but lays them on the ground, usually on fallen leaves.

BIG PATH-FINDER

The highest priced Duroc Jersey Boar sold in Iowa in 1916, also the largest for his age. Formerly owned by Miner Bros.

Now owned by

F. H. SCHULDT, GOODELL, IOWA

Under present costs and prices one's financial requirements are greater than they have been before

Not only are we prepared to meet heavier financial demands but we are equally willing and able to render you every form of banking service to keep pace with the times.

We solicit your business on the promise of a service adequate to your every need.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA.

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

YOUR BUILDING PLANS

ARE IMPORTANT TO US — *BRING THEM IN.*

We are just as much interested in your small lumber bills as in your large ones.

Regardless of the size of your requirements we want the opportunity to serve you.

You wfll find our price right, our stock as complete as your needs demand, our service adequate and satisfactory in every way.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

CITY MEN BADLY NEEDED ON FARMS

Shortage of Hired Labor Threatens to Curtail Production of Food.

MEREDITH MAKES AN APPEAL

Increase of Wages From 15 to 25 Per cent Fails to Relieve Situation—Total Acreage Undoubtedly Will Be Reduced.

Washington—With a shortage of hired farm labor, as acute as in 1918, threatening to curtail food production on American farms, E. T. Meredith, secretary of agriculture, has issued an appeal to city men, college students and others to spend their vacations working on farms, particularly as helpers in harvest fields.

Reports secured by the federal department from its representatives in practically every state in the Union show that the supply of hired farm labor in this country is only about 72 per cent of the normal supply, compared with approximately 84 per cent of a normal supply a year ago. This year's shortage is almost exactly the same as that of two years ago when large numbers of men were in military service.

May Cut Production.

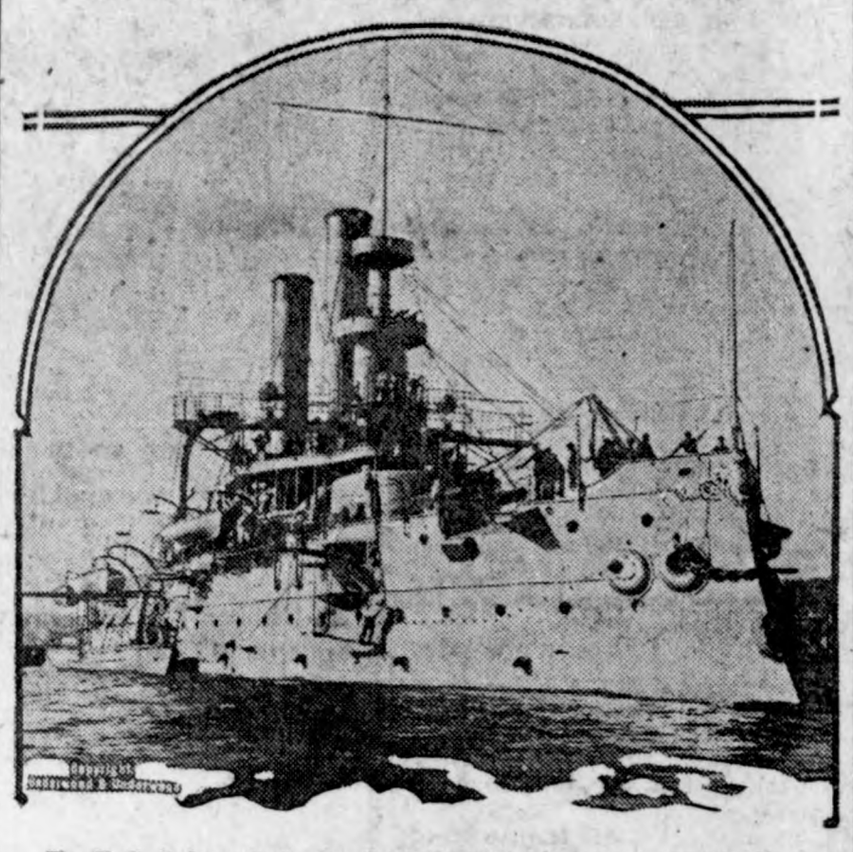
The present shortage has arisen in spite of the fact that farm wages are 15 to 25 per cent higher than last year. The situation, unremedied, cannot fail to have unfavorable effect on production, according to the United States department of agriculture, and will tend to prevent any reduction in the prices of farm products. While the total acreage undoubtedly will be reduced as a result of the present situation, it will not be in as large proportion as the reduction in the labor supply, because the farmers with their families are exerting themselves to the utmost to overcome their handicap. Cultivation this year will be less intensive than formerly. More land will be put into grass and such other crops as require a minimum of labor, it is said, and the tilled fields will be less intensively cultivated.

Secretary Meredith calls on all business men and students to spend their summer holidays helping relieve the present situation and so aid in combating high living costs. In making this appeal it is recognized that, at the outset at least, such labor is not as efficient as experienced farm labor, but the excellent results secured in 1918, when city men in large numbers aided the farmers, leave no doubt as to the success of the present drive if the men will respond.

Plan to Help Farmers.

The United States department of agriculture was represented by Asher Hobson at the meeting of the National Farm Labor conference held in Kansas City recently and the office of farm management, of which Mr. Hobson is assistant chief, is laying plans looking toward offering effective aid in dealing with the farm labor situation, particularly in the harvest season. It is expected that definite announcement regarding work along this line will be made in the near future. Until other provision has been made by the department all persons interested in finding work on farms should write to the directors of agricultural extension at the agricultural colleges in the various states. These directors are prepared to supply the names of county agents having farms in their respective counties that need farm labor. By this method anyone desiring to help on a farm can get in direct communication with the farmer.

FLAGSHIP TO BE USED AS TARGET



The U. S. S. Iowa, in its day the pride of the American navy and flagship of the late "Fighting Bob" Evans, unless plans of naval experts fail, will be used as a moving target for modern dreadnoughts, its movements directed by powerful wireless apparatus invented by John Hays Hammond. The Iowa is about thirty years old and is of no further use as a fighting machine.

ONE DRINK JAILS BRIDEGROOM

Brooklyn Judge Lets Him Go to Try to Square Things With His Wife-to-Be.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Togged out in his wedding finery, namely, a perfectly correct afternoon outfit, Alexander Kioskowsky, aged forty, woke up in a cell.

His recollections of what happened were vague. He remembered he had started from his boarding house to make his first venture in married life. His wife-to-be was waiting for him. His disposition to be prompt at the altar was fixed in his mind, but a tempter whispered to him that one little glass of half of 1 per cent beer would not hurt him. The barman whispered "try whisky," as if he was doing him a favor, and he did. That was the last recollection he had until the cell custodian woke him up and told him to get ready to go to court.

The facts in the case were duly presented to Magistrate McGuire by Patrolman McGovern, who had picked the expectant bridegroom out of the gutter.

"If you promise me that you will not take another drink until you are safely married I'll let you go," said the magistrate.

Kioskowsky promised, with marked fervor, and then started out to square things with the woman who may or may not consent to be Mrs. Kioskowsky.

Discovers Way to Balk Idiocy

Surgeon Perfects New Method of Treating Tumor of the Human Brain.

SAVES SCORES OF PERSONS

Discovery Is Result of Long Series of Experiments on Animals—Locates Tumors and Obstructions Every Time.

Baltimore, Md.—Dr. Walter E. Dandy, associate in surgery at Johns Hopkins hospital, has discovered a process by which purified air is pumped into the channels of the human brain, thus making possible a study of the living brain.

The discovery is regarded of tremendous importance in that it already has saved scores of persons from idiocy and premature death, by making possible the exact location of brain tumors, and thus their eventual removal.

The discovery of Doctor Dandy is the result of a long series of experiments on animals.

Fluid That Feeds the Brain.

In each hemisphere of the brain there is a large ventricle or chamber connecting with an elaborate system of channels filled with a fluid produced apparently by one of the glands and delivered to the brain through the spine. This fluid passes slowly to the surface of the brain, there to be absorbed by the brain tissue, and it might be described as the fluid on which the brain feeds.

An excess of this fluid is known as hydrocephalus, or water on the brain. Doctor Dandy has discovered that it frequently follows a tumor which blocks the passage of the fluid. Nature provides but one method of disposing of it, absorption. When that is prevented by a tumor, the fluid collects and presses against the brain, destroying it. Sometimes patients will live for years as imbeciles.

Trials So Far Successful.

In every case where it has been used the method has been successful in locating tumors and other brain obstructions within a hair's breadth. One of the most remarkable features of the discovery is that it is most efficacious when only a local anesthetic is used. It was discovered that the patient felt no ill effects and was able to give assistance to the surgeon.

In one case described by Doctor Dandy a patient was operated on half a dozen times for a tumor of the brain without success. Doctor Dandy used his process and located the tumor, which was removed from a point not considered by diagnosticians.

A photograph of the patient prior to the operation showed a face with sagging lines and the vacant stare of imbecility. A photograph a few months after the operation showed a man apparently in full possession of his senses.

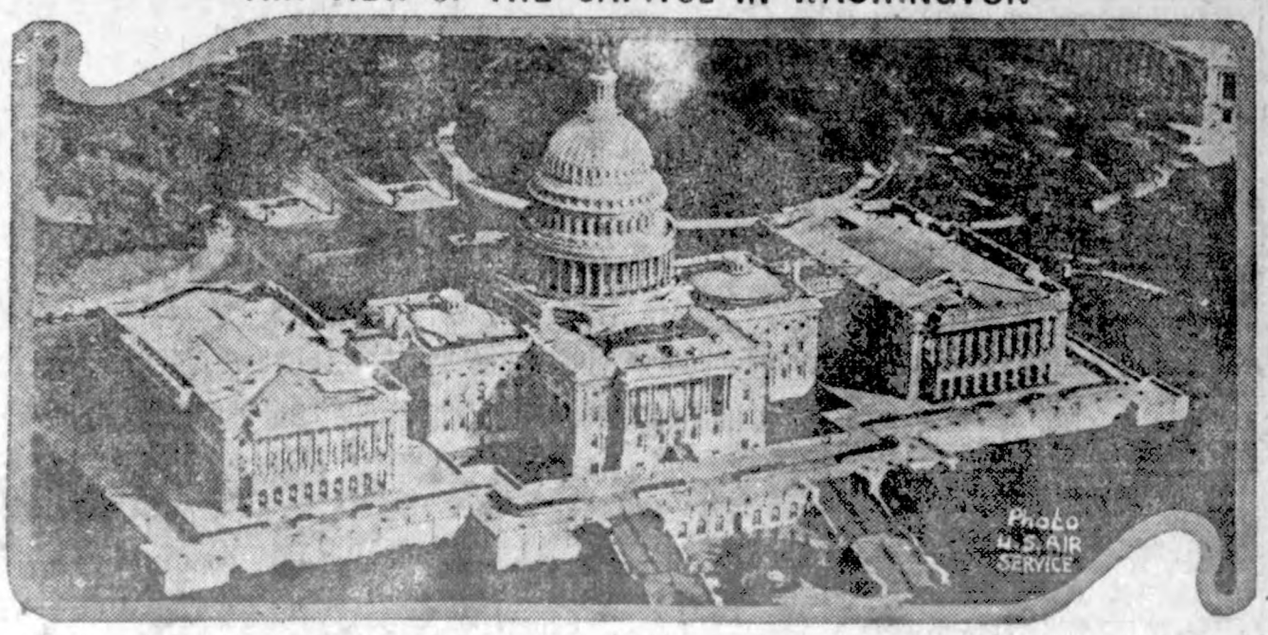
King Alfonso Was Fined for Walking on Grass

Madrid.—King Alfonso was fined two pesetas for walking across the grass in the Gardens of the Alcazar. Every member of his suite who followed the king across the greensward likewise was fined.

The first intimation the royal party had that it had committed an offense was when a guardian approached and said: "Your majesty, walking on the grass is forbidden. I must fine you according to my instructions." At first King Alfonso was abashed, then he laughed and paid the money.

Later the mayor of the town called at the palace and apologized to the king, but his majesty told him the guardian had acted properly and should be rewarded for devotion to duty.

AIR VIEW OF THE CAPITOL IN WASHINGTON



A new and interesting aerial view of the capitol in Washington, made from a United States army plane flying overhead.

WORDS TO THE NAVY

WILSON'S ADDRESS BROUGHT OUT IN SIMS-DANIELS CASE.

REVEALS PRESIDENT'S POLICY

Shows He Was Dissatisfied With British Methods. Told Fighters to Do Audacious Thing.

Washington, D. C.—During the investigation of the Daniels-Sims case before the senate naval committee, President Wilson authorized the publication of a speech he delivered confidentially to officers of the navy on the quarter deck of the dreadnaught Pennsylvania on August 11, 1917.

In his criticism of the navy's conduct of the war, Admiral Sims has always stressed the complaint that the administration was laggard in fully co-operating with the British admiralty in the early months of the war.

Publication of the president's speech to the naval officers reveals that Mr. Wilson himself was strongly dissatisfied with the methods of the British navy.

In laying the text of his remarks before the committee, Secretary Daniels said they showed the "bold and vigorous" policy the president had outlined for the navy.

In opening his address to the officers, Mr. Wilson said:

"Admiral Mayo and gentlemen:

"I have not come here with malice prepense to make a speech, but I have come here to have a look at you and to say some things that perhaps may be intimately said and, even though the company is large, said in confidence.

"This is an unprecedented war, and, therefore, it is a war in one sense for amateurs. Nobody ever before conducted a war like this and therefore nobody can pretend to be a professional in a war like this. Here are two great navies, not to speak of the others associated with us—our own and the British, outnumbering by a very great margin the navy to which we are opposed and yet casting about for a way in which to use our superiority and our strength.

"Now, somebody has got to think this war out. Somebody has got to think out the way not only to fight the submarines, but to do something different from what we are doing.

"We are hunting hornets all over the farm and letting the nest alone.

"None of us know how to go to the nest and crush it and yet I despair of hunting for hornets all over the sea when I know where the nest is and know that the nest is breeding hornets as fast as I can find them. I am willing for my part and I know you are willing because I know the stuff you are made of—I am willing to sacrifice half the navy. Great Britain and we together have, to crush that nest, because if we crush it the war is won. I have come here to say that I do not care where it comes from. I do not care whether it comes from the youngest officer or the oldest, but I want the officers of this navy to have the distinction of saying how this war is going to be won.

"I am willing to make any sacrifice for that. I am ready to put myself at the disposal of any officer in the navy who thinks he knows how to run this war.

"I wish that I could think, and had the brains to think, in the terms of marine warfare, because I would feel then that I was figuring out the future history of the political freedom of mankind. I do not see how any man can look at the flag of the United States, and fail having his mind crowded with reminiscences of the number of unselfish men who have died under the folds of that beautiful emblem. I wonder if men who do not die under it realize the distinction they have?

"There is a distinction in the privilege and I, for my part, am sorry to play so peaceful a part in the business as I myself am obliged to play, and I conceive it a privilege to come and look at you men who have the other thing to do and ask you to come and tell me how this thing can be better done, and we will thank God that we have got men of originative brains among us.

Bluebeard Gets Life.

Los Angeles, Calif.—A total of nine murders of women he had married was confessed by the man who, under the name of James P. Watson, was sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of Nina Lee Deloney, according to Thomas Lee Woolwine, district attorney.

The alleged confessions, according to the district attorney, acounted for all those missing among the twenty or more women the man was said to have married.

Nebraska Marshal Passes Away.

Omaha, Neb.—Thomas J. Flynn, 50 years old, United States marshal for Nebraska, died at his home here after an illness of seevral months. He was well known throughout the state.

Supply Friends With Sugar.

Great Falls, Mont.—Montana residents are shipping sugar by parcel post to friends in Minnesota, North Dakota and other states, according to reports presented to the state convention of wholesale grocers here.

HOOVER WOULD ALLOT SUGAR

Tells House Committee Government Made Mistake in Not Buying Crops —Shortage to Continue.

Washington, D. C.—Herbert Hoover, former food administrator, appearing before a house committee investigating the sugar situation, declared that the world shortage of the product was likely to continue two or three years. The pressing need was rationing, he said, with immediate government action to control the supply through commercial, not legalistic, methods.

Mr. Hoover said that if the government had bought the Louisiana and Cuban crops last year, it would have meant a lower tax on the family pocketbook. Even now, he said, there was a chance to help by limiting the supply to non-essential industries. He told the committee that prohibition had stimulated the use of sugar in manufacture of sweet drinks and thus had added to the drain on stocks needed for home consumption.

Mr. Hoover, who was a member of President Wilson's second industrial conference, told the senate labor committee he did not believe that the relationship between employers and employees could be settled by any form of legal repression, whether it be by injunction, compulsory arbitration or industrial courts. He said labor unquestionably had been affected by reports of the excessive profits of some employers, although he was emphatic in asserting that unlike Europe, the United States had not been threatened by any attempt by labor leaders to use the strike as a political weapon.

"We have got to throw tradition to the wind.

"As I have said, gentlemen, I take it for granted that nothing that I say here will be repeated, and therefore I am going to say this: Every time we have suggested anything to the British admiralty the reply has come back that virtually amounted to this, that it had never been done that way, and I felt like saying, 'Well, nothing was ever done so systematically as nothing is being done now.' Therefore, I should like to see something unusual happen, something that was never done before; and inasmuch as the things that are being done to you were never done before, don't you think it is worth while to try something that was never done before against those who are doing them to you?

"There is no other way to win. America is the prize amateur nation of the world. Germany is the prize professional nation of the world. Now, when it comes to doing new things and doing them well, I will back the amateur against the professional every time. He knows so little about it that he is fool enough to try the right things. The men who do not know the danger are the rashest men.

"Please leave out of your vocabulary the word 'prudent.' Do the thing that is audacious to the utmost point of risk and daring because that is exactly the thing that the other side does not understand.

"I think that there are willing ears to hear this in the American navy and the American army because this is the kind of folks we are. We get tired of the old way and covet the new ones.

"I am not discouraged for a moment, particularly because we have not even begun and, without saying anything in disparagement of those with whom we are associated in the war, I do expect things to begin when we begin. If they do not, American history will have changed its course; the American army and navy will have changed their character. There will have to come a new tradition into a service which does not do new and audacious and successful things."

Huge Profit in Sugar.

Salt Lake City, Utah.—Federal investigators have determined that the Utah-Idaho company, with headquarters here, by selling sugar at 22.75 cents per pound wholesale, to which it was raised May 1, from 13 cents, are realizing a net profit of $14.15 per 100-pound sack, according to announcement by United States Attorney Isaac Blair Evans.

Another Ark to Depart Soon.

Washington, D. C.—Another "soviet ark," loaded with radical aliens, will be started on its way to Russia shortly, the house appropriations committee was told by Anthony Caminetti, director of immigration. "I am now ready to deport in large numbers," Caminetti said.

No Wet Planks Likely.

Washington, D. C.—Both republican and democratic national organizations have decided definitely that there will be no "wet" plank in their platforms this year.

Slays Wife and Sons.

Webster City, Ia.—Angered because she had left him, Harvey Beasley shot and killed his wife and two small boys at their home here, and eluded the sheriff and his posse by riding to Iowa Falls in an automobile, where the trail was lost.

The bodies of Mrs. Beasley and the boys were found by the former's sister-in-law, who arrived on the scene in time to see Beasley leaving in haste. The bodies were wriggling in a great pool of blood.

REMARKABLE RECOVE

Extraordinary Cura Power of Lydia E. Pi ham's Vegetable Compo

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I want to know what good Lydia E. Pink Vegetable pound has do I had organic bles and am through the C of Life. I was with a pain side and a bad ache. I cou lie down, cou eat or sleep. fered some terrible and th tor's medicin me no good at all—my pains got instead of better. I began takin Vegetable Compound and felt a c from the first. Now I feel fine a vise any one going through the C of Life to try it, for it cured me had given up all hopes of getting You can publish this and I wi any one who writes to me the it has done me."—Mrs. Marg Danz, 743 N. 25th Street, Phila.

It hardly seems possible that th a woman in this country who wil tinue to suffer without giving Ly Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after all the evidence that is conti being published, proving beyond co diction that this grand old medicin relieved more suffering among w than any other medicine in the wo

Another Quick Firing Pistol

An Alabama man has invented tol that is practically a miniatur chine gun, as its cartridges are l into a chain of almost any leng sired.

FRECKLE

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest n feeling ashamed of your freckles, as —double strength—is guaranteed to these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine— strength—from your druggist, and a little of it night and morning as should soon see that even the worst h have begun to disappear, while the ones have vanished entirely. It is that more than one ounce is needed t pletely clear the skin and gain a be clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double s Othine, as this is sold under guaran money back if it fails to remove freck

Only a Theory.

She—I don't think it is right t a woman can't keep a secret.

He—What makes you say that?

She—No woman ever tried.—Widow.

Perhaps.

Hardnut—Young Smith is a wire.

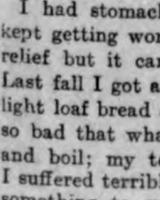
Softnut—Aw, yes; that probabl counts for his shocking manners.

Once, no one dared to offend kings; now, no one dares offend de racy—or Demos.

Accepted for Li Insurance

Easily Passed Examinat Although Previously To Condition Was Hopeles

"I was so bad off with kidney tro I had to give up my work as engine says J. B. Ragless, 210 West Street, Chicago, Ill. "My back out completely. It was as weak it were broken. I tossed and turned whole night long. I came dizzy and w have to grab the nea object to keep from ing. At times the ney secretions ha passed at all, while they would be pa and oblige me to time and time again. urine burned cruelly lost twenty-five pounds in weight; I had taken so many things wit relief I became discouraged; in fa was told there was no help for me



Mr. Ragless

"At last I began with *Doan's ney Pills*, and they made a new of me. It wasn't any time befo was back to normal weight and passed a life insurance examina without any trouble. *Over tw years have since gone by and cure is still permanent.*"

Sworn to before me.

GEORGE W. DEMPSTER, N.

Get Doan's at Any Store. 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N

Prayed for Cur Finds it After 10 Year

Food Would Sour and Boi —Teeth Like Chalk

Mr. Herbert M. Gessner writes fro home in Berlin, N. H.:

I had stomach trouble over ten y kept getting worse. I tried everythin relief but it came back worse than Last fall I got awfully bad; could onl light loaf bread and tea. In January so bad that what I would eat would and boil; my teeth would be like c I suffered terribly. I prayed every da something to cure me. One day I about EATONIC and told my wife to me a box at the drug store as I was to work at 4 p. m. I took one-third and began to feel relief; when it three-fourths gone, I felt fine and wh was used up I had no pains. Wife go another box but I have felt the pain twice. I used five tablets out of the box and I have no more stomach tro Now I write to tell you how thankf am that I heard of EATONIC. I fee a new man; I eat what I like, drink p of water, and it never hurts me at al

NT MELON S BY SPRAY

of Bordeaux Mixture k Serious Disease Anthracnose.

IELD AND QUALITY

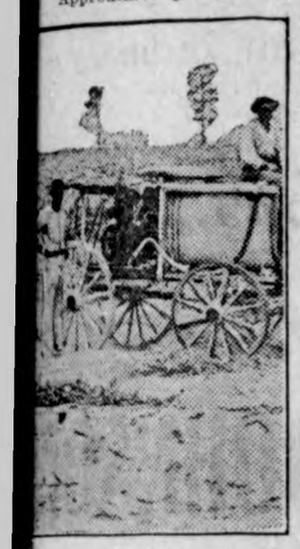
Figured at 94 Cents an ich Farmers Consider otection From a Very ease.

the United States Depart- t of Agriculture.)

was prevented in the states in the past season for the watermelon dis- acnose. The organism s the trouble attacks the field, killing the foliage both the yield and qual- uit. By covering healthy spray solution, Bordeaux y can be protected.

ularity of Method.

th in popularity of this be seen in Florida. In ore than 300 acres in that sprayed. In 1919 over were sprayed under super- ents of the department of Approximately two to



Watermelon Vines for An- thracnose Control.

cations are required in or- e the vines protection. Us- secured after working with ower spray pumps in Florida , the average cost an acre cents for each application. have decided that this is tection against a very seri- e, and it is believed certain ing will soon be recognized essary step in good melon

Spread of Disease.

ason favored the spread of se. Severe rainy weather rienced at one time or an- ing the growing season all melon belt, and moist with driving rains made it for this disease to spread the fields. Cars arrived at York market with 80 to 90 of the melons affected, the decayed spots on the rind be- numerous that in some in- the entire surface of the s affected.

N AND TRUCK PATCHES

tensively Worked Spots on and Contribute Greatly to Farmer's Income.

ost intensively-worked field on say specialists of the United epartment of agriculture, is den. For convenience it is located close to the dwelling. rmers have, in addition, truck in fields where intertilled ch as corn, are grown. These are conveniently plowed, pre- nd cultivated at the same time nd is worked for the regular In the truck patch potatoes, rn, cabbage, tomatoes, squash, cumbers are usually raised. ables constitute only about 11 in value of all food consumed ers, and about 90 per cent of etables are furnished by the n general, Irish potatoes are he most important vegetable constituting nearly one-half e of all vegetables consumed. South, however, about twice sweet potatoes as Irish pota- e used.

STUDY OF FRUIT TREES

Carefully Which One Bears vily, Ripens on Time and Matures Big Crop.

e the fruit trees carefully. See tree bears heavily, ripens on nd matures a high grade of Notice the trees that are shy the tender trees susceptible se and insect injury.

highly desirable that the fruit become thoroughly familiar he tendencies of the various e he will know how to treat Trees are much like animals. on can always get better re- ith animals if he understands ecularities.

hermore one always wants to the good trees and the poor The poor will need be replaced n as practical. The desirable earing large crops of highly de- fruits may be reproduced. ation should be from the best.

EARLY POTATOES ARE OF MUCH IMPORTANCE

Don't Crowd Out More Intensive Garden Vegetables.

Wherever Space Will Permit It Is Advisable to Plant at Least One Peck of Seed—Put Sugar Corn Between the Rows.

One peck of medium-sized seed potatoes, cut so there will be two good eyes to a piece, and dropped one piece to a hill, will plant 350 feet of row, according to the United States department of agriculture. If seasonal and other conditions are right this peck of seed potatoes should produce at least sixteen-fold, or four bushels of potatoes. Some home gardeners have grown six and seven bushels of early potatoes from a peck of seed, but that is exceptional. Sixteen pecks of potatoes, or 48 quarter-pecks, will provide the potatoes for at least 48 dinners for a family of five, with some left from each dinner to be fried for breakfast the following morning.

Potatoes are important in the diet, and early potatoes from home gardens are especially appetizing. It may not pay to crowd out the more intensive garden vegetables in order to grow early potatoes, but wherever space will permit at least one peck of seed should be planted. A good plan is to plant late sugar corn between the potatoes about the time the potato vines begin to show signs of ripening. Then as the potatoes are dug, hoe the soil around the corn. Late cabbage plants are often set between the potatoes and a crop of cabbage is produced after the potatoes are removed. It always pays to keep the land working.

BIG REVENUE FROM TOBACCO

Figures Have Always Been Larger Than Those From Customs Tax —$178,000,000 in 1918.

The internal revenue from tobacco has always been much larger than the customs receipts, says the United States department of agriculture. In the first years' operation of the law, 1863, the internal revenue was $3,000,000, in the next year $9,000,000 and the amount increased to $31,000,000 by 1870, $41,000,000 by 1877, and $47,000,000 by 1882. After that year, the amount declined and remained relatively low until 1898, with a low-water mark of $26,000,000 in 1884. Suddenly, in 1899, the income jumped to $52,000,000, and the amount reached $71,000,000 in 1912. $85,000,000 in

Tobacco Field in Virginia.

1916, $102,000,000 in 1917, and $156,000,000 in 1918. The receipts of internal revenue and customs together produced $13,000,000 in 1865, $52,000,000 in 1897, $75,000,000 in 1909, $104,000,000 in 1913, $132,000,000 in 1917, and $178,000,000 in 1918.

QUICKLY PERISHABLE CROPS

Difficult to Form Any Reliable Judgment for Marketing Berries, Melons and Peaches.

It is particularly difficult to form any reliable market judgment for quickly perishable, short-season crops like strawberries, peaches, and melons, says the United States department of agriculture. Markets in such lines are irregular, differing widely at the same time in different cities because the nature of the crop does not admit of safe transfer between distant points and does not allow long keeping in cold storage. These lines feel quickly and severely the effect of oversupply, whether of car lots or from neighboring sources. As these crops are not strictly necessities, the demand is somewhat uncertain, depending largely upon the buying power of the public, which may vary greatly from season to season.

SMALL FLOCKS OF CHICKENS

More Should Be Kept Where Conditions Make It Feasible in Villages and Towns.

Where conditions make it feasible and cheap, small flocks of poultry should be kept to a greater extent than at present by families in villages and towns, and especially in the suburbs of large cities. The need for this extension of poultry raising is particularly great in sections where the consumption of poultry products exceeds the production, with the result that prices are high.—United States Department of Agriculture.

STANDARDS HELP FARM PROBLEMS

Lesson Taught by Denmark's Success in Butter Business Is Emphasized.

OF BENEFIT IN HOME TRADE

Recent Importations Bearing Well-Known Foreign Brand Call Attention to Value of Recognized Grades in Marketing.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

It was no less a person than Shakespeare's Hamlet who asserted that there was something rotten in Denmark. But whatever truth there may have been in that assertion, American butter interests today readily acknowledge that there is nothing impure in Denmark's butter.

Danish butter usually is of very good quality. That, in fact, is the reason that dairy and butter interests in the United States have been looking with a suggestion of concern—more than is deserved, perhaps—on the importation of Danish butter which has been taking place at New York recently at the rate of several hundred casks weekly, each cask weighing 112 pounds. Experts use this incident to emphasize the lesson which Denmark's success in the butter business teaches with respect to standardization. While perhaps the greatest value resulting from the application of standards in Denmark lies in its benefit to that country's export butter trade, in America a corresponding benefit could be enjoyed in domestic trade, since our home butter consumption normally far exceeds our exports.

A Recognized Brand.

The Danish government has a brand which the law provides can be placed on all butter meeting certain rather exacting requirements. This is the brand to be found on the casks which have been arriving at New York and which is recognized the world over as a guaranty of good quality. Experts in American dairy marketing problems point to the value of the Danish official mark not with the idea of advocating that this government adopt a similar plan of officially branding butter, but to emphasize the value which results from adopting recognized standards. They call attention to the fact that America is producing much butter which scores as high or higher than the Danish importations.

In some cases private brands are well enough known to profit fully by the high grade maintained. But this can not be said of all American butter of fine quality. Today no uniform grades are universally adhered to and consequently much butter has to be marketed at lower prices than it would otherwise bring because it bears no brand or score indicating its real value.

Apply Grades More Widely.

The government has established standards for scoring butter and anyone who will get in touch with one of the five principal butter markets where inspectors are maintained—Minneapolis, Chicago, New York, Philadelphia, Boston—can have his butter inspected at small cost. What is needed, it is claimed, is that the federal grades be more generally applied. Not only would high-grade butter more generally command the price it deserves, but many producers now more or less indifferent to grading would be induced to improve the quality of their output.

A few weeks ago perishable food inspectors representing the Bureau of Markets, United States Department of Agriculture, were called on to inspect 4,000,000 pounds of butter intended for export to a European country. The bureau was able to certify that most of the butter came up to the standard required by the exporting house. Having received federal certificates to this effect the exporters could safely proceed with their shipments to Europe. The incident is considered of special interest because the house exporting the 4,000,000 pounds had previously had trouble with an uninspected shipment abroad because it did not come up to specifications. By utilizing the federal inspection service it was possible for these exporters to be sure that butter accepted for shipment was up to a certain standard.

Standardization Promotes Efficiency.

Since the inauguration of federal food inspection by the Bureau of Markets in 1917, an increasing number of producers, buyers, and sellers have come to appreciate its value, as is indicated by the demand for inspection of perishable fruits and vegetables and butter. This is a big advance in the right direction, market experts say, but immeasurably greater benefits can be enjoyed when producers and dealers generally come to understand the grades which inspectors apply, and constantly work with them in view. Standardization will promote efficiency, not only in the butter industry, but in handling most perishable fruits and vegetables.

With a wide acceptance of federal grades and standards, production could be carried on far more profitably and distribution far more economically than at present. Anyone interested in this question can secure full information by writing the Bureau of Markets, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Part of a big importation of butter recently arrived in New York, which furnishes an object lesson in the value of standards and grades for food products.

PROFIT FROM STOCK AND VARIOUS CROPS

Enterprises Should Be Adopted That Are General.

Limited Demand for Some Product Not Generally Grown Will Sometimes Afford Few Farms Opportunity for Expansion.

Are the crops and live stock the farm is producing for sale to the nonproducers of the community or for export to other communities such as can be made profitable when produced and sold locally or exported?

The best guide here, says the United States department of agriculture, is the practice of the community; enterprises should be adopted that are found generally on its farms. A limited demand from the nonproducers of the community for some product not generally grown locally, and for which many local farms are not adapted, will sometimes afford a few farms opportunity for expansion.

For instance, the plan suggested by the department for providing dairy products should, if followed, produce enough surplus calves to develop here and there cattle-raising and cattle-feeding farms. Some farms will be specially adapted to this purpose by having an abundance of suitable but unsalable by-products, cheap pasture, or pasture land unadapted to cropping. Other farms may develop a considerable business in the production of pork, or of pigs for supplying farms where brood sows are not kept.

"BETTER SIRES" FOR RABBITS

Official Emblem of Recognition Is Granted to Florida Man—Animals Not Officially Listed.

The first person in the United States whose "live stock" consists entirely of rabbits, and who applied for enrollment in the "Better Sires—Better Stock" movement, is Hamilton Coleman of Bay county, Florida. Rabbits are not officially listed among the classes of animals for whose improvement the better sires campaign is being conducted. However, in response to the spirit of co-operation shown and considering that the breeds of rabbits listed are raised for meat, the official emblem of recognition has been granted to Mr. Coleman. The rabbits listed include Flemish Giants, Spotted Giants, New Zealands and Belgian hares.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Test your seed corn ear by ear.

* * *

Farm wages are higher than ever.

* * *

Treat small grain seed with formaldehyde to prevent smut.

* * *

Barley is an excellent grain feed for stock, being almost the equal of corn.

* * *

Use of a muddy or rusty garden tool is a misdemeanor punishable by failure.

POULTRY

RIGHT STOCK FOR BREEDING

Fowls Should Be Healthy and Vigorous for Best Success—Yearling Hens Preferred.

For success in raising chickens it is necessary to have healthy and vigorous breeding stock, for the lack of vigor in the newly hatched chicks is often traceable to weak parents. Only the most vigorous and the best grown birds should be put in the breeding yards. Each bird should be full of life and energy and free from any serious deformity.

Yearling hens are usually better than pullets for breeders, because hens are more mature and do not lay so many eggs during the early winter, and consequently do not reduce their vitality

Select Only Most Vigorous and Best-Grown Birds for Breeding Pens.

so much before the breeding season. Vigorous hens two to four years old can often be advantageously retained in the breeding yard.

The male bird chosen should be young and active. An early hatched, well-developed cockerel is usually satisfactory, poultry specialists of the United States department of agriculture affirm, or a good, vigorous yearling or two-year-old cock may be chosen. The hens used for breeding purposes should be given the best care possible; they should be provided with large runs and should not be forced for heavy egg production during the early winter.

DEADLY FOE OF LAZY FOWLS

When Trap Nests Are Used No Amount of Cackling Will Deceive Owner of Poultry Flock.

Trap nests are the deadly foe of the lazy hen. When they are used, no amount of cackling and appearance of industry can conceal the fact that she isn't delivering the goods. They are the one accurate way by which the owner of a flock can check up on the laying ability of the individual hens.

Besides being valuable in locating the drones, their use is advisable for the following additional reasons:

They help to make the birds tame, thereby tending toward increased egg production.

They furnish definite knowledge concerning the egg production of individual fowls.

They furnish the most satisfactory basis for utility or other breeding.

They show which hen lays each individual egg, thus furnishing the essential basis for pedigree breeding.

YIELD WHITE-SHELLED EGGS

Mediterranean Breeds Are Best Suited for Production—Do Not Make Good Sitters.

Poultry of the Mediterranean or egg breeds are best suited for the production of white-shelled eggs. Representatives of this class are bred largely for the production of eggs rather than for meat production. Among the popular breeds of this class are: Leghorn, Minorca, Ancona and Andalusian. One of the outstanding characteristics of the egg breeds is the fact that they are classed as nonsitters. That is, as a rule, they do not become broody and hatch their eggs. When fowls of this class are kept, artificial incubation and brooding are usually employed.

POULTRY NOTES

Small or dirty eggs should be used at home.

* * *

Early cockerels are going to bring good prices this spring.

* * *

Feed growing chicks a dry mash to which they can help themselves.

* * *

Stand by the hen, handle her right, and she will lay eggs with all her might.

* * *

Fine cut clover and sprouted oats are healthful and stimulating to young chicks.

* * *

Be sure that growing chicks have plenty of feed so that they will make continuous rapid growth.

* * *

Never overfeed chicks by thickly scattering the scratch feed in the litter. Feed small amounts frequently.

* * *

Preserve eggs in the spring and summer for use during the fall and winter when eggs are scarce and high in price.

DAIRY

MAKING MILK DISEASE-FREE

Thriving Vermont Municipality Is First Small City to Adopt Strict Regulations.

Barre, Vt., a thriving municipality of about 15,000, is the first small city in the United States which requires dairymen furnishing it with milk to place their herds under federal-state supervision for the eradication of tuberculosis. The result has been accomplished by close and persistent cooperation on the part of the mayor and other municipal authorities, the United States department of agriculture, the state commissioner of agriculture, the local veterinarian.

Eradication of tuberculosis was begun in a thoroughly systematic manner. The regulations of the federal bureau of animal industry and of the state commissioner of agriculture were supplemented by a city ordinance. The city provided at its own expense a large barn, in which were assembled

The Sort of Cow Condemned by Dairy Experts.

all small herds, scattered lots, and individual cows. The city also furnished necessary conveyances, and employed a man who devoted his time to notifying owners when to bring their cattle in for test, assigning them stalls as they came in, and keeping the cattle moving out promptly after tests were completed.

Two hundred and sixteen herds, composed of 2,107 individuals, were tested, and 379 reactors—17.9 per cent of the total—were found. Those reacting to the test were promptly shipped out and slaughtered under federal inspection.

Among the larger cities whose milk is obtained entirely or chiefly from tuberculin-tested cattle that have passed federal and state tests are Birmingham, Ala., and Washington, D. C. In addition, numerous others have ordinances requiring the tuberculin test applied under local supervision.

PROPER MANAGEMENT OF COW

Ration Should Be of Such Kind That Animal Will Be in Good Flesh on Freshening.

During the dry period, the cow should be given a good ration so that she will be in good flesh when she freshens. This will improve the quality as well as the quantity of the milk. Just before freshening the grain ration should not be too heavy and should contain plenty of bran. The bowels should be kept well regulated. If necessary, one to one and one-half pounds of Epsom salts may be used as a drench. The cow should have a period of rest of four to six weeks in order to give the best supply of milk during the period of lactation.

GOOD COWS ARE ECONOMICAL

Animals Provide Cheapest, Best and Most Wholesome Feed—No Way of Doing Without Them.

The first reason for having good milk cows on the farm comes from the fact that they provide the cheapest, best and most wholesome food for the family. Their value is hard to estimate when we consider the amount saved on the bills. Their produce is a superior substitute for many foods necessarily purchased at high prices. In fact, there is no economic way of doing without plenty of good milk cows on the farm.

SILO HAS MANY ADVANTAGES

Owner Can Carry Maximum Number of Cows and Supply Necessary Succulent Feed.

The farmer who has a silo can carry a maximum number of cows and supply his herd with a palatable, succulent feed of a uniform quality at any time during the year, conditions favorable to a large milk production.

DAIRY NOTES

Use clean bedding only.

* * *

In selecting a sire attention must be paid to the average type of females in the herd.

* * *

The old country breeders were very careful in the females selected to replenish their herds.

* * *

Improvement of the herd comes through the sire. Therefore, make sure you get a right good one.

* * *

A good-sized barrel in a dairy cow indicates large capacity for digestion. There should be a good spring of ribs.

UNDER U.S. GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION

Burned Out!

Not a pleasant thought, we admit, but it is happening to some one every minute of the day and night—seven days a week.

You can't figure out when your turn will come but you can be ready.

Insure your insurables and put your other valuables—papers, deeds, maps, contracts, insurance policies, etc., in a safe deposit box at this bank.

The prudent man prepares!

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Drs. Reuber & Zinn will soon have their building remodeled as the brick layers finished up their work on the building. As soon as everything is fiished up they will install their X-ray machine and other new equipment, which they have not yet unpacked.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Harvey will soon move into the Blank house in the southwest part of town which they have rented for the coming year. They are now living in the rooms over the State Savings Bank. When they vacate the rooms Dr. Missman will move his office equipment into them.

The revival meetings are in full progress this week and are to be continued the rest of this week at the Methodist Episcopal church. Beginning Sunday morning the meetings will be held at the First Methodist church where they will be continued all of next week until the close of the campaign.

Dandelion soup should be easily made now according to the appearance of most lawns in town. The little yellow pest is out in full bloom and those who enjoy "greens" are the only ones who find pleasure in digging up the weed.

Miss Warnock, who has taught in the Klemme schools two years, will teach in the Gowrie schools next year which is a much better school than here and a better position. Miss Bryson, who has been here but one season will attend school again next year. Supt. Collis has ben here one year but will return to Klemme again next year.

The Rock Island depot at Belmond was robbed about a week ago and a small sum of money was taken, after which the yeggs set fire to the building. Firemen arrived on the scene in time to save the building, however, the office and part of the waiting room was burned out and a lot of valuable records were also destroyed in the fire. The job has the appearance of home talent according to reports.

Twenty-eight counties in Iowa were reported May 10 to have organized Salvation Army Advisory Boards. These boards have supervision of the Home Service Program for 1920, which is a nation-wide movement, wherein the Salvation Army offers its sixteen major social activities to every community where they are desired. It is stated by Salvation Army authorities that every county in Iowa will be co-operating with them by the end of the summer. One of the activities is said to be of aid to the farmers in obtaining farm help. Hancock County is now fully organized.

Its Advantages.

"The trouble with Jorkins is that he thinks he is smart and has been buying paper wheat." "But, dear me, George, couldn't anybody see there is no nourishment in such a substitute as that?"

Hart Schaffner & Mar

all-wool clothes

Will "put in overtime" for you

IF you're among those men who work with their hands as well as their brains you probably like to "dress-up" when the day's work is done. You should be as well dressed as any business man. You're entitled to the best and that's what you'll get here:

Clothes by Hart Schaffner & Mar

They're stylish, sturdy, economical; made by well paid, contented craftsmen; they save you money because they work overtime; "stay on the job" for a season or two after an ordinary suit has "punched out."

Money back if they don't.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES *GARNER, IOW*

Stop Look Listen

BOYS

Get in on our boys' advertising Contest!

Write an advertisement about our Boy's Department in your own words and style

$18 Suit for the best ad.
$10 Merchandise order 2nd
$ 5 Merchandise order 3rd

Any boy 16 years old and under is elegable. Bring or send your ad in before June 15th.

Bettermade Suits $10 to $20
Sampeck Suits $15.50 to $30

Shirts Underwear Caps and Waists

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
Coal Hauling Done

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

7 CAIRNS 7
BROS.
AND THEIR BIG COMPANY

PRESENT

"The Prodigal Son"

ONE NIGHT ONLY

Klemme, Thursday, June 3 Starting at 8:30 in their

BIG TENT THEATRE
Two Special Cars—Twenty-Five People

Admission-- Children 35c Adults 75c Tax included.

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA
Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

Hermoline
A BETTER LUBRICANT
—FROM THE FORMULA OF A MOTOR COMPANY

Increase Your Truck Mileage

Great loads (ordinarily overloads)—working over all kinds of roads—long hours at a stretch—the motor working almost constantly with very little coasting—such conditions of service develop a tremendous degree of heat within the cylinder walls of the average truck motor.

Against these mighty forces of friction and heat, only the very best of lubricants should be used. And there is only one "best" lubricant—that made from strictly Pennsylvania crude oil.

HERMOLINE is admittedly a superior oil for truck use for the reason that it is not only made strictly from the best Pennsylvania crude but, in addition, it is refined by a scientifically correct formula of a motor company—a formula based upon this company's long experience in selling and serving in the automobile, truck and tractor fields.

HERMOLINE is free from the serious faults of inferior oils.

HERMOLINE does *not* evaporate through the filler tube under even the greatest heat. It does *not* fail to provide the necessary protecting film of oil, without which even the best quality of steel would quickly be ruined when operating with usual motor speed.

Increase your truck mileage and add years to the life of your motor by using HERMOLINE.

Let us help you select the correct grade of HERMOLINE for your truck—or your car or tractor. You'll be pleased with the results—your motor will show new life—new power.

Put it to any test you like, HERMOLINE is the lubricant you should insist on.

E. G. ELL
Klemme, Iowa

The Test of Oil Value

There are five tests by which the supreme quality of lubricants made from Pennsylvania crude oils are shown, and by these tests HERMOLINE lubricants are proved superior for use in your motor car, truck, tractor or aeroplane.

Gravity

The gravity of an oil shows its density. Lubricants like HERMOLINE, made from Pennsylvania crude oils, run high in gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees), and are invariably filtered oils that contain a small percentage of carbon.

Viscosity

The viscosity test shows the ability of oil to retain its body under extreme heats. Inferior oils usually have a high viscosity, while Pennsylvania oils have low viscosity (from 150 to 240 at 70°), but when subjected to a heat anywhere near the temperature of a working motor Pennsylvania oils surpass all in viscosity and lubricating capacity.

Flash and Fire

The flash test shows at what temperature the vapors coming off the oil will ignite when a small flame is brought close to its surface.
The fire test shows at what temperature the oil itself will burn. Oils refined from Pennsylvania crude show a flash of 400° Fahr. and over—a fire test of 450°.

Color

Some of the lightest colored oils often contain the most carbon, so that tests of color should never be taken as proof of quality without the other tests described in this column.

Filtering

Oils made from Pennsylvania crude may be depended upon as being truly filtered oils when they have a high gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees). You will note that HERMOLINE oil has both light and color and high gravity.

Ask your dealer for the HERMOLINE booklet—it tells in detail how to prove oil value.

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 38 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, 27 May 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

WHAT HAVNER STANDS FOR

H. M. Havner, candidate for the publican nomination for governor the June primaries, solicits your pport upo a definite platform in ch he derlares his position upon portant issues before the people of a today. One of his most empha- d planks is his fight in the enact- nt of a law in Iowa which will pro- e for a court of industrial relations settle disputes between capital and or through legal and orderly means her than by strikes and lockouts. Strikes and lockouts have cost ev- citizen of Iowa money during the t year. The coal strike and the sent railway troubles have prevent- the farmers from marketing their stock and grain, and are in part sponsible for the present shortage cars. Strikes and lockouts have own thousands of Iowans out of rk in recent months, against their l, and have caused inconvenience suffering to the public, which has been represented in the settlement these disputes.

Haver is making a square fight to opt a new principle in the adjust- nt of these questions. If you be- ve that labor troubles should be tled by compulsory arbitration be- re a strike is called, rather than ough first calling a strike and later bitrating it, he is your man. He nds also for law enforcement, busi- ss methods in state administration, d a cleaning out of the machine ich has controlled Iowa public fairs for the past two years. He vors enactment of soldier bonus gislation granting Iowa fighters as eral treatment as that extended by y state to their service men. He is native Iowan, who was born and ised as a farmer, who worked as a rm laborer in his youth, and who is e owner of several farm properties day operated under his personal di- ction. He is a graduate of Simpson ollege at the state university of wa, a veteran of the Spanish Amer- an war, and has made a substantial ccess in his own business. He has tter opposition from those who ve suffered through his enforce- nt of the laws, and is fought by olitical ringsters every where be- use he is not a cog in any machine, nd will not be uder obligations to y political clique if elected. He is ot asking for your vote because he a good fellow, a fine orator, a poli- cian, or the representative of special nterests. He presents a definite plat- orm, and asks for your active sup- ort if he stands for the things in overnment in which you believe.—Political Advertisement.

The Real Object.

One thing about getting an early start is that you may not have to hur- ry so much later on, but the real ob- ject is to quit early.—Atchison Globe.

SEWERAGE FOR KLEMME NOW A QUESTION OF TIME ONLY

Monday evening the Mayor and Council of Klemme met and discussed the sewerage question which has been agitated here for some time past. They have looked over various plants in other towns and have consulted with engineers on the subject and have had engineers visit Klemme and look over the grounds, with favorable reports from them. Monday night they decided to put over the sewerage question and all voted in favor of the project, so now it will only be but a short time before Klemme will have an up-to-date sewer system. This is the best move the council, or any previous council has ever done for Klemme and is a move in the right direction. Every broad minded citizen will agree with them that Klemme needs sewerage and should have it as soon as possible. Of course there will be some people opposed to it, but there are always some who are continually carrying a hammer with them to knock on every improvement that comes up, but after they have the improvement established they usually tell everybody how they helped to put it over and are proud of the fact that they really do live in a good live town. Now don't "knock," get the habit and be a "good booster" for Klemme and watch Klemme grow!

MISS MABLE WATERMAN WINS HONORS AT GARNER HIGH

Last week was a busy week for the students of the Garner High School and last Thursday evening the commencement exercises were held. The graduating class this year numbered twenty-eight and was the largest class ever graduated from the Garner school. Among the twenty-eight graduates ten of them had an average of better than ninety per cent. William McConnel, son of Rev. McConnel carried away the highest honors as his average was 95.39 per cent. Mable Waterman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Waterman of this city, was a very close second as she had an average of 95.15 per cent. The next highest was Mitchell Sprole who had an average of 94 and a fraction per cent. The Klemme schools can feel justly proud of Miss Waterman's record at the Garner High School as she finished her eleventh grade here last year and then completed her work at Garnert his year. We also extend congratulations to Miss Waterman for the excellent standing she made at the school this year. A scholarship also goes to Miss Waterman as a reward for her high record at school.

Nothing New.

A western concern proposes to manufacture "ready-made pie crusts" which are guaranteed to keep a year. —Baker's Weekly.

"They Shall Not Have Died In Vain"

How fitting it is that on the thirtieth day of May each year, at a time when the beauties of nature are unfolding and summer time is nigh, we should pause in honor of and in tribute to those who died on the land, in the air and at sea while in the service of our country.

Memorial Day! What a wealth of memories the day brings forth to true Americans! With what reverence will we think of our boys who are sleeping 'neath the battle scarred soil of France—likewise the boys of 1898 and 1861 and 1812 and 1776, all of whom gave their all that this nation might live and that we might enjoy peace, happiness and prosperity.

This year, on Memorial Day, let us consider thoughtfully our great responsibility to these heroes of ours and to the nation which they fought and died for. In civilian life, we too, must "Carry On," lest all their efforts go for naught, in behalf of our everasting peace and the survival of our principles of liberty, equality and justice.

Those whom we honor have fought the good fight—they have gone to their Great Reward. We can do no less on Memorial Day than to highly resolve that they shall not have died in vain and that government of the people, by the people and for the people shall ot perish from the earth.
—(Empeco Paper News)

Tommy Nelson, Sr., left Monday evening for Denver, Colorado, where he will visit relatives for a few weeks. From that place he expects to go further west for visits, stopping off at Redwood City, California, where he will "chin over old times" with Walt Bloom and family. Then he expects to go to the vicinity of Portland, Oregon, for a longer stay with relatives. Tommy does not exactly know how long he will be gone but it will perhaps be many moons before we will see him again. If he likes the country and climate and can get along with the natives he will udoubtedly make his home in the west. We wish him a lot of good times and that he will thoroughly enjoy the trip.

DECORATION DAY SERVICES

As we mentioned previously in the columns of the Times Decoration Day would be observed on Sunday here this year. The exercises will begin in the city park at 3:00 P. M., Sunday May 30th. And in accordance with the dayt he services will be of a religious character interspersed with a patriotic address by Rev. Frank McKeegan, evangelist, who is now conducting a campaign in Klemme. Religious ad patriotic singing and music by the band will constitute a part of the program of the day. After the services in the park the citizens will march in a body to the cemetery, led by the Klemme band. Come to Klemme Sunday afternoon and help observe Memorial Day in honor of the heroes who have fought for Uncle Sam.

SMALL CYCLONE FORMED NEAR KLEMME SATURDAY

Saturday afternoon about five o'clock heavy clouds rolled up in the southwest following a hot and sultry day. Conditions were ideal for wind storms and it was but a short time when a "twister" formed southwest of here a few miles. The revolving funnel took on speed and gathered up loose dirt which was whirled upward but the small cyclone broke up before it reached Klemme, and no damage was done. However, a heavy wind with rain cut loose for a few minutes. Cyclones were reported to have done considerable damage in southern Minnesota that day and other localities suffered from heavy winds.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR

Notice is Hereby Given, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the Estate of Mary Arnold, late of Hancock County, State of Iowa, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

Dated May 18th, A. D. 1920.

F. A. Arnold,
Executor

(3-J-10)

Nails and Teeth Not Poisonous.

Nails and teeth of animals are not in themselves poisonous. A scratch or bite from a dog or cat may prove poisonous, but only because some impurity or germ has been deposited in the ugly wound that results. When a serpent bites it discharges a special poison, which is secreted from glands.

OLD COUPLE KILLED BY TRAIN AT MESERVEY

Hit By Eastbound Train Monday Afternoon

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pals, aged about seventy-five years old, and residing south of Meservey, were struck by the eastbound passenger Monday afternoon as they attempted to drive across the tracks with a horse and buggy ahead of the approaching train. Mrs. Pals was almost instantly killed when the train struck the rear of the buggy. Mr. Pals was picked up unconscious and the examining physicians held little hopes of his recovery as he had received severe internal injuries.

It seems the old couple were entirely unaware of the danger and did not hear the warning of the crossing bell which was ringing long before the train came near. Men near the depot tried to call to them, but they did ot hear the warning or see the rain coming unil they had reached the middle of the track, when the old gentleman became excited and held the horse back. The train struck the buggy in the rear and threw out the occupants. The horse ran away uninjured.

It is a sad accident, but seems to be a further warning for people to stop, look and listen before crossing a railroad track.

STEWARD HENRY WILLE

Steward Henry Wille, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelious Wille, was born April 7th, 1920, and passed from this world Thursday morning, May 20th, 1920, at the age of about six weeks. The little one was born with a defective spine which was the cause of its untimely death. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of the entire community in their sorrow of their little son whom God took back to Heaven again.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our many friends and neighbors for the kindness ad sympathy show us in our sorrow when death called our little son. We also wish to thank those who gave flowers in memory of our little child.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornelious J. Wille

NEW BOOKS

A new lot of sixty books have been received from Des Moines for the circulating library. This consignment is especially rich in books for children and in books on business principles and methods. There is also an excellent selection of fiction and some animal stories that are classics. The boys will be delighted with a number of the volumes and the girls have some of peculiar interest to them also, and there are fairy books and old time story books for the little folks.

ELMER HARTBECK PASSES AWAY AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Elmer Hartbeck who has been suffering from tuberculosis, passed away Monday night after a long battle with the dreaded disease. He contracted the disease while serving his country in the army, but all that medical aid could do for him was of no avail and death came as a relief to his long suffering. Funeral services were held yesterday and his remains laid At Rest. We will publish the obituary in the next issue as at this time it was not prepared for publication.

The Times "Devil" Says

Thos. H. Thompson, candidate for Representative for Hancock County, was in Klemme Friday calling on the voters, and judging us to be a voter he also dropped into the Times Office for a visit. Now Tommy is a very busy man at hte court house these days and it will be impossible for him to call on all the voters so don't feel slighted if he hasn't paid you a visit. He is well known all over the county and it looks like he will take a good majority of the votes. We don't believe he will find very much opposition in this neck of the woods as he has a lot of friends here and in this vicinity who will support him at the primaries, as he has lived in Twin Lakes township as a boy and has grown to manhood near here and is therefore well known. When you look over the little old ballot at the primaries and come to Tommy's name al you have to do is mark in a little cross and Tommy will smile on you as he always does.

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers.

Atlantic's chapter of the Eastern Star will entertain the eighteen grand lodge officers of Iowa on June 1.

Fred Hassler of Manning has sold a fine Poland China boar, "Checkers," for $20,000. It is a big price, but the animal is worth it.

The state meeting of rural mail Grinnell and the time is announced as August just preceding the Grinnell fair and the state fair.

Actual work of paving the roads in Cerro Gordo county has been started. The primary road between Ventura and Clear Lake has been closed to traffic and work started on it.

Sumner Kemp, pioneer saw mill man of Alden and one of the first white men to settle there in the early '50's is dead at his home. He was 87.

April of this year was the coldest since 1907, and as one result plowing for corn in Iowa is probably not more than one quarter done and there has been no corn planted as yet.

Judge William A. Sloane of the class of 1877, Grinnell College, has been appointed to the Supreme Court bench of California. He is chairmen in California for the Grinnell College Advancement Fund.

With the turning of the first shovel of dirt in breaking ground for the new Waterloo high school at Fifth and Locust streets the erection of the great institution of learning for the young people of that city is an actuality.

Davenport people have pledged $229,924 for the interchurch movement, to be paid over a five-year period, according to reports given at a meeting of teams. The total for the one year period, reported was $52,-151.41.

Cost accounting committees have been appointed by the Farm Bureau in Benton county in ten townships to keep track of the production of hogs. A number of these committees were started to work in the past few weeks. These committees vary in size from four to six members. Each member is furnished a farm record book in which to keep his accounts.

"Iowa's Yellowstone Park"—the Devil's blackbone park, in the northwest corner of Delaware county, will be opened officially to tourists June 5. It will attract more visitors this year than ever before. The state fish and game department is considering establishing a hatchery in the park.

Dubuque hopes to realize enough money to pay its indebtedness of $900,000 by reclaiming 700 acres of land underlying Lake Peosta. Permission will be asked of the United States government to construct the necessary dams for drying the lower end of the lake, where a large number of ideal factory sites can be developed.

The Des Moines river reached the highest point this year for several years, swollen by spring rains in northern and central Iowa. It began to rise steadily and continued its rise until it was within a few inches of the top of the highest concrete levee on the river front at the Locust street bridge in Des Moines, with indications that it would rise over the top of the levee.

A school to train men in poultry culling and production will be held under the auspices of the poultry husbandry department of Iowa state college, June 21 to 26. This school is designed to train persons interested in culling so that they can help out county agents. Forty counties in the state will be provided by this school with special men to demonstrate poultry work during the summer.

Case 15-27 Kerosene Tractor

Pulls 3 or 4 Plows

In fields where plowing is difficult—tough or baked soil, stiff grades, etc.—this Case 15-27 Kerosene Tractor will pull 3 plows easily. Where conditions are favorable, this tractor can pull 4 plows.

So it is a favorite on the average farm. It is neither too large nor too small.

In addition to its field work, it is designed for belt work, having the pulley properly placed. It will drive a Case 26x46 Thresher equipped with feeder and wind stacker or other machines requiring similar power.

The Case 15-27 has abundant reserve power. While rated at 15 horsepower on the drawbar, it can deliver more than 18 horsepower. While rated at 27 on the belt, it can deliver 33 horsepower. It is ever ready for the hardest jobs. It never tires.

All gears are cut steel, enclosed and run in oil. It has a four-cylinder valve-in-head motor, mounted crosswise on a one-piece main frame. This affords the use of all spur gears.

A Case Sylphon Thermostat controls the cooling system and insures complete combustion of kerosene. A Case air washer delivers clean air to the carburetor.

There are dozens of betterments found only in this tractor. You should be familiar with them, so that you may make a careful comparison.

May we have the opportunity soon to point out Case superiorities?

CASE
KEROSENE TRACTORS

W. F. PAVEY

The House of Whispers

By WILLIAM JOHNSTON

Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.

CHAPTER IX—Continued.

—12—

As I pondered over it I decided that my chance meeting with Barbara Bradford in the park had upset the plans of a blackmailing band, and that they were avenging themselves on me for my unwitting part. I was certain that Wick and Lefty Moore's wife were in connivance with them, and that the gang possibly included Claire Bradford's ex-husband. Wick had a passkey that enabled him to enter the Lutan apartment. Undoubtedly he could also enter mine as well. But Wick could have nothing to do with the planting of the revolver in my rooms. I was positive about that. He had not been out of my sight for a single moment from the time that we had discovered the body. The only way that it seemed possible to involve him in that was on the theory of a prearranged plot to make me appear the murderer. Was it possible that Claire Bradford had participated in this? I knew she had been in my rooms after the murder. It must have been she who put the revolver there.

One of the detectives who had arrested me appeared at my cell door.

"Come along," he commanded gruffly.

As I came out I was again shackled and led to the patrol wagon that was waiting. I had supposed that I was being taken to court to be arraigned, but such was not the case. I found myself at police headquarters, where both my photograph and my fingerprints were taken. I refrained from giving any information about myself, beyond giving my name and age, being careful to have my name recorded as John S. Nelson. Out in my home town everybody for years had known me by my middle name "Spaulding," and I was hopeful that they might fail to identify me if they read anything about me.

When everything that might serve to identify me had been recorded, I was taken into a large room where perhaps half a hundred men were assembled, most of them wearing masks. I looked about with curiosity. I had read of this ceremony. I was being "lined up" before the members of the city's detective force to see if any of them could identify me and to give them an opportunity to familiarize themselves with my features in case it should ever be necessary to arrest me again.

"Never saw him before," I heard one of them say. "Guess he must be a western crook."

"He's no amateur," said another. "That job up at the Granddeck was done by a professional."

Many slighting comments were made, too, on my personal appearance. I learned for the first time that I had a "bad ear," and that my eyes were shifty. The only emotion these comments aroused in me was a feeling of pity, not for myself but for all poor unfortunates who fall afoul of the law. Even though a man is presumed to be innocent until he has been convicted I had observed that since the first moment of my arrest everybody had taken it for granted that I must be guilty and had treated me with little respect or consideration.

From headquarters I was taken to the police court and without further delay brought before a magistrate.

"John S. Nelson, arrested for the murder of Daisy Lutan," said the detective.

"Have you counsel?" asked the magistrate.

"No," I replied.

"I will assign Mr. Myers as the prisoner's counsel," he announced.

A young chap, evidently just out of law school, stepped forward, and drew me a little to one side.

"Plead 'Not guilty,'" he directed, "and be careful to say nothing more."

"Of course," I replied. "I'm not guilty. I had nothing to do with it."

I could see by his face that he did not believe me and as I turned again to the court I made up my mind that even if the court had assigned him as my counsel I would tell him nothing.

"How do you plead?" asked the court.

"Not guilty," I replied.

"Remanded without bail for further examination until Thursday morning," snapped the court, and I was led back into an anteroom, Mr. Myers and the detective accompanying me. The latter there surrendered me to some official, presumably a prison keeper.

"Looks pretty bad for you," said Myers, as we were left alone for consultation.

"I suppose it does look that way," I laughed.

"No chance to make it self-defense," he went on, plainly amazed at my manner. "No jury'd ever stand for a burglar shooting in self-defense."

"No," I admitted. "I suppose they wouldn't. Fortunately I'm no burglar."

"If we could make out it was a lovers' quarrel," he suggested.

"If I had ever known Miss Lutan," I admitted, "that might not make a bad defense."

"Look here," he replied indignantly, "young fellow, you are up against it harder than you seem to realize. They've got the goods on you, and it'll be the chair for yours if you're not careful. You've got no chance proving an alibi."

"Why not? I never saw Miss Lutan until I saw her body in her rooms. I never was in her rooms until I went in there with Mr. Wick after we had heard the shot. What's more, I never owned a revolver in my life and never saw the one the detectives found until they pulled it out of my dresser drawer."

Incredulously he listened. I could see that he did not believe a word I was saying.

"You don't look like a dope fiend, either," he observed scathingly.

"Look here," I retorted, "it is bad enough to have the police take it for granted that I am a criminal and a murderer, but when the counsel the court assigns me starts out on the same course, we quit right now. I'll get a lawyer of my own when I need one."

"I'll come around this afternoon and see you again," he said coolly. "A few hours in the Tombs will make you see things differently."

A few minutes later I found myself ensconced in a cell again, still confident of my speedy release, but somewhat puzzled as to what would be my best method of procedure. I was unacquainted with any lawyers; in fact, with any one in the whole city with whom I could consult. My immediate hope lay in my friend, Detective Gorman. There was nothing for me to do but to wait until I heard from him.

Fortunately I had had the forethought when the detectives were arresting me to take from its hiding-place in the bookcase my little hoard of money. This enabled me to send out of the prison and have a luncheon brought in. Making myself as comfortable as possible, I sat down to wait for Gorman, occupying my mind meanwhile with thinking of Barbara Bradford.

The thing uppermost in my mind was how to prevent her from being in any way involved. She must never know that only by her testimony would I be able to prove an alibi. Should she ever realize this, I knew that her sense of justice would make her come forward and tell the truth, even though it meant the loss of her own reputation and the scandalizing of all her acquaintances. She must not be permitted to talk.

She must not even try to see me while I was in prison.

The one way—the only way—I saw by which I could escape from the law's toils without implicating her was through the speedy rounding up of the band of criminals who I was positive were responsible for Miss Lutan's murder as well as for all our troubles. I was relying on Gorman to do this.

A keeper's voice interrupted my chain of thought.

"You're wanted down in the counsel room," he said. "There is a visitor for you."

"A visitor," I cried excitedly. "Who is it?" I thought of course it must be Gorman come to my rescue.

"It's your sister," he announced.

My sister! A thrill shot through me at his announcement. I knew of course it could not be my sister. Both of them were mere children far away in the West. It must be Barbara.

I Stood There Astounded. It Was Not Barbara; It Was Her Sister Claire.

Undoubtedly she had resorted to this ruse to make sure of seeing me while at the same time concealing her own identity.

Overjoyed at her coming, delighted to know that I had read her heart aright and that my confidence in her trust in me was justified, I hastened with the keeper to meet her.

Delighted as I was at her coming, I was formulating in my mind how best to make it clear to her that she must leave at once and that no matter what happened she must keep her lips closed about the events of last night. Under no circumstances would I permit her to sacrifice herself to save me.

In the counsel room a veiled figure awaited me. I sprang forward eagerly toward her. The woman standing there put up one hand in a repelling gesture and then flung back her veil.

I stood there astounded. It was not Barbara. It was her sister Claire.

CHAPTER X.

For a full minute Claire Bradford and I stood there observing each other. Even before a word was spoken I think we both sensed our mutual distrust. As I studied her, I was trying to conjecture what could have been the motive so impelling that she had dared to come even within prison walls to see me. Had Barbara sent her? I doubted it. I was sure that more than likely her visit was to plead with me to keep silent about her part in the tragedy. I was certain she was going to ask me to pledge my word to tell no one of her second visit to the Gaston apartment.

Yet as I studied her weak, beautiful face, so like Barbara's and yet so different, with its sensuous mouth and roving, brilliant eyes, I still was wondering how it was possible for a girl of her refinement and social position to have become enmeshed with such common criminals as the two employees of the Granddeck, Wick and the telephone girl.

"To what am I indebted for the honor of this visit," I asked at length, adding with some sarcasm, "from my sister?"

Never for a second had I imagined that other than a selfish motive could have brought her thither, and the conversation that followed was all the more surprising to me on that account.

"I had to say I was your sister," she answered quickly. "I wanted to be sure of seeing you and I did not wish anyone to recognize me. You know, I believe, who I am?"

"You are Barbara's sister," I replied.

"That's why I came," she cried, "for Barbara's sake. I have come to plead with you for her."

"To plead—with me—for her," I echoed in astonishment.

"Yes," she cried passionately. "She's young. She's little more than a child. She did not realize what she was doing. You must not let anyone know you even know her. You must never, never tell."

"Never tell what?" I answered noncommittally.

She answered with a convulsive sob. I thought for a little that she was going to break down completely. Her manner and the pallor of her face attracted the attention of the keeper who was in the room with us, and he started forward as if expecting her to fall in a faint. Resolutely she pulled herself together and went on in calmer tones.

"Oh, I know all about it. I know that she is completely fascinated by you. I know that she has been meeting you in the park. I know that she has lunched with you at the Astor." She hesitated and her face crimsoned—"I know that she has even visited you in your rooms late at night. Oh, please, please, I beg of you, if there is a spark of manhood in you, do not take advantage of a silly girl's weakness. Please help me protect my little sister's name; promise—you will, won't you?"

"Why should I?" I replied carelessly, repressing my desire to leap at once to Barbara's defense and explain how pure and honorable her conduct had been and how lofty the motive that had governed her actions. Tempted though I was to defend her, I realized that this might be an opportunity to learn something of Claire Bradford's associates, and I determined to make the most of it. How else could she know of all my meetings with Barbara unless she was in league with the persons who had been having me shadowed? How the knowledge that Barbara had been in my apartment could have come to her was a mystery beyond me. I would have sworn that that was a secret sacred to our two selves.

"Listen to me," she commanded, speaking in low tones, "Barbara is my baby sister, innocent of the ways of the world. I must save her from herself, and her heedlessness. Never, never, if I can help it, shall she suffer the agony and shame and disgrace that I have known. Years ago I, just as she is now, became infatuated with a man far below me in the social scale. He, too, was a criminal."

I sniffed indignantly at the "he, too," but she paid no attention.

"I ran away from school and married him and learned too late that he had a wife and child already. All my life, ever since, that terrible thing has followed me. It's like a specter ever rising to confront me. Even if I have to kill you, I am going to save my little sister from following in my steps."

"Where is Gaston Maurice now?" I asked. "Have you seen him recently?"

She gasped and shuddered, looking at me incredulously.

"You," she breathed excitedly, "who are you? How do you know his name?"

"Never mind how I know it," I replied. "What I want to know is where is he now? When did you see him last?"

"Not for years—not since long before my father's death—not since the marriage was annulled."

"Nor heard from him," I persisted.

"No, nor heard from him," she hesitated, "unless—"

"Unless what?" I insisted, as she stopped abruptly.

"I can't tell you," she said firmly. "I don't know. They must have come from him, from someone that knew—the letters."

"What letters? Tell me about them."

"I can't tell what I don't know. I haven't the least idea where Gaston Maurice is. I had hoped he was dead in the war. Yet he can't be. I have had anonymous letters threatening me. They must have come from him or from someone whom he told of our marriage? How else could they know?"

Her distress was so real and her manner so convincing that I decided that she must be telling the truth.

"Well," said I, "if you cannot tell me where to find Gaston Maurice there is one thing that you can tell me."

"What is that?"

"Why did you visit my apartment late last night? Why did you put that revolver in my dresser?"

"Revolver," she queried in a puzzled tone, "what revolver?"

"The revolver with which Miss Lutan was killed."

She eyed me in shocked surprise.

"Why do you say this to me? I never saw the revolver."

"You cannot deny that you were in my apartment last night.""

"But the revolver," she protested. "What do you mean by that? I know nothing of any revolver."

"Last night, a few minutes after Miss Lutan was murdered," I said sternly, "some man or woman entered

"You Cannot Deny That You Were In My Apartment Last Night."

my rooms and placed a revolver with one chamber discharged in the dresser in my bedroom. It was evidently placed there for the purpose of throwing suspicion on me, of making me out the murderer. The detectives found it there and arrested me. If you did not enter my apartment to hide the revolver, why then were you there?"

"I knew nothing about the murder," she answered irrelevantly, "until this morning—until I read about it in the papers."

"What about Wick?" I hurled at her. "Didn't Wick tell you?"

"Wick," she repeated in a puzzled way. "Oh, Mr. Wick, the superintendent. No, I have not seen him for several days."

"Did you do nothing yesterday at his direction?"

"How absurd! Of course not."

"Why, then, did you go into my rooms?"

She looked at me with a frightened face, and her manner became more confused.

"I really believe you are trying to implicate me in your crime," she ejaculated. "It's absurd for you to try to question me this way."

"Lady," interrupted the keeper, "you'll have to be going now. Time's up."

"Promise me," she begged hastily in an undertone, as she departed, "whatever you think about me, you'll keep my sister out of it."

"I'll promise nothing, unless you confess everything," I repeated, determined, if I could, to drag her secret from her, even though I, as well as she, was eager to shield Barbara's name.

Claire Bradford's attitude, I must confess, puzzled me greatly. Her denial that she had seen the revolver, or that she had been working in conjunction with Wick seemed to ring true, and I was also inclined to believe her statement that she knew nothing of her former husband's present whereabouts. While I was pondering over her statements, my cell door opened and Gorman was let in.

"Well, young fellow," he said, "this sleuthing business didn't turn out exactly the way we expected it to, did it?"

"You don't think I'm guilty, do you?"

I waited in agony for his answer. If he failed me, there was no one, absolutely no one, to whom I could turn.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Unappreciative Guest.

Ralph, three years old, was spending the day with his aunt. Thinking a custard would appeal to him, she inquired if he liked them, at which he answered: "Oh, my, yes." However upon being served it fell short of his expectations. He ate a little and passing it to his aunt said: "You can have it Aunt Myra. I am so full, and if you want some water to wash it down, here's my glass."

Millions of Tiny Germs Cause Your Catarrh

Real Relief Comes Only by Cleansing the Blood of the Germs.

You must realize that your blood is loaded down with catarrh germs, and these germs must be removed from your blood before you can expect real, rational relief from the disease. And of course, you know that you cannot reach these germs in your blood with sprays and douches.

S. S. S. will cleanse your blood of the cause of Catarrh, and give real relief. It has been in constant use for more than fifty years, and is sold by all druggists. Buy a bottle of S. S. S. today and lose no further time in getting the right treatment.

Valuable advice regarding your case will be furnished free. Address Medical Adviser, 103 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Americanization.

He was a Chinaman. He ran a laundry, and no one ever heard him speak a word of English. I often wondered why he had not learned our beautiful language. But to my queries he only shook his head.

One day when I paid for my weekly wash, he returned less change than usual. "You've short-changed me, Ping Pong!" I cried.

Ping Pong smiled blandly, showed me his Americanism of Foreign Merchants' certificate and, speaking for the first time in faultless English, replied: "No; I've raised!"—Iowa Frivol.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Some people are more afraid of germs than they are of a mad dog.

Credit.

"My mother's gone to town to some bills."

"We have men sent right to house to collect ours."—Brown Magazine.

Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

MONTANA LAND. Choice 320 acres improved farm; good roads, school, bldgs $35 a. T. A. Meagher, Choteau.

120 A. Improved Farm, near beautiful sort, $85; 125 A. improved farm, from county seat, $125; 440 unimproved good ranch proposition, $22. All kinds farms. A-B-H-J Land Co., Phillips.

Have You NEURITIS ARTHRITIS RHEUMATISM AUTOINTOXICATION HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE?

Successfully treated at

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)

Write for Information

Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co.

Post Office Box Jordan, Mont.

BUILT MANY CENTURIES AGO

Florida's Shell Mounds Believed to Date Back to Before Beginning of Christian Era.

Florida's shell mounds, which are found in different portions of the state, are unquestionably of human construction, and were probably built by some race of people who inhabited the country about the beginning of the Christian era. These mounds were found overgrown with herbage and forest as long ago as when the first red man set foot in Florida, and the fact that the deposit of earth above them was sufficient to give place to the root of trees proved their great age.

There have been found in all these mounds pieces of pottery imbedded in the shell conglomerate, as well as articles made of shell and bone, rude stone implements and many bones of fish and animals, such as deer, terrapin, rabbits, alligators and others. There are in the entire state about forty mounds, the most important of which are those of King Phillip's town, near the outlet of Lake Harney, which are 450 feet long, from 100 to 150 feet broad, and with an average height of eight feet.

Rather Wide.

"The red element certainly has cheek." "Well, cheek is mostly what the red stuff goes on."

SUBSIST MAINLY ON DAT

Fruit Is the Mainstay of Life to People of Egypt, Arabia, and Persia.

East is west so far as the palm concerned, Hawaii, California, Florida, Cuba, Egypt, Palestine, they know their palms. Of all varieties none is so dear to the heart as the date palm. We all know its delicious fruit, but few can conceive the desert dweller's love for it, for he only can appreciate its grateful shade in the sweltering desert heat.

The date palm is always a sure sign of water, for to thrive it must have this. Rising often to a height of 100 feet, it is a haven of refuge to the parched traveler, who knows that to dig near it is to find water. Then there is the delicious fruit to be considered, too. Many of us know the date as a luxury—sometimes stuffed or otherwise, but a considerable part of the inhabitants of Egypt, Arabia and Persia, subsist almost entirely on its fruit. They boast also of its medicinal virtues. Then the camels feed upon the date stone.

Louisiana has 19 registered women statisticians, which exceeds the record of any other state.

A little folly is desirable in him that will not be guilty of stupidity.—Montaigne.

Try Postum Instead of Coffee

at the family table for a week or two and see if everyone doesn't relish the change.

Postum Cereal

a drink of delicious flavor—should be boiled fully fifteen minutes to bring out its full-bodied richness.

Better health and comfort usually follow a change from coffee to Postum.

"There's a Reason"

Made by POSTUM CEREAL CO., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

BRACE UP!

The man or woman with weak kidneys is half crippled. A lame, stiff back, with its constant, dull ache and sharp, shooting twinges, makes the simplest task a burden. Headaches, dizzy spells, urinary disorders and an "all worn out" feeling are daily sources of distress. Don't neglect kidney weakness and risk gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease. Get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. They have helped other people the world over. *Ask your neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

Mrs. F. W. Bess, 1014 4th St., Council Bluffs, Iowa, says: "My back hurt me so I could hardly bend over. There was a heavy, dull ache across the small of my back, through my kidneys. Sharp pains would catch me in my kidneys that would cut my breath short. After using a couple boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, the trouble was gone. My relief has been a permanent one."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Travelers Will Find a Warm Welcome at the

Hotel West

MINNEAPOLIS

Sensible Prices — Service Our Watchword

640 Acre Improved CANADIAN FARM

miles from station. Good soil; good water; fair buildings. 400 acres under plow, $37.50 per acre, crop included. Liberal terms. Address owner:

E. E. McEathron, 58 Lydia St., Winnipeg, Can.

Own 20,000 Acres Improved Farms; must be sold. Big free list. Agents wanted. John E. Fried Land Co., Jamestown, N. D.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

The Bulge That Counts.

Our observation is that folks forgive a man's trousers for bagging at the knees if they bulge at the pockets. —Dallas News.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Catarrhal Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing may be destroyed forever. Many cases of Deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the Mucous Surfaces.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of catarrhal deafness that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

All druggists 75. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

METHOD IN THAT MADNESS

Why Dad Could Not Bring Himself to Make Serious Objections to Gerald's Smoking.

"Henry!"

Mrs. Brown's voice was stern. Mr. Brown recognized the signs of a coming storm, so he prepared to listen.

"I saw Gerald—our boy—smoking a pipe today—actually, a dirty, smelly pipe!" the poor woman ended with a sob.

"Well, what can we do?" exclaimed her husband. "The boy's seventeen, and has two dollars a week pocket money. I don't see—"

"You mean to say that you will allow him to smoke? Why, it's sheer madness!"

Henry nodded. Then, after witnessing the unique spectacle of his wife speechless for once, he strolled off into the garden, where he came across Gerald in a corner with the pipe going full blast.

"Hello, my boy!" he cried. "This is something new, isn't it? Er—by the way, I've left my pouch in the house. Can you give me a fill?"

Then he, as he walked away puffing happily, murmured:

"It may be madness, but there's method in it. I can see Gerald's pouch being quite a money saver to poor old dad."—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

Ups and Downs.

"An orator has to come down to the level of his audience's intelligence," remarked the mild egoist.

"There used to be some such idea," replied Senator Sorghum. "But the orator nowadays has all he can do to rise to the occasion."

ASK FOR "DIAMOND DYES"

Don't Buy a Poor Dye That Fades, Streaks or Ruins Material.

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into worn, shabby garments, draperies, coverings, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed even if you have never dyed before. Druggist has color card.—Adv.

Wanted: A Ticket Seller.

"I see you advertise for a ticket seller and ask that ladies weighing more than 200 pounds kindly do not apply."

"Yes."

"Isn't that discrimination?"

"No; merely common sense. Any lady shaping up larger than that could not get into my glass cage."—Film Fun.

ASPIRIN INTRODUCED BY "BAYER" IN 1900

Look for name "Bayer" on the tablets, then you need never worry.

If you want the true, world-famous Aspirin, as prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years, you must ask for "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin."

The "Bayer Cross" is stamped on each tablet and appears on each package for your protection against imitations.

In each package of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" are safe and proper directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuritis, and for Pain in general.

Handy tin boxes containing 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Additional Charge.

"Twenty dollars for this job of plumbing?"

"That's correct."

"But you were not on the premises more than an hour, and I paid for all the material you used."

"There was a piece of glass on your driveway. I damaged a tire," said the plumber, briefly.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Cuticura Soothes Baby Rashes.

That itch and burn with hot baths of Cuticura Soap followed by gentle anointings of Cuticura Ointment. Nothing better, purer, sweeter, especially if a little of the fragrant Cuticura Talcum is dusted on at the finish. 25c each everywhere.—Adv.

GOT CHARACTERS MIXED UP

According to English Actor, History Is Not a Strong Point With Theatergoers.

The late H. B. Irving once told in Philadelphia a story about his father's performance of Sardou's "Robespierre." He said:

"Two dear old ladies sat in their stalls at the Lyceum, waiting for 'Robespierre' to begin.

"'By the way, who was Robespierre?' said the first old lady.

"'Why, don't you know?' said the second old lady. 'He's the man who was murdered in his bath by Marie Corelli.'

"'Oh, no, my dear!' said the first old lady. 'That can't be right, for Marie Corelli is still alive. I remember who it was, now. It was Charlotte Bronte.'"

Then, at the end of the story Mr. Irving added:

"I once told this anecdote to a duchess. When I finished the duchess gave a kind of puzzled laugh and said:

"'Poor Shakespeare!'"

Practicing Her Lesson.

I recently visited my married sister, who has a flaxen-haired daughter of three years. During my visit I taught my little niece to put one arm around my neck, the other about my sister, and "all three kiss together."

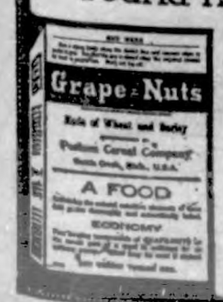
A rather shy young man called upon me one evening and, though we had met but twice before, I sat with him on the couch in order to show him some pictures.

Before I realized what she was doing my infant niece had one arm around my neck and was reaching frantically for the young man, all the while repeating: "All free tiss todezzer."—Exchange.

For your breakfast

Grape-Nuts

A ready-to-eat food that costs but little and is full of the sound nourishment of wheat and malted barley.



Appetizing

Economical

At Grocers Everywhere!

FARM POULTRY

RIDDING HOUSES OF VERMIN

Outline of Method Recommended by Poultry Specialists of Department of Agriculture.

The following method of ridding hen houses of mites and lice, when the weather conditions are such as to permit of the birds being kept outside the house for five or six hours, is recommended by poultry specialists in the United States department of agriculture.

Close all the doors and windows and see that there are no cracks or any other openings to admit air. Set an iron vessel on gravel or sand near the center of the house. Place in the vessel a handful of shavings or straw saturated with kerosene and on these sprinkle sulphur at the rate of about one pound to every 90 or 100 square feet of floor space. Instead of using the shavings and kerosene, the sulphur may be saturated with wood alcohol.

When everything else is in readiness, light the material and hastily leave the house. In case any anxiety is felt about fire, a glance through a window will show whether everything is all right. There is very little danger of fire when proper precautions have been taken to have plenty of soil beneath the vessel. After three or four hours, throw all the doors and the windows wide open to drive out the sulphur fumes thoroughly. Then let the fowls in one by one. As each enters, catch it and dust it well with insect powder, which will destroy the lice on the birds. Tobacco dust is also good to use instead of insect powder.

The birds and house have now been freed from vermin for the present, but the eggs of the insects have not been destroyed, and in a week another swarm will be hatched out. Therefore it will be necessary to repeat the operation once or twice before the pests are exterminated. After this care should be used to see that no strange fowl is admitted to the house or yard without having been thoroughly rid of lice, for one lousy hen will contaminate all the rest.

Fumigating Hen House to Get Rid of Mites and Lice.

GIVE GROWING CHICKS MILK

Where Supply Can Be Obtained It Should Be Kept Before Them in Open Dish or Pan.

Nothing is better for growing chicks than a liberal supply of sour milk. If it can be obtained it always should be kept before them in an open dish or pan where they can eat and drink it freely. Where sour milk is fed, the amount of beef scrap in the dry mash may be reduced one-half.

Plenty of fresh, clean water is absolutely necessary for all growing chicks. In hot weather it should be given twice daily and put into fountains or dishes and placed in the shade so as to keep as cool as possible. Clean the water dish thoroughly each day before filling.

SURPLUS FOWLS PROFITABLE

Males and Females That Have Outgrown Their Usefulness Provide Additional Income.

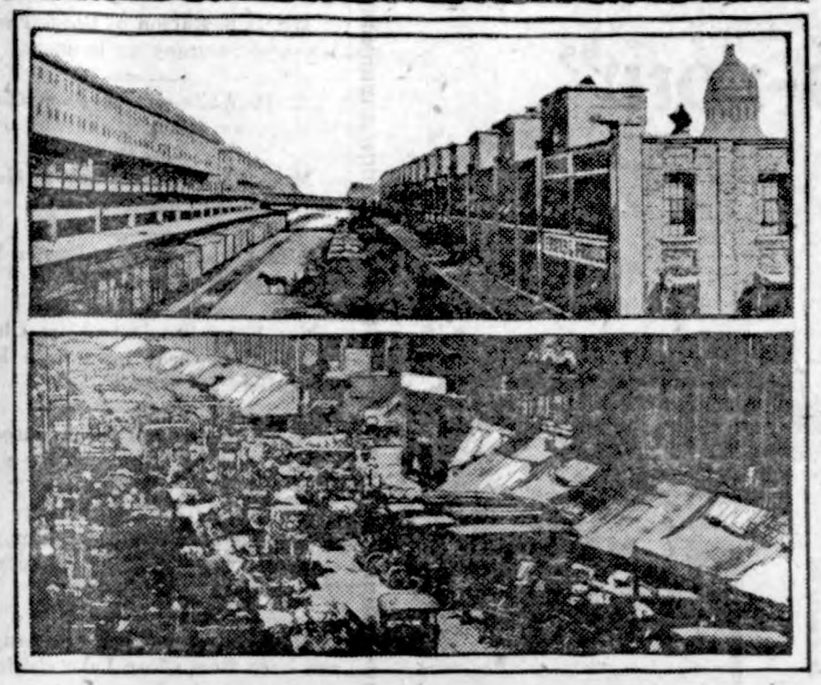
Most farmers find the profit in the commercial part of the poultry business in market eggs, but the surplus males and the females that have outgrown their usefulness provide an additional income which is worth while.

GEESE MAKE GOOD FORAGERS

Fowls Pick Up Large Portion of Their Ration if Allowed Free Range on Farm.

All geese are good foragers and even when young will pick up a large part of their ration if allowed free range on the farm. They eat grass and fresh vegetable growths of all kinds, as well as bugs and worms.

CITY MARKETS HELP LOWER FOOD COSTS



Above: Atlanta's Modern Wholesale Food Terminal—Cars Are Unloaded Directly Into Warehouses. Below: Costly Congestion in Chicago's Produce Center.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

High food prices likely would receive a severe jolt if every city with a population of 100,000 or more would establish a city food terminal for its wholesale trade, the bureau of markets of the United States department of agriculture believes.

All large European cities have such markets and they have proved very helpful in keeping down the cost of food distribution. The cities of this country have been slow in adopting any kind of a unified terminal system. Most of them are getting along as best they can with no plan. All but those of the smallest size usually have several scattered terminals at which food products are unloaded from train, boat or truck. Frequently the wholesale houses are located at some distance from the freight depots. This necessitates loading the products into a truck or wagon, carting them across the city, and unloading them again at the wholesale house.

All these expenses add to the price the consumer eventually pays for his food. A city terminal market eliminates this unnecessary handling and cartage, for under such an arrangement the wholesale district and the terminal are brought together, and the contents of cars or boats are unloaded directly into the wholesale houses.

Delayed Planning Costly.

In recent years both New York and Chicago have worked on the problem of establishing a central terminal market, but the size of those cities makes it a difficult problem and as yet no practical solution has been found. The situation in these cities has awakened some of the smaller municipalities—now growing at an amazing rate—to the value of a unified terminal system, and the necessity of installing one before congestion increases. Los Angeles and Atlanta, through private capital, have been provided with unified terminal markets, and Seattle has a wholesale municipal market. Other cities, in addition to Chicago and New York, which are working on this problem are Indianapolis, Memphis, Tenn., and Washington, D. C.

The idea of a terminal food market is simple. Under the plan which it involves all wholesale houses are built in a locality which is convenient to all transportation lines. It is not necessary or even desirable to have them in the heart of the city, where land values are high. The incoming cargo of food is unloaded directly from the car or boat into a wholesale house and is taken away by retail truck or wagon from the other side of the house. There is no intermediate handling or cartage. Cold-storage plants and auction rooms are also a part of a good terminal food market.

Buying Simplified for Retailer.

This system of food distribution expedites the unloading of cars. Under present terminal conditions unloading is often slow and every week in the year many cars of perishable products spoil before they reach the wholesaler or even get inside the railroad yards. A well-planned city terminal food market has adequate trackage, switches and platforms, which facilitate the unloading of the cars and prevent congestion inside and outside the yards. Quick release of cars is important if crops are to be moved before they perish. Furthermore, the retailer finds his buying simplified when all the food products are concentrated in one place, and the work of the food inspector, too, becomes easier.

The biggest saving in money, however, comes in lessened cartage and less handling and deterioration of the food. Where the wholesale district of a city is remote from transportation lines, the cartage of the food products from the freight house to the wholesaler mounts into hundreds of thousands of dollars every year, all of which is added to the bill the consumer pays. This includes the cost and upkeep of the trucks and wagons and the wages paid the men who load and unload them and drive.

Food Spoilage Costly.

To cartage cost must also be added the loss caused by the deterioration of the food products during the trip. Extremes of temperature can do considerable damage to perishable products in a short trip. The cost of the food which spoils in transportation is added to the cost of the food that is salable when it reaches the retailer and the price the consumer pays goes up another notch.

Farmers who ship on a consignment basis are able to get their remittances quicker under a terminal system than they can where the wholesale district is scattered.

In some cities the food terminals are owned by the municipality, in others they are built by the railroads or by private individuals, but in every instance central food terminals have proved their worth.

The bureau of markets in the United States department of agriculture has made a study of terminal food markets and is prepared to advise any municipality on the right ways of conducting one.

DOUBTFUL WORTH OF PROLIFIC JACK BEAN

Scientists Find Litt'e to Favor West Indian Plant.

In Southern Sections It Has Some Value as Green Manure Crop—Cattle Do Not Make Profitable Gains on Ground Seed.

Savage disciples of Voodoo worship in the American tropics ascribe supernatural powers to the jack bean. These tribesmen plant a row of the seed around their rude gardens in the belief that the plant will punish trespassers. This custom was doubtless brought by negro slaves from Africa, where the very similar sword or fetich bean is thus worshiped. But the bureau of plant industry, United States department of agriculture, fails to support this weird belief concerning the bean. Nor do these scientists find much else to recommend this plant stranger from the West Indies.

The jack bean, it appears from abundant experiments, is a prolific plant. It is not unusual for the seeds in the 14-inch pods of a jack-bean plant to outweigh its own herbage; and the herbage, if cut green, frequently crops at the rate of 16 to 20 tons per acre. This wonderful productiveness makes the bean a favorite of the get-rich-quick gentry who seek to introduce a new and marvelous commercial plant. This popularity among unscrupulous promoters accounts in part, at least, for the numerous aliases under which the jack bean is known. "Pearson bean," "wonder bean," "Wataka bean," "Gotani bean," "South American coffee bean," etc., are only a few of the names in which the jack bean has been rechristened.

It has some value in the south as a green-manure crop, and there is evidence to show that it may be a good silage crop when cut green.

Cattle do not relish the jack bean hay, nor do they make gains upon the ground seed, which product they must be taught to eat.

The bean is eaten by natives of Mexico, but most experimenters describe it as flat and coarse in flavor.

The seed contains a large proportion of a material known as urease, and used in medicines, but the demand for this product is extremely limited.

After all, the scientists warn the prospective buyer of "wonder beans" to have a specimen identified, or else confine the first plantings to small areas until the doubtful values of the bean are better established and a better market provided than seems to exist at present.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Humus prevents baking.

* * *

Selling on a rising market is good business, too little followed.

* * *

Marquis wheat is said to be the best spring wheat for all conditions.

* * *

Potatoes to produce profitably require an abundance of plant food.

FAINTING AND DIZZY SPELLS

The Cause of such Symptoms and Remedy Told in This Letter.

Syracuse, N. Y.—"When I commenced the Change of Life I was poorly, had no appetite and had fainting spells. I suffered for two or three years before I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and the Liver Pills which I saw advertised in the papers and in your little books. I took about twelve bottles of your Vegetable Compound and found it a wonderful remedy. I commenced to pick up at once and my suffering was relieved. I have told others about your medicine and know of some who have taken it. I am glad to help others all I can."—Mrs. R. E. DEMING, 437 W. Lafayette Ave., Syracuse, N. Y.

While Change of Life is a most critical period of a woman's existence, the annoying symptoms which accompany it may be controlled, and normal health restored by the timely use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Moreover this reliable remedy contains no narcotics or harmful drugs and owes its efficiency to the medicinal extractives of the native roots and herbs which it contains.

Constipation and Sluggish Liver

Don't take chances. Get Carter's Little Liver Pills right now. They never fail to make the liver do its duty. They relieve constipation, banish indigestion, drive out biliousness, stop dizziness, clear the complexion, put a healthy glow on the cheek and sparkle in the eye. Be sure and get the genuine.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness.

Genuine must bear signature *Brent Good*

SQUEEZED TO DEATH

When the body begins to stiffen and movement becomes painful it is usually an indication that the kidneys are out of order. Keep these organs healthy by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Famous since 1696. Take regularly and keep in good health. In three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed as represented.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

After you eat—always use

EATONIC

FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE

—one or two tablets—eat like candy. Instantly relieves Heartburn, Bloated Gassy Feeling. Stops indigestion, food souring, repeating, headache and the many miseries caused by

Acid-Stomach

EATONIC is the best remedy, it takes the harmful acids and gases right out of the body and, of course, you get well. Tens of thousands wonderfully benefited. Guaranteed to satisfy or money refunded by your own druggist. Cost a trifle. Please try it!

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, DAISY FLY KILLER attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed.

DAISY FLY KILLER at your dealer or $ by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling

Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair

50c. and $1.00 at druggists.

Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

Cuticura Soap —Imparts— The Velvet Touch

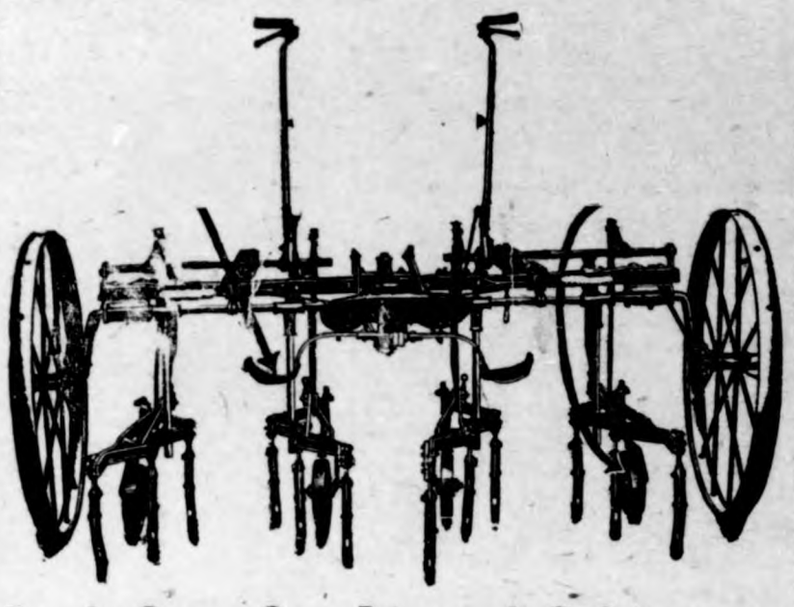
Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

FARM BARGAINS—6,000 acres. Closing out. Large or small tracts, easy payments. Bird Estate, Wausaukee, Marinette Co., Wisconsin.

Mississippi Cheap Lands—Go south to buy lands. Harrison County, Mississippi, offers great opportunities for the homeseeker. Good schools, churches and water. For further information write P. R. Perkins, Gulfport, Miss.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 60c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Save Time with A "Two-row"



Look Over Our Line of Cultivators

We especially call your attention to our 2-row corn cultivators--the great time savers, which also means money savers.

But, don't overlook the fact that we also have a fine bunch of single row machines. Cultivators are going fast this spring and if you intend to buy you better step lively as our supply will soon go. We have the

John Deere (2-row and single) ***LaCrosse*** (2-row)

International (single row)

Still have some MILLET SEED on hand.

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements **Klemme, Iowa**

The END of a Perfect Dinner

A golden-crusted, flaky slice of pie packed with apples, butter, sugar, nutmeg and cinnamon, brown juice running out the edges. *AND* that *fresh-from-the-oven* flavor of an aromatic cup of good *"rich and mellow"* Chocolate Cream Coffee.

Have You Tasted It Recently?

Chocolate Cream

"Rich and Mellow" COFFEE

***Tried it lately?*—since we have been putting it up—like you seal fruit to keep it fresh—in these new hermetic seal canisters? A big improvement. Try some! Sixty cents the pound.**

WESTERN GROCER COMPANY

Special *Every Wed. and Saturday*

Cinnamon Rolls, Rye and Graham Bread every Wednesday and Saturday

Always a full line of Fresh Fruits

The Crystal Cafe

Local News!

Mr. L. S. Matson of Goodell was in Klemme Saturday on business.

A. D. White was up from Goodell Monday on business.

Mrs. Chris Gram was a Garner caller Monday between trains.

Miss Bryson went to Garner Monday afteroon between trains.

Mrs. Harry Brooks and Mrs. Charlie White from Clear Lake were Klemme callers Tuesday.

M. O. Hocum and family autoed to Goodell Sunday afternoon for a visit with friends.

Mrs. John Rust and daughter from Goodell were Klemme callers on Tuesday.

Mrs. O. P. Brooks and daughter are here from Clear Lake visiting at the Lewis home this week.

Hod Lawhorn was over from Garner Tuesday chatting with Klemmeites.

Mrs. Gee, of Goodell, was here Friday visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. M. Gram.

John Opsal and Bert Mathews were at Clear Lake Sunday to spend the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Croner, Mrs. Schroeder and Mr. and Mrs. Jorgenson drove to Clear Lake Sunday evening.

Mrs. A. E. Katter of Garner, was here Monday between trains visiting relatives.

Mrs. M. A. Fell, Mrs. Bowan and Mrs. Herb Wood of Garner, were Klemme callers Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. E. P. Hubbard and Mrs. Will Rhodes were over from Goodell Monday visiting Klemme friends.

Mrs. Ralph Jenison and children of Goodell were Klemme visitors Monday afternoon between trains.

Mrs. Walter Schultz and baby went to Lake Mills last Thursday for several days' visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ruka, and Geo. Ruka and daughter, of Goodell, were Klemme callers Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Croner and Mrs. Schroeder drove to Britt last Friday evening.

Mr. D. D. Rosso f Garner, was in Klemme Tuesday chatting with friends.

Miss Bryson enjoyed a visit from her mother from Iowa Falls last week Friday.

Mr. Meintz and daughter from Meservey were Klemme shoppers Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Waterman and Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Waterman attended the graduating exercises at Garner last Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Price and Mrs. John Heginger autoed to Steamboat Rock, Iowa, Saturday and returned Sunday.

Mrs. Missman and son, Byrnes, were visiting at Garner last Friday between trains, with the C. H. Tompkins family.

Mrs. C. W. Wiles, Miss Gates and the little Howard children went to Garner Tuesday morning for a visit between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bell and son, Kenneth, left Saturday evening for Maroa, Ill., being called there by the illness of Mr. Bell's father.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Hartbeck and Mrs. Andrew Hartbeck came from Earl, Iowa, Tuesday to be present at the funeral of Elmer Hartbeck, which was held yesterday.

Mr. F. R. Perkins, who was working at the Klemme meat market, has moved to Garner with his family, where he is now working for the Larsen market there.

Walter Schultz went to Flint, Mich., last Wednesday to drive a Buick Six back to Klemme for C. W. Wiles. Walt got into Klemme Monday afternoon with the car.

Mrs. Frank McKeegan, wife of the evangelist, came last Thursday morning from Chicago, to join her husband here in the evangelistic services which will close Sunday evening at the First Methodist Church.

Mrs. Clara Kirkwood was called to Goodeli last Wednesday evening as her mother was very ill, but was improved by Thursday morning so that Mrs. Kirkwood returned to Klemme.

Miss Ethel Jacobs came down from Garner last Wednesday to help her brother Ed with his books at the stor. She finished up the work and returned to Garner Thursday evening.

Mrs. Henry Suckow went to Garner last Friday for a visit with her parents, that day also being the birthday of her father, Mr. Brouwer who is now eighty-two years old.

The North Iowa Pike betwen Clear Lake and Ventura is being graded and drained ready for the paving, which will be completed this summer, which will make a complete paved road from Ventura to Mason City.

The band boys met at the band room Monday evening for an extra rehearsal to get ready for Decoration Day, when they expect to make their first public appearance. They are doing exceptionally well for the short time they have worked in the band room.

John Opsal, who has been working in the Wellemeyer store for some time, left Moday for Fort Dodge where he has secured a position with a candy company as road salesman. John will take a week's work in the candy shop to acquaint himself with the various lies before he goes out on the territory.

This ist he last week of school and no doubt the teachers and the students welcome the three months of summer vacation. At this time the board has not hired all the teachers for next year so later in the summer we will publish the names of the teaching staff for next semester.

At the Idle Hour, Klemme, Iowa, Saturday, May

Kenneth Harlan and Helen Eddie in

"The Trembling Hour"

Also comedy "Ain't Nature Wonderful."

I have just secured the agency for

Tanlac

and have received a shipment of the goods. This

A Splendid Tonic

and System Purifier. A treatment prepared by the combination of roots, barks and herbs gathered in various countries of the globe and blended to produce the best results. It is a great remedy for the stomach, liver and bowel trouble.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machine

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

The MOLINE Tractor is Universal

Work of 3 Teams and 3 Men

One man with one tractor does all field work from plowing to harvest

Hay harvest is near.

The top speed, short of help, hot sweaty days are near at hand, when the hay crop must be cut and cured.

Are you ready?

You are not completely ready without a Moline Universal Tractor and a Moline Mower No. 4, 6 to 10-foot cut, attached to this tractor, because:—

1. ***With this equipment, you can cut 25 to 30 acres per day.***
2. ***You require but one operator for Tractor and Mower.***
3. ***You can work all day and as late at night as is necessary.***
4. ***You can work steadily with no stops.***

Here is what one man and a Moline-Universal Tractor can do in a ten-hour day:—

Plow 7 to 9 acres
Disc 27 acres with a 7' Tandem Disc Harrow
Disc 38 acres with a 10' Disc Harrow
Harrow 76 acres with a 20' Peg Tooth Harrow
Cultivate from 13 to 20 acres with a two-row Cultivator
Drill 35 acres with a 10' Grain Drill
Harvest 40 acres with a 10' Grain Binder
Harvest 10 acres with a Corn Binder
Mow 25 acres with a 8' Mower
Rake 40 acres with a 12' Rake

Immediate deliveries—a satisfactory stock of repair parts always carried; real service guaranteed.

A demonstration on your own farm cheerfully arranged.

If desired you can use the "drag behind" or horse drawn implements you now have with the Moline-Universal the same as with other types of tractors.

Henry Lau & Sons

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors Phone 72

Overland

Overland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

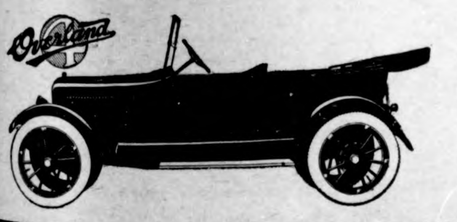
Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



Wiles Garage

YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST · NOW TRY THE BEST

PHONE 30

KLEMME, IA.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, at highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

Local News

Primary election, Monday June 7.

Miss Josten went to Garner last Friday between trains.

Marlin Croner was at Garner last Friday on business.

Miss Donna Baumgartner was a Garner visitor Monday between trains

Dona and Johnnie Baumgartner spent Saturday visiting at Belmond.

Miss Edna Smith returned Saturday from a week's visit at Belmond.

C. J. Jannsen and wife of Meservey were Klemme visitors Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Palmby came down from Minnesota to see Elmer Hartbeck before he passed away.

Rev. Meyer traded his old Overland car for a later model of the same make. He now burns up the roads with a "six."

August Baumgartner and Deputy Sheriff Eck Raw drove over from Garner last Wednesday on official business.

The Evangelistic Meetings which are being held at the First Methodist Church all of this week will come to a close Sunday night.

H. Ludeke wet to Garner Monday morning on the passenger to deliver a violin which he had repaired for a Garner party.

The paving gang at Garner began to pour cement onto the streets yesterday. The paving work is progressing rapidly and a few paved streets will soon be in shape to travel on.

Albert Schmidt left last week Wednesday evening with a car load of cattle he was shipping to Chicago. He got back to Klemme Saturday morning.

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons must predict a siege of hot weather and sunshine in the near future for Monday they installed a new awning on their store building.

I. C. Hastings, better known as "Fat," has had the honor of being elected a member of the Iowa State Historical Society. Mr. Hastings is a lawyer at Garner and is a partner of J. E. Wichman.

Two or three auto loads of Klemme Odd Fellows went to Clear Lake Monday evening where they witnessed work in the second degree. Two Klemme me, two Garner men and two Clear Lake men took the work.

The Court House at Garner from now on will be closed Saturday afternoons, so if any Klemme people have business there it will be well for them to bear in mind that the officials at the court house are taking Saturday afternoons off now and are perhaps down at the lake fishing.

Mayor Frank Gruetzmacher and Councilmen Wiles, Koerner, Ridder and Blank drove to Latimer, Iowa, Moday to inspect the sewerage system which that live little city is installing this year. They also gathered information on the system as to the cost, labor, material and other items.

P. M. Griesemer, M. O. Hocum, John Day, Dr. Missman and Dr. Thomas drove to Clear Lake last Friday afternoon to attend the big Masonic doings being held there that afternoon and evening. Work was put on in the Council Degrees. An Eagle Grove team put on the degree work, after which a banquet was served.

Fishing si getting good at Clear Lake, and the fish really started in to gobble the bait Saturday afternoon. Just before the big storm came the pickerel and pike were biting lively and Sunday mornig they started in again and with the afteroon came the crappies ad silver bass fishing, say fishermen who were there that day.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,

1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,

Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

I hereby announce myself a candiate for re-election for Supervison, subject to the will of the republican voters at the June primaries. H. C. MEYER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of recorder of Hancock county, at the June 1920 primaries.

HATTIE M. ALDRIDGE

I hereby announce my candidacy for State Senator from the 43rd district composed of the counties of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of the above counties at the primaries in June, 1920. W. P. Chambers.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Supervisor of Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the primary on June 7th. THOS. BERHOW.

For Sale

FOR SALE—282 acres of good land in Western Canada, near Standard. House, barn, feced, 100 acres broke. $50.00 an acre, $3,000.00 cash, balance on terms. For further information write

FRED REIFFENSTEIN,

Standard, Alta., Canada.

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

He Knew.

"Rearing a boy," said his friend, who thought he had the correct dope on everything, "is a serious question." "You're nearly right, old fellow. I've found it to be a series of questions."

Vote For

Thos. H. Thompson

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

YOUR BANKING BUSINESS SOLICITED

On the strength of the friendly, helpful and personal interest that we feel for each of our customers you will be benefited by a banking connection with us.

We offer you every service known to modern banking-

Your advantage, unquestioned safety of your funds and business affairs is our chief aim and the basis of our claim to your patronage.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA.

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

It may not be incresed costs--

but sometimes the greater expense is in time, convenience, profits lost.

Honestly, we do not believe you will build more cheaply than now for years to come.

We can take care of your specifications perfectly now.

Why not begin planning at once?

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement

Lime

Brick

Posts

Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105

RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments

Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

10 KILLED IN FIGHT

DEADLY BATTLE FOUGHT IN VIRGINIA TOWN.

EVICTION GIVEN AS CAUSE

Company Detectives Sent to Oust Families—Mayor First to Fall When Resistance Shown.

Mateawan, W. Va.—Ten men, including Mayor Cabell Testerman of Mateawan were killed and three badly injured in a battle here between the police and citizens on one side and private detectives on the other.

Besides the mayor the dead include five private detectives and four miners. Police say the trouble arose when a party of private detectives arrived here from Williamson to evict from company's houses the families of miners who had been dismissed from the company's employ.

Eight families, the police declare, had been turned out when Mayor Testerman approached Albert Felts, the leader of the detectives, and wanted to know by what authority their action was taken and by what authority they had arrested one of the miners.

While they were talking, according to the police, Felts shot the mayor, firing from his coat pocket. Almost instantly Felts was killed himself, the police say, by "Sid" Hadfield, chief of police of Mateawan. Immediately the shooting became general, numbers of persons joining in the fray.

Most of the men were employed by the Stone Mountain Coal Co., whose mines form the principal industry of the community. Several weeks ago it became known that efforts were being made to unionize the mines and two of them were closed. Later, the miners declare, some of their numbers were dismissed and private detectives were sent here to dispossess those who lived in company houses. Feeling had been running high.

GIRL PROVES HEROINE.

Telephone Operator's Quick Wit Results in Capture of Bank Robbers.

Howe, Neb.—The three unmasked bandits who held up the Bank of Howe last Friday afternoon, and locked two of the institution's officials in the vault and secured cash and Liberty Bonds estimated at between $7,000 and $10,000, were quickly apprehended because of the quick wit of Miss Emma Reimers, telephon operator at the Howe exchange. The exchange is just across the street from the bank, and when Miss Reimers saw the men enter the bank and draw the shades, her suspicions were aroused by this action, and she tried to call the bank. When she received no answer, she called various citizens, who hurried to the bank just as the bandits left, and fired a volley of shots at the robbers.

Later, officials at Atchison, Kan., were notified of the robbery, and a posse of five deputy sheriffs and four police officers took the trail after the bandits had crossed the Missouri river bridge at Atchison. They detoured and met the bandits seven miles southeast of Atchison on the Missouri side of the river. A gun battle ensued in which two of the robbers were mortally wounded, the third escaped and two officers were wounded, one severely. The loot was recovered.

MANUFACTURERS IN LINE.

Agree to Follow Retailers in Effort to Reduce Prices.

New York.—For the first time since the war, American manufacturers, caught in the epidemic of retail price-slashing, which is spreading from coast to coast, have announced their determination to begin an immediate reduction in prices. It is expected that within a month from 10 to 25 per cent will be chopped off the manufacturers' quotations on all commodities.

The National Association of Manufacturers promised to "make all reasonable efforts to reduce prices" at the meeting in the Waldorf-Astoria hotel.

One group favored immediate decrease "of from 15 to 25 per cent." The limit of decrease, however, was struck from the resolution.

Pass Cold Storage Measure.

Washington, D. C.—The cold storage bill requiring that the date of entry of goods into cold storage be marked on them when they are offered for sale and limiting the period of such storage was passed by the senate without division and with little debate. The measure limits the total storage period to 12 months. A maximum of $1,000 fine and one year's imprisonment on conviction of violation of the act is provided and the sum of $200,000 appropriated for its administration.

Food Prices Go Upward.

Washington, D. C.—Coincident with reports of nation-wide price cutting, the department of labor's bureau of labor statistics announced that foodstuff prices between March 15 and April 15 showed the greatest increase of any thirty-day period since April, 1915.

Reports from retailers in fifty-one cities, the bureau said, showed that in the thirty days dating from March 15, prices for twenty-two common articles of food advanced 5 per cent and reached the highest points on record.

NEBRASKA POLITICANS MEET

Hold Conclaves At Omaha and Lincoln and Adopt Plans for Campaign—Harmony the Watchword.

Nebraska politicians formulated their platforms for the coming campaign during the past week, the republicans holding their convention at Lincoln and the democrats at Omaha. Both conventions were harmonious affairs, due to a great extent, to the number of women delegates in attendance. Platforms adopted by unanimous consent by the two parties, summarized, contain the following principles:

Republicans.

Indorsed Fordney adjustment compensation bill for ex-service men.

Declared the covenant of the league of nations acceptable only with the Lodge reservations.

Indorsed Knox peace resolution.

Favored strict enforcement of state and national prohibition amendments.

Pledged support to equal suffrage amendment.

Indorsed civil administrative code.

Commended Governor McKelvie and other state officials.

Favored amendments to the primary law.

Democrats.

Indorsed league of nations without reservations.

Favored equal suffrage amendment to Nebraska constitution.

Favored eight-hour day and right of collective bargaining.

Condemned mutilation of state primary law.

Favored establishment of commission to study child welfare.

Deplored wholesale issuance of pardons, paroles and furloughs.

Approved principle of co-operation between producer and consumer.

Opposed government interference in time of peace with freedom of speech, press and assembly.

Indorsed candidacy of John H. Morehead for governor.

Censured extravagance of Governor McKelvie in the code system.

Indorsed warfare on profiteering.

Approved following measures passed during democratic administration: Reduction of tariff, federal reserve bank act, farm loan bill, good roads measure, establishment of federal trade commission and the Philippine bill.

TAKES DRASTIC ACTION.

Commerce Commission Makes Move to Relieve Freight Congestion.

Washington, D. C.—In its first general order directed at the freight jam, the interstate commerce commission instructed all railroads to forward traffic without regard to previous routing and at the same time, abrogated all railroad rules governing car service. It means the restoration of freight traffic such as prevailed under the railroad administration.

The commission agreed that an emergency exists on the lines of all railroads, suspended regulations with respect to car service, and directed that freight be forwarded on routes most available to expedite its movement to any destination. Detailed orders were issued to all principal roads east and west concerning daily delivery of cars for the purpose of expediting delivery of 20,000 box cars to the lines west of Chicago and 30,000 open cars to eastern roads within 30 days.

City Loses Model Young Man.

David City, Neb.—J. S. Vaughn, newlywed, church singer, baker employed by G. W. Gates & Son, has departed, and citizens here who befriended him, total their losses at $1,500. Vaughn in three months bought an automobile and mortgaged it, won a rich widow owning her own home for his wife, lifted his voice in the village choir and established credit in all the town stores. Recently Vaughn bought two diamond rings on credit, obtained $700 from his bride, bought a supply of clothing at the stores, sold his mortgaged car and departed. He left his bride here.

3,350 Cars Grain Spoiling.

Austin, Tex.—A shortage of 3,350 cars to move grain said to be spoiling at points in the Panhandle due to lack of storage, was reported to the interstate commerce commission by the Texas railroad commission.

Bound for Middle West.

New York.—Scores of Dutch farmers with their wives and children arrived here on the steamship Noordam from Rotterdam on their way to farms in Iowa and South Dakota.

Floods Delay Legislative Session.

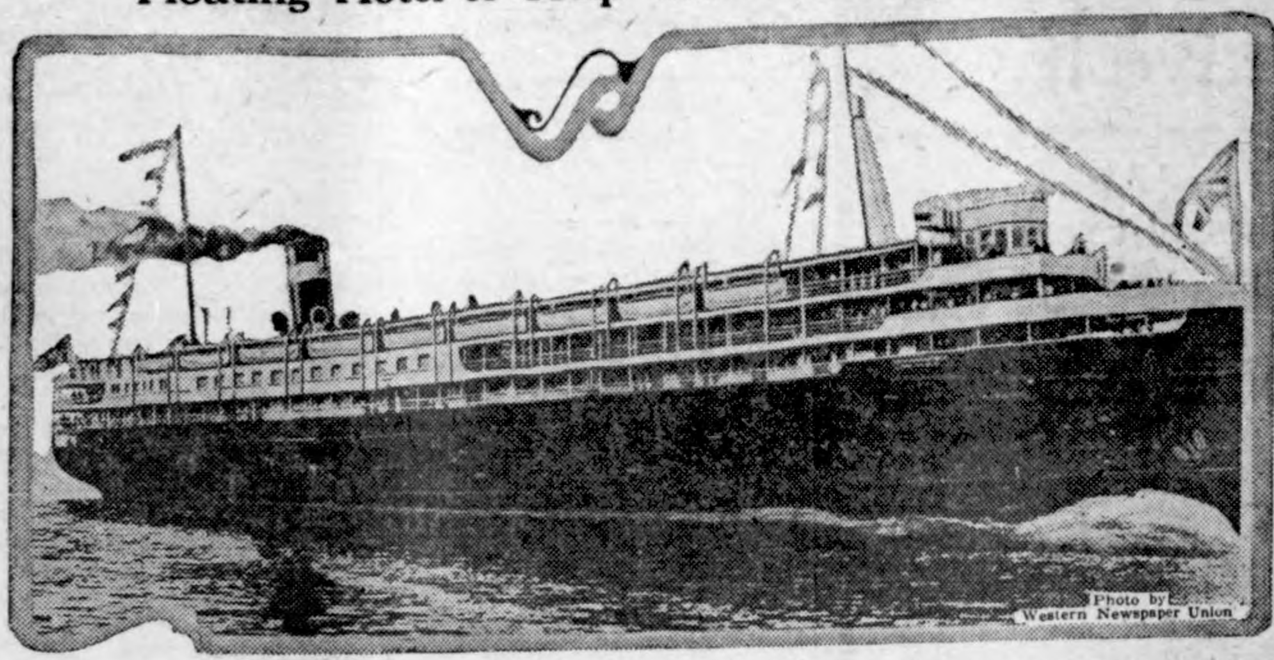
Pierre, S. D.—The extra session of the South Dakota legislature, which was to have convened May 17, has been postponed. Railway traffic conditions, due to floods, are the cause. The session will be held some time in June.

Wholesalers Put On Lid.

Chicago, Ill.—Big wholesale houses here are restricting credit to their own customers. Marshall Field & Co., reputed the biggest wholesalers of dry goods in the country, urged retailers to cut their stocks to the bone and be "prepared for whatever comes," and began calling in customers who are back on their bills. Butler Brothers, jobbers, predicted a steady fall in prices for the next two years to the pre-war level.

Wholesale fur and silk prices already are well on the downgrade.

Floating Hotel to Help Solve Housing Problem



The steamship Noronic has been sent to Detroit, at the combined request of the citizens and hotel proprietors, to help solve the housing problem there by serving as a floating hotel.

Say Thousands Die from H.C.L.

United States Scientists Give Startling Facts Gleaned From Investigation.

CHILDREN MOST SUSCEPTIBLE

Claim Vice President Marshall's Adopted Son Killed by Lack of Nutritious Food—Proper Diet Is Needed.

Washington.—The high cost of food is killing thousands of Americans and undermining the health of thousands of others.

This is the deduction made by scientists connected with the government, whose job is to figure out just what kinds of foods are necessary to sustain the human body.

The reason for the H. C. L. casualty list is that the most expensive foods are the ones most necessary to good health. Economical shoppers select the cheaper food and thereby deprive themselves and their families of life-sustaining elements.

The disease that develops is called acidosis. It is not a new disease, but its prevalence in America has developed in the last five years. The word "acidosis" is so new that it hasn't got into the dictionary.

The disease is more prevalent among children. It was the malady that killed Vice President and Mrs. Thomas Marshall's adopted son. That child had been properly cared for after the Marshalls adopted him, but he was undernourished before he fell into such fortunate hands and several years' of proper feeding failed to restore his health.

"Bread and other starchy foods are the cheapest," said Dr. Carl Voegtlin, professor of pharmacology, government hygienic laboratory. "For this reason they are consumed more extensively. They are the foods that, used to excess, bring on acidosis."

The principal symptom of acidosis is abnormality in breathing. The respiration is more difficult because the lungs are trying to eliminate the excess of poison.

What is the preventive or remedy for acidosis?

Sometimes doctors give bicarbonate of soda or magnesia—alkalines that neutralize the acids—to prevent acidosis after operations, after ether anesthesia or relieving established acidosis or diabetes.

Proper Diet Needed.

But to keep from getting acidosis there is a better way. The necessary alkalines can be taken into the body in a mixed diet, containing green vegetables, fruits and milk.

"One cannot emphasize too much the value of milk, fresh vegetables and fruits," declared Doctor Voegtlin. "From these foods one gets sodium and potassium carbonates and other inorganic salts that are absolutely necessary in neutralizing the acids if one is to keep well. The juices contain the alkalines the body needs. We should have them regardless of cost, for it is not economy to save money and ruin our health.

"The starchy foods, such as cakes, pies, hominy, hot cakes, biscuits, bread and potatoes should never make up more than 50 per cent of the menu, and should be much less, if possible. People should eat lettuce, cabbage, spinach, carrots, turnips, onions, apples, pears, oranges, grapefruit and other fruit and vegetables.

"String beans contain about the right proportion of foods and we should eat all we can get of them. The people now eat a half-pound of meat a day per capita, which is just 100 per cent too much. Sugar is a luxury that could be entirely eliminated with no bad effects. The best rule to follow is a mixed diet, with emphasis, especially now that summer is near, on the green vegetables and fruits and milk and its producers, and eat plenty of food at regular intervals."

Wolves in Manitoba Meet Trains, Claim

Winnipeg, Man.—According to Christopher Possett, station agent at Gunton Village, a short distance from here, the only thing wolves don't insist on doing in his town is voting.

Possett was here to get provincial permission to carry a gun and says the wolves know the railroad timetables as well as the chief dispatcher and come in droves to meet the incoming trains.

He was given the permit, bought a gun and loaded up with enough ammunition to last him a year or two.

HOOVER GETS A MEDAL

The National Academy of Sciences' medal for eminence in the application of science to public welfare was awarded Herbert Hoover in Washington. The award specified his application of science to the conservation, selection and distribution of food.

German Liners Are Marked

Crafts Which Once Flew the Double Eagle Crippled by Plotters.

IMPERATOR IS ONE VICTIM

Giant Vessel Develops List at Sea—Bombs Found on Washington—Moccasin Sunk and Callao Disabled.

New York.—Former German liners and cargo ships, now being operated under the United States flag, appear to have become the objects of sabotage by Germans or "reds," who are determined that the craft that formerly flew the double eagle shall not prove of great value to a nation that helped to overthrow Germany. Great Britain is said to be following similar clews, some of which indicate that the attacks on shipping may be the result of the spreal of communism and soviet teachings to the ranks of the International Seamen's union, which controls the men on the ships under the American and other allied flags.

The four most aggravated cases which are being considered involve three American vessels and the Imperator, which is flying the flag of the Cunard line since she was turned over to England by the United States. The United States ships are George Washington, on which President Wilson traveled to and from the peace conference, and the cargo carriers Moccasin and Callao.

Attempts to Damage Ships.

The Imperator, while on a trip to Europe early in March, developed a mysterious list while at sea, which her officers and crew were unable to remedy. It is held to have been caused by a deliberate attempt to disable the giant liner.

The Moccasin turned turtle in the Erie basin several months ago. When divers investigated they found her seacocks had been opened and so tampered with that it was impossible to close them. Several bombs were found on the George Washington several weeks ago just before she was scheduled to sail for Europe. The Callao, on her recent arrival at Rio de Janeiro, was found in an unseaworthy condition as the result of deliberate tampering with her machinery.

ENDS 150-YEAR FEUD

Trouble Started by Dog Has Just Been Settled.

Egyptian Authorities Interfere When Two Villages Engage in Bloody Battle.

Cairo.—An assize case has ended which is one of the most remarkable held in Egypt for years. It originated in a vendetta, not between families—but between two whole villags, Hamidat and Ashraf, near Keneh, Upper Egypt, northeast of the ruins of Thebes.

One hundred and fifty years ago a dog from the village of Hamidat bit an Ashraf man, who died. A quarrel followed between his relatives and the owner of the Hamidat dog, which developed till all the inhabitants of Ashraf considered that all persons of Hamidat blood were guilty of the death. The hatred of one village for the other became hereditary, and assassination was common between them whenever the conditions of the country favored disorder.

Last spring Ashraf attacked Hamidat in force. A score of Hamidatians were killed, 120 houses were burned and harvests were carried off.

Hamidat remembered the dog and bit back, killing 16 of the assailants.

These slayers have just been tried, 71 accused being brought up and one lawyer briefed for every five persons by the defense. Twenty-one received sentence of 10 years' penal servitude.

It is noteworthy that the vendetta did not include women, who during 150 years had indulged only in verbal warfare.

England's first factory for the manufacture of artificial silk has been opened near Derby.

Farmer, Plowing Up Snake Den, Killed 47 Reptiles.

Peter Neyen, while plowing on a farm near Tipton, Ia., turned over a den of snakes. Neyen ran for a grubbing hoe, which was nearby, and with it dispatched the reptiles. There were 15 snakes in the bunch, and they were of every kind and color.

Making another round of the field and coming to the same place, Neyen turned over another big roll of snakes, which he immediately killed, and this time the number was 32, making a total of 47 snakes in the bunch. The snakes measured from 15 to 18 inches in length. The only kind missing was the rattlesnake.

It may take a woman longer to make up her face than her mind.

MOVE IS SPREAD

WAVE OF PRICE-CUTTING SW ING OVER NATION.

TIGHT MONEY ONE FAC

Inadequate Shipping Facilities Advanced As Reason—Only Te porary, Says Financier.

Chicago, Ill.—A wave of pri ting in retail clothing costs re from the Mississippi valley to th cific coast is under way, accord reports reaching here. Disp from 24 cities told of promised r tions in certain necessities r from 15 per cent to minus profi

Financial authorities here sa indications were that the price d would be limited to ready-to clothing, principally women's gar and silks. Shoes were in the li fected.

Tight money and inadequate t portation facilities were cited a the prime reasons for the move Delays in delivery of goods in w much money had been tied up, to er with inability of farmers to grain and live stock to market said in many instances to have w a hardship on merchants.

An officer of one of the leadi partment stores of Chicago de that the price reduction now bei ported meant also that merchants trying to satisfy what he called hysterical demand from the publ lower prices." These current r tions, he said, might be only te rary.

A financial authority here said if reports of price cutting were pendable, they indicated a ten toward a reduction in invent Though this might be temporar said, it was undoubtedly good, it suggested that merchants were ahead more cautiously. Sales being held under various names.

CARRANZA ESCAPES.

Deposed President Eludes Pur Says Texas Paper.

El Paso, Tex.—The El Paso T has come out with a story quot refugee Carranza official here as ing advised other Carrancistas i United States that Venustiano ranza, deposed president of M accompanied by his son-in-law, Candido Aguilar, has found refu the Mexican gunboat Progreso.

Carranza, this information dodged through the net of rebels rounding the besieged presid party in the mountains of the st Puebla and, after a hard ride th tropical jungles, made his way t gunboat, the captain and cre which remained loyal when Vera turned rebel.

Declares Sugar Cornered.

Washington, D. C.—Retail prices can be reduced 50 per J. H. McLaurin announced, foll a conference which he and a d tion of the Southern Wholesale cers' association held with Att General Palmer.

"The trouble with the sugar tion," said McLaurin, "is hoardin interference by brokers. They cornered the supply. The att general must stop speculation i gar."

Villa Still On War Path.

Chihuahua City, Chihuahua, Juarez, Mexico.—Because of Fra Villa's pretensions to remain a p al and military factor in Chih there is little likelihood that an ment will be reached between and the revolution against Carran became known here, following a ference between Gen. P. Elias C supreme field commander, and Al Gomez, Villa's personal envoy.

Denver City of 256,369.

Washington, D. C.—Denver, C do's largest city, which ranked a 27th municipality of the countr 1910, has outgrown Louisville an Paul, which ranked 24th and 26t spectively, 10 years ago. The c bureau announced Denver's popul as 256,369, an increase of 42.0 20.1 per cent over 1910.

Cuts Off Funds for Europe

Washington, D. C.—President son and his cabinet have decided the allies and Germany must wor their own financial recovery, un further by the United States.

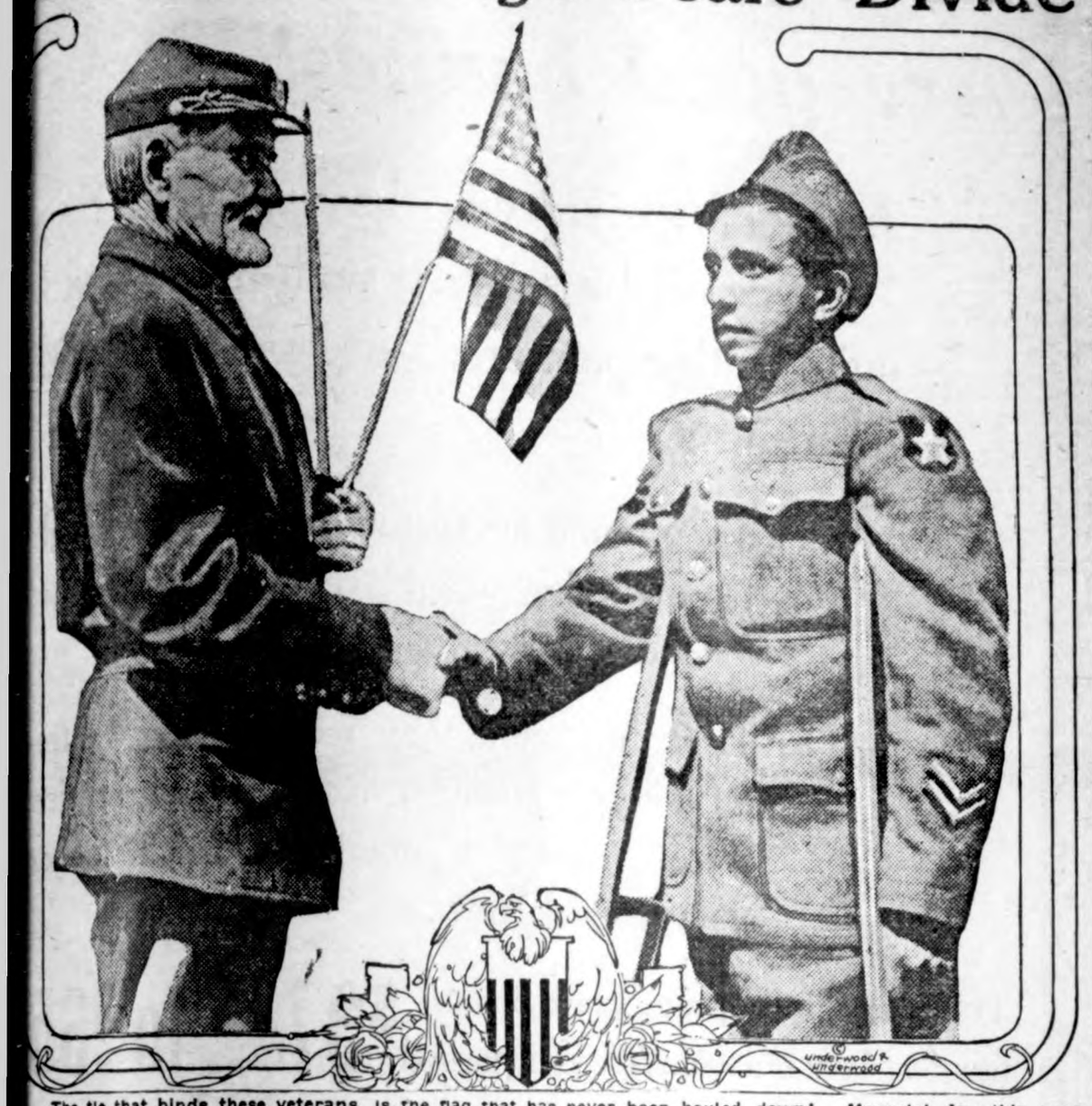
This decision is understood to been precipitated by an agreeme tween the British and French miers which, in effect, would s the United States with the u writing of the German indemnity to have been tentatively set by allies at $30,000,000,000.

Kansas Banks Fail.

Topeka, Kas.—The state bankin partment took over control of over state bank at Hanover, Wa ton county, and the Aulne State of Aulne, Marion county, two whose failures were reported re

As to rumors on the New York Chicago stock markets relativ "bank failures in Kansas," State Commissioner Wilson said: certainly have gone wild to mak that the failure of two small K banks should affect the country's ket centers."

rothers, Though Years Divide



The tie that binds these veterans is the flag that has never been hauled down! Memorial day this year rings this feeling uppermost in the minds of all true Americans.

EMORIAL DAY IN MANY LANDS

m This Time There Will Be Graves of Soldier Dead to Be Decorated Overseas.

EMORIAL DAY this year finds the thoughts of many Americans thousands of miles away. With cinema- rapidity the principal Memorial scene has changed from the 83 ional cemeteries, where tiny flags orate nearly 400,000 graves to nce, where 76,247 of the flower of erican manhood lie buried in 2,342 eteries.

illing the ever-thinning lines of e and gray is the mighty khaki- hosts of democracy. There is the riotic oratory by the foremost men, this time by men tried by war. re is the usual booming of guns, nforced this year by the blazing llery of the A. E. F.

ut the significance of it all is almost international observance of great American Memorial day. the first time graves of American diers, like monuments of democ- y, are found in rugged Scotland, in et English churchyards, at Coblenz Germany, on the icy wastes of Si- ia and in the fields of sunny Italy, well as on the slopes of Montfau- and at Suresnes, in France.

uresnes, the great American cem- y just outside of Paris, might be ained in perpetuity by the United tes for the purpose for which it s so generously given by the nch nation. It lies on the beauti- slopes of Mont Valerien, sentinel- by a historic fortress. Border- the curved frontage of its 13,000 are meters runs a shady boulevard, ich the municipality of Paris has ently named "Boulevard Washing- ."

The Seine Winds Past.

rom this spot of the sepulture one erlooks the city of Suresnes, with Seine winding past its doors, and world-famous Bois de Boulogne, ng yet farther on down the gentle clivity toward the French capital. Writing to the mayor of Suresnes, J. Gen. H. L. Rogers, former quar- rmaster of the A. E. F., but now artermaster general of the army, id:

"The commander-in-chief is deeply nsible of the touching devotion thus nifested by the people of the town Suresnes, both in the donation of a ce that shall be sacred to the mor- remains and the honored memory our heroic dead and in the noble olution to watch over their resting ce. He also desires for me to im- rt to you his appreciation of the butes, instituted at your suggestion, the memory of our first American esident, in giving the name of Wash- gton to the boulevard leading the space allotted for this hallowed rpose."

Shell Holes Opened Up.

The graves registration service, hich comes under General Rogers, d which did such laudable work roughout the war under the able adership of Lieut. Col. Charles C. erce of Philadelphia, re-enforced by ,000 negro troops, combed the entire ttle area of France in an effort to ate and identify the bodies of all ldiers who fell. So thorough was final inspection that even shell es were opened up in the search missing bodies.

The cemetarial branch of the quar- termaster corps, in charge of Maj. H. R. Lemly, organized, equipped and supplied four units of the graves registration service, which after preparatory training at the casual camp at Governor's island and at Camp Merritt were sent overseas in command of Lieut. Col. Pierce, then a major.

It was the business of the graves registration service to locate all cemeteries under the prescribed procedure under the laws of the country in which they are established. In France, Belgium and Italy practically the same laws exist, and the same procedure is followed in establishing American burial grounds.

An officer of the graves registration service took the initiative in all acquisitions. A letter was prepared for the signature of the commander-in-chief, addressed to the French military mission, or the commanding general of the region, if in the zone of the interior, asking for the allotment of whatever space was required.

Inspect and Test Grounds.

Commissions were then appointed by the French authorities, consisting of representatives of the engineers, sanitary department, the prefect and the ministry of war, and the American authorities designated an American officer of the graves registration service as the fifth member of the commission.

The commission inspected and tested the grounds, in company with the municipal authorities, making recommendations upon which the ministry of war procured the ground for the French state and set it aside for an American cemetery. It is thereafter controlled and administered entirely by the graves registration service.

On the battle front space was chosen by the American commanding generals directly, or through an officer of the graves registration service. However, the same procedure of acquisition was followed, the only difference being that the emergencies of battle were met promptly, and the slower process of legal formalities arranged afterward.

Graves Given to the A. E. F.

In many cases plots in French cemeteries have been given to the A .E. F. These include space for 25 to 500 or more graves. In Great Britain the government provided ample cemetery space for American use and requested that the expense be borne by the British people. In Germany space was requisitioned by the authorities of the army of occupation. The subject of American graveyards in Germany will be a proper matter for settlement by one of the many commissions resulting from the Paris peace conference.

While the graves registration service had nothing to do with burials, it was required to identify bodies whenever possible, and register all graves, appropriately mark them and maintain such a complete system of records that information might be furnished relatives of the dead and that places of burial might be located whenever desired.

Elaborate arrangements were made abroad by Americans and foreigners alike to observe Memorial day.

With the Spirit of '61 and '17

Their duty it will be to uphold in their turn the sacred traditions of Liberty handed down by their sires and grandsires.

HOME TOWN HELPS

NUT TREES FOR ROADWAYS

Walnuts Bring Eight Dollars a Bushel, Says Writer in Making Suggestions for Planting.

Maples, poplars, elms, willows and the ailanthus are seen along roadways and in parks wherever public ambition for shade has been sufficient in degree to induce authorities to put in trees of one sort or another. For the most part our northern highways are unshaded except by such trees as may accidentally spring up by the roadside, and, after competition with various enemies, finally reach above the fences, writes Robert T. Morris, a member of the American Forestry association of Washington, in The American City on "Nut Trees for Roads and Parks." Trees for city roads and parks, particularly in the larger cities, are often enough selected by some nurseryman favored by the political powers that be, and the nurseryman furnishes what he wishes to supply the uncritical purchaser. The time for this sort of procedure is passing, and people are beginning to awaken on the subject.

Progress in civilization along this line will mean that we are gradually to dispose of the kind of trees that furnish nothing but bunches of leaves which in due season litter the ground and when swept up contain nothing more than incidental trash. Now, if these trees were to give place to nut trees and fruit trees, there would be very much besides leaves to be swept up in the autumn. One of my friends in Illinois told me that in 1918 he received $8 per bushel for his black walnuts of a particularly good kind, and that some of the trees bore as many as 14 bushels to the tree.

BESTOW THOUGHT ON GARDEN

Promiscuous Planting of Flowers, Trees, and Shrubs Is Not to Be Recommended.

The main planting of any country place should be of trees and shrubs. Flowers should be used as decorations. They may be thrown in freely about the borders of the place; not in beds in the center of the lawn. They show off better when seen against a background; this background may be foliage, a building, a rock or a fence.

Where to plant flowers is really more important than what to plant. In front of bushes, in the corner by the steps, against the foundation of the residence or hothouse, along a fence or walk—these are the places for flowers. A single petunia plant against a background of foliage is worth a dozen similar plants in the center of the lawn. Too many flowers make a place overgaudy. Too much paint may spoil the effect of a good building. The decoration of a yard, as of a house, should be dainty.

The open-centered yard may be a picture, the promiscuously-planted yard may be a nursery or a forest. A little color scattered in here and there puts the finish to the picture. A dash of color gives spirit and character to the brook or pond, to the ledge of rocks, to the old stump or to the pile of rubbish.

Well-Kept Lawns in East.

Persons traveling through the cities and villages of Connecticut and other New England states often comment on the beautiful lawns there, the Oklahoman remarks. Even out in the country the yards are covered with a fine growth of grass, well watered and neatly trimmed.

It is said New Englanders are so careful with their lawns that they will not use rakes in gathering the cut grass after a mower goes over it. Instead they sweep the cut grass away. They assert that rakes tear the roots of the grass and otherwise damage it.

Famous Pennsylvania City.

In the belfry of the ancient courthouse at York, Pa., hung a bell given by Queen Anne to St. John's Episcopal church. This bell was rung when the Declaration of Independence was signed, when Cornwallis and Burgoyne surrendered and when Washington passed through York. The bell is now on view in the vestibule of St. John's church. In the Presbyterian cemetery in York is buried James Smith, a signer of the Declaration of Independence and captain of the first military company organized in Pennsylvania to fight Great Britain.

Faith Before Doubt.

As a general thing, the reason a man thinks he's having a good time when he is spending a lot of money is because he knows he will doubt it next day.—Dallas News.

An Average Man.

"What is your idea of the average man?" "In a city he's a fellow who's always waiting for the raise that never comes; takes his meals off the arm of a chair until he gets married and after that eats in the kitchen with his coat off; never spends more that 50 cents on amusements in one day until after he's married, and then never spends more than a quarter and whenever there's a street parade downtown he's always somewhere along the line of march."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

DAIRY FACTS

VALUE OF BULL ASSOCIATION

Farmers Enabled to Co-Operate in Purchase and Use of Sire at Lowest Expense.

(By R. W. CLARK, Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Colo.)

The bull association is strictly a co-operative enterprise. Five, eight, or ten farmers in a neighborhood unite in the purchase and use of a bull. The number of farmers in a community proposition like this depends upon the number of cows each keeps and proximity to each other. A local organization like this is called a "block." There may be other "blocks" in the same township or county, all operating under the same constitution and by-laws. After a bull has been used two years or so in one "block" he is exchanged for another bull in one of the blocks.

Through this kind of an organization, the purchase price of the bull per farmer is low. The cost of the keep of the bull is distributed among a larger number of people, only good bulls are used and in-breeding is avoided.

Farmers should look into this proposition. It means much to them.

DO AWAY WITH SCRUB STOCK

Registered Bull Calf Can Be Obtained at Reasonable Figure—Milk Flow Increased.

(By O. H. HANSEN of the dairy husbandry division, Minnesota College of Agriculture.)

Why should anyone be satisfied with scrub cattle? It is true there are not enough purebreds for all, but the heifers from a scrub herd will be wonderfully improved over their dams if they are sired by a good purebred bull from a productive dam. A registered bull calf can be had at a reasonable price from a dam which has made a creditable record, and the offspring of such a bull proves the wisdom of the investment. It is a known fact that in many cases the milk produced by the heifer of such a bull is more than double that of the dam. Neither these animals nor their offspring will ever be purebred, but the continued use of a first-class registered dairy bull of the same breed will in a few years result in a herd that may equal in production many purebred herds.

INCREASING VALUE OF COWS

Gain of 58 Per Cent in Five Years Is Shown by Reports of Bureau of Crop Estimates.

The farm cow that gives milk for human food stands first, with a total value of $2,022,000,000, as compared with other classes of farm animals for January 1, 1920, by the bureau of crop estimates of the United States department of agriculture. Not even the total value of all other cattle is equal to the value of the dairy cow.

Average Price of Milk Cows Per Head Has Increased From $58.25 in 1915 to $91.95 in 1919.

The average price per head of milk cows in this country has increased from $58.25, since January 1, 1915, to $91.95, the average for 1919, or a gain of 58 per cent in five years, according to the bureau.

PUREBRED SIRE IS VALUABLE

First Cross on Average Herd Increased Income $32 Per Cow in Province of Ontario.

The first cross of a purebred bull on the average dairy herd increased the income $32 per cow. These figures were secured in the province of Ontario in comparison of 140 herds using grade bulls and 31 using purebreds. Mr. Rex E. Willard of the farm management department of the North Dakota Agricultural college, in applying these figures to North Dakota, shows that if one farmer with 20 cows using grade bulls received an income of $1,680, his neighbor with 20 cows but who began using purebred bulls five years ago should receive $2,320, or $640 more.

WASH MILK BOTTLE WELL

If Allowed to Stand It Should Be Filled With Water to Prevent Casein From Hardening.

The milk bottle if not washed as soon as emptied should be filled with cold or lukewarm water till it is washed. The albumen and casein harden and stick fast when they dry as well as when heated. So that if hot water is poured in the bottle or can that has had milk in it the albumen and casein will harden and stick. After washing with lukewarm water use hot water, which removes the fat, and rinse in boiling water or steam to kill the bacteria.—Extension Division, North Dakota Agricultural College.

STOMACH GOOD AS NEW. FOUR DOCTORS GAVE HER UP

Mrs. Hendricks, Bedfast Five Months, Was Able to Work in Two Weeks.

"I was sick last winter for five months with stomach and bowel trouble. Could not turn myself in bed without help. I was under the care of four doctors, and they gave me up. Then Mr. Mills, the druggist, persuaded my husband to try a bottle of Milks Emulsion. I had only taken it two days until I was sitting up in bed, and in two weeks I was doing my own work. When I began taking it I weighed only 70 pounds; now I weigh 190 pounds."—Mrs. Mary Hendricks, 900 Litchfield Road, Owensboro, Ky.

Thousands of people who have suffered for years from stomach and bowel troubles have found relief almost from the first dose of Milks Emulsion. And it is real, lasting benefit.

Milks Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength Milks Emulsion is strongly recommended to those whom sickness has weakened and is a powerful aid in resisting and repairing the effects of wasting diseases. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milks Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions, and if not satisfied with the results your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and $1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.—Adv.

Indefinite.

"These poets are so indefinite."

"How now?"

"Why, the poet tells us that Lars Porsena of Clusium sat in his ivory car. Stalled somewhere, of course. But we never learn whether he was hung up on account of tire trouble or lack of gasoline."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Doesn't hurt a bit and costs only a few cents

Magic! Just drop a little Freezone on that touchy corn, instantly it stops aching, then you lift the corn off with the fingers! Truly! No humbug!

Try Freezone! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without one particle of pain, soreness or irritation. Freezone is the discovery of a noted Cincinnati genius.—Adv.

His Prominent Characteristic.

"You must have seen some trait in me to admire," said Mr. Meekton, "or you wouldn't have married me."

"I did," replied his wife; "your sublime nerve in wanting to be my husband."—Pearson's Weekly.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the *result* of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

Too Short.

"How did you enjoy the sermon?"

"Too short."

"That so? I never heard anyone complain that a sermon was too brief before."

"Well, you see, it was this way: I'd hardly dropped asleep before the thing was over."

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath. The Plattsburg Camp Manual advises men in training to use Foot-Ease in their shoes each morning. It prevents blisters and sore spots and relieves painful, swollen, smarting feet and takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Always use Allen's Foot-Ease to break in new shoes.—Adv.

The Language.

"This man is running for office—" "Yes?" "What does he stand for?"

UNDER U.S. GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION

They Did Not Die In Vain

Such heroes, such men, such AMERICANS—that if every one of them could have his choice again of living under a compromised flag or dying for the cause he knew was right—not one would fail to answer "Here" to the roll-call of supreme sacrifice.

A Nation pauses in reverence before the shrine of eternal memories.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

That first Long trouser suit

WILL NOT LOOK LIKE DAD'S SUIT CUT DOWN IF WE FIT THE BOY OUT.

Our youth's suits look right, because they were made by experts in this particular line.

It's our specialy--this first long trouser suit for youths.

Youth's Suits $27.50 $30 $35 $40

Shirts Hats Hosiery Underwear

Patton Bros. Co.
"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."
Mason City, Ia. Manly, Ia.

We have a full line of

Chicken Coops

They are stronly made of galvanized steel and we have them in round and square models---at prices cheaper than than you can make them of wood.

You will also need a few of our
Gold Medal Chicken Waterers
They keep the water cool and fresh and there are no pipes or floats to trouble with

we will take your eggs in trade

Jacobs & Son

Union Service at First M. E. church Sunday at 9:30 A. M.

Fred Bell had a rather severe accident last week Thursday. He was shelling corn for Thos. Nelson . The cob elevator became clogged out and Fred reached in to give the cobs a boost when his hand caught in a chain and went around a cog wheel, before he could jerk it away. His middle fingers on the right hand were badly cut and bruised and it required four stitches to close the wounds on one finger and one stitch did the business on the other. At this time the fingers are healing and he is getting along well.

M. O. Hocum is building some new coal shedst his week west of the elevator so that he will have plenty room to store future shipments of coal. He has also added another feature to his coal business, which is a machine for unloading the coal from the cars into the bins or from the bins into wagons. It is thought this machine will save a lot of the disagreeable work in unloading coal from the cars.

The biggest fish caught this year in Clear Lake, was pulled in Friday by Harry Rice of Garner. The pickerel which he caught weighed exactly thirteen pounds and a quarter. It is very seldom that a fish of this kind is caught, and especially landed with a road and reel as the chances for getting a large fish like the one Harry caught into a boat is very slim. This little bit of good news will no doubt make the Klemme fishermen sit up and take notice—and hike p. d. q for Clear Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Keraus came over from Clear Lake Monday evening for a few days' visit with Klemme relatives. Charlie was up in Minnesota a few days ago fishing. He was also accompanied by Tom Mitchell of Swea City, and he says they surely caught all they could carry. Charlie goes to Minnesota for "real" fishing and then for past-time he will fish in Clear Lake.

Charles Stanton, a young Garner man, was driving east of Garner Sunday with other young men in his Ford whe he got into a race with another car. The outcome of the affair was that young Stanton's car struck a deep rut in the road, overturning the car and occupants, but none were severely injured outside of a good shaking and a few minor bruises. The car was practically a new one and was almost smashed to pieces. The body, fenders and windshield were broken and smashed up and the wheels suffered a like treatment. Just another example of too fast driving and a warning to others to keep out of races on rough roads.

We thought we knew the gentleman but when we looked at him closely we did not know who he was, but could have swore we were well acquainted with him. We pondered over the question at the depot Tuesday morning and then walked up town. "Zip" the barber hailed us and we told him of the strange man we saw at the depot. "Zip" laughed and told us the man we saw was none other than August Barz with his beard removed and that he had done the job Monday. Well, if we weren't jiggered! We owe Mr. Barz an apology for passing him up, but he looked thirty years younger since he shows his face to the world, and we thought he was some stranger who had come to town. Now that makes us wonder how John Gruetzmacher, Lew Sampson and a few of the other Klemme gentlemen would look if they had their whiskers removed!

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian
All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
Klemme - Iowa

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith
OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA
Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

Ready Made Suits Are good busines!

MANY men who haven't felt they could be satisfied with ready-made suits in the past are being satisfied with them now.

They found the custom tailor's prices high; too high; they bought ready-made clothes for the saving.

Then they found they were getting the finest tailoring possible; fine all-wool fabrics, correct style; a good fit---they'll never change back now.

These specially price Hart Schaffner & Marx suits can't be surpassed **$37.50 to $65**

GET TO KNOW
GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON
The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes
16 STORES *GARNER, IOWA*

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
Coal Hauling Done

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock
A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

LAND SALE

We will sell on public auction the following land: The North ½ of the Northeast ¼ Section, No. 3, in Twin Lake Township, Hancock County, Iowa; tract of land 73 acres. This land will be sold to the highest responsible bidder. $2,000.00 cash when sale is made, balance to be paid in 60 days thereafter. Sale will take place on farm 2 miles west and 1 mile south of Klemme, Iowa, June 16th, 1920, at 2 p. m.

J. A. Young, Auctioneer
F. A. Arnold, Clerk
adv. 4 wks. A. C. Lau and Wm. Grieman, Administrators

Tuesday while Herman Coo working on the wood-working chine at the Pavey shop in som ner or other he got his thumb i planer and took a good sized p flesh out of it before he could p hand away. Herman has a pret thumb on his right hand whi probably lay himo ff work for weeks.

Thos. Berhow has announced he will be a candidate for re-el for the office of supervisor. Mr how, and the other members board have given good servic there is no reason why they not have the office again. We their re-election as we feel th deserving of the office for a term.

THE DAMON IGOU CO.
MASON CITY, IOWA

$10,000 Silk Sale

A SALE WITHOUT A RECORD HIGH PRICES KNOCKED OUT

It will pay you to attend this wonderful money saving sale.

A few items of interest

All Silk Tricolettettes, $6.00 quality, sale price **$4.95**
Silk Taffetas, $4.50 quality, at only **$2.95**
Silk Crepe Shirtings, $4.50 quality, at **$3.48**
Changeable Taffetas, $3.50 quality, sale price **$2.48**

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 39 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, June 3 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

MEMORIAL DAY A BIG SUCCESS

As Memorial Day came on Sunday, May 30th, that was the day on which it was observed in Klemme. The program opened at the city park promptly at three o'clock in the afternoon, with two selections from the Klemme Band. This was the first appearance of the band in public and they did exceptionally well considering the fact that they are all new beginners and have played but a few months. A mixed choir, Messrs. Trafford, Ralph Ludeke, Elmer Ludeke and E. Zidler, and Mesdames Hocum, Trafford, Waterman and Miss Greiwe gave a couple of numbers of well chosen vocal selections in keeping with the day. The address of the day was given by Rev. McKeegan, the evangelist, which was followed by a well read selection, "The Gettysburg Address," by Milvern Ell. The Band played "Star Spanged Banner," after which the peope proceeded to the cemetery where the graves of soldiers were decorated. All told, the celebration was given in a quiet manner befitting the day and the program went off without a hitch. Many from other towns nearby were here to be present at the program as their home towns were to celebrate the following day.

ANNUAL SCHOOL PICNIC

The last Friday of the school year is always considered a special holiday for Klemme and it was not forgotten this year. The Annual School Picnic is always a day to which puipls and parents look forward to at the close of the school year. This year, as in former years, the picnic was held in Koerner's grove and it is needless to say that the good cooks of Klemme had the old plank table groaning with the good things to eat. And of course old and young enjoyed the fine feed and then had great sport the rest of the afternoon playing games and visiting.

TOWN TEAM AND HIGH SCHOOL CLASH

Friday afternoon the town team and the High School team clashed in a game of ball at the diamond with the result that the high school team had an awful fall from their "high horse" where they ad perched since their victory over the town team a few weeks ago. When the dust had cleared away and an adding machine was borrowed to count the scores (not made by the high school) it was found that the high school had met defeat 14 to 1. Both sides played good ball but the high school boys were a bit off feed and could not get started just right or maybe the score would not have resembled so much a goose egg for them.

OBITUARY

Elmer Howard Hartbeck was born at Delaware county, Iowa, February, 21st, 1896.

When a few weeks old he received the Holy Baptism. From his early childhood he was taught and raised by Christian parents. At the age of 15 he was confirmed in the Reformed Church and has been a true and faithful member until his early death. He was very careful to lead a clean life and a noble character. His whole life was upward, not downward. This he showed all the long days of suffering, when he expressed himself over and over again that he was ready to meet his Saviour and expects all to meet him there some day. May his life be an example to many.

On July 24th he answered his country's call and left for Camp Pike, Arkansas. He there resided until September 1, when he left for France, always being healthy and strong until March 13, 1919 when influenza took place which later turned into tuberculosis. Then June 6th he started to sail back to the United States. He then was sent to Denver, Colorado, but as he received no relief and physicians were unable to give any help, he was discharged January 29th, and came back to his parents. The first four weeks he seemed to be feeling better but on February 29th he was again confined to bed with influenza, and all that loving hands could do was done. He put his trust in the Lord and said "The Lord will take care of me."

On the 24th of May, 1920, at 9:40 P. M. he answered his Saviour's call, where his father in 1900 had gone before and was awaiting him. He leaves to mourn his early death, his mother, one brother, four sisters, and many other relatives and friends.

May his memory be blessed.

(Rev. Depping)

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our many friends and neighbors for the kindness and sympathy shown to us in the death of our beloved son and brother, Elmer; and also wish to extend thanks for the beautiful floral offerings.

Mrs. Henry Wille and Children

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS OF MAY 10th AND 24th, 1920

Ralph Ludke was alolwed $10.85 refund of water tax.

Lillie Korner was allowed $3 for collecting water rent.

L. A. Ridder was allowed $15 for pumping water in April.

C. G. Waterman was allowed $27.75 interest on water bonds.

H. S. Schwarts was allowed $164.50 for hauling gravel.

Council contracted with W. E. Buell of Sioux City, to make the survey for the proposed sewer system in the town of Klemme.

N. L. Palmer, Clerk

VOTE FOR JOHN E. WICHMAN FOR STATE SENATOR

Senator H. I. Foskett of Shenandoah, Iowa, who was chairman of the Senate Committee on Appropriations the last two General Assemblies and will be a Senate member of the next legislature, has the following to say about J. E. Wichman's candidacy for the State Senate in this district:

"I want to wish you all success in your campaign for the senate, for your experience and ability will be greatly needed in the next General Assembly.

"It seems to me that there will be a great many knotty questions of policy in our state government to be decided next winter and it will need men of sane minds and legislative experience to solve them. Your experience as Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations of the house during the last General Assembly will be invaluable in adjusting the appropriations for our state schools and our penal and charitable institutions to the present financial conditions."

(Political Advertising)

LEWIS-COOBS MARRIAGE

Announcements were received in Klemme of the marriage of Verner Lwis and Miss Lena Coobs at McGregor, Iowa, Tuesday, May 25th, at the home of the bride's parents at McGregor. Now there was nothing strange about the anouncement as the younger class have been waiting for some time to hear the good news as the engagement of the happy couple has been known to their many friends here for some time. The announcement further states that they "will be at home June 1st, at Hayfield, Minn.," where they have rented a farm and will go to housekeeping. Both of the contracting parties are well and most favorably known in Klemme. Mr. Lewis is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Lew Lewis of this place and Mrs. Lewis is a sister of Mrs. Pavey and has made Klemme her home for some time. We extend congratulations to the newlyweds and wish them a lot of happiness.

BALL GAME TO BE STAGED SUNDAY

Sunday the Klemme "Rockford Socks" will meet the fast "Liberty Bells" at the Klemme park north of town in what promises to be a speedy game of ball. This will be the first of a series of games to be played by the new Klemme team.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Fischer, of Ackley, Iowa, and Mr. and Mrs. W. Loger of Dumont, came last Thursday for a visit at the L. Newberger home. They returned again some time Friday.

Dedication and Free Dinner

Everybody is invited to attend the dedication of the new Liberty Township Church on Sunday, June 13th. The program wil begin at 10.00 A.M. and a big free dinner will be served to all at noon. Come and bring your friends.

We are in receipt of a copy of the Rockwell City Advocate which tells us that Chas. Nissen, a former Klemme boy, has engaged in the newspaper game on his own hook. He has associated himself with A. R. Hultman of that place, and from the appearance of their paper, they have secured one of the real good newspaper propositions of the state. Chas. is the youngest member of the Nissen family of Klemme, and for the benefit of those who may not be able to recall Charles, we remark that his nickname when a boy was "Spider." Starting in the game years ago, Charles has developed into a real mechanic in the printing game, and we are glad that he has acquired a business of his own.—Garner Democrat.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Sunday School at the close of preaching service at 11:00 o'clock. Epworth League Sunday night at 7:30 in Liberty Township church. Preaching service at Liberty township church at 8 o'clock.

Midweke prayer meeting each Thursday evening at 7:30.

Everyone is welcome to all of our services.

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

2 White Horses strayed away from my place last Saturday. If anyone has them in keeping or has seen them pass please telephone at my expenses.
Fred Hoffman, Klemme, Iowa.

Oscar Carlson of Liberty township, was in town Saturday, called at the Democrat office and we had a pleasant half hour with Oscar talking over old times. Eighteen or twenty years ago, "The Big Sweed" and yours truly hobnobbed a great deal. Oscar was then in the livery business in Klemme. He foresaw the inevitable end of the horse livery business so sold out ten or twelve years ago and moved onto a farm. Very few of our farmer friends have made more money in that length of time than has Oscar, and he did it through good management and careful planning, not through the raise in value of his acres.—Garner Democrat.

Vote for J. E. Wichman for State Senator. His experience as chairman of he Appropriation Committee in the last House will be of great value in solving the state's financial problems caused by existing high prices. Adv.

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers.

Fire, caused by lightning, destroyed the Lingo garage in Norwich together with twelve valuable trucks, and tools and other property, causing a loss of $25,000.

Kenneth Kelly, 5-year-old son of Mrs. T. L. Kelly of Atlantic, suffered a skull fracture when, on his way home from school, he darted into the street in front of an automobile.

Traer is to have a semi-professional baseball team this season. Business men have contributed between $400 and $500 toward the support of the team, and the fund will be increased before the canvass is completed.

The Population of Burlington, has decreased 267 in the last 10 years, according to announcement made by the Census Bureau. The 1920 population of Burlington was announced as 24,057. This is a decrease of 1.1 per cent.

Although crops in northern and central Iowa are now about two weeks behind normal, the present wave of warm weather has done much to bring them up and there is little danger of them being injured seriously by the unusually cool spring.

Fourteen Iowa boys will be included in the class of 461 cadets to be admitted to the West Point Military Academy July 1. They enter as the result of high marks in the March competitive examinations and also thru appointment by Senators Cummins and Kenyon and Iowa congressmen.

According to the 1919 county crop report just published locally Johnson county hens laid 5,458,888 eggs, or 1,288,239 dozens last year. With eggs selling at 42 cents a dozen this would mean $541,060.38. If all the eggs were laid end to end they would reach 610 miles or nearly three time across the state of Iowa at the point of its greatest width.

Practically every county in the state will be visited by experts from Iowa State College, working in conjunction with the Iowa State Dairy Council, this month and next in an effort to get over to the people of Iowa the value of milk as a food. In Linn county the campaign will be conducted thru the schools and business interests in Cedar Rapids.

Eb Dickson's suit against 35 West Grove citizens for their alleged conspiracy to force him to salute and kiss the American flag and give $200 to the Red Cross in May, 1918, was lost when a jury returned a verdict of not guilty. Dickson and his brother claim they were attacked and threatened with ropes and yellow paint for alleged disloyal remarks.

The recent edition of the compiled code of Iowa put out by the code commission is now available to the public for $3 per copy. The book contains the laws of Iowa in proper form and will serve as a single edition of Iowa laws until such time as the code is revised by the legislature next year. It originally sold for $7.50 and the secretary of the state has only a limited number of copies available at $3.

The city of Ames and Story county are to be made defendants in a suit for $20,000 damages to be brought in the Story county district court by Frank Coukoulis, driver of the ill-fated car which went thru the railing of the make-shift Squaw Creek bridge on Lincoln Way at noon on Friday, April 2, seriously injuring Coukoulis and killing his companion, Frank H. Niforatos. The body of Niforatos was recovered on Sunday, May 9, thirty seven days after the accident.

Two Iowa milk records were broken recently when Princess, a purebred Holstein cow in the herd of the Holmes Dairy Company produced 119.4 pounds of milk, or nearly 15 gallons on March 1st, breaking the former record of one day's production by over 7 lbs. Recently she again produced 788 pounds of milk which betters the former mark for a week's production by 48 pounds. These records were made under the supervision of the state tester and are therefore official.

At a recent meeting of the trustees of Iowa College at Grinnell two new trustees were elected, Clyde L. Herring, of Des Moines, and George E. Roberts, vice president of the National City Bank of New York. Rev. T. O. Douglas, until within a few years a resident of Grinnell but now of southern California, was made trustee Emeritus because of inability to be present at trustee meetings, and Mr. Roberts fills the vacancy thus created in the active ranks. Mr. Herring fills the vacancy created by

The American Legion post at Lamotte wanted a home which they could use for a meeting place, clubrooms, etc., and they went about securing it in a thoroughly practical and businesslike manner. They bought a building for $6,000 and in order to finance the deal they issued certificates of stock at $100 per share. They stipulated that no member should be allowed to purchase more than five shares and that no shares be sold to anyone outside of the Legion. The result was that all of the stock was quickly absorbed.

the resignation of Samuel A. Merrill.

Alfred Winike and Paul Rettenmeher, both of Carroll, were drowned in Wall lake after having rescued Misses Margaret Deiger and Agnes Halwig, their companions. The four were boating when the craft capsized. The boys swam to the girls and carried them to the upturned boat. The young women held on until help reached them ,but the boys were too exhausted to keep their holds and sank.

A double wedding which was also a doubling up of family relations, through which the older bridgegroom became at once the uncle and the stepfather-in-law of his niece's husband and father-in-law to his niece, while his bride, the mother of the younger bridegroom, became the aunt to her son and at the same time the mother-in-law and aunt to her husband's niece, has been solemnized in Davenport. Will someone please page Solomon.

After serving Black Hawk county as its agricultural expert for a period of eight years consecutively, A. A. Burger has declined to accept the offer of the directors of the county farm bureau to remain in the office another year at a salary of $4,250 and mileage and will retire from the office Oct. 1. No successor has yet been named. Burger is the pioneer county agent in Iowa, Black Hawk county being the first county in the state to maintain such an officer.

Two thousand Iowa State College students, out of a total of 2,295 who voted on the question of proposed memorials for the union building, more than 1,600 voted for a memorial grove in conjunction with the union. The vote for a monument, which was next highest, totaled only [illegible]. Smaller numbers of votes were cast for a fountain, a museum, an arch and an auditorium. Between 85 and 90 per cent of the undergraduate students took part in the balloting.

The Rock Island arsenal will lay off 750 men a week until the peacetime basis of 2,500 men is reached. This will be attained about June 30. The arsenal will discharge 5,800 men following war department orders to discontinue and dismantle certain sections of the plant. The arsenal reached its highest point during the last days of the war, when 15,000 men were employed there. Many of the arsenal employes are from eastern cities and a large portion will return.

What is believed to be the record price paid in Iowa for a hog of the same age, has just been received by George O. Satre, of Stanhope, for a Poland China boar, Giant Wonder, 2 years old last March. McDonald Bros., of Owatonna, Minn., bought the animal for $15,000. The animal has never been exhibited, consequently has no prize winning record to bring him into prominence. However, his full brother Giant Wonder I Am, was the sweep stakes champion at the Iowa state fair last summer.

Iowa counties are taking steps to straighten smaller rivers in order to increase the land areas and to improve the drainage of bottom lands to prevent overflow. The agricultural engineering extension department of Iowa State College has already been working on projects in Crawford, Wayne, Decatur, Ringgold, Allamakee and Keota counties. In most of these cases the rivers were shortened considerably by the new system. The general plan of the work is to dig a new channel for the river, straighten it out and then drain the adjoining land to the ditch. This insures the land for use as the danger of overflow is removed, say the extension men.

The Waterloo Cedar Falls & Northern Railway Company have requested the Waterloo city council to grant the street car company an increase in fare from 5 to 10 cents. The company agrees to furnish twenty-five working persons' tickets for $2 and twenty children's tickets for $1.00. The street car officials also agree to purchase twenty new safety street cars as soon as the increase is granted and will take other steps to improve the service. No increase in fares have been granted the local line since it was established twentyfour years ago. The street car officials submit a list of fifty-nine cities where 10-cent fare is in force. None of the cities are west of the Mississippi river.

Sheep owners of Iowa who are in need of a sheep shearer can be supplied from their county agent's office on application. Many farm bureaus have secured an experienced shearer with a good machine, and the price for shearing is 25 to 30 cents a head, or 25 to 35 cents where flocks are small. It is suggested that owners of small flocks bunch sheep for shearing in their neighborhoods and save money. It has been found that shearers have charged as high as 50 to 60 cents a head, which is 10 to 15 per cent of the value of the fleece. This price is considered exorbitant and the farm bureau has secured the service of a shearer to protect the farmers against excessive charges.

Hamlin Garland and Octave Thanet are Iowans and have written of Iowa. Emerson Hough and Randall Parrish and Edwin L. Sabin came from Iowa. Besides contributing novelists whose books are listed among the six best sellers, Iowa has developed historians and scientific writers, has fostered poets like Arthur Davisno Ficke and Edwin Ford Piper, and added humorists to the mixture. Bob Burdette reached fame thru the columns of the Burlington Hawkeye and Ellis Parker Butler was born and grew up in the state of Iowa.

Poultry demonstrations beginning on the morning of July 6th, will be given in each school district in Black Hawk county. It is expected that all who are interested in the culling of poultry or any other phase of the subject will attend these meetings, as individual diseases, housing and feeding will also be discussed, but the culling will be the main feature. These demonstrations will take from one and one-half to two hours.

Steps to reclaim part of the Clanton valley were taken by the boards of supervisors of Warren and Madison counties. The boards sent engineers into the valley and directed them to make surveys of the project. To reclaim the valley, it will be necessary to straighten Clanton creek from a point north of Clanton to the mouth of the creek in Warren county. Several hundred acres will be made tillable when the project is completed.

Ten-year-old Alberta Williams of Des Moines saved the life of her mother when she smothered with her bare hands the flames which had caught in Mrs. Williams' hair and clothes from a benzine explosion.

Farmers near Cascade are going to fight the sugar trust with a double-edged sword, or in other words, they are going to get the trust's "goat" by raising cane. A larger acreage than ever before will be planted this season in [illegible] vercome as much as possib[illegible]age and scarcity of

Case 15-27 Kerosene Tractor

Pulls 3 or 4 Plows

In fields where plowing is difficult—tough or baked soil, stiff grades, etc.—this Case 15-27 Kerosene Tractor will pull 3 plows easily. Where conditions are favorable, this tractor can pull 4 plows.

So it is a favorite on the average farm. It is neither too large nor too small.

In addition to its field work, it is designed for belt work, having the pulley properly placed. It will drive a Case 26x46 Thresher equipped with feeder and wind stacker or other machines requiring similar power.

The Case 15-27 has abundant reserve power. While rated at 15 horsepower on the drawbar, it can deliver more than 18 horsepower. While rated at 27 on the belt, it can deliver 33 horsepower. It is ever ready for the hardest jobs. It never tires.

All gears are cut steel, enclosed and run in oil. It has a four-cylinder valve-in-head motor, mounted crosswise on a one-piece main frame. This affords the use of all spur gears.

A Case Sylphon Thermostat controls the cooling system and insures complete combustion of kerosene. A Case air washer delivers clean air to the carburetor.

There are dozens of betterments found only in this tractor. You should be familiar with them, so that you may make a careful comparison.

May we have the opportunity soon to point out Case superiorities?

W. F. PAVEY

CASE

KEROSENE TRACTORS

SEE LOWER PRICES

FEDERAL RESERVE REPORT PREDICTS GENERAL DECLINE.

FOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPTED

Decided Readjustment Looked for by Business World—Shoes to Be Cheaper Next Spring.

Chicago, Ill.—A general revision downward of prices of all commodities except food, a growing tendency toward thrift, and improvement in the labor situation are three factors noted in the report of the seventh federal reserve district, just issued.

A decided readjustment of the economic and social influences governing national life is being anticipated by the business world, the report says, with the situation complicated by the lack of any precedent by which business men might be guided.

"The continued high prices, however, offer great encouragement, particularly the price of clothing and shoes. * * * * * Price of clothing and dry goods generally had reached such heights as to be almost prohibitive and the public quite naturally curtailed purchases very materially."

Shoes to Decline Further.

Washington, D. C.—Lower shoe prices next winter and spring were predicted by Edward Brand, secretary of the Tanners' Council of the United States testifying before a senate committee of inquiry.

Tanners and manufacturers believe prices will fall by that time, Mr. Brand said, because of the recent decline in leather prices. This decline could not sooner be reflected in shoe costs, he said, because shoes are made up far in advance of the season in which they are offered on the market.

WILSON FOR MANDATE.

Asks Congress to Assume Protection of Armenian Nation.

Washington, D. C.—Authority to accept for the United States a mandatory over Armenia was asked of congress by President Wilson. The executive said he was conscious he was "urging a very critical choice," but that he did so "in the earnest belief it will be the wish of the people of the United States that this should be done."

The president's message was read in both houses. Each referred it to the committee on foreign relations.

Some senate republicans predicted that the message would lie in the senate committee indefinitely.

Senator Harding, republican, chairman of the committee which investigated Armenian affairs, said he would never consent to take a mandate over Armenia, and added he did not think the senate would consent.

MAY BE FOOD SCARCITY.

Hoover Foresees U. S. Depending On Europe for Certain Products.

Washington, D. C.—Decrease in agriculture production may result in this country's becoming dependent on overseas food supplies, Herbert Hoover said in a letter to Representative Riddick, republican, Montana, setting forth the former food administrator's views "as to practical measures to insure better returns to the farmer for his labor and investment."

Mr. Hoover suggested the creation of a commission composed of highly trained farmers and skilled economists and financial experts to consider the causes and remedies for the situation.

Montana Has Best Schools.

New York.—Montana has the best all-round public school system in the United States according to the results of a comparative study of state school system made public by the Russell Sage Foundation. The report assigns second place to the schools of California, third place to those of Arizona, fourth place to New Jersey and fifth to the state of Washington.

These findings are contained in a report by the department of education of the foundation. Other findings are that the school system of the United States as a whole has doubled in efficiency during the last 50 years, having an index number rating of 26 in 1870 and one of 52 at the present time.

Army Bill Passed.

Washington, D. C.—The senate has passed the army appropriation bill carrying $415,919,000 and sent it to conference. The bill provides for an increase of approximately $42,000,000 over the house bill, but $353,000,000 less than the appropriation for the present fiscal year. The principal senate increase was $12,745,000 for the army air service, making its total $40,000,000. The house provisions which would give the army air service control of all military aerial operations from land bases, was eliminated by the senate.

Freight Jam Improves.

Washington, D. C.—The freight jam is slowly yielding to the efforts concentrated on the mass of cars which was closing the country's railroad yards. Reports to the American Railroad association's car service committee showed a reduction in car accumulation from 269,000 on April 24 to less than 170,000 on May 21. While the battle by no means has been won, railroad officials said indications of improvement were strong enough to substantiate the belief that the peak of the congestion had passed

POLICE AND CITIZENS FIGHT

Deadly Battle Staged in Virginia Mining Town—Ten Dead and Several Injured.

Mateawan, W. Va.—Ten men, including Mayor Cabell Testerman of Mateawan were killed and three badly injured in a battle here between the police and citizens on one side and private detectives on the other.

Besides the mayor the dead include five private detectives and four miners. Police say the trouble arose when a party of private detectives arrived here from Williamson to evict from company's houses the families of miners who had been dismissed from the company's employ.

Eight families, the police declare, had been turned out when Mayor Testerman approached Albert Felts, the leader of the detectives, and wanted to know by what authority their action was taken and by what authority they had arrested one of the miners.

While they were talking, according to the police, Felts shot the mayor, firing from his coat pocket. Almost instantly Felts was killed himself, the police say, by "Sid" Hadfield, chief of police of Mateawan. Immediately the shooting became general, numbers of persons joining in the fray.

GIRL PROVES HEROINE.

Telephone Operator's Quick Wit Results in Capture of Bank Robbers.

Howe, Neb.—The three unmasked bandits who held up the Bank of Howe last Friday afternoon, and locked two of the institution's officials in the vault and secured cash and Liberty Bonds estimated at between $7,000 and $10,000, were quickly apprehended because of the quick wit of Miss Emma Reimers, telephone operator at the Howe exchange. The exchange is just across the street from the bank, and when Miss Reimers saw the men enter the bank and draw the shades, her suspicions were aroused by this action, and she tried to call the bank. When she received no answer, she called various citizens, who hurried to the bank just as the bandits left, and fired a volley of shots at the robbers.

Later, officials at Atchison, Kan., were notified of the robbery, and a posse of five deputy sheriffs and four police officers took the trail after the bandits had crossed the Missouri river bridge at Atchison. They detoured and met the bandits seven miles southeast of Atchison on the Missouri side of the river. A gun battle ensued in which two of the robbers were mortally wounded, the third escaped and two officers were wounded, one severely. The loot was recovered.

Plenty Sugar Profiteering.

New York.—Herbert Hoover, testyfying here before the joint executive committee investigating profiteering, declared sugar now would be retailing for 12 to 13 cents a pound, had the sugar equalization board been authorized to purchase the Cuban raw sugar supply at 6½ cents.

Mr. Hoover declared there was no question that the amount of speculation and profiteering had been considerable. He declared that the remedy lay in the reduction of credits and inflation, pending a stimulus to production and reduced consumption, or vigorous regulation and intervention of the government in commerce of the war-time variety.

Tornado in Minnesota.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Tornadoes in southeastern Minnesota destroyed towns and caused the death of the 11-week-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey Swanson of Red Wing. Eight persons were reported injured.

The storm struck near Northfield, splintering into five violent gusts, each leaving destruction in its wake.

Castle Rock and Prairieville are reported to have been badly damaged.

Fuel for 7,000 Years.

Chicago, Ill.—The United States is in no danger of exhausting its coal supplies in the near future, for about 7,000 years' supply is available, S. M. Darling of the bureau of mines told the twelfth annual convention of the International Railway Fuel association.

Thirty-Two Hurt in Wreck.

Albuerque, N. M.—Santa Fe passenger train No. 808 was wrecked at La Joya, fifty-two miles south of here, resulting in the death of the engineer and fireman and the injury to thirty passengers. Soft tracks caused the accident.

Presbyterians Stand By Movement

Philadelphia, Pa.—The general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States, in session here, voted down a proposal of the executive commission to withdraw support of the Interchurch World Movement.

No Cause for Alarm.

St. Louis, Mo.—There is no cause for financial alarm in the present nation-wide price slashing movement, according to a statement by Richard S. Hawes of this city, president of the American Bankers' association. He referred to persons who professed to foresee hard times as "calamity howlers." Although bankers are discouraging non-essential investments and wild speculation, Mr. Hawes asserted no bank would refuse credit to carry on essential production.

Annual Fete of the Wellesley College Girls

Scene during the annual Wellesley college ceremonies showing Miss Elizabeth Head of Bangor, Me., president of the freshmen class, crowned as "Queen Elizabeth."

Hit Price Peak, Dealers Think

Refusal of Public to Meet Further Advances Credited With Turning Scale.

DEPARTMENT STORES LEAD

Clothing Stock Surplus, Especially In Women's Wear, Likely to Bring Reductions—Silk Reductions Are to Be Permanent.

New York.—The substantial reductions that have been made recently in the prices of all commodities by department and other stores throughout the country have led the buying public to wonder whether or not these reductions are the forerunners of continued reduction in the high prices that have prevailed since America entered the war. In an effort to ascertain the cause and probable extent of the downward movement, the New York Times has made inquiries among representative merchants in the wholesale and retail lines as well as among financial leaders. Their replies seem to agree that a permanent reduction movement has begun.

In the minds of many, however, there is still much doubt as to the meaning of the reductions that have been announced and made by the department stores and other commercial houses. Even those who are not yet ready to say that a general fall in prices is to be expected are unwilling to predict that present levels will be maintained. A majority of wholesale and retail dealers admit that prices are too high and that a reaction must come before the public will begin free buying.

Surplus of Clothing.

One phase of the reductions made by department stores has been the effort of middlemen to discover how the plan is worked. Dozens of wholesale and retail dealers confessed that they or their agents had made purchases at department stores for comparison with their own prices and qualities.

The representative of a big London department store said he had bought from a department store certain articles much cheaper than prices quoted by manufacturers.

In the wholesale clothing trade it is generally admitted that there is a surplus of goods. By some this surplus is said to be due to unseasonable weather, and by others it is admitted that the public has refused to pay existing prices. A number of representatives of this group said reductions must be made all along the line, from the manufacturers to the retailer. With overstocks already on hand, clothing dealers are said to be canceling orders, while the mills are eager for business and willing to offer price concessions. It is now predicted that fewer sales will be made during the coming season, if the reports of early fall orders, booked by the clothiers, may be taken as a fair indication, but what is lost in volume, the clothing trade hopes, will be made up in a concentration on higher class garments.

In the silk market it is no secret that price reductions which have been made are to be permanent. Huge stocks of raw silks are held in this country by Japanese interests and must be released following the break in the Japanese market, at substantially lower prices than were prevailing during midwinter when top prices were realized for raw materials. Members of this trade do not hesitate to say that prices have been too high, and that the time has come for a readjustment on an entirely new basis.

A disposition to await developments has marked the cotton goods market. There has been only gradual easing off in the prices of printcloths and sheetings which have a wide variety of uses when finished. In the prices of sateens and other fabrics used by the clothing trades the reductions have been more marked.

Belief is expressed in the financial district that commodity prices will continue downward because it is believed that wholesale prices reached their peak in February, and that within a few weeks the reaction will take a stronger hold of the retail markets.

City Doubled Taxes on Profiteering Landlord

A 100 per cent increase in the assessed valuation of his property was the penalty imposed by the Detroit city council on Jacob Shevitz, owner of a nine-family apartment house, who was accused of increasing their rents from $42 to $90 per month.

High Cost of Friendship.

Grafton, W. Va.—With red liquor selling for $28 a quart and "moonshine" for $16, Frank Reed has been fined $100 for giving away a quart of the booze, and must also serve two months in jail because he bestowed his gift an a friend in a public place.

Not Like Mother Used to Make.

Fulton, Ky.—Forty-five pure bred Rhode Island chickens, two fox hounds, and the only family tom cat were found dead at the home of C. H. Gilham as the result of eating biscuits cooked for the Gilham family the day before.

An Intelligent Watch.

Franklin, Ind.—Four years after Rev. William Mullendore lost a gold watch, it was plowed up on his farm by his son-in-law. The watch was in excellent condition and its hands pointed to the correct time of day, though it wasn't running when found.

A life-saving buoy invented in Europe is hammock-shaped and large enough for a man to lie in and propel himself through water with a paddle.

Tells of Fight With Cannibals

Rice Party Has Encounter With Giant White Savages in South America.

NOT AFRAID OF FIREARMS

Professor Rice Says That in All His Experience in Tropical Jungles He Never Saw Such Ferocious Looking Savages.

New York.—The exploring party headed by Dr. Alexander Hamilton Rice, which clashed last February near the banks of the Orinoco with giant cannibals, returned here from Para.

With Doctor Rice came Mrs. Rice, formerly Mrs. George D. Widener of Philadelphia, who accompanied her husband on some of his South American explorations; Chester H. Ober, geographer of the expedition; A. W. Swanson, J. E. Mason and Dr. G. E. Byers.

It was while exploring an unnamed tributary of the Orinoco river that the party was attacked. The discharge of firearms failed to scare off the savages, who were described as large and fierce, and the explorers only escaped by firing into them, killing either two or three. The party then turned back.

Not Previously Seen Since 1763.

"The cannibals were almost white in color," Professor White said. "In all my years in the tropical jungles I have never seen such ferocious looking savages. Nearly all were armed with bows and arrows and carried spears and blowguns. They were more than six feet tall and I recognized them as cannibals of the Guaribos tribe, a mountain legion considered the most ferocious of all the savages in either Venezuela, Colombia, or Brazil."

The professor declared he believed it was the first time these cannibals were met by white men since 1763, when a Spanish expedition discovered them.

Record Trip for White Woman.

Mrs. Rice was not with her husband on the occasion of the attack on the party. However, she traveled with the party as far as Esmeralda, Brazil, penetrating further into the Amazon wilderness than any other white woman, according to the explorer.

The Rio Negro and other outlets of the Amazon were explored and charted, as well as the Casquiare canal and the Upper Orinoco, Doctor Rice said. A number of specimens were brought back for the Peabody museum at Harvard.

BIDDIE GROWS SPURS

Chicago Surgeon Produces He-Hen With Knife.

Transplanted Glands Cause Hen to Develop All Characteristics of Chanticleer.

Chicago.—The experiments of Dr. Victor D. Lespinasse of the Northwestern university in tinkering with the sex of the common hen and his demonstrations before medical experts have aroused the interest of chicken growers.

"It was a simple enough operation," explained Doctor Lespinasse; "just the transplanting of the interstitial glands of a rooster to a hen. But the result was surprising and perhaps no one was more surprised than the hen herself. Within a few weeks she began to develop all the characteristics of a chanticleer.

"She grew a comb and wattles. Saddle feathers appeared next and finally a pair of spurs. She took to strutting pompously about the barnyard, lording it over the other fowls.

"Instead of cackling, our near-rooster would essay a feeble kee-a-kee. A full-sized he-crow is about the only thing that's lacking to complete her—or, I might say, his—roosterhood."

The he-hen is now on a farm in the suburbs of Chicago.

In further experiments with animals, Doctor Lespinasse succeeded recently in producing "Siamese Twin" dogs. These didn't live long, but were perfect specimens.

Gave His Reverence Long Ride.

Lebanon, Ky.—After riding a mile on the pilot of the engine which had smashed his automobile, Rev. Father W. J. Rowlett told the engineer that he thought he never would bring his train to a stop. Father Rowlett was not even scratched.

Wants Cat Wet Nurses To Nurse Baby Foxes

New York.—A call for mother cats to nurse silver foxes was received in New York from an upstate fox farm owner.

H. M. Bacon, president of the New York Fur Auction Sales corporation, to whom the appeal for cats was sent, said the fox farmer was willing to take all the cats he could get. A mother cat can earn $2.50 for six weeks' endeavor, he said. At end of six weeks, a litter of baby foxes becomes sufficiently mature to take solid food.

Negro Girl Rich.

Muskogee, Okla.—The richest negro girl in the United States is Sarah Rector, eighteen, who lives near Muskogee, Okla. Through oil found on the supposedly worthless land she owned she is now worth a million and a half.

Home Town Helps

BEAUTIFY THE FARM YARD

No Reason Why Grounds Surrounding House Should Not Be Made and Kept Attractive.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

For over a decade the home demonstration agents in the South have been teaching farm women easier and better methods of doing their housework, caring for their families, and conducting home industries. During the past years, they have been teaching, in addition, the beautifying of the farm yard.

The country woman, like every other normal woman, is hungry for beauty, but in the past she has had less of it in her life than her city sister. Too many farm homes inside and out are

In Need of Beautification.

unattractive, yet beauty in a country yard costs little except effort, for the finest effects can be obtained by the use of native trees, shrubs and vines. A demand for information on the beautifying of the home by the Southern women in the rural districts is the reason that it has been taken up definitely as a part of the extension work in the South. The response and results in every state have been more than were looked for.

In Donley county, Texas, an impromptu meeting of this kind recently brought out 38 country women, all intensely anxious to learn what the home demonstration agent could teach them about making the surroundings of their homes more attractive.

The demonstration was given at the home of one of the women who had recently built a new house and who wanted to have the setting for it right.

After Proper Treatment.

The importance of planting and arranging perennial vines as a background on the porches and fences was one point stressed by the extension worker. Instruction was also given in arranging shrubbery so the low-growing kind would be in front of the taller. Where flowering plants were to be used the necessity of planting colors which would harmonize well was emphasized. In fact, an intensive course in landscape gardening on a small scale was given to the women.

Plant Nut Trees.

Suppose that we were to supplant willows and poplars along the roadside with trees which would give us bushels of product worth many dollars per bushel when the leaves were swept up in the fall. It is no more difficult to set out a black walnut than it is to set out a willow or poplar. The first cost is no greater if we set out seedling trees, although, if particularly good kinds of grafted black walnut are set out, the first cost is something more—yet negligible in view of the return. Investment in a nut tree differs from an investment in an industrial enterprise, for the reason that the plant of the industrial enterprise is decreasing in value from wear and tear the moment after it is completed. A nut tree, on the other hand, is increasing in value from the moment it is set out.

Town Planning.

During the war the housing developments undertaken by the government in the United States, as in England, were very frequently based upon a complete physical plan. This was possible because many of the communities were created in places where no previous community had existed. The field was a virgin one, and the opportunity was not lost. This aspect of the work was always referred to as town planning, the name adopted and used in England. Thus, at the present time in the United States one is apt to find both names used, and it is perhaps well to remember that generally they mean the same thing; but it is also true that their meaning is as yet very far from having acquired a concrete definition.

The House of Whispers

By William Johnston

© BY LITTLE, BROWN & CO.

Illustrations by Irwin Myers

CHAPTER X—Continued.

—13—

ks like you were guilty from the morning papers," he an- with a grin. "But I don't be- I read. They've made out a ase against you, though."

dn't do it!" I cried passion-

ou didn't, who did?"

ust have been Mr. Wick."

re you go, jumping at conclus- Why not Claire Bradford?"

do you mention her? Do you her?"

he didn't do it, why did she own here to see you?"

did you know she was here?" as watching you all the time re talking to her."

how did you know who she

w the other one this morning. ook alike."

how did you know which sister ?"

didn't seem to get along well in your talk for it to be Bar- he answered with another grin. d not been my intention to re- even to him Claire Bradford's visit to my apartment, but I ow foolish it would be of me to pt to deceive or to withhold any nation from such a shrewd ob- .

hout reserve and with the ut- detail I proceeded to relate ev- ing that had happened since I seen him the afternoon before. of my discovery of the secret in my room and of the blind geway into which it apparently of Barbara's having made the us journey over the window ledge spect my find, of the screams we heard, followed by the shot, of Barbara had fled back by the way came, and I had run downstairs with Wick had discovered the I told him every detail so far could remember it, winding up my catching Claire Bradford leav- my apartment, just before my ar- and the finding of the revolver.

ou don't think the detectives nselves planted the gun on you?" sked. "I've heard of them doing gs like that."

e spoke with such an air of inno- e that I had to smile. I doubt if e were many tricks of detectives Gorman did not know all about. They had no opportunity whatever. ther of them had been near the sser before, and I was watching m every moment."

Well, who did hide the revolver re, if they didn't?"

I don't know."

Couldn't Wick have done it?"

I was with him every moment after discovered the body."

Maybe it was Claire Bradford?"

shook my head.

I thought at first it might have en she, but I'm convinced since talk- with her that it was not. She's her entirely innocent or else the st wonderful actress in the world."

I think we can leave her out of it," ntured Gorman.

That leaves only Wick."

Gorman shook his head positively.

No, Wick didn't do it. He's a bad e all right, and he has done time, t he's only a tool."

Wick has done time!" I exclaimed. How did you find that out? What ve you learned about him?"

Gorman grinned at my eager ques- oning.

I don't know much about him yet, t I'm sure he's an ex-con. While u were in court this morning," he xplained, "I went up to the Grand- eck to take a look at things for my- lf. Wick showed me through the utan apartment, thinking I was from he coroner's office. I spotted him at nce. A crook that has done time always sure to give himself away."

"How?" I asked.

"Well," said Gorman judicially, men's businesses leave their marks n them. A clergyman don't have to e wearing a high vest for you to spot im, and nobody ever took a dancing eacher for a pugilist. A man that has ooked at as many crooks as I have nows them by instinct, and then here's little ways you can tell. As I was going up to the apartment with Wick he just naturally fell into step with me, showing he had been used to marching with other prisoners. He talks, too, without moving his lips. That's a sure sign. They learn that in prison so they can talk without the guards knowing it."

"That's so," I cried. "It struck me that there was something funny about the way Wick talked, but I couldn't have told just what it was."

"Wick's a crook, all right, "but I think he comes from somewhere up- state or maybe out West, but he hasn't intelligence enough to be any- thing more than a runner for the gang."

"Well, what's your theory?" I asked. "If Wick didn't murder Miss Lutan, who did?"

"I don't know yet. Wick ain't big enough. Big jobs take big men to plan them. This whole thing is a big affair, carefully planned out. It takes more brains than Wick ever dreamed of having to plant anony- mous notes and terrify people nearly out of their senses with mysterious whispers and then to steal the Brad- ford papers and the Gaston pearls and then when things get hot to have you already framed as the goat to blame things on."

"Then you think my discharge from the office was part of the plot?"

"Sure it was. You butted in on their blackmail plans, and they want- ed to get square with you, and a young fellow out of work and discharged in disgrace is always an easy mark for suspicion."

"And was it part of the plot to blame Miss Lutan's murder on me?"

"I don't think so. The Lutan mur- der was an accident. Even the big- gest crooks seldom deliberately plan murder. They're all afraid of the chair. She came in and surprised some one of the gang in the apart- ment. He had to shoot her to make his getaway. It was quick thinking on somebody's part after the murder to plant that gun in your rooms. That sort of scheming takes brains, and Wick hasn't got them."

"Who was it, then?"

"We've got to find," said Gorman, speaking slowly and with emphasis, "the big crook that is back of all this —the master-mind."

"The master-mind," I echoed.

"Yes," he said, "there's a big crook ed brain somewhere that has been di- recting the whole plot, and planning the actions of Wick and of the tele- phone girl, and maybe of Claire Brad- ford, too."

"I wonder if it could be her ex-hus- band. She told me, though, a few moments ago, that she had not heard of him for years, and she seemed to me to be telling the truth."

"I don't think it was him," said Gorman. "He was only a chauffeur. If he's in it at all, he's only one of the gang. He's not the master-mind."

"I hope we can keep the Bradfords out of it altogether," I said. "You see, Gorman—"

"I understand," he interrupted. "I know how the land lies. You need not worry about that. If Claire Brad- ford had any part in the plot, you can bet she was forced into it and driven to do what she did. Have you seen her sister?"

"No, and I hope she'll make no ef- fort to see me. She mustn't. You'll see her, won't you?"

"Leave it to me," said the detective. "I'll manage to reach her without even her own family knowing any- thing about it. I'll make her under- stand that if she tries to see you or says anything, she'll only be damag- ing your case. Don't worry about her."

"There's one thing, though," I said, "that I wish you could do."

"What's that?"

"Can you find some way of getting to the Gaston apartment and explor- ing that secret passage and see where it leads?"

He turned savagely on me.

"Say, young fellow," he said, "if I didn't know that you were innocent, I'd swear that you were a dope fiend with this tale of a secret passage.

"We've Got to Find the Crook That Is Back of All This—the Master Mind."

You've been reading too many thrill- ers or going to the movies too much. They don't have secret passages in modern apartment houses. You bet- ter keep quiet about that. You can't get anybody to believe you, and you'll only hurt your case."

"But I know there's a passageway there—along the hall. I found the opening, a panel in my bedroom. There's a place there big enough for a man to walk in. I saw it."

He looked at me pityingly, and I could see that he did not believe a word I was saying.

"All right, there's a passage there and we'll leave it there. A young fel- low in love is apt to imagine all sorts of things."

I saw there was no use in my insist- ing further about the passageway. His mind was stubbornly made up that it could not exist. He was the only friend I had in all the great city, and I must leave it to him to work the thing out in his own way.

"What about a lawyer?" I asked.

"Didn't the court assign you one?"

"Yes, but he took it for granted that I was guilty, so I got rid of him."

"Well, there ain't much a lawyer could do yet. I'll dig up one when we need him. Bail is not possible in a murder case, so there is nothing for you to do but to sit tight and take it as easy as you can. By the way, have you heard anything from old Gaston since you were arrested?"

"Not a word," I answered. "I have not the least idea where he is or how to reach him."

"Humph, that's funny," said Gor- man abstractedly. "Good-by, I'll see you again tomorrow."

He pounded on the cell door, and a guard released him, leaving me alone to ponder over my plight, and espe- cially over his last question. What had he meant by it?

Where was old Rufus Gaston?

Once more suspicion of my aged relative shot through my brain. Was it possible that his was the master mind behind all this plotting? Gor- man had insisted that the arch crim- inal behind Wick and the others must be some man of intellect. My great- uncle Rufus had brains. Out of a clear sky he had summoned me to live in the Granddeck and then had mys- teriously disappeared. Certainly he had had opportunities for knowing Wick and the telephone girl. Bar- bara had recalled once having heard her father speak of him in disparag- ing terms. Had it been he who was plotting against the Bradfords and had brought me into the case as a scapegoat?

Was old Rufus Gaston the master mind? Where was he?

CHAPTER XI.

Fortunately for me, there had re- cently been a wave of public criticism of the courts for the long delays in bringing criminal cases to trial, and the district attorney was moving with all celerity to bring my case to a con- clusion. An indictment against me for the murder of Daisy Lutan had been quickly found and the date had been already set for the trial—one week hence—so that the period of my incarceration and doubt as to my ulti- mate fate seemed likely to be very brief.

Utterly absurd as the situation was, accused of murdering a woman whom I never had seen and hardly had heard of until I saw her lying dead in her apartments, conscious as I was of my entire innocence in the matter, still, as in the solitude of my cell I reviewed the case, I found myself fac- ing the ordeal of a trial for murder with considerable apprehension.

Circumstances certainly looked much against me. There was abso- lutely no way in which I could refute the testimony of the two detectives that they had found the revolver with one chamber discharged in the drawer of my dresser. I myself had seen them find it. While Gorman still held that there was a possibility that they themselves had put it there, I knew that neither of them had been near the dresser after I had admitted them to my rooms. The only person whom I had the slightest ground for sus- pecting was Claire Bradford, yet what motive could she have had?

Wick undoubtedly would testify that he had met me at the door of the Lutan apartment directly after he had heard the shot. He might say that I appeared to be greatly excited. This would be the exact truth. There was even the possibility that he might swear that he had found me coming out of Miss Lutan's apartment. Even if he did not make the statement di- rect, shrewd questioning on the part of the district attorney could easily make it appear that I had just left the Lutan apartment. How could we possibly controvert his testimony?

Then, in addition, there were the damaging statements that would be offered by Nellie Kelly. She would swear that the evening before I had taken her out to dinner and had been questioning her about the other ten- ants in the house. Even though we knew that she was a tool of Wick and was the wife of Lefty Moore, the bur- glar, unless Gorman was able to dis- cover that she herself had a criminal record, it seemed utterly hopeless to attempt to confute her statements.

It would also militate against me that at the time of the murder I was out of a job and almost without funds. They were likely, too, to bring out the fact that I had been discreditably discharged from the only position I had held in New York. The only man who knew anything about the matter, Mr. Wood, the head of the firm, had been suddenly called to France in con- nection with an order for munitions, and was not expected to return for several months. The fact would weigh against me, too, that I would be unable to offer the testimony of any character witnesses. Birge and Roller, my classmates with whom I had roomed ever since I had come to New York, were "somewhere in France" with the American troops and could not possibly aid me.

All of this was pointed out to me by John McGregor, a young attorney whom Gorman had employed for me. While Gorman and I had, I think, suc- ceeded in convincing him of my inno- cence, the fact that he was continu- ally citing the difficulties in the way of our proving it made me realize that he was very dubious as to the outcome.

The trouble was that we were abso- lutely without witnesses. Old Rufus Gaston's whereabouts still remained a mystery. If we could discover him in time, we could at least explain sat- isfactorily my presence in the Grand- deck and could establish that I was not the homeless, penniless vagrant they would try to prove me. The longer old Rufus remained in hiding, the stronger became my suspicion that he might be in some way involved in the plot. His action in keeping his address a secret from me seemed to have been with deliberate intent.

After some discussion Gorman and I had agreed not to mention either of the Bradford girls.

"If one word about either of them slips out in court," said Gorman, "they'll be in for it. The papers will jump to it and print their pictures and all that. We'd better leave them out of it."

With this I heartily concurred. I was determined that Barbara Brad- ford must be in no way involved, come what may. I knew that she her- self would be apt to be restrained from attempting to communicate with me by the fact that her sister's mar- riage was set for the day after to- morrow. Her loyalty to her family was such that she would not risk scan- dal by trying to aid me, at least not until her sister was married and the future for Claire and her mother as- sured.

Two small rays of sunshine light- ened the gloom of my cell—the fact that the newspaper mention of the

Each Time I Read Anew the Penciled Lines My Heart Rejoiced.

tragedy seemed thus far to have es- caped my mother's notice and the fact that Barbara still believed in my innocence and trusted me absolutely. A day or two after my arrest Gorman had managed to see her and had told her that it was my wish that she keep entirely quiet her knowledge of the affair and that she should make no attempt whatever to communicate with me while I was in prison. He had brought back with him a hastily penciled note which often in my cell I read and re-read:

"Dear Mr. Nelson:

"I'm so sorry to hear of your trou- ble and the absurd charges against you. I'll do whatever you wish, of course. I trust you absolutely. If anything I can tell will aid you at any time, I am ready to speak—cost what it may. I know you are innocent and must soon be freed. Hoping to see you,

"With all confidence,

"B. B."

Each time I read anew the penciled lines, my heart rejoiced. Come what may, I felt sure that Barbara's heart was mine. I joyed to know that come out of prison to her though I might, she would be glad to see me. Joyful- ly would I have gone to the electric chair rather than have her fair name in the least smirched by scandal in trying to defend me. She alone could prove an alibi for me, but no one must ever know it.

What would a scandal-loving world say if the fact became public that she had been alone with me in my apartment near midnight? If only by the sacrifice of her good name could I go free, then let me stay in my cell. Let me even go to the electric chair. I would not have my life at the loss of my beloved's reputation.

One other thing I had kept from my lawyer—my discovery of the passage- way between the walls in my great- uncle's apartment. If I could not get Gorman to believe in this secret pass- age, which I was convinced had some connection with the mysteries and the whisperings at the Granddeck, there was little likelihood that McGregor would believe my tale either. Given one single hour in my quarters at the Granddeck and I would have discov- ered whither it led and who used it, but once a man is charged with mur- der, his hands are tied. It was fu- tile for me to mention it again, even to the detective or to my lawyer, until such time as I could show it to them and convince them that I knew what I was talking about.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Where He Was Weak.

The other day, my little cousin brought home his report card marked A plus for everything except deport- ment. His father said: "Why, John, how does this happen?" John's reply was: "Well, but daddy, that's my hardest study."—Exchange.

Do You "Hate" Yourself?

For I say, through the grace given unto me, to every man that is among you, not to think of himself more high- ly than he ought to think."—Paul in his letter to the Romans, 12:3.

DAIRY

MAKE WAR ON TUBERCULOSIS

More General Use of Intradermic Test Is Expected to Speed Up Cam- paign Against "TB."

Recognition of the intradermic meth- od of applying the first test prepara- tory to accrediting a herd as free from tuberculosis, has been announced by the bureau of animal industry, Uni- ted States department of agriculture. The more general use of the intrader- mic test is expected to "speed up" the federal and state co-operative cam- paign against TB. In the subcutaneous method, heretofore generally used, the tuberculin is inserted beneath the skin and it is necessary to take three pre- liminary records of the animal and at least seven soon after the test. In the intradermic method insertion is made between the layers of the skin and, while this requires a greater de- gree of skill in the operator, only one later inspection of the animal may be sufficient to indicate the presence or absence of the disease.

The federal recognition of the intra- dermic method provides, however, that herds undergoing it successfully must pass a subcutaneous test within a year before they can be accredited as free

Intradermic Test Has Been Recognized by About Three-Fourths of 45 States of Union.

from tuberculosis. The intradermic test has been recognized also by about three-fourths of the 45 states now co- operating with the federal government in the TB work.

Texas recently became the forty- fifth state engaged in the co-operative campaign. The three states not yet engaged in it are Arizona, Colorado and California. Arizona and Colorado are expected to receive authority to enter the work at the next session of their legislatures.

MILK DIET IS INSUFFICIENT

Calves Cannot Properly Digest and Utilize Milk Unless Accompanied by Roughage.

Recent research work done by the Iowa agricultural experiment station shows whole milk to be a good diet for young calves up to three months old. After this age the two calves experimented on developed symptoms of scant nourishment and went down hill until death finally came at the ages of 176 and 208 days. Failure of the milk as a permanent diet for the ru- minating animals is shown not to be due to quality or improper quantity of the nutrients, but probably to the inability of the animals to properly digest and utilize the milk unless ac- companied by some kind of roughage. Disarrangement of the digestive sys- tem probably follows the abnormal symptoms noted in the experiment.

NECESSARY FEEDS FOR BULL

Aim to Keep Herd Sire From Getting Too Fat—Give Him Access to Field or Paddock.

"Keep the bull thrifty but not fat," is the advice of K. C. Ikeler of the animal husbandry department at Iowa state college. Give him plenty of good nutritious feed. Clover or alfalfa hay with some corn, oats and a little oil- meal are best for keeping him in good breeding condition. Silage makes a very good foundation for the ration but must not be fed in large amounts as it makes the bull potbellied and sluggish.

To keep the herd sire from getting too fat give him access to a small field or paddock where he can get the nec- essary exercise.

DAIRY NOTES

Test out the cows.

* * *

Do your dairy dehorning early.

* * *

Cows cannot produce the best qual- ity of milk from polluted drinking water.

* * *

It is important that the calf pens be placed to avoid too great varia- tions in temperature.

* * *

Good dairy cows will give profitable returns for an additional grain ration, even at present prices of feed.

* * *

Soybean hay makes a good feed for milk cows, and if well cured would not require any other roughage fed with it.

* * *

Good cows and a good separator will make profitable dairying. The cows it intelligently fed, will produce the butterfat and the separator will save it.

PAINS NEARLY DOUBLED ME UP

Nothing Helped Me Until I Took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Wyandotte, Mich.—"For the last four years I have doctored off and on without help. I have had pains every month so bad that I would nearly double up. Some- times I could not sweep a room with- out stopping to rest, and everything I ate upset my stomach. Three years ago I lost a child and suffered so badly that I was out of my head at times. My bowels did not move for days and I could not eat without suffering. The doctor could not help me and one day I told my husband that I could not stand the pain any longer and sent him to the drug-store to get me a bottle of Lydia E. Pink- ham's Vegetable Compound and threw the doctor's medicine away. After taking three bottles of Vegetable Com- pound and using two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash I could do my own housework. If it had not been for your medicine I don't know where I would be today and I am never without a bottle of it in the house. You may publish this if you like that it may help some other woman."—Mrs. MARY STENDER, 120 Orange St., Wyandotte, Mich.

SLOW DEATH

Aches, pains, nervousness, diffi- culty in urinating, often mean serious disorders. The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

bring quick relief and often ward off deadly diseases. Known as the national remedy of Holland for more than 200 years. All druggists, in three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They act quickly though gently and give na- ture a chance to renew your health. Cor- rect constipa- tion, biliousness, indigestion and sick headache.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness.

Genuine must bear signature Brent Good

FARM BARGAINS—6,000 acres. Closing out. Large or small tracts, easy payments. Bird Estate, Wausaukee, Marinette Co., Wisconsin.

Cause and Effect.

Two notices on a church bulletin board in Manchester, England, ran as follows:

"A potato supper will be held Sat- urday evening."

"Subject for Sunday morning: 'A Night of Agony.'"—Boston Tran- script.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview on the subject, made the as- tonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are re- jected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applica- tions are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Restricted.

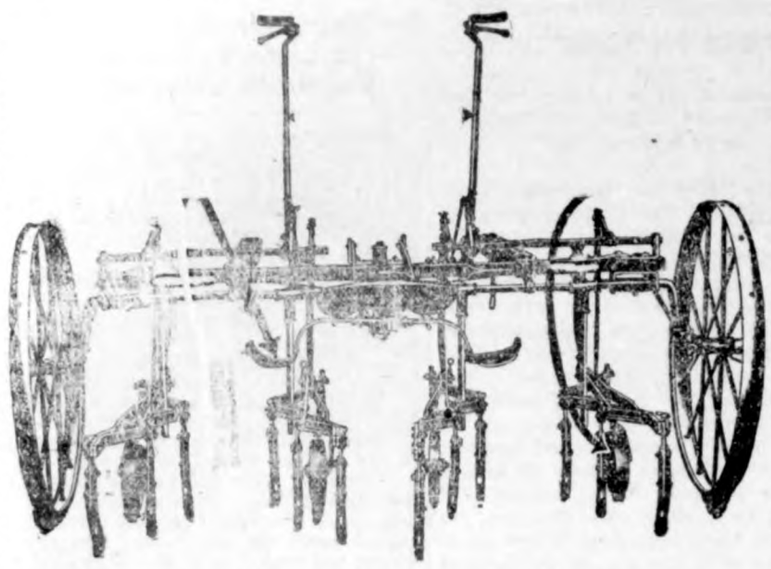
"How do you like your new flat?"

"We have no room to complain."—Kansas City Star.

USE MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Morning. *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Save Time with A "Two-row"



Look Over Our Line of Cultivators

We especially call your attention to our 2-row corn cultivators--the great time savers, which also means money savers.

But, don't overlook the fact that we also have a fine bunch of single row machines. Cultivators are going fast this spring and if you intend to buy you better step lively as our supply will soon go. We have the

John Deere (2-row and single) **LaCrosse** (2-row)

International (single row)

Still have some MILLET SEED on hand.

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements **Klemme, Iowa**

I have just secured the agency for

Tanlac

and have received a shipment of the goods. This is

A Splendid Tonic

and System Purifier. A treatment prepared by the combination of roots, barks and herbs gathered in various countries of the globe and blended to produce the best results. It is a great remedy for the stomach, liver and bowel trouble.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Special *Every Wed. and Saturday*

Cinnamon Rolls, Rye and Graham Bread every Wednesday and Saturday

Always a full line of Fresh Fruits

The Crystal Cafe

Local News!

Henry Griffen and family of Goodell spent Sunday in Klemme.

Notice—Beter get your dog license for they are past due. Clerk. 1-w.

Ray Nelson of Garner, was a Klemmeme visitor Saturday evening.

Mr. D. Ross of Garner was seen on the streets of Klemme Saturday.

Rev. and Mrs. Koerner returned from their visit at Des Moines Friday.

G. A. Goll went to Garner on business Tuesday afternoon between trains.

Mrs. Ortmeyer and son came from Forest City Tuesday for a visit at the Wellemeyer home.

Miss Lula Wilkins was up from Goodell Monday shopping with Klemme merchants.

Norva Carr, a niece of Ray White, came Monday evening for a short visit at the White home.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gruetzmacher spent Monday at Garner. That town celebrated Memorial Day on Monday.

A fine baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Wellemeyer Tuesday morning.

George Musfelt and a lady friend from Clarion, spent Decoration Day in Klemme.

Attorney W. H. Ramsay of Garner was in Klemme last Thursday on legal business.

The Misses Hallie Kitz and Faye Letch of Goodell, were Klemme callers Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Smith were here from Belmond Thursday visiting Klemme friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Hurley from Britt, were Klemme visitors Thursday.

Mrs. E. P. Hubbard and Mrs. Mat Avery were Klemme shoppers last Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Joe Lawhorn from Garner, was here last Thursday calling on friends.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. White and Mamie were up from Goodell last Thursday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Gottleib Lauster from Meservey, were Klemme visitors on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner and Mrs. Schroeder autoed to Clear Lake Sunday afternoon.

Mildred Smith returned Thursday from a couple of weeks spent at Clear Lake visiting friends.

Miss Lera Wilson came from Titonka Tuesday for a visit with Miss Leafy Wilson before going to Missouri to spend the summer.

Miss Martha Lenz came from Charles City yesterday for a month's visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. H. Meyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lewis and Mr. and Mrs. Lew Lewis drove to Clear Lake Monday evening in "Heinie's" car.

The Misses Geraldine and Caroline Smid left Saturday evening for Illinois, where they will visit with relatives and friends for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Wenck and Mrs. Ed Wenck drove over from Garner Saturday evening for a visit with Klemme friends.

Miss Lola Smith returned from Des Moines last Wednesday afternoon, where she has been for a couple of months visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. Kilnenberger and daughter, Mrs. Embrink from Goodell were Klemme visitors Thursday afternoon between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Hod Lawhorn and daughter, Loretta, were down from Garner Thursday for a visit with Klemme friends.

Klemme and vicinity was visited by a fine rain Monday night and Tuesday morning which was great dope for the corn and other crops.

The sad news was received by Klemme relatives telling of the death of little Robert Suckow Hunting, an only grandson of Rev. W. J. Suckow. Robert was almost seven years old when he died at Denver, Colo.

A couple of men from Sioux City were here the first of the week making the survey for the proposed sewer system in Klemme.

Mrs. R. B. Erwin and children left last Thusday evening for Illinois, where she was called by the death of a brother.

Rev. and Mrs. Ortmeyer from Forest City, were visitors at the Henry Greiwe home last Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Clara Kirkwood left Saturday evening for Mason City where she will visit for some time with her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Jacobs and Mrs. Jacobs' mother autoed over from Garner last Friday evening for a visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Hartbeck from Colesburg, Iowa, were here to attend the funeral of Elmer Hartbeck. Mrs. Tony Hartbeck from the same place accompanied them to Klemme.

A number of the surrounding towns celebrated Memorial Day on Monday. Klemme observed the holiday on Sunday as Memorial came on Sunday this year.

C. C. Tessier of Garner, was here Friday wiring up Reuber & Zinn's new office so that they can install their new electrical machines as soon as the building is completed.

Band Concerts will be given in Klemme every Wednesday evening at eight o'clock, weather permitting. The concerts will be a little shorter than usual this year as the band is composed of all beginners and they are unable to put on a full concert this season. Come early as the concerts start promptly at eight o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Mitchell of Swea City, were here to spend Memorial Day, and also to visit with relatives and friends. They came over from Clear Lake with Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Keraus where they also made a short visit.

A number of young people from here and vicinity went to Garner on Monday evening to attend the Decoration Day dance which was given at the opera house.

Will Schaper, of Charles City, has been quite seriously ill with blood poisoning, but at this time is on the road to recovery. He is a brother of G. I. Schaper.

It was reported to us that Art Upmeyer's barn was struck by lightning Tuesday night and burned to the ground. Upmeyer lives northwest of Klemme several miles. We did not learn if he lost any stock in the fire.

Rev. and Mrs. Frank McKeegan left Monday for Chicago where they will rest up a week following their three weeks' work in Klemme. They will begin an evangelistic campaign at Hayfield next Sunday.

LAND SALE

We will sell on public auction the following land: The North ½ of the Northeast ¼ Section, No. 3, in Twin Lake Township, Hancock County, Iowa; tract of land 73 acres. This land will be sold to the highest responsible bidder. $2,000.00 cash when sale is made, balance to be paid in 60 days thereafter. Sale will take place on farm 2 miles west and 1 mile south of Klemme, Iowa, June 16th, 1920, at 2 p. m.

J. A. Young, Auctioneer
F. A. Arnold, Clerk
adv. 4 wks. A. C. Lau and Wm. Grieman, Administrators

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT EXECUTOR

Notice is Hereby Given, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the Estate of Mary Arnold, late of Hancock County, State of Iowa, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

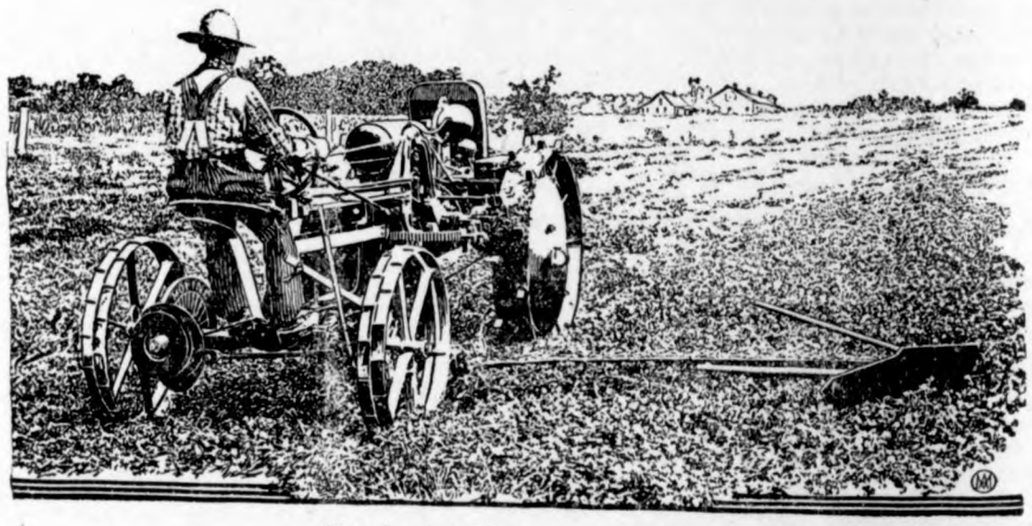
Dated May 18th, A. D. 1920.

F. A. Arnold, Executor

(3-J-10)

The Times "Devil" Says

The MOLINE Tractor is Universal



Work of 3 Teams and 3 Men

One man with one tractor does all field work from plowing to harvest

Hay harvest is near.

The top speed, short of help, hot sweaty days are near at hand, when the hay crop must be cut and cured.

Are you ready?

You are not completely ready without a Moline Universal Tractor and a Moline Mower No. 4, 6 to 10-foot cut, attached to this tractor, because:—

1. *With this equipment, you can cut 25 to 30 acres per day.*
2. *You require but one operator for Tractor and Mower.*
3. *You can work all day and as late at night as is necessary.*
4. *You can work steadily with no stops.*

Here is what one man and a Moline-Universal Tractor can do in a ten-hour day:—

Plow 7 to 9 acres
Disc 27 acres with a 7' Tandem Disc Harrow
Disc 38 acres with a 10' Disc Harrow
Harrow 76 acres with a 20' Peg Tooth Harrow
Cultivate from 13 to 20 acres with a two-row Cultivator
Drill 35 acres with a 10' Grain Drill
Harvest 40 acres with a 10' Grain Binder
Harvest 10 acres with a Corn Binder
Mow 25 acres with a 8' Mower
Rake 40 acres with a 12' Rake

Immediate deliveries—a satisfactory stock of repair parts always carried; real service guaranteed.

A demonstration on your own farm cheerfully arranged.

If desired you can use the "drag behind" or horse drawn implements you now have with the Moline-Universal the same as with other types of tractors.

Henry Lau & Sons

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors Phone 72

Overland

TRADE MARK REG.

Overland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

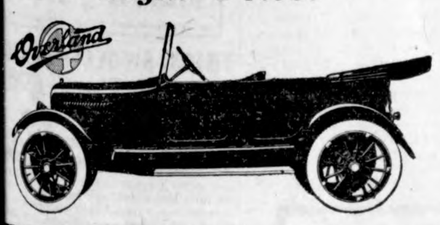
Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



Wiles Garage

PHONE 30

YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST

KLEMME, IA.

M. O. Hocum

Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Buy Grain and Hogs six days in week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

Local News

Vote for J. E. Wichman for State Senator. He is in favor of curbing the sale of fradulent and speculative stocks and protection of legitimate business. Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Kahrs, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Ludwig and G. H. Ludwig, who were here visiting, autoed to Bayside and Clear Lake Sunday afternoon to take in the sights.

July 3rd will be celebrated in Belmond as Independence Day, and elaborate preparations have been made for a big time. Full particulars in later issue.—1w adv.

Miss Leota Smith has closed her school in Cerro Gordo county and came home Thursday evening. She has taught this same school for four years now which goes to show that she must be well liked and is an able teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Ludwig and son G. H., autoed up from Nevada, Iowa, Sunday, for a visit at the E. S. D. Kahrs home. Mrs. Kahrs is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Ludwig.

Chris Jacobs and daughter, Ethel, autoed over from Garner Saturday afternoon and while here Ethel worked on her brother Ed's books at the store and helped him get straightened out after a rush of business. When Ed gets swamped with the books he sends out an S. O. S. for his sister.

Marlin Croner and Ye Editor went fishing at Clear Lake last Friday evening. Now we have tried to tell various parties of the size and number of the fish we caught but they all give us a double grin and a squint like we had the truth badly reversed. As our readers do not have faith in our fishing stories we will simply state that we had as many as the law allowed us and that they were big enough to fry.

Captivates Your GUESTS

—that fresh-from-the-oven fragrance which curls up from their cups of good "rich and mellow"

Chocolate Cream COFFEE

Tried it lately? Taste how real oven-freshness even betters a beverage so famously "rich and mellow" as this has always been. Our new hermetic seal cartons, now preserve for you the full fresh-roasted aroma of this coffee.

60¢ lb.

WESTERN GROCER COMPANY

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

I am a candidate for state representative for Hancock County subject to the decision of the republican voters at the June Primary.

THOS. H. THOMPSON.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primaries to be held June 7th, 1920. Yours very truly,

1-1-20 JOHN SUURBALLE

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Senator from the district composed of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin counties, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said counties at the June, 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 12th day of January, 1920.

1-22-tf. J. E. WICHMAN

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the June, 1920, primaries.

1-29-p. E. PECK HANSON

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of sheriff of Hancock county, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of said county, at the Primary election to be held in June.

W. C. ZIESEMER,

1-22-tf Garner, Iowa

I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election for Supervisor, subject to the will of the Republican voters at June Primary.

G. B. LAWHORN

I am a candidate for re-election, subject to the will of Republican voters at Primary Election next.

Very truly yours,
Chris Jacobs, Auditor

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of State Representative from Hancock County, subject to the decision of the Republican Voters of said County, at the June 1920, Primaries.

Dated at Britt, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 1920.

E. P. Healy

I hereby announce myself a candiate for re-election for Supervison, subject to the will of the republican voters at the June primaries. H. C. MEYER.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of recorder of Hancock county, at the June 1920 primaries.

HATTIE M. ALDRIDGE

I hereby announce my candidacy for State Senator from the 43rd district composed of the counties of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin, subject to the decision of the Republican voters of the above counties at the primaries in June, 1920. W. P. Chambers.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Supervisor of Hancock County, subject to the decision of the voters at the primary on June 7th. THOS. BERHOW.

For Sale

FOR SALE—282 acres of good land in Western Canada, near Standard. House, barn, feced, 100 acres broke. $50.00 an acre, $3,000.00 cash, balance on terms. For further information write

FRED REIFFENSTEIN,
Standard, Alta., Canada.

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

He Knew.

"Rearing a boy," said his friend, who thought he had the correct dope on everything, "is a serious question." "You're nearly right, old fellow. I've found it to be a series of questions."

Vote For

Thos. H. Thompson

FOR REPRESENTATIVE

Credit is a developement of the Business World

—but it is the Bank which makes that credit usable.

Our facilities for handling your credit requirements are equal to any legitimate need.

In fact, there is no service whice can properly come from the Bank that we are not prepared to render you.

You may profit through a connection with this Bank.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

There is no reasonable accommodation, there is no price advantage, there is no possible building material service that we will not render you most gladly,

We are enthusiastic in our desire for your lumber trade.

We promise you a saving satisfaction in your dealings with us that will mean your permanent patronage.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105

RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments

Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

PESTS THREATEN GARDEN SUCCESS

Specialists Advise Use of All Preventive Measures Possible as Best Plan.

HAVE SOIL DEEPLY PLOWED

Rotation of Crops Has Been Found by Many Farmers to Be Excellent Means of Controlling Disease and Harmful Insects.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

From the time the seeds are planted until the crop is harvested a series of insect enemies and diseases may appear that, unless they are controlled, will destroy much of the value of the garden. Garden and truck crop specialists of the United States department of agriculture have worked out a great many specific means for destroying insects or holding them in check. They point out the fact, however, that preventive measures are best.

It is important to have the soil deeply plowed or spaded and made loose and light with plenty of well-rotted manure or compost and to keep the ground cultivated so that the surface will not become hard or weedy. Use the best seed to be had and sow it liberally to get a good stand, but thin out the plants, as overcrowded plants are in much greater danger of becoming diseased than those that receive plenty of air and sunshine.

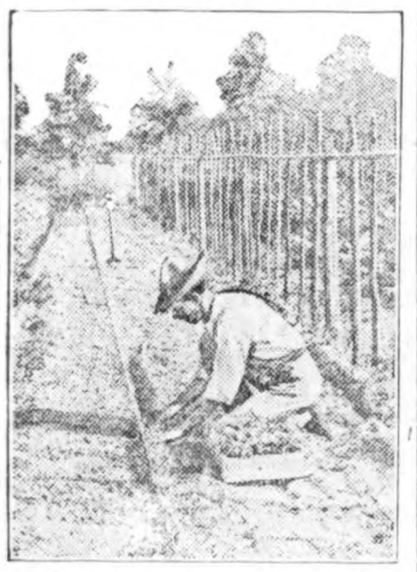
Rotate Crops If Possible.

Farmers have found that by rotating their crops they reduce the injury from plant diseases and insects and also increase the fertility of the soil. This principle applies to the home garden, where, if possible, it will be better to make a new plan each year, placing each vegetable where some other grew the year before—peas on the old tomato ground, beets and carrots after the corn, etc. The details of this rotation must vary in each case according to the climate, soil, and vegetables grown and the diseases and insects to be guarded against.

Avoid introducing insects and diseases on plants obtained for setting out. Practice clean cultivation. Employ fertilizers to stimulate plant growth. Work on the principle that a vigorous growing garden will produce a crop in spite of injurious insects and diseases.

Become familiar with the insects and diseases known to occur in your district on the crops you are growing. Equip yourself in advance with all necessary remedies and the means of applying them. Remember that the timely application of a remedy acts as an insurance against loss.

Watch constantly for the first appearance of a disease or insect. Inspect the garden at least every other day. Determine what is causing injury and apply the proper treatment



A Garden Properly Prepared and Cared For Has Less to Fear From Insect Pests.

promptly. Use combination treatments as often as necessary, keeping in mind the influence of weather conditions as well as the life history of the insect or fungus causing the disease.

Neighborhood Should Co-operate.

Use insecticides and fungicides in the proper dilution to accomplish the object without injuring the plants. Standard remedies are best. Test others experimentally before using them on a large scale.

Use the best sprayers. A thorough application is necessary for the best results. Adjust the sprayer so that all parts of the plant that are exposed to the air will be covered.

Work for co-operation in the neighborhood. One badly infected or infested garden may be the source of disease infection or insect infestation for several near-by gardens. Keep your own garden clean and it will be an object lesson for careless neighbors and will have a tendency to help clean up the neighborhood. This will make control easier and cheaper another year.

For garden insects there are several control methods that do not require the use of insecticides, but too much must not be expected from them. Of these hand picking is useful for large, comparatively inactive insects such as the potato bettle, cutworms and other caterpillars, and the squash bug. Another method is jarring or beating insects from low plants into large pans of water on which a thin scum of kerosene is floating. The water prevents the insects from escaping, and the kerosene, being on the surface, kills the insects with which it comes in contact. Collecting nests are valuable for some pests; for example, the tarnished plant bug. Brushing by different means is used to a considerable extent and consists in beating or brushing insects from the plants with pine boughs or similar brush. This method has proved of great value in combating the pea aphis. Covering with cloth is of use as a preventive for the striped cucumber beetle when the cucumbers are quite small, and for root-maggots. Trapping by different methods with old boards is useful for squash bugs and cutworms. Poisoned baits may be placed under such traps. Plowing, disking, and harrowing all can be done by hand and are of considerable service.

Spraying Methods.

To be successful in the control of insects and diseases, spraying must be done promptly and thoroughly. Spraying with bordeaux mixture should be done before rains rather than after, provided the spray has time to dry on the leaves. Intervals between spraying should depend on the weather. If it is rainy or muggy, with fogs or heavy dews, spray frequently to keep the foliage protected at all times. If dry, a longer time may be allowed.

The ideal spray is a fine mist, and the best work is done when the plant is throughly and evenly covered with fine drops. Stop spraying before the foliage is drenched.

The higher the pressure, the better the spray.

Clean all sprayers each time after using.

For delicate foliage, spray after this gets under shade. Hot sunlight is dangerous with many sprays, such as kerosene emulsion.

Get a copy—free by writing to the United States department of agriculture—of Farmers' Bulletin 856, "Control of Diseases and Insect Enemies of the Home Vegetable Garden." It discusses the whole subject in detail—the various garden insects and diseases, poisons and how to prepare and use them, spraying machinery, and the like.

DEPTH OF CORN CULTIVATION

Shallow Method Is Favored as Result of Many Comparative Experiments by Specialists.

Many comparative experiments of deep and shallow cultivation have been made, and on the whole the results are in favor of shallow cultivation, say specialists of the United States department of agriculture. The occasions when deep cultivation is preferable are few. If excessive rains have packed the soil and kept it water soaked, deep cultivation will help to dry and aerate it. Breaking the roots of the plants must be avoided so far as possible. If roots are broken the plants will rapidly produce other roots, but it will be at the expense of vitality and the food supply. After the plants have reached a height of 2 or 3 feet, the soil even in the middle of the rows should not be cultivated deeper than 4 inches, and usually a shallower cultivation will prove better. A loose soil mulch 2 or 3 inches in thickness should be maintained. It retains soil moisture and facilitates the penetration of rainfall.

"BETTER SIRES" LOCAL COLOR

Farmers Recognize Value of Improved Stock Even Though Living in Remote Sections.

That the value of improved live stock is recognized by farmers even though they are still far from reaching that goal on their farms is shown by correspondence reaching the United States department of agriculture from regions where the live stock industry is undeveloped. "This township," one farmer writes in pencil on a scrap of paper, "is interested in a better grade of cattle. There is a sawmill and a carriage shop and a blacksmith shop right by us, and I think these would be good places for your colored poster about better sires. If you will send me some I will post them up.

"We have several cows in our barn," he continues, "and will improve our cows with a pure-bred Holstein bull, which will soon be ready to head the herd."

LABORING FOR MORE

The more we work
the more there is;
the more there is
the more to divide.

Only as all of us
do our part will we
contribute to this result.

Edwin T. Meredith,
Secretary of Agriculture.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Humus is the chief source of supply of nitrogen.

* * *

The successful farmer is the business farmer.

* * *

Gardens and small fruit always seem to go together.

* * *

Growing vegetables for winter is a big part of the garden that is too often overlooked.

FARM POULTRY

CLUB GIRL'S HENS PAY WELL

Valerie Henning of Mississippi Is Paying Her Way Through College on Profits From Flock.

"I am a poultry club member, and my records show that this year the net profits from my chickens were $525.35." This is the report of Valerie Henning of Panola county, Mississippi, who at sixteen holds the championship of her state in poultry-club work. She, with six other Mississippi girls and two chaperons, recently visited Washington. The five-day trip was a prize offered by Mississippi bankers and business men to the girl in each district of the state who made the largest profit in her club work.

Miss Henning has been a member for two years of one of the poultry

Prize-Winners of Mississippi Girls' Clubs Witnessing Demonstration in Use of Egg Tester at Beltsville Government Farm.

clubs supervised by the United States department of agriculture and the state colleges.

To obtain her start in club work she borrowed $13.50 from a local bank. With this money a pen of Barred Plymouth Rocks, consisting of four hens and one cockerel, was bought. The profits from her chickens last year, her first in poultry work, were $374, and her flock for 1919 consisted of two cockerels and nineteen hens. By the use of trap nests and leg bands the record as a layer of each hen had been observed, and only the good egg producers were kept. From January 1 to October 16 the 19 biddies laid 2,840 eggs. Miss Henning sells nearly all the eggs for hatching purposes; but the birds she raises, aside from the culls, bring from $15 to $20 a pen.

The money this club girl has made through her poultry work is being used to pay her way through an agricultural high school.

DESIRABLE HENS TO RETAIN

On Most Farms Size of Flock Could Well Be Increased—Range Is Very Important.

The average farmer might find it desirable to increase the size of the flock of hens. While most farmers have little time to devote to poultry raising, yet their families may attend to the fowls and see that they are well cared for and protected.

The usual "advice" to poultry raisers to begin with a few hens is sound. But on most farms the women and girls have had the responsibility of the flock for years and most of them could well afford to increase the number of laying hens.

Range is very important for poultry. But range alone is not enough. The fowls must have feed and shelter when they need them.

When one is about to increase the number of hens it is well to see that those kept are worth keeping. Poor hens are not an asset; they are generally a liability.

POULTRY NOTES

Cull out weak or slow-growing chicks.

* * *

Eggs being taken to market should be protected from the sun's rays.

* * *

If the hen house is damp, it is safe to say fewer eggs will be laid.

* * *

Infertile eggs will withstand marketing conditions much better than fertile eggs.

* * *

A chicken can stand any amount of cold, but very little moisture, when housed.

* * *

Rapid growth and no bowel trouble are essential in developing profitable flocks of chicks.

* * *

Make hens take exercise by feeding their grain in litter, where they will have to scratch for it.

* * *

Begin marketing the cockerels as soon as they weigh 1½ pounds or attain a marketable weight.

* * *

Bran and charcoal are two valuable feeds for young chicks. They can be placed in hoppers before the chicks at all times.

6%

First Mortgage
$100 and $500
Real Estate Serial Notes
of Superior Merit

"In the present period of the readjustment of the country's industrial and commercial affairs it is well for investors to exercise the utmost caution in the selection of investments."

Investors seeking the maximum of interest, in keeping with business prudence, with the minimum of risk, should obtain particulars concerning these attractive investments.

The notes are owned by the Mercantile Trust Company, having been purchased after a thorough investigation of the security. Real Estate Serial Notes secured by First Deeds of Trust have been sold by us to investors in every part of the United States and many foreign countries, *without the loss of one dollar, principal or interest, to the investor.*

The Mercantile Trust Company is a member of the Federal Reserve System, and by reason of such membership is under the supervision of the United States Government. This means that every loan we make, including "First Mortgage Real Estate Serial Loans," is subject to examination by Government Bank Examiners. These loans are also examined by the St. Louis Clearing House Bank Examiners and the official Bank Examiners of both the State of Missouri and the State of Illinois.

Descriptive circular sent on request.

Address all inquiries or orders for real estate notes to the Real Estate Loan Department.

Mercantile Trust Company
Member Federal Reserve System — *U.S. Government Supervision*
ST. LOUIS MISSOURI
Capital and Surplus $10,000,000

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

DON'T LET THAT COUGH CONTINUE!
Spohn's Distemper Compound
will knock it in very short time. At the first sign of a cough or cold in your horse, give a few doses of "SPOHN'S." It will act on the glands, eliminate the disease germ and prevent further destruction of body by disease. "SPOHN'S" has been the standard remedy for DISTEMPER, INFLUENZA, PINK EYE, CATARRHAL FEVER, COUGHS and COLDS for a quarter of a century. 60 cents and $1.15 per bottle at all drug stores.
SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, Goshen, Ind.

Easily Explained.

Mistress—How did you come to have such a blackened character?

Maid—That's where the last lady I lived with spilt the ink over it.

Cuticura Soap for the Complexion.
Nothing better than Cuticura Soap daily and Ointment now and then as needed to make the complexion clear, scalp clean and hands soft and white. Add to this the fascinating, fragrant Cuticura Talcum and you have the Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

FIVE-YEAR-OLDS WILL TALK

And Surely This One Came Near to "Spilling the Beans" for Poor Mamma.

After looking at all the rugs in the store, the customer decided that she thought she liked the pink one with the purple roses best.

"But I'd like to see it in my room," she said. "I suppose you'll send it up on approval?"

"Well, madam, it's—er—hardly usual," demurred the proprietor. "But in the circumstances, perhaps—"

The customer's five-year-old daughter," who had stood silent during the long inspection, now tugged violently at her mother's skirt.

"Oh, mamma," she piped in her fatally clear treble, "hadn't you better warn him to be sure and get it there in time? Our party's tomorrow, you know."

In Kamchatka.

Petropavlovsk is the principal city of Kamchatka. Its population is about 1,500. The country offers for sale fish, caviar and furs (especially sable bear furs). In 1913 the peninsula had 700,000 reindeer. Flour, salt, tea and sugar are greatly needed. In midsummer great quantities of salmon are caught.

For Mrs. Benham's Benefit.

Mrs. Benham—What did the doctor tell you?

Benham—He said that I would have appendicitis if I didn't stop irritating my side by constantly putting my hand in my pocket for money.

Think twice before you speak and you can frame an excuse so much better.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

HE KNEW HIS LIMITATIONS

Small Boy Didn't Imagine He Would Amount to Much in the Better Land.

"Spiritualistic mediums in their descriptions of the next world are absurd. The next world, indeed, is a very ticklish subject to handle."

The speaker was Sir Oliver Lodge. He continued:

"A little boy was told by his Sunday school teacher that he would leave his body behind when he died.

"'I don't understand that,' he said in a frightened voice.

"'You see,' explained the teacher, 'you will take all that is good with you to the better land, and leave all that is naughty here on earth.'

"He thought a moment, then he said soberly:

"'I guess I'm going to be pretty thin up there, teacher.'"

Agricultural Missionaries.

To heighten agricultural production the world over and thus increase the world's food supply, with the resultant blows at old H. C. of L., an international association of agricultural missions has been formed. Its members will carry modern agricultural methods into every land.—World Outlook.

Safe Position.

"In this dangerous reform I am going to the front."

"That's right. I'll back you."

Acid Stomach
Makes the Body Sour
Nine Out of Ten People Suffer From It

It sends its harmful acids and gases over the body, instead of health and strength. Day and night this ceaseless damage goes on. No matter how strong, the victim cannot long withstand the health-destroying effects of an acid stomach.

Good news for millions of sufferers. Chemists have found a sure remedy—one that takes the acid up and carries it out of the body; of course, when the cause is removed, the sufferer gets well.

Bloating, indigestion, sour, acid, gas stomach miseries all removed. This is proven by over half a million ailing folk who have taken EATONIC with wonderful benefits. It can be obtained from any druggist, who will cheerfully refund it for trifling cost if not entirely satisfactory. Everyone should enjoy its benefits. Frequently the first tablet gives relief.

Teamster's Life Saved

"Peterson Ointment Co., Inc. I had very severe sore on my leg for years. I am a teamster. I tried all medicines and salves, but without success. I tried doctors, but they failed to cure me. I couldn't sleep for many nights from pain. Doctors said I could not live for more than two years. Finally Peterson's Ointment was recommended to me and by its use the sore was entirely healed. Thankfully yours, William Haase, West Park, Ohio, care P. G. Reitz, Box 199."

Peterson says: "I am proud of the above letter and have hundreds of others that tell of wonderful cures of Eczema, Piles and Skin Diseases."

Peterson's Ointment is 60 cents a box. Mail orders filled by Peterson Ointment Co., Buffalo.

Cuticura Soap
—The Healthy—
Shaving Soap
Cuticura Soap shaves without mug. Everywhere.

THICK, SWOLLEN GLANDS
that make a horse Wheeze, Roar, have Thick Wind or Choke-down, can be reduced with
ABSORBINE
also other Bunches or Swellings. No blister, no hair gone, and horse kept at work. Economical—only a few drops required at an application. $2.50 per bottle delivered. Book 3 free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for man kind, reduces Cysts, Wens, Painful, Swollen Veins and Ulcers. $1.25 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Book "Evidence" free.
W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

DAISY FLY KILLER PLACED ANYWHERE ATTRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill, tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 5 by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25.
HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

HEMSTITCHING and PICOTING ATTACHMENT; works on all sewing machines; $1. Add. J. F. Light, Box 127, Birmingham, Ala.

Will Sell a Few $50.00 Blocks of My Producing Oil Stock. Should pay dividends immediately. William G. Johnston, Okemah, Okla.

LOTS
in Reeves County (Texas) oil field for sale. I am arranging to drill 5 oil tests on my 160 acres. No commission, no agents, no company stock. Best location in field. Will deed you the lot for $50 and use the money to drill. Write for details. Wire any bank in my town about me. C. R. Coulter, Pecos, Phenville, Texas.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist can supply you, mail, 60c. Free book. Dr. C. Berry Co., 2475 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Each Cup Of
INSTANT POSTUM
contains the same uniform quality of goodness that makes this table beverage so popular.
Make it strong or mild as you prefer by varying the quantity used.
No wonder so many prefer it to coffee, not alone on account of taste but because of its abundant healthfulness. *Truly—*
"There's a Reason" for POSTUM
Made by Postum Cereal Co.
Battle Creek, Michigan

RONIC BRONCHITIS WENTY-SIX YEARS WELL AND HAPPY
IS WORTH READING

perience of Mr. E. J. Tou- 1438 Rose street, LaCrosse, n, is chiefly remarkable nt of the length of time afflicted.

rites: "I have been suf- with chronic bronchitis for ix years and every winter catch cold and become so I could not speak for six or eks. I could get only tem- relief.

winter I was taken with d was in awful shape. A workman advised me to take NA. By the time I had ree-fourths of a bottle, the ss was gone, also that eling. I am on my second Hereafter PE-RU-NA will tantly in my house. It is t medicine ever put up for pose."

any disease due to catarrh rrhal conditions, PE-RU-NA ally dependable. Coughs, atarrh of the head, stomach constipation, rheumatism, in the back, side and loins, , belching gas, indigestion, of the large and small in- , are some of the troubles ich PE-RU-NA is especially ended.

RU-NA can be purchased re in either tablet or liquid

Compensations.

pose you have your own trials clock-making business. Some works always on strike?"

but I'm never worried over my anting an eight-hour day."

ASPIRIN

e "Bayer" on Genuine

r Tablets of Aspirin" is genu- pirin proved safe by millions scribed by physicians for over years. Accept only an unbroken package" which contains proper ns to relieve Headache, Tooth- arache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, nd Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 cost few cents. Druggists also ger "Bayer packages." Aspirin mark Bayer Manufacture Mon- cidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Proud of It.

e your nerve!" she exclaimed. ather good, isn't it?" he replied med.

ATH WAS NEAR
da Woman in Critical Condition From Dropsy, But Doan's Brought Recovery

opsy brought me right down to adow of the grave," says Mrs. . Atwell, 904 William St., Key Fla. "For fifteen years I was a s wreck, struggling between life and death. The pains were so severe in my back I screamed in agony. My head ached so severely I thought my skull was being crushed. Black specks floated before my eyes, and I had to grasp the bed to keep from falling.

Mrs. Atwell

"The kidney secretions burned and scalded and I pass only a few drops at a time. body bloated. The pressure of so water on my chest almost smoth- me. My feet also swelled and large of water hung beneath my eyes. kin had a shiny, white appearance nywhere I pressed a dent would n for hours. I became a nervous

friend told me about *Doan's ey Pills* and oh! I felt so happy I found they were helping me. nued use of *Doan's* completely me." *Sworn to before me.* HUR GOMEZ, *Notary Public.*

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

OAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

ER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

rvest 20 to 45 shel to Acre Wheat Western Canada

k what that means to you in hard dollars with the great de- for wheat at high prices. Many rs in Western Canada have paid eir land from a single crop. The success may still be yours, for an buy on easy terms,

rm Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

d near thriving towns, good mar- railways—land of a kind which e 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the Good grazing lands at low prices nient to your grain farm enable o reap the profits from stock rais- ad dairying.

arn the Facts About Western Canada

taxation (none on improvements), thful climate, good schools, hes, pleasant social relationships perous and industrious people. illustrated literature, maps, descrip- of farm opportunities in Manitoba, katchewan, and Alberta, reduced way rates, etc., write Department Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent.

. U., DES MOINES, NO. 23--1920.

ARSENICALS FOR KILLING WORMS

Annual Loss From Cabbage Pest Conservatively Estimated at $1,300,000.

NOT DIFFICULT TO CONTROL

Arsenate of Lead and Paris Green Are Preferable to Other Poisons—Number of Sprayings Depends on Conditions.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Arsenicals are being generally used to control the cabbage worm. There are now few instances of the total destruction of crops of cabbages as was formerly often the case. Nevertheless, a conservative estimate would place the present annual loss from this pest to cabbage alone—not including cauliflower and other related crops—at $1,300,000, or one-tenth the value of the entire crop.

The cabbage worm is not difficult to control, and it should be borne in mind that most other cabbage pests, more often present than not, will be controlled by the same methods.

Poisons Preferred.

Repeated experiments have shown that arsenate of lead and paris green are preferable to other arsenicals in common use. If paris green is used, it may be applied either wet or dry, preferably, however, as a spray, at the rate of one pound to 50 gallons of water. The plants should be free from insect attack when they are set out and should be sprayed a few days later to make sure that the poison reaches the young caterpillars before they have burrowed far into the heads. Other applications should follow as inspection of plants shows that they are necessary.

These applications of arsenicals can be made with absolute safety even after the heads are formed, as the poison disappears from plants almost completely within two to three weeks after application, and even earlier in event of repeated or heavy rainfall.

Increased Cost.

Scarcity of paris green has increased the cost. Arsenate of lead has been rapidly superseding paris green and other arsenicals as an insecticide and has not increased proportionately in price. For many reasons it is preferable.

The Sort of Gardens Which Have Been Planted in Thousands of Communities This Year.

It serves the same purpose as paris green and is applied in the same manner. It is sold both in paste and in dry powder form. Two pounds of dry arsenate to 50 gallons of water or bordeaux mixture will make a solution of sufficient strength to destroy cabbage worms and similar insects. The paste form must be used at double strength, four pounds to 50 gallons of water.

The number of sprayings depends on local and seasonal conditions. Sometimes a single spraying will suffice, but usually two or three are necessary. The adhesiveness of the spray material is promoted by the addition of about the same amount by weight of resin fish oil soap as of the arsenical used.

DIG UP OLD RHUBARB STALKS

Divide Roots Into Pieces of Two or Three Eyes Each and Start Entirely New Patch.

After rhubarb has been planted four or five years the stalks become so thick that they are too small to sell well. It is then best to dig up the roots and divide into pieces of two or three eyes each, which is enough for one hill, and start a new patch. Another good way is to dig up all the hill but a little corner which is left undisturbed, then fill the hole from which the roots were taken with well rotted manure and cover that with earth. The piece of root left in the ground will make a surprising growth the same season.

EXCELLENT CROP INSURANCE

Spraying Must Be Done at Right Time and in Proper Manner for Nice Clean Fruit.

He who does not spray his fruit crop for insects and disease has no right to expect nice clean fruit in the autumn. Spraying at the right time and in the right way is splendid crop insurance.

THINNING IMPROVES VALUABLE WOODLAND

Lack of Proper Treatment Is Cause of Much Loss.

Farmer Should Take Steps to Give Trees Sufficient Light and Soil Moisture for Them to Thrive and Become Profitable.

Lack of proper thinning and cutting is a common cause of woodlands being unprofitable, according to a recent bulletin entitled, "Making Woodlands Profitable in the Southern States," issued by the United States department of agriculture. Nature usually overcrowds trees in a given space, says this publication, and so steps should be taken to give them sufficient light and soil moisture to thrive and become profitable.

By properly controlling the number of trees on a tract it is possible to increase their rate of growth and eventually their size. Except for the production of cordwood, a few large trees on a given area are usually more desirable than many small ones. If possible, valuable kinds of wood should be grown in preference to common woods which bring lower prices. Woodlands

Farm Woodland Marked for Conservative Thinning.

in this country, as a rule, contain many crooked, forked and diseased trees which should be replaced by straight, sound ones. Soon after a cutting trees show an increased growth and the whole woodland rapidly increases in value by the elimination of inferior trees.

With an active market for cordwood and for fence posts, poles and lumber, there is every inducement to clear out the inferior trees—diseased, dying, crooked and less valuable kinds. Right cutting also includes the removal of large, sound trees whose growth is slow because they are nearing or have reached maturity. The cutting should be done only at a time of favorable market conditions or when building or other timber is needed on the farm. Copies of this bulletin may be had by addressing the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

CONTROL OF SOIL DISEASES

Next to Seed Treatment Rotation Is Best Way to Destroy Wilt and Rot Spores.

With the possible exception of seed treatment, there is no farm practice, which, from the plant disease point of view, gives greater returns on the investment than crop rotation, is the assertion of Prof. J. G. Leach of the Colorado Agricultural college. There are a great many plant diseases such as wilts and root rots for which no specific remedy is known and which can be held in check only by the combined practices of seed selection, seed treatment, and crop rotation. These diseases become worse and worse each year the crop is grown in the same soil, and each one taking their annual toll accounts for considerable loss to the farmer.

A system of crop rotation entails almost no expense other than a little forethought and planning. The returns in disease-free crops pay for this trouble many times over, not to speak of the added gain in soil fertility.

SILOS RAPIDLY INCREASING

Successful Farmers Have Learned That Huge Receptacle Is Big Asset on Any Farm.

Information gathered by the Pennsylvania department of agriculture shows approximately 20 per cent, or 43,657 farmers in the state with silos, while the number a year ago was estimated at 32,900. Wide awake and successful farmers have learned that a silo, when properly used is a valuable asset on any farm. As farm conditions improve, the number of silos naturally increases.

SPACE BETWEEN FRUIT TREES

Apples Should Be Allowed at Least 30 Feet Each—Plums Do Not Require as Much.

Standard apple trees should be allowed at least 30 feet of space each way; plums 20 feet; currants, gooseberries and grapes from ten to 12 feet; red raspberries should be allowed to grow only in hedgerow not over six inches wide and rows ten to 12 feet apart; strawberries set in rows four feet apart and two feet apart in row.

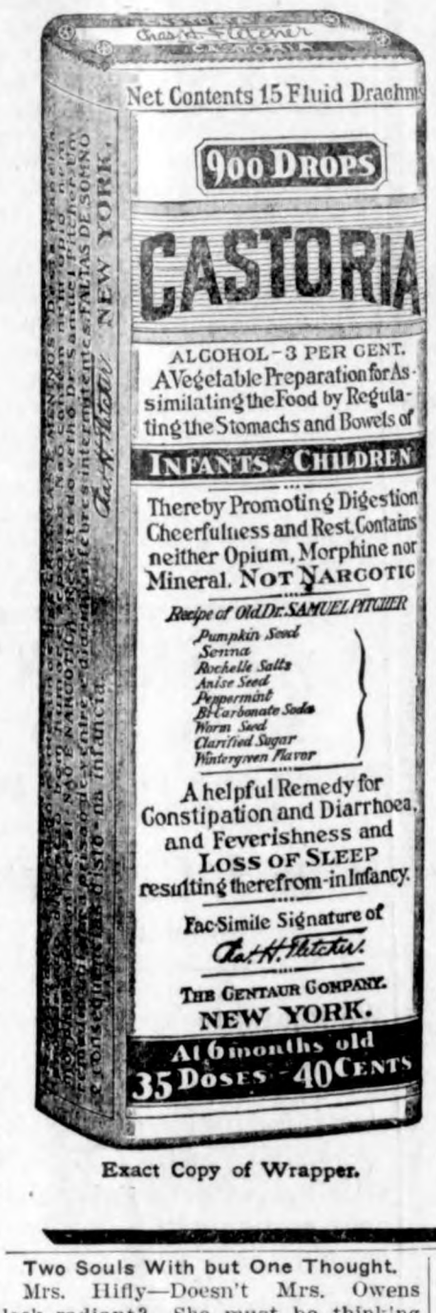
Are You Human?

A little baby. A little child. Don't they appeal to you? Doesn't heart yearn to pick them up, to cuddle them close to you, to shield them from all harm? sure it does else you're not human. Being human you love them. Their very helplessness makes you reach out in all your strength to aid them. In health there's no flower so beautiful. In illness there's no night so black.

Save them then. Use every precaution. Take no chance.

When sickness comes, as sickness will, remember its just a baby, just a child and if the Physician isn't at hand don't try some remedy that you may have around the house for your own use.

Fletcher's Castoria was made especially for babies' ills and you can use it with perfect safety as any doctor will tell you. Keep it in the house.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Do the People Know?

Do you know why you are asked to call for Fletcher's Castoria when you want a child's remedy: why you must insist on Fletcher's?

For years we have been explaining how the popularity of Fletcher's Castoria has brought out innumerable imitations, substitutes and counterfeits.

To protect the babies: to shield the homes and in defense of generations to come we appeal to the better judgment of parents to insist on having Fletcher's Castoria when in need of a child's medicine. And remember above all things that a child's medicine is made for children—a medicine prepared for grown-ups is not interchangeable. A baby's food for a baby. And a baby's medicine is just as essential for the baby.

The Castoria Recipe (it's on every wrapper) has been prepared by the same hands in the same manner for so many years that the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and perfection in the product are synonymous.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Two Souls With but One Thought.

Mrs. Hifly—Doesn't Mrs. Owens look radiant? She must be thinking of her new gown.

Mr. Hifly—Yes, and do you observe how wretched her husband looks? He is evidently thinking of it, too.—St. Augustine Record.

Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freezone costs only a few cents.

With your fingers! You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.

A tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs little at any drug store; apply a few drops upon the corn or callous. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callous right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. Truly! No humbug!—Adv.

Embarrassing Moments.

The new minister was calling. Among other things he was lamenting the prevalent use of profanity, the habit growing even among children.

The small daughter of the house, standing by, said timidly, "Mister, I don't swear, but I know all the words."—Indianapolis News.

If a man has no means of forgetting his trouble, he will make more.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Some Chance for Him.

When Jack Jolly, the golf ball manufacturer, was in town last fall a friend with whom he was playing said:

"Jack, do you think I'll ever learn to play this game?"

"How old are you?" asked Jack.

"Forty-two," was the reply.

"Well," retorted Jack," "I have a friend in Scotland who was 81 years old his last birthday and he says his game is still improving."

Her Object.

"Mayme changed countenance when I saw her at the beauty doctor's."

"Naturally. That is what she went there for."

It is better to work a combination than it is to blow up a safe.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

Gives ease and comfort to feet that are tender and sore.

If shoes pinch or corns and bunions ache this Antiseptic, Healing Powder will give quick relief.

Shake it in your Shoes. Sprinkle it in the Foot-bath. Sold everywhere.

Rheumatism Back on the Job With Its Old-time Fury

No Let-Up In Its Torture.

If you are afflicted with Rheumatism, why waste time with liniments, lotions and other local applications that never did cure Rheumatism, and never will?

Do not try to rub the pain away, for you will never succeed. Try the sensible plan of finding the cause of the pain. Remove the cause, and there can be no pain.

You will never be rid of Rheumatism until you cleanse your blood of the germs that cause the disease. S. S. S. has no equal as a blood purifier, scores of sufferers say that it has cleansed their blood of Rheumatism, and removed all trace of the disease from their system.

Get a bottle of S. S. S. at your drug store and get on the right treatment to-day. If you want special medical advice, address Medical Director, 102 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Delightful Vacation Trips of Over 2000 Miles of Beautiful Scenery, Shore Line, Islands, Rivers & Bays on the Big, New Cruising Ships

"North American" & "South American"

Cruises Weekly from Chicago, Duluth, Buffalo (Niagara Falls), Detroit & Cleveland, via Mackinac Isl., Georgian Bay (30,000 Islands) & Return

Stops of several hours made at all principal points of interest—ample time to see the sights. The New Ships "North American" and "South American"—Passenger Service Exclusively—are equipped to give a service equal to the best Atlantic Liners. These magnificent steamships have many innovations for travel, comfort and amusement—a ball-room, an orchestra, children's open air playgrounds and deck games. All these are free. Steamer chairs and steamer rugs available. Dining Service and food equal to that of the best hotels.

12 Days' Cruise, $125—3,600 Mile Trip

Call or write for pamphlet and full information about

The Lake Trips That Have No Equal

Chicago, Duluth & Georgian Bay Transit Co.

W. H. Black, G. P. A. 314 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ills.

Your Check Stub is a Little Ledger

When you "pay-by-check" your cancelled, endorsed checks come back to you as receipts, and - -

Your check stub is a little ledger in itself. It shows to whom, for what, when and how much money was paid out.

It's easy to keep it up to date. Then you always know just how your account stands at the bank.

If you haven't yet made use of this convenient bank service - - come in and open an account with us.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

These are the days for Comfortable, Right Feeling Clothing!

You'll certainly enjoy selecting your suit, furnishings and hat from this store's complete assortments at our "value-first" prices.

There is a fine stock here for boy or man—the newest, keenest styles in our kind of materials that are sure to give you satisfaction.

We do not deal in bombast, blow and bluster, but we do deal in real, intrinsic values every day of the year.

Men's Suits $35 to $75
Boy's Suits $10 to $30
Boy's Long Pant Suits 27.50 to $35

Everything in shirts, underwear, socks etc.
Mail orders get prompt attention and go on approval.
Phone 534

Patton Bros. Co.
"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."
Mason City, Ia. Manly, Ia.

We have a full line of
Chicken Coops

They are stronly made of galvanized steel and we have them in round and square models---at prices cheaper than than you can make them of wood.

You will also need a few of our
Gold Medal Chicken Waterers
They keep the water cool and fresh and there are no pipes or floats to trouble with

we will take your eggs in trade

Jacobs & Son

Big Piano Sale

The Chambers Music House, 29 East State Street, Mason City, Iowa, will open Thursday, June 3, one of the Greatest Piano Sales ever held in Northern Iowa. Mr Chambers great forthought in purchasing pianos many months ago makes possible this wonderful sale. adv

---

Vote for J. E. Wichman for State Senator. His experience and training of two sessions in the House qualifies him for the big job the next legislature has to do of revising the code. Adv.

Miss Gretchen Blank returned to work at the Kluckhohn store after several days absence on account of an attack of mumps. When interviewed regarding her absence she said that mumps were not to be considered a joke.

A family gathering was held at the Tom Blank home here Sunday when they entertained twenty-three people for dinner. The relatives present included the sons and daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Blank and their children and Mr. Blank's sister, Mrs. Mauss and two boys and girl, of Rake. A big dinner was served and the day was spent in general visiting.

The Times office is without a "printer's devil" as our former boy Chas. Gibbs who occupied that position on the staff has gone to the depot to work as agent's assistant. Charlie began work there Saturday and so far likes the job. Now that leaves a place for some bright fellow to get a job with us and learn how to "sling type."

! ATTENTION !
Mr. Car Owner
Do you wish to save gasolene? Have a
U. & J. Carburetor
Installed at Once

We guarantee to save from 25 to 30 per cent of your gasoline More power, more pep, and no starting troubles.

A positive guarantee. If not satisfied after 15 days trial, your money will be gladly refunded. Ask your dealer.

More Speed, Less Gasoline!
Phone or write
C. W. Suckow
Klemme, Iowa Phone 9709

The City Day Line
—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.
Sam Harvey, Prop.
Coal Hauling Done

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock
A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian
All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
Klemme - Iowa

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith
OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA
Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

Hart Schaffner & Ma
Dixie Weaves
they're "good for you"

The doctor says keep cool, custom says keep sty
You can do both if you wear Dixie Weaves; th
what they're made for.

They're all-wool, but so light you hardly know
have them on; wear well and keep their shape
guaranteed to satisfy.

Summer headquarters for cool clothes

You'll find here a rich assortment of Dixie Weaves in light greys and browns;
Beaches, poplins, silk pongees, light flannels; straw hats; ties; hose; silk and
shirts; everything to keep cool and stylish.

Shoes

We are showing some very neat Oxfords in tan and mahogany shades. Call
get yours while sizes and selections are complete. Remember we are headqua
for men's and boys' footwear.

Dress Shoes - - **$6.50** to **$14.85**
Work Shoes - - **$2.60** to **$ 5.50**

Don't pay any more than $3.50 to $5.50 for your work shoes
when you can buy the very best grades for hard wear at these prices.

GET TO KNOW
GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON
The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes
16 STORES ***GARNER, IO***

W. C. ZIESEMER

A resident of this county practically his entire life of years, solicits your support for the republican nominati to the office of

SHERIFF

If successful in my campaign for this office, I will giv the best there is in me to serve the people of Hancoc county. During my entire residence in this county I hav never before asked for office. It has not been my for tune to meet each voter personally, but please conside yourself especially solicited to support me.

Respectfully yours,

W. C. ZIESEMER

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 40 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, June 10 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Election Returns

Senator Cummins re-nominated over Brookhart.

Moore leads for Governor.

Moore for Lieut-Gov., Hammill 3rd.

Walt Ramsay for Sec. of State.

Haynes for State Auditor.

Wichman beats Chambers in every county.

Healy defeated Thompson for Rep.

Peck Hanson for Sheriff 2 to 1.

All other officers renominated.

"ROCKFORD SOCKS" GET TRIMMED BY THE "LIBERTY BELLS"

The ball game between the Klemme Rockford Socks and the Liberty Bells resulted in a serious calamity for the former nine as they were beaten by about twelve to four. As this was the first real game for the Klemme boys we expected to see their score on the wrong side of the board but with a little more practice they will be able to play ball and will not let so many scores sip by. We have dubbed the Kemme boys the "Rockford Socks," but with a purpose in view. As everyone knows the common brand of foot covers are known as "Rockford" and really means rough and unfinished. This gives them something to work for and when they have won their first real game we will call them the "Silk Sox" which will indicate they are a smooth, slick and finished bunch of players. As to the rea fine points of the game Sunday we can sum it up and say that the fine points were considerably conspicuous by their absence. Nevertheless we will bet on the Klemme boys as they have the markings of a good team and a few more games will prove our statement. All we want to say now is that we can poke a little fun at their blunders but just watch their SMOKE when they really tear loose. And as to the "Liberty Bells" we will say they have a pretty good line up and are not to be scoffed at by any means and we venture to say that when the "Rockford Socks" clash with them again they will come out of the wash as the "Klemme Silk Socks."

Yours truly,
"The Times Sport Editor"

"OLD TIMERS" AND "ROCKFORDS" BATTLE

Tuesday some of the "old timers" of the baseball sport gathered the relics of former battle and assembled at the ball park to give fight to the Klemme Rockfords. The game was called for 6:15 P. M. and the smoke of battle was on at once and ended up with the score of 6 to 4 favor of Old Timers—with "hired player."

Dedication of Liberty Churcn

Program For The Dedication Services Of The New Liberty Township Church From Friday, June 11, To Sunday, June 13, Inclusive

Friday evening at 8:00 o'clock

Song by congregation
Prayer, A. H. Meyer
Response
Male Quartette
Scripture Reading
Choir Song
Sermon, Rev. Wm. Koerner
Closing Song

Saturday P. M., at 2:30 o'clock

Hymn
Prayer
Sermon Hymn
Sermon, Rev. L. J. Brehner
Closing Hymn
Quarterly conference meeting

Sunday morning at 10 o'clock

Prelude, Mrs. L. Abele
Opening Hymn
Prayer, Rev. G. H. Wessel
Response by the Choir
Voluntary, Mrs. L. Abele
Scripture Reading
Choir Song
Sermon, Dr. Mossman, President of Morningside College
Male Quartette
Dedicatory Poem, Rev. Koerner
The Lord's Supper
Choir Song
Offering, Music, Mrs. L. Abele
Doxology
Postlude, Mrs. L. Abele
Free dinner served in the new basement dining-room by the ladies of the church to all the morning worshipers.

Sunday P. M., at 2:30 o'clock

Prelude, Mrs. L. Abele
Hymn
Prayer, Rev. Koerner
Choir Song
Scripture Reading, Rev. L. J. Brenner
Male Quartette
Sermon by G. H. Wessel
Choir Song
Offering, Music by Mrs. L. Abele
Choir Song
Benediction
Postlude, Mrs. L. Abele

Sunday evening service at 8 o'clock

Prelude, Miss Mabel Beier
Opening Hymn
Prayer, L. J. Brenner
Choir Song
Scripture Reading
Male Quartette
Sermon by President Mossman
Choir Song
Offering, Music by Miss Lydia Beier
Benediction
Postlude, Miss Mabel Beier

SAVE MONEY ON
Twine!

Special on standard Plymouth Twine until June 15, at only--

Per lb. 16c Per lb.

Cash Price

Come in and get your twine at this special price, pay cash and save money on twine.

Highest price paid for junk. Bring in your old iron, rags, copper, brass, etc. before June 20.

Henry Lau & Sons

LIFE SENTENCE!

CLARENCE JOHNSON AND BERNICE GIMER MARRIED SATURDAY

Quiet Home Wedding Closes Love Affair

Saturday, June 5th, goes down in the society history of Klemme as another happy event marking the close of a long love affair of two of our most prominent young people who were brought together by the pranks of little Dan Cupid some time ago. On that day Miss Bernice Gimer was united in marriage to Mr. Clarence Johnson at the home of the Bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Gimer. The wedding was a quiet and simple affair but beautifully arranged. At half past eleven the happy couple took the marriage vows and were made man and wife by Dr. A. E. Buriff who officiated. Only immediate relatives were present at the ceremony and Mr. J. A. Peterson, of Seneca, Ill., and Miss Hulda Johnson the groom's sister, acted in the capacity of Bridesmaid and Best Man. The room was beautifully decorated and the Bride, attired in a Copenhagen Blue dress, carried a bouquet of carnations and the Bridesmaid, also attired in blue, carried a bouquet of sweet peas. After the ceremony the guests sat down to the wedding feast consisting of two courses. The happy couple were then given a good send-off with congratulations as they departed in their car for "places unknown," but presumably to Chicago and other points east. They expect to return to Klemme the latter part of his week and will then go to housekeeping on the farm east of town where they have their home all prepared.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Johnson need little or no introduction to our readers as they are so well and favorably known to all, both having lived here for a number of years and Clarence was formerly with his father in the farm business and also stock buying. We extend congratulations and wish them a most happy journey through life.

YE EDITOR'S OLD PALL AMONG THOSE FATALLY WOUNDED BY CUPID'S DARTS

Harold Livermore and Ruby Counts Married in "Little Brown Church" At Nashua

A number of our readers, especially among the younger set, will be pleased to hear of the marriage of Harold Livermore, of Garner, to Ruby Counts, of Grimes, Iowa, at the "Little Brown Church in the Vale" at Nashua, Tuesday, June 8th, at 1:00 p. m.

Now this is supposed to be a secret and our old pal begged us not to let the "cat out of the bag" but as we can't keep a secret any more than a woman, we are just itching to tell it on him. Harold or "Lefty" as he is better known, was our best man when we were married nearly a year ago, and as he told on us then we are now seeking revenge and will surely spill the beans, as they say, and see to it that he and his bride get a warm welcome on their return to Garner where they will make their home. Anyway, we wish them some happiness and hope that if he and his wife have a scrap that he gets knocked over with an extra hard rolling pin—we will bet on his wife anyway, as we believe she is Irish.

BAND GIVES FIRST CONCERT

The Klemme Band gave their first concert in the park last Wednesday evening and quite a large crowd was out to hear them play. Considering that the boys have only played a few months and are all beginners, they rendered some excellent music which greatly pleased the people who came to hear the band for the first time.

FARMERS MEETING

NOTICE—There will be a meeting of the farmers of this community at the Idle Hour Theatre, Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, June 17th, at 1:00 P. M., for the purpose of organizing a Farmers Co-Operative Elevator society. All who are interested are requested to be present. Adv.-1wp.

By the Committee

HOLLY LEWIS TO BE MARRIED SOON

Miss Gladys Dreher, of Mason City, the Lady of his Choice

In the society column of the Mason City Globe-Gazette of Thursday, June 3rd, the following announcement appeared which is of interest to our Klemme readers:

Engagement Announced

"The engagement of Miss Gladys Dreher to Holly Lewis of Klemme, Iowa, has been announced. Their marriage will occur in this city, June 19th. Miss Dreher has been associated with the local postoffice for the past two years as clerk. Her resignation will take effect June 15th."

To the above we might add that Holly has also been associated with the postoffice at Mason City as carrier and other duties since his discharge from the army and that doubtless he met the young lady who is to become his wife at that place.

Perhaps Holly was prodded a little by Dan Cupid when his brother Verner took the matrimonial step a short time ago, and Holly thought if Verner has the nerve I guess I am as good a sport too. Anyway Holly's many friends here are glad to hear of the good news and if congratulations are in order we wish Holly and the soon-to-be Mrs. Holly Lewis a most pleasant journey in their matrimonial bark.

Mason City, Iowa.—Great preparations are being made for the Big Western Cowboy Round-Up which will be staged at the North Iowa Fair Grounds, June 16-17-18. Several thousands of dollars in cash prizes have been hung up for the winners of various cowboy stunts, including broncho busting, wild steer riding, fancy roping, steer roping, wild horse races, wild steer bulldogging and othe cowboy sports.

More than two hundred wild horses wild longhorn Mexican steers, and noted outlaw bucking horses will be shipped here from the west for use by the cowboys and cowgirls; more than a hundred of whom have already signed up to enter the contest.

The Round-Up will have both afternoon and evening performance. It is being staged by the North Iowa Fair Board, and a number of people from this section have made plans to attend the event one or more days while it is in session at Mason City.

"ZIP CHASES HIS WHEEL"

"Zip" McCullough autoed to Garner Sunday morning in his sheeny show case and was peacefully gliding up the street at a fair gait when he looked out the window of his car and saw a fully dressed (a-tired) wire car wheel racing up the street on the star board side. "Zip" gave chase with the idea that if he could catch that stray wheel it might do to use on his own wagon in case he should ever need one. The wheel turned a corner and "Zip" after it and finally run i down. He got out and grabbed it by the ear and choked it until it quieted down so he could lug it into his car. He then decided to see if it would fit his car and was about to slip it up to his rear wheel when he discovered that the run-away wheel was none other than his own which perhaps had decided to part company with the Henry and go on life's journey its own self, but we believe that it realized "Zip" had left his lady friend in Klemme and it was going back to get her, Ford or no Ford.

CAIRNS BROS. GIVE FINE SHOW

For the seventh time Cairns Bros, and thei company appeaed in Klemme. This is one of the few good shows on the road and whenever the Seven Cairns Bros. come they are always greeted by a packed house. Their band is better than ever this year and featured Warren Cairns, their trombonist. Young Cains is an artist on this instrument. Their play was first class and as is always the case it was a good clean show all the way thru. We can certainly recommend this company to anyone and also look forward to their next appearance hree next year.

FARMERS PLEASE NOTICE

As I intend to leave for the west to spend the summer, I have temporarily turned over the management of the Shippers' Association to Albert Schmidt. From now on when you have cattle or hogs to ship through the Association, phone No. 4305 and he will take care of your stock.

Yours truly,
Adv.-2-p. WM. BACHMAN

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers.

Benjamin Fish, 9, of Sioux City was instantly killed when his head was run over by an automobile truck.

Ninety-nine students graduated from the Mason City High School June 4. President Flint of Cornell College was the speaker.

Reports indicate that the financial stringency in Iowa is less apparent now than a few weeks ago, and that the tight money condition is improving.

Forty-two head of Angus cattle were sold at the W. H. Cooper sale barn in Hedrick at an average of $3,210. The top cow Elluna E, brought $10,000. All of the cattle came from Mr. Cooper's reserve stock. He lost

Approximately 70 per cent of Iowa's 1920 corn crop is now in the ground. In Carrol, Buena Vista, Pocohontas and some territory in adjacent counties, 90 to 95 per cent of the corn is planted and the first planted is two inches high.

More than $1,000 worth of automobile tires were tolen from the Crawfordsville garage by thieves who loaded the tires on a truck and drove away. The tires were all corded and the most expensive carried by the sales company.

The Iowa state highway commission will not approve any more highway paving contracts than it believes can be completed this year. Neither will it approve any more projects for this year than those that already are under way and are about to be let.

In preparation for the establishing of a free mail delivery system at Belle Plaine on July 1, the announcement is made that a civil service examination will be held in Belle Plaine for two carriers and a substitute carrier.

$250,000 worth of stock in a fire.

Clark Coleman, Hepburn butcher was smothered to death under the car when he drove his Ford into a 10 foot gulley north of Clarinda. He was pinned beneath with his face in mud and water.

Eighteen persons were injured when two street cars loaded with Rock Island arsenal employes figured in a rear end collision at the entrance of the arsenal in Davenport. All of the victims were rushed to hospitals where it was later reported that all would recover.

In several Iowa counties farmers have taken the examination which will authorize them to do their own vaccination of swine. The matter is under the authority of the animal husbandry department at Ames. From Polk county there were fifteen applicants for the examination.

Admitting that he had sold his wife for $1,500 in cash, Raymond Dawes of Davenport bared the details of one of the most shocking violations of law and the rules of society at the coroner's inquest over the dead body of the woman he sold, Mrs. Leota Dawes. The woman died from an overdose of choroform.

A book of poems written by Earle Sloan Smith, former Fort Madison school principal but for the past three years a missionary at Illiolo, Japan, has been issued. The poems, which were written for the Fort Madison Democrat, were obtained for book use by a San Francisco publishing house. All of the poems deal with child and animal life.

Hog production in Iowa will be reduced 50 per cent this year, due to losses this spring. The cold, rainy weather has caused many farmers to lose the greater portion of their pigs before they could get them started. Iowa did not breed as many sows as usual, due to the high cost of corn, so that the pig crop shortage will be greater than ever before.

Steps to reclaim 700 acres now in Lake Peosta for the city of Dubuque have been taken by the city officials. Advocates of the plan say they see no reason why the city's debt of $900,000 may not be paid by the reclaimed land. The city owns the lake by virtue of a deed from the Iowa general assembly. Not only would sale of the land bring the city a big revenue, but would give more land for growth.

At the annual meeting of the Iowa Association of the Blind at Vinton, a movement was started to raise a loan fund to assist blind people, who have mastered a trade, in starting in business. The association discussed the newly adopted uniform type for the blind, as compared with the New York point system, which has been used in Iowa for more than forty years, and unanimously favored the latter system.

During the year ending March 1, 40 county agents of Iowa resigned and of this number 19 have returned to the farm. Others went to county work in neighboring states, two went to farm papers and three went to other organizations as secretaries. This number is on an average with the figures of 1919 since in that year 42 resigned. At present there are two vacancies in the county agent force. Many times an agent will resign his position in one county and go to a nearby county so that he is still in the state but differently located.

The report of the field agent of the Bureau of Crop Estimates, Des Moines, the following estimates of the relative numbers of different breeds of live stock credited to the United States and Iowa, gives figures of much interest and shows the wonderful progress made by Iowa:

	United States Per Cent	Iowa Per Cent
Hogs		
Berkshire	9.3	2.7
Cheshire	.3	.3
Chester White	10.7	15.4
Duroc Jersey	34.2	40.1
Hampshire	3.9	5.6
Yorkshire	.6	.6
Poland China	27.9	30.7
Tamworth	.7	1.0
Razorback	4.2	.1
Others	2.7	1.3
Nondescript	5.6	2.2
Cattle		
Aberdeen Angus	3.6	11.7
Ayreshire	.6	.2
Brown Swiss	.3	.2
Devons	.3	.2
Dutch Belted	.2	.1
Galloway	.8	1.2
Guernsey	2.9	1.7
Hereford	21.0	29.6
Holstein	16.2	6.9
Jersey	14.0	4.1
Polled Durham	1.5	1.3
Red Poland	2.6	1.8
Shorthorn (Durham)	22.6	43.9
Others	3.1	1.8
Nondescript	10.3	4.3
Sheep		
Cheviot	.3	.3
Cotswold	7.2	9.1
Dorset	.7	.4
Hampshire	.3	.3
Leister	.3	.3
Lincoln	3.8	1.8
Merino	25.4	7.7
Oxforddown	1.9	3.2
Rambouillet	13.3	1.3
Shropshire	23.2	39.8
Southdown	6.1	4.2
Tunis	.1	....
Others	3.5	3.0
Nondescript	8.1	4.2

The land boom in Iowa was part of a general increase thruout the United States during the past year, amounting to 21 per cent. The increase was more extreme in Iowa than elsewhere, averaging $63 an acre, or 32 per cent from March, 1919, to March, 1920. While there were a few sales at unusually high prices, less than 5 per cent were at $400 an acre or more. Contrary to general belief, probably less than 10 per cent of all farms changed hands during the boom. About 25 per cent of the farms for which figures were obtained were sold twice during the boom, 4.7 per cent three times, 2.1 per cent four times or more.

For the second time this year, county treaurer of Muscatine county finds a shortage of automobile license plates staring him in the face. After being out of them for more than two months, the treasurer received a consignment of three hundred some time ago. But ten pairs remain, however, and this will only be sufficient to last him the week, as new cars are being registered at the rate of about five a day. The county now has in excess of four thousand autos and motor trucks.

Iowans will pay $80,495,235.92 in city, county and state taxes of all kinds this years on the 1919 levy. This will be $14,913,070.32 more than was collected for state taxes of all kinds in 1919 on the 1918 levy. The taxes to be collected this year for the 1919 levy are nearly three times as large as the 1910 collections. In 1910 the taxes, city, county and state, were $31,959,328.07. The 1919 levy to be collected this year is, therefore, $48,535,907.85 in excess of the 1910 figure.

Members of the Polk County Farm Bureau are experimenting with various kinds of fertilizers. A car of acid phosphate has been received at Mitchellville, bought by several farmers living in that vicinity. Most of this is to be used on corn in order to secure a little earlier maturity and finish. Some interesting data should be the result of the use of the phosphate, as this is the first time it has been used to any extent in this country.

Regardless of how long an army or navy service man's war risk insurance has lapsed, or been cancelled, and regardless of how long he has been discharged from service, a special ruling, just received, permits him to reinstate it at any time bofere July 1, 1920, upon application and payment of only two monthly premiums on the amount of insurance he wishes to reinstate, together with a satisfactory statement of health.

There has been much loss in Iowa this spring from scouring of young pigs on different farms. Muddy wet and filthy pens, with scouring feed is unclean, open troughs, kills many pigs each year. Some of this could be prevented by remembering that the big problem after farrowing is to keep the pigs healthy and strong and to do th... must have plenty of exerci... all, do not let ... with every young

HOMER IN DISTRESS

MAYOR OF FLOODED CITY APPEALS FOR ASSISTANCE.

MANY FAMILIES DESTITUTE

Fear Epidemic of Typhoid Unless Filth Is Cleared Away Soon.—People Lost Everything.

Homer, Neb.—Mayor W. Allen has sent an appeal to Governor McKelvie for funds to aid in clearing the city of the filth deposited by the flood last week and to aid in moving back onto their foundations and making habitable twenty-five homes that were moved by the floods.

Every man and team available here and many from Hubbard and Emerson and other nearby towns are aiding in the work of removing the debris, but they have made little more than a mark. Hundreds of men and teams are needed if an epidemic of typhoid is to be avoided. Scores of dead animals are buried under driftwood and mud, and are already beginning to decay.

The local Red Cross chapter has already expended the $3,300 it had on hand in the purchase of food and clothing. Hot meals are being served three times a day to workers cleaning the streets and to persons rendered destitute by the flood. Additional funds may be called for, but for the present the local chapter is doing all it is possible to do.

More than 450 of the town's 750 citizens lost practically everything they had, according to Mayor Allen.

"We have about fifty families that are practically destitute," said Mayor Allen. "There are twenty-five homes off their foundations, and about fifty in which the mud and water stands four feet deep.

"It is to get these homes put back and refurnished to some degree that we are trying to get help from the governor. I don't know just what he can do."

Food for the residents of Homer is brought in by truck and train from Sioux City. The Burlington is sending a relief train daily and about five trucks of supplies arrive daily.

The food is purchased by the business men of Homer. Those who are able to pay do so, but everybody is being taken care of.

Biggest Fighting Ship Launched.

New York.—The superdreadnought Tennessee, biggest and most formidable fighting ship afloat, was launched at the New York navy yard with appropriate ceremony.

Constructed here at a cost of $20,000,000, the Tennessee represents the last word in battleship architecture. She is 625 feet long, has a beam of 98 feet and a displacement of 32,500 tons. She is the next thing to a pleasure yacht in the comfort of her appointments for officers and men, and it is the first battleship to recruit her entire personnel from the state from which she takes her name.

Non-Partisans Egged.

Topeka, Kan.—Three Non-partisan league officials, their clothing bespattered with eggs, attempted to tell state officials here how they had been driven from Ellinwood by men dressed in soldier's uniforms.

The men, Walter Thomas Mills, national organizer; J. O. Stevic, Topeka state organizer, and M. L. Amos, Ellsworth editor, said that they were attending a farmers' picnic when men in soldier's uniforms escorted them from the ground, later throwing eggs at them and placing them in a stockyards. They were referred to local peace officers.

Wheat Control at An End.

Washington, D. C.—Federal control of wheat and wheat products ended June 1, the wheat director ceasing to function under the limitation of the law creating his office and the food administration control ending by proclamation of President Wilson. This means the passing of the government guarantee of $2.20 a bushel for wheat established during the war as a means of stimulating production. As soon as some remaining contracts are carried out by the United States Grain corporation, that body will turn over its finances to the treasury department.

Japan Can Furnish Sugar.

Seattle, Wash.—Japanese centrifugal sugar can be laid down in Seattle for approximately $17 a hundred pounds, according to information received from Kobe by a Seattle importing company recently. The information said between 80,000 and 90,000 tons are available for export. Another firm announced that 55,000 tons of Japanese, Formosa and Javanese sugar would be shipped direct to New York and about 5,000 tons to San Francisco.

New Typographical Union Head.

Indianapolis, Ind.—John McParland, a member of local No. 6, New York city, was elected president of the International Typographical union, defeating Marsden G. Scott, who sought reelection.

$40,000 For Farm Bureau.

Chicago, Ill.—A bureau of education with a budget of $40,000 to get farmers' problems before the people of the country was authorized here by the executive committee of the American farm bureau federation.

CAN'T REFER LAW TO PEOPLE

Supreme Court Rules Legislatures Have Final Word in Constitutional Prohibition Act.

Washington, D. C.—The federal supreme court held that federal constitutional amendments cannot be submitted for ratification to a referendum vote in the states having referendum provisions in their constitutions.

The court's opinion was rendered in a case appealed from Ohio, in which the Ohio supreme court had held that ratification of the prohibitory amendment was a proper subject for action of the state referendum. The decision affects pending referendums on both the woman suffrage and prohibition amendments in several states.

In Nebraska a case is pending before the state supreme court in which John H. Hopkins of Omaha and other petitioners sought to submit the prohibition ratification to a referendum. Under the new ruling of the federal supreme court, the Nebraska court must either rule against the referendum or face the prospect of reversal on appeal to the federal courts.

The Lancaster county district court upheld the Nebraska referendum on the theory that the voters of the state, under the referendum law, have succeeded the legislature as the final law-making authority. The federal court held that when the federal constitution provided for ratification of federal amendments by the "legislatures" it meant the body commonly known as the legislature, not the people themselves.

The question of whether or not the prohibitory amendment is valid was not decided by the court.

REJECT WILSON'S PLEA.

Senate Turns Down Request for Mandate Over Armenia By 2 to 1 Vote.

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson's plea for an American mandate over Armenia was rejected in the senate by a vote of more than 2 to 1.

Thirteen democrats cast their votes with the united republican membership on the final rollcall and the resolution "respectfully declining" to grant congressional authority for the mandate, was adopted 52 to 23 in the form drafted by the republican leaders.

Democratic leaders counseled delay and tried in vain to put the decision over until the next session of congress. Scarcely a voice was raised in out-and-out advocacy of accepting the mandate and on motion to amend the resolution so that the requested authority be given, only 13 senators, all democrats, voted in the affirmative. Recorded against the motion were 23 democrats and 39 republicans.

Would Buy Bohemia's Sugar.

New York.—The United States should purchase all the sugar available for export in Czecho-Slovakia, to give that country the credit needed to purchase phosphates to fertilize its sugar crops, and at the same time to "break the Cubans' hold on America," Irving Schwartz, an importer, testified here before the joint legislative committee investigating profiteering. Results of the purchase of Czecho-Slovakia's sugar would reduce the price here of the commodity, Mr. Schwartz said.

Cole and Grammer Reprieved.

Lincoln, Neb.—For the thirteenth time, stay of execution has been granted to Anson V. Cole and Allen Grammer, convicted Howard county murderers, by Governor McKelvie, it was announced here, pending hearings in the federal circuit courts.

The latest date set for their execution, the fourteenth date which has been fixed, is Friday, July 9.

Further News Print Advance.

Montreal.—An advance in the export price of news print paper from $90 a ton to $110 for the three months beginning July 1, to be followed by an advance to $130 is shown in the schedule of the Canadian Export Paper company, limited, issued here. The price will be increased one cent a pound July 1 to 5½ cents a pound, mill, and on October 1, to 6½ cents a pound, mill.

Repeal War Legislation.

Washington, D. C.—Before adjourning last Saturday, both branches of congress adopted a joint resolution repealing war legislation with the exception of the Lever food control act and the trading with the enemy act.

Flood in England.

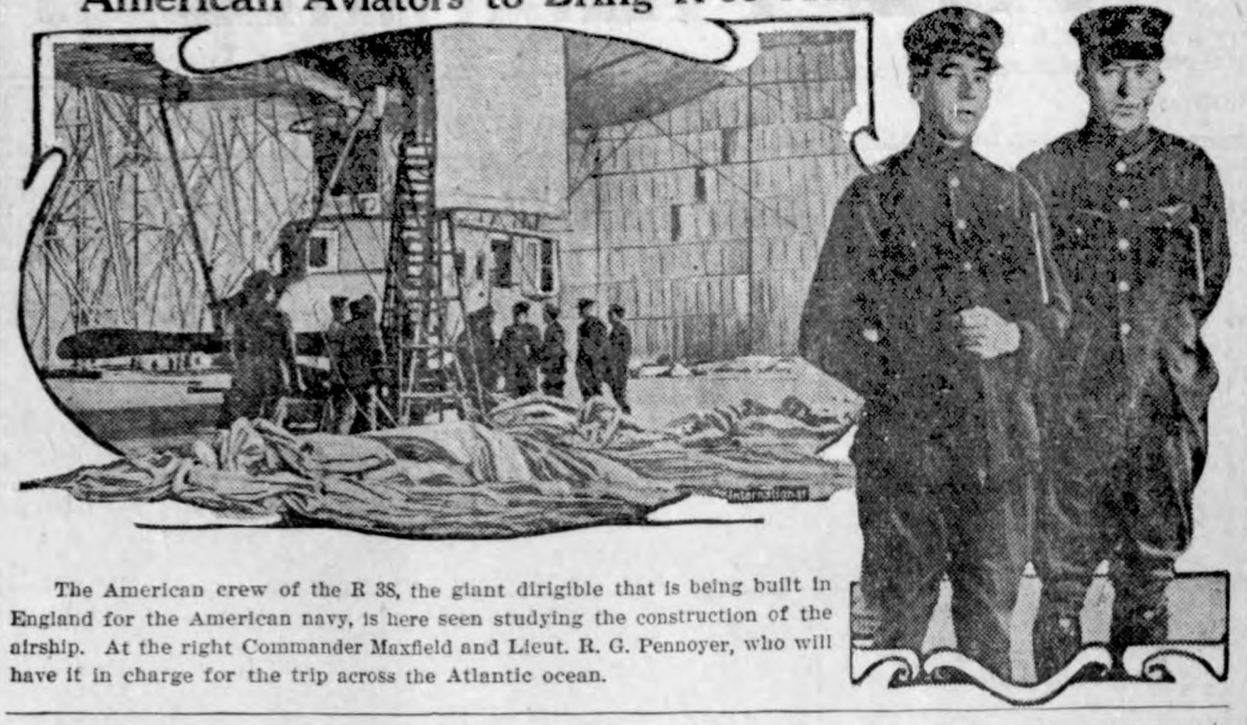
Louth, England. — Twenty-seven bodies of those who lost their lives in the sudden overflow of the River Lud have been recovered, and many persons are missing. Unofficial estimates still place the death roll at about fifty.

At least fifty houses were washed away and 1,000 others damaged. Upward of 1,000 persons have been made homeless. The damage is variously estimated up to $250,000. The waters of the river have subsided.

Wilson Vetoes Budget Bill.

Washington, D. C.—The bill to establish a national budget system was vetoed by President Wilson. The measure was held by the president to be unconstitutional because it took from the chief executive the power to remove the comptroller general and the assistant comptroller general, officers who would be appointed by him with the advice and consent of the senate. The president said he returned the measure without his approval with the "greatest regret," because he was "in entire sympathy with its objects."

American Aviators to Bring R-38 Across the Atlantic



The American crew of the R 38, the giant dirigible that is being built in England for the American navy, is here seen studying the construction of the airship. At the right Commander Maxfield and Lieut. R. G. Pennoyer, who will have it in charge for the trip across the Atlantic ocean.

Woman Seeks Sunken Riches

Salvages Cargoes From Vessels That Have Gone Down in Great Lakes.

DIVER GAVE HER THE IDEA

Mrs. Margaret Campbell Goodman Has Recovered Fortunes From Wrecks on Floors of Inland Seas.

Cleveland.—Mrs. Margaret Campbell Goodman, the only woman salvager in the world, has regained a fortune which went down with the steamer Pewabic, in Lake Huron, 55 years ago. Succeeding where many men had failed, Mrs. Goodman has broadened her scope of work until she now has contracts to raise sunken fortunes in almost every sea.

Mrs. Goodman spent her early life in Mount Pleasant, Mich., and after her school days she went to Toledo, O., her present home. There she became interested in diving suits, after witnessing an exhibition of deep-sea diving in which the diver went down 361 feet, remaining under water for 45 minutes.

Treasure on Sea Bottom.

This feat of deep-sea diving convinced her that scouring the floor of the sea for sunken treasures would be a profitable business. Remembering the loss of the Pewabic, Mrs. Goodman, after much discouragement, formed a stock company. She went to Alpena, Mich., and found Capt. John Persons, who had stood with his father, keeper of the lighthouse in Thunder Bay, and watched the ship founder.

Later, Mrs. Goodman located George P. McKay, the captain of the Pewabic. Captain McKay was living in Cleveland and showed Mrs. Goodman the manifest of the lost vessel. It showed that the Pewabic carried in her hold tons of copper, worth $200,000 or more, and several hundred tons of pig iron. In the ship's express box was $50,000 of "shin plasters."

The work of searching for the Pewabic was begun in 1916. In the first season's work, the divers took out 100 tons of copper and 100 tons of pig iron. Many interesting relics were discovered which, when possible, were forwarded to the relatives of the sailors who had lost their lives a half century ago. When the treasure chest of the ship was brought to the surface, the "shin plasters" were found to be watersoaked and valueless.

Considerable work was done in 1917, until the needs of the government, at war with the central powers, called a halt to all salvaging operations.

To Salvage Cargo of Logs.

Mrs. Goodman's next contract is to salvage a schooner that sank in Lake Erie in 1864. She has a release from the owners and will begin work about July 1. This schooner carried a cargo of black walnut and white oak logs, chained to the deck, and Mrs. Goodman expects no difficulty in salvaging the cargo.

Formerly a newspaperwoman, Mrs. Goodman has made a success of a business which is as interesting as it is dangerous. She dislikes being described as a woman diver, because she has never gone under water herself, and she says she does not expect to do so unless for the purpose of increasing her own scientific knowledge.

"FATHER OF VICTORY"

This bust of Clemenceau has been named "Father of Victory" by the sculptor, Fallez, a famous French artist.

2,000 POLES WEEKLY TO U. S.

Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society Opens Branch Office in Warsaw.

Warsaw, Poland. — Arrangements have been completed for the transportation of 2,000 persons weekly from Poland to the United States by the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, which recently opened offices in Warsaw. The Polish authorities estimate that 250,000 persons already have applied for passports, about 95 per cent of these being women and children, dependents of persons now in America.

Deserter Lives Long in Cave

Ohio Youth Fears Firing Squad Because of Visit to Family.

GIVES UP AFTER TWO YEARS

Hides in Hills, Feeds on Herbs and Wild Berries and Such Scanty Food as His Wife Got to Him.

Chillicothe, O.—Stories of how a neighbor deserter from the Union army during the Civil war had been brought to bay in a nearby village by a United States marshal and shot, brought visions of a similar fate to Carl Amerine and impelled him to hide in the hills almost two years rather than face a firing squad at Camp Sherman.

Amerine, drafted into the army, left a wife and two-year old babe at home, in the quiet, picturesque hills. He could neither read nor write and the largest village visited in his 24 years had numbered less than a thousand inhabitants. The bustling thousands at the camp, military restraint and customs weighed heavily on him and an impelling desire to see his wife and baby boy led him to quit camp to see them without obtaining permission.

Fears Firing Squad.

At home, his father, a tottering veteran of the Civil war, told him he was a deserter. Visions of the firing squad flashed through his mind. Kissing his wife and baby good-by he took to the rugged hills.

There Amerine found a cave in which he slept most of the time, venturing forth only at night and at times during the day when there was little chance of being seen. His only fare was such scanty food as his wife could get to him, herbs and wild berries gathered from the woods and fields, and such wild game as he could catch. The cave in which he lived is said to be large enough for only one person, and could have been defended against many. So closely did he watch all approaches to his hiding place that until a few days ago he had been seen by no one except his wife and a brother-in-law.

Military authorities had abandoned the search for Amerine. Three weeks ago an attorney friend of the family became interested and implored the wife to have her husband return and give himself up. She steadfastly held that her husband would be shot if captured and refused to have him return.

Clarence Stone of Adelphi managed to get word to the youth last week that his was not a case of desertion, and there was no danger of a firing squad. Amerine cautiously left his hiding place, and visited Stone's home, where they went over the situation. He agreed to give himself up.

Amerine again went to Stone's home. His wife brought his uniform, which she had preserved for him and had neatly pressed for the occasion. With Stone and an attorney, Amerine went to Camp Sherman and surrendered to the adjutant. He made no comment except to express himself as being well pleased that "it is all over."

"SEE AMERICA FIRST"

Conditions in Europe Not Attractive to Tourists.

Poor Hotel Accommodations and Scarcity of Food Keep Americans at Home.

Washington.—Sponsors of "See America First" ideas will find consolation in the stories reaching the United States of conditions in Europe which tend to discourage "going abroad" this year. One of the big obstacles to tourists of foreign lands is the lack of transportation facilities. Throughout the continent rolling stock is at a premium and passenger service is badly crippled.

While conditions in France and England are not pleasant for the tourist, eastern and southern Poland and parts of Germany are even less attractive. Typhoid fever and spotted fever have come over the borders of Soviet Russia into Poland, and the food situation adds to the distress there.

Tourists to Europe this summer will find that they did not leave high prices at home, for the Europeans have boosted the prices of nearly everything which is to be sold to American tourists. This is most noticeable in Germany, where the practice of discriminating against Americans is rampant. Much of the same discrimination exists in England and France, although the governments are doing everything to check it.

For many months Europe has suffered from the effects of the unfavorable rate of foreign exchange in endeavoring to buy commodities in the United States, and the American tourist is now paying some of that deficit.

The use of springs is done away with in a new cord operated device for opening and closing transoms, windows or shutters.

Well, He or the Hen Deserves a Medal

Los Angeles.—Edward Schaffer of Broadway, Venice, has one hen in his flock of eight that has distinguished herself. She is a Plymouth Rock, 2 years old. During the past two weeks she has laid fourteen eggs, not one of which weighed less than six ounces nor measured less than eight and three-quarters inches around. Schaffer says there is no doubt that it has been the same hen in each instance, for each egg bears a trademark which consists of two pronounced elevated rings around one end of the egg.

More Power to the Tractor.

Danville, Ky.—What the tractor has done for transportation was shown here when 46,000 shingles were hauled away in one load. It was probably the largest load of shingles ever shipped except by boat or train.

PALMER IS BLAMED

HOUSE BODY REPORTS ON SUGAR INVESTIGATION.

EXCEEDED POWER OF OFFICE

Asserts Maximum Price Fixed for Louisiana Crop Greater Than Quotations On Open Market.

Washington, D. C.—The sugar investigating committee, in a majority report presented to congress, declared that Attorney General Palmer had used his power as chief prosecuting officer of the government for the purpose of fixing maximum selling prices of sugar in Louisiana, and in so doing acted wholly without authority of law and in violation of his own construction of his official duty.

The report charged that the legalistic method adopted by the attorney general was wholly ineffective as a means of price control, and that it gave apparent governmental sanction to extremely high sugar prices, which excited the cupidity of Cuban producers and caused an advance in the Cuban market.

There were eight findings in the majority report, the resolution introduced by Representative Tinkham, republican, Massachusetts, calling for an investigation, concluding the committee inquiry to Louisiana transactions.

The attorney general was advised in October, 1919, the majority held, that excesive prices were being charged by Louisiana producers, and he directed United States Attorney Mooney to make every effort to reach an agreement with producers and refiners to establish a fair price for the new crop. After conferences with a committee representing producers, the report added, Mr. Mooney obtained an agreement with them not to sell over 17 and 18 cents. At that time, the report set forth, sugar was selling in the open market at New Orleans from 15 to 20 cents.

Declaring that the Louisiana crop was small, with a big demand, the majority charged that "certain producers in Louisiana obtained grossly excessive profits," as evidenced, it said, by the statement of Mr. Mooney that he was satisfied from his investigation that at 15 cents some producers would be making good profit, "and at 17 cents would be making a very large profit."

The majority report declared that while the attorney general considered 17 cents "unreasonable" and "rather high," he concurred "in making maximum prices of 17 and 18 cents," and instructed Mooney "to immediately prosecute any violator of this agreed price."

There were no prosecutions, the majority report said.

AMERICAN CAR VICTOR.

Chevrolet, Driving Automobile Made in This Country, Wins Race.

Indianapolis, Ind.—In the most spectacular finish witnessed on that Indianapolis speedway, Gaston Chevrolet, driving an American designed car, rode to victory in the eight renewal of the 500-mile automobile race May 30, before a record-breaking crowd of 125,000. His time was 5:40:16.14, an average of 88.16 miles an hour, the second best in the history of the event.

In addition to winning $20,000 first prize, Chevrolet also won approximately $5,500 more in lap prize competition and cash prizes offered by accessory firms. Rene Thomas got second place, covering the distance in 5:43:02.20. His average was 87.4 miles an hour. Tommy Milton was third and Jimmy Murphy of the Los Angeles speedway race, four.

All thrills came in the last three miles, when Ralph De Palma, the favorite, with a lead of ten miles, seemed certain of winning. But with victory within grasp, his car burst into flames and he was out of the race for a time, finally finishing fifth. Boyer, who led the first 250 miles, was put out of the race when his car skidded, overturned and crashed into a brick retaining wall. Neither Boyer nor his mechanician was seriously injured. No serious accidents marred the race, said to have been the greatest ever held on this speedway.

Frank L. Polk Resigns.

Washingto, D. C.—Under Secretary of State Frank L. Polk has tendered his resignation, which President Wilson has accepted.

Ditch Saves Nebraska Town.

Pender, Neb.—The heaviest rain in several years occurred here May 31, the total precipitation being 5½ inches. Logan river, the Pender drainage ditch and Rattlesnake creek all overflowed and the low land lying north and east of town were inundated. Considerable damage was done to crops and newly planted corn was badly washed, necessitating replanting. The drainage ditch constructed two years ago has again saved the town from one of the old time floods.

Two Cars Sugar Destroyed.

Cedar Rapids, Ia.—Two carloads of sugar and other merchandise valued at $100,000 were destroyed when an extra Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul freight train was derailed at Newhall.

Fearful of Bubonic Plague.

Mexico City.—All traffic by rail and steamship with Vera Cruz, except that over the railway to Jalapa, has been ordered suspended by the department of health of the city because of the presence of bubonic plague, says dispatches of newspapers here.

DAIRY HINTS

L-FED COW MAKES PROFIT

man Should See First of All That imal Has Necessary Material to Make Milk.

ecords of cow-testing associations show that it is the well-fed cow makes the profit. Often the man is keeping ten cows would make profit," says C. H. Eckles, chief e dairy division at University . "If he sold two or three of the st and gave all the feed to the s.

wners should see, first of all," Doctor Eckles, "that the dairy has the necessary raw material which to make milk. It requires g experience for some cattle own- o realize that it pays to feed a well. The fact is that the dairy is a milk factory and, like all fac- s, requires considerable of what illed in connection with business rprises 'overhead charges.'

he cow first takes out enough the ration to maintain her body, this is about the same whether s milking heavy or giving only a pounds. She can produce milk with that part of her ration that receives above what is required upport life. A cow of medium ity uses at least half of a full ra- to support her body, and the d half of her ration is the only she can use to produce milk. If does not receive a full ration, she the only thing possible to do— the milk flow to fit the feed."

ST FEEDS FOR DAIRY COW

d General Guide Is to Give All Roughage Animals Will Eat and Then Some Grain.

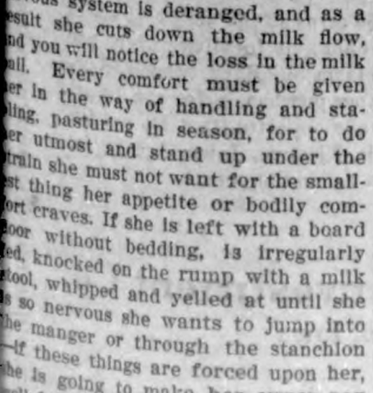
he feeds for dairy cows may be ded into two classes, roughages concentrates, says Prof. A. C. r of the department of dairying of ahoma A. and M. college, Stillwa- Silage and alfalfa hay, cane hay prairie hay are all rough feeds contain, with the exception of al- a hay, only a small amount of pro- . Some grains, and especially se containing a high protein con- t, should be fed. The cheapest pro- feeds are cottonseed meal and neal.

good general rule which can be d as a guide for feeding dairy cows o feed all the roughage the cows l eat and then feed the grain mix- e according to the milk flow, feed- Jersey cows one-third as many nds of grain per day as the cow s milk per day. Holstein cows, if one-fourth as many pounds of in as milk produced per day, will ally keep in full milk flow on this ount of grain.

W-GRADE COWS DON'T PAY

Profit in Raising Scrub Stock of Any Kind, Says Department of Agriculture.

t doesn't pay to grow low-grade or ub stock of any kind. This state- nt is made by the United States de- rtment of agriculture in connection th a series of tests on efficiency in rm management in the South. On 9 dairy farms it was found that 48



Typical "Piney Woods" Cow—Scrub.

rms receiving $50 and less income r cow had labor incomes 45 per cent low the general average. On the her hand, the 28 farms with re- ipts per cow of more than $120 had bor incomes 75 per cent above the erage and were the most profitable the group. The quality of the live ock kept is one of the 16 points out- ned by the department to be tested determining the efficiency of farm anagement. Full information con- rning the tests is embodied in a new rcular of the department.

URNISH COMFORT FOR COWS

nimal Must Be Treated Gently or Nervous System Is Deranged and Milk Flow Lowered.

The making of milk is a complex rocess for the cow, and while she is oing forward with it from day to ay she must be gently treated, or her ervous system is deranged, and as a esult she cuts down the milk flow, nd you will notice the loss in the milk ail. Every comfort must be given er in the way of handling and sta- ling, pasturing in season, for to do er utmost and stand up under the train she must not want for the small- st thing her appetite or bodily com- ort craves. If she is left with a board oor without bedding, is irregularly ed, knocked on the rump with a milk tool, whipped and yelled at until she s so nervous she wants to jump into he manger or through the stanchion —if these things are forced upon her, he is going to make her owner pay ell for the privilege he enjoys.

BETTER CORN YIELDS MAY BE OBTAINED BY CULTIVATING PROMPTLY WHEN NEEDED

This Arrangement Requires the Labor of Two Men.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Farm labor is scarce this year, and yields are likely to suffer unless available labor is utilized to the best advantage.

Unnecessary or misdirected cultivation is always a serious waste, but it is particularly so when man power is not adequate to crop requirements.

Make all labor count at full value. In cultivating the corn crop, say specialists, use a two-row cultivator if possible. It consumes only half as much man labor as a one-row cultivator and only one-fourth as much as the half-row cultivator or double shovel.

Cultivate when cultivation is needed, but refrain when it is not needed. Cultivation may be a waste of time or actually injurious under certain conditions. Cultivation by a hard-and-fast rule is likely to do more harm than good. Government corn specialists

The Same Ground Is Covered by This Arrangement and One Man Is Released for Other Work.

give the following general principles as to time and manner of cultivating corn:

Cultivation Has Three Objects.

There are three main purposes of cultivation—to store moisture, to destroy weeds, to warm the soil.

Keep the soil surface loose and open. This will let the rain soak in quickly and reduce waste. In fair weather it will prevent the subsoil from drying out. A properly cultivated surface soil will send moisture, laden with plant food, up through the corn roots and stalks to make ears.

Every weed in a cornfield is an enemy. It drinks up moisture and consumes plant food that should go to make corn kernels instead of weed seed. Destroy weeds when they appear. Attack them, if possible, in fair weather. You will then have the sun as a powerful ally.

Evaporation of moisture lowers temperature. A wet, evaporating soil surface is cold. A dry soil surface is warm. A loose soil surface dries quickly and the blanket of loose, dry soil then checks evaporation, drinks in sunshine, and becomes warm.

Watch your soil—its condition should determine when to cultivate. Do not let cracks form. They are holes through which valuable moisture escapes. Do not cultivate when your ground is dry or wet enough to form large clods. Clods tie up plant food so that the corn roots cannot use it.

Watch Soil and Plants.

Do not waste cultivation. Cultivation may be actually injurious when your soil is so dry and hard as to break into large dry clods.

Failure to cultivate promptly when it is needed to prevent the soil from becoming cracked, hard, or weedy will materially lessen the corn yield.

In addition to watching the soil, watch the plants. Their progress determines how you should cultivate.

While the plants are small, cultivate as deeply as the condition of the soil makes necessary. If your seed bed was not well prepared before planting, deep cultivation when the corn is small is desirable. Get your soil into open condition so that the corn roots can reach out for food.

After the plants become a foot high, shallow cultivation only should be given. The roots have spread out close under the surface of the soil and would be injured by deep cultivation. Never cultivate deeply close to corn plants after they are a foot high. Such cultivation will break feeding roots and cause injury to the plants.

Conserve Labor and Land.

Corn is the main support of the nation. Grown in every state of the Union, it exceeds any other crop in acreage, production, value, and multiplicity of uses.

When land and labor were abundant, production could be increased to meet increasing demands by planting more acres to corn. But the demand for corn is still increasing while available labor is decreasing. The only way to increase production is to make each acre yield more bushels of corn.

The average yield of corn per acre in the United States is about 27 bushels. With good seed, fair soil, and timely, careful cultivation, the yield can be doubled, the specialists say. That may be too much to strive for this year, but proper methods should enable you to obtain, with limited labor, as good yields as you formerly grew—unless, of course, you have always followed the best cultural methods.

MARKET REPORTS BY WIRE HELP FARMERS

Information Given Out by Government at Small Expense.

List of Telegraph Stations, Together With Other Valuable Information Will Be Sent to Those Desiring the Service.

Anyone desiring to secure market information issued by the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, more quickly than is possible through the mails may have all or a part of any report sent by telegraph, charges collect, from the nearest stations maintained by the bureau. A list of these stations, together with a blank for entering the details of the desired telegraphic service will be furnished upon application to the United States department of agriculture.

Some of the phrases used in these reports may require explanation.

"Market excited," represents a condition of uncertainty and a decided bullish tendency on the part of the seller.

"Market stronger," represents a condition of increasing confidence on the part of the seller, with the likelihood that the present demand will consume present supplies.

"Market strong." This represents a condition of firm confidence on the part of the seller. There may be a good demand and supplies may be relatively light, so that the seller is likely to stiffen the price at the first opportunity.

"Market active." This represents a condition of quick sale, good demand, and a generally healthy condition. There may be no decided change in prices, although it often indicates an upward trend.

"Market firm." This represents a condition of strong confidence in general conditions, resulting often in the strengthening of a price range, but seldom in actual price advances.

"Market steady." This represents a normal movement, with steady, consistent trading showing no decided price changes one way or the other.

"Market unsettled." This represents a condition of uncertainty on the part of sellers and usually indicates a weaker tendency.

"Market dull." Represents light trading and suggests a condition of uncertainty and possible depression.

"Market weak." This may be used in describing a condition of actual price decline, with the possibility of further decline, and represents a decided lack of confidence on the part of the seller.

"Market demoralized." This term is to be used only in very unusual cases and represents a condition when stock can not be moved at any price.

As used in the official market news reports, "market" represents the views of the seller and "demand" those of the buyer.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Humus makes soil darker in color.

* * *

A farm is known by the fences it keeps.

* * *

Saving labor is as important as saving money.

* * *

Poultry and eggs make excellent creamery sidelines.

* * *

Cowpeas are a warm-weather crop which does splendidly on sandy soils.

LIVE STOCK

HIGH-CLASS HORSES NEEDED

No Provision Made for Future by Many Farmers Who Are Using Up Their Work Stock.

The thing most needed in the production of work horses for American farms is greater care in the selection of the stallion and the brood mare, say animal husbandry experts of the United States department of agriculture, who have been studying the present situation with respect to horses. Not only was there a net decrease of approximately 373,000 in the number of horses on farms on January 1, compared with a year ago, but the experts are of the opinion that there has been an even more marked decrease in the number of mares bred during 1919. The extent of this decrease cannot be accurately determined until the colt crop of 1920 is estimated. However, if the decline in breeding is as great as conditions now indicate, the country will be confronted with a seriously depleted supply of good horses within the next few years.

General Gates, a Morgan Stallion in Use at the Morgan Farm, Middlebury, Vt.

Many farmers are using up their work stock without making any provision for the future. Such a policy is short-sighted and will have serious results, according to department of agriculture representatives. The present need is to increase the percentage of efficient horses by careful selection of parents. One of the principal factors from which the market is suffering is the breeding of too many low-grade work animals. There is a strong demand for high-class horses, at good prices, the department says.

TUBERCULOSIS RAVAGES BIG

Information Shows That 59,547 Carcasses of Cattle Were Condemned on Inspection.

Tuberculosis was responsible for the condemnation of more cattle, slaughtered under federal meat inspection last year, than all other diseases combined. Information from the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture, shows that 59,547 carcasses of cattle were condemned on post-morten inspection and of that number 37,600 were the result of tuberculosis. In addition 53,652 parts of cattle carcasses were condemned for the same cause.

The bureau points out that tuberculosis in cattle and hog cholera in swine are the two most serious contagious diseases affecting meat animals, and there is evidence that a heavy loss occurs on farms in addition to condemnations at establishments where government inspection is maintained. The department of agriculture is prepared to give information on the best methods of reducing the losses.

MORE HOGS WERE IMMUNIZED

Chief Purpose of Inspection Is to Permit Reshipment to Farms and Feed Yards.

An outstanding feature of federal activities for the control of hog cholera during the last year was the great increase in the number of swine immunized so that they might be distributed from public stockyards for purposes other than slaughter. The last report of the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture, gives the number of feed hogs immunized as 614,673. This is a large increase over the preceding year. The chief purpose of the inspection and inoculation is to permit reshipment to farms and feeding yards for further growth or fattening without danger to herds in which they are introduced.

SHEEP DOGS IN QUARANTINE

Examination Showed Many of Imported Animals Were Infested With Various Parasites.

Because of the danger to live stock, especially sheep, of the gid tapeworm, imported sheep dogs are subjected to federal quarantine. Sheep dogs have been found to harbor that parasite. During the last fiscal year representatives of the United States department of agriculture examined 131 imported sheep dogs for the presence of parasites transmitted to live stock, and 69 were found to be infested with parasites of various kinds. Twenty-two showed the presence of tapeworms, and one of the tapeworms expelled by treatment proved to be of the dangerous gid variety.

LOVE AFFAIRS OF ROYALTY

Monarchs and Princes of Britain Figure Conspicuously in the Annals of Gallantry.

There is a great deal of talk to the effect that the prince of Wales will be allowed to follow the dictates of his heart in the matter of marriage, even if the lady he should choose be not of royal blood, remarks the Montreal Family Herald.

The rule requiring that royalty wed with royalty is not as old as is sometimes thought, for it was only in the time of George III. that the Royal Marriage act was passed. George III. himself made the daughter of a linen draper his wife, though she never was his queen.

In olden times, of course, the king married to cement an alliance with some foreign country, but happily there is no need for that form of diplomacy in these modern times.

Henry VIII.—"bluff King Hal"—once declared, "Where my heart goeth, there shall my hand be bestowed," and followed this up by wooing and eventually winning Anne Boleyn, the daughter of a knight and the descendant of a London apprentice. Very passionate was his wooing of his "own sweetheart."

The day after poor Anne's head fell under the executioner's axe on Tower green, he was standing at the altar with Jane Seymour, another knight's daughter, who became the mother of our sixth Edward.

When he was prince of Wales George IV. fell in love with Mrs. Fitzherbert, a beautiful widow. He was very ardent in his wooing, and the lady led him a pretty dance before she finally yielded and allowed him to make her his wife.

There is a charming frankness in her letters to her royal lover, in one of which she writes, in answer to a request to meet the prince after leaving the ballroom: "'Meet you!' What, you?—the prince of Wales, whose character in the annals of gallantry is too well known for me to suppose that after such a meeting I should have any character at all!"—London Telegraph.

Japanese Arts Being Forgotten.

A Japanese contributor to the Japan Advertiser has the following note on the forgotten arts of his country: "All the polite arts and accomplishments are in a bad way. How many middle school boys of today know how to drink tea in the forms of the tea ceremony? Flower arrangement is being fast forgotten. Versification, which once was one of the commonest acquirments of youths, is a hopeless mystery to the people of Taisho. The word politeness is not to be found in their lexicon. When at home they read cheap story magazines, and when going out they put themselves at the tender mercies of jammed tramcars. So they wax ever more dwarfed and penguin-footed, both physically and mentally. And the love of nature, of art and poetry, which was such a distinguished characteristic of the Yamato race is being quickly replaced by the love of money and accumulation."

Object Lessons in Fuel Saving.

The moving pictures are to be made use of as a means of educating people in the manner of making the most efficient use of fuel. Several 50-minute films have been made, showing good and bad operation in steam boiler plants, methods of testing boilers, and the like. These pictures will be available to each state in connection with its educational propaganda to conserve the fuel supply. A series of official bulletins on engineering phases of steam and fuel economics also is being prepared. They will include boiler and furnace testing, fuel gas analysis, saving steam in heating systems, boiler-room accounting system, saving steam and fuel in industrial plants, burning fine sizes of anthracite, boiler water treatment, oil burning and stoker operation.

Great Game Farm Planned.

When the legislature passes a bill of acceptance, Louisiana will have a veritable empire of the wild, stretching along the gulf of Mexico seventy-five miles and comprising 500 square miles.

The property consists of Marsh island with 78,000 acres of land, purchased by Mrs. Russell Sage and given to the state as a game refuge, and a tract of 85,000 acres in Vermillion and Cameron parishes, given by the Rockefeller foundation.

Adjoining Marsh island is the present state game farm on land belonging to the McIlhenny interests of 60,000 acres. Lying between is what is known as the grand Chenier tract of 85,000 acres, which the state expects to acquire in the near future.

She Knew It.

When a young man in my late 'teens I picked up a little telegraphy from a friend of mine. One evening we attended a club dance and after having danced with a particularly poor dancer, I drummed on the arm of my chair for my friend's benefit, "poor dancer, stepped all over me." To my utter surprise and humiliation the girl sitting next to me turned and said quietly, "You needn't advertise the fact."—Chicago Tribune.

Reducing the Surplus.

"Equal suffrage is a serious matter in England where the number of women entitled to vote far exceeds that of the men."

"Oh, they have removed that danger."

"How so?"

"No woman can vote who will not acknowledge that she is not under thirty."

A LETTER FOR WOMEN

From a Woman Whose Serious Illness Was Overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Garnett, Kas.—"I first took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a complete nervous breakdown following the birth of my oldest child. I got up too soon which caused serious female trouble. I was so weak that I was not able to be on my feet but very little and could not do my housework at all. I had a bad pain in my left side and it would pain terribly if I stepped off a curb-stone. One day one of your booklets was thrown in the yard and I read every word in it. There were so many who had been helped by your medicine that I wanted to try it and my husband went to town and got me a bottle. It seemed as though I felt relief after the second dose, so I kept on until I had taken five bottles and by that time I was as well as I could wish. About a year later I gave birth to a ten pound boy, and have had two more children since and my health has been fine. If I ever have trouble of any kind I am going to take your medicine for I give it all the praise for my good health. I always recommend your medicine whenever I can."—Mrs. EVA E. SHAY, Garnett, Kansas.

German City Bonds

Frankfort 4%
Frankfort 5%
Cologne 4%
Hamburg 4½%

Spot Delivery of Bonds at Lowest Rates

Checks — Money Transmission
to all parts of Germany by mail or by cable

Inquire for prices and all other particulars

EMIL KISS
Banker
133 Second Ave., New York
Established 1898

Few Bricks Came From England.

The late George Alfred Townsend established beyond controvedsy that, while there may have been a few isolated instances of cargoes of bricks from England, not one colonial house in fifty, for which such claim is made, included English bricks in its composition.—From a letter in the Baltimore Sun.

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Womens' complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Finger-Prints in Babylon.

A group of valuable historic tablets from the excavations of the city of Babylon, bearing dates as far back as three and a half centuries before the Christian era, was recently secured. Several of the pieces carry the distinct prints of the fingers which molded them over 2,000 years ago.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

No Buried Trouble.

"Did you see where a man somewhere used a cemetery for making moonshine whisky and got raided?"

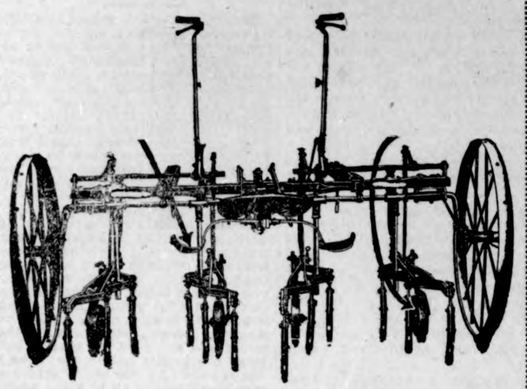
"In going there he certainly made a grave mistake."

Faint heart never won fair Ladyslipper.

Use MURINE Night and Morning and Keep Your Eyes Clean-Clear and Healthy

Write for Free Eye Care Book Murine Co. Chicago, U.S.A.

Save Time with A "Two-row"



Look Over Our Line of Cultivators

We especially call your attention to our 2-row corn cultivators--the great time savers, which also means money savers.

But, don t overlook the fact that we also have a fine bunch of single row machines. Cultivators are going fast this spring and if you intend to buy you better step lively as our supply will soon go. We have the

John Deere (2-row and single) ***LaCrosse*** (2-row)

International (single row)

Still have some MILLET SEED on hand.

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements **Klemme, Iowa**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

The Round Up

And Frontier Day Celebration

North Iowa Fair Grounds

Mason City, Iowa

June 16-17-18

The most thrilling, sensational unrehearsed performance ever attempted, more than a hundred cowboys, cowgirls, ranchers and wranglers, direct from the great ranches of the West, competing for thousands of dollars in cash prizes and championship honors, in bronco busting, steer roping, wild steer riding, Cowboy relay races, trick and fancy roping, rifle shooting, bareback bronc riding, Cowgirl bronc riding, trick riding, wild steer bulldogging and other Cowboy sports.

A THRILL A MINUTE!

100 wild horses direct from the open ranges of the west.
75 untamable man-hating unbreakable out-law bucking horses.
120 wild, vicious and dangerous longhorn Mexican steers.
90 roping, saddle and cowhorses trained by master riders.

Not a Wild West Show but a Real Western Contest

You have heard of Pendleton, Ore., and Cheyenne, Wyo. This is your opportunity to see the same kind of a contest that has made these cities famous.

For further information or seat reservations address:
Charles H. Barber, Secretary, North Iowa Fair, Mason City, Iowa

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

Local News!

H. Livrmore, of Garner, was in Klemme on business last Thursday.

Mr. John Bock went to Mason City Friday on business.

Mrs. Cordes of Goodell, was visiting here last Wednesday.

C. H. Tompkins, of Garner, was a business visitor here last Wednesday.

Mrs. P. N. Amblie of Belmond was a Klemme caller last Thursday.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Bachman on June 2nd.

Ye Editor and wife spent Sunday with relatives at Garner.

Bert Mathews was a Sunday visitor at Garner.

Ed Jacobs drove to Garner Sunday for a visit with his folks.

Clark Bredbenner and family were Mason City visitors Tuesday.

Miss Mable Starnes of Belmond, came Saturday for an over Sunday visit with Klemme friends.

Chas. Papousek, of Belmond, was in Klemme last Friday doing some electrical work.

Mrs. John Smith and daughter, Marie, from Goodell, were Klemme callers Saturday.

Gearald and Mildred McCullough spent Sunday with their folks at Garner.

Ben Lau came from Minneapolis last Friday for a visit with Klemme relatives and friends.

M. E. Peck and son, Mike, of Garner, were business callers in Klemme Monday.

Mrs. Geo. Ziele and daughter of Goodell, were Klemme shoppers last Wednesday.

Mrs. Dave Finn, two daughters and son, of Goodell, were Klemme visitors Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Martha Brass and daughter from Goodell, were Klemme visitors last Wednesday.

Mr. John Suurballe, candidate for County Treasurer, was a Klemme visitor last Wednesday.

Miss Clella McCullough came from Garner Friday evening for a visit with her sister and brother here.

Mrs. Ada Schaefer and daughter from Thornton, were Klemme visitors Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Sturgeon from Thornton, were here visiting Saturday.

Art Kuck was out at the river fishing Sunday and succeeded in landing about fifteen large carp.

Miss Hulda Johnson, of Mason City is spending a week visiting with Klemme relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Waterman and daughter Mabele, drove to Mason City Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Trumbels of Goodell, were Klemme visitors on Tuesday.

Chas. Yahnke and Henry Palmby from Minnesota, came Saturday and returned Tuesday after a visit here.

Mrs. Anna Anderson came from Garner last Wednesday noon and returned in the afternoon after a short visit with Klemme friends.

The Davis children of Mason City, are here staying at the Henry Freie home as their mother, Mrs. Fronie Davis, is ill.

Little Ersula Thomas has gone to Ames to spend the summer with her grandparents. Dr. and Mrs. Thomas took her there last week in the car.

Mrs. Clara Kirkwood left for Mason City Monday evening whee she will visit at the home of her sister for some time.

Miss Manilla Carlson left Monday for Ingram, Wis., where her parents now reside. She will spend her summer vacation there.

This vicinity has enjoyed some real summer weather the past few days. Let the good weather go on as the farmers need it to hustle along the crops.

After weeks of preparation all is ready for the fourty-fourth annual commencement at Des Moines west high school. Five days, beginning May 28, will be set apart for the services and ceremonies attendant upon the most important event of the school year. In the graduation roster there are 37 girls and 32 boys, a total of 69, which compares favorably with graduating classes in recent years. The number of boys graduating, however, is larger than in former years, as it seldom occurs that the number of boys almost equals the number of girls as is the case this year.

One of the unique libraries in Iowa is that of the State Historical Society at Iowa City. It is a large library numbering over 52,000 volumes, but its importance lies in the fact that it is so highly specialized. It is the largest collection in existence of materials on Iowa history, supported by thousands of volumes on the history of the Mississippi Valley. Many of these items are books published from fifty to one hundred, or even more, years ago, and are long out of print and very valuable. The library also contains a collection of books by Iowa authors, which fills considerable space on the shelves and is steadily increasing.

With no money and no credit and a commodity and labor market almost prohibitive, public service corporations in electric, gas and telephone lines in all parts of northeastern Iowa, are passing thru the most critical period of their existence. The continued existence or bankruptcy of these corporations will be determined by the financial developments of the next thirty days. With all elements combined against them the necessary relief is not certain. Orders have gone from the federal reserve bank at Chicago to member banks in Iowa to call in all avilable outstanding cash and grant no new loans or extensions.

Officers for the Southwestern Iowa Poultry Raisers Association were elected at Clarinda recently as follows: Pres., J. E. Summers; V. Pres, W. I. Carpenter; Treas. R. Nothwehr; Secy., J. V. Pfander. A boys and girls contest will be put on, the contestants to raise and exhibit 10 birds of the May hatch, all of one breed which they may either hatch or buy as baby chicks. The 10 heaviest birds will receive first prize and Swift & Co. have agreed to buy them at 50c per pound. Local firms will buy the second and third prize birds. Contestants may raise not to exceed 20 birds and select the ten best for exhibition.

Iowa farmers are 150,000 men short of requirements; that as a result of this, many acres of Iowa farm lands are taken out of tillage and put to pasture. These statements are said to have a serious influence with financial institutions which include banks, insurance and loan companies in the loan of money to the Iowa farmers. These excessive figures are not true. There has been a shortage of farm help as indicated by the reports from county farm agents to the state-federal employment service. Every county in the state is thoroly organized, there being one county farm agent for every county. Each of these agents is thoroly familiar with the conditions in his county.

The return of the bodies of Iowa soldiers who died overseas in the world war for burial in their home cemeteries has caused a number of undertakers in various Iowa towns to make inquiry of the state board of health as to the opening of the caskets at the funerals. Dr. G. H. Sumner, secretary of the state board of health has just issued a ruling on this subject. He states that the caskets may be opened at the places of business of the undertakers so that the immediate relatives may identify the body but should be immediately sealed again. If the remains are enclosed in a hermetically sealed casket or box and the casket or box is not opened at the service a public service may be held, Dr. Sumner states. All of the bodies being brought back are in hermetically sealed caskets.

Taintor has been selected by the Farm Bureau as one of the sites for the oats variety tests to be conducted this season. Plots of ground on the C. S. Longacre and C. M. Garner farms have been selected for the experiments. Mr. Longacre will set aside five one-acre plots of his oats field for the work. On one acre he will plant three bushels of Green Russian, on the adjoining acre three bushels of Iowa 103, on the next four bushels of Iowa 105 and on the fifth three bushels of Silver Mine. The test is being made to ascertain a comparison between early and late variety of oats. The plots will also be treated for smut, while the remainder of the field will not. Across the road on the Garner farm Iowa 103 will be grown besides 105, and Kherson varieties. The experiments will be watched with interest.

An immense deposit of road building gravel has been located several miles north of Bellevue and gives wonderful promise for the future. In what was undoubtedly the bed of the Mississippi river during a period in the glacial ages, there appears to be millions of tons of good road building gravel accessible by rail to a considerable group of counties that are known to be lacking in deposits of high class material of their own. These counties are Dubuque, Jackson, Clinton, Buchanan, Jones, Cedar and Linn.

Paul Grange and family left last week for Ruthven, Iowa, where they will spend their vacation visiting with Paul's folks.

Mrs. Wm. Howard and daughter Lois, went to Britt Tuesday for a visit with friends. Britt was formerly Mrs. Howard's home.

The primary election Monday was a rather tame affair as the farmers nd others were too busy to spend much time arguing politics.

Mrs. Elmer Bourne, Mrs. Jake Hegland and Mrs. Geo. Vance, all of Goodell, were Klemme visitors last Friday between trains.

Quite a number of the Klemme Masons went to Garner last Thursday afternoon where work was put on in the third degree and a big supper served.

Donald Nissen arrived from Sioux City Tuesday evening to spend the summer vacation with Klemme relatives and friends. Donald is attending school at Morningside College.

! ATTENTION

Mr. Car Owner

Do you wish to save gas lene? Have a

U. & J. Carburet

Installed at Once

We guarantee to save from to 30 per cent of your gasoli More power, more pep, and starting troubles.

A positive guarantee. If satisfied after 15 days tri your money will be gladly funded. Ask your dealer.

More Speed, Less Gasoli

Phone or write

C. W. Suckou

Klemme, Iowa Phone 97

Ever hear of a wash-man?

Of course not! Ever since men have worn clothes the burden of washing them has fallen on women.

Why? Because no man would undertake the nerve-and-muscle-racking job.

Now, at last, a few men have atoned for the thoughtlessness of all the men of the past. They have made possible for the women a washday that is a real pleasure; no drudgery, no fatigue —no aching backs or parboiled hands. They have designed and built

BlueBird
ELECTRIC CLOTHES WASHER

With BlueBird, washday is over in an hour. The clothes have been perfectly cleansed, and because they have been handled so carefully in the large, smooth, copper tub, they will last five times longer than if they had been rubbed on a board. The cost of this washing in money, is two cents an hour for electric current; in human energy —the turning of a switch.

FREE DEMONSTRATION

in your own home carries with it no expense or obligation. Call today.

Jacobs & Son

Hardware of all kinds. Klemme, Iowa

Excursion to Canada

Where $560.00 will handle 150 acres of the very best wheat land situated in Saskatchewan, Canada, in localities where you have railroadr, good towns, modern farm buildings, schools, churches, good roads, telebhones. Balance purchase price can be arranged to suit purchaser. Now is your opportunity. Do not fail to write or call on Charles F. Busch, Klemme, Iowa, Agent, for special excursion rates to land buyers.

Central Farm & Investment Co.

Fort Dodge, Iowa

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors Phone 72

Overland

TRADE MARK REG.

Overland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices

PHONE 30

C. W. Wiles Garage

YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST

KLEMME, IA.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

I will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

Local News

Dr. Mereness and family came from Dolliver, Iowa, this afternoon for a visit at the E. S. D. Kahrs home. Kahrs lived at Dolliver before coming here.

Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter went to Mason City Friday afternoon to be present at the graduatio nexercises as thei daughter was one of the graduates.

Mrs. Duncan, of South Dakota, an aunt of Mrs. Henry Ludeke, after several days' visit, left Tuesday for Wisconsin, where she will reside in the future.

Mr. and Mrs. Nels Cheswig, of Kanawha, were Klemme callers Friday.

Marian Elder and wife came from Eagle Bend, Minn., last Wednesday for a visit with Klemme relatives and friends.

A number of farmers near Klemme went to Minnesota last Friday with M. E. Peck of Garner to look over a threshing rig. They returned to Klemme Sunday.

Eighth Grade graduation exercises for the county were held at Garner last Friday afternoon. A number of pupils from Ell township were among the graduates. There were 143 graduates from over the county.

Harold Gruetzmacher returned from Ames last Friday to spend a few days with his parents . Harold is attending school at Ames this year. He returned again yesterday to take some special work.

E. G. Ell, Lee Ell, Herman Coobs and three men from Mason City drove into Klemme Saturday from Chicago with five Ford touring cars and one sedan. Ell also received a car load of Titn tractors last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner, and Mrs. Schroeder, autoed to Traer, Iowa, Sunday, where they visited with Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Berggren. It will be remembered that the Berggrens formerly wee in the restaurant business here, and ae also following the same line at Traer. Mr. Croner says that our old friend "Butch" has a mighty fine place at Traer and that he has a large trade nd employs about four or five assistants.

Belmond invites all her neighbors to come to her big Independence Day celebration on July 3rd. Something doing all day long. Patriotic address, band music, great aerial street show, baseball, street sports, fireworks, concerts and everything free. Fun and entertainment for everybody. Caraousels, side saows, boweries, refreshment booths, etc. Further particulars in later issue. adv-1w-c

Want Ads.

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

LOST—A 4x34 Goodrich Cord Tire and rim, between Klemme and a point 10 miles east and 1 mile south of Klemme, on Saturday evening, June 5. Kinder leave at Times office or return to C. F. Newberger for reward. 1wp

FOUND—An auto jack. Owner can have same by calling at Times Office and proving property and paying cost of advertising. 2w

FOUND—Number plate for auto. No. 142543 Ia. Call at Times Office.

ROOMS FOR RENT

Four rooms to rent for light housekeeping or roomers. Mrs. Leo Wilkins. 2wp

For Sale

FOR SALE—282 acres of good land in Western Canada, near Standard. House, barn, feced, 100 acres broke. $50.00 an acre, $3,000.00 cash, balance on terms. For further information write

FRED REIFFENSTEIN,
Standard, Alta., Canada.

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

LAND SALE

We will sell on public auction the following land: The North ½ of the Northeast ¼ Section, No. 3, in Twin Lake Township, Hancock County, Iowa; tract of land 73 acres. This land will be sold to the highest responsible bidder. $2,000.00 cash when sale is made, balance to be paid in 60 days thereafter. Sale will take place on farm 2 miles west and 1 mile south of Klemme, Iowa, June 16th, 1920, at 2 p. m.

J. A. Young, Auctioneer
F. A. Arnold, Clerk
adv. 4 wks. A. C. Lau and Wm. Grieman, Administrators

The annual meeting of the Story County Farm bureau will be held at Nevada on December 10. New farm bureau officers will be elected at that time and some action will probably be taken regarding the selection of a new county agent to succeed Mr. Espe. Espe is resigning in order to go to Ames to be associated with Wm. Barr in the business of raising blooded stock, hogs in particular.

Great Wonder I Am, the famous Duroc Jersey boar owned by James Vipond & Sons, is dead. He was four and one-half years old and weighed 1,10d pounds. The Viponds say they have a son of Great Wonder I Am that promises to be just as good. He will head their herd. This hog was purchased from J. D. Waltermeyer, Melbourne, Ia., when a year old for $725. The owners have refused offers of $50,000 for him.

Tractor schools of two weeks duration will be opened at Iowa State College, commencing January 12, 1920. The schools is for those who are desirous of gaining greater efficiency in the use of the farm tractor and is open to men and women above 17 years of age who have had at least a common school education. Courses will be open on following dates: January 12, January 26, February 16, March 1, and March 15.

The corn crop in Floyd county has been above the average in both quality and quantity. The average yield has been 40 bushels to the acre, but a few farms have had yields as high as 75, 80 and 100 bushels to the acre. In a few places the corn was badly injured earlier in the year and the yield was very poor. The husking is nearly over. There has been more feeding to hogs than ever before this fall. Fall plowing is practically over in this county.

S. R. Ranshaw, a well known stock farmers of Mahaska county, marketed three cars of cattle on the Chicago market recently which weighed 1433 pounds on an average. He received $19.23 per hundred weight for them. The shipment consisted of Angus, Shorthorn and Herefords. Mr. Ranshaw bought these steers last March when they averaged 1065 pounds. They were fed in a dry lot on a ration of corn, clover, hay, oats and molasses feed.

Atlantic has been selected as the headquarters for southwest Iowa for the work of the bureau of animal industry of the federal department of agriculture. Dr. J. M. Jehle, at Grinnell, has been sent there to take charge of the work. Heretofore veterinarians working under direction of the bureau have been established at Shelby and Red Oak. Under the new arrangement the territory which has been served from these points will hereafter be served from Atlantic. The work of Dr. Jehle will be almost exclusively devoted to fighting hog cholera which has made its appearance in several herds in Iowa.

Sheep raisers in Plymouth county have been losing some sheep through depradations of wolves. W. E. Baker, well known in this county as a sheep raiser, has lost a number in this way. Mr. Baker recently shipped a load of his ewes to Omaha. The ewes had been bred to lamb during the latter part of last February and March. Mr. Baker says that a few sheep if allowed to run with cattle will undoubtedly not be bothered much from wolves and dogs, for cattle as a general thing will keep them out of the pasture. He thinks a few sheep take as much time as a larger group and therefore raises them on a large scale.

A most interesting experiment has been tried out in Wapello county recently with the County Nurse, home demonstration agent and ten volunteer workers in charge. 2,189 children have been weighed and measured. It was found that forty per cent of these children were underweight, as shown by their physical record cards. During September 137 rural children were weighed. Of the 137 only five were normal. As a result of this work two nutrition classes have been started in Ottumwa schools, one at Jefferson and one at the Douglas schools. Lunches are being served in the schools at 10:15 every morning consisting of a dish of well cooked oatmeal and graham crackers.

Fifty spotted Poland China hogs, selected from one of the best herds in the state will be offered for sale at Kalona by Frank Friese. Mr. Friese is widely known as a breeder of Spotted Polands, but has never before held a public auction, always disposing of his surplus stock at private sale and at joint sales. Mr. Friese was a contributor at the sale last month, when an aged sow, owned by R. G. Wykoff sold for $7,000. At the coming sale Mr. Friese will show the junior yearling boar that heads his herd. This boar won the first prize in his class at the Kansas and Nebraska state fairs, first at Iowa and Nebraska state fairs and the West Liberty fair, second at the third at the National Swine Show.

Seven hundred dollars an acre is the price paid for the W. L. Hastings farm, two miles north of Snow's corner, a figure believed to be the highest yet recorded for Poweshiek county farms of the size, eighty acres. Francis Schmitz is the buyer of the famous property and the total sum involved was $56,000—for eighty acres. The farm, of course, is a dandy and Mr. Schmitz feels that he got every dollar's worth, although Mr. Hastings, who has owned the place for only two years, has made about $300 an acre on his investment.

Our customers feel at home in this bank.

They are convinced of its safety, they are satisfied with its service, they have found here a cordial, helpful sympathy with their interests and their ideals.

Any one of our officers will be pleased to confer with you on any business matter and we particularly invite your patronage on the strength of our value to you.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

SUCCESSFUL MEN BUILD

Men of action, men of success are men who build because--

Building means Profit!

Every improvement built about your place is a sign of success and the source of more success.

We are here to help successful men build. That means YOU when you are ready.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement

Lime

Brick

Posts

Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

RHEUMATISM?

TRY

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)

Write for Information

Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co., Post Office Box 4 Jordan, Minn.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt—Permanent—Reliet

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver.

Stop after dinner distress—correct indigestion; improve the complexion — brighten the eyes.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness.

Genuine must bear signature Brent Good

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling

Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair

50c. and $1.00 at druggists.

Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

No Soap Better

—For Your Skin—

Than Cuticura

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

WANTED IT AS A WARNING

Old Gentleman Had Particular Use for That Peculiarly Atrocious-Looking Beetle.

On the counter of the Christmas bazaar stood all the usual horrors which an unscrupulous world insists on giving the poor kiddies as "toys." There were animals, birds and insects which resembled nothing save the creatures of a particularly fierce nightmare.

The customer steadied himself by a chair and, after a careful selection, picked up one specially terrible beetle.

"I'll take that," he told the assistant. "How much is it?"

"Half a dollar!" replied the girl. "Is it for your little boy?"

"No; I want to take it to a dinner party I have to attend."

"Whatever for?" exclaimed the girl, surprised out of her carefully acquired calm.

"Well, I'm going to stand it in front of me on the table when the drinks are going round and when I see two beetles—well, it's time to go home!"

Open Bribery.

Jane had just commenced school, and the teacher asked her a question in numbers which she was unable to answer. She walked up to the teacher and said in a low voice: "If you won't ask me that I'll give you some of my animal crackers."

Mount McKinley Sinking.

Mount McKinley, the Oregon mountain, is sinking with the weight of ages. Within the last several years, when the peak shrugged its rocky shoulders in earthquakes, the loftiest mountain in North America has subsided at least 500 feet from its original altitude of 20,400 feet. Such was the assertion of Herschel C. Parker, geologist and mining engineer, who first scaled Mount McKinley in 1912.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

NOBLE RELICS OF THE PAST

Triumphal Arch of Titus, at Rome, and the Colosseum, Are Splendid in Their Ruin.

The triumphal arch of Titus in Rome was built in 70 A. D., to commemorate the defeat of the Jews, and was dedicated to the Emperor Titus after his death. It is adorned with fine sculptures in relief. On the frieze outside is a sacrificial procession and on the inner side Titus is seen crowned by Victory in a quadriga driven by Roma. On another part of the arch is a triumphal procession of Jews, the Table of Shew Bread and the seven-branched candlestick. In the center of the vaulting the consecrated emperor is seen being carried to heaven by an eagle.

In 1882 the arch was a set of ruins, and some of the medieval additions were removed and it was partly reconstructed. The colosseum, with seats for 50,000 spectators, originally called the Flavian amphitheater, was completed by Titus in the year 80 A. D., and derives its later name, probably, from a colossal statue of Nero. The colosseum is now all in ruins.

Each Has Special Gift.

Degrees infinite of luster there must always be, but the weakest among us has a gift, however seemingly trivial, which is peculiar to him, and which, worthily used, will be a gift, also, to his race forever.—John Ruskin.

A woman is willing to admit a man's superiority when it comes to translating a railway time table.

A Coffee-like Beverage

in flavor and appearance

Instant Postum

but Postum is different because it contains no health-disturbing drug.
A saver in many ways.

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

The House of Whispers

By WILLIAM JOHNSTON

Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.

CHAPTER XI—Continued.

—14—

While I was debating the situation in my cell, a keeper opened the door.

"You're wanted downstairs," he announced.

"What is it?" I asked, wonderingly.

"You've got a visitor."

"Who?" I questioned eagerly. Could it, I wondered, be Barbara? Had my sternly repressed longing to see her in some way communicated itself to her through the ether and impelled her to throw caution to the winds and come to the prison to see me?

"I don't know," the keeper answered. "It's a man. I don't know who he is."

A man. Who could it be? In all the monotonous time I had been behind the bars, only two men had come to see me, Gorman and McGregor. It could not be either of them, for both were well known to the prison attendants. As I hastened down the long corridor past the dismal row of barred doors, I was revolving in my mind the possibilities of my caller's identity.

Who could it be? Spurred on by my curiosity, I hastened into the counsel room. There sat my great-uncle Rufus.

He looked in much better physical condition than when I had last seen him, more vigorous and healthier. His skin was browned from exposure to the sun and wind, and his eyes were clearer and brighter. As I studied his face I could trace no vestige there of the terrible fear that had seemed to obsess him on the last occasion of our meeting.

For a moment we eyed each other without speaking. I was wondering—and well I think I might—whether the suspicions I had at times in regard to him had been wholly without foundation. Could it be possible that the crafty, miserly old chap was the master mind at the bottom of all the mystery and plotting? As my previous suspicions came up in my mind I determined to be wary in what I said to him. The fires of anger toward him began to kindle within me as I looked at him. I felt that it was his fault that I was locked up here.

Meanwhile he had been studying me. His keen old eyes had surveyed me from head to foot, returning to rest fixedly on my face, as though he was trying to read my thoughts. I wondered what was passing in his mind. Was he inwardly chortling at the plight in which he found me? Was he distressed to see a blood-relative behind the bars? Did he believe that I was guilty of the murder of Daisy Lutan? How had he learned of my arrest? What was his purpose in coming to see me? But his expression was unfathomable, so far as I was concerned.

He was the first to speak.

"So—you didn't do it, did you?"

"Of course not," I retorted indignantly. "Did you suspect that I was a murderer?"

He shook his head disparagingly, smiling an inscrutable smile.

"The evidence against you certainly looks convincing."

"I don't care," I exclaimed with heat. "I'm as innocent of the killing of Daisy Lutan as"—I hesitated—"as you are."

He nodded his head approvingly.

"There, there, boy, don't get excited. Of course I know you are innocent. You're of the Gaston blood, and there never was a Gaston that was a murderer or a lawbreaker. I never suspected you for a single second. I was off in the Maine woods twenty miles from a railroad. I didn't see a newspaper until day before yesterday evening. My eye just happened to catch a paragraph about the Granddeck. It was about your trial for the murder of Miss Lutan being set for next week. That was the first I had heard about it. I traveled all night to get to you."

My feelings toward him underwent a sudden revulsion. There was every evidence of sincerity in his manner. The knowledge that he believed in me was the most welcome news I had heard since my incarceration.

"We'll soon have you out of here," he went on, "now that I am here to help you. I got you into this, and I'll get you out of it if it takes every cent I possess. There's more than one fight left in old Rufus yet. Now start at the very beginning and tell me everything that has happened since I have been away."

What a relief it was to talk freely! With my mind once and for all cleared of all suspicion toward my old great-uncle, I began my story. Somehow the tie of blood is strong in time of trouble. I found it vastly easier to talk with my aged relative than it had been with either Gorman or my lawyer.

I began with my chance meeting with Barbara Bradford in the park as the blackmailers awaited her there. I told everything that had followed with the utmost detail, even to such small matters as my first meeting with Wick and the undue curiosity he had exhibited as to my acquaintance with the Bradfords. I recited the story of my unaccoutable discharge in disgrace from my position and told of Gorman's unavailing efforts to learn the reason.

"The day I was discharged," I went on, "I had drawn out from the savings bank all my money with the purpose of sending it to my mother to whom I was in debt. I still had it with me when I arrived home at the apartment and I decided to put it in the wall safe, to which, you recall, you had given me the combination. Out of mere curiosity"—I made this confession with a blush of shame—"I had inspected the contents of the safe the day of my arrival and had examined the two caskets. The minute I opened the safe this second time I saw that it had been looted."

"What," exclaimed my great-uncle, starting from his seat, "not the pearls!"

I nodded.

"Everything. The casket with the pearls was gone. The other with the trinkets was undisturbed."

"Good heavens!" he exclaimed. "My wife's pearls stolen! Why, boy, I paid a hundred and fifty thousand dollars for that string. Tell me everything about it—everything, at once."

I could only repeat what I had told him already. When I had opened the safe on Sunday the pearls were there. When I had opened it again on the following Saturday the pearls were gone.

"Of course you told the police at once."

I explained to him why I had not done so, and my reason seemed to satisfy him.

"Go on with your story," he calmly directed. He seemed to have himself well in hand again. After the first shock at hearing of the loss of the pearls he showed no sign of emotion or displeasure.

He listened intently as I told him of my second meeting with Barbara Bradford when I had learned that the Bradford wall safe had been looted, too, and the papers abstracted concerning the annulment of Claire's first marriage. He nodded his head slightly when I told him of the anonymous notes found on the floor in both apartments.

"Did you hear the whispers, too?" he questioned.

"Yes," I answered, "I heard them several times. Barbara has heard them, and the laundress, too."

A look of unspeakable relief came over his face.

"I'm glad to know that others have heard them besides myself. When a man gets old his nerves sometimes play him strange pranks. The whispers seemed so unreal and incredible that I feared that I was suffering from the hallucinations of old age. Now that I know that the whispers are real, there is nothing to fear."

"And," I observed, "I believe, I am almost positive, I can explain the origin of the whispers."

"Tell me," he cried, his manner now entirely changed. He seemed elated at discovering that his brain was still dependable. It was as if a burden had suddenly been lifted from him.

Here was my opportunity. Gorman had utterly refused to credit my story of a secret passage and had ridiculed it. There had been no way that I could prove it, nor was it possible for Gorman to have investigated the walls of the Granddeck, even if he had placed any credence in my story. With my great-uncle it was different. As the occupant of the apartment he would have every right and opportunity to explore and verify my statements. I told him how, while speculating as to the origin of the whispers, I had observed the discrepancy in the measurements of the apartment and had verified my deduction that there was space enough for a passageway big enough for a man to traverse in the wall between the room I had occupied and the long hall. He listened intently as I described the plan of the rooms in detail and nodded his approval.

"And what is more," I added triumphantly, "Barbara Bradford and I had just discovered an opening into it by pushing the wall panel in my room back and then sliding it along. We were inspecting it when we heard the shot in the apartment below. I closed the panel and ran downstairs and have had no opportunity since to investigate, but I am sure the passage is there. I am convinced that it was the sound of voices there that made the whispers. I suspect it was used by whoever left the anonymous notes in the room, and that the person or persons who looted the safes entered and escaped by that means. I would not be surprised if it was not by means of this passageway that the murderer of Miss Lutan escaped, after he had left his revolver in the drawer of my dresser."

My great-uncle shook his head perplexedly.

"It sounds improbable—too much like a romance. They do not build modern apartment buildings with secret passageways. Space is far too valuable, and besides, all plans have to be filed with the city's bureau of buildings."

"But it's there," I cried desperately. "I saw it. Barbara Bradford saw it."

"Well," he comforted me, "we will soon find out about it. I have many matters to attend to today, but tomorrow I shall go up to the apartment, and if there is such a passageway I shall find it and see where it leads."

"Then you are not staying in the apartment?"

"No, I shall remain at a hotel until my wife returns."

At this juncture a prison attendant approached and informed him that the time of his visit was up. Imperiously my great-uncle waved the man away. Somehow the possession of great wealth carries with it a manner of expecting obedience from every one that generally is successful. The man withdrew, muttering to himself and left us undisturbed.

"Now tell me about the murder," Mr. Gaston directed.

Concisely I stated the facts as I knew them. It was a shock to him to hear that at least two of the trusted attendants at the Granddeck, Wick and the telephone girl, were of the criminal class.

"Tut, tut, tut," he exclaimed. "Just think of it! That's the worst of living in a big city. You never know what sort of people there are about you. I'll call up Mr. Kent, the owner of the building, this afternoon and have him get rid of them at once."

"Please don't," I cried. "Gorman and I are both convinced that Wick and the girl know something about the murder. Don't do anything to let them know that they are under suspicion. So long as they are employed at the Granddeck we know where to lay hands on them when we want them."

"That's so," he admitted. "I'll say nothing for the present. As I won't be living there until after this is

"You're a Wonderful Liar, You Are," Was His Surly Greeting.

cleared up, it can make no difference. But, look here, young man, why doesn't this Bradford girl come forward and clear you of this charge? She was with you at the time. She knows you didn't do it."

"Because I will not permit her to do so," I replied with heat. "I love Barbara Bradford!"

"That's it, is it?" he commented, giving me a quizzical glance from under his bushy white eyebrows.

"I wouldn't for all the world," I continued, "have her mixed up in this. Her sister is to be married tomorrow, and the scandal might stop the wedding; and besides I'm not going to have it known that she was there alone with me that night in my rooms. I love her too well for that. Some day I am going to ask her to be my wife."

He raised his eyebrows.

"And on what do you expect to marry?" he inquired.

"Of course I have said nothing as yet," I hastened to explain; "I've nothing to offer her."

"No," he agreed, "you've nothing to offer her"—and then with a meaning glance he added a little word that in spite of my predicament made my heart sing with joy and stirred my expectations mightily—"you've nothing to offer her—yet.

"But cheer up," he advised as a parting word of counsel, "I'll get in touch with Gorman and your lawyer as soon as I leave here today, and tomorrow we will find out about that secret passage you think you have discovered."

Compunction that I ever had doubted the integrity of his purpose toward me smote as he departed. I tried to think of something to say to express my gratitude to him, to let him know how much I appreciated his coming at once to my aid, but the only thing I could think of slipped from my lips:

"I am sorry about the pearls."

"So am I," he answered grimly, and went his way.

One thing now I certainly was sure of—his was not the master-mind that had planned all the criminal deeds, but the mystery of the Granddeck was still as much of a mystery as ever.

CHAPTER XII.

—

It was the second day after this—the day set for Claire Bradford's wedding—that in the morning, much earlier than customary, Gorman came to the prison to see m

I met him jubilantly. My uncle's expected return to the city and generous and convincing offers of had filled me with new hope. trusted, too, that old Rufus' keen quickly would discover the secret sageway now that I had indicated him where to look for it. I was confidently expecting that the resulting velopments quickly would free from even the suspicion of being murderer. The minute, however, I laid eyes on Gorman I knew something had gone wrong.

"What is it?" I cried. "What's matter now?"

"You're a wonderful liar, you was his surly greeting, "with your dreams about secret passageways stolen pearls."

"What do you mean?" I replied had not the least idea what he getting at.

"You almost had me believing he said savagely. "If it wasn't knew that Wick and that girl up were crooks I would wash my of the whole affair."

"I don't understand," I answered dignantly. "Every statement I made to you has been the abs truth."

"Yes, it has!" he sneered.

Ordinarily I would have resented anyone talking to me in this manner but I felt that under no circumstances could I afford to quarrel with Gorman. He was the only friend I had in whole city that I could rely on, cepting of course my great-uncle contented myself with merely reasoning:

"I tell you it is all true—every of it."

"The old man's home—old Rufus he responded irrelevantly.

"I know," I replied. "I saw him a few minutes day before yesterday. He promised to do everything in power to free me as speedily as possible. After talking with him I confident that he had nothing ever to do with any part of the Have you seen him?"

"Yes," said Gorman, significantly. "I've seen him. He looked me up terday and we went over the case gether. He suggested that we go to the Granddeck and look over apartment, and we did. The min we got in he went to the wall safe opened it up and—"

Gorman stopped short and looked at me. It seemed to me that there were doubt and distrust in his expression.

"Go on," I cried, "what did find?"

"We found," he said, speaking slowly and putting special emphasis on third word, "two jewel boxes the one with the pearls and the other one."

"What," I cried, aghast at this credible bit of news, "two jewel cases!"

"Sure we did," he announced triumphantly. "And the pearls were there as safe as when the old went away. Now what have you to say to that?"

What could I say?

I knew as positively as I knew that I was alive that on that Saturday when I had opened the wall safe and put away my money there had been but one of the jewel boxes there. I had taken it out and had examined the contents again. With the aid of a lighted match I had explored every corner of the steel-lined receptacle. The box containing the pearls and the rest of the valuables in the Gaston collection was gone. Now the pearls were safely back there again. How could that be explained? The mystery was too much for me.

There was not the slightest reason for me to believe that Gorman was lying to me now. I had found him in all our dealings straightforward and candid. If he said he had seen great uncle Rufus find the pearls there it must be so, but how could they have got there? Could it be possible, I wondered, that subconsciously, burdened with the responsibility of the custody of such costly gems, I might have risen in my sleep and in a somnolent state removed the pearls to some other hiding place. No, I decided, that theory was too preposterous and absurd for even a moment's consideration. If I had done that in my sleep I must also have restored them to the safe again in my sleep. It was far more likely that the thief, becoming alarmed over the publicity brought to the Granddeck by the murder, had been afraid to attempt to dispose of gems so well-known as the Gaston pearls and had restored them in the same mysterious way that he had abstracted them. I suggested this theory to Garman.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Lead and Steel.

Lead is said to act like steel at ordinary temperatures in liquid air, will serve as a helical spring, for example. This behavior of soft non-metallic metals is interesting. It shows a very important temperature is. as iron is soft and inelastic at a red color, so lead is dull and soft ordinary temperatures, for it is on its way to be melted.

...e Slowing You Up?

...dragging along with a dull, ...backache? Feel lame morn... all day; suffer torturing ...every move? Often the kid... to blame. A cold, strain or ...ongests the kidneys; poisons ... and mysterious aches and ...t. You may have headaches ... spells, too, with perhaps ...egularity. Use *Doan's Kid...* They have helped thou... *...k your neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

N. K. Root, 1103 N. 9th St., Burlington, Iowa, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills are fine for pain and lameness across the back. I used them for lumbago and they did me more good than all the other remedies I had taken. My kidneys were weak ...ed me a great deal of trouble, ... my rest at night. Mornings ...red and listless. Doan's Kid... removed all the trouble.

Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

...AN'S KIDNEY PILLS

...MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

...eant What She Said.

—How can you be so insin... You told Mr. Boreleigh that ... sorry you were out when he

—Oh, no, my dear, I said I was ... called when I was out. You ... likely to call some time when —Boston Transcript.

...FT OFF CORNS!

...'t hurt a bit! **Sore corns ...t right off with fingers.**

Magic!

...ts few cents! **Drop a little ...one on that touchy corn, instant...at corn stops hurting, then you ...t right out with the fingers. ...y wait? Your druggist sells a ...bottle of Freezone for a few cents, ...ient to rid your feet of every hard ... soft corn, or corn between the ... and calluses, without soreness or ...ation. Freezone is the much ...d of discovery of the Cincinnati ...s.—Adv.**

Price and Percentage.

...crease of price when measured in ...entage is very often incorrectly ...n. When the price doubles the in...se is 100 per cent, but many peo... describe it as an increase of 50 per ...t.

Freshen a Heavy Skin

...h the antiseptic, **fascinating Cuti... Talcum Powder, an exquisitely ...ted convenient, economical face, ..., baby and dusting powder and ...rume. Renders other perfumes su...fluous. One of the Cuticura Toilet ...o (Soap, Ointment, Talcum).—Adv.**

All Suffer Alike.

...t is an eternal truth in the political ... well as the mystical body that ...here one member suffers, all the ...mbers suffer with it."—Junius.

SHOES WEAR LONGER

...en you walk in comfort; so do stockings. ...package of Allen's Foot=Ease, the anti...tic powder to shake into the shoes and ...rinkle in the foot-bath, gives you that ...d shoe" comfort and saves wear. Allen's ...t=Ease makes tight or new shoes feel ... Ladies can wear shoes one size ...aller by shaking some Allen's Foot=...se in each shoe in the morning. Sold ...erywhere.—Adv.

The Cause of It.

"Why is there such a rumpus in the ...inting office?" "I believe the boss ...rgot there was the devil to pay."

Their Native Locality.

"I see they are eating camels in ...aris." "Do they serve them for the ...esert?"

Place Knew Her No More.

Husband—That new maid is certain... quiet. One would never know that ...e was about the place.

Wife—She isn't. She left this morn...g.—London Tit-Bits.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 2—1920.

Home Town Helps

GARDEN CITIES HELP TRAFFIC

Transference of Part of Population Relieves Congestion on Cars in London.

Dense morning fogs have combined with the now chronic congestion of passenger traffic to make Londoners realize too vividly the inconveniences of an over centralized population, remarks the London Times. London is undoubtedly too large for health, for happiness and for economical living and production; and, although the amenities of life in this and other great cities have in some ways been increased by providing dormitories at a distance from the work room, the problem of daily transit has been proportionately intensified.

Much is to be said for the garden suburb, but even more for the garden city. The two are often confused or falsely identified, but from the point of view of transport the difference between is fundamental. Garden suburbs represent an extension of the daily traffic of a great town to a more distant circumference; garden cities, a permanent transference of a section of the population to a less crowded center.

Every inhabitant of a garden suburb who works in the city contributes twice a day his or her share to the ever increasing problem of traffic congestion. The colonist of a garden city, on the other hand, definitely relieves the overcrowded centers of the duty of transporting him to and from his work and catering for him and his. Dwellers in garden suburbs are excursionists; the garden citizen is an emigrant. It is of the nature of the community to which he belongs that he shall not only sup, sleep, breakfast and occasionally play lawn tennis and grow beans or roses there, but shall work there as well; and for his reward as a pioneer he escapes the strains and stretches of the straphanger.

TOWNS' NEED OF WOODLOT

Would Be Paying Proposition in These Days of Railroad Strikes and Coal Shortages.

Is there a little woodlot in your town? Zurich, Switzerland, has had one working for it for six centuries and it is still paying big dividends. There is a great big lesson in this, the American Forestry association of Washington says, in these days of railroad strikes and coal shortages.

Many travelers are familiar with the "town forests" of Europe. One of the best known of these is the communal forest belonging to the city of Zurich, in Switzerland, which has an area of 2,840 acres, yielding on the average an annual income of nearly $20,000, or about $7.00 per acre; and this is the most remarkable because most of this income is derived from the sale of firewood, which is perhaps, the cheapest product of a forest.

This tract of forest land has been under management since the year 1309, and it has been steadily increasing in value during these six centuries, writes Prof. John Bentley, Jr., of Cornell, in the American Forestry Magazine. In this country the number of towns and cities that are practicing forestry is still small, and their efforts have been confined chiefly to the protection of watersheds from which the city's water supply is drawn.

Billboards Versus Beauty.

Thus it comes about that people who ride out into the country, eager for the rest and refreshment which only the open country can give, find every field and every little hill dotted by V-shaped signs, erected in the most approved fashion, and ornamented with the approved moldings and machine-made cornices, while the beautiful vistas that might otherwise make each turn in the road a new delight are cut short by successive examples of the approved "head-on" "showings." One needs but to test his own sensations on such a motor ride to know how completely the billboard men are stifling his power to enjoy "natural scenic beauty spots." All their scruples have not preserved to him his native rights in the open country.—Christian Science Monitor.

Where Did the Colors Go?

John's mother was washing some of his garments. Holding up one of his new wash suits, she exclaimed: "Oh, dear, dear, John, the colors in your pretty new suit ran." John, who was having much trouble in controlling a fiery steed in the form of a broom handle, apparently paid little attention. A little while later, he came to his mother, and said in a much puzzled manner: "Mother, I can't find 'em any place." "Find what, dear?" asked the mother. "Why, the colors," answered John. "You said they ran. Where did they go?"

Long Felt Want.

Bill—I'm going to start a new society right away.

Phil—For what purpose?

Bill—To induce motion picture producers to use only big and difficult words in picture subtitles, so that the ignoramuses who read them aloud will be foiled.—Film Fun.

JOHN'S BOAST

By GRACE E. RILEY.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

John and Paul Deane married two sisters, Mary and Elizabeth Paulison, two sisters as different in tastes and disposition as were the two brothers. It was John's boast that from his earliest youth he had known what his wife should be and it was only after long and careful deliberation that he finally married Mary. Paul, on the other hand, gay, laughter-loving Paul, fell in love at first sight with Elizabeth Paulison and their courtship was as brief as was their engagement, for Paul, suddenly transferred to his firm's Boston office, insisted upon taking her with him. She felt that no more glorious lot could befall a girl than life with Paul, and the end of their first year together found her secure in this conviction.

It was at this time that John and Mary wrote that they would spend one night in Boston on their way East, John having been called there on business. In a year of separation Elizabeth had quite forgotten Mary's prophecy that if she married in haste she would repent at leisure—a prophecy that had rankled when spoken; and from Paul's memory had faded John's attitude when he heard of Paul's hurried marriage, and the guests received a warm welcome. Paul called a taxi and soon they were on their way to the unpretentious apartment to which Paul had taken his bride.

"This is my first automobile ride since I married," said Elizabeth, her voice expressing delight, yet not conveying an impression of regret.

"Paul should have waited to marry until he could give you such things, Elizabeth," John said with a smile on his lips which did not reach his eyes. Somehow John's smiles never did reach his eyes.

Elizabeth laughed gayly and turned the conversation adroitly to other things.

"How about it, dear, should we have waited until I had an automobile income?"

"If we had, Paulus, it would have brought the first sorrow into my life."

Paul held her close for a moment. The shadow had fled, and when John and Mary joined them they were laughing at the antics of a diminutive kitten.

"Elizabeth, that cat! How can you keep such a pest?"

"Pest! Why, Paul adores that kitten."

John's voice interrupted.

"You children have a pleasant little home here, but I don't like the idea of Elizabeth doing her own work."

"Well, John, old man, suppose we leave the girls to gossip and take in a show?"

Before John could reply, Mary's crisp, cool tones answered for him.

"John has given up the theater since we married, and I had hoped you had too, Paul."

Elizabeth's laugh saved the situation.

"Go on, save Paul if you can, Mary, I've given up," she said as she disappeared into the kitchen, where Mary soon followed her. In the old days Elizabeth's dexterity in the kitchen had been a negligible quantity and the ease with which she now prepared dinner opened Mary's eyes.

"Oh, I thrive on work, John—just see how fast we will get these dishes done while you boys smoke!" Again Mary's crisp, cool tones informed them that John had given up smoking since he married.

As the evening advanced it became evident that now John was married his pleasures must first be Mary's. The evening was a trying one and the Paul Deanes breathed a sigh of relief when their guests left the next afternoon. It was more than a year before they met again.

Then one day, quite unannounced, John came.

"But where's Mary?" asked Elizabeth, as she welcomed him.

"Mary could not come." Elizabeth felt a sense of strain as he uttered these words.

That evening, at John's suggestion, they attended a theater, and when they arrived home, Elizabeth retired leaving the men smoking and talking business until a late hour.

The day following John's departure. Elizabeth was surprised by Mary's appearance; a white, anxious Mary, whose first question was of John.

"He has been here, but he has gone. What is the matter, Mary?"

"Oh, Elizabeth, I have failed; failed utterly, and I don't know why."

Elizabeth rose to the occasion.

"Mary, when you visited us last year I knew you were doomed to failure. You promised to love, honor and obey when you married John; but it is he that has obeyed. Go back, Mary, make your home a delight to your husband; learn to laugh; learn to play; instead of trying to change John's tastes, make them yours—then you will find happiness for yourself and for him."

Mary sat silent a long time. Then: "You are right, Elizabeth," she said, "and you are wise. I will go back this afternoon."

That night when Elizabeth told Paul of Mary's coming, she saw the dawn of a smile in his eyes.

"Why are you laughing, Paul?"

"Thinking of John's boast that he knew what his wife should do."

"Well?"

"It took you, Miss Frivolity, to mold her into his ideal, but John will never know it."

Prepare for Tomorrow!

IF not your own tomorrow—the tomorrow of those dependent upon you.

On request we will send you descriptive circulars of the $100 and $500 First Mortgage 6% Real Estate Serial Notes we offer for the employment of money for a fixed period of time for the purpose of deriving a fixed income.

The notes are owned by the Mercantile Trust Company, having been purchased by us after a thorough investigation of the security — both physical and moral.

The Mercantile Trust Company is a member of the Federal Reserve System, and by reason of such membership is under the supervision of the United States Government. This means that every loan we make, including "First Mortgage Real Estate Serial Loans," is subject to examination by Government Bank Examiners. These loans are also examined by the St. Louis Clearing House Bank Examiners and the official Bank Examiners of both the State of Missouri and the State of Illinois.

Real Estate Serial Notes secured by a First Deed of Trust have been sold by us to investors in every part of the United States and many foreign countries, *without the loss of one dollar, principal or interest, to the investor.* Send for descriptive Circulars of First Mortgage 6% Real Estate Serial Notes we are now offering.

Address all inquiries or orders for real estate notes to the Real Estate Loan Department.

Mercantile Trust Company

Member Federal Reserve System — *U. S. Government Supervision*

ST. LOUIS MISSOURI

Capital and Surplus $10,000,000

Ugly, Unsightly Pimples Are Signals of Bad Blood

Give Heed to the Warning.

Pimples on the face and other parts of the body are warnings from Nature that your blood is sluggish and impoverished. Sometimes they foretell eczema, boils, blisters, scaly eruptions and other skin disorders that burn like flames of fire.

They mean that your blood needs S. S. S. to cleanse it of these accumulations that cause unlimited trouble. This remedy is the greatest vegetable blood purifier known, and contains no minerals or chemicals to injure the most delicate skin.

Get a bottle of S. S. S. today, and get rid of those unsightly and disfiguring pimples, and other skin irritations. If you wish special medical advice, you can obtain it without charge by writing to Medical Director, 105 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

LEARNED LESSON OF THRIFT

Boys and Girls of New Jersey Town Have Made Record of Which They Are Proud.

If there has been less talk of the servant problem in Bridgeton, New Jersey, than elsewhere, it is quite explainable. Not to be outdone by their European sisters and brothers in matters of thrift and industry, 25 youngsters in that town have invested $1,000 in United States thrift stamps this year, thanks to their own hard work. Boys and girls alike have welcomed opportunities of doing remunerative dishwashing, sweeping, dusting, store clerking, baby-minding, errand-running, etc., with the goal of economy symbolized by government stamps ahead of them. The more ambitious have undertaken cutting weeds, carrying coal, sifting ashes, selling papers, raising chickens, cleaning pavements, and some have even won prizes to add to their savings. Having found that time can be converted into money it is doubtful whether these boys will again find the street corner a worthwhile place for spending idle hours, or the girls be content to waste periods in porch chatter.

Harnessing the Sun's Rays.

That the rays of the sun can be used for curing many skin diseases, and that sun baths are beneficial to those who are in perfect health, is well known. The problem of utilizing this agency in northern countries where the hours of sunshine are few has been solved, he claims, by a British doctor, M. J. de Thezac.

His invention consists of a revolving cabin, combined with a huge lens for concentrating the rays on any part of the inclosed patient's body. This installation has just been tested in the neighborhood of Quimper, France.—Popular Science Monthly.

The Proper Place.

"I say Pat, did you impress that mustard plaster on your mind?"

"No, sor, on the back of me neck."

WILLING TO STRIKE BARGAIN

Wife Quite Ready to Abandon Style if Her Hubby Would Only Do His Part.

She was one of those dressy women who always wear the latest thing, whether it suits her or not.

One day her hat touched her nose; next week it rested on the back of her neck. Her last frock barely covered her shoe tops, her new ones huddled round her ankles. Oh, she was always "it!"

Her husband was no passive resister. Regularly he raised his voice in protest at each craving after fashion. But the one thing that really annoyed him was when she suddenly scraped her hair straight back from her forehead on top and trained it down like window curtains on each side of her face.

"Look here!" he said in exasperation. "Can't I induce you to stop wearing your hair over your ears?"

"Certainly!" she replied, with a charming smile. "Buy me diamond earrings."

Safe as a Bank.

In examination in bankruptcy proceedings Mrs. Helen Hunt, widow, of Lee Bankroad, Birmingham, England, said she did not keep a banking account.

"Where did you keep your money?"

"In a safe place outside the house, with a faithful friend."

"Who was that?"

"The dog," said Mrs. Hunt. "I used to put the money in a cash-box under the kennel, and nobody dared go near the kennel."

"Nearly £3,000 ($15,000) under a dog's kennel?"

"Yes," said Mrs. Hunt. She did not think a bank was safer.

Both Had Fits.

Wife—I never had a better fit in a dress.

Husband—I never had a worse fit than when I saw the bill.—London Answers.

That Unusual Flavor

Wholesome, Rich, Delightful

that comes from blending malted barley with whole wheat is distinctive of

Grape-Nuts

This food is ready cooked, economical, easily digested and very nourishing.

Sold by grocers

Prayed for Cure Finds it After 10 Years

Food Would Sour and Boil —Teeth Like Chalk

Mr. Herbert M. Gessner writes from his home in Berlin, N. H.:

I had stomach trouble over ten years; kept getting worse. I tried everything for relief but it came back worse than ever. Last fall I got awfully bad; could only eat light loaf bread and tea. In January I got so bad that what I would eat would sour and boil; my teeth would be like chalk. I suffered terribly. I prayed every day for something to cure me. One day I read about EATONIC and told my wife to get me a box at the drug store as I was going to work at 4 p. m. I took one-third of it and began to feel relief; when it was three-fourths gone, I felt fine and when it was used up I had no pains. Wife got me another box but I have felt the pain but twice. I used five tablets out of the new box and I have no more stomach trouble. Now I write to tell you how thankful I am that I heard of EATONIC. I feel like a new man; I eat what I like, drink plenty of water, and it never hurts me at all.

DON'T DESPAIR

If you are troubled with pains or aches; feel tired; have headache, indigestion, insomnia; painful passage of urine, you will find relief in

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles and National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, DAISY FLY KILLER attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed.

DAISY FLY KILLER at your dealer or ... by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

I want to get in communication with a party or parties who are in the market for a good going subdivision, containing about 1,500 acres, located in Owens River Valley, Inyo County, California, that can now be offered wholesale at a very attractive figure. Write for full information and literature. C. E. Seares, 916 Hibernian Building, Los Angeles, California.

LOTS

In Reeves County (Texas) oil field for $50. I am arranging to drill 5 oil tests on my 160 acres. No commission, no agents, no company stock. Best location in field. I deed you the lot for $50 and use the money to drill. Write for details. Wire any bank in my town about me. C. R. Coulter, Stephenville, Texas.

FIFTY FARM BARGAINS near Twin Cities, all sizes, all money makers. Surprising rock bottom prices. Write for list. Lewis Aspaas, 411 Palace Bldg., Minneapolis, Minnesota.

TEXAS STANDARD OIL CO., Houston. Now producing oil. Dividend payer. No wildcat. $2.50 per share short time only. An opportunity for you. Remit with order. Broussard Company, 212 Stewart Bldg., Houston, Texas.

FARM BARGAINS—6,000 acres. Closing out. Large or small tracts, easy payments. Bird Estate, Wausaukee, Marinette Co., Wisconsin.

Michigan Farm, 238 Acres, buildings, stock, tools, town 4 mi., nr. state rd., school. $24,000. $14,000. Owner, Mark Kelly, Oxford, Mich.

BIG MONEY IN ONIONS. Cheap land. Texas oil leases a specialty. Investigate. Write Merl, Pearsall, Texas. Amazing returns.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment. Your druggist or by mail, $1. Free book. Dr. C. N. Berry Co., 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Checking Accounts

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME STORES. TRADE WITH MEN YOU KNOW

Handle your finances through acheck-ing account - - the safe way - - the conveu-ient way.

And maintain your checking account with the First National Bank - - a strong dank - - an accomodating bank.

Prompt, accurate, dependable service. No fixed balance requirements. No fees charged.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

THE ROUND-UP!

A New and Novel Show!

will be given at the Mason City Fair grounds June 16-17-18.

A wonderful exhibition of riding and Wild West Stunts.

Come, and let your trip serve a double purpose---

Fit yourself out for the summer at North Iowa's largest Clothing store

Value - Quality Service

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

RECIPE for a breakfast appetite!

A crinkly rasher of hickory-smoked bacon, country eggs sunny side up, buttered slices of nut-brown toast. . . . . AND that *fresh-from-the-oven fragrance* which curls up from a cup of good *"rich and mellow"* Chocolate Cream Coffee—

Chocolate Cream

"Rich and Mellow" COFFEE

TRIED IT LATELY? **Now put up like you seal fruits to retain their fresh flavor—same principle. The new hermetic seal cartons make a wonderful difference in the taste. Just try one pound!—60c**

WESTERN GROCER COMPANY

Mr. A. J. Peterson came from Seneca, Illinois, last Thursday to be present at the wedding of Clarence Johnson and Bernice Gimer, and also to spend a week's vacation visiting with Klemme friends—particularly "a friend."

While playing ball Sunday Walt Schultz slipped and fell on his arm, injuring it to some extent. It was thought at first the arm was fractured bu it is severey sprained or a tissue torn loose from the bone. However, the accident is quite painful and Walt has a very sore arm for a while.

Miss Hilmer, of Cincinnati, Ohio, came Friday and remained in Klemme until Tuesday evening. Miss Hilmer is a deaconess from the college at Cincinnati and while here preached a sermon in the First Methodist Church and also in Liberty Church. She was also here to get students for the school.

C. H. Lenz left his car here when he moved to Wisconsin in March, with the idea of returning later to drive it back. He came last Friday for that purpose and Chris Blumer accompanied him on the trip home. Chris got back to Klemme Monday afternoon and said they made the trip without any trouble.

Alice and Alyth Rodda came last Wednesday from Havelock, Iowa, and spent a couple of days at the Elmer Fuller home and also at the John Goll home in the country. The girls are twins and are as near alike as two peas. It is said that even their parents can not tell them apart so we leave it to our readers if they don't think the girls mde a fine appearance.

Everybody's Doing It.

Said the near-cynic, "When a woman goes shopping these days, although she may be the most sedate little lady in the world, she can't help hitting the high places."

Depends on Circumstances.

"One should always serve from the left side. That's right, I believe." "All depends. In serving subpenas you sneak up from the rear."

Pills for Everything.

"Bredren," said the old colored preacher, "when yo' livah's out of ordah what is good fo' it? Livah pills. When yo' system is run down, what is good fo' it? Tonic pills. Fo' othah bodily ills yo' take othah pills; but my deah bredren, dere's only one kin' of pills for a soul dat's out of ordah, an dat's de goss-pill."

Flying Moth Not Destructive.

When a woman opens a closet and a moth flies out she thinks, as a rule, that the moth has been eating her clothes. As a matter of fact, however, the creature does its eating in the grub stage, and is harmless when it has become a flying thing—save that it will produce a ravenous progeny.

Playing a Deep Game.

Ethel had been shopping with her mother. When they returned home she was tired and hungry, and, prompted by a desire for a good meal, she said: "Mamma, let's play I'm your guest and am going to stay for dinner."

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR

Notice is Hereby Given, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the Estate of Mary Arnold, late of Hancock County, State of Iowa, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

Dated May 18th, A. D. 1920.

F. A. Arnold,
(3-J-10) Executor

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma
General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

Hart Schaffner & Mar
Dixie Weaves
they're "good for you"

The doctor says keep cool, custom says keep styli

You can do both if you wear Dixie Weaves; tha what they're made for.

They're all-wool, but so light you hardly know y have them on; wear well and keep their shape t guaranteed to satisfy.

Summer headquarters for cool clothes

You'll find here a rich assortment of Dixie Weaves in light greys and browns; P Beaches, poplins, silk pongees, light flannels; straw hats; ties; hose; silk and mad shirts; everything to keep cool and stylish.

Shoes

We are showing some very neat Oxfords in tan and mahogany shades. Call a get yours while sizes and selections are complete. Remember we are headquart for men's and boys' footwear.

Dress Shoes - - **$6.50** to **$14.85**
Work Shoes - - **$2.60** to **$ 5.50**

Don't pay any more than $3.50 to $5.50 for your work shoes when you can buy the very best grades for hard wear at these prices.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES ***GARNER, IOW***

Hermoline

A BETTER LUBRICANT

-FROM THE FORMULA OF A MOTOR COMPANY

When the Cylinders Heat to 350 Degrees

When speeding pistons raise the temperature of the cylinder walls to the utmost degree—when even the most perfect cooling system cannot alone absorb the intense heat—then you appreciate the value of a good lubricant with its protecting film between the swiftly moving metal surfaces.

If you could see within the cylinder of your automobile, truck or tractor with the engine operating at top speed, you would realize that a tremendous heat was generated above the piston head and in the combustion chamber—as high as 2800 degrees. And 350 degrees is only the average working temperature of the cylinder walls.

To withstand these extreme conditions of heat and friction and prevent all possibility of damage to the motor, you should be sure that your motor oil is the best that you can obtain.

There is only one kind of oil that is the best obtainable and that is one made from Pennsylvania crude. Any oil expert will tell you this.

HERMOLINE is made strictly from the best Pennsylvania crude. It retains its body under this terrific heat—it does not break down or become thinned—it preserves its prefect oil seal under conditions which would be destructive to any other kind of a lubricant.

If you want greater safety, greater economy and greater efficiency for your motor car, truck or tractor, let us fill your crank case next time with HERMOLINE. Then watch the performance of the motor and note the increased pep and power. The better way is to buy the can or barrel and keep it in your garage.

Put it to any test you like, HERMOLINE is the lubricant you should insist on.

E. G. ELL, Klemme, Iowa

The Test of Oil Value

There are five tests by which the supreme quality of lubricants made from Pennsylvania crude oils are shown, and by these tests HERMOLINE lubricants are proved superior for use in your motor car, truck, tractor or aeroplane.

Gravity

The gravity of an oil shows its density. Lubricants like HERMOLINE, made from Pennsylvania crude oils, run high in gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees), and are invariably filtered oils that contain a small percentage of carbon.

Viscosity

The viscosity test shows the ability of oil to retain its body under extreme heats. Inferior oils usually have a high viscosity, while Pennsylvania oils have low viscosity (from 150 to 240 at 70°), but when subjected to a heat anywhere near the temperature of a working motor Pennsylvania oils surpass all in viscosity and lubricating capacity.

Flash and Fire

The flash test shows at what temperature the vapors coming off the oil will ignite when a small flame is brought close to its surface.
The fire test shows at what temperature the oil itself will burn. Oils refined from Pennsylvania crude show a flash of 400° Fahr. and over—a fire test of 450°.

Color

Some of the lightest colored oils often contain the most carbon, so that tests of color should never be taken as proof of quality without the other tests described in this column.

Filtering

Oils made from Pennsylvania crude may be depended upon as being truly filtered oils when they have a high gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees). You will note that HERMOLINE oil has both light and color and high gravity.

Ask your dealer for the HERMOLINE booklet—it tells in detail how to prove oil value.

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 41 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, June 17 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

edication of Liberty Churcn

G DEDICATION CELEBRATION AT LIBERTY TOWNSHIP CHURCH LAST SUNDAY

The program as printed in the lemme Times last week was carried t in the Dedication Services at the berty Methodist Church, beginning riday evening, with a service Satur- y afternoon and the big day and ogram was Sunday. Dr. Mossman, esident of Morningside College, ve a wonderful address in the orning whch was enjoyed by all. hen came the big dinner at the noon ur when several hundred people had nner in the new church dining room the basement of the church. It was cessary to have several large tables e length of the room to accommo- te the crowd and they were di- ded into groups and when one oup had feasted another immedi- ely took their place and in this way were served in about an hour and half. In the afternoon and evening ere were more addresses, music and nging nd between times general vis- ng with old time friends who came enjoy the dedication.

We would like to give a description the new church as it now is, but we feel unable to describe it in words suitable and can merely say that the building is one of the finest churches —if not the best in this part of the country. It is equipped with its own electric lght and water service, has a modern heating plant, a large dining room, kitchen, rest room in the basement, and a large auditorium on the first floor. The entire church has been remodeled and refinished thru-out, and presents a beautiful appearance, costing over $8,000.00 in the remodeling, all of which was cleared up on the dedication day, of what remained, and the church is fully free from debt and has money in the treasury, and the people of Liberty township can feel justly proud of the feat they have accomplished in the building of their new church home. We also feel that the pastor, Rev. A. H. Meyer, should share in the honor of having this new structure as it was mainly through his energy and ambition that the church was built as he has devoted a great deal of time overseeing the work and getting the money together that it might stand free from debt.

The people have now a church home that should be amply large enough to do for many years to come and they are to be congratulated for the interest they have taken in the project.

Function of Manners.

Manners must adorn knowledge and smooth its way through the world.—Chesterfield.

Just received--

Car Load of Ranges And Furnaces

Come and get your range or furnace now as they will go fast.

Jacobs & Son

SAVE MONEY ON Twine!

Special on standard Plymouth Twine until June 19, at only--

Per lb. **16c** Per lb.

Cash Price

Come in and get your twine at this special price, pay cash and save money on twine.

Highest price paid for junk. Bring in your old iron, rags, copper, brass, etc. before June 20.

Henry Lau & Sons

SENATOR WARREN G. HARDING OF OHIO, GIVEN NOMINATION FOR PRESIDENCY AT CHICAGO CONVENTION

Gov. Calvin Coolidge, of Mass., Will Be Vice-President

The great Republican convention at Chicago came to a close after ten ballots had been taken with the final wind-up that Senator Harding of Ohio, was given the nominaton for Presidency and Gov. Coolidge, of Mass., named Vice-President.

There was a hard fight all the way through the convention and a neck to neck race was on between Wood and Lowden. When the ninth ballot was taken it became apparent that neither Lowden nor Wood could be nominated and so a land slide brought in Harding ahead of both Wood and Lowden. The tenth ballot named Harding almost unanimous as nominated for the Presidency with the exception of Wisconsin, who held out all the way through the convention with LaFollette. The ninth ballot gave the following: Lowden 121½, Wood 249, Johnson 82, Harding 692½. The tenth ballot read as follows: Wood 156, Lowden 11, Johnson 80 4-5, Harding 692½. Coolidge received 674 votes for the Vice-Presidency. The Lowden delegates were released in the ninth to turn for Harding as likewise were the Wood delegates as is shown above. Wisconsin blocked the move for a unanimous vote or the last ballot would have been a complete landslde for Harding.

It is now a safe bet that Harding of Ohio, will be the next gentleman to reside in the White House chair of honor. It is well.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CLASSES HAVE PICNIC

Last Friday the various classes of the Methodist Episcopal church drove out to the Avery Grove where they staged a big picnic. The doings was the outcome of the Sunday School class contest which was put on some time ago between the adults and the young peoples class.. The "feed" was on the older members who were the losers of the contest. The affair lasted all day and began with games of all kinds and then a fine big "feed" at noon, after which more games and then a fast ball game between the young fellows and the older ones with the result that the older class was badly beaten. The secret of the young people's success in the game was that they ran in a "dark horse pitcher" from somewhere and who fanned out the old bunch as fast as they could get to bat. The day was ideal and all thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

"JACK" WELLEMEYER HOOKS A BIG ONE

"Jack" Wellemeyer should be given all honors for hooking the biggest one so far this year. The one he hooked was exactly as big as himself —right to the ounce. "Jack" was making a swell cast for the scaly tribe and the cast was going out fine, until "Jack's" finger got mixed up with the hooks some way and he found himself hooked to the other end of the line where he expected to hook a fish. The hook ran through "Jack's finger and he had to carry finger, line, hook, sinker and all to the doctor where he had the fishing tackle removed from his anatomy. "Jack" has a rather sore finger where the hook entered one side and the doctor had to cut it out from the other side, but at that "Jack" claims he go the biggest sucker yet caught in the creek this year—himself.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Sunday School at the close of preaching service at 11:00 o'clock. There will be no service in the evening. All are requested to meet with us at the Liberty Township M. E. church. This will be the closing service of The Women's Foreign Missionary Society Convention which has its opening service begnnng Thursday evenng and every evening throughout the week. Mrs. Dow will speak at the morning service.

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

Captures Five Wolves

ROSCOE WILES DIGS OUT DEN OF WOLVES

Roscoe Wiles discovered a large hole dug in the side of a ditch last week and at once had a hunch that it was a wolf den. Sunday morning he went to the place with another man and they were about to dig out the hole when they saw a wolf on top of a hill about forty rods away. Roscoe waited until the wolf went over the ridge and then crawled upon it, but as the wolf was some distance away he only succeeded in wounding it and it ran away but he gave chase and fired another shot crippling it further but it got away. The first time he shot he noticed a number of cubs with the old wolf, but they ran away. A little later he went back to the den and dug ou five young cubs. Monday he went to the court house at Garner to collect the bounty on one which he had killed. The other four little wolves he will keep awhiie as there is quite a demand for wolves for parks at different places. Roscoe also has seventeen Red Foxes. Most of the foxes he also dug out and with the ones he now has he intends to raise quite a number as their fur is quite valuable. He had the young wolves with him in Klememe Monday and we had a glimpse of the little fellows and they looked real cute. Mr. Wiles claims they are easily tamed when caught young like the four he had with him.

BALL GAME SUNDAY AT THE PARK

The Klemme Rockford Socks will stage another game at the ball park north of town Sunday afternoon when they meet the fast Liberty Bells for the second time. Both teams have spruced up considerably and it looks as though both teams will put up a big battle to hold the honors. The Klemme boys will make their first appearance that day in their new uniforms. Go out and take a look at the game and watch the "Socks ring out the Liberty Bells."

CAMP MEETING BEGINS NEXT WEEK

The annual camp meeting of the Northwest Iowa Conference will begin at the Camp grounds at Garner next Tuesday, the 22nd of June. It is anticipated that the meeting will be bigger and better than ever this year and already quite a number of Klemme people have planned to attend, some for a day and some for a longer period. The meetings will come to a close Sunday evening, June 27th.

Warning to Car Drivers

That Ordinance No. 35 will be enforced. Automobile and Motorcycle dr vers are warned not to drive over 15 miles per hour and with cut-outs closed, and shall drive according to all the other rules of said Ordinance.

F. GRUETZMACHER,
adv-1-w Mayor.

FARMERS PLEASE NOTICE

As I intend to leave for the west to spend the summer, I have temporarily turned over the management of the Shippers' Association to Albert Schmidt. From now on when you have cattle or hogs to ship through the Association, phone No. 4305 and he will take care of your stock.

Yours truly,
Adv.-2-p. WM. BACHMAN

Raymond White and wife enjoyed quite a lot of company Sunday when they received a visit from his brother, Wilson White and family, and Mrs. White's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Juhl, all of Miller, who autoed to Klemme Sunday. Raymond White's little boy, Elwood, who had been there visiting his grandparents, came with them. Mrs. Raymond White and Elwood also returned with them to Miller for several weeks' vacation and visiting.

Mr. Wm. Howard and son Sam, and Mrs. Walters, drove to Britt Saturday and remained for Sunday. Mrs. Howard and daughter, Lois, who were visiting at Britt, returned to Klemme with them Sunday evenng.

Local News

Drs. Reuber & Zinn have their building all completed now and will have everything all installed in a few days. They will then have an up-to-date and convenient office.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Kahrs drove to Nevada, Iowa, Sunday, for a visit with relatives. They did not encounter any rain or mud on their way back until they got a little south of Klemme.

Miss Manilla Carlson left for Granville, Illinois, to visit her grandmother, and to joi nher sister Miss Annabelle. From there they will go to Ingram, Wisconsin, to spend her vacation there.

The band gave their concert on Wellemeyer's vacant lot last Wednesday evening. They intend to have their concerts up on the street in the future.

Dr. Missman is now completely moved into his new rooms over the State Savings Bank. Monday he moved the office safe and the waste basket up there and now you will find him located in his new modern equipped office.

W. E. Buell, of Sioux City, and V. D. Cobb, of Indianola, were here to meet with the council last Thursday evening to help get the sewer project started. Elsewhere in this issue you will find more pertaining to the Klemme Sewer District No. 1.

J. N. Day and family drove to Garner last Thursday evening with Donald Nissen who took the Milwaukee train east from there to Lake Geneva Wis., where he will take a couple of weeks' outing and a study course at the Y. M. C. A. camping grounds.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Johnson returned from their honeymoon trip Sunday morning and have now gone to housekeeping on the farm east of town. They went to Elgin and Chicago, Illinois, and also visited other Illinois and Iowa points on their trip.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Rodda and twin daughters, Alice and Alyth, autoed from Havelock, Iowa, Sunday, to spend the day at the John Goll home. These are the same twin girls who were visiting in Klemme a short time ago.

COUNTRY ITEMS

Jay Griggs of Goodell, returned last Thursday from a trip to Steele, North Dakota. He reports that everything is looking fine and some things are ahead of ours.

Johnnie Kearney of Williams, Iowa, is visiting at the Ed. Hemingway home.

Mr. Henry Boose is the proud owner of a new Dort car.

Jay Griggs and family autoed over to Clear Lake Sunday.

V. A. Cook is the owner of a new Ford car.

Jay Click of Gowry, Iowa, was a guest at the Jay Griggs home last week.

L. W. Sherwood of Iowa Falls, was visiting at the home of his son, W. L. Sherwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Greiman were callers at the F. R. Chase home Sunday.

Mrs. Jay Griggs is the proud owner of eight nice goslings, the offsprings of a wild gander and a tame goose.

O. D. Church is the owner of a new Overland car.

—A Subscriber

From early morning until midnight, July 3rd, Belmond will entertain visitors with a continual round of fun and patriotic excitement. Patriotic address, music by 25 piece band, street sports, games, baseball game, big free street attractions, big carnival company, Ferris Wheel, Merry—Go-round, bowery dancing, spectacular display of fireworks. It will be one Grand Old Independence Day and Belmond invites all her friends and neighbors to come and join in the big time. Watch this paper next week. adv1c

Everybody's Doing It.

Said the near-cynic, "When a woman goes shopping these days, although she may be the most sedate little lady in the world, she can't help hitting the high places."

Round-Up Extended To Monday Account Of Rain

Due to the fact that proper lighting facilities can not be secured, it has been deemed entirely too dangerous to engage such feats as bronko riding, bulldogging, steer roping, etc., at night and, therefore, the management of the Mason City Round Up has decided to eliminate all evening performances. Realizing, however, that many people desire to witness this marvelous range production they have consented to extend the contest one day, and in place of the former dates the Round Up will be staged every afternoon from 2 to 5 P. M., at the Iowa fair grounds on June 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th. In place of the two days preliminaries the third day will be the semi-finals and Saturday wll be the grand finals.

Over three hundred head of bucking bronkos, long horn Texas steers, bucking mules, high school and educated horses and other stock has been shipped into the city and with approximately two hundred cowboys and cowgirls participating in the numerous events, the people of this country will have the opportunity of witnessing the most stupendous production of range sports ever presented to the American public.

The office of Secretary Barber, is swamped with requests for reservations and from present indications, Mason City will house during Round Up week the greatest gathering of people ever assembled in this section of the country.—Adv. 1-w.

Note—Since setting the above type we were notified that Monday, June 21 would last day of Rouud Up,

King David's Militia.

King David organized a national militia, divided into 12 regiments, under their respective officers, each of which was called out for one month in the year. At the head of the army when in active service he appointed a commander in chief.

The Oldest Joke.

Johnny Hoy claims that the oldest joke is one about the farmer's wife who went to the door and found a agent. "Can I sell you an exterminator for vermin?" asked the agent. "No," said the farmer's wife, who had been pestered to death with agents. "We have all the vermin we need."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

True.

"I understand that once he served a short term in prison. Yet he has redeemed himself and lived it down absolutely." "Well he would have lived it down, if it wasn't for the fools like you and me who continually keep digging it up for conversation purposes."

The Faith Cure.

"Mamma," said little Betty, "my kitty is sick and I have been trying to give her some of my medicine, but she won't take it." "Of course not," replied her mother. "Cats never take medicine when they are ill." "Well, I declare!" exclaimed Betty. "Who'd think a little kitten like that would use the faith cure?"

Agriculture Best.

Agriculture for an honorable and high-minded man is the best of all occupations and arts by which men procure the means of living.—Xenophon.

Importance of Vitamines.

Protein, fat and carbohydrates are the three elements, chemically speaking, that every human being needs. In addition to these there are minute constituents which are not usually considered, but which have a tremendous importance in making diet palatable and beneficial. These constituents are present in most kinds of fresh fruit and green vegetables. They are referred to as vitamines or accessory factors

Not Supernatural at All.

There used to be a belief that rats never went on a ship that was destined to founder at sea. This has a fine supernatural ring; but, as a matter of fact, has a good deal of truth at the bottom. Unseaworthy vessels in the olden days were likely to be leaky and contain much bilge-water. The rats would naturally abandon such damp quarters for a drier berth.

Great Expectations.

A mosquito fleet may be expected to come up to the scratch.—Wall Street Journal.

Proud of His Ignorance.

"Do you know anything about the stock market?" "Not a thing. That's one place where I am sure ignorance is bliss."

The House of Whispers

By WILLIAM JOHNSTON

Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.

CHAPTER XII—Continued.
—15—

"Nothing doing," he sneered. "Any crook daring enough to steal those pearls, once he had got his hands on them, never would return them. Pearls are too easily disposed of. You've got to dig up a better explanation than that."

"What did Mr. Gaston think? What did he say when he found them there?"

"He had nothing to say. He was so tickled at finding them again that he hustled with them right away to the safe deposit vaults and did not rest until he had them safely locked up. He took both jewel cases with him and made me go along with him to protect them."

"Didn't you look at all for the secret passageway I told you about?"

"Still dreaming about that, are you?" scoffed Gorman. "No, we didn't. On the way up to the Granddeck the old man spoke about it and I told him that in my opinion there was nothing to it. After he recovered the pearls he was too excited to think about anything else. It seemed to break him all up, and I took him back to his hotel and left him there. He said he had some writing to do, and that he would meet me at my office at noon today."

"How do you account for the return of the pearls?" I cried desperately. "What's your theory about them?"

"I haven't any," he replied. "It's up to you to explain it. Maybe by the time I come to see you tomorrow you'll have thought up a new yarn to spin."

"Please, please," I called after him as he turned away, "do look tomorrow and see if that secret passage is not where I said it was."

He walked away without answering. Back once more in my cell, I stretched myself despondently on my little iron cot, and closing my eyes, tried to concentrate my thoughts on an attempt to solve this new mystery, which I could plainly see had all but destroyed Gorman's faith in my honesty. I must solve it if I was to retain him in aiding me to get free, yet the whole thing seemed inexplicable. I could hardly blame him for doubting me. The great value of the pearls had been motive enough for their theft, but what possible motive could there have been for the thief returning them?

With a shock it came to me, too, that the restoration of the pearls practically upset the whole theory of my defense. If I could have established the fact of this theft, a jury might be persuaded to believe my tale of anonymous notes, mysterious whispers, and a secret passageway by which the thief had gained access to the apartment, but without the motive of theft, my story, unsupported by witnesses and uncorroborated by other evidence, surely would be incredible of belief.

I had just one hope left. Old Rufus must find that secret passageway and see whither it led. That, with our knowledge of the identity of the telephone girl and the possibility of proving Gorman's belief that Wick was an ex-convict, seemed likely to be my only salvation. Old Rufus must find that passageway. He must! He must!

For hours I lay there racking my brains over the unsolvable problems. My luncheon was brought in, but I waved it away untouched. Wearily I wondered whether the recovery of the pearls had destroyed my aged relative's faith in me, as it seemed to have destroyed Gorman's. I could hardly blame him if he doubted me after finding that my story of the disappearance of the pearls was apparently untrue. In my brief experience as a prisoner I had learned all too well the bitter fact that once a man is discredited, henceforth no one trusts him. If Rufus Gaston failed me at this juncture I did not see how I could possibly extricate myself unscathed from the web that unseeen hands had so skillfully and maliciously woven around me. The only ray of comfort that I could find anywhere in the whole situation was in my firm belief that though old Rufus and Gorman and the whole world doubted me, Barbara Bradford—my Barbara, I ventured to call her in my innermost heart—would continue to believe in me. She would be sure, no matter how much appearances went against me, that I was telling the truth. Barbara and I knew. Even if she had not known that I could not possibly have fired the shot that killed Miss Lutan, I was certain that she still would have trusted me.

Thinking about Barbara I recalled that it was the day of her sister's wedding. I had one of the prison attendants get me the evening papers to see what they had to say about it, for I was fearful lest some breath of scandal at the last moment involving the Bradfords might bring about a postponement. Eagerly I was hoping that nothing had happened to prevent the marriage taking place. With the fortunes of her sister assured and her mother's future safe, I realized that the course of my relations with Barbara would be likely to be much smoother sailing, provided of course that I was acquitted. In the few chats I had had with her, I had realized that wealth and luxury and social position meant nothing to Barbara's happiness. She was the sort of girl who for a man she loved gladly would brave poverty, hardship, everything—a sincere, true-hearted woman with a clear vision of the real values of existence.

My messenger returned with the newspapers, and as I picked them up, everything went black. "Millionaire Gaston Found Murdered," was the startling headline that flashed before me, right there in the column next to the account of the Bradford wedding.

The sinister effect of this terrible news dawned on me instantly. With my great-uncle Rufus dead, without the possibility of his corroborating any part of my story, my case was hopeless, desperate. Unquestionably it would mean that I would be found guilty of murder and sentenced to death in the electric chair. As soon as I could sufficiently compose myself I read every word there was in the newspapers about this new tragedy, smiling grimly at the thought that at least they could not blame this murder on me.

Mr. Gaston, it appeared, had come to the Granddeck about ten o'clock in the morning and had gone at once to his apartment. On his arrival he had been greeted by the telephone girl and had informed her that he was only in the city for a few days and was staying at a hotel. He had added that he would not be occupying the apartment for several weeks until his wife's return to the city. About half-past twelve there had come a telephone call for him. The girl had been unable to get any response from the apartment. Knowing that he had not gone out, and fearing that he might have had a sudden attack of illness, she had become alarmed and notified Mr. Wick, the superintendent.

The superintendent, the account continued, had summoned Mr. Henry Kent, the owner of the Granddeck apartments. Together they had gone to Mr. Gaston's rooms. Being unable to get any reply to repeated rings and knocks they had finally let themselves in with a pass key in possession of the owner of the building.

In his study in the rear of the apartment they were horrified to find old Rufus Gaston, fully clad, lying on the floor, face down, stone dead. A great wound on the back of his head showed that he had been killed, probably instantly, by a terrific blow from some sort of a blunt instrument. A search of the rooms failed to show any sort of a weapon.

The police theory was that the crime was undoubtedly the work of a burglar who had been trapped by the return of Mr. Gaston so unexpectedly to his apartment. How the murderer escaped after attacking Mr. Gaston was a puzzle to the detectives at work on the case. The superintendent of the building expressed the opinion that the murderer had gained access in the guise of a meter inspector. Attendants in the hall recalled that there had been such a man in the building that morning. As he wore the usual uniform and presented the customary credentials, he had been permitted to enter and leave the building unmolested.

There followed a long review of Rufus Gaston's business career and an estimate of some of his extensive holdings in stocks, bonds and real estate,

"Millionaire Gaston Found Murdered," Was the Startling Headline That Flashed Before Me.

from which it appeared that his fortune was likely to run to over ten million dollars. It was with some surprise that I learned that a score or more of years ago the old man apparently had been a powerful figure in the life of the metropolis, active both in its business and social life.

What interested me most was the attention paid to the remarkable coincidence that only a few weeks before a murder had taken place in the apartment just below, under practically the same circumstances. The police, the account stated, were inclined to believe that the murderer was one of the gang to which young Nelson, now in prison charged with the murder of Miss Lutan, undoubtedly belonged. Their theory was that a burglar gang succeeded in planting Nelson in the apartment as a caretaker, and that this enabled them to get their bearings in the building and provide themselves with false keys for ransacking the rooms at their leisure. The guilt of young Nelson, the police say, is established beyond question, and they are hopeful of being able to round up his associates.

There was also a brief interview with Wick, in which he was quoted as saying:

"I was suspicious of Nelson from the start and tried to keep an eye on him. He was very secretive about his comings and goings and was always prying about trying to learn something about the other tenants. How Mr. Gaston came to employ him as caretaker I never learned, but it would be no hard matter for a slick young crook like him to impose on so old a man as Mr. Gaston with a cock and bull story."

I sniffed indignantly as I read this. I knew that Wick was deliberately trying to still further discredit me. I recalled that he himself had told me that Mr. Gaston had mentioned our relationship. It was obvious that he was deliberately withholding this information with a sinister purpose.

That Wick knew well who had killed Rufus Gaston, just as he knew who had shot Daisy Lutan, I was morally certain. I was inclined to agree with Gorman that Wick himself was not the murderer. The fact that he was of a cowardly and cringing nature seemed to argue against associating him actively with crimes of violence. Yet the virulent way in which he was adding to the evidence against me showed plainly that he was industriously engaged in masking the real murderer.

Who could the murderer be? I was confident that the same person who had killed Miss Lutan had killed my great-uncle. I could only conjecture as to the motive. The police theory that it was burglary seemed as logical as any. The more I pondered over the matter the more firmly I became convinced that there was a numerous criminal band at the back of it all. No one man or two men could carry out all the deviltry, even with the help of the telephone girl.

I recalled, too, how I had been skillfully shadowed, work that evidently required organization and employees. I was convinced that Wick and the telephone girl were only two—more than likely two minor members—of a powerful body of criminals. That it was this same sinister force that had caused my discharge from the office I was equally sure. This sort of thing took brains—far bigger brains than Wick gave any evidence of possessing.

A peculiar apathy came over me as I finished reading the account. Never before had I so fully understood how thoroughly an innocent man could be damned by circumstantial evidence. I knew—Barbara knew—that I was absolutely innocent. I doubted much if we could get anyone else to believe it.

The cunning web had been woven with such malicious thoroughness that escape seemed impossible. What was the use of my fighting further?

CHAPTER XIII.

Coming as it did as a dire climax to all my other troubles, the shock of old Rufus Gaston's murder sent me into an apathetic state from which it seemed impossible for me to arouse myself. Without hope and even without interest I dully awaited the approach of my trial for murder.

While there never had been an opportunity for any bond of affection to become established between my aged relative and myself—in fact, I had seen him only three or four times in my whole life, and then only for brief periods—still his unexpected and dreadful end had bereft me of practically every hope of being acquitted of the absurd charge against me. Wick, it was plain, intended to disclaim all knowledge of my relationship to Mr. Gaston, and now there was no one else to explain how I happened to be living in the building at the time of Miss Lutan's murder. Unfortunately I had destroyed both Mr. Gaston's letter to me and the note from my mother which had first told me of the old man's intention. My great-aunt, I learned from the newspapers, had been completely prostrated by the tragedy and had been unable to come to the funeral. The shock of the news of her husband's violent end had left her in a very critical condition. It seemed to have wholly deranged her aged brain, and the physicians summoned to the Maine camp where she was refused to permit her to be removed from there or to let anyone talk with her, declaring that the least excitement of any sort would be apt to have fatal results.

To be sure there was my mother, who could prove my relationship, but I felt there was little use of dragging her into it. On reading of her uncle's death she had hastened on from the West to attend his funeral and had been puzzled and alarmed by not finding me there. All the time I had been in prison I had been writing her my usual weekly letter, affecting a cheerfulness I was far from feeling and telling her nothing of what had happened. Her letters to me, addressed to the Granddeck, had been forwarded by the post office, so that until after she arrived in the city she knew nothing of my plight. It had been my hope that I would be able to conceal everything from her until after I had been triumphantly acquitted. If I were not she would know the worst soon enough.

When she first learned, or from what source, of my predicament I was unaware. I did not even know of her presence in the city until the day after my great-uncle's funeral, when—just twenty-four hours before my trial was to begin—a keeper brought me word that she was waiting downstairs to see me.

I steeled myself for the interview with her. Naturally I expected that she would be terribly horror stricken and shocked at my plight, but what her attitude toward me would be I could not conjecture. I fully expected nothing but reproaches from her. She had been so opposed to my coming to

"Oh, My Boy, My Boy!" She Had Cried as She Saw Me, "I Know You Didn't Do It."

New York that I felt certain that she would insist that my conduct must be responsible for my being where I now was. For years, it seemed to me, the relations between my mother and myself had been nothing but continuous misunderstandings. To my great amazement and bewilderment not an unkind word nor the suggestion of a reproachful thought came from her lips.

"Oh, my boy, my boy," she had cried as she saw me, "I know you didn't do it. I know my boy is innocent! What can I do to help you?"

In that glorious, wonderful moment of reaction all resentment I had felt toward her forever vanished. I had one sacred, unforgettable glimpse of the eternal greatness of the Mother-heart, ever ready to forgive, ever quick to comprehend, ever prompt to aid. For one sweet hour we talked together, more understandingly than ever before in our lives. Freely and fully I told her everything, even to my wonderful but hopeless love for Barbara Bradford. She was willing, anxious, eager to aid me—but what was there that she could do?—what was there that anyone could do?

It was hopeless for a lone woman of limited means, unacquainted with the big city and unused to its ways, to attempt to battle against such powerful and desperate criminals as were concerned in the far-reaching plot to make me the scapegoat of their heinous misdeeds. I could only advise her that she see McGregor and Gorman and be guided by what they suggested.

When the morning of my trial actually arrived I entered the courtroom in a state of dull apathy. The night before I had not slept at all. I had spent all the black hours reviewing my life, especially the last year, thinking with what high hopes and great expectations I had come to the metropolis and how miserably everything had turned out for me. Step by step I had reviewed the events that had brought me, discredited, all but friendless, all but penniless, into this dismal courtroom accused of a horrible, cowardly deed, seeking to see wherein I might have altered my recent actions or changed the course of my life to avoid having arrived at this shameful goal. Yet, strange to say, I found myself after mature reflection convinced that had I this last year to live over again not in one iota would I have done differently—no, not even if I could have foretold what the future had in store for me.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"Tempus Fugit."

The teacher gave Margaret some yarn and cardboard, and after showing her how to work a design, told her to finish it at home. When she came to school the next day with the half-finished work, the teacher asked her why she had not finished it; if she had run out of yarn. "Oh, no," answered Margaret; "I just run'd out of time."

For the Poor.

The Revenue Collector—You can't run that tent show and pocket the proceeds without paying the war tax. That's not a benevolence, as you claim.

The Owner Manager—My friend, if you were familiar with my circumstances and my show you'd consider the purchase of every ticket a real charity.

GOOD HIGHWAYS ASSIST FARMER

Vast Road-Building Program Now Under Way Throughout Whole United States.

POOR ROADS ADD BIG TOLL

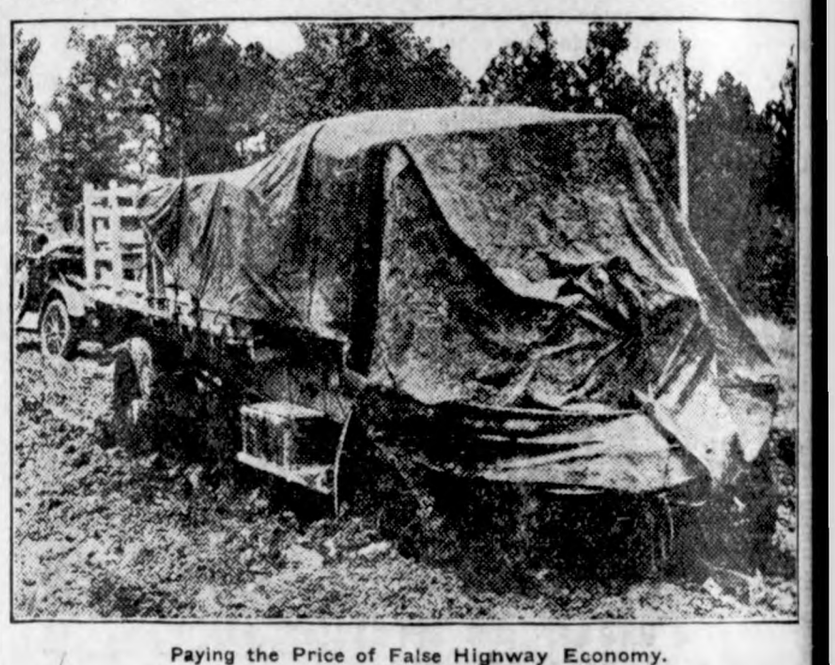
Projects Have Been Approved Calling for Federal Aid to Amount of $110,840,773—Important Factor in Buying and Selling.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The highway is coming into its own in America.

Neglected, abused, undervalued, subjected to cheap remedies for decades, at last the country road is being accorded the treatment it deserves. At a cost of hundreds of millions, the United States is rapidly overcoming the economic handicap which highway neglect has so long entailed.

This stupendous movement, the scope of which the public even now does not fully comprehend, is founded on sound business considerations. Good roads pay. If they did not, the nation would not now be constructing and planning them on an unprecedented scale. They pay by promoting the social life of the people, by helping relieve the congestion that is making maelstroms of municipalities. But, more important still, they pay in dollars and cents, for poor roads add a heavy toll to the buying and selling of



Paying the Price of False Highway Economy.

farm products—a toll far in excess of the expense of adequate improvement.

Unprecedented Road Program.

This is a lesson cities as well as rural districts are learning. In the bureau of public roads, United States department of agriculture, which administers the federal aid road act, is centered supervision of all highway construction which federal funds help carry on. At the close of last year, project statements had been approved calling for federal aid to the amount of $110,840,773—a sum which indicates how fully the nation is convinced that better roads mean better business. The total federal funds available to aid the states in their road-building programs up to July 1, 1920, will be $169,750,000—and this total is exceeded by the combined expenditures of state, county, and municipalities.

Better Roads, Better Business.

The business considerations back of these vast investments are not far to seek. Better roads mean cheaper and quicker hauling. It has been estimated, for example, that on a level, muddy earth road the amount which one horse can draw in an ordinary wagon va-

Where Ton-Mile Costs Are Low.

ries from nothing to a maximum of 800 pounds; on a smooth, dry earth road, from 1,000 to 2,000 pounds; on a gravel road in bad condition, from 1,000 to 1,500 pounds; on a gravel road in good condition, about 3,300 pounds; on a macadam road, from 2,000 to 5,000 pounds; on a brick road, from 5,000 to 8,000 pounds.

If the speed of travel is the same on all of these surfaces, the horse will haul on a good macadam road from three to five times as many miles a day as upon a moderately muddy earth road. Assuming that one horse is capable of a certain fixed amount a day, then with a given load, his effective radius of travel from that point on a macadam road is from three to five times the radius of travel from that point on a moderately muddy earth road—and earth roads are moderately muddy many months in the year.

Several years ago information secured by the department of agriculture from 2,800 correspondents indicated that the average cost of hauling on an unimproved country road was 25.7 cents a ton-mile. Today, with prices levels much higher, the cost would be even greater.

While it is difficult to estimate accurately what the saving would be if all highways were improved in the districts represented by these replies, a specific instance makes the benefit plain. A farmer in a southern state had to haul a ton of barbed wire 20 miles, over unimproved roads. He found that with a two-horse team his maximum load was 500 pounds, and that three days were required to make one round trip. To haul one ton, therefore, required 12 days to make one round trip. Allowing $6 a day for man and team, the cost was $72. After the roads in this region were improved, the same team could draw a ton to the load and make one round trip in two days, at a cost of $12. The ton-mile cost under old conditions was $3.18, and this cost was reduced to 52 cents by the improved road.

Roads and Wheat Marketing.

Take the saving in the cost of hauling wheat as another example. If the construction of narrow, single-track roads with improved surface will reduce the hauling cost 5 per cent a ton-mile, and if the average yield of wheat in the vicinity of these roads is 30 bushels to the acre, there results, for an average haul of five miles, an economic advantage of 22.5 cents an acre or $36 a quarter section. This is 4½ per cent on $900. Calculations of this sort have shown thousands of communities the wisdom of borrowing money to the extent of $2,000 a square mile of wheat area, so that roads could be improved to effect a saving on wheat hauling equal to that cited above, and, at the same time, effect a corresponding saving in each of the other crops.

The lowering of distribution costs, it is now recognized, is one of the most important problems in reducing living costs. While business is searching for more economical methods of handling goods, the farmers have not been neglecting other phases of this problem. On the prices at which he sells, all other prices must depend. Good roads, enabling him to get his products to the market at materially reduced cost, are among the big factors in more economical distribution.

RURAL HAULING PROFITABLE

Many Farmers, Whose Trucks Are Not Filled to Capacity, Help Out Their Neighbors.

Many of the motortrucks on farms adjacent to large cities are not loaded to full capacity on their trips to the city. Few farmers have their business so arranged as to permit the use of the truck to its maximum capacity regularly. Many such farmers, according to the United States department of agriculture, have gradually begun to haul a part or all of their neighbors' products to market, and in some cases this practice has led to the establishment of a regular route. Some farmers have been enabled to purchase trucks, because their own business, coupled with that of their neighbors', has been sufficient to warrant such an investment.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Sweet clover is winning on merit.

* * *

Head lettuce does best in cool, moist weather.

* * *

Humus makes the soil more mellow and granular.

* * *

The shining hoe is the best badge of the good gardener.

* * *

Plant plenty of celery and late cabbage for all season's use.

* * *

Trees grow; they grow in height, in volume, in value, and in quality.

* * *

Cultivation of soy beans as a factor in solving the stock food problem is urged.

* * *

The easiest, cheapest and most satisfactory way to prevent soil drifting is to sow a field every year to tame grass.

Shake Into Your Shoes
Sprinkle in the Foot Bath

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The Antiseptic, Healing Powder for the Feet,

for Tired, Swollen, Tender Feet, Corns, Bunions, Blisters, Callouses. It freshens the feet and makes walking easy. 1,500,000 pounds of powder for the feet were used by our army and navy during the war. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold everywhere.

How About Your Catarrh? Do You Want Real Relief?

Then Throw Away Your Sprays and Other Makeshift Treatment.

Why? Simply because you have overlooked the cause of catarrh, and all of your treatment has been misdirected. Remove the cause of the clogged-up accumulations that choke up your air passages, and they will naturally disappear for good. But no matter how many local applications you use to temporarily clear them away, they will promptly re-appear until their cause is removed.

S. S. S. is an antidote to the millions of tiny Catarrh germs with which your blood is infested. A thorough course of this remedy will cleanse and purify your blood, and remove the disease germs which cause Catarrh.

For free medical advice write to Chief Medical Adviser, 101 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

WATCH THE BIG 4

Stomach-Kidneys-Heart-Liver

Keep the vital organs healthy by regularly taking the world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The National Remedy of Holland for centuries and endorsed by Queen Wilhelmina. At all druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

IOWA IMPROVED FARMS, Chickasaw, adjoining counties. Buy direct from owner. $175-$225. Reilly Bros., New Hampton, Iowa.

120 Acres, Near Oshkosh, Winnebago County, Wisconsin. All plow land, good bldgs., 5 horses, 19 head cattle, all machinery, $30,000. Many others. Paul Redemann. Oshkosh, Wis.

For Sale: Collie Pups from imported stock, with pedigree and registration certificate. $15, $25. Du Page Kennels, Braidwood, Ill.

HONEY, PURE EXTRACTED, $14.00 60 LB. CAN; $27.50 2 cans; $2.70 10 lb. pail; 5 lb. pail $1.45; Chris Bahr, Almont, N. Dak.

WILLING TO GO HALF WAY

Little Jimmy's Answer to Leading Question Distinctly In Nature of a Compromise.

Aunt Marie was very good, indeed, to her five-year-old nephew, James. She gave him everything his little heart desired. But still she was often inclined to tease him and whenever he showed resentment she teased him still further by threatening to take away something she had given him.

The other night she began her usual teasing, taking for the subject herself and her charms. "Why, Jimmie thinks I'm a wonder," and she turned to little James provokingly and asked: "Don't you think I'm pretty? Don't you think I'm good?"

The little fellow was disturbed. He wanted to tell the truth, and he also wanted to keep auntie's favor. Finally he found his tongue. "Well, I do fink you're pretty good," he said truthfully.

Troubles of the Poor.

It doesn't matter how rich they get the poor still have their troubles. A waitress in a New York restaurant reported to the police that some thief had stolen her $650 fur coat.

Sad Experience.

"Do you believe in love at first sight?" "Well, there isn't much second sight about it, is there?"

A widow always tries to console herself with the belief that she can't do any worse the next time.

A Feeling of Security

You naturally feel secure when you know that the medicine you are about to take is absolutely pure and contains no harmful or habit producing drugs.

Such a medicine is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

The same standard of purity, strength and excellence is maintained in every bottle of Swamp-Root.

It is scientifically compounded from vegetable herbs.

It is not a stimulant and is taken in teaspoonful doses.

It is not recommended for everything.

It is nature's great helper in relieving and overcoming kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

A sworn statement of purity is with every bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

If you need a medicine, you should have the best. On sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to try this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

The Real Reason.

When it was proposed to create more public offices, the masses, long suffering though they were, began to growl ominously.

"But," they expostulated, "there is no work for more office holders to do!"

Which proved beyond the peradventure of a doubt that the masses were just as stupid and unreasoning as the politicians believed them to be; for anyone with even a modicum of intelligence should have learned by this time that office holders do not care for work—all they want is the salary. —Kansas City Star.

Getting Back at Hubby.

Bacon—When a woman says that she doesn't care how she looks, it is time to send for the doctor.

Mrs. Bacon—But, if the doctor is a married man, he won't care."

Uncomplimentary.

Gerald—The drink went to my head.

Geraldine—Perhaps it likes unfrequented places.

Egg Eating Birds.

As a robber of birds' eggs the crow is in a class by himself. There is no egg that does not appeal to his appetite.

The Language.

"I tell you, young Smith is a coming man."

"Yes, I notice he is going some."

INSTANT POSTUM

Costs less than coffee
Far more healthful

Ask your grocer for
POSTUM instead of coffee.

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Farm Live Stock

IMPROVE QUALITY OF STOCK

Tennessee Department of Agriculture Urges Breeders to Join Better Sires Crusade.

"Better sires—better stock.

"A nation-wide crusade to improve the quality of cattle, horses, mules, swine, sheep, goats, and poultry in the United States.

"Every Tennessean who believes in better live stock should join this movement, begun by the United States department of agriculture."

That is the first thing seen by the readers of the current issue of the Monthly Bulletin of the Tennessee department of agriculture.

"It means the passing of the scrub," the Bulletin continues.

"It means greater success in livestock production and consequently greater prosperity for the people.

"Good-bred stock will outsell the scrub every time.

"If you want better stock consult the county agent in your own county or else write to the division of extension, Knoxville, Tenn.

"Now is the time to put Tennessee on the live-stock map.

"If you believe in better live stock and poultry join this movement. Tennessee has natural advantages for wonderful live-stock development, but the 'better sires' crusade will do much to hurry along this development."

BEEF PRODUCED FOR FAMILY

More Is Bought From Village Butcher Than Is Raised on Farm—Little Veal Killed.

The farmer buys more beef than he takes from the farm. Only about 10 per cent of meat furnished by the average farm is beef. In the north and west the average consumption of beef per family is nearly 300 pounds and in the south it is less than 100 pounds, according to the United States department of agriculture.

The beef animal killed for home use may be a beef steer or an unprofitable cow, or a heifer that does not promise to be a good producer and would not bring a good price for beef on the market. Very little veal

A Steer, An Unprofitable Cow or a Poor Looking Heifer May Be Used for the Family Table.

is killed on the farm for home use. Much of the beef bought by farmers is bought in the summer from village butchers who operate meat wagons or cars in the country. On the average farm there are no facilities for keeping fresh meat during warm weather.

PLAN TREATMENT OF LAMBS

Attention Attracted In Many Localities to Value of Docking and Castrating Lambs.

The value of castration and docking of buck lambs destined for market is attracting attention in many localities where the practice has not been generally followed. In Braxton county, W. Va., for example, the farm bureau plans a demonstration of the value of castration and docking by sending to market one carload of buck lambs that have not been thus treated, and at the same time a carload of buck lambs that have been docked and castrated. The prices will be compared, and a forceful object lesson is expected. Farmers in Gilmer county, of the same state, expect to dock and castrate all their buck lambs in the coming year.

Failure to follow this practice generally is regarded by officials of the Bureau of Animal Industry, United States department of agriculture, as a weak point in agriculture, and they recommend the practice to all farmers.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

First-class draft horses are very scarce.

* * *

The pig grows upon what it eats. While it should not be overfed, it must be supplied with all it will eat up clean for best development and growth.

* * *

Docking gives the lambs a neater and more uniform appearance. Long-tailed lambs collect dung, which often causes maggot trouble during hot weather.

* * *

If you have an ambition to make a success as a breeder, to improve the breed and establish a reputation for raising a choice lot of extra pigs, it requires you to acquaint yourself with all of the best feeding experience to be had

INVESTMENTS

In the present period of the adjustment of the country's industrial and commercial affairs it is well for investors to exercise the utmost caution in the selection of investments.

Investors should scan these securities very carefully. Where there is the least doubt, caution will dictate looking a little farther for an investment where safety and peace of mind are absolutely assured. Preferring to sacrifice a part of big income to a greater degree of safety, the conservative investor prospers to a larger extent in the end than the investor whose first thought is income, the quality of the security being a minor consideration.

Write for booklet, "Investment Steps," and for detail circulars describing the First Mortgage 6% Real Estate Serial Notes of $100 and $500 denominations we are offering and recommend as conservative, high-grade, safe investments.

The Mercantile Trust Company is a member of the Federal Reserve System, and by reason of such membership is under the supervision of the United States Government. This means that every loan we make, including "First Mortgage Real Estate Serial Loans," is subject to examination by Government Bank Examiners. These loans are also examined by the St. Louis Clearing House Bank Examiners and the official Bank Examiners of both the State of Missouri and the State of Illinois.

We particularly invite comparison between these loans and the average real estate mortgage loans, with reference to excellence of location, class of construction and actual (not estimated) income.

Delivery of notes purchased by non-residents will be made at our own risk to any bank or post office. Send for Circulars describing the First Mortgage 6% Real Estate Serial Notes we are now offering.

Real Estate Loan Department

Mercantile Trust Company

Member Federal Reserve System — *U.S. Government Supervision*

ST. LOUIS MISSOURI

Capital and Surplus $10,000,000

Melancholy Duty.

A visitor observed that the little girl of the house was eating some new kind of cereal food. As she seemed to evince a melancholy interest in the preparation the visitor asked: "Do you like it, Mary?"

"Not 'specially," replied the youngster sadly.

"Then why do you eat it?"

"I have to," was the grave answer. "Our grocer has promised to give a pair of skates for every five packages we buy, and it's got to be eaten every morning."

Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freezone costs only a few cents.

With your fingers! You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.

A tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs little at any drug store; apply a few drops upon the corn or callous. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callous right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. Truly! No humbug!—Adv.

Safe in Unsuspected Dangers.

Writing of accidents to persons employed in industrial plants, Dr. C. Widmer says in Theraple der Gegenwart (Berlin) that the experience of countless ages enables us to sidestep injury unconsciously, and only when we focus our consciousness on the reaction to the occurrence is injury liable to result.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

The Main Thing.

"How is it you manage to keep a cook so long?"

"Why, we know our place."

The Cuticura Toilet Trio

Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations. The soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them. 25c everywhere.—Adv.

Quick Work.

Fat Lady—So you really think a massage machine will reduce my waist. Where can I get one?

Doctor—I jes' saw a steam roller go down th' street.

His Salutation.

At one of the western camps a rookie had been made the victim of so much guying that he had long since given up the idea of taking any statements seriously. One night while on guard a tall figure loomed out of the darkness,

"Who's there?" challenged the recruit.

"Major Moses," replied the figure.

"Glad to meet you, Mose. Advance and give the Ten Commandments."—American Legion Weekly.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Well Placed.

The Renter—Say, you, you told me the room you rented to me commanded a fine view and I find it opens on a light shaft.

The Agent—That's right. The Scrapleigh couple live across the shaft and they put up some of the best rough battles you ever saw. You gotta ringside seat.

Obvious.

"A New York judge has ruled that love is insanity." "Well, men go crazy over girls, don't they?"

Frantic With Pain

Doan's However Brought Complete Recovery and Trouble Has Never Returned

"My kidneys were weakened by exposure in Alaska," says Hermann Schrader, 328 Park Ave., Hoboken, N. J., "and my misery at times became so great I thought I would lose my mind. I had terrible pains in my back, and a constant desire to urinate. My back felt as if it were in sections with each crushing against the other. Finally I was taken desperately ill. It seemed as if something were crushing out my life. Before long I passed a gravel stone the size of a pea. If the pain had been any more intense I think I would have died. I was having practically no flushing of the kidneys and my weight had reduced from 178 pounds to 125. The doctor told me I had gravel and small stones filling up the passages of the bladder. After all of this I began to use *Doan's Kidney Pills* and soon improved. In a short time I was well and my cure has lasted fifteen years. Today I am in perfect health."

Mr. Schrader

Sworn to before me,
W. P. WEISS, Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Thousands of Happy Housewives in Western Canada

are helping their husbands to prosper—are glad they encouraged them to go where they could make a home of their own—save paying rent and reduce the cost of living—where they could reach prosperity and independence by buying on easy terms

Fertile Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land similar to that which through many years has yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. With such crops come prosperity, independence, good homes, and all the comforts and conveniences which make for happy living.

Farm Gardens—Poultry—Dairying

are sources of income second only to grain growing and stock raising. Good climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephone, etc., give you the opportunities of a new land with the conveniences of old settled districts.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent.

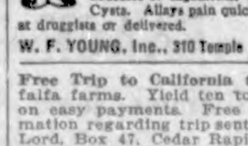
OLD SORES, PILES AND ECZEMA VANISH

Good, Old, Reliable Peterson's Ointment a Favorite Remedy.

"Had 51 ulcers on my legs. Doctors wanted to cut off leg. Peterson's Ointment cured me."—Wm. J. Nichos, 40 Wilder Street, Rochester, N. Y.

Get a large box for 60 cents at any druggist, says Peterson, of Buffalo, N. Y., and money back if it isn't the best you ever used. Always keep Peterson's Ointment in the house. Fine for burns, scalds, bruises, sunburn, and the surest remedy for itching eczema and piles the world has ever known.

DAISY FLY KILLER PLACED ANYWHERE ATTRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 5 by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25.



HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

After you eat—always use

EATONIC

FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE

—one or two tablets—eat like candy. Instantly relieves Heartburn, Bloated Gassy Feeling. Stops indigestion, food souring, repeating, headache and the many miseries caused by

Acid-Stomach

EATONIC is the best remedy, it takes the harmful acids and gases right out of the body and, of course, you get well. Tens of thousands wonderfully benefited. Guaranteed to satisfy or money refunded by your own druggist. Cost a trifle. Please try it!

YOU CAN'T CUT OUT A BOG SPAVIN OR THOROUGHPIN but you can clean them off promptly with

ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

and you work the horse same time. Does not blister or remove the hair. $2.50 per bottle, delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Book 4 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Varicose Veins, Ruptured Muscles or Ligaments, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Cysts. Allays pain quickly. Price $1.25 a bottle at druggists or delivered.

W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Free Trip to California to inspect our Alfalfa farms. Yield ten tons per acre. Sold on easy payments. Free booklet and information regarding trip sent on request. W. T. Lord, Box 47, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your Druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Baseball!

Klemme Rockford Socks

vs.

Liberty Bells

Sunday, June 20th

At the Klemme Ball Park

Don't fail to see this game as it will be fast and furious from start to finish.

Admission: Adults 35c, Children 20c

The

Klemme Meat Market

Fresh Meat

—because we dress all of the meat we sell—no risk of spoiling in fransit. It is a great deal of satisfaction to know that the meat you buy from us is Fresh.

Tender Meat

—because our meat is bought locally and selected by us. You want the best quality—so we buy the best.

We assure you of prompt service and reasonable prices.

J. P. Larsen & Sons, Props.

DANGER!

Have us wire your residence NOW. Get an electric iron and a fan and eliminate the danger of over-heating yourself these hot days. Call us at our expense, write us, notify us by wireless and we will be over in our airplane at once give you a good price on a first class job.

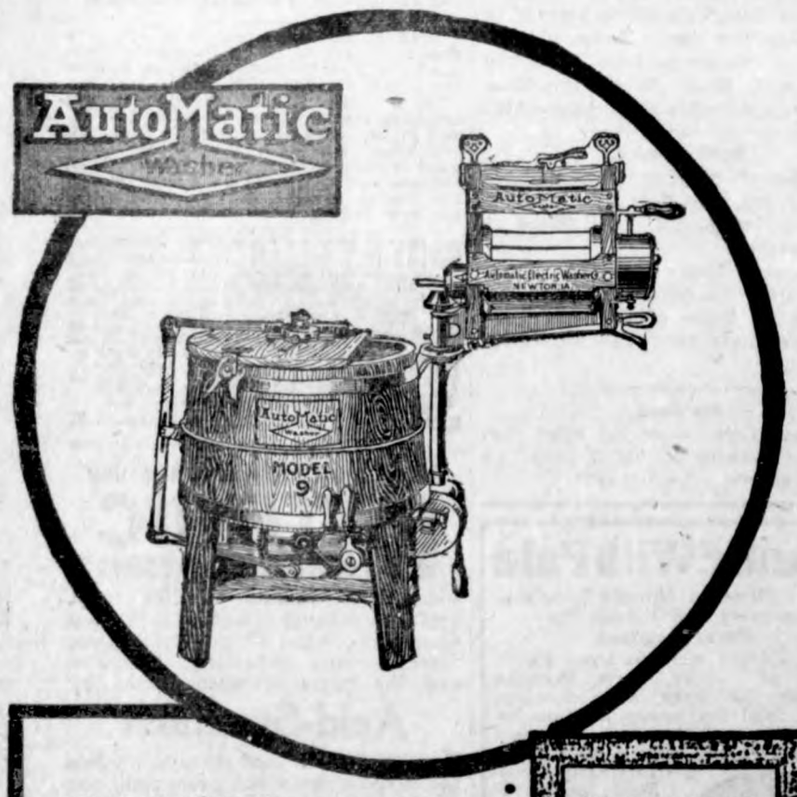
Your HOOVER Electric Sweeper is here now.

See Us Now

C. C. TESSIER

"Your Electrician"

GARNER - - - IOWA



100% Wash-Day Satisfaction

Do you dread wash-day? If so, it is because you do not have the right equipment. An Automatic or belt power washer removes the drudgery of blue Monday and does all the hard work of washing.

Eight great models, to operate by gasoline engine, farm lighting plants or city current.

Two Valuable Books Free

Two complete books on formulas for washing and dry cleaning. Call and get these at our store.

W. M. BAACK

Dealer Klemme, Iowa

Model No. 9 Single Tub Power Washer With Swinging Wringer

A special model for those housewives who want the advantages of the Automatic Swinging Wringer but do not care to buy one of our Bench Washers. Most convenient single tub type washer made for use where electric current is not to be had. Fitted with Automatic Power Drive and driven by belt from any source of power. Reversible Wringer swings to wring in any position — same as on Bench Models—and has Safety Quick Release feature. Tub has all the big automatic features—Solid Sycamore Dolly—Galvanized Outlet—Brass Faucet, etc.

Local News!

Quite a number from here autoed to Clear Lake and Bayside Sunday.

Dr. Reuber went to Mason City on Monday on professional duty.

Clement Kriz of Mason City, was a business caller in Klemme Monday.

Mrs. M. O. Barr is enjoying a visit from her mother.

Miss Catherine Wille was a passenger to Garner Tuesday afternoon.

A number from here went to West Lake, near Kanawha, to see the ball game Sunday.

Mrs. Wallace Carr, of Garner, was here Friday visiting at the home of her brother, Ray White.

Mr. A. Wellemeyer and children drove to Clear Lake Sunday to spend the day picnicing.

Dr. Reuber and Marlin Croner drove to Mason City last Thursday on business matters.

Mrs. Herman Preibe was a passenger to Garner Tuesday afternoon to have some dental work done.

Elmer Fuller went to Des Moines last Thursday evening to drive back a new Ford Sedan.

Hod Lawhorn of Garner was in Klemme Tuesday renewing acquaintances.

Chris Jacobs and family drove over from Garner last Wednesday evening for a visit with Ed Jacobs.

Dr. Mereness and family returned to Dolliver, Iowa, after a few days' visit with Mr. and Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs.

Herman Coobs' sore finger, which he jimmed up a few weeks ago, has so far healed that he is able to be at work again in the Pavey shop.

E. G. Ell and family autoed to Minnesota Sunday, where they went to visit relatives at several points for a few days. They returned yesterday.

We had a variety of showers in Klemme Sunday, but they came "steady by jerks" and did not seem to cool off the air any.

Ed Jacobs and Bert Mathews were both at Clear Lake Sunday. We presume that they took a dip in the cool water while there.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Trafford and children drove to Blue Earth, Minn., to spend Sunday with relatives and friends. They returned Monday.

LuVerne Smith came from Belmond Saturday evening for an over Sunday visit with his mother and sisters here.

The Womans Foreign Missionary Society convention begins at Liberty township church today and closes on Sunday evening.

Mike Haskins and C. C. Tessier, of Garner, were in town Monday wiring up Doc Zinn's building for electric "juice."

M. O. Hocum and family drove to Gowrie, Iowa, last Thursday for a visit with his folks. They returned to Klemme Saturday evening.

An aiplane flew over Klemme Tuesday in a souheasterly direction. Everybody got their neck stretched watching him fly away.

On account of the shotage of sugar it is reported that all hotels, restaurants and cafes will go on the sugar rationing June 21st. It is also reported that no more sugar will be shipped to foreign countries until the United States is fully supplied.

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

Paul Grange and family returned Monday evening from their visit and vacation visiting relatives at Ruthven, Iowa.

The dance which was given at the Idle Hour last Thursday evening was well attended and all seemed to have a good time.

Andrew, Ethel and Clar Wellemeyer, visited with their grandmother at Charles City, last week from Monday until Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Oleson, of Kanawha, were Klemme visitors Friday morning.

Miss Bera Tierney, of Garner, spent Thursday evening visiting with Miss Mldred McCullough.

We have been experiencing some real warm weather the past week. The thermometer said 105 degrees in the shade Sunday afternoon—and there wasn't much shade either.

Sometimes we do not get all the news promptly and so we find that R. W. Elder has been working at the Klemme Meat Market for a couple of weeks. Ralph will make a good man for the Larsens.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

☞Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

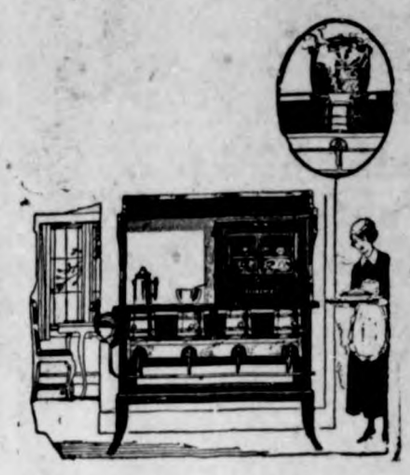
All Calls are answered promptly.

Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

FLORENCE

OIL COOK STOVES



More Heat

Less Care

For kitchen service, comfort and satisfaction in cooking, baking and roasting, use the Florence Oil Cook Stove. Ready for duty day or night.

The Florence burner is the most practical burner made. Just raise the chimney and touch a lighted match to the asbestos kindler—in a few minutes you get an intense, clean, hot, blue flame right under the cooking. Heat is automatically controlled by lever handles. The heat goes into the cooking and not into the kitchen. This means a cool kitchen.

No ashes, no smoke. no dampers. Burns kerosene, the cheapest of fuel. No wicks to trim. Oil supply is always in sight in the glass bull's-eye of the tank.

Yovr dealer will show how easy the Florence Oil Cook Stove is to use and to keep clean, and why it means more heat and less care.

Call and see this stove

G. W. Kluchohn & Sons

Groceries - Dry Goods - Hardware

Buy Yourself a pair of work shoes, while you can **Save 10** *per cent!*

We're overstocked and want to reduce our stock of Work Shoes. You can find the kind you are looking for, whether it be a Gambier Tan, Manure and Acid Proof, Chrome, Elk or Horsehide.

Call in and see what we have to offer. Many are buying 2 and 3 pairs. This is a money saving opportunity for you. We have all sizes and weights in Blutcher and Outing Styles.

Here's a Snap for You!

All Mens and Boys White Canvas Oxfords and High Shoes at a rediculously low price of ***69 cents***. We are going to discontinue the line of canvas shoes---that's the reason for the special price. These Were previously sold at $1.25 to $1.75. Some saving! Get yours today while the sizes are good.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES

GARNER, IOWA

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

carry a nice line of Fresh Gro-
es--Ladies, mens and childrens
s for all kinds of wear--also a
plete line of

Dry Goods

ne in and let us show you the
goods for Spring which are
ing in at this time. We will
nterested to show you and you
be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors Phone 72

verland

TRADE MARK REG.

verland, Buick &
Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

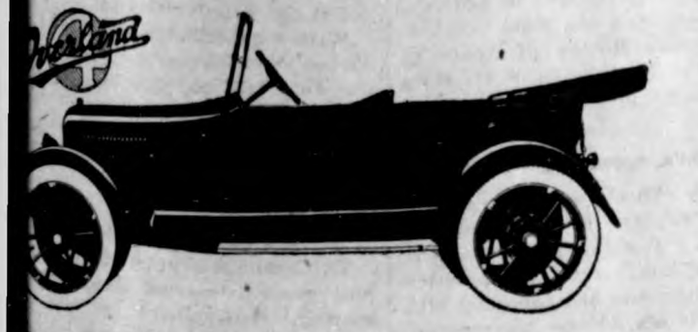
Oliver Plows and Farm Ma-
chinery

Owens Automatic Farm
Lighting Plant

dyear and Fisk caseings and tubes
Cords in all sizes.

eceived a large shipment of Auto and Tractor
Oil--5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



PHONE 30

Wiles Garage

YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST

KLEMME, IA.

O. Hocum

rain, Coal and Live
Stock Man

Grain and Hogs six days in
I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicit-
ed. All work attended to promptly
and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

Quite a number of farmers from here went to the Farmers' Picnic held at Concord yesterday. They all report a big time, lots of fun and the usual contests.

Harold Schneder, of Garner, and a son of Charlie Schneider the grocery and hadware dealer there, and who has bee nattending college at Ames, taking an engineering course, has been appointed captain of the Ames ball team for next season. This is quite an honor and Harold's many friends here are glad to hear of his progress at the Iowa State College.

Want Ads.

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

LOST—Auto No. 61760 Ia. somewhere east or southeast of Klemme last Sunday. Return to Harley Knapp. 1wp

STRAYED AWAY—A roan steer, weighing about four hundred pounds, strayed away from my place about three weeks ago. Finder notify me at my expense. TIM WADDINGHAM 2p

FOUND—An auto jack. Owner can have same by calling at Times Office and proving property and paying cost of advertising. 2w

FOUND—Number plate for auto. No. 142543 Ia. Call at Times Office.

ROOMS FOR RENT

Four rooms to rent for light housekeeping or roomers. Mrs. Leo Wilkins. 2wp

For Sale

FOR SALE—282 acres of good land in Western Canada, near Standard. House, barn, feced, 100 acres broke. $50.00 an acre, $3,000.00 cash, balance on terms. For further information write

FRED REIFFENSTEIN,
Standard, Alta., Canada.

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

LAND SALE

We will sell on public auction the following land: The North ½ of the Northeast ¼ Section, No. 3, in Twin Lake Township, Hancock County, Iowa; tract of land 73 acres. This land will be sold to the highest responsible bidder. $2,000.00 cash when sale is made, balance to be paid in 60 days thereafter. Sale will take place on farm 2 miles west and 1 mile south of Klemme, Iowa, June 16th, 1920, at 2 p. m.

J. A. Young, Auctioneer
F. A. Arnold, Clerk
adv. 4 wks. A. C. Lau and
Wm. Grieman,
Administrators

Tops off the SUPPER!

—the *fresh-from-the-oven flavor* of a steaming, bracing cup of good *"rich and mellow"*

Chocolate Cream COFFEE

Tried it lately? Learn what fresh-roasted fragrance adds to the flavor of good coffee! We seal the fresh-roasted coffee within our new hermetic seal canisters at the ovens. Reaches you absolutely oven-fresh.

60¢ lb.

WESTERN GROCER COMPANY

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers .:.

In 1918 Iowa farmers were using 4,000 tractors and 1919 shows over 9,000 in use.

Two new livestock shipping companies have been organized in O'Brien county, one at Primghar and one at Hartley.

The Marshall County Cow Testing association, which passed out of existence during the war, when it became impossible to secure a competent tester, was reorganized on a new basis recently.

General Pershing's tribute to Iowa State college is a high tribute from one in high places, but Iowa State college performed a high service in the war. Nearly 2200 stars on its service flag, more than a hundred now emblazoned in gold. It is a record that should never be forgotten.

L. L. Wherry has sold his farm 1 and 1-2 miles south of Ames and closed out everything at public sale. A total of 48 head of live stock were listed by Mr. Wherry. J. O. Allen, a neighbor, also listed 14 head of live stock which were sold at the same time, making a total of 62 head of live stock offered.

Printed letterheads are a real asset for the farmer who is selling to either wholesale or retail trade. The following form is suggestive:

FAIR VALLEY FARM
Butter, Eggs, Dressed Poultry, by Parcel Post From the Farm to You.

BLANK, IOWA----------19----

The return of the miners to work will greatly relieve the suffering that has been so apparent throughout Iowa, especially during the exceedingly cold weather of a few days ago. In some localities the suffering was intense, among the poorer classes. All curtailed productions will within a short time have resumed to normal

The Allamakee supervisors have recommended to the state highway commission that districts Nos. 5, 11 and 12 be paved this next year. This highway extends from Waukon, three and one-half miles to the county farm and from Postville, north three and one-half miles. The Postville and Decorah roads will be re-located to save a little over three and a quarter miles.

Corn huskers are scarce in Pocahontas county, in fact every effort is being made to assist the farmers of the county in getting their corn taken care of. Most of the help secured is inexperienced. Every effort is being made to supply the demand through sub-employment agencies over the county, in charge of the Farm Bureau to farmers who have been delayed in husking.

Joseph Kordick, a well known and well to do farmer, residing near Greenfield recently purchased nine cars of feeder cattle on the Omaha market, or 234 head, and will fatten them for market. Mr. Kordick has erected three brick silos on his farm and will fatten them on silage. In the work of filling the silos he utilized a tractor and found that it generated power sufficient to handle the silage cutter in good shape.

Miss Vivian Phillips, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Phillips, who live north of Perry realized that it pays to buy good farm stock and care for it. For her work in caring for a little calf, she is almost $1,000 gainer in less than a year. Miss Phillips' calf, which was purchased for $175, was sold for $1,250. She won first in a contest and fifty-two calves, entered, sold at an average price of $500.

Frank and Harry Jenson, well known farmer boys, living a few miles from Weston, are highly elated over their first attempt at cattle feeding. They marketed a number of their Whitefaces recently and received $13.50 per 100 pounds. They bought the animals on the same market two months ago for $10.85 and their average weight at that time was 1,102 pounds. The cattle when marketed tipped the scales at 1,253, a gain of 151 pounds.

The value of Iowa's honey crop for the season of 1919 is $2,652,000. Put in ten-pound buckets the crop would cover 191 miles, or from Marshalltown to Council Bluffs. State Apiarist F. B. Paddock found 178,000 colonies of bees producing this crop. They are valued at $10 the colony. Each colony the past season produced an average of seventy-five pounds, which was better by eighteen pounds than the average for the five years previous, which was fifty-seven pounds.

A gentleman in close touch with the fur industry in Iowa says that hundreds of thousands of dollars are represented in the season's catch. In one little town a dealer paid out $20,000 last winter. To this must be added the amount received by those who send their pelts direct to the city dealer. Nobody ever thinks much about trapping as a source of revenue but when once investigation is made it is an industry that contributes a large amount to the circulating medium in the course of a season.

Through the Bank your money will help along prosperity.

It is safe, readily available, builds for you a credit and standing in the community, is an asset and works for the community good.

Funds that lie idle, that are not put to work through a Bank or in some helpful way are a discredit to the owner.

S art your account with us.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

SUCCESSFUL MEN BUILD

Men of action, men of success are men who build because--

Building means Profit!

Every improvement built about your place is a sign of success and the source of more success.

We are here to help successful men build. That means YOU when you are ready.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States
Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

HOW WARREN G. HARDING WAS NOMINATED BY THE REPUBLICANS

Story of the National Convention at Chicago, the Struggle to Build a Platform and the Selection of a Ticket.

GOVERNOR COOLIDGE GIVEN SECOND PLACE

Wood, Lowden and Johnson, Leaders in the Early Balloting, Eliminated at the Behest of a Senatorial Coterie and a Dark Horse Wins the Race.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

For President—WARREN G. HARDING of Ohio.

For Vice President—CALVIN COOLIDGE of Massachusetts.

There is the ticket with which the Republicans hope and intend to regain possession of the national government next fall.

For president, a man from the home state of many presidents, a statesman of long experience and solid reputation, who has been a member of the United States senate since 1914, a member of the "old guard" who stands well with the Republicans who are in control of the senate.

For vice president, the governor of the Bay state, who was virtually unknown to the nation at large until the strike of Boston policemen and his vigorous course in its suppression gave him a vast amount of publicity and made him the favorite son of Massachusetts in the balloting for first place on the ticket.

These gentlemen now stand before the electors of the country on a platform that is so broad that it embraces nearly every topic and issue of the day, though there are those who assert that in some places the planks are perilously thin. Its builders, however, maintain that there is no danger of the candidates falling through the weak spots, and it may be that, with some judicious straddling and side-stepping, this will prove true.

Struggle Over the Platform.

Seldom, if ever, has the choice of a presidential candidate been so closely connected with the building of the platform—or it might be more exact to say the rejection of a candidate. For if Hiram Johnson and his supporters could have compelled the adoption of just the plank they demanded on the League of Nations issue, the California senator, and he alone, could with consistency have consented to go before the people standing on the platform. As it was, his threat to bolt the party caused a long deadlock in the deliberations of the committee on resolutions and at last forced the adoption of a plank based on the cabled suggestion of Elihu Root. That wise man had gone to Europe, but kept in close touch with the doings in Chicago and at the crucial moment his plan was presented to Johnson, Borah, McCormick and the other "irreconcilables" and accepted by them.

The resolution as finally incorporated in the platform, and swallowed by the convention, almost without a quiver, completely avoids any pledge to ratify the treaty of peace and the league covenant with or without reservations, strongly indorses the action of the Republican senators in that regard and promises that the party will work for some kind of international arrangement for the peaceful adjustment of disputes between nations without the sacrifice of American sovereignty. Thus, as will be seen, the way is left open for an administration elected on this platform to do almost anything it sees fit in this regard, except to ratify a treaty and league covenant such as President Wilson brought home from Paris.

Wilson's Policies Scored.

For the rest, the platform, in brief, scores President Wilson and the Democratic administration for their unpreparedness for war and for the equally unprepared condition of the nation for the reception of peace. Denouncing the autocratic assumption of authority by the president, the platform pledges the restoration of constitutional government. The Republican congress is praised for its efforts to cope with the problems caused by the president's course.

The farmers gained their requested support for extension of farm loans and the right to engage in co-operative marketing and buying.

The industrial plank was the subject of much discussion. Some of the committee members, presumably speaking for big business, favored a plank for the prevention of strikes by law. Governor Allen and others wanted the Kansas industrial court plan indorsed. And President Gompers traveled all the way to Chicago to tell the committee what kind of plank the American Federation of Labor demanded. None of these requests were satisfied, but the plank adopted recognizes the justice of collective bargaining and continues:

"The strike, or the lockout, as a means of settling industrial disputes, inflicts such loss and suffering on the community as to justify government initiative to reduce its frequency and limit its consequences.

"We deny the right to strike against the government; but the rights and interests of all government employees must be safeguarded by impartial laws and tribunals."

On Economy and H. C. of L.

The failure of the administration to retrench during the post-war period and the addition of thousands of swivel chair warmers are derided and the party pledges itself to a policy of economy and a carefully planned readjustment. The need of an executive budget and condemnation of the presidential veto that defeated this financial reform was coupled with caustic characterization of the manner in which the president, according to the Republicans, clings to his war-time powers. Revision of taxation also is demanded.

Coming to the great issue of the high cost of living, the committee drew up a declaration to the effect that the present conditions are the result of an inflation of the currency and of credit which the party pledges itself to correct by deflation, the prevention of unreasonable profits and the stimulation of private thrift by a change in the income tax law. The party reaffirmed its belief in the protective tariff, and pledged the encouragement of an American merchant marine by the application of the workman's compensation act and the exemption from canal tolls of the merchant marine.

Profiteering was condemned, government ownership of railways opposed, waterways encouraged and the regulation of industry and commerce promised in order to prevent monopolies. Resumption of trade relations with every nation with which America is at peace was pledged. No changes were promised in the existing immigration laws, but the bettering of naturalization laws was pledged, and the party went on record as favoring a policy by which American women who marry foreigners shall not lose their citizenship. The government's authority to deport and exclude undesirable aliens was upheld, but asurance was given that the rights of free speech, free press and free assembly will not be abridged.

Mrs. Warren G. Harding.

What They Said of Mexico.

A large number of minor topics were handled in the platform, and then came the plank on Mexico. It dealt very severely with President Wilson's policy and pledged that the party will not recognize any Mexican government unles the lives and property of Americans there are protected. Armenia came next in the list of planks. Deep sympathy was expressed for the Armenians, but the president was condemned for asking for authority to accept an Armenian mandate and it was added that the Republican party was unalterably against the acceptance of a mandte for any country in Europe or Asia.

The men who fought in the great war were assured of the party's deep gratitude and were promised liberal legislation for the care of the disabled, infirm and dependents.

Though William Jennings Bryan was present throughout the entire life of the convention with the avowed purpose of persuading the Republicans to insert a "dry" plank in their platform, he failed—possibly because the timely decision of the Supreme court seemed to render unnecesary any explicit declaration. The convention merely declared that all laws should be enforced, and let it go at that.

Women and Irish Displeased.

Two other elements also were disappointed. These were the suffragists and the friends of the Irish "republic." The former, under the leadership of the heads of the woman's party, were in Chicago in strength and during the entire week maintained around the Coliseum a line of pickets bearing banners that warned the Republicans that the women demanded the franchise and would be satisfied with no less. A plank was inserted in the platform urging Republican legislatures that have not acted to ratify the suffrage amendment, but this did not appease the ladies. In the last few moments of the last session they dropped from a balcony a great yellow banner on which was the statement that they wanted votes, not planks. As for the Irish, they, too, made a big demonstration in Chicago and De Valera, the president of their "republic" was there to deliver a speech before a great gathering. But something went wrong with the plans; and the plank which was tentatively shaped for the platform suited them so little that it was omitted entirely and nothing put in its place. There was a story that this resolution had been drawn up by Justice Cohalan of New York in the hope that it would be unsuitable and that the Democrats in San Francisco would be enabled to take advantage of the circumstance. So, though considerable space has perforce been given to the platform of the Republican party, it is not because it must be considered as a great or a particularly strong pronouncement. Lots of men and women in the party are far from pleased with many parts of it, and it must be confessed that the writer failed to find anyone who was crazed with enthusiasm over it.

The story of this convention would be intensely interesting if one could tell all the truth about the secret influences that governed its actions. On the surface it was not a very exciting affair, and the enthusiastic outbursts that characterized some of its sessions appeared too often to be facetious. For five days the 14,000 delegates, alternates, seat-holders and possessors of tickets that allowed them to stand about the few open places and hamper everyone else gathered faithfully in the Coliseum, prepared to howl with glee over expected contests and triumphs. But most of the time all they could do was to cheer for their favorite on occasion and try to keep up with the strong-lunged cheer and song leader who had been brought up from Camp Devens.

Bossed by Senators.

From the first it was heralded as that most unusual thing, an unbossed convention. All the experts asserted that the delegates were going to do as they pleased and that the old-time leadership was impotent. For a day or two this seemed true, but then the senate coterie got into action, and from that time to the end what was done was generally what it wished done. To start with Senator Lodge was selected as temporary chairman, and was continued permanently in the place, the entire temporary organization being retained. On the all-important committee on resolutions there were numerous senators and ex-senators, and they pretty much dictated the makeup of the platform. In the selection of the ticket their influence was seen and felt in every move and every shift of votes, clear down to the moment when Senator Harding received the ballots that made him the convention's choice. All this time the greatest of the old-time party bosses still alive, Senator Boies Penrose, lay on a sick bed in his Philadelphia home. But a direct telephone wire was run into that room and there was scarcely an hour of the day or night when he was not in communication with his friend, John T. King. He knew all that was going on, and it is fair to assume that in most cases he knew beforehand that it was going to go on. What happened, happened because he willed that it should happen. This is not written exactly in criticism, for it may be that what Penrose decreed will suit the party and result in its victory in November. But the fact cannot be blinked that some eminent Democrats who attended the convention went away with grins of satisfaction decorating their faces.

WARREN G. HARDING — CALVIN COOLIDGE

Lodge Was Too Scholarly.

To go back to the beginning again, something must be said of the keynote address by Chairman Lodge. It was one of the most scholarly efforts of its kind, and the great mass of the delegates, to say nothing of the audience, utterly failed to comprehend it. The senator did not once descend to the level of most of his hearers, and consequently he failed to arouse any great measure of enthusiasm.

It was noticeable that this address, as well as every other speech and the platform as well, devoted its denunciatory passages not to the Democratic party, as is usually the case, but to President Wilson. It was always his acts and his policies that were condemned—and the language used in dealing with him was scorching. Of course, the reason for this is that, from the viewpoint of the Republicans, Mr. Wilson has been the Democratic party for the last seven years.

The first day found three candidates in the forefront of the race for the nomination, and while the preliminaries were completed their workers were straining every nerve to have them make the best possible show on the first ballot. These men were Governor Lowden of Illinois, General Leonard Wood, and Senator Hiram Johnson of California. From their elaborate headquarters in the hotels swarms of men and women flocked to the Coliseum with banners and buttons and literature. Each of them was certain of victory—for public consumption—but each of them knew in his heart that he could not win if the senatorial bosses had their way. All the rest of the possible candidates really ranked as dark horses. They included Herbert Hoover, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia university, Gov. Calvin Coolidge of Massachusetts, Senator Poindexter of Washington, Senator Howard Sutherland of West Virginia, Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania, Senator Philander Knox of Pennsylvania and Senator La Follette of Wisconsin. A long enough list in all conscience. From these dark horses, it was predicted, would emerge the winner, and the prophecy was fulfilled.

Routine Work, Then Oratory.

It required three days to get through wtih the preliminary work of the gathering and to have the platform built, read and adopted. The latter took place on Thursday. As has been said, the resolutions met with almost unanimous approval. A young man from Milwaukee was the only dissenting member of the committee and he presented a minority report that embodied many of the policies advocated by La Follette. The audience did not want to hear him and he took advantage of their impatience to try to place himself in the position of a martyr, but Chairman Lodge cleverly forestalled this, and the minortiy report was speedily dumped into the waste basket.

Friday was the day of oratory. Men who thought themselves eloquent and others who really were eloquent mounted the speaker's platform in procession throughout most of the day to place before the convention the names and qualifications of the candidates. In many cases women were among those who seconded the nominations, and usually they acquitted themselves much more to the satisfaction of their hearers than did the men, for they were brief, snappy and graceful of address.

On the roll call of states Arizona yielded to Kansas, and Governor Henry J. Allen stepped up to nominate General Wood. Though obviously nervous and not quite adequate of voice, he did his excellent subject full ustice, setting forth specially the fine record the general had made in Cuba and the Philippines, and his preparedness for war when the great conflict broke out.

"We heard from him no platitudes about a million men springing to arms over night," cried Allen, and everyone strained for a look at Mr. Bryan, who sat in the press stand close to the speaker.

The governor went on to describe Wood's skillful training of an army and his unselfish and uncomplaining devotion to duty when he was kept from going to Europe in command of the boys whom he had taught how to fight and conquer. He also recounted the general's success in quelling labor and race disturbances within the last year or so, and dwelt on his popularity with the very men whom he had been sent to quiet.

Wood's Feathery Ovation.

As the governor ceased speaking a storm of applause broke out, and another storm of red and green feathers fell from the rafters all over the house. The Wood delegates marched through the aisles, led by Beveridge of Indiana and Frank Hitchcock, and the tumult continued for half an hour. "If Wood drops feathers, I suppose Johnson will drop light wines and beers from the rafters," laughed Mr. Bryan, and someone said: "Get your cup ready then, William."

The demonstration was calmed at last—really it did not seem very spontaneous—and after Frank Knox of New Hampshire had made a seconding speech, the first of the convention's woman orators appeared. She was Mrs. Corinne Roosevelt Robinson of New York, sister of the late Colonel Roosevelt. With much of the colonel's fire and vim, she told why Leonard Wood should be the next president, and she told it so well that prolonged applause rewarded her efforts.

Governor Lowden's turn came next, and the honor of presenting his name was entrusted to Congressman Rodenberg of Illinois, a big man with a big voice who made an old-fashioned speech that hit the audience in the right way. He, too, had an excellent subject, whose cause was handicapped only by the revelations of excessive expenditures brought out by the senate committee at the instigation of Johnson and his friends.

Lowden's ovation outlasted that for Wood, but was no more enthusiastic. It was featured by a display of banners and portraits of the candidate and by a pretty girl in a cerise sweater who was carried on men's shoulders at the head of the paraders. Lowden, too, had a woman among his seconders, Mrs. Fletcher Dobyns of Chicago, a clever politician and good speaker. Then Governor Morrow of Kentucky told why the Republicans of his state loved Lowden and wanted him for president.

Johnson's Sponser a Failure.

Charles S. Wheeler of San Francisco had been deputed to place Senator Johnson in nomination, and much was expected of him, because a reputation for fiery eloquence had preceded him. But, though his address was smooth and his voice pleasing, he scored the worst failure of the entire convention. He evoked some cheering from the galleries by a denunciation of the League of Nations, but soon after made the gross mistake of twitting the reservationists on having been worsted by Johnson in the committee on resolutions. The delegates did not relish that, nor did most of the others in the hall. Then he made an unfortunate allusion to the campaign expenditure revelations, and as those had hit most of the candidates, their friends resented it with boos and hisses. Mr. Wheeler smilingly waited for the row to cease, and proceeded to finish an address that was fully twice as long as it should have been. His poor performance cast a wet blanket on the planned demonstration, and the California delegates, accompanied by a few others, marched rather sadly through the aisles, listlessly waving flags.

Far better than Wheeler's was the speech for Johnson by Thomas D. Schall, the blind congressman from Minneapolis, and better, also, were the brief talks by Richard Doherty of Jersey, Charles P. O'Neil of M... and Mrs. Katherine Phillips R... California.

Now began the parade of horses. They were led forth as follows: Calvin Coolidge, by S... Gillette of the house of represent... and Mrs. Alexander Peiffer; But... Ogden Mills of New York; Pritc... by Marion Butler of North Car... Hoover by Judge Nathan L. Mi... New York; Harding, by Frank ... of Ohio; Sproul, by William L. ... fer; Poindexter, by George H. W... and Sutherland, by Joseph M. S... When Wisconsin was reached ... roll call the clerk paused expe... ly, but no one appeared to nom... La Follette, and the crowd ... grateful.

Balloting Is Begun.

The powers that were decreed several ballots should be taken ... day before adjournment, and in ... cited hush the call of the states ... begun. The hush did not last, ... ever, for every considerable vot... any one aspirant was greeted wi... cheers of his friends.

As had been foretold, Wood ... on the first ballot with 287½ ... Lowden was second with 211½, ... Johnson gathered in 133¾. The ... ers in general wereaccorded the ... of their home states and a few ... Of the Wisconsin delegation 24 ... for La Follette; and it may as ... be recorded here that those 24 ... gates kept voting for La Follett... to the bitter end. And every tim... announcement was greeted with ... and hisses from the galleries.

In the following three ballots ... climbed to 314½, which the wise ... said was about his maximum stre... Lowden also increased his vote, ... up to 289, while Johnson rea... 140½. The votes for the ... horses did not vary to any great ... tent though Butler lost steadily ... Pritchard soon dropped out enti... By this time everyone was ready ... a rest and the convention adjou... to Saturday morning.

The Break to Harding.

The crowd filled the Coliseum ... suffocation on what was destined ... be the final day of the convention, ... it was felt that the conference ... the preceding night would be fru... The senatorial coterie had been in ... sion many hours and the word ... passed around that they had pl... on Harding as the nominee. In ... early ballots of Saturday theOh... did not gain rapidly, and all ... waiting for the moment when the ... delegations from New York, Penn... vania and Massachusetts would ... the time ripe for a break. The ... from the Keystone state had ... voting almost solidly for Sproul, ... the bosses were not decided betw... him and Harding. And the N... Yorkers really did not know to w... to throw their strength.

Johnson's vote dwindled gradu... and then the Lowden column sudd... began to go to pieces. He was ... the victim of the shift, for the W... delegations stood by the general al... to the last moment. On the ... ballot it was seen that Hard... could be "put across," so the ... tain ones climbed into the band ... on on the tenth and gave the ... senator a grand total of 674½, wh... was 181½ more than necessary to n... inate.

The hubbub was deafening and ... Pennsylvania put 60 votes in the H... ing column the clerks could scar... complete the roll call. At its f... the usual motion to make the ch... unanimous was made, but those ... La Follette men from Wisconsin vo... in the negative and marred the ... feast.

Coolidge Gets Second Place.

There still remained the task ... selecting a vice presidential can... date. Senator Lenroot of Wiscons... Governor Allen of Kansas, Gover... Coolidge of Massachusetts and ... Harry Anderson of Virginia w... placed in nomination and the roll ... the states was called. Lenroot re... ceived a good vote, but Coolidge ... the evident favorite and long bef... the roll was completed his nomina... was assured. The 24 La Follette ... voted for Senator Gronna.

With some difficulty Chairman Lo... whose voice was gone, managed to ... the delegates together long enough ... pass the usual resolutions of tha... to the officials of the convention ... to the city of Chicago, and then ... republican convention of 1920 ca... to an end.

Convention Well Handled.

The management of the convent... hall really deserved thanks, for ... seating, the policing and the ot... arrangements were the best ever s... in such gatherings. The Coliseum w... handsomely decorated and well ligh... and the comfort of the delegates ... guests was as well looked after ... could be expected. Of course the u... swarm of sergeants at arms was p... ent, clogging up the aisles and ... ting in the way of the workers, ... that is inevitable, for the distribut... of those badges is a perquisite of ... local Republicans. It was no wo... this time than usual. The doors w... in charge of a force of ex-service m... under the command of General Ry... and their work was done with milita... efficiency.

Everyone had good things to s... about the music supplied by John ... Hand's band, which was stationed ... a lofty little gallery. On occasion ... was led by John Hand third, a stro... chap in brilliant uniform who used ... baton presented to his father, Arm... Hand, by Theodore Roosevelt at t... Progressive convention. It was ma... of wood from trees on the "River ... Doubt," which the colonel disco...

(Copyright, 1920, Western Newspape... Un...

ORM ON CH G. O. P. AKES STAND

inciples Enunciated by nal Convention at Chicago.

AREDNESS" CHARGED

ring the League of Nations ered in the Nature of a romise—Strong Stand on Mexico.

he platform adopted by the national convention in ses- icago:

ublican party, assembled in ive national convention, re- unyielding devotion to the of the United States and rantees of civil, political, and berty therein contained. It all attempts to overthrow tions of the government or the force of its controlling and ideals, whether these made in the form of in- policy or domestic agitation. n years the national govern- been controlled by the Dem- ty. During that period a aralleled magnitude has shak- ndations of civilization, deci- population of Europe, and train economic misery and econd only to war itself.

reparedness for War.

tanding features of the Dem- ministration have been com- reparedness for war and com- reparedness for peace. ble failure to make timely n is the chief indictment he Democratic administration nduct of the war. Had not ates protected us, both on land during the final twelve months rticipation, and furnished us ry day of the armistice with planes, and artillery, this fail- d have been punished with It directly resulted in unnec- ses to our gallant troops, in iment of victory itself, and in ous waste of public funds lit- ured into the breach created neglect. Today it is reflected ge tax burden and in the high ving.

reparedness for Peace.

ound the administration as un- for peace as war found it un- for war. The vital needs of try demanded an early and return to a peace time basis. ed for vision, leadership and planning. All three have been While the country has been ift for itself, the government nued on a war time basis. inistration has not demobilized of place holders. It continued of financing which was in- during the period of recon- It has used legislation passed the emergency of war to con- arbitrary and inquisitorial con- the life of the people in time and to carry confusion into life.

Flounders Hopelessly."

he despot's plea of necessity or wisdom, executive usurpation of and judicial functions still es our institutions. Eighteen fter the armistice, with its war- wers unabridged, its war-time nts undischarged, its war-time place holders still mobilized, the ration continues to flounder help-

emonstrated incapacity of the tic party has destroyed public e, weakened the authority of ent, and produced a feeling of and hesitation so universal as ge enormously the difficulties of ment and to delay the return al conditions. has our nation been confronted ver problems. The people are to know in definite terms how ties purpose solving these prob- o that end, the Republican party its policies and program to be ws:

nstitutional Government.

ndertake to end executive au- and to restore to the people the tional government. olicies herein declared will be out by the federal and state ents, each acting within its con- al powers.

gress and Reconstruction.

e the unconstitutional and dicta- ourse of the president and the obstruction of the Democratic ional minority, the Republican has enacted a program of con- e legislation which, in great part, has been nullified by the vindic- ces of the president. epublican congress has met the s presented by the administra- prepared for peace. It has re- the greater part of the vexatious islation. It has enacted a trans- n act, making possible the re- tion of the railroad system of ntry, the operation of which un- present Democratic administra- been extravagant and wasteful highest degree. The transporta- t made provision for the peace- lement of wage disputes, partial- fied, however, by the president's n appointing the wage board cre- the act. This delay precipitated law railroad strike. opped the flood of public treas- icklessly poured into the lap of pt shipping board, and laid the tions for the creation of a great nt marine. We took frem the tent Democratic administration inistration of the telegraph and ne lines of the country, and re- them to private ownership. We d the cost of postage and increased y of the postal employees—the paid of all public servants. We d pensions for superannuated and civil servants, and for an increase for soldiers and sailors. We re- ed them on a peace footing and d for the maintenance of a pow- nd efficient navy

ssed Suffrage Amendment.

Republican congress established by permanent women's bureau in the ment of labor. We submitted to untry the constitutional amend- for woman's suffrage, and fur- 29 of the 35 legislatures which rat- to date. slation for the relief of the con- e of print paper, for the extension powers of the government under ood control act, for broadening ope of the war risk insurance act, provision for the dwindling num- aged veterans of the Civil war, for the better support of the d and injured of the great war, r making practical the vocational ilitation act that has been enacted Republican congress. passed an oil leasing and water bill to unlock for the public good eat pent-up resources of the coun- e have sought to check the pro- of the administration, to realize the assets of the government, and band the revenues derived from on. The Republicans in congress been responsible for cuts in the es- es for government expenditure of $3,000,000,000 since the signing of rmistice. enacted a national executive budg- ; we strengthened the federal re- act, to permit banks to lend need- sistance to farmers; we authorized al corporations to develop export trade, and, finally, amended the rules of the senate and house, which will reform evils in procedure and guarantee more efficient and responsible government.

Agriculture.

A large and contented body of farm proprietors is the backbone of the nation. National greatness and economic independence demand a population distributed between industry and the farm, and sharing on equal terms the prosperity which is wholly dependent on the efforts of both. Neither can prosper at the expense of the other without inviting joint disaster.

The crux of the present agricultural condition lies in price, labor, and credit.

The Republican party believes that this condition can be improved and agricultural production encouraged by the right to form co-operative associations for marketing their products subject to regulation by federal authority; the scientific study of agricultural prices, with a view to reducing the frequency of abnormal fluctuations; the authorization of associations for the extension of personal credit; a national inquiry on the co-ordination of rail, water, and motor transportation with adequate facilities for receiving, handling, and marketing food; the encouragement of our export trade, and the encouragement of the production and importation of fertilizing material and of its extensive use.

The federal farm loan act should be so administered as to facilitate the acquisition of farm land by those desiring to become owners and proprietors, and thus minimize the evils of farm tenantry.

Industrial Relations.

There are two different conceptions of the relations of capital and labor. The one is contractual, and emphasizes the diversity of interests of employer and employee. The other is that co-partnership in a common task.

We recognize the justice of collective bargaining as a means of promoting good will, establishing closer and more harmonious relations between employers and employees, and realizing the true ends of industrial justice.

The strike or the lockout, as a means of settling industrial disputes, inflicts such loss and suffering on the community as to justify government initiative to reduce its frequency and limit its consequences.

We deny the right to strike against the government; but the rights and interests of all government employees must be safeguarded by impartial laws and tribunals.

Public Utilities.

In public utilities we favor the establishment of an impartial tribunal to make an investigation of the facts and to render a decison to the end that there may be no organized interruption of service necessary to the lives and health and welfare of the people. The decisions of the tribunals should be morally but not legally binding, and an informed public sentiment be relied on to secure their acceptance. The tribunals, however, should refuse to accept jurisdiction except for the purpose of investigation, as long as the public service be interrupted. For public utilities we favor the type of tribunal provided for in the transportation act of 1920.

In private industries we do not advocate the principle of compulsory arbitration, but we favor impartial commissions and better facilities for voluntary mediation, conciliation, and arbitration, supplemented by that full publicity which will enlist the influence of an aroused public opinion. The government should take the initiative in inviting the establishment of tribunals or commissions for the purpose of voluntary arbitration and of investigation of disputed issues.

We demand the exclusion from interstate commerce of the products of convict labor.

National Economy.

A Republican congress reduced the estimates submitted by the administration for the fiscal year 1920 almost three billion dollars, and for the fiscal year 1921 over a billion and a quarter dollars. Greater economies could have been effected had it not been for the stubborn refusal of the administration to co-operate with congress in an economy program. The universal demand for an executive budget is a recognition of the incontrovertible fact that leadership and sincere assistance on the part of the executive department are essential to effective economy and constructive retrenchment.

The Overman act invested the president of the United States with all the authority and power necessary to restore the federal government to a normal peace basis and to reorganize, retrench, and demobilize. The dominant fact is that eighteen months after the armistice the United States government is still on a wartime basis, and the expenditure program of the executive reflects wartime extravagance rather than rigid peace time economy.

Failure to Retrench.

As an example of the failure to retrench which has characterized the post-war policy of the administration, we cite the fact that, not including the war and navy departments, the executive departments and other establishments at Washington actually record an increase subsequent to the armistice of 2,184 employees. The net decrease in pay roll costs contained in the 1921 demands submitted by the administration is only 1 per cent under that of 1920. The annual expenses of federal operation can be reduced hundreds of millions of dollars without impairing the efficiency of the public service.

We pledge ourselves to a carefully planned readjustment to a peace-time basis and to a policy of rigid economy, to the better co-ordination of departmental activities, to the elimination of unnecessary officials and employees, and to the raising of the standard of individual efficiency.

An Executive Budget.

We congratulate the Republican congress on the enactment of a law providing for the establishment of an executive budget as a necessary instrument for a sound and business-like administration of the national finances, and we condemn the veto of the president which defeated this great financial reform.

Reorganization of Federal Departments and Bureaus.

We advocate a thorough investigation of the present organization of the federal departments and bureaus, with a view to securing consolidation, a more businesslike distribution of functions, the elimination of duplication, delays, and overlapping of work, and the establishing of an up to date and efficient administrative organization.

War Powers of the President.

The president clings tenaciously to his autocratic war-time powers. His veto of the resolution declaring peace and his refusal to sign the bill repealing war-time legislation, no longer necessary, evidence his determination not to restore to the nation and to the states the form of government provided for by the Constitution. This usurpation is intolerable and deserves the severest condemnation.

Taxation.

The burden of taxation imposed upon the American people is staggering; but in presenting a true statement of the situation we must face the fact that while the character of the taxes can and should be changed, an early reduction of the amount of revenue to be raised is not to be expected. The next Republican administration will inherit from its Democratic predecessor a floating indebtedness of over 3,000,000,000, the prompt liquidation of which is demanded by sound financial considerations.

Reduction in Tax.

Moreover, the whole fiscal policy of the government must be deeply influenced by the necessity of meeting obligations in excess of $5,000,000,000 which mature in 1923. But sound policy equally demands the early accomplishment of that real reduction of the tax burden which may be achieved by substituting simple for complex tax laws and procedure, prompt and certain determination of the tax liability for delay and uncertainty, tax laws which do not for tax laws which do excessively muict the consumer or needlessly repress enterprise and thrift.

We advocate the issuance of a simplified form of income return; authorizing the treasury department to make changes in regulations effective only from the date of their approval; empowering the commissioner of internal revenue, with the consent of the taxpayer, to make final and conclusive settlements of tax claims and assessments, barring fraud, and the creation of a tax board consisting of at least three representatives of the taxpaying public and the heads of the principal divisions of the bureau of internal revenue to act as a standing committee on the simplification of forms, procedure and law, and to make recommendations to the congress.

Banking and Currency.

The fact is that the war, to a great extent, was financed by a policy of inflation through certificate borrowing from the banks, and bonds issued at artificial rates sustained by the low discount rates established by the federal reserve board. The continuance of this policy since the armistice lays the administration open to severe criticism. Almost up to the present time the practices of the federal reserve board as to credit control have been frankly dominated by the convenience of the treasury.

The results have been a greatly increased war cost, a serious loss to the millions of people who in good faith bought Liberty bonds and Victory notes at par, and extensive post-war speculation, followed today by a restricted credit for legitimate industrial expansion. As a matter of public policy we urge all banks to give credit preference to essential industries.

The federal reserve system should be free from political influence, which is quite as important as its independence of domination by financial combinations.

The High Cost of Living.

The prime cause of the "high cost of living" has been, first and foremost, a 50 per cent depreciation in the purchasing power of the dollar, due to a gross expansion of our currency and credit. Reduced production, burdensome taxation, swollen profits, and the increased demand for goods arising from a fictitious but enlarged buying power have been contributing causes to a greater or less degree.

We condemn the unsound fiscal policies of the Democratic administration which have brought these things to pass, and their attempts to impute the consequences to minor and secondary causes. Much of the injury wrought is irreparable. There is no short way out and we decline to deceive the people with vain promises or quack remedies.

But as the political party that throughout its history has stood for honest money and sound finance, we pledge ourselves to earnest and consistent attack upon the high cost of living by vigorous avoidance of further inflation in our government borrowing, by courageous but intelligent deflation of overexpanded credit and currency, by encouragement and heightened production of goods and services, by prevention of unreasonable profits, by exercise of public economy and stimulation of private thrift, and by revision of war imposed taxes unsuited to peace-time economy.

Profiteering.

We condemn the Democratic administration for failure impartially to enforce the anti-profiteering laws enacted by the Republican congress.

Railroads.

We are opposed to government ownership and operation or employee operation of the railroads. In view of the conditions prevailing in this country, the experience of the last two years, and the conclusions which may fairly be drawn from an observation of the transportation systems of other countries, it is clear that adequate transportation service both for the present and future can be furnished more certainly, economically, and efficiently through private ownership and operation under proper regulation and control.

There should be no speculative profit in rendering the service of transportation, but in order to do justice to the capital already invested in railway enterprises, to restore railway credit, to induce future investments at a reasonable rate, and to furnish enlarged facilities to meet the requirements of the constantly increasing development and distribution, a fair return upon actual value of the railway property used in transportation should be made reasonably sure, and at the same time to provide constant employment to those engaged in transportation service, with fair hours and favorable working conditions at wages or compensation at least equal to those prevailing in similar lines of industry. We indorse the transportation act of 1920 enacted by the Republican congress as a most constructive legislative achievement.

Waterways.

We declare it to be our policy to encourage and develop water transportation service and facilities in connection with the commerce of the United States.

Regulation of Industry and Commerce.

We approve in general the existing federal legislation against monopoly and combinations in restraint of trade, but since the known certainty of a law is the safety of all, we advocate such amendment as will provide American business men with better means of determining in advance whether a proposed combination is or is not unlawful. The federal trade commission, under a Democratic administration, has not accomplished the purpose for which it was created. This commission properly organized and its duties efficiently administered should afford protection to the public and legitimate business interests.

International Trade and Tariff.

The uncertain and unsettled condition of international balances, the abnormal economic and trade situation of the world, and the impossibility of forecasting accurately even the near future, preclude the formulation of a definite program to meet conditions a year hence. But the Republican party reaffirms its belief in the protective principle and pledges itself to a revision of the tariff as soon as conditions shall make it necessary for the preservation of the home market for American labor, agriculture, and industry.

Merchant Marine.

The national defense and our foreign commerce require a merchant marine of the best type of modern ship flying the American flag and manned by American seamen, owned by private capital, and operated by private energy.

We indorse the sound legislation recently enacted by the Republican congress that will insure the promotion and maintenance of the American merchant marine.

We favor the application of the workmen's compensation acts to the merchant marine.

We recommend that all ships engaged in coastwise trade and all vessels of the American merchant marine shall pass through the Panama canal without payment of tolls.

Immigration.

The standard of living and the standard of citizenship of a nation are its most precious possessions, and the preservation and elevation of those standards is the first duty of our government.

The immigration policy of the United States should be such as to insure that the number of foreigners in the country at any one time shall not exceed that which can be assimilated with reasonable rapidity, and to favor immigrants whose standard are similar to ours.

The selective tests that are at present applied should be improved by requiring a higher physical standard, a more complete exclusion of mental defectives and criminals, and a more effective inspection applied as near the source of immigration as possible, as well as the port of entry. Justice to the foreigner and to ourselves demands provision for the guidance, protection and better economic distribution of our alien population. To facilitate government supervision, all aliens should be required to register annually until they become naturalized.

The existing policy of the United States for the practical exclusion of Asiatic immigrants is sound, and should be maintained.

Naturalization.

There is urgent need of improvement in our naturalization law. No alien should become a citizen until he has become genuinely American, and adequate tests for determining the alien's fitness for American citizenship should be provided for by law.

We advocate, in addition, the independent naturalization of married women. An American woman should not lose her citizenship by marriage to an alien resident in the United States.

Free Speech and Alien Agitation.

We demand that every American citizen shall enjoy the ancient and constitutional right of free speech, free press, and free assembly, and the no less sacred right of the qualified voter to be represented by his duly chosen representatives, but no man may advocate resistance to the law, and no man may advocate violent overthrow of the government.

Aliens within the jurisdiction of the United States are not entitled of right to liberty of agitation directed against the government or American institutions.

Every government has the power to exclude and deport those aliens who constitute a real menace to its peaceful existence. But in view of the large numbers of people affected by the immigration acts and in view of the vicrous malpractice of the departments of justice and labor, an adequate public hearing before a competent administrative tribunal should be assured to all.

Lynching.

We urge congress to consider the most effective means to end lynching in this country, which continues to be a terrible blot on our American civilization.

Law and Order.

The equality of all citizens under the law has always been a policy of the Republican party. Without obedience to law and maintenance of order our American institutions must perish. Our laws must be impartially enforced and speedy justice should be secured.

With regard to the sale and maufacture of intoxicating beverages, the Republican party will stand for the enforcement of the constitution of the United States as it shall be declared by the Supreme court.

Public Roads and Highways.

We favor liberal appropriations in cooperation with the states for the construction of highways, which will bring about a reduction of transportation costs, better marketing of farm products, improvement in rural postal delivery, as well as meet the needs of military defense.

In determining the proportion of federal aid for road construction among the states the sums lost in taxation to the respective states by the setting apart of large portions of their area as forest reservations, shall be considered as a controlling factor.

Conservation.

Conservation is a Republican policy. It began with the passage of the reclamation act signed by President Roosevelt. The recent passage of the coal, oil, and phosphate leasing bill by a Republican congress, and the enactment of the water power bill, fashioned in accordance with the same principle, are consistent landmarks in the development of the conservation of our national resources. We denounce the refusal of the president to sign the water power bill passed after ten years of controversy. The Republican party has taken an especially honorable part in saving our national forests and in the effort to establish a national forest policy. Our most pressing conservation question relates to our forests. We are using our forest resources faster than they are being renewed. The result is to raise unduly the cost of forest products to consumers and especially farmers, who use more than half the lumber produced in America, and in the end to create a timber famine. The federal government, the states and private interests must unite in devising means to meet the menace.

The Service Men.

We hold in imperishable remembrance the valor and the patriotism of the soldiers and sailors of America who fought in the great war for human liberty, and we pledge ourselves to discharge to the fullest the obligations which a grateful nation justly should fulfill, in appreciation of the services rendered by its defenders on sea and on land.

Republicans are not ungrateful. Throughout their history they have shown their gratitude toward the nation's defenders on land and sea. Liberal legislation for the care of the disabled and infirm and their dependents has ever marked Republican policy toward the soldier and sailor of all the wars in which our country has participated. The present congress has appropriated generously for the disabled of the world war. The amounts already applied and authorized for the fiscal year 1920-21 for this purpose reached the stupendous sum of $1,180,571,893. This legislation is significant of the party's purpose in generously caring for the maimed and disabled men of the recent war.

Civil Service.

We renew our repeated declaration that the civil service law shall be thoroughly and honestly enforced and extended wherever practicable. The recent action of congress in enacting a comprehensive civil service retirement law and in working out a comprehensive employment and wage policy that will guarantee equal and just treatment to the army of government workers, and in centralizing the administration of the new and progressive employment policy in the hands of the civil service commission is worthy of all praise.

Postal Service.

We condemn the present administration for its destruction of the efficiency of the postal service when controlled by the government, and for its failure to properly compensate employees whose expert knowledge is essential to the proper conduct of the affairs of the postal system. We commend the Republican congress for the enactment of legislation increasing the pay of postal employees, who up to that time were the poorest paid in the government service.

Woman Suffrage.

We welcome women into full participation in the affairs of government and the activities of the Republican party. We urge Republican governors whose states have not yet acted upon the suffrage amendment to immediately call special sessions of their legislatures for the purpose of ratifying said amendment, to the end that all of the women of the nation of voting age may participate in the election which is so important to the welfare of our country.

Social Progress.

The supreme duty of the nation is the conservation of human resources through an enlightened measure of social and industrial justice. Although the federal jurisdiction over social problems is limited, they affect the welfare and interests of the nation as a whole. We pledge the Republican party to the solution of these problems through national and state legislation in accordance with the best progressive thought of the country.

Women in Industry.

Women have special problems of employment which make necessary special study. We commend congress for the permanent establishment of the women's bureau in the United States department of labor to serve as a source of information to the states and to congress.

The principle of equal pay for equal service should be applied throughout all branches of the federal government in which women are employed.

We demand federal legislation to limit the hours of employment of women engaged in intensive industry, the product of which enters into interstate commerce.

The League of Nations.

We favor a liberal and generous foreign policy founded upon definite moral and political principles, characterized by clear understanding of and firm adherence to our rights, and unfailing respect for the rights of others. We should afford full and adequate protection for the life, liberty and property, and all international rights of every American citizen, and should require a proper respect for the American flag; but we should be equally careful to manifest a just regard for the rights of other nations. A scrupulous observance of our international engagements, when lawfully asumed, is essential to our own honor and self-respect and the respect of other nations. Subject to a due regard for international obligations, we should leave our country free to develop its civilization along lines most conducive to the welfare and happiness of the people, and to cast its influence on the side of justice and right should occasion require.

The Republican party stands for agreement among the nations who preserve the peace of the world. We believe that such an international association must be based upon international justice and must provide methods which shall maintain the rule of public right by the development of law and the decision of impartial courts, and which shall secure instant and general international conference whenever peace shall be threatened, so that the nations pledged to do and insist upon what is just and fair may exercise their influence and power for the prevention of the war. We believe that all this can be done without the compromise of national independence, without depriving the people of the United States in advance of the right to determine for themselves what is just and fair when the occasion arises, and without involving them as participants, and not as peacemakers in a multitude of quarrels, the merits of which they are unable to judge.

Mexico.

The ineffective policy of the present administration in Mexican matters has been largely responsible for the continued loss of American lives in that country and upon our border; for the enormous loss of American and foreign property; for the lowering of American standards of morality and social relations with Mexicans, and for the bringing of American ideals of justice and national honor and political integrity into contempt and ridicule in Mexico and throughout the world.

Written Protests Decried.

The policy of wordy, futile, written protests against the acts of Mexican officials, explained the following day by the president himself as being meaningless and not intended to be considered seriously or in force, has but added in degree to that contempt, and has earned for us the sneers and jeers of Mexican bandits, and added insult upon insult against our national honor and dignity.

We should not recognize any Mexican government unless it be a responsible government willing and able to give sufficient guarantees that the lives and rights of American citizens are respected and protected; that wrongs will be promptly corrected and just compensation will be made for injury sustained. The Republican party pledges itself to a consistent, firm and effective policy toward Mexico that shall enforce respect for the American flag and that shall protect the rights of American citizens lawfully in Mexico to security of life and enjoyment of property in accordance with established principles of international law and our treaty rights.

The Republican party is the sincere friend of the Mexican people. In its insistence upon the maintenance of order for the protection of American citizens within its borders a great service will be rendered the Mexican people themselves, for the continuation of present conditions means disaster to their interests and patriotic aspirations.

Mandate for Armenia.

We condemn President Wilson for asking congress to empower him to accept a mandate for Armenia. We commend the Republican senate for refusing the president's request to empower him to accept a mandate for Armenia. The acceptance of such mandate would throw the United States into the very maelstrom of European quarrels. According to the estimate of the Harbord commission organized by authority of President Wilson, we would be called upon to send 59,000 American boys to police Armenia and to expend $276,000,000 in the first year and $756,000,000 in five years. This estimate is made upon the basis that we would have only roving bands to fight, but in case of serious trouble with the Turks or with Russia, a force exceeding 200,000 would be necessary.

Disregard of Life Claimed.

No more striking illustration can be found of President Wilson's disregard of the lives of American boys or of American interests.

We deeply sympathize with the people of Armenia and stand ready to help them in all proper ways, but the Republican party will oppose now and hereafter the acceptance of a mandate for any country in Europe or Asia.

For Association of Nations.

The Republican party stands for agreement among the nations to preserve the peace of the world. We believe that such an international association must be based upon international justice and provide methods which shall maintain the rule of public right by the development of law and the decision of impartial courts, and which shall secure instant and general international conference whenever peace shall be threatened, so that the nations pledged to do and insist upon what is just and fair may exercise their influence and power for the prevention of war.

We believe that all this can be done without the compromise of national independence, without depriving the people of the United States in advance of the right to determine for themselves what is just and fair when the occasion arises and without involving them as participants and not as peacemakers in a multitude of quarrels the merits of which they are unable to judge.

The covenant signed by the president at Paris failed signally to accomplish this great purpose and contains stipulations not only intolerable for independent people but certain to produce the injustice, hostility and controversy among nations which it proposed to prevent.

Praises Senators' Actions.

That covenant repudiated to a degree wholly unnecessary and unjustifiable the time-honored policy in favor of peace declared by Washington and Jefferson and Monroe and pursued by all American administrators for more than a century, and it ignored the universal sentiment of America for generations past in favor of international law and arbitration and it rested the hope of the future upon mere expedients and negotiations.

The unfortunate insistence of the president upon having his own way without any change and without any regard to the opinions of the majority of the senate, which shares with him the treaty-making power, and the president's demand that the treaty should be ratified without any modification, created a situation in which senators were required to vote upon their consciences and their oaths according to their judgment against the treaty as it was presented or submit to the command of a dictator in a matter where the authority and responsibility under the Constitution were theirs and not his.

The senators performed their duties faithfully. We approve their conduct and honor their courage and fidelity, and we pledge the coming Republican administration to such agreement with the other nations of the world as shall meet the full duties of America to civilization and humanity in accordance with American ideals, and without surrendering the right of the American people to exercise its judgment and its power in favor of justice and peace.

Will Reform Taxes.

Pointing to its history and relying on its fundamental principles, we declare the Republican party has the genius, courage, and constructive ability to end executive usurpation and restore constitutional government to fulfill our world obligations without sacrificing our national independence; to raise the national standards of education and general welfare; to re-establish a peacetime administration and to substitute economy and efficiency for extravagance and chaos; to restore and maintain the national credit; to reform unequal and burdensome taxes; to free business from arbitrary and unnecessary official control; to suppress disloyalty without denial of justice; to repeal the arrogant challenge of any class, and to maintain a government of all the people as contrasted with government for some of the people, and finally, to allay unrest, suspicion, and strife and to secure the co-operation and unity of all citizens in the solution of the complex problems of the day, to the end that our country, happy and prosperous, proud of its past, sure of itself and of its institutions, may look forward with confidence to the future.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION

Mrs. J. Christman Proved That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a Remedy for this Trouble.

Binghamton, N. Y.—"I was in a very nervous condition for over a year, my mind was gloomy, could see no light on anything, could not work and could not have anyone to see me. Doctor's medicine did not help me and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended. I took it and am now well. I recommend it to all afflicted with nervous prostration."—Mrs. J. CHRISTMAN, 193 Oak Street, Binghamton, New York.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from nervous prostration, displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion and dizziness. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the standard remedy for female ills.

If there are any complications about which you need advice write in confidence to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

True to Form.

The demobilized army doctor closed the bedroom door reverently, and faced his colleague with a sober nod of the head.

"He's gone," he said. "Nothing more to be done except paint him with embalming fluid and mark him heaven."—Home Sector.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Nothing makes a man so sore as having to pay his wife's board when she visits her friends.

Many a man who has his price gives himself away.

Sure Relief

German City Bonds

Frankfort 4%
Frankfort 5%
Cologne 4%
Hamburg 4½%

Spot Delivery of Bonds at Lowest Rates

Checks — Money Transmission
to all parts of Germany by mail or by cable

Inquire for prices and all other particulars

EMIL KISS
Banker
133 Second Ave., New York
Established 1898

Cuticura Soap Complexions Are Healthy

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

People love political idealism if it doesn't make them lose too much money.

No, Cordelia, the woman never lived who didn't think her husband looked grand in a dress suit.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Morning. *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Excursion to Canada

Where $560.00 will handle 160 acres of the very best wheat land situated in Saskatchewan, Canada, in localities where you have railroadr, good towns, modern farm buildings, schools, churches, good roads, telebhones. Balance purchase price can be arranged to suit purchaser. Now is your opportunity. Do not fsil to write or call on Charles F. Busch, Klemme, Iowa, Agent, for special excursion rates to land buyers.

Central Farm & Investment Co.
Fort Dodge, Iowa

Fruits Candy Ice Cream Bakery Goods

Are you *Thirsty? Hot?*

Then slip into our place and enjoy the products of our Soda Fountain. A cool, clear ahd snappy drink of

"Green River"

will hit the thirsty spot. Our Ice Cream Sundaes are the best to be had. We also serve sodas, pop, malt and other cool, refreshing drinks.

Try us when thirsty

The Crystal Cafe

New Cantaloups and fresh Fruit of all kinds

Always Worth Face Value

Our certificates of Deposit, unlike any current investments, are always worth one hundred cents on the dollar. There is no risk. There "cash" value never fluctuates.

In addition to their dependability, the mature in convenient periods and yield a liberal interest return. Why look further for an ideal investment for your idle funds?

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Gardite

Guards Gardens

Raise your Garden right—Use Gardite on melon, cucumber and pumpkin vines, cabbage, rosebushes and some other plants and flowers.

Dou't neglect your Garden. The bugs are here, use gardite. Bugs or worms will sooner or later attack your garden unless you act to prevent there coming.

PARIS GREEN

The only sure death for the Potato Bug. Buy a package and have it on hand.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

ORDINANCE NO. 37

Ordinance creating and establishing a Sanitary Sewer District in the Incorporated Town of Klemme, Iowa.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the Town Council of the Incorporated Town of Klemme, Iowa, that there be and the same is hereby created, a Sewer District in the Town of Klemme, Iowa, to be known as Sanitary Sewer District No. 1, the limits and boundaries of which shall be the present limits and boundaries of the Town of Klemme, Iowa.

Section 2: This Ordinance to take affect and to be in force from and after its publication in The Klemme Times, a newspaper published in the Town of Klemme, Iowa.

Passed at a Special meeting of the Town Council of Klemme, Iowa, this 10th day of June, 1920.

Frank Gruetzmacher,
Mayor.
N. L. Palmer,
Town Clerk.

Notice of a Proposed Resolution of Necessity for the Construction of Sewers, Etc.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Town Council of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, held on the 10th day of June, 1920, there was introduced and placed on file, the Resolution hereinafter set forth, which Resolution will be considered for passage by the said Town Council at a meeting to be held in the Council Chamber in the said Town, on the 13th day of July, 1920, at 7:30 P. M., at which time and place, the owners of property subject to assessment for the cost of the improvement contemplated by said Resolution, may appear and make objections, if any they have, to the contemplated improvement, and to the passage of said Resolution, at which time said Resolution may be amended and passed, or passed as proposed, said Resolution being as follows, to-wit:

RESOLUTION OF NECESSITY

Be it Resolved by the Town Council of the Town of Klemme, Iowa:

Section 1: That it is deemed advisable and necessary to pass this resolution and make the following described improvement, on its own motion, within and for the said town of Klemme, Iowa.

Section 2: That whereas there has been created in the town of Klemme, Iowa, a sewer district known as Sewer District No. 1, the limits and boundaries of which are fully described by Ordinance No. 37, on file in the office of the Town Clerk.

Section 3: That there be constructed in and for the said Sewer District a system of Sanitary Sewers with Sewage Disposal Plant, Main and Lateral Sewers, located as follows, to-wit:

DISPOSAL PLANT

The Disposal Plant shall be located on a plot of ground approximately 600 feet west and 1500 feet south of the intersection of Iowa and Front Streets and shall consist of septic tank, dosing chamber, filter and sludge beds and connecting pipes there to.

MAIN SEWER

Shall start near above described Disposal Plant Site thence North 650 feet, thence Northeast across outlot 7 approximately 1150 feet to intersection of Iowa and Front Streets, thence on Iowa Street from Front to 3rd Streets using 12-inch Vitrified Sewer Pipe.

LATERAL SEWERS

On 3rd Street from Iowa Street to Jerusalem Street using 10-inch Sewer Pipe.

On Dakota Street from 3rd Street to East Corporation Line.

On State Street from 3rd Street to East Corporation Line.

On Jerusalem Street from 4th Street to 5th Street and from 3rd Street west 1500 feet.

On Elder Street from 3rd Street West 200 feet and from 2nd Street west 250 feet. On Day Street from 1st Street East 730 feet. On Main Street from 3rd Street West 1000 feet and from 4th Street East 800 feet. In alley of block 9 from 3rd Street east 200 feet, on Iowa Street from 3rd Street to 4th Street, on Greutmacher Street from 3rd Street east 100 feet and west 100 feet. Across outlot 5, on Center Line of Hansen Street produced from the Center Line of 4th Street produced, west 500 feet. On Front Street from Hancock Street south 600 feet, on 1st Street from Iowa Street south 600 feet and North 450 feet. On 2nd Street from Jerusalem Street south 170 feet and from Elder Street south 300 feet and from Iowa Street north 450 feet and south 900 feet. On 3rd Street from Dakota Street to Jerusalem Street and from Iowa Street to Greutmacher Street. On 4th Street from Jerusalem Street south 2400 feet. Morningside Road from 4th Street east 250 feet thence south 600 feet, On Paul's Drive from its intersection with Morningside Road east 500 feet. On Arthur's Lane from its intersection with Morningside Road east 400 feet using 8-inch Sewer Pipe.

All of said sewers to be built with tight joints, suitable "Y's" for house connections and to be laid to line and

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

grade.

Section 4: And be it further resolved that the disposal plant shall be known and established as a Sewage Disposal Plant, and the cost of same and all cost in connection therewith shall be paid out of a fund to be created by the levy of a special tax on all taxable property in the Town of Klemme, Iowa, or if insufficient to pay the cost of same out of any funds of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, available by law for such purposes, or by a special assessment against all the real property in said Town in accordance with the law, or by a combination of any or all of these methods.

Section 5: And be it further resolved that the sewers above described as Main Sewers shall be known and established as Main Sewers, and the cost of same shall be assessed against all the real property in Sanitary Sewer District No. 1 of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, as adjacent property.

Section 6: And be it further resolved that all the sewers herein described as lateral sewers, shall be known and established as lateral sewers, and the cost of said lateral sewers shall be assessed against the privately owned ground abutting upon the streets, avenues, alleys or privately owned ground upon which said sewers are built, and against the adjacent property, which shall be such property as does not abutt any street, avenue, alley or privately owned ground upon which sewers are built, but which lies wholly or in part within 300 feet of the nearest line of any street, avenue, alley or privately owned ground upon which sewers are built, and against the real estate and personal property of any railway company whose property is abutting or adjacent to said streets, avenues, alleys or privately owned ground upon which sewers are built within the above described limit.

Section 7: All assessments to be made in proportion to the benefits conferred upon each lot, piece or parcel of ground, and any discrepancies between the cost of said sewers and the amount assessable against such property by law, and one-half of the cost of sewers opposite property owned by the Town of Klemme, Iowa, or by the United States Government shall be paid out of a fund to be created by a special tax to be levied upon all property in the Town of Klemme, Iowa, or if insufficient to pay the cost of same, out of any funds of the Town of Klemme, Iowa. available by law for this purpose.

Section 8: All of the above sewers, disposal plant, etc., to be built in accordance with the plans and specifications for same to be filed with the Town Clerk and approved by this council and the Iowa State Board of Health, which plans and specifications are by reference made a part hereof. The kind of material to be used shall be salt-glazed vitrified sewer pipe, hard burned building brick or concrete manholes and flush-tanks, cast iron pipe, etc. Said pipe to have sealed joints and to be laid to line and grade, all as shown by said plans and specifications and the method of construction shall be by contract, and the contractor shall be paid for the disposal plant in Bonds at par drawing 6 per cent interest and for the sewers in Special Assessment Bonds at par drawing 6 per cent interest.

Section 9: And be it further resolved that the Town Council of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, meet at 7:30 o'clock p. m. on the 13th day of July, 1920, in the Council Chamber of said Council for the purpose of considering objections to the passage of this resolution and the making of this improvement, at which meeting this resolution may be amended and passed, or passed as proposed.

Section 10: And be it further resolved that the Town Clerk be and he is hereby instructed to cause notice of the pendency of this resolution and the time at which said resolution will be considered for passage and objections heard thereto, to be published in a newspaper of general circulation published in the Town of Klemme, Iowa, in accordance with the law.

Proposed by the Town Council of Klemme, Iowa, at a meeting held on the 10th day of June, 1920.

Frank Gruetzmacher,
Mayor

Attest:
N. L. Palmer,
Town Clerk.

In witness whereof I hereunto affix my signature.

N. L. Palmer,
Town Clerk.

Water-Loving Trees.

Water-loving trees along streams often consume more water than they save. Estimates are that a beech forest will transpire nearly 50 per cent of an annual precipitation of 20 inches, while a coniferous forest but eight per cent of the same or like precipitation.

Uncle Pennywise Says:

I've often heard a man offer to whip another with one hand tied behind him—but I've never seen it tried. —Kansas City Journal.

Those First

Long Pant Suits

For Boys

A special line of properly designed and rightly tailored suits for boys 15 to 18 years old are not found in many stores.

Many boys are compelled to wear small sizes in mens suits. IT's too bad to dress a young fellow in ill proportioned clothing when our stock of Superior Youth's suits are within your reach.

You will find the style your boy wants here and the genuine value that you are entitled to.

Youths Suits

$27.50 - $30 - $32.50 - $35 - $4

Patton Bros. Co

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machine

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

The Klemme Times $2 per yea

Dishes

For the first time for several years we can announce that our stock of dishes is complete.

¶We have just unpacked 3 Big Casks and several barrels of very nice Dinnerwear, both decorated and in plain white.

Call and see them

Wellemeyer's

Klemme - **Iowa**

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 42 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, June 24 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Dan Cupid's Arrows

JOSTEN-BECKER

Yesterday afternoon (Wednesday- three o'clock in the afternoon, oc- rred the marriage of Miss Elsie E. sten to Mr. Fred C. Becker, both of is city. Rev. Depping read the dding ceremony which united the ung couple as man and wife. Only mediate relatives of the contracting rties were present at the wedding.

The couple need very little intro- ction to our readers as they are well own to everyone in the community d both come from the best families Klemme. The bride is a daughter Mr. and Mrs. Valentine Josten d is ndeed a very charming young dy who will make an excellent help- te and home keeper. Mr. Becker a son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Becker d is a young man of ambition and unquestioned character. He is st that sort of man who will make himself a high mark in the world d is worthy of the young lady whom has taken unto himself as a wife.

After a brief wedding trip the ung married couple will come back Klemme and will live on the farm st of Klemme where the groom has ected a new set of farm buildings d has made a beautiful home for his ide. They will be at home to their any friends after July first.

The Times extends congratulations d wishes them a most pleasant urney thru life.

HOLLY LEWIS NOW MARRIED

We found the following clipping in e Mason City Globe-Gazette of onday, June 21st, and it is self ex- anatory. We will add that the imes joins the many friends of Mr. d Mrs. Holly Lewis in wishing them uch joy and happiness.

Dreher-Lewis

The marriageo f Miss Gladys Dre- r and Holly Lewis took place this orning at 10 o'clock at the Y. W. C. . Rev. Wilkinson read the ring rvice. After the ceremony a lunch- on was served to about twenty riends and relatives of the bride and room.

The couple were attended by Miss uth Martin, of Cedar Falls, Iowa, as ridesmaid, and Mr. Richard Lecht- ond, of Mason Cty, Iowa, as best an.

The bride was attired in a dress of ale pink georgette with bonnet hat of me material and wore a corsage ouquet.

The bride was graduated from the ora Springs high school and later ttended school at Cedar Falls. For he past two years she has been em- loyed as stenographer and clerk in he postoffice here and it was here she et her husband, who was employed as city letter carrier.

The groom is now connected with the C. M. & St. P. railway.

The groom saw active service in France with the 27th division during the world war.

The young couple left at noon for Madison, Wis., for a short honeymoon trip, after which they will be at home t their friends and relatives at San- born, Iowa.

SURPRISE ON NEWLY-WEDS

Last Thursday evening about fifty members of the Win One class, the young people's class of the Method- ist Episcopal church, descended unan- nounced on the newly married mem- bers of that class, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Johnson at their country home east of town. The young peo- ple took with them a big freezer of ice cream and a multitude of cakes, all of which disappeared during the course of the evening, and also a set of sherbet cups which they left with the happy couple as a memento of the occasion, the presentation speech be- ing made by the president of the class, Mr. Sylvan Johnson.

The evening was spent with games and such merry making as is custom- ary when young folks get together, and was further utilized for the hold- ing of a business meeting and the election of officers for the ensuing year. Howard Wiles was chosen pres- ident; Miss Mabel Waterman, secre- tary, and Charles Gibbs, treasurer. At a late hour (or early) hour the com- pany separated, leaving their best wishes with their hosts and taking with them the remembrance of a very delightful evening.

REV. BURIFF WINS REGISTER PRIZE

Rev. Buriff, of this city, won the "dollar-a-word" contest in the Des Moines Register for the best answer to the question, "Why is the Associ- ated Press the backbone of a Good Sunday Newspaper?" His answer is as follows:

"Though special features many in- struct, amuse,
The Sunday newspaper's backbone is news;
Without A. P. reports, however great
In other things, it sprawls inverte- brate."
—By A. E. Buriff, Klemme, Ia.

Drs. Reuber & Zinn have their new X-ray installed now, as a Mr. Wells, of Des Moines, was here last week putting thet hing together. Joe Mill- er is finishing up he painting and var- nishing in the new addition and the carpenters are also thru, so the doc- tors will soon be settled in their mod- ern office. They have also built a sort of "whatchumacallit" over their front step and we were kidding Dr. Zinn about the canary bird house, but he said t was a porch—well, we will let him have his way.

The Times "Devil" Says

"ZIP" LOSES ANOTHER WHEEL

"Zip" McCullough started for Ma- son City last Friday shortly after noon with the intention of taking in the Round-Up and his intention was perfectly laudable until about eleven mles out of Klemme when the hind wheel of his car remembered that "Zip" had left a lady friend in Klemme and so parted company with the rest of the outfit and proceeded to roll back. "Zip" straightened out his long propellers and overtook the wheel before it got very far. The gar- age man was called up who brought a wooden wheel along to graft onto Lizzy and as the hour was getting late for the show "Zip" came back to Klemme. "Zip's" sheeny show-case is now ornamented with a wooden hind leg until the other gets back from the hospital. "Zip" should have taken the wild flivver to the round-up and perhaps Wild Bill Lynch could have broken her of the awful shock- ing habit of losng a leg everytime "Zip" wanted to go some place.

DELEGATES TO COUNTY CON- VENTION

The following Klemme gentlemen are delegates to the county convention which will be held at Garner, Saturday, July 3rd: John Gruetz- macher, Frank Gruetzmacher, H. L. Suckow, N. L. Palmer, Wm. Becker, A. H. Meyer and F. A. Arnold, Com- mitteeman.

FOURTH OF JULY IN KLEMME

Since the glorious Fourth comes on Sunday this year the people of the Methodist Episcopal church have planned to put on a celebration in keeping with both the civil and religi- ous significance of the day. Our neighboring towns will stage cele- brations in the old fashioned, noise- making, enthusiastic way, using eith- er Saturday or Monday for that pur- pose. This is all right, for it would hardly seem proper to have the day pass without the traditional celebra- tion. But why should not Klemme have a fitting observance of the day itself?

It is therefore planned to hold such a meeting, to which the whole community is invited, on Sunday af- ternoon, July 4th, at 2:30 p. m. in the city park. Appropriate music by male voices and mixed choruses is being prepared and Dr. Buriff will give an address on "God's Country."

Did you ever hear of a fellow losing a gasoline tank on his car and not know it? Well, G. W. Kluckhohn is the man who performed that feat. George was coming from Garner the other evening when he heard a racket back of his car, but drove a little far- ther but finally decided to investi- gate. He found hat he had lost his gas tank and found it back down the road. The gasoline in the vacuum tank kept the car going and if he hadn't discovered the tank was gone he could have driven about four miles before running out entirely.

Liberty Bells Win Game

THE KLEMME BALL TEAM WILL HAVE TO WEAR HALF-SOCKS

Last Sunday afternoon a fast game of ball was played between the Klem- me Rockfords and the Liberty Bells. The playing opened up fast and furi- ous and the large crowd present were kept on their toes in the exctiement. Everythng looked beautiful for Klem- me as up to the ninth inning they lead the Liberty Bells by the score of seven to three. But when the Liberty Bells opened up their batting in the ninth inning they rang up five more runs and thus defeated the Klemme Rockfords by one score. Klemme had the game but perhaps got a little too over confident in their ability as play- ers and let the Bells get too much of a lead. Anyway it was a fine game and if these two teams ever get to- gether again we are sure that they will play a very close game as they are both right up on the other fellows' toes all the time.

We promised the Klemme boys that if they won this game we would honor them by the name of Klemme Silk Sox, but as they lost this game we will have to wait awhile and call them the Half-Socks or no socks at all. We bet they will win the next one when they play the Bells or in the near fu- ture they have a game with Goodell.

MALE QUARTETTE COMING

The evening of July 3rd promises a treat for the music loving people of Klemme and the countryside about On that evening the Morningside male quartette, representing Morningside college of Sioux City will appear in a full program at the Methodist Episco- pal church. This company is making a tour of the northwest part of the state, appearing nightly in a circuit of some sixy or seventy towns. A male quartette is one of the most pleasing of musical combinations and these young men are the equals of most of the quartettes appearing in chautauqua or lyceum work. No ad- mission fee is charged for this con- cert, but a silver offering to help in defraying expenses will be taken. Make a note of the date, Saturday evening, July 3, and plan to hear this concert.

Ye Scribe and wife accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner to Mason City last Friday where we took in the Round-Up. We also observed a large number of Klemme people who also went to see the western performance. The show was good and some stunts were thrilling but they named it wrong; instead of calling it the Round-Up we would suggest that they call it the "Hold-Up" as that is what it was as far as the price was concerned—$1.10 per each to get into the ground and fifty cents to see the show from the grandstand when you got in, as there was no other place from which to watch the dongs and then another two bits to set on a sawdust stuffed sack that passed as a cushion on which to sit. Yes, we were at the Hold-Up all right and aside from that it would pass the censor.

Sylvan Johnson lost a valuable four year old Percheron stallion Sat- urday night. Sylvan went to town about nine o'clock and when he re- turned about eleven the animal was found dead. The veterinarian said that the horse had eaten poison of some kind but where or how he got it is a mystery to Sylvan.

Miss Hulda Johnson returned to Mason City last week after spending about a week's vacation visiting with Klemme folks. Miss Johnson is em- ployed with the Damon-Igou Co. in the silk department and has recently been appointed at the head of this de- partment with a substantial increase in salary.

Mrs. Lena Schroeder was a passen- ger to Garner Tuesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson spent Sunday with Garner relatives.

Miss Doris Buriff came last Thurs- day morning from Chicago where she has been attending Northwestern Uni- versity taking a musical course. Miss Buriff will finish the course next year. She is here spending her summer va- cation.

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers

Gordon Clark or Forest Mills sold 52 geese for $136.84.

Rev. E. A. Kiser, visiting friends at Malvern, husked 102 bushels of corn in a day.

Spencer is to have a new $185,- 000 hotel. The contract for archi- tectural work was let to Byrd & Moore, of Des Moines.

A double deck of 75-pound lambs which have been on feed for two months and a half on the J. McPher- rin farm, near Glenwood, were ship- ped to the market recently and Mr. McPherrin received a top price for them, $14.85. The lambs were in good condition.

The Iowa state highway commis- sion is not in favor of truck tours over mud roads in Iowa. While the tours demonstrated the ability of the truck to travel on muddy highways, the recent tour left the roads over which the trucks traveled in such bad condition as to make it difficult to repair them before next summer.

Formation of the Tri-county asso- ciation which plans to stage the an- nual fair in Perry next fall, is under way. The association has secured an option on a site for the fairgrounds and plans for buildings are being drawn up. Construction on the build- ings is not expected to get under way before early next spring.

Assessments for the benefits, in- cluding the cost of construction, fo Iowa River Drainage District No. 1, totaling $177,546.16 are made agains land in the district, in the report filed by the commissioners appointed by the board of supervisors. The as- sessments against large land owners total in many cases, thousands of dollars.

Woods Brothers of Lincoln, Neb., with M. A. McNeal, Wert Reid, Will Rageth and Dr. E. E. Richards, Fre- mont county land owners, have be- gun the construction of a ditch which will be two miles in length and reclaim $1,000,000 worth of land. The county has also just let the contract for a ditch and dike to cost over $100,000, which will eliminate five bends in a small river and shorten its course five miles.

In the past six months farm land in seventy Iowa counties have ad- vanced in price about 60 per cent. That statement is based on many hundreds of farm sale prices gath- ered in those seventy counties dur- ing the past six months by O. G. Lloyd of the farm management de- partment of the Iowa State College. In more than fifty of the counties land has sold for $300 and more per acre. The advance in price for the six months' period has averaged $100 per acre, or nearly 60 per cent.

Iowa has a new automobile law that is expected to put a material crimp in automobile thievery. It provides that when an automobile is purchased, the owner must sign a registration blank. When he sells or trades the car he must fill out a statement telling all the facts con- cerning the purchase of the machine and furnish it to the purchaser, giv- ing the latter a clear title. Severest penalties are provided for defacing the numbers on a machine or other- wise disguising it to make identi- fication difficult or impossible. The law became effective Nov. 1.

Corn husking is being rapidly push- ed and many of the farmers of Butler county are through. The average yield is from 25 to 40 bushels per acre. The windstorm that swept all of this section, blew it down badly and damaged the crop about one- third, and has made husking very difficult. Fred Smith, one of the champion corn growers, has just com- pleted gathering his 110-acre crop. One field of 60 acres went 40 bushels per acre and a 50-acre field yielded 35 bushels. He paid 7 cents per bushel to the huskers on 60 acres and 8 cents for 50 acres, and used the el- evators.

If sugar production increases in other states in like proportion to the promised increase in Iowa next year, the sugar shortage problem will be solved. Two new beet sugar factor- ies will open in Iowa next year, one at Belmond in Wright county and one at Waverly. At present there is just one sugar beet factory in Iowa, the one at Mason City, operated by the Northern Sugar corporation. This factory has proved a valuable asset to Iowa's food producing plants and its success in the growing of sugar beets and the manufacture of sugar, coupled with the big demand for this article, is responsible for the enlarge- ment of the industry in Iowa.

What Men Do.

We owe thanks to Machiavelli and all other [illegible] what men do, not what [illegible] to.—Bacon.

We have only two more

Moline 2-Row CULTIVATORS

--left from our large stock. Buy a 2-row cultivator now and save money--they will cost a lot more next year.

Remember that we now have on hand a big supply of Moline hay rakes, mowers, loaders, etc. Get yours now.

Henry Lau & Sons

The END of a Perfect Dinner

A golden-crusted, flaky slice of pie packed with apples, butter, sugar, nut- meg and cinnamon, brown juice running out the edges. *AND* that *fresh-from- the-oven* flavor of an aromatic cup of good *"rich and mellow"* Chocolate Cream Coffee.

Have You Tasted It Recently?

Chocolate Cream

"Rich and Mellow" COFFEE

***Tried it lately?*—since we have been putting it up—like you seal fruit to keep it fresh—in these new hermetic seal canisters? A big improvement. Try some! Sixty cents the pound.**

WESTERN GROCER COMPANY

M'ADOO OUT OF RACE

STATES HE WILL NOT BE NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENCY.

LOOKS FOR DEMOCRATS TO WIN

Eleven Candidates Including Nebraska Senator, Still in Field.—No Surprise at Washington.

New York.—William G. McAdoo, in a telegram to Jouett Shouse of Washington made public here, announced that he cannot permit his name to come before the democratic national convention at San Francisco next week and adds that "this decision is irrevocable, as the path of duty to me seems clear and unmistakable."

Mr. McAdoo declared he must have a reasonable opportunity to rehabilitate his fortune and, having been out of office less than eighteen months he has not yet been able to accomplish this.

A presidential campaign, Mr. McAdoo explained imposes upon the candidate unavoidable expenses, which, he said, he was unable to assume and which he did not want his friends to assume.

Mr. McAdoo in his telegram expressed the opinion that the republican convention and platform assured a democratic victory if the latter party adopts "a straight forward, unequivocal, unevasive, honest and liberal platform, and puts forward candidates who will command public confidence." Reports from Washington say Mr. McAdoo's action did not surprise administration officials.

The elimination of Mr. McAdoo narrows the field to eleven contestants, so far as is now known. They are: Attorney General Palmer, Governor James M. Cox of Ohio, Governor Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey, Senator G. M. Hitchcock of Nebraska, Secretary Meredith of the Agricultural Department, Senator R. L. Owens of Oklahoma, James Gerard, former ambassador, Senator F. M. Simmons of North Carolina, J. W. Davis of West Virginia, ambassador to Great Britain, Hon. S. Cummins of Connecticut, chairman of the democratic national committee, and Senator Carter Glass of Virginia.

AFTER COAL BARONS.

Palmer Orders Round Up of Those Profiteering in Fuel.

Washington, D. C.—A drive on profiteers in bituminous coal has been ordered by Attorney General Palmer. Orders were issued to all federal district attorneys to give special attention to charges of such profiteering and to seek indictment where investigation warranted.

"The Department of Justice," said Mr. Palmer's instructions, "is receiving a number of letters in which complaint is made that bituminous coal prices at the mines now range from $7 to $11 a ton, with a further increase imminent. Production cost figures gathered by the Federal Trade commission from 1,589 bituminous coal operators show that during January, 1920, their cost per ton averaged $2.32 at the mines. Since then there has been an increase in the cost of labor, enhancing the production cost to $2.79 per ton."

Death From Plague in Texas.

Galveston, Texas.—The death of a 17-year-old youth here after a brief illness "probably was due to bubonic plague," according to a diagnosis made public by Dr. M. F. Boyd, professor of bacteriology at the State Medical college. At a conference that diagnosis was concurred in by federal, state, county and city health officers. An immediate effort for the extermination of rats and mice was decided upon. Surgeon General Cummings at Washington has been asked to dispatch health service experts here to help prevent possible spread of the disease.

Convicts to Harvest Wheat Crop.

Topeka, Kas.—State officials have announced that plans have been made for harvest parole of state convicts. They will be sent direct to farmers upon request and their employer will be required to repot daily. The money earned by convicts is to be turned over directly to their dependents. Life termers will not be exempted from the list, it was said, but only men of approved behavior records will be paroled.

Probe Egging Non-Partisans.

Topeka, Kans.—Governor Henry J. Allen directed Attorney General R. J. Hopkins to investigate charges made by J. O. Stevis, state manager of the Nonpartisan league, and Walter M. Mills of North Dakota, as lecturer for the league, that they were not afforded proper protection two weeks ago when they were said to have been prevented by a crowd from speaking in Elinwood, Kan., and later egged and otherwise insulted and escorted from town.

Predicts Farmers Strike.

Chicago, Ill.—A "strike" of farmers that will astound the world" is predicted by E. H. Grubb, internationally known as a "potato king" of Colorado, and perhaps the final word on potato culture.

He is consulting agriculturists of a Sacramento valley irrigation company in California, a breeder of blooded stock and recognized the world over as an expert in agriculture. His warning comes in a letter to A. C. Thomas, member of the Chicago Press club.

REPUBLICANS TO START EARLY

No Time to Be Lost in Getting Campaign Under Way—Women to Serve On Executive Committee.

Chicago, Ill.—Campaign managers for Senator Warren G. Harding of Ohio, who was made the presidential nominee by the republican national convention, declared no time would be lost in getting things under way. Harry M. Daugherty, director of Senator Harding's pre-convention campaign, requested the national committee to take "prompt, snappy and energetic action" in placing the merits of the republican issues before the voters of the country. Party managers plan to start the campaign soon after the democratic convention is held.

Will H. Hays, re-elected chairman by the new national committee, will at once name members of the new executive committee, of whom seven will be women. A vice chairman of the executive committee, who will be a woman, will be selected at the time the committee is announced.

About the time party managers begin their real activities, the senate committee investigating campaign funds will resume hearings, holding its first sessions in Chicago, July 7. While the committee has been authorized to extend its investigations, Senator Kenyon, its chairman, said no plans had yet been made to inquire into campaign funds up to election day.

The republican presidential nominee will become the center of the campaign of the National Woman's party to bring about ratification of the suffrage constitutional amendment, according to a statement issued by suffrage leaders. A large delegation of women from many states, it was announced, will wait upon Senator Harding and ask him to insist upon republican action to secure the 36th state for ratification.

SET SAIL IN FRAIL ROW BOAT.

Four Youngsters Picked Up Thirty Miles from Lake Erie Shore.

Detroit, Mich.—Four youthful explorers, aged 3, 6 9 and 12 years, who set sail from Lakeside, Mich., in a frail rowboat to search for Treasure Island in Lake Erie, were picked up thirty miles off shore after having been adrift for twenty-five hours. The children, three boys and a girl, all of Toledo, were rescued by a passenger steamer. A prayer of thanks was offered by 1,500 passengers when they had been transferred safely from their frail craft.

The children, Merwin Da So, 9; Richard Da So, 6; Robert Da So, 3, and Virginia Hilger, 12, drifted out from Lakeside, Mich., while playing at the docks.

In telling the story of the trip across the lake Merwin said that his 6-year-old brother fell overboard at one time and later the girl did likewise. He rescued them both with a rope. Then to make sure of no more trouble he tied little Robert to the bottom of the boat. He was still in that position when rescued. Two fish, which he had caught for his turtle at home, were grasped in his hands.

WOOD REFUTES CHARGES.

Utterances Made by Murray Butler Branded as Malicious Lies.

Chicago, Ill.—Major General Leonard Wood, in a signed statement characterized as "a vicious and malicious falsehood," a declaration by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler of New York that a "motley group of stock gamblers, oil and mining promoters, munition makers and other like persons" backed the general's campaign for the republican presidential nomination.

General Wood said that he regretted to make the statement, but it was necessary to "brand a fakir and to denounce a lie.' Declaring that the men who managed his campaign were of "extraordinary high character," the general said that the attack upon them "is infamous," and that Mr. Butler's action was an "attempt to ingratiate himself with certain elements which exercised a determining influence at the convention."

Charges Against Dempsey Dismissed.

San Francisco, Cal.—An indictment charging William Harrison ("Jack") Dempsey, world's champion heavyweight pugilist, and Jack Kearns, his manager, with conspiracy to evade the selective draft act, was dismissed in the federal court here.

Unite to Form Third Party.

Chicago, Ill.—Amalgamation of the "Committee of 48," labor party, Nonpartisan league and Single-tax league is in prospect at the convention called here July 10 to form a third party, it has been announced.

Leaders of the Committee of 48 and the labor party are to confer on a candidate.

A questionnaire sent to members of the committee showed a majority in favor of the candidacy of Senator Robert M. LaFollette.

Cancer Toll 100,000 Yearly.

New York.—Cancer caused 100,000 deaths in 1919 in the United States, and 500,000 Americans are afflicted with the disease, Dr. Frederick Dugale of Boston declared in an address to the convention of the Allied Medical Association of America here. Dugale said it had been decided that cancer is due to certain constitutional or blood conditions that are developed by exciting causes, and that cure depends upon removal of the exciting causes and treatment of the basic blood condition.

Germans Shipping Lambs Into Devastated France

These Germans are sending a shipment of lambs into the devastated regions of France in accord with the terms of the peace treaty.

Seeks Missing Link in Ether

Holyoke Professor Meeting Some Success in Investigation of Waves.

TRYING TO BRIDGE THE GAP

Bunch of Waves in the Ether Is Lost and No One Knows Whither They Go or What They Do.

South Hadley, Mass.—The scientist has another missing link for which to search. This time, however, it is not the biologist who seeks the link but the physicist. A bunch of waves in the ether is lost and no one knows whither they go or what they do. Some of their associates were long ago found, a few others were investigated more recently, but others are still missing. Wireless waves, heat waves, light waves and the waves of the X-rays have been made clear to us. Yet there is an unabridged gap, a gap that is nearer being filled today than it ever has been in the past.

Trying to Bridge the Gap.

A Mount Holyoke college professor, Elizabeth R. Laird, is finding some success at one end of the gap and investigations at the other end were completed some time ago. At the one end are the ultra violet rays and at the other are Entladungsstrahlen and soft X-rays. It is with this latter class that Miss Laird has had considerable success.

The first of the waves of radiation to be studied were those of visible light. The spectrum received the attention of the physicist, who found that the interval from the red to the violet was, in the language of the physics of sound, less than an octave, the violet rays having less than twice the frequency of the red ones. Naturally the question arose as to exactly what was outside this brief space of waves capable of affecting the sense of vision.

Where the Link Is Missing.

And so outside were found infra-red waves of heat and above these, beyond another gap, were found Hertzian waves used in wireless, while at the lower end of the spectrum appeared the celebrated ultra-violet ray. Then came the long gap, the missing link for which the physicist is searching, and after that the Entladungsstrahlen, joined to the X-rays. Last on the scale are the gamma-rays, probably in the neighborhood of two five-billionths of an inch in length. From the waves of wireless which are often ten miles long to the minute waves of the gamma-ray, the visible and the invisible spectrum is continuous save for the two harrowing gaps on opposite sides of the visible section.

Armed with a diffraction grating graduated to the ten-thousandths of an inch, a vacuum of high order and apparatus for the production of slow moving electrons, the scientist is on the trail of a wave so small that almost 10,000,000 of them measure but an inch in length. And the physicist gives promise of finding his missing link before his brother scientist, the biologist.

ASKS SWAMP BE PRESERVED

Government Survey in Plea for Aid for Okefinokee Tract in Southeastern Georgia.

Washington.—Preservation as a permanent government reservation of Okefinokee swamp, which covers 700 square miles in southeastern Georgia, is recommended in a biological survey of the department of agriculture, made public here.

Commercial interests, bent on removing timber from the swamp—the last of the three great swamps on the Atlantic seaboard—will destroy its primeval conditions unless action is taken, the survey stated.

The swamp is said to have no counterpart anywhere in the world, and still is in a primeval state. Among the fresh water swamps east of the Mississippi it is exceeded in size only by the Everglades.

Plowing by Spotlight.

Cincinnati. — Farmers throughout this section are working hard to overcome the handicap of a late spring and are plowing with tractors at night by the aid of spotlights. In Kentucky courts are being adjourned and farmers excused from jury service so that they can stick close to farm work.

REAL CHIVALRY AMONG HOBOES

Girls, in Continental Hike, Never Insulted Except by Rich Motorists.

TRAMP COUNTRY 18 MONTHS

Co-eds Set Out to Learn of Life in Open West and Find Modern Sir Galahad in Knight of the Road.

Indianapolis.—The modern Sir Galahad stews his evening meal in a tomato can suspended over a fire built of chips from railroad ties, according to two girl "knights of the road," who enjoyed a year and a half of hobo life in a dozen western states and "bummed" their way across the continent. The girls who found present-day chivalry flourishing in a box car are Miss Hazel Gage of La Grange, Ind., and Miss Virna Haskins of Orland, Ind. Both are graduates of the Tri-State college at Angola, Ind.

They set out in 1917 to learn of the life in the open West. Hobos doffed their caps and courtesied, lonely fishermen placed their cabins at the disposal of the girl pals, and rugged cowpunchers shared their meals on the prairie.

Treated With Respect.

Everywhere the girls were treated with the utmost respect. It was only when the girls accepted automobile rides from the modernized tourists of the East that the dreams of knightly chivalry burst like soap bubbles. The tourists would insist on holding the girls' hands.

Although the girls became expert revolver shots, they never once were in danger from the rugged westerners they met. A few months ago, minus everything but a ray of hope, they tumbled out of a box car on a mining camp side track near Tonopah, Nev. In the succeeding weeks they saved their pay checks, and, with a bank account of $400 felt secure.

Then came the idea to walk across half the continent to their homes, dressed as men. Their experiences were varied and thrilling. A Mexican sheep herder found them exhausted on a hillside. He shared his meal of bread and mutton with them, managed to get them aboard a freight train and bade them good-by.

A tramp on the train peeled off his coat for them to sit on, and the three swapped stories until the train pulled on to a siding.

"Everywhere," said Miss Gage, "we found the spirit of fellowship, backed up by the unwritten law of man and woman. Not even in those old saloon-hotels was there any improper familiarity. It was a new life which we discovered—the life of universal understanding in the great outdoors."

Held Eggs for a Raise, Got Chickens Instead

A woman, living near Rio Vista, Cal., recently set a box of eggs in a corner of her room, beneath which was a water pipe kept constantly warm by a fire in the cook stove.

She planned to keep the eggs until the price would go up, then reap a nice profit.

Instead, she heard the chirping of chicks, and on investigation found that 42 of 48 eggs had hatched.

Giant Elm, 600 Years Old, Has Quit Leaving

London.—For the first time in 600 years a giant elm standing outside the Croyden parish church, near London, has failed to leaf this year. This elm is famous because under its branches parish meetings had been held annually for more than three centuries.

Lion a Guest in a New York Hotel

Thomas R. Zann, registered from Leavenworth, Wash., brought a tame lion into a New York hotel in a canvas-covered cage, the discovery that there was a lion in the hotel created a sensation, and the department of health ordered "Jim," as he is called, removed. He is on his way with "Jim" to South Africa.

First Hundred Years the Hardest.

Jackson, O.—When Mrs. Peggy McDaniel, who is entering her one hundred and sixth year, celebrated her birthday, among the 200 guests was Mrs. Winnie Carter, one hundred and seven years, who lives just ten miles from the McDaniel home.

FORMER KAISER TURNS TAILOR

William Unfortunate to Have Missed Vocation, Says Holland Dispatch.

London.—William of Hohenzollern, former emperor of Germany, is trying his hand as a tailor, according to a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam.

He is cutting out patterns for many new suits with which he is going to stock his wardrobe, and the dispatch quotes a trade paper as declaring he is "excelling at the job."

"How unfortunate it is," says this paper, "that William missed his vocation. After all the notoriety he achieved as an emperor, one can imagine what would have been his fame as a tailor."

Death Invades a Crap Game.

Elkins, W. Va.—A half-dozen men jumped out of a second-story window when the police raided a crap game. John Coleman was impaled on the picket of an iron fence dying almost instantly.

VOTE U.S. RUN ROAD

GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP ... DORSED BY LABOR.

FIRST DEFEAT FOR GOMPE...

Call Upon Congress to Curb Profiteering, Favor Irish Republic, Declares War On Industrial Court.

Montreal—The American Federation of Labor's endorsement of government ownership of the railroads at its annual convention here was declared by labor leaders to have been the first genuine defeat Samuel Gompers, the veteran president, has suffered in years. The final vote was 29,050 for government ownership and 8... against.

Mr. Gompers fought hard against the convention's action, declaring it was a step toward the "enslavement of the workers as government employes," who, he said, had been denied many political and economic rights under past administrations. He received only a mild ovation.

The federation called upon congress to curb profiteering, endorsed President Samuel Gompers' nonpartisan political program, approved the Irish republic and requested withdrawal of armed forces from Ireland, defeated the beer- and wine proposal, declared war on the Kansas court of industrial relations and anti-strike legislation now before the legislature in Colorado and Nebraska.

The recent railroad strike was condemned by the federation as a "secessionist movement" to discredit the recognized organizations in the railway service.

The convention by unanimous vote elected Samuel Gompers president for the thirty-ninth time and the aged official accepted the honor. Gompers' wife, father and daughter died in the last year, and he is in his seventy-fifth year.

MOB LYNCHES THREE.

Negroes Charged With Assault Hanged at Duluth.

Duluth, Minn.—Three negroes were lynched here by a mob estimated at 5,000 persons, which overpowered the police, took possession of police headquarters and seized the prisoners, who were held in connection with an attack on a young white girl.

Not a shot was fired in the attack on the police station, the members of the mob using bricks and other missiles and in the final stages of the fight streams of water from fire hose taken from the police themselves.

A mock trial was held by the mob in the station and three negroes were found guilty and three others held in connection with the assault were acquitted and turned back to the police.

Following the disorder two companies of the Sixth infantry, Minnesota National guards, were sent here from St. Paul.

The negroes were roustabouts with a circus that appeared here, and the alleged attack on the 17-year-old white girl took place on the circus grounds. The negroes hanged were Isaac McGhie, Elmer Jackson and Nate Green, all about 22 years old. All professed their innocence.

Scores Nebraska Delegation.

Lincoln, Neb. — "Downright treachery, which Hi Johnson will not soon forget or forgive the Nebraska delegation," is the term applied to the movement that broke the Johnson ranks by Frank A. Harrison, manager of Johnson's Nebraska campaign.

"It was treachery and desertion by delegates from the instructed state that broke the heart of the Johnson movement," Harrison declared on his return from Chicago.

Accepts Wilson's Challenge.

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson's challenge to submit the peace treaty to a referendum of the American people was accepted by Senator Harding, the republican presidential candidate. "I am sure," said Senator Harding, "the republican party will gladly welcome the referendum on the question of the foreign relationship of this republic and the republican attitude of preserved nationality will be overwhelmingly endorsed."

Fear Acute Coal Shortage.

Washington, D. C.—A coal shortage next winter which may curtail production of iron and steel and seriously affect other industries is foreseen by the federal reserve board in its review of business, industrial and financial conditions of the month of May. The situation already is acute in some districts, according to the board, and production in many lines is being held down. Production of coal is being curtailed chiefly as a result of car shortage, the reserve board reports.

Life for Robbing Church.

St. Louis, Mo.—Wenzel A. Kre... was sentenced by a jury in circuit court to life imprisonment for the theft of motion picture instruments from the King's Highway Presbyterian church here.

Three Aviators Killed.

Fort Bragg, Cal.—Three men were instantly killed when an airplane in which they were riding, collided with another machine at an altitude of 1,000 feet and crashed to the earth in flames here.

EAT SCRAP IS EGG-LAYING AID

sult of Recent Experiments Conducted by the Department of Agriculture.

RMAL CONDITIONS GIVEN

erage Farmer Feeds Very Little Animal Protein Feed of Any Kind —Milk Products or Fish Also Are Favored.

Hens given meat, fish, or milk products in their diet will lay from 38 to per cent more eggs than those which ve only grain food and what bugs d worms they can pick up on free nge, recent experiments made by United States department of agriture show.

The birds used in the experiments re given conditions as nearly like ose on a normal farm as possible. e experiments were repeated under fferent conditions and in different ars to avoid, as far as possible, any ror due to the varied characteristics the birds.

Little Animal Protein Feed.

The average farmer feeds very lit- meat, fish, or animal protein feed any kind to his poultry, and conquently gets few eggs during the te fall and winter when eggs are lling at the highest prices.

In the experiments conducted on e government poultry farm, pens of llets on free range were fed a mash corn meal, bran, and middlings and scratch mixture of wheat, oats, and rn. This is greater variety of grains an is used by many farmers. In adtion the birds had absolutely free nge on land where bugs, green feed, d worms were plentiful. Other ens were given the same ration, with pound of commercial meat scrap dded to every 4 pounds of mash.

Results Obtained.

The pullets without the meat scrap id only 90 eggs apiece (which is ore eggs per hen than the average

Fowls Given Free Range.

arm flock lays), while those receiving meat scrap averaged from 125 to 50 eggs apiece.

Meat scrap is not produced on most farms, and has to be bought at a higher price than grain. It produces eggs, though, several cents a dozen cheaper than where no meat scrap is used. Milk products or fish give as good results as meat in increasing egg production.

REDUCE COST IN MARKETING

Price Margin Between Producer and Consumer Can Be Cut by Working Together.

A. D. Wilson, chief of the agricultural extension division of the University of Minnesota, holds that the price margin between the producer and consumer can be cut down if the producers in every community will work together sufficiently to produce a standard product of good quality and in quantities large enough to let it be marketed in car lots. "Improvement in marketing," he says, "must be along the line of reducing the labor and expense required in getting the products from the farm to the consumer. One of the things which tends to reduce this cost is to have produced in a community a large quantity of a uniform product." The marketing of co-operative creamery butter is cited by Mr. Wilson as an illuminating illustration of the truth of his premises.

CEESE ARE QUITE PECULIAR

Fowls Are Partial to Their Mates and It Is Not Best to Separate Them Each Year.

Unlike other farm poultry, geese are partial to their mates and it is best not to try to separate them each year. An old gander is not a good breeder and he ought not to be kept more than three or four years. On the other hand, the older females lay more eggs than do young ones and as a rule the eggs are more fertile. Females may be kept for eight or ten years or even longer.

FEED FOR FINISHING SHOATS

Whey Fed With Barley or Corn Is Excellent—Pigs on Trial Made Big Gains.

Whey fed with barley or corn makes an excellent feed for finishing well grown shoats. Pigs fed on trial made a gain of 100 pounds on only 35.3 pounds of barley and 854 pounds of whey.

PUREBRED PIGS ARE HIGHLY PROFITABLE

Virginia Farmer Gives His Experience With Scrubs.

Used to Raise Scrubs, but Made Very Little Money—Purebreds Go to Market Much Earlier While Prices Are High.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

How a Virginia farmer marketed pigs heavier and more profitable than he had raised in the past is told in a circular, "Better Sires for Virginia," recently issued by the extension division of the Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical college.

"I used to raise scrub pigs," the farmer declares. "I didn't think there was much money in the hog business because I didn't make much. Since using purebreds sires I have changed my mind. As a result of using purebreds sires my pigs weighed 215 pounds

Purebred Poland Chinas.

last fall, when the average scrub pig would hardly weigh 150 pounds. Consequently my pigs went to market early, while prices were high, while the man with scrub pigs had to keep his longer and feed them high-priced grain while prices kept going down."

The account is accompanied by a picture of purebred boars which are described as having "a good father, a good mother, and no poor relations."

IMMUTABLE BREEDING LAWS

Use of Good Sires, Care, and Management Are Essential in Building Up Herds.

There is no disputing the absolute fact that the laws of breeding are just as immutable as they have ever been. The use of good sires is necessary in breeding up good herds and this alone will not do; good care, feed and management must be given calves, heifers and cows and where these rules are followed, men usually succeed and prosper with greater certainty than though they depend too largely upon the cooperation of the butcher.

PUREBRED

A purebred animal is one of pure breeding representing a definite, recognized breed and both of whose parents were purebred animals of the same breed. To be considered purebred, live stock must be either registered, eligible to registration, or (in the absence of public registry for that class) have such lineage that its pure breeding can be definitely proved. To be of good type and quality, the animal must be healthy, vigorous, and a creditable specimen of its breed.

MANURE ON CONCRETE FLOOR

That From Steer Valued at $24.85, While on Earth Floor It Is $4.51 Less.

The manure produced by a 1,000 pound steer in six months on a concrete floor has a value of $24.85, while on the earth floor the manure is worth only $20.34, a difference of $4.51 in favor of concrete. In eight months' time this saving is sufficient to pay the animal's share of the cost of a concrete floor. All further saving is clear profit, which amounts to $9 a year for a 1,000 pound steer.

CONTROL OF WEEDS IN CORN

Good Harrowing at Proper Time Is Most Effective Way of Checking Growth of Plants.

A good harrowing at the proper time is often the cheapest and most efficient way of controlling weeds during the first stages of growth of the corn. The harrow or the weeder also can be used to advantage in breaking up a crust caused by a heavy, dashing rain.

PLANT SOY BEANS ANY TIME

For Hay, Pasture, Green Manure or Soiling Crop Sow Any Time Up to August 1.

Soy beans may be planted any time from early spring until midsummer. For a grain crop they should be planted early, but for a hay, pasture, green manure or soiling crop they may be planted as late as August 1. The choice of a variety must be made by the farmer himself

CAREFULLY-MADE PLANS WILL PREVENT WASTE OF MANUAL LABOR IN HAYMAKING

This Is the Best Way to Haul Hay If the Distance Is Not Too Great.

The hay crop, even when the labor supply is normal, causes more worry, anxiety, and disappointment than any other crop. The time for harvesting is comparatively short. Other crops require attention at the same time. And the weather is to be reckoned with. This year, when farm labor all over the country is very scarce, the difficulties of haymaking will be much greater, and larger quantities of hay will be lost than usual—unless labor-saving methods are more generally employed.

A great deal of labor is wasted every year during hay harvest, say specialists of the United States department of agriculture, not because of actual idleness on the part of the workers, but because labor is expended unnecessarily on operations that do not utilize it to the best advantage. If an old method can be superseded by a new one that will enable the same number of men to accomplish more work in the same length of time, or fewer men to accomplish the same work in the same length of time, it will mean more hay saved, more profit to the farmer and a better condition for the country.

Shift Burden From Man to Horse.

Although there is a scarcity of man labor, there are still plenty of horses on most farms, and herein largely lies the solution of the problem. On farms where considerable hay is grown methods must be adopted by which the greater part of the heavy labor is done by horses. This will necessitate the general use of certain types of labor-saving machinery, some of them not so common in the East, which have been thoroughly tested and proved satisfactory in the western part of the United States. The small hay grower, however, need not make a very heavy investment in new haying apparatus, for by rearranging the working of his crew and using a little more horse labor for the hard work he can add considerably to the efficiency of his crew.

Here are some suggestions made by the specialists for avoiding waste of labor in haymaking:

Do not run two or more mowers close together. If the front mower has any trouble that causes it to stop, all of the mowers usually wait while repairs are made on one. There is a tendency, also, for drivers to waste too much time talking when they stop occasionally to let the teams rest. A good practice when two or more machines are used is for each driver to lay off a "land" for himself and work independently, so there will be no interference from other machines.

Side Delivery Rake Is Best.

Do not turn hay by hand. It is too costly. The cheapest and most efficient way of stirring hay in the windrow is with a two-horse tedder. One man will do more work than 12 men stirring with hand forks. It is not even necessary to have a man to run the tedder. A boy big enough to drive a team will do just as much work.

A one-horse rake operated by a man makes raking very costly. A two-horse sulky rake is better, but the side-delivery rake is best. When curing is done in the swath and a hay loader is used, the crew can start taking the hay from the windrow as soon as the side delivery has made one double windrow across the field. If the sulky rake is used, the crew will have to wait until the rake has gone several times across the field. In this matter the extent of the haying operations has to be considered, of course. On very small farms the use of the side-delivery rake might not be economy.

If the weather is clear and the hay is in proper condition, there will be no necessity for hay-caps or for further labor till the hay is thoroughly cured and ready to be hauled. But hay-caps will pay for themselves in one year when the weather is bad. They are more especially needed with clover, alfalfa and pea vines, all of which cure slowly.

If hay is to be bunched, the hand method is too expensive. A two-horse sulky rake can bunch 30 acres or more a day and a boy can drive it just as well as a man. Even more labor can be saved, however, by using the push rake to bunch hay after it has been raked into the windrow. It is a good plan to have two men working together to round up the bunches, since more can be accomplished than when each works alone.

It is a waste of time to pitch hay onto a small hayrack on a high-wheeled wagon. Use a large hayrack on a low-wheeled wagon.

Loading hay with pitchforks is the hardest, slowest and most expensive way. The men are working constantly, but the horses are doing nothing most of the time. If a loader is used, the hardest part of the work is done by the horses and the men can handle about 30 per cent more hay.

Save Labor on the Stack.

The push rake furnishes the most economical method of hauling hay to the stack, barn, or hay press if the distance is not much more than one-fourth of a mile. One man, or a boy, with a good push rake and a team used to the work will handle three times as much hay as two men with a small rack on a high-wheeled wagon.

Stacking hay with a push rake and an overshot stacker mounted on wheels eliminates nearly all of the back-breaking work of the old pitchfork method. With a yield of one to one and a half tons to the acre, two men on the stack can easily handle all the hay brought in by three push rakes, accomplishing a vast saving in labor and hay over the pitchfork method. Another method not so good but still vastly better than the pitchfork method is a stacker equipment with a double harpoon fork. The outfit can be made at home and will cost very little compared with the labor it saves, but harder work is necessary to get the hay on the stack than with the overshot stacker.

When hay is to be baled from the field, one man by working in the afternoon, can round up enough hay which has been bunched by push rakes to keep the press going next morning until the dew is gone from the hay in the windrow. When the hay is not thus rounded up the crew will lose two hours or more on mornings when there is a heavy dew.

Carelessness in setting the press may result in loss of labor. When the press is properly set two men can get plenty of hay to it from the stack.

COMMERCIAL ACREAGE OF VEGETABLE CROPS

Compared With Last Year Marked Reduction Is Shown.

Estimates Based on Reports Received From Seed Growers—Increase Is Indicated for Sugar Beet and Garden Peas.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The prospective commercial acreage of vegetable-seed crops for 1920, compared with last year, shows marked reductions in the acreage reported for dwarf snap beans, all beet, carrot, lettuce, onion seed, radish, spinach, sweet corn, and tomato seed, while a slightly increased acreage is reported for garden pole beans, cucumber, muskmelon, watermelon, parsley, pepper, pumpkin, and Swede turnip seed.

These estimates are based on reports received by the bureau of markets, early in April from commercial vegetable-seed growers and are as accurate and complete as it was possible to obtain at that time.

The estimated prospective production for 1920 (computed on the basis of the acreage reported and the average yield per acre for the four-year period 1916-1919), compared with that for 1919, is about 35 per cent less for sweet corn and English turnip; 50 per cent less for dwarf snap beans, celery, parsnip, and squash; 60 per cent less for cabbage and radish; and about 80 per cent less for garden and mangel beet, carrot, onion seed, and spinach; while an increase is indicated of 20 per cent for sugar beet and garden peas and 50 per cent for onion sets.

The estimated acreage and prospective production for 1920 are more comparable with those for 1917, and the reductions in acreage and production as noted should not be taken as an indication that the vegetable-seed growing industry in this country is on the decline from that of prewar years.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Plan your work and work your plan.

* * *

The application of acid phosphate has paid well on many alfalfa fields.

* * *

Humus, when decaying, makes available plant food from the store of unavailable plant food in the soil.

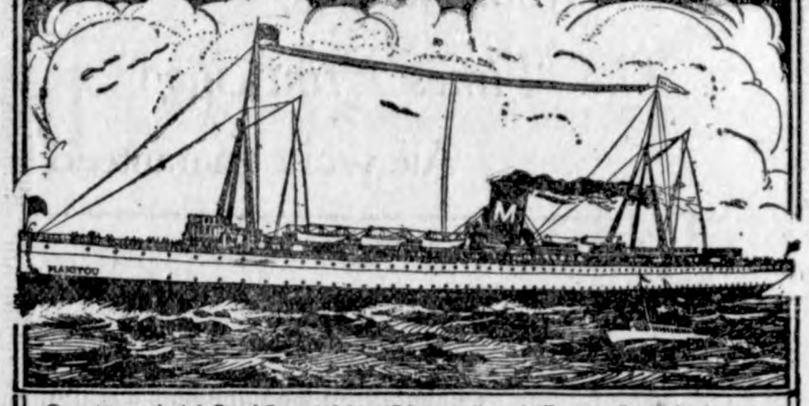
* * *

Humus acts as a sponge and increases the water-holding capacity of the soil.

* * *

For extra good melons, plant on hills of rotted manure and thin the vines to not over three plants to the hill.

Enjoyable Lake Trips to Northern Michigan



Our two palatial Steel Steamships "Manitou" and "Puritan" will be in constant service during this season, supplying frequent and attractive sailings between Chicago and Northern Michigan points. Tourists and owners of summer cottages will find this the quickest and most direct route to reach Northern Michigan resorts or connect with all eastern points. Dining service and food the very best. Accommodations for automobiles on S.S. "Puritan." Effective June 25th, S. S. "Missouri" and S.S. "Illinois" will operate between Chicago, Milwaukee and Detroit in Passenger and Express Freight Service.

The Palatial Steel S.S. "MANITOU"
TRI-WEEKLY SAILINGS
Between Chicago and Charlevoix, Petoskey, (Bay View), Harbor Springs and Mackinac Island—Mondays, 11:30 a. m.; Wednesdays, 2 p.m.; Fridays, 6:30 p. m. First trip Friday June 25th.

The Palatial Steel S. S. "PURITAN"
Regular Summer Schedule
Effective June 28th. Leaves Chicago Mondays at 7 p. m. for Ludington, Manistee, Onekama, (Portage Park), Frankfort, Glen Haven, Charlevoix and all Grand Traverse Bay ports. Leaves Chicago Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 p. m. for Ludington, Manistee, Onekama, (Portage Park), and Frankfort.

While the popularity of our steamers secures for them liberal patronage, there is usually room for additional passengers on every trip.

S. S. "MISSOURI"
Special Spring Schedule
Effective June 5th to June 26th inclusive, S. S. "Missouri" will leave Chicago every Saturday at 7 p. m. for all ports as far as Mackinac Island inclusive, and every Thursday at 7 p. m. for Ludington, Manistee, Onekama, (Portage Park) and Frankfort.

Call or Write For Folder and Full Information

Michigan Transit Co.
J. C. CONLEY, GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGER
CITY TICKET OFFICE, 103 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.
B. J. KENNEDY, Gen. Pass. Agt. Docks, Municipal Pier (S. W. End)
or any Steamship Tourist Bureau or R. R. Ticket Office

TIME MAKES LITTLE CHANGE

Booth Tarkington Relates Anecdote to Show How Characteristics Prevail to the End.

Novelist Booth Tarkington was talking about the cowardly attack that a gang of Germans had made on a solitary French officer in the restaurant of the Hotel Adlon in Berlin.

"The Germans," he said, "were unspeakable in the beginning, and they will be unspeakable to the end."

He shoook his head thoughtfully.

"People can't change," he said. "Henry Labouchere was born a fearless wit, and a fearless wit he died. A few hours before his death, you know, Labouchere's nephew upset a tiny spirit lamp that was burning by the bedside. The dying man awoke out of a fitful doze and saw the miniature conflagration.

"'Flames?' he said. 'Not yet, I think.'

"And he laughed quizzically and dozed again."

The Terrible Future.

"What's the matter?"

"I'm terribly worried about the future."

"Why fret about the future?"

"It's this way: I'm not making very much money. I'm just going along the ordinary way without piling up anything that looks like a fortune."

"Well, why worry? You're happy, aren't you?"

"Yes, I'm happy enough now, but twenty or thirty years from now, when the record of this age is written what shall I say to my children when they ask me what I was doing when everybody else was getting rich?"

A Difference.

"I understood there were scandalous goings on at the party last night."

"Oh, no, grandma; the young folks merely indulged in some osculatory diversions."

"Well, that was all right, but that rascally Jimmy told me you were all playing kissing games."

BREAK IN TRAIN'S SCHEDULE

Fair Driver of Auto Had a Hunch, and the Sequel Proved She Was Correct.

Let me recommend a ride in a new car with a woman driver as the best prescription for a thrill that will last a lifetime, writes a correspondent. Mine came when, after reluctantly accepting an invitation to ride from a friend who had just received her new machine, we mounted the incline to a grade crossing in a suburb and started across the tracks. In the exact middle the engine stopped and nothing we could do had the slightest effect on it. While working we were approached by an excited flagman.

"A limited is due here in two minutes," he said, "and it never has stopped at this station."

"It will today," calmly replied my friend. And it did, but not before it had been flagged and the train crew helped boost us from the rails.

Color to Show Denominations.

The treasury department at Washington is now working on a proposition to mark bills of various denominations with a standardized colored seal, so that anyone can recognize notes of different denominations at a glance. The plan, suggested by a Philadelphia druggist, is to have a colored seal in one corner of the bill, for instance, a green seal for a one, a pink seal for a two, a blue seal for a five, and so on. Treasury officials, however, dislike the idea of using different dyes.

John Smith Named New England.

The name of New England was coined by Capt. John Smith of Pocahontas fame, one of the founders of the Virginia colony. In 1614 he explored and mapped the northern coast, then called North Virginia, and renamed it New England. The charter granted the Mayflower Pilgrims adopted the name used in Smith's map several years before.

Use good judgment in meeting the high cost of living

Coffee prices are way up
POSTUM sells at the same fair price—*Why not drink*

INSTANT POSTUM

Instead of coffee as many are doing
A table beverage of coffee-like flavor.
Better for health—At lower cost

Sold by Grocers Everywhere

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Let us do your printing--

The Times Print Shop

All work guaranteed

The

Klemme Meat Market

Fresh Meat

—because we dress all of the meat we sell—no risk of spoiling in fransit. It is a great deal of satisfaction to know that the meat you buy from us is Fresh.

Tender Meat

—because our meat is bought locally and selected by us. You want the best quality—so we buy the best.

We assure you of prompt service and reasonable prices.

J. P. Larsen & Sons, Props.

DANGER!

Have us wire your residence NOW. Get an electric iron and a fan and eliminate the danger of over-heating yourself these hot days. Call us at our expense, write us, notify us by wireless and we will be over in our airplane at once give you a good price on a first class job.

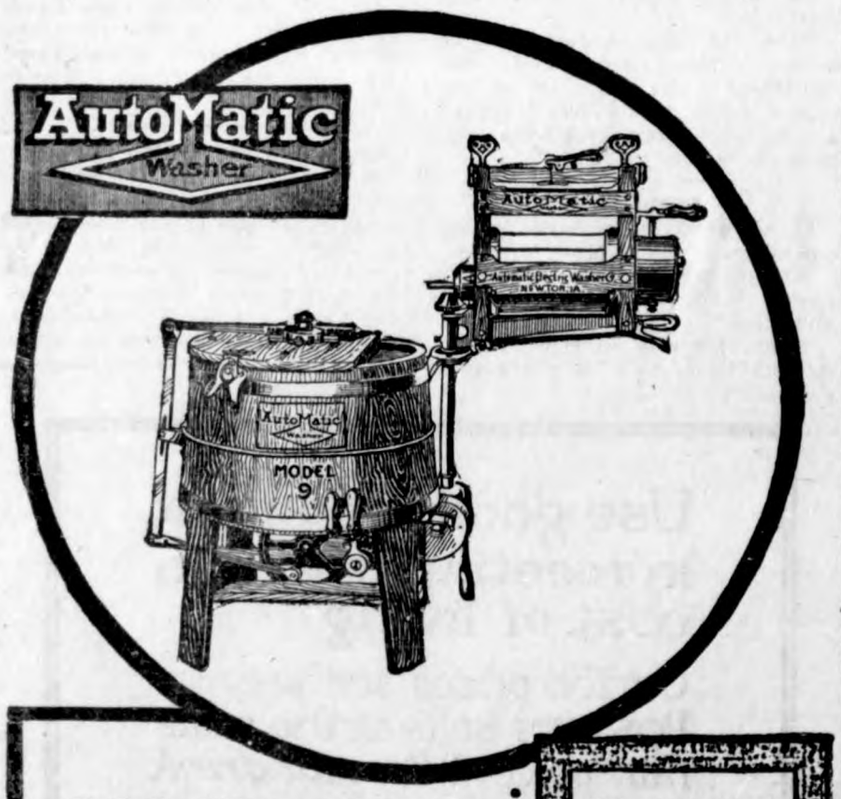
Your HOOVER Electric Sweeper is here now.

See Us Now

C. C. TESSIER

"Your Electrician"

GARNER - - - IOWA



100% Wash-Day Satisfaction

Do you dread wash-day? If so, it is because you do not have the right equipment. An Automatic or belt power washer removes the drudgery of blue Monday and does all the hard work of washing.

Eight great models, to operate by gasoline engine, farm lighting plants or city current.

Two Valuable Books Free

Two complete books on formulas for washing and dry cleaning. Call and get these at our store.

W. M. BAACK

Dealer Klemme, Iowa

Model No. 9 Single Tub Power Washer With Swinging Wringer

A special model for those housewives who want the advantages of the Automatic Swinging Wringer but do not care to buy one of our Bench Washers. Most convenient single tub type washer made for use where electric current is not to be had. Fitted with Automatic Power Drive and driven by belt from any source of power. Reversible Wringer swings to wring in any position — same as on Bench Models—and has Safety Quick Release feature. Tub has all the big automatic features—Solid Sycamore Dolly—Galvanized Outlet—Brass Faucet, etc.

Local News!

Mr. and Mrs. Schroeder were here from Kanawha Saturday on business.

Mrs. Glen Avery of Goodell was a Klemme visitor Saturday.

N. L. Palmer was at Belmond last Wednesday afternoon on business.

Bert Mathews made his usual Sunday trip to Garner.

Mrs. C. C. Schaefer went to Des Moines last Friday.

Ray Nelson, of Belmond, was a Klemme visitor Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Hod Lawhorn were down from Garner last Wednesday visiting with Klemme friends.

Holly Lewis, of Mason City, was here last Wednesday for a short visit with his folks.

Mrs. Wm. Neuhrng came from Belmond Saturday for a visit with her children.

Miss Clella McCullough came over from Garner Monday noon for a visit with her sister, Mildred.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Sweigard, of Garner, were calling on friends and transacting business here Tuesday.

Mrs. A. Ahrenkiel and baby, of Goodell, vsited at the Tom Blank home last Wednesday between trains.

H. J. Klemme and son, Glen, of Belmond, were business visitors here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Berhow, of Kanawha, were Klemme callers Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Croner and Mrs. Schroeder drove to Clear Lake Sunday evening for a visit.

Mr. E. M. Wentland of Charles City, was an over Sunday visitor at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Meyer.

Mildred and Gerald McCullough spent Sunday with their folks at Garner.

Rev. Ortmeyer, wife and son, of Forest City, were Klemme callers and visitors at the John Griewe home last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wellemeyer have named their new baby girl, "Nora Adaline," a very pretty name we will say.

Crystal Lake will erect a fine new consolidated school building soon which will cost in the neighborhood of $70,000.00.

A number of girl friends of Miss Elsie Josten surprised her with a shower one evening last week in token of her coming marriage.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Wenck and daughter Maude, and Miss Maude Blackstone, all of Garner, visited Klemme friends Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Herman Miller, of Lansing, Iowa, came last Thursday for a few days' visit here with her husband. Mrs. MIler left again Monday morning for her home.

Donald Nissen returned from Lake Geneva, Wisconsin, Tuesday morning where he spent a couple of weeks at a summer camp for young men.

MANY AN INNER TUBE IS DAMaged by trying to repair the puncture with dry heat. The correct way to repair either tubes or caseings is with Steam Pressure Heat. We have the Outfit and the expert "Tinkerman" who will do a good job and guarantee his work to satisfy, no matter how bad your tube is torn. Wellemeyer's. adv

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

Dance at Idle Hour, Klemme, Iowa, Thursday evening, July 1. Come!

C. W. Pals and family, of Thornton, were Klemme visitors Tuesday.

Ole Eenhuis, of Britt, was a business caller here Monday.

Mr. E. P. Hubbard, of Goodell, was a business caller here Tuesday.

Miss Catherine Wille was a passenger to Garner Tuesday afternoon.

Wm. Voiles, of Belmond, was here on business Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Beier returned Saturday from their visit.

Chas. Papousek, of Belmond, was here Saturday evening on business.

On account of the rain all day last Wednesday the band did not give a concert in the evening as usual.

Miss Edna Smith was a pasenger to Belmond Monday for a few days' visit.

Mrs. Leo. Wilkins has packed up her household goods and moved to Meservey where she will live with her folks in the future.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

☞Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

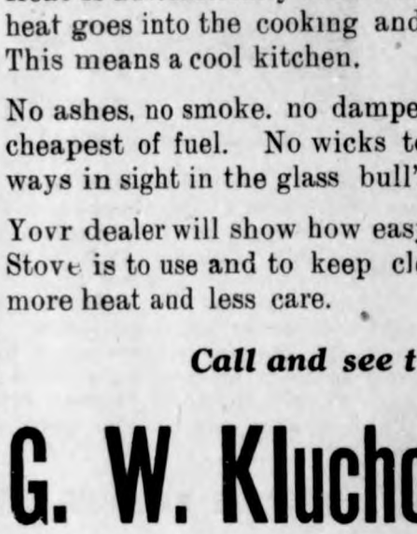
All Calls are answered promptly.

Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

FLORENCE

OIL COOK STOVES



More Heat

Less Care

For kitchen service, comfort and satisfaction in cooking, baking and roasting, use the Florence Oil Cook Stove. Ready for duty day or night.

The Florence burner is the most practical burner made. Just raise the chimney and touch a lighted match to the asbestos kindler—in a few minutes you get an intense, clean, hot, blue flame right under the cooking. Heat is automatically controlled by lever handles. The heat goes into the cooking and not into the kitchen. This means a cool kitchen.

No ashes, no smoke. no dampers. Burns kerosene, the cheapest of fuel. No wicks to trim. Oil supply is always in sight in the glass bull's-eye of the tank.

Yovr dealer will show how easy the Florence Oil Cook Stove is to use and to keep clean, and why it means more heat and less care.

Call and see this stove

G. W. Kluchohn & Sons

Groceries - Dry Goods - Hardware

Men's

Work Shoe Special

10 Per cent Off!

$2.60 **$3.50**

This Special inducement in Men's Work Shoes is the best thing that ever happened. Many have taken advantage of our Special Offer and are telling others. Call in and look them over. If you don't see what you are looking for ask for it---we have it.

$4.00 ***10 Per cent Off!*** **$5.00**

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES

GARNER, IOWA

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors Phone 72

Overland

Overland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

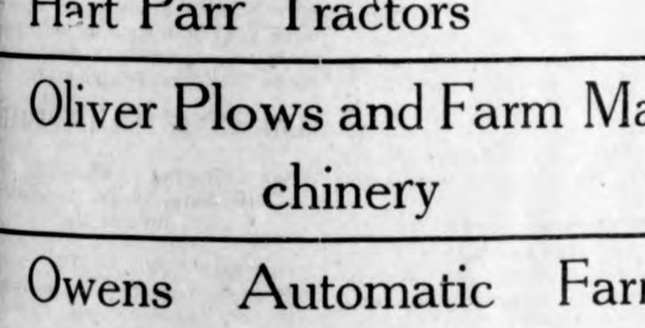
Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



Willys Knight PHONE 30

C. W. Wiles Garage

"YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST"

KLEMME, IA.

Want Ads.

For Sale

FOR SALE—Good residence for sale with 3½ lots, with good sleeping porch and sun porch, located 3 blocks from Main street, good garage, electric lights, apple and plum trees, etc. Fred Musfelt. adv-2-wc.

KITCHEN CABINET for sale; in good condition. Frank Kluckhohn. tf

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

STRAYED AWAY—A roan steer, weighing about four hundred pounds, strayed away from my place about three weeks ago. Finder notify me at my expense. TIM WADDINGHAM 2p

FOUND—An auto jack. Owner can have same by calling at Times Office and proving property and paying cost of advertising. 2w

FOUND—Number plate for auto. No. 142543 Ia. Call at Times Office.

Miscellaneous

WM. VOILES, of Belmond, sells Nursery Etock for the Des Moines Nursery Co. Those needing nursery stock for next spring delivery write or phone him at Belmond. I guarantee free replacements the first season. Adv-2wp.

MANY A GOOD TIRE IS DISCARDed that would run for several hundred additional miles if it were taken to Wellemeyer's Repair Shop immediately after the "Blow Out." adv-1wc

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Two well known Union county farmers have marketed steers on the Chicago market. They are O. F. and Jesse Erickson. The former had 17 head of cattle, weighing on an average of 1300 pounds and which brought $18.25, and the latter 19 head, averaging 1247 pounds and selling for $17.00

The matter of accurate farm business records has taken a strong hold of Hardin county farmers. Eleven farmers in this county kept records and a summary was recently made of them. It showed that on the eleven farms the average income was $1,318.02. The average of the five highest was $2,838.47. The average for the five lowest was $363.11. The average capital invested was $41,097.11.

County Agent O. W. Beeler of Boone county, is an enthusiastic supporter of the club work idea in county agent work. Various agricultural clubs for boys and girls have been encouraged in Boone county. In pure bred calf club considerable time has been devoted to securing 52 heifers of Angus, Shorthorn, and Polled Hereford breeding. The calves were distributed the past summer and the sale will be held the last of December.

The Short course, preparations for which have been going on for many weeks, is now in session in Covington. The program, an extensive one, and the exhibits, are limited to Clinton township and to members of clubs in Clinton township, but the professional corn class is open to Linn county entries. In the 10-year contest a silver cup has been given by Wm. Galloway. Other prizes are being offered by the merchants of Cedar Rapids. Grains, grasses, livestock, fruits, etc., are being entered for prizes. Prizes are also being offered for women's and children's work.

Cutting down the prices of farm products below the cost of production has already resulted in a loss of over one hundred million dollars to the farmers of Iowa without bringing any relief to the consumer. This vast sum has gone into the pockets of profiteers, but might have been saved if farmers had been organized to defend their interests. The cost of living would be high if the farmers received nothing for their products. Careful investigation shows that not more than nineteen cents of the wage earner's dollar goes to the farmer. Farmers are not profiteers; they act on the principle of "live and let live."

Most Sacred Thing.

Everything that is mine even to my life, I may give to one I love, but the secret of my friend is not mine to give.—Philip Sidney.

Local News

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ward of Wesley, Iowa, are reported to be the proud parents of a fine baby boy. Mrs. Ward is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Ridder.

Get your Weddng Announcements and Invitations at the Times Office where a "Franklin Printer" does the work. Start married life right by using our announcements and you will live happily ever after.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society convention which was held at the Liberty Township church and which closed Sunday evening, was very well attended and proved to be quite instructive.

Mr. John Peterson, who has been visiting at the Joe Johnson home for the past two weeks or so, left last Wednesday for Mason City, to take in the Round-Up and from there went to his home at Seneca, Illinois.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bachman and daughter, Lela, left yesterday for Portland, Oregon, as their destination for a two months' trip. However, hey will vist various points of interest in the west in their stay there.

Mrs. M. O. Barr's mother, Mrs. Davis, of Estherville, was here the past week visiting. Saturday evening Mr. and Mrs. Barr drove to Estherville with her and then went on to Spirit Lake where they spent Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Jacobs and daughter Ethel, came over from Garner Saturday afternoon for a short visit. Ethel remained here and helped her brother, Ed., catch up with his book work.

The dance given at the Idle Hour Theatre last Friday evening was well attended and the music was most excellent, being furnished by the Hawkeye Jazz Orchestra of Britt. Quite a number from the country and other towns were here.

Mr. E. C. Crotty writes from Taunton, Mass., where he was called by the serious illness of his father, that he will be back this week. Mr. Crotty leads the Klemme band and the boys are very anxious to have him with them again.

Mrs. Buelher and Mrs. Schneider came from Mason City Saturday for a visit with Mrs. Geo. Gruetzmacher. Mrs. Beuhler is a sister and Mrs. Schneider the mother of Mrs. Gruetzmacher. The latter will remain in Klemme for about a month.

The farmers held a meeting at the Idle Hour Theatre last Thursday to endeavor to organize a Farmers' Co-Operative Elevator Company. As we understand it there was not enough money raised to float the project at this time.

The Camp Meeting began at Concord Tuesday of this week and uqite a number were there the first day and others have made arrangements to be there one or more days. The camp meeting always draws a large gathering from far and near.

The crops around Klemme are looking fine and indications point to a bumper crop this year. The corn looks better than usual although some farmers say the oats is rather short this year but otherwise will make a good yield.

Fire-crackers and fireworks are going in full swing nearly every day in Klemme now and even John Day had to return to kid times Monday when he unpacked his assortment and tested a few of them out on the sidewalk in front of his store.

Walter Lowden while trying to twist the business end of a Ford Saturday night, broke his arm. The blooming thing kicked him when he wasn't looking and as the result of the sudden kick he has his right arm beautifully done up with products from the lumber yard.

AUTOMOBILE TIRES ARE EXpensive, therefore before you throw youa old tire away, ask "Chris" at Wellemeyer's what Steam Vulcanizing will do. All work guaranteed. adv-1c

A Good Banking Connection is Essential - TO BUSINESS SUCCESS

Did you ever know of any big success that has been won without the help of a banking connection?

The running of one's life nowadays is a real dusiness, whether he be a farmer, wage earner or merchandiser.

To the end that your future may be more secure we urge the starting of an account with us now.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME, 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

SUCCESSFUL MEN BUILD

Men of action, men of success are men who build because--

Building means Profit!

Every improvement built about your place is a sign of success and the source of more success.

We are here to help successful men build. That means YOU when you are ready.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement

Lime

Brick

Posts

Drain Tile

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

The Klemme Times $2 per year.

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

The House of Whispers

By William Johnston

Illustrations by Irwin Myers

CHAPTER XXIII—Continued.

—16—

No sense of shame nor of guilt possessed me. I was aware of having done wrong to no one. A clear conscience kept assuring me that it was misfortune and not error on my part that had brought me here. At every point in the strange chain of circumstances I felt that I had acted as a man of honor should have acted. My sense of innocence upheld me even though the deliberate malicious plotting of evil men might make it appear to the judge, to the jurors, to the whole world that I was a murderer. Even though I should be sentenced to death for killing a woman I never had seen the knowledge that at every point I had done what I still believed to have been right, brought me strong comfort and filled me with new courage.

Yet it was with lack of interest that I listened to the monotonous questioning that formed a part of the selection of a jury.

"So far as I am concerned," I had said to my counsel in our last chat, "any sort of a jury will do. Unless we succeed in upsetting the evidence against me with a crash that all the world can hear it makes no difference."

"I guess you are right," he answered, despondently, it seemed to me, "and if the worst happens, we always can take an appeal."

His reply convinced me that he, too, was anticipating the result, which I long ago had decided to be the only outcome, unless something unforeseen happened—a verdict against me of murder in the first degree.

I heard, almost with amusement, the district attorney, with eloquent oratory, tell the jury the crimes he expected to prove against me, even smiling a little at the picture he painted of a gangster seeking employment in an apartment occupied by families of wealth that he might find opportunities for plundering them, and when he was surprised in the midst of his burglarizing, brutally choking the unprotected woman whose home he was despoiling and then as she lay there, helpless and insensible, shooting her through the heart.

In fact, I quite agreed with all he said, even to his most strenuous adjectives—except for the one fact—that I knew I was not the man he was talking about. It had been a brutal, cowardly murder, and I was fully as anxious as the district attorney could possibly be to see the miscreant who had killed Miss Lutan brought to book.

The testimony that was to come, I devoutly hoped, would give some clue that would lead to the unmasking of the real murderer. The first witness called was one of the detectives who had arrested me. He told concisely, as though repeating a well rehearsed story, of having been summoned to the Granddeck and finding there the body of Daisy Lutan. He said that she had been shot through the heart.

"Was there anyone in the apartment when you arrived?"

"Yes, a doctor."

"Anyone else?"

"Yes, Mr. Wick, the superintendent of the apartment, and the prisoner."

"What did they say? How did they explain their presence there?"

"They said they had heard a shot and had come in to investigate."

He told of examining the body, questioning the physician and of making a search of the apartment for the murderer, but finding no one else there.

"What did you do then?"

"My partner and I followed the prisoner to his apartment and placed him under arrest. We searched his room and in the dresser I found a revolver with one chamber recently discharged."

"What made you suspect Nelson? Why did you arrest him?"

"My partner and I talked it over, and we both were of the opinion that it was an inside job. A burglar would have no chance to get into a building like the Granddeck and make his getaway. It was between the superintendent of the building, who was a man of responsibility, and this young fellow—who was only a caretaker."

"Had anything in Nelson's actions made you suspicious of him?"

"I noticed that he was greatly excited."

"Anything else?"

"After Nelson had gone upstairs to his own apartment, I questioned Mr. Wick. He said he had been in the elevator when he heard the shot. He had gotten out at the fifth floor, where it seemed to have come from. At the door of Miss Lutan's apartment he had found the prisoner."

"That's all," said the district attorney triumphantly.

My attorney waived cross-examination. The second detective was put on the stand and corroborated his partner's evidence in every respect. Both of them told of finding blood on my coat. The physician whom Wick had summoned gave a somewhat technical description of the bullet wound, and the prosecution put in evidence the bullet extracted from the body and the revolver the detectives had found, pointing out that they were of the same caliber.

"Call Mr. Wick," said the district attorney.

I leaned forward to listen to every word of Wick's testimony. In fact from the moment he was brought in I never took my eyes from him. It would be black enough for me if he merely stated the facts as they actually had happened, but I doubted if he would be content with that. If, as I felt certain, Wick was in the employ of the conspirators, it was more than likely that they would seek to clinch the case against me with his testimony.

He gave his name, James Wick, and his occupation as superintendent of the Granddeck.

"How long have you been employed there?"

"Ever since the building was opened."

"Where were you employed previously?"

Wick hesitated. I wondered if Gorman's surmise that he had been in prison were true, what he would say.

"Before that," he stammered, "I was in the employ of Mr. Kent in the West."

"Who is Mr. Kent?"

"He owns the Granddeck. He had known me for years. He brought me on when he built this building."

While his answer seemed to satisfy the district attorney, I was convinced from Wick's nervousness that he was concealing something, that further questioning into his past might lead to unexpected developments.

"Are you acquainted with the defendant?"

"Very slightly."

"How long have you known him?"

I was listening intently. Would he admit knowing that I was a relative of old Rufus Gaston?

"I don't really know him," Wick explained. "I've seen him two or three times. Mr. Gaston, one of my tenants, told me that he was going away and that he had given the key of his apartment to a young man named Nelson whom he had employed as caretaker. He said that the caretaker would arrive at ten o'clock on the Sunday morning that the Gastons went away."

"And did the defendant arrive at that time—at the time he was expected?"

"He did not. What first attracted my attention to him was that he sneaked into the building earlier than he was expected."

"You say he sneaked in," the district attorney's voice expressed a proper horror of such conduct. "Please explain to the jury what you mean by that."

"Instead of announcing his arrival, he watched his chance and waited till one of the tenants was coming in. He slipped in beside her and went

I Leaned Forward to Listen to Every Word of Wick's Testimony.

up in the elevator without being announced. Naturally the elevator man thought he was a friend of the young lady tenant."

"How do you know he was not a friend of the young woman with whom he entered the building?"

"I asked him if he was acquainted with her, and he said he was. Later that same day she passed him in the hall of the building. I noticed that she did not speak to him or recognize him in any way."

The prosecutor waved his hand to the jury as if to say, "You see, gentlemen," and followed on with another question.

"Was the defendant's conduct in the building in any other way such as to arouse your suspicion?"

"He'd hardly got located before he began buzzing the telephone girl, asking her all kinds of questions about the other tenants in the building. He kept trying to get her to go out to dinner with him."

"Did she go?"

"Yes, she did. She reported his actions to me, and I suggested that she go with him and try to find out what his name was."

"What else do you know about the defendant?"

"That's all—except—"

"Except what?"

"What I saw on the night Miss Lutan was murdered."

"Tell the circumstances."

"I was in the elevator coming down from the top floor. I heard the sound of a shot. It seemed to come from the fifth floor. I got off there to investigate. As the door of the Lutan apartment stood Mr. Nelson."

"What was he doing there?"

"Just standing there. It looked to me as if he had just been coming out and that when he saw me he had stopped suddenly."

"What was his manner? Describe the position in which he was standing to the jury." Again there was in the district attorney's voice a triumphant ring.

"He was all excited and tremblylike," Mr. Wick went on, "and his eyes seemed to be bulging out of his head."

"What did he say?"

"I asked him if he had heard a shot and he said that he had. I asked if it had not come from the Lutan apartment and he said that it had seemed so to him. I wanted to keep my eye on him, so I took out my pass-key and suggested that we investigate together. He did not seem at all anx-

"Is That Your Real Name?"

ious to go back into the apartment with me, but the elevator man was standing there, so he came along and was with me when I found the body. I kept him there until the police came."

I had expected that my counsel would offer objections to Wick's testimony, especially to his having said that I did not appear anxious to "go back" into the apartment, but McGregor contented himself with two questions.

"Do you not know that Mr. Spalding Nelson is a grand-nephew of Mr. Rufus Gaston? Did not Mr. Gaston tell you of this relationship?"

"He did not," lied Wick calmly.

"How was Mr. Nelson first standing—when you got out of the elevator—when you first saw him?"

I recalled my attitude distinctly. I had been standing facing the door, straining my ears to catch any sound in the apartment. When I heard the elevator stopping, I had looked around over my shoulder as Wick emerged.

"He was standing," said Wick, of his own accord, speaking direct to the jurors, "with his back against the door. One hand—his right hand—was behind him. I thought at first he might have a revolver in it and drew one I always carry, but he had not. It looked as if he had just slipped out of the door and was reaching behind him to close it when I discovered him."

"That will be all," said my counsel, to my great disappointment. Throughout the mixed medley of truth and lies that Wick had been telling, there had been manifest to me his deliberate purpose to discredit me and cast suspicion on me. I felt certain that an abler lawyer could quickly have riddled his testimony, but McGregor showed no disposition to take advantage of his opportunity.

Nellie Kelly was called. Briefly she told of her job—switchboard operator at the Granddeck. She corroborated Wick's story of my first arrival at the Granddeck and bore out his statements about my having chatted with her and also told of having gone to dinner with me. When I had begun questioning her about other tenants, she said, she excused herself and went to the telephone and called up the Granddeck for advice as to how she should answer. For some reason, she said, when she returned after phoning, the defendant had not questioned her further but had seemed anxious to get away from the restaurant.

"You say," said McGregor, as he began her cross-examination, "that your name is Nellie Kelly. Is that your real name?"

My counsel's unexpected question came as a thunderbolt to the opposition. The whole courtroom seemed to sense that something crucial was about to be brought out. The jurors to a man leaned forward to listen for her answer. The district attorney, plainly puzzled, half rose in his seat and then subsided. Wick's face went white, and the girl herself started and her eyes turned helplessly to Wick, as if seeking instructions as to how to answer.

"Is that your real name?" McGregor repeated, this time a little more emphatically.

"It is—that is—it was," she stammered.

"It was your name," said McGregor sarcastically, "and what might be your name now?"

"My name," the girl hesitated, as if struggling with herself, and then casting a defiant look in Wick's direction, she answered with pride rather than with boldness, "my name is Mrs. Edward Moore."

"The wife of Lefty Moore, the burglar in Sing Sing, you mean, do you not?" sneered McGregor.

"I am," she replied with a proud lifting of her chin and a flash in her eye. "I'm Lefty Moore's wife, and I'm proud that I am—his lawfully wedded wife and I don't care who knows it. I love Lefty Moore."

There was instant consternation in the district attorney's camp. With visions of discredited testimony confronting him, he was on his feet roaring objections. Throughout the whole courtroom there was a sibilant stir, and the judge began rapping for order.

Close behind my counsel my mother had been sitting, accompanied by some woman wearing a heavy veil. I had paid little attention to her hitherto, supposing that it was some hotel maid whom my mother had hired to accompany her to court, for so far as I knew my mother had no women acquaintances in New York. This woman now, to my amazement, reached forward and plucked McGregor by the sleeve. As she pushed back her veil to whisper to him, to my utter surprise and consternation I saw that it was Barbara Bradford.

How had Barbara come to be sitting there in court at my mother's side? Delighted as I was at seeing her, I was puzzled and perplexed. I had sternly forbidden both Gorman and McGregor from making any plans to call her as a witness. I had urged her to keep silent and not become involved in any way in the case. My eyes sought hers for an explanation, but after that one whispered word, that I was unable to hear, she had quickly drawn her veil over her face.

"Your honor," said McGregor, rising, "in view of this unexpected testimony, I should like to request a recess."

"Granted," said the judge. "Adjourned until two o'clock."

CHAPTER XIV.

Impatiently I waited for the recess to be over. I could not understand what was happening. Neither Gorman nor my counsel came near me. Even my mother made no attempt, so far as I could learn, to see me. The one glimpse I had had of Barbara there in the courtroom had fired me again with wild desires to see her. My feelings were equally divided between hoping she would and hoping she would not make any effort to reach me—at least not until my trial was over.

That something was happening to keep them all away—something perhaps vital to my freedom—I was certain. On no other ground could I explain the fact of none of them seeking me for consultation. Yet what it might be I could not possibly conjecture. Eagerly I hurried into the courtroom again as soon as the recess was over, at once turning my eyes to see if the girl I loved was there.

Quickly I located her still sitting beside my mother. Her veil now was boldly thrown back, and as she gazed at me with sparkling eyes and a confident smile, I felt sure that across the distance she was trying to send some message of good tidings. My mother's face, too, I observed, now wore a happier look, and about Gorman and McGregor both was an air of greater confidence than either had manifested before.

What had happened? What had they found out? Eagerly I waited developments.

The telephone girl was recalled to the stand and her cross-examination resumed.

"Mrs. Moore," began McGregor—and I observed curiously that his voice in addressing her no longer was harsh and sarcastic but merely suave and impelling—"you have testified here as a witness against Mr. Spalding Nelson, accused of having murdered Daisy Lutan, have you not?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Chautauqua or Circus.

The manager was strolling about the big Chautauqua tent, which had just been set up in a small Missouri town, and the boys were laying the plank seats, when the whir of engines was heard, and two automobiles appeared, racing furiously toward the Chautauqua grounds. They stopped side by side in the dust and smoke of heavily set brakes, and the drivers leaped from their seats and ran at top speed toward the astonished Chautauqua manager.

"I'm a butcher!" gasped the first.

"I'm a butcher!" cried the second.

Then both together they shouted, "I want the contract to furnish meat for the animals!"—Youth's Companion.

Short Story About Shellac.

Shellac is the joint product of insects and plants and comes from India. The lac insects are about 1.25 of an inch long, a bright red in color. They suck the juices of plants, digest them and exude them in the form of resin, which soon encases the whole insect. When the young insects have swarmed out, the resin is scraped from the branches, ground, washed, mixed with colophony and orpiment, cooked slowly and drawn out into the thin sheets we know as shellac.

I Owe My Life to PE-RU-NA

Mr. McKinley's letter brings cheer to all who may be sufferers as he was. Read it:

"I can honestly say that **I owe my life to Peruna.** After some of the best doctors in the country gave me up and told me I could not live another month, **Peruna saved me.** Travelling from town to town, throughout the country and having to go into all kinds of badly heated stores and buildings, sometimes standing up for hours at a time while plying my trade as auctioneer, it is only natural that **I had colds frequently;** so when this would occur I paid little attention to it, until last December when I contracted a severe case, which, through neglect on my part settled on my lungs. **When almost too late, I began doctoring, but, without avail, until I heard of Peruna. It cured me;** so I cannot praise it too highly."

It Cured Me

Mr. Samuel McKinley, 2504 E. 22nd St., Kansas City, Mo., Member of the Society of U. S. Jewelry Auctioneers.

Sold Everywhere. Tablet or Liquid Form

Do Not Get Careless With Your Blood Supply

Impurities Invite Disease.

You should pay particular heed to any indication that your blood supply is becoming sluggish, or that there is a lessening in its strong and vital force.

By keeping your blood purified, your system more easily wards off disease that is ever present, waiting to attack wherever there is an opening. A few bottles of S. S. S., the great vegetable blood medicine, will revitalize your blood and give you new strength and healthy, vigorous vitality. Every one needs it just now to keep the system in perfect condition. Go to your drug store and get a bottle to-day, and if you need any medical advice, you can obtain it without cost by writing to Medical Director, Swift Specific Co., 109 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

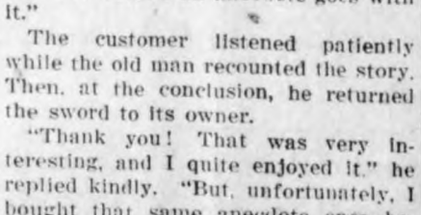
Circumstances Alter Cases.

The Doctor—That was a very bad sprain. You will need absolute rest. You will not be able to dance for three months.

The Premiere Danseuse — That's tough. It cancels a three hundred a week contract and me without a cent saved up.

The Doctor—Not a cent? That's too bad. But don't worry. I think I can fix you so you can go on tomorrow night's show.

Sure Relief



6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

SHOWED SIGNS OF TIPPLING

Hens' Behavior Caused English Youngster to Be Doubtful of Good Character of Vicinity.

Johnny recently paid his first visit to his aunt's farm in England. The little boy had not been there long before he came running to her in great excitement.

"Aunty," he exclaimed, with the air of one imparting grave news, "I don't think this is a very nice place!"

"Why, what makes you think that, Johnny?" was her amused reply.

"Well, aunty, the public houses (saloons) open very early," was the startling rejoinder. "Nearly all you hens have the hiccoughs already this morning."

Stale Goods.

"This sword is very old," said the curio dealer. "In fact, it is over a hundred years old."

"Indeed!" said the customer.

"Aye. It came from the battle of Waterloo—that was in the year 1815, sir—and there's an anecdote goes with it."

The customer listened patiently while the old man recounted the story. Then, at the conclusion, he returned the sword to its owner.

"Thank you! That was very interesting, and I quite enjoyed it," he replied kindly. "But, unfortunately, I bought that same anecdote once before with an old musket!"

Admiration Goes Out to Him.

We may say a fellow shows bad taste in devoting his life to painting or sculpturing, but at the same time most of us have a sneaking admiration for the one who can naturally do things we can't.

Some people get credit for being patient when in reality they are too cowardly to start something.

Too many people spend their time in trying to be miserable.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, DAISY FLY KILLER attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed. DAISY FLY KILLER at your dealer's, or 5 by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Travelers Will Find a Welcome at the Hotel West

MINNEAPOLIS

Sensible Prices—Service Our Watchword

Dealers and Agents Wanted

The most wonderful fire extinguisher made. Sells on sight. Big profits to agents. Write for information to

RIALTO THEATRE SUPPLY COMPANY, Minneapolis, Minn.

IOWA IMPROVED FARMS, Chickasaw and joining counties. Buy direct from owner. $175-$225. Reilly Bros., New Hampton, Ia.

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 26-1917

More Critical.

"Kind sir," began the measly mendicant, "the Lord loves even the meanest and most humble of us, and—"

"I am more particular!" interrupted J. Fuller Gloom. "On your way."—Kansas City Star.

Cuticura for Pimply Faces.

To remove pimples and blackheads smear them with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Once clear keep your skin clear by using them for daily toilet purposes. Don't fail to include Cuticura Talcum.—Adv.

MAN IS AFTER INFORMATION

After Listening to Much Sage Advice Bill Jones Wants One Matter Cleared Up.

Our friend Bill Jones is a traveling man and needs rest, but unfortunately he doesn't sleep well. He has consulted a number of doctors in the various towns he visits, and being a systematic person has made a sort of digest of the advice he has received. It sums up as follows:

Don't sleep on your left side, as that creates a pressure on the heart.

Don't sleep on your right side, as it interferes with the action of the right lung.

Don't sleep on your back, as that is bad for the nervous system.

Don't sleep on your stomach, as that causes a pressure bad for the digestion.

"Don't sleep in a chair, as the body cannot properly relax.

Bill wants to know if anyone can tell him how to keep from falling over when he sleeps standing up.

Beetles' Blood for Warts.

Dr. E. Escomel describes in Anales de la Facultad de Medicina (Lima, Peru) certain psuedo beetles the blood of which has from time immemorial been used by the natives for curing warts. Under it these growths turn white, as if cauterized by acid.

This time of year

it's a good idea to combine fresh fruit or berries with your morning dish of

Grape-Nuts

The blend of flavor proves delightful and is in tune with June.

"There's a Reason"

E MISERY OF BACKACHE

oved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

kegon, Mich.—"For six years I weak in my back at times that I could hardly walk. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me and it made me good and strong again so that I am able to do all my work. I highly recommend your medicine and tell everyone I meet what it did for me."—Mrs. G. SCHOONp, 240 Wood Ave, Muskegon, Mich.

Woman's Precious Gift

e one which she should most zealy guard is her health, but she often ects to do so in season until some ent peculiar to her sex has fastened f upon her. When so affected en may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy has been wonderfully successful in oring health to suffering women.

you have the slightest doubt that ia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Comnd will help you, write to Lydia E. kham Medicine Co. (confidential) n, Mass., for advice. Your letter be opened, read and answered by a man, and held in strict confidence.

16799 DIED

New York City alone from kidy trouble last year. Don't allow urself to become a victim by glecting pains and aches. Guard ainst this trouble by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

he world's standard remedy for kidney, er, bladder and uric acid troubles. olland's national remedy since 1696. ll druggists, three sizes. Guaranteed. k for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

A Boulevard Deputy Sheriff.

The other day we dropped into our vorite garage for a few minor reirs, which the bus needed. The proietor was even a little prouder than ual, we thought.

"What's happened to the boss?" said e to Fat.

"Haven't you heard?" he asked.

"No. What is it?"

"He's a deputy sheriff now. Hey, oss, come on over here an'show your adge."

A garage proprietor and a deputy heriff all at once! If anybody can eat that for arrogance and pomp and ordly authority and a supreme sense f superiority outside of Prussia, we'd ike to hear about it.

Back Giving Out?

That "bad back" is probably due to weak kidneys. It shows in constant dull, throbbing backache, or sharp twinges when stooping or lifting. You have headaches, too, dizzy spells, a tired feeling and irregular kidney action. It is usually easy to correct these early troubles, and avoid the more serious ailments by giving prompt help. Use *Doan's Kidney Pills*. They have helped thousands the world over. *Ask your neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

Mrs. P. W. Foster, 117 W. Grant St., Shenandoah, Iowa, says: "I had an attack of kidney and bladder trouble. I had dizzy spells and little black specks floated before my eyes. My back was very painful and when I bent over I could hardly straighten up. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and decided to try them. They soon entirely relieved all the trouble."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Scared Them Off.

"Tomorrow's my birthday," said the man in the trench coat, "and I shall get the usual very welcome box of cigars from my wife."

"Welcome?" jeered his friend. "I'll bet you throw them away!"

"Not much! I give them to my friends. They remember the horror, and later when I offer them a cigar that's really good they decline. I tell you, my wife's gift means dollars in my pocket every year."—Stray Stories.

The Usual Thing.

"Sir," thundered Senator Blawhaw, "day and night, from every stump and husting, I have denounced in no uncertain tones the merciless rapacity of the soulless profiteers, and—"

"But," we asked, "what have you done about it?"

"Done? Heavens above! Haven't I just said I denounced it?"—Kansas City Star.

Use MURINE Night and Morning and Keep Your Eyes Clean—Clear and Healthy

Write for Free Eye Care Book Murine Co., Chicago, U.S.A.

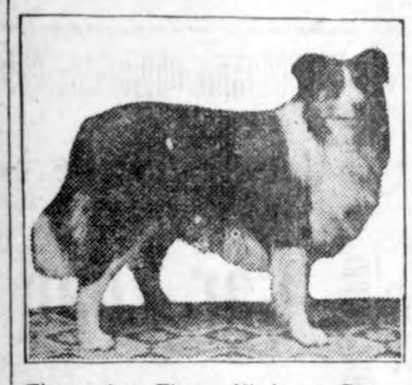
FARM STOCK

DISEASES CARRIED BY DOGS

Animal Should Be Handled in Such Way as Best to Further Welfare of the Community.

Many diseases of man and domestic animals are carried by dogs. Everybody, of course, knows that the dog is responsible for rabies, but it is not so generally known that the dog is equally responsible for other fatal diseases. Among them may be mentioned hydatid and gid in man and stock, tapeworm in man and especially in children, tongue worm in man and stock, "measles" in sheep, cysticercosis of the liver in stock. Some of these parasites depend so absolutely on dogs as carriers that they would become extinct if dogs were not available as hosts. Dogs probably play a part, also, in the spread of diseases due to fungi, such as ringworm and favus, and they certainly play a part in the spread of diseases that may be carried by fleas and ticks.

The United States department of agriculture, while recognizing the dog as a useful domestic animal, insists



There Are Three Kinds of Dogs—The Ownerless Dog, the Other Person's Dog and Your Own Dog.

that care must be taken to minimize the danger of diseases spread by them. In a general way, say the specialists of the department, there are three kinds of dogs—the ownerless dog, the other person's dog, and your own dog.

The stray dog which recognizes no owner, they say, does not fit into the modern scheme of civilization and must be eliminated. A dog that is allowed by the owner to wander at large will have substantially the same habits of life, the same sort of food, and be practically as dangerous as the ownerless dog. You have the right to insist, they point out, that such dogs keep off your premises.

Your own dog should be handled in such a way as best to further the welfare of the dog and the community. He should be kept in restraint and not allowed the full freedom of the house or even of the outside premises. He should not be allowed to be familiar with people, and especially with children. The dog should be kept free from external parasites by frequent baths and, if necessary, other appropriate measures, and should be freed from internal parasites by suitable measures and kept free by adequate attention to his food. He should only be allowed to leave the yard or the kernels in company with some person, and wherever conditions call for it should be kept in leash. When away from home the dog should be muzzled with a reliable metal muzzle, not with a strap muzzle that would be cruel to the dog if tight enough to be effective and which is usually so loose as merely to give a false sense of security, since it permits the dog to bite.

PURE-BRED SIRES SAVE CASH

Texas Breeder Finds Best Is Cheapest Whether With Cattle, Hogs or Other Animals.

"We have been in the cattle business for more than 35 years and have always kept the best pure-bred sires we could buy."

With this remark in a letter to the federal bureau of animal industry, C. H. Faires, a Texan, applied for enrollment in the "Better Sires—Better Stock" campaign.

"We have always tried to teach the people to use pure-bred sires of all kinds of stock," he added. "Our motto is the 'best is the cheapest' of anything we raise whether it be cattle, horses, mules, sheep, poultry or dogs. We have found this paid as well with dogs as with everything else."—United States Department of Agriculture.

CATTLE SHRINK IN TRANSIT

Owner Loses Considerable by Not Taking Proper Precautions in Shipping Live Stock.

Investigations by the Colorado agricultural college are beginning to show that shrinkage of live stock when shipped to market can be greatly reduced. The most important thing is a comfortable car and not much crowding. The next thing is to have the animals well fed and contented when they are loaded and until they are sold at the terminal market. In other words, plenty of feed and water and comfortable quarters are most important.

"Some farmers," says R. W. Clark, live stock specialist for that institution, "ship regularly with little or no shrinkage, while others at all times have enormous shrinkage

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Freezone is magic! Corns lift off with fingers without pain

Hurt? No, not one bit! Just drop a little Freezone on that touchy corn, instantly it stops aching, then you lift that bothersome corn right off. Yes, magic! Costs only a few cents.

Try Freezone! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without one particle of pain, soreness or irritation. Freezone is the mysterious ether discovery of a Cincinnati genius. —Adv.

Had Many Sleeping Places.

The average man probably sleeps in 100 beds or so during long lifetime. A veteran commercial traveler, whose home is in New York, can afford to smile at this record, for, he says, "I calculate that I have slept in at least 8,000 beds during my forty-odd years on the road, and I have slept well in them all."

WHY CRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription.

Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Giving Her Fair Warning.

John had just been reprimanded by his mother for something he had done, when he went into the bedroom where his new little baby sister was lying in her crib. His mother overheard him say: "Sister, you ought to go back where you came from; you can't do anything you want to do here."

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE DOES IT.

When your shoes pinch or your corns and bunions ache so that you are tired all over, get Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath. It will take the sting out of corns and bunions and give instant relief to Smarting, Aching, Swollen, Tender feet. 1,500,000 pounds of powder for the feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Couldn't Escape Them.

"Hello, George. I hear you can't meet your creditors." "You're all wrong! I meet one every five minutes."

Most of the movements to right the wrongs of the people stop after the first parade disperses.

Investments Combining the Highest Standards of Safety and Desirability

THE First Mortgage $100 and $500 Real Estate Serial Notes offered by the Mercantile Trust Company of St. Louis are based on service and backed by knowledge, experience and judgment of specialists, each skilled in his own particular line. They represent a rare combination of strong security, attractive yield, utmost convenience, and the good faith of an institution which, during the twenty years of its existence, has handled many millions of dollars of investments of this kind without the loss of one dollar of principal or interest to any of its clients.

Our large capital and surplus, together with our vast banking connections, enable us to transact business on a very extensive scale. This, with the fact that we have a broad field from which to select our loans and that we maintain at all times a trained organization of salaried experts, makes it possible for us to offer securities which meet the requirements of the most cautious investors and at the same time yield an excellent rate of interest.

The Mercantile Trust Company is a member of the Federal Reserve System, and by reason of such membership is under the supervision of the United States Government. This means that every loan we make, including "First Mortgage Real Estate Serial Loans," is subject to examination by Government Bank Examiners. These loans are also examined by the St. Louis Clearing House Bank Examiners and the official Bank Examiners of both the State of Missouri and the State of Illinois.

Write for booklet, "Investment Steps," and for detail circular describing the First Mortgage 6% Real Estate Serial Notes of $100 and $500 denominations we are offering and recommend as conservative, high-grade, safe investments.

Address all inquiries or orders for real estate notes to Real Estate Loan Department

Mercantile Trust Company

Member Federal Reserve System — *U. S. Government Supervision*

ST. LOUIS MISSOURI

Capital and Surplus $10,000,000

He'd Heard That Before.

My husband and I were in New York last fall. One day while he went to attend to some business I thought I would take a ride in one of the motor busses. A man sat next to me and, glancing down at his shoes, I absentmindedly put my hand on his knee and said: "Sweetheart, your shoes need shining." He smiled and said: "Yes, my wife said so this morning."—Exchange.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Intruders.

"Why don't you take children in this apartment house?"

"Their crying," replied the janitor, "is liable to interfere with the phonographs and player pianos."

MUD BATHS AT Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(ORIGINAL SULPHUR MUD BATHS OF THE NORTHWEST)

Assure Wonderful Results in Treating

Rheumatism. High Blood Pressure, Neuritis, Gout, Kidney and Liver Trouble, Autointoxication; Arthritis, etc.

Write for Information — Post Office Box 4

Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co. — Jordan, Minn.

Taking After Mother.

Bert just came home from college, and he had a "shadow" on his upper lip. He stopped to say "Hello" to his grandfather.

His grandfather looked him over and said, "Why, son, you look more like your mother every day."

"What makes you think so?" asked Bert.

"Why, because your father had a mustache that came down to his chin. Just look at that one of yours; you must take after your mother."

Auto's Stomach.

Little Ruth, who was just four years old, watched with great interest. The man at the gasoline filling station was removing the cushion and filling the gas tank.

After the cushion was put back and Ruth had made herself comfortable, she said: "I know that you ride on a horse's back, but I never knew that I was riding on the automobile's stomach."

Shave, Bathe and Shampoo with one Soap.—Cuticura

Cuticura Soap is the favorite for safety razor shaving.

Acid Stomach

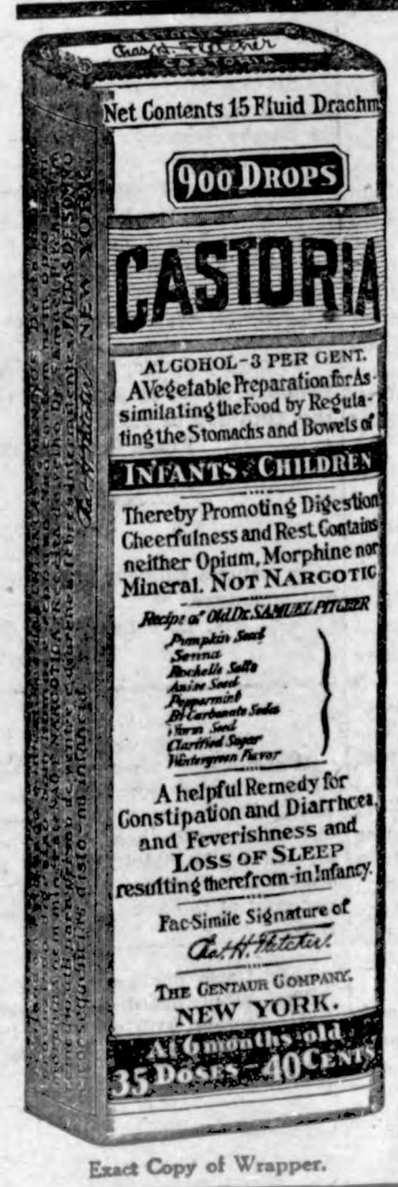
Makes the Body Sour

Nine Out of Ten People Suffer From It

It sends its harmful acids and gases all over the body, instead of health and strength. Day and night this ceaseless damage goes on. No matter how strong, its victim cannot long withstand the health-destroying effects of an acid stomach.

Good news for millions of sufferers. Chemists have found a sure remedy—one that takes the acid up and carries it out of the body; of course, when the cause is removed, the sufferer gets well.

Bloating, indigestion, sour, acid, gassy stomach miseries all removed. This is proven by over half a million ailing folks who have taken EATONIC with wonderful benefits. It can be obtained from any druggist, who will cheerfully refund its trifling cost if not entirely satisfactory. Everyone should enjoy its benefits. Frequently the first tablet gives relief.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Special Care of Baby.

That Baby should have a bed of its own all are agreed. Yet it is more reasonable for an infant to sleep with grown-ups than to use a man's medicine in an attempt to regulate the delicate organism of that same infant. Either practice is to be shunned. Neither would be tolerated by specialists in children's diseases.

Your Physician will tell you that Baby's medicine must be prepared with even greater care than Baby's food.

A Baby's stomach when in good health is too often disarranged by improper food. Could you for a moment, then, think of giving to your *ailing* child anything but a medicine especially prepared for Infants and Children? Don't be deceived.

Make a mental note of this:—It is important, Mothers, that you should remember that to function well, the digestive organs of your Baby must receive special care. No Baby is so abnormal that the desired results may be had from the use of medicines primarily prepared for grown-ups.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

NEW SOUTH WALES INFORMATION BUREAU

Singer Building, 149 Broadway, New York City Will be pleased to send Government Bulletins or answer any inquiries regarding opportunities for farming, stock raising, fruit growing, mining and investment in New South Wales,

AUSTRALIA

Agents, Make $75 Weekly Selling Guaranteed Hosiery

Four pairs guaranteed to wear four months or new hose free. Ready sales. Enormous profits. Big repeat orders. We guarantee $36 weekly full time, 75c an hour spare time. Full line of silks and cottons. Experience unnecessary. EAGLE HOSIERY, Darby, Pa.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling

Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair

50c. and $1.00 at druggists.

Hiscox Chem. Wks., Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

HONEY, PURE EXTRACTED, $14.00 60 LB. CAN; $27.50 2 cans; $2.70 10 lb. pail; 5 lb. pail $1.45; Chris Bahr, Almont, N. Dak.

Will Accept Good Hardware or General Merchandise Stock on good Farms, priced right. Reinhardt & Wolpert, Lincoln, Ill.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment. Your druggist or by mail, 60c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

Gardite

Guards Gardens

Raise your Garden right—Use Gardite on melon, cucumber and pumpkin vines, cabbage, rosebushes and some other plants and flowers.

Dou't neglect your Garden. The bugs are here, use gardite. Bugs or worms will sooner or later attack your garden unless you act to prevent there coming.

PARIS GREEN

The only sure death for the Potato Bug. Buy a package and have it on hand.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Excursion to Canada

Where $560.00 will handle 160 acres of the very best wheat land situated in Saskatchewan, Canada, in localities where you have railroadr, good towns, modern farm buildings, schools, churches, good roads, telebhones. Balance purchase price can be arranged to suit purchaser. Now is your opportunity. Do not fsil to write or call on Charles F. Busch, Klemme, Iowa, Agent, for special excursion rates to land buyers.

Central Farm & Investment Co.
Fort Dodge, Iowa

Fruits Candy Ice Cream Bakery Goods

Are you *Thirsty? Hot?*

Then slip into our place and enjoy the products of our Soda Fountain. A cool, clear ahd snappy drink of

"Green River"

will hit the thirsty spot. Our Ice Cream Sundaes are the best to be had. We also serve sodas, pop, malt and other cool, refreshing drinks.

Try us when thirsty

The Crystal Cafe

New Cantaloups and fresh Fruit of all kinds

The Nation's Finacial Stabilizer

Back of this bank, a member of the Federal Reserve System, is the strength of the organized Federal banking resources of the country.

This great financial organization which safely carried the country through its greatest crisis, now serves as tne stabilizer of business during its period of readjustment.

As a Member-Bank we are favored in many ways. As a patron you participate in the advantages offered.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

ORDINANCE NO. 37

Ordinance creating and establishing a Sanitary Sewer District in the Incorporated Town of Klemme, Iowa.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the Town Council of the Incorporated Town of Klemme, Iowa, that there be and the same is hereby created, a Sewer District in the Town of Klemme, Iowa, to be known as Sanitary Sewer District No. 1, the limits and boundaries of which shall be the present limits and boundaries of the Town of Klemme, Iowa.

Section 2: This Ordinance to take affect and to be in force from and after its publication in The Klemme Times, a newspaper published in the Town of Klemme, Iowa.

Passed at a Special meeting of the Town Council of Klemme, Iowa, this 10th day of June, 1920.

Frank Gruetzmacher,
Mayor.
N. L. Palmer,
Town Clerk.

Notice of a Proposed Resolution of Necessity for the Construction of Sewers, Etc.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Town Council of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, held on the 10th day of June, 1920, there was introduced and placed on file, the Resolution hereinafter set forth, which Resolution will be considered for passage by the said Town Council at a meeting to be held in the Council Chamber in the said Town, on the 13th day of July, 1920, at 7:30 P. M., at which time and place, the owners of property subject to assessment for the cost of the improvement contemplated by said Resolution, may appear and make objections, if any they have, to the contemplated improvement, and to the passage of said Resolution, at which time said Resolution may be amended and passed, or passed as proposed, said Resolution being as follows, to-wit:

RESOLUTION OF NECESSITY

Be it Resolved by the Town Council of the Town of Klemme, Iowa:

Section 1: That it is deemed advisable and necessary to pass this resolution and make the following described improvement, on its own motion, within and for the said town of Klemme, Iowa.

Section 2: That whereas there has been created in the town of Klemme, Iowa, a sewer district known as Sewer District No. 1, the limits and boundaries of which are fully described by Ordinance No. 37, on file in the office of the Town Clerk.

Section 3: That there be constructed in and for the said Sewer District a system of Sanitary Sewers with Sewage Disposal Plant, Main and Lateral Sewers, located as follows, to-wit:

DISPOSAL PLANT

The Disposal Plant shall be located on a plot of ground approximately 600 feet west and 1500 feet south of the intersection of Iowa and Front Streets and shall consist of septic tank, dosing chamber, filter and sludge beds and connecting pipes there to.

MAIN SEWER

Shall start near above described Disposal Plant Site thence North 650 feet, thence Northeast across outlot 7 approximately 1150 feet to intersection of Iowa and Front Streets, thence on Iowa Street from Front to 3rd Streets using 12-inch Vitrified Sewer Pipe.

LATERAL SEWERS

On 3rd Street from Iowa Street to Jerusalem Street using 10-inch Sewer Pipe.

On Dakota Street from 3rd Street to East Corporation Line.

On State Street from 3rd Street to East Corporation Line.

On Jerusalem Street from 4th Street to 5th Street and from 3rd Street west 1500 feet.

On Elder Street from 3rd Street West 200 feet and from 2nd Street west 250 feet. On Day Street from 1st Street East 730 feet. On Main Street from 3rd Street West 1000 feet and from 4th Street East 800 feet. In alley of block 9 from 3rd Street east 200 feet, on Iowa Street from 3rd Street to 4th Street, on Greutmacher Street from 3rd Street east 100 feet and west 100 feet. Across outlot 5, on Center Line of Hansen Street produced from the Center Line of 4th Street produced, west 500 feet. On Front Street from Hancock Street south 600 feet, on 1st Street from Iowa Street south 600 feet and North 450 feet. On 2nd Street from Jerusalem Street south 170 feet and from Elder Street south 300 feet and from Iowa Street north 450 feet and south 900 feet. On 3rd Street from Dakota Street to Jerusalem Street and from Iowa Street to Greutmacher Street. On 4th Street from Jerusalem Street south 2400 feet. Morningside Road from 4th Street east 250 feet thence south 600 feet, On Paul's Drive from its intersection with Morningside Road east 500 feet. On Arthur's Lane from its intersection with Morningside Road east 400 feet using 8-inch Sewer Pipe.

All of said sewers to be built with tight joints, suitable "Y's" for house connections and to be laid to line and grade.

Section 4: And be it further resolved that the disposal plant shall be known and established as a Sewage Disposal Plant, and the cost of same and all cost in connection therewith shall be paid out of a fund to be created by the levy of a special tax on all taxable property in the Town of Klemme, Iowa, or if insufficient to pay the cost of same out of any funds of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, available by law for such purposes, or by a special assessment against all the real property in said Town in accordance with the law, or by a combination of any or all of these methods.

Section 5: And be it further resolved that the sewers above described as Main Sewers shall be known and established as Main Sewers, and the cost of same shall be assessed against all the real property in Sanitary Sewer District No. 1 of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, as adjacent property.

Section 6: And be it further resolved that all the sewers herein described as lateral sewers, shall be known and established as lateral sewers, and the cost of said lateral sewers shall be assessed against the privately owned ground abutting upon the streets, avenues, alleys or privately owned ground upon which said sewers are built, and against the adjacent property, which shall be such property as does not abutt any street, avenue, alley or privately owned ground upon which sewers are built, but which lies wholly or in part within 300 feet of the nearest line of any street, avenue, alley or privately owned ground upon which sewers are built, and against the real estate and personal property of any railway company whose property is abutting or adjacent to said streets, avenues, alleys or privately owned ground upon which sewers are built within the above described limit.

Section 7: All assessments to be made in proportion to the benefits conferred upon each lot, piece or parcel of ground, and any discrepancies between the cost of said sewers and the amount assessable against such property by law, and one-half of the cost of sewers opposite property owned by the Town of Klemme, Iowa, or by the United States Government shall be paid out of a fund to be created by a special tax to be levied upon all property in the Town of Klemme, Iowa, or if insufficient to pay the cost of same, out of any funds of the Town of Klemme, Iowa available by law for this purpose.

Section 8: All of the above sewers, disposal plant, etc., to be built in accordance with the plans and specifications for same to be filed with the Town Clerk and approved by this council and the Iowa State Board of Health, which plans and specifications are by reference made a part hereof. The kind of material to be used shall be salt-glazed vitrified sewer pipe, hard burned building brick or concrete manholes and flush-tanks, cast iron pipe, etc. Said pipe to have sealed joints and to be laid to line and grade, all as shown by said plans and specifications and the method of construction shall be by contract, and the contractor shall be paid for the disposal plant in Bonds at par drawing 6 per cent interest and for the sewers in Special Assessment Bonds at par drawing 6 per cent interest.

Section 9: And be it further resolved that the Town Council of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, meet at 7:30 o'clock p. m. on the 13th day of July, 1920, in the Council Chamber of said Council for the purpose of considering objections to the passage of this resolution and the making of this improvement, at which meeting this resolution may be amended and passed, or passed as proposed.

Section 10: And be it further resolved that the Town Clerk be and he is hereby instructed to cause notice of the pendency of this resolution and the time at which said resolution will be considered for passage and objections heard thereto, to be published in a newspaper of general circulation published in the Town of Klemme, Iowa, in accordance with the law.

Proposed by the Town Council of Klemme, Iowa, at a meeting held on the 10th day of June, 1920.

Frank Gruetzmacher,
Mayor
Attest:
N. L. Palmer,
Town Clerk.

In witness whereof I hereunto affix my signature.

N. L. Palmer,
Town Clerk.

Water-Loving Trees.

Water-loving trees along streams often consume more water than they save. Estimates are that a beech forest will transpire nearly 50 per cent of an annual precipitation of 20 inches, while a coniferous forest but eight per cent of the same or like precipitation.

Uncle Pennywise Says:

I've often heard a man offer to whip another with one hand tied behind him—but I've never seen it tried. —Kansas City Journal.

Celebrate

THE GRAND OLD INDEPENDENCE DAY, O

Saturd'y, July 3

IN BELMOND, IOWA

Belmond invites all her friends and neighbors to uni with her in celebrating the Nation's birthday in rou ing style. A part of the program will be as follows:

Patriotic Address by Hon. E. G. Dunn
Patriotic Music by Garner Band
Street Sports and Games
Ball Game--Kanawha vs Belmond
Big Street Attractions
Aerial Acts Fireworks
Bowery Dance Afternoon and Evening.

All programs, Sports, Games and Street Attractions will be Free.

Come and help the American Eagle Scream

Come Early and stay Late!

Just received--

Car Load of Ranges And Furnaces

Come and get your range or furnace now as they will go fast.

Jacobs & Son

A Reduction Event

SOCIETY BRAND CLOTHES

$38 $48 $56

You know what the clothes are- - smartest styles, and tailored - - durable all wool fabrics, quality all the way through.

There's a saving in every one of these suits of $10 to $15.

Better avail yourself of this opportunity to fit yourself out.

You can bet on this sale being the real thing.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 43 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, July 1 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

onday to be Holiday In Klemme

LEMME BUSINESS MEN WILL LOSE SHOP MONDAY, JULY 5th

The business men of Klemme have ecided to close their places of busi- ss on next Monday, July 5th. As ly comes comes on Sunday this year was decided that Monday should be served as the legal holiday here. he business men and clerks are en- tled to a holiday and have agreed to ose shop at 9:30 A. M. and are keep- g open in the morning until that our so that they may accommodate ustomers who want goods before ey close. Clear Lake celebrates on onday and no doubt we will see any Klemme folks there that day. ll right, let's go and have a big time verybody quit work Monday and ave a good time.

The "No Socks" Loose

GOODELL BALL TEAM TRIMS KLEMME

The Goodell ball team came to Klemme Sunday where they met the fast (?) Klemme club at the local ball park. There is not a great deal to say about the game only that Goodell was too fast for the Klemme players who lost the game by 1 to 15.

The Klemme Sox have lost every game they have entered so far and seem to have a streak of hard luck and cant' get started on the right leg for some reason or other. Klemme needs a good pitcher especially and they also need some good batting men and then maybe they will be able to play some ball. So far they have not played any real ball, but we hope to see them land into the game and pile up a few scores and make a noise like a winning team.

FARMERS HOLD METTING SATURDAY

Saturday afternoon the farmers of this vicinity met to further consider organizing a co-operative elevator company in Klemme. A prominent farmer who is interested in the project reports to us that new subscribers have come in since the first meeting and also that some who took out the first stock have also subscrbed for more and the outlook he says is favorable for organizing the concern. A meeting will be held on Tuesday, July 6th, for the purpose of electing officers and appointing committees. All farmers are urged to come out for the meeting on Tuesday.

4th to be Observed In Klemme Sunday

INDEPENDENCE DAY

As noted in these columns last week a meeting to which the whole community is invited, will be held next Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock in the city park. Special music is in preparation and Dr. Buriff will give an address on "God's Country." After the noise and enthusiasm of the celebrations in our neighboring towns, or in lieu of them, this will give the opportunity for the people of Klemme to have part in a stirring, appropriate observance of the Fourth, but in accordance with the nature of the day as a religious as well as patriotic festival; and after all, to the true American religion and patriotism are closely akin.

YOU LIVE IN "GOD'S COUNTRY"

During the next few months there will be much deploring done by the political wiseacres. No doubt there are lots of things in this country that are not as they should be and lots more are not what we would like them to be.

But while you listen to the deplorings—some of which you may deplore yourself—don't let them beguile you from the fact that we have a great country, with great resources great prospects and that every man in America gets benefits out of the said fact whether he is poor or rich.

Although the United States has only about 6 per cent of the world's population and 7 per cent of its land, this God's country of ours produces 20 per cent of the world's supply of gold, 25 per cent of the world's supply of wheat, 40 per cent of the world's supply of iron and steel, 40 per cent of the world's supply of lead, 40 percent of the world's supply of silver, 50 per cent of the world's supply of zinc, 52 per cent of the world's supply of coal, 60 per cent of the world's supply of cotton, 60 percent of the world's supply of aluminum, 60 per cent of the world's supply of copper, 60 per cent of the world's supply of oil, 75 per cent of the world's supply of corn, 85 per cent of the world's supply of automobiles.

BUT, BROTHER, WHAT DID YOU DO WITH THE CONTENTS?

Garner Signal: We have been having a basement dug at this office and the men doing the work discovered a relic of the old days. Under the rear of the building a well-preserved 4-gallon keg. You know the kind of a keg we mean. One of those pony sizes. We called in several of the old boys who said they could remember when they had many just such kegs, but none of them could identify this particular keg.

The Times "Devil" Says

MRS. SARAH DILLER DEAD

Mrs. Sarah Diller, who has made her home with S. A. Anderson and family, who recently moved to Klemme from Corwith, and are living in the Mrs. Meinderts house, passed away early Sunday morning.

Mrs. Diller has been suffering for some time of cancer, but we understand that heart trouble was the cause of her death. Deceased was about sixy-four years old. Monday morning her body was taken to Corwitht and from there it will be shipped to Alta, Iowa, for burial in the family lot.

Mr. Anderson and family have lived in Klemme but a couple of weeks, coming here from Corwith, and so almost total strangers to the people of Klemme. Mrs. Diller is the mother of Mrs. Anderson. The family have the sympathy of the community in their sorrow.

Syrus Griewe of Rudd, Iowa, came last Wednesday for a visit with Klemme relatives and friends. Syrus is attending college at Morningside, and is now spending his summer vacation.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. It being the 4th of July the sermon will be in keeping with the day. Sunday School at the close of the morning service at 11 o'clock. Epworth League at 7:30 o'clock. Preaching service at 8 o'clock. Midweek prayer service on Thursday evening at 7:30.

The Sunday Schools of Garner, Liberty Township and Klemme will celebrate the 4th of July with a Sunday School picnic at the Garner campgrounds on Monday, July 5th. Rev. J. H. Klaus, district superintendent of the Charles City District, will be the speaker of the day. All are invited to attend, whether you belong to the Sunday School or not. **You are invited!**

Hancock county has received another Packard truck from the government for use on the roads. This makes five of these large army trucks that are now in the county and open to the service of the county under supervision of the couny board.

NEW PERFECTION
Oil Cook Stoves and Ovens

We have just unpacked another big shipment of

Perfection Oil Stoves

Come in and get yours now while we have them on hand.

Jacobs & Son

We have only two more

Moline 2-Row

CULTIVATORS

--left from our large stock. Buy a 2-row cultivator now and save money--they will cost a lot more next year.

Remember that we now have on hand a big supyly of Moline hay rakes, mowers, loaders, etc. Get yours now.

Henry Lau & Sons

Who Says Iowa is Dry?

MAMMOTH STILL CAPTURED NEAR MASON CITY BY SHERIFF'S FORCES

Officers Get 52 Cases Of Raisns and Locate 17 Barrels of Mash

Perhaps the biggest still in the state was captured near Mason City Saturday evening by Sheriff Marsh and Chief of Police Lock and their deputies, when they raided the farm occupied by Harry Cananaugh just north of the county farm.

The famous moonshiners of Kentucky have nothng on this Iowa farmer as the police got four large gasoline stoves, hree copper containers, two five gallon gas cans, two barrels of "Dago Red Whiskey," ten gallons of raisin wine, a cot, a rifle and a shot gun.

They also found fifty-two cases of raisins and seventeen barrels of mash. It is also alleged that Cavanaugh has been makng the celebrated corn whiskey—two drinks of which would make a man cucoo and think he was seeing pretty flowers and hearing the birds sing. The evidence found by the officers was to the effect that the man has been distilling on a large scale for many months.

The officers have been watching the still for some time, which was located near the house and guarded by hired men day and night, armed with a rifle and shot gun. The officers raided the place when all had left the farm but Cavanaugh. The federal officers will probably take charge of this case.

COUNCIL PLANS TO EXTEND WATER MAINS

The Klemme Council are planning to put in about fifteen blocks of four-inch water mains in the very near future and we consder that it is a necessary improvement that will be a benefit to the majority of the town who do not have the water service now. The present system is good as far as it goes, but needs to be extended to take in more residences who are without city water. It is also necessary to have the water mains extended before sewerage can be operated so by extending the mains a double purpose is accomplished. Let the good work go on.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Morning services at the usual hours, public worship at 10:00 a. m., and Sunday School at 11:00 a. m.

At 2:30 p. m. in the city park a celebration of Independence Day. Music by men's glee club and chorus of mixed voces. Address, "God's Country." It seems fitting that since July 4, falls on Sunday this year there should be an observance of the day as a religious and patriotic red letter day. All citizens are invited to have part in this service.

No evening service will be held.

A. E. Buriff, Minister

CHICKENS MISSING

A chicken thief is one of the most contemptible night maurauders we have. For the women folks around the farm homes usually work hard to raise the chicks and depend largely on their poultry money for themselves and children. A farmer south of town reports about 75 springs taken Tuesday night. And other poultry thieving is known to be going on from time to time. Farmers should load up their guns and have them handy for such night visitors and should shoot to make it count, too, if opportunity comes. The law is very strict against chicken stealing, but the trouble is, very few thieves are ever caught.—Meservey Register.

FREE SHOWS

The business men of Meservey have arranged with an outside party to give free moving pictures here one night each week. The pictures will be shown on a screen on the street and will be up-to-date and pleasing in every way. If weather permits, they will be shown tomorrow (Friday) night, this week. Come in and see them.—Meservey Register.

Ends Life by Shooting

DOWS MAN BLOWS OFF HEAD WITH SHOTGUN

Dows Advocate:—Harold Jones, who has been working for Henry Glade this spring, commieted suicide ths mornng (Thursday) by placing a shotgun against the wall while in bed and used a stick to pull the trigger, blowing off the top of his head. He had old the Glades that his parents were dead, but that he had an uncle living at Green Mountain, Iowa, and two sisters at Nevada, who were notified by Sheriff Schwieger of Hampton. Jones was about 21 years of age. The remains were taken to Halvorson undertaking parlors, where they will be held until further instructions have been received.

PAVING OPENED SUNDAY

"The better the day, the better the deed," is an old adage, and for that reason we feel that the Garner paving is off on the right foot, for on Sunday last, just before the noon hour, the strip of paving east of the Rock Island tracks was opened for traffic. We have every reason to believe that the job of hard surfacting the streets of Garner is a first-class one in every particular. One of the reasons is that the job looks well and another is that we have all confidence in the gentlemen who are installing it.—Garner Democrat.

Mrs. Putnam of Belmond was a Klemme visitor last Wednesday.

Ben and Edna Kaster from Charles City, and Louis Kaster from Minneapolis, were visiting at the Wilbur McGee home last week for a few days.

Mrs. Dewey Rice and baby, of Clarion, were visiting at the Fred Musfelt home here last week.

Chris Jacobs and family autoed over from Garner Tuesday evening for a visit with Edwin.

Mr. and Mrs. Hod Lawhorn drove over from Garner last Wednesday evening for a visit with friends and to enjoy the band concert.

Marlin Croner, Paul Griesemer and Lew Lewis started for the camp meetng at Garner last Wednesday but somehow they changed their mind for later they were seen at Clear Lake fishing and had enough fish for a couple of good messes.

Iowa's strawberry crop is now beginning to ripen, and will be 90 per cent of a full crop, according to present indications. The cherry crop is 81 per cent, red raspberries, 82, and black raspberries, 87. Apple crop prospects indivate an 85 per cent crop. blackberries, 83; gooseberries, 80; currants, 82; grapes, 85 and American plums, 78. Three unimportant fruit crops in Iowa, peaches, domestic plums and Japanese plums cut down the aver age of all crops since the peach crop will be only about 4 Oper cent of a full crop, domestic plums, 69, and Japanese plums, 62. These bring down the average for all fruit to 76 per cent, which is 14 per cent higher, than the May report.

It is definitely announced that work on 81 new building at the government proving grounds opposite Bellevue will be started July 15. Congress and the war department have placed the stamp of approval on the plan to establish there a giant magazine dump for reserve ammunition. The following buildings will be erected: Forty-four ammunition magazines, 30 hig hexplosive magazines, combination barracks, post-office and exchange buildings, remodeling of present headquarters into a double set of officers' quarters, erection of a new double set of officers' quarters, addition to hospital, two double sets of commissioned officers' quarters; three 100-man capacity barracks buildings.

The Fourth division of the regular army, now stationed at Camp Dodge, will put on an elaborate display of the machinery of war at the Iowa state fair this year. The exhibit will occupy more than half a block and will include demonstrations of practically every piece of fighting machinery now being used by the United States army. War trophies and special equipment not of regular issue will also be included in the show. Arrangements fo. the military display were completed recently. The division's class in agriculture will camp at the fair grounds in August. Other large space reservations for this year's fair just announced are 4,000 feet for the U. S. department of agriculture under the grandstand and 4,000 feet for the Iowa State college under the grandstand. The cow testing exhibit will be in the new cattle b[illegible]s been announced.

Crow Farmer's Friend and Foe

"Twice as Good as He Is Bad," Writer Says of Persecuted Bird.

IS BACKED BY UNCLE SAM

Kills Young Chickens and Destroys Eggs of Other Birds, But on Other Hand He Kills Field Mice and Insects.

Washington.—The United States biological survey sends out a bulletin about the crow. It says that the big, black fellow is the farmer's friend and should not be exterminated, and it goes on to assert that many crows recently examined were found to eat 38 per cent grain and 62 per cent May beetles, tussock moths, grasshoppers, gypsy moths, army worms, chinchbugs and brown moths. So he is about twice as good as he is bad.

But the crow also kills young chickens and destroys the eggs of other birds, George F. Burba writes in the Columbus Dispatch. Charge that up against him along with the 38 per cent grain which he eats. Then on the other hand, set down a large number of field mice and cutworms which he also gets away with and there is still a balance in his favor. Besides, much of the grain the crow eats would be wasted anyway, since he picks up the scattered kernels in the field and eats a lot of very poor corn and wheat that wouldn't be any account to anybody else.

Hunted Become Intelligent.

The government bulletin isn't going to have much effect, one way or another, however. Everybody takes a shot at a crow whenever he gets a chance, but the crows persist. They have been warred upon so much that they have become very intelligent.

Take note of that—anything that is warred upon or hunted becomes intelligent. The hunted birds and animals acquire knowledge and cunning, or whatever you want to call it. Otherwise they would disappear.

If crows were stupid and sat around on fences when they see a man in the field with a gun; if they built their nests where the nests could be easily broken up; if they did not help each other by giving warning of approaching danger, there would be no crows. But everyone seems to be an enemy of the glossy fellow, and he knows that he must keep at a safe distance.

He learns that he must build his nest high up in a tree, away from human habitation, and watch out every moment for somebody or something that would kill him. All of this has made him what we call one of the most intelligent of birds.

The Crow as a Pet.

And still the crow is a sociable bird. He likes human beings, when they treat him right. He makes a splendid pet, although a naughty one, in that he is always getting into trouble. If you will take a crow when it is young and raise it it becomes as gentle as a chicken.

He likes to be around the house, where there are a lot of boys, but at every opportunity he will fly upon the table and snatch the food, or carry scissors or thimbles or spools of thread or jewelry away and hide them. He is a mischief maker with the hens and chickens and fusses and quarrels and wrangles with the dog that sleeps upon the porch.

But he will not desert the family; he will remain with the boy that feeds him and attends to him, although he may take a trip occasionally to the fields and talk to the other crows, coming back at night to his regular roost.

Girls Beat Boys Spelling.

Tiffin O.—Girls in the Seneca county schools are better spellers than the boys. Honors at the county school spelling and speaking contest held here went chiefly to the girls. Miss Gertrude Bertsch of Thompson won the seventh and eighth grade spelling contest. Harry Sperow of Hopewell the fifth and sixth and Irene Hatton of Attica the third and fourth. Rosamond Showalter of Attica and Thomas Watson of Old Fort won in the two divisions of the speaking contest.

Audience Applauded as Snake Crushed Trainer

Applause from a large audience resounded in the little theater at Serbruck, Switzerland, while a gigantic python slowly crushed its trainer to death.

The trainer, a Hungarian girl named Ciro, realized her peril and shrieked for help as the coils of the serpent closed about her, but the audience believed her cries were part of the entertainment and cheered loudly.

Fraulein Ciro's manager rushed on the stage and shot the snake, but not until the young woman was beyond help. It was not until after the performance was over that the people were apprised of the fact they had witnessed a grewsome tragedy.

Now Crows Over the Doctors.

Huntington, W. Va.—Marguerite, the twenty-month-old daughter of E. W. Stoller anld wife, was slowly wasting away. Physicians saw no hope of her recovery. She was seized with a fit of coughing and a watermelon seed she had swallowed last September was disgorged. Now she will get well.

Met Death on Duty.

Lawrenceburg, Ind.—Capt. Wesley L. Moore, aged seventy-eight, river pilot, often said he hoped he might die on the Ohio river. Death came to him as he wished. He was found lifeless in his cabin on the Ivory Wood, a vessel he operated between Cincinnati and New Orleans.

1—Catherine Levering, the first visitor to Zion National park, signing the register on official opening day. 2—American and Russian vessels leaving Novorossisk harbor under bolshevik attack. 3—Funeral of George W. Perkins, celebrated financier, leaving Presbyterian church in Riverdale-on-Hudson.

Tell Ships of Ocean Noises

Secret Ears to Be Placed on Merchant Ships by the Government.

TEST PROVES IT A SUCCESS

Hydrophone, Government Controlled Invention, Can Explain Many Sea Mysteries—Tried Out on Destroyer.

New York.—In olden times when Chinese shipbuilders designed and constructed their lateen-rigged craft for war or commercial purposes, prominent and ofttimes ferocious "eyes" were located on either side of the bow.

Today modern America, now the leading nation in ship construction, is proposing to equip her merchant vessels with "ears," the location of which, like the eyes on the Chinese junk, are on the ship's bows, but under instead of over the water. While superstition induced the Chinaman to equip his ship so it could "see" its enemies and work its way into a safe port through shoal water, hidden rocks and through crowded waterways, science has designed the "ears" for the same purpose.

Test Is Made.

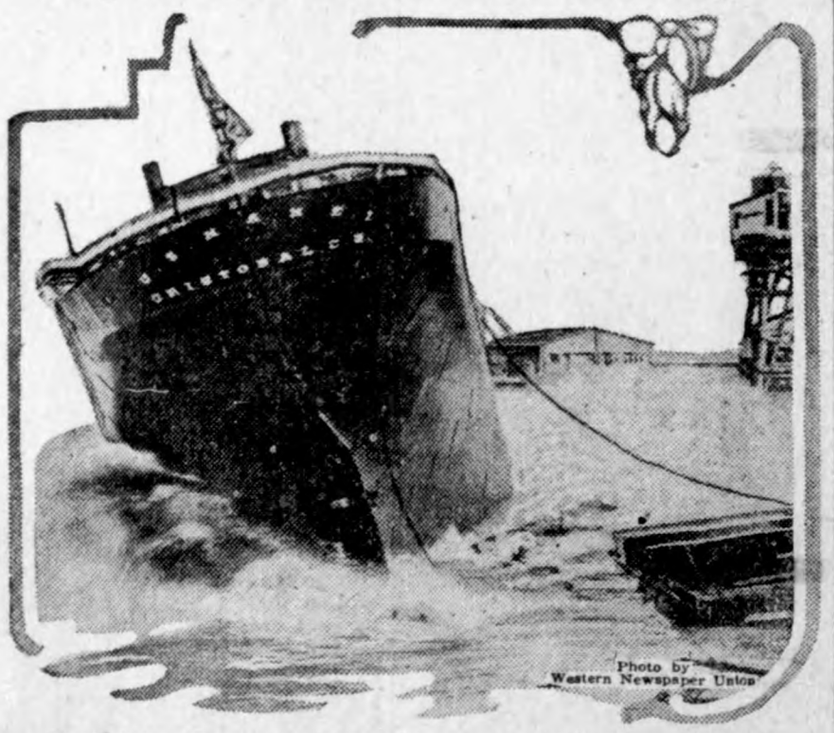
With the destroyer Breckenridge equipped as a demonstration ship, 40 or more representatives of leading steamship lines have just had an opportunity to see and test the efficacy of the listening device. It is now a government-controlled invention, used on fighting ships during the war as a protection against submarines and officially designated by the navy as "the M. V. type, hydrophone." Its object is to disclose in surrounding waters the presence of other craft, to foretell the approach to shoal waters, apprise the navigator of the vicinity of lightships equipped with submarine bell signaling devices. It is expected also to disclose with a remarkable degree of accuracy the depth of water wherein the ship so equipped is floating.

Tells Depth of Water.

The apparatus includes 48 hydrophone receivers located in a tank of water in the bow of the vessel so that an equal number is on either side. In the test the sound of the propellers of a steamer five miles distant was heard. The depth of the water is ascertained by listening to the noise made by the propellers of the vessel carrying the hydrophone as it is echoed back from the bottom of the sea. In depths beyond 100 fathoms, however, the hydrophone refuses to record, it was explained, but as a majority of collisions occur near a coast line and at congested harbor entrances, the inventors and officers of the navy predict that its adoption will remove many of the hazards of navigation now caused by fog.

Dr. H. C. Hayes, formerly of Swarthmore college, said the device had been installed on one transport, Von Steuben, and on one occasion probably saved the ship from running aground on the Long Island shore during a heavy fog. Doctor Hayes also claims that the invention will enable a mariner to locate icebergs, through the reflecting back to the operator from the submerged portion of a dangerous berg the sound of the operating ship's own propellers.

Big Freighter Launched Sideways



View of the sideways launching of the steel freighter Mamei, built for the Panama canal commission. The vessel has a capacity of 10,000 tons.

Man Fell Into Bear Pit; Arm and Leg Torn Away

August Kabler, a medical student at Berne, Switzerland, was terribly mauled by bears into whose pit at the zoological gardens he had fallen while he was throwing carrots to them. He was taken to the hospital in a serious condition, his left leg and left arm being entirely torn away.

None Dies in This Town.

Cranmore, Cal.—This town asserts itself as the healthiest community in the state, basing its claim upon the fact that the local cemetery has not had a grave dug since 1863, the date of the last funeral in Cranmore. Since that time several residents of the community have died in other sections of the state, but it is a remarkable fact that not a single death has occurred in the community since 1863.

NEW REVOLT LOOMS

Outbreak of Junker Army in Pomerania Feared.

Kapp Supporters Scattered Among Big Estates Obviously as Farm Laborers.

Stettin.—Everyone in this section of Pomerania will tell you something is going to happen, but they do not know what.

Former Minister of War Reinhardt, who is trying to find the answer and to devise a lid for threatening outbreaks, feels the same way, but apparently he is satisfied there is no immediate danger. Under his direction the headquarters of two junker outfits have been raided and closed, and the militarized police force has been strengthened. There are no outward signs, except that general unrest indicates a tensity in the situation.

Everybody is sleeping on his arms, one eye open. No confidence is felt in the Reichswehr, which still retains most of the officers who supported the Kapp forces, and these still have their arms and are scattered among the big estates, obviously as farm laborers, but in reality more like small bands of mercenaries as bodyguards for the junker barons.

The opposing forces are the actual workmen. On the estates there nominally are two organizations, but it needs only the first hint of a monarchist coup when they will be under one leadership ready for battle.

Let the Defense Hang Itself.

Noblesville, Ind.—Mrs. Rosa Davis, administratrix, suing the Central Indiana Railroad company for the death of her husband, Charles E. Davis, didn't have any witnesses, but on the evidence of the railroad's witnesses she was awarded a verdict of $3,000. All testimony for Mrs. Davis was brought out on cross-examination.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Much Guessing As to Action of the Democratic National Convention.

TWO BIG QUESTION MARKS

Attitude of Wilson and McAdoo a Puzzle—Platform Issues Promise Fight—Side Parties Interesting—Irish Situation Is Grave—France and England to War on Turk.

By E. F. CLIPSON.

Political wiseacres are at this time as busy in naming the nominee of the Democratic convention at San Francisco as they were a short time ago in making wrong predictions about the Republican affair at Chicago. Indications are that most of them are guessing. In fact, it looks like a good old-fashioned guessing contest. If you are lucky you win the barrel of flour or the ladies' watch. Straws are no guide to the direction of the political wind for they are pointing in all directions, especially straw ballots. Possibly President Wilson, Mr. Bryan or one of the other party powers knows who will be the standard bearer, but he is not telling.

The big interrogation point which has been planted in the public mind concerns chiefly William G. McAdoo and also President Wilson himself. The former secretary had for some weeks been boomed so persistently that many political forecasters believed he was going to make a runaway race of it. But just at a critical time came his announcement that he was not seeking the nomination and preferred that his name should not be placed before the convention. Ardent supporters point out that he has not definitely refused the honor and are proceeding on the theory that he will accept if it comes to him unsolicited. Several state delegations which have been for McAdoo announce their refusal to take his declination as unalterable and their intention of voting for him in the convention.

President Wilson is the great enigma just as he has been all through the months since his early illness and the ambiguous bulletins and interviews issued by his physicians. The first interpretation of Mr. McAdoo's voluntary withdrawal from the race was that the Republican platform having largely made Mr. Wilson the issue in the campaign, it was fitting that the president should meet it by becoming the opposition candidate. This view was considerably strengthened by an interview which the president gave to a representative of a prominent New York newspaper, in which Mr. Wilson discussed issues but not candidates and stated that he appeared to be the principal issue. The interviewer stressed the point not of the president's complete recovery, but of his improved physical condition. Newspapers throughout the country have been flooded with recent photographs of the president which indicate a fair degree of vigor. Sources close to the White House, notably Senator Glass, scout the third term idea, but the inference gained in many quarters from the interview, the photographs and a few minor straws, is that the president, if not an active aspirant for the honor, proposes to be the power behind the office. Those upholding this view believe that Mr. McAdoo sought to eliminate himself in order to give his father-in-law a clear field. Others modify the view and incline to the belief that there is a divergence between the president and Mr. McAdoo on the League of Nations question.

The fight in the resolutions committee will be on the question of endorsing the administration's peace treaty and League of Nations policy, on the liquor issue and on Ireland. A large share of opinion is to the effect that the committee will back the administration in its league plan, possibly insert a mild declaration for personal liberty without mentioning either light wines or beer, also a declaration of sympathy for subject nations desiring independence, without any specific mention of Ireland. Inasmuch as the Wilson league covenant will be opposed by the Bryan faction, the Democratic senators who voted for the Lodge reservations and by other anti-administration elements; and as strong forces are working for a modification of the Volstead prohibition enforcement act, either of these questions is regarded as sufficient to force a fight on the floor of the convention itself. While there are many friends of Irish independence in the convention, it is not a domestic question, and may go through in any manner in which the resolutions committee decides to treat it.

Both Republican and Democratic candidates for the presidency will have the usual amount of company in the way of side parties. These are very interesting this year. Certain elements among the suffragists are threatening an independent party on account of failure of Democrats and Republicans to force a sufficient number of states to adopt the suffrage amendment. Certain drys threaten a party because Republicans and Democrats are too wet or neutral. The wets threaten a party because the other parties are too dry. Some negroes threaten a party of their own and propose to substitute William Hale Thompson, mayor of Chicago, as their patron saint, instead of Abraham Lincoln. Radicals, each one of whom is a party to himself, are going to try and unite under the banner of the "Committee of 48" with much enthusiasm for Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin for president; notwithstanding the fact that the senator in all his past periods of disgruntlement over the actions of his party, has overcome his disappointment and remained "regular."

Editor Hearst, who failed to dictate the nominee of the Republican party and whose counsels seem to have lost some of their weight in the Democratic party, is trumpeting loudly for the formation of a new party. Mayor Thompson, who was a Republican until defeated for national committeeman and until the supreme court of his state heaped an indignity upon him by knocking out a primary law under which his machine had been successful, is said to be building a springboard to make some kind of a flop. Editor Alexander Moore of Pittsburgh, a rampant Progressive, has come out for Harding. Senator Poindexter, who was regarded by many as the only real "Bull Moose" in the senate, has announced his intention to support the Republican ticket. Neither the Harding-Coolidge forces nor those who will nominate a candidate at San Francisco, manifest much perturbation over the various independent parties threatened. Their attitude seems to be serenely that of "the more, the merrier."

The more conservative branch of organized workmen, as represented in the American Federation of Labor, closed a two-weeks' annual convention at Montreal, Canada, June 19. Samuel Gompers, the re-elected president of the organization, succeeded after a stormy opposition from the friends of Ireland in securing an indorsement of the League of Nations without reservations. The opposition was against the covenant because of the view that it guarantees the integrity of the British empire.

Labor's program as formulated by the convention demands follows:

Ratification of the peace treaty.

Government ownership with democratic operation of the railroads.

Curb on profiteering and high cost of living with jail sentences for profiteers.

Right to strike and abolition of compulsory arbitration and anti-strike legislation.

Hands off in Mexico by the United States government.

Indorsement of the Irish republic.

Right of collective bargaining.

Advances in wages wherever necessary to maintain the American standard of living.

Shorter workday if necessary to prevent unemployment.

These recommendations will be launched against the Democratic convention at San Francisco, with a strong effort by President Gompers and other leaders to secure their incorporation in the platform. The executive council of the federation also was instructed to consider a plan for procuring control of a number of daily newspapers to represent the cause of labor.

If no strikes occur and present conditions of production continue, there is less prospect of a famine in soft coal next winter. The United States geological survey announces that production so far in 1920 is about 38,000,000 tons ahead of the same period last year. The action of the interstate commerce commission in providing more cars at the mines and in granting preference and priority orders for the transportation of soft coal have had a favorable result. Nevertheless, forehanded people warned by the experience of last winter, are laying in coal wherever possible. Coal prices show no inclination to drop.

Although a condition very much resembling civil war has existed for more than a week at Londonderry, Ireland, with rioting, street barricades and casualties mounting into the hundreds, it is not believed that it is the match which will touch off the great conflagration involving Unionists, Nationalists and Sinn Feiners. While conditions have also been bad in Belfast and a few other places and the general situation is regarded as grave, it is pointed out that the disturbed areas are the centers of violent partisanship and frequently subject to turbulence. The government statement says that such outbreaks are to be expected and do not indicate that a state of war throughout Ireland is immediately impending. The railroad situation, wherein the employees refuse to operate trains carrying soldiers or military supplies is the most serious with which the government has to deal. The authorities have made two threats against the strikers, one to operate the trains with troops, and the other to stop rail traffic entirely. The course of near events appears to hinge upon the government's ability to handle the transportation crisis.

With the ending of the armistice between the French in Cilicia and Mustapha Kemal Pasha, leader of the Turk Nationalists, came the announcement of a conference between Marshal Foch of France and Sir Henry Wilson, British chief of staff, at which it was decided to wage a strong campaign against the Turks. Neither France nor England being willing to send more soldiers, it is reported that Greece will furinsh the troops and the two allied countries most of the officers. As a reward Greece is to have Smyrna. The Turkish situation is regarded as a serious one. The peace treaty practically abolished the Turkish empire, parceling the richest portions among the allies and confining the Turks to a small district in Asia Minor without a port, which leaves them ringed by Greeks, Armenians and other hostile nationalities. A realization that this would occur was responsible for the revolt under Kemal. The total French casualties during the temporary occupation of Cilicia were 6,000 men, including Armenian troops, and 124 officers. Already the British have suffered heavily from Turk attacks, although their casualties have not been announced. Troops are on the way to meet Kemal's forces, which are said to have advanced beyond Ismid in the direction of Constantinople. Last week British ships were reported bombarding the approaches to Ismid.

American Red Cross units are engaged in handling refugee work for southern Russia from Constantinople and general relief work in Poland, the Baltic states, Montenegro, Albania, Serbia, Czecho-Slovakia, Greece and Italy, but activities of the United States in foreign countries are rapidly being curtailed. Outside of Germany, the only military mission of the United States is that headed by Col. W. N. Haskell, which was assigned by President Wilson in November, 1919, to assist the near East relief committee in its work in Asia Minor. In Germany 30 United States officers are serving on the inter-allied high commission, being included among the 771 officers who, with 16,631 enlisted men, constitute the United States army of occupation.

REVENT SPREAD OF ALL DISEASE

eaning and Disinfection of All Railroad Stock Cars Is of Utmost Importance.

THER VEHICLES INCLUDED

Carriers Which Have Contained Animals Affected With Communicable Diseases Must Be Cleaned and Disinfected.

repared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The cleaning and disinfection of ilroad stock cars is an important eans of preventing the spread of inctions diseases of live stock. In conection with federal control over the terstate transportation of live stock, dministered by the bureau of animal dustry, it is required that all such rs or other vehicles which have conined animals affected with a communicable disease, such as tick fever, abies of sheep and cattle, hog chola, etc., be cleaned and disinfected der bureau supervision before being ain used in interstate commerce.

Federal Inspection.

All live stock received at public ckyards or at official slaughtering tablishments are inspected at the me they are received by employees the bureau of animal industry. If y animals are found to be affected ith a communicable disease the car- er which brought them to their desnation is at once notified to have the r or other vehicle set aside and oroughly cleaned. After that has en accomplished it is disinfected der the personal supervision of a deral employee.

Cars Must Be Cleaned.

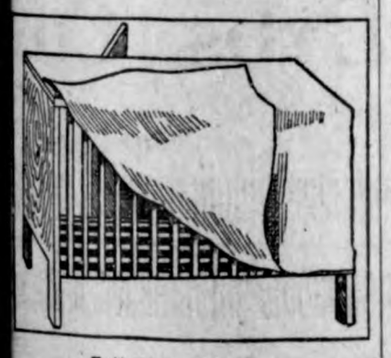
Various states also have regulations equiring that cars must be cleaned nd disinfected before being used in he transportation of certain classes f live stock. The bureau of animal ndustry co-operates with such states y having its employees at central arkets supervise the cleaning and isinfection of cars in compliance with he requirements of the state to which ny stock may be destined.

An idea of the magnitude of this ork may be gathered from the fact hat during the fiscal year ended June 0, 1919, bureau employees personally upervised the disinfection of 44,843 ars. In addition a large number of otor trucks were handled in the ame manner.

SUCCESSFUL FATTENING PEN

ides of Coop Are Slatted So That Fowls May Obtain Plenty of Fresh Air.

A successful fattening coop is herewith illustrated. The sides are slatted o the birds may have plenty of fresh ir. After each meal is eaten a muslin



Fattening Coop.

urtain should be thrown over the oop, which will place the stock in emi-darkness and at the same time dmit sufficient fresh air. If the floor e also slatted the coops will remain n a cleaner condition, as the manure as a chance to drop through between he slats—Farm Journal.

DIFFERENT CROPS FOR SILO

Canadian Peas Are in Right Condition When Pods Become Yellow—Same With Soy Bean.

Canada peas and oats are in condiion to go into the silo when a stage f maturity is reached where the pea ods are becoming yellow and the oat ads are showing the first indications f ripening. Clover will contain the roper amount of dry matter if alowed to stand until somewhat more han one-half of the blossoms are rown. Soy beans are in the proper tage of maturity for silage when the lant shows signs of approaching maturity. The beans should be well deeloped and the pods beginning to turn ellow.

Cow peas should show the same conitions as described for soy beans.

OBTAIN LARGER CORN YIELD

Field Selection of Seed Ears Is Best, According to Reports From Ohio Station.

The Ohio station reports that seecting seed ears from the standing orn increased yields three and a uarter bushels to the acre. One reaon why field selection is best, the tation points out, is that it gets the ars which excel because of inborn erit, rather than those favored by rowing on a rich spot in the field or roduced from a one-stalk hill. The uperior ear that comes from a three-talk hill on the average soil of the ld is better for seed purposes.

CONTROL OF GARDEN PESTS AND DISEASE

Insects May Be Poisoned by Spraying With Solution.

Plant Lice May Be Repelled With Soap Suds, Kerosene Emulsion or Tobacco Decoction—Dust Surface Mulch Is Good.

Insects which attack vegetables may be divided into two groups—those which eat or chew the leaves or fruit, and those which suck the plant juice. Biting insects may be poisoned by spraying the plants with poisonous solutions or by dusting them with poison powders. Potato beetles, flea beetles, cabbage worms, striped cucumber beetles and similar biting insects may be held in check by spraying the plants with arsenate of lead paste at the rate of two pounds to 50 gallons of water. The spray sticks better, especially on smooth plants like cabbage, if a little soap or molasses is dissolved in the spray. The arsenate of lead may be obtained as a dry powder, mixed in a quantity of flour or air-slaked lime and dusted on the plants.

Sucking insects like plant lice may be held in check by spraying with soap suds, kerosene emulsion or tobac-

The Colorado Potato Beetle and "Slugs" or Larvae at Work.

co decoction. Most insects are also repelled to a greater or less degree by the presence of fine dust, which tends to close their breathing pores. For that reason, it is best to keep the surface soil well tilled to maintain a dry, surface dust mulch. Wood ashes, air-slaked lime, insect powder or tobacco dust sprinkled on and about the plants also help to keep down insects.

Most fungous diseases such as celery rust and potato blight, may be held in check by spraying with bordeaux mixture; four pounds copper sulphate; four pounds lime; 50 gallons water.

Where both insects and fungi are present, it is well to add two pounds of arsenate of lead paste to the 50 gallons of bordeaux mixture. This combination spray is to be recommended especially for potatoes to control the potato beetle and potato blight. Detailed information on the control of garden insects will be found in extension service circular 15, of the University of Missouri college of agriculture.

PAINTING INTERIOR OF SILO

Not Advisable to Use Lead and Oil on Wooden Structures—Carbolineum Is Favored.

In painting the interior walls of the wood silo do not use lead and oil paint; use carbolineum or some other creosote wood preservative. One of our subscribers advised us that he painted the interior of his silo with lead paint and the paint came off in small scale, says Hoard's Dairyman. After feeding silage for some time the cows showed signs of poisoning and seven died. A chemical analysis of the contents of the stomachs showed that lead poisoning was the cause of death.

EGG CIRCLE BENEFITS

The object of a community egg circle is to secure and improve better strains of poultry; to produce more eggs of good color and size; to handle eggs more carefully in order to avoid waste; to pack a uniform grade of clean, fresh eggs, in order to be able to guarantee them and thus create a reputation; to market same more directly to the consumers; to purchase supplies in a co-operative way; and to do such other things as may prove of benefit to the members and the community.—United States Department of Agriculture.

DISPOSE OF ALL OLD FOWLS

Hens Not Wanted for Next Year's Breeding Should Be Culled Out After Breeding Season.

All the old hens that are not needed or wanted for next year's breeding should be culled out and disposed of after the breeding season is over. Before selling these old hens, they should be confined in a small space and fed all they will eat for two or three weeks. They can be fattened at a good profit in this time even though grain prices are high.

LABOR IS SCARCE AND TWINE IS CHEAPER AS HARVEST TIME NEARS

Doctors, Lawyers, Merchants and Fair Folk of the Cities Donned Old Clothes and Overalls to Help in the Harvest Fields During the War—the Famous "Shock Troops," to Whom the Secretary of Agriculture Has Issued an Appeal for Similar Aid This Year.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Labor and binder twine.

On the eve of the harvesting season the wheat-growers' thoughts turn to these two necessary items, particularly the former, which caused him much worry during the years of the war. Of course, labor is the chief problem, but binder twine is something that must be reckoned with as well, and in its own way is a very important feature in the harvesting operations.

The wheat-grower need have no apprehension as to the supply of binder twine this season. Reports coming to the bureau of plant industry indicate that there will be a plentiful supply of this commodity available for the American farmer. Not only will it be plentiful, but it is likely to be cheaper this year than for some years past.

Yucatan—the chief and cheapest source of henequen, from which the twine is made—produced a large crop this year, which, coupled with the termination of control of prices by the commission regulators, was responsible for a drop in the price of fiber from 15 to 10 cents a pound early in March. The price is now re-

Not Afraid to Don Overalls and Do Their "Bit."

ported to be 8 cents a pound. This reduction should be reflected in the price of twine this season.

Supply Not Affected by Revolution.

Thus far the recent revolution in Mexico has not affected the henequen industry of Yucatan and Campeche, the two important fiber-growing states of that country. It is too late now for any disruption of this industry to affect seriously the supplies of twine for this year's harvest, as practically all the fiber necessary for the present needs have already been imported to the United States.

Although there is no danger for this year's twine supply, officials of the department of agriculture are somewhat apprehensive over the effect that the low prices for fiber prevailing now will have upon the production of henequen during the next few years. Low prices, according to reports to the department, are leading the growers in Yucatan to reduce their planting, with the result that a real shortage of the fiber five or six years hence is a very likely possibility.

The labor outlook is not so cheerful. The supply of hired farm labor is about 72 per cent of the normal.

Although no appropriation was made by congress this year for carrying on the department of agriculture's wartime activities in aiding the farmers to get laborers, the department is doing what it can to assist farmers with this problem. The state directors of extension and the county agents are aiding in bringing together farmers and men who want jobs on farms.

Calls for "Shock Troops."

Results are expected from the appeal of Secretary of Agriculture Meredith to city men, college students, and others to spend their vacations working on farms, particularly as helpers in harvest fields. Frequent inquiries are being received by the department from university and college students as to where their services could best be used. The need for the now famous "shock troops"—volunteer helpers from the city who shocked wheat—that gave such a good account of themselves in the harvest fields during the war is believed to be as urgent this year as in those trying days. The mobilization of these forces is what Secretary Meredith is seeking to accomplish.

According to reports of the department, Kansas leads all other wheat-growing states in its demands for labor—50,000 outside men is its estimated need. Nebraska requires 6,000 additional men for its harvest, and Oklahoma, 4,000 or 5,000. No figures have been received as to the requirement for the Dakotas. It is expected, though, that the labor shortage there will be largely met by the workers in the other wheat states which have earlier harvest seasons. The central employment office established by the department of labor in Kansas City is undertaking the task of gathering the laborers and distributing them in the various localities.

ECONOMICAL METHOD IN THRASHING WHEAT

Task Should Be Performed Directly From Shock.

Grain That Is Handled When Damp Will Sweat Too Much and Become Hot and Burned—Community Plan Most Desirable.

When thrashing can be done early, the most economical method is to thrash directly from the shock. Thrash when the grain is dry, either before or after it has gone through the sweat. If the grain is too dry, it will crack in thrashing.

Wheat thrashed before sweating in the shock will go through the sweat in the bins, giving the grain a darker and richer color. Grain that is thrashed when damp will sweat too much and become hot and bin burnt. When grain is stacked it should be allowed to go through the sweat before thrashing.

Community thrashing is desirable where the farms are not large. The individual farmer will get his thrashing done more rapidly and economically where a group of farmers can own and operate a thrashing outfit together.

See that the separator is well cleaned before the thrashing is started, in order to prevent the mixture of grain and the scattering of weed seed from the neighboring farms.

Watch carefully the working of the machine to see that the grain is entirely removed from the straw and that the chaff is blown out.

Stack the straw, use it as feed or bedding for live stock, and so convert it into manure.

Write to United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., for a copy of Farmers' Bulletin No. 678, "Growing Hard Spring Wheat."

Buy Labor-Saving Tools.

If labor is scarce and high priced, buy labor-saving machinery and implements.

COULD DOUBLE CORN YIELDS

Desirable to Produce Enough to Meet All Demands on a Smaller Number of Acres.

Corn yields per acre in the United States could be doubled within a few years, and this could be accomplished without increase in work or expense. It is not to be understood that it is desirable to double the present corn crop, but that it is desirable to produce enough to meet all needs on a smaller number of acres and with less labor, says the United States department of agriculture. If 60 bushels are raised on one acre instead of on two acres, the labor of plowing, harrowing, planting, cultivating, and harvesting is greatly reduced.

FEED FOR STOCKER CALVES

In Addition to Pasture Young Animals Should Be Given Cottonseed or Cake Oil.

In the range sections of the United States stocker calves and yearlings should be fed from one to three pounds of some concentrate, in cottonseed or oil cake, in addition to pasture, except in severe weather, when they should also have roughage.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Drainage improves soils.

* * *

Sudan grass is winning on merit.

* * *

Locate your farm buildings to save steps.

* * *

Encourage the song birds; they are friends of the farmer.

* * *

The richest land is usually the cheapest measured by net profits.

* * *

The loco weed does not grow abundantly except in seasons when there is an abundance of moisture.

POULTRY FLOCKS

HOW OFTEN TO FEED FLOCK?

Much Depends on Whether They Are Confined or on Free Range—Good Plan Outlined.

Just how frequently chickens should be fed depends on whether they are confined or on the range. Some poultrymen feed their flocks twice a day, while others feed them three times a day. The best plan is to feed fowls in confinement three times a day and

Plan to Keep Fowls Busy When Confined.

those having free range in summer twice a day. When there is a very long interval between feeds it is difficult to keep fowls busy which are kept in confinement. Idle fowls often contract bad habits, such as feather pulling and egg eating, besides going out of condition from lack of exercise.

In case it is not convenient to feed three times a day, the moistened mash may be fed in the morning, and at the same time the noon feed of grain may be scattered in the litter, which will keep the fowls busy a great part of the day.

For those who cannot conveniently feed their fowls early in the morning a good plan is to scatter grain plentifully in the litter after the birds have gone to roost. This grain will furnish feed for the early morning, say poultry specialists in the United States department of agriculture.

Some poultry keepers can look after their fowls only once a day. If this is in the morning, moistened mash may be fed, followed by throwing grain in the litter to furnish feed for the remainder of the day. If it is in the evening, before dark, a moistened mash may be given, and either after the fowls go to roost or in the morning before daylight, grain may be scattered in the litter for eating during the day.

PLANS FOR BROODING DUCKS

Mother Duck or Hen Is Quite Satisfactory Where Small Numbers Are Being Reared.

Those rearing ducklings in small numbers usually accept the services of the mother duck or mother hen, according to which is used to do the hatching, for the purpose of brooding, and when only a few are reared this is a satisfactory method. Where ducks are raised in large numbers, however, artificial methods are always employed and the brooding is done by individual brooders or by long, hot water pipe systems heated by coal-burning boilers.

PROVIDE FOWLS PURE WATER

No Excuse for Permitting Them to Drink Impurities From Puddles—Cause of Diseases.

Fowls are not very discriminating in regard to water, and appear to enjoy drinking from puddles of foul water just as much as from pure and wholesome sources. That is no excuse for permitting them to do so, however, and the impurities in such water often cause serious losses. Either drain the stagnant pools or

POULTRY NOTES

Hatch the chicks early.

* * *

Provide plenty of shade.

* * *

Many people feed baby chicks too much.

* * *

Keep the house clean and well ventilated.

* * *

Raise young chicks on clean ground away from the general flock. Cull the flock.

* * *

A good feed for little chicks is ordinary johnnycake baked hard, crumbled and fed dry.

* * *

If milk is available, chicks should have all they can consume from the time of the first feeding until mature.

* * *

Where there is a tendency to boycott the perch and occupy the lower regions, the young birds should be taught to roost.

* * *

The owner of a small flock of ducks will find it profitable to force the growth of his ducklings for placing on the market at the age of two months.

Live Stock News

BRAND TUBERCULOUS CATTLE

New York Commissioner of Agriculture Orders Letter "T" Put on Affected Animals.

By a recent order of the New York commissioner of agriculture, all practicing veterinarians in that state are required to brand cattle found by them to be affected with tuberculosis. The order specifies that the brand shall be the letter "T" not less than 2 or more than 3 inches high and on the left jaw.

The new regulation, which became effective in March, was issued by Commissioner Charles S. Wilson under authority of the agricultural law. The order applies to all bovine animals within the limits of the state. Veterinary experts of the United States department of agriculture consider it will be of great value to live-stock breeders of New York and also an important step for any state to take in the progress of tuberculosis eradication. Reactors are permanently marked by the branding process and in cases where they are not slaughtered the possibility of their being disposed of or losing their identity is greatly lessened, if not entirely eliminated.

RAISING SHEEP FOR MUTTON

There Are Many Areas, Especially in Hilly Regions, Where Few Animals Could Be Kept.

Sheep are not very generally kept on farms for supplying the home family with meat. There are many areas, especially in hilly or mountainous regions, where nearly every farm could keep a few mutton sheep to advantage, says the United States department of agriculture. Boys' and girls' clubs in some parts of the country have done much to foster home production of mutton.

"Sheep naturally graze over rather wide areas and seek a variety of plants. This habit particularly adapts them to being kept in large numbers on lands of sparse vegetation or furnishing a variety of grasses or other plants. They do better on short and fine grasses than on coarse or high feed. They will eat a good deal of

Sheep Do Best on Fine and Short Grasses.

brush and, if confined to small areas, will do a fair job at cleaning up land. When used in this way, or on land producing brush only, they can not be expected to prove very satisfactory in the production of good lambs or good wool."—Farmers' Bulletin 840.

HOW HOG MANGE IS SPREAD

Disease Is Contracted More Rapidly Among Animals of Low Vitality—Cure by Dipping.

Hog mange is spread mainly by direct bodily contact, according to investigations recently conducted by the United States department of agriculture. The disease is contracted most rapidly among hogs of low vitality, especially those kept in small inclosures. It spreads more slowly among vigorous animals kept in pastures or in clean, well-lighted roomy pens or buildings. Failure by swine owners to control hog mange results in heavy losses from shrinkage as well as from a high death rate. The department states that the disease can be eradicated by four dippings in a lime-sulphur or arsenical solution with intervals of 6 to 7 days between dippings.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Each pregnant mare deserves a stall to herself.

* * *

Farrowing time often determines profit or loss to the hog grower.

* * *

Hurdles mean more sheep to the acre. Hurdles are light, movable panels of fence used for making temporary enclosures.

* * *

Indigestion in young lambs is shown by great distress and frothing at the mouth. A tablespoonful of castor oil is a good remedy.

* * *

Health, vigor and rapidity of growth are valued by experienced swine raisers as much as the saving in feed cost. They mean an efficient herd and one in which disease is not liable to gain a foothold.

Gardite

Guards Gardens

Raise your Garden right—Use Gardite on melon, cucumber and pumpkin vines, cabbage, rosebushes and some other plants and flowers.

Don't neglect your Garden. The bugs are here, use gardite. Bugs or worms will sooner or later attack your garden unless you act to prevent there coming.

PARIS GREEN

The only sure death for the Potato Bug. Buy a package and have it on hand.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Excursion to Canada

Where $560.00 will handle 160 acres of the very best wheat land situated in Saskatchewan, Canada, in localities where you have railroadr, good towns, modern farm buildings, schools, churches, good roads, telebhones. Balance purchase price can be arranged to suit purchaser. Now is your opportunity. Do not fsil to write or call on Charles F. Busch, Klemme, Iowa, Agent, for special excursion rates to land buyers.

Central Farm & Investment Co.
Fort Dodge, Iowa

Fruits **Candy** **Ice Cream** **Bakery Goods**

Are you *Thirsty? Hot?*

Then slip into our place and enjoy the products of our Soda Fountain. A cool, clear ahd snappy drink of

"Green River"

will hit the thirsty spot. Our Ice Cream Sundaes are the best to be had. We also serve sodas, pop, malt and other cool, refreshing drinks.

Try us when thirsty

The Crystal Cafe

New Cantaloups and fresh Fruit of all kinds

The Birthday of A Nation.

July 4th, 1920 is the 144th anniversary of the Declaration of Independence.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME STORE'S TRADE WITH MEN YOU KNOW

As flags fly and bands play, let us not be unmindful of the devotion, loyalty and sacrifice which gave freedom to our country. All honor to the Stars and Stripes which symbolize our American heritage--life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

As tne "Fourth" falls on Sunday, this bank will be closed all day Mondry, July 5th, in observance of the Nation's birth day.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers.

E. L. Spear, a printer, brought back to Garner from Oklahoma to face charges of bigamy has confessed.

While trimming trees at his home in Waterloo, Iowa, John F. Boynson, aged 64, yas stricken with heart disease and fell to the ground dead.

A youthful quartet from Greenfield, Iowa, was arrested near Moulton while asleep in a Hudson Super-Six car they are alleged to have stolen.

Buena Vista county boasts the honor of having the first woman county clerk in the state. She is Miss Blanche Womak, who was appointed to succeed C. C. Colwell, when he moved to California. Miss Womak has been a deputy under Colwell for the last two years.

The youngest pair of elopers recorded on the police blotter are being sought by detectives. The two are from Ottumwa, and they ran away from their together, according to advices from Ottumwa police, who say the two started for Des Moines. The "woman in the case" is 12 years of age, while the boy has 16 summers to his credit. Detectives have found no trace of the newlyweds.

Three persons met death at Dubuque when a gasoline stove exploded in their residence, trapping them in the structure. Wedged against the front door, Mrs. Charles Thurston, 35 years old, with her six months' old baby, clasped in her arms, was found by firemen. Isabelle Thurston, age 3, rescued from the second story by firemen, died at a hospital after suffering two hours agony from burns and near suffocation.

The Mashall County Cow Test Association again has taken first place in average production of ten high cows, for the month of April. Marshall county took a big lead during the month ,the ten high cows producing an average of 1,727 pounds of milk and 62.72 pounds of butter fat. The nearest competitor, the Dallas county association, scored an average of 1,441 pounds of milk and 57,-07 pounds of butter fat.

Success has come in unmeasured portions to Ernest Melburg, a Benton county farmer and breeder of Poland China hogs, who has in two years' time cleaned up $85,000. Some time ago Mr. Melberg sold his fine herd of Poland Chinas to Gus Tow of Norway, Iowa, for $105,000. Melburg made his first herd purchase two years ago when he bought three brood sows for $950. In nine months timè he made a profit of $2,000 on their pigs.

Rev. D. W. Cassatt of Corning, who is one of eighteen living members of the class of 1870 which graduated from Penn college, now Gettysburg college, at Gettysburg, Pa., has gone back to visit his alma mater on the fiftieth anniversary of his graduation. Rev. Mr. Cassatt, a man of 76 years old, with forty-seven years of ministerial work behind him, listened to the dedicatory address of Abraham Lincoln at the national cemetery at Gettysburg Nov. 19, 1863.

After being without an annual county fair for thirty years the time now seems ripe for such an annual gathering at Denison beginning with 1921. The last fair will be held at Arion this fall, and then steps taken by the farmers and stock breeders to make a strong fair at the county seat. The farm bureau will make a canvass of every township to raise the funds. Citizens of Denison have offered to raise here as much as the outside townships will subscribe.

Iowa has at present 1,370,000 dairy cows producing on the average of 150 pounds of butter fat per year. It is estimated that each person consumes three gallons of 20 per cent cream, worth 30 cents per gallon. Milk is consumed at the rate of 1.1 pint per person. This consumption is increasing at present, due to the campaign being waged in the state for the greater use of milk for children. If Iowa's cows produced 200 pounds butter fat annually, they would require no more outlay for housing and labor and little more feed than now. The cow testing associations are making the fight for better cows and greater production per capita. Ice cream is steadily increasing in its value as a dairy product. Last year $27,000,000 worth was consumed in the state. Cheese is the least of the dairy products, only having a value of $330,000, It is produced mainly in the northeastern part of the state where the hilly sections provide good pasture but poor markets for milk.

First patients for psychopathic treatment will be received at the general hospital of the University of Iowa about July 1, according to Dr. Samuel T. Orton, director of the psychopathic hospital.

The body of a day-old male child, badly decomposed, found at Davenport, leads authorities to believe the babe was a victim of foul play. An inquest is to be held. The body was nude, but showed no signs of violence. Dr. F. H. Lamb said the baby had breathed, and that death was no doubt due to drowning.

The Farm Bureau drive for members in Carroll county was a decided success and the final count shows that 1169 new members were added to the Bureau and $4651 was taken in for use of the State Federation. Glidden township proved the banner township in the county as regards number of new members, 108 being secured there. R. W. Halford, a well known Poland China breeder of Manning gave a pure bred gilt, the animal to be sold at auction and the proceeds to go to the fund. The most liberal donators to the state federation fund were found in Jasper township, where $495 was secured.

Creameries over the country are being continually confronted with the question of the quality of the cream which they receive. This has been a very difficult problem to handle, due to the fact that there have always been creameries that would take the cream from the farmers in any condition—good or bad. The different extension departments of the corn belt state universities have been working with the creameries in order to educate their patrons to the importance of bringing in sweet cream. The grading of cream has proven to be one of the most satisfactory methods the creamery can use in bringing up its quality. In addition it has been demonstrated that grading is a paying proposition, both for the farmers and for the creameries.

Among the many Iowa stockmen who exhibited one or more animals at the Chicago International November 29 to December 6, are the following: Herefords—Marion Armentrout, Bonita, 7; E. M. Cassady, Whiting, 3; Ford Hereford Farm, Bonita, 3; Iowa State college, 4; Peter Mouw, Orange City, 9; Henry Schnoor & Son, Perry, 2; C. A. Tow, Norway, 2; H. P. Tonefeldt, LeMars, 3. Shorthorns—Bert Brown, Adel, 1; Cahill Bros., Rockford, 4; Gallmeyer Bros., Mechanicsville, 5; William Herkelmann, Elwood, 8; Iowa State college, 6; Kroeger Brothers, Princeton, 2; Loveland Stock Farms, Mt. Pleasant, 11; Miller Bros., Britt, 1; M. C. Matton, Corwith, 2; W. E. Pritchard, Walnut, 9; Rockwood farm, Ames, 3; E. R. Silliman, Colo, 2; D. Tietjen, Bellevue, 3; Upperhill farm, Wapello, 4; Howard Vaughan, Marion, 4. Poland Chinas—Iowa State college, 5; William Kimpke, Avoca, 1; Peter Mouw, Orange City, 2. Duroc Jerseys—Alden Anderson, Story City, 6; H. S. Fain, Emmetsburg, 2; Iowa State college, 9; C. H. Summers, Malvern, 3.

E. A. Hall, stock dealer of Marshall county shows the magnitude of the hog feeding industry in that part of the state, and while this was not a record breaker in the matter of grains or prices received, there are indications of profits in the figures. Mr. Hall bought 150 head of 101 pound hogs in a northern market, paying $18.75 per hundred for them. He fed them for a period of 105 days and sold them for $20 a hundred. They averaged 252 pounds at time of marketing, receiving $7,500 for the lot.

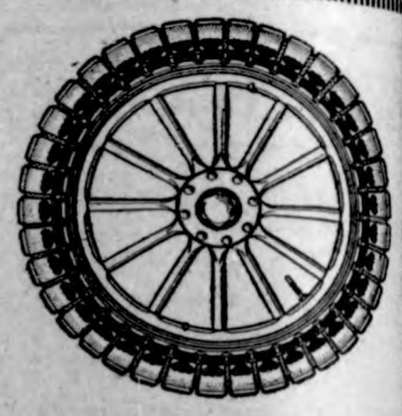
An Evil Genius.

Asmodeus is an evil genius or demon. In the apochryphal book of Tobit he is represented as slaying the seven husbands of Sara. In the Talmud he is described as the prince of demons and is said to have driven Solomon from his kingdom.

Troubles of a Lazy Man.

"A lazy man ain't likely to be happy," said Uncle Eben. "He generally gits a bad disposition tryin' to scare other people into doin' de work."

Highway Tire Protectors



20,000 miles from tires guaranteed.

A Perfect Tire Protecting Device Made on a Tested Principle

Easy to put on and cannot possibly injure your tire. Prevents cuts, bruises, punctures and blowouts. A perfect tire protecting device that goes on without deflating your tires, is noiseless and NON-SKID under every condition of road or weather.

Cost is but a trifle

They cost only half as much as new caseings. New tires guaranteed to give 20,000 miles service when constantly equipped with the Highways. Will fit any make, style or size of tire.

Sold on 10 Days Trial

ROY I. SCHAEFER

Authorized Agent **Phone 208**

Comfortable clothes Make summertime Comfortable

You will find this store a great place to get your wearing apparel for men and boys.

Besides the choice assortments you will get a quality that always satisfies and at a price, quality considered, that you will recognize as fair and right.

Mens Underwear $1 $1.50 $2
and up.

Boys Underwear 65c 75c $1 $1.50
and up.

Shirts Waists Bathing Suits Hosiery

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

THE DAMON-IGOU CO.

MASON CITY, IOWA

Be sure and attend our

July Clearance Sale

Misses, Womens and Childrens

Wearing Apparel, Millinery

DRY GOODS

and all dress accessories.

Rugs and Draperies

Sale begins July 1st and ends July 31st.

See circular for Sale Prices.

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors Phone 72

Overland

Overland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

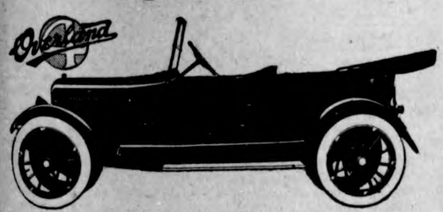
Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



Willys Overland

PHONE 30

Wiles Garage

YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST

KLEMME, IA.

Want Ads.

For Sale

FOR SALE—Good residence for sale with 3½ lots, with good sleeping porch and sun porch, located 3 blocks from Main street, good garage, electric lights, apple and plum trees, etc. Fred Musfelt. adv-2-wc.

KITCHEN CABINET for sale; in good condition. Frank Kluckhohn. tf

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

STRAYED AWAY—A roan steer, weighing about four hundred pounds, strayed away from my place about three weeks ago. Finder notify me at my expense. TIM WADDINGHAM 2p

FOUND—Crank for automobile. Edtor can't use the crank so owner please get the crank or give us the car. You can have the crank by paying for this notice. 2-wc.

FOUND—An auto jack. Owner can have same by calling at Times Office and proving property and paying cost of advertising. 2w

FOUND—Number plate for auto. No. 142543 Ia. Call at Times Office.

Miscellaneous

WM. VOILES, of Belmond, sells Nursery Etock for the Des Moines Nursery Co. Those needing nursery stock for next spring delivery write or phone him at Belmond. I guarantee free replacements the first season. Adv-2wp.

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

With the freight car shortage apparently more acute than it was even a few weeks ago, bankers, farmers, manufacturers, merchants and grain dealers throughout Iowa started movements to combine in a vigorous appeal to the government. While conditions seemed for several weeks to be getting better an extereme relapse has been noted and those interested are admittedly worried. The Iowa State Bankers' association sent out letters to the Iowa Farm federation and to the Iowa State Manufacurers' association requesting them to join in appointing a delegation to go to Washington. The delegation would have instructions not to request relief, not to seek advice, but to demand that immediate and drastic action be taken to overcome the present car shortage, a shortage that, if sustained, bankers claim will result in the worst financial difficulty yet encountered.

It took two years of political struggle to elect the first United States senators from the state of Iowa. A volume on the "History of Senatorial Elections in Iowa," published by the State Historical society, tells the story of this contest. In the first session in December, 1846, the general assembly met in joint convenvention and a ballot showed neither party with sufficient votes to elect. Indications however seemed to favor the Whigs. Whereupon the Democratas moved an adjournment and for the rest of the session the Democratic senate refused to come to a joint convention. At the next session, in January, 1848, the Democratic prospects were favorable and the Whig house of representatives turned the tables by refusing to go into joint convention. In December of that year, however, a new general assembly convened, this time clearly Democratic, and the state which had been for two years without representation in the United States senate finally elected two longtime Democrats—Augustus Caesar Dodge and George Wallace Jones.

When C. M. Vanhorn, 19, of Sioux City, was arrested on a charge of housebreaking, he confessed to scores of robberies all within the last two months. He is a former resident of Boone.

Cedar Rapids may become a gasless city July 1, if the city council does not adopt an ordinance increasing the rates. The local utilities company has notified the council that gas can not be produced today for less than $1.15, and that if the prewar rate of 90 cents is enforced the service will have to be discontinued.

Mrs. F. Wellemeyer from Charles City came Thursday for a visit with her son, Arthur Wellemeyer and family, and other relatives and friends. She also attended the camp meeting at Garner a few days last week.

Local News

The Misses Leota and Edna Smith returned from Belmond Saturday afternoon where they had been visiting relatives and friends.

Rev. F. C. Greiwe and family of Rudd, Iowa, were attending the camp meeting at Garner last week but managed to come to Klemme to say hello to relatives and friends.

The J. N. Day famly, Mable Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith and Donald Nissen autoed to Garner Sunday to attend the camp meeting. John sure had a car full for once.

Bob Henschen, Kimmall Terhufen and Ole Brynteson were all seen strutting around at Clear Lake Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Tiernan from Belmond, was a Klemme shopper Monday.

Quite a number of Odd Fellows and their wives from here went to Garner las Thursday evening to attend work in the Rebecca Lodge there. Including the Klemme people there were sixteen initiated into the order.

Dr. Zinn drove to Mason City Sunday morning to bring Mrs. John Bock home who has been at the hospital there for some tme. She is improved to quite an extent and her many rfiends hope for her speedy recovery.

Mrs. C. A. Kimball of Delavan, Wis., was a vistor at the N. L. Palmer home from last Tuesday until Thursday. Mrs. Kimball is the wife of Mrs. Palmer's brother.

Mr. and Mrs. Holly Lewis came last Saturday for a short visit at the home of his parents. This is the first appearance of Holly and his Bride in Klemme since their marriage.

This vicinity was visited by a heavy rain Monday evening which was a great benefit to the crops. It is also reported that between here and Garner hat a heavy wind tore down large trees and done some damage to small buildings.

Harold Livermore of Garner was a business caller here last Thursday.

Frank Zeiger and Will Bemis, of Garner, were business callers here last Thursday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Rundberg of Des Moines, were visiting at the M. O. Hocum home from last Thursday until Saturday. Mrs. Rundberg is a sister of Mr. Hocum.

Remember the free concert Saturday night at the M. E. church. The Morningside College Male Quartet in full program, bright and snappy with a breath of college life. Free, but a silver offering for expense.

Mrs. J. Jorgenson, of Garner, was a Klemme visitor last Friday.

Mike Haskins, of Garner, was in town several days the past week on electrical work.

Ellen and Opal Kinden of Thompson, Iowa, came last week Tuesday and remained until Friday visiting their cousins Blanche Liljenberg and Mrs. Frank Kluckhohn.

Miss Clella McCullough was here several days of the past week assisting her sister Mildred at the Wellemeyer store.

Qute a number of Klemme people were at the Garner camp meeting Sunday and Sunday evening, which came to a close then.

Henry Suckow has moved his house from the lot south of the F. J. Wenck residence to the lot between Waterman's and Fred Musfelt's. The house will be all fixed up in fine shape and when finished will be occupied by Mrs. Suckow's parents who now live at Garner.

The young folks of the vicinity had a regular "shiveree" last Wednesday evening when they gathered pots, pans, bells and horns and gave Mr. and Mrs. Fred Becker, newlyweds, some real choice music. Valentine Josten was right on hand with plenty of cigars which satisfied the noise makers.

With a regular account here you are in a position to ask and receive advice, accommodation and the full use of our many facilities.

There is no question of its being an advantage to have a good bank back of you.

We solicit the opportunity to prove to you that this Bank is good in its soundness, personnel and service.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

SUCCESSFUL MEN BUILD

Men of action, men of success are men who build because--

Building means Profit!

Every improvement built about your place is a sign of success and the source of more success.

We are here to help successful men build. That means YOU when you are ready.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement

Lime

Brick

Posts

Drain Tile

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

I will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

The Klemme Times $2 per year.

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

The House of Whispers

By WILLIAM JOHNSTON

Illustrations by IRWIN MYERS

Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.

CHAPTER XIV—Continued.

—17—

"I have," she answered, looking at him steadily in the eye, but speaking with a slight tremor in her tones. I wondered to what it might be due. Was it because she feared the consequences of the revelation as to her identity, or was it that she feared she might be trapped by his questions?

"Now tell me, Mrs. Moore," he shot at her explosively, "who really murdered Daisy Lutan?"

"Henry Kent," she answered quickly, before the district attorney had time to stop her.

"What's this?" exclaimed the judge. "What did you say?"

"Object! object!" vociferated the district attorney, striving in vain to catch the attention of the judge presiding. McGregor, apparently well satisfied with the results of his question, stood there, smiling assurance at me.

"Young woman," directed the judge, "will you kindly repeat your last statement—louder. Who did you say killed Daisy Lutan?"

The girl turned to face the judge. Her lips were set as if she had determined to carry out some fixed plan, cost what it might.

"Daisy Lutan," she repeated, "was murdered by Henry Kent, who owns the Granddeck. He's really Orville Granders, the bank president who got away with eight hundred thousand dollars and was sent up for seventeen years."

There was a commotion in the rear of the courtroom. A dapper little old gentleman with neatly trimmed white whiskers rose hastily and made a dash for the door. Gorman, who had been sitting behind him, sprang after him and pinioned him by the arms:

"Nothing doing, Granders. I've got you."

Wick, sitting up near the counsel table, at the same time showed evidence that he, too, was contemplating hasty flight, but a husky chap whom I suspected of being one of Gorman's aides, seized him, too.

"Your honor," cried my counsel, "I demand the issuance of warrants at once for Orville Granders, alias Henry Kent, and his confederate, James Wilson, alias James Wick and 'Stuffy Jim,' on the charge of having murdered Daisy Lutan and Rufus Gaston. I further urge the immediate release of my client, Mr. Spalding Nelson, in my custody. Testimony that we already have obtained will establish that he was an innocent victim of the dastardly plots of these two ex-convicts."

The reaction that came from this sudden clearing of my name left me in a puzzled daze from which I hardly recovered until late that evening, when, once more free, I found myself in the Gaston apartment. Granders, his tool, Wick, and practically every employee of the Granddeck were under arrest, and warrants were out for other members of the band whose identity had been revealed by the former telephone girl.

And there in the apartment with me were my mother, Gorman, McGregor—and to my surprise and delight, Barbara Bradford. After her sister's wedding, it appeared, Barbara's mother had gone away for a brief rest, leaving her alone in the apartment with the servants. She had welcomed the opportunity to work undisturbed on the mystery that had landed me behind the bars. Thinking that at Rufus Gaston's funeral she might pick up some clue that would be of service in unraveling the tangled skein that held her and me together, she had gone thither, and seeing my mother there, and suspecting at once who she might be, had introduced herself. Quickly they had become good friends and she it was who had informed my mother of my plight.

Present also with us, despite the lateness of the hour, was the district attorney and two of his aides, and Nellie Kelly, or as she much preferred to be called, Mrs. Moore. The girl was technically a prisoner, but her services in bringing the real criminals to book had been so exceptional that she had been released on her own recognizance. Hither she had been brought that the district attorney might check up with her the marvelous tale of criminal conspiracy that she had unfolded to my counsel in the brief recess of the court that day.

Orville Granders, it appeared, had been the master-mind that had directed all the plotting. A score of years before he had been president of one of the metropolis' biggest banks. He had been discovered to have embezzled nearly a million dollars. He had been tried and sentenced to seventeen years' imprisonment, but no one ever had been able to find what he had done with the money, so safely had he hidden it away.

In his long years in prison, associating daily with criminals of the worst sort, and listening to their plans for further crime on their release, his own criminal instincts, already developed, had grown stronger, and he had spent his time planning a new system of crime of which he was to be the head, using as his confederates certain evildoers with whom he had become acquainted in prison. When he had been released he had slipped quietly away to the West and lived in close retirement until he had been forgotten. The white whiskers he had grown so changed his appearance, too, that he had little fear of being recognized. Recovering such part of the stolen money as was left to him, he had come to New York in the guise of a prosperous Western investor and, purchasing a plot of land, had erected the Granddeck apartments, designed for the occupancy of the wealthiest class of tenants.

In this building, sitting like a little white spider in his web, he planned to prey secretly on all who came to live there. Every attendant in the building was either a criminal or an associate of criminals, reporting to him daily all that went on, and obeying his orders implicitly. A special switchboard in his apartment enabled him to listen in at will on all telephone conversations that went on. Every letter delivered at the Granddeck went through his hands before reaching the tenants. For every wall safe in the building he held a master combination and his pass-key would unlock every door there was. And in addition to all this—

HE HAD BUILT A SECRET PASSAGEWAY.

We found it that night and explored it, familiarizing ourselves with all its exits, greatly to the amazement and confounding of Gorman. Connecting with the service elevator by a masked opening, it ran along the hall of each apartment, with entrances concealed in wall panels. It enabled Granders to wander at will through the apartments at night, leaving mysterious notes to terrify his tenants, prying into the secrets hidden in their wall safes, listening when he chose to their most private conversations, examining the contents of their pockets. As he had planned from the beginning, he gained in this way much information that he was able to utilize to his financial profit without arousing suspicion. He had discovered, Mrs. Moore said, secret stock market movements one of his tenants was planning and had made a small fortune out of the advance information. Several injudicious women he had successfully blackmailed, turning over to agents who never came near the Granddeck the secrets he learned from letters he opened and telephone conversations he had listened to.

In the case of Rufus Gaston, he had plotted to steal the Gaston pearls, Mrs. Moore explained, first terrifying the old couple into leaving the apartment, the whispers that had been heard coming of course from the secret passageway.

"But I can't understand," I said, "why, after he had once got hold of the pearls in Mr. Gaston's absence, he should have restored them to their hiding place."

"He had a duplicate made of phony pearls," explained Mrs. Moore. "It was part of his plan not to have any of the tenants discover the thefts for a long time after they occurred."

"If he was so cautious," said the district attorney, "I am puzzled as to why he killed Miss Lutan and Mr. Gaston. He must have realized that both murders would be thoroughly investigated."

"Both were accidents, so to speak," the girl explained. "Each of them surprised him in their apartment, and

He Had Built a Secret Passageway.

he had to kill them to make his getaway. I suppose he had been roaming around so much he had got careless."

"How about the revolver?" asked Gorman. "How did he come to plant it in Nelson's room?"

"He was puzzled by Mr. Nelson butting in on the Bradford case, and it made him sore. I heard him and Wick talking about it one day, and he said that he'd teach Mr. Nelson not to interfere. 'How?' asked Wick. 'I'll frame him for the goat if anything happens.'"

"And was it he who had me discharged from my office?" I asked, eagerly.

"Sure it was. He wrote a note on Mr. Gaston's stationery saying that you had forged a check after he had befriended you. He wrote in the letter that he was not going to prosecute you because of your mother, but that he felt that you were unworthy of employment anywhere."

"I believe," said the district attorney, "that that clears everything up, except for one thing—why, Mrs. Moore, did you aid him and Wick in all these crimes?"

"He promised that if I would help him he would get Eddie out," she cried. "I was desperate. I'd do anything to get my husband back."

Gorman and the district attorney exchanged meaning glances. While nothing more was said, I felt sure as they departed that both were thinking that this brave young woman who had solved the mystery for them certainly deserved some reward, and I think we all realized that the only reward life ever could hold for her was the freedom of her husband.

Presently they went and left us alone, Gorman, my mother, Barbara, and I.

"There are still two things I cannot understand," I said, as we sat talking it over. "The first is"—and I turned to Barbara—"what was your sister doing in this apartment on the night of the first murder? When I came up from the Lutan apartment I caught her just coming out of my door. I could not help wondering if they had made her plant the revolver."

Barbara started up, blushing.

"Oh, no," she cried, "it was nothing like that. You remember a few moments before you and I had been in your room, looking at the secret pas-

"If Only I Had Something to Offer You Besides My Love!"

sageway. Claire just then had come into my room looking for me. She was puzzled by my absence, and the only solution that came to her was that I must be in your rooms. Alarmed at what she considered my imprudence, she had slipped out into the hall, and seeing your door open, had investigated. Of course she did not find me, for I had returned by way of the window ledge. She told me about it the night before she was married. I don't wonder, though, that you suspected her."

"I didn't suspect her," I cried. "I just wondered what she had been doing there."

"That's right," said Gorman. "He wouldn't believe for a minute that she had had anything to do with it."

"But what puzzles me most," I went on, "is how you ever persuaded the telephone girl to give Granders away. It must have been done after she had given her first testimony. How did it happen that she changed so suddenly over to our side?"

As I looked from one to the other for an explanation, Gorman burst out laughing.

"You'll have to ask Miss Bradford about that," he said. "She did it all."

I turned again to look at Barbara, expecting her to speak, but she merely blushed and was silent.

"Go on, tell me," I urged her.

"Well," she said hesitatingly, "as I heard her testifying, I had an inspiration. I heard her say that she loved her husband, and that she did not care who knew it—and—and—and—all at once I realized that love was the strongest influence in the world, so I had Mr. McGregor ask for an adjournment, and then—"

She stopped in confusion, the rosy blushes once more mantling her cheeks.

"Go on," I insisted.

"I can't tell it," she cried.

"You must tell," I urged. "I have a right to know it. What did you do?"

"I managed to see her alone."

Again she hesitated.

"What did you say to her?" I demanded.

"I just told her," she faltered, lowering her eyes as she spoke, "that—that I loved you just as much as she loved her husband, and I begged her for love's sake not to help send you to the chair, and she broke down and told everything."

"Oh, Barbara, my Barbara!" I cried, springing up and clasping her in my arms. "If only I had something to offer you besides my love—"

"I wouldn't worry about that just now, Spalding," interrupted my mother's voice. "They found your great-uncle's will today. He made you his sole heir."

But Barbara and I hardly heeded her good news. We were too busy telling each other the world-old story.

[THE END.]

Formation of Asbestos.

Asbestos is found in fissures of rock and it is believed that, when the rock was forming and still hot, water penetrated the fissures, widened them and dissolved some of the silica and magnesia. On drying, these crystallized as a hydrated silicate of magnesia, forming threadlike crystals building up from opposite walls of the fissure and meeting in the middle.

Posts Total Over 8,000.

Ninety-six new charters were issued the week ending March 26, bringing the total to 8,652.

Words That Made Men Free

IN CONGRESS. JULY 4, 1776.

The unanimous Declaration of the thirteen united States of America

OUR COUNTRY

DATE OF INDEPENDENCE DEMANDS FITTING CELEBRATION.

We are told by historians that Bjorne Hergulfson, an adventurous Icelander, was the first to see this continent. This was in the year 986 and the land he saw was believed to be Nantucket, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland.

Lief Erickson, in the year 1000, in Bjorne's ship, set sail for Greenland, landed in Newfoundland and later in Nova Scotia and still later on the shores of Massachusetts bay. The claim is made that he was the first paleface to set foot on the American continent.

Descendants of Columbus strenuously deprecated the importance of the discoveries of "Eric the Red," but the Americanist society declares that Columbus himself knew of the voyages and settlements of the Norsemen, having informed himself thereof when he visited Iceland in 1477.

Be that as it may, Columbus has the advantage of tradition, of familiarity, of the facility with which an at least apparent connection is established between the man and what came after him.

On June 24, 1497, John Cabot, an Englishman, saw the dismal cliffs of Labrador. That was 14 months before Columbus, on his third voyage, came in sight of the mainland of South America.

Amalric was the name which compacted the old ideal of heroism and leadership. It meant "the man who ruled because he labored for all." This name the Norman French shortened to Amaury. In Italy the name suffered euphonic changes and it became Amelrico, but the juxtaposition of the two consonants "l" and "r" presented a difficulty in pronunciation and the "lr" was changed to "rr" and finally to one "r." Down the centuries the name remained, and from Amerrico Vespuci came the name of the new world.

The Mayflower cast anchor in the waters off Cape Cod on November 21, 1621. The Pilgrims finally decided on Plymouth as the spot for settlement. The first settlement had been established, however, at Jamestown since 1607. Its early record was one of continuous misfortune—from an oppressive government to famine and Indian massacre. The first legislative assembly convened July 30, 1619.

On July 4, 1776, the Declaration of Independence was agreed to and Matthew Thornton affixed his signature to the engrossed copy. On January 18, 1777, an authentic copy with the names of the members of congress was ordered and a copy was sent to each of the United States to be placed on record."

This great state paper, "unequaled in eloquence and dignity," was the product, largely, of Thomas Jefferson and Benjamin Franklin, and it is said Thomas Paine, Franklin's friend, wrote the first draft presented to congress.

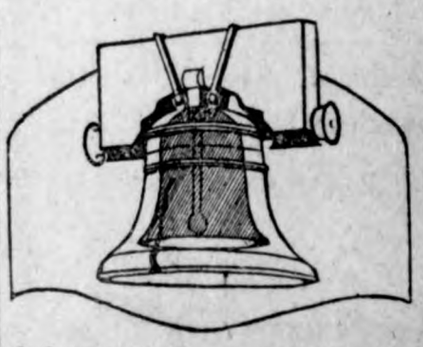
From that time to this the people of the United States of America have celebrated the anniversary of their independence. Emerging, with colors triumphant, from participation in the World war, the Stars and Stripes have taken on added luster and today they float over the happiest and most prosperous people on the earth.

LET OLD BELL PEAL AGAIN

Suggestion for the Rejuvenation of the Historic Tocsin That Rang Out Liberty's Triumph.

Shall the Liberty bell ring out once more? Ever since 1843 it has remained mute—and for good reason. When it was being rung on Februrary 22, 1843, the crack in it, which had appeared some eight years before, so increased as nearly to destroy its sound. Ever since that time it has silently held its post at the head of the stairway in Independence hall in Philadelphia, where it has received the reverential inspection of thousands of Americans.

The original bell was cast in England in 1752, and was cracked soon after it was brought to America. It



A Smaller Bell Inside of the Liberty Bell Could Be Rung.

was recast in Philadelphia, more copper being put into the composition. But it cracked again while being tolled in memory of Chief Justice John Marshall in 1835; and the crack extended, as has been said, in 1843.

Here is a suggestion. Why not place within the Liberty bell a second smaller bell which can be rung? The proportions of the original bell permit of this, and it will be, in fact, a cover or jacket for the sound-giving bell.

Surely this generation ought to see the historic bell swinging once more as joyous peals "Proclaim Liberty Throughout All the Land Unto All the Inhabitants Thereof," as the inscription on the bell reads.—Popular Science Monthly.

Kosciuszko Doubly Welcome.

At those times, when the United States fought for its independence, any experienced soldier who had come to this land to fight for its freedom was cordially welcomed, and the more so Kosciuszko, one of the best students of the highest military institution, acquainted with modern strategic sciences, was especially desirable.

VALLEY FORGE

LITTLE VILLAGE BEARS NAME THAT IS IMMORTAL.

While Washington's troops st... or died of fever or gangrene at ...ley Forge the enemies of his ... household were not ashamed to ... politics for the downfall of their ... mander even at the risk of losing ... common cause. Lafayette, hot ... indignation, writing to his well-... chief December 30, 1777, said, ... the restraint that good taste put ... a well-bred alien pen:

"I see plainly that America can ... fend herself if proper measures ... taken; but I begin to fear that ... may be lost by herself and her ... sons."

And Washington, with his ne... failing courage and with a cheer... ness he could not have felt, replied:

"We must not, in so great a con... expect nothing but sunshine. I ... no doubt that everything happens ... the best, that we shall triumph ... our misfortunes, and in the end ... happy; and then, my dear marq... if you will give me your company ... Virginia, we will laugh at our ... difficulties and the folly of others."

So wrote the man who, in dea... winter, commanded an army with ... a quartermaster general, for ... creature of congress had ceased ... function the previous summer. C... gress, calmly aware of Washing... inevitable plight, appointed no su... sor till March of the following ... when, no thanks to the politicians, ... exertions of Nathaniel Greene, Ro... Morris and "Mad Anthony" Wayn... the fearless leader who said he w... rather go into battle than witness ... sufferings of the men in his ca... supplied cattle and clothing ... brought the starving command ... to life.

Sir George Otto Trevelyan, nep... and biographer of Lord Macaulay, ... his brilliant and sympathetic his... of our war for independence, ... that this village in the Pennsylva... hills "gave a name to what, as it ... goes on, bids fair to be the most c... brated encampment in the world's ... tory."

On a bare hillside, surrounded ... open fields, and miles from any ... siderable settlement, stands, alm... completed, an exquisite little ... Gothic chapel. It is not a vil... church but a national Valhalla. ... an edifice of unusual beauty. Pa... of school children, patriotic soci... and descendants of colonial famili... all had a part in building it. It is ... icated to the memory of Washing... and of those who suffered with ... on the hills and in the fields ro... about.—Saturday Evening Post.

O WEAK TO DO ANYTHING

ous Feminine Illness Remedied ydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

co, Wis.—"After the birth of each children I had displacement and was so weak I couldn't do anything I found a book about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound so thought I would try it, and after taking it I soon felt better. That was fifteen years ago and I have felt well ever since except that I had a slight attack trouble some time ago and took more of your Compound and was ll right again. I always recommend your medicine and you may publish my testimonial for the benefit of women."—Mrs. JULES BERO, Jr., Box 99, Casco, Wis.

dia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made from native roots and herbs, ins no narcotic or harmful drugs, oday holds the record of being the uccessful remedy for female ills country, and thousands of voluntary testimonials prove this fact. ou have the slightest doubt that E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Mass., for advice. Your letter opened, read and answered by a n, and held in strict confidence.

VICTIMS RESCUED

ey, liver, bladder and uric acid bles are most dangerous because of their insidious attacks. the first warning they give they need attention by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

orld's standard remedy for these ers, will often ward off these dis- and strengthen the body against attacks. Three sizes, all druggists. ok for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Girls! Girls!! ear Your Skin With Cuticura

25c. Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

of people do a thing twice in to get it done once.

u Need a Medicine ou Should Have the Best

you ever stopped to reason why at so many products that are exly advertised, all at once drop out t and are soon forgotten? The is plain—the article did not fulfill omises of the manufacturer. This more particularly to a medicine. ficinal preparation that has real value almost sells itself, as like ness chain system the remedy is mended by those who have been ed, to those who are in need of it. rominent druggist says "Take for Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a ation I have sold for many years er hesitate to recommend, for in every case it shows excellent reas many of my customers testify. er kidney remedy has so large a

rding to sworn statements and testimony of thousands who have e preparation, the success of Dr. 's Swamp-Root is due to the fact. y people claim, that it fulfills alvery wish in overcoming kidney, d bladder ailments; corrects uritroubles and neutralizes the uric hich causes rheumatism.

may receive a sample bottle of Root by Parcels Post. Address mer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., close ten cents; also mention this Large and medium size bottles e at all drug stores.—Adv.

contagious is the insomnia of dnight eat!

RECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

e no longer the slightest need of ashamed of your freckles, as Othine strength—is guaranteed to remove ckly spots.

get an ounce of Othine—double from your druggist, and apply a it night and morning and you soon see that even the worst freckles gun to disappear, while the lighter ve vanished entirely. It is seldom re than one ounce is needed to clear the skin and gain a beautiful mplexion.

re to ask for the double strength as this is sold under guarantee of ack if it fails to remove freckles.

in a while the greatest truth is the biggest liar.

ure elief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

ELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

U. DES MOINES, NO. 27—1920.

Home Town Helps

"MAKING OVER" OLD HOUSES

Architects Have Shown That They Can Do Wonders With Present Unsightly Structures.

There never was a time when the services, taste and special knowledge of the trained architect were more needed or more in demand. The carpenter and builder have for years been the consulting experts in the building of thousands of suburban homes and farmhouses, and let us give them credit, at least, before the jigsaw era, for many beautiful and charming old houses.

Following the building shortage in these latter years has come an appreciation of the fact that any old house, or new, be it as hopelessly ugly as it may be, has possibilities. Architecture has shown many instances of "before and after" of old ramshackle, barnlike structures, altered into most delightful homes. Old barns have been made over into charming studios and living quarters, woodsheds incorporated into the redesigning of an old farmhouse. Everywhere is shown a wider appreciation that nothing is impossible to the architect of taste and skill.

The old and hopelessly ugly city brown-stone house and the little two or three-story brick house or stable on a side street have been made into artistic and attractive apartments or studio buildings.

It is to the architect that we owe this renaissance and we have only made a beginning toward the development of the city beautiful from old and unsightly and out-of-date structures. Lest some should say that we are dealing with merely idealistic matters, with our own desire for better things artistically, we remark that in every instance these "artistic" improvements have proved the very best of business in increased rents and more desirable tenants.

If the cost of new buildings has deterred many from carrying out their long-cherished dream of owning their own home, there is abundant opportunity almost everywhere for the alteration of old places at very moderate cost. And old houses nearly always offer the nucleus of a more substantial structure than many hurriedly built modern houses put up in quantities for speculative purposes.—From Architecture.

CITY'S BILLBOARDS MUST GO

Cincinnati Commissioner Prepares for the Removal of Signs, Under a Court Order.

Orders for the removal of all billboards from the residential sections of Cincinnati are being prepared by George E. Hauser, city building commissioner, according to the Christian Science Monitor. Commissioner Hauser's action is based on a recent decision by a judge of the Common Pleas court, that the municipal ordinance restricting billboards is retroactive. This ordinance requires a petition containing the consent of 51 per cent of the property owners in any residential block before a permit for the erection of a billboard may be granted. The judge held that this regulation applied to billboards erected before the passage of the ordinance. Commissioner Hauser points out that under this interpretation the residents of each block have it in their power to rid themselves of objectionable billboards by refusing to sign the consent petitions which the billboard interests are hurriedly circulating.

Importance of Trees.

When we have once had our interest in trees awakened and have considered their various uses and helpfulness to man, we are glad to learn something of their ways and how their troubles may be remedied. Trees help to keep the soil in place on hillsides. They hold to its course the wayward brook. They furnish shelter, shade and cozy nesting-places for the birds; we should have few little feathered friends if it were not for trees. They are companionable, and like to grow where they can rub branches with their fellows; they give a refreshing shade in the summer and protection in the winter, and they have character and individuality. It is well worth our while to save them from destruction, as well as to help restore the forests which have been ruthlessly cut down.

Good Advice.

An aged Scot told his minister that he was about to make a pilgrimage to the Holy land. "And when I'm there," said the pilgrim complacently, "I'll read the Ten Commandments aloud frae the top o' Mt. Sinai." The minister looked at him with an eye of pity, and said: "Sandy, tak' my advice: Bide at hame and keep them."

Traced Source of Seaweed.

When the Sargasso sea was first discovered it was thought that the seaweed grew on the bottom of the ocean right on the spot. We know better now. The algae, whose scientific name by the way is fucus natans, has its origin on the rocks of South America and Bahama islands. Vast forests of the algae grow on these tropic coasts.

THE FAIRY GODSON

By MARY ISABEL BOYNTONE

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

For years Jane Judson had lived "on the tail-end of nothin'," as one of her neighbors expressed it, and might still have contrived to keep her old home if, on her seventieth birthday she had not fallen down the cellar stairs and broken her leg. Then, with no money and nobody to take care of her, it was generally agreed to be the sensible thing for her to go to the Old Ladies' home in Dixville.

The interest on the mortgage on her home being considerably in arrears, Deacon Small promptly foreclosed, donating fifty of the one hundred dollars necessary for her admittance to the institution, the neighbors contributing the other fifty, and in September Jane became an inmate of the home.

Of course it was the "sensible" thing to do; nobody realized that more than Jane herself; only for the kindness of her old neighbors she must have gone to the poorhouse. But oh! how her old heart ached for the weather-beaten old house where she had gone as a bride; where Billy, her only baby, had been born and died; where, later, her husband had died; the spot where all her memories had once had life.

Two graves there were just outside the "south pasture lot," under a huge maple tree, where a dozen times a day as she went about her work she could see them. As she sat in her little room—they gave her a small room, she was so little and fragile she could fit in anywhere—she saw in imagination the leaves turning to gold and red and russet, and then falling—falling gently as tender thoughts on the dust of the two who had lain there so many years.

Everyone was kind to Jane, but it was such an impersonal, sort of professional kindness it left an ache in her lonely heart; but she never complained, and Miss Boggs, her tablemate, often reminded her of how thankful they all should feel to be in "the place where Providence had seen fit to place them." Miss Boggs spent many miserable hours in being thankfully resigned.

When spring came Jane spent long hours gazing in the direction where, sixteen miles away, she knew her beloved home was. In imagination she saw the buds swelling on the maple above the roof; saw the lilac bushes turn from brown to green; saw the tulips and daffodils pushing their tiny heads out of the brown earth by the kitchen door. She was fortunate to have food and clothes, and a roof over her head, but these things alone never made a home.

Then came the event, so great an event that it shook the home to its very foundations. The great limousine rolled majestically up the modest drive and, coming to a stop before the front door, disgorged a big man with flaming red hair showing from beneath his glossy silk hat, and with merry Irish blue eyes, and under whose tread the steps fairly trembled. He asked in a booming voice for Mrs. Jane Judson, and Jane, big eyed and wondering and a little trembly, came.

"Don't you know me?" the big man boomed. "Timmie Duanne, the little red-headed devil (Mrs. Boggs, listening behind the door, gasped) who lived on the poor farm, and you helped out of many a scrape? The boy who never knew home nor father or mother, only what you gave him? I run away and I've lived in wild times and wild places, but the memory of you kept me clean and decent. I struck it rich—in oil—and I come back to let you know the black sheep had grown some white wool, and I find you here!"

"Timmie Duanne!" the old woman cried. She tottered and he caught her in his arms, kissing the silvery hair as he swung her clear from the floor in his strong arms.

"Timmie Duanne himself!" he cried. "I came back a week ago, and I've bought the old place back and it's ready and waitin' for ye. Even the old cat is there. Nobody could catch him. He's thin—but alive. Got down to his ninth life, I guess, but we'll feed him up! There's salmon and cream in the larder for him. Hurry, get your belongin's, Mother Jane, and we'll go home. When I come home for my vacation every year, you've got to squeeze me in somewhere, for sure we belong together!"

It was like a dream riding along in the swiftly purring car, with one fragile hand held close in the big fist of Timmie Duanne, and when at last the old gray house came in sight it was through a mist of happy tears that she saw it. It was quite unchanged, as she wished it, only fresh and sweet from recent scrubbing.

Jane sat before the open fire—for there was a chill in the air—in the old rocking chair with its patchwork cover that she had made herself, and the cat, thin but contented, purred on her lap, Timmie came in softly and knelt beside her chair.

"This is the happiest day of my life!" he said, and his big voice was soft and tender. Mother Jane reached out her hand and let it fall gently on his head.

"Heaven can hold little better for me," she said happily. Then with a sobbing little laugh: "I've heard often of the fairy godmother, but, Timmie Duanne, you're the first fairy godson I've ever heard of!"

Size of Humming Bird.

When a humming bird is stripped of its feathers it is no larger than a bumble bee

Some Logical Reasons Why *the*

First Mortgage Real Estate Notes

We Offer *are* Stable Investments

They are safe at all times, during financial and business depressions, as well as in prosperous times. Our serial method of making a specified number of the notes payable annually or semi-annually reduces the outstanding indebtedness without releasing *any* of the security. The reduction of the loan is more than sufficient to cover any reasonable depreciation in the property mortgaged.

You will receive an unchanging income payable semi-annually. This income will be paid promptly and with no more trouble to you than cashing a check, regardless of where you reside.

Your investment will run for a certain number of years and then mature. The date when the note matures will depend on your selection when investing.

The genuineness of each note is certified thereon by the Mercantile Trust Company, thus preventing forgery or over-issue. The Legal Department of this Company has examined and approved the title to the property securing the notes.

The property mortgaged has been personally inspected and appraised by experts in our employ. The loan in each case has been closely investigated and judgment passed upon the same by the officers and directors of the Mercantile Trust Company. **If the loan is approved, we buy the entire issue of notes and then offer them for sale so as to be in a position to make other loans. Our profit is the commission charged the borrower.**

You can invest $100, $500 or multiples thereof and are not required to confine your entire investment to any one issue.

As Trustee in the mortgages securing these notes we require that insurance of a specified amount and character be kept in force for the protection of the note holders, all policies being held by us.

In many instances the ground alone is valued at more than the total loan. We have sold these Real Estate Serial Notes to discriminating investors throughout the United States and foreign countries, including many banks and bankers.

Write for detailed circular describing the First Mortgage Six Per Cent Real Estate Serial Notes of $100 and $500 denomination that we are offering and recommend as conservative, high-grade investments.

We particularly invite comparison between these loans and the average real estate mortgage loan, with reference to excellence of location, class of construction, and actual (not estimated) income.

Reservations made for immediate delivery or delivery within sixty days. Delivery of notes to any bank or post office made at our risk.

Real Estate Loan Department

Mercantile Trust Company

Member Federal Reserve System — *U.S. Government Supervision*

ST. LOUIS MISSOURI

Capital and Surplus $10,000,000

One Wild Thrill.

"The life of a cowboy must be something wildly adventurous," remarked the tourist.

"To speak the truth confidential," replied Cactus Joe, "I always found it pretty tame except once, and that was when a movin' picture company came along and fooled me into goin' along and helpin' to give the exhibition."

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Planets Without Moons.

The only planets that have no moons are those nearest the sun, namely Mercury and Venus. Counting our own moon, the system of planets possesses no fewer than 27 moons.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Naturally.

"I put my foot in it today."

"What did you do?"

"Tried on a new pair of shoes."

Watch Cuticura Improve Your Skin. On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. It is wonderful sometimes what Cuticura will do for poor complexions, dandruff, itching and red rough hands.—Adv.

Resisting temptation is another thing that "you never know whether it will work.

Things don't turn up in this world until somebody turns them up.—Daniel Webster.

CUSTOMS FIFTY YEARS AGO.

Who among us would say to-day, "I never use a Dentifrice; I never have to?"

Yet Fifty years ago, odd as it may seem, not one person in 1,000 used a Dentifrice—or even a tooth brush.

So to-day, after more than 30 years of persistent publicity of Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic Powder for the Feet, not many well-turned-out people care to confess, "You know I never have to use a Powder for the Feet!"

More than One Million five hundred thousand pounds of Powder for the Feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war.

The reason is this: Confining the feet in Leather or Canvas Shoes is bound to create friction more or less. Allen's Foot-Ease removes the friction from the shoes. It is this friction which causes callouses, corns and bunions. You know what friction does to your motor-car axle. Why not remove it from your footwear by Shaking into your Shoes *to-day*, Allen's Foot-Ease, the cleanly, wholesome, healing, Antiseptic powder? Get the habit, as millions now have it, who inhabit our, as yet, imperfect world.—Adv.

In a man's life the greatest necessity is more money.

Case Seemed Hopeless

Use of Doan's, However, Brought Complete Recovery and the Results Have Been Lasting.

"I used to think my back would surely break," says Mrs. H. S. Fix, prominent lodge woman, 340 Carpenter Street, Reading, Pa. "My back pained me constantly. I was as helpless as a baby and a nurse had to stay with me all the time. The kidney secretions burned and passed as often as every ten minutes. Sometimes my eyes were almost closed by the swollen sacs beneath them and my limbs, too, swelled twice their normal size. For almost a year I was practically helpless and never expected to get downstairs again. I had been told that nothing could be done for me, and had given up all hope of ever getting better. My condition was critical when I was told about Doan's Kidney Pills. I began using them and the results made me hopeful of getting well again. The pain in my back eased up and my swollen limbs started to look more natural. I kept on using Doan's and became entirely well. I owe my life to Doan's."

Mrs Fix

Sworn to before me,
HARRY WOLF, Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

IOWA IMPROVED FARMS, Chickasaw, adjoining counties. Buy direct from owner $175-$225. Reilly Bros., New Hampton, Iowa

The Itching and Sting of Blazing, Fiery Eczema

Seems Like the Skin Is on Fire.

There is a harassing discomfort caused by Eczema that becomes a torture. The itching is almost unbearable and the skin seems on fire with the burning irritation. A cure from local applications of salves and ointments is impossible, because such treatment can only allay the pain temporarily. The disease can only be reached by going deep down to its source.

The source of Eczema is in the blood, the disease being caused by an infection which breaks out through the skin. That is why the most satisfactory treatment for all so-called skin diseases is S. S. S., for this remedy so thoroughly cleanses the blood that no impurities can remain. Get a bottle today, and you will see results from the right treatment. Write for advice. Address Medical Director, 110 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. MURINE FOR YOUR EYES often. **Soothes, Refreshes.** Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Night and Morning, *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine

DAISY FLY KILLER

PLACED ANYWHERE ATTRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 5 by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Stock Raising in WESTERN CANADA

is as profitable as grain growing. Successes as wonderful as those from growing wheat, oats, barley, and flax have been made in **raising Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.** Bright, sunny climate, nutritious grasses, good water, enormous fodder crops—these spell success to the farmer and stock raiser. And remember, you can **buy on easy terms**

Farm Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land equal to that which through many years has yielded from **20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre**—grazing land convenient to good grain farms at proportionately low prices. These lands have every rural convenience; good schools, churches, roads, telephones, etc., close to live towns and good markets.

If you want to get back to the farm, or to farm on a larger scale than is possible under your present conditions, **investigate what Western Canada has to offer you.**

For illustrated literature with maps and particulars regarding reduced railway rates, location of land, etc., apply to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA

Canadian Government Agent.

ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Reduces Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphangitis, Poll Evil, Fistula, Boils, Swellings; Stops Lameness and allays pain. Heals Sores, Cuts, Bruises, Boot Chafes. It is a

SAFE ANTISEPTIC AND GERMICIDE

Does not blister or remove the hair and horse can be worked. Pleasant to use. $2 50 a bottle, delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and **Book 5 R free.**

ABSORBINE JR., antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Strains, Painful Knotted, Swollen Veins. Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. Price $1.25 per bottle at dealers or delivered.

W F YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

HEALS RUNNING SORES

"I feel it my duty to write you a letter of thanks for your wonderful Peterson's Ointment. I had a running sore on my left leg for one year. I began to use Peterson's Ointment three weeks ago and now it is healed."—A. C. Gilbrath, 703 Reed St., Erie, Pa.

For years I have been selling through druggists a large box of PETERSON'S OINTMENT for 60 cents. The healing power in this ointment is marvelous. Eczema goes in a few days. Old sores heal up like magic; piles that other remedies do not seem to even relieve are speedily conquered. Pimples and nasty blackheads disappear in a week and the distress of chafing goes in a few minutes. Mail orders filled. Peterson Ointment Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.

Prayed for Cure Finds it After 10 Years

Food Would Sour and Boil —Teeth Like Chalk

Mr. Herbert M. Gessner writes from his home in Berlin, N. H.:

I had stomach trouble over ten years; kept getting worse. I tried everything for relief but it came back worse than ever. Last fall I got awfully bad; could only eat light loaf bread and tea. In January I got so bad that what I would eat would sour and boil; my teeth would be like chalk. I suffered terribly. I prayed every day for something to cure me. One day I read about EATONIC and told my wife to get me a box at the drug store as I was going to work at 4 p. m. I took one-third of it and began to feel relief; when it was three-fourths gone, I felt fine and when it was used up I had no pains. Wife got me another box but I have felt the pain but twice. I used five tablets out of the new box and I have no more stomach trouble. Now I write to tell you how thankful I am that I heard of EATONIC. I feel like a new man; I eat what I like, drink plenty of water, and it never hurts me at all.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 25c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2078 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

"INDEX"

PERCHERON STALLION

Am now standing this fine stallion at my barn in Klemme. Phone me for dates. $15, guarantee colt.

Lloyd Lau, Owner

Phone 1409 — Klemme, Iowa

The
Klemme Meat Market

Fresh Meat

—because we dress all of the meat we sell—no risk of spoiling in fransit. It is a great deal of satisfaction to know that the meat you buy from us is Fresh.

Tender Meat

—because our meat is bought locally and selected by us. You want the best quality—so we buy the best.

We assure you of prompt service and reasonable prices.

J. P. Larsen & Sons, Props.

DANGER!

Have us wire your residence NOW. Get an electric iron and a fan and eliminate the danger of over-heating yourself these hot days. Call us at our expense, write us, notify us by wireless and we will be over in our airplane at once give you a good price on a first class job.

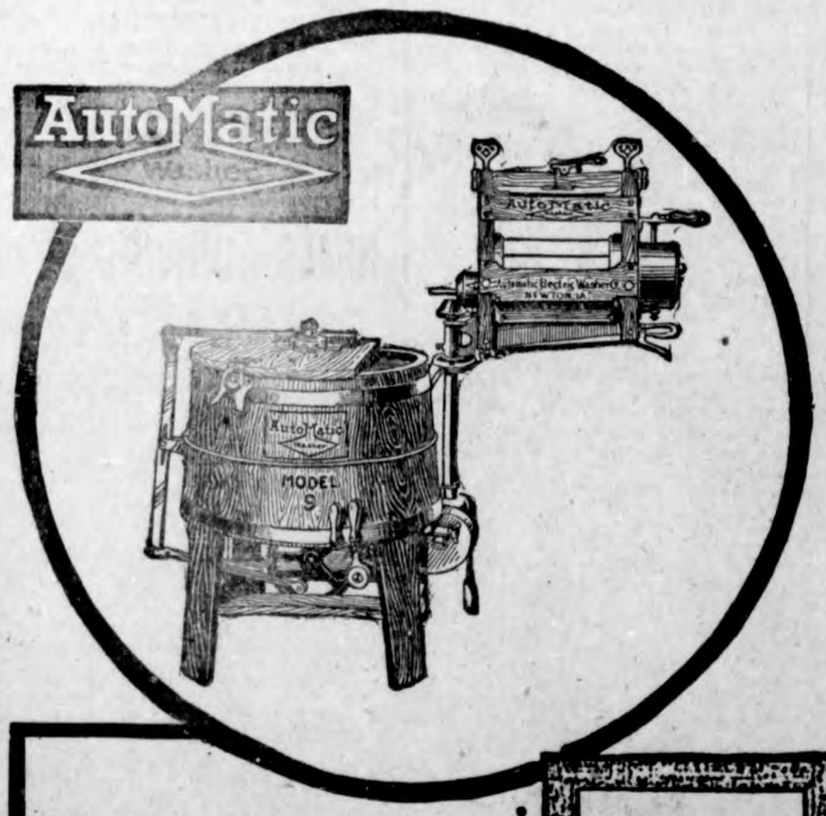
Your HOOVER Electric Sweeper is here now.

See Us Now

C. C. TESSIER

"Your Electrician"

GARNER - - - IOWA



100% Wash-Day Satisfaction

Do you dread wash-day? If so, it is because you do not have the right equipment. An Automatic or belt power washer removes the drudgery of blue Monday and does all the hard work of washing.

Eight great models, to operate by gasoline engine, farm lighting plants or city current.

Two Valuable Books Free

Two complete books on formulas for washing and dry cleaning. Call and get these at our store.

W. M. BAACK

Dealer Klemme, Iowa

Model No. 9 Single Tub Power Washer With Swinging Wringer

A special model for those housewives who want the advantages of the Automatic Swinging Wringer but do not care to buy one of our Bench Washers. Most convenient single tub type washer made for use where electric current is not to be had. Fitted with Automatic Power Drive and driven by belt from any source of power. Reversible Wringer swings to wring in any position — same as on Bench Models—and has Safety Quick Release feature. Tub has all the big automatic features—Solid Sycamore Dolly—Galvanized Outlet—Brass Faucet, etc.

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers.

Six hundred and ninety-six have enrolled for the Iowa State College summer school.

The Iowa State Association of Mail Carriers will hold their annual convention in Clinton July 4 to 6.

Clarence Friedley of Centerville, was killed when a tire on an automobile in which he was riding blew out and the machine turned over near Jerome.

Fire, originating in the backfire from a gasoline engine, totally destroyed the barn and other property belonging to W. J. Benjamin near Iowa City. The loss is estimated at $8000, with only $3000 insurance.

The dates for the Big Four fair at Nashua which were originally planned for the first week in September have been changed to August 23-27 to avoid conflicting with the Cedar Valley District Fair.

Half a million dollars in pennies is what the children of twelve public schools in Clinton have saved during the school year, 1919-1920, according to figures compiled at the end of the year. The saving was made a penny at a time for which every child was issued a saving stamp and the money invested in the City National bank to his credit.

More than 90 national and state conventions have been held in Des Moines in the first six months of the year ,according to a report issued by the convention bureau of the Chamber of Commerce. July will be a slack month in convention business, but the suceeding months will be lively. The state convention of county officers will number 1500 to 2000 delegates Aug. 17-19.

Enough black hair was removed from the craw of an old hen, by W. L. Boyce of Clinton, to make a woman's switch. The hair was rolled up in a solid ball. The hen has had a great growth on the side of her neck for several weeks and Mr. Boyce, seeking to know the cause, took a safety razor blade and cut into the growth. After he had removed the hair, he took a needle and thread and sewed up the incision. The hen cackled her thanks and began eating heartily.

The great need for liquidation in Iowa can only be attainable thru the securing of sufficient cars to move the live stock and grain now held all thru the middle west, Iowa bankers, farmers and business men declared in resolutions adopted at a conference attended by representative men from various parts of the state held in Des Moines recently. The conference voted a committee of seven be chosen with power to act with relation to car supply and transportation. The plan is to send this committee to Washington to personally confer with the interstate commerce commission and use every means possible to secure cars.

Pure bred hog breeders, boys and girls, citizens and club leaders, had a great time at Storm Lake, when they met to start club work in five prominent breeds, Poland Chinas, Duroc Jerseys, Hampshires, Chester Whites and Spotted Poland Chinas. All the pigs were sold to boys and girls at a uniform price of $50. They signed a note for the amount with one of the banks of the county. The Duroc Jerseys numbered 18 in all. One breeder of Durocs offered $75 to the club leader for all the pigs he could buy like those distributed to the members of the red hog club. The Hampshires were represented by 10 pigs. The majority of the members came from the territory around Alta and Linn Grove. The Spotted Polands drew much attention, as the breed is only getting a start in Iowa.

Iowa can claim another honor. Iowa is in advance of all other states in the number of persons who actually sleep in the open air. Hundreds of homes have open sleeping rooms or screened porches and their occupants take their rest at night in the open air. The state department on tuberculosis of the Board of Control has for many years promoted the doctrine of open air sleeping. As a result, the people have become educated to its value. There is no single factor, according to the state department, of greater health value than sleeping in the open air. Farmers, in particular ,have adopted this plan and find that they are better able to do the arduous work of the farm when they rest well at night. During the oppressive heat of summer, the bedroom has been practically abandoned."

Bank robbers blew the safe in the Farmers Savings Bank at Wallingford and escaped with $3000 in currency and $15,000 in Liberty Bonds. They severed telephone and telegraph wires before beginning the job.

At a special election held at Pocahontas to vote bonds to build a new high school building to replace the one burned down last January, the proposition carried by a big majority, there being only eight votes against. Of the forty-three women's votes two ballots were spoiled but were against the proposition.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Grange have enjoyed a weeks' visit from his nephew and niece from Ruthven. They rturned to their home the latter part of the week.

Dr. Missman was a business caller at Belmond last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dick Bamman from Garner, were Klemme visitors last Wednesday.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 — Klemme, Iowa

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

☞Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.

Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

FLORENCE
OIL COOK STOVES

More Heat

Less Care

For kitchen service, comfort and satisfaction in co ing, baking and roasting, use the Florence Oil Co Stove. Ready for duty day or night.

The Florence burner is the most practical burner ma Just raise the chimney and touch a lighted match the asbestos kindler—in a few minutes you get an tense, clean, hot, blue flame right under the cooki Heat is automatically controlled by lever handles. T heat goes into the cooking and not into the kitch This means a cool kitchen.

No ashes, no smoke, no dampers. Burns kerosene, cheapest of fuel. No wicks to trim. Oil supply is ways in sight in the glass bull's-eye of the tank.

Yovr dealer will show how easy the Florence Oil Co Stove is to use and to keep clean, and why it me more heat and less care.

Call and see this stove

G. W. Kluchohn & Son

Groceries - Dry Goods - Hardw

CELEBRATE JULY 4th

SOME people will celebrate Saturday, others Monday and many others for longer period. We're not particularly interested just where you do decid to enjoy the occasion but it's up to us to see that you are properly fitted out in wea ing apparel suitable for the typical 4th and the warm weather to follow. Look ov our list and come in and get fitted out at the first opportunity.

Look over these items-

Men's wo-piece suits in Flannels, Palm Beachs and Crashes, prices $12.50 to 27.5
Hats—Panamas, $5 to 10. Straws $2 to 5.
Summer Outing and Palm Beach trousers, $5 to 8.
Shirts—Percales and Madras, $2.50 to 5. Silks $7 to 12.50.
Neckwear—Wash ties 25c to 75c. Silks $1 to 3.50.
Men's Hosiery in lisles, silks and fibres, all prices.
Soft Collars, every height and fabric, 25c to 50c.
Kiddies Wash Suits—Mothers, see these suits. They're the finest we have ev shown, all colors, $2.50 to 3. Buy while the assortment and sizes are good.
We still have about 50 pairs of those Canvas Shoes at 69c.

Do your buying now-- do not wait until the day before the 4th, as all store are generally very busy at that time.

Come to this store, you'll find it a good place to trade.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES — ***GARNER, IOW***

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 44 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, July 8 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

HERE THEY CELEBRATED THE GLORIOUS FOURTH

As the "Glorious Fourth" came on nday of this year it left a big loop- le and a variety of choices as to ere and when to celebrate the day. Belmond put on a big celebration turday there were a large number Klemme people who went there. ost of the Klemme folks at Belmond turday were farmers and their help the business people of Klemme uld not get away that day. Bel- ond gave a good celebration and had they advertised and everybody emed satisfied with their trip to elmond, and as the day was ideal, all d a good time. Then Sunday after- oon a religious celebration was put in the park at Klemme, and a rge crowd was in attendance, a num- er coming from near by towns. Rev. uriff gave the address of the day, nd we can say that he gave a won- erful talk which was interesting to ll. Vocal music was part of the pro- ram and greatly enjoyed. As Mon- ay, the fifth, was the day set for the usiness houses of Klemme to close nd give he business men a chance to elebrate, quite a large aggregation utoed to Clear Lake to observe the ay with that city and as usual there as a big crowd there and little in the ine of entertainment from the ordi- ary run of Sunday entertainment at he lake. The day was cold and damp nd later followed by a rain which re- ulted in about ninety per cent of he cars being stuck fast in the mud oming home. Then there were pic- ics galore Monday. The Reform Church of Klemme and the Reform hurch between here and Garner unit- d in a big dinner and afternoon cel- ebration in the grove near the church north of Klemme. Games and sports of all kinds were in progress and trap shooting was the main feature of the afternoon sports. Likewise the Meth- odist Church of Klemme, Liberty township and Garner united in a grand picnic dinner and an afternoon of sports at the camp meeting grounds at Concord. Those few who remained in Klemme had family picnics or big dnners at home and spent the re- mainder of the day visiting. But as we said the day was far from being ideal for a celebration here and those who celebrated out of town were late getting home, due to the heavy roads and many cars were stuck fast in the mud betwen here and Clear Lake and other points. Some did not reach Klemme until late Tuesday morning and all looked pretty tired after their strenuous journey home in the rain. Never-the-less they celebrated the Grand and Glorious Fourth and what does a little mud, soaked clothing and muddy shoes make after it is all over? It's sure a great life if you don't weaken.

LARGE CROWDS HERE WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS

Band Concerts On Wednesdays Attract Visitors To Klemme

Last Wednesday night was a big night in Klemme as that is band concert night and many people came to Klemme to trade. This little city is getting to be quite a trade center and people come from far and near to trade with Klemme merchants for they can buy goods in Klemme much cheaper than in larger towns and get better quality for less money. Another thing that brings them to Klemme is the band concert. Klemme's band is one of the largest bands in this part of the country and although all are just beginners they are giving some good music. The concerts are supposed to start about eight o'clock but have been a little later than that as the farmers seldom get to town until a little after eight. We have been asked to request people who drive cars through the streets to please wait until the band has finished he selection they are playing as those who want to hear the band are interrupted when a noisy car goes whizzing by and it is also disturbing to the band boys to have a noisy car popping along when they are trying to play. So please be quiet while the boys play and if it is necessary to drive your car past please wait until the band has finished the piece they are playing and then you will have plenty of time to move. It will be appreciated by those who are listening to the band and also those who are giving the music.

RAINBOW BAND AT BRITT

The 168th Infantry Band, Rainbow Division, will appear at Britt, Sunday, July 11th, at 2:30 p. m., anda 8 p. m. at the fair grounds.

This is one of the best musical organizations in the country and their appearance at Britt will give our people a splendid opportunity to hear them.

LIGHTENING CAUSES DAMAGE HERE

Three Places Struck In Storm

Last Thursday evening this vicinity was visited by a severe electrical storm which done damage to three Klemme buildings. The home of Mart Bachman was struck by a heavy bolt of lightening damaging the corner of his house and breaking out some windows but luckliy the occupants were not touched. A few minutes afterwards two other bolts struck the corner of the Northern Lumber Company's shed ripping up a few shingles and tearing loose a few boards and likewise the other bolt struck Charlie Velau's barn and tearing up a few shingles but no other damage was done. Shortly before the severe electrcal storm a cyclone was seen to form southeast of Klemme a short distance and was watched by several people. It twisted around quite a bit but did not come to the ground so done no damage. It is reported that a number of farmsrs southeast of Klemme sought their cellars for protection when the storm was observed.

Wes Heifner Looses Horse

A horse running in the pasture on the Wes Heifner farm was struck and instantly killed by lghtning Sunday night. The animal was found the next morning lying dead in the pasture and was undoubtedly killed by a bolt of lightning striking it.

REFORM CHURCH OF KLEMME TO CELEBRATE 25th ANNIVERSARY

Big Picnic Dinner And Celebration Monday

Beginnng Sunday the Reform Church of Klemme will have their 25th Anniversary celebration of the founding of the church in Klemme. The services will begin Sunday morning, a big dinner at noon at the church with a service in the afternoon and evening, when the Ell township and the Garner church will unite with them. Then Monday the three churches will have a grand celebration and a big picnic dinner on the church lawn. This will be a great event for the Reform church and no doubt there will be a large gathering there the two days in which they celebrate. Next week we hope to give further details of the celebration.

FORMER KLEMME GIRL MARRIED

Edna Howdeshell Weds Mr. Earl Mixwell

Last Wednesday afternoon, June 30th, occured the marriage of Miss Edna Howdeshell to Mr. Earl Mixwell, of Olivia, Minnesota, at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Howdeshell at Armstrong, Iowa.

The Howdeshell family resided in Klemme a few years ago and moved to Armstrong from here, Rev. Howdeshell being the pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church here then. The family have many friends here who are glad to hear the good news of Miss Edna's marriage.

Mr. and Mrs. Tommy Nelson and son, Harvey left on the morning train Wednesday to be present at the ceremony.

The young couple will move to Olivia, Minnesota, where they will go to housekeeping after a honeymoon trip. Their many Klemme frends wish them a most joyful future.

AND THERE WAS LIGHT

Juice Turned on the Southwest Rural Line Out of Garner, Wednesday Evening

The rural electric line running southeast of Garner carried its first electric current, Wednesday evening. This is the line generally known as the Quintus line, and serves a large number of patrons in the territory south and east of here. This is the second rural line out of Garner to have service. Work on the line north and east of here is progressing rapidly. This is by far the longest of any of the lines, and has forty-eight patrons.—Garner Democrat.

MARRIED 100 COUPLES

Rev. S. M. McConnell, Garner's U. P. Pastor 12 Years June 30th.

Rev. S. M. McConnell performed a marriage ceremony last evening. This made his 100th wedding since coming to Garner 12 years ago, July 1st, 1920. With each succeeding year Rev. McConnell has grown in popularity and in the twelve years that have passed no man in Garner or vicinity has scattered more sunshine than has he. Especially well fitted for his work, always being able to see the bright side of affairs, deeply interested in public matters, he is quite as much a favorite outside his church as he is in it.—H[illegible]nty Democrat.

The Times "Devil" Says

Farmers Organize

The farmers of this vicinity held another meeting Tuesday afternoon at which they subscribed stock to the amount of $20,500, organized and elected the following kirectors for a Farmers Co-Operative Grain Co., H. J. Stille, Val Josten, Herman Stromer, C. A. Arnold, E. J. Arnold, John Larsen and Dr. Geo. Zinn.

Jewell Lutheran college will remain definitely and permanently in Jewell. The resolution adopted at the recent Lutheran church meeting held in Jewell favoring consolidation of the Jewell college with Waldorf college, and leaving the matter of location to a vote of delegates from the Lutheran churches of the three circuits, was made subject to the approval of consolidation by the board of education of the Norwegian Lutheran Church of America.

Four applications of Iowa boys have been approved for the six weeks summer school at the naval training station at the Great Lakes. Over a score more applications are on file. The allotment of fiftythree boys for Iowa will be filled very soon. There will be a total attendance at the summer school of 1,000 boys. They will receive pay at the rate of $33 a month for the six weeks they are in school and will be put to practically no expense. The work will include physical development, discipline, education of character, and the cultivation of naval traditions. Religious education will not be neglected.

Members of the Iowa State Veterinary association met in Des Moines recently to discuss matters of importance to the live stock interests of the state. E. H. Cunningham, secretary of the Iowa Farm Bureau federation, presenting the side of the farmers, and expressed a hope that the deliberations would result in a closer and more confidential relationship in the future between the farmer and the veterinarian. Mr. Cunningham pointed out, in his address, that serum is now being sold by the manufacturers at 1c per cubic centimeter. The farmer is able to purchase this serum at the state biological laboratories at cost. The veterinarians, in an executive session after Mr. Cunningham's address, voluntarily recommended that the charge for serum to the farmers in the future should carry a profit not exceeding 25 per cent of the manufacturer's cost, or 1¼c per c. c., exclusive of professional services.

It has been years since Iowa has had as many plank roads as she has now. Probably very few counties have gotten this far through the year without having mud holes which it has been utterly impossible to make passable without laying board paths for the car wheels. In the immediate vicinity of Ames on two of the main roads where drainage has been taken care of in the ordinary fashion with side ditches and which for several seasons have given no trouble, it has been necessary to bridge over the spots with plank pathways. Sleepers were laid upon the mud and upon these two lines of 2x12 boards, two planks wide, making a path two feet wide for each side, were laid. The most extensive road of this kind so far reported comes from Marshall county, where the stretch of bottom road south and west of Lamoille was planked for several hundred feet. Planking road in Iowa seems like a rather primitive way of road maintenance but it was probably the only method possible for making some stretches of road passable for cars.

All sorts of things of more than common interest are happening in Iowa. For instance, growing two bushels of corn where one grew before. Speeding up the hen. Competing with other states for the supremacy in dairy products. Buying more autos than other states. Building palatial modern schools out upon the prairies Starting new banks by the score while the old ones grow mightier than ever, thus becoming independent of the money centers. And a thousand other things. Quietly and unostentatiously, a few persons have launched a movement that will in time receive recognition as of equal value with any of the others. There is a Beautiful Iowa movement started. There are no boomers behind it. It will not be exploited as some other movements are. But it will gain strength and adherents from day to day. For the time is ripe. Iowa is growing wealthy. Perhaps wealthier than most Iowans are aware of. The necessities of life are provided for. The long hard struggle for mere existence lies behind the people. They have conquered Iowa in the fullest sense of the word. And they are very proud of it. The next step is to make themselves perfectly at home in Iowa. To provide for all manner of conveniences and to make Iowa not only a richer Iowa, a better Iowa, but also a Beautiful Iowa. Here people are arriving at that period when they begin to hunger for beauty, as they fought for the material things in past decades. They want the finest houses, the finest of everything in their houses, they want the best autos and they want good roads to ride upon and then they will want more than all else beautiful country to ride thru, beautiful spots to visit. In a little while Beautiful Iowa will be enlisting many thousands, where there are a few score today and then Iowa will again become what the Red Man found her "The Beautiful Land."

The federal reserve board has granted the plea of wool growers from all parts of Iowa that the federal reserve banks lend financial assistance to the sheepmen and has made possible the granting of loans on wool held in storage. Western wool men were especially hard hit and without government aid would have had to flood the market with cheap wool in order to meet feeding loans contracted last winter. This movement, which would have forced the market still lower ,would have been fatal to the industry in Iowa.

SAYS ALL FILIPINOS WANT INDEPENDENCE.

"It is frequently said that only the politicians in the Philippines want independence, but I do not think such is the case," said Dr. D. M. Gandier, superintendent of the California Anti-Saloon League, who has just returned from the Philippines. "I have met all classes of people from various parts of the islands and all alike seem to me to desire independence. I am inclined to think that they have the ability to govern themselves. We are developing a social and political conscience in America and they will develop one there; and I very much doubt that they will learn as fast under present conditions as they would under complete independence. Independence in some form is bound to come and I am inclined to think that it had better come soon."

ANOTHER WHISKEY STILL FOUND

Revenue Agent And Sheriff Find Still At Belmond

Last week we told of the large still found near Mason City, but this week we relate of the one found nearer home, at Belmond. Last week Tuesday a U. S. Revenue Agent, accompanied by the sheriff and marshal at Belmond, captured a still in full action near Belmond, together with a lot of raisins and some sour mash ready to be turned into "joy-water" for the Fourth. Four men were arrested, who were all beet workers, for having the still, some whskey and wine in their possession. The men will be tried in the near future at Fort Dodge. The "moonshiners" were evidently preparing to make a fortune by selling their stuff for Fourth of July celebrators but the authorities nipped the bud and destroyed the plans of the bootleggers. Home stills are becoming quite numerous but it is risky business as the authorities are making raids all over the state and many arrests are being made.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL PLANT NOW UNDER CONSTRUCTION

Louis A. Folden, of the engineering department of the Nelson-King Construction Co., of Spencer, Iowa, arrived here the first of the week and has a crew of workmen busy getting material on the ground for the construction of the disposal plant for our sewage system. The work was begun Tuesday and will go forward with all speed possible until its completion.

The Hammen-Kruse Construction Co., also of Spencer, will put in the sewer system and will start soon on this work, some of their machinery having arrived a few days ago.

When completed Kanawha's sewage system will be a splendid and permanent improvement to the town.—Kanawha Reporter.

CORWITH TO HAVE SEWERS

No Objectors Present When Council Has Final Hearing

At a council meeting June 22, to which the public had been invited, it was decided to establish a disposal plant and sewers for the town and to advertise for bids for the construction of same, work to commence August 1, and to be completed by January 1, 1921. Although invitations had been extended to all, both by publshed and verbal invitations, who had any objections to the establishment of sewers or their location, there was not a single person who entered one word of protest, so the council can rest assured it has the entire support of the community on this project. This is about the first public move that we have ever known where all the people were wholly agreed.—Hustler.

BELMOND TO HAVE FIRE FIGHTER

The council of Belmond have decded tob uy a modern chemical fire engine for the protection of the town. The fire engine will be one of the latest models and will carry plenty of chemical, ladders, hooks, etc., and when taken to the scene of the fire will be all ready for action and much better and faster than the water fighing method.

SMALL PARK TO BE LAID OUT

The triangluar plot of ground between the railroad track, Main street and the Northern Lumber Co., and where formerly a coal shed stood, will be laid out nto a little park. The city council plans to level the little piece of ground, clear it up and beautify the street there by sowing grass on the piece and perhaps having the word "Klemme" set in white stones in the center of the plot. This will be a great improvement to the street and will give one a good impression of the town when they step from the train.

Idle Hour Program

Sat. July 10—Taylor Holmes in "TWO BIT SEATS" an Essnay Com. Drama.

COURT CONVENES JULY 12

Judge Clark Will Hold A Short Session To Close Up A Few Matters

Judge J. J. Clark will convene court in Hancock county on July 12th, for the disposition of a number of matters. This will afford some of the offenders of the law of the county who are now languishing in the bastile at Mason City, an opportunity to have their cases heard.

WHY "NIGHT OWL" IN KLEMME?

The business men of Forest City got together and decided to close at 11:00 o'clock Saturday night and they have found that the plan works out fine. Formerly they were open until 12 o'clock, 1:00 o'clock and even later, or "until the last dog was hung" and they thought they had to do it, but after closing at eleven o'clock as everybody should they found that it satisfied all and people went home when all good people should be home. Now the Klemme merchants are afflicted with "night owling" also, and why not get together and close at eleven o'clock and get some needed sleep after a hard day's work Saturday? It can be done and no doubt everyone would be pleased with the plan. As it is people will stand around and gad until late and then they make a rush for the stores, the town people as well as the farmers wait until the last minute and as the result it's the merchant and clerks who suffer for it. Why not close at eleven o'clock Saturday nights?

Two new world price record[s] purebred beef cattle were m[ade] in the sale of Aberdeen-Angus [cattle] held near Holbrook. The firs[t] ord was scored when the great [bull] and breeding cow, Blackcap L[ass] was knocked off after a spirite[d] ding contest for $15,000. She w[as] hibited with a fine heifer calf b[y] vier. The second record was [made] when at the end of the selling [it] was found that 51 animals had bee[n] posed of at a total of $271,1[00] average of $5,316. There wer[e] cows sold with calf at foot. T[he] Ericas predominated, with almo[st] many Blackcaps and a smaller [num]ber of the Blackbird strain.

The Cherokee County Farm [Bureau] has recently received a carlo[ad] ground agricultural limestone a[t] of the following towns: Che[rokee] Aurelia, Larrabee, Meriden and [Cleg]ta. The stone is of very good [qual]ity running about half dust an[d] passing through a ⅛ inch [mesh] screen. The Hawkeye Quarries C[om]pany has co-operated with the C[her]kee Farm Bureau and has fu[rnished] this limestone for test purp[oses] These shipments were order last [fall] but due to the car situation [they] could not be made earlier. Fr[eight] charges and the cost of unlo[ading] the cars are the only expenses [in]posed.

The total amount of promotion [money] per held by state and savings b[anks] and trust companies under juri[sdic]tion of the Iowa state banking [de]partment as reported to the de[part]ment is $5,782,910.58. This does include the national banks since [they] are not under the control of [the] state. Polk county banks and t[rust] companies report $1,905,534.65, [Du]buque, $203,255; Woodbury, $19[2,]39; Jackson, $145,000; Hardin, $[100]000; Henry, $121,000; Washing[ton] $117,440; Cedar, $118,664.50; Clay[ton] $80,000; Johnson, $108,020; Wi[nne]shiek, $103,915; Muscatine, $102,6[50] 35 Harrison, $102,980; three counti[es] —Adams, Clarke and Lucas report[ed] no promotion paper held.

Hampshire breeders of Iowa to th[e] number of fifty, met in Des Moin[es] recently to discuss conditions and ways of improving the brood in Iowa. Among the important pieces of work out is the organization of Hampshire pig clubs in various counties of the state. Last year there were but five clubs of this kind; now there are more than forty such clubs, all devoted to the Hampshire breed exclusively. The state association is offering prizes to the amount of $100 in each county where such a club has been formed. In order to raise the money to carry on the work successfully a strictly Hampshire gilt sale is scheduled for West Liberty on September 29th to which each breeder will ship one animal to be sold, he to receive fifty per cent of the price, while the other half goes for promotion work in connection with the clubs.

Iowa, up to March 8, had received from the War Department 578 motor vehicles. Of this equipment 512 are trucks and 37 touring cars and 18 Ford ambulances, 11 G. M. C. ambulances, 17 tractors, 2 concrete mixers and a considerable quantity of miscellaneous equipment. To date 288 of the trucks have been distributed to the various counties and to 7 of the state institutions where there is considerable road maintenance. Of the trucks received, 202 had seen usage in various military camps. Of the used trucks only about 30 have been found to be in very poor condition, the majority of the others requiring very little repair to put them into splendid working condition. 376 of the trucks were absolutely new, and many of them never having been run at all. The touring cars have all seen usage and a number of them are in first class condition. Twenty-nine of the touring cars are Fords which saw serwice at Camp Dodge.

Troubles of a Lazy Man.

"A lazy man ain't likely to be happy," [said] Uncle Eben. "He generally [has a] position tryin' to scare [him] doin' de work."

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL PLATFORM

San Francisco, July 2.—The resolutions committee draft of the platform was adopted by the Democratic national convention without change. The document is as follows:

The Democratic party, in its national convention now assembled, sends greetings to the president of the United States, Woodrow Wilson, and hails with patriotic pride the great achievements for country and the world wrought by a Democratic administration under his leadership.

It salutes the mighty people of this great republic, emerging with imperishable honor from the severe tests and grievous strains of the most tragic war in history, having earned the plaudits and gratitude of all free nations.

It declares its adherence to the fundamental progressive principles of social, economic and industrial justice and advance, and purposes to resume the great work of translating these principles into effective laws, begun and carried far by the Democratic administration and interrupted only when the war claimed all the national energies for the single task of victory.

League of Nations.

The Democratic party favors the League of Nations as the surest, if not the only, practicable means of maintaining the permanent peace of the world and terminating the insufferable burden of great military and naval establishments. It was for this that America broke away from traditional isolation and spent her blood and treasure to crush a colossal scheme of conquest.

It was upon this basis that the president of the United States, in prearrangement with our allies, consented to a suspension of hostilities against the imperial German government; the armistice was granted and a treaty of peace negotiated upon the definite assurance to Germany, as well as to the powers pitted against Germany, that "a general association of nations must be formed, under specific covenants, for the purpose of affording mutual guaranties of political independence and territorial integrity to great and small states alike."

Hence we not only congratulate the president on the vision manifested and the vigor exhibited in the prosecution of the war, but we felicitate him and his associates on the exceptional achievements at Paris involved in the adoption of a league and treaty so near akin to previously expressed American ideals and so intimately related to the aspirations of civilized peoples everywhere.

We commend the president for his courage and his high conception of good faith in steadfastly standing for the covenant agreed to by all the associated and allied nations at war with Germany, and we condemn the Republican senate for its refusal to ratify the treaty merely because it was the product of Democratic statesmanship, thus interposing partisan envy and personal hatred in the way of the peace and renewed prosperity of the world.

By every accepted standard of international morality the president is justified in asserting that the honor of the country is involved in this business; and we point to the accusing fact that, before it was determined to initiate political antagonism to the treaty the now Republican chairman of the senate foreign relations committee himself publicly proclaimed that any proposition for a separate peace with Germany, such as he and his party associates thereafter reported to the senate, would make us "guilty of the blackest crime."

On May 15 last the Knox substitute for the Versailles treaty was passed by the Republican senate; and this convention can contrive no more fitting characterization of its obloquy than that made in the Forum Magazine of December, 1918, by Henry Cabot Lodge when he said:

"If we send our armies and young men abroad to be killed and wounded in northern France and Flanders with no result but this, our entrance into war with such an intention was a crime which nothing can justify."

The intent of congress and the intent of the president was that there could be no peace until we could create a situation where no such war as this could recur. We cannot make peace except in company with our allies. It would brand us with everlasting dishonor and bring ruin to us also if we undertook to make a separate peace."

Lodge's Proposals Condemned.

Thus to that which Mr. Lodge, in saner moments, considered "the blackest crime" he and his party in madness sought to give the sanctity of law; that which eighteen months ago was of "everlasting dishonor" the Republican party and its candidates today accept as the essence of faith.

We indorse the president's view of our international obligations and his firm stand against reservations designed to cut to pieces the vital provisions in congress for voting against resolutions for separate peace which would disgrace the nation. We advocate the immediate ratification of the treaty without reservations which would impair its essential integrity; but do not oppose the acceptance of any reservations making clearer or more specific the obligations of the United States to the League of Nations. Only by doing this may we retrieve the reputation of this nation among the powers of the earth and recover the moral leadership which President Wilson won and which Republican politicians at Washington sacrificed. Only by doing this may we hope to aid effectively in the restoration of order throughout the world and to take the place which we should assume in the front rank of spiritual, commercial and industrial advancement.

We reject as utterly vain, if not vicious, the Republican assumption that ratification of the treaty and membership in the League of Nations would in any wise impair the integrity or independence of our country. The fact that the covenant has been entered into by 29 nations all as jealous of their independence as we are of ours, is a sufficient refutation of such charge. The president repeatedly has declared, and this convention reaffirms, that all our duties and obligations as a member of the league must be fulfilled in strict conformity with the Constitution of the United States, embodied in which is the fundamental requirement of declaratory action by the congress before this nation may become a participant in any war.

Conduct of the War.

During the war President Wilson exhibited the very broadest conception of liberal Americanism. In his conduct of the war, as in the general administration of his high office, there was no semblance of partisan bias. He invited to Washington as his councilors and coadjutors hundreds of the most prominent and pronounced Republicans in the country. To these he committed responsibilities of the gravest import and most confidential nature. Many of them had charge of vital activities of the government.

And yet, with the war successfully prosecuted and gloriously ended, the Republican party in congress, far from applauding the masterly leadership of the president and felicitating the country on the amazing achievements of the American government, has meanly requited the considerate course of the chief magistrate by savagely defaming the commander in chief of the army and navy, by assailing nearly every public officer of every branch of the service intimately concerned in winning the war abroad and conserving the security of the government at home.

We express to the soldiers and the sailors of America the admiration of their fellow countrymen. Guided by the genius of such commanders as Gen. John J. Pershing the armed force of America constituted a decisive factor in the victory and brought new luster to the flag.

We commend the patriotic men and women who sustained the efforts of their government in the crucial hours of the war and contributed to the brilliant administrative success achieved under the broad-visioned leadership of the president.

Financial Achievements.

By the enactment of the federal reserve act the old system, which bred panics, was replaced by a new system, which insured confidence. It was an indispensable factor in winning the war and today it is the hope and inspiration of business. Indeed, one vital danger against which the American people should keep constantly on guard is the commitment of this system its partisan enemies who struggled against its adoption and vainly attempted to retain in the hands of speculative bankers a monopoly of the currency and credits of the nation.

Under Democratic leadership the American people successfully financed their stupendous part in the greatest war of all time. The treasury wisely insisted during the war upon meeting an adequate portion of the war expenditure from current taxes and the bulk of the balance from popular loans, and, during the first full fiscal year after fighting stopped, upon meeting current expenditures from current receipts notwithstanding the new and unnecessary burdens thrown upon the treasury by the delay, obstruction and extravagance of a Republican congress.

The nonpartisan federal reserve authorities have been wholly free of political interference or motive; and in their own time and their own way, have used courageously, though cautiously, the instruments at their disposal to prevent undue expansion of credit in the country.

As a result of these sound treasury and federal reserve policies, the inevitable war inflation has been held down to a minimum, and the cost of living has been prevented from increasing here in proportion to the increase in other belligerent countries and in neutral countries which are in close contact with the world's commerce and exchanges.

After a year and a half of fighting in Europe and despite another year and a half of Republican obstruction at home, the credit of the government of the United States stands unimpaired, the federal reserve note is the unit of value throughout the world and the United States is the one great country in the world which maintains a free gold market.

We condemn the attempt of the Republican party to deprive the American people of their legitimate pride in the financing of the war—an achievement without parallel in the financial history of this or any other country, in this or any other war. And, in particular, we condemn the pernicious attempt of the Republican party to create discontent among the holders of the bonds of the government of the United States and to drag our public finance and our banking and currency system back into the arena of party politics.

Tax Revision.

The Republican congress persistently failed, through sheer political cowardice, to make a single move toward a readjustment of tax laws which it denounced before the last election and was afraid to revise before the next election.

We advocate tax reform and a searching revision of the war revenue acts to fit peace conditions so that the wealth of the nation may not be withdrawn from productive enterprise and diverted to wasteful or nonproductive enterprise.

We demand prompt action by the next congress for a complete survey of existing taxes and their modifications and simplification with a view to secure greater equity and justice in tax burden and improvement in administration.

Public Economy.

Claiming to have effected great economies in government expenditures, the Republican party cannot show the reduction of one dollar in taxation as a corollary of this false pretense. In contrast, the last Democratic congress enacted legislation reducing taxes from $8,000,000,000, designed to be raised, to $6,000,000,000 for the first year after the armistice, and to $4,000,000,000 thereafter; and there the total is left undiminished by our political adversaries. Two years after armistice day a Republican congress provides for expending the stupendous sum of $5,403,390,327.30.

Affecting great paper economies by reducing departmental estimates of sums which would not have been spent in any event, and by reducing formal appropriations, the Republican statement of expenditures omits the pregnant fact that congress authorized the use of $1,500,000,000 in the hands of various departments and bureaus which otherwise would have been covered into the treasury, and which should be added to the Republican total of expenditures.

High Cost of Living.

The high cost of living and the depreciation of bond values in this country are primarily due to war itself, to the necessary governmental expenditures for the destructive purposes of war, to private extravagance, to the world shortage of capital, to the inflation of foreign currencies and credits and, in large degree, to conscienceless profiteering.

The Republican party is responsible for the failure to restore peace and peace conditions in Europe, which is a principal cause of post-armistice inflation the world over. It has denied the demand of the president for necessary legislation to deal with secondary and local causes. The sound policies pursued by the treasury and the federal reserve system have limited in this country, though they could not prevent, the inflation which was world-wide. Elected upon specific promises to curtail public expenditures and to bring the country back to a status of effective economy, the Republican party in congress wasted time and energy for more than a year in vain and extravagant investigations, costing the taxpayers great sums of money while revealing nothing beyond the incapacity of Republican politicians to cope with the problems.

Demanding that the president, from his place at the peace table, call the congress into extraordinary session for imperative purposes of readjustment, the congress when convened spent thirteen months in partisan pursuits, failing to repeal a single war statute which harassed business or to initiate a single constructive measure to help business.

It busied itself making a pre-election record of pretended thrift, having not one particle of substantial existence in fact. It raged against profiteers and the high cost of living without enacting a single statute to make the former afraid or doing a single act to bring the latter within limitations.

The simple truth is that the high cost of living can only be remedied by increased production, strict governmental economy and a relentless pursuit of those taking advantage of post-war conditions and are demanding and receiving outrageous profits.

We pledge the Democratic party to a policy of strict economy in governmental expenditures and to the enactment and enforcement of such legislation as may be required to bring profiteers before the bar of criminal justice.

The Tariff.

We affirm the traditional policy of the Democratic party in favor of a tariff for revenue only and confirm the policy of basing tariff revisions upon the intelligent research of a nonpartisan commission, rather than upon the demands of selfish interests, temporarily held in abeyance.

Budget.

In the interest of economy and good administration we favor the creation of an effective budget system that will function in accord with the principles of the constitution. The reform should reach both the executive and legislative aspects of the question. The supervision and preparation of the budget should be vested in the secretary as the representative of the president. The budget, as such, should not be increased by the congress, except by a two-thirds vote, each house, however, being free to exercise its constitutional privilege of making appropriations through independent bills. The appropriation bills should be considered by single committees of the house and senate.

Senate Rules.

We favor such alteration of the rules of procedure of the senate of the United States as will permit the prompt transaction of the nation's legislative business.

Agricultural Interests.

For nearly half a century of Republican rule not a sentence was written into the federal statutes affording one dollar of bank credits to the farming interests of America. In the first term of this Democratic administration the national bank act was so altered as to authorize loans of five years' maturity on improved farm lands. Later was established a system of farm loan banks, from which the borrowings already exceed three hundred millions of dollars, and under which the interest rate to farmers has been so materially reduced as to drive out of business the farm loan sharks who formerly subsisted by extortion upon the great agricultural interests of the country.

Thus it was a Democratic congress in the administration of a Democratic president which enabled the farmers of America for the first time to obtain credit upon reasonable terms and insured their opportunity for the future development of the nation's agricultural resources.

Smith Lever Act Praised.

Not only did the Democratic party put into effect a great farm-loan system of land mortgage banks, but it passed the Smith-Lever agricultural extension act, carrying to every farmer in every section of the country, through the medium of trained experts and by demonstration farms, the practical knowledge acquired by the federal agricultural department in all things relating to agriculture, horticulture and animal life; it established the bureau of markets, the bureau of farm management and passed the cotton futures act, the grain grades bill, the cooperative farm administration act, and the federal warehouse act.

The Democratic party has vastly improved the rural mail system and has built up the parcel post system to such an extent as to render its activities and its practical service indispensable to the farming community. It was this wise encouragement and this effective concern of the Democratic party for the farmers of the United States that enabled this great interest to render such essential service in feeding the armies of America and the allied nations of the war and succoring starving populations since armistice day.

G. O. P. Condemned.

Meanwhile the Republican leaders at Washington have failed utterly to propose one single measure to make rural life more tolerable. They have signalized their fifteen months of congressional power by urging schemes which would strip the farms of labor; by assailing the principles of the farm-loan system and seeking to impair its efficiency; covertly attempting to destroy the great nitrogen plant at Mussel Shoals upon which the government has expended $70,000,000 to supply American farmers with fertilizers at reasonable cost; by ruthlessly crippling nearly every branch of agricultural endeavor, literally crippling the productive mediums through which the people must be fed.

We favor such legislation as will confirm to the primary producers of the nation the right of collective bargaining and the right of co-operative handling and marketing of the products of the workshop and the farm and such legislation as will facilitate the exportation of our farm products.

We favor comprehensive studies of farm production costs and the uncensored publication of facts found in such studies.

Labor and Industry.

The Democratic party is now, as ever, the firm friend of honest labor and the promoter of progressive industry. It established the department of labor at Washington and a Democratic president called to his official council board the first practical workingman who ever held a cabinet portfolio. Under this administration have been established employment bureaus to bring the man and the job together; have been peaceably determined many bitter disputes between capital and labor; were passed the child labor act, the workingman's compensation act (the extension of which we advocate so as to include laborers engaged in loading and unloading ships and in interstate commerce), the eight-hour law, the act for vocational training and a code of other wholesome laws affecting the liberties and bettering the conditions of the laboring classes.

In the department of labor the Democratic administration established a woman's bureau, which a Republican congress destroyed by withholding appropriations.

Labor is not a commodity; it is human. Those who labor have rights and the national security and safety depend upon a just recognition of those rights and the conservation of the strength of the workers and their families in the interest of soundhearted and sound-headed men, women and children. Laws regulating hours of labor and conditions under which labor is performed, when passed in recognition of the conditions under which life must be lived to attain the highest development and happiness, are just assertions of the national interest in the welfare of the people.

At the same time the nation depends upon the products of labor; a cessation of production means loss and, if long continued, disaster. The whole people, therefore, have a right to insist that justice shall be done to those who work, and in turn that those whose labor creates the necessities upon which the life of the nation depends must recognize the reciprocal obligation between the worker and the state.

They should participate in the formulation of sound laws and regulations governing the conditions under which labor is performed, recognize and obey the laws so formulated and seek their amendment when necessary by the processes ordinarily addressed to the laws and regulations affecting the other relations of life.

Labor, as well as capital, is entitled to adequate compensation. Each has the indefeasible right of organization, of collective bargaining and of speaking through representatives of their own selection.

Neither class, however, should at any time nor in any circumstances take action that will put in jeopardy the public welfare. Resort to strikes and lockouts which endanger the health or lives of the people is an unsatisfactory device for determining disputes, and the Democratic party pledges itself to contrive, if possible, and put into effective operation a fair and comprehensive method of composing differences of this nature.

In private industrial disputes we are opposed to compulsory arbitration as a method plausible in the theory but a failure in fact. With respect to government service, we hold distinctly that the rights of the people are paramount to the right to strike. However, we profess scrupulous regard for the conditions of public employment and pledge the Democratic party to instant inquiry into the pay of government employees and equally speedy regulations designed to bring salaries to a just and proper level.

Woman's Suffrage.

We indorse the proposed nineteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States granting equal suffrage to women. We congratulate the legislatures of thirty-five states which have already ratified said amendment, and we urge the Democratic governors and legislatures of Tennessee, North Carolina and Florida, and such states as have not yet ratified the federal suffrage amendment, to unite in an effort to complete the process of ratification and secure the thirty-sixth state in time for all the women of the United States to participate in the fall election. We commend the effective advocacy of the measure by President Wilson.

Women in Industry.

We urge co-operation with the states for the protection of child life through infancy and maternity care; in the prohibition of child labor and by adequate appropriations for the children's bureau and the woman's bureau in the department of labor.

Disabled Soldiers.

The federal government should treat with the utmost consideration every disabled soldier, sailor and marine of the world war, whether his disability be due to wounds received in line of action or to health impaired in service; and for the dependents of the brave men who died in line of duty the government's tenderest concern and richest bounty should be their requital. The fine patriotism exhibited, the heroic conduct displayed by American soldiers, sailors and marines at home and abroad constitute a sacred heritage of posterity the worth of which can never be recompensed from the treasury and the glory of which must not be diminished by any such expedients.

The federal board for vocational education should be made a part of the war-risk insurance bureau, in order that the task may be treated as a whole, and this machinery of protection and assistance must receive every aid of law and appropriation necessary to full and effective operation.

We believe that no higher or more valued privilege can be afforded to an American citizen than to become a freeholder in the soil of the United States, and to that end we pledge our party to the enactment of soldier settlements and home aid legislation which will afford to the men who fought for America the opportunity to become land and home owners under conditions affording genuine government assistance unincumbered by needless difficulties of red tape or advance financial investment.

The Railroads.

The railroads were subjected to federal control as a war measure without other idea than the swift transport of troops, munitions and supplies. When human life and national hopes were at stake, profits could not be considered, and were not. Federal operation, however, was marked by an intelligence and efficiency that minimized loss and resulted in many and marked reforms. The equipment taken over was not only grossly inadequate, but shamefully outworn. Unification practices overcame these initial handicaps and provided additions, betterments and improvements. Economies enabled operation without the rate raises that private control would have found necessary, and labor was treated with an exact justice that secured the enthusiastic co-operation that victory demanded. The fundamental purpose of federal control was achieved fully and splendidly, and at far less cost to the taxpayer than would have been the case under private operation. Investments in railroad properties were not only saved by government operation, but government management returned these properties vastly improved in every physical and executive detail. A great task was greatly discharged.

The president's recommendation of return to private ownership gave the Republican majority a full year in which to enact the necessary legislation. The house took six months to formulate its ideas and another six months was consumed by the Republican senate in equally vague debate. As a consequence, the Esch-Cummins bill went to the president in the closing hours of congress, and he was forced to a choice between the chaos of a veto and acquiescence in the measure submitted, however grave may have been his objections to it.

There should be a fair and complete test of the law until careful and mature action by congress may cure its defects and insure a thoroughly effective transportation system under private ownership without government subsidy at the expense of the taxpayers of the country.

Improved Highways.

Improved roads are of vital importance not only to commerce and industry but also to agricultural life. The federal road act of 1916, enacted by a Democratic congress, represented the first systematic effort of the government to insure the building of an adequate system of roads in this country. The act, as amended, has resulted in placing the movement for improved highways in a progressive and substantial basis in every state in the Union and in bringing under actual construction more than 13,000 miles of roads suited to the traffic needs of the communities in which they are located.

We favor a continuance of the present federal aid plan under existing federal and state agencies, amended so as to include as one of the elements in determining the ratio in which the several states shall be entitled to share in the fund, the area of public lands therein.

Rural Free Delivery.

Inasmuch as the postal service has been extended by the Democratic party to the door of practically every producer and every consumer in the country (rural free delivery alone having been provided for 6,000,000 additional patrons within the past eight years without material added cost), we declare that this instrumentality can and will be used to the maximum of its capacity to improve the efficiency of distribution and reduce the cost of living to consumers and increasing the profitable operations of producers.

Merchant Marine.

We desire to congratulate the American people upon the rebirth of our merchant marine, which once more maintains its former place in the world. It was under a Democratic administration that this was accomplished after seventy years of indifference and neglect, 13,000,000 tons having been constructed since the act was passed in 1916. We pledge the policy of our party to the continued growth of our merchant marine under proper legislation so that American products will be carried to all ports of the world by vessels built in American yards, flying the American flag.

Inland Waterways.

We call attention to the failure of the Republican national convention to recognize in any way the rapid development of barge transportation on our inland waterways, which development is the result of the constructive policies of the Democratic administration. And we pledge ourselves to the further development of adequate transportation facilities on our rivers and to the further improvement of our inland waterways, and we recognize the importance of connecting the Great Lakes with the sea by way of the Mississippi river and its tributaries, as well as by the St. Lawrence river.

Transportation remains an increasingly vital problem in the continued development and prosperity of the nation. Our present facilities for distribution by rail are inadequate and the promotion of transportation by water is imperative. We therefore favor a liberal and comprehensive policy for the development and utilization of our harbors and interior waterways.

Flood Control.

We commend the Democratic congress for the redemption of the pledge contained in our last platform by the passage of the flood contol act of March 1, 1917, and point to the successful control of the floods of the Mississippi river and the Sacramento river, California, under the policy of that law, for its complete justification. We favor the extension of this policy to other flood control problems wherever the federal interest involved justifies the expenditure required.

Reclamation of Arid Lands.

By wise legislation and progressive administration, we have transformed the government reclamation projects, representing an investment of $100,000,000, from a condition of impending failure and loss of confidence in the ability of the government to carry through such large enterprises to a condition of demonstrated success, whereby formerly arid and wholly unproductive lands now sustain 40,000 prosperous families and have an annual crop production of over $70,000,000, not including the crops grown on a million acres outside the projects supplied with storage water from government works.

We favor ample appropriations for the continuation and extension of this great work of home building and internal improvement along the same general lines, to the end that all practical projects shall be built, and waters now running to waste shall be made to provide homes and add to the food supply, power resources and taxable property, with the government ultimately reimbursed for the entire outlay.

The Trade Commission.

The Democratic party heartily indorses the creation and work of the federal trade commission in establishing a fair field for competitive business, free from restraints of trade and monopoly, and recommends amplification of the statutes governing its activities so as to grant it authority to prevent the unfair use of patents in restraint of trade.

Live Stock Markets.

For the purpose of insuring just and fair tratment in the great interstate live stock market, and thus instilling confidence in growers through which production will be stimulated and the price of meats to consumers be ultimately reduced, we favor the enactment of legislation for the supervision of such markets by the national government.

Mexico.

The United States is the neighbor and friend of the nations of the three Americas. In a very special sense our international relations in this hemisphere should be characterized by good will and free from any possible suspicion as to our national purpose.

The administration, remembering always that Mexico is an independent nation, and that permanent stability in her government and her institutions could only come from the consent of her own people to a government of their own making, has been unwilling either to profit by the misfortunes of the people of Mexico or to enfeeble their future by imposing from the outside any rule upon their temporarily distracted councils. As a consequence, order is gradually reappearing in Mexico; at no time in many years have American lives and interests been so safe as they now are; peace reigns along the border and industry is resuming.

When the new government of Mexico shall have given ample proof of its ability permanently to maintain law and order, signified its willingness to meet its international obligations and written upon its statute books just laws, under which foreign investors shall have rights as well as duties, that government should receive our recognition and systematic assistance. Until these proper expectations have been met Mexico must realize the propriety of a policy that asserts the right of the United States to demand full protection for its citizens.

Petroleum.

The Democratic party recognizes the importance of the acquisition by Americans of additional sources of supply of petroleum and other minerals and declares that such acquisition, both at home and abroad, should be fostered and encouraged. We urge such action, legislative and executive, as may secure to American citizens the same rights in the acquirement of mining rights in foreign countries as are enjoyed by the citizens or subjects of any other nation.

New Nations.

The Democratic party expresses its active sympathy with the people of China, Czecho-Slovakia, Finland, Poland, Persia and others who have recently established representative government and who are striving to develop the institutions of true democracy.

Ireland.

The great principle of national self-determination has received constant reiteration as one of the chief objectives for which this country entered the war, and victory established this principle.

Within the limitations of international comity and usage this convention repeats the several previous expressions of the sympathy of the Democratic party of the United States for the aspirations of Ireland for self-government.

Armenia.

We express our deep and earnest sympathy for the unfortunate people of Armenia, and we believe that our government, consistent with its constitution and principles, should render every possible and proper aid to them in their efforts to establish and maintain a government of their own.

The Philippines.

We favor the granting of independence without unnecessary delay to the 10,500,000 inhabitants of the Philippine Islands.

Hawaii.

We favor a liberal policy of homesteading public lands in Hawaii to promote a larger middle-class citizen population, with equal rights to all citizens.

The importance of Hawaii as an outpost on the western frontier of the United States demands adequate appropriations by congress for the development of our harbors and highways there.

Porto Rico.

We favor granting to the people of Porto Rico the traditional territorial form of government, with a view to ultimate statehood, accorded to all territories of the United States since the beginning of our government, and we believe that the officials appointed to administer the government of such territories should be qualified by previous bona fide residence therein.

Alaska.

We commend the Democratic administration for inaugurating a new policy as to Alaska as evidenced by the construction of the Alaska railroad and opening of the coal and oil fields.

We declare for the modification of the existing coal land law, to promote development without disturbing the features intended to prevent monopoly.

For such changes in the policy of forestry control as will permit the immediate initiation of the paper pulp industry.

For relieving the territory from the evils of long-distance government by aribtrary and interlocking bureaucratic regulation, and to that end we urge the speedy passage of a law containing the essential features of the Lane-Curry bill, now pending, co-ordinating and consolidating all federal control of natural resources under one department to be administered by a nonpartisan board permanently resident in the territory. For the fullest measure of territorial self-government with the view to ultimate statehood, with jurisdiction over all matters not of purely federal concern, including fisheries and game, and for an intelligent administration of federal control we believe that all officials appointed should be qualified by previous bona-fide residence in the territory.

For the extension to Alaska of the federal farm loan act.

Asiatic Immigrants.

The policy of the United States with reference to the nonadmission of Asiatic immigrants is a true expression of the judgment of our people and to the several states, whose geographical situation or internal conditions make this policy and the enforcement of the laws enacted pursuant thereto, of particular concern, we pledge our support.

Postal Service.

The efficiency of the post office department has been vindicated against a malicious and designing assault by the efficiency of its operation. Its record refutes its assailants. Their voices are silenced and their charges have collapsed.

We commend the work of the joint commission on the reclassification of salaries of postal employees, recently concluded, which commission was created by a Democratic administration. The Democratic party has always favored and will continue to favor just treatment of all government employees.

Free Speech and Press.

We resent the unfounded reproaches directed against the Democratic administration for alleged interference with the freedom of the press and freedom of speech.

No utterance from any quarter has been assailed and no publication has been repressed which has not been animated by treasonable purpose, and directed against the nation's peace, order and security in time of war.

We reaffirm our respect for the great principles of free speech and a free press, but assert a sane indisputable proposition that they afford no toleration of enemy propaganda or the advocacy of the overthrow of the government of the state or nation by force or violence.

"Republican Corruption."

The shocking disclosure of the lavish use of money by aspirants for the Republican nomination for the highest office in the gift of the people has created a painful impression throughout the country. Viewed in connection with the recent conviction of a Republican senator from the state of Michigan for the criminal transgression of the law limiting expenditures on behalf of a candidate for the United States senate, it indicates the re-entry, under Republican auspices, of money as an influential factor in elections, thus nullifying the letter and flaunting the spirit of numerous laws, enacted by the people, to protect the ballot from the contamination of corrupt practices. We deplore those delinquencies and invoke their stern rebuke, pledging our earnest efforts to a strengthening of the present corrupt practices and their rigorous enforcement.

We remind the people that it was only by the return of a Republican senator in Michigan, who is now under conviction and sentence for the criminal misuse of money in his election, that the present organization of the senate with a Republican majority was made possible.

Conclusion.

Believing that we have kept the Democratic faith, and resting our claims to the confidence of the people not upon grandiose promise, but upon the solid performances of our party, we submit our record to the nation's consideration and ask that the pledges of this platform be appraised in the light of that record.

COX OF OHIO IS NONINA

The Nomination Came a Close of a Forty-fo Ballot Struggle.

To Canvass Question of S Place and Meet today Pared to Complete Tick

AUDITORIUM SAN FRANC July 6.—James M. Cox goverr Ohio, was nominated for pr of the United States in the eratic national convention. Th ination came at the close of a four ballot struggle.

When the balloting on the fourth vote had gotten to a where Cox had 702 votes and rapidly approaching the nec two-thirds of 729, and P. Amid Kansas, manager of the M forces and vice chairman of democratic national committee the platform and moved that nomination of Governor Cox be unanimous. Immediately there roar from the tired and worn gates which lasted for a full minutes before Chairman Rob could put question on Amidon's tion to suspend the rules and n ate Cox by acclamation.

The Cox band wagon move really started late yesterday noon before the recess for din

During the interval both sides the fight made desperate appea Tammany.

Throughout the evening New Y vote stood the same, twenty fo Ador and seventy for Cox.

On the third ballot of the ev session the slide to Cox started before the leaders of the oppos could realize it, the votes were p'ng over in two and threes and fi in a fashion which sent him over majority mark and put him at a level. After that the going was

James Middleton Cox was t times governor of Ohio—an h enjoyed by only one other Oh Rutherford B. Hayes.

Business success paralleled his litical achievements and through own efforts Cox has amassed a tune. Mr. Cox became the leade the democratic party in Ohio in when he was nominated for gover As one who had wrought ra changes in the state constitution took the field in its behalf. His term as governor was devoted ch to forwarding the enactment of to put the new state constitution effect.

But Ohio evidently was not pared to assimilate all the new h for Cox was defeated for re-elect But his party renominated him 1916 and he was re-elected for a t term in 1918, being the only de crat to win in Ohio.

Legislation for which Governor is best known includes a model wo men's compensation law and a ch labor law which have been extens ly copied by other states. Educat of the country say the Ohio sch code, enacted under Governor Co direction, will live as a monument his achievements.

Mr. Cox was born in Butler coun Ohio, in 1870. He attended distr school and held his first position a teacher of the school in which took his first lessons. He spent ev ings and holidays in a printing of In a few years he received his fi assignment on the repertorial staff the Cincinnati Enquirer.

Paul M. Hinkhouse, writer of t world editorials for the Continen official Presbyterian publication Chicago, is spending the Fourth h days with his father, President Hin house of Lenox college at Hopki ton. He is an Iowan, graduate Parsons and Columbia. He lived Audubon, Sioux City, Lenox, Fairfie and taught at Rockwell City H spent years in travel in the orie and Egypt. In going from Egypt Siam he journeyed on the ill-fat Mongolia that struck a German mi twenty-five miles out of Bombay a went down in eghteein minutes H escaped with his life after being o on the water for twelve hours pu sixty hours more before his par reached safety in Bombay.

ARNOLD, Ia., July 5—Eight re dead ,two more may die, 29 are i hospitals at Humboldt, Ft. Dodge an Livermore, and three are still una counted for, according to the late reports on the wreck caused when a M. & St. L. passenger train plunge thru a trestle near here Saturday.

The dead are:

MRS. E. V. DRYLAND, Emmetsburg, Ia.

B. F. REILLEY, Livermore, Ia.

MRS. FRANK RYAN, Grand Junction, Ia.

J. BATTI, (address unknown).

CLARENCE COLEMAN, Otho, Ia.

HENRY DAWSON, Otho, Ia.

E. B. WOODS, Imogene, Ia.

One unidentified young man.

Amond the injured were Ralph Hussing, Corwith, Ia.; Rev. Father Berry, Marcus, Ia.; W. M. McCullen, Livermore, Ia.; Charles Miller and Gus W. Ziehlke, Emmetsburg, Ia.; Miss Cora Towne, Jamaca, Ia.; Mrs. C. F. Burnmaster, Ft. Dodge; Barney Squibb, Scranton, Ia.; Irwin Erickson, Emmetsburg and W. M. Romine, 708 S. 20th st, Des Moines.

Romine had bad cuts on his face and head.

UNIFORM GRADES ARE PROFITABLE

Lead to Mutual Understanding and Confidence Between Farmers and Buyers.

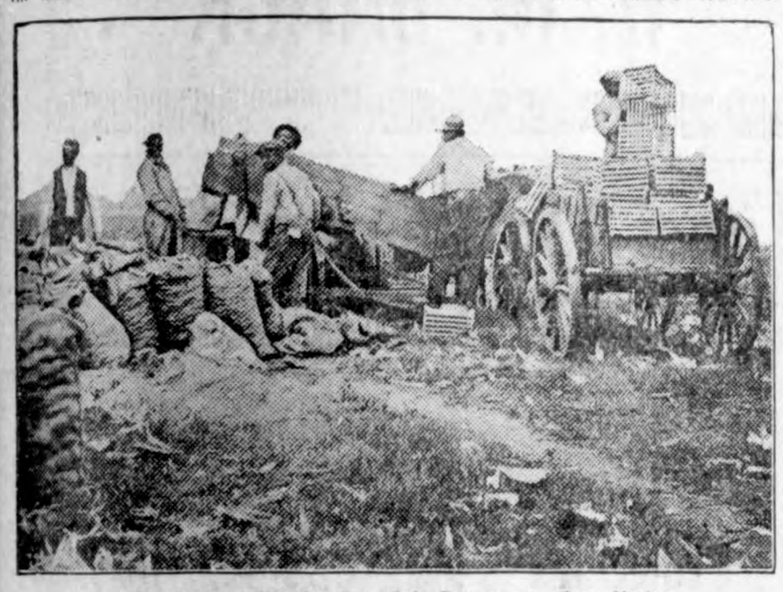
EXPERT ADVICE ON SUBJECT

War-Time Potato Regulations Proved Merits of Standard Grades—Bureau of Markets to Recommend Classifications.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

If an expert conclusively demonstrated a method to you whereby you could increase the profits from your business 10, 20 or 50 per cent, would you throw him out of the house? Or would you embrace him as did a group of Michigan potato growers when the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, offered suggestions — expert advice — regarding the formation of a potato growers' exchange and the business methods that the exchange should use?

Today the potato growers concerned are very glad they adopted the latter course, for in less than a

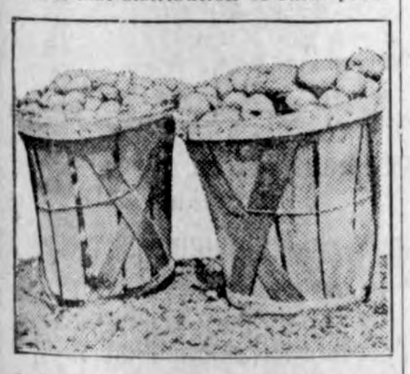


Graded Produce Sells for High Prices on Any Market.

year's time it placed in their pockets more than a quarter of a million dollars over what they would have had otherwise.

There is no dark secret about how this was accomplished. In fact, the achievement can be duplicated by others. Although, to be sure, the success of the Michigan potato growers was due largely to the co-operative feature of the enterprise, an individual may secure a proportionate result by applying the same business principles in marketing his farm products.

The fundamental principle that has animated the bureau of markets in its work is that distribution of farm prod-



Potatoes Before and After Grading.

ucts requires mutual understanding and confidence between producer and buyer. If a farmer states that he has shipped to market a carload of high-grade produce which upon arrival is found to be of inferior quality, naturally the purchaser questions the farmer's integrity and does not depend upon his word in the future. On the other hand, should a buyer allege that produce was received in bad condition, when, as a matter of fact, it was in first-class shape, the farmer loses confidence in the buyer and regards him as dishonest.

To Eliminate Distrust.

These are conditions that should not exist, and the bureau of markets has set about in a very practical way to help eliminate them. It maintains that in the marketing of produce there should be a common and uniform basis of understanding. The various kinds of marketing produce should be known by grades, and the specifications for any particular grade should be the same everywhere. For example, potatoes of No. 2 grade should be No. 2 potatoes throughout the entire country and not No. 1 grade in certain sections. And if the farmer agrees to ship No. 2 potatoes they should conform to the specifications for that grade. By eliminating the confusion resulting from a particular grade of produce having one meaning to the farmer and another to the buyer, a foundation of mutual understanding is established.

That the use of standard grades is readily appreciated by producers and buyers alike, was evidenced during the war, when the food administration required licensed dealers to use potato grades recommended by the bureau of markets. The results were so satisfactory that when the regulation was canceled the use of potato grades, to a large extent, was continued voluntarily.

The bureau of markets has recommended grades for potatoes, Bermuda and northern grown onions, strawberries and rice. It has established grades for wheat, corn, oats and cotton. In the near future it expects to recommend grades for hay and other produce. It has recently prepared tentative wool grades with a view ultimately to recommending standard grades of that commodity. A complete classification of cattle, calves, hogs, sheep and goats has been adopted by the bureau for use in reporting live stock market prices. A similar classification is in use for reporting wholesale meat quotations. Consideration is also being given the question of having representatives demonstrate United States grain grades to European countries for the purpose of familiarizing dealers there with the standards upon which international transactions with the United States should be based.

Hay Producers Feel Need.

In the matter of hay farmers admit that the marketing of the commodity is a hazardous undertaking because of the possibility of loss due to misunderstanding, lack of inspection, variations in grades in different markets differences in the manner in which rules for grading are interpreted, and because of sharp practices. In fact many farmers have stated that nine tenths of the losses in the hay business are due to lack of standard grades and a uniform, impartial inspection service.

Not only does the use of standard grades result in better understanding and confidence between producers and buyers, but in greater satisfaction because of increased monetary returns. Farmers everywhere are urged to conduct their business of marketing upon the sound business principle advocated by the bureau of markets. The bureau will be glad to advise anyone desiring the various grades it recommends.

WAYS OF PROTECTING ANIMALS FROM FLIES

Covering With Burlap Is One Effective Plan.

Leather Nets or Strips Attached to Horse's Bridle Aids in Keeping Pest Away From Work Stock —Darkened Stable Good.

The importance of taking steps to prevent the breeding of stable flies rather than depending on protection of the stock when the flies are full-grown cannot be emphasized too much. However, where this is not done the farmer is forced to resort to various means of warding off the flies.

Work animals may be protected largely from the pest by means of coverings. One type of covering which has been found to be very effective and inexpensive consists of a blanket made of double thickness of burlap, so arranged as to cover completely the back, sides, and neck of the animal. The legs also are covered sometimes by means of old trousers slipped over the feet and tied over the back. Leather nets or strips of leather attached to the bridle also aid in keeping the flies from the head.

Completely darkened stables offer much protection from the flies, although the resulting lack of ventilation is objectionable. The thorough screening of all windows and doors is much more desirable. When screened barns are used, care should be taken to brush the flies from the animals, when they are about to enter, by means of nets over the doorway or with sacks. Little can be done to protect range stock from the flies.

On hog farms a freshly plowed trench offers considerable protection to the swine. The sides of these trenches may be smeared with petroleum, which rubs off on the animals and acts as a repellent. The trench may be used also for protecting sheep, but the petroleum in their case is unnecessary.

Write the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., for Farmers' Bulletin 1097, free upon request.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Paint up the farm buildings.

* * *

A good pasture reduces the feed bill.

* * *

Good implements and machines increase production per man.

* * *

Hoe the grass away from young fruit trees and protect from mice.

DEVELOPMENT OF TRUCK BUSINESS

Motor Industry in Rural Territory Has an Important Effect on Marketing Costs.

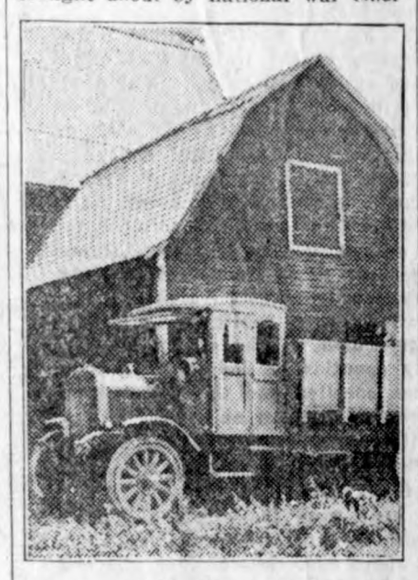
WAR BROUGHT ABOUT CRISIS

Conditions Precipitated Action by Creating Demand for Transportation Facilities of All Kinds—Difference in Plans.

Three general causes have contributed to the exploitation of the motor truck industry in rural territory—an industry which has an important effect on farm-marketing costs. These causes are: (1) the growth of our larger cities and the consequent development of near-by producing areas to provide for part of the food needs of these cities; (2) the failure of the railroads to keep pace with the expansion of their short-haul business; (3) the development of the motor truck manufacturing interests and the consequent extension of their sales campaigns.

Crisis in Transportation.

The crisis in the transportation field, brought about by national war emer-



A Type of Motor Truck That Requires Skill for Most Efficient Operation.

gency, afforded stimulus to the development of rural motor transportation more powerful than any other general influence. Doubtless the motor truck, in any event, would have established itself as a factor in the rural field, but ordinarily this would have been a slow process, involving the many preliminary steps. War conditions precipitated action by creating a very unusual demand for transportation facilities of all kinds. It has been necessary only to develop the opportunity. Such development necessitates or presupposes a certain familiarity with the problem as a whole. That such familiarity did not exist among those interested in developing rural motor routes was shown by preliminary investigations, initiated by the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture. An attempt was made more than a year ago to conduct a general preliminary survey of rural motor routes established or in process of establishment. The purpose was to secure basic information regarding the desirability of establishing such routes, the methods undertaken by the beginners in this field, and the measure of success which had been attained during the early period of operation.

Truck Is Newcomer.

The information collected shows considerable differences in the plans adopted by the average inexperienced operator. The word "inexperienced" is used advisedly in view of the fact that the motor truck is a comparative newcomer in the field of transportation and there has not yet been time for many of the important preliminary problems to be worked out and a general understanding of possibilities secured. The results of the department's investigations in this field have been compiled in a bulletin, "Motor Transportation for Rural Districts," which will be sent on request. Address United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

PUREBREDS NEEDED AT HOME

Wisconsin Bank Offers to Advance Money to Customers Who Wish to Purchase Holsteins.

The Better-Sires campaign conducted by various states in co-operation with the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture, is developing the fact that bank credit is as available to the progressive live stock farmer as to the progressive business man of the city.

A letter received by the bureau of animal industry reports the following announcement published by a Wisconsin bank to its farmer patrons:

"Why not keep some of those purebred Holsteins at home? Many fine animals will be sold at the first annual sale of the Brown County Holstein Breeders' association to be held in the Brown county fair grounds West De Pere, Wis. The ——bank is ready to stand back of any of its customers who wish to purchase some of the stock to be offered for sale and who do not feel able at present to carry the investment. Call at the bank, and the accomodation can be easily arranged."

MARKET INFLUENCED LARGELY BY SUPPLY

Lowest Prices Prevail After the Heaviest Shipments.

With Decreasing Stocks Prices Advance, Sometimes Recovering Much of Early Decline—Careful Study Will Assist.

The man engaged in either selling or buying perishable produce will do well to familiarize himself with the usual course of the market in such lines during a season. The natural market course, according to marketing experts of the United States department of agriculture, is somewhat as follows:

It starts high with active movement even for inferior stock because the demand has the sharp edge of novelty and appetite. The price gradually declines and poor stock becomes harder to sell as the supply increases. Lowest prices arrive soon after the heaviest shipments begin, and a glut may occur, especially if many sections are shipping at once and there is much poor stock. Then, with a decreasing supply, prices advance, sometimes recovering much of the early decline, but usually not reaching the opening prices because demand is far less keen at the end of a long season. If the last of the shipments are inferior, as happens frequently with many perishable crops, the season may close at or near bottom prices.

The common or natural market developments do not always take place as might be expected. Quite frequently superior quality of the main crop or absence of general competition will bring higher prices in mid season. Unexpected shortage may cause the reserve stock in storage to sell at high prices at the close of the season, especially the less perishable crops like potatoes, onions, apples, cabbage, etc. Careful study of crop, shortage, supply, and shipment should enable a fairly good judgment to be made of the outcome. However, quickly perishable short season crops like strawberries or melons are very irregular, and so it is difficult to form a reliable market judgment of them.

BEAUTIFY FARM HOME YARDS

Shrubbery, Flower Beds and Good Lawn Involve Comparatively Small Amount of Labor.

The dwelling is the headquarters of the farm business. Chores are done before breakfast and often after supper, the stock need close attention, certain farm seeds are kept in the house, the hired man may sleep there, and the women folks take care of the poultry; thus it is almost essential that the house be reasonably close to the other buildings.

The value of the house constitutes an important part of the real estate value of the farm, says the United States department of agriculture. On the higher-priced corn-belt farms and the low-priced cotton-belt farms the value of the dwelling represents from

Modest Farm Home Showing Simple and Effective Beautification by Inexpensive Planting.

5 to 15 per cent of the real estate value of the farm, while in the eastern part of the United States this percentage is more commonly 20 per cent or over.

The beautifying of the yard by shrubbery, flower beds, and a good lawn involves the occasional use of manure, the introduction of fertile soil, the use of a team and of small farm tools, all of which are available on the average farm.

MOVIE ATTRACTION IS NEW

Series of Pictures and Stereopticon Slides to Be Used to Boost "Better Sires."

The department of agriculture is preparing a series of motion pictures and stereopticon slides for use in the "Better Sires" campaign. The interest aroused among the breeders of the United States is taking the form of requests upon the department of agriculture for information which, it is hoped, the film feature will be able to satisfy. It is probable that the motion pictures will be ready for issue next fall.

RAPE IS ESPECIALLY USEFUL

If Not Pastured Down Too Close Crop Will Grow Until Fall—Withstands Hot Weather.

Rape seeded early will grow until fall if not pastured down to less than four or five leaves to the plant. The crop is especially useful during the hot, dry months. It will grow until heavy frosts come and may be pastured from early June to the middle of November, or about six months.

POULTRY FACTS

SUCCESS IN RAISING SQUABS

Opportunity Is Well Worth Considering for Those Who Have Lofts—Produce Meat Quickly.

The back yard poultry keeper can hardly hope for success with turkeys, geese, ducks or guineas, but for those who have lofts over a garage, stable, or coal shed, the opportunity for squab growing is well worth considering.

For food purposes pigeons are usually classed with poultry. Culturally they are in a class by themselves, producing meat only, producing it very quickly, and able to produce well under conditions that do not admit of growing any other creature used for food.

While the ideal arrangement for pigeons is to have their house on the ground, and a small covered yard, called a "fly," connecting with it, pigeon keeping may be carried on quite extensively in upper rooms or lofts, with or without open-air flys. Many flocks of pigeons are kept in large cities in quarters provided for them in the lofts or on the roofs of buildings used for mercantile and manufacturing purposes.

A space six feet square and high enough for the attendant to stand erect will accommodate eight to ten pairs of pigeons for squab breeding, the poultry specialists in the United States department of agriculture say. The birds mate and begin breeding when six to seven months old. The male shares with the hen the duty of incubation. The young hatch in about 17 days. At four weeks old, average squabs will weigh about three-quarters of a pound each. Some of the larger ones will weigh over a pound at that age.

A good pair of breeders will produce six or seven or more pairs of squabs a

Runt Cross and White Runt (Female.)

year. As many as 11 pairs of squabs have been produced by one pair in a year. When production is high the female lays and begins incubation while she has young still in the nest, leaving the care of them to her mate.

Raising squabs has been increasing in cities in recent years. On farms the tendency has been the other way. On a farm a flock of free pigeons, if not kept down by killing off the increase, soon becomes a nuisance, destroying grain and doing a great deal of damage, especially on new-seeded ground.

PLAN TO CARRY LIVE FOWLS

Bird Wrapped in Cornucopia of Newspapers and Given Plenty of Air Is Quite Content.

Carrying live fowls in a cornucopia of newspapers, in the manner of carrying a bouquet, is a good idea. The bird is laid down on the paper and the legs straightened out on a line with the tail; the wings are held in position at the sides. The newspaper is then rolled around the bird, making a cornucopia, and the lower end is twisted, which leaves the upper end open. When carrying the bird in this manner, the twisted end of the cornucopia is held in the hand, allowing the roll to rest on the arm. The bird has plenty of air and seemingly is content in its peculiar position.

PURE BREEDS ARE PAMPERED

Supposition That Common Fowls Are Most Hardy Is Erroneous—Only Strongest Survive.

The supposition that common fowls are hardier than pure breeds is not borne out by the facts. Those who hatch chicks of the common kinds lose a large number of them, only the strongest surviving, and every year they are more and more inbred. The pure breeds suffer from being pampered by their owners in many instances, in which cases they do not compare favorably with common fowls.

SMALL START FOR BEGINNER

Safest Plan for Those About to Embark in Poultry Business—Many Hard Problems.

The safest way for those who are about to make their first attempt at poultry raising is to start in a small way with a few fowls and learn the business thoroughly before making large investments. Mistakes will be made and many difficult problems will be presented for solution before success in any large measure will be attained.

FARM ANIMALS

KILL ALL HARMFUL ANIMALS

Annual Loss Wrought by Predatory Wild Beasts and Rodents Mounts Up Into Millions.

Live stock and wool valued at $20,000,000 are lost annually through the depredations of wild animals. The value of farm produce and forage destroyed each year by rodents is approximately $300,000,000. It is estimated that the households of this country sustain an annual loss from rats and mice of $200,000,000.

These figures sum up certain of the larger losses due to destructive wild life which the biological survey of the United States department of agriculture is engaged in reducing as rapidly as possible. A force of between 400 and 500 experienced hunters was employed by this bureau during the past year to kill predatory animals, many of which were infected with rabies;

Live Stock and Wool Valued at Millions of Dollars Are Destroyed Annually by Predatory Animals, Chief of Which Are Wolves and Coyotes.

this disease often is spread from the wild creatures to domestic animals, and frequently endangers humans. In this work of extermination the states and numerous private organizations have had an important share.

The work of killing rodents—prairie dogs, ground squirrels, jack rabbits and cottontails, pocket gophers, native mice, wood rats, cotton rats, etc.—is also carried on with the co-operation of the states. During the past fiscal year ground squirrels were poisoned on more than 14,000,000 acres. In one Idaho county alone 40,000 rabbits were killed. In the same period from 75 to 95 per cent of the prairie dogs found on a total of 2,200,000 acres were destroyed.

BANK FAVORS BETTER SIRES

Concern at Fond du Lac, Wis., Urges Its Patrons to Improve Quality of Stock.

With the publication of a four-page farm news leaflet, of which a current copy is a "Duroc Sale and Pig Club Number," a bank at Fond du Lac, Wis., is encouraging its patrons to improve their live stock. The editor of the sheet has the unique title of "bank agriculturist," and his activities are devoted largely to financing farmers who wish to acquire well-bred animals or to become joint owners in valuable sires.

In a letter to the United States department of agriculture the bank agriculturist calls attention to the support being given hog-cholera control, pig-club work, and other activities in which the government is active. The leaflet contains a "For Sale and Want Column," relating especially to live stock, gives current news among breeders, and contains discussions ranging from the cure of cattle to the handling of bees. An expressed purpose of the bank's activities is "to make Fond du Lac county a land where milk and honey flows."

RATION OF COTTONSEED MEAL

One Pound Per Day for Each 1,000 Pounds Live Weight Is Most Satisfactory.

One pound of cottonseed meal per day for each 1,000 pounds live weight is the most satisfactory quantity to feed work animals, according to recent experiments conducted by the United States department of agriculture. A test in feeding cottonseed meal to work horses and mules at the government farm, Beltsville, Md., was begun in 1918, and continued last year. When the meal was fed in large quantities harmful effects were apparent, however, indicating that cottonseed meal, like any other high-protein feed must be fed with care to horses and mules.

BLACKLEG VACCINE IS FREE

Department Report Shows That 3,339,815 Doses Were Distributed During Last Year.

Vaccine for immunizing cattle against blackleg is still in great demand. A report of the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture, shows that 3,339,815 doses were distributed free to stock owners during the last fiscal year. The vaccine sent out by the bureau is in the powdered form.

Shoo--Fly!!

Dr. Hess

Fly Chaser

Is long lasting, stainless, pleasant and just the very thing to spray your cows and horses with--keeps away bothersome flys, gnats, bugs and mosquitos.

Spray Pumps

We have a full line of sprays which come in handy many purposes.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Excursion to Canada

Where $560.00 will handle 160 acres of the very best wheat land situated in Saskatchewan, Canada, in localities where you have railroadr, good towns, modern farm buildings, schools, churches, good roads, telebhones. Balance purchase price can be arranged to suit purchaser. Now is your opportunity. Do not fsil to write or call on Charles F. Busch, Klemme, Iowa, Agent, for special excursion rates to land buyers.

Central Farm & Investment Co.
Fort Dodge, Iowa

Fruits **Candy** **Ice Cream** **Bakery Goods**

Are you *Thirsty? Hot?*

Then slip into our place and enjoy the products of our Soda Fountain. A cool, clear and snappy drink of

"Green River"

will hit the thirsty spot. Our Ice Cream Sundaes are the best to be had. We also serve sodas, pop, malt and other cool, refreshing drinks.

Try us when thirsty

The Crystal Cafe

New Cantaloups and fresh Fruit of all kinds

Young Men's Accounts

Young men are welcomed here as customers in any department of this bank. The size of your account does not matter.

Many of our largest accounts were started in a small way.

All services which this bank can render, including the advice and co-operation of our officers are placed at your disposal.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Iowa News

Items of Interest Summarized for Busy Readers.

The city council of Mount Ayr has made it obligatory for every person owning a cow and selling milk to have their animals tested for tuberculosis.

Webster City will celebrate July 4 on July 19. The change in date is in honor of the starting of the American drive in France on July 18, 1918. July 18 falls on Sunday, so Monday, July 19, will be celebrated this year.

The recent sale at Braywood Farms near Oskaloosa was one of the big sales of the country, the animals bringing an average of $1362 and the top of the sale bringing $3000, with a total of $65,850.

What is believed to be the highest price ever paid for a hog in Marshall county, and certainly the highest price of the season—$10,000—has been paid by Ernest Melberg for a yearling boar, Advertiser.

Rolling off the bed on which his mother had laid him, the six-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Will Ridgley of Exira fell to the floor with such force as to cause a fracture of the skull at the back of his head, with a deep depression.

The machinery for the oil well to be put down near California Junction has been ordered and work will be started as soon as the machinery arrives. Experts have located an oil vein beneath the Cox sand pit east of Missouri Valley.

Peter Comes, well known farmer living six miles west of Atlantic, is in a serious condition at his home with a twisted spine, the result of falling from the roof of his house to a cement walk below. Comes was patching the roof when he slipped, rolling first to the porch roof, and then to the walk.

Kelley, a thriving little town of 250 inhabitants, has just completed a new consolidated school building which has six teachers on its staff besides the principal. While no manufacturies are located in the city, the citizens are eager to back every worth while enterprise.

An ordinance fixing the price of gas at $1.05 a thousand feet was passed by the Des Moines city council. The new ordinance fixes July 1 as the date to take effect. The rate is five cents a thousand less than the present one and thirty-five cents less than asked by the gas company in a petition filed recently in federal court.

The Salvation Army home service for Guthrie county was organized in Guthrie Center with E. W. Weeks as chairman and many other prominent persons on the board. Committees were appointed to handle information on poverty, pauperism and unemployed, juvenile delinquency, maternity cases, prison work and Americanization.

The state food and dairy department is making many prosecutions over the state for failure to candle eggs. Special attention to the enforcement of the egg candling law is being given at this time because this is the season of the year when eggs are being put in storage and when they are liable to spoil unless much care is taken with them.

The dairy men of Iowa have held several meetings recently for the purpose of organizing another branch of the Iowa Dairy association at Oskaloosa. Dairy men generally over the state want to improve their herds and equipment, but before investing more money in the dairy game they feel that some organized form of protection should be developed in order that they may be protected in regard to markets.

A wide-awake and active stock shipping association has, despite the car shortage, shipped from Huxley 36 car loads of live stock since the first of the year. Not much grain is shipped from Huxley, but the livestock shippers are active and altho operations were badly hindered by the railway conditions, the showing during the first six months of the year has been good. Most of the livestock is shipped by the association.

At Cambridge on June 24th, the memory of those pioneers who crossed to the Iowa prairie in 1855 and established the first Norwegian community in Story county on June 7, that year, was honored at a big celebration and picnic on the sixty-fifth anniversary of their coming to Iowa. There was a big reunion of the old settlers and their descendants, the latter now providing the backbone, as it were of the population of Story county.

Fifty calls for agricultural engineers with only 10 men to fill them is the plight of the agricultural engineering department of Iowa State college. Ten men were graduated in agricultural engineering this June. Since the first of the year approximately 50 requests for men to fill places as teachers and salesmen have been received. Agricultural colleges in all parts of the country have turned to Iowa State college for teachers of this kind of work. Farm machinery manufacturers have also sought a large number of men.

Leading Plymouth wool growers are getting together and will form an organization for hauling wool and hides on the open market. Farmers in the county say they can not get reasonable prices from the commission houses, who at times only offer 15c per pound for wool. The market at Boston varies from 75c to $1. Experince in other counties shows a net price of from 62c to 70c per pound, when the wool is marketed directly.

A gigantic move to raise the entire forty-two miles of levee in Des Moines and Louisa county was instigated when the joint levee boards contracted with Engineer Harmon, to undertake the task of drawing up plans and supervision of the work. The job calls for an investment of approximately $500,000, and would place the levee, not only three feet higher, but three feet above the high water mark if recommendations to the Mississippi river commission are carried out.

Crop conditions in Iowa are encouraging according to the latest reports. The present indications are that the yields per acre will be up to normal, the condition of all crops having improved materially since June 1. No definite figures are available as yet on the corn acreage. The acreage in corn is undoubtedly larger than the farmers had contemplated earlier in the season. The weather was unfavorable for the seeding of oats and farmers were forced to plant to corn considerable acreage they had intended for oats. Hence the corn acreage is not short as much as early reports indicated.

The biggest poultry culling school ever held in the United States just closed at Iowa State college at Ames after intensive study of the latest theories and practices in the selection, culling and management of poultry. Approximately 150 county agents, county demonstration agents and others interested were enrolled for the school. A part of the attendance was made up of a corps of men who were getting special training in preparation for a poultry culling campaign which will be staged in some forty counties of the state. Besides those enrolled for the full course, scores of farmers and farm women went to Ames for part of the work.

The population of Des Moines is 126,468. This is an increase of 46.4 per cent over the city's population when the federal census was taken ten years ago. Des Moines was credited by that count with 86,368 souls. This is an unusually high percentage of growth for cities in Des Moines' class. The 1910 census placed Des Moines the sixty-second city in the United States in population. While census announcements are far from complete, Des Moines 1920 showing is certain to advance its comparative rank several notches. It would not be surprising if, when the figures for all cities are announced, that Des Moines is in fiftieth place or better.

Nevada, with justice, lays claim to being one of the foremost stock and grain shipping points in Iowa. Last year 450 cars of livestock were shipped from that point and 425 cars of grain. In addition, Nevada lays claim to being one of the largest horse markets in the state of Iowa. There are at least 50 car loads shipped annually, local buyers doing a good business in those animals. For a radius of about five miles Nevada claims trading territory, and while perhaps it does not extend that far west, in an easterly direction the average is made up. There are virtually 50 business houses with almost every line of mercantile effort represented.

Iowa land values show no decline, but rather a vigorous upward tendency, Near Sheldon, in O'Brien county, land sold recently for $1,000 per acre, that during the boom last summer was bought for $500 an acre, an advance of $450 an acre in less than a year. Of course that is an exception case, but here is a fair illustration of conditions all over the state: Twenty-five Cass county farms have changed hands since March 1, at an average price of $311 an acre, an estimated increase of $25 per acre over prevailing prices last year. The aggregate acreage is 5,000 and the total consideration is $1,500,000. The prices range from $220 to $420 per acre.

Although there is now no possibility of the interstate commerce commision granting Iowa shippers a preferential order supplying the state with freight cars, the bankers' committee, just returned from Washington, believes that a solution has been found which will alleviate the shortage to a considerable extent. Upon the advice of the commission, Charles Webster, railroad commissioner, will establish an office in Chicago and will remain there indefinitely. Orders for cars from local shippers will be sent not only to the local agents as usual, but to Mr. Webster as well. The latter will then take them to the various railroad heads and will endeavor to secure cars direct from Chicago.

The web worm is affecting orchards in Madison county very seriously. Anyone who finds the worm hanging by a web in the apple trees and also finds the leaves being eaten, should spray with arsenate of lead, 1½ pounds to 50 gallons of water.

Alva Esterberg, 21 years old, mechanic in a garage at Sioux City struck a match to light a cigarett and tossed it to the floor of the garage. Instantly the floor was in flames and his oil soaked clothing ignited burning him so severely that he died six hours later.

Don't Forget--

To look over your haying tools and especially your binder and if repairs are to be needed come in at once and we will fix you up in a hurry with whatever you may need.

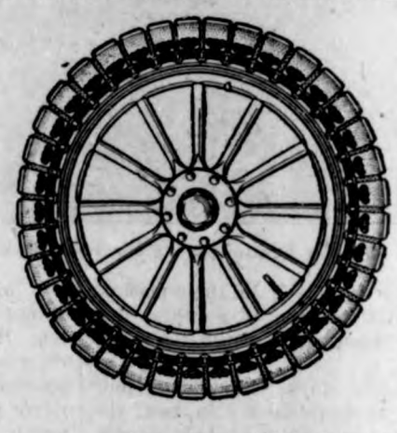
Binder Twine

We still have a small amount of Twine left and it would be good idea for you to get a few extra pounds in case you should run short.

W. M. BAACK

Times Ads Bring Result

Highway Tire Protectors



20,000 miles from tires guaranteed.

A Perfect Tire Protecting Device Made on a Tested Principle

Easy to put on and cannot possibly injure your tire. Prevents cuts, bruises, punctures and blowouts. A perfect tire protecting device that goes on without deflating your tires, is noiseless and NON-SKID under every condition of road or weather.

Cost is but a trifle

They cost only half as much as new caseings. New tires guaranteed to give 20,000 miles service when constantly equipped with the Highways. Will fit any make, style or size of tire.

Sold on 10 Days Trial

ROY I. SCHAEFER

Authorized Agent **Phone 209**

You Need Not Exercise Caution--

when buying clotning at this store, because we deal in genuine values every day in the year.

This is not a "bargain store" neither is it a "mark them up aud mark them down" store,

Our clothing -- our furnishings, are carefully bought for quality and in the long run are the economical goods to buy.

Rock-bottom prices on quality clothes makes satisfied customers.

Dandy values here in suits, trousers, shirts and underwear.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

If Its to Eat or Wear
We Have It

carry a nice line of Fresh Gro-
es--Ladies, mens and childrens
es for all kinds of wear--also a
mplete line of

Dry Goods

me in and let us show you the
y goods for Spring which are
ming in at this time. We will
interested to show you and you
l be interested to see it,

All at
J. N. Day's
The Busy Stors Phone 72

Overland
TRADE MARK

verland, Buick &
Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Ma-
chinery

Owens Automatic Farm
Lighting Plant

odyear and Fisk caseings and tubes
Cords in all sizes.

received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor
Oil--5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at
Right Prices

PHONE 30
Niles Garage
"YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST"
KLEMME, IA.

. O. Hocum
Grain, Coal and Live
Stock Man
y Grain and Hogs six days in
k, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14
A share of your patronage is solicit-
ed. All work attended to promptly
and carefully. We haul coal quick.
Lloyd Lau, Prop

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

ORIGINAL NOTICE

In the District Court of Hancock County, Iowa,
October Term A. D. 1920.

Joseph E. Johnson, Plaintiff
vs.
Unknown Claimants of and to the West Half of the Southeast Quarter and the East Half of the Southwest Quarter of Section Twenty-three in Township Ninety-five, North, Range Twenty-three West of the 5th P. M. in Hancock County, Iowa, and Patrick Shandler and Mrs. Patrick Shanlder, wife of Patrick Shanlder, Defendants.

To THE ABOVE NAMED UNKNOWN CLAIMANTS AND DEFENDENTS, AND EACH OF THEM;

You are herby notified that on or before the 1st day of October A. D. 1920 there will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Hancock County, Iowa, the petition of the plaintiff in the above entitled cause claiming that he is the absolute owner in fee simple of the West Half of the Southeast Quarter and the East Half of the Southeast Quarter of Section Twenty-three in Township Ninety-five, North, Range Twenty-three West of the 5th P. M. in Hancock County, Iowa.

That he and his grantors have been in the open, peaceable, continuous, notorious and adverse possession of the said premises for more than twenty-five years last past with claim of right and color of title and asks that all of the said Unknown Claimants and Defendants be forever barred and estopped from having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said premises adverse to the title and estate of the plaintiff therein and that the title thereto be quieted in the plaintiff and for equitable relief.

For further particulars see the petition when filed, which sets forth the plaintiff's claim in detail.

You are further notified that unless you appear thereto and defend on or before noon of the second day of the next term of the said District Court which will commence and be held at the Court House in Garner, Iowa, on the 11 day of October A. D. 1920, default will be entered against you and judgment and decree rendered thereon as prayed.

Dated this 24th day of May A. D. 1920.

Ramsay & Blackstone,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

It is hereby directed and ordered that the foregoing notice be published once each week for four successive weeks in the KLEMME TIMES, a newspaper of general circulation published in Hancock County, Iowa.

Dated this 25th day of May A. D. 1920.

A. E. Baumgartner,
Seal Clerk of the District Court
in and for Hancock County,
7-29-20-4w. Iowa.

Want Ads.

For Sale

FOR SALE—Eight good calves, well bred, four to six months old. Call on Chas. Medaus, Ventura Route. 2wp

KITCHEN CABINET for sale; in good condition. Frank Kluckhohn. tf

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

FOUND—An auto jack. Owner can have same by calling at Times Office and proving property and paying cost of advertising. 2w

FOUND—Number plate for auto. No. 142543 Ia. Call at Times Office.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Washington Honored While Alive.

Washington was the only American whose birthday was publicly celebrated while he still lived. February 22 was quite widely observed while he was president.

Answers the Purpose.

"Your true lover is often at a loss for words." "But nature makes that up to him by supplying him with an extensive vocabulary of gurgles, sniffles and sighs."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Local News!

Hod Lawhorn of Garner, was in Klemme Tuesday.

Attorney W. H. Ramsay was here from Garner Tuesday on business.

Mrs. Dan Miller from Goodell was a Klemme visitor last Thursday.

Mrs. L. H. Wilson, of Goodell, was a Klemme shopper Wednesday.

Mrs. Putman, of Belmond was a Klemme caller Wednesday.

Mr. A. E. Katter, of Garner, was a business visitor in Klemme Tuesday.

August Barz was a business caller at Garner Tuesday morning.

Chas. Stiehl was a business visitor at Garner Tuesday between trains.

A Mr. Schultz, of Kenosha, Wis., came last week for a few days visit with the Barz families.

Jacob Bock from Isabell, South Dakota, was a visitor with Klemme relatives a few days of the past week.

Anna Griewe is learning to drive a Ford Coupe which her father purchased the other day.

Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson was a passenger to Garner Tuesday morning between trains.

This vicinity has had plenty, really more rain than we need, for the past week. Rain every day is a common occurance.

Billy Keraus is now working at the Wellemeyer store in the gent's furnishing deparment. He takes the position vacated by John Opsal.

A. D. Gimer and family now ride around in a fine new Overland Sedan which they purchased of C. W. Wiles. It sure is a nifty car.

Miss Alberta Yahnke came last week from Minnesota and is also here this week visiting with Klemme relatives.

W. J. Barz drove over from Garner Friday afternoon on business. He and his family were also here Sunday visiting relatives.

Miss Martha Lenz, who is here visiting Mrs. A. H. Meyer, her sister, went to Charles City Saturday and returned Tuesday.

Mrs. H. Ludwig, of Nevada, Iowa, was visit with her daughter, Mrs. Kahrs, of this city, a few days last week.

M. O. Hocum was at Cedar Rapids last week from Tuesday until Thursday on matters pertaining to business.

Joe Miller went to Estherville, Iowa, Saturday morning to celebrate the Fourth and visit wth friends. Joe returned to Klemme Monday evening.

"Bill" Thompson has sold out his restaurant busness at Belmond. He and Mrs. Thompson were in Klemme Saturday on their way to the lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Sweigard and Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Sweigard drove over from Garner Sunday for a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson.

The Klemme Meat Market are the owners of a fine new Ford truck purchased of the Klemme Auto Co. The truck is equipped with pneumatic tires all around.

Mrs. C. Chrestensen and daughters Gladys and Rachel from Rozenian, Montana, arrived n Klemme last week Wednesday for a visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. A. D. Gimer and family.

Ralph Irwing and family, and Mrs. Irwing's sister who has been here visiting for several weeks, left last Thursday in their car for Rockford, Ill., to spend the Fourth and also to visit relatives. Tom Roths has charge of the restaurant during their absence.

The Klemme Times $2 per year.

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons
Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.
CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED
Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.
Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

THE SUCCESSFUL MAN SAVES

The difference between the successful man and the failure is not usually in ability.

Success comes by plan, by thrift first, and systematic saving.

If you are really willing to pay the price for SUCCESS start a savings account here today and keep adding to it regularly.

It is the only sure way.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE
STATE SAVINGS BANK
CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA
AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

SUCCESSFUL MEN BUILD

Men of action, men of success are men who build because--

Building means Profit!

Every improvement built about your place is a sign of success and the source of more success.

We are here to help successful men build. That means YOU when you are ready.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States
Lumber Company
Dealers In
Lumber and Building Material
Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN
PHYSICIAN SURGEON
OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109
X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

The Man Nobody Knew

By HOLWORTHY HALL

(Copyright by Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc.)

"LET 'EM MAKE ME LOOK LIKE THAT!"

Everyone knows about the Legion Etrangere—the famous Foreign Legion of the French army. Well, Richard Morgan of Syracuse, N. Y., enlisted in the Foreign Legion in the great war under the name of Henry Hilliard. So you can guess that the hero was not in love with himself or with life. The Hun sent him to the hospital with a wounded knee and arm and a face pretty much shot away with shrapnel. The surgeons fixed up his knee and his arm. When they proposed to restore his features, he lied and said he had no photograph of himself. And in his rage against life he caught up a picture postcard bearing the radiant face of Christ and cried:

"Let 'em make me look like that! Or anything else, either—I don't give a d—n!"

The French surgeons were interested and did a good job. And presently "The Man Nobody Knew" is back in Syracuse, telling of the death of Dick Morgan and selling mining stock and falling deeper in love with Carol Durant, the "only girl" of his old life who had refused to marry Dick Morgan, the failure.

Complications! Well, rather—especially when the mining stock apparently turns out to be worthless and the only man in the world who knows Hilliard's secret dies of apoplexy and the hero finds out that the heroine did love Dick Morgan. And Holworthy Hall handles these complications and these real, human characters and this American community in the masterly way that makes him read from one end of the country to the other these days. Good reading!

CHAPTER I.

—1—

In the beginning of things, he was merely a number; but even that was creditable, because his number was low enough to signify that he had responded pretty promptly to the rallying call. After that, and with the cataclysmic suddenness which marked all changes of military status on the western front, he became, one frosty morning, a Case, and got himself roughly classified (and tenderly handled) as a Stretcher Case, a Grand Blesse, and, in consequence, a proper temporary inmate of a field hospital on the Belgian plains.

There, he was unofficially known as Joyeaux, or Joyous One; not because he displayed a very buoyant disposition—far from it!—but because he belonged to the Foreign legion; and in the course of another day or two he was routine-ticketed as an Evacue, and provided with a lukewarm hot-water bottle and a couple of evil-smelling cigarettes to console him on the road to the base hospital at Neuilly.

At Neuilly he became, for the first time since his enlistment, an Individual, and at the very outset he was distinguished by certain qualities which had passed unnoticed in the frying pan and fire of the trenches. For one thing, he was obviously immune to kindness; and for another, he was apparently immune to hope. He was a man of inveterate silence; not the grim silence of fortitude in suffering (which is altogether too common a virtue in base hospitals to earn any especial merit), but rather the dogged reticence of black moods and chronic bitterness. To be sure, speech was physically difficult to him, but other men with similar misfortunes spoke blessings with their eyes, and gave back gratitude in voiceless murmurs. Not so the Joyous One. From the day of his arrival he demanded nothing, desired nothing, but to brood sullenly aloof; and so, when he became an Individual, he also became a mystery to the nursing staff. It was rumored that he was an implacable woman hater, and there seemed to be something in it.

Regardless of the care of the American nurses (all hoveringly attentive to one of their own nation who had fought for France), his spirit remained abysmal and clouded in gloom. Only twice, in the initial month of his confinement, did he betray the weakness of an ordinary emotion; on each occasion a gold-laced general had come to salute, in the name of the republic, one of the Individual's neighbors, and to deliver a bit of bronze which dangled from a ribbon striped red and green. It was said (and doubted by those who hadn't seen it) that at these ceremonies the Individual had grown feverish, and let tears come to his eyes, but subsequently he had relapsed into still greater depths of stoicism than before; his own bed-jacket was innocent of cross or medal, and his depression was apparent, and acute. The nurses, arguing that perhaps his pride was wounded as seriously as his flesh, offered quick condolence and got themselves rebuffed with shrugs of the Individual's shoulders, and inarticulate sounds which had all the earmarks of suppressed profanity. He didn't even soften when Pierre Dutout, a hard-hit territorial in the next bed, squandered a day's supply of energy to lean across and whisper sympathetically to him: "Old man . . . Vieux espece de choux-——— . . . I know how it is . . . and I haven't got any friends either. I want you to take my Croix de Guerre. . . . When I go nowhere."

Even when speech returned to the Individual he was a man of curt responses and stinging monosyllables—a problem to the surgeons, a problem to the nurses and (if the expression in his eyes meant anything), an overwhelming problem to himself. It appeared that, after all, it wasn't simply women that he hated—it was the universe.

His military book implied that he had no parents, no close relations, no friends to notify, no fixed abode. He received no visitors, no letters, no packages freighted with magical delight. But to those who pitied him in all his loneliness he was utterly contemptuous; he even went so far as to fillip sidelong to the floor a religious post card tendered him by a devout and sentimental passer-by, and he did it in her presence, unashamed. Later, when a smiling orderly picked up that post card and tucked it under his pillow he was no less contemptuous in permitting it to remain. But the one stupendous fact which, more than all else combined, made him an object of bewildered curiosity was this—that of the scores and scores of men with head-wounds who were reborn at Neuilly that spring and summer, he was the only one who had never asked for a mirror.

This, of itself, wouldn't have been astonishing as long as he delayed in the preliminary stages of recovery, for now and then a man with head-wounds proves to be super-sensitive; but in the second stage it was remarkable, and in the third stage it was unique. The staff held it to be extraordinary from a social as well as from a pathological viewpoint, that a man so terribly disfigured should have no interest—not even a morbid interest—in his own appearance. And it wasn't that the Individual was simply indifferent to the mirror; on the contrary, his aversion to it was active and energetic; he flinched, and motioned it frantically away as though the mere conception of seeing himself as others saw him was too repellant, and too unthinkable to endure.

There came a day in April when a photograph was requested of him. Surely he knew where there was a likeness of himself, didn't he? His old passport photograph, which had mysteriously disappeared, or—

The Individual glanced up from his present task; the wound in his arm was still annoying and he was absorbed in learning to write with his left hand.

"What for?" he muttered.

"Why," said the nurse, cheerfully, "for a model. To help the surgeons. They'll take your picture for a guide and make you look almost exactly the way you did before."

The Individual from America sat up straight, so that the nurse was startled by his animation, which was without a parallel in his local history.

"What!" he said.

"Certainly!" The nurse spoke in the tone one uses to an ailing child. "You've known that, haven't you?"

The Individual's voice was queerly unmanageable and strained. "You mean to say they're going to make me look the way . . . Could they do that? Could they? Even now?"

"Why, of course," she assured him.

"You never told me that!" he said, passionately. "Why didn't you? Why couldn't you have told me! And here I've been . . ." He put his hands to his bandaged face and seemed to shrink within himself. Then all at once he burst out: "Well, there's nothing to prevent . . . Then they could make me not look like it, if they wanted to! Isn't that so?"

She regarded him in vast perplexity, and thought of summoning a surgeon, for the man had begun to quiver as though from shell shock—which he hadn't undergone.

"Why, I don't understand what you mean," she said soothingly. "But if you'll just be calm and—"

The Individual gestured with fierce impatience.

"If they can do what you say, and make me look like any old thing they choose to, then what in the devil are they asking for a photograph for?"

"Why, to go by," she said helplessly. "You want to look like your old self, don't you?"

"No, I don't!"

The nurse gasped. His tone had been churlish, but the echo of it vaguely suggested triumph and relief. His symptoms had subsided . . . could it be that he actually was relieved? Dumfounded, she made another effort to convince him.

"But you want to look just as nearly like—"

"Don't you suppose I know what I want?" he interrupted rudely.

"But haven't you a photograph, anyway, that I can—"

"No, I haven't!" he snapped. "I haven't." It was a lie; the passport photograph was in the lining of a certain wallet, and he had hid it there for reasons of his own. But now that one great danger was definitely past, and a still further bulwark of protection offered, if the nurse spoke truth, the Individual could afford to come out from ambush. "And I don't want to look the way I did before, and what's more I never did! But if your doctors are half as smart as they think they are let 'em make me look like *that!* Or anything else either—I don't give a d——n!"

Shocked and horrified, she was gazing at a picture postcard he had snatched from under his pillow and thrust upon her. It was a reproduction of a religious painting by Rembrandt. It was the radiant face of the Christ.

CHAPTER II.

Nine o'clock on a night in June—not a June evening, heavy-starred on velvet, but a furious June night, with Stygian blackness looping overhead, and Stygian water battering and boiling against the hull plates. The ship was dark as the night itself; blind dark, without a single ray to play the traitor. On deck a solitary venturer hugged the rail, and apathetically watched the waves tear past.

Out of the warmth and cheer and the vitiated atmosphere of the smoking room came Martin Harmon, big, florid, exuberant. A heaving lift of the deck sent him lurching sidewise; he saved his balance by struggling

"Let Them Make Me Look Like That."

toward the rail, when suddenly the slope was reversed, and he slipped and slid to the barrier of safety, clutched it, and found himself at arm's length from the lonely watcher, who hadn't stirred, or even turned his head.

"Hello!" said Harmon, his surprise tinctured with easy familiarity. "Some night!"

"Yes, it is." The tone of the response was curt, so curt that Harmon instinctively leaned forward to discover what expression of countenance went with it. The night was so black that he might as well have tried to penetrate a curtain of solid fabric.

"Seen any U-boats yet?" he asked humorously.

"Not yet." The taciturn one moved a trifle away; a man less thin-skinned and less dined and wined than Harmon would probably have taken the hint and removed himself, but Harmon's was an inquisitive disposition, and he never attempted to curb it—he was the sort of traveling companion who makes Christians reflect upon the definition of justifiable homicide.

"What is your line?" he inquired after a pause.

The other man laughed queerly.

"The first . . . if it makes so much difference to you."

"Beg pardon? I don't quite get you. You said . . ."

"I said the first line. I meant the first-line trenches. I've been in it."

Harmon jerked his head upward in comprehension.

"Oh, I see! You mean the war! And you've been right on the spot where the fighting is? Pretty lively up there, isn't it? Something stirring most all the time?"

"I imagine so." The other man's accent was amazingly diffident, and Harmon peered at him, incredulous.

"Good Lord, don't you know?"

"Not a great deal. I happened to get hit the first day I was in the trenches."

"But you got in it again afterward, I suppose? I'll bet you did!"

"No."

"What! You never got back at all? Just one day, and you're through?"

"Yes. After I was discharged from hospital I was discharged from the army too. Permanently unfit."

"English army?"

"No—French."

"Well, that's some record!" said Harmon appreciatively. "That certainly is some record! Not to say tough luck—the toughest kind. Going back home, I take it?"

"Looks that way, doesn't it?"

Harmon ignored the sarcasm.

"Back to work, eh? What did you say your line is?"

"I didn't say. I haven't any just now."

Harmon pondered a second.

"Oh! Gentleman of leisure? Soldier of fortune, eh? Well, I wouldn't worry if I were you. You're disappointed; that's natural . . . but the world hasn't come to an end yet. Of course it is something of a come-down to leave the army and get into harness again, but after all there's plenty of excitement right in the United States. Big work to be done, son! Big money to make. And it helps the war along, too. I tell you there never was a bigger opportunity to make money than there is right this minute. The hard job isn't to find the scheme; it's to find the men to run it. Don't you worry . . . you'll land something right off the bat!"

"Thanks for the compliment!"

"Oh, it's no compliment! Anybody can make money these days. It's a plain statement of fact . . . Say, let's go in and have something. Come in and be sociable. What you want's a drink. Am I right or am I wrong?"

"Well—"

"And that's what the doctor ordered! Come on! It's on me."

The other man hesitated, and at last succumbed, out of sheer unconcern, to a companionship he realized in advance would be distasteful.

"All right," he consented briefly; and together, arm in arm, they stumbled and tacked across the treacherous deck, and presently crossed the threshold into the hazy light of the smoking room. Harmon, smiling broadly, wiped the brine from his smarting eyes.

"Now, then," he said, "what particular brand of poison do you—" And broke off short and stared, fascinated, at the extraordinary young man in front of him.

He was anywhere from twenty-five to forty, this American from the distant trenches, and his age was as hard to guess as a clever woman's; there was something about him peculiar to youth, and yet when his face was in repose, he might easily have claimed two score of years and gone undisputed. It was a face which suggested both the fire of immaturity and the drain of experience; there was breath-taking gravity about it, a hint of the dignity of marble, of ageless permanence. It was a slightly thin face, scarred by a heavy line or two, and indelibly stamped with the evidence of intense thought and inward suffering; but it lacked the hollows which, at the first glance, should have supported the evidence. It was a thin and oval face, with a mouth of large and sympathetic sweetness, a forehead white and high, a prominent, delicate nose, and irises of clear, luminous gray. It wasn't altogether an Anglo-Saxon type of countenance, nor was it definitely European; it seemed rather to have taken all the better qualities from several races. It was a face to inspire immediate trust and confidence and respect, and Harmon, despite his lack of practice in all three of these reactions, was evidently attracted by it.

"Vichy-Celestins for me," said the old-young man indifferently.

"I'll . . . I guess I'll have vichy too," said Harmon, relaxing. "If it wasn't for something I can't just describe I'd say . . . well, never mind. Er . . . what business have you been in, by the way?"

The younger man's reply was tardy and not particularly gracious.

"Why, the longest time I ever put in at any one business was selling insurance. The last thing I did was to sell bonds. Why?"

Harmon stiffened. "A salesman! Good Lord! That's the last thing in the world I'd have . . . but, say! You must have been a whirlwind! Why, a man with a presence like yours would hardly have to open his mouth! You've got a sort of . . . I'll be hanged if I know what to call it . . . but a kind of feeling, if you know what I mean. Salesman! Why, all you need is an introduction and a dotted line!"

The young man laughed rather forlornly and sipped his vichy.

"Just at present I haven't either."

Harmon's gaze was unfaltering, and his interest and admiration bounded higher. Mechanically, in accordance with his habits, he was striving to discover how this new acquaintance might be put to practical use. "Was

"Meaning What?"

I right, or was I wrong? Playing in hard luck don't strengthen a man's courage much, even if he tries to bluff himself into thinking it does. Cut out the regret stuff; that's my advice, and you can take it or leave it. Forget all that tough luck you had over here, and get busy figuring out how you're going to cash in on all your experience. America's full of chances—you'll land something big in no time. Can't help it if you try. Salesman! Son, you're carrying your best recommendation right on top of your own shoulders!"

The young man gave him back a wry smile and finished his vichy.

"I only hope it comes true," he said.

Harmon looked at him steadily, and falling under the spell of those radiant features stared and stared until he came to himself and all at once brought his fist down on the table, so that the glasses rang again.

"Well, why shouldn't it? As a matter of fact, why shouldn't it?"

The younger man's expression hadn't changed. "Meaning what?"

"Meaning," said Harmon deliberately, "that the first thing I've got to do when I get home is to hunt up a couple of good salesmen myself. Are you hunting for a good job, or aren't you?"

"Aren't you a little hasty?" The young man's intonation was sardonic.

"I've cleaned up most of my money," said Harmon very slowly to the ceiling, "by making quick decisions. I make up my mind pretty fast. If you can interest me on short notice you can interest other people. Mind you, we're just discussing this—sort of thinking out loud. No obligation on either side. Doesn't do any harm to talk about it, does it?"

"Then suppose," said the young man placidly, "you define your idea of a good job. I'm rather particular."

"But you admit you're out of luck, and—"

"But you admit I'm a whirlwind." The young man smiled with faint amusement.

"I said you ought to be—with training."

The young man's mouth turned upward at the corners.

"Go ahead and describe the job."

"Well, my idea of a pretty sweet job for a man of your age is—to start, of course—about twenty a week and commissions."

"Yes? What per cent commission?"

"Oh, eight to ten per cent."

The young man glanced at Harmon and laughed quietly.

"You're a broker, of course, but that doesn't sound much like conservative investment securities to me. What is it—industrials?"

Harmon grimaced.

"Yes, I'm a broker." He set down his glass and fumbled for a card. "There! But I was thinking more about stocks than bonds. Some new Montana properties—copper and zinc. Metals are the big noise these days. I guess you realize that, don't you? Munition work."

"I'll show 'em whether I can make good or not!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Cannot Praise Remedy too H

THE WAY ONE LADY FEEL SUFFERING TWO YEA

Judging from her letter, ery and wretchedness en Mrs. Charlie Taylor, R. F. Box 144, Dillon, S. C., been terrible. No one, af ing her letter, can co doubt the great healin of PE-RU-NA for trou to catarrh or catarrhal c in any part of the bo letter is an inspiration sick and suffering man c anywhere. Here it is: two years with catarrh of stomach and bowels. Trie the best doctors, who gav I then took PE-RU-NA truthfully say I am well. began to use PE-RU-NA, I one hundred pounds. M now is one hundred and cannot praise PE-RU highly, for it was a Godse I got relief from the f bottle and twelve bottles I advise all sufferers PE-RU-NA."

As an emergency remed home, there is nothing equal of this reliable, t medicine, PE-RU-NA. T place their sole dependen for coughs, colds, stom bowel trouble, constipati matism, pains in the back, loins and to prevent the Spanish Flu. To keep t pure and maintain bodily and robustness, take PE-R

You can buy PE-RU-N where in either tablet form.

After you eat—alway

EATONI

FOR YOUR STOMACH'S

—one or two tablets—eat li Instantly relieves Heartburn Gassy Feeling. Stops ho food souring, repeating, and the many miseries c

Acid-Stomac

EATONIC is the best remedy the harmful acids and gases of the body and, of course, well. Tens of thousands wo benefited. Guaranteed to m money refunded by your o gist. Cost a trifle. Please t

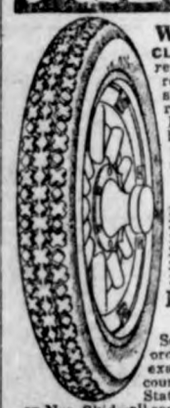
PARKER HAIR BAL Removes Dandruff-Stop Restores Color Beauty to Gray and F 50c. and $1.00 at dr Hiscox Chem. Wks. Pat

HINDERCORNS Remove louses, etc., stops all pain, ensures co feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail gists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchog

AGENTS—Something new, nation tised; only one of its kind; dem where. No competition or trou 5 sales daily means $300 monthly ture, sales helps furnished free nary opportunity to start small, business. Exclusive ter. free, wor later. Write Jackson Standard 1086 Arcade Bldg., Dept. A, St.

Southeast Nebraska, Well Improv Corn Farm, $150 acre, one-half ca Charles Rothell, owner, Vesta, N

6000 MIL GUARANTEE FREE TU



With Every Tire C CLIFTON DOUBLE TRE represent the highest reconstructed tires. By sive process of manu receive the service of Ply of fabric wh ch insu blow outs and makes the tically puncture proof. shipment guaranteed.

Prices Include and Tire

30x3	$ 7.00
30x3½	8.25
32x3½	9.00
31x4	10.00
32x4	10.50
33x4	11.00

Reliner FREE Every Tir

Send $2.00 deposit for ordered, balance C. O. D. examination, 5 per cent c count if full amount is sent State whether S. S., C., P

or Non-Skid—all same price.

CLIFTON TIRE CO., Chicago

Costa Rica is the married paradise. There is not a store in that country.

Our idea of a true heroine is ried woman who doesn't say wishes she had remained sing

Tired and Wor

Does summer find you tired, all worn out? Do you have backache; feel lame and st without life or ambition? T reason why you feel so badly your kidneys have weakened causing you to feel so miserable back your health and keep it the weakened kidneys with *Kidney Pills*. Doan's have thousands and should help you *your neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

Ike F. Doyle, horse trainer, 305 S. 8th St., Burlington, Iowa, says: "The pains through the small of my back were so severe they would fairly cut my breath short. My kidneys were weak and I would have to get up several times during the night. The secretions were colored and unnatural in appe After using a few of Doan's Pills I was greatly relieved."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a B

DOAN'S KID PIL

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO.

Use **MURINE** Night and Morning Keep Your Ey Clean-Clear and He

Write for Free Eye Care Book Murine Co.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

May Pass the Critical Period Safely and Comfortably by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Summit, N. J.—"I have taken Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound during Change of Life and I think it is a good remedy in such a condition. I could not digest my food and had much pain and burning in my stomach after meals. I could not sleep, had backache, and worst of all were the hot flashes. I saw in the papers about Vegetable Compound so I tried it. Now I feel all right and can work better. You have my permission to publish this letter."—Victoria Koppl, 21 Oak Ridge Ave., Summit, N. J.

If you have warning symptoms such as a sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backache, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness, quietude, and dizziness, get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin taking the medicine at once. We know it will help you as it did Mrs. Koppl.

All Titled.

The doctor's family had just moved into a more exclusive residence district and all the members were much given to boasting over this. Even the nine-year-old daughter told of it to her small playmates at school. "Why, it's just like having a title," she ended. "Everything that comes to our place has written on it after our names, 'Collett place.'"

Another little nine-year-old sniffed very disdainfully. "Oh, if that is what you mean, we've got one too," she informed the audience, "and it's almost like your'n. Right after our name on everything that comes to our house, they write, 'Collect, please.'"—Exchange.

SAVE SHOES AND STOCKINGS

They will last twice as long if you Shake into Your Shoes ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, the Antiseptic, Healing powder for the feet. It takes away the sting of Corns, Bunions, Callouses, sore, aching, swollen, tender feet. Allen's Foot-Ease stops the friction which causes the wear on shoes and stockings, saves expense and makes walking a delight. Shake it into your shoes. Sprinkle it in the foot-bath. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Peril of Growing Pains.

Little John had put in a very hard day of playing and that night he said, "Mother, oh, how my knee aches!"

"That is just a growing pain and will be all right in the morning," replied his mother.

At that John exclaimed: "But the pain is in just one knee, and is one of my legs going to be longer than the other?"

Poetry and Prose.

"Oft in my silent vigils, I hear the voices of the night."

"Have you a baby with colic, too?"

Have you been refused Life Insurance?

TRY

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)

High Blood Pressure, Bad Heart, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuritis, etc., successfully treated.

Write for Information
Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co.

Post Office Box 4
Jordan, Minn.

His Business in Post Office.

The commercial traveler met Sandy, a canny one, emerging from the post office.

"Ah, Sandy!" cried the commercial, it is good to see as prosperous a farmer as yourself—not forgetful of the country! You have been in the post office to purchase war bonds?"

"Nay," said Sandy easily.

"Oh! Then perhaps you have put a little money in the savings banks, that may help the country.

"Nay."

"Well," said the traveler as a last resort, "I suppose that you have bought a postal order to send to some poor acquaintance?"

"Nay; I've been in to fill my fountain pen."—London Ideas.

The Rage.

The movie star was sobbing as if her heart would break.

"What's the matter, dearie?" asked her friends.

"I want to get a divorce," replied the teary one, "but my husband is so good to me that I cannot find any grounds."—Film Fun.

Of Doubtful Origin.

"How did you like that Spanish cigar I gave you, old man?"

"Did you say 'Spanish' or 'spinach?'"

To many people the most popular hot-weather drink is the one some other fellow pays for.

Burglary Is Not Profitable.

When one reads in the paper an account of a burglary where the thief succeeded in securing $5,000 to $10,000 worth of jewelry, one is apt to think that the spoils were probably worth the risk, but investigation has shown that thieves never realize anything like the full value of their plunder. In England it was discovered that out of 468 burglaries reported in various parts of the kingdom the proceeds netted the principals an average of about $75 each. The value of the plunder was many times that figure. In addition to this, each one of the number had been sent to jail for his crime.

Leap Year Proposals.

The hostess was the only married girl in the crowd, and all the others were giving their requirements, etc., for husbands. "I don't care who he is if he'll never make me raise a garden or chickens," said one. "Mother's peeping little ones now drive me almost crazy. I'll just ask him if he ever will keep chickens and—"

The hostess broke in: "That's just what I did," she laughed. "I asked Henry if he intended to keep any chickens, and when he said he did I just said: 'That's me,' and I got him."

Temporary Truce.

Grace—I hear that Charles and Helen made up their quarrel.

Gussie—Only temporarily. They are going to be married soon.—Edinburgh Scotsman.

As A Table Drink Postum Cereal

meets every requirement!

The flavor, much like superior coffee, always pleases; and when health and economy are considered, this wholesome beverage fits every need.

Boil Postum Cereal fully 15 minutes, after boiling begins—or if you prefer a quickly prepared drink, buy the newer form—Instant Postum, which is made instantly in the cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc.
Battle Creek, Michigan

Home Town Helps

POINT FOR HOME BUILDERS

Value of House Is Greatly Enhanced by the Presence of Trees and Shrubbery.

If at all possible, say specialists of the United States department of agriculture, the house should be located near good trees, the shade of which may be used and enjoyed by the family every day during the summer. It takes so long to grow good trees that those already available should be cherished and utilized to the fullest extent.

Another thing that should be carefully considered is outlook. The house should be located so that the windows of the rooms most used look out upon attractive views. The living-room and the kitchen are entitled to first consideration in this matter. The near view should be over an unbroken lawn, and there should be some object of interest beyond. If there is in the general landscape a mountain, a water view, a woodland, a meadow, an extended farm view, or even a handsome tree, use it as an inspiring picture, framed by the window for the family through the years. It may mean the difference between a sordid life and an inspired life for the children who are brought up under its influence. At any rate, it will mean active pleasure or quiet consolation to the wife amid the daily cares of the household. If all these natural objects are lacking, possibly some feature may be created on the place, such as an attractive group of shrubs so placed and arranged as to have something of interest every month in the year.

CLEAN UP UNSIGHTLY SPOTS

Rubbish Piles Are Very Much Out of Place in Any City of High Aspirations.

In the good old days before we got so absorbed in running the universe and contemplating the cost of living, we used to pay more attention to such homely matters as cleaning the streets and tidying up the yards, remarks the Kansas City Star. Dr. E. H. Bullock, health director, has called attention to our deficiencies in his appeal for a clean-up.

Of course premises ought to be kept tidy all the time. There is no excuse for accumulating piles of ashes and tin cans. Still, in this frail world such things as rubbish piles do exist. That being the case, it is better to clean up spring and fall than never to clean up at all.

Most persons who get about town will testify to the general tidiness of yards. The average family takes pride in the appearance of a well-kept lawn. But an occasional slacker may disfigure a whole block. One unkempt place will nullify the efforts of the entire neighborhood.

Let's not be a black spot on the neighborhood map. Let's clean up!

Must Turn to Home Gardens.

With the winter's wheat crop promising a yield of 248 million bushels less than last year, and the government warning the public that nearly all of the old wheat now in stock is of inferior grade and of low milling quality, and indications pointing to reduced acreage of spring wheat, the country needs to be aroused quickly to the danger of an inadequate food supply. With new potatoes selling in Florida at $19 to $20 a barrel, or three times what was formerly considered a good price, we must once more turn to the home garden as an aid to the nation's food supply. And the sooner the country understands this situation and its danger the better it will be for us.—Manufacturers' Record.

Loop and Elevated Aerials.

An extensive research on radio transmission and reception with various types of aerials has been in progress at the bureau of standards, Washington, D. C., says the Scientific American. One of the most interesting questions at the present time is as to the relative advantages of the antenna, or usual type of elevated aerial, and the smaller coil aerial or "loop." This question is answered by the studies of the bureau. The small coil aerial has many advantages, but is usually not so powerful a transmitting and receiving device as the antenna type of aerial. It may, however, have so much lower resistance than the antenna that it is equal to it in transmitting and receiving value.

Resourceful Messenger.

A sentry, who was stationed at a certain gate with strict orders to admit no one, was approached by an Irishman. "Halt!" said the sentry. Mickey looked at him in surprise. "Faith, an' what am I to halt for?" he said. "No one is allowed in there," came the reply. "But sure I must go! I've a note for his 'anner the kurnel." "Can't help it," said the sentry. "No one is allowed in there without a pass." "But I tell ye I must go in!" said Mickey; "sure the giniral himself sent me." "Can't help who sent you," said the other; "you can't go in." "Well, then," came Mickey's reply, "gimme me the gun an' you take the note, and we'll manage foinely!"

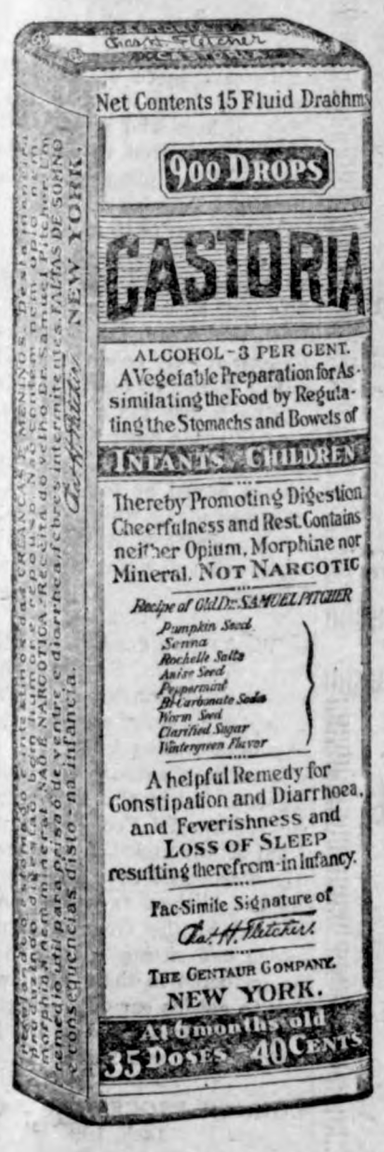
False Claims.

WE hope there is no Mother who thinks she can treat her sick baby without calling in a Physician, or with remedies that she uses for herself.

Most Mothers know that Baby requires remedies especially prepared for babies, yet there are some who think that what is good enough for them is good enough for Baby, and it is to these Mothers we appeal to give nothing to their babies that is not specially prepared for babies or recommended by their Physician.

False claims may kill, but false claims can never restore your child.

For over thirty years Fletcher's Castoria has been aiding in the reduction of the deaths among infants as Mothers have become more and more acquainted with it. Always keep it in the house.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Mothers Must Use Care.

Why do we so often call your attention to imitations of Fletcher's Castoria? Because it is a baby's medicine and imitations are always dangerous, particularly imitations of a remedy for infants.

Your druggist may not keep an imitation but they are to be found on drug-store shelves. Reliable druggists think only of the welfare of their customers. The other kind only of the greater profit to be made on imitations.

Your own judgment tells you that Fletcher's Castoria having for over thirty years at great expense held up its reputation, must jealously guard it. Then, it follows that this company must use the very best of material. Must employ experts in the selection of the herbs. Must retain skilled chemists in its manufacture.

Your same good judgment must tell you that these irresponsible imitators are trading on your credulity and the reputation built up by Mr. Fletcher, during all these years, for his Castoria.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Malice.

"College professors," said President K. C. M. Sills of Bowdoin, "can be very malicious at times. Two professors were talking the other day over their luncheon.

"'I see that Erudice of Yalevard has written a novel,' said the first professor. 'Is it any good?'

"'It ought to be,' said the second professor. 'It cost him $30 to get it published.'"

SAY "DIAMOND DYES"

Don't streak or ruin your material in a poor dye. Insist on "Diamond Dyes." Easy directions in package.

"CORNS"

Lift Right Off Without Pain

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Just a Row.

"Did you ever try working the ouija board?"

"Yep."

"Ever get anything out of it?"

"Once. Got a family row. Ma accused me of influencing it and I swore she was making the thing move."

Dont Forget Cuticura Talcum

When adding to your toilet requisites. An exquisitely scented face, skin, baby and dusting powder and perfume, rendering other perfumes superfluous. You may rely on it because one of the Cuticura Trio (Soap, Ointment and Talcum). 25c each everywhere.—Adv.

No Wonder.

Otis—You say that something at the banquet last night disgusted you?

Chester—Yes; had too much climate. Sat between a California native son and a man from Florida!—New York Evening Post.

Time He Spoke.

Nell—Tomorrow is Jack's twenty-eighth birthday.

Doris—Are you going to give him anything?

Nell—Yes, a good strong hint.—Boston Transcript.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Reverse Method.

"How does this detective you have employed propose to follow the case up?"

"By hunting it down."

Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Guaranteed. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Comfort Your Skin With Cuticura Soap and Fragrant Talcum

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Place anywhere, DAISY FLY KILLER attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed.

DAISY FLY KILLER at your dealer or 5 by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25.
HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STILLS

Water Stills made entirely of heavy copper, one or three-gallon capacity. Prices $25 and $40 respectively; shipped prepaid by express or parcel post the same day we receive your order. Ideal for distilling water for automobile, batteries, industrial uses and drinking purposes.

CHARLES JARL
702 Leavenworth St. Omaha, Nebr.

MEN AND WOMEN EVERYWHERE are earning over $10.00 every day selling new product; sweetens like sugar; relative cost only 3c a pound. Greatest money making repeater on earth. Experience unnecessary. Particulars free. Write A-1 PRODUCTS CO., Dept. K-W 12, 873 North Wells St., Chicago.

IOWA IMPROVED FARMS, Chickasaw, adjoining counties. Buy direct from owner $175-$225. Reilly Bros., New Hampton, Iowa.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail 50c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

You Can't Rub It Away; Rheumatism is in the Blood

Liniments Will Never Cure.

If you are afflicted with Rheumatism, why waste time with liniments, lotions and other local applications that never did cure Rheumatism, and never will?

Do not try to rub the pain away. Try the sensible plan of finding the cause of the pain, and go after that. Remove the cause, and you remove the pain.

You will never be rid of Rheumatism until you cleanse your blood of the germs that cause the disease. S. S. S. has never had an equal as a blood purifier and scores of sufferers say that it has cleansed their blood of Rheumatism, and removed all trace of the disease from their system.

Get a bottle of S. S. S., and get on the right treatment to-day. Special medical advice free. Address Medical Director, 111 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Local News

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Sampson had his adenoids removed and another minor operation performed on him by Drs. Reuber & Hall last week Tuesday. He is now fully recovered from his troubles.

The Meservey Register has changed hands and now Messrs. Moughan and Moughan are the publishers. We believe these gentlemen are of Irish descent and should be able to make the paper a very good paper.

Mr. and Mrs. Mort Palmby and the Haus children, of Garden City, Minnesota, were visiting Klemme relatives and friends the latter part of last week and the fore part of this week.

Gearald and Mildred McCullough and Charlotte Miller left early Sunday morning in Gearald's car for Des Moines where they went to celebrate the Fourth and take in the sights. They returned to Klemme Tuesday.

Mr. E. C. Crotty, the leader of the Klemme band, returned Friday after several weeks' absence in the east where he was called by the illness of his father and who later passed away. The band boys are glad to have Mr. Crotty with them again.

Forest City now has a free mail delivery service established. Residences receive mail twice a day and the business section three times each day. The city is divided into two routes. July 1st was the first day of the new service.

Miss Helen Lenz came from Minneapolis Saturday evening for a visit with her sisters, Mrs. A. H. Meyer, and Martha Lenz, who has been here a month from Charles City. They are spending their summer vacation together.

Hancock county is to have a public health nurse. Miss Mae Ferleman is now in Cleveland, Ohio, taking a course in Public Health nursing and will be ready to begin duty as our county nurse September 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Hocum and daughters, Avis and Helen, drove to Grinnell Thursday for a visit with Mrs. Hocum's mother and other relatives. Mr. Hocum returned Saturday but Mrs. Hocum and the children remained for a longer visit.

Some of those who autoed to Clear Lake Monday were forced to leave their cars there on account of the rain and come back by train Tuesday. Others who attempted to make the drive arrived in Klemme late in the night and some pulled into Klemme about Tuesday noon, having spent the night trying to get thru the mud.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Barr and Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Fuller drove to Iowa Falls Monday to take in the Fourth of July celebration which was going there full blast that day. Coming back they did not encounter any muddy roads until they came to Belmond. They say there was an immense crowd at Iowa Falls and the day was ideal, which cannot be said of the weather in this neck of the woods that day, for it was all of the opposite.

We heard a good one on Ed Jacobs the other day. Ed drove his car to Clear Lake Monday to celebrate and like a good many others got stuck in the mud coming back. Ed evidently got stuck in a slough for after he had gone to bed at Croner's house where he rooms, Mr. Croner got up to see what all the racket was in the kitchen. He discovered that Ed left his shoes in the kitchen and the noise was caused by the frogs croakng in his shoes and sitting on the mud which he gathered in the slough while trying to get his car out. Next time Ed better chase the frogs off his shoes before he starts home.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS OF JUNE 14th, 1920

Upon motion the following bills were allowed:

L. A. Ridder, Pumping for month of May	$ 15.00
Light Company, Street light March, April and May	144.00
F. H. Ridder, Water works supplies,	174.40
E. F. D. Kahrs, Expense mowing park	9.76

Council Proceedings of June 28, 1920

Upon motion the following bills were allowed:

Kluckhohn & Sons, Water Works supplies	$ 3.12
Klemme Times, Printng sewer notice,	39.90

1w N. L. PALMER, Clerk

Division to Two-Mile Trench.

A division, which is the largest body known in the organization of the American army, will fully man two miles of trenches. The regulation distance in the manning of a trench is a yard to a man. There are three lines, however, needed to fully man such defenses—the firing line, which is down in the trench, a yard behind each man; the support, which is back a short distance, and the reserve.

Road to Wickedness.

The many prove the wisdom of Hesiod, who says that the road to wickedness is smooth and very short and there is no need of perspiring But before virtue the immortal god have placed the sweat of labor, and long and steep is the way thither, and rugged at first; but when you have reached the top, then, however difficult, it becomes easy.—Plato.

How "Rubbers" Were Produced.

"Rubbers," as Americans have named them, were the invention of Charles Goodyear, father of the man who helped produce the Goodyear welt machine. In 1833 it was found that India rubber, dissolved in turpentine and mixed with lampblack, would give a waterproof surface to leather. But the leather so treated was subject to atmosphere changes, heat causing it to melt and cold to crack. Mr. Goodyear mixed sulphur with the other combination and produced rubber.

Versions of "Star-Spangled Banner."

The third line of "The Star-Spangled-Banner" has had two versions. Bryant, in his "Library of Poetry and Song," gives it "Whose broad stripes and bright stars through the perilous fight," and Stedman, in his "American Anthology," makes it read, "Whose broad stripes and bright stars through the clouds of the fight." No version of the song makes the line end with "night" instead of "fight."

Oldest of Brazilian Cities.

Bahia, once the capital of Brazil, is still in many ways the center of art and religion in that largest of South American republics. She is the oldest of Brazilian cities and those of her present inhabitants who are descended from a long line of natives of the place—as many of them are—look down on Rio and Sao Paulo as upstarts and parvenus among municipalities.

"INDEX"

PERCHERON STALLION

Am now standing this fine stallion at my barn in Klemme. Phone me for dates. $15, guarantee colt.

Lloyd Lau, Owner

Phone 1409 Klemme, Iowa

The Klemme Meat Market

Fresh Meat

—because we dress all of the meat we sell—no risk of spoiling in fransit. It is a great deal of satisfaction to know that the meat you buy from us is Fresh.

Tender Meat

—because our meat is bought locally and selected by us. You want the best quality—so we buy the best.

We assure you of prompt service and reasonable prices.

J. P. Larsen & Sons, Props.

NEW PERFECTION Oil Cook Stoves and Ovens

We have just unpacked another big shipment of

Perfection Oil Stoves

Come in and get yours now while we have them on hand.

Jacobs & Son

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.

Phone me at

Klemme . - Iowa

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

Guaranteed Tires & Tubes!

You are taking no chances when you buy your tires and tubes from us, you are assured of getting the milage you pay for—besides

We save you money!

a few of our bargains--

30x3	N. S. 5000 mile guarntee	$15.85
30x3 1-2	N. S. 5000 mi. guarantee	$19.80
30x3	N. S. 6000 mi. guarantee	$18.00
30x3 1-2	N. S. 6000 mi. guarantee	$23.00
30x3	N. S. 7500 mi. guarantee	$22.35
30x3 1-2	N. S. 7500 mi. guarantee	$32.85

(Other sizes priced proportionately)

Our Guarantee

Any caseing that may prove defective and does not run it's guaranteed milage we will replace with a new caseing of any make that you choose from our stock, and charge only for the actual milage the tire has run, deducting the balance of the purchase price from the price of the new casing.

Henry Lau & Sons

Work Shoes at Reduced Prices

We have four lots of Work Shoes, which we are discontinuing and are offering at a reduced price. They are as follows:

A soft toe, barnyard stock shoe, army last made for comfort as well as wear	$4.39
A medium weight shoe, gambere tan, manure and ammonia proof, made for all kinds of work	$2.89
A scout bal visculized sole, elk uppers especially made for light farm wear and very serviceable	$2.98
A light weight, blutcher style, flexible sole shoe, of excellent stock, made for both comfort and service	$3.49

We also have a full line of *Howard & Foster* dress Shoes and Oxfords, and you can get anything you want for comfort and style.

On Saturday and Monday next we are offering as a special an excellent cotton Work Hose, 22c pair, 3 for 60c

Come in and look over these bargains

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES

GARNER, IOWA

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 45 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, July 15 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Members of the Reform Church of Klemme Celebrate 25th Anniversary

Crowd Gathers For Big Two Day Event

THE TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION OF THE KLEMME REFORM CHURCH A GRAND SUCCESS

Over Five Hundred People Present At Sunday Services And Dinner

FOUNDER OF CHURCH AMONG THOSE PRESENT

Sunday, July 11th, was a beautiful day for the beginning of the celebration of the Reform Church of Klemme Twenty-fifth Anniversary.

The services began Sunday morning at 10 o'clock and addresses were given by former ministers of the church, Rev. John Gaterman now of Hosmer, South Dakota, and a sermon by Rev. H. Treick, who was the organizer and helped found the church and who served in Klemme a number of years thereafter and who now resides at Scotland, South Dakota.

Then at the noon hour a free dinner was served to all in the church park by the ladies of the Reform church. This was quite an affair in itself and about five hundred people were served at the tables. There were people fro mfar and near and of course the gathering at the dinner afforded an opportunity to visit old friends. The congregation of the Garner and Ell township churches were also invited and a goodly number from each church were present.

After the big dinner came the afternoon program at 2:30, when Rev. Albert Muehlmeier delivered a sermon in German which was followed by a sermon in English by Rev. John Gaterman. The evening services were given by the same gentlemen and in the languages and order named above. All of the services were interspersed with music by the Church Chorus and the Immanuel Male Quartette.

Then Monday afternoon was the second day of the celebration and this departed somewhat from the religious observance of the previous day, for it was given over to picnicing and general merry making. A big picnic dinner was served on the church lawn which was enjoyed by all, although the crowd was much smaller than the Sunday gathering, due to the unsettled condition of the weather Monday. However, speeches were given by the visiting pastors and Rev. Depping, the local pastor, and then games and sports of all kinds were greatly enjoyed. In the evening an ice cream social was given by the young people of the congregation and this proved to be such a great success that they ran short of ice cream before all had been served.

We neglected to mention the names of the pastors who talked in the afternoon. They were Rev. Gaterman, Rev. Muehlmeier, Rev. Treick and Prof. Crosshuesch, of Colby, Wis. A Jubilee offering was also taken up at the picnic and this amounted to about $1,500.00, and will be used by the church for various purposes.

The peopleo ft he Reform Church are to be congratulated for the wonderful church work they have done and in building their church up to the present membership they now have. May the younger generation devote as much to the church as those who founded the church and built it up to its present high standard so that another twenty-five years of successful work may be celebraed in a like manner when that anniversary date comes to the fiftieth year.

Things Not to Be Hidden.

Three things cannot be hidden—love, a cough, and smoke—yea, even a fourth, and that is the signs of abundant life on a lively farm.

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

Organized under the laws of Iowa, located at Klemme, in the County of Hancock, at the close of business on the 30th day of June A. D. 1920

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$606,791 50	$606,791 50
United States Bonds	41,974 33	
United States certificates of indebt'ness		
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	830 00	42,804 33
Overdrafts		
Banking house	200 00	200 00
Due from banks and bankers	60,058 10	60,058 10
Gold coin and certificates	15 00	
Silver coin and bullion	1,698 70	
Legal tender and National bank note and subsidiary coins	12,834 00	
Exchanges for clearing house and checks on banks in same place	840 43	15.388 13
Foreign checks and items in transit		
All other cash items		
TOTAL RESOURCES		$725.242 06

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	15,000 00	
Surplus fund	25,000 00	40.000 00
Undivided profits, expenses deducted	3,183 38	3,183 38
Deposits due to banks and bankers on demand		
Individual deposits subject to check	181.954 43	
Time certificates of deposits	460.745 06	642,699 49
Bank overdrafts		
Bills payable other than with Federal Reserve Bank	25,000 00	
Rediscounts	14,359 19	39,359 19
TOTAL LIABILITIES		$725.242 06

STATE OF IOWA } ss.
HANCOCK COUNTY }

We, P. M. Griesemer, President, Vice-President, and F.J. Wenck, Cashier, of the Bank above named, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is full, true and correct, to the best of our knowledge and belief, that the assets therein set forth are bona-fide the property of said Bank in its corporate capacity, and that no part of the same has been loaned or advanced to said Bank for the purpose of being exhibited as a portion of its assets.

P. M. GRIESEMER, President.
Vice President
F. J. WENCK, Cashier

{ SEAL } Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence by P. M. Griesemer, and F. J. Wenck this 7th day of June, 1920.

CATHERINE A. WENCK
Notary Public in and for Hancock County

Attested by

Joe E. Johnson
H. J. Stilie } Directors

The Times "Devil" Says

FIRE DEPARTMENT CALLED TO THE BRINKMAN HOME FRIDAY MORNING

Damage Estimated At About $1,000

About seven-thirty last Friday morning the fire bell gave the alarm that the Marin Brinkman house near he park was in flames. The fire boys were right on the job and had the hose cart and laddert ruck at the scene of the fire in less than ten minutes and had a stream of water playing on the flames which were creeping up the outside of the house at the rear. The fire started from an oil stove on the back porch where the breakfast was being prepared and it is thought the stove exploded and the flames shot up the outside, in through the kitchen and when men arrived on the scene the entire house was filled with smoke and coming thru the roof. Theh ousehold furnishings were carried out before much damage was done to them, but the flames and smoke caused a lot of damage to the interior as tha will all have to be repainted and also some new wood work put up. The kitchen and back porch were ruined and will have to be rebuilt and also new siding put on the exterior in the rear. Men with buckets had the fire under control in this part of the house when the firemen arrived and someone with great presence of mind brought a fire extinguisher and we are of the opinion that this put out the flames quicker than the water. Those who were there estimated the damage at close to a thousand dollars. Mrs. Baack, mother of Mrs. Brinkman, became quite ill from the shock of the fire as she was staying with her daughter and had to be carried across the street and a docor summoned. She is now out in the country recuperating and is reported to be much better now.

In defence of the sanity of our friend, E. H. Arnold, we feel called upon to explain that he was not trying to run his power boat in the horse watering trough at the Liebenstein corner, Monday forenoon. He simply attached the engine to the trough because it works better when near water. Some folks insisted that Happy was trying to make a flying machine out of the trough, others made a more accurate guess, remarking that Happy was "nutty." Be that as it may he is still at large, but no one knows how soon Dr. Frasier, Clerk of the Court Baumgartner and Attorney Hastings will be showering him with questions to ascertain if or not he can tell a connected story.—Garner Democrat.

Protection Against Catarrh.

Any constitutional exercise which improves the circulation and makes the body resistant helps to protect one from catarrh. This is particularly true of all breathing exercises because the effects are beneficial locally as well as constitutionally, says one of the best-known physical culture teachers in New York. So let us teach our children the value of correct and deep breathing, and in doing so we improve our own health and thereby impart cheerfulness and happiness to our home.

LAD BREAKS NECK FALLING OVER FENCE

Winnebago Republican—The funeral services over the remains of Willard Torkelson of Hayfield was held yesterday afternoon. The deceased was the son of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Torkelson residing three miles northwest of Hayfield and was 14 years, 3 months and 4 days old at time of death. Death came to him accidentally July fourth. The lad was on the Adolph Christianson place when the accident occurred. It seems that he ran into a wire fence and the impact was of such force as to cause his neck to be broken, death being instantaneous. An inquest was held over the body and the coroner's verdict was death caused by the breaking of the neck in falling over a fence eH is urvived by his parents and 12 brothers and sisters.

Near the Barz farm east of Klemme was the scene of an automobile accident Monday evening. A party in a large car from Tracy, Minn., were traveling east when they observed a young man in a Ford coming out of the lane from the farm. The speed of the big car was so great that it was impossible to stop and to avoid a most serious accident the driver swerved to the side, missed the Ford but struck the ditch damaging the car almost beyond repair, the front being all smashed to pieces. However, no one was injured beyond a few bumps and the effects of the shock. Luckily the owner of the large car had it insured only two days before the accident and the damage done will be made good by the insurance company.

Well folks, that is more especially the fair sex, it's all off—no more parading the streets of Clear Lake in your bathing suit, for the iCty Dads have decreed that bathers must go to the waters to bathe and must not get more than fifty fee away from the water's edge without a suitable covering, such as a bath robe, overcoat, raincoat and other garments which will hide that beautiful—bathing suit. Tough? And it all happened while the mayor was out of town. The members of the city council decided that motoring and parading about the streets of our fair city scantily clad must be stopped, so they held a meeting and passed an ordinance prohibiting "any person or persons from wearing bathing suits, only, on the streets or public places of Clear Lake, Iowa," under penalty of a modest fine of not to exceed $100 or imprisoned in our bastile for a period of not more than thirty days.—Clear Lake Mirror.

Where Water Is Precious.

In Cape Town, where water—especially in the hot summer months—is a very precious fluid, it is the custom to shut off the supply at night, in order to eliminate waste as far as possible. The authorities complain that persons frequently go to a tap to draw water after the supply has been shut off for the day, and finding no water, thoughtlessly leave the tap open. Consequently the next morning when the supply is turned on a large quantity of water runs to waste unnoticed.

Automobiles in Near Future Will Run Without Gasoline

Fenton Man Has New Invention Perfected

RUNS AUTO ALL DAY ON OXYGEN ALONE

Without one drop of gasoline or oil of any kind and securing all power from the oxygen of the air, Arthur Bundy yesterday drove a truck about the city the entire day and thus demonstrated beyond question the practicability of his invention—using the oxygen of the air for alal power. The oxygen is drawn from the air by certain chemicals which Mr. Bundy has compounded, and not only will it produce power, but light and heat also are obtained by the same process.

The chemicals are inexpensive and running thet ruck the entire day yesterday cost just 5 cents. "The chemicals are taken from the natural resources that are all about us," declared Mr. Bundy this morning. "They cost practically nothing, they are not inflamable unless there is air pressure, not explosive, and a child may drink them and it will not hurt him."

Runs Smoothly

The generator containing the chemicals was placed on the side of the truck and a small tube connects it with the large tubes of the car engine. A small air hole in one of these tubes allows the air to pass in and a cap over this opening is regulated by the throttle of the machine. The more the cap is raised and the more air that is allowed to pass into the tubes, the faster the engine runs. There is no one drop of oil of any description used in this new process and the car which Mr. Bundy used yesterday, a model of about ten years ago, runs as smoothly and evenly as the most expensive model car on the market today.

At present the regular car engine is being used, but the inventor has under way an engine which will occupy only about one third as much space and which is especially adapted to the oxygen power process. It will weigh not over eighty pounds, will have no spark plugs, no carburetor and the numerous other contrivances necessary on the gasoline motor. The engine is a series of rotary cells through which the air is forced by the chemicals and will occupy a space not moret han 9 by 18 inches and will furnish one horse-power for each pound of weight.

Used as Heat

With the same chemicals to draw the air qualities, a flame with sufficient heat to cook over, or to warm a house is produced and Mr. Bundy this morning also demonstrated this process. A. J. Peterson, cashier of the Webster City Savings Bank and one of the promoters of the Bundy invention, plans to use these chemicals in his furnace this winter, and will order no coal if it is found sufficient heat can be produced to warm the house. The cost of heating with the chemicals will be only a fraction of per cent of that of heating with coal.

Making Heat

Demonstrating the heating method Mr. Bundy took a small tank containing the chemicals, and over the end of this held a lighted match. There was no ignition. The inventor then attached a gas burner to one end of the tank and placed the other end to his lips, drawing air in, and holding a lighted match over the gas burner, a clear, blue blaze immediately leaped up. The burner itself, the iron frame does not become hot from the blaze, but only above the blaze, where the oxygen is separated from the air by the chemicals, there is heat.

The benefits which will be derived from this invention, the saving that will be realized by its practical use, will be invaluable to the world and the fact that Mr. Bundy has a "real hing" is now recognized even by those who at first scoffed at the idea.

"Of course it is not perfect," he decares. "There are numerous details to be worked out and perfected but it will not be long before people will be cooking with air, and running automobiles and motors of every kind with air."—Fenton Reporter.

Approximately 32,000 acres of farm lands in Black Hawk county are either under some stage of procedure for drainage or are in contemplation.

Plans are now well under way for the development of the coal fields in Lafayette township, west of the Northwestern lines north of Gilbert, in Jasper county.

The Iowa state baptists' assembly will be held at Chautauqua park in Iowa Falls beginning July 23. It will continue for ten days. A tentative program is being arranged.

What was, without doubt, one of the best calf club shows of the state was held at Le Mars, when 35 pure bred heifers that were drawn by the boys and girls of Plymouth county last year were shown.

President Wilson has signed the nomination papers of Elmer D. Ball, of Ames, to be assistant secretary of agriculture. Ball is now professor or entomology at Iowa State College and also state entomologist of Iowa.

A large reservoir to be used as a cooling pond for the new turbine and which will contain 260,000 gallons of water that may be used in addition to the present supply in case of a fire emergency, has been begun at the Webster City electric plant.

Perhaps the largest grain check ever issued to a farmer in Blackhawk county was that received by William Wilson, a well know farmer recently for 6,000 bushels of corn. Mr. Wilson received $12,500 for the corn, or $1.80 a bushel. 1,000 bushels sold for $1 70. Part of the corn was from his 1918 crop and part from last year's crop.

Membership in the grand lodge of Iowa Masons has grown 4,874 in the past year. Considering the ever increasing high standards for membership this enlargement is a remarkable one in which the Masons take just pride. When the roll was called in January, 1919, there were 62,472 Masons in the state. One year later the total was 67,346.

Three hundred thirty-four baccalaureate degrees in agriculture, engineering, home economics, industrial science and veterinary medicine, 78 advanced and honorary degrees and 34 certificates for non-collegiate work were conferred at the commencement exercises of Iowa State College, which terminated its semi-centennial celebration.

James K. Young, pioneer living near Humeston, was instantly killed when his auto was hit by a backing train. Mr. Young was on his way to Humeston and his view was obstructed by a building and residence, and when he saw his danger one of the brakes failed to respond properly. The car was dragged more than 1 0 feet with him underneath.

Buried alive was the fate of E. J. Lewis of Des Moines, a Chicago Great Western conductor, who was caught beneath a dump car load of dirt near Reinbeck recently. Five minutes after Lewis was missed workmen began to dig away the dirt and found the unconscious body still with slight signs of life, death ensued however before medical attention could be secured.

The only solution to the too-persistent attentions of a lover who offered a dishonorable love which appeared to little Carmela Russo of Centerville was murder. So Carmela shot Tony Matto. She shot him thoroughly, emptying the chambers of two automatic revolvers in a hysterical effort to free herself from his impossible wooing. Seven bullets lodged in his body.

Owing to a recent change Des Moines will soon be the headquarters of the United States army recruiting service for Iowa. Col. R. H. Perry will be in charge, assisted by Major L. G. Ward, field artillery. Previously Iowa was covered by two different districts, Davenport and Omaha. The Davenport headquarters will be closed, and that portion of the state covered by Omaha will be assigned to Des Moines.

Iowa State College was host to the most distinguished gathering of agricultural and industrial college leaders, alumni and farm men and women ever assembled at the institution. There were present about 1500 of the men and women who have been graduated since the college was formally opened in 1869, when only two courses were offered, agriculture and engineering. The first class was graduated in 1873 and five members were present to give the old class yell for "the first and best of I. S. C."

How Moving Signs Work.

In a general way, the mechanism of a moving electric sign is like the old-time music box drum, filled with pins. As the drum revolves the pins make the contacts at determined intervals, and the illusions of revolving circles of light, bird effects and designs almost without limit are produced.

ART SHOWS PART OF U. S. IN WAR

Pictures by American Painters Tell Story of Expeditionary Force's Activities.

GRIM REMINDER OF TRAGEDY

Among Scenes Depicted Are Ruined French Villages Made Sacred Forever to Americans Because of Lives Given to Save Them.

Washington.—The story of the American expeditionary force is told in pictures on the walls of the National museum here in a permanent exhibit just opened to the public.

Drawn from life in paint, pen and ink or pencil by American artists commissioned and sent to the front for that purpose, the collection of nearly 500 studies detailing almost every phase of life in the army overseas is spread over the walls of half a dozen great, well-lighted rooms. It is a tale of stirring action which they disclose.

Among the scenes depicted are ruined French villages made sacred forever to Americans because of American blood freely given to tear them from German hands. There are the homely, appealing scenes from behind the lines with happy-go-lucky youngsters of Pershing's division in billets mixing among the people of France, the very old and the very young people.

Here and there are grim reminders of the great tragedy in groups of huddled dead in wrecked enemy trenches over which the tide of victory had poured. Again, half glimpsed through a downpour of rain, a trudging, sodden infantry column is moving onward through a sea of mud as the artist saw it; or an endless line of weary gun teams drags forward the batteries to blast the road to triumph.

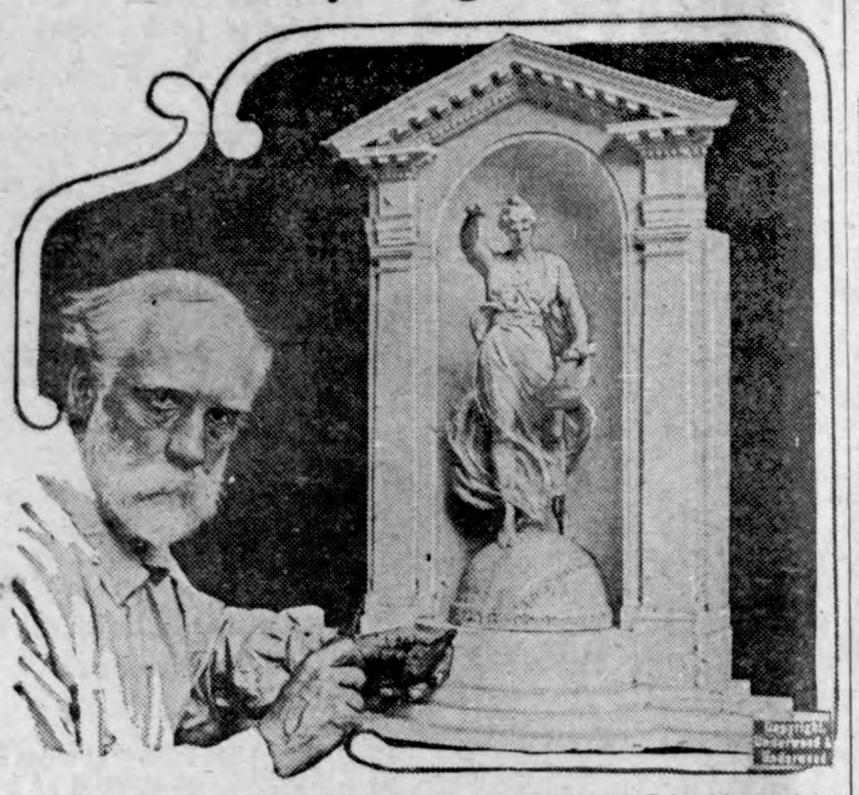
At one point the artist caught and held for his fellow countrymen the breathless tensity of a forest outpost, peering through the leafy screen of his covert toward the enemy lines, his rifle hugged close, with fingers clinched over the trigger; at another a slash of light from a half-opened door has painted on the screen of night just a hint at a column, tramping on toward battle, just a young face or two in the line—weary, dirty, but with jaws grim set with purpose. Again it is a hospital that has gripped the artist's imagination, a twisted, writhing form under the tumbled blanket, with agony in every line and over it the steady-eyed surgeon or the merciful figure of an army nurse.

War Implements Displayed.

In rooms around the picture display are shown all the countless things with which the army and the navy dealt in the war; the guns, the bombs, the uniforms of ally and enemy alike, captured weapons and German war gear of many kinds. These form a striking setting for the epic tale the war artists have pictured, probably the only such record ever assembled, for it began with the army and runs on to the departure of the homeward transports at the close.

Artists who made the pictures, all of whom held the rank of captain in the American expeditionary force, include Wallace Morgan, Ernest Peixotto, Julius Andre Smith, Harry E. Townsend, Harvey Dunn, Walter J. Duncan, all of New York city; William J. Aylward, Fairport, N. Y., and George M. Harding, Wynnewood, Pa.

"Liberty Brings Peace"



Mr. Henry K. Bush-Brown, a prominent District of Columbia sculptor of more than local reputation and former president of the Washington Arts club, beside his statue which he calls "Liberty Brings Peace."

1—Mrs. Peter Oleson of Cloquet, Minn., one of the women leaders who made a distinct impression on the Democratic national convention. 2—Unable to procure laborers, girls and business men assist in street repair Petaluma, Cal. 3—Czecho-Slovaks from the U. S. with "Old Glory" wildly acclaimed in the streets of Prague.

Air Mail Men Make Record

Planes Fly Total of 54,693 Miles in Month of May, Says Official Report.

EFFICIENCY IN OPERATION

New York-Washington Route Shows 88 Per Cent and Chicago-Omaha Route the Same—Newark Field Delays Two Routes.

Washington.—United States mail planes flew a total of 54,693 miles in May, according to the report made public by Second Assistant Postmaster General Praeger. The average of efficiency on the New York-Washington route was 88 per cent; Cleveland-Chicago, 76 per cent and Chicago-Omaha, 88 per cent.

Only two forced landings were made because of mechanical trouble in either planes or motors. Fifteen others were made because of shortage of gas or oil through combating head winds, four because of weather and seven because new pilots got off their courses.

How Efficiency Is Based.

Efficiency in operation of postal airplanes is based on leaving the fields within 15 minutes of scheduled time, on maintaining a speed for 75 miles an hour for Curtiss R-4s and 80 miles for DH-4s and Martin bombers, on the absence or number of forced landings and on making flights without damage of any character to engine or plane in taking-off, landing, taxiing or flying. The rating by fields in May was as follows:

Field.	Started on time	Completed on time	Without forced landings	Without damage to planes
N. Y.-Wash.	72%	85%	93%	100%
N. Y.-Cleve.	51	80	93	98
Cleve.-Chi.	77	65	71	90
Chi.-Omaha	78	82	91	100

Reasons for the abandonment of the field at Newark by the department are indicated in a statement by Mr. Praeger addressed to "All Superintendents of the Air Mail Service," in which he says:

"The records indicate that if the field manager had performed the full share of their duties in getting the mail planes off within 15 minutes of the scheduled time of departure the efficiency rating for May for all divisions would have made a wonderful showing.

Fail to Start on Time.

"The general efficiency performance on the New York-Washington and New York-Cleveland routes was marred by this failure of the Newark field management. This field failed ten times to start its plane on time to Washington and ten times to start on time to Bellefonte.

"This trouble exists to some degree on other fields. It can be eliminated, or certainly greatly improved, if planes are promptly inspected, tested and served in the afternoon before the flight if the departure of the plane is scheduled early the following forenoon. Aside from this single serious delinquency, the pilots, mechanics and field supervisors have cause to feel proud of the record made during May."

West More Chesty Than Eastern States

Washington.—In an effort to secure better fitting uniforms for American soldiers, more than 100,000 men in the army have had their measure taken, the war department announced. The measurements were said to form the most comprehensive survey ever made for tailoring purposes and will be made available to the clothing trade.

The survey has shown what proportion of sizes should be carried for troops, according to the war department, and will enable reduction in the stock of surplus clothing kept on hand to fill requisitions.

Measurements showed that the biggest chested soldiers came from western states, while the smallest chested men were from the eastern department.

1,362,872 FRENCH KILLED

Final Figures Given on Tricolor's Total Dead in the Great European War.

Paris.—Final official statistics of the ministry of war fixes the total number of French soldiers killed during the great war at 1,362,872. Of this number the details of the fate of 361,854 are unknown.

Reduction of military service to less than two years is impossible at the present time, said M. Lefevre, minister of war, while explaining the main points of the projected reorganization of the army to the military committee of the chamber of deputies.

Use of French troops in the orient was discussed by the minister, who declared that forces now in the near east numbered 70,000 men, most of the organizations there being colonial regiments.

Must Wed to Get Wealth.

Valparaiso, Ind.—By the terms of the will of Edgar D. Crumpacker his son, Owen L. Crumpacker, a local attorney of this city, is to receive $500 additional, providing he marries. The younger Crumpacker also will receive a large law library which belonged to his father, who was for years representative in congress from the Tenth Indiana district. He left a large estate, of which a large part consists of land bordering along Lake Michigan, in close proximity to the steel mills of Gary. The local attorney is a bachelor.

U. S. Marine Corps Patrol at Santo Domingo City

The patrol of the United States marine corps at the river base in Santo Domingo City.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Columbia Wills to Have Editor as a Guide During Next Four Years.

VIEWED AS GOOD EXPERIMENT

An Apathetic Campaign Likely to Warm Up—Doings of Republican Leaders—Trade Restrictions With Russia Lifted — Mexico More Tranquil—Spa Conference and Foreign Affairs.

By E. F. CLIPSON.

America, ever resourceful and willing to try anything once, has shown the spirit of true democracy by going to various professions for its presidents. The first one was a civil engineer, and since his time the White House has been occupied by lawyers, diplomats, professional politicians, a planter, soldiers, a tailor, two college presidents, one of whom also preached a little, and the other of whom practiced law a little, and several others who at various times in their careers were identified with trail blazing, farming, legislating and the law. Now the supreme experiment is to be tried, for Ohio, mother of presidents, has produced twins, and, singularly enough, both are newspaper men. The claim has long come from various sources that the newspapers run the country, so nothing is more logical than an editor as chief executive.

Barring accidents or the totally unexpected, either Editor Harding or Editor Cox will sit in the presidential chair March 4, 1921. The consensus of opinion gathered from public expressions and the news of the day, is that it is an experiment worth trying. No very pronounced evidences of worship for either candidate seem manifest as yet in the great body of the electorate, but that is a condition in keeping with the editorial personality and may easily change as the campaign warms up. Until the day of signed news articles and editorials changed the condition slightly, the newspaper man has always been a somewhat submerged—voluntarily submerged — personality. He has been a most potent leader and director in his quiet way, but seldom for him the heroic role. He has created many heroes, but little hero worship has come to him. His ideals would not admit of it. Cincinnatus patiently plowing is more ideal in the general newspaper creed than Cincinnatus leading armies.

Now the editor gets in front of instead of behind the calcium's bright glare. The public will, metaphorically, see two editors at least, stripped to their very souls; but as each has had some stripping in state politics the ordeal will be less severe. Also, the professional halo makers, in this case the political managers of the two candidates, will soon be enlarging upon the nobility of the editorial calling and the self-sacrificing qualities which it entails. Already the halos are in the molds and before November it is safe to assert, both candidates will be heroes to their respective followers, although at present they are just level-headed representative citizens, with considerable edge in ability over the average. The exaltation will extend, in some degree, to the whole newspaper profession, and some there are who think this will not be a good thing. Anyway, after next March the people will have an opportunity to see how an editor, who never fails to tell how the country should be run, will run it himself.

The aftermath of the Democratic convention has not been greatly dissimilar to that of the Republican conclave. The bulk of party sentiment, with the exception of the naturally disgruntled seems inclined to abide by Governor Cox, just as the bulk of Republican sentiment abides by Senator Harding. Bean spillers have been active in both parties and Nicholas Murray Butler, in his attacks on the forces of corruption, did not say any more, indeed not as much, as William Jennings Bryan, in post-convention utterances, has said along the same strain. If, with these two notable exceptions, the start of the campaign seems apathetic, there is plenty of time for it to warm up.

Republican leaders meeting in Chicago the day after the Democratic national convention, decided to make the Illinois city the principal headquarters of the party and to wage the campaign largely west of the Alleghenies. The nomination of Cox came as a surprise to the leaders as they had planned a campaign against McAdoo. They announced, however, that the issues would not be materially affected, the chief fight being centered on the League of Nations, with Democratic conduct of the war and reconstruction a secondary issue. It was also decided to frown upon any attempt to introduce the wet and dry question into the national campaign or to make the personality of the candidates a prominent factor. Independence of action, but at the same time the fullest co-operation between the national committee and the senatorial and congressional committees is planned, with the national committee keeping out of all state rows such as those in Illinois and Missouri. The well-known ability of Governor Cox as a campaigner may cause Senator Harding to depart from his announced intention to stick principally to front-yard receptions, if the former goes on the stump.

Announcement by the state department of the United States of the lifting of trade restrictions with Russia came unexpectedly. Since Secretary of State Colby had stated just before his departure for San Francisco that no action was of immediate prospect, it is regarded as a recently adopted policy. The announcement expressly states that no recognition of the soviet government is implied and that individuals and corporations trading with Russia must do so at their own risk and are not to expect assistance or protection from consular authorities; also that the post office department will be unable to accept mail to soviet Russia and that goods cannot be forwarded by parcel post. Materials for war purposes continue under the ban and the state department will continue to refuse passports for Russia. The announcement means in effect that persons or corporations desiring to trade with Russia may do so by dealing with soviet agents in the United States or in other countries. The state department warns American citizens against the risks incident to the acceptance of commodities or other values which may later be brought into question. It is explained that the United States does not recognize the validity of industrial or commercial concessions granted by an existing Russian authority.

As a winding up of one of the problems growing out of the war, over $150,000,000 of property seized as enemy owned during the conflict, is now ready to be returned under qualifications provided for in the amendment to the trading with the enemy act, passed during the closing days of the last congress. Among those who may obtain the release of their property are American women who married alien enemies, enemy diplomats, aliens who were interned, citizens of new nations created from enemy territory by the treaty of peace, women of allied or neutral countries who married enemy subjects, and Americans who were forced to remain in Germany during the war. Property mistakenly seized will also be returned and American creditors are permitted to bring claims against enemy debtors whose property was seized.

Reports of banditry, but on a somewhat reduced scale, continue to filter in from Mexico. On the other hand come reports that Francisco Villa has entered into an armistice with the new government and agreed to cease attacks on trains, garrisons and towns. This is in direct contravention of a manifesto issued a short time ago by ten of Villa's generals, including his chief of staff, and a number of civilians, that war on the new regime would be continued. The burden of the manifesto was that the Obregon and De La Huerta government is the product of a military coup and, attempting to establish itself with the same passions, jealousies, ambitions and mistakes as of old, will be impotent to restore peace in the country.

As pointing to an assurance, or which the authorities are attempt to create, is the recent statement f Mexico City that the governmen ready to protect the interests of f ness men in the republic, wh they are Mexicans or foreigners. M ico presents an appearance of proved tranquility, but the que whether it will continue is an one. As an intimation of the de of faith attaching to the promise Villa and others of his kind, comes government announcement that th will be no relaxing of vigilance aga rebels.

The Spa conference, which has b endeavoring to fix the amount many shall pay in reparations, s the disarmament question and o problems of the peace treaty, de oped into a session of much diffi From the outset the allies showed outwardly united front, with little parent inclination toward lenie Lloyd George especially showed a exterior and even a very peremp attitude in dealing with the Ger delegates. Indications, however, not lacking of internal dissension indecision among the allies. The G mans sought to mitigate the provi of the treaty calling for disarma and the reduction of their for Their claim was that internal co tions prevented their carrying out terms of the clause in the time sp fied; also that in view of recent t bles and the danger of recurrence, the Russian menace, it was unwise do so. One stumbling block was the question of rifles and small a which the German soldiers carried their homes after the conclusion of war, an action abetted by the gov ment and which, it has been char has been utilized by the German thorities as the basis for a big citi military organization still very d gerous to the peace of Europe.

Internal friction among the al which it was sought to keep hidd was due to disagreement over a di sion of reparations and the spoils war. Italy, Serbia and Belgium h each claimed priorities, while the lotments to be made France and E land have for some time constitute delicate phase in the relations of th two countries and has affected the a titude toward them of the other lies. The allies delivered an ulti tum to the effect that Germany m disarm by Oct. 1, or suffer an occu tion of her territory.

The Russian bolshevik men looms more strongly over western E rope, with Poland reported not o weakening but in a state of near c lapse under the red offensive and se ing an armistice. Germany thus comes the barrier and is more strong insistent on an amelioration of t peace treaty which will permit her, stead of an army of 100,000 men, o of 200,000, or even considerably lar The view has considerable support England and France that the reds a at present more dangerous than armed Germany and that it might be good move to permit the Germans keep larger military forces if in turn they will dam the soviet tide. Poland's condition is really so despe ate as reported, it leaves Gene Wrangel, who is battling the bolshe iki from the Crimean peninsula nor ward, the reds' only opponent of i portance. He recently has had s great successes, including the wip out or capture of two Russian cavalr corps; but with Poland out of comm sion, the military machine which cr pled that country and also swept a Kolchak, Denikine and Semenoff, m be expected to make rather short w of Wrangel.

The advance of the Greek forc against the Turkish nationalists h been so rapid that resistance is said have been largely overcome. A jun tion of the Greeks operating in t Smyrna area with others operati from Panderma on the Sea of Ma mora, estimated to require 15 day has been effected in 11 days. Musta pha Kemal, the Turk leader, is said have been reduced to the necessity conducting a guerrilla warfare. Amer cans throughout the war area are re said to be safe. A Fourth of July cel bration was held by Americans in Co stantinople to the accompaniment British warships bombarding the na tionalists at various points in the B phorus and Sea of Marmora.

ODUCTION OF SORGHUM URGED

Demand for Sugar Substi- tes Favors Growth of Crop in Every State.

D STEADILY INCREASING

ries Still Greater Than Supply spite High Prices Which Range From 90 Cents to $1.50 Per Gallon—Two Varieties.

marked increase in the production orghum sirup is indicated by re- received by the United States rtment of agriculture, which has engaged in a special campaign oduce greater production of this because of the keen demand for r substitutes.

Yield Has Increased.

the beginning of the world war annual yield of sorghum sirup in United States was approximately 0,000 gallons. This has increased dily until for the past year it was roximately 30,000,000 gallons. The rage yield of sirup per acre has about 100 gallons, but the fact this figure can be increased is ated by the department's experi- nts, in which more than 400 gallons acre have been produced in some lities.

urging increased plantings to sor- m the department's experts point that despite the increasing yields demand is still greater than the ply, as shown by the price for sirup,

tch of Sweet Sorghum Stripped and Topped, Ready to Be Cut for Sirup Making.

hich has ranged from 90 cents to .50 per gallon, and in a few cases en higher.

Grown in Every State.

There are abundant opportunities r increasing the sorghum production, e experts say, since this crop can grown in every state in the Union ith the possible exception of Maine. the northern states it is necessary plant early-maturing varieties of rghum. "Early Amber" and "Fol- rs" are among the varieties recom- ended by the department, which is repared to supply inquirers with full formation regarding the cultivation this profitable plant.

OTTED MANURE PREFERABLE

a Mechanical Condition Is Improved by Organic Matter Being Broken Down.

Manure loses much of its plant food the process of rotting. Its mechan- al condition, however, is much im- roved, because there is a great deal the coarse organic matter broken own. Much of this will be lost hrough decay, and the percentage of ineral plant food remaining may be reater per ton of manure in the rot- ed than in the fresh condition. These ets make rotted manure preferable or truck crops where quick results re desired and where a large amount manure is used, says F. L. Duley of he University of Missouri college of griculture. Too heavy applications fresh manure may often burn lants, especially during dry seasons. he coarse organic material keeps the oil open and reduces its capacity to etain moisture. However, there is oo much loss of plant food in rotting nd it is advisable to apply manure s soon as possible.

BTAINING PROFITS IN PIGS

ore Money Made in Maturing Animal Early Than Otherwise—Skimpy Feed Is Wasteful.

Profit comes not in how little we an keep the pig on, but in how much we can get him to eat of a balanced ation. The younger the animal the nore thoroughly it digests its food. Therefore, mature pigs early. The six months' 200-pound pig costs one-half the 200-pound eighteen months' pig.

LOOK FOR INJURY TO TREES

Painting Wounds Caused by Mice and Rabbits Will Help to Heal—Bridge Grafting Is Good.

Go over the orchard and look for rabbit and mouse injuries to trees. Sometimes painting the wounds with white lead or grafting wax will help the trees to heal quickly. Bridge grafting over the wounds will also often bring the trees through.

SOME PIGEON POINTERS

It is never too late to clean out and whitewash the lofts.

Better put up a few new nest boxes. Now.

Careful attention to all details will assist you in bringing about the best results obtainable.

A good pigeon lice destroyer can be made from a tea of quassia bark which is placed in several pans about the lofts.

Pigeons will not do well if you neglect your part of the duty, such as proper feeding and watering.

Don't handle your birds while nesting unless you want them to throw away their eggs.

Peanuts make a first-class summer food for pigeons.

A small quantity of vaseline put down the throat of pigeons that are affected with canker will cure them.

Give plenty of fresh water at this season of the year and note the results.

CULLING POOR HENS RESULTS IN SAVING

Many Fowls Eliminated From Missouri Flocks in 1919,

Forty Per Cent of Birds in Average Farm Flock Are Nonproductive and Should Be Fattened and Sold or Eaten.

In Missouri last year, 73,765 birds were eliminated from 1,593 flocks which were culled under the supervision of the home demonstration agents sent out by the United States department of agriculture and the State Agricultural college. This resulted in a saving of approximately $50,161 to their owners.

In another state, 486 local leaders were trained, with the result that 717,478 birds were culled. Of this number 274,399 were found to be nonproductive.

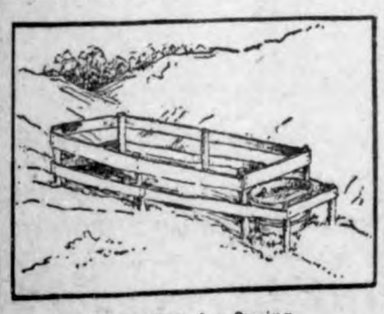
About 81 per cent of all the poultry in the country is cared for my women. For that reason special attention is given to poultry by the home clubs supervised by the department of agriculture and the state colleges, and farm women are taught best methods of poultry selection, breeding, raising, feeding, housing, culling, canning surplus birds for home use, preservation of eggs, and co-operative selling of poultry products.

Lack of proper culling thus far has proved to be, in the majority of cases, the principal reason why a flock is not profitable. Forty per cent of the hens in the average farm flock today are nonproductive, and should be sold or eaten. It costs about $2 a year to feed each hen. If she does not produce more than that amount in eggs she is unprofitable.

WATER SUPPLY FOR PASTURE

Half-Hogshead Will Answer Purpose Fairly Well, but Cement Trough Is Much Better.

Pasture springs are often made exceedingly foul, because the stock defiles the spring with droppings and makes a mudhole of the place by trampling it with their feet. The cut shows a way to keep the water pure. Put a fence about the spring and



Protection for Spring.

carry the inclosure downhill far enough to include a watering trough within its protection. A half-hogshead will answer, but a cement trough would be a permanent improvement.

SWEET CLOVER GAINS FAVOR

Enables Farmer to Grow Regular Crop and Then Secure Manure Crop to Plow Under.

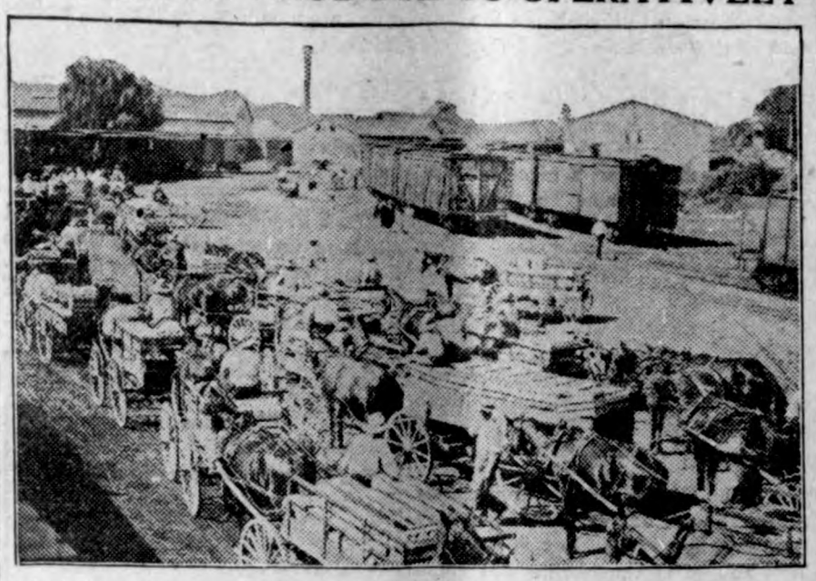
The problem of the farmer has been to find a crop that was a legume to take the place of clover when it fails. With sweet clover it will be possible to grow a regular crop on the soil and then secure a heavy green manure crop the same year to plow under. Much of the future policy of farming depends upon a cheap supply of nitrogen to build up that lost from the soil by cropping, and no other crop has given so much promise as the new annual sweet clover.

EMERGENCY CROP FOR SWINE

On Account of Its High Protein Value Iowa Expert Recommends It for Making Pork.

According to John M. Evvard of the animal husbandry department of the Iowa agricultural experiment station, rape is one of the best emergency forage crops for hogs, because it is of high protein value and will carry more hogs per acre than any other crop of its kind. A good stand of rape will carry 12 to 18 hogs per acre.

MANY ADVANTAGES OF MARKETING SURPLUS PRODUCE CO-OPERATIVELY



Marketing Produce Co-operatively—There Are Now More Than 1,400 Farmers' Co-operative Marketing Associations in the United States.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

"If our co-operative marketing system were discontinued, it would be a calamity to the farmers of this country," was the recent statement of a Mississippi farmer—this, in a state where only a few years ago no co-operative marketing system of any practical value existed.

But once the advantages of marketing surplus produce co-operatively had been successfully demonstrated co-operative organizations sprang up everywhere throughout the state almost overnight.

True, many of them were formed hastily; and the farmers soon learned that the success of a co-operative enterprise depended upon something more than the mere willingness of Bill Smith and John Brown to pool their produce. Efficient business methods had to be devised, and problems peculiar to each particular community needed to be solved. But with a firm belief in the soundness of the co-operative principle, these obstacles dissolved before the whole-hearted efforts exerted by the members working together. To the county agents of Mississippi is due the credit of initiating and developing this work.

With the thought that other farmers may find them of value, some of the methods pursued are here given.

Grading Better Than Marking.

In shipping hogs it was found that the grading method was better than marking as to ownership. Well-finished barrows and open gilts are graded according to weight, and packer sows are graded according to size, quality and finish. Hogs of any class that are poor and emaciated are classified as "skins." Special methods of bedding and loading have also been devised. Similar methods are applied to cattle and sheep.

For marketing miscellaneous products the commodities that the farmers have in small quantities are assembled in a rented warehouse or vacant store located at a point convenient to the railroad.

Corn is shelled before shipping, if possible, as shelled corn can be graded with greater accuracy; it can be stored if the market is low, and it can be hauled to town when roads are good and at a convenient time. The corn is put up in good, even-weight 2½-bushel bags.

Ear corn is loaded direct from the farmers' wagons into the car. A weigher examines the corn at the scales for color, quality and maturity.

Cow peas are closely inspected at the warehouse as to variety, soundness and freedom from dirt and trash. The farmers learned that graded peas command premium prices.

The marketing of potatoes is begun in the field. Poor potatoes are culled out on the farm and the good potatoes hauled to town under a covering of cloth or sacks. The potatoes are run over the grader at the warehouse, separated into standard grades, and sacked in new 100-pound bags. Ventilated or stock cars are used to ship the potatoes and the sacks stacked on end in rows ranging the length of the car. Each car holds from 400 to 500 bushels. The first, second and third layers are loaded so as to permit the freest ventilation.

Poultry is carefully classified and shipped in regular express cars made for the purpose. The minimum load is 8,000 pounds and the maximum load 15,000 pounds. The poultry is sold for cash at the loading station.

A certain day is set apart for the shipment of eggs. Nothing but candled eggs are accepted, which has caused the farmers to use better methods of gathering, storing and carrying the eggs to town. The eggs are shipped in new cases with 3½-pound, or heavier, new fillers and flats, and packed so as to fill the slack in each case.

Great stress is laid upon the importance of keeping accurate records of each transaction. In keeping accounts the following features are emphasized:

Brevity: To save the time of the market agent.

Simplicity: For the benefit of the farmers whose produce is handled.

Completeness: To protect the association as a body.

Pleased With Results.

The associated farmers are immensely pleased with their accomplishments. It has meant more money to them, and because of the quality of their products secured through proper grading, packing and shipping, the buyers have every confidence in the farmers, a necessary factor in any transaction between seller and purchaser.

Detailed information regarding the methods pursued by Mississippi farmers are given in Bulletin No. 15 of the extension division of the Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical college, or may be had upon request from the county agents in the field, the Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical college, or the United States department of agriculture.

STABLE FLIES BREED IN ANY DIRTY PLACE

Certain Farm Practices Favor Development of Pest.

Custom of Permitting Manure to Accumulate Just Outside of Door Makes a Very Attractive Place for Insects.

Certain agricultural practices favor greatly the development of the stable fly, according to specialists of the United States department of agriculture. The fly breeds most commonly in straw and horse manure or in a mixture of the two. The custom of allowing the manure from the horse stable to accumulate just outside the stable doors insures the presence of stable flies at all times when climatic conditions are suitable for breeding. Allowing barnyards, especially around dairies, to become knee-deep in manure is also favorable to the production of flies.

In the grain belt it is the practice of farmers to thrash the grain in the fields by means of self-stacking thrashing machines. The individual stacks cover much ground and the straw is loosely piled. In many cases for convenience several stacks are formed in various parts of the field. When thrashing is followed by heavy summer and fall rains this loosely piled straw is certain to form a breeding place for great numbers of flies.

The insect occasionally may breed in broken-up masses of hay or dead grass, especially when these are permeated with liquids from manure, and corn husks in feeding pens have been found to harbor the maggots. Manure piles commonly found near horse stables are particularly attractive to the flies in spring for laying eggs.

STORAGE DISEASES OF ONION

Control by Practice of Sanitary Measures and Sorting Out of All Defective Bulbs.

In general, storage diseases of onions are to be controlled by the practice of sanitary measures, the sorting out of diseased bulbs at harvest, protection from rain after harvest, thorough curing, and storage in a dry, well-ventilated warehouse at 32 degrees F.—United States Department of Agriculture.

PROFITABLE PERIODS OF HEN

Greater Egg Production Is in First, Second and Third Years, Depending on Breed.

The hen's greatest egg-producing periods are the first, second and third years, depending upon the breed. The heavier breeds, such as Plymouth Rocks, may be profitably kept for two years; the lighter breeds, such as Leghorns, three years.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Plan silage crops now.

• • •

Lead arsenate is the best spray for insect pests.

• • •

A decrease in the acres planted to potatoes and beans is indicated.

• • •

Cut worms may be kept in check by feeding poisoned bran or clover. Scatter in the garden late in the afternoon.

• • •

The wild cucumber vine is one of the most rapid growing annual vines that may be used for a trellis or to cover up unsightly places.

DAIRY HINTS

CAMPAIGN FOR BETTER SIRES

Owners of Purebred Animals Take Generous Pride in Progress of the Movement.

Every mail received by the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture, shows the readiness with which farmers and animal breeders in general are co-operating in carrying out the "Better Sires—Better Stock" campaign.

The letters show that the owners of purebred sires take a generous and proper pride in the progress of the campaign in their community. One letter recently received contained the following advertisement clipped from a county newspaper published in Pennsylvania:

"Don't breed to scrubs—fetch your big cows to Victory farms—service free.

"For milk: Breed to De Kol Pietje Charles Dickens. Sire: Woodcrest Urma Pietje. Dam: Daisy Le Polke De Kol III (Holstein-Friesian).

"For beef: Breed to Cardington Bob Bill Sykes. Sire: Cardington

Rapid Improvement in Herds Is Seen Where Purebred Sire Is at Its Head.

Blackjack. Dam: Jennie of Olenyangy (Aberdeen-Angus).

"Will pay $25 for five-day-old heifer calves bred by either one of these sires when delivered at Victory farms.

"—— ——, Owner."

The owner of this farm explains by letter that he also maintains purebred boars and that the service of these animals is free to neighboring farms.

This is but one instance in which the owner of better sires has offered their advantages to his neighbors free of charge. The fact that the owner of the sires is willing to buy the heifer calves bred from his purebred bulls is an indication of the increased profits that may be realized by the owner of a scrub or grade herd when he has put a purebred sire at its head. It shows that the value of the progeny of a purebred sire and a grade dam is so well established in the minds of the best informed among breeders that they are willing to pay a much higher rate for this progeny than for a calf with grade parents in both the sire and the dam. It further illustrates the rapidity of improvement in a herd which has a purebred sire at its head.

FLAVOR OF BIG IMPORTANCE

If in Making Butter Desirable Quality Is Spoiled Price on Market Must Be Reduced.

Butter is valued over lard and tallow mainly for the reason that it has a more desirable flavor. If, in the making and handling of butter, this desirable quality is spoiled, the price of the product on the general market must be reduced accordingly. The consumer eats butter mainly as a relish, and if it has a bad flavor it ceases to be a desirable relish.

VALUABLE HELP TO BREEDER

Dairy Improvement Association Endeavors to Improve Herds by Hiring General Overseer.

The dairy improvement association is a valuable aid to the breeder and endeavors to improve the herds by hiring a man to spend his entire time visiting the farms of an organized group of farmers in order to weigh their milk, test it for butterfat and calculate the records of production and cost.

DAIRY NOTES

Regularity in feeding dairy stock is important.

• • •

Keep the cans of cream in a cooling tank until time of delivery.

• • •

Skim the milk as soon after making as possible and cool the cream at once.

• • •

A cow must have a certain amount or food nutriments to keep up the flow of milk.

• • •

Protect the cans of cream from the sun by covering with canvas or with a wet sack while en route.

• • •

Overfeeding is not the part of wisdom. What is too much for one cow may not be enough for another.

POULTRY CACKLES

VALUE OF FEATHERED STOCK

More Poultry Kept on Farms in United States Than All Other Livestock Combined.

Unusual interest in systematic poultry improvement throughout the country is apparent from reports received by the United States department of

Of the Meat Furnished by the Farm to the Farmer and His Family Poultry Constitutes About 10 Per Cent.

agriculture in connection with the "Better Sires—Better Stock" campaign. Figures collected thus far indicate that more poultry is kept on farms in the United States than all other livestock combined, and that a greater proportion of the poultry is of pure blood than any other kind of livestock.

The records also refute the frequent assertion that most livestock raisers take little interest in feathered stock, leaving it largely to the women.

A Connecticut farmer who recently enrolled in the "better sihes' movement is an example of the interest of men in improved poultry. He listed 30 cattle and 1,939 poultry—all of pure breeding. No other breeding stock was kept on the farm.

SWIMMING HOLE FOR DUCKS

While Not Considered Essential for Growing Fowls, It Is Wise to Provide This Feature.

While water to swim in is no longer regarded as essential for duck growing, the fowls enjoy this feature so much that we have always considered it wise to provide a small swimming hole for them. However, in raising young ducks for market they will fatten sooner without swimming. However, they must have all the water they want to drink and it should be deep enough for them to immerse their heads in.

GET AFTER LICE VIGOROUSLY

Peculiar Fact That Vermin Will Infest Some Fowls in Flocks While Others Go Free.

If one of a promising flock seems to make slower progress in growth, has a dull looking plumage and pale face—look for lice. It is queer how lice will infest some birds in a flock while others seem practically free from it. Unless you get after them vigorously, they will certainly stunt the bird.

POULTRY NOTES

Select vigorous birds.

• • •

Grow your own poultry feed.

• • •

Supply an abundance of fresh water.

• • •

Don't allow growing chicks to crowd.

• • •

Goslings do not need feed until they are 24 to 36 hours old.

• • •

Dispose of the male birds not later than June 1. Market a better quality of eggs.

• • •

Young turkeys do not bring out of the shell so much unused yolk as do young chickens, hence they must be fed earlier.

• • •

The heavier breeds, such as Rocks and Reds, and Orpingtons, will not take the perches as readily as Leghorns and Anconas.

• • •

In the rearing of chicks the essential thing is to keep them growing right along from the moment they are hatched to the period of maturity.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Bock left for their home at Isabell, South Dakota, after spending about two weeks visiting with Klemme relatives and old time friends. Mr. Bock made the Times Office a pleasant call while in town and told us that the crops in that section of the state of South Dakota where he lives is exceptionally good and hey look for a bumper crop. They also raise a lot of stock there, besides raising corn and wheat.

Valentine Josten went to Estherville, Iowa, last Friday and remained until Saturday evening in that city. Valentine was on a business mission but also found time to visit friends.

Mrs. Hod Lawhorn of Garner was a Klemme visitor last Thursday, returning to Garner the following morning.

D. G. Ell, acocmpanied by Marlin Kroner, Lee Ell, Wm. Greiman and Dr. R. M. Thomas, went to Chicago on Friday night where they went to drive back some new Ford cars. The party reached Klemme Monday afternoon and report that the going was good until they reached Waterloo and from there to this city the roads were not very good.

R. A. Jorgenson was a business caller at Garner Friday morning.

Elmer Ludeke is laid up for a few days on accoun of an accident he met with Monday. Elmer was putting up hay and in some manner or other he got in the way of the hired man's fork whilet hrowing the hay up to the stack and the tines of the fork ran ino his thigh. eH is getting along well but is suffering some pain from the experience.

No band concert was given on the street last Wednesday evening on account of the rain.

Dr. Zinn was singing "Let the Light Shine In" the other day and going over to see what all the excitement could be we discovered that the carpeners had put two more windows in his office.

oYu are invited to attend the wedding of "Mr. and Mrs. Tom Thumb" at the Idle Hour Theatre July 23rd in the evening. Don't miss this big home talent play. adv. 1wc

Frances and Willard Heuer of Dows, came last Wednesday from Dows for a visit with their uncle and aunt, Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Meyer. They returned to their home the fore part of the week.

Miss Edna Katter of Garner, was a Klemme visitor Monday.

Miss Ruth Katter, a niece of Mrs. Chris Blummer, came Thursday last for a short visit.

Miss Mildred Smith returned Saturday from a three weeks' visit with friends at Charles City.

Miss Gertrude Ely of Belmond, was a visitor at the Dr. Missman home last week.

A baby girl made her appearance at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Schaefer last week. Roy is stepping high and it is thought he will come down to earth again,

A baby girl arrived at the Will Waddingham home last week.

Mr. C. H. Thompkins of Garner, was a business caller here last Thursday.

The Missionary Society of the First Methodist church, met last week Thursday at the home of Mrs. Henry Ludeke.

Clark Bredbenner has his left hand all done up and inquiring what was the matter we learned that he is suffering from blood poisoning, although nothing serious.

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

"INDEX"

PERCHERON STALLION

Am now standing this fine stallion at my barn in Klemme. Phone me for dates. $15, guarantee colt.

Lloyd Lau, Owner

Phone 1409 ***Klemme, Iowa***

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock
A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

The
Klemme Meat Market

Fresh Meat

—because we dress all of the meat we sell—no risk of spoiling in fransit. It is a great deal of satisfaction to know that the meat you buy from us is Fresh.

Tender Meat

—because our meat is bought locally and selected by us. You want the best quality—so we buy the best.

We assure you of prompt service and reasonable prices.

J. P. Larsen & Sons, Props.

Guaranteed Tires & Tubes!

You are taking no chances when you buy your tires and tubes from us, you are assured of getting the milage you pay for—besides

We save you money!

a few of our bargains--

30x3	N. S. 5000 mile guarntee	**$15.85**
30x3 1-2	N. S. 5000 mi. guarantee	**$19.80**
30x3	N. S. 6000 mi. guarantee	**$18.00**
30x3 1-2	N. S. 6000 mi. guarantee	**$23.00**
30x3	N. S. 7500 mi. guarantee	**$22.35**
30x3 1-2	N. S. 7500 mi. guarantee	**$32.85**

(Other sizes priced proportionately)

Our Guarantee

Any caseing that may prove defective and does not run it's guaranteed milage we will replace with a new caseing of any make that you choose from our stock, and charge only for the actual milage the tire has run, deducting the balance of the purchase price from the price of the new caseing.

Henry Lau & Sons

Mid Summer Sale

These Values will attract Crowds!

A CLEARANCE SALE

of Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits

AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES

If you know anything about Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes--
If you know anything about present market conditions--
If you know what it costs to make a good suit--
We say--if you know about any of those things- we don't have to say a word more as these are the greatest values that this vicinity and you'll do something about it in a hurry.

Here Are The Reductions:-

Men's Suits $35 regular, sale price	**$29.85**	Men's Suits $55 regular, sale price	**$49.50**
Men's Suits $40 regular, sale price	**34.50**	Men's Suits $60 regular, sale price	**54.50**
Men's Suits $45 regular, sale price	**39.50**	Men's Suits $65 regular, sale price	**59.50**
Men's Suits $47,50 regular, sale price	**42.00**	Men's Suits $70 regular, sale price	**64.50**
Men's Suits $50 regular, sale price	**44.50**	Men's Raincoats, all fabrics, **10 per cent**	discount.

These are very substantial reductions and in the face of constantly advancing prices, it's up to you to protect yourselves by purchasing now.

Boys' & Children's Suits--Everything goes at 15 per cent off

Men's Dress Shoes at	**15** per cent discount	Men's and Boy's Dress Shirts	**15** per cent discount
Men's Straw Hats and Panama	**25** per cent discount	Men's Summer two-piece suits	**25** per cent discount

Sweeping reductions on all light weight Summer Goods---The real hot weather is yet to come--Get the benefit of these wonderful values.

Our stock of Men's Work Shoes Must Be Reduced. See Our Values at
$2.98 $2.89 $3.49 and **$4.39**

Sale commences Friday, July 16th at 9:00 A. M. and Closes Saturday Eve., July 24th.

Stock up now- Prices absolutely will not be lower for some time to come. Remember the date of sale and be on hand.

GET TO KNOW

Gildner Bros. & Johnson

The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES ***GARNER, IOWA***

If Its to Eat or Wear

We Have It

We carry a nice line of Fresh Groceries--Ladies, mens and childrens shoes for all kinds of wear--also a Complete line of

Dry Goods

Come in and let us show you the new goods for Spring which are coming in at this time. We will be interested to show you and you will be interested to see it,

All at

J. N. Day's

The Busy Stors Phone 72

Overland

Overland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

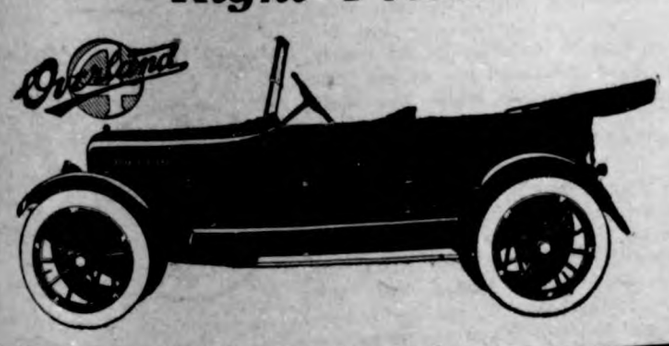
Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



Willys Knight

PHONE 30

C. W. Wiles Garage

"YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST · NOW TRY THE BEST"

KLEMME, IA.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

ORIGINAL NOTICE

In the District Court of Hancock County, Iowa,
October Term A. D. 1920.

Joseph E. Johnson, Plaintiff
vs.
Unknown Claimants of and to the West Half of the Southeast Quarter and the East Half of the Southwest Quarter of Section Twenty-three in Township Ninety-five, North, Range Twenty-three West of the 5th P. M. in Hancock County, Iowa, and Patrick Shandler and Mrs. Patrick Shanlder, wife of Patrick Shanlder, Defendants.

To THE ABOVE NAMED UNKNOWN CLAIMANTS AND DEFENDENTS, AND EACH OF THEM;

You are herby notified that on or before the 1st day of October A. D. 1920 there will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Hancock County, Iowa, the petition of the plaintiff in the above entitled cause claiming that he is the absolute owner in fee simple of the West Half of the Southeast Quarter and the East Half of the Southeast Quarter of Section Twenty-three in Township Ninety-five, North, Range Twenty-three West of the 5th P. M. in Hancock County, Iowa.

That he and his grantors have been in the open, peaceable, continuous, notorious and adverse possession of the said premises for more than twenty-five years last past with claim of right and color of title and asks that all of the said Unknown Claimants and Defendants be forever barred and estopped from having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said premises adverse to the title and estate of the plaintiff therein and that the title thereto be quieted in the plaintiff and for equitable relief.

For further particulars see the petition when filed, which sets forth the plaintiff's claim in detail.

You are further notified that unless you appear thereto and defend on or before noon of the second day of the next term of the said District Court which will commence and be held at the Court House in Garner, Iowa, on the 11 day of October A. D. 1920, default will be entered against you and judgment and decree rendered thereon as prayed.

Dated this 24th day of May A. D. 1920.

Ramsay & Blackstone,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

It is hereby directed and ordered that the foregoing notice be published once each week for four successive weeks in the KLEMME TIMES, a newspaper of general circulation published in Hancock County, Iowa.

Dated this 25th day of May A. D. 1920.

A. E. Baumgartner,
Seal Clerk of the District Court in and for Hancock County,
7-29-20-4w. Iowa.

Want Ads.

For Sale

FOR SALE—Span of gray and bay mares, weight 3100; also a good driving team, weight 2200, will work anywhere. Chas. Ax. 2wp

FOR SALE—Eight good calves, well bred, four to six months old. Call on Chas. Medaus, Ventura Route. 2wp

KITCHEN CABINET for sale; in good condition. Frank Kluckhohn. tf

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

FOUND—Case for pair of glasses. Cal lat Times Office.

FOUND—An auto jack. Owner can have same by calling at Times Office and proving property and paying cost of advertising. 2w

FOUND—Number plate for auto. No. 142543 Ia. Call at Times Office.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Any Shape.

Butcher—"Will you have a round steak, ma'am?" Mrs. Youngbride—"I don't care what shape it is, so it's tender."—Boston Transcript.

Local News!

Mrs. R. W. Elder, Mrs. A. E. Burriff and Miss Minnie Lenz were all passengers to Garner last Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Minnie Lenz is enjoying a vacation from her duties at the Postoffice. She will take about a month or six weeks off from duy and will spend part of her vacation in South Dakota visiting friends and relatives.

Miss Hazel Carpenter returned to Forest City last Thursday after a few days' visit with her father, Frank Carpenter, of this city.

Mr. E. P. Schaefer and son Kenneth, of Hebron, Ill., brother and nephew of Mrs. John Gruetzmacher, came last Tuesday for a few days' visit with Klemme friends and relatives.

Frank Carpenter met with a rather painful accident last Thursday when he and Geo. Kessler were tearing down the arch across Main Street. They had the arch nearly down when two heavy two by fours tore loose and fell on Frank's foot. The blow broke the bone in his big toe and now he rambles around with a cane and the speed of a turtle.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Griesemer, Mrs. John Gruetzmacher, Mr. E. P. Schaefer and son Kenneth, were visitors at Garner last Wednesday between trains.

A "full house" at the editorial manse, is what we will call it, as Ye Editor and wife are enjoying considerable company, or rather, were the past week. Mrs. Jorgenson's mother and father, Mr. and Mrs. T. Davis, of Lincoln, Nebraska, her sister Ruth of the same place, and her other sister and husband, Mr. and Mrs. H. Chapman, of Kansas City, Mo., drove from Lincoln here last Thursday evening. They left Lincoln Wednesday morning and arrived here the following night and they also drove in mud nearly all the way of 355 miles. Since coming here we have gone on numerous fishing trips and picnics and having a good time in general. They think that Iowa is quite a fine state for a vacation and no doubt they will return again next year for a fishing trip. They left yesterday morning for Kansas City, Mo.

Johnny Was Curious.

As a great privilege, John was taken to church to see his baby cousin baptized. Just as the minister had the water all ready and there was a hush in the congregation, John leaned toward his mother and asked in a too audible stage whisper, "Hot or cold?"

IDLE HOUR PROGRAM

A Paramount Picture produced by Thos. H. Ince and featuring Enid Bennett in "When Do We Eat?" will be shown Saturday night, July 17th. Also a Paramount Magazine picture. adv.

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

☞ Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

The Klemme Times $2 per year.

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

☞ CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED ☜

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

It is easy to save and to acpuire habits of thrift which means so much to one's future.

Without thrift aud some systematic savings plan, fame and fortune and success are almost unattainable.

You can start an account here with any sum you may have on hand.

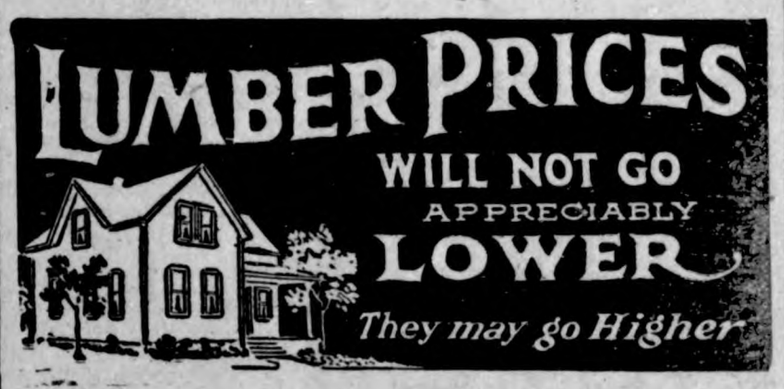
If you want to start right you will start it today.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET



Any delay in building is liable to cost you higher prices for lumber and materials.

You can,t afford to wait in expectation of lower lumber prices.

There is bound to be a tremendous building demand.

Come to us now and we will save you more than we can later.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Was Discouraged

Lost 65 Pounds in Weight and Had to Give Up Work. Has Been Well Since Using Doan's

"Being exposed to extreme heat when working as an engineer, and then going outdoors to cool off, caused my kidney trouble," says Karl Goering, 8513 N. Orkney St., Philadelphia, Pa. "In cold weather and when it was damp, my joints and muscles would swell and ache, and often my limbs were so badly affected it was only with great misery I was able to get around. For a week I was laid up in bed, hardly able to move hand or foot.

Mr. Goering

"Another trouble was from irregular and scanty passages of the kidney secretions. I became dull and weak and had to give up my work. Headaches and dizzy spells nearly blinded me and I went from 265 to 200 in weight. Nothing helped me and I felt I was doomed to suffer.

"At last I had the good fortune to hear of *Doan's Kidney Pills* and began taking them. I soon got back my strength and weight and all the rheumatic pains and other kidney troubles left. I have remained cured."

Sworn to before me.

WM. H. M'MUNN, Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Harvest 20 to 45 Bushel to Acre Wheat in Western Canada

Think what that means to you in good hard dollars with the great demand for wheat at high prices. Many farmers in Western Canada have paid for their land from a single crop. The same success may still be yours, for you can buy on easy terms.

Farm Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

located near thriving towns, good markets, railways—land of a kind which grows **20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre.** Good grazing lands at low prices convenient to your grain farm enable you to reap the **profits from stock raising and dairying.**

Learn the Facts About Western Canada

—low taxation (none on improvements), healthful climate, good schools, churches, pleasant social relationships, a prosperous and industrious people.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA

Canadian Government Agent.

Skin Tortured Babies Sleep Mothers Rest After Cuticura

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

BETTER DEAD

Life is a burden when the body is racked with pain. Everything worries and the victim becomes despondent and downhearted. To bring back the sunshine take

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The national remedy of Holland for over 200 years; it is an enemy of all pains resulting from kidney, liver and uric acid troubles. All druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 29--1920.

Piscatorial Labor Saver.

Uncle Eph Johnson, aged negro, native of Scott county, Kentucky, has invented a machine that reduces to the minimum the labor of fishermen. 'Tis simple, this invention of Uncle Eph's. It is not patented. On the contrary, its inventor offers it to any and all devotees of the rod and reel. Stick an umbrella rib perpendicularly in the mud on the back, fasten a sleigh bell near the top, and connect the line with this "invention" and you are ready to fish—and sleep. "It ain't nothin' more'n a labor saver," said Uncle Eph. "You see, every time I get a bite the fish bends the umbrella rib and the bell rings. Den I wakes up an' hauls him in."—Exchange.

Agreed.

"They seem to be having a row over at Bilkins' house. Difference of opinions, I suppose."

"No. Usual trouble there—identical opinion."

"How's that?"

"Mrs. Bilkins thinks she is not going to be able to get hold of a dollar of his wages this week, and he is of the same opinion."

Sure Relief

The Man Who Wasn't Himself

By ROBERT AMES BENNET

Copyright by W. G. CHAPMAN

"DOUBLE PERSONALITY."

SYNOPSIS. — Alighting from a train at Denver a well-dressed traveler is familiarly accosted by a man about his own age. The traveler ignores the advance. A few minutes later he is greeted as "Will" by an elderly lady and gentleman, who stop their auto to speak. He imagines it a case of mistaken identity and announces himself as "Richard Clinton," on his way to the coast. The couple appear greatly surprised, and learning he is to be in town until midnight, the lady, introducing herself as Mrs. Kirkland, and her husband as Doctor Kirkland, invites him to dinner, explaining the action by his truly remarkable resemblance to a friend of theirs. He accepts. At the Kirkland home he meets a young lady who greets him as her fiance. She is Ellen Kirkland, and plainly is greatly hurt by his assertion that he is "Richard Clinton."

CHAPTER I—Continued.

—2—

"Miss Kirkland!" he begged. "Calm yourself. This—it is most unfortunate. Had you first seen your mother—had she explained to you—prepared you."

"Explained? Prepared?"

"But I must insist, Miss Kirkland, that I—" He glanced past her and smiled with relief. "Here is your mother."

The girl darted along the porch to clasp her mother's arm. "Mamma!" she appealed. "What is it? Tell me! Will insists he is not—not himself. It—it frightens me!"

"My dear," soothed Mrs. Kirkland, "there is no reason, none whatever. Had you been in your room—" She smiled at the guest. "You will understand, Mr. Clinton, the resemblance being so absurdly close. The child is excited—not quite herself. So great a shock. If you will kindly excuse us a few minutes."

"I am very sorry," he said. "Perhaps it would be better if I should go."

"Oh! no, no! Do not go!" hysterically cried the girl.

"Hush, dear," reproved her mother. "Mr. Clinton is not going. He is to stay and dine with us."

"If you really wish it," he assented.

"Then you'll not go?" exclaimed the girl.

"Of course not, Ellen," said her mother. "Come in with me."

CHAPTER II.

Bonds.

Left alone on the porch the guest again faced the sunset. But the dazzling glories of red and gold were already fading into the gray of twilight. He looked absently at the blackened bulk of the mountains, his expression shifting between annoyance and amusement, curiosity and apprehension.

He was still evidently considering the situation when a small touring car came whirring along the street in the clear twilight. It stopped before the house and Doctor Kirkland sprang out with a briskness unusual in a gentleman of his portly figure. He came up to the porch, his alert gaze on the lone guest.

"What's this?" he demanded. "Don't mean to say you've been left all this time to entertain yourself?"

"Not all the time," smilingly replied the guest. "On the contrary Miss Kirkland and I—" His look became grave. "Much to my regret Miss Kirkland made the same mistake as Mrs. Kirkland and yourself."

"Naturally. But if her mother—"

"She had gone in when Miss Kirkland came around the house. I regret that my insistence on my identity rather overcame her."

"Not surprising, when she is engaged to you, is it?"

"Engaged to me! You mean of course—"

"To your double, to Will Lowrie," explained the physician. "Do you need further proof that you are his double?"

"No more. She was still quite positive, I fear, after all my attempts to convince her of the mistake. However, Mrs. Kirkland came, and no doubt has explained the mistake to her."

"Very likely," agreed the physician. "I would have gone had they not very kindly insisted that I must remain."

"You must."

"It is very hospitable of you to insist. Still I do not wish to cause your daughter the slightest distress."

"Nothing would distress her more than"—the physician considered the point—"than to have you refuse our hospitality."

"That being so I am very glad to stay. I've been recalling the fact that men even of national prominence have doubles who are mistaken for them. My resemblance to Mr. Lowrie is not so strong as I at first thought."

"Not at all," replied Doctor Kirkland, his shrewd eyes twinkling.

The guest stepped into the reception hall, and found himself in a well-furnished, comfortable home. The rooms were bright with the mellow radiance of indirect electric lighting. The little housemaid appeared, to take the stairway to his room.

When he came down he found his host and hostess waiting for him in the drawing room. The doctor still wore his professional frock coat. As he rose to meet his guest the maid announced dinner. Miss Ellen was not with her parents.

Mrs. Kirkland chatted familiarly with Clinton as she led him into the dining room. She observed him look at the housemaid with amused expectancy.

"No," she remarked, quick to catch his thought. "Mary will not be calling you Mr. Lowrie. She was not with us when you—when Will left."

"And Miss Kirkland?" he asked. "Have you convinced her?"

The lady smiled the least bit forcedly. "Have no fear. Ellen now knows the truth."

"That is good. I can understand how it must have seemed to her. I wonder if you can realize my embarrassment? Think of a young lady mistaking one for her fiance!"

"Good joke that," put in the physician. "How many kisses?"

"Karl!" reproved his wife.

They entered the dining room, the lady indignant, her husband chuckling and the guest a trifle constrained. Ellen stood at the far side of the oval table arranging the lilies in the center. She was pale and her eyelids were slightly swollen. When she looked up and saw Clinton across from her she did not blush. If anything she became still more pale. He was quick to observe her appearance.

"I am very sorry, Miss Kirkland," he murmured. "It must have been quite a shock."

"You must not blame yourself," she replied. "It was simply that I did not understand. Now, you see, I am quite over my—excitement." She smiled uncertainly at her father. "Between courses papa can give me a sedative suggestion."

"Do you really use suggestion in your practice?" Clinton inquired of the physician as they seated themselves.

"Suggestion—little else," replied Doctor Kirkland. "You must bear in mind my specialty. Not but what, in time, the entire profession will be using suggestion as promiscuously as the Christian Scientists."

"How the Scientists would be scandalized if they heard you!" said Mrs. Kirkland. "The slightest intimation that their treatment is related in any way to suggestion—"

"There is no matter; therefore everything is immaterial; therefore it is immaterial what they think," solemnly reasoned the physician.

"Isn't it?" queried Clinton.

"It is not immaterial," his host flatly contradicted himself. "What they think—what anyone thinks—is exceedingly material. 'As a man thinketh in his heart so is he.' For instance, you think you are a certain personality named Richard Clinton."

He Eyed His Guest With Intense Keenness.

"I not only think it. I know it."

"Do you know yourself? Do you know what you really are? Does anyone know what he or she really is?"

"I at least have some idea who I am," replied Clinton, smiling.

"Some idea? You mean a small idea, an extremely small idea. Every day there are millions of pictures, myriads of sounds, being stored away in your subconscious mind. Of how many of these were you aware at the time and how many can you now recall? Only a few, a pitiful cupful out of the ocean. Conscious man is a glowworm crawling over the vast dark field of his subconscious mind."

"You refer, I presume, to the odd cases known as double personality," remarked Clinton. "I must confess I hardly believe them possible."

"On the contrary," asserted Doctor Kirkland, "such cases are far more numerous than is commonly known. As I informed you, everybody is, strictly speaking, more or less insane."

"There he goes again!" put in Mrs. Kirkland. "We're all not quite ourselves!"

"Some are much less so than others," added her husband. "A few are not themselves at all. By the way, Mr. Clinton—to change the subject—I am interested in a small psychological experiment. It is to have one state, without pausing to think, the ideas suggested to him by a given word. Would you have any objections to my testing you?"

"None whatever."

Mrs. Kirkland and Ellen exchanged swift glances.

The physician smiled blandly. "Then if you'll answer quickly the ideas suggested by—bonds."

As he spoke the word he eyed his guest with intense keenness. The ladies involutarily leaned forward to catch the answer. Clinton smiled and responded without a trace of hesitancy: "Bonds—cash, bank accounts, trip to California—"

"Enough, thank you," interrupted the physician, his eyes twinkling with complacent self-satisfaction.

"If there is any other word you wish to try I shall be pleased to answer," said the guest.

"No, that was the only one. My real purpose in using it was to fish in your subconsciousness."

"And you caught—"

"Merely a confirmation of certain optical impressions."

"May I ask why you spoke of bonds?"

Mrs. Kirkland interposed. "I fear that you would hardly be interested in the matter."

"Why, mamma," said Ellen, "how could he be other than interested?"

"Perhaps, perhaps," qualified her father. He looked at the guest with a shrewd glance. "It is rather a private matter, Mr. Clinton."

"Then of course—Pardon my curiosity."

"We can trust you not to repeat what I tell you. Shortly before Will—Mr. Lowrie—accepted my advice to go to the sanitarium he was sent to Pueblo to negotiate for an issue of bonds. The parties whom he represented were allotted one hundred thousand dollars of the issue, and the bonds in that amount were delivered over to him. Soon afterward Charlie Bemm, who had run down to Pueblo in his touring car, came upon Will sitting in the station grounds. He had missed his train. Charlie took him in, suitcase and all, and brought him to Denver. Late that evening he came home with his suitcase but without the bonds. He had not turned them in at the bank, and he could not remember what he had done with them. Except for a vague recollection of riding with Charlie and of wandering through City park, he could remember nothing since early that morning. The bonds have not yet been found."

"Has he never recalled what he did with them?"

"Not to our knowledge. Worry over their loss induced such alarming psychological conditions that the great specialist in charge of the sanitarium prescribed an absolute change. He has been temporarily cut off from everything related to his life here. The last report received by me was that he had ben sent abroad in the care of one of the staff. Since then we have heard nothing."

"There is the saying, 'No news is good news,'" remarked Clinton.

"If only we could believe that!" sighed Mrs. Kirkland. "Do you wonder that I was delighted when I saw you there at the depot, looking so strong and well?"

"Mistaking me for this unfortunate Mr. Lowrie," sympathetically replied Clinton.

The physician had drawn out his watch. "I must return to the sanitarium. If you can keep Mr. Clinton entertained I shall be back soon—seven-thirty or eight."

He was up and away with his usual briskness.

A few minutes later they left the table and went in to what Mrs. Kirkland aptly termed the living room. With a matter-of-course bearing Ellen at once seated herself at the piano and began to search in her music cabinet. Mrs. Kirkland excused herself to Clinton and went out a side doorway. Owing to the twisted corner of a rug the door did not close fast. A draft swung it ajar as Clinton drew back farther from the girl and seated himself on the chair at the far side of the doorway.

He leaned back at ease and quietly took in the tasteful unpretentiousness of his surroundings. Ellen continued her search through the thick piles of music in the cabinet. She had made three or four selections and was looking for others when the muffled, broken murmur of a woman's voice came to Clinton through the narrow opening of the door. He was not in a position to see through the crack, but there could be no doubt that Mrs. Kirkland was at a telephone some distance away, probably at the end of a narrow passage.

Only disjointed fragments of her talk were audible:

"Amy . . . alone? . . . How shall I tell you! . . . this afternoon . . . dined . . . No, no! . . . looks splendid, but . . . not Will. Not the slightest remembrance . . . must not despair . . . Yes, I'm certain, if anyone can cure him . . . be prepared . . . believes himself . . . Clinton—"

As he realized that he was listening to talk that had reference to himself, the young man thrust out his hand to close the door. The sound attracted the attention of Ellen. She looked about at the guest, the corners of her perfect mouth drooping.

She bent over the keyboard and began to play something soft and low that ran into eerie minor notes. He stood at the corner of the piano gazing down at her with a look of frank enjoyment. She was undoubtedly beautiful and she played well.

When she looked up her eyes were suffused with tears, but there was eager expectancy in her glance. In his eyes was only the politely reserved admiration of a stranger. Her lips began to quiver. A tear overflowed and ran down her white cheek. She bowed forward with her face in her hands, sobbing in an uncontrollable outburst of grief.

The Face in the Miniature Was His Own.

He was overcome with consternation. "Miss Kirkland! I—what can I have done? Believe me, I would not for anything—"

"It's—it's n-not what you've done!" she sobbed. "It's what y-you've not done!"

"What I've not done?" he asked. "If only you'll tell me!"

"You don't even remember it—our favorite!" she cried.

"You mean—surely you cannot expect me to remember something I never— It's not possible you still believe that I am not myself."

"But it's—it's you who deny it; you who—" She looked up at him, her tear-streaming eyes full of pitiful entreaty. "Oh, Will! won't you please try to remember who you are?"

"Miss Kirkland, pray be calm. I assure you that I am Richard Clinton. I can easily prove that I—"

"Look!" she interrupted, holding up her slender left hand, on which sparkled the diamond of a single ring. "Try to think! You must remember; you cannot have forgotten about—" A rosy blush swept down over her pale face—"about when you put it there, dear!"

About her slender neck was a fine gold chain, from which an oval locket hung pendant on her heaving bosom. She caught up the locket and touched the spring. The jeweled front of the locket opened. Within was a miniature painting.

"Who is this—tell me, who is this?" she asked.

To see the miniature it was necessary that he should bend down close to the blushing girl. His own face flushed with embarrassment, but he seated himself on the end of the bench and leaned over with his square jaw beside her rounded white shoulder. Had he looked only at the girl it would not have been surprising.

As it chanced, however, the young man glanced first at the miniature. At once the incredulity of his expression gave place to surprise and perplexity. He leaned over for a closer look, his cheek only a few inches from the cheek of the girl. Except for a certain pinched look about the nose the absence of the mustache and a marked thinness of jaw and cheek, the face in the miniature was his own—it was his face as it might look in ill health.

The young man drew back, his face clearly expressive of his astonishment. "It is a—most remarkable resemblance, Miss Kirkland. I no longer wonder that you were deceived at the first, and this continued delusion on your part can, no doubt, be accounted for by the intensity of that first impression."

"You still refuse to believe!" she cried. "You do not recognize your own picture! Can nothing make you remember?"

Another pretty girl thinks Clinton is Will.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Pigeons are nowhere more abundant than in the East Indies.

"PLENTY NEXT DOOR"

Record Harvest Predicted for Canada.

After having made a careful survey of the wheat producing area of the United States, experts whose business it is to keep the people informed on the acreage sown to foodstuffs state that this year there will be a falling off in the wheat production of the States, due to a considerably less area cultivated. The opinion of the experts is that the decrease will be several hundred million bushels in wheat less than in previous years which according to past experience will be scarcely sufficient to meet the requirements of the demands of the people of this country.

In Canada, however, the situation is different. Reliable reports on the crop situation throughout Western Canada are such as to create the most substantial optimism. Never before were the prospects so encouraging for a bumper harvest. It is predicted that the yield this year will be even greater than in 1915, the year of the record harvest in Canada, when the total production was 393,542,000 bushels. Not only is the wheat looking excellent, but the same is true of oats, barley and flax, of which a great increased acreage has been sown in the great grain producing provinces of Canada.

The rains that have fallen recently have come at the right time to stimulate growth and there is now considerable moisture in the ground. With the world generally facing a shortage of wheat and a continued heavy demand for it, the price is likely to be maintained at the present high figure.

In many districts corn has been more extensively planted than in previous years and it is looking remarkably well. Many settlers from the United States who came to Western Canada and bought improved farms in the early spring have every prospect of a crop yield that will give them a return sufficiently large, after paying all current expenses, to pay off a large part of their capital investment.

Livestock is in excellent condition everywhere, the rains having induced a good growth of grass.—Advertisement.

Sidetracked.

"Have your summer vacation plans matured yet, Jim?"

"Oh, yes, but they had to be sidetracked on account of some summer notes that also matured."—Boston Transcript.

EATONIC Users —Do This—Get the Greatest Benefits

Chicago, Ill.—Thousands of reports from people all over the U. S. who have tested Eatonic, show the great benefits are obtained by using it for a few weeks, taking one or two tablets after each meal.

Eatonic users know that it stops Belching, Bloating, Heartburn, Sour Stomach Miseries quickly, but the really lasting benefits are obtained by using Eatonic long enough to take off harmful excess acids and gases entirely out of the system. This requires little time, for Eatonic takes up the excess acidity and poisons and carries them out of the body and of course when it is all removed, the sufferer gets well, feels fine—full of life and pep.

If you have been taking an Eatonic now and then, be sure and take it regularly for a time and obtain all of the wonderful benefits. Please speak to your druggist about this, so that he can tell others that need this help. Adv.

Passing It Along.

"What is meant by 'an embarrassment of riches?'" inquired the man who always wants to know something.

"I couldn't say, offhand," replied the delegate. "Ask some delegate who the campaign fund has been oversubscribed."

ASPIRIN

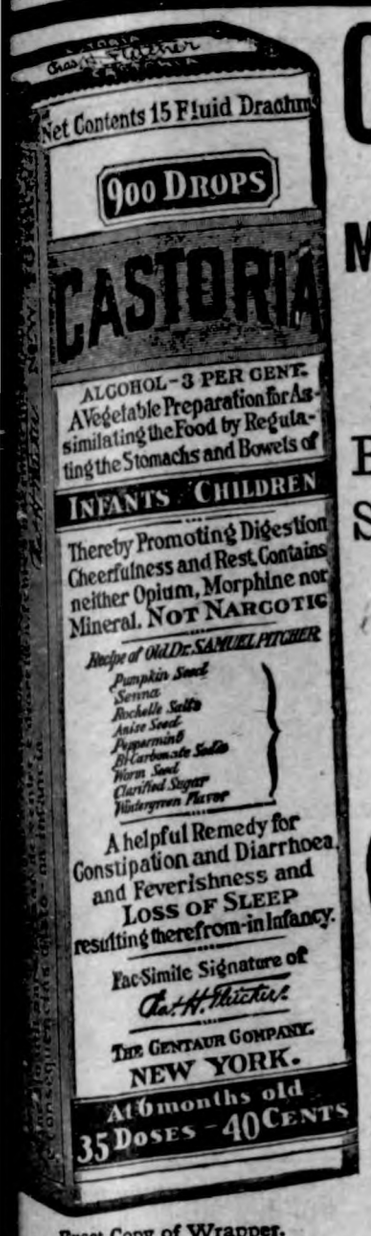
Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is the Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Free Is the Word.

"Were they very free with passes at your outfit?" "I've seen a guy get nine in a row."—American Legion Weekly.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES often Soothes, Refreshes. Night and Morning Have Strong, Healthy Eyes. If they Tire, Feel Smart or Burn, If Inflamed, Irritated, Inflamed, Granulated, use Murine. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

Exact Copy of Wrapper. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Shopping.

"I want a lip-stick for my wife."

"Is that what she uses?"

"Dunno. Could I taste one?"

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of being ashamed of your freckles, as Othine double strength—is guaranteed to remove the homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

NOT HIS SEATS, ALL RIGHT

Under the Circumstances, Many Will Think Bell-Ringer Was Moderate in His Demands.

One of the annoyances of the manager of a show is the "free list" in small towns, and it is his duty to look over the list when he arrives and do the necessary cutting. Edward Arnold of "The Storm" company tells of a manager of his company in the Middle West, who found two seats allotted to the "bell-ringer," asked the house manager why, and was introduced to the man. "Why two seats?" he said.

"There's a curfew in this town," he said. "I am the bell-ringer. If I get the seats the bell gets a couple of light taps. If I don't it rings an hour."

"Where is the bell?"

"Next door." He got the seats.—New York Post.

Linguist Baffled.

Though she spoke English, French German and Roumanian, the interpreter traveling with American Y. W. C. A. secretaries in Roumania, struck a snag when she came to Cluj, a university center near Bucharest. Hungarian was the popular tongue there. The town, formerly Kolozsvar, is the home of Hungarian proprietors and the seat of a former Hungarian university. Out of 2,151 students, only 120 were women. The Y. W. C. A., which is carrying on work for girls in Roumania at the invitation of Queen Marie, is considering opening a center for these college women.

Burglars Helped Him Out.

For a year D. T. McRoberts, a business man at New Castle, Pa., had not been able to open his safe on account of the combination being lost, and so had been unable to get at papers and other property inside the safe. One night recently burglars broke it open, found no money, left the papers and other property, and Mr. McRoberts felt very much obliged.

Sorry He Spoke.

Hub—The preacher said this morning, you'll remember, that the finest garment a woman can wear is the mantle of charity.

Wife—Yes, and judging from the fuss they make over the bills, it's about the only garment some husbands want their wives to wear.—Boston Transcript.

FARMERS ARE WORKING HARDER

And using their feet more than ever before. For all these workers the frequent use of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic, healing powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, increases their efficiency and insures needed physical comfort. It takes the Friction from the Shoe, freshens the feet, and prevents tired, aching and blistered feet. Women everywhere are constant users of Allen's Foot-Ease. Don't get foot sore, get Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold by dealers everywhere.—Adv.

His Lack of Judgment.

"Bud Buckover hain't got no sense worth mentioning," said a citizen of Sandy Mush. "Tuther evening he got into a fuss with his wife, and b'cuz suthin' or nuther didn't suit him, he began to yell and slash around with his revolver. Then he boolged out of the door and fired his gun in the air. Prob'ly he figgered his wife would think he'd shot himself, and be sorry. But, about that time, Hamp Sockery came in at the gate and, nacher'ly s'posing Bud was shooting at him, pulled his gun and let drive, and shot Bud through the shoulder. If Bud had had any sense he'd a-recollected that a family row is like the feller said of charity—it begins at home, and ort to stay there."—Kansas City Star.

Without Confirmation.

Pete Johnson, carpenter on the farm, was on the meadows of Hoboken looking for game. He walked around a half day and, finding nothing, he started for hime, meeting a cow which he shot at and missed. It was his last shot, so Pete was out of luck when he met a bear, which chased him a half mile to a friendly oak tree. The bear and Pete circled the tree until both were becoming exhausted. Then Pete grabbed the bear's paws and held them around the tree until the bear died of starvation. They had bear meat at the farm and the skin of Bruno adorns the farm gates. Note—The recent storm prevented us from verifying this item. We hope it is true.—Unidentified.

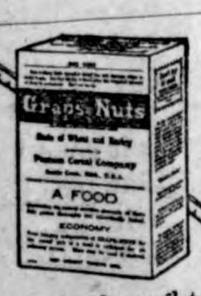
Household Bills on His Mind.

Wife—I wish you would put up the hammock, John.

John (absently)—How much do you think I could get on it?—Boston Evening Transcript.

An editor knows when there is no news as well as a reader—and knows it first.

Food For A July Morning



—and every morning when the thought of health enters into the meal time preparation —

Grape-Nuts

This easily digested food needs no sugar, yet it has a most pleasing sweet flavor, and is full of the sound goodness of wheat and malted barley.

"There's a Reason"

Home Town Helps

FOR BEAUTIFICATION OF ROAD

Praiseworthy Idea Is That of Planting Trees in Streets of the Various Cities.

Now comes Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the American Forestry association, who urges the beautification of roads. Mr. Pack suggests that we cease building monuments for at least ten years, until the proper perspective can be given the situation, and that all the roads of the country, old and new, be planted in honor of the men and women who entered war work. He also suggests that counties work out plans for the placing of groves, so that we may in time have a national extended memorial.

The suggestion has been taken up in many parts of the country. A unique instance is the work of the people of Minneapolis, who are planning as far ahead as 1951. Trees are being trained there for 50 years hence, the American elm, of the vase type, being used. A fund of $50,000 has been set aside for the care of these trees. Mr. C. M. Loring is the chief of the park system of Minneapolis, and this sum is his contribution to the memorial. The trees will be planted 60 feet apart.

Other cities are also alive to what can be done in this work. Washington plans to have a driveway between Potomac and Rock Creek parks, and memorial tree planting is under discussion there. In Cincinnati, a boulevard starting in the down-town section may be improved in this manner.

ATTRACTIVE MAIL BOX

That his roadside mail box might harmonize with the stucco ranch house, this cattle man covered base, pedestal, and box with concrete. The roof of the box is painted green.—From Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Concerning the Garden.

The delights of a garden don't need classifying, but some of the difficulties do. The first is to find the right place in which to make the garden. It should be in a locality where the sun will shine on it for at least five hours each bright day. It should not be where the soil is so thin and the rocks so near the surface that the garden will burn out during the summer. It should not be under or near large trees; the trees will not only keep the sun off, but will draw all the moisture and plantfood from the soil. Nor must the garden be in a spot that gets flooded.

Co-ordination of Work.

Through the association of commerce the city of Milwaukee is planning to centralize all of the city's activities among the foreign born. The plan calls for a general committee, whose representatives are drawn from the various civic, social, and patriotic bodies and for an executive committee of five members to be appointed from the general committee. The co-operation of a member from each of these bodies will obviate all duplication of work and will mean a large increase in the ground covered in the coming year.

Her Heartlessness.

"I hear tell that Gabe Gawkey is figuring on getting a divorce from his wife," said a neighbor. "What's the matter with her, anyhow?"

"She's plumb heartless," replied Gap Johnson of Rumpus Ridge, Ark. "He talked about taking some spring medicine and she up and told him that the best kind to suit his case was a buck-saw and ax. That there infernal lady ain't got no more feelings than a snapping turtle!"—Kansas City Times.

Community's Benefactor.

The man who owns an attractive home, large or small, is a real benefactor to the community. He is particularly fortunate if he can build the house himself. Then he can say with satisfaction: "When I am gone at least I shall have left a monument in the shape of this house. The town is more attractive than it would have been if I had not built my home here."

When Love Grew Cold.

My most embarrassing moment happened when I was twelve years old. I was in love. It was on a winter morning, and my mother was sending me to the store, when the boy I loved passed by. I went out of the house as fast as I could, but I slipped and fell down the stairs. It was so funny he laughed out loud at me. I never looked at that boy again.—Exchange

CONQUERED

By MILDRED WHITE.

(Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

Jack Wallingford stretched his long white-flanneled form on the grass and blinked his handsome eyes toward the ocean. Sunlight lay upon the waters, and nearby was the summer resort hotel. The veranda of this big hotel presented a rainbow appearance, with the variegated color costumes of its guests. Arthur Tanner gazed quizzically into his friend's averted face.

"Going to enjoy it here, Wallie?" he asked.

The young man addressed turned alertly and laughed.

"Waiting worlds for me to conquer," he replied, motioning toward the assembled girls on the veranda.

"As insufferably conceited as ever, I see," Tanner remarked.

"Merely stating a fact," his friend answered pleasantly. Which upon reflection seemed to be true. Wherever Jack Wallingford went, conquest not only awaited, but sought him out.

Moreover, Wallingford possessed unlimited confidence in his own powers of charming where young women were concerned; and his confidence was never over-rated. Arthur Tanner, looking down upon the smiling complacence of his friend, snorted in disgust.

"I wish," he said bitterly, "that you might be bowled over yourself, just for once, and lose out in the courting game."

Wallie shook his head.

"Can't be done," he said. "I've hoped often—that the girls would let me lose—but they don't."

Suddenly Tanner's disapproving expression gave place to one of amusement. "I'll introduce you to Mary Holly," he said. Wallingford arose, settling his ruffled attire.

"Same Mary being a charmer?" he asked.

But Arthur was already waving the signal of a white handkerchief toward the rainbow group of girls.

"Heavens!" his friend ejaculated, "You'll have the whole bunch over."

"I am not in the habit," Tanner responded with dignity, "of waving to the 'bunch.' Mary Holly understands my signals."

The girl who approached wore simple, ordinary white, and her face, at close view, appeared to be rather displeased than otherwise, at her summons. It was a small, dark face, crowned with quantities of loosely coiled hair.

"What do you want with me?" she demanded.

"Want you to meet Mr. Jack Wallingford," Arthur replied. He gave her an understanding smile. "And help to make his stay interesting." Absently nodding, Mary Holly acknowledged the introduction, and as Arthur Turner departed, she settled herself on the grass, where Wallingford had lately reclined and opened a magazine.

"You don't have to stay with me, you know," she told the winner of hearts, and prepared to become absorbed in her book.

Mary Holly certainly was an unusual girl. He found that out before he had been in her company an hour.

"Good morning," said Mary Holly abruptly—and Mary Holly was gone.

She looked much more attractive at the evening promenade. Wallingford was piqued into asking for a place on her program. The program was well filled, and she gave him place reluctantly, then removed the sting of her reluctance with a smile, and the small, piquant face was for the moment transformed. He sought to bring the radiant smile again, and sometimes succeeded. Also, he found himself returning again and again during the days which followed, to Mary Holly's side. Not that he did not bestow his charming presence elsewhere, Wallie was always the favorite of the rainbow circle, but invariably he returned to the indifferent welcome of the always unexpected Mary. And then one night came the climax; it was quite unpremeditated.

"I love you," said Jack Wallingford, then: "You must know that I love you."

"Of course I do," came the surprising girl's answer.

Wallie gasped.

Calmly Mary Holly regarded him. "Will you marry me?" she asked.

Wallie choked.

"It's leap year, you know," she quietly reminded him. "and if you will make love—well, there's your responsibility."

From near by came a man's exultant laugh. Arthur Tanner's face appeared above the stone boulder against which the two had been leaning.

"You really did do it, Mary," he cried. "You certainly are game.

"Mary Holly is my half-sister," he explained to Wallingford. "When I told her about your captivating powers she insisted that she'd teach you a lesson—and by George! from the looks of your face this minute, she has."

But Jack Wallingford, still white and serious of gaze, leaned toward the girl.

"Yes, I will marry you," he said. "It happens to be the truth that I love you. Now, what are you going to do about it?"

The unexpected Mary Holly turned to Tanner.

"You see," she said with a mock sigh, "you cannot beat a conqueror. I am going to marry Wally."

Simply Worn Out

How Many Women Are Like This?

Can anything be more wearing for women than the ceaseless round of household duties? Oh! the monotony of it all—work and drudge; no time to be sick; tired, ailing, yet cannot stop. There comes a time when something "snaps" and they find themselves "simply worn out," and to make matters worse, have contracted serious feminine disorder which almost always follows the constant overtaxing of a woman's strength.

Then they should remember that there is no remedy like Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—the experience of these two women establishes that fact:

Cedar Rapids, Ia.—"After the birth of my last child I had such painful spells that would unfit me entirely for my housework. I suffered for months and the doctor said that my trouble was organic ulcers and I would have to have an operation. That was an awful thing to me, with a young baby and four other children, so one day I thought of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and how it had helped me years before and I decided to try it again. I took five bottles of Vegetable Compound and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and since then I have been a well woman, able to take care of my house and family without any trouble or a day's pain. I am ready and thankful to swear by your medicine any time. I am forty-four years old and have not had a day's illness of any kind for three years."—Mrs. H. Kornig, 617 Ellis Blvd, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Sandusky, Ohio.—"After the birth of my baby I had organic trouble. My doctor said it was caused by too heavy lifting and I would have to have an operation. I would not consent to an operation and let it go for over a year, having my sister do my work for me as I was not able to walk. One day my aunt came to see me and told me about your medicine—said it cured her of the same thing. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash and they have cured me. Now I do my own housework, washing and ironing and sewing for my family and also do sewing for other people. I still take a bottle of Vegetable Compound every spring for a tonic. I recommend your medicine to others who have troubles similar to mine and you can use my letter if you wish."—Mrs. Paul Papenfuss, 1325 Stone St., Sandusky, Ohio.

All Worn Out Women Should Take

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

1920 Style.

In an Indianapolis barber shop a man got a shave, haircut and tonic and gave the boss barber a dollar bill, which the latter rang up as he said, "Just right."

After about a minute the customer exclaimed: "The only difference between you and Jesse James is that Jesse had a horse."

"There is a bigger difference than that," replied the boss barber; "Jesse was a piker. Why, I've got a seven-passenger car."—Indianapolis News.

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY AILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Jailed for Love of Books.

Lady Visitor—What brought you here, my poor fellow?

Poor Fellow—Love for books, mum.

"What! What sort of books?"

"Rich blokes' pocket books, mum."—London Answers.

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin

When red, rough and itching with hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment. Also make use now and then of that exquisitely scented dusting powder, Cuticura Talcum, one of the indispensable Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

A youth always wishes he were older, and a woman always wishes she were younger.

BIG ULCER ALL HEALED

"Here is another letter that makes me happy," says Peterson, of Buffalo. "One that I would rather have than a thousand dollars.

"Money isn't everything in this world. There is many a big hearted, rich man who would give all he has on earth to be able to produce a remedy with such mighty healing power as Peterson's Ointment, to sell at all druggists for 60 cents a large box."

Dear Sirs:—

"I was an untold sufferer from old running sore and ulcers. I had tried most everything without any relief from pain. A friend told me of your wonderful ointment and the first box took away the pain that had not left me before in years, and after using just nine dollars' worth of the salve I am cured. The ulcer was 9 inches by 6½ inches, is all healed and I can walk. Never, never will I be without Peterson's again.

"You may use this to recommend your ointment, if you wish. I cannot say enough to praise it." Yours truly, Mrs. Albert Southcott, Medina, N. Y. Mail orders filled by Peterson Ointment Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.

DON'T CUT OUT A Shoe Boil, Capped Hock or Bursitis

FOR ABSORBINE

will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. **Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. $2.50 a bottle delivered. Book 6 R free.**

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, the antiseptic liniment for Boils, Bruises, Sores, Swellings, Varicose Veins. Allays Pain and Inflammation. Price $1.25 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Will tell you more if you write.

W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

DAISY FLY KILLER PLACED ANYWHERE ATTRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 5 by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BIG MONEY AND FAST SALES. Every Owner Buys Gold Initials for his auto. You charge $1.50; make $1.35. Ten orders daily easy. Write for particulars and free samples. AMERICAN MONOGRAM CO., Dept. 116, Glen Ridge, N. J.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment. Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co. 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Catarrh is a Real Enemy and Requires Vigorous Treatment

Do Not Neglect It.

When you use sprays, atomizers and douches for your Catarrh, you may succeed in unstopping the choked-up air passages for the time being, but this annoying condition returns, and you have to do the same thing over and over again.

Catarrh has never yet been cured by these local applications. Have you ever experienced any real benefit from such treatment?

Throw these makeshift remedies to the winds, and get on the right treatment. Get a bottle of S. S. S., and begin a treatment that has been praised by sufferers for half a century.

S. S. S. gets right at the source of Catarrh, and forces from the blood the germs which cause the disease. Special medical advice regarding your own case free. Address Medical Director, 106 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Shoo--Fly!!

Dr. Hess

Fly Chaser

Is long lasting, stainless, pleasant and just the very thing to spray your cows and horses with--keeps away bothersome flys, gnats, bugs and mosquitos.

Spray Pumps

We have a full line of sprays which come in handy many purposes.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Excursion to Canada

Where $560.00 will handle 160 acres of the very best wheat land situated in Saskatchewan, Canada, in localities where you have railroadr, good towns, modern farm buildings, schools, churches, good roads, telebhones. Balance purchase price can be arranged to suit purchaser. Now is your opportunity. Do not fsil to write or call on Charles F. Busch, Klemme, Iowa, Agent, for special excursion rates to land buyers.

Central Farm & Investment Co.
Fort Dodge, Iowa

Fruits **Candy** **Ice Cream** **Bakery Goods**

Are you *Thirsty? Hot?*

Then slip into our place and enjoy the products of our Soda Fountain. A cool, clear and snappy drink of

"Green River"

will hit the thirsty spot. Our Ice Cream Sundaes are the best to be had. We also serve sodas, pop, malt and other cool, refreshing drinks.

Try us when thirsty

The Crystal Cafe

New Cantaloups and fresh Fruit of all kinds

Depending on the Farmer

The country is today depending on the farmer as never before.

He is entitled to the same consideration in the matter of financing, labor and general co operation as any other business institution.

What is good for the farmer is good for all of us as we do not prospei unless he prospers.

This bank stands ready at all times to cooperate with farmers. Come in and talk things over!

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME STORES TRADE WITH MEN YOU KNOW

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed proposals will be received by the Town Clerk of Klemme, Iowa, on the 27th day of July, 1920, between the hours of 8 A. M. and 8 P. M., for the construction of a Sewage Disposal Plant, Main and Lateral Sewers, in and for the Town of Klemme, Iowa, the extent of the work, kinds of material and method of construction to be as shown by the plans and specifications now on file in the office of the Town Clerk, which are by reference made a part hereof, and as provided by a Resolution of Necessity passed by the Town Council on the 13th day of July, 1920, which is by reference made a part hereof, said sewers to be built of vitrified salt glazed sewer pipe, cast iron pipe where required, hard burned building brick or concrete manholes and flush tanks, etc., and to be located as follows:

DISPOSAL PLANT

The Disposal Plant shall be located on a plot of ground approximately 600 feet west and 1500 feet south of the intersection of Iowa and Front Streets and shall consist of septic tank, dosing chamber, filter and sludge beds and connecting pipes there to.

MAIN SEWER

Shall start near above described Disposal Plant Site thence North 650 feet, thence Northeast across outlot 7 approximately 1150 feet to intersection of Iowa and Front Streets, thence on Iowa Street from Front to 3rd Streets using 12-inch Vitrified Sewer Pipe.

LATERAL SEWERS

On 3rd Street from Iowa Street to Jerusalem Street using 10-inch Sewer Pipe.

On Dakota Street from 3rd Street to East Corporation Line.

On State Street from 3rd Street to East Corporation Line.

On Jerusalem Street from 3rd Street west 1500 feet.

On Elder Street from 3rd Street West 200 feet and from 2nd Street west 250 feet. On Day Street from 1st Street East 730 feet. On Main Street from 3rd Street West 1000 feet and from 4th Street East 800 feet. In alley of block 9 from 3rd Street east 200 feet, on Iowa Street from 3rd Street to 4th Street,

On Front Street from Hancock Street south 600 feet, on 1st Street from Iowa Street south 600 feet and North 450 feet. On 2nd Street from Jerusalem Street south 170 feet and from Elder Street south 300 feet and from Iowa Street north 450 feet and south 900 feet. On 3rd Street from Dakota Street to Jerusalem Street and from Iowa Street to Greutmacher Street. On 4th Street from Jerusalem Street south 2050 feet. Morningside Road from 4th Street east 250 feet thence south 600 feet, On Paul's Drive from its intersection with Morningside Road east 500 feet. On Arthur's Lane from its intersection with Morningside Road east 400 feet using 8-inch Sewer Pipe.

All of said sewers to be built with tight joints, suitable "Y's" for house connections and to be laid to line and grade.

The work to be constructed in accordance with the plans and specifications above referred to, and shall be commenced on or before the 1st day of Sept. 1920, and fully completed on or before the 1st day of Jan. 1921. Payment for said work to be made after its completion and acceptance by the Town Council, to the contractor, for the Disposal Plant in bonds drawing 6 per cent annual interest. issued in anticipation of a fund to be created by a tax to be levied against all the property in Sanitary Sewer District No. 1, of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, or by Bonds or warrants drawn against such funds of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, as can by law be used for such purposes, or if insufficient to pay the cost of same by bonds drawing 6 per cent interest, drawn against a Special Assessment on all property benefitted, or by a combination of any or all of these methods, and upon completion of the Main and Lateral Sewers, and their acceptance, the cost of same shall be paid to the contractor in Special Assessment Bonds drawing 6 per cent annual interest and issued in anticipation of a fund to be created by a Special Assessment to be levied against all the property in Sanitary Sewer District No. 1 in proportion to its benefits as provided by law and said resolution of Necessity, or if insufficient to pay the cost of same, by bonds or warrants drawing 6 per cent annual interest, drawn against such funds of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, as can by law be used for such purposes. Said payment to be made as soon as by law provided after the completion and acceptance of said improvements. All proposals must be made on blanks to be furnished by the engineer and made separately for the Disposal Plant in one proposal and for the Main and Lateral Sewers in another proposal and each proposal shall be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of $1000 for the Disposal Plant and $2000 for the Main and Lateral Sewers, drawn on some known responsible bank in the Town of Klemme, Iowa, in a separate envelope and made payable to the Town Treasurer as security that the bidder, in case his proposal is the lowest and best legal bid submitted and contract is awarded him, will enter into contract for the doing of the work and give bond within ten days in the sum of 100 per cent of his contract price, conditioned upon the proper carrying out of the work and the faithful performance of the contract, and the contract and bond shall contain a condition requiring the contractor to carry Workmen's Compensation insurance, and the contractor and his bondsmen to keep said improvement in repair for a period of four years from and after completion of the Main and Lateral Sewers, and one year from and after completion of the Disposal Plant.

Certified checks will be returned to unsuccessful bidders and to successful bidders when they have signed contract and given bond as required. In case the successful bidder shall fail to enter into contract and give bond as required, certified check filed with his proposal may be retained by the Town Council at their option as agreed and liquidated damages.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals, and proposals will be acted upon at a meeting to be held by the Town Coucil at 8 o'clock P. M. on the 27th day of July, 1920, or at an adjourned meeting thereof.

Published by authority of the Town Council of the Town of Klemme, Iowa.

N. L. PALMER,
Town Clerk

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

No. 6659 Report of the Condition of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Klemme, in the State of Iowa, at the close of business, June 30 1920.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts		$339,748 17
Overdrafts, unsecured		272 85
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		25,000 00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebt'ness owned and unpledged		48,600 00
Liberty bonds, unpledged		
Bonds, Securities, etc.		1,363 92
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank		1,050 00
Banking house	8,302.00	
furniture and fixture	2,700.00	11,002 00
Other checks on banks in same city or town as reporting bank		4,850 95
Lawful money reserve with Federal Reserve bank:		20,379 26
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		64,344 84
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		
Checks on banks outside of city or town and other cash items		1,661 54
War Savings Certificates & Thrift Stamps owned		874 00
Redemption fund with U S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		1,250 00
Total		$520,397 53

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in		25,000 00
Surplus fund		10,000 00
Undivided profits $		
Less current expenses interest and taxes paid		2,434 73
Interest and discount collected but not earned		1,927 92
Circulating notes outst'ding		24,395 00
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding		
Individual deposits subject to check		108,382 26
Certificates of deposit payable within 30 days		41 314 58
Certificates of deposit (other Than for money borrowed)		306,943.04
Total		$520,397 53

STATE OF IOWA, } ss
Hancock County, }

I, F. A. Arnold, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. A. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of June, 1920.

Frank M. Hanson
[SEAL] Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

Peter Josten
Aug. Barz
C. A. Arnold } Director

PUTS TIES ON TRACK; WANTED TO SEE THE TRAIN WRECK

Belmond Independent:—Special Agent Meehan of Minneapolis, for the M. & St. L. railroad, was in town one day last week looking up parties here who had been placing ties on the track recently. He located the guilty parties, and with the city authorities went to his home. The party was a fifteen-year old boy, who stated that he just wanted to see the train wreck and that he had no accomplices in the act. eH was given a good sound lecture and let off.

Prepare in case you should have

FIRE

Don't wait until your home has gone up in flames a then wish you had bought on of our handy and s

Fire-Gun *Fire Extinguisher*

Will put out any fire, always ready and cost little, s us at once and get a "Fire-Gun" and be prepared.

We also want to call your attention to our

Moco OILS and GREASES

We have a big supply of all kinds of "Moco" auto and machine oil and greases for every purpose, also the best oil for harvesting. We buy our oils and grease in big lots and so

Our Price Is Right.

Jacobs & Son

Don't Forget--

To look over your haying tools and especially your binder and if repairs are to be needed come in at once and we will fix you up in a hurry with whatever you may need.

Binder Twine

We still have a small amount of Twine left and it would be good idea for you to get a few extra pounds in case you should run short.

W. M. BAACK

It Isn't Easy to Put Quality First.

under all sets of conditions. Some times the temptation to offer aninferior grade of goods is very strong.

Prices are high now an many merchants have lowered quality in an effort to quote lower prices.

Not so here—we maintain quality and we are of the firm conviction that our kind of clothing is the best for you to buy.

Is it good business to buy a shirt for $1.19 that goes to pieces in a week when $1.35 will buy one that is good for six months? We think not.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 46 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, July 22 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

COURT INSTRUCTS YOUNG SMITH TO LEAVE COUNTRY

George Smith, the young man who threatened to commit great bodily injure on our citizen, Chas. Steihl a few weeks ago, and who was taken to the jail at Mason City by Sheriff Ross to await trial, was given a hearing by the Court at Garner last week. They let the young man off on the promise of good behavios and that he would get out of the country and never return to Klemme again. He was here Saturday to gather up his belongings but hung around several hours until he was warned by one of our townsmen to "beat it out quick" or the cop will get you. Young Smith followed the instructions and when last seen was boarding a stock train out of Klemme Saturday night.

We udnerstand the young man came from a reform school and did not carry a very good record and that he was out on parole. Well, Klemme is rid of him now and he will not give any moret rouble here. He has been working around with different farmers for the past season.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Sunday School at the close of preaching service, 11 o'clock. Sunday evening union service out in Liberty township Methodist church at 8 o'clock. Epworth League at 7:30.

Midweek prayer service on each Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

Nick Ell and Doc Thomas went to Clear Lake fishing Monday and as usually is the case at Clear Lake they caught a very fine string. They had them all counted up and the count reached the big sum of 35. But as all fish stories must be discounted a considerable number and when a recount had been taken and the story part taken off, the fish number exactly four, and one was so small that Nick threw it back. Now maybe Doc and Nick won't believe this as they ar ethe fishermen buta sk one of the guys at the garage, he counted them!

ABOUT THE BALL GAMES

The "Old Timers" met the Klemme Sox at the local diamond last Thursday evening and suffered defeat by one score. The game was good all the way through and the Regulars have regained their "socks."

Sunday the Klemme Sox journeyed to Clarion where they met the Clarion team. Our boys played in hard luck, but succeeded in gathering in a couple of scores. As for hitting, Klemme had Clarion outclassed as that team won their scores on errors more than on hits. Billy Busch pulled the big stunt of the day. There was a man on third and Billy knew the thing to do was to sacrifice a bunt hit and bring the man home. Billy got his head confused with the bat and stuck his head out instead and—goodnight for Billy, he heard the birds sing and woke up some time later with a big bump where his noodle hit the ball. He "bunted" all right but has a sore coco. Luckily for him he "came to" and was as well as ever, but as they say, it might have been slow music for Billy had the ball struck his head lower.

IT WASN'T EMPTY, EITHER!

Talk about fisherman's luck—a certain Klemme man has all the luck in the world when it comes to preparing for a trip after the finny tribe. The above mentioned man was going fishing the other day and as usual went out in the back lot to dig worms and you can believe it or not, but the first thing he dug up was a whole quart of bonded whiskey as old as the hills and the cork was sealed up tight and had never been touched. We are of the opinion that perhaps the cork has escaped from the bottle by this time and that the fishing trip was postponed. Talk about ancient history, this beats all the stories of digging mummies, this was a mummie with a real "kick." Can you beat it? We will say you can't!

The Times "Devil" Says

MYSTERY FLEES FROM ONAWA SKELETON CASE

ONAWA—What promised to be a first-class murder mystery for a few hours following the finding of a skeleton of a 16-year old girl in an old hayloft here late yesterday, exploded today when it was learned by the authorities that the skeleton had been the property of Prof. Whitfield, who studied anatomy in Onawa some seventeen years ago. Authorities are convinced that this explanation is the correct one, and will drop the investigation.

LOOK OUT MR. AUTOIST

Those who drive cars now days should be real careful that they comply with the law in regard to headlights especially. The law clearly states that automobiles shall be equipped with "dimmers" and that they must not show a glaring headlight. It will be well for you to see to it at once that your car is properly fitted with headlight dimmers or a diffusing device of some kind in compliance with the law.

During the past week dragnets have been set all over the country and autoists who were not driving with diffused lights were hauled before officials and fined and then made to get their cars equipped with dimmers.

Don't take any chances, but get your car fixed up at once. No telling when or where you may get nabbed for showing a headlight that glares. The officials will get you sooner or later and may dragnet this county at any moment.

Not only will you be complying with the law in using dimmers, but you are treating the other fellow squarely. You don't like to meet a glaring headlight at night and take chances of getting into the ditch, and neither does the other fellow, so get busy.

A large number of people from Klemme and vicinity attended the funeral of James Carr at Garner on Sunday.

Mrs. Lena Schroeder and daughter, Adella, left last week Monday for Tracy, Minn., where they will visit and then go to Valley City, North Dakota, to finish a three weeks' trip.

Mrs. G. A. Pabst and daughter, Eleanor, came to Klemme Tuesday for a visit with their many old friends and neighbors. Since selling the drug store here, Mr. Pabst and the family have been living in Los Angeles, California. George is still out there and Mrs. Pabst and Eleanor came for several weeks' visit with their relatives at Belmond. Their many Klemme friends were glad to see them again. They like California real well, but Iowa still looks awfully good to them.

We are now positive that Ed Kahrs is a lazy man. It comes about that the show window in his drug store has a double glass—like two storm sashes fastened together. Well Ed has told us since last Christmas that he intended to take the inner window off so that it could be washed; we waited in vain but no window cleaning occurred. We jotted down in our memory that Ed was a lazy man, too lazy to wash the window and here Tuesday morning our idea was correct. Ed had to send an S. O. S. to his father in California, he came and was on the window washing job Tuesday and now has the front all shined up for his son Ed, and Ed admitted his father had to come to help him with the window.

The Inner Meaning.

Remember that as you live your life each day with an uplifted purpose and unselfish desire, each and every event will bear for you a deep significance—an inner meaning—and as you learn their import, so do you fit yourself for higher work.—William Q. Judge.

JAMES CARR DEAD

This community was shocked to hear of the death of Jim Carr, who died at the hospital Friday morning after a short illness. Mr. Carr was well known all over the county, as he was a popular man, a stock buyer for years, and had a wide acquaintance. At the time of his death he was only a few days from being fifty years old. Funeral services were held on the lawn at the home and was the biggest ever held in the county, as friends from far and near came to pay respect to their deceased friend. The funeral was under the auspices of the Masonic Lodge and the members attended in a body, the Commandery also being present in uniform. The Masonic sermon was given by Rev. Wiggins of the Congregational church of Garner. Mr. Carr leaves his wife and two little girls, his aged parents, brothers and sisters, to mourn his death. He was a popular man in business and social circles and his loss will be felt for miles around.

LOUIE KNOKE'S FATHER DEAD

From the Democrat of last week we gather that Henry Knoke passed away at his home in Garner Tuesday evening at eleven o'clock, July 13th, following a lingering illness of about two years. Henry Knoke was born in Hanover, Germany, September 27, 1859, making him about sixty-one years old. Funeral services were held Thursday at the Lutheran Church conducted by Rev. Koch, and interment was made in Concord cemetery. Louie Knoke, of this city, is a son of Henry Knoke. The community extends sympathy to the bereaved relatives.

GIMER TO REMAIN

A. D. Gimer and family have decided to remain in Klemme, at least for the present, and have leased the former Mrs. Arnold house in the south part of the city from Mr. Sanderfeldt, the present owner. The family sold their house near the park with the intention of moving to Mason City but Art has changed his mind and saye he just simply can't pull stakes and leave Klemme. Klemme people will rejoice in hearing that the Gimer family will remain and we are also glad to have a man like Art in the business circle of Klemme.

Fire of unknown origin on the farm of William H. Cooper, near Hedrick, pure bred cattle raiser, burned 35 head of Aberdeen Augus cattle valued at $100,000. Two large barns, completed a short time ago, were destroyed and a few hogs being prepared for sale also were burned. Total loss is estimated at nearly $200,000, partly covered by insurance. A champion Aberdeen Angus bull, purchased a year ago for $35,000, was rescued from the blaze.

Raymond Fifield, 2, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Fifield, Des Moines, caught his head in the clothes line swing in the backyard of his home and was hanged to death. His body was found by Mrs. Charles Farrell, neighbor, soon after the tragedy. Raymond was playing with his brother, Herbert, aged 5, when he tripped in the swing. He died instantly, it is thought. The mother was in the house. Funeral services were held from the home. Burial was in Glendale Cemetery.

Iowa has been terribly afflicted the past few months with practically impassible highways. Many roads that were supposed to be fairly well improved by the use of gravel have failed completely in supporting heavily loaded auto trucks, and roads that will support trucks must be considered in the future because they have become a large factor in the distribution of products. Hundreds of Iowa communities would have been free from congested freight conditions occasioned by railway strikes if the highways would have been in order so that local packing houses could have been reached by motor trucks, loaded with hogs ready for the market. The facts are Iowa's mud roads are costing fabulous sums of money when the cost of marketing or the failure to reach markets are taken into account.

W. O. Brant, in his farm exchange bulletin, tells about fruit tree spraying rings in Benton county. Mr. Brant says: "The first shipment of sprayers has been received, set up and given a try out. Talk about the days of real sport! It's a pleasure to get hold of a spray gun with 300 pounds pressure behind it. Perhaps when we get this gun operating with the vile, evil smelling solution we use for spraying the joy will not be so great. However, so be it, we would rather be a man behind the gun than a worm in front of it. Benton county farmers will spend $10,000 on the spraying project of the Farm Bureau this year and Oh! what a mist there will be in the air. Fifteen spray rings have been organized in thirteen townships. A rough count gives about 300 orchards averaging 40 trees each or between eleven and twelve thousand trees."

Revised lists of premiums which will be made in the cattle department of the 1920 Iowa State Fair, to be held at Des Moines Aug. 25 to Sept. 3, have been announced by Secretary A. R. Corey. The total is the largest ever offered by any state in the country for a cattle exposition. The tremendous increase in money offerings in all branches is largely because of the fact that the Iowa fair management will open a new $200,000 cattle barn this summer. This barn will house the entire cattle exhibit. Architects declare that it is the finest of its kind in the entire country. The pure bred show will be the chief feature advertised by the fair this year. The total money offered by the 1920 fair is $135,000. This is the biggest offering ever made by any fair. The 1919 money put up by the Iowa management was $106,000. The superintendent of the cattle department has issued a report to the effect that word has been received from a great number of the more important breeders of the country, announcing their intention of having a great number of entries for the 1920 exposition.

A few years ago Iowa produced over 80 per cent of the washing machines manufactured and sold in America. While the production of these machines in this state has increased enormously and is constantly increasing, the percentage of the output of the factories of the Hawkeye state has been reduced because of the inability of the plants to keep pace with the demand. Grinnell, Newton, Perry, Fairfield and Davenport are among the towns and cities with washing machine factories. Because of the high cost of laundresses extensive plants have been established in Peoria and cities farther east, but not to the detriment of the Iowa plants, as evidenced by the fact that the Grinnell Washing Machine Company is at the present time 8,000 machines behind its orders despite the fact that 100 men are employed. The Grinnell machine is sold largely to city users and to those rural residents who have access to electric current, as they are motor driven. Some of the other Iowa plants cater largely to the farmer trade by building a machine driven by gas engines. Both metal and wooden tubs are being manufactured, and the demand for the two kinds is about 50-50.

ANOTHER LARGE SHIPMENT

The Klemme Creamery shipped out one hundred and thirty-seven tubs of butter last week to New York city alone, and in addition several hundred pounds of butter were sold thru the stores of Klemme, and the creamery itself, representing a single week's output. The Klemme creamery was never in better condition than at the present time, in financial, equipment and management or in general. The Klemme creamery is doing a big business and is among the best creameries in the state.

HAIL DOES DAMAGE

The hail storm which passed west and south of Klemme last Friday night, damaged considerable property in the way of crops. Oats which was nearly ripe received the worst, and at best fifty per cent of the grain can not be harvested. Corn also received its share of the damage as the leaves were badly stripped in many fields. This is the only serious hail storm we have had here this year but it was not far reaching. Crop insurance will cover a part of the loss to the farmers.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Public worship at 10:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Sunday school at 11:00 a. m.

Morning sermon subject, "An open door, for state and church." Evening subject, "The harvest begun."

Do not aestivate. It is worth while to go to church in hot weather. Your neighbor thinks so, for the services are well attended and the Sunday schol attendance continues well above the 100 mark. But there is room for you, if you have not been in attendance.

Plain, practical sermons on vital topics and good music; with the friendly association of your neighbors; these make church going worth while. You will find a cordial welcome.

A. E. Buriff, minister

Hermoline

A BETTER LUBRICANT

—FROM THE FORMULA OF A MOTOR COMPANY

Refined Especially for Tractors

Tractor Service is hard service for a lubricant. While an automobile engine works at about 25% of its capacity a tractor motor works at 75% of its capacity or more.

There is no such thing as coasting with a tractor motor. Its great internal combustion engine carries tremendous loads and develops terrific heat. Even under average working conditions the cylinder walls are heated to 350 degrees. Naturally, then, the matter of a lubricant is vitally important in the efficient operation and life of a tractor.

HERMOLINE is especially refined for the extremely heavy work and the excessive heat developed within a tractor motor. Any oil expert will tell you that the best lubricants are made from Pennsylvania crude. And in developing HERMOLINE for use in tractors there was just one best field from which the finest oil could be secured—Pennsylvania—and the HERMOLINE engineers went there.

There was just one formula from which this Pennsylvania crude could be made into an ideal lubricant, and HERMOLINE engineers—the engineers of a motor company, not an oil company—did not stop until they had discovered that formula.

HERMOLINE possesses that much-sought-for but seldom-found feature of withstanding terrific engine heat without breaking down and allowing speeding metal surfaces within the motor to come in contact. HERMOLINE provides this protective oil cushion, stops overheating and retards wear.

For maximum efficiency of your tractor motor—for perfect safety—for long life—use HERMOLINE always. We know you will be better satisfied with HERMOLINE

Put it to any test you like, HERMOLINE is the lubricant you should insist on.

E. G. ELL, Klemme, Iowa

The Test of Oil Value

There are five tests by which the supreme quality of lubricants made from Pennsylvania crude oils are shown, and by these tests HERMOLINE lubricants are proved superior for use in your motor car, truck, tractor or aeroplane.

Gravity

The gravity of an oil shows its density. Lubricants like HERMOLINE, made from Pennsylvania crude oils, run high in gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees), and are invariably filtered oils that contain a small percentage of carbon.

Viscosity

The viscosity test shows the ability of oil to retain its body under extreme heats. Inferior oils usually have a high viscosity, while Pennsylvania oils have low viscosity (from 150 to 240 at 70°), but when subjected to a heat anywhere near the temperature of a working motor Pennsylvania oils surpass all in viscosity and lubricating capacity.

Flash and Fire

The flash test shows at what temperature the vapors coming off the oil will ignite when a small flame is brought close to its surface.

The fire test shows at what temperature the oil itself will burn. Oils refined from Pennsylvania crude show a flash of 400° Fahr. and over—a fire test of 450°.

Color

Some of the lightest colored oils often contain the most carbon, so that tests of color should never be taken as proof of quality without the other tests described in this column.

Filtering

Oils made from Pennsylvania crude may be depended upon as being truly filtered oils when they have a high gravity (from 30 to 33 degrees). You will note that HERMOLINE oil has both light and color and high gravity.

Ask your dealer for the HERMOLINE booklet—it tells in detail how to prove oil value.

Found

Tail Lamp, Bracket and car plate No. 140, 941 Ia. Owner call at Times Office, pay for advertising and get the outfit. adv

FEW MARKS OF WAR IN HAMBURG

Streets Are Clean, Houses Freshly Painted and People Well Dressed and Fed.

BUT THERE IS MUCH MISERY

About 150,000 Are Out of Work, Prices Are High, Homes Scarce and Discontent General—People on Rations.

Hamburg.—Travelers from the United States landing in Hamburg find it difficult to realize that Germany has been at war for six years. The streets are clean, the houses freshly painted, and the people one sees in the streets look better dressed and quite as well fed as the average person on the streets of New York.

The Hotel Atlantic is filled with Americans who pay about 20 per cent less for their rooms than they would in New York, although these rates are more than double that paid by German travelers. The restaurants and cafes, which are now open until eleven o'clock at night, are crowded with people who appear to have plenty of money. The women are plainly dressed, and the rich gowns of pre-war days have vanished. The Alster, a charming lake in the center of the city, is covered with small yachts, canoes and rowboats.

Clothing is very expensive, a business suit costing 3,000 marks, and a pair of shoes 500 to 1,000 marks. Wooden shoes for the poorer classes cost from 24 to 35 marks, and are much worn, especially by boys.

The government issues new paper money every day in 5, 20 and 50-mark notes. Business men have to carry pocketbooks the size of miniature valises to hold the bills.

The working men earn from 50 to 60 marks a day, which barely suffices to keep them and their families. Every citizen in Germany has to have cards for bread, meat, sugar, butter, margarine and soap.

Pork Sells at 20 Marks a Pound.

Meat is 6 marks a pound, and pork 20 marks, butter 36 marks, eggs 1 mark 70 pfennigs each, and a common kind of bread 5 marks 4 pfennigs for a five-pound loaf. For Americans who get 40 marks for a dollar these articles are cheap, but for the German they are very dear.

Plenty of food of all kinds, including tea and coffee, can be bought by what is called in Germany the underhand system. The restaurants all have supplies on hand for customers who can pay high prices, and when the police hear any hotel or restaurant has too much food they make a raid and confiscate it.

The working people, and more especially the salaried educated classes, professors, school teachers, clerks, etc., cannot afford to pay for extra food for their families, and this is one of the chief causes of the present discontent which is prevalent throughout Germany. The only contented people are the profiteers, called "Scheibers," who rank from the millionaire contractors, who have licenses from the government to purchase entire cargoes as they arrive on ships or in freight cars on the railroad, down to the small "Scheiber" who makes a living by eluding the police.

Nearly everybody is trying to do a little profiteering to augment his income.

Strikes occur almost daily in Hamburg, as the workmen are continually demanding increases in wages.

150,000 Unemployed in City.

The rathaus, or town hall, which was spattered with bullets during the recent Kapp revolution, is now protected by barbed-wire barricades to prevent it being seized by another revolutionary group.

It is estimated there are 150,000 unemployed in Hamburg at the present time, of whom about 40,000 are seafaring men thrown out of work by the German merchant marine. They are paid 9 marks a day, which makes a heavy burden for the taxpayers, who will have to give up 40 per cent of their incomes under the new law coming into force soon. Several encounters have occurred in the streets between the unemployed and the Reichswehr, as the new soldiers are called, who wear gray uniforms and caps, carry rifles and short swords, and have orders, if attacked, to shoot and throw hand grenades and if necessary to use machine guns, which are always kept in readiness for an outbreak.

Some of the more desperate characters among the unemployed have formed themselves into bands and go around the city at night holding up people in their houses, in stores and on the streets. The Reichswehr have orders to line these bandits up against a wall and shoot them when they are caught redhanded.

The housing problem is a very difficult one in Hamburg, as thousands of workmen have come into the city from the smaller towns with their families, the unemployed allowance being larger here than in their own districts.

The American Express company and the International Mercantile marine are the only American firms which have so far opened offices in Hamburg.

Indian Village 1,200 Years Old

Though American history dates back but a little more than four hundred years, there is a village in the United States that is known to be at least 1,200 years old. It is the Hopi Indian village of Walpi, on the government reservation in the Arizona desert. The village still stands on the extreme point of a perpendicular-walled mesa, 250 feet above the floor of Keams canyon. It was originally built in this unusual spot for protective purposes, and it would be quite impossible to scale the rocky cliffs if the Indians did not want you to do so. Walpi is 112 miles from the nearest railroad town, Holbrook, Arizona.

Turkey's "Tree of Fate" Destroyed by Storm

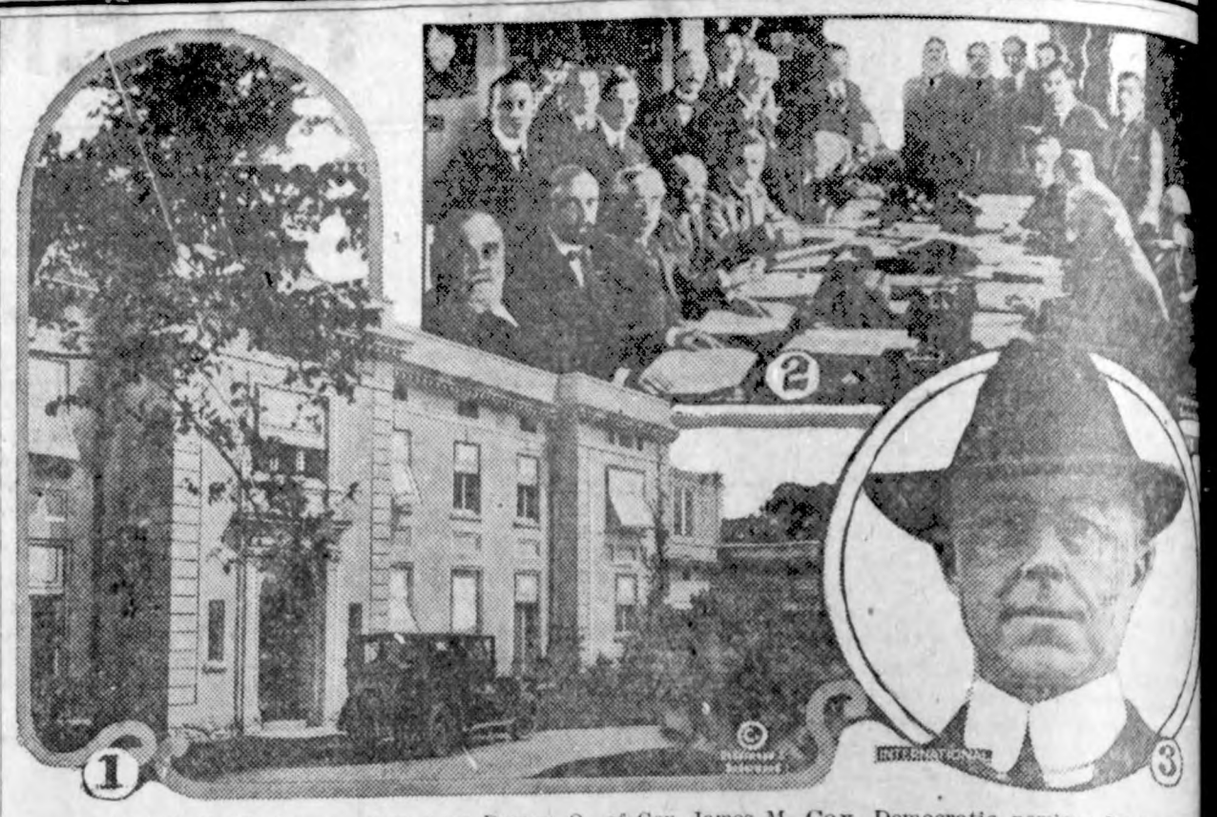
Jerusalem.—A storm recently wrecked a tree known as "bulmi" (tree of fate), which stood outside the city walls and formerly was used as a gallows. Tradition has it that the end of Turkey would come when "bulmi" perished. To prevent destruction of the Ottoman empire iron hoops were placed around the withered trunk and the branches were supported by strong posts. All efforts to save the tree were in vain. Orthodox Turks are convinced that the empire of the Caliphs is doomed since "bulmi" went to pieces.

One the Movies Missed.

Columbus, Ind.—The rescue of Mrs. John Sprague from death in a runaway would have done credit to a movie thriller. When her horse ran away Charles Hiatt cranked up his flivver and with David Marr on the running board, gave chase. As the auto passed the horse Marr made a flying leap, grabbed the reins and brought the animal to a standstill on the brink of a high embankment.

War Dog Dies.

Shadyside, O.—Cammie, a dog which served thirteen months in the third division in France, is dead at the home of his adopted owner, John Hays. The dog was found in the town of Cohan, north of the Marne, during the Aisne-Marne offensive, and became the division mascot



1—"Trail's End," the residence, near Dayton, O., of Gov. James M. Cox, Democratic nominee for president. 2—Delegates to the Conference of Boulogne which is being continued at Spa, Belgium. 3—Charles Francis Adams II, amateur skipper and wheelsman of the Resolute, defender against Shamrock IV, in races for America's cup.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Third Party Movement Comes to Grief in Bolts and Splits.

PLATFORM PREVENTS FUSION

La Follette Declined to Lead the Radical Hosts—Labor and Single Taxers Nominate—Important Sedition Trial in Chicago—Vermont Will Not Aid Suffrage—Germans Yield at Spa.

By E. F. CLIPSON.

The movement to amalgamate various organizations of Socialists, farmers, laborers, intellectuals, radicals, single taxers, idealists and others sailing under different party designations, into a third party steered by the Committee of Forty-eight in convention at Chicago, failed. At one time prospects of fusion appeared rather favorable; when the 48-ers marched in a body to the convention of the Labor party being held simultaneously, and amid a great love feast and every appearance of fraternity united the two conventions. Soon the Single Taxers, the Nonpartisan league, the American Party of Texas (former Governor Ferguson), the American Constitutional party (Hearst) and the World War Veterans, an independent organization of ex-service men, were in the fusion.

A platform carrying the principles, aims, demands and desires of all of them would have contributed materially to the paper shortage. It could not be framed, much less printed, and became an insurmountable obstacle. Cleavage was along pink and red lines. Labor which was red—at least red-blooded—had the best working organization and pushed through the adoption of its planks, leaving little chance for the pink or parlor radicals led by Amos Pinchot, George L. Record and J. A. H. Hopkins. First the Single Taxers, who wanted only one plank and could not get that, bolted. Then Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, who was expected to be the messiah of the movement, found the platform too radical and refused to run on it. Then the fusion dissolved in bolts and fadeaways. Governor Ferguson went back to Texas, representatives of the Nonpartisan league announced they would have nothing to do with the new third party, the more radical of the 48-ers were swallowed by the Labor party, the remainder withdrew, while the American Constitutional party was lost in the shuffle.

The Labor party and the Single Taxers serenely proceeded to carry out independent programs and each nominated a presidential ticket. The only victory was achieved by the Labor party which captured Parley P. Christensen, an attorney of Salt Lake City, Utah, one of the original 48-ers, and made him its candidate. Max S. Hayes, labor leader of Cleveland, O., was nominated for vice president. Pennsylvania, failing to land its favorite sons, Governor Sproul and Attorney General Palmer, as the standard bearers, respectively, of the Republican and Democratic parties has achieved its ambition to have a presidential candidate for the Single Tax party nominated Robert C. Macauley of Philadelphia, with R. C. Barnum of Cleveland, O., as a running mate.

After eight weeks of effort and the examination of several thousand veniremen, a jury was finally secured and the trial begun in Chicago of William Bross Lloyd and 19 other officials and members of the Communist Labor party, charged with conspiracy to overthrow the government. Prosecution is by the state of Illinois and follows the action of a special grand jury which last January indicted the defendants, after a series of spectacular raids on their headquarters and meeting places by State's Attorney Hoyne. Lloyd is a millionaire resident of Winnetka, Ill., who long has been identified with radical movements in the capacity of leader and financial assistant. Indicted with him were members of the national, state and Cook county executive committees of the party, secretaries of local branches, members of the organization and propaganda committee, organizers and agitators.

The trial is being conducted before Judge Oscar Hebel of the superior court and presents an array of legal talent such as never assembled before in a case involving radicals and their actions, unless the famous McNamara trial at Los Angeles be excepted. Leading counsel for the defense is Clarence Darrow, who occupied the same position in the McNamara case, and his principal assistants are William S. Forrest, a famous criminal defense lawyer, and William A. Cunnea, prominent Socialist attorney and former candidate of that party for state's attorney of Cook county. Associated with Prosecutor Hoyne are the full legal strength of his office and eminent counsel from the outside, including Attorney Frank Comerford as special prosecutor. The latter in the past has been identified with some of the biggest labor cases on the defense side, this being his first essay at the role of prosecutor in an important trial of any nature. He is regarded as an authority on mass and social problems, and returned a few months ago from a study in Europe of bolshevism and its effects.

The state scored in the preliminary sessions of the trial in securing the admission as evidence of acts and speeches of the defendants of a period prior to the passage of the state sedition law of a year ago. The prosecution is endeavoring to show that the defendants have declared themselves to be in full accord with the Moscow manifesto adopted in Moscow, Russia, by the third international congress in March, 1919; that the congress was composed of revolutionary socialists from Europe, Asia and America; that it was held for the purpose of forming a manifesto or program which would outline the means by which constitutional governments might be overthrown and dictatorships of the proletariat established, and all nations be governed from Moscow. Also that the Communist party is affiliated with the international body and is an integral part of the Russian organization; and that the defendants state in their platform that they are for the overthrow of the government of the United States. The state further contends that they advocate mass action, in other words, proceedings from the shops and factories to capture and annihilate the apparatus of government and that they tell the workers that the Constitution cannot be amendable in their behalf, and therefore must be destroyed.

The defense has not, at this writing, been outlined. Volumes of testimony are expected. It is the first case under the Illinois sedition law and if won will present that law as a model for other states as well as for congressional enactments. On account of the prominence of the defendants and the effect the decision will have on radical movements in general, it looms as one of the most important trials of recent years.

Gov. Percival W. Clement of Vermont has at last clarified his position in regard to the woman suffrage amendment, by refusing to call a special session of the legislature to consider or ratify the act; in spite of reports that he had been urged to do so by Senator Harding, Republican presidential candidate. Inferentially, the governor takes a rap at the Supreme court of the United States and also charges that there is too much lobbying in connection with constitutional amendments and other important legislation. As a reason for refusing to call a special session, the governor states that the present legislature was elected before the question of ratifying the suffrage amendment had arisen and the people of the state have had no opportunity to express themselves on the issue. He proposes that the matter be taken up by the next legislature and that candidates for election be required to declare themselves on woman suffrage. He alludes to the recent decision on prohibition by saying that the Constitution "as it is interpreted by the Supreme court today threatens the foundation of free popular government." Governor Clement declares: "The sixteenth amendment to the Constitution (on federal income tax) had been lobbied through congress and the s... legislatures by federal agents, and ... eighteenth (prohibition) had ... forced through by 'powerful and ... sponsible organizations operat... through paid agents' and it is ... proposed to force through the ni... teenth amendment, for woman ... frage, in the same manner and ... without the sanction of the freem...

Whether there will be a coal sh... age next winter seems to depend u... the car supply and transporta... situation. A national association ... bituminous operators recently ass... bled at Washington, gave out a st... ment that they were ready to load ... cars offered but that the supply ... cars at the mines had been only 3... 40 per cent of the number needed. ... cordingly, in spite of the pleas ... building, road material and other ... terests, the interstate commerce co... mission continued in effect until A... gust 20 the order confining the ... of open top cars to coal, with a m... fication excepting flat cars with si... less than 36 inches in height, ... equipped with racks or cars which ... June 19 had been retired from c... transportation and assigned to oth... service. The modified order also gi... preference to shipments of coal ... public utilities.

Contrary to all expectations, Oran... men's day (July 12) passed off qui... ly in Ireland with parades, speec... making and a celebration of so... kind in every hamlet, village a... town in Ulster. The most import... utterance, defying the Sinn Fein, wa... ing the government and presaging ... ture trouble, was made by Sir Edwa... Carson, Ulster Unionist leader. It w... practically a peace or fight decla... tion and served notice on the gove... ment that if it did not accept the b... Ulster offered, the Ulster volunte... would reorganize and take matt... into their own hands. A signific... declaration was that the Sinn Fe... "must execute those guilty of m... der before we will treat with the... Although not disorderly, it was a d... appointment to those who hoped th... a conciliatory note might be struck ... the celebration. The most import... thing that has recently occurred ... Irish affairs and which is said to ha... made the government sit up and ta... notice as never before, is the thr... of British trades unions, especia... the miners and railway men, to u... direct action for the purpose of co... pelling the government to call a tru... withdraw troops from Ireland and ... stitute an Irish parliament. A reso... tion to the effect introduced in ... Miners' federation is said to have b... adopted on a card vote by 2,760,... against 1,626,000 and to be backed ... the railway men.

Germany's efforts to evade or ... cure mitigation of the terms of t... peace treaty through the Spa conf... ence have been characterized by t... same tactics employed while t... treaty was being prepared. Prior ... the signing at Versailles came e... phatic announcements that Germ... could not or would not do certa... things. Yet when the treaty w... ready, the Germans signed. So it h... been at Spa. The German delega... bluffed and then crawled. Th... showed sores and misery with... evoking any pronounced sympat... from the other delegates. They plea... ed poverty. They pleaded the inab... ity of the government to combat int... nal opposition to the demands; ... up to this writing, they have yield... on all points. One provision of t... treaty which the Germans have ne... fulfilled and seemed determined t... evade, was that calling for the del... ery of coal to the allies. The amou... called for is about 2,000,000 tons ... month. According to the German de... gates, the country could not furn... this amount. They would suffer th... territory to be occupied or even a ... newal of the war in lieu of co... pliance. For nearly 24 hours the ... was a deadlock while the allied mi... tary chiefs were being summoned ... preparations made for marching i... Germany.

This action seemed to have the ... sired effect and there was every ... dence that the Germans would try ... supply the coal, with the allies lend... ing them generous assistance in t... matter of more and better food for t... miners and an arrangement of pri... to conform with international marke...

PIPE SNOW TO DESERT

Arid Wastes of Arizona Transformed by Engineer.

Charles H. Spencer Found Hidden Water Supply From San Francisco Peaks.

Phoenix, Ariz.—Solving a problem that for years had puzzled the greatest engineers of the country, Charles H. Spencer has brought billions of gallons of water to the arid lands of Arizona. The water comes from an underground flow on the snow-capped San Francisco mountains. The mountains, 12,611 feet above sea level, are of volcanic origin, and the total precipitation is equal to nine and one-half billion gallons a year.

Irrigation experts had sought for years to solve the problem of saving this water, which was going to waste, and which, when turned on Arizona's deserts, would mean millions of acres available for use. Mr. Spencer spent four years searching through the mountains, making careful tests and examining the rock formations.

His tireless labors were rewarded when he discovered a rim of dacite cement, which carried the water to the stratums below. He found that by piercing these lower stratums he could reach the underground flow, and in the spring of 1918 he filled the first of his reservoirs, Crater lake, with 150,000,000 gallons of water of true underground flow.

Mr. Spencer used seven extinct craters for reservoirs, with a combined capacity of 2,000,000,000 gallons. There will be no such thing as pumping costs. There is not an ounce of power required anywhere, for it is entirely gravity flow. By solving the secret of the hidden water supplies he has made it possible for arid lands to be transferred into beautiful gardens, rich farming lands and verdant grazing grounds.

Has an Artistic Hen.

Cottage Grove, Ore.—J. W. Eddy has discovered to his entire satisfaction that the rations fed to hens have a great deal to do with the kind of eggs which the hens produce. A few days ago he gave his hens a ration part of which was sunflower seeds. Since then one of the hens has produced an egg with a perfect sunflower pictured in the shell. He has decided to name his place the "Sunflower chicken ranch."

CANADA'S EXPORTS DECREASE

Drop $19,717,349—Imports Increase Heavily, Says Dominion Report.

Ottawa.—The United States now is Canada's largest customer, according to export figures for the year ending May 31.

The total exports to that country, aggregating $472,449,294, showed an increase of $22,015,228 over the previous fiscal year, while exports to the United Kingdom, amounting to $450,479,143, showed a decrease of $101,729,035.

Total exports were $1,259,208,294, a decrease of $19,717,349, and which was accounted for by the cessation of munition shipments aggregating $229,694,196.

Total imports of dutiable goods were $752,077,597, an increase of $236,770,565, and of free goods $398,577,061, an increase of $37,138,564. The heavy increase in imports was principally from the United Kingdom, the United States, British West Indies and Cuba.

RICE EXPORTS GROW

Cereal Shipped to Japan in Increasing Quantities.

Unlimited Opportunities for Future Development of Industry, Says Agricultural Department.

Washington.—The United States exported more than 300,000 pounds of rice to Japan during the first three months of this year, according to figures of the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture. In contrast, less than a thousand pounds of this commodity were exported to Japan during the entire year of 1919.

The average rice exports of the United States to all countries during the period 1910-1914 were less than 20,000,000 pounds a year. Today the exports range from 30,000,000 to 60,000,000 pounds a month.

This enormous export business has been made possible by the development of the rice industry in California based upon experiments made by department of ariculture scientists in growing rice in communities where it was said to be impossible to grow this commodity. The first commercial field of rice in California was planted in the Sacramento valley in 1912. There are now a dozen rice mills in operation in the Golden state, which handled $21,000,000 worth of rice last year.

There is an almost unlimited opportunity for future development of this industry in the United States, say the department's specialists. The rice growers are most enthusiastic over the outlook, and declare that they are going "to teach the American people that rice is one of the finest foods in the world."

A whale is able to remain under water for an hour and a half.

Canning Time

The Canning season is at hand and want to call your attention to the ny conveniences we carry in this e at our store:-

Fruit Jars--all kinds

ECONOMY wide-mouth and Self Sealing.
IDEAL GLASS TOP, the Quick Sealing jar.
MASON JAR, the old reliable jar.

Red and White Rubbers--

Don't take chances of spoiling your fruit--use our Rubbers, they are the best to be had.

Kettles and Racks

We have a full line of Aluminum and Enamel Kettles--just what you need for canning and preserving work. Our ANDROX Tray for Cold Packing and Blanching, best tray on the market and fits any boiler; also have Individual Racks for cold packing.

A FLORENCE Oil Cook Stove will make your canning a pleasure

W. Kluckhohn & Sons

Overland

TRADE MARK REG.

verland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

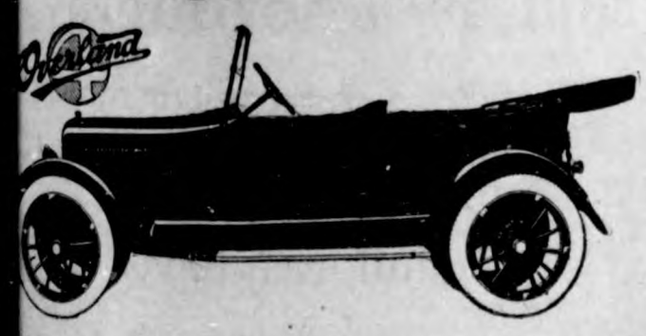
Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

odyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil--5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



PHONE 30

Wiles Garage

YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST NOW TRY THE BEST

KLEMME, IA.

. O. Hocum

rain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Grain and Hogs six days in , I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

For the construction of D. D. improvement known as D. D. No. 105, Hancock County, Iowa.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County, Iowa, will be in session on August 2, 1920, at 1 o'clock P. M. at the Court House in Garner, Iowa, for the purpose of letting the contract for tile and construction work in Drainage District No. 105, Hancock County, Iowa, to the lowest responsible bidder —said work to be let, specifying the work to be done and the time fixed for the commencement and completion of the same, to-wit:

Average haul about two miles.

Main Tile

Size	Length	Av. Cut
30	3500	7.10
28	4100	8.15
24	2900	7.00
20	1536	6.40

1 Bulkhead 12 cu. yards.

	Dim.		Depth	Brick
1 Manhole	5.0	x	7.0	1000
1 Manhole	4.0	x	5.0	750
1 Manhole	4.0	x	6.0	800

3 Iron covers 24 in. with rings for 8 in. wall

5—15" Intakes with cone grates bell tile.

1—28" x 8" T
3—24" x 8" T's S. P.
1—20" x 8" T
10 pcs. 8" S. P. 2½' Length
5 pcs. 15" S. P. 2½' Length

Junction Tile

1—30" x 10" T
1—28" x 12" T
1—22" x 15" T
1—24" x 12" T
3—24" x 10" T
2—24" x 8" T
20' of 18" S. P.

	Size	Lgth.	Av. Cut
Lat. 49.56	12	200	5.40
Lat. 75.58	22	1100	6.80
Lat. 75.58	18	700	6.60
1 Junction Tile			
Lat. 75.58			
Br. 11	15	200	5.20
Br. 11	12	280	5.10

Work to be commenced within thirty days of the contract is awarded, and to be completed on or before the first day of July, A. D. 1921.

All ditches and drains to be constructed in all respects in accordance with the plat, profile and specifications of the district filed by the Engineer in the Auditor's Office subject only to such changes and alterations as may be made as provided by law.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the County Auditor of Hancock County, Iowa, up to 1 o'clock P. M. on the 2nd day of Aug. 1920.

All bids must be made at a fixed price per station of 100 feet for each size tile and also a fixed price for section complete in all respects including intakes and headwall and must also include the schedule of overdepth adopted by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County and on file in the Auditor's Office for possible overdepth or underdepth beyond the average depth specified.

Each bid must be accompanied by a cash deposit or certified check in a sum equal to ten per cent of the total amount of the bid, as a guarantee of the good faith of the bidder.

The contract for the work of construction of said ditches and drains will be let to the lowest responsible bidder, or bidders, but the right to reject any or all bids and also the right to adjourn time of awarding contract is reserved.

The party to whom any contract is awarded will be required to attend at the office of the Auditor of Hancock County, Iowa, within ten days after said award and execute a contract thereby agreeing to all the provisions terms and conditions thereof and shall also file with the County Auditor a bond subject to his approval for the sum equal to the twenty-five per cent of the amount of his bid, and in case the party to whom any work is awarded fails to enter into this contract and furnish bond within ten days as therein required, the deposit of such party shall thereupon become forfeited to Hancock County Drainage District No. 105, together with all right under said award.

The deposit of the unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them within twenty-four hours after demand and the deposit of the successful bidder will be returned to them upon their executing the contract and filing with the County Auditor the bond as therein required.

By order of the Board of Supervisors.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 14th day of July, A. D., 1920.

SEAL

Chris Jacobs,
County Auditor

Local News!

Mrs. L. T. Putnam, of Belmond, was a Klemme visitor last Friday.

Mrs. J. E. Baumgartner was a Garner visitor last Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Jacobs of Garner, were here Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Johnson were Mason City visitors Sunday.

Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson was a Garner visitor Monday morning between trains.

Henry Church and daughter Octave came over from Garner last Wednesday for a visit with Klemme friends.

Mrs. M. O. Hocum and daughters, Avis and Helen, returned last week from their visit with relatives and friends at Grinnel and other points.

Mrs Henry Baack came from Woden Tuesday of last week and returned Friday after visiting Klemme relatives.

Mrs. Leo Wilkins and children, of Meservey, were Klemme callers Saturday. They had been visiting at Belmond.

Bert Mathews returned Saturday from a week's vacation spent in Minnesota and points in Iowa. The vacation added a little tan to Bert's complection but otherwise he looks normal.

A certain Klemme man remarked to us that he heard a fine sermon Sunday morning. We asked him why it was so good and he remarked in a casual way, "Well, you see it did not disturb my thoughts at all."

Mr. A. K. Zinn came Friday for a visit with his brother, Dr. George Zinn and nephew, Dr. R. N. Reuber. A. K. came here from Colorado where he has been looking up land and also purchased a section. He is in business in Battle Creek, Michigan.

Tom Nelson returned last week from his trip through the West where hes pent two or three months traveling about, seeing the sights and visiting. Tommy likes the West all right but says old Iowa is the best place after all.

Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs left Saturday morning for Nevada, Iowa, being called there by the illness of her brother. Tuesday they left from that point for Rochester, Minn., where her brother expects to undergo an operation soon.

Notice to Farmers

Have in transit 60 tons BRAZIL INDIANA 4th VEIN BLOCK the best STEAM COAL on the market, will be in about July 28th direct from mines. WALTER F. LAU. adv 1.wc

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

The Klemme Times $2 per year.

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Every surplus dollar not actually hidden away is earning money for some one.

Until you have a better, permanent investment for your funds, a asvings account at this bank is the ideal employment for them.

Dont let a single dollar lie idle. Put it to work here.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

5% PAID ON DEPOSITS

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

You must build

to make profits; you cant get ahead waiting for lower prices that may never come.

we are fortunate to be able to get the building materials that we need. Waiting for better conditions is stagnation and poor business.

we will help you to the lowest building material prices that are possible today, they may be higher tomorrow. You better start at once.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

CAUSE OF MUCH WASTE OF FOOD

Large Losses of Farm Products Due to Improper Handling After Maturity.

PHOTOGRAPHS GIVE REASONS

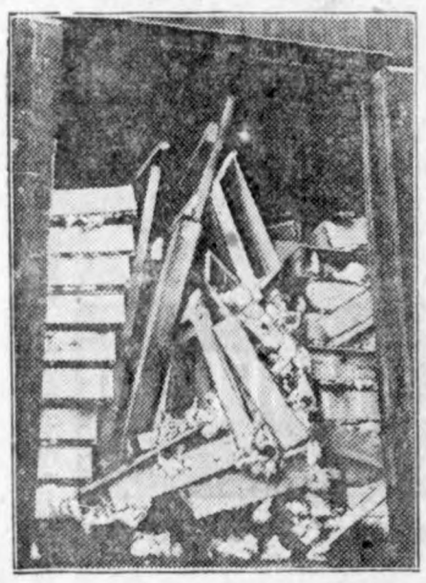
Problem of Proper Care of Perishable Fruits and Vegetables Appears Complex and Confusing Because of Details.

In the photographic files of the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, are many sets of pictures which tell a story of blasted hopes—a story of unnumbered growers of fruits and vegetables who have toiled early and late through the rains of the spring and the heat of the summer, only to meet with disappointment at the end of their labors, because, after doing all else well, they failed in one great essential—the method of handling their product after it matured. The photographs in those files, taken at numerous railway terminals, show quantities of celery, onions, potatoes, lettuce, apples, peaches, egg plant, and many other perishable products, mutilated or decayed because somebody failed to do his job of picking, packing, loading, or refrigerating properly.

The lesson is all very plain when one looks at these photographs and it is not difficult to picture the disappointment and loss of the growers and shippers represented. But it is by no means a simple lesson. Until one becomes familiar with his own special line the problem of proper handling of perishable fruits and vegetables appears very complex and confusing, so many are the details to be learned. Nowadays much of the grower's produce is shipped long distances, and if a full reward for the season's work is to be reaped he must learn the special requirements for his particular product on the particular journey that it is to take. Each item in the whole list of products has its peculiarities which must be reckoned with when it comes to marketing. The manner of picking, the size and shape of the crate or other container to be used, the fullness of the pack, the amount of pre-cooling, if any, the kind of freight car to be used, how many tiers can be loaded in the car—these and numerous other items have to be determined.

Useless Sacrifices of Food.

The bureau of market's photographs and the reports from the bureau food inspectors at various important terminals indicate that a large number of shippers who have been "in the game" for years persist in practices that are costing them dearly. A few seasons ago careless loading of western apples caused an average breakage of 50 box-



Profits of Summer's Work Lost Because of Careless Loading.

es per car in shipments to New York city, and experienced commission men in northern cities estimated that 10 per cent of the oranges shipped from Florida decayed before reaching the consumer. In 1918 the annual production of cantaloupes in the southwestern states was estimated at 4,000,000 standard crates of 45 melons each, and investigations showed that more than one-tenth of these melons reached the consumers so green as to be practically valueless for food.

The mistakes which western cantaloupe growers and shippers made illustrate the problems with which the producers have to deal. Many did not realize that to insure desirable eating and keeping quality, the cantaloupes destined for long-distance shipment should be picked just about the time at which they will slip cleanly from the stem, or slightly before this stage is reached. It was found, also, that the common practices in handling the fruit were unnecessarily rough and that instead of allowing considerable time to elapse between picking and loading into iced refrigerator cars, they should have been loaded as soon as possible. It was demonstrated that the wrapping of cantaloupes was undesirable because the wrappers retarded the cooling and often caused the cantaloupes to become moldy after they were removed from the refrigerator cars.

Why Strawberries Decay.

Strawberries may be cited as another example. The most successful shippers, including some in the Ozarks who send their product several hundred miles, have learned from experience and through investigations carried on by the federal bureau of markets experts and others, that quick cooling after harvesting is an essential in the proper shipment of this fruit. The chief strawberry decay is one that develops very rapidly under favorable temperatures, and the fungus which causes it gains a foothold in bruised fruit. Therefore poorly handled berries, even if shipped in properly refrigerated cars, will soon decay after being removed from the iced car. This is a point of much importance to the shipper, for a large number of small dealers have no facilities for keeping their stocks of fruit cool.

Problems for Celery Shippers.

There are problems also for shippers of lettuce and celery. It has been found, for example, that head lettuce cut so as to eliminate the lower two or three leaves and deprived of all diseased leaves, develops far less decay in transit than that handled in the manner followed by many shippers. Celery is often injured because it is loaded too high in the car to permit proper circulation of air.

The United States department of agriculture has given much time to the study of right and wrong methods of picking, packing and loading fruits and vegetables, and if a shipper is in

Manner of Picking Has Much to Do With Fruit Reaching Its Destination in Good Condition.

doubt, or finds that his produce is not reaching its destination in good condition, he should write for information, stating his case clearly. Inquiries should be addressed to the Bureau of Markets, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

BIG VALUE OF SUDAN GRASS FOR PASTURES

Results of Experiments Conducted at Kansas Station.

Six Holstein Cows Pastured on a 5.4 Acre Upland Field Were Unable to Keep Crop Eaten Down—Profit $47 Per Acre.

Additional evidence of the high summer pasture value of Sudan grass, as claimed by the United States department of agriculture, is seen in the results of experiments recently completed by the Kansas agricultural experiment station. It is declared that the grass will prove very important as a summer pasture grass, especially in the central West.

In a test carried out on the experiment farm at Manhattan, Kan., six Holstein cows were pastured on a 5.4 acre upland field of Sudan grass from July 10 to October 11. The grass was seeded June 6, and during the early part of the season cows were unable to keep the grass eaten down. This made it necessary to mow the grass in the latter part of July; and 7.33 tons of field-cut hay were obtained in addition to the pasturage.

Estimating the value of butter fat at 60 cents a pound and the skim milk at 50 cents per hundred, the six cows produced $183.09 worth of butter fat and skim milk above the cost of the grain fed in supplementing the pasturage. Crediting the field in addition with the 7.33 tons of hay at $10 a ton, gives it a total credit of $256.39, or $47.47 an acre. If the milk had been sold at 30 cents a gallon the credit for the pasture would have amounted to $73.55 above the cost of the grain.

The results of this definite experiment added to a large number of unsolicited testimonials of farmers, it is said, make the value of Sudan grass as a summer-pasture grass in favorable seasons seem beyond dispute.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

The main objects of cream ripening are to increase the churnability of cream and to develop desirable flavors.

* * *

It is impossible to produce clean milk and cream unless the cows, stable, milk utensils and separator are clean.

* * *

Remember that plants root shallow and that the roots run deep. Deep plowing and shallow cultivating suit the plant.

FORECASTS ARE OF MUCH VALUE

Illinois Farmers Highly Pleased With Aid Bulletins Had Been at Planting Time.

ENABLED TO FIGURE AHEAD

With Prediction of Rain Everybody Got Busy With Planters and Crop Put in Ground Ready to Be Soaked and Germinated.

That the farmers of the country find the weekly weather forecasts of immense value, especially during the growing season, is evidenced by a letter of appreciation recently received by the weather bureau of the United States department of agriculture from an Illinois farmer. He was highly pleased with the aid the forecasts had been to him and his neighbors in planting their corn. In part he wrote:

Of Untold Benefit.

"These forecasts have been of untold benefit to us this, an unusual backward spring, and we feel greatly indebted to you. With this very reliable advanced information you are furnishing us we are able to figure ahead and keep planting right up. For instance, this section began plowing for corn last week. When we received your bulletin predicting rain for Tuesday or Wednesday of this week, we got busy with our corn planters, some even turning the face of their calendars to the wall and letting one Sunday get away from them. To make a long story short, when your predicted rain struck us Tuesday noon and is still coming down this, Wednesday, morning, it found over one-third of the Illinois corn crop in the ground ready to be soaked and germinated. Had we not been put wise by your office am confident that not one-sixth would have been planted. While your daily weather reports, made up by your local observer, help out some, they cannot be compared with your weekly forecast sent out from Washington. I have watched it quite close since you began this part of the service five or six years ago, and have found it most reliable and dependable."

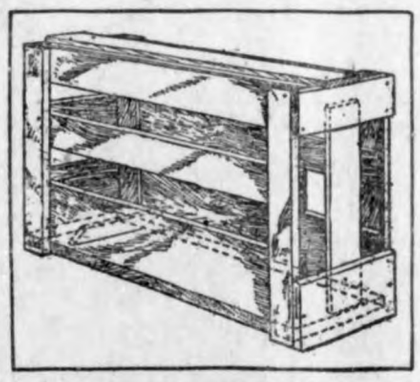
Weekly Forecast.

In addition to the daily weather forecasts published in practically all newspapers, the weather bureau issues on Saturday of each week a forecast for the six days beginning the following Monday. These forecasts are made for nine separate districts covering practically the entire United States, and necessarily are less specific than the daily forecasts. They are given wide distribution during the growing season, and the letter quoted records but one instance, among many, in which they have proved of great value to farmers.

CRATE FOR SHIPPING SWINE

Neatly Built Affair, With Shipper's Name and That of Farm, Is Good Advertisement.

A strong shipping crate for hogs is an easy thing to make. It should be well built of pine. A neatly built



Pine Crate for Hogs.

crate, a shipping tag bearing the shipper's name and that of his farm often will aid in selling stock. In case the shipment is to be a long one, wire a pan of water in one corner.

GOOD MARKET FOR CHICKENS

Minnesota Expert Predicts Strong Demand for All Forms of Poultry This Autumn.

N. E. Chapman, poultry extensionist at University farm, predicts good prices for all forms of poultry next fall, and says that chicks hatched by July 1 will get into the "soft roaster" class, weighing from one and one-half to four pounds each. Mr. Chapman also foresees a strong demand for broilers weighing from one pound to two pounds, to be dressed out and frozen by the packers for winter trade. During the early summer months the expense of feeding can be reduced and a larger percentage of the chickens reared because of more favorable conditions.

GET INFORMATION ON PRICES

Bureau of Markets, Department of Agriculture, Will Give Desired Market Reports.

Do you want direct information regarding market prices? Ask the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., to tell you about its market news services, stating the product in which you are interested.

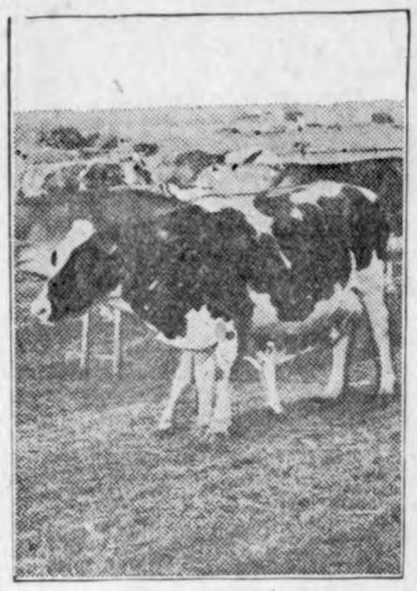
DECREASE IN NUMBER OF CATTLE AND HOGS

Swine Show Falling Off of 10 Per Cent in Births.

About 22 Per Cent Fewer Births of Calves This Year as Compared With 1919, According to Reports to Federal Bureau.

A falling off in the numbers of cattle and hogs in the United States occurred during the first four months of this year, as compared with the like period last year, according to reports of special livestock reporters of the bureau of crop estimates, United States department of agriculture.

In the case of hogs, the births during January, February, March and April were about 10 per cent fewer than in the same months last year. The marketings have fallen off about 15 per cent, the farm slaughter was about the same in both seasons, but



Dairy Herd Near Wichita Falls, Texas.

the deaths on farms this year are over 40 per cent heavier than last year to May 1. Taking into consideration both the births and the deaths (from all causes), it appears that there has been a relative reduction of about 5 per cent during the first four months of this year as compared with the trend during the first four months of last year.

The births of calves from January 1 to May 1 were about 22 per cent fewer this year than last year. The net disposition of cattle by marketings, farm slaughter and deaths was about 9 per cent greater than last year; it appears that there has been a relative reduction of about 6 per cent in total number of cattle as compared with last year during the four months January 1 to May 1.

PLOWING FATAL TO INSECTS

Countless Numbers of Crop Pests Can Be Destroyed by Disking Ground During Fall.

Various field insects pass the winter in the soil. Some of them make earthen nests lined with silk, while others hide at the base of the roots of plants. A. G. Ruggles, state entomologist of Minnesota, thus explains how countless numbers of crop pests can be destroyed:

"When the insect is in the transitional period between the larva or worm and the adult they are very susceptible to disturbances. Disking or plowing the ground in the fall disturbs these forms and many of them die. It is also known that alternate thawing and freezing weather has a destructive effect upon insect life. Many insects can endure freezing alone, but alternate freezing and thawing is fatal.

"Also many of the more delicate forms, if the plowing is done properly, can be covered so deeply with soil that they are unable to reach the surface the following year. Many insects exposed by the plow are also devoured by birds. For these reasons disking or plowing are operations recommended by all economic entomologists."

SUDAN GRASS YIELD FOR HAY

Average About Two and Half Tons Per Acre—Cut After Plants Have Passed Out of Bloom.

Cut Sudan grass for hay after the plants have passed out of bloom, but before the seed has become hard. An average yield is about two and a half tons of dry hay per acre, as compared with about three tons for sorghum on the same kind of land and two tons of millet.

RAPID GROWTH OF CHICKENS

More Advantageous to Feed Five Times During Day Than Three—Overfeeding Harmful.

Undoubtedly chickens will grow faster when fed five times than when fed only three times daily, but it should be borne in mind that more harm can be done to the young chicks by overfeeding than by underfeeding.

AUTUMN SUPPLY OF LETTUCE

Row Sown in Middle of August Will Insure Crop of This Most Succulent Vegetable.

A row of lettuce sown the middle of August will insure a fine fall supply of this most healthful and succulent vegetable. The quality will be even superior to the spring grown. Salamander is the best kind for late crops.

PE-RU-NA
Made Me a Well Man

Mr. Louis Young, 1652 Clifford St., Rochester, N. Y., writes:
"I suffered for thirty years with chronic **bowel trouble, stomach trouble and hemorrhages of the bowels.**
We bought a bottle of Peruna and I took it faithfully, and I **began to feel better.**
My wife persuaded me to continue, and I took it for some time as directed. **Now I am a well man.**"

Suffered thirty years with stomach trouble and hemorrhages of the bowels.

Liquid or Tablet Form

Have You
NEURITIS
ARTHRITIS
RHEUMATISM
AUTOINTOXICATION
HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE?
Successfully treated at

Mudbaden
BEST FOR RHEUMATISM
(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)

Write for Information
Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co.
Post Office Box
Jordan, Mt

Even More Serious.

"Did you say that campaign manager used money?" inquired the horrified constituent.

"He did worse than that," replied Senator Sorghum. "He wasted it."

It is a great act of life to sell air well.

Two Views.

"What glorious roses you h exclaimed the optimist.

"But don't they attract a l bees?" queried the pessimist.

There is little consolation in the first to discover your own take.

Where is Relief From Blazing Skin Diseases?

Must I Endure Forever the Torturous Itching?

The skin is fed from the blood, and upon the condition of the blood depends whether or not your skin will be healthy and free from boils, pimples, scaly irritations, red eruptions and other disfiguring and unsightly disorders.

The sensible treatment that will show real results is a remedy that will cleanse the blood thoroughly and kill the germs that cause the trouble. And for this purpose no remedy ever made can approach the record of S. S. S. which cleanses the blood of the disease germs, at the same time building up the general health.

For valuable literature write to Chief Medical Adviser, 100 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

NOT MUCH VARIATION THERE

Old Resident Entirely Truthful When He Called the Town's Death Rate "Won'erful Steady."

Weary after 12 months' hard work, the pretty typist sought solitude among the healthy hills of Halehearty. The advertisements had attracted her. Halehearty was described as the best, prettiest, finest and everything-elsest spot in the world.

"Tell me," she said on her first day, when she met a staunch old relic of the district, "what is the death rate in Halehearty?"

The local walking advertisement nodded his head reassuringly.

"Won'erful steady, ma'am—won'erful steady!" he replied. "One death to each person."—London Tit-Bits.

Siberian Exports Ready.

According to a dispatch from Omsk, Siberia, a committee has been formed to prepare energetically for the opening of navigation in the Obi and Yenisei basins. Raw materials valued at $75,000,000 are being concentrated for export, comprising 2,500,000 squirrel pelts, 500,000 pieces of various furs, 360,000 pounds of various bristles, 2,700 tons of wool, 2,700 tons of flax, besides linseed oil, linseed and other raw materials. The first portion is estimated at 10,000 tons and efforts will be made to increase the second and third.

Religions of the World.

According to reliable statistics carefully-made estimates the adherents of the leading Christian religions number: Roman Catholics, 270,000,000; Protestants, 171,650,000; making a total of 564,510,000 Christians. The leading non-Christian bodies number: Confucianists, 300,830,000; Mohammedans, 221,825,000; Hindus, 210,000,000; Animists, 158,270,000; Buddhists, 138,031,000; Shintoists, 25,000,000. To these be added Jews and the unclassified, the total non-Christian number 1,081,981,000, who with the Christians make a world's population of 1,646,491,000.

Up to Her Old Tricks.

Skeptical Widower—May, is it really you?

Spirit of Dead Wife—Yes, dear, you don't doubt me, do you?

(Whereupon the excited man lights his lighted cigarette in his pocket where the matches are. A strong phurous smell invades the room. Violent heat in the region of his pocket.)

Widower—It's you, all right, dear, but you've got your hand in the wrong pocket. My money's in the overcoat.—Yale Record.

A laugh costs too much if it is bought at the expense of propriety.—Quintillian.

A fat belly did not invent gluttony.—Greek proverb.

Boil It Thoroughly

— fifteen minutes or more after boiling begins—

Long boiling brings out the full, rich flavor of

Postum Cereal

And while you enjoy your cup of this attractive table drink, remember that it contains no caffeine or other harmful substance.

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc.
Battle Creek, Michigan

The Man Nobody Knew

By HOLWORTHY HALL

Copyright by Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc.

"AND HERE IS HIS CROIX DE GUERRE."

Synopsis.—In a base hospital at Neuilly, France, his face disfigured beyond recognition, an American soldier serving in the French army attracts attention by his deep despondency. Asked by the surgeons for a photograph to guide them in making over his face, he offers in derision a picture of the Savior, bidding them take that as a model. They do so, making a remarkable likeness. Invalided home, on the boat he meets Martin Harmon, New York broker, who is attracted by his remarkable features. The ex-soldier gives his name as "Henry Hilliard," and his home as Syracuse, New York. He left there under a cloud, and is embittered against his former fellow townsmen. Harmon makes him a proposition to sell mining stocks in Syracuse, concealing his identity. He accepts it, seeing in it a chance to make good and prove he has been underestimated.

CHAPTER III.—Continued.

—3—

He knew, from meticulous study and practice, the full effect of his manner, which was distinguished, patrician. He knew the almost irresistible magnetism which had befallen him by accident. He had been prepared—in his own imagination—for the battery of interest which was promptly trained upon him. And yet, as he pursued his passage toward the desk, he faltered in pride, he felt as though the sorrowful eyes of all Syracuse were riveted upon him; the well-recalled surroundings unmanned him, and he was compelled to halt, lift up his hands in token of surrender, and to cry out: "This is not I! This is not I! It is the man I might have been—if you and I had understood each other!" So great was his anguish that in that moment he honestly believed that it was the equal fault of the city, and of himself, that he had gone forth discredited.

Behind the desk stood a clerk and—Hilliard's heart tripped—the manager who had tendered him the ultimatum. Hilliard's pen spilt a blot of ink on the register; his ears were tuned for the speech of recognition which would blast his dreams of triumph, and send him off again in multiplied disgrace.

"Yes, sir," said the clerk with extreme deference, "and about what price, sir?"

The manager, who had been scrutinizing Hilliard intently, whispered something to the clerk; the clerk bit his lip and looked up sharply; the prodigal winced, and stiffened. "Parlor C—ten dollars?" asked the clerk. "Very comfortable room, sir . . . front!"

The manager, as Hilliard retreated, said impatiently to the clerk: "What's the matter with you, Jimmy, anyway? Don't you know how to size up a man yet? Don't ask a man like that what he'll have—tell 'em what we've got!"

Upstairs, Hilliard went limp from the reaction. He had doubted what he knew—and this was proof of his lack of innocence. But the manager—who two years ago had called him by his first name—the manager had looked him full in the face, and made not the faintest sign of recognition!

It was in improved confidence, then, that he went down to dinner; and deliberately chose a central seat in the most popular of the three available rooms. He was actively eager to be observed; now that he had passed his first examination, he craved test after test; no inquisition could be too urgent for him. And at the nearest table sat a business man he knew, and a girl he knew; from their matter-of-fact attentiveness, he judged that they had been married during his absence; they gazed interminably at him, but only in admiration. He mentally checked off his list—that made a trio of old acquaintances who failed to know him. Facing him, a dozen feet away, sat a man who had been Hilliard's employer for an epochal six weeks—this man, too, was obviously interested, but unenlightened. Four! A dinner party, comprising six girls and six young men, filed gayly past him; every one of the twelve he had known well, some of them intimately; they looked down at him in passing, and, without exception, went on in ignorance. A tiny roseleaf of a girl was rather noticeably attracted to him; she spoke to her partner, who turned, and stared, and nodded in the bored fashion of any escort to whom a handsome stranger is pointed out; and Hilliard could have laughed aloud at the irony of the incident. They had known each other for a dozen years, that girl and Hilliard; in the dozen and first, her mother had forbidden him her house.

He dined with considerable leisure, and smoked a cigar almost to the end before he left the table. When he quitted the room, it was with practical assurance that his gravest fears were groundless, but for an additional precaution he read an evening paper in the lobby and endured in safety the inspection of a score of men who had known him well enough to refuse to loan him money.

At half-past eight, vastly heartened and refreshed, he equipped himself with certain documents from his suitcase, and called for a taxicab. The address he gave the driver was high on the eastern hills; during the last half mile, Hilliard was peering out at the shaded lights of houses where he had played in his earlier youth. The car stopped; Hilliard went up a stone-flagged walk, up broad stone steps, and stood on a huge veranda. He was calm, and yet his knees were discomfortingly unsteady; he was determined, and yet his heart was pumping in uneven beats; for the moment, his throat was dusty dry.

As he gained the level of the veranda, there was a stir of activity off to the right, and an erect, middle-aged man clambered out of a hammock, and came briskly forward. Back in the shadows Hilliard could detect the soft outlines of a white dress.

"Yes?" The middle-aged man was politely brusque.

"Is this . . . Mr. Cullen? Mr. James Cullen?"

"Yes sir!" The middle-aged man was very convincing about it. "Yes, sir. What can I do for you?"

Hilliard bowed stiffly from the hips—a touch of foreign courtesy which had its effect.

"If you're at leisure, Mr. Cullen, I should like very much to have a word with you. On—I think I may call it so—urgent private matters. My name is Hilliard. In brief, I've come up from New York today to bring you a letter from a young man named Richard Morgan."

"Morgan!" said the older man sharply, "Dick Morgan!" Back in the shadows there was a sudden rustle. "Where's he?"

"He's dead," said Hilliard. "He died in France." Mr. Cullen stood perfectly still, and Hilliard, watching him intently, was overcome by resentment at the knowledge that two years ago this man had held Hilliard's fate in his thick fingers.

"No!" said Mr. Cullen. "Of all things! Well, what d'you know about that! Dick Morgan dead!" There was surprise, but little poignancy in his tone. "Isn't that terrible! And over in France! . . . Angela, did you hear that?"

More rustling from the shadows, and a slim figure stepping out of them into the foreground; it was Angela Cullen, just over the brink of seventeen, exquisitely small and blonde, and profoundly agitated by the news. Hilliard bowed mechanically; he had remembered her as a vivid little hoyden. Queer, that his heart should skip a beat or two at beholding her now. But she had brought the first remembrance of untroubled days back to him, and the contrast hurt—abominably.

"Oh, dad!" she said with a quick intake of her breath. "Oh . . . dad!" And clung to him for refuge, staring the while with wide and fearful eyes at the tall stranger who had delivered the laconic message.

Cullen held her close, and cleared his throat. He was in the common-enough situation of a man who feels that he ought to be deeply moved, and isn't, and wonders why; and his transparent effort to be funereal was slightly overdone.

"It's a great shock to us—of course," he said, speaking slowly. "A great shock. . . . Oh! Mr. Hilliard—my daughter. Well, I must say I. . . . Suppose we sit down and talk this over—"

Hilliard bowed again; Mr. Cullen, his arm encircling Angela, led the way to the hammock and its reinforcement of wicker chairs. The trio was seated: Hilliard coughed delicately, and after that, there was a brief silence. Gradually, the air was charged with constraint. Here he was, and there was Angela and Mr. Cullen—all of them a little older, all of them a great deal more repressed, but even so, here they were, these three, just as they had sat in the same place, on the same sort of summer evenings, when Dicky Morgan wasn't yet anathema, and when . . .

"This . . . this thing happened some time ago, did it? You were abroad yourself?"

"Yes, I was."

"I want to hear about Dick," said Angela in a dry little voice. "Please! And . . . and who are you, Mr. Hilliard?"

"Angela!" said her father, reproachfully, but Hilliard, coughing with great vehemence, felt a sudden inrush of triumph which gave him confidence. It was the triumph of dramatic success; the consciousness that whatever might come next, he had actually appeared before people who knew him best, and that they saw a stranger. He smiled, as a churchman smiles.

"All I pretend to be is a friend of Dick's. I—"

"Oh! A friend!" Cullen's intonation was curiously warped.

"Perhaps you'll understand better if I go back to the beginning. Shall I?"

"Do." Cullen motioned him carte-blanche, and Hilliard took a long breath, and began.

"Back in May, 1915," he said, "I went to England and then to France to arrange some government contracts for copper products. In France, I was stunned—as everyone—by the backlash of the war. And like everyone else, I did what I could on the spot . . . bought tobacco for the soldiers, and all that sort of thing. It isn't a question of charity, once you see the circumstances—you simply look, and realize that the most you can do is so trivial in comparison with what there is to be done that you . . . well, you do all you can and wish to heaven it were ten thousand times more. And then you try to find out where your mite will do the most good, and it staggers you because there are so many places where they need everything you have and everything everybody else has. It so happened that a friend of mine was in one of the American surgical units at Neuilly. I couldn't spread my own little contributions over all the institutions that needed it—there wouldn't have been enough to notice, so naturally I spent most of my time and most of my money at Neuilly. The cases there are all severe. The men need more help than the average, and there was one ward in particular . . . I won't describe it to you, but the first time I ever set foot in it, I knew I'd found the place to take all I had to give. And it was there that I met this man Morgan." He paused a moment. "And Morgan needed me more than anyone else in the ward."

"Was he . . . hurt so badly?" The girl's voice was taut with feeling.

"Yes, badly," he said, "but that wasn't the point. He was alone. He was friendless. He was under the darkest cloud that ever man can live under. You know what it was, Mr. Cullen."

The older man nodded tardily.

"I have an idea," he conceded.

"Well, there he was—wounded, and marooned in France, and with a bad conscience. Perhaps you can understand why he got my sympathy."

"Poor Dick!" said Angela, barely above a whisper, and Hilliard, looking across at her, was stirred by vague intuitions which rendered him guiltily uncomfortable. It had simply never occurred to him in announcing the death of a man who had run away from Syracuse in disgrace, he might find pity and forgiveness waiting for expression. Was there still an opportunity for him to change his tactics, to admit that it was only the unregenerate soul and the outward countenance of Dicky Morgan that had perished, and to maintain that a new being, a penitent and resolute being, had arisen phoenixlike to make atonement for the wasted years that had been ended by shrapnel fire from the Huns? And suppose he did so, what would they say? If public opinion were to model itself upon the sorrow of poor little Angela Cullen, was it not better to confess at once, to wipe the slate clean, and to begin afresh? Had he said so much that the pathway to truth was closed—or was a lie well stuck to better than the truth, half told?

Morals, which are nothing but negative virtues anyway, hang on trifles. Hilliard was tottering on the utter-

"Was He Hurt So Badly?"

most edge of decision—and Mr. Cullen flung the weight of an aimless charge against him, and settled the matter out of hand.

"He certainly had plenty to be sorry for," said Mr. Cullen.

"Oh, dad!" said Angela, with a quick intake of her breath.

Virtuous, was Mr. Cullen. A churchgoer and a communicant, was Mr. Cullen. A giver of alms, and a friend to his friends—but in forgetting that the evil that men do shouldn't rightfully be allowed to live on after them, and in remembering, perhaps too clearly at that moment, the final interview he had held with Dicky Morgan, Mr. Cullen throttled repentance into a state of furious helplessness, and brought back Hilliard to his senses.

"Yes," said Hilliard, "he had plenty to be sorry for, and he was. Of his troubles here, I'm not capable of sitting as judge. Instead, I sat as confessor. So that you'll be more interested in that part of his life which you evidently haven't known about, and I have. He left here, I think, in December. He hadn't any fixed purpose; all he wanted was to find a place where he could begin over again on a fresh basis, and make a man of himself. . . . For that much, at least, you can give him credit."

"And I do," said Cullen, approvingly.

Hilliard, swept again by the nearness of deliverance from his deceits, leaned forward. A strong indorsement of Morgan's ambition at this juncture might yet have brought about a recantation.

"I'm glad you do, Mr. Cullen. . . . I think myself it was the only course he could have taken." He hung perilously upon the response; it would either justify or condemn his present attitude.

"That's probably why he took it," said Mr. Cullen. "Oh, I'm fair enough to him, Mr. Hilliard, but as for judgment—" He shook his head firmly. "What made him go to France?"

Hilliard sat back. The gates of truth clanged shut.

"That came to him as the logical course," he said shortly. "He'd met with some brother adventurers in New York, and they put the idea into his head. He had no money, so that he worked his passage across on the Mouette, a French tramp, in January, 1915. On the other side, he met a lieutenant of artillery who took a fancy to him. As you undoubtedly know, he spoke French like a native, and that made it easy for him. France is a land of papers, and of records; and papers and records can be created, shuffled—when there's a reason. The reason was that a republic needed men—and the lieutenant was willing to be a forger if that were a condition to his being a patriot. His conception of patriotism was to enlist every able-bodied man in the service of France. But at that time, the war was still rather exclusive as far as Americans were concerned. So that Dicky Morgan disappeared from earth—and there was a new soldier of the sixty-ninth Territorials by the name of Pierre Dutout . . . 'Peter Nobody.'"

"What!" said Mr. Cullen.

Hilliard shrugged his shoulders.

"I said he told me much about himself. He sailed under his own name, and I dare say you can verify that in New York. But when he landed, he took an alias. He had wanted to start over again, unhampered. Nothing could have been more opportune than this chance. See what it gave him! He simply dropped out of the world. . . . It was the possibility of losing himself utterly that first appealed to him. And there must have been a good cause."

"Yes," said Mr. Cullen absently. "There was. But . . . always theatrical, Dick was. That was so like him—to do just that sort of thing, and to do it just that way."

"As nearly as I could gather," said Hilliard, "he had been practically . . . er . . . ostracized here. Is that correct?" He noted that Angela flinched at the suggestion, and that her head was drooping very low.

"Y-e-e-s, but there was a good reason for it."

"Oh! dad!" said Angela, pleadingly, below her breath. "Please don't say things l-like that—I can't stand any more—"

"What his offense may have been, I don't know," said Hilliard, plunging doggedly into his narrative. "But he left town, so he told me, in a tremendous revulsion of feeling. His one ambition was to make something of himself, to wash out the past—to justify his existence. And he went overseas with the idea of genuine service and sacrifice. And very soon, terribly soon . . . during a night attack . . . they got him." Hilliard paused effectively. "There wasn't a chance in a hundred for him to recover, and he knew it. And then it came to him, blindingly and desperately, that the world—that is, the world which had known him in his failures—would never hear what he had done. He had made his sacrifice, and it was useless. In hospital, he was Pierre Dutout, you see . . . and between that character, and his own, was the barrier of the subterfuge he had grasped so eagerly—his alias, and his false record. No one would have any reason to doubt that he wasn't what he purported to be. He craved to tell someone; to send back a message to his old friends; and I happened to be there—and he confided in me. And here I am, Mr. Cullen. Bringing credentials. Now, in the first place, I have a photograph of him, taken from his original passport." He produced it from his pocket, and offered it to Mr. Cullen. "Is there any mistake, sir? Or is it the Dick Morgan you know?"

Mr. Cullen switched on a standing lamp; Angela hid her face, and shrank back from the white electric glare.

"Yes—yes." He gave the tiny picture to his daughter. "There's no question about it, Mr. Hilliard."

"That's Dick!" said Angela agonizedly.

"With his signature, of course—you recognize it, do you?"

"It's his handwriting fast enough," conceded Mr. Cullen. He looked up at Hilliard, and his brows were furrowed, as though he were struggling to comprehend what all this had to do with the Cullen family. "Yes. Dramatic boy, he was—always. Shows—don't it?"

"Dramatic—yes. That is—imaginative. Venturesome. And it's a quality that sometimes makes heroes, Mr. Cullen. . . . Would you have called him brave?"

"I'm not sure of that, sir. I—"

"I would!" said Angela. "I would!"

"Foolhardy, often. But brave . . ."

"Wait, then!" said Hilliard, motioning. He was transfixed by the vision of Angela Cullen, who had started up in passionate defense of an old-time playmate; her cheeks were flushed, her eyes were shining, she was ineffably appealing in her tearless grief and in her loyalty. For the first time, Hilliard could see how the passing years had brought out the woman in her; he could see, under the dazzling light of the porch lamp, what an adorable champion he had left behind him. Her vehemence thrilled him; his own cheeks reddened, and his heart was abruptly quickened at the sight of her at the same time that it congealed from her father's estimate. "You know," he said, "that bravery under fire has a peculiar reward. It's called a citation. In orders. You think that Morgan wasn't brave, Mr. Cullen. But there's proof. A proof that even you must recognize." He tempered his voice. "For here," he said, whip-

"And Here Is His Croix de Guerre."

ping a folded paper into view, "is what the republic of France says about him! Here is the record that will endure as long as France does. Here, Mr. Cullen, is Dicky Morgan's citation! . . ."

Dead quiet—for second after second. Angela had turned pale; she was winking hard.

"His . . . citation!" Mr. Cullen mopped his forehead.

"His own copy of it was lost, but I brought the official journal . . . shall I translate?

"'Pierre Dutout, private of the sixty-ninth Territorials, during the battles of the fourth of May and the days following, has made exhibit of the highest devotion and the greatest courage; and especially by carrying out a volunteer duty, under heavy fire on the night of the sixth of May, has given to his whole detachment an extraordinary example of loyalty and heroic sacrifice.'"

He gave the newspaper to Mr. Cullen. "And here—is his Croix de Guerre." On impulse, he handed it not to Mr. Cullen, whose palm was ready for it, but to Angela.

She had taken the decoration half fearfully, and she had glanced at Hilliard with an expression so curiously combined of awe and joy and jealousy that his own eyes wavered, and he had momentarily averted his gaze. When he had ventured to turn to her again, she had carried one hand to her breast, pressed tightly, she was looking down at the bronze cross in her lap, and her shoulders were shaking perceptibly. Hilliard gripped the arms of his chair, and every muscle of him was drawn tense . . . his farce was sudden tragedy, and horror clutched at him. Angela was crying . . . stoical, by supreme effort, at the news of Morgan's death, she was crying, now that she believed he had died gloriously. It was a hard problem for him to analyze . . . it was so magnificently complimentary and inconsistent . . .

"It would seem to me," said Mr. Cullen, somewhat thickly, "that he wiped the slate clean enough for all practical purposes, anyway." He took the war cross from Angela's reverent fingers, and examined it curiously. He looked at Angela, and slipped his arm around her; she sat up straighter, and drew a shivering breath. "I may have been wrong in my judgment," said Mr. Cullen soberly.

Hilliard, who had been moodily sunk in revery, fumbled a third time in his inner coat pocket.

"He sent you a letter," he said. "I suppose you've been wondering, under all the circumstances, what brought me up here to you. It wasn't to eulogize him particularly; it was to bring you his message. And perhaps I'd better say now that he made me read it . . ."

Enter the one and only girl in Dick Morgan's life.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

BRACE UP!

The man or woman with weak kidneys is half crippled. A lame, stiff back, with its constant, dull ache and sharp, shooting twinges, makes the simplest task a burden. Headaches, dizzy spells, urinary disorders and an "all worn out" feeling are daily sources of distress. Don't neglect kidney weakness and risk gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease. Get a box of *Doan's Kidney Pills* today. They have helped people the world over.

An Iowa Case

Mrs. W. E. Gill, 1010 S. 10th St., Burlington, Iowa, says: "About five years ago my back and kidneys were weakened by a cold that settled there. My back was in an awful shape and I couldn't straighten up after bending over. The sharp pains in my kidneys would fairly cut my breath away. I had dizzy spells and black specks would float before my eyes. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills. One box cured me up and I haven't been troubled since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

MAN'S BEST AGE

A man is as old as his organs; he can be as vigorous and healthy at 70 as at 35 if he aids his organs in performing their functions. Keep your vital organs healthy with

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles since 1696; corrects disorders; stimulates vital organs. All druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Things Apart.

My little niece was studying her geography and asked me to bound the state of Nevada. Her grandmother looked up and said: "I am surprised that a little girl that has traveled as much as you have must ask any one to help them with their lessons." Caroline said: "Grandma, when I travel, I travel for joy and not 'jography.'"—Exchange.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Foreign and Domestic Complications.

"Did you try any of these 'home brew' experiments?"

"Once," admitted Uncle Bill Bottletop. "The result was unsatisfactory. It turned out to be one of those near-yeast problems."

The Spell of Melody.

"Give me the man who sings at his work!" said the idealist.

"Yes," replied Farmer Corntossel. "It's all right for a man to sing at his work, unless he insists on singing himself to sleep."

Cuticura Soothes Itching Scalp

On retiring gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Make them your every-day toilet preparations and have a clear skin and soft, white hands.—Adv.

Old Fashioned.

"Codger is an old fashioned cuss, isn't he?" remarked Blinks.

"He sure is," agreed Binks. "Why, he still refers to woman as the weaker sex."

Not Enough Room.

"Don't take your troubles to bed with you," said the doctor.

"I don't, doc. I sleep on a cot."

No one is useless in this world who lightens the burden of it for anyone else.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Just as Good.

Bobby, just home from his first visit to the country, was telling the folks of its wonders. "And say, ma," he said, "out on the farm they get milk from cows, and it's just as good as any."—Boston Transcript.

Your Every Need

THE kind of a store that deserves your steady patronage is the one that always has exactly what you want whenever you want it.

We try to anticipate all the needs of our many customers and then supply quality goods at the most reasonable prices possible.

For Men, Women and Children

This store is for all—and everybody is welcome always no matter how small the purchase. Pleased customers become regular customers. That's why our business grows.

WE SAVE YOU TIME AND MONEY

J. N. Day's

THE BUSY STORE *PHONE 72*

The Klemme Times $2 Per Year

Fruits Candy Ice Cream Bakery Goods

Are you *Thirsty? Hot?*

Then slip into our place and enjoy the products of our Soda Fountain. A cool, clear and snappy drink of

"Green River"

will hit the thirsty spot. Our Ice Cream Sundaes are the best to be had. We also serve sodas, pop, malt and other cool, refreshing drinks.

Try us when thirsty

The Crystal Cafe

New Cantaloups and fresh Fruit of all kinds

Attention! Farmers!

When you get your Crop money, bring it to this bank for immediate deposit and security. Do not carry checks or cash about with you.

A farmer works just a little bit harder for his money than anybody else and has all the more reason therefore to insist on keeping it in a safe place.

You can deposit your Crop money at interest or you can pay it out in the form of checks and know exactly where every dollar goes, we will be glad to serve you. Come in any time and talk it over.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME STORES. TRADE WITH MEN YOU KNOW

First National Bank

KLEMME, IOWA

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed proposals will be received by the Town Clerk of Klemme, Iowa, on the 27th day of July, 1920, between the hours of 8 A. M. and 8 P. M., for the construction of a Sewage Disposal Plant, Main and Lateral Sewers, in and for the Town of Klemme, Iowa, the extent of the work, kinds of material and method of construction to be as shown by the plans and specifications now on file in the office of the Town Clerk, which are by reference made a part hereof, and as provided by a Resolution of Necessity passed by the Town Council on the 13th day of July, 1920, which is by reference made a part hereof, said sewers to be built of vitrified salt glazed sewer pipe, cast iron pipe where required, hard burned building brick or concrete manholes and flush tanks, etc., and to be located as follows:

DISPOSAL PLANT

The Disposal Plant shall be located on a plot of ground approximately 600 feet west and 1500 feet south of the intersection of Iowa and Front Streets and shall consist of septic tank, dosing chamber, filter and sludge beds and connecting pipes there to.

MAIN SEWER

Shall start near above described Disposal Plant Site thence North 650 feet, thence Northeast across outlot 7 approximately 1150 feet to intersection of Iowa and Front Streets, thence on Iowa Street from Front to 3rd Streets using 12-inch Vitrified Sewer Pipe.

LATERAL SEWERS

On 3rd Street from Iowa Street to Jerusalem Street using 10-inch Sewer Pipe.

On Dakota Street from 3rd Street to East Corporation Line.

On State Street from 3rd Street to East Corporation Line.

On Jerusalem Street from 3rd Street west 1500 feet.

On Elder Street from 3rd Street West 200 feet and from 2nd Street west 250 feet. On Day Street from 1st Street East 730 feet. On Main Street from 3rd Street West 1000 feet and from 4th Street East 800 feet. In alley of block 9 from 3rd Street east 200 feet, on Iowa Street from 3rd Street to 4th Street,

On Front Street from Hancock Street south 600 feet, on 1st Street from Iowa Street south 600 feet and North 450 feet. On 2nd Street from Jerusalem Street south 170 feet and from Elder Street south 300 feet and from Iowa Street north 450 feet and south 900 feet. On 3rd Street from Dakota Street to Jerusalem Street and from Iowa Street to Greutmacher Street. On 4th Street from Jerusalem Street south 2050 feet. Morningside Road from 4th Street east 250 feet thence south 600 feet, On Paul's Drive from its intersection with Morningside Road east 500 feet. On Arthur's Lane from its intersection with Morningside Road east 400 feet using 8-inch Sewer Pipe.

All of said sewers to be built with tight joints, suitable "Y's" for house connections and to be laid to line and grade.

The work to be constructed in accordance with the plans and specifications above referred to, and shall be commenced on or before the 1st day of Sept. 1920, and fully completed on or before the 1st day of Jan. 1921. Payment for said work to be made after its completion and acceptance by the Town Council, to the contractor, for the Disposal Plant in bonds drawing 6 per cent annual interest. issued in anticipation of a fund to be created by a tax to be levied against all the property in Sanitary Sewer District No. 1, of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, or by Bonds or warrants drawn against such funds of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, as can by law be used for such purposes, or if insufficient to pay the cost of same by bonds drawing 6 per cent interest, drawn against a Special Assessment on all property benefitted, or by a combination of any or all of these methods, and upon completion of the Main and Lateral Sewers, and their acceptance, the cost of same shall be paid to the contractor in Special Assessment Bonds drawing 6 per cent annual interest and issued in anticipation of a fund to be created by a Special Assessment to be levied against all the property in Sanitary Sewer District No. 1 in proportion to its benefits as provided by law and said resolution of Necessity, or if insufficient to pay the cost of same, by bonds or warrants drawing 6 per cent annual interest, drawn against such funds of the Town of Klemme, Iowa, as can by law be used for such purposes. Said payment to be made as soon as by law provided after the completion and acceptance of said improvements. All proposals must be made on blanks to be furnished by the engineer and made separately for the Disposal Plant in one proposal and for the Main and Lateral Sewers in another proposal and each proposal shall be accompanied by a certified check in the sum of $1000 for the Disposal Plant and

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

$2000 for the Main and Lateral Sewers, drawn on some known responsible bank in the Town of Klemme, Iowa, in a separate envelope and made payable to the Town Treasurer as security that the bidder, in case his proposal is the lowest and best legal bid submitted and contract is awarded him, will enter into contract for the doing of the work and give bond within ten days in the sum of 100 per cent of his contract price, conditioned upon the proper carrying out of the work and the faithful performance of the contract, and the contract and bond shall contain a condition requiring the contractor to carry Workmen's Compensation insurance, and the contractor and his bondsmen to keep said improvement in repair for a period of four years from and after completion of the Main and Lateral Sewers, and one year from and after completion of the Disposal Plant.

Certified checks will be returned to unsuccessful bidders and to successful bidders when they have signed contract and given bond as required. In case the successful bidder shall fail to enter into contract and give bond as required, certified check filed with his proposal may be retained by the Town Council at their option as agreed and liquidated damages.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals, and proposals will be acted upon at a meeting to be held by the Town Coucil at 8 o'clock P. M. on the 27th day of July, 1920, or at an adjourned meeting thereof.

Published by authority of the Town Council of the Town of Klemme, Iowa.

N. L. PALMER,
Town Clerk

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

ORIGINAL NOTICE
In the District Court of Hancock County, Iowa,
October Term A. D. 1920.

Joseph E. Johnson, Plaintiff
vs.
Unknown Claimants of and to the West Half of the Southeast Quarter and the East Half of the Southwest Quarter of Section Twenty-three in Township Ninety-five, North, Range Twenty-three West of the 5th P. M. in Hancock County, Iowa, and Patrick Shandler and Mrs. Patrick Shandler, wife of Patrick Shandler, Defendants.

To THE ABOVE NAMED UNKNOWN CLAIMANTS AND DEFENDENTS, AND EACH OF THEM;

You are herby notified that on or before the 1st day of October A. D. 1920 there will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Hancock County, Iowa, the petition of the plaintiff in the above entitled cause claiming that he is the absolute owner in fee simple of the West Half of the Southeast Quarter and the East Half of the Southwest Quarter of Section Twenty-three in Township Ninety-five, North, Range Twenty-three West of the 5th P. M. in Hancock County, Iowa.

That he and his grantors have been in the open, peaceable, continuous, notorious and adverse possession of the said premises for more than twenty-five years last past with claim of right and color of title and asks that all of the said Unknown Claimants and Defendants be forever barred and estopped from having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said premises adverse to the title and estate of the plaintiff therein and that the title thereto be quieted in the plaintiff and for equitable relief.

For further particulars see the petition when filed, which sets forth the plaintiff's claim in detail.

You are further notified that unless you appear thereto and defend on or before noon of the second day of the next term of the said District Court which will commence and be held at the Court House in Garner, Iowa, on the 11 day of October A. D. 1920, default will be entered against you and judgment and decree rendered thereon as prayed.

Dated this 24th day of May A. D. 1920.

Ramsay & Blackstone,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

It is hereby directed and ordered that the foregoing notice be published once each week for four successive weeks in the KLEMME TIMES, a newspaper of general circulation published in Hancock County, Iowa.

Dated this 25th day of May A. D. 1920.

A. E. Baumgartner,
Seal Clerk of the District Court
in and for Hancock County,
7-29-20-4w. Iowa.

As stated last week the company at the Editor's house left for Kansas City Wednesday forenoon. They reached the city the following evening at nine o'clock. They expected to reach their destination in the early afternoon but a couple of blowouts and numerous detours delayed them. Miss Ruth Davis is still here and will spend several weeks with her sister, Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson.

Prepare in case you should have a

FIRE

Don't wait until your home has gone up in flames and then wish you had bought on of our handy and sure

Fire-Gun *Fire Extinguisher*

Will put out any fire, always ready and cost little, see us at once and get a "Fire-Gun" and be prepared.

We also want to call your attention to our

Moco *OILS and GREASES*

We have a big supply of all kinds of "Moco" auto and machine oil and greases for every purpose, also the best oil for harvesting. We buy our oils and grease in big lots and so

Our Price Is Right.

Jacobs & Son

Don't Forget--

To look over your haying tools and especially your binder and if repairs are to be needed come in at once and we will fix you up in a hurry with whatever you may need.

Binder Twine

We still have a small amount of Twine left and it would be good idea for you to get a few extra pounds in case you should run short.

W. M. BAACK

"Prudence"

Is a good word to keep in mind these days.

This is the Situation--

You can pay $30 or $40 for a suit of clothes of the kind the first rain will spoil; or will you reason this way?

"Since I must pay higher prices it is far wiser to spend $10 or $15 more and get all wool and best tailoring."

Isn't this common sense reasoning? If you are looking for quality that insures satisfaction this should be your store.

Suits $45 to $85

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

W FREE FROM PAIN

E. Pinkham's Vegetable mpound Frees Another Woman From Suffering.

onne, N. J.—"Before I was mar- uffered a great deal with periodi- cal pains. I had pains in my side and back and also head- aches, and got so weak I could not do anything. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt better. Now I am married and have two little boys. Before the first one came I was weak ervous, could not eat and was After I took the Vegetable Com- I could work and eat. Now I rong and recommend your mea- o my friends."—Mrs. ANNA SLEVA, st 17th Street, Bayonne, N. J.

men who recover their health, nat- tell others what helped them. write and allow their names and graphs to be published with testi- ls. Many more tell their friends.

you need a medicine for women's nts, try that well known and sful remedy Lydia E. Pink- Vegetable Compound. Write E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (con- ial) for anything you need to about these troubles.

ll All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

anywhere, DAISY FLY KILLER attracts and flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed. DAISY FLY KILLER at your dealer or 5 by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25. LD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

uticura Soap SHAVES Without Mug

icura Soap is the favorite for safety razor shaving.

cid Stomach

lakes the Body Sour

Nine Out of Ten People Suffer From It

ends its harmful acids and gases all the body, instead of health and gth. Day and night this ceaseless dam- goes on. No matter how strong, its n cannot long withstand the health- oying effects of an acid stomach. od news for millions of sufferers. nists have found a sure remedy—one takes the acid up and carries it out e body; of course, when the cause is ved, the sufferer gets well. oating, indigestion, sour, acid, gassy ach miseries all removed. This is en by over half a million ailing folks have taken EATONIC with wonder- benefits. It can be obtained from any gist, who will cheerfully refund its ng cost if not entirely satisfactory. ryone should enjoy its benefits. Fre tly the first tablet gives relief.

EW CHEMICAL ILLS BED BUGS P. D. Q.

D. Q. (Pesky Devils Quietus) is the e of a new golden colored chemical overy by Dr. Price that actually rids worst infested house of bedbugs, hes, fleas, ants and their eggs. They t have time to kick after you go after with P. D. Q. A 35c package of D. Q. makes a quart of strong bug- r, and goes farther than a barrel of old fashioned dangerous dope. P. D. oats and kills their eggs and prevents hing. FREE a patent spout in every to enable you to get them in the d-to-get-at-places, and saves juice. r druggist has it or he can get it for or sent prepaid on receipt of price the Owl Chemical Works, Terre Haute, iana.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling. Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at druggists. Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N.Y.

INDERCORNS Removes Corns, Cal- etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Drug- Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

ECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment. Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 30--1920.

Hobbies.

Our friend has expressed himself o emphatically on one or two sub- ts to have a chance at a candi- cy."

"Yes," commented Senator Sorghum. e isn't even a dark horse. He's a bby horse."

His Summer Resort.

Noah embarked. "I don't know ether I shall spend the summer at seashore or mountains," he an- unced.

Viewpoints.

Optimist—"All things come to him ho waits." Pessimist—"And they come at once."—Life.

MURINE Night and Morning **Keep Your Eyes** Clean-Clear and Healthy

Write for Free Eye Care Book Murine Co., Chicago, U.S.A.

DAIRY

ROUGHAGE AIDS FAMOUS COW

Helen Uilkje Calamity Gained in Milk Production When Switched From Grain Ration.

When Helen Uilkje Calamity 145857 was switched from a grain to a purely roughage ration, it was thought that she might object to this change of diet and drop off in milk production, but she didn't. In fact, this cow actually increased her flow of milk and surpassed any of her previous years' production records by more than 2,400 pounds of milk.

Helen, who comes of a good old family, and is a granddaughter of Homestead Girl De Kol—Sarcastic Lad, was sent by the dairy division of the United States department of agriculture from Beltsville, Md., to Huntley, Mont., in May, 1918. When she freshened on June 21 it was decided to run her on a semiofficial yearly test without any grain in her ration.

Her ration consisted entirely of alfalfa hay, silage, and pasture, and she was milked three times a day. The alfalfa hay was of fine quality, and most of the silage was corn silage, although she received a little sunflower silage in December, January and February. The pasture was an irrigated tame-grass mixture and was of good quality.

At four years of age Helen had produced at Beltsville 11,476.6 pounds of milk, 382.05 pounds of butterfat, on two daily milkings, and a grain, hay and silage ration. Again, at six years of age she produced 11,778.2 pounds of milk, 388.29 pounds of fat, on two milkings and a grain, hay and silage ration. She was eight years and three months old when the test on roughage alone began, and her production for a year on that feed was 14,210.1 pounds of milk and 470.24 pounds of fat.

Helen is now being run on a second test, three milkings a day, with the same roughage but with a grain mixture in addition. She has milked as high as 91 pounds a day, and promises to increase considerably her record made on roughage alone. The dairy division, in co-operation with the Montana experiment station, will run other cows on roughage alone, and

Cows and Corn—A Good Combination in Profitable Dairying.

also on roughage and grain, at the Huntley experiment farm, to ascertain the maximum producing ability of good cows when they are fed on good roughage only, with access to pasture, and also when they are given grain in addition to the roughage and pasture.

RIGHT CARE OF COW'S TEATS

One of Most Delicate and Troublesome Parts of Animal's Anatomy—Influences Milk Flow.

One of the most delicate and troublesome parts of a cow's anatomy is the teat, and the keeping of this right has a lot to do with the milk-yielding part of the cow. The cow is kept to produce milk, and the teat is, as it were, the "neck" through which it must pass, and the condition of the teat must very much influence both the quantity and the quality of the yield.

SUMMER ATTENTION TO COWS

Fly Aggravation Can Be Reduced by Keeping Animals in Stable During Heat of Day.

Keeping cows in a cool darkened stable during the heat of the day and turning them out to pasture at nights will tend to reduce the fly aggravation. All stable doors and windows should be screened, and manure, which is the breeding place of flies, should be kept cleaned away and either scattered over the fields or kept in a place where it can be screened.

DESIRABLE TASTE TO BUTTER

Important That Utmost Care Be Taken in Production and Ripening of Cream.

Butter made from sweet cream has rather a flat taste and isn't desirable on that account. In order to obtain this clean, sour flavor in the cream it is important that extreme care should be taken in the producing and ripening of the same.

FARM ANIMALS

SOUND QUALITIES OF HORSE

First Consideration of Buyer and Breeder Should Be Soundness—Examine Thoroughly.

The soundness of a horse is one of the first considerations of the buyer and should be of the breeder, according to the United States department of agriculture. If the animal is not sufficiently sound to withstand the use for which he is intended, the logical time to learn of this is before the purchase.

Selection must be based primarily on a thorough, systematic examination; the examination should be based on a clear knowledge of desirable and undesirable qualities.

Not only the presence of unsoundness, but also the condition or seriousness of the unsoundness should be noted.

Temporary unfitness should be distinguished from permanent unsoundness.

A hurried examination is likely to prove a disappointment.

Observe blemishes, vice, faulty conformation, unsoundness and general characteristics.

Common blemishes are scars from old wounds, poll evil, scratches, shoe boils, and small ruptures.

Common vices are halter pulling, cribbing, kicking, stall walking, weaving, and biting.

Common faults of conformation are straight shoulders, crooked, weak, or improperly set legs, ewe neck, long, weak back, and drooping croup.

Common unsoundnesses are splints, thoroughpin, spavin, curb, extreme fistula, ringbone, side bones, extreme atrophy of muscles, contracted tendons, and broken wind.

Carnegie, a Well-Conformed Type.

General characteristics include fleshing, temperament, quality, color, and age.

In final selection, look for the good qualities and weigh them against the defects.

"BULSHEVIKS" OF LIVE STOCK

New Title Applied by Wisconsin Farmer to the Reactionaries of Bovine Society.

From a farmer in Wisconsin comes a new word for use in the "Better Sires—Better Stock" campaign now being carried on by the United States department of agriculture in co-operation with state and local agencies. He applies a new title to the reactionaries of bovine society, and cites the indubitable fact that scrub bulls are the enemies of good production; that they levy upon the milk, cream and butter checks and compel the farmer to keep cows, where the cows should keep the farmer.

With these charges in mind and with his eyes on the international situation, this farmer suggests that the scrub bulls be known hereafter as the bulsheviks.

SHY AT REGISTERED CATTLE

Poor Appearance of Some of Get of Pure-Bred Bulls Tend to Discourage Small Breeders.

One of the biggest reasons today why more farmers are not raising registered cattle is because many of them have seen the get of some registered bulls which they have observed are not much better, if any better, than some calves sired by a good grade bull. If more breeders of registered cattle would use the knife as needed, instead of sending out scrub pedigreed bulls just because they can put the papers on them, there would be more satisfied little breeders and eventually more satisfied big breeders.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

One of the biggest drawbacks to the sheep industry is the stomach worm.

* * *

Pigs that have not been vaccinated should not be placed on infected premises.

* * *

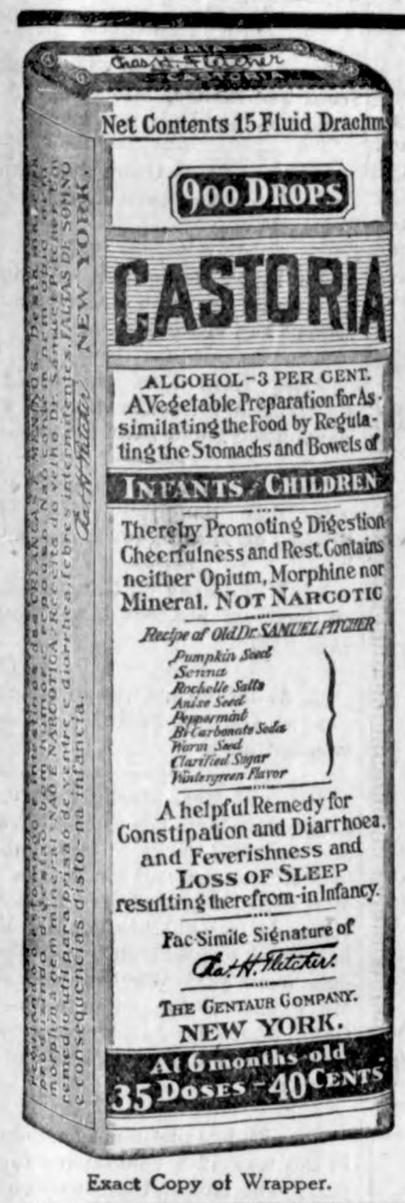
Prolonged confinement upon a concrete or dry board floor often induces foot-sore lameness in heavy hogs.

* * *

The best results come in keeping the young calf in a clean place in the barn until about three months old.

* * *

Sheep ticks cause great annoyance to sheep of all ages, but more especially to the lambs after the older sheep have been shorn. In extreme cases they cause loss in body weight



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Special Care of Baby.

That Baby should have a bed of its own all are agreed. Yet it is more reasonable for an infant to sleep with grown-ups than to use a man's medicine in an attempt to regulate the delicate organism of that same infant. Either practice is to be shunned. Neither would be tolerated by specialists in children's diseases.

Your Physician will tell you that Baby's medicine must be prepared with even greater care than Baby's food.

A Baby's stomach when in good health is too often disarranged by improper food. Could you for a moment, then, think of giving to your *ailing* child anything but a medicine especially prepared for Infants and Children? Don't be deceived.

Make a mental note of this:—It is important, Mothers, that you should remember that to function well, the digestive organs of your Baby must receive special care. No Baby is so abnormal that the desired results may be had from the use of medicines primarily prepared for grown-ups.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The November Storm.

Ajax defied the lightning.

"Better not stand under a buckeye," we warned him.

SAY "DIAMOND DYES"

Don't streak or ruin your material in a poor dye. Insist on "Diamond Dyes." Easy directions in package.

"FREEZONE"

Lift Off Corns! No Pain!

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly!

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

Honor to Whom It Is Due.

The army mule has been cited officially for helping to win the war. By the time wheelbarrows, picks and shovels, barbed wire and a few other invaluable odds and ends have been duly praised, the ecomiums will all have been passed around. About everything animate which took part in the conflict except the lowly "cootie" has been recognized.—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

One size smaller and shoes last longer after using Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions, prevents Blisters, Callous and Sore Spots. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Try it to-day. Sold everywhere.

Town's Proud Boast.

This town has a young man who pawned his watch to obtain money for a bath. We contend that this is a claim to distinction possessed by no other town on earth.—Shawnee Register.

Some Look as if They Had.

Wonderful how a girl who wears a georgette blouse, a veil, a hair net and perforated hose keeps from getting all tangled up in the meshes?—Toledo Blade.

Why Price the Fool?

Kansas Paper—The Ladies' Aid will hold another fool sale on Tuesday.—Boston Transcript.

Pretense Called For.

Edward had come to spend the time with Betty while his mother went to the club. She stayed so long they were tired of playthings and of each other. So finally in despair Betty said, "Well, Edward, let's just play we are having a good time."

Punishment Fits the Crime.

"They are railroading this man to prison."

"That's all right; he's a train robber."

Who betrays me once wrongs me; who betrays me twice serves me just right.—German proverb.

Hard to Believe

A workman in a factory on the west side received a bad cut on the face. Before they could get him to the doctor's office he fainted. The first thing the doctor did was to pour a large drink of bottled-in-bond down him. The doctor then dressed his wound and the man went his way. But in about a half hour the man was back at the office with his wife, and as he came in he said:

"She won't believe me."

"Won't believe what?" exclaimed the doctor.

With that the wife cried out: "I've lived with this man too long not to know when he's drunk and been fightin'."—Indianapolis News.

Capital Punishment.

How can you remove the letter "A" from the alphabet?"

By "B"-heading it.—Boys' Life.

Lemon Pies.

Frances had heard her mother tell repeatedly of her fondness for lemon pies, and then about the day when she ate too much of the dainty and could never be persuaded to taste one again. Frances has reached the age, in the teens, when the boys are beginning to show her attention.

The other day her mother happened to be in the room when one of her swains called her over the phone. From the one-sided conversation, the mother gathered that Frances was inventing excuse after excuse not to see him or have him call.

When the receiver was hung up her mother said: "What makes you treat Joe that way?" "Oh, well," said the young woman, "it's just another case of lemon pie."—Indianapolis News.

The best always goes first.—Italian proverb.

"Her Favorite for Thirty Years"

A generation ago Franco-American Toilet Preparations, notably effective in an age of fake skin nostrums, were faithful fixtures on the dainty dressing table of the girl who, as the mature woman of today, is envied by her admiring friends because of her fresh, blithe youthfulness.

For more than three decades the famous French formulaes first introduced by William Chase, founder of the Franco-American Hygienic Company, have been offered the particular women of America in the intimacy of their homes by their own personal friends; representatives trained through our Personal Extension Service in thorough understanding of skin requisites.

No more significant proof is to be had of the superiority of Franco-American Products, scientifically adapted to serve exactly the requirements of your individual skin, than the reliance placed today in their hygienic value by thousands of women to whom the name has been familiar since girlhood.

Typical of the individual service performed by Franco-American Products is "The Combination Treatment Box", illustrated above, which contains a complete day and night treatment for either dry, oily or the normal skin—six different creams, lotions and powder no woman can afford to be without. Learn the secret of how to look your best, the "Franco-American Way"; address The Franco-American Hygienic Company direct, or write us requesting that our Personal Service Retailer in your vicinity call at your home.

Would you engage in a dignified, profitable profession among your personal friends? If not already represented in your community, The Franco-American Hygienic Company offers women of energy and refinement an unusually attractive position as our Accredited Retailer. An inquiry will bring complete details concerning our thorough training and liberal profit sharing arrangement.

Franco-American Hygienic Co.

SUPERIOR TOILET PREPARATIONS

"Her Favorite for Thirty Years"

FRANCO-AMERICAN BUILDING 13[illegible] ST. & INDIANA AVE. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Mrs. George Elder and children of Eagle Bend, Minn., were visitors at the Ralph Elder home several days last week. Sunday Ralph and family and the visitors drove to Minnesota for a couple of days visit with relatives and friends at Garden City.

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons have made an improvement in their display window in the hardware department of their store. They have extended the window platform back a couple of three feet and now have ample room to display stoves and other heavy hardware in their window.

Rev. Meyer was his own boss around the house a few days the latter part of last week. Friday he took Mrs. Meyer, her sisters Martha and Helen Lenz, who have been visiting here, to Dows where the ladies visited another sister. Mrs. Meyer returned the fore part of the week, but the other young ladies remained for a longer visit.

Miss Mildred McCullough spent Sunday with her friend, Miss Helen Collins, at Mason City.

Mrs. A. H. Meyer enjoyed a visit from her father, Mr. Lenz, of Wisconsin, a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Olson and daughter from Kanawha, were Klemme callers Friday.

Dr. R. N. Reuber, A. K. Zinn and Ed Jacobs drove to Goldfield Sunday wheret hey visited friends.

Arno Tiegen, of Mason City, is spenidng his week's vacation at the Newberger home near Klemme.

Mrs. H. Hansen enjoyed a visit from her daughter, Mrs. Thirow Brown, of Manly, Iowa, last week.

W. H. Ramsay of Garner was here on business matters last Friday between trains.

R. A. Jorgenson was a business visitor at Garner Friday morning between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner, Mrs. Schroeder, Mrs. Clarence Klutckhohn and son left early Tuesday morning in Mr. Croner's car for points east. Mrs. Schroeder and Mrs. Croner will visit relatives in Chicago; Mrs. Kluckhohn and son will visit with her parents near Fort Wayne, Indiana, and Mr. Croner will drive on to Cincinatti Ohio, where he has business to look after. They expect to be gone about a week.

Corwith has planned something new in the way of a chautauqua for next year. The entertainment will be free to all and the expenses will be met with a subscription taken up this winter or some time before the season next summer. Quite a novel idea and only one which a live town would tackle.

The public library acknowledges gratefully a donation by Dr. Missman of twenty-one volumes, including a number of volumes of short stories in English and in translation from the French and other languages. These books are being prepared for the use of the public and will be ready to be loaned by the time this item appears.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Kahrs, of Pasadena, California, came last week for an extended visit with their son, E. S. D., and Mrs. Kahrs. Mr. and Mrs. Kahrs left California in June and have been visiting in Illinois and Minnesota. They expect to stay in this country until October when they will return tot he land of sunshine for the winter.

From the Miller News in the Garner Democrat we learn that "Mr. and Mrs. Raymond White are the parents of a baby girl born Thursday of last week (July 8th). They are at Mrs. White's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Juhl in Forest City." Well, now that explains why Ray has been acting so queer of late and why we had to repeat our order to him at the Klemme Meat Market. This makes the second child in the family.

There was considerable disturbance in our little city last Thursday night. A couple of young men became somewhat hilarious and speeded up and down the street with their car. People residing on Main street got the full benefit of the race and lost a lot of valuable sleep. However the next day the mayor summoned the offender to the office where hedeposited coin of the realm for his boisterous festivitiy.

Want Ads.

For Sale

FOR SALE—GENTLE DRIVING HORSE and a good top buggy. Ask Times Office for owner. 2wpd.

FOR SALE—Span of gray and bay mares, weight 3100; also a good driving team, weight 2200, will work anywhere. Chas. Ax. 2wp

FOR SALE—Eight good calves, well bred, four to six months old. Call on Chas. Medaus, Ventura Route. 2wp

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

LOST—AUTOMOBILE NUMBER plate 141,599 Ia., tail lamp and bracket between Klemme and Garner, July 20. Reward, return to Chas. W. Steihl. 1c

FOUND—Case for pair of glasses. Cal lat Times Office.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

KODAKS

The best season of all the year is now here for taking outdoor views. Get a Kodak now for your trip, picnic or outing and keep Kodak pictures to tell the story. You will find a full line of Eastman Kodaks, Films and supplies here. Leave films here for developing and printing—high grade work.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian
All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
Klemme - Iowa

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock
A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

Excursion to Canada

Where $560.00 will handle 160 acres of the very best wheat land situated in Saskatchewan, Canada, in localities where you have railroadr, good towns, modern farm buildings, schools, churches, good roads, telebhones. Balance purchase price can be arranged to suit purchaser. Now is your opportunity. Do not fsil to write or call on Charles F. Busch, Klemme, Iowa, Agent, for special excursion rates to land buyers.

Central Farm & Investment Co.
Fort Dodge, Iowa

"INDEX"

PERCHERON STALLION

Am now standing this fine stallion at my barn in Klemme. Phone me for dates. $15, guarantee colt.

Lloyd Lau, Owner
Phone 1409 ***Klemme, Iowa***

The
Klemme Meat Market
Fresh Meat

—because we dress all of the meat we sell—no risk of spoiling in fransit. It is a great deal of satisfaction to know that the meat you buy from us is Fresh.

Tender Meat

—because our meat is bought locally and selected by us. You want the best quality—so we buy the best.

We assure you of prompt service and reasonable prices.

J. P. Larsen & Sons, Props.

Only 2 Days left to Take Advantage of Our

Clearance Sale Prices

We had a good sale but only one-half the merchandise has been sold that should have under present conditions. The reduced prices we are making you are a real snap--take our advice, buy all you need in Clothing and Shoes as it means a real saving and comes just at the time you need goods in our line. Plenty of warm weather yet to come---

Fit yourself out in one of our neat Palm Beach or Mohair Suits and enjoy comfort.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes
16 STORES ***GARNER, IOWA***

Fordson Demonstation

At Ames, Iowa, on
Aug. 11 - 12 - 13

You will be more than ordinarily interested in the coming Fordson Power Farming Demonstration. This will be the world's first complete Fordson Power Demonstration to be held August 11 12 & 13th on a 100 acre farm adjoining the Iowa State College at Ames, Iowa.

The big national demonstrations of former years have not been complete— this one will be. Every possible drawbar and belt operation will be shown. It will be the occasion of the most complete assemblage of tractor drawn and tractor-driven machinery the world has ever seen.

It will be exclusively a Fordson Power Farming Demonstration. Fifty or more Fordson tractors, operated by Fordson farmer owners, will be shown each day. You will be able to see with your own eyes just what the Fordson can do in every job of farm work.

Engineers from the Iowa State College will assist in conducting a series of tests during the demonstration to show the work accomblished, power developed, cost of fuel, lubricants, etc. This data will be invaluable should you be considering the purchase of a tractor soon.

A fair sized party, indluding myself, will leave here Aug. 12th— you should arrange to go with us and learn how to farm more acres and receive greator profit. More than 250,000 new Fordson farmers will be added to the present 100,000 owners during the coming year. Power farmiug means greater profits.

Ed. G. Ell

Klemme - - ***Iowa***

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 47 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, July 29 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Are You Complying With This Law?

Better See to it That Your Lights Are Equipped With Diffusing Lens So You Will Be Playing Safe

IOWA ANTI-GLARE LAW IN BRIEF

Chapter 275, Laws of the 38th General Assembly, apropriate parts of Section 25—All motor vehicles in use on the public highways (except motorcycles, etc.) shall, during the period of from one-half hour after sunset to one hour before sunrise display two or more white or tinted lights, other than red, on the forward part of said vehicle, so placed as to be seen from the front, and of sufficient illuminating power to be visible at a distance of 500 feet in the direction in which displayed, and to reveal any persons, vehicles, or substantial object 75 feet ahead of the lamps. Such motor vehicle when in use shall display on the rear a lamp so constructed and placed as to show a red light from the rear and throw a white light directed upon the rear registration mark and render the numerals thereon visible for at least 50 feet in the direction from which the vehicle is proceeding; provided that the operator of any motor vehicle may proceed in a cautious and careful manner, in the event of a failure of one or more of his lights to operate, toward his destination, but shall take the first reasonable opportunity to put his lights in order, otherwise to be deemed guilty of violation of this provision. It shall be unlawful to use any lighting device of over four candle power, equipped with a reflector, unless the same shall be so designed or arranged that the directly reflected and undiffused beam of such light when measured 75 feet or more ahead of the light shall not rise above 42 inches from the level surface on which the vehicle stands under all conditions of load. Any vehicle equipped with auxiliary, light, projecting lights, or device other than the rear lamps shall be subject to all the restrictions of this section regarding direction of beam. If spot light is used it shall be unlawful o direct its rays towards the eyes of the driver or occupants of an approaching vehicle or to the left of the center of the traveled way when meeting another vehicle. No person shall operate a motor vehicle equipped with an electric bulb or other lighting device of a greater capacity than 32 candle power, no matter how the same may be shaded, covered or obscured.

SHERIFF GATHERS IN TWO STILLS AND SUPPLY OF BOOZE

Garner Signal—Hancock county's first arrest of anyone for running a still was made yesterday afternoon when Sheriff Ross went to Britt and captured one man and his still near the railroad transfer and another near Eagle Lake. A large amount of whiskey has been sold at Britt, and last Saturday night a number of young efllows drank some that came near killing them. They were partially paralyzed for a time. The Sheriff learned where some of this had been bought, and traced down his clue with the result that he brought home two men, two stills, two quarts of their whiskey and several gallons of mash.

Sam Harwald is the name of the fellow. He was operating about a half mile east of the transfer and was using a five gallon gasoline can for a still. It was at this place that the sheriff got two quarts of whiskey. Harwald is a beet weeder and has a wife and seven children.

John Eagle was located about four miles northeast of Britt. He had a copper-tubed still and was better prepared for business. He had no whiskey on hand but had a barrel about half full of mash made of wheat and raisins. He is also a beet weeder and has a wife and five children. Eagle had the mash souring in a galvanized iron tank, and where the mash was in the tank the galvanizing was all eaten off. It would sure take some constitution to stand a mixture that will eat the galvanizing off from galvanized iron.

Sheriff Ross brought his men and their outfits to Garner and a hearing will be held in a day or two.

DEMONSTRATION

The RONNING ENSILAGE HARVESTER will be demonstrated on the Roy Lawhorn farm north of Garner, on Saturday afternoon, July 31st, at 2:00 o'clock. The demonstration will be put on by the "Big Six." Everybody invited. 1p.

GEORGE, GRUETZMACHER,
Klemme, Iowa General Agent

Our Next President

HARDING SPEECH OF ACCEPTANCE A NEW KEYNOTE

Republican Nominee at Notification Ceremonies Discusses Problems Confronting Nation.

"HOLD HERITAGE AMERICAN NATIONALITY UNIMPAIRED"

Advocates Party Responsibility as Distinguished From Dictatorial and Autocratic Personal Rule—In Referring to League of Nations, Says We Do Not Mean to Shun a Single Responsibility of This Republic to World Civilization—Favors Protective Tariff, Merchant Marine, a Small Army, Woman Suffrage and National Budget.

Marion, O. (Special.)—Warren G. Harding was officially notified of his nomination as the Republican candidate for the presidency. His speech of acceptance is, in part, as follows:

Chairman Lodge, Members of Notification Committee, Members of National Committee, Ladies and Gentlemen: The message which you have formally conveyed brings to me a realization of responsibility which is not underestimated. It is a supreme test to interpret the covenant of a great political party, the activities of which are so woven into the history of this republic, and a very sacred and solemn undertaking to utter the faith and aspirations of the many millions who adhere to that party. The party platform has charted the way, yet, somehow, we have come to expect that interpretation which voices the faith of nominees who must assume specific tasks.

Let me be understood clearly from the very beginning. I believe in party sponsorship in government. I believe in party government as distinguished from personal government, individual, dictatorial, autocratic or what not.

No man is big enough to run this great republic. There never has been one. Such domination was never intended. Tranquility, stability, dependability—all are assured in party sponsorship, and we mean to renew the assurances which were rended in the cataclysmal war.

Our first commital is the restoration of representative popular government, under the Constitution, through the agency of the Republican party. Our vision includes more than a chief executive. We believe in a cabinet of highest capacity, equal to the responsibilities which our system contemplates, in whose councils the vice president, second official of the republic, shall be asked to participate. The same vision includes a cordial understanding and co-ordinated activities with a house of congress, fresh from the people, voicing the convictions which members bring from direct contact with the electorate, and cordial co-operation along with the restored functions of the senate, fit ing this call and knowing as I do the disposition of the congress, I promise you formal and effective peace so quickly as a Republican congress can pass its declaration for a Republican executive to sign.

It is better to be the free and disinterested agent of international justice and advancing civilization, with the covenant of conscience, than be shackled by a written compact which surrenders our freedom of action and gives to a military alliance the right to proclaim America's duty to the world. No surrender of rights to a world council or its military alliance, no assumed mandatory, however appealing, ever shall summon the sons of this republic to war. Their supreme sacrifice shall only be asked for America and its call of honor. There is a sanctity in that right we will not delegate.

Disposed as we are, the way is very simple. Let the failure attending assumption, obstinacy, impracticability and delay be recognized, and let us find the big, practical, unselfish way to do our part, neither covetous because of ambition nor hesitant through fear, but ready to serve ourselves, humanity and God. With a senate advising as the Constitution contemplates I would hopefully approach the nations of Europe and of the earth, proposing that understanding which makes us a willing participant in the consecration of nations to a new relationship, to commit the moral forces of the world, America included, to peace and international justice, still leaving America free, independent and self-reliant, but offering friendship to all the world.

It is folly to close our eyes to outstanding facts. Humanity is restive, much of the world is in revolution, the agents of discord and destruction have wrought their tragedy in pathetic Russia, have lighted their torches among other peoples, and hope to see America as a part of the great red conflagration. Ours is the temple of liberty under the law, and it is ours to call the Sons of Opportunity to its defense. America must not only save herself, but ours must be the appealing voice to sober the world.

It must be understood that toil alone makes for accomplishment and advancement, and righteous possession is the reward of toil, and its incentive. There is no progress except in the stimulus of competition.

The chief trouble today is that the World war wrought the destruction of healthful competition, left our storehouses empty, and there is a minimum production when our need is maximum. Maximums, not minimums, is the call of America. It isn't a new story, because war never fails to leave depleted storehouses and always impairs the efficiency of production. War also establishes its higher standards for wages, and they abide. I wish the higher wage to abide, on one explicit condition—that the wage earner will give full return for the wage received.

I want, somehow, to appeal to the sons and daughters of the republic, to every producer, to join hand and brain in production, more production, honest production, patriotic production, because patriotic production is no less a defense of our best civilization than that of armed force. Profiteering is a crime of commission. under-production is a crime of omission. We must work our most and best, else the destructive reaction will come.

The menacing tendency of the present day is not chargeable wholly to the unsettled and fevered conditions caused by the war. The manifest weakness in popular government lies in the temptation to appeal to grouped citizenship for political advantage.

It would be the blindness of folly to ignore the activities in our own country which are aimed to destroy our economic system and to commit us to the colossal tragedy which has destroyed all freedom and made Russia impotent. This movement is not to be halted in throttled liberties. We must not abridge the freedom of speech, the freedom of press, or the freedom of assembly, because there is no promise in repression. These liberties are as sacred as the freedom of religious belief, as inviolable as the rights of life and the pursuit of happiness. We do hold the right to crush sedition, to stifle a menacing contempt for law, to stamp out a peril to the safety of the republic or its people when emergency calls, because security and the majesty of the law are the first essentials of liberty. He who threatens destruction of the government by force or flaunts his contempt for lawful authority, ceases to be a loyal citizen and forfeits his rights to the freedom of the republic.

Continued next week

The Orange in Spain.

It is considered a very healthful thing to eat an orange before breakfast. But who can eat an orange well? One must go to Spain to see that done. The senorita cuts off the rind with her silver knife; then, putting her fork into the peeled fruit, she detaches every morsel with her pearly teeth and continues to eat the orange without losing a drop of the juice and lays down the core with the fork still in it.—Exchange.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

We have revised our mailing list and have made all changes up to date. Look at the label and see when your subscription is due. The list should be accurate and if we have made any mistake in putting the wrong date on your label let us know at once and we will gladly make the correction.

There are a few subscribers who are back on their subscriptions and we ask those who are not up to date with their subscriptions to please pay up, either come to the office or mail your check. Remember we want our list up to date and paid up in advance.

It is a big job to re-set a mailing list and get all the names and dates correct and so if we have made a mistake let us know at once so we can get it correct.

LABOR SAVNG DEVICE

Shocking Cut Grain Without The Aid Of Men

The following item is taken from the Ackley World-Journal and may be quite interesting to the farmers here. The article is as follows:

Ralph Janssen and Fred Meinberg are the first farmers in this vicinity to use the new attachments to binders for the purpose of shocking oats or other grain. The bundles are thrown back on a platform until there are about seven bundles when they are all picked up and bound by twine and thrown on the ground in a standing position, eliminating the men who formerly followed the binder and did the work by hand.

Continuing on along this line, in time about all a farmer will need to do will be to wield a wand, fairy-like, and say, "grain be cut and stacked"—and after that "Hustle off to the machine and be threshed."

One surprise follows another.

Editor's Note—To the above we can cast further light on the wonderful machine. It was our privilege several years ago to see the first and also the second machine which the inventor constructed at the little town of Whittemore. We believe it is the same machine as the one described above. We had quite a talk with the man whoi nvented the machine and like all men who invent something of great use and time saving, he was discouraged because he could not get the necessary backing to go ahead with the work. We believe he sold the patent to one of the big machi e companies who are now making the shocker. The first machine was very curious and crude in it's working, but the inventor had the right idea and the second machine was built of steel instead of wood and was greatly improved. We saw this machine work in the field and it did good work. It was attached to the binder, on the side where the bundles dropped. The bundles as they came out were grabbed by "fingers," elevated on a carriage and when eight had been assembled they were set down. Later the inventor added the twine tying device to better hold the bundles and also he was working on a device to "cap" the shocks, but we believe he was not successful in this attempt. It is a great machine and no doubt some of our Klemme farmers will be using them.

FATAL AUTO ACCIDENT NEAR CLEAR LAKE

Last Friday morning a fatal auto accident occurred near Clear Lake. As we get it from reliable authority, a farmer by name of Jensen had gone to Clear Lake to get his new car. He had never driven a car and was taking it to his home between Clear Lake and Ventura. When he came to the crossing on the Milwaukee west of Clear Lake just beyond the detour he drove up on the track and perhaps did not notice the fast approaching passenger from the west. It is not known whether he saw the train or not, but evidently his engine stalled on the sharp up-grade and before he could get started the train had hit him. He was carried in the car for a distance of over twelve hundred feet on the cowcatcher of the engine and the auto was smashed all to pieces when the train was finally stopped. The man was instantly killed but was not badly mangled as was reported. He had a few bruises and cuts on his face and body. There is not enough left of the car to even tell about. We caught a glimpse of the car from the road on our way to Mason City Saturday and all we could see was part of a broken engine, some bent up steel and a wheel sticking up.

Palm Beach, Crash and Flannel Suits

We are going to extend the special sale on the above mentioned two-piece suits the balance of this work. Plenty of hot weather yet to come.

Prices $10 to $22.50

SHOES--Get lined up with us on our special weight shoes for the harvest. Some desire a light weight, some a medium or heavy--we have them and are specially pricing them for this week at

$2.89, $3.49, $2.98, and $4.39

We sold more work shoes last week than at any previous week in the history of the store. ***There's a reason***--we buy in quantities. Get the habit of looking for these special values coming at the opportune time they do.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

GARNER, IOWA

16 STORES

AMERICA MAKES BIG DISKS NOW

Lens Manufacturers Solve Difficult Problem With the Aid of Scientists.

CATCHING UP WITH GERMANY

All Mechanical Difficulties in Making of Large Telescopic Disks Have Been Overcome—Process Is Delicate One.

New York.—Large telescope disks are being made in the United States. All mechanical difficulties have been overcome, according to an announcement made by Dr. George W. Morey, a member of the American Chemical society.

This remarkable achievement is due to preparation and handling of the ingredients required for pure and flawless glass and is the result of experiments begun at the outbreak of the world war, under the auspices of the geophysical laboratory of the Carnegie Institution in Washington.

Catching Up With Germany.

Before 1914 practically all the optical glass in the United States was imported from Germany. When the United States entered the war the field glasses, range finders, telescopes and other instruments of precision used by her army and navy were equipped with lenses fashioned beyond the Rhine. Private citizens even loaned or contributed opera glasses and binoculars to the fighting forces.

Optical glass of fine quality, however, is now to be had on this side of the water. The climax of this achievement of industrial chemistry has been reached by American makers in the manufacture of lenses for telescopes. At first disks which strengthened our view were made three or four inches in diameter. Recently a special four and three-quarter inch lens was ground for Lowell observatory at Flagstaff, Ariz.

The first nine and one-half inch disk was turned out last December. Six others have since been made and delivered. As their diameters increase disks are made with greater difficulty. Finally, on February 15, 1920, the first perfect 12-inch disk was furnished, and a large optical glass corporation now lists this size for short-time delivery.

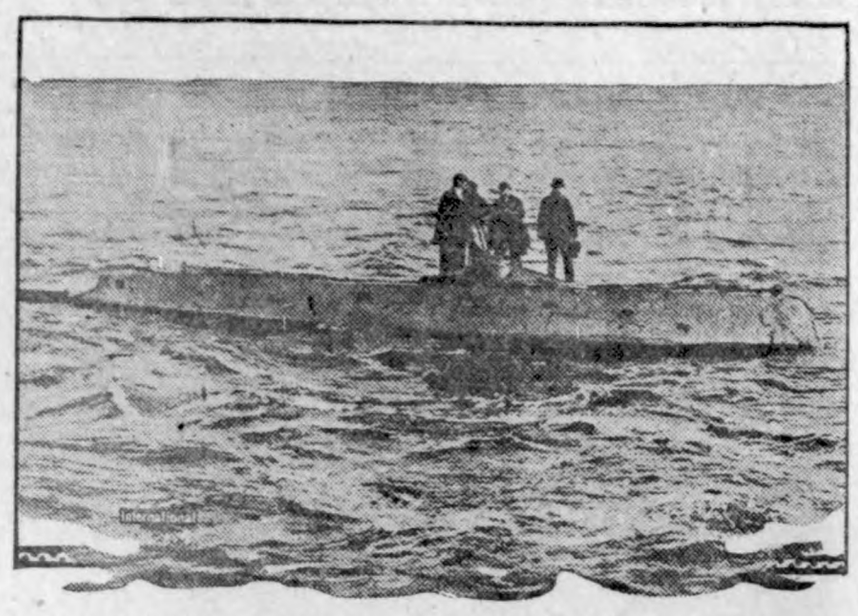
Making Larger Disks.

The next size attempted was a 20-inch disk, in the manufacture of which the problem was still more complex. Several flawless ones were produced, but they cracked in the annealing process. American ingenuity was brought into play to devise a means of slowly cooling these immense plates of glass, so that they might be free from the strain so likely to destroy them. Experiments by scientists of the geophysical laboratory showed exactly how slowly their temperatures must be lowered, and the cooling schedule outlined was closely followed. Owing, however, to the extreme cold weather of last March and the shortage of gas, this schedule could not be followed. One splendid disk strained and broke just when nearly ready to be taken from the oven.

Equipment hitherto used was then scrapped and an electric furnace was specially designed to meet the needs of the problem by experts of an electric company. This device is thoroughly insulated and provided with an automatic appliance which will hold the temperature absolutely constant to a fraction of a degree while the glass is being treated to remove strain. The temperature can be dropped a few degrees a week.

With the aid of this furnace now in process of construction it is believed that the last difficulty in the way of the American manufacture of the largest disks will be overcome. Orders have already been accepted for the production of several large guaranteed disks, including one pair of the 18-inch size for refracting telescopes, and a 36-inch disk for a reflecting telescope. The furnace will receive the 40-inch size. When that goal has been reached, the company will continue the development, so that eventually the largest and finest disks in the world will be American made.

One of the First Submarines



One of the first submarines ever built by John P. Holland, their inventor, of whom it is said that he conceived the idea of submarines as a means of destroying the British navy. Holland was an ardent Fenian and associate of many Irish patriots who have gone down into history. Leaders of the Revolutionary party in Ireland became interested in Holland's idea and commissioned him to build a trial submarine. He built it well enough, but on its trial spin on Long Island Sound it was struck by a coal barge and quickly sunk. The discouraged Irish leaders gave up the idea. Later Holland built his first successful submarine, "The Holland," which was accepted by the United States government in 1897. "The Holland" is here shown on her trial spin.

Marks New Era In U. S. Flying

All Metal Plane Will Revolutionize Aircraft Design and Construction.

BIG ADVANCE IN SCIENCE

Frail Spruce and Linen Ship That Did Its Bit in War and Has Been Used in Commerce Will Be Displaced by All Metal Type.

New York.—The presence in America of John M. Larsen's JL-6 all metal monoplane will completely revolutionize aircraft design and construction, according to statements made here by leading airplane manufacturers.

The frail spruce and linen ship that did its bit in the war and that has been used successfully, though precariously, in commerce will soon be displaced by the sturdy all metal type brought out after the war by the Germans, almost every aeronautical expert who has witnessed the performance of the JL-6 agrees. One American manufacturing company has already announced its intention of discontinuing operations.

The War Plane Passes.

There is little comparison between the JL-6 and the old type plane.

The only type of airplane that was successful prior to the JL-6's appearance was the wood and linen biplane. The wing beams, the long fuselage, the engine bearers, the struts, the under-carriage were made of either spruce or ash and the wings were covered with Irish linen. The fuselage between the wings gave support to the panels. It was a strong ship; only a cyclone or a crash could warp the wings around the fuselage.

But it appears as fragile and delicate as a china vase beside the JL-6. There is an all metal fuselage. One metal wing spreads from each side of the body, a wing that measures eight or ten inches in thickness at the leading edge, and has a trailing edge as thick as the blade of your knife. There are no interwing struts to offer wind resistance, no control horns on the ailerons, no flying or landing wires, no control wires free to the wind. It has been said that the flying, landing and control wires of the old type ship cut down its speed by as much as twenty-five miles an hour.

Wings Survive Side Slip.

The wings of the JL-6 are so rigid that only a head on crash will injure them. One plane that side slipped to the earth was immediately righted and flown away after a new propeller had been put on. Not even the fuselage to which the metal panels are attached was injured. Eighty-five men have stood upon the forty-seven foot spread without causing any ill effects.

The body of the plane contains a luxuriously furnished compartment that will seat in upholstered chairs six people. Two pilots may be seated in the control compartment. The motive power is furnished by a 160 horsepower Mercedes engine. It requires five gallons of gasoline to fly 100 miles. Present aeronautical motors require from ten to fifteen gallons for that distance. The motor is almost silent, compared to the deafening roar of the Liberty. A conversation can be carried on in the cabin with the motor wide open.

According to Mr. Larsen, the JL-6 represents the greatest step forward in flying in all time. He has purchased all American rights, from the Junker company of Germany, which first perfected the all metal plane. It was from an all metal battle plane that the boche shot down Maj. Raoul Lufberry in the most heroic air battle of the war. Dr. Hugo Junker, German engineer, is the original designer of the all metal ship.

NEED WEAPONS FOR SAFETY

German Farmers Reluctant to Surrender Their Firearms, Says Cabinet Minister.

Berlin.—There is a reluctance on the part of some German farmers to surrender their firearms, due to "the legitimate desire to protect their homes against marauders," Minister of Agriculture Braun said to a Tageblatt representative.

He added, however, that a number of farmers have been "storing arms deliberately for subversive purposes," but he said that these were not as numerous as generally believed.

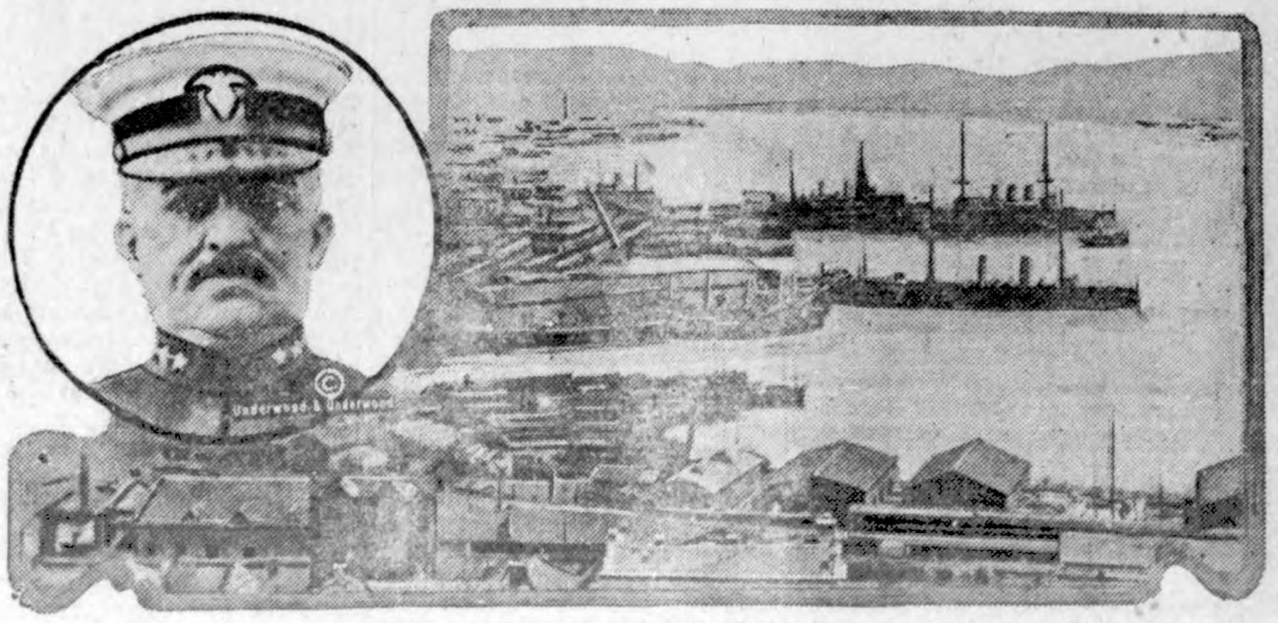
"If the people only will keep their heads," Herr Braun said, "I do not believe there will be any organized outbreak in the near future. The rural situation at this time inspires confidence."

Vets Receive Money Due Half Century

Lansing.—Two Civil war veterans, each more than 80, received aid from the state, which was due more than half a century ago, when the board of state auditors granted them their unpaid bounty and interest.

They were the oldest ten who were similarly treated at the same session.

With the U. S. Navy at Vladivostok



The picture shows a view of Vladivostok harbor showing the United States battleship New Orleans in the foreground, a Japanese battleship next, and a Chinese battleship in the rear. The insert shows Admiral A. S. Gleaves, commanding the American naval force.

1—Greek troops in vicinity of Smyrna advancing against Turks. 2—Members of 1921 class of West Point getting practical training at Camp Dix. 3.—John F. Moakley, veteran coach of Cornell, appointed mentor of America's Olympic track and field teams, and his twin granddaughters.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Entente Allies Discover They Must Defend Poland Against Russian Bolsheviki.

EAST PRUSSIA THREATENED

King Feisal of Syria Yields to French —Drys Nominate Watkins—Harding Is Notified and Cox Declares for Wilson's League Policy—Rail Workers Offered Wage Increase.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

International attention was centered during the week on the Russo-Polish situation, in which the diplomats found plenty to disturb their equanimity. In the first place, the Moscow government, replying to the British note asking if it would arrange an armistice with Poland, rejected in substance the British proposals. The Reds declined to go to London for any peace conference, holding that Great Britain is not impartial, and, in language so sarcastic that it hurt the feelings of the English statesmen, made it clear that they could deal with Poland direct. Their next move was to send a wireless message to Warsaw expressing regret that Poland had seen fit to deal through the allies and suggesting that conversations on peace be conducted between the two governments without consulting or considering outsiders. So far as is known at this writing, the Poles have not replied definitely to this invitation, but a London report said they had been told to apply for an armistice in order to test the sincerity of Moscow.

Meanwhile, the soviet forces opened a general attack all along the line from the Roumanian border to the Pripet marshes, and though at first the Poles repulsed them in most places, at one point they broke across the border and were fighting on Polish soil. North of the Pripet the Reds moved rapidly and took Grodno. Their evident objective was Warsaw, and the civilians of that city were preparing to take flight, some already having left. American relief organizations were ready to quit the city, and the Red Cross was shifting part of its headquarters to Cracow.

In their advance through Lithuanian territory the bolsheviki seem to be threatening an invasion of East Prussia, and the German government is preparing to defend that region desperately. Fifty thousand of the best reichswehr troops have been mobilized and Berlin feels confident they can prevent an invasion if they can be maintained near the border. The danger, however, is that as the soviet army draws near the bolshevik elements in other parts of Germany may break out and cause a scattering of those defense troops and leave open to the Russians the way into East Prussia. No doubt Germany will take advantage of the conditions to ask leave to mobilize more of her regular troops, and also it is likely the threat of invasion will bring to light vast stores of concealed arms, including artillery.

Early in the week Ignace Paderewski was made Polish plenipotentiary to Paris and his return to power was taken as evidence that the Poles were willing to make peace with the Russians direct. The musician-statesman was expected to placate Lloyd George and Millerand. Pilsudsky, Polish chief of state, had refused to withdraw his armies to the lines specified by Lloyd George, insisting that national safety required the holding of the line of Baranowitz-Pinsk-Dubno.

As a result of the Spa conference Great Britain and France are pledged to support Poland against Russian aggression, and they intend to give this support in the form of arms and munitions; men also will be supplied if this is considered necessary by British and French missions that have just been sent to Warsaw. But the British government is greatly vexed with the Poles. Premier Lloyd George on Wednesday gave voice to this feeling in a statement to the house of commons. He said, "If ever a nation in history has gone war mad, that nation is Poland" and characterized its course as reckless and foolish. This, however, he asserted, does not justify the crushing of the new nation, adding: "The whole fabric of European peace depends on an independent Poland. There is no time for the machinery of the League of Nations to interfere. If the bolsheviks overrun Poland and reach the German frontier, they deprive the allies of the entire fruits of victory." If the Russian bolsheviki decline to come to terms, the allies will give material aid not only to the Poles, but also to Gen. Baron Wrangel and others who are fighting the soviet government.

For the present France's trouble in Syria seems to be over. According to a report from Beirut, King Feisal of Syria has accepted all the terms of General Gouraud's ultimatum and it is believed the French can now occupy the territory assigned them without further attacks. Feisal had been informed that Great Britain would not support him, taking the position that his independence is not inconsistent with a French mandate over Syria. At the time he yielded the French troops were ready to move on Damascus, his capital.

Operations in Anatolia ceased for a time, Kemal Pasha and his nationalists being held in check, but in Thrace there were signs of the outbreak of a new Balkan war. The Greeks, to whom western Thrace was awarded, had not advanced far inland, but according to reports Bulgaria, which claimed the territory, was getting into action against them, and had called the class of 1921 to the colors. The Bulgarian irregulars were helping Jafar Tayar, who, with headquarters at Adrianople, is trying to hold western Thrace for Turkey.

It was a lively week in Ireland. Several British officers were assassinated, at least one town was looted and partly burned, and there was desperate fighting in Belfast in which a number of persons were killed. The opposing forces in that city were Sinn Fein and Orangemen employees in the shipyards.

Bloody battles in the vicinity of Peking marked the progress of the civil war in China early in the week, and then came the news that the rebels had been defeated and had given up the struggle against the government.

The Prohibition party met in national convention in Lincoln, Neb., and rather surprised itself by nominating William J. Bryan for president at the first session. The nomination was made by acclamation and came after a stampede of the delegates started by the adoption of a resolution "tendering" the honor to the Nebraskan. On Thursday Bryan absolutely declined, so the convention named Rev. Aaron S. Watkins of Germantown, O., and gave the second place to D. Leigh Colvin of New York.

Formal opening of the Republican presidential campaign came with the notification of Senator Harding that he was the party's standard bearer and the delivery of his speech of acceptance. This took place in his home town, Marion, where most of the big party leaders and many thousands of others had assembled. Here are some of the salient points in the senator's speech:

"I believe in party government as distinguished from personal government, individual, dictatorial, autocratic or what not."

"Our vision includes more than a chief executive. We believe in a cabinet of highest capacity, equal to the responsibilities which our system contemplates, in whose councils the vice president, second official of the republic, shall be asked to participate."

"I promise you formal and effective peace so quickly as a Republican congress can pass its declaration for a Republican executive to sign."

"No surrender of rights to a world council or its military alliance, no assumed mandatory however appealing, ever shall summon the sons of this republic to war. Their supreme sacrifice shall only be asked for Americ and its call of honor."

"We approve collective bargaining

"Gross expansion of currency a credits has depreciated the dollar. W will attempt intelligent and cour geous deflation."

"When competition—natural, fair- pelling competition—is suppresse whether by law, compact or conspi acy we halt the march of progres silence the voice of aspiration a paralyze the will for achievement."

"The human element comes firs and I want the employers in industr to understand the aspirations, th convictions, the yearnings of millio of American wage earners."

"War establishes its higher stan ards for wages and they abide. I wi the higher wage to abide, on one e plicit condition—that the wage-earn will give full return for the wage re ceived."

Governor Cox and Franklin D Roosevelt began the week with lengthy conference with President Wil son in the White House. After th meeting it was formally announce that the president and the Democra ic nominees are in full accord on th League of Nations issue. Governo Cox said:

"We are agreed as to the meanin and sufficiency of the Democratic pla form and the duty of the party in th face of the threatened bad faith to th world in the name of America. H thought is still of the war and th pledges we gave to those who sacr ficed. What he promised, I shall, elected, endeavor with all my strengt to give."

The president announced that h had found, what he already knew, tha Governor Cox and he were "absolute at one with respect to the great issu of the League of Nations and tha he is ready to be the champion in e ery respect of the honor of the na tion and the secure peace of th world."

On Tuesday the Democratic natio al committee met in Columbus, O., prepare for the campaign. Mr. Cox choice for chairman was Edmund Moore, his pre-convention manage but Mr. Moore absolutely declined. Th governor then asked the election former Congressman George White Marietta, and the committee, most whose members were said to fav the retention of Homer S. Cummin in the place, yielded and named M White. To comply with the rules la down by the San Francisco conventio Mr. Moore resigned from the comm tee and Mr. White was elected in h place. Governor Cox is to be notifie on August 7 and Roosevelt two day later.

Whether or not to accept a wage i crease of $600,000,000 yearly, inclu ing about $140,000,000 back pay, w the proposition put up to the rail wor ers of the country last week by th United States railway labor board. T long awaited award was announc in Chicago to the representatives eighteen brotherhoods and unions, a it really did not please them at a as they demanded approximately tw as much. Some of the members the grand council were not empower to accept the award finally, so a re erendum vote of the two million r workers becomes necessary. The chie of one union, the Order of Railw Telegraphers, rejected the award, a they called for a referendum vote strike.

Of course the railway executives once began looking for means to p the advanced wages, and they alrea have worked out a schedule of in creased rates, both freight and pa enger, for presentation to the int state commerce commission. The pa enger increase asked is from one h to one per cent per mile. That f freight will undoubtedly be heavy.

In the death of William K. Vande bilt in Paris one of America's lead financiers and sportsmen passed. H inherited a large share of th vast estate of his father, and i believed to have left a fortune of be tween $50,000,000 and $100,000,0 Despite his wealth he worked his w up from the bottom in the railro business.

Another death of the week, inte esting but not important, was that Joachim, youngest son of the form kaiser. Distressed by financial di culties, he committed suicide in Ber

TO PREVENT BEES SWARMING

and Suggestions on Subject Given by Professor Conradi of Clemson.

CHAMBER TOO SMALL

tion of Honey Gatherers Can Greatly Reduced by Proper agement—How Swarm May Hived to Best Advantage.

t the problems of the beekeep- Prof. A. F. Conradi, entomolo- how to prevent bees from g. The following questions wers taken from information . 9, published recently by the n service of Clemson college, brief form expert advice and ons on this subject:

y do bees swarm?

bee colony is divided into , drones (or male bees), and . Normally the queen alone s, and to perpetuate their race lonies are necessary. This is tural way of increase.

at are conditions that induce g?

he brood chamber may be too llowing too little egg-laying (b) There may be too little space. (c) There may be lack lation. (d) There may be too rones.

what season is swarming most t?

y in early spring, but it may t any time during honey flow itions named in No. 2 are not ed.

an swarming be entirely pre-

but it can be greatly reduced per management.

Why should swarming be pre- as far as possible?

eep the working force together. ve full of bees is worth more ny number of weak colonies. re there two queens in the hive rming time?

rally not. The young queen t yet come out of the queen The old queen leaves with the warm.

ow may swarming be reduced sibly prevented?

If the brood chamber becomes d, add another brood chamber. bees cluster out, it may be due owded condition, or lack of ven- . Ventilate the hive and add when necessary. If possible drone comb and also queen

ow may a swarm be hived to dvantage?

When the swarm has settled, or brush it into the new hive.

Swarming Bees.

emove the old hive from which warm came and place it where ant it to remain in the future. lace the hive containing the new on the old stand. The first returning home will enter the ive on the old stand; by night ajority of bees are again in the ive on the old stand, making a colony.

ONING GOPHERS IS EASY

Strychnine Sulphate on Pieces of egetable of Some Kind and Shove in Hole.

easiest way to poison gophers ut pieces of strychnine sulphate, the size of half a wheat grain, ces of potato, carrots or turnips, take a sharp stick and push it into the soft earth around the d. Put the pieces of poisoned rial down into these places and gophers will get it. This way keeps stock and children from g it up. It has been proven to ry efficient in ridding the field.

H SOIL FOR LATE GARDEN

Withstand Summer Heat and rought Plants Must Have Well-Prepared Seed Bed.

e garden seeds should be plant- very rich and well-prepared soil. and summer heat and endure se- drought the plants must have mellow soil, and it must be kept t condition, if possible.

USE AX IF DISEASE DEVELOPS IN FLOCK

Chicks Will Not Grow Properly if Not Healthy.

Far Better Plan to Prevent Ailments Than to Attempt to Cure an Ailing Fowl—Give Good Attention to Their Houses.

Disease is one of the handicaps to successful poultry keeping and should be guarded against at all times. Unless kept in a healthy condition, chicks will not grow properly and mature fowls will lose their vigor and vitality and become unproductive and unprofitable.

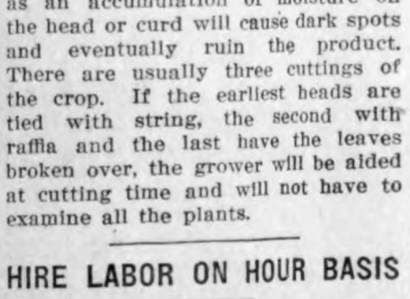
It is far better to prevent disease by proper care and attention than to attempt to cure a bird after it is sick. Therefore it is important to watch the flock closely at all times for any signs of disease, so in case an outbreak occurs it may be checked at once. Prevention is always better than cure, and all those who wish to succeed with poultry should give their birds such good care and keep their houses so well cleaned and disinfected that both fowls and chicks will keep hardy and vigorous.

Some diseases may be treated successfully, while others of a more serious nature usually prove fatal. If only one or two birds of a flock become sick it is usually advisable to kill them immediately (unless they are choice specimens) and burn or bury the carcasses, say poultry specialists in the United States department of agriculture. If the birds are kept and an attempt is made to doctor or cure them the disease may prove contagious and spread throughout the entire flock.

AXLE USEFUL AS GATE HINGE

Illustration Shows How Discarded Part of Wagon or Other Implement May Be Utilized.

On almost every farm can be found an old wagon or implement wheel with its axle. The illustration shows how it can be made to form one side and a very effective hinge for the farm gate.



An Old Axle, With Parts of the Two Wheels Remaining Upon It Forms an Essential Part of This Easy-Working Farm Gate.

The axle is set upright with the slats of the gate bolted to it. The lower end of the axle should be fitted with an old hub to serve as a bearing. The hub on the upper end should have at least one spoke remaining in it, so that the latter can be thrust through a hole bored in the gate post. Some stout wire, or iron strips, will be necessary to hold the hub up against the post.

PRODUCE BEST CAULIFLOWER

Tie Leaves Over Head to Protect It From Sun or Weather—Three Cuttings of Crop.

When the cauliflower head is about the size of a dollar, the leaves should be tied or twisted over the head to protect it from sun and weather. This method should produce a perfectly white product. The leaves should be so tied that snow or rain that enters may find a ready exit at the bottom, as an accumulation of moisture on the head or curd will cause dark spots and eventually ruin the product. There are usually three cuttings of the crop. If the earliest heads are tied with string, the second with raffia and the last have the leaves broken over, the grower will be aided at cutting time and will not have to examine all the plants.

HIRE LABOR ON HOUR BASIS

Specialist Says Farmers Will Find Employing Hands on That Plan Advantageous.

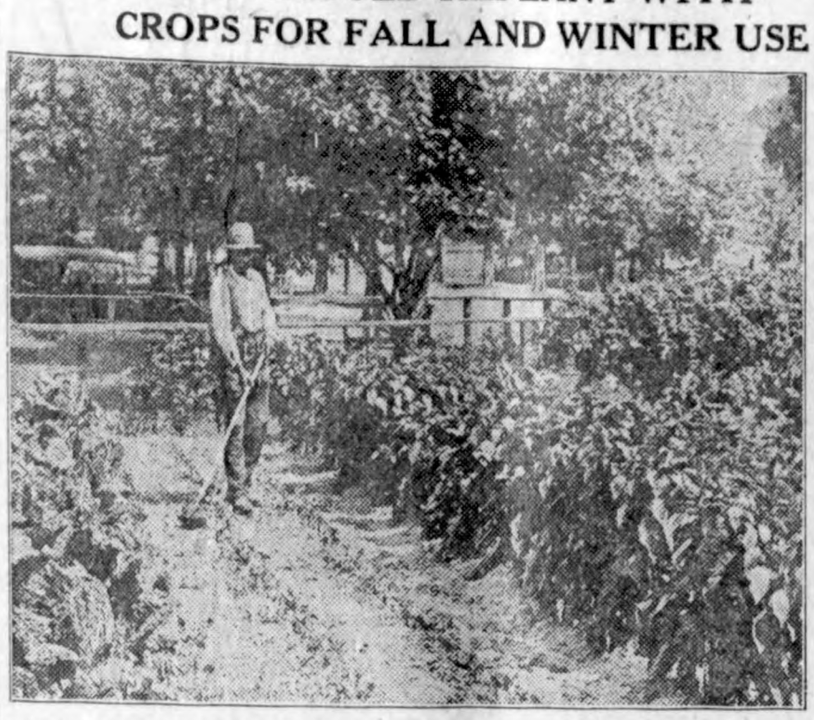
Experience the last several seasons, says W. L. Cavert, farm management specialist of the Minnesota College of Agriculture, indicates that farmers will find it advantageous to employ harvest and threshing labor on the hour basis instead of the day basis. "The hour plan," says Mr. Cavert, "is absolutely fair to both farmer and laborer and has the advantage that the help is not likely to object when it seems necessary to put in long hours."

FEW WEEDS ARE DESIRABLE

Detailed Purity Test Will Enable Farmer to Decide Whether He Wants Weeds or Not.

Not all weeds are equally undesirable in fields, hence a detailed purity test showing the various weeds in a sample will enable the farmer to decide whether he is willing to plant the weed seeds his sample contains or whether he will look farther for pure seed. Clean seed is always obtainable, usually at a somewhat higher price. The decision must be made on an accurate and detailed test of the seed under consideration.

GARDENERS SHOULD REPLANT WITH CROPS FOR FALL AND WINTER USE



Making the Best of the Replanting Season—Hoeing His Second Crop of Snap Beans.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

To get the most out of the home garden a number of crops, such as snap beans, beets, lettuce, radishes and peas, should be planted at intervals to insure a continuous supply. In the case of snap beans as many as five plantings may be made in some sections of the country. In the southern part of the United States special attention should be given to the late planting of the semihardy crops for late fall and winter use. These crops include spinach, kale, cabbage, collards, turnips, lettuce and winter onions. The late-planted crops generally give the best vegetables for winter storage. Beans, peas, carrots and beats for canning purposes should be grown either very early in the season or quite late, in order to get the finest quality of canned goods. A late-planted crop of snap beans often yields an abundant supply of very tender pods which are ready for canning just before the first frosts. These usually make a better quality of canned product than do those grown at a time when they mature during the heated portion of the season.

Too much stress cannot be placed upon the need for gardeners to produce Irish potatoes during the remainder of the season. It is now time to begin thinking about planting a late crop in sections where a late crop is grown. In the southern part of the United States a late crop may be planted in July or August, provided enough moisture is in the ground to give the seed a start.

Gardeners are advised to plant the standard crops and varieties, leaving the fancy kinds of vegetables and the novelties off their list.

Throughout the greater portion of the South a very excellent crop of sweet potatoes may be grown by taking vine cuttings from those that have been previously planted and inserting these in ridges in place of rooted plants. The sweet potatoes grown from vine cuttings are usually free from disease and are smooth and uniform, making them very desirable for winter storage.

In many sections peas can be planted as late as September and will yield a very nice crop before cold weather sets in. For this purpose the early or quick-maturing sorts should be used.

Can or Store Vegetables.

Large quantities of garden vegetables are lost through want of suitable means of taking care of the surplus This can be done either by canning or by storage, depending upon the kind of vegetable to be cared for. The secret of filling the pantry shelves with canned goods is to can a little every day during the season when vegetables are plentiful in the garden. Storage facilities either in the form of a special room in the cellar or a suitable outdoor storage pit should be provided. In a few instances arrangements with the local cold storage or ice factory for the partitioning off of a small compartment in their ice storage room in which vegetables that should be stored at a temperature near the freezing point may be kept. This class of storage is especially desirable for apples and Irish potatoes. Sweet potatoes should always be stored in a warm place and given plenty of ventilation.

In planning the garden operations for the balance of the season, it is well to take into consideration all of the above features. First, grow the kind of vegetables that are needed for canning and storage; and, second, make provision to can or store all that are not needed for immediate use.

FAST WIRE SERVICE GIVES PROMPT NEWS

Information Is Vital to Intelligent Food Distribution.

Telegraphic Reports Sent From Big Market Centers Every Fifteen Minutes During Day—Much Spoilage Is Avoided.

The federal bureau of markets news services on live stock and meats, hay, feeds, and seeds, and dairy products, and fruits and vegetables, are designed to keep before producers, distributors, and consumers a picture of the movement of important crops to market, the supplies arriving in all of the principal consuming and distributing centers and the wholesale prices prevailing in each. To make its reports of the greatest practical usefulness, the bureau has equipped itself with the fastest system of communication available. Its branch offices in the great consuming and distributing markets are connected with leased telegraphed lines and operated by bureau telegraphers. These wires are busy from eight to twelve hours a day in the transmission of market information which is vital to intelligent and systematic food distribution.

From the time the live stock markets open in the morning until the close of the day's business, the bureau's representatives at Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha and East St. Louis send out a telegraphic report from one or the other of these markets every 15 minutes. The sales of live stock in the Chicago yards alone average more than $3,000,000 a day and the value of the live stock sold in the public stock yards of this country is more than $5,000,000,000 annually—figures indicating the importance of supplying information that is authoritative.

When a market is oversupplied with a product—particularly a highly perishable fruit or vegetable—a great waste results. The product spoils and becomes unfit for use and the dealers suffer a financial loss on account of this spoilage and also on account of the fact that they must sell their stocks at a sacrifice in order to dispose of them at all. Gluts of this kind used to occur frequently and were nearly always coincident with a scarcity of food in another place. Since the market news service on fruits and vegetables was instituted, this situation has improved materially.

STANDARDIZING FARM PRODUCTS WILL HELP

Recognized as Fundamental to Improved Marketing.

Prevents Waste and Shipment of Diseased With Sound Fruits and Vegetables—Much Loss to Shipper Can Be Avoided.

Standardization of farm products is being widely recognized as fundamental to improvement in marketing. Without well-recognized, acceptable, standard grades, the various market news services of the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, cannot be made fully effective because there must be a recognized basis for buying and selling, a common language through which grower, shipper, transportation company and dealer may clearly understand one another.

Standardization, moreover, eliminates waste and prevents the shipment of diseased with sound fruits and vegetables and of over-ripe with properly matured specimens. Failure properly to classify products before shipment frequently results in deterioration, decay and inefficient distribution. Much of this loss might be prevented by sorting products into grades at the point of production, packing each grade separately to minimize contamination, and converting inferior or unmerchantable grades into by-products.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Clover seed may be grown on almost any kind of soil.

* * *

Pasturing high-priced land is profitable if handled right.

* * *

The high cost of sugar makes honey a very valuable crop.

* * *

Flax would make a good crop to plant on unused acreage.

* * *

If it is necessary to supplement the pasture, Sudan grass is satisfactory.

* * *

Clean seed will not always grow, hence it is necessary to have seed tested for germination.

DAIRY POINTS

RETAIN PUREBRED BULL CALF

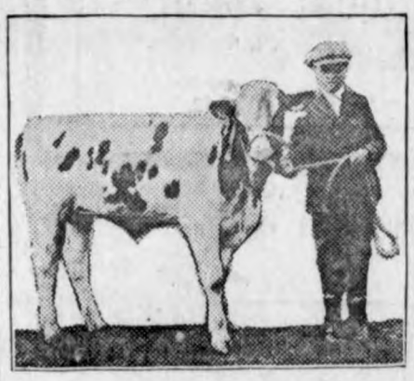
Good Dairyman Knows Value of Young Animal in Way of Improving Grade Herd.

Nature has her own percentage rules which are as infallible, in the long run, as the dealer's margin at a Monte Carlo gambling resort. According to this inflexible law of averages, there are about as many bull calves born each year as there are heifer calves.

Every good dairyman knows the value of a purebred sire of good record, and what such an animal may accomplish in the way of improving a grade or scrub herd. Despite their acknowledged value, it appears that 73,000 purebred bull calves of dairy breeds were killed for veal or were fattened for beef in 1918.

A chart has been prepared by the dairy division, United States department of agriculture, which furnishes a graphic illustration of what happened to the purebred bull calves in 1918.

The line representing purebred Holstein-Friesian cows registered in 1918



Farmers Are Urged to Conserve Their Purebred Bull Calves Wherever Practical Instead of Butchering Them.

runs out to 80,000. The line for the bulls of this breed registered during the same year extends only to 30,000. The difference, 50,000, represents the approximate number of bull calves not registered. Presumably most of them were either vealed or fattened as steers.

The Jersey breed in 1918 registered 30,000 cows and about 12,000 bulls—a loss of 18,000 purebred sires, many of which might be more profitably employed in the work of improving scrub herds.

Guernsey and Ayrshire totals are less, but the percentage of loss is heavy there also.

In the face of this waste it is estimated that five grades or scrub bulls are in use for every purebred bull. According to experts of the United States department of agriculture the replacement of scrub and grade bulls with good purebreds would quickly and materially raise the average production of dairy herds. One of the reasons for the surprising situation outlined is probably an underdeveloped system of distribution.

THUNDERSTORMS SOUR MILK

Theory Held by Many People, but Authorities Attribute Trouble to Other Causes.

The season for thunderstorms is at hand and a good many farmers' wives will be concerned about the souring of the milk. The theory is held by a good many that thunder will sour the milk, but authorities say the souring should be attributed to other causes. They say that the souring is caused normally by the acidity which results from bacterial growth and sterilized milk will not sour during a thunderstorm. Neither will milk that is kept on ice. The probable explanation lies in the fact that during the storms of this kind the temperature is raised sufficiently to favor the multiplication of the milk-souring bacteria where the temperature is not regulated by the use of ice.

BENEFITS OF SILAGE ACIDS

Fermentation of Feed Has an Important Dietetic Value—Keeps Bowels Regulated.

The acidity of silage caused largely by the formation of lactic acid by the fermentation of the feed has an important dietetic value, regulating the bowels and checking undesirable putrefactive processes in the intestines. The favorable influence of silage on the health of animals has been commonly noted, and is probably due to the silage acids.

DAIRY NOTES

Wash the separator thoroughly after each separating.

* * *

A normal calf should have all the good roughage it will eat.

* * *

Roughage to the calf gives bulk to the feed and satisfies the normal appetite.

* * *

Neatness in your own appearance and that of your barn never impresses your visitors unfavorably.

* * *

People of the dairy countries in Europe always feed some straw in the ration and they get good results.

Live Stock News

COMMON SCAB AMONG SHEEP

During Past Decade Great Progress Has Been Made in Eradication of Ailment.

Common scab was formerly the greatest drawback to the sheep industry of the United States, but during the past decade great progress has been made in its eradication. The system of grazing sheep on the open ranges of the western part of the United States was such that the flockmasters had great difficulty in keeping the flock free from the scab. The sheep were very frequently exposed to the disease by infectious ranges and trails, "picking up strays" from infected flocks, and in many other ways. It became desirable for the department of agriculture to extend aid to the

An Advanced Case of Scab, Showing Area Denuded of Wool.

industry by controlling the interstate movement of sheep to prevent the carrying of the infection from one state to another.

Scab is exceedingly contagious and is transmitted by direct contact with animals or objects that are carriers of the mites. Although unable to propagate except on sheep, the mites may be harbored temporarily by animals other than sheep and may live on goats for a long period.

A flock of scabby sheep will infect the roads, trails, sheds, yards, bed grounds, pastures, ranges, and the ground around the watering places. It is therefore important that the flock receive proper treatment as soon as the disease appears, before the infection becomes scattered over the premises.

SCIENTIFIC FEEDING IS BEST

Supply Food in Right Proportions to Meet Requirements Without Waste of Nutrients.

To supply food in the right proportion to meet the various requirements of the animal, without a waste of food nutrients, constitutes scientific feeding. It is by carefully studying the composition of feeding stuffs, the proportion in which they are digested by different animals and under different conditions, and the requirement of animals for the various food nutrients when at rest, at work, giving milk, producing wool, mutton, beef, pork, etc., that the principles of feeding have been worked out. In applying these principles in practice the cost and special adaptations of different feeding stuffs must, of course, be taken into account.

SIRES TO AID FUR BEARERS

"Better Sires—Better Stock" Campaign Indorsed by Breeders and Fanciers' Association.

The National Breeders and Fanciers' Association of America has indorsed the "Better Sires—Better Stock" movement. Through its secretary, the association has notified the United States department of agriculture of its aim, through better sires, to improve the quality of fur-bearing animals raised in confinement.

In addition to raising animals kept primarily for fur, members of the association also breed such creatures as rabbits, cavies, and mice used for pets and scientific purposes. The value of pure-bred sires is especially great for classes of animals like those mentioned because of their prolificacy.

DECLINE IN BREEDING SOWS

Decrease of 9.9 Per Cent Is Noted by Bureau of Estimates—States Affected.

Breeding sows declined 9.9 per cent during the year ending April 1, 1920, according to investigations of the bureau of crop estimates. The same number of these animals for both years is reported for South Carolina and Georgia, and increases for Florida, Texas, and New Mexico. The heaviest declines were found in Massachusetts, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, North Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Arizona, Utah, and Idaho.

PLAN FOR BETTER STOCK.

Boost better live stock in your community.

Advertise judiciously.

Exhibit at the county, state and other larger live stock shows.

Remember that a satisfied purchaser is your best advertisement. So be prompt in registering and transferring animals and make good all guaranties.

A Time Saver For Farmers

Pay your bills by checks. Send us your deposits by mail. Use checks to send money to any part of the country.

Requires hardly more time than writting your name. Saves time keeping books. Your cancelled check and check-book stubs are a complete record of income and expenditures.

Start a checking account and save time.

First National Bank

KLEMME, IOWA

Your Every Need

THE kind of a store that deserves your steady patronage is the one that always has exactly what you want whenever you want it.

We try to anticipate all the needs of our many customers and then supply quality goods at the most reasonable prices possible.

For Men, Women and Children

This store is for all—and everybody is welcome always no matter how small the purchase. Pleased customers become regular customers. That's why our business grows.

WE SAVE YOU TIME AND MONEY

J. N. Day's

THE BUSY STORE *PHONE 72*

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

KODAKS

The best season of all the year is now here for taking outdoor views. Get a Kodak now for your trip, picnic or out ing and keep Kodak pictures to tell the story. You will find a full line of Eastman Kodaks, Films and supplies here. Leave films here for developing and printing—high grade work.

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

For the construction of D. D. improvement known as D. D. No. 105, Hancock County, Iowa.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County, Iowa, will be in session on August 2, 1920, at 1 o'clock P. M. at the Court House in Garner, Iowa, for the purpose of letting the contract for tile and construction work in Drainage District No. 105, Hancock County, Iowa, to the lowest responsible bidder —said work to be let, specifying the work to be done and the time fixed for the commencement and completion of the same, to-wit:

Average haul about two miles.

Main Tile

Size	Length	Av. Cut
30	3500	7.10
28	4100	8.15
24	2900	7.00
20	1536	6.40

1 Bulkhead 12 cu. yards.

	Dim.		Depth	Brick
1 Manhole	5.0	x	7.0	1000
1 Manhole	4.0	x	5.0	750
1 Manhole	4.0	x	6.0	800

3 Iron covers 24 in. with rings for 8 in. wall

5—15" Intakes with cone grates bell tile.

1—28" x 8" T
3—24" x 8" T's S. P.
1—20" x 8" T
10 pcs. 8" S. P. 2½' Length
5 pcs. 15" S. P. 2½' Length

Junction Tile

1—30" x 10" T
1—28" x 12" T
1—22" x 15" T
1—24" x 12" T
3—24" x 10" T
2—24" x 8" T
20' of 18" S. P.

	Size	Lgth.	Av. Cut
Lat. 49.56	12	200	5.40
Lat. 75.58	22	1100	6.80
Lat. 75.58	18	700	6.60
1 Junction Tile Lat. 75.58			
Br. 11	15	200	5.20
Br. 11	12	280	5.10

Work to be commenced within thirty days of the contract is awarded, and to be completed on or before the first day of July, A. D. 1921.

All ditches and drains to be constructed in all respects in accordance with the plat, profile and specifications of the district filed by the Engineer in the Auditor's Office subject only to such changes and alterations as may be made as provided by law.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the County Auditor of Hancock County, Iowa, up to 1 o'clock P. M. on the 2nd day of Aug. 1920.

All bids must be made at a fixed price per station of 100 feet for each size tile and also a fixed price for section complete in all respects including intakes and headwall and must also include the schedule of overdepth adopted by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County and on file in the Auditor's Office for possible overdepth or underdepth beyond the average depth specified.

Each bid must be accompanied by a cash deposit or certified check in a sum equal to ten per cent of the total amount of the bid, as a guarantee of the good faith of the bidder.

The contract for the work of construction of said ditches and drains will be let to the lowest responsible bidder, or bidders, but the right to reject any or all bids and also the right to adjourn time of awarding contract is reserved.

The party to whom any contract is awarded will be required to attend at the office of the Auditor of Hancock County, Iowa, within ten days after said award and execute a contract thereby agreeing to all the provisions terms and conditions thereof and shall also file with the County Auditor a bond subject to his approval for the sum equal to the twenty-five per cent of the amount of his bid, and in case the party to whom any work is awarded fails to enter into this contract and furnish bond within ten days as therein required, the deposit of such party shall thereupon become forfeited to Hancock County Drainage District No. 105, together with all right under said award.

The deposit of the unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them within twenty-four hours after demand and the deposit of the successful bidder will be returned to them upon their executing the contract and filing with the County Auditor the bond as therein required.

By order of the Board of Supervisors.

Dated at Garner, Iowa, this 14th day of July, A. D., 1920.

SEAL Chris Jacobs,
County Auditor

Defining the Heart.

The human heart, always a mystery, has become the subject of further speculation, since a Supreme court justice decided that "nobody can plumb its depths." It has been described as broad and hollow, and the jurist says, in effect, that it is bottomless. One is almost driven to the conclusion that, as was the world before the first heart began to beat, it is "without form and void."

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

ORIGINAL NOTICE

In the District Court of Hancock County, Iowa,
October Term A. D. 1920.

Joseph E. Johnson, Plaintiff
vs.
Unknown Claimants of and to the West Half of the Southeast Quarter and the East Half of the Southwest Quarter of Section Twenty-three in Township Ninety-five, North, Range Twenty-three West of the 5th P. M. in Hancock County, Iowa, and Patrick Shandler and Mrs. Patrick Shandler, wife of Patrick Shandler, Defendants.

To THE ABOVE NAMED UNKNOWN CLAIMANTS AND DEFENDENTS, AND EACH OF THEM;

You are herby notified that on or before the 1st day of October A. D. 1920 there will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Hancock County, Iowa, the petition of the plaintiff in the above entitled cause claiming that he is the absolute owner in fee simple of the West Half of the Southeast Quarter and the East Half of the Southwest Quarter of Section Twenty-three in Township Ninety-five, North, Range Twenty-three West of the 5th P. M. in Hancock County, Iowa.

That he and his grantors have been in the open, peaceable, continuous, notorious and adverse possession of the said premises for more than twenty-five years last past with claim of right and color of title and asks that all of the said Unknown Claimants and Defendants be forever barred and estopped from having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said premises adverse to the title and estate of the plaintiff therein and that the title thereto be quieted in the plaintiff and for equitable relief.

For further particulars see the petition when filed, which sets forth the plaintiff's claim in detail.

You are further notified that unless you appear thereto and defend on or before noon of the second day of the next term of the said District Court which will commence and be held at the Court House in Garner, Iowa, on the 11 day of October A. D. 1920, default will be entered against you and judgment and decree rendered thereon as prayed.

Dated this 24th day of May A. D. 1920.

Ramsay & Blackstone,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

It is hereby directed and ordered that the foregoing notice be published once each week for four successive weeks in the KLEMME TIMES, a newspaper of general circulation published in Hancock County, Iowa.

Dated this 25th day of May A. D. 1920.

A. E. Baumgartner,
Seal Clerk of the District Court
in and for Hancock County,
7-29-20-4w. Iowa.

Contract Let For Sewer To Be Completed This Year

The council let the contract Tuesday night. The bid accepted for the sewer was a few dollars under $40,000.00, and the bid for the disposal plant being about $15,000.00. Work will begin in a couple of weeks. Further particulars in next issue.

KENDALL NOMINATED FOR GOVERNOR, HAMMILL OF BRITT FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR

People in this locality were especially glad to hear that John Hammill, of Britt, received the nomination for Lieutenant Governor. Nate Kendall, of Albia, was nominated for Governor at the convention on the third ballot. Major Glen Hayes, of Mason City, for Auditor. B. J. Gibson of Corning for Attorney General, and Fred Woodruff, of Knoxville, was nominated for Railroad Commissioner. This section of Iowa was very fortunate in the convention for it brings the men into the capitol almost from our door step. Anyway, Hurrah for John Hammill and Major Haynes!

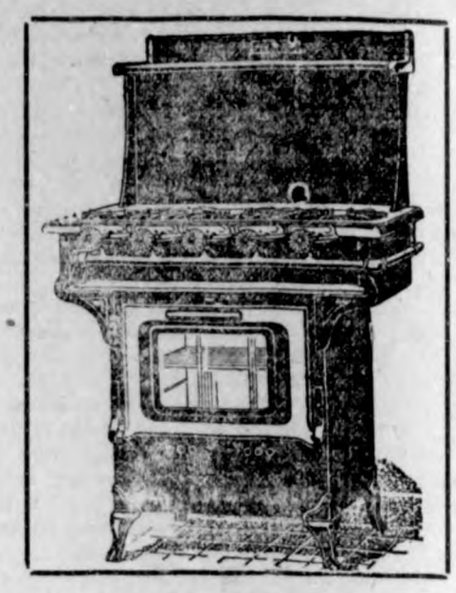
NOW WATCH OUT!

Treasurer Thos. Thompson tells us that he has received word from Secretary of State Walt Ramsay, to the effect that beginning the first of August, there will be thirteen special auto tax ferrets placed in the state whose duty it will be to look after those who have failed to come through with the required license fee, and that one of these men will be assigned to Hancock county. Take heed and govern yourself accordingly.—Democrat.

If It's Oil Stoves

That you have been Looking for, then--

Look at our big line!



Our line of Oil Cook Stoves is complete. We handle only the best stoves on the market, and have just received another big shipment of the following high grade oil stoves:-

RED STAR
Detroit Vapor Oil Stove

One of our best stoves and a big seller.

The New Perfection

is highly endorsed by Klemme housewives.

Nesco Perfect

A wonderful cooker that's hard to beat.

Quick Meal

Is just what the name implies--quick meals.

Puritan

A fine stove that makes kitchen work easy.

All of the above stoves come in two to four burners. We also have one and two burner ovens to fit these stoves.

We are closing out on Fruit Jars and have only a few left.

Jacobs & Son

This an

Underwear Store

above the average;

The underwear stock is a very impor ant part of this store and while we have a line or two that we think are beyond all others in quality and proportions still we carry six different lines.

We can give you what you want; in other words suit yonr idea.

Men's Spriug neddle bals $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, and $3.00.

Men's Athletics $1, $2, $2.25, $3 to $10.

Men's 2-piece garments, light and medium weights $1 to $1.50.

Boy's and Children,s· underwear—wide variety 75c to $1.50.

If your idea is choice, good fitting underwear reasonably priced come and see us.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Canning Time

The Canning season is at hand and we want to call your attention to the many conveniences we carry in this line at our store:-

Fruit Jars--all kinds

ECONOMY wide-mouth and Self Sealing.
IDEAL GLASS TOP, the Quick Sealing jar.
MASON JAR, the old reliable jar.

Red and White Rubbers--

Don't take chances of spoiling your fruit--use our Rubbers, they are the best to be had.

Kettles and Racks

We have a full line of Aluminum and Enamel Kettles--just what you need for canning and preserving work. Our ANDROX Tray for Cold Packing and Blanching, best tray on the market and fits any boiler; also have Individual Racks for cold packing.

A FLORENCE Oil Cook Stove will make your canning a pleasure

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

Overland

TRADE MARK REG.

Overland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

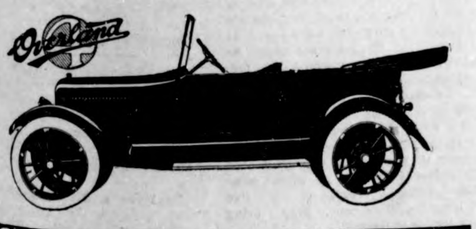
Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



Wiles Garage

PHONE 30

YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST

KLEMME, IA.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

I will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

Local News!

Henry Church was over from Garner Friday on business.

J. N. Day went to Hampton, Tuesday, on a business mission.

C. C. Tessier, from Garner, was here on business Monday.

Charlie Ross from Garner, was a Klemme caller Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Arnold and son drove to Mason City Monday on business.

A number of contractors were in this city Tuesday to submit their bids on the sewer project.

N. L. Palmer was transacting business at Goodell last Friday between trains.

Miss Donna Baumgartner went to Garner last Friday morning for a week's stay with her grandparents.

Mrs. Mlle Smith went to Belmond Tuesday evening for a short visit with her mother.

The town council met Monday evening at Gruetzmacher's store to discuss business of the town.

Rev. Gauger, of Garner, was a business caller in Klemme Tuesday morning.

Mr. adn Mrs. Frank Clark of Goodell, were Klemme callers Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Burgess, of Goodell, were transacting business in Klemme Monday.

Mrs. J. W. Brooks from Belmond came Monday for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Millie Smith and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Fritzell and daughter, from Grundy Center, Iowa, are here for a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Fritzell.

LuVerne Smith came up from Des Moines Monday afternoon for a few days visit with his mother, Mrs. Mille Smith, and his sisters here.

Billy Keraus' brother and wife and their children were in Klemme visiting Thursday evening. They are moving to Aberdeen, South Dakota.

Mrs. Geo. Cleman's mother and sister have returned after spending a week or more with Klemme relatives and friends.

Mrs. R. W. Schultz, accompanied by her sister and mother of Chicago, drove over from Garner last Friday for a visit with Klemme friends.

Miss Warnock, of Iowa Falls, spent Sunday with Klemme friends. Miss Warnock was oneo f our teachers last year.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Waterman and Mabel, and Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Waterman drove to Mason City Sunday afternoon to hear the professional band.

Mrs. F. E. Blackstone and Miss Jennie Elder, of Garner, drove over to Klemme Tuesday for a visit with Klemme friends.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson and Miss Ruth Davis, autoed to Mason City Saturday afternoon to hear the concert by Mason City's profesional band.

As usual there were many Klemme people enjoying Sunday at Clear Lake. It was a nice hot day to take a dip in the water and a ride on the coaster.

Work on the new sewer system to be put in at Bode commenced last week. There are many small towns in Iowa that are having sewerage installed this year.

Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs returned Friday afternoon from Rochester, Minn. where she accompanied her brother from Nevada, Iowa. Her brother, Mr. Ludwig, went to the hospital for treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur McGee and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Trafford are taking an auto trip to and through Wisconsin this week. Mr. Traflord is taking his summer vacation, and while in Wisconsin Mr. McGee will look after business interests.

The Misses Helen and Martha Lenz returned from Dows last Friday where they had been visiting a sister for a few days. The young ladies are sisters of Mrs. A. H. Meyer at whose home they are spending their summer vacation.

Rev. A. H. Meyer left for Cedar Rapids Monday as a delegate to the Judiciary Convention. The Reverend gentleman will do his best to cast his ballot for the right Judge, so he says.

A. D. Gimer and family moved the fore part of the week into the Sanderfelt house, formerly owned by Mrs. Mary Arnold. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith, who purchased the Gimer place, will move in there.

The play put on by the children of the Methodist Episcopal Sunday School at the Idle Hour last Friday evening was well enjoyed by all and the little tots done excedingly fine in their play entitled "Tom Thumb's Wedding."

Harold Gruetzmacher came from Ames last week for a few days' visit with his parents here. Harold is taking a summer course this year at the college so that he can double up on the work and get through school quicker.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Kahrs left Saturday for Elgin, Ill., after spending about a week visiting with his son, E. S. D. and wife here. They expect to return to Klemme again this fall before returning to their home in California.

The band boys had their rehearsal last Thursday evening instead of Friday on account of the play at the Idle Hour theatre. The band exchanged dtes with Garner and the latter town had thir practice Friday so that Mr. Crotty could be present at both rehearsals.

Ed Jacobs and Donnald Nissen drove to Perry, Iowa, in the former's car Saturday night after they quit work in the stores. They went to visit a former pal of Ed's who he chummed around with in the army. The boys got back Monday afternoon and report having had a good trip.

WE HAD ROASTING EARS

How many people in Klemme have had sweet corn big enough to eat this year? We will venture to say that not very many have "eaten off the cob." We had "roasting ears" for dinner Sunday, the first of the season and out of our own garden. We were all puffed up about our swell little garden when N. L. Palmer comes along and spoils it all by telling us that he had corn on the cob for dinner Sunday out of his own garden. Somebody is always taking the joy out of life.

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

The Klemme Times $2 per year.

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

One of the main factors leading to success is CONFIDENCE.

The way to acquire CONFIDENCE is to have your affairs in such shape that you can avoid all financial worry and dependence.

That leaves, as the greatest factor in your success the

BANK ACCOUNT

and its proper handling.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

You must build

to make profits; you cant get ahead waiting for lower prices that may never come.

we are fortunate to be able to get the building materials that we need. Waiting for better conditions is stagnation and poor business.

we will help you to the lowest building material prices that are possible today, they may be higher tomorrow. You better start at once.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs — Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested — Glasses Fitted

The MAN NOBODY KNEW

by HOLWORTHY HALL

COPYRIGHT BY DODD, MEAD & CO., INC.

"DIDN'T HE SEND SOME WORD TO ME?"

Synopsis.—In a base hospital at Neuilly, France, his face disfigured beyond recognition, an American soldier serving in the French army attracts attention by his deep despondency. Asked by the surgeons for a photograph to guide them in making over his face, he offers in derision a picture of the Savior, bidding them take that as a model. They do so, making a remarkable likeness. Invalided home, on the boat he meets Martin Harmon, New York broker, who is attracted by his remarkable features. The ex-soldier gives his name as "Henry Hilliard," and his home as Syracuse, New York. He left there under a cloud, and is embittered against his former fellow townsmen. Harmon makes him a proposition to sell mining stocks in Syracuse, concealing his identity. He accepts it, seeing in it a chance to make good and prove he has been underestimated. In Syracuse "Hilliard" (in reality Richard Morgan) is accepted as a stranger. He visits James Cullen, a former employer, relating a story of the death of Richard Morgan, and is surprised at the regret shown by Cullen and his youthful daughter Angela.

CHAPTER III.—Continued.

—4—

With Angela peering hard over his shoulder, Mr. Cullen strained to decipher the uneven penmanship. He began to read aloud:

"Dear Mr. Cullen:

"I am asking Mr. Henry Hilliard to bring you this letter personally. I want him to tell you what I'm not writing, too. And you can tell other people, if you care to.

"I want you to know that since I've had time to think, I've changed my mind about a good many things. I've come to the conclusion that you were right and I was wrong. Maybe you won't remember the last talk we had together, but I do. You told me then that I didn't have it in me to make good unless I learned that I was about the most worthless young man in town, and the one with the hardest row to hoe in order to make something out of myself, and set out from there. Well, I've learned it. I had to. Of course, I couldn't agree with you at the time. That wouldn't have been expected. But over here I've had one lesson after another. Some of them were pretty bitter, but they've all helped. And since May, when I was hurt, I've had lots of time to think them over.

"I never deserved your kindness and now I can't ever repay it. But it may please you to know that this war has taught me what you tried to, and couldn't—that I was as close to zero value at home as a man could be. It's only through this war that I've got any pride in myself, and I'm sort of like Kipling's gentleman ranker—I'm proud of myself because I've done away with all the other kinds of pride I used to have. And I believe I've made good—not as a great general, but as a private soldier. That was the trouble at home—I was only fit to be a private, and I thought I could be a general off hand. You said I'd do well if I learned that, and I have. They gave me the Croix de Guerre, and in a way, that proves it, doesn't it? Notice that they didn't even make me a corporal, though! That's all right—I haven't had enough training yet to be a corporal! It's curious that I'll admit that, isn't it?

"I want you to know that I've thought of you a great deal. I don't blame you for letting me go. I did once, but I don't now. Please think of me, though, as a man who came through at the finish, even if he'd been pretty hopeless before.

"Hilliard, the best man in the world, has promised to bring you this letter. I hope you'll be glad to see him, and to hear his side of the story. This is my apology and my blessing, if that's worth anything to you. I send a kiss to Angela.

"R. M."

Mr. Cullen ended with a falling inflection, and let the hand which held the letter drop to his knee.

"The letter, as you might guess from the looks of it," said Hilliard, "was written at several different times—according to his strength. I want you to realize, too, Mr. Cullen, that it was no small effort for him to write it. And then I was in Switzerland when he died, and his possessions had all gone to one of those tape-bound bureaus, so that I had a fearful time to identify myself and get what he had meant me to have, and after that, I had to make a sudden trip to Russia, and back to England again. There were delays—delays. I was ill for several months myself; I had typhoid in London. I should have mailed these things to you long ago, but he had begged me to come in person, and I had promised. And every day I expected that in another week or two I should start for home. I feel that I owe you this explanation and a great plea for forgiveness for what must seem to you like gross indifference on my part. But I landed hardly two weeks ago, and I came up to you at the earliest possible moment."

"In some ways, he was a most remarkable young man," said Mr. Cullen, irrelevantly. "Nobody ever understood why he turned out such a black sheep. Came from a fine old family. I suppose his father was one of the most loved men in Onondaga county. Dick lived for years on his father's reputation, after people stopped noticing him on his own account. Just took advantage of the fact that nobody could quite bear to be harsh to his father's son. But he was always a wild young chap, nothing very bad, except that just too much of anything—including liquor—was just enough for him! Had too quick a temper to be diplomatic enough to hold a job, and didn't care much about working hard, and finally the tide turned, and he began to get treated just as if his father hadn't been a sort of popular idol, and then his disposition soured, and he made some bad mistakes. I gave him the last job he ever had in Syracuse, but I had to let him go . . . and I told him some plain facts when I did. That's what he refers to."

"I assumed," said Hilliard, hesitatingly, "that at one time he had been what you might call . . . disappointed in love? Something was weighing on him—he practically admitted . . . but that was one point that he didn't appear to want to confess, even to me."

"He was engaged to Carol Durant." Angela had taken the cross again, and held it like a precious relic. "She broke it off, just before he went away."

"The day before," added Mr. Cullen. "That was one of the two reasons why he went."

Hilliard nodded.

"I see. . . . On account of his habits?"

"That was the gossip," said Mr. Cullen heavily. "Doctor Durant was supposed to have—"

"Didn't he write to her?" asked Angela, raising her eyes.

"Not that I . . ." He stopped quickly. "I trust you'll forgive me, but I'd imagined from various remarks he made at different times, that he was really . . . that he was greatly attached to you." This last was addressed to Angela, who was both dignified and shaken by the suggestion. Her father, however, nodded in the negative.

"Angela wasn't much more than fifteen, sir. They were great friends; he was very fond of her. No, it was Carol Durant he was engaged to. Didn't he ask you to see her?"

"No."

"But you will, I hope, won't you?"

"You can see Carol here tonight, if you care to," said Angela, uncertainly. "She and . . . and a friend of hers are coming over to talk about another Red Cross drive. Carol's on the committee. They ought to be here any minute now."

"Yes," said Hilliard. "If I'm going to see her, I think I should rather—see her here."

Mr. Cullen sighed stertorously.

"Well, perhaps it's better . . . and I shall want to telephone this to the Herald if you don't object. It's the least we can do, all things considered." . . . He reflected a moment. "How long are you staying in town, Mr. Hilliard?"

"I've made no plans whatsoever," he said, after a slight pause. "I sold my interests to a British syndicate of bankers two months ago. My home is where my baggage is. I'm thinking of taking a day or two to see certain of Dick's friends—the ones he talked about most—and after that, the future is on the knees of the gods."

Mr. Cullen regarded him with sincere respect.

"It would give me great pleasure," he said, a trifle pompously, "if you would be my guest for the time you're here, Mr. Hilliard. It would please me very much indeed." Hilliard's heart pounded.

"And me too," said Angela, gently. Hilliard's heart threatened to suffocate him; not entirely because the game was going so infinitely better than he had dared to hope, but also because it was Angela who entreated him.

"It's wonderfully good of you," he protested, "but I couldn't disturb you to that extent. Thank you, but—"

Mr. Cullen stopped him by an inclusive gesture.

"You won't disturb us in the slightest! I wish you'd come with us, Mr. Hilliard. I should feel much better than having you stay downtown."

"Well—" said Hilliard, dubiously. His soul was filled with unholy joy, but his outward demeanor was deprecatory. "It's ever so kind of you; still—"

"As a favor to me," urged Mr. Cullen.

"As a favor to me," echoed Angela, and Hilliard looked attentively at her, and was obviously swayed. She noted it; he had intended her to notice it. He gave her a smile which had the power, even in her somber mood, to draw a faint response in kind.

"If you're sure it won't be a hardship to you—"

"Nonsense! It's settled, then, is it? I'll send one of my cars down for your things."

Hilliard's eyes flickered at the ingenuous vanity; he had recently learned that Mr. Cullen had made more money during the past twelve months than during the previous twelve years.

"Well," he said, "if you're so charitable as to insist—"

"I do, sir, I do! . . . You're at the Onondaga, of course?"

Angela, who had been listening intently, started up at the unmistakable echo of footfalls on the walk.

"Here comes Carol!" she gasped. "And . . . and Jack! Oh, Mr. Hilliard! Oh, dad! Who's going to tell her?"

As Mr. Cullen flinched, Hilliard put out his hand in a motion of supreme restraint. "Whatever Dick Morgan may have been at home," he said, "I knew him after he offered his life for a great ideal, and I'm proud that he called me his friend. I'll tell Miss Durant myself, please. It's my right."

And turned to face the girl he had tried to die for, and failed.

CHAPTER IV.

She had always been, when he last saw her, the outstanding beauty of Syracuse, but he was astounded to behold what the interval of two years had done for her. She had taken upon herself a new maturity; her figure, exceptionally graceful, was still slender; but suggestive of a more womanly, a more inclusive charm.

He was being presented to her! He, who had kissed her a thousand times, was undergoing the ritual of presentation!—and she was smiling at him with those grave, sweet eyes of hers, and calling him by his adopted name! His mask of protection had never seemed so slight, so insufficient; the fragrance of her, and the illusion caused by this, threatened his balance and set his nerves on edge; fortunately, the routine of the conventions intervened to save him from his inarticulateness. For one thing, there was the rite of introduction to Armstrong, and after that there was a dash of promiscuous conversation, with not a little weather philosophy in it. Then came the inexorable hush caused by the presence of a stranger whose fads and fancies are still a matter of conjecture, and out of that hush, a question, and Hilliard was suddenly visited by a species of self-hypnosis.

If he had been moved at all by the sight of Angela, whom he had loved as a younger sister, he was, by comparison, shaken as by a whirlwind by the sight of Carol Durant, whom he had loved as a woman. Not on the train, not at the hotel, not even when he witnessed Angela's severe grief, had he remotely conceived that this instant would be so difficult to surmount. What in New York had seemed a regeneration, and earlier on this same evening had appeared a very dubious deception, was rapidly taking upon itself the color of irremediable wrong. His imagination was aroused beyond belief; and as he stared in dumb suspense at Carol, recalling a thousand episodes and a thousand privileges of the long ago, he was preyed upon by a slow-stealing grimness of despair which left him sick with misery.

She was waiting for an answer—and the others were waiting, too, and watching him. He felt that guilt was stamped on his every feature . . .

And Turned to Face the Girl He Had Tried to Die For.

he felt that every thought of his must be as crystal to the four who waited for him to speak.

He was himself and he was not himself; he was ostensibly Henry Hilliard, a man in whom it couldn't be suspected that the heart and soul of Dicky Morgan were embodied; he was transcendentalist; a spectator at his own funeral. Sight of the Croix de Guerre of poor Pierre Dutout, who in bequeathing that impressive bit of bronze to him, hadn't dreamed that he was leaving a heritage of chicanery along with it, engendered in Hilliard a thrill which nearly found its outlet in a paroxysm of wild laughter. And the newspaper, with Dutout's most genuine citation in it! And the old passport photograph which he had hidden for fear that his real name, indorsed on it, might be cabled home, together with proof to the world that he hadn't been a hero—that he had failed in this, as in every other undertaking of his life. And all the dates in accuracy! And if anyone cared to trace back the story, where was the flaw? Where was there a loophole? And who would recognize Dick Morgan in his cloak and mask of utter miracle?

Who had?

Lightninglike, his brain included all the salient items of the picture in a single flash. There was Dicky Morgan, sailing away to France—which could be proved. There was a number, and a name attached to it, and—since Hilliard's sturdy defense of Dicky Morgan had had a grain of truth in it, and one of the steps of his many-sided progress carefully omitted—a name had really been assumed, and had endured from the date of enlistment to the date of discharge. It was the individual's recorded name in the army and at Neuilly—and it wasn't Morgan and it wasn't Hilliard and it wasn't Dutout. No one here knew it, or ever would know it; even Harmon didn't know it; it was the first sobriquet of a shell-torn individual who had been taken to Neuilly, and had been made whole again. No one at Neuilly had ever set eyes on Dicky Morgan's real face! But a certain man named Dutout had been decorated and died, and that could be proved—was proved! Hilliard had borrowed Dutout's name in perfect safety; and the trail was cold. And here was a fourth man, Hilliard—to take his word for it—and the world is larger than the curiosity of sincere people to encompass.

No—if a Neuilly surgeon ever told as one of the mysterious chapters of the war what had happened to a certain gloomy individual that summer, the name would suggest nothing. And as far as checking up the visits of a mythical Hilliard to a very real Dutout was concerned, who would profess to remember? The testimony of any single witness would be immaterial.

The voice of Carol Durant was echoing in Hilliard's ears, and Hilliard, yielding to a tidal wave of recklessness, and of swelling anger at imaginary wrongs, looked squarely into Carol's eyes, and spoke with winning urgency.

"Yes," he said. "I have news of Morgan. In fact, I'm here in Syracuse solely because I have it. I've just been telling Mr. Cullen—and Miss Cullen—that I was with him when he died."

She didn't speak, at first; she merely looked at Hilliard and grew very white, and her lips quivered. Presently she swayed a little, and reached out with her hand toward the back of a convenient chair. Armstrong stepped toward her, and Angela Cullen slipped an arm around her waist.

"He's . . . dead?" she repeated, and her tone was not yet free from a certain incredulity, as though the fact were of itself impossible, and the statement of it subject to discussion.

"Yes, Miss Durant."

She moistened her lips; her eyes were very bright, unnaturally bright, so that Hilliard was fascinated, and appalled.

"You . . . You know that?" she asked, again with that queer inflexion of amazed doubt.

"Yes, I know it."

The others were standing as statues; Mr. Cullen, snatching at the first idea of consolation to present itself, fumbled for his daughter's other hand, which still retained the trophy a better man had won.

"Here's what they gave him, Carol! Look! The Croix de Guerre! Don't let's think of anything but what he . . . let's be proud of him! I—"

"Oh, yes," she said inertly, and took the cross in her palm. She dropped her eyes for a moment, then raised them to the level of Hilliard's. "Didn't he send some word to me?"

"No." Hilliard's nod was very ministerial. "No, I'm sorry, but—"

Her eyebrows lifted, and her nostrils dilated the merest trifle. Her breath was coming more rapidly now; she was nearing the breaking point of her resistance, and all of them knew it. The moment was agonizedly prolonged. Hilliard, gazing without a quaver at the girl he had thought he loved beyond all else in this world or the next, was singularly relaxed as he observed her symptoms. She had really cared, then . . . so much the greater pity that she hadn't kept him caring . . . as she might.

"Can that be possible?" she said, hardly above a whisper.

"I'm sorry—but—"

"I wouldn't have believed it could be true." She gave a long, tremulous breath, and looked about her, half-dazed and half-perceptive. Her eyes strayed back to Hilliard. "Tell me about it," she said, almost inaudibly.

"Carol, dear!" Angela was stimulated to active sympathy. "Sit down—please! Oh, Mr. Hilliard!"

"No—yes, I . . . I'll sit down!" Her eyes seemed magnetized to Hilliard's. "Only I want to hear—I want to hear!"

"Tell her from the beginning," said Cullen, mopping his forehead. "Get a glass of water . . . anything else, Carol?"

She shook her head. "Tell me!" she said. "I want to know!"

So that Hilliard, inspirited by the realization that he was under the protectorate of the shadows, and gathering fresh assurance with every sentence, went through that tragic narrative a second time. And as he told the tale of Dicky Morgan, he was greatly engulfed by the surge of Dicky Morgan's grievances; his voice trembled with righteousness; he gradually lost his loathing for the part he played, and played it with every atom of his energy; he was a defendant, and a witness and a judge for Dicky Morgan all in one—and his verdict was for acquittal. Miss Durant's eyes never left his face.

"And that," she said presently, "is all there is to tell?"

"That's the end," said Hilliard simply. And in the long hiatus which followed, he was wondering . . . wondering . . . vague aimless thoughts, with no beginning and no conclusive outcome, but the central figure, flitting, elusive, was always Carol Durant. He told himself fiercely that he hated her, that for two vengeful years he had hated her, that he had come back to Syracuse primarily to see her again, with his whole soul for the wounds in his heart, the wounds of his body, still . . . O God! why couldn't the surgeons have cut away his memory, and left him peace!

He was prodigiously relieved when Mr. Cullen, well-meaning but awkward, blurted out a paradox of eulogy. Armstrong, eager to relieve the congested ways of thought, ventured into the realm of platitude—and something in his manner caught Hilliard's attention. The man was actually possessive—and Hilliard, having no envy of his possession, cursed him on general principles nevertheless. And then

"Miss Durant!"

Hilliard was again in demand; there was a flood of incoherent questioning, and he was giving details, answering queries, volunteering information which might never have been asked, describing Neuilly, the hospital, the surgeons, the nurses, the wholly indescribable atmosphere of France in wartime. He was strengthening his position, phrase by phrase; his insouciance redoubled; he had laid a rock foundation never to be successfully assailed. There came an abrupt pause; Miss Durant rose and came to him, and he was on his feet to meet her.

"Thank you," she said, giving him her hands. His heart missed a beat; his blood ran gelid. "Thank you. If you can . . . I wish you'd talk to me again before you go . . . alone . . . I wish it very much. You've made me . . . at least, I can be glad you were there . . . to help him, but I want to know so much more . . . so infinitely much more . . ."

A fleeting impulse clawed at Hilliard's judgment; he yielded to it blindly. It meant the alteration of his plan of action, it meant a trifle more of danger; and a gratuitous risk at that, but it was genius—genius!

"Miss Durant!" He made sure that the others were beyond the range of his voice. "Miss Durant! I said he sent no word to you; that was true as far as I knew the truth, but there's one letter he started to write—just at the last . . . it wasn't addressed to anyone; I didn't know who it was for. I brought it with me on the chance that I'd find out. I didn't want to speak of it before every one, because if it's yours, I thought you'd . . . you understand, don't you? I'm almost positive it was meant for you. It's only a few lines . . . he wasn't ever strong enough to finish it . . . I've got it at the hotel now. May I bring it to you tomorrow?"

She held her breath for an instant; her mouth quivered. She looked at him searchingly.

"Surely. I . . . I live just across on the corner, Mr. Hilliard. The brick house. Can you come early?"

"How soon?" He was telling himself that his former passions were atrophied; she was no longer able to disquiet him. His inspiration was commercial—strictly commercial.

"In the morning? At . . . eleven?"

"I'll come gladly."

"But this Hilliard person—a live wire, boy, a live wire.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Conveyer Does Double Duty.

One conveying installation in an eastern paper mill brings the coal to the furnaces and carries off the ashes at the same time.

DO ALL MY HOUSEWORK

Before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I could hardly stand, says Mrs. Kwarcinski.

Chicago, Ill.—"I suffered with displacement and irregularities and I did not know what to do. My mother advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and use the Sanative Wash so I took her advice and used these remedies and cured myself. I feel fine and do all my housework which I could not do before, as I could hardly stand up and I have three healthy children. You can use this letter if you wish, for your remedy is certainly wonderful for sick, run down women."—Mrs. A. KWARCINSKI, 3627 W. Oakdale Ave., Chicago, Ill.

For forty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been making women strong and well, relieving backache, nervousness, ulceration, and inflammation, weakness, displacements, irregularities and periodic pains. It has also proved invaluable in preparing for childbirth and the Change of Life.

Women who suffer are invited to write for free and helpful advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

"Can't Cut Off My Leg" Says Railroad Engineer

"I am a railroad engineer; about 20 years ago my leg was seriously injured in an accident out West. Upon my refusing to allow the doctor to amputate it I was told it would be impossible to heal the wound. I have tried all kinds of salve and had many doctors in the past years, but to no avail. Finally I resolved to use PETERSON'S OINTMENT on my leg. You cannot imagine my astonishment when I found it was doing what over 100 things had failed to do. My leg is now completely cured."—Gus Hauft, Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. Great for piles, eczema, old sores and all skin diseases. 60 cents. Mail orders filled. Peterson Ointment Co. Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.

Something Gained.

"It strikes me that $100 is a lot of money to pay for a suit like that."

"True enough," said Mr. Glipping, "but I'll have the use of the $100 for at least sixty days longer."

"How so?"

"I had it charged."

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Asking Too Much.

The Director—Remember each time you appear, you must register happiness and contentment.

The Star—How can you expect me to register continual happiness and contentment on the smallest salary of any leadin' lady on the screen?

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Possible Substitute.

"Education," sternly said the bony-faced gent, "is a better safeguard than a standing army, and—"

"You mean 'elocution,' don't you?" impolitely interrupted J. Fuller Gloom.—Kansas City Star.

To Have a Clear Sweet Skin

Touch pimples, redness, roughness or itching, if any, with Cuticura Ointment, then bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Rinse, dry gently and dust on a little Cuticura Talcum to leave a fascinating fragrance on skin. Everywhere 25c each.—Adv.

Naturally.

"That lawyer is down on prohibition."

"Of course he is. Isn't it against the traditions of the bar?"

Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

o That Backache!

e agonizing twinges across the of the back, that dull, throbbing may be your warning of serious weakness—serious, if neglected, might easily lead to gravel, stone kidney, bladder inflammation, or fatal Bright's disease. So if e suffering with a bad back, have spells, headaches, nervous, dent attacks or disordered kidney get after the cause. Use *Doan's y Pills*, the remedy that has tried out for you by thousands.

An Iowa Case

es McCalley, miller, Jeffer- Corning, Iowa, "I was bothered my kidneys and che caused me laid off from I had dizzy and pains in p and back of ead. My kidneys too frequently. advised to try Kidney Pills hey fixed me up od shape."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

OAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

ER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

W CHEMICAL LLS BED BUGS P. D. Q.

Q. (Pesky Devils Quietus) is the of a new golden colored chemical ery by Dr. Price that actually rids orst infested house of bedbugs, s, fleas, ants and their eggs. They ave time to kick after you go after with P. D. Q. A 35c package of Q. makes a quart of strong bug- and goes farther than a barrel of d fashioned dangerous dope. P. D. ts and kills their eggs and prevents ng. FREE a patent spout in every enable you to get them in the o-get-at-places, and saves juice. druggist has it or he can get it for sent prepaid on receipt of price Owl Chemical Works, Terre Haute, a.

Speeding the Parting Guest.

me of the boarders sat up talkin' ay after midnight."

heard 'em," answered Farmer ssel. "Mostly politics, wasn't

s. But other things was men- d. Several said that if the mos- es kep' this bad they were goin' ve."

ell, mebbe mosquitoes is some after all!"

His Hearing Restored.

e invisible antiseptic ear drum ted by Mr. A. O. Leonard, which reality a miniature megaphone, inside the ear and entirely out ght, is restoring the hearing of lly hundreds of people in New City. Mr. Leonard invented this rkable drum to relieve himself of ess and head noises, and it does so successfully that no one could hat he is a deaf man. This ear is effective when deafness is d by catarrh or by perforated or y destroyed natural drums. A st for information addressed to Leonard, Suite 93, 70 Fifth ave- New York City, will be given a pt reply.—Advertisement.

Probably Did That.

aw, I never vote. I never bother public affairs." "Did you con- to be counted when the census taken?"

Women Made Young

ght eyes, a clear skin and a body of youth and health may be rs if you will keep your system rder by regularly taking

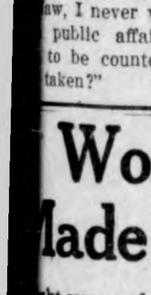
GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

world's standard remedy for kidney, , bladder and uric acid troubles, the mies of life and looks. In use since . All druggists, three sizes.

for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

e Antiseptic Powder to Shake Into Your Shoes



And sprinkle in the Foot-Bath. It takes the sting out of Corns, Bunions, Blisters and Callouses and gives rest and comfort to hot, tired, smarting, swollen feet.

More than 1,500,000 pounds of Powder for the Feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war.

Allen's Foot-Ease, the powder for the feet, kes the friction from the shoe, fresh- s the feet and makes walking a de- ht.

Nothing relieves the pain of tight or w shoes so quickly or thoroughly. y it to-day. Sold everywhere.

Skin Troubles —Soothed— With Cuticura

ap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

SY FLY KILLER PLACED ANYWHERE ATTRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers, or 5 by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25.

OLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Home Town Helps

IDEAL CITY OF THE FUTURE

Will Be Attained When Every Citizen Realizes the Importance of His Part of the Work.

A city sanitary, convenient, substantial; where the houses of the rich and poor are alike comfortable; where the streets are clean and the skyline is clear as the country air; where the architectural excellence of its buildings adds beauty and dignity to its streets; where parks and playgrounds are within the reach of every child; where living is pleasant, toil honorable and recreation plentiful; where capital is respected but not worshiped; where commerce in goods is great, but not greater than the interchange of ideas; where industry thrives and brings prosperity alike to the employer and employed; where education and art have a place in every home; where worth and not wealth gives standing to men; where the power of character leads men to leadership, where interest in public affairs is a test of citizenship and devotion to the public weal is a badge of honor; where government is always honest and efficient, and the principles of democracy find their fullest and truest expression; where the people of all the earth can come and be blended into one community life, and where each generation will vie with the past to transmit to the next a city greater, better and more beautiful than the last.—The Nation's Business.

NO EXCUSE FOR UGLINESS

Man Who Today Builds an Unattractive or Commonplace House Is Behind the Times.

There is no excuse in these days for building an ugly or commonplace house. A generation ago not many capable architects were available, especially in the western country. Even when they were, the prevailing taste ran to frills of turrets and jig-saw work. The beauty of simplicity was not known, and the architect who stood out for it often found his client obdurate.

All that has changed. A comparison of the bulk of the houses built in the eighties and nineties with those of more recent years will reveal how far the country has come. The number of competent architects has increased and of even greater importance, the stock of sound architectural ideas has become widely diffused.

Books and magazine articles on the subject have multiplied amazingly. The prospective builder ought, of course, to avail himself of the services of a good architect. But even if he fails to do this he can find in the public library excellent designs to meet his needs.

City Planning Public's Business.

Real city planning is neither a private enterprise nor a move for "the city beautiful." It is primarily a business enterprise and its benefits accrue to the public at large. A planning commission, with the aid both of planning experts and the city government, cannot hope to succeed in its work without the aid of the public.

The fact that planning must be made popular was emphasized at an important session of the realtors' convention. Whatever method is adopted, a planning commission, after first carefully preparing its plans must "sell" its ideas and aims to the people. Through constant publicity the public must be educated to see the needs and the benefits of a businesslike ordering of the city's development, and must be made to share the labor involved and to contribute to the cost.—Exchange.

Stagger Imagination.

Suggestions of distances more and more inconceivable are a feature of recent astronomical investigation. In studying the parallax of a sixth magnitude star, Dr. Robert Trumpler has found a tenth magnitude star more than eight minutes of arc from it that has the same large proper motion and the same parallax, and he concludes that the two stars must undoubtedly be connected. They are separated by not less than 13,200 times the distance of the earth from the sun. Revolving in a circular orbit around a common center, they must require hundreds of thousands of years to complete a single revolution, and yet they are so remote from the multitude of other star systems that there is no interference with their companionship.

"Ball" Lightning.

Occasionally readers report having seen or heard of a thunderbolt falling in some place, or an account appears of the damage done by a thunderbolt. Very often this can be accounted for by certain forms of lightning, particularly that known as "ball" lightning. The "ball" is probably an isolated sphere of ozone gas containing a considerable amount of energy stored in it by the action of electricity during a thunder storm, which falls earthwards as a luminous ball after a severe flash of lightning, and explodes with extreme violence on nearing the earth. The energy thus liberated is capable of causing all the damage attributed to "thunderbolts."

BIG IMPORTANCE OF HOME CANNING

Don't Neglect Home Canning—Let the Children Help.

Home canning—of utmost importance during the war—will be just as important this year, according to present indications as they are viewed by the United States department of agriculture. The shortage of labor on the farms makes it necessary for the canneries to pay high prices for the commodities that will be canned later in the season. Labor in the canning factories is expensive and difficult to obtain. Everything, from cans to cartage costs, has increased in price, and transportation is slow and more expensive than it was in war times. All this increase must be paid by the ultimate consumer; and there is not even assurance that there will be enough canned products to go around. The solution is home canning.

Can Without Sugar.

That sugar is higher in price than it has been hitherto is advanced by some as a reason for canning either less fruit or nothing but vegetables; but unless one intends to give up sweets altogether there seems no good reason for not using canned fruit on account of high-priced sugar. There are few desserts that do not take from one-half to one cupful of sugar, and no dessert is more healthful than fruit. It is not necessary to use such thick sirup as was used in the days of plenty. A ten per cent sirup made of one part sugar to nine parts water will make palatable any of the acid fruits. Such fruits as apples, pineapples and the like can be canned without sugar. In fact, ordinary glucose or corn sirup may be substituted for sugar in making the sirup. A palatable sirup is made by mixing one-half cupful sugar, one cupful glucose and eight cupfuls of water.

It requires about seven ounces of sugar for a pint jar. One cupful of sugar will make ten cupfuls of sirup. A pound of sugar will make 20 cupfuls. This last amount will be sufficient for 20 pints of canned fruit. Where the 10 per cent sirup is used the cost of sugar to can a pint jar is one and one-half cents with sugar at 30 cents a pound. It is not so expensive after all.

SIRUPS SAVE SUGAR IN MAKING JELLIES

Directions Given by Department of Agriculture Experts.

When Fruit Is Cheap and Sugar Expensive Jellies May Be Made to Advantage With One-Half Usual Amount of Sweetening.

To obtain the largest possible amount of jelly from fruit with the use of the smallest possible amount of sugar, follow the directions given below by United States department of agriculture specialists:

If a good jelly-making fruit, such as quince, green grapes, tart and partly ripe apples, Siberian crabs, or cranberries, is being used, make a second extraction from the fruit. That is, take the pulp from the jelly bag, add one cupful of water to each pound of pulp, cook 20 minutes, and drip a second time, using some pressure at the last. Second-extraction jellies are likely to be somewhat different in flavor from the first, and it is an excellent plan to combine the two jellies before sweetening.

When fruit is cheap and sugar expensive, jellies may be made to advantage with one-half as much sweetening as usual, that is, with one-half cupful of sugar to one cupful of juice. The yield of jelly will be less, for one cupful of a good juice plus one cupful of sugar should make between one and one and one-half cupfuls of jelly, whereas one-half cupful of sugar plus one cupful of juice makes between one-half cupful and three-fourths cupful of jelly.

One-half of the sweetening may be glucose sirup, light-colored corn sirup, honey or sorghum sirup. If the other half is granulated sugar, there will be little noticeable difference in sweetness in most cases. Grape with glucose or corn sirup will make a good jelly even when no sugar is used.

BIG ESSENTIALS IN CANNING

Among Other Things Necessary Are Fresh Products, Pure Water and Cleanliness.

The essentials in canning fruit and vegetables are these:

Fresh products, pure water, care, cleanliness, good jars, "live," standard rubber rings and sufficient heat to process the products thoroughly in the closed container.

CLEANING CARPETS AND RUGS

Vacuum Cleaner Operated by Hand or Electricity Removes Practically All Dirt.

A carpet sweeper or a vacuum cleaner should be used in the daily cleaning of the carpets and rugs. A vacuum cleaner operated by hand or electric power removes practically all the dust and dirt from carpets and rugs in dustless manner.

SPOILAGE OF BREAD PREVENTED BY CARE

Cover Lightly to Keep Out Germs and Dust.

When Cold It Should Be Placed in Close Receptacle That Has Been Thoroughly Aired—Food Is Easily Contaminated.

While cooling, newly baked bread should be lightly covered with a clean cloth or paper to prevent mold germs and dust from falling upon it, but should not be tightly wrapped in a thick cloth, as is the practice in some households, for unless it is aired, when taken from an oven, it is likely to become "soggy" and damp, and thus offer an excellent medium for cultivation of molds, say food specialists of the United States department of agriculture. When cold the bread should be placed in a close receptacle that has been thoroughly scalded and aired. If bread is to be kept for more than two or three days in damp, hot weather, the jar or box should be taken out and sunned for a short time now and then, and again scalded and dried. On no account should portions of a former baking be stored with a new batch.

Cake and cookies should be cooled after making and kept in tin boxes or in earthenware jars, which, like bread boxes, should be scalded and aired often. Even if these foods are to be eaten at the next meal, it is well to keep them in some such receptacle, as it insures protection from dust. A cake, pudding, or pie that has been left to cool unprotected from dust or flies is something that no careful housewife would place on her table, if she stopped to think how easily the food may be contaminated.

Household Questions

Wash the flatirons in soda and water before heating.

* * *

Japanese flower baskets are decorative for standing plants or to use in hanging basket fashion.

* * *

A blue denim cover to fasten over an ironing board saves the white cover and is good to use when pressing suits.

* * *

When making cake add two tablespoons of boiling water to the butter and sugar mixture. This plan secures a fine-grained cake with less labor and in no way interferes with the usual recipe.

* * *

In sewing white silk blouses by machine, place a piece of white paper under the material. If this is done the silk doesn't pucker or draw up and the paper is easily removed when the work is finished.

Perfect Health is Yours If the Blood is Kept Pure

Almost Every Human Ailment Is Directly Traceable to Impurities in the Blood.

You should pay particular heed to any indication that your blood supply is becoming sluggish, or that there is a lessening in its strong and vital force.

By keeping your blood purified, your system more easily wards off disease that is ever present, waiting to attack wherever there is an opening. A few bottles of S. S. S., the great vegetable blood medicine, will revitalize your blood and give you new strength and a healthy, vigorous vitality. Everyone needs it just now to keep the system in perfect condition. Go to your drug store and get a bottle to-day, and if you need any medical advice, you can obtain it without cost by writing to Medical Director, Swift Specific Co., 112 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Easily Answered.

Chemistry Professor—"Name three articles containing starch." Student—"Two cuffs and a collar."

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the *result* of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

The Flapper.

Mother—"Why don't you dress sensibly, Marie?" Daughter—"Oh, ma, it would seem so foolish."

HOT WEATHER Hits the Stomach Hardest

Chicago, Ill.—Hot weather upsets the strongest stomach and causes serious trouble for the weak ones, so word is now going out to thousands of eatonic users that they should, during this hot weather, be on the safe side and take one eatonic tablet about half an hour before meals, as well as after eating. Do this and keep the excess acids and poisonous gases from forming in stomach and bowels. Eatonic acts quickly; it will help the appetite and take away the hot-weather, feverish, thirsty feeling from mouth and stomach, because it takes up the excess acids, poisons and gases and carries them out of the body and, of course, when the cause of the trouble is removed, there can be no bad feeling. Eatonic is like a bit of candy, and is recommended to all as a safe, sure remedy these hot days for stomach and bodily troubles, caused from overeating and drinking cold things. Adv.

GAVE HIM UP IN DISGUST

Colored American Put Algerian to the Supreme Test and Then Delivered Stern Verdict.

The total lack of comprehension between the American negro and his Algerian brother will go down in history as one of the outstanding features of the war.

There was, for instance, the case of the dusky stevedore at Brest and one of the colored French troops on duty there. Long and laboriously the Yank tried to establish some means of linguistic communication, but there was no response.

Then a brilliant thought struck the boy from Georgia. He produced a pair of ivory cubes and rolled them enticingly under the Algerian's nose. Intelligence still registered zero.

"Man," said Sam in disgust. "You ain't no cullud pusson. You ain't even no human. You is just a corpse."—The American Legion Weekly.

Step by Step.

"Supposing," said the man who wants to see everybody happy, "that we somehow arrange to give you a six-hour day. Are you sure that you will be contented?"

"For the present. Of course, I shouldn't think of asking for less than six hours' work to the day. But I have an impression that in the course of time our chronological system will need revision so that we'll have 25 or 30 minutes to the hour."

Thousands of Happy Housewives in Western Canada

are helping their husbands to prosper—are glad they encouraged them to go where they could make a home of their own—save paying rent and reduce the cost of living—where they could reach prosperity and independence by buying on easy terms

Fertile Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land similar to that which through many years has yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. With such crops come prosperity, independence, good homes, and all the comforts and conveniences which make for happy living.

Farm Gardens—Poultry—Dairying

are sources of income second only to grain growing and stock raising. Good climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephone, etc., give you the opportunities of a new land with the conveniences of old settled districts.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent.

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will reduce inflamed, swollen Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Soft Bunches; Heals Boils, Poll Evil, Quittor, Fistula and infected sores quickly as it is a positive antiseptic and germicide. Pleasant to use; does not blister or remove the hair, and you can work the horse. $2.50 per bottle, delivered. Book 7 R free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful, Swollen Veins, Wens, Strains, Bruises; stops pain and inflammation. Price $1.25 per bottle at dealers or delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Liberal Trial Bottle for 10c in stamps.

W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Travelers Will Find a Warm Welcome at the

Hotel West

MINNEAPOLIS

Sensible Prices—Service Our Watchword

We Have FARMS of All Sizes

in MINNESOTA, WISCONSIN, DAKOTA.
Customers for all prices.
CONSULT US before buying or selling.
LARSON LAND AGENCY
X450 Temple Court - MINNEAPOLIS

BIG MONEY AND FAST SALES. Every Owner Buys Gold Initals for his auto. You charge $1.50; make $1.35. Ten orders daily easy. Write for particulars and free samples. AMERICAN MONOGRAM CO., Dept. 116, Glen Ridge, N. J.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 60c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co. 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Cold Water Has Odd Use.

For years steam has been used for thawing the frozen soil of mining claims in Alaska, in spite of difficulties. Now it has been discovered that cold surface water, which of course is warmer than the ground, is a much better thawing medium than either steam or hot water, states Popular Mechanics Magazine. This seeming paradox is explained by the fact that the superabundant heat units of steam rise rapidly around the pipe, and are wasted, while the few heat units carried by the cold water remain in the ground and do their work slowly but thoroughly. In one test in the Nome district, a 2-inch pipe was inserted in a 6-inch drilled hole, and fed with 20 gallons of water a minute at a temperature of 52 degrees F., the ground being at 28 degrees. In 36 hours an 8-foot cylindrical thaw had been made.

Multiplies Too Fast.

At one of the army schools the perspiring aspirants for knowledge were going through the intricacies of arithmetic. One raw youth was having particular difficulty with fractions.

"It's very simple," encouraged the instructor. "See this rule, now. How many tenths are there in it? Ten, of course. Now, how many hundredths? One hundred. Now, how many thousandths?"

"D——n!" explained the sufferer, "There must be millions of 'em."—American Legion Weekly.

Good Judgment leads thousands of housewives to serve Grape-Nuts

in place of foods that require hours of drudgery in a hot kitchen. *Needs No Sugar* Comes ready to eat from the package.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

More Local News

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Studt, of Lu-ne, Iowa, and Chas. Waterman d children of the same place, drove t Klemme Thursday in their car for a visit until Saturday with Klemme latives and friends. From here t y drove to Jasper, Minn., and var-s other points. Chas. Waterman is brother of our local postmaster, N.

The farmers have been pretty busy t past week getting their grain cut d shocked. Luckily the weather n was good and did not send any n tos poil the cutting. The small in near Klemme looks fine, with exception of a small amount which s hit by the hail storm, but as a ole the grain crop here is a good e. Corn is also on the jump and ks fine.

The August meeting of the W. F. S. of the First Methodist Church, l be held the 5th. Mrs. C. A. Ar-d will be the hostess, and all are ited to come. We are especially ious to have all the members pres-, as this will be the last meeting in missionary year, and the officers next year will be elected. Let each e be ready for the June Mystery x questions.

Mrs. Chas. G. Bracher and children, former residents of Garner and who are spending the summer at Clear Lake, were visiting at the John Gruetzmacher home Tuesday.

J. C. Pavey came from Garrison, wa, Monday for a few days' visit ith his brother, Wallace. Tuesday e two brothers autoed to Algona, where they went to look at a herd of ilk goats. J. C. is interested in milk oats and has one and wanted to see what Algona had to offer in that line as he wants to purchase another. And while we are on the subject we will ay that the milk goat industry is getting to be a great thing in this country. Men interested in the business are importing large herds of milk goats from the European countries, but mainly Switzerland, where the best varieties are to be had. And if you think a good milk goat is cheap, just buy one and see how many hundred dollars she will cost you.

A FULL SIZED MAN

The Britt News-Tribune in their issue of last week has the following to say regarding John Hammill, and we believe it worthy enough to bear repeating. The article follows:

"John Hammill, of Britt, is the choice of the republicans as their candidate for lieutenant-governor. He was nominated on the second ballot Tuesday afternoon, at the state convention at Des Moines, receiving 636½ votes, 114½ more than the number required to nominate.

"Britt, Hancock County and Northern Iowa, share with Mr. Hammill his pleasure. The community where he has grown to manhood and where he received his early education, is proud of him and his accomplishments. Mr. Hammill was one of the graduates of the first class sent out by the Britt High School. It is a singular circumstance that Mrs. E. P. Healy was a class mate. Her husband will represent Hancock County in the next legislature, as Mr. Hammill takes over the speakership of the Senate.

"Mr. Hammill started as a poor boy. He was industrious. He had ideals o which he has always aspired. He was not easily discouraged and never lost sight of the better and nobler sides of life.

"Mr. Hammill has been through many hard legal battles, sometimes going down in defeat, but he was never baffled by these. He has likewise been through many a hard political battle and sometimes has met defeat. It is one of his characteristics that he has never got any sore spots through these battles, but has always come back and has actually aided men, both legally and politically, who had been his bitterest opposition.

"Then Mr. Hammill has always been clean morally. His home life and his social life has ever revealed the largeness and the cleanliness of the man.

"Iowa will find him a full sized man in every sense of the word when he takes over the speakership of the Senate. No faction need fear fair play at his hands. He will be firm for what he believes is right and will honestly endeavor to give Iowa and her citizens the kind of service that will be for the greatest good of the greatest number."

Turns Eyes Inside Out.

The garden snail's eyes are on the very tips of a pair of very long tentacles and it has an additional pair of shorter tentacles with which it smells. When any danger approaches the eyes are drawn down within the tentacles and the tentacles themselves are pulled into the body in exactly the same way as you would pull a glove finger inside out."

Want Ads.

For Sale

SPRING CHICKENS—We have dandy Spring Fries or sale. Anybody wanting a nice spring chicken either alive or dressed, phone Henry Maitland. adv.-tf.

FOR SALE—GENTLE DRIVING HORSE and a good top buggy. Ask Times Office for owner. 2wpd.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND FOUR GOOD LOTS, well located. Inquire at Times Office. tf.

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

FOUND—Case for pair of glasses. Cal lat Times Office.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

We have just received another

Carload of

Swift's 60 per cent

TANKAGE

Special Prices--

this week on half ton and ton lots, phone us at once.

Jacobs & Son

Keep up your

CREDIT

You can keep your credit good here by paying up the first of each month.

We ask all those who owe us an account to please call and settle on or before August 1st. Treat us fair and square and we will always remember you with a favor.

We always carry a full line of Moline Farm Implements, Tractors, Wagons, Buggies, Auto Accessories and Tires.

Henry Lau & Sons

"INDEX"

PERCHERON STALLION

Am now standing this fine stallion at my barn in Klemme. Phone me for dates. $15, guarantee colt.

Lloyd Lau, Owner

Phone 1409 ***Klemme, Iowa***

The

Klemme Meat Market

Fresh Meat

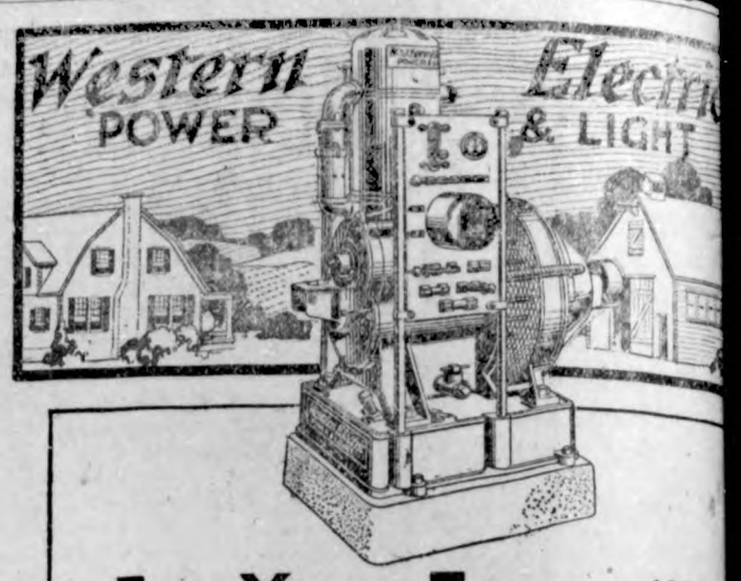
—because we dress all of the meat we sell—no risk of spoiling in fransit. It is a great deal of satisfaction to know that the meat you buy from us is Fresh.

Tender Meat

—because our meat is bought locally and selected by us. You want the best quality—so we buy the best.

We assure you of prompt service and reasonable prices.

J. P. Larsen & Sons, Props.



For Your Farm with *Western Electric* Back of it

THIS outfit furnishes electric power and light—easy to put in—simple to run—gives dependable service. No better outfit than this is made—none has given better service. And electric service is what you want. You get it from this outfit.

See this plant in operation.

C. C. TESSIER

Your Electrician

GARNER - IOWA

FLP-81

Don't Forget--

To look over your haying tools and especially your binder and if repairs are to be needed come in at once and we will fix you up in a hurry with whatever you may need.

Binder Twine

We still have a small amount of Twine left and it would be good idea for you to get a few extra pounds in case you should run short.

W. M. BAACK

Fruits Candy Ice Cream Bakery Goods

Are you *Thirsty? Hot?*

Then slip into our place and enjoy the products of our Soda Fountain. A cool, clear and snappy drink of

"Green River"

will hit the thirsty spot. Our Ice Cream Sundaes are the best to be had. We also serve sodas, pop, malt and other cool, refreshing drinks.

Try us when thirsty

The Crystal Cafe

New Cantaloups and fresh Fruit of all kinds

Corning - Conaphore and Warner Lens

FOR YOUR HEADLIGHTS

We have only about fifty pairs left which we are selling out at---

only **$2.40** ***per pair***

Regular sale price of the above is $3.50 to $5.50. This is your opportunity to get glasses cheap. All sizes for all makes of cars, at $2.40 per pair.

Come on!

Ed. G. Ell

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 48 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, August 5 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

DY OF TORKELSON BOY EX-HUMED

ath Is Supposed to Have Been Caused by Broken Neck in Accident

The remains of Willard Torkelson Hayfield, who came to his death ly 4th, was exhumed Sunday rning from the Madison cemetery eret hey had been interred, and ught to the Thompson & Anderson dertaking rooms for the purpose of ding a post mortem examination. ere were present at the examina- n two doctors from Mason City and o of the local physicians, and two ivate detectives. The deceased is leged to have come to his death by lling over a wire fence on the lolph Christianson farm. A cor- er's inquest was held at the time of s death.—Winnebago Republican.

WILL BUILD CULVERTS

Contracts have been let by the ancock county board of supervisors r the construction of some twenty lverts and bridges along the North wa Pike and elsewhere in the coun- . Charles Stiehl of Klemme, and r. Mortensen of Forest City, se- ured the work. Plans and drawings ere executed by County Engineer harles Merten and force under sup- rvision of the Iowa Highway com- ission. Work on the job will begin ext week.

Mako Haste Slowly.

Remember that some training is ecessary before a man can become farmer. Even potato raisers have o know how to drill.

THE SOX ALMOST WIN—BUT NOT QUITE

Locals Put Up a Good Game With Clear Lake Sunday

Sunday the Klemme Sox met the Clear Lake ball team at the park north of Klemme. The game started off good right from the start with "Bawlly" Kluckhohn on the pitcher's mound and Chas. Shirley in the catcher's box. We did not learn the Clear Lake battery. Up to about the first of the sixth inning Klemme ran up seven or eight scores and Clear Lake only got one score off Kluck- ohn. He was hard to hit and they couldn't find the ball. It was a little too strenuous for "Bawlly" to pitch any longer so M. O. Barr was put in for pitcher. Barr played in tough luck Sunday and was "off his feed" for Clear Lake found him and pounded out a number of runs and got up to about twelve hits in the last of the eighth. By this time "Bawlly" got his second wind and went in the box to finish the game. He held them down again and when he went to bat knocked out a home run, but too bad there were no men on the pans to bring home or the game would have looked different. There was some misunderstanding in the game as some claim that Clear Lake only had eleven scores and Klemme had the twelve, which we are of the opinion is correct, but the Klemme boys were generous and gave Clear Lake the benefit of the doubt. The Klemme boys are showing some real baseball stuff and are getting better with each game and just watch their smoke—you will see them win the next one.

CAPTAIN COLLINS PASSED AWAY

Capt. Collins passed away Monday at the Asa Gibbs home after a long period of suffering extending over a number of years. Mr. Collins was quite an old gentleman and was a Captain in the Civil War. He has made his home with the Gibbs family for a number of years and is a brother of Mrs. Asa Gibbs. At the time of this writing we were unable to se- cure the obituary of Mr. Collins, but will run it in these columns next week. Funeral services were held Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock. Funeral services were conducted by the Masonic Lodge, of which he was a member.

No Wonder He's Happy.—Krene De Berg of Kesley, was an Ackley business visitor Saturday, incidentally dropping in at the W. J. business office. There may be richer men in Butler county, than Mr. DeBerg, from the dollar and cent standpoint, but not from the point of family en- dearment. There are seventeen husky happy robust children in his home; they are all there too, and at dinner time Mr. DeBerg's table takes on the appearance of a hotel. A family of seventeen might strike terror to the heart of the average man, under present conditions, with the high cost of living at every turn, but not so with either Mr. Mr. or Mrs. DeBerg—they are happy in their possession of healthy sons and daughters. The big farm they own and occupy at the north edge of the village of Kesley, gives the youngsters a chance to "spread out and grow."—Ackley World-Journal.

GARNER WOMAN HAS SERIOUS ACCIDENT

Lower Limbs Severely Cut By Binder

Mrs. Harvey Rasmussen was seri- ously injured last Friday afternoon while she was out in the field assisting her husband with the harvest. Mrs. Rasmussen was running the binder, when the sickle clogged up with corn stalks. She got off the machine and walked in front of the sickle to loosen the stalks and as she was doing this some children rode up on a shetland pony, stopped a second and then said "gitapp" to urge their pony to go on. The horses hitched to the binder also started up with the command, with the result that Mrs. Rasmussen was caught in the binder before she could get out of the way and as the machine had not been thrown out of gear the sickle immediately started up and it cut her legs very seriously just above her shoe tops. She was given imme- diate medical attention and then rushed to the hospital at Mason City. At the last report she is getting along nicely and she will come out alright.

ELECTRICITY AT LAST

Meservey has electricity at last. The pawer was turned on Saturday evening and after a few minor alter- ations were made, were working bet- ter than was expected.

People coming into town at night might easily mistake Meservey for a much larger town on account of be- ing able to see the street lights for quite a distance.

Most everyone here seems pleased and well satisfied with the lights and power so far.—Meservey Register.

"OLD TIMERS" COP ANOTHER

Another hot game was pulled off between the Klemme Old Timers and the Sox. It was "hot stuff" from start to finish and some real keen tricks were pulled off by both sides. How- ever the Old Timers were on top with five scores when the smoke of battle had cleared away, and the Sox man- aged to save up four scores. The games between the Old Timers and the Sox are getting to be a weekly event and cause a lot of fun. Doc. Thomas pitched for the Old Timers and Fat Kluckhohn pitched for the Sox.

There are many towns in the state where coal has been almost impossible to get for threshing grain. The Klem- me dealers, M. O. Hocum and Walt Lau should be given a lot of credit for the efforts they have made to supply the farmers here. They have suc- ceeded in getting plenty of threshing coal and also have supplied a large number of residences and farm homes with coal for the winter. Many near- by towns have had only a very few cars of coal and some have not had a sngle car load for several months.

WE'LL ALL COME OUT, WALT!

Walt Bloom Invites Old Friends To Come Out For A Visit

Redwood City Cal.,
July 26th, 1920

Dear "Ed":—

Please find enclosed check for your valuable paper. As I will be in Los Agelens, my future home, by August 1st, and will be glad to welcome all my many Klemme friends when they come to California to see the country. Please send paper to 1403 West 37th Drive, Los Angeles. With best wishes to all,

W. R. BLOOM

P. S. Will be too glad to meet my old "corn fed" friends at the above address.

SURPRISE PARTY

A number of young people gather- ed at the Al White home last Thurs- day evening to have a surprise party on Wert Loger who was celebrating the event that day. Of course the evening was well enjoyed and games and sports were part of the enter- tainment, not forgetting the big feed following the sports and which we presume Mr. Loger was given an ample share, for a fellow who is cele- braing a birthday should have special privileges. Mr. Loger works for Al. White this year.

TEACHERS' SALARIES

At a meeting of the presidents of the school boards of the rural districts of the county held Friday, July 30, a resolution was adopted recommend- ing that the minimum wages for teachers in the rural districts of Han- cock County should be as follows:

1st grade and Normal Training, $100
2nd grade---------- $90
3rd grade---------- $75

Some townships had adopted a higher scalet than this. Teachers de- siring positions may receive more de- tailed information by writing County Superntendent J. R. Baggs, Garner, Iowa.

This community was blessed with a fine shower Tuesday morning. A little rain now will be great for the corn.

Threshing is well under way in the viciinty of Klemme. A few farmers got started with their threshing last week, but this week here are many threshing. The grain is pretty good this year and comes up to the ex- pectations of all.

The band concert was given in the park last Wednesday evening and we believe that that is the place where the concerts will be given the remain- der of the season as it seems to be the general wish of the people. Street concerts are all right, but those who want to hear the band are disturbed by the continual passing of cars which drowns out the music and also makes it hard for the band boys.

DIDN'T STAND TEST

Reader's Caustic Criticism of Modern Heroine.

They Lack the "Homey" Qualities of the Characters in the Pages of Dickens, Is One Thing He Has Noticed.

Doctor Pedbury picked up the gay- ly bound novel that lay on his patient's counterpane.

"Well, Hosea," he inquired, "how's the light literature prescription work- ing? Good story? Mighty pretty girl on the cover, anyhow."

"Ain't read it and ain't a-going to," declared Hosea aggressively. "Girl's pretty enough, but no three hundred pages of her doin's for me. She don't stand the test. They don't any of 'em. Cover or frontispiece; there's only two sorts of 'em, and I don't like either. I ain't pertick'ler whether they're tall or short, skinny or dimply, gypsyish or light complected; but I do want 'em a nice, likable-lookin' sort of humans—and they ain't. You put 'em to the button test, and it downs 'em."

"The button test? What's that?" asked Doctor Pedbury.

"Oh, I s'pose there's others," admit- ted Hosea, "but that's the easiest; jest s'pose a feller wants a button sewed on—wants it right off. Well, he hangs his coat on his arm and goes to one of those girls. 'Gwendolen Gertrude,' says he, 'I want to wear this coat, there's a button off. Can you fix it?' Well—" Hosea displayed the imperial beauty on the book cover—"jest look at her, doc. You know what she says without me tellin' ye. 'Base slave, be- gone!' or 'Minion, avaunt!' or 'Imperti- nent Rube, go ask your grandmother!' or some little thing of that sort. That's the general idee; that's the way Gwen- dolen Gertrude looks.

"And there's lots to her—chin up, head back, eyes shut; handsome crit- ters; but gosh! who'd want to ask a favor of 'em?—'less by telephone, so's he could drop the receiver quick before he got an answer. Well, that's some folks' idee of a lovely heroine, I s'pose—but it ain't mine.

"The other kind ain't so dangerous lookin', but she ain't much more use. Jest frivolous. Horsy or kitteny, one or t'other. 'Elsie Maree, here's a but- ton wants sewin'; s'pose you could do it?' Elsie Maree, she laughs pretty and shows nice teeth and says, pleas- ant, 'Why, yes, of course'; only she's got engagements up to the middle of next week, and, anyways, the buttons she sews ain't warranted to stay on more'n an hour or so; so maybe, after all, 'twould be as well to ask some- body else. Well, that's Elsie Maree; and she ain't my notion of a lovely heroine, either.

"Heroines were different when I was young. Dickens' heroines, now; they was real nice and lovable besides bein' pretty, and their picters looked it. That little Dot woman with the baby, and that Ruth girl that made the beef- steak puddin'—they'd ha' stood the button test all right.

"Goin', doctor? Say, reach me that seed catalogue off the table fust, won't ye; and, say, if ye would stop to the library as ye pass and ask Bill Hickens for a copy of Nicholas Nickle- by—mine's such bad print ma won't let me read it in bed—and bring it along next visit, I'd appreciate it a lot. Thank you, doctor! I thought you wouldn't mind."—Youth's Companion.

Famous American Clipper Ships.

In the days of the famous clipper ships, the American vessel was sec- ond to none, writes Frederick A. Col- lins in Boys' Life. No other country could build ships at once so staunch and so speedy. Records were estab- lished which have never been sur- passed by sailing craft and, even with the use of steam, were not bettered for nearly half a century. In 1852 the Sovereign of the Seas sailed 436 miles in a single day. The Lightning crossed the Atlantic in 13 days 20 hours, and the James Blaine of 2,500 tons made the voyage from Boston to Liverpool in 12 days and 6 hours. Although America led the way with the first transatlantic steamship, she allowed the sovereignty of the seas to slip gradually from her. At the beginning of the war most of her tonnage was afloat on the great lakes or engaged in constwise traffic, and her deep-sea fleet was small.

Joys of Tournament Golf.

Wouldn't it make you mad if you were entered in a golf tournament and you started out shooting the little old pill down the line, better than you ever had and finished the first nine holes in the lowest score you had ever made; slipped a little on the second nine, but still had a chance to make a respectable showing, and then on the eighteen hole in the presence of an admiring throng of friends you pro- ceeded to put the pill into the ditch three times and take eleven strokes where five should have been plenty?

Wouldn't it make you mad?

Well, the only consolation we know out of that horrible catastrophe is that we remembered even in our rage that there were ladies within hearing dis- tance. We came up smiling out of the ditch, but we sincerely hope the young woman in the pink gown and the big hat who grinned gleefully at us is no mind r [illegible]-change.

Beware!

Notice:- To Auto Drivers

It shall be unlawful to use on a vehicle of any kind oper- ated on the public highways of this state, including motor- cycles, any lighting device of over four [4] candle power, equipped with a reflector, unless the same shall so be de- signed, or arranged that the directly reflected and undiff- used beam of such light when measured seventy-five [75] feet or more ahead of the light shall not rise above forty- two (42) inches from the level surface on which the veh- icle stands under all conditions of load. If, in addition to headlights, any such vehicle is equipped with any auxili- ary light, projecting lights, or devices other than the rear lamp, such auxiliary light or lights shall be subject to all the restrictions of this section, regarding direction of the beam. If a spotlight is used on a motor vehicle it shall be unlawful for any perssn to direct its rays toward the eyes of the driver or other occupants of an approaching vehicle or to the left of the center of the traveled way when meet- ing another vehicle.

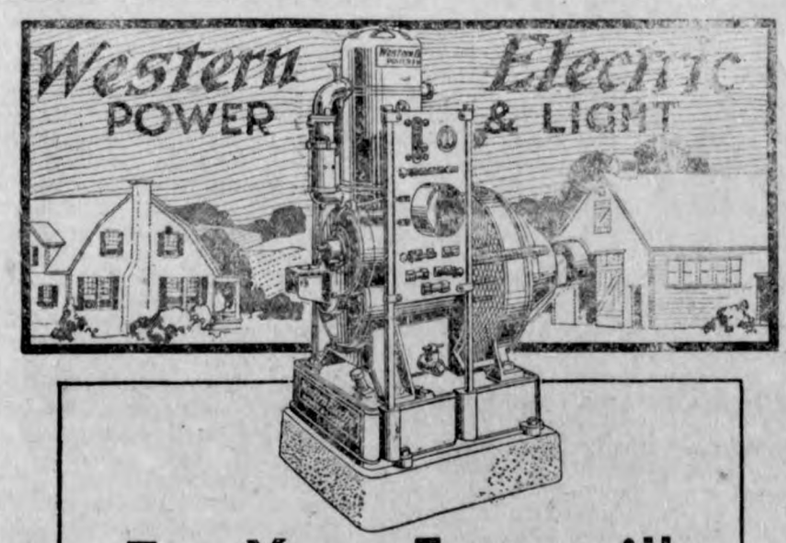
Any violation of this section shall constitute a misdemean- or, and upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than five dollars (5.00) nor more than twenty- five dollars (25.00) for the first and second offense, providing further that for the third conviction the department shall revoke the license and certificate of registration of the person so con- victed and no new license or certificate shall be granted to the person for a period of one (1) year.

It shall be the duty of the mayor of cities and towns, the police, sheriff, and all peace officers to enforce provisions of this act.

This Law will be Enforced.

James S. Ross

Sheriff of Hancock County.



For Your Farm with *Western Electric* Back of it

THIS outfit furnishes electric power and light—easy to put in—simple to run—gives dependable service. No better outfit than this is made—none has given better service. And electric service is what you want. You get it from this outfit.

See this plant in operation.

C. C. TESSIER
Your Electrician
GARNER - IOWA

FLP-BL

AVOID WASTE AT THRASHING TIME

Many Little Leaks Result in Total Loss of Many Millions of Bushels Each Year.

MACHINES NEED ADJUSTING

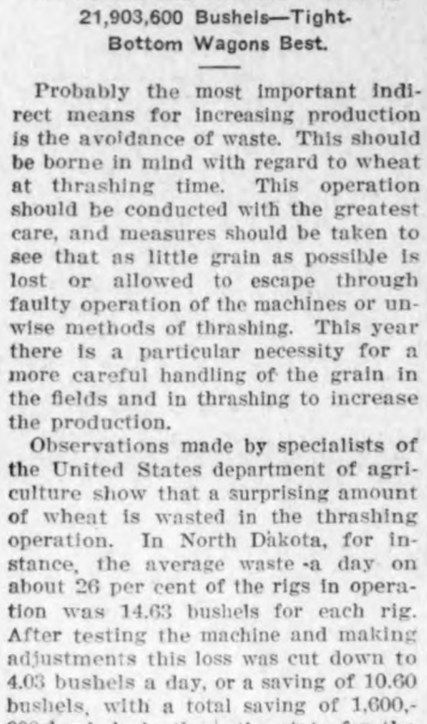
Estimated Total Saving in Dakotas, Minnesota and Montana Placed at 21,903,600 Bushels—Tight-Bottom Wagons Best.

Probably the most important indirect means for increasing production is the avoidance of waste. This should be borne in mind with regard to wheat at thrashing time. This operation should be conducted with the greatest care, and measures should be taken to see that as little grain as possible is lost or allowed to escape through faulty operation of the machines or unwise methods of thrashing. This year there is a particular necessity for a more careful handling of the grain in the fields and in thrashing to increase the production.

Observations made by specialists of the United States department of agriculture show that a surprising amount of wheat is wasted in the thrashing operation. In North Dakota, for instance, the average waste a day on about 26 per cent of the rigs in operation was 14.63 bushels for each rig. After testing the machine and making adjustments this loss was cut down to 4.03 bushels a day, or a saving of 10.60 bushels, with a total saving of 1,600,000 bushels in the entire state for the season.

More Than 21,900,000 Bushels Saved.

In South Dakota the testing and readjustment of the machines effected a saving of 13.3 bushels a day on 18 per cent of the machines tested, or 1,500,000 bushels for the state. In Montana, through proper adjustment of the machines and avoidance of waste, the saving on 15 per cent of the rigs was 706,-



The Blanket Test—A Waste of 8 Pints of Grain Out of Every 2½ Bushels Thrashed Reduced to 1 Pint After Readjustment of Machine.

925 bushels for the season; and in Minnesota, on 32 per cent of the rigs, 1,000,000 bushels. The estimated total saving for 21 states in which the work was carried on was 21,393,000 bushels.

This movement should interest both thrashermen and farmers. The thrasherman by means of the tests is better able to check up the work being done by his machine and can turn out more grain a day, which means more money both to himself and to the farmer. After the faults of the machine are once located and corrected it is an easy matter to check up occasionally and keep the machine running with the least waste.

The farmer can save a great deal of grain by the following methods: Raking the shock rows; using tight-bottom bundle wagons for shock thrashing; by a careful and thorough clean-up around the machine and the use of a large canvas spread on the ground under the feeder to catch the grain which shatters out in the process of feeding and that which leaks out around the front end of the machine. As to raking the scatterings along the shock rows, in Wisconsin one field of 22 acres gave a yield of 135 bushels. In Oklahoma 90 acres gave 110 bushels in one case and in another 70 acres gave 55 bushels. Oklahoma reported a saving of 5,063 bushels for the raking of scatterings on 144 farms. Kansas reported a saving of 1½ bushels an acre, and Illinois one-half bushel an acre.

Tight-Bottom Wagons Prevent Waste.

The use of tight-bottom bundle wagons in North Dakota saved between 600 and 800 bushels in thrashing 2,000 acres. In Wisconsin it is estimated that 280,000 bushels were saved by tight-bottom wagons. The idea of using the canvas on the ground under the feeder not only saves grain but saves time on the clean-up, and should certainly be considered by both thrashermen and farmers.

A very definite notion of the amount of grain wasted about the rig may be had from making a so-called blanket test. This consists of spreading a sheet of canvas or other suitable cloth about 18 by 24 feet in area convenient to the stacker of the thrashing machine. A man is stationed on the top of the machine near the weighing device. Immediately after a trip of the weigher, drop the hood, so that all the straw, etc., passes on to the sheet. Allow the straw to deposit there until the weighing device trips five complete times, indicating that the machine has thrashed 2½ bushels. Use a fork to winnow off the straw from the canvas, shaking as much as possible for any wheat that may be in it. This leaves a mass of small particles of straw and chaff and wheat on the sheet. Use the screen to sift off the small particles of straw and put through a fanning mill to blow out the chaff, leaving the quantity of wheat that has been wasted. Measure this in pint measure. One pint gleaned in this operation might be considered unavoidable waste; two pints, poor operation, to be corrected at the earliest opportunity; and three pints or more wasteful practice, and the machine closed down until improvement is obtained.

Watch Machine Closely.

In the middle West, where more moisture prevails, the adjustment of the machine should be watched closely throughout the day. In the morning the grain is apt to be moist and not easily shelled. If the machine is adjusted to overcome this condition it should be readjusted in the afternoon to provide for the dryer condition of the grain. If not so adjusted to meet the changing condition grain will be wasted.

Thrashing is looked upon generally as a very distasteful operation. This fact is to blame for waste in many instances. The farmer is anxious to have it over with and speeds up the work as much as possible. Haste makes waste in thrashing in many ways. Care should be taken in pitching from the wagon. If the machine is fed too fast or carelessly, it cannot function properly.

Probably more grain is wasted from failure to clean up at the end of a setting than from any other single cause. Just as much care should be taken in cleaning up all the unthrashed straw and loose grain that has accumulated around the machine as has been taken with the rest of the job. Even with the best of care a considerable amount of unthrashed straw will accumulate around the feeder in the course of the day's work. If the straw is very dry much grain will shatter from the heads as it is being pitched from the wagons or stacks onto the feeder.

COST OF 1919 WHEAT ABOUT $2.15 BUSHEL

Production Study Made by Department of Agriculture.

Fourteen Representative Districts Were Visited by Field Men in Making Investigation—481 Records Were Taken.

The cost of producing wheat of the 1919 crop was as low as $1 a bushel on just two farms out of 481 included in a cost of production study just completed by the United States department of agriculture. On 20 farms it was $5 or over. The bulk of the farms produced wheat at a cost somewhat less than midway between these two extremes. The average cost per bushel for all farms was $2.15. At such a price half the farmers in question would have lost money on their wheat.

Fourteen representative districts in the wheat belt were visited by the field men of the office of farm management in making this investigation a preliminary report of which has just been issued. Nine winter wheat areas were surveyed in Kansas, Nebraska and Missouri, and five spring wheat areas in Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota. For winter wheat 284 records were taken, for spring wheat 197.

In the winter wheat area costs ranged from $1 a bushel for two farms to $8.20 on one farm. The average cost was $1.87. If the price received had been $1.87 more than half of these winter wheat growers would have produced wheat at a loss.

In the spring wheat areas the average cost was much higher—$2.65—the range running from $1.10 for one farm to $5 or over for 17 farms. If the price received had equaled the average cost, between 50 and 55 per cent of these spring wheat growers would have failed to break even.

Yields averaged 14.9 bushels per acre for the winter wheat farms, and 8.4 bushels for the spring wheat farms, and the cost per acre $27.80 for winter wheat, as against $22.40 for spring wheat.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Make plantings of vegetables for early fall use.

* * *

Baled hay and straw should bring a good price this year.

* * *

Keep the tractor under cover, even in the months of little rain.

* * *

Spraying is necessary to control insect pests and to prevent blight.

* * *

Peas and oats should be cut for hay when the peas are well podded.

* * *

Clover is ready to cut for seed when most of the heads have turned brown.

* * *

It is the dealer's business to label all seeds as to purity, germination and presence of noxious weeds.

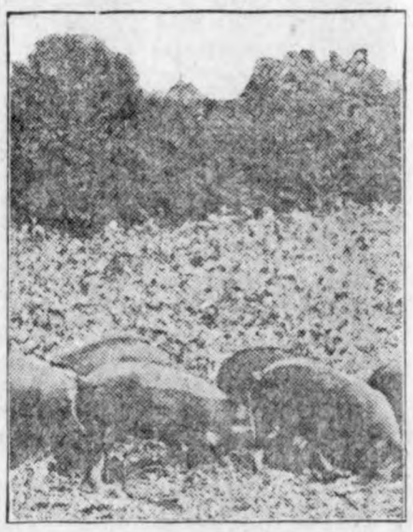
FARM STOCK

RAISE FEED FOR LIVE STOCK

Second in Importance Only to That of Producing Food Necessary for Use by Family.

The production of enough feed for its family live stock, work stock, and commercial live stock is second in importance only to producing food for the family, in the opinion of the United States department of agriculture. Farm management studies in the southern states indicate that the most profitable farms not only produce the necessary farm feeds but have a surplus of them to sell, and that the live stock is usually of better quality and better grade on the farms producing a surplus than on farms where staple feeds are bought. These facts are brought out in a series of 16 tests formulated by the department of agriculture to show whether or not a farm is being efficiently managed.

The average farm family, made up of five adult persons or their equivalent, requires for its proper maintenance 2 cows, 40 fowls for furnishing eggs and poultry meat, and 1 pig for each adult person or his equivalent. Enough calves should be raised to replace each cow reaching the age of 8 years. This family live stock, it is calculated, will require 1 ton of corn and cob meal, 1,234 pounds of cottonseed meal, 55 bushels of corn, 40 bushels of oats, 4,200 pounds of cowpea hay, 2,100 pounds of oat hay, 4,200 pounds of corn roughage, green forage from 2 acres, and 5 acres of pasture or their equivalent. A fair provision to a head for work stock is 60 bushels of corn, 40 bushels of oats, and 3 tons of



Hogs on Pasture Being Made Ready for Market.

roughage. The arrangement of crops and pastures to meet these requirements are suggested in United States department of agriculture circular No. 83, "Testing Farms in the South for Efficiency in Management."

VALUE OF HORSES ON FARM

Total Estimated at $1,993,000,000, or Just a Little Below Figures on Cows.

Even though it may be true that the motor-driven vehicle has begun to put the farm horse "on the run," there is no evidence that he has developed much speed, and his total value still compares favorably with other classes of farm animals. On January 1, 1920, the bureau of crop estimates of the United States department of agriculture estimated the total value of horses on farms in this country at $1,993,000,000, or just a little below the value of milk cows, which was $2,022,000,000.

SWINE DURING HOT WEATHER

Fattening Pigs Will Not Suffer From Heat If Given Plenty of Water and Ample Shade.

Fattening pigs require some attention in hot weather, but usually pigs weighing 100 to 150 pounds or more will not suffer from the heat or die if given plenty of cool water and protection from the sun. A concrete hog wallow is quite sanitary and if built in the overflow from a spring it keeps clear with the inflow of clean water. On hot days pigs will lie on the concrete feeding floor in the hog barn during the heat of the day and forage in the rape during the cool of the morning and evening.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Every good dairyman knows the value of a purebred sire of good record.

* * *

If you have surplus stock to sell it will pay you to use a good purebred dairy bull.

* * *

Give the sheep some attention during the summer and increase the profits from the flock.

* * *

When sheep are on pasture they will not require much attention, but one must see that the pasture is not overstocked and that they have plenty of fresh water and salt.

DAIRY

SKIM MILK RATION FAVORED

Greatest Gain in Weight Made When Calf Is Fed Large Quantities in Daily Ration.

How much skim milk should be fed to calves daily?

Results obtained thus far at the dairy division experiment farm, Beltsville, Md., indicate that calves will make the greatest gains in weight when fed comparatively large quantities of skim milk daily (one-fifth of their body weight, or all they will drink), but that the most economical gains are made on smaller quantities.

In an experiment to determine the effect of feeding various quantities of skim milk, 16 calves were divided into groups of four calves each. These groups were balanced as nearly as possible with reference to breed and body weight at birth. One group was given a daily ration of one-seventh of the body weight, the quantity being regulated by body weights taken every ten days. Two other groups were fed at the rate of one-sixth and one-fifth of their body weights; and the fourth group was given all the milk the calves would drink, twice a day.

Each calf received its mother's milk until it was ten days old. The change to skim milk was then made gradually, and at the age of fifteen days the calf was on an entire skim milk ration. The experiment ran for 70 days. Weights obtained for three consecutive days, at the end of the 70-day period, were taken as the final weights. The average reslults from each group are given in tabular form:

Rate of feeding.	Daily gain.	Milk per day.	Milk per pound gain.
		Lbs.	Lbs.
Group 1 (one-seventh of body weight)	0.95	13.52	14.4
Group 2 (one-sixth of body weight)	1.09	16.99	15.6
Group 3 (one-fifth of body weight	1.26	20.96	17.0
Group 4 (all they would drink)	1.48	24.22	16.6

The groups were well balanced as regards weight and thrift of the calves.

The gains increased with the quantity of skim milk fed, the calves which received all they would drink making gains at least 50 per cent larger than those receiving milk at the rate of one-seventh of their body weight. To do this they drank about 80 per cent more milk. As a consequence the skim milk required for one pound of gain was greater with the heavily fed calves.

No bad results from heavy feeding were noticed, although all of the calves

Heavy Skim Milk Rations, It Has Been Found, Are Beneficial for Calves.

in group 4, with one exception, drank, at times, more than 40 pounds of skim milk a day. This leads us to believe that overfeeding is not in itself a common cause of scours.

TO PREVENT TAINTED BUTTER

Churn Must Be Kept Sweet and Clean at All Times—Small Brush Quite Convenient.

If proper care is not exercised in keeping the churn sweet and clean the butter will be tainted, no matter how well the milk and cream have been cared for before churning begins. A small brush is a convenient article to use about the churn, as it is somewhat difficult to clean the corners and joints with a cloth and it is these that hold particles of milk and cream and make breeding places for microbes.

BULL OF GREAT IMPORTANCE

Because of Extensive Influence on Herd Animal Should Be Best Breeder Can Purchase.

A cow is the dam of but one calf in the herd, but a bull is the sire of all the calves. Because of his extensive influence on the herd, the herd bull should be just as good as the new breeder can possibly afford to buy. In fact, the price of the herd bull should be of far less consideration than the price of the cow. The buyer should not be satisfied with a cheap bull, but when he pays a good price he should buy a good bull.

TO EVERYWOMAN HER·OWN·BEAUTY·PROBLEMS

Know your own skin intimately. Unless you are able to analyze its condition, or seek the advice of our trained expert, you cannot select intelligently the treatment to which it will best respond.

Is Yours an Oily Skin?

If your skin is excessively oily, it is shiny in appearance and the pores are probably enlarged. An oily skin is hard to keep clean and few powders can be effectively applied.

To expect such a skin to respond to the same treatment intended for a dry or normal skin is absurd. To every woman her own beauty problems: for every skin a Franco-American preparation especially devised to correct its peculiar condition. You will learn the secret of how to look your best through "The Combination Treatment Box for Oily Skins", illustrated above, which provides six different preparations no woman with an oily skin should be without. Address The Franco-American Hygienic Company direct, or write us, requesting that our Personal Service Retailer in your vicinity call at your home.

Would you engage in a dignified, profitable profession among your personal friends? If not already represented in your community, The Franco-American Hygienic Company offers women of energy and refinement an attractive position as our Accredited Retailer. An inquiry will bring complete details concerning our thorough training and liberal profit sharing arrangement.

Franco-American Hygienic Co.
SUPERIOR TOILET PREPARATIONS
"Her Favorite for Thirty Years"
FRANCO-AMERICAN BUILDING 13th ST. and INDIANA AVE. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

School Lunches.

Scientific tests have shown that the hot lunch served in the schools is a very big factor in developing the child.

SAY "DIAMOND DYES"

Don't streak or ruin your material in a poor dye. Insist on "Diamond Dyes." Easy directions in package.

"CORNS"

Lift Right Off Without Pain

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

If mistakes were crimes all men would be in jail.

If the moon could only talk—but it can't.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Cuticura Soap —Is Ideal for— The Complexion

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

To the receptive soul the River of Life passeth not, nor is diminished.—George Eliot.

Real self-sacrifice is to be a benefactor without praise or gratitude.

SQUEEZED TO DEATH

When the body begins to stiffen and movement becomes painful it is usually an indication that the kidneys are out of order. Keep these organs healthy by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Famous since 1696. Take regularly and keep in good health. In three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed as represented. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, DAISY FLY KILLER attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed.

DAISY FLY KILLER at your dealer or 5 by EXPRESS, prepaid, $1.25. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

PESKY BED BUGS

(Pesky Devils Quietus) P. D. Q. is a new chemical that puts the everlasting to the Pesky bedbugs, roaches, fleas, ants and cooties—impossible for the pesky devils to exist where P. D. Q. is used. Recommendations of Hotels, Hospitals, Railroad Companies and other public institutions are a guarantee to the public that the safest, quickest and most economical way of ridding the pesky insects is by the use of P. D. Q. as this chemical kills the eggs as well as the live ones, and will not injure the clothing.

A 35c package makes a full quart, enough to kill a million bedbugs, roaches, fleas or cooties—and also contains a patent spout to get the egg nests in the hard-to-get-at-places, and saves fuss. Your druggist has it or he can get it for you, or sent prepaid on receipt of price by the Owl Chemical Works, Terre Haute, Indiana.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling. Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at druggists. Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N.Y.

FARM LANDS in southeast Missouri. Write T. H. Ezzell, Bloomfield, Mo., for No. 151 giving full particulars. Full of bargains.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 60c. Free booklet. Dr. C. Berry Co., 2278 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Will Not be One Day Without

PE-RU-NA

This Lady TELLS Her FRIENDS

MRS. MARY FRICKE

Mrs. Mary Fricke, 507 Bornman St., Belleville, Ill., is just one of the many thousands of ladies throughout the country who, after an agony of years, have at last found health, strength and vigor in PE-RU-NA.

Her own words tell of her suffering and recovery better than we can do it: "I suffered with my stomach, had awful cramps and headaches so I often could not lay on a pillow. Saw your book, tried PE-RU-NA and got good results from the first bottle. To be sure of a cure I took twelve bottles. I have recommended PE-RU-NA to my friends and all are well pleased with results. I will not be one day without PE-RU-NA. Have not had a doctor since I started with PE-RU-NA, which was about fifteen years ago. I am now sixty-three years old, hale, hearty and well. Can do as much work as my daughters. I feel strong and healthy and weigh near two hundred pounds. Before, I weighed as little as one hundred. I hope lots of people use PE-RU-NA and get the results I did." An experience like that of Mrs. Fricke is an inspiration to every sick and suffering woman.

If you have catarrh, whether it be of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, or other organs, PE-RU-NA is the remedy. It is not new; it is not an experiment. PE-RU-NA has been tried. PE-RU-NA has been used by thousands who once were sick and are now well. To prevent coughs, colds, grip and Influenza and to hasten recovery there is nothing better.

PE-RU-NA will improve the appetite and digestion, purify the blood, sooth the irritated mucous linings, eradicate the waste material and corruption from the system. It will tone up the nerves, give you health, strength, vigor and the joy of living. Do what Mrs. Mary Fricke and thousands more have done—try PE-RU-NA. You will be glad, happy, thankful.

Tablet or Liquid. Sold Everywhere.

RHEUMATISM?

TRY

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)

Write for Information **Post Office Box 4**

Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co., Jordan, Minn.

NO MERCY FOR THE FLIRT

According to Dream, Modern Girl Met With Deserved Condemnation at St. Peter's Hands.

Cortlandt Bleeker was talking at Piping Rock about the modern girl.

"I had a dream last night," he said. "I dreamed that a modern girl died and appeared before St. Peter.

"She wore a gown of filmy, almost transparent tissue. She was very beautiful, and she had a conquering air.

"'Let me in, please,' she said. 'My sweethearts were numberless, but my virtue remained unspotted. Though I skated over miles of thin ice, I never once fell through. I am a modern girl.'

"But St. Peter frowned and said, pointing downwards with his forefinger:

"'I condemn you to the same flames to which you condemned your foolish lovers.'"

Sixty-Year-Old Apple Tree.

In 1858 a Missouri farmer decided that he wanted to take Greeley's advice and go West to do a little growing up with the country. He took with him a tiny apple tree growing on his farm, to see what luck it might bring him. From all appearances he made a wise move, for the tree is still growing and showering apples all over the orchard each year.

Occasionally man gets rid of a bad habit by swapping it for a worse one

SOMETHING NEW TO MOTHER

Dear Old Lady Had a Good Deal to Learn About the Latest Idea in Silk Stockings.

Styles may come and styles may go, but an old-fashioned mother like Bab's can't be expected to keep abreast with the latest creations. She is always looking after the welfare of the family, whether it is preparing father's choice dish or skimping her own needs so that Johnny or Bab may keep up appearances with the twentieth century younger set.

Mother recently was going over the week's washing, putting a patch here, catching a button there and seeing to it that the stockings were carefully mended. She came across a pair of stockings that Bab had purchased the week before. They were the latest thing dictated by fashion, the lisle stocking with lace designs on the sides, which very much resembles the lowly "run."

"And bless you, mother sewed up every one of them," giggled Bab to a friend, a few days later, "and they cost me $8 a pair, too."

Waiter, One Dish "Milhi!"

The Chinese are very fond of an extraordinary dish called "milhi," which is made of live new-born mice dipped in honey.

Waste.

Samson pulled down the temple.

"Heavens, man," we cried, "don't you know how scarce buildings are?"

When Something Is Wrong With Your Comfort

—when nervousness, indigestion, billiousness or some other upset makes you think you are not eating or drinking the right thing

—if you're a coffee drinker, cut out coffee ten days and use

Postum Cereal

This delicious drink with its coffee-like flavor, suits coffee drinkers. Its value to health soon shows, and its economy is so apparent under use that one quickly realizes.

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc.
Battle Creek, Michigan

Home Town Helps

UNSAFE AS WELL AS UGLY

Anti-Signboard Argument Made by Chicagoans Effective in Curtailing General Nuisance.

Of course, a signboard is designed to attract attention. In some cities they appear to be attracting attention which threatens their existence in certain districts. This is a good thing, for at their best they have not been much of a scenic attraction and at their worst they have been pretty bad.

In Chicago, where a good deal of thought has been given to city planning, an ordinance was passed prohibiting signboards on roofs of buildings and requiring majority consent for permission to erect signboards in residence districts. The signboard people fought this ordinance to the United States Supreme court and were worsted. And the decision gave the people the right to have no signboards in the neighborhood of their homes if the majority agreed.

It is interesting to note that the arguments on which this case was defended by the people had to do rather with public safety and health than esthetic considerations. The boards were to be kept from the roofs for fear of their falling into the street, and the charge was made that they were a fire menace and a convenient ambush for robbers in residence districts.

Perhaps these practical phases afford the most convenient point of attack for the present, but from an esthetic point of view the signboard is forever and everywhere an offense. —Detroit News.

CURVE PROPERLY HANDLED

The appearance of this retaining wall is improved rather than marred by the semicircular curves introduced to save the large trees which border the property. Weathering of the top is prevented by the neat concrete coping.—From Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Prophetic Fire.

The death of Levi P. Morton reminds me of a strange occurrence at Canajoharie years and years ago, before Mr. Morton became vice president. He was the guest of the late Senator James Arkell, they having long been intimate friends. During Mr. Morton's stay at the Arkell home a fire occurred in which the guest's suitcase, marked "Levi P. Morton," was burned on one end in such a manner that all the letters of the name were destroyed but the "v" and "P." Just at that time Mr. Morton was being mentioned in connection with the Republican nomination for either president or vice-president, and the versatile Senator Arkell ventured the opinion that the strange work of the fire pointed toward success in that "v" and "P" meant vice president. A few months after the fire Levi P. Morton was nominated for and later elected to the vice presidency.—Fort Plain Standard.

Old Saloon Made Over.

An old saloon in the Italian section of New York has recently been taken over by the Y. M. C. A. and turned into a community center for Italian women and girls. The brown woodwork has been painted blue and lively chintz has been hung at the windows. The old place is hardly recognizable. This center is being used during the day as a nursery for children whose mothers are working, for a babies' clinic, and for mothers' club meetings; in the evenings for social times for girls who work during the day.

Why the Buffalo Wallow.

The water buffalo of China writes C. O. Levine, associate professor of animal husbandry, Canton Christian college, in the Journal of Heredity (Washington), has few sweat glands in its skin, and for this reason cannot endure hard work in the sun for a long period, unless its body is wet with water. This accounts for the desire of the buffalo to wallow in mud or water. The animals are easily overcome by heat if worked hard in the sun and sometimes they go crazy and become very dangerous.

Costly Production.

In producing Sir Rider Haggard's famous story of "King Solomon's Mines" for the movies, $50,000 worth of ostrich plumes were used as part of the headdresses of the opposing armies. The film was produced in South Africa, where fortunately ostrich feathers are plentiful.—Brooklyn Eagle.

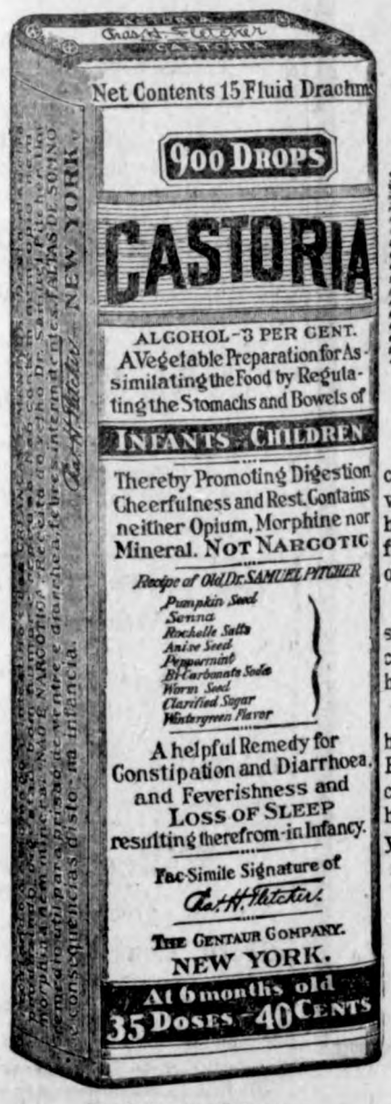
Some More Truths.

WOULD you use a steam shovel to move a pebble? Certainly not. Implements are built according to the work they have to do.

Would you use a grown-up's remedy for your baby's ills? Certainly not. Remedies are prepared according to the work THEY have to do.

All this is preliminary to reminding you that Fletcher's Castoria was sought out, found and is prepared solely as a remedy for Infants and Children. And let this be a warning against Substitutes, Counterfeits and the Just-as-good stuff that may be all right for you in all your strength, but dangerous for the little babe.

All the mother-love that lies within your heart cries out to you: Be true to Baby. And being true to Baby you will keep in the house remedies specially prepared for babies as you would a baby's food, hairbrush, tootbrush or sponge.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Are You Prepared?

A doctor in the house all the time would be a good idea. Yet you can't afford to keep a doctor in the family to keep baby well or prevent sickness. But you can do almost the same thing by having at hand a bottle of Fletcher's Castoria, because it is a wonderful remedy for indigestion, colic, feverishness, fretfulness and all the other disorders that result from common ailments that babies have.

Fletcher's Castoria is perfectly safe to use. It is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. Children cry for Fletcher's Castoria, and mothers recommend it because they have found it a comfort to children and a mother's friend.

If you love your baby, you know how sweet it is to be able to help baby when trouble comes. You cannot always call upon a doctor. But doctors have nothing but good to say of Fletcher's Castoria, because they know that it can only do good—that it can't do any harm—and they wouldn't want you to use for baby a remedy that you would use for yourself.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

A Good Trader.

"Of course I realize from all you have said that you are the smoothest business man who ever hit this town," the quiet chap observed when the salesman slowed down for want of breath, "but there are some others. Now, for instance, I'll sell you an article for a dollar that I paid five for, and still make a profit on the deal."

"Can't be done. I'll take you!" the salesman responded briskly, and handed over a dollar.

Whereupon the quiet chap gave him a $5 meal ticket that had been punched for all but ten cents of its value.

Very Much So.

"Hungary seems inclined to go back to the monarchy."

"She would find that her crowning mistake."

Don't Let Catarrh Drag You into Consumption

Avoid Its Dangerous Stage.

There is a more serious stage of Catarrh than the annoyance caused by the stopped-up air passages, and the hawking and spitting and other distasteful features.

The real danger comes from the tendency of the disease to continue its course downward until the lungs become affected, and then dreaded consumption is on your path. Your own experience has taught you that the disease cannot be cured by sprays, inhalers, jellies and other local applications.

S. S. S. has proven a most satisfactory remedy for Catarrh because it goes direct to its source, and tends to remove the germs of the disease from the blood. Get a bottle from your druggist today, and begin the only logical treatment that gives real results. For free medical advice write to Medical Director, 104 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Naming No Names.

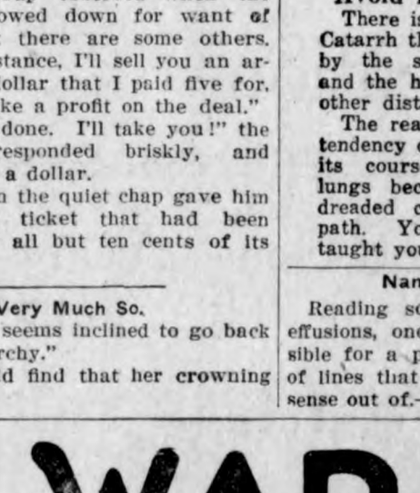
Reading some of the present day effusions, one reflects that it is possible for a poet to make dollars out of lines that others can't even make sense out of.—Boston Transcript.

10 Billion Potatoes From One.

If there were but one potato left in the world a careful cultivator might produce 10,000,000,000 from it in ten years and thus supply the world with seed again.

WARNING!

The "Bayer Cross" on tablets is the thumb-print which positively identifies genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over 20 years, and proved safe by millions.



BAYER

Safety first! Insist upon an unbroken "Bayer package" containing proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago and for Pain generally. Made and owned strictly by Americans.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

"It's Great to Get Up In the Morning"
When BIG BEN greets You!

BIG BEN is the leader in the alarm clock world.

BIG BEN stands 7 inches tall; has a dis-dial; a heavily nickeled, brass DUST-PROOF case; an alarm that sounds steadily or intermittently. Sold by—

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Celebrating a Bountiful Harvest--

DEPOSIT WITH A STRONG BANK

PRACTICALLY every section of the country is enjoying a bountiful harvest and there is a natural desire on the part of most everybody to celebrate.

The one best way to celebrate harvest this year is to build up a good big bank account against the day when the harvest may not be so bountiful.

Bank accounts are no longer considered luxuries. They are necessities.

This bank has built its success on careful, courteous and comprehensive service.

You personally, as well as your account, are welcome--always.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Local News!

W. F. Pavey and family visited friends at Mason City Sunday.

Walter Ross and family of Garner, spent Sunday at the J. N. Day home.

J. N. Day and wife, and Dorance, were Belmons visitors Monday.

Mrs. Walters is at present staying at Belmond, where she is visiting.

Mr. Dominy was up from Goodell last Thursday on business.

Hancock County Fair—August 31, September 1, 2 and 3. Don't forget the dates.

Mr. Leo Ell and wife from Mason City were here Saturday visiting at the Ed G. Ell home.

D. D. Ross and family, of Garner, spent Sunday here with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Corri Fitts and Miss Maude Newgord of Belmond, were Klemme visitors one day last week.

Marian Luick was here from Belmond last Thursday visiting with Mrs. Mille Smith and daughters.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis and Mr. and Mrs. Blumer were at Albert Lea, Sunday. They drove up in a car.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Trumbell and daughter Florence, were up from Goodell Friday for a visit with Klemme friends.

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

Rev. and Mrs. Ortmeyer and son from Forest City, visited at the H. Griewe home Friday.

John Miles and family and Mrs. Levi Miles of Clear Lake, were Klemme shoppers last Friday.

A number of Klemme people went to Garner Tuesday evening to hear the band concert.

The Misses Mamie and Joy White of Goodell, were Klemme shoppers last Thursday.

Wm. Howard and Howard Doyle were business callers at Estherville last Thursday.

Mr. A. D. White was up from Goodell last Thursday for a visit with his son, Al, and family.

Mrs. Geo. Johnson and Miss Helen Johnson, of Belmond, were in Klemme last Wednesday, shopping with our merchants.

Mrs. Henry Wille and daughter, Emma, are spending a week visiting with relatives and friends at Vernon Center, Minn.

Mrs. Wm. Werner and daughter, Elizabeth, were over from Garner last Friday and Saturday, for a visit with Klemme friends.

Miss Steward came from Leland, Iowa, Monday evening, called here by the illness of her uncle, the late Capt. Collins.

Don't forget that school starts on August 30th. Sad but true for the youngsters that the summer vacation is almost over.

Mrs. Lena Schroeder and daughter, Adella, returned last Thursday evening from their three weeks' trip in Minnesota and South Dakota.

Editor "Ted" Tierney and wife dove over from Garner Monday evening to pay the Editor and Ms. Jorgenson a visit.

Arthur Wellemeyer and children drove to Charles City Sunday, for a visit with his mother. They returned Monday.

Dick Bamman of Garner, was a business visitor here last Thursday.

Mrs. Dan Miller, of Goodell, was a visitor at the Lew Newberger home last week Wednesday.

Mrs. John Bock has so far improved in health that she was able to come to town last Wednesday for the first time in several months. Her many friends were glad to see her.

A. L. Emerson came from Spencer, Iowa, Saturday evening for an over Sunday visit with Klemme friends. "Al" is working in a harness shop at Spencer.

O. J. Oleson, of Clear Lake, was a business caller here Monday. Mr. Oleson was formerly a part of the firm of Lake & Oleson, Contractors, but is now in the business for himself.

J. N. Day was at Hampton last week Tuesday and Wednesday where he had his tonsils removed at the hospital. Wednesday Mrs. Day went to Hampton and they both returned to Klemme the following day.

Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner, Mrs. Schroeder, and Mrs. Henry Schroeder of Chicago, who is here visiting, drove to Clear Lake Sunday afternoon and took their picnic supper with them and enjoyed an outing.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gruetzmacher, and Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Greisemer and Miss Emma Sampson, were guests at the Leonard Sampson home Sunday. Spring chicken was the big attraction at the dinner.

Levi Klotzbach is taking a vacation from his duties at the Jacobson store this week. Sunday he and his family left for McGregor, Iowa, for a visit with his folks and other relatives and friends.

Mrs. A. H. Meyer enjoyed a visit from her father, Mr. Lenz, last Wednesday and Thursday. Mr. Lenz had been visiting a daughter at Dows and stopped off here on his way to his home in Wisconsin.

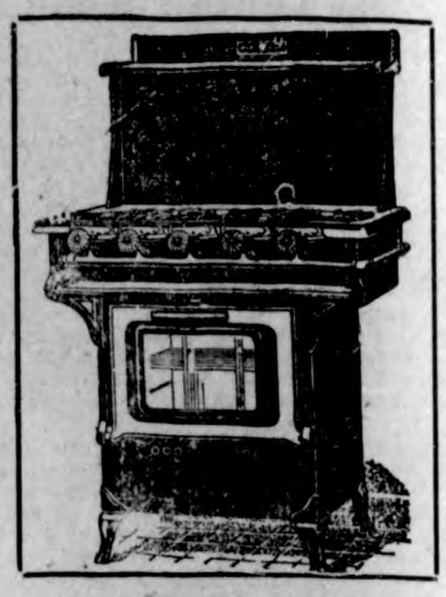
Mr. and Mrs. Davis, of Estherville, Iowa, came Saturday for an over Sunday visit with Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Barr and family. Mr. Davis is a brother of Mrs. Barr. They left on Monday for their home.

M. O. Barr enjoyed several days' visit from his father last week. It will be remembered that the senior Mr. Barr was the subject of an accident last winter in which he was so severely injured that it was necessary to amputate the lower part of one of his legs. He is getting along well now and is able to be about with the assistance of crutches.

If It's Oil Stoves

That you have been Looking for, then--

Look at our big line!



Our line of Oil Cook Stoves is complete. We handle only the best stoves on the market, and have just received another big shipment of the following high grade oil stoves:-

RED STAR
Detroit Vapor Oil Stove

One of our best stoves and a big seller.

The New Perfection

is highly endorsed by Klemme housewives.

Nesco Perfect

A wonderful cooker that's hard to beat.

Quick Meal

Is just what the name implies--quick meals.

Puritan

A fine stove that makes kitchen work easy.

All of the above stoves come in two to four burners. We also have one and two burner ovens to fit these stoves.

We are closing out on Fruit Jars and have only a few left.

Jacobs & Son

Are You Going to Take A Vacation?

Or Do You Intend Going Away To Attend College This Fall?

If so you will be in need of a--

Trunk
Suit Case, or
Traveling Bag

and we desire to call your attention to the fact that we have a comple line from which to choose. Traveling Bags and Suit Cases in black and tan and at prices you can afford to pay.
We show trunks in steamers, also large sizes in 34 and 36 inch lengths--all priced right.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES ***GARNER, IOWA***

This is the time to see That your Dollar does It's Full Duty.

Cheap goods are too high to buy because they are too near the price of the real goob.

A suit at $30 that is spoiled and out of shape by the first shower is an expensive buy. money wasted. $15 more and your suit wonld have pleased you for a year.

This is the time to exercise care and thought. The lure of the "cheap" is enticing but surely disappointing.

Suits at $45, $50, to $75

that is ecomony to buy. No gold brick for sale here.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Canning Time

The Canning season is at hand and we want to call your attention to the many conveniences we carry in this line at our store:-

Fruit Jars--all kinds

ECONOMY wide-mouth and Self Sealing.
IDEAL GLASS TOP, the Quick Sealing jar.
MASON JAR, the old reliable jar.

Red and White Rubbers--

Don't take chances of spoiling your fruit--use our Rubbers, they are the best to be had.

Kettles and Racks

We have a full line of Aluminum and Enamel Kettles--just what you need for canning and preserving work. Our ANDROX Tray for Cold Packing and Blanching, best tray on the market and fits any boiler; also have Individual Racks for cold packing.

A FLORENCE Oil Cook Stove will make your canning a pleasure

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

Overland

Overland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

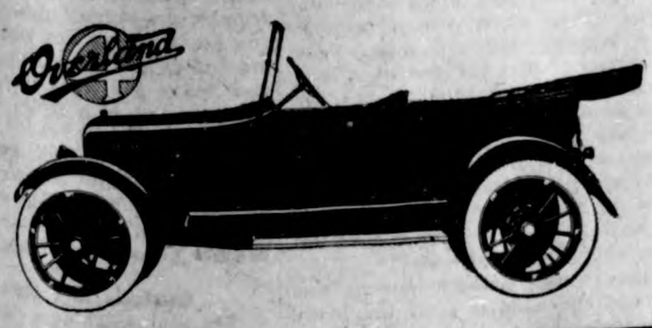
Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



PHONE 30
Willys Knight
C. W. Wiles Garage
YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST
KLEMME, IA.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

Election of officers of the Iowa Medical association, held at the closing session of the state convention in Des Moines, resulted as follows: President, Dr. Donald Macrae, Council Bluffs; president-elect, Dr. A. M. Pond, Dubuque; first vice president, Dr. H. A. Howard, Iowa City; second vice president, J. W. Stone, Des Moines; secretary, Dr. Thomas Throckmorton, Des Moines; editor, Dr. David S. Fairchild, Sr., Clinton.

The campaign against the "black plague" in Iowa which was launched early this year by the State Board of Health in conjunction with federal health officers has now reached into practically every county in the state. Over 123,000 pieces of literature on the various social diseases have been sent out to parents and children since the inauguration of the campaign. The work of the movement embraces doctors, teachers, city officials and ministers in practically all counties. The system being established in Iowa is virtually the same as that used in the army to carry on the campaign for higher moral standards.

The boom on Iowa farm property for 1920 is officially declared "on." A rapid exchange of farm land is anticipated that will equal if not excel the unprecedented sales of one year ago. Last year prices of $300 and better were rare; this year the region of $400 and up will be the happy hunting ground of buyers and sellers. While land last year did in many instances sell for $400, there was generally a reason, either nearness to towns or unusual improvements. But this year the good black dirt without improvements in the form of cement walks and fancy barns will be sufficient to bring the price up to those figures per acre.

The Iowa Fleece Wool Growers' Association has secured the promise of Iowa bankers to recognize the wool receipts this year as collateral to finance growers while they are waiting for returns. The co-operation of the Iowa Bankers' Association was secured at a meeting of the wool growers' committee at Des Moines. A uniform county agent's receipt will be used. When the wool is weighed and loaded on the car the county agent or county secretary will issue a receipt, which will be collateral at any bank in Iowa for an advance of 75 per cent or more at the prevailing rate of interest in that county. The usual sight draft on bill of lading will be extended by the warehouse.

E. P. Gaddes near Griswold was found guilty of brutal treatment of his son, Russell, 12 years old, in Justice court. A fine of $100 was imposed upon him, the fine being suspended on his good behavior in the future.

Although the Mt. Pleasant school board has raised teacher's salaries this year the teachers are neglecting to sign contracts. They seek higher pay. Mrs. Mary Swaney, for years principal of the high school goes to Chili to teach under the direction of the Methodist church.

About Cataracts

So much has been written and said about cataracts, still current general knowledge is very indefinite.

CATARACTS develop INSIDE not OUTSIDE of the eyeball. The eyeball is not taken out in removing the cataract. When the cataract has developed so sight is reduced to only distinguishing light then only the REMOVAL of the CATARACT by operation will offer any cure. An average of 80 out of 100 of all cases operated obtain vision. Unless born with cataract or it follows injury or diabetes it rarely develops before 60 years of age. I operated for cataract for a ldy wh was 88 years old, with good results.

Cataract can be arrested by MEDICAL TREATMENT if treated in the early stages. I have cured hundreds with medicines in early stage. WHEN DIMNESS FIRST APPEARS IS THE TIME. 85 out of a 100 are successful, about the same percentage as operation, but when developed to practical blindness only removal by operation will cure.

CALL AND SEE

Dr. A. H. Weber

of Des Moines

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SPECIALIST
AT
HOTEL VICTORIA, GARNER
FORENOON, TUES., AUGUST 17
Glasses Perfectly Fitted
CONSULTATION FREE

A Gentle Reminder.

"I married you against the wishes of my parents."

"Well?"

"And contrary to the advice of my best friends."

"Speak on, woman, but think of the satisfaction it gives every one of them to say 'I told you so.'"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

The Holy Terror.

Lady—They say Father Hooley advanced to the attack with a prayer book in one hand and a bomb in the other.

Returning Soldier—They're always tryin' t' belittle a good man, mum.

Lady—Isn't it true?

Soldier—No, lady; he had bombs in both hands.—The Marine.

The Proof.

"A woman can never come to the point."

"How can you prove such an assertion?"

"Prove it yourself just watch her try to share [illegible]"

The city of Klemme are indeed gled to welcome a new family to town. Mr. and Mrs. Born are moving to Klemme from Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and will live in one of the Ell houses east of the park. They are not altogether strangers in Klemme as they are the parentso f Mrs. Henry Barz, Mrs. Fred Neuhring and Mrs. Geo. Thieman. The Borns expect to build a new home in Klemme in the near future, so we understand.

Left Algernon Pondering.

Algernon (after being accepted)—"Have you ever loved before?" Angela—"No! I have often admired men—for their strength, courage, beauty, intelligence, or something like that, you know; but with you, Algernon, it's all love—nothing else!"

Want Ads.

For Sale

FOR SALE—GENTLE DRIVING HORSE and a good top buggy. Ask Times Office for owner. 2wpd.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND FOUR GOOD LOTS, well located. Inquire at Times Office. tf.

CANADA

Don't fail to see the Canadian government's grain and vegetable exhibit at the Cerro Gordo County Fair, at Mason City, Iowa, this year, from August 14 to 20. Best grain exhibit ever shown in Iowa. For cheap land seekers' tickets to Canada, see F. O. Smokstad.—1wc.

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

FOUND—Case for pair of glasses. Cal lat Times Office.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

The most satisfactory way in the world to get ahead, the greatest pleasure you can secure from success is in the starting and growth of the Savings account.

you can never realise the ease with which you will acquire a competence iu that way until you make the start.

You can start an account here with effort, and it will serve as the foundation for yonr life's happiness, life's success.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

We have customers from even two and three towns away.

Where the amount that you need is enough to make the saving worth your while, 'twill pay you to get our prices.

We are willing to cut our margin of profit to your advantage because it is good business for us to do so.

Volume of bnsiness is more important to us than profit margins.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

The Klemme Times $2 per year.

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs — Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested — Glasses Fitted

VILLA GIVES UP; LONG CHASE ENDS

Bandit Surrenders After All-Night Conference With General Martinez.

RETURNS TO PRIVATE LIFE

Restored to Full Citizenship and His Men Given Money and Farms —Rejoicing Throughout Mexico.

Eagle Pass, Tex., July 30.—Francisco Villa, bandit leader, surrendered unconditionally after an all-night conference with Gen. Eugenio Martinez, commanding the Torreon military zone, according to advices received by the Mexican consul here.

Much rejoicing throughout Mexico is reported, with celebrations being arranged.

What the terms of Villa's surrender were, aside from the one calling for his return to private life, are unknown here.

Reports of the last few days were that Villa was negotiating by telegraph with President De la Huerta at Mexico City and General Martinez. The final negotiations with General Martinez were personal, however.

Refugees from Sabinas, which Villa recently captured, arrived at Piedras Negras, opposite here, and reported that Villa had killed more than a score of Sabinas women, after cutting off their ears, as well as killing every Sabinas policeman. These reports lack verification.

Reports of Villa's negotiations for his surrender included statements that he had from 300 to 3,000 men with him, and that unless he could obtain satisfactory terms would wage one of the bloodiest and most relentless warfares the revolution-torn republic had witnessed in the years of civil strife.

Mexico City, July 30.—Cordial telegrams were exchanged between Francisco Villa and Gen. Eugenio Martinez, chief of operations in the states of Coahuila and Nauvo Leon, who is arranging surrender terms with the rebel leader, according to advices received here from Torreon.

Addressing Villa as "Esteemed General," Martinez telegraphed him from Torreon that he would arrive in Sabinas for a conference and would leave nothing undone to render Villa and his followers elements of Mexican progress. Martinez concluded "embracing you fraternally."

Villa replied, among other things that he awaited Martinez to embrace him with all his heart. Villa signed himself, "your friend."

It was announced at Provisional President De la Huerta's office that Villa probably would arrive in Mexico City within three days and place himself at the disposal of the president.

EXPLORER NAILS OLD THEORY

Vilhjalmur Stefansson Says the Arctic Region Blooms With Flowers in Summer.

Winnipeg, Man., July 29.—The arctic region, according to a unique theory tentatively advanced by Vilhjalmur Stefansson, noted explorer, is the original home of the bluegrass that has made Kentucky famous and the bluegrass region of that southern commonwealth may have evolved from seed first dropped from an iceberg, drifting down from the north in the glacial epoch.

Stefansson, while on a visit to his mother in Winnipeg, deplored the general ignorance regarding the far North and said school geographies and text books which gave children false ideas of the region should be rewritten.

"There are 640 species of flowering plants in arctic Canada," said Stefansson, "and three times as many nonflowering species. The land, that is popularly supposed to be a frozen desert, is in summer one great flower garden, gorgeous with goldenrod, poppies, bluebells, dandelions, watercress, timothy and bluegrass as deep and lush as that in the thoroughbred pastures of Kentucky. If one were inclined to speculate, one might conjecture that eKntucky received its bluegrass from these arctic meadows millions of years ago in the age of ice."

QUAKE BRINGS OIL GUSHERS

Trembler in Los Angeles Causes Oil to Burst Thrrough Sidewalks—Shoots High in Air.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 30.—Two oil gushers were "brought in" here by an earthquake shock which jarred the city shortly before noon. The oil suddenly burst through the pavement and shot into the air. These are the first "oil springs" known in the experience of oil men, it is said.

Two Killed in Auto Wreck.

Chicago, July 31.—Mrs. Jessie Brown, who is alleged to have shot and killed her husband last April, was killed in an automobile accident. Robert J. Block, with whom she was riding, also was killed.

Spanish Bonds Taken in 17 Days.

Madrid, July 31.—The 300,000,000 pesetas treasury bond issue at 4½ per cent has taken 17 days to cover. The last subscription of 8,000,000 pesetas was taken by the municipality of Madrid

Lloyd George in Strange Company

Lloyd George, premier of England, photographed at Boulogne, France, during his recent visit, with M. Millerand, the French premier. The two distinguished statesmen were received in quaint costume by the native fisherwives, and were presented with huge bouquets of flowers.

Says War Cost Hundred Billions

English Financier Fixes Real Losses of the European Belligerents.

AMERICA WORLD'S CREDITOR

To Only United States and Japan Did the War Bring Prosperity, According to English Authority—Germany a Heavy Loser.

London.—The actual cost of the war to European belligerents was in excess of £20,000,000,000 ($100,000,000,000 normal value), represented by property destroyed, losses in investments abroad, depreciation of properties and by pensions, Edgar Crammond, English financier, told the Bankers' institute at a recent meeting here.

He fixed the following as the real losses of the European belligerents:

Germany	£8,700,000,000
($43,500,000,000 normal value.)	
France	6,250,000,000
The United Kingdom	5,200,000,000
Italy	2,100,000,000
Belgium	550,000,000

To only two belligerent countries—the United States and Japan—did the war bring prosperity, Crammond said, but Spain, Holland, Switzerland, Greece and Scandinavia also had grown wealthier. He believed the "liquid capital of the world," now distributed in centers which are unaccustomed to the exercise of their new powers," would eventually again find its chief outlet through London.

America the Gainer.

"The war has produced an extraordinary change in the economic relations of the United States with Europe," he said. "Whereas, in 1914 America owed Europe £2,000,000,000, at present Europe owes America £2,000,000,000 ($10,000,000,000)."

Assuming that the post-war purchasing power of the dollar was 70 per cent of its pre-war value, Crammond said during the last five years there had been an actual increase in the national wealth of the United States of approximately 30 per cent, and he estimated this wealth now in the neighborhood of £70,000,000,000 to £80,000,000,000.

The national wealth of Japan, he estimated, had been doubled by the war.

Germany Heavy Loser.

On the basis of a post-war mark valued at 50 per cent of its pre-war value he estimated Germany has lost, apart from the indemnity, 26 per cent of her national wealth, the whole of her mercantile marine, all her colonial possessions, and practically the whole of her investments abroad. If the figures suggested at the Hythe conference, £6,250,000,000, were fixed as the German war indemnity, he declared the total losses of the German people arising out of the war, would be equivalent to about £15,000,000,000, or one-half her national wealth.

"So far as the world as a whole is concerned, the principal loss is in the fact that Europe is not yet 'a going concern,'" he continued; "but the underlying economic forces which made her the great center of the world's commercial activities are still at work and will rapidly transform the economic situation in Europe."

He said the dominant characteristic of international trade in the next ten years will be a tremendous world demand for capital, and the internal financial policies of the nations should be framed with due regard to this condition.

COTTON CONSUMPTION GROWS

Amount Used During June Shows Big Increase Over Year Ago Says Census Bureau.

Washington.—Cotton consumed during June amounted to 555,521 bales of lint and 33,960 of linters, the census bureau announced.

During June a year ago 474,330 bales of lint and 15,083 of linters were consumed.

Cotton on hand June 30 in consuming establishments was 1,554,923 bales of lint and 270,171 of linters, compared with 1,363,049 bales of lint and 263,804 of linters a year ago, and in public storages and compresses 2,304,639 bales of lint and 374,648 of linters compared with 2,765,771 of lint and 207,781 of linters a year ago.

June imports were 19,635 bales, compared with 17,269, in June, 1919, and exports were 241,450 bales, including 3,860 bales of linters, compared with 690,169 of lint and 3,710 of linters in June last year.

Cotton spindles active during June numbered 34,503,754, compared with 33,950,358 in June a year ago.

Speech Lost in War Recovered by Bowling

Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont. — Dumb for three years as the result of being shell shocked in the war, Trooper W. Hart suddenly recovered his speech here in the excitement of a bowling game. He was playing with the Davisville Military Hospital team.

Cannibals Once Peopled Texas

Discovery Made That Prehistoric People Were Different From Indians.

HAD REGULAR CAMP SITES

Life History Read From Records They Left in Their Burned-Rock Mounds —Advanced to Stage of Paleolithic Culture.

Austin, Tex.—Evidence that Texas was inhabited by a prehistoric people different from the Indian who roamed the plains when the first white man came has been unearthed by James E. Pearce, professor of anthropology of the University of Texas. The early inhabitants, he said, lived a nomad-like existence, roaming from one part of the wilderness to another and killing, with rude stone weapons, animals and even humans for food.

In co-operation with the Smithsonian Institution bureau of ethonology, Prof. Pearce has been investigating the mounds for more than a year, he reported.

"The life history of these people has been read from the records they left in their burned-rock mounds or kitchen middens," the professor said. "These mounds are piles of broken and charred bits of limestone three or four feet high and sometimes as long as 100 feet.

Had Regular Camp Sites.

"They are made up of the kitchen refuse of these prehistoric peoples, who had regular camp sites at frequent intervals along the Edwards plateau, extending from Austin westward to New Mexico.

"These people evidently were advanced to the stage of paleolithic culture, an earlier age than the period of heolithic culture, to which most of the American Indians belonged. These early Texas inhabitants had arrows and spears tipped with flint points, chipped but not polished. They did not polish their stone weapons, nor did they engage in any form of agriculture. They were, however, skillful skin dressers, for we have found scraping tools made of flint.

The kitchen middens which we discovered are the only thing of their kind in America, so far as I know, although they had been found in other parts of the world. At these sites, camps were located with a great fireplace in the center, over which huge slabs of limestone were placed as a sort of primitive stove, upon which to cook the meat the inhabitants killed.

Cannibalism Practiced.

"We know these people were cannibals, for among the refuse heaps have been found human bones split apart in order to get at the marrow.

"The soft limestone slabs, being exposed to the weather, broke from time to time, and were cast aside near-by, to be replaced by new ones.

"In the course of our investigations we have completely examined some fifteen of these mounds and in them have found thousands of splendid specimens of chipped arrow and spear heads, as well as scraping tools and other implements. Bones of the deer, which were prevalent in this region, are found in profusion, indicating that this was the principal article of diet."

BEEF IMPORTS GROW

Figures Are Given Out by Bureau of Animal Industry.

Canned and Cured Meats Show Big Falling Off for the Period Covered.

There was very little difference in the quantity of fresh and refrigerated beef imported into the United States in 1919 and 1920. The figures are taken from the meat inspectors' reports, bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture. In 10 months ended in April, 1919, 27,673,105 pounds of fresh and refrigerated beef were imported. In the period ending at the corresponding time in 1920 the quantity of fresh and refrigerated beef arriving in the United States from foreign countries was 27,968,880 pounds, an increase of about a quarter of a million pounds.

Fresh and refrigerated meats of other kinds jumped to twice the quantity in the 10 months ending April, 1920, as for the same period in 1919. The figures show 7,933,377 pounds for 1919 and 14,979,663 pounds for 1920. But the canned and cured meats imported during the same periods show a remarkable drop from 126,624,348 pounds in 1919 to less than 2,000,000 pounds in 1920. This item accounts for the marked decrease in the total meat products imported. The total weight imported in the 1919 period was 168,602,911 pounds, but 1920 brought only 50,246,655 pounds.

Finds Ring Lost Years Ago.

Chester, Pa.—John Hunter the other day excavated from the soil in the rear of his Holland street home near Eddystone a diamond ring, which he had lost there more than 12 years ago. It was while spading that Hunter lost the ring from a hole in his pocket. He had no idea where he had dropped it, and in time forget all about it.

He was turning over the soil again with a spade, and to his surprise the long-lost ring came up on a spadeful of dirt. A little washing and polishing restored it to its original beauty. The ring is valued at $200.

Chum Is Now Her Stepmother.

New Albany, Ind.—Estella Kelsall and May Deitzman were chums and Estella introduced May to her father, a widower. Now she'll never have to part from her chum, as "dad" has married her. Dr. Oliver Kelsall surprised his daughter when he telegraphed that he and May were on their honeymoon.

Needle Is Halted

Greensburg, Ind.—While lying on a davenport at her home Mrs. Noel Anderson felt a needle enter her shoulder. A physician was called and it was discovered that the needle was fast traveling toward the lungs. She was rushed to a hospital, where an operation was performed.

HIS INSPIRATION

By MILDRED WHITE.

(Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

The people sat spellbound by the music which came floating out to them across a hedge of flowers. Many willing hands had built that hedge around the platform of the church which was to hold the throng coming from far and near to rejoice in the success of a former townsman. Hal Rupert was only remembered as an ambitious boy who had early left the great house on the hill, to pursue musical study abroad. But Hal Rupert, the father, and the still older Hal had been honored and beloved by the entire community. For their sakes, though both had long passed away, this gifted musician was now lovingly welcomed.

It was the progressive Madame Weston who first conceived the idea of extending to Hal Ormond Rupert, an invitation to visit the town of his ancestors, so near the big city where he was now, on concert tour. And Rupert, the violinist, responding promptly and cordially, suggested that his services would be at their disposal for one evening.

So Madame Weston immediately planned a recital for the benefit of a local charity. Among all the eager faces upraised before him the violinist saw but one—the young, old face of a child. Enthralled, motionless, it was as though the boy were hypnotized by the music, hypnotizing in turn the player, by his tense, wrapt attention. Vainly, Rupert endeavored to withdraw his interested gaze from the boy's face. Then smiling whimsically, found that face, his inspiration.

When the last note had been lost in applause it was to the white-faced boy that Rupert made his acknowledging bow. And then, following an inexplicable impulse he seated himself on the end of the front seat beside the boy, as Madame ascended the platform to make one of her speeches of appreciation. With a shiver of delight the boy looked up into the man's face.

"That was great," he breathed.

"I want to see you when this is over," the musician said. He noticed that the boy sank back as if crippled. And true to his word, after what seemed an interminable time of handshaking, he sought out again his patient watcher.

"You liked my music?" he asked abruptly.

The little fellow drew a long breath. "If I could learn to play like that," he said, "I'd want nothing else—in all the world. I've got a violin," he went on excitedly. "They offered one at a grocery place as a premium, if you'd get enough grocery orders.

"I went out every day, and I got the orders. Cissy said—that's my sister—that she was afraid people gave me the orders just because my spine is bad. But, I told Cissy that they got their goods all right, didn't they?"

His pleading eyes were questioning.

"Of course they did," the musician agreed.

"And I learned to play myself," the boy went on, "little things that I'd hear. Cissy says my playing is 'beautiful unto tears.' Cissy says queer things, but oh! how she does wish she could let me have lessons.

"She does a darn lot too much for me as it is," he burst out unexpectedly. "You see first, she was mother to me when mother died. I don't remember her. Then she was dad to me after dad died—carns our living—I mean up in the bank office."

"Your sister," Rupert asked—he was strangely interested in this absorbed young admirer, "is not as fond of music as you are. She is not here tonight?"

The boy moved uneasily.

"She was crazy to come," he said. "I knew that all the time, though she said, she wasn't. But, a dollar means a lot to us. Cissy didn't know how she was going to let me come, when she read your bills in the store windows. Then all at once it came to her, just the way everything comes to Cissy. She had bought a new straw hat, cheapest little hat, but then everything looks pretty, on Cissy, and she was going to Miss Smith's, where they sell navy-blue pompons. Cissy was going to perk the navy-blue pompon up in front of her hat to make it stylish. And the pompon was just one dollar, don't you see?"

Rupert, the musician, put an arm around the child to guide him down the aisle.

"Thanks," the boy said cheerfully. "Crowds do jostle my spine, if you don't hold 'em back."

The girl waiting in the hall looked up wide eyed as the two approached.

"Paul, dear," she exclaimed, "I'm so glad you have come."

"This is Rupert," the boy said easily.

"Oh, Cissy—my! You should have heard him play."

"I must see Paul again," he said earnestly. "Such an absorbing love of music hints at promise. It may be my good fortune to help your brother to achievement. May I come to your home to hear him play?"

"Will—you—?" breathed the girl.

Beneath the faded roses on the plain little hat her luminous eyes spoke gratitude.

"I am staying over in the old town for some time," Rupert casually remarked, and this sudden decision caused himself no less surprise than satisfaction.

BIG CROPS ASSURED IN WESTERN CAN

Need of Farm Labor Urg Required for Harvest.

Rains of the past week which been general throughout all po of Western Canada, covering M TOBA, SASKATCHEWAN, and BERTA, have placed beyond all ner of doubt the certainty of grain crops throughout the entir trict.

Reports from all points in marvelous and rapid growth. conditions of a week or so back, were decidedly less promising a many to think that there might partial failure, have disappeare together and now there is a wi optimism circulating throughou entire country.

In 1915 there were enormous reported from all parts, and it appear now as if in many place yields of 1915 would be equal not beaten.

What might appear to be a back, is the apparent shortage of help. The Province of Ma through its Employment Bure Winnipeg, is asking for 10,000 ha hands and over, offering from $6 per day. The Province of katchewan is asking for 15,000 hands to take care of the ha harvest that is certain to be r in that Province. In Alberta the area is somewhat less, the labor ditions somewhat better, and is ing a request for 5,000 extra hands.

Interviewing the officials of th ferent Governments, they are in to the opinion that as the cro Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota nois and other Central States are vested there will be a movement n ward that will materially help to care of the labor situation. Wit low railroad rates that may be se on application to the Employmen fices at Winnipeg and at bou points, or which may be se through the Canadian Governme fices at Chicago, Ill.; Detroit, M Milwaukee, Wis.; Kansas City, Omaha, Neb.; Des Moines, Ia.; W town, S. D.; St. Paul, Minn. Grand Forks, N. D., will give to seeking employment the opport to reach the harvest fields at a cost.—Advertisement.

Boys and Dog Dig Up $2,00

Four schoolboys, while spendin Whitsuntide holidays in Mulhudd village outside Dublin, ratting w terrier, discovered a hoard of than £400 in sovereigns (nea $2,000) in a rat hole. The news ly spread, and a local postman cl the money as his. He says about was left to him by his father, a smith, who had inherited it fro father, and to keep it safely in troublous times the postman hur in a field where it would still ha mained but for the inquisitive te

The postman's claim was adm unanimously, and the parents o boys returned him sums amounti about £150. Local volunteers making inquiries with a view to ing the balance of the money rea —Edinburgh Scotsman.

After Ten Years— Eatonic Proves the B

"I say, God bless eatonic," w Mrs. Delia M. Doyen. "I can t fully say, after suffering with sto trouble for ten long years, that I never had anything do me so good as this one box of eatonic."

We print these grateful words this dear lady, so that sufferers w where may have hope and a faith—just enough to give eato trial. Why, folks, last year over a million people used eatonic found relief.

This is the secret: Eatonic ply takes up the excess acids, po and gases, and carries them righ of the body. Of course, when cause is removed, the sufferer well. Stomach trouble causes seventy non-organic diseases, s you are suffering any kind of m not feeling well, go right to your gist today and obtain a big b eatonic; cost is a trifle. Use it find quick, sure relief.

Make this test—you will see, then, if you are not satisfied, druggist will hand your money He does not want one penny eatonic pleases you. Adv.

Chickens and Chickens.

"Do your neighbor's chickens er you any?" asked an East side tleman of his neighbor, who lived a large family.

"No," replied the other, th that reference was made to the n bor's three comely daughters. go down town every day, so we see much of them."—Columbus patch.

A Lady of Distinction

Is recognized by the delicate fas ing influence of the perfume she A bath with Cuticura Soap and water to thoroughly cleanse the p followed by a dusting with Cu talcum powder usually means a sweet, healthy skin.—Adv.

The Main Question.

"Should Lefthook or Plexus that prize fight?"

"Lefthook should have the be the argument."

"I am not interested in who ha best of the argument. How the fight?"

The Man Nobody Knew

(Copyright by Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc.)

By HOLWORTHY HALL

ONCE I LOVED HIM."

opsis.—Dick Morgan of Syra- N. Y., a failure in life, enlist- the Foreign Legion of the ch army under the name of y Hilliard, is disfigured by nel. The French surgeons for a photograph to guide them storing his face. In his rage st life he offers in derision a re postcard bearing the radi- face of Christ. The surgeons good job. On his way back to rica he meets Martin Har- a New York broker. The t is that Morgan, under the e of Hilliard and unrecognized organ, goes back to Syracuse ll a mining stock. He is de- ined to make good. He tells le of the death of Morgan. He in Angela Cullen a loyal de- er of Dick Morgan. He meets Durant, who had refused to y him.

CHAPTER IV.—Continued.

—5—

. . . and I want to thank you she said in a tone which would llen as a blessing upon the ears other man alive, "for speaking ugh you loved him. And for did for him. Perhaps you already . . . perhaps you can't . . but I'm trying to tell you, e he was . . . he was one of y dearest friends."

brain snapped; he bent down

loved him—too?" he said, un- liably.

," she said. "Once—I loved him,

* * * * * * *

e in the appointed guest room Cullen home—for Mr. Cullen een as good as his word, and car to fetch his visitor's be- gs—Hilliard lighted a cigarette quired taste, but advisable as a deception, since he had been ous for his taste in cigars) and d expansively. Leisurely he be- undress, but before his shoes quite unlaced, he sat back com- y in his chair and meditated. serene so far," he said. "But Carol came in . . ." He shook ad vigorously. "Well, it's over nyway. The doctor . . ." Hil- face darkened. "There's the want to get at! Pious old hypo- And he didn't think I deserved in the family! Sort of hate to m make money out of this deal, 's all in the game. Coals of fire! n thousand's a lot from the doc- . . we'll say ten thousand."

closed his eyes dreamily; and houghts reverted from Doctor t to the doctor's daughter.

rol—Carol!" he murmured. "One e there, I thought I'd crack. And 'one of her dearest friends.' I as I? And she loved me—once. Pity it wasn't twice! Pity she he doctor didn't say so the night kicked me out so neatly. Well, business is business . . . After e made their money out of it, found out this man Hilliard's little gold-plated whirlwind all mself . . . Gad! can't I see their when they get the truth of it!" h the cigarette drooping from his he stood up and swept a clear in the table. From his suitcase humed a tablet of thin transpar- riting paper of a kind not sold in ica; it was the paper on which tter to Cullen from Richard Mor- ad been written, and it was sheer that Hilliard had brought the re- er of the tablet from New York him. He tossed a blob of ink his fountain pen and inspected it ally.

o black," he decided, and went to athroom, where he half-emptied eservoir of the pen and refilled it water.

hat ought to be just about right sort of pale and mysterious and trength."

seated himself at the table, took en in his left hand and inscribed s on the paper; scribbled a ingless sentence and laughed y.

nny how some people can be dextrous and take so long to e it. If I hadn't caught a bullet y arm, and tried to write left- d in the hospital, I'd give myself up here in no time. Writing's amed distinctive. But, as it is, Hand, very large and plain, is y Hilliard—" Here he shifted pen to the other hand—"And —and, small and curlicue, is dead Dicky Morgan—'one of her st friends.' I'm glad I killed that off—he never amounted to a hill eans anyway. But this Hilliard o—a live wire, boy, a live wire!" d with a grin of sardonic humor, rote on the flimsy paper, slowly a little irregularly, as though in cal discomfort:

"Neuilly, 7-19-15.

o matter what you ever think, no t what you have ever thought, I loved you."

grimaced, pondered diligently, made a correction.

have always loved you more than own life. You said my ideals had —do you think so now? I don't, ; I think they're almost what you would have them. And it may be that simply because of that, I've loved you more every day, and—"

Hilliard sat back, and his eyes were softly luminous.

"Suppose, by the luck of the very devil, I should fall in love with her again?" he said aloud. "Suppose I should!" He tossed away his cigarette and rested his head in his hands. "Oh, Carol! I did care . . .!" His shoulders shook spasmodically; then all at once he flung himself out of the chair and took to tramping the floor in a hurricane of emotion. His face was set in granite; he caught sight of it in a mirror, halted and himself was stunned by the transcendant mask which covered his soul in revolt. The work of the surgeons was not far short of miraculous; he couldn't upset it, not by any effort of his will. The eyes might flash, or lower, or chill—the other features were still calm and strong in their splendid glory. Even now, the face which he saw reflected in the mirror was one to convert the most hurried of all passing strangers to a new, if unformed, assurance in the brotherhood of man.

"You dirty blackguard!" said Hilliard, showing his teeth. He went pensively back to the letter, studied it, gazed at the floor.

"But after all," he said, "no matter what she or anybody else did to me . . . and if I can kill two birds with one stone, and be what I've wanted to be—all except this damnable way of going about it. . . . She acted as though this infernal lying letter would please her—that's not the point; it's a quicker way to get at the doctor. . . . Well, it gets her a letter I never intended to write . . . and Dutout's war cross, too . . . that'll make it all the easier. . . . I'll give her that. Angela was going to have it, still. . . . So I was 'one of her dearest friends,' was I? What's that worth to Henry Hilliard, bringing back the news from the front?" He sniffed scornfully. "Ten thousand dollars—I hope. And the doctor'll make twenty out of it. . . . Gad! that's turning the other cheek with a vengeance! Hanged if I don't almost wish he'd lose his rotten money! But that can't be helped—I'll get some satisfaction somehow."

He reread the unfinished note, folded it, creased it heavily for versimilitude, and gave it the final examination.

"Business . . . is business," he said, musing. "That was a pretty sporty thing for me to do . . . to tell her there was a letter. Bit of a chance, too. And after smashing our engagement, she could stand there and tell me . . . oh, rubbish! So suppose we say . . . fifteen thousand from the doctor! But confound it—the better salesman I am, the more I get out of him, the more he makes! Whew! Where's the satisfaction in that? . . ."

His pupils had narrowed again, giving the lie to the sweetness of his

Hilliard Was Staring Fixedly.

smiling mouth. Then the smile faded and Hilliard was staring fixedly at the document in his hands.

"I wonder who in thunder that man Armstrong is?" said the masquerader who had prided himself that he no longer cared.

CHAPTER V.

He wakened early; and in that state of half-conscious revery which has less of worldliness in it than perhaps any other state of human existence, he lay vegetating, subtly aware that he was very peaceful and content; but presently, when his brain had yawned and stretched itself, and begun to set about its usual functions (or, in other words, when Hilliard was sufficiently aroused to resume his usual introspectiveness) he was extremely unhappy, and not in the least vainglorious.

He scowled, and struggled to remember what it was that had risen out of thin air and angered him last night, at the very instant of his dropping off to sleep. Not the Cullens, nor Carol himself, nor Armstrong . . . but wait a moment! Who was Armstrong? Whence and whither, Armstrong? A newcomer to Syracuse (that is, within two years) and already proprietary—Hilliard frowned, and rubbed his eyes, and wondered anew. He was a trifle amused and a trifle ashamed of himself; was it credible that he could be jealous of a man who had merely appropriated what Hilliard had no further interest in? How inconsistent . . . and yet how superbly characteristic of human nature! Hilliard chuckled to himself in recognition of it and dismissed the proposition as unworthy of further attention. Dismissed it, yes . . . as a child dismisses a rubber ball with an elastic cord attached to it.

From below stairs a Japanese gong chimed softly and Hilliard, without delaying another instant, leaped to the floor. Half an hour later, bathed, shaved and dressed, he descended complacently; the second day of his remarkable performance was begun.

The Cullens, father and daughter, were waiting for him. They greeted him cheerfully; and he was glad that grief hadn't clung to their eyelids; he would have felt depressed, even although he would have sensed the hidden compliment. Quick to grasp the nearest handle of diplomacy, he saw that cheerfulness on his own part would help the situation, for now that his duty as a courier was over, there was no need for long protracted melancholy.

It was a cheerful trio, then, that sat down to breakfast; there was no exhilaration about it, but at least there was no somber cloud of mourning. Angela, behind the coffee urn, had occasional moments of pensiveness, but that was to be expected, and condoned; indeed, Hilliard held himself to be greatly favored by even this.

She was imaginative, and Hilliard's pose was calculated to appeal to a lively imagination. He treated her not as a young girl, but with the respectful deference which belongs to a mature woman, a mistress of a household, and a hostess in her own right. She was charmed and captivated, and so was her father—most assuredly he was! So charmed, in fact, that instead of leaving for his office at half-past eight, he lingered until half-past nine; so captivated, that as his limousine slid quietly down the long, steep hill of James street, he found himself ascribing a new degree of credit to Dicky Morgan for the simple reason that Dicky Morgan had gained the full esteem of such a friend as Hilliard.

A mighty nice young man, thought Cullen. A man of soundest judgment, through and through. A man of brilliant intellect and razor-edged analysis. Had he not said, and furnished illustrations from his broad experience, exactly what Cullen himself had said, in regard to labor, and materials, and transportation, and production, these half a dozen years? Cullen sat back and smiled triumphantly. It does a man good to hear his pet convictions approved, expanded and laid down as axioms by another wise man.

Back on the wide veranda Angela had curled up comfortably in the hammock and, beside her, Hilliard was enjoying a cigarette. He was enjoying, too, this rare interlude of respite; he looked across at Angela, and thanked his stars for the invitation which had made this quiet hour possible.

She lifted her eyes, caught Hilliard smiling at her and blushed furiously, not for any shame accruing to her, but because she had arrived at the age of easy blushes.

"I . . . suppose you're going over to Carol's pretty soon," she said, constrained to say something and grasping at the first available idea.

"So anxious to get rid of me?" he asked, amused.

"Oh, no!" Horror was in her tone and mortification. "Only . . . I wanted to talk to you before you saw Carol. Because Carol doesn't . . . I don't think she'll exactly feel as I do about this . . . I know she won't. Maybe it's because Dick and I were chums, and she and Dick were . . . oh, you know. It's different. You ought to take that into consideration—when you talk to her, I mean. I don't mean I don't care, because I do—terribly—but I . . . I can see what it meant to Dick . . . and I know how he'd have loved it, and picked this out of every possible way, to . . . end things, but Carol . . . she's different."

"How?" Hilliard's voice was even, but very low.

"Older," she said, looking away. "And . . . and they were going to marry each other some time."

"But wasn't that broken off?"

"Yes, but she was waiting."

"Waiting?"

"Why, of course."

Hilliard's breath quickened.

"I should have guessed that this Mr. Armstrong—"

"Oh, but that wasn't until she thought Dick wasn't ever coming back. And besides, she isn't really crazy about him—just lonesome."

"Indeed." Hilliard compelled himself to relax. "So you think she'll be . . . hurt?"

"Hurt?" Angela's voice was thin with emphasis. "Rather!"

"If there's anything you think I'd better say, or not say—" He rose, out of sheer inability to endure this ingenuous estimate of Carol's heartache. "Perhaps you'll tell me—because it's time for me to be going over."

Angela had risen, too, and stood beside him. Her features were composed, but still suggestive of inward emotions a little too tender to convey.

"If there's anybody in the world," she said, "who could give Carol any consolation just now, it's you. I don't suppose you ever were a minister, but you look as though everybody could come to you and tell 'most everything, and you'd help . . . anyway, you'd try to. So I wish you'd . . . you'd sit and listen . . . Carol's got to talk to somebody, and when you're hurt the way she is, you can't talk to your family . . . and you were a friend of Dick's. And . . ." She swallowed, and went on more slowly. "You can use your own judgment, of course, but if I were in your place—I'd lie."

"Lie!" he repeated, aghast.

"Yes, I would! He . . . he must have sent her some word, Mr. Hilliard! He must have!" She was desperately serious now, and thoroughly aroused. "It means the whole world to her! It's everything! Why, even I've got more than she has, and she was waiting for him to come back to her! I'd lie myself black in the face, but I'd tell her something—tell her anything I could think of to make her believe he hadn't stopped caring! It can't do any harm now. It can't hurt you. And I won't even ask you whether you do or not. Only you're here, and she'll trust you—"

"Will she?"

"How could she help it? And . . . and that's all. Please don't let her think he didn't care!"

Hilliard stood irresolute; chaos in his brain. "I'll . . . see," he said with difficulty. "I'll see."

"Won't you promise me? I won't ask you afterward, if you—"

"Does it mean so much to you?"

"Ever and ever so much. . . . Won't you please promise?"

He gazed at her a moment, yielded with a show of reluctance.

"Very well—I promise. Because you've asked it. And because it's the dearest, most generous, most thoughtful thing I ever heard of in all my life. . . . And after that, can't we be truly friends?"

Flushed, perplexed, honored, she gave him her hand with a hesitancy which betrayed the deep sense of compliment she felt.

"I don't think I could be prouder of anything that could possibly happen to me," she said.

Was it worth the blatant mummery he had conceived and executed? Was it not worth that, and infinitely more?

She was proud of his friendship . . . and she shared that distinction with no one else in the entire universe.

Proud of it! Hilliard was fulsomely abashed. Abashed—yes, and simultaneously glorified. He had come to make the city proud, ignorantly proud, of the man whose deeds had merited no renown. Here, at the very inception of his plans, a seventeen-year-old girl was proud of him as he was. Courage. Inspiration. Resolve.

He had won her respect by the promise of a lie; and in this instant he vowed to deserve, by other and increasing lies if need be, the prestige he was unalterably committed to gain, whereby the past should be as nothing, and the future should be a magnificent citadel of reconquered dreams.

She was proud of him, and she had approved the lie in behalf of Dicky Morgan's memory. Unwittingly, she had sanctioned the very purpose of his coming, and the method of his approach. She had confirmed his own intentions, and given him the will to advance. He was to act as the stanch defender of her playmate perished, and to make of himself a new and a better man, worthy of the eulogies which, as trustee, he now accepted for the unworthy Morgan. He consecrated himself to this end. Told himself fiercely that he would succeed. And she was proud of him! It was another omen.

* * * * * * *

It was eleven o'clock to the minute when Hilliard, not quite so blithe as a wedding guest, and yet not altogether as doleful as a mourner, waved his hand to a slender girl who stood on the veranda of a house diagonally across the street, and went slowly up the Durants' brick walk. He had anticipated the effect of this pilgrimage upon his nerves, he had discounted it; and Angela's advice had given him an artificial stimulus for the moment; nevertheless, as the front door opened to him, and he saw, over the head of a smirking maid-servant, a hallway and a vestibule unchanged, his breath came a little faster than usual, and his cheeks went a little darker. It was, so to speak, a return to a shrine, and a normal man might easily be pardoned for a little sentiment on the side, no matter how often he had changed his religion during the meantime.

The maid, having deposited him in the living room, disappeared in a quick flurry of skirts; Hilliard, standing at the end of the long, high-roofed apartment, found himself surrounded by a thousand goads to remembrance. Not an item was out of place; not an item was otherwise than as he had often recalled it; his memory had been photographic.

At the opposite end of the room, flanking the black-marbled fireplace, was a graceful, swan-necked sofa, beautifully carved and splendidly upholstered. Doctor Durant had once remarked that Carol represented the fifth successive generation of her family to be courted on it. And evening after evening, in the ages that had gone before, Hilliard had sat there and dreamed and loved; and sometimes when Carol had slipped away from him he had sat there and dreamed and

"Carol!"

loved and smoked, while she played Chopin and Rubinstein and Moscowski to him. And the piano—somewhat battle-scarred but withal a master instrument—was still over in its accustomed place, with the "Military Polonaise" perched open on the rack.

Then his pupils narrowed to gray necks of ice; for memory, by one of those tricks against which there is no defense, told him that he stood in this same position, in exactly this same spot, when two years ago the doctor had pronounced his sentence, and Carol, in terrible silence, had then and there confirmed it. His imagination conjured up that scene again; his blood chilled; he could fancy that Carol and the doctor were actually before him, and that he was staring at them in the flesh, and feeling the lash of the doctor's quiet peroration. . . .

At the threshold there was a faint rustle of fabric, and Hilliard turned. Carol! His hands went out mechanically, and hers to him; and Hilliard, tasting the acid of his somber mood, smiled benignly.

"I mustn't keep you waiting," he said, dropping her hands. "I've brought you the letter I spoke about." He gave it to her, and coughed his embarrassment. "I'm positive it's for you. And I'm sure you don't want anything to prevent you from reading it at once, so if you'd rather prefer to have me come back later for the talk you wanted—"

He was already moving toward the doorway; she restrained him gently, although her eyes couldn't be dragged from the folded paper he had given her.

"No," she said, "please don't go. I particularly want you to meet my father, Mr. Hilliard. He's anxious to see you, too. Won't you wait while I call him?"

He inclined his head; followed her with his eyes to the hallway, strained his hearing, and knew that she had opened the letter as soon as she was out of his sight. His lips twitched cynically—and then, as he remembered Angela's injunction, straightened. After all, this much was pure charity. Down the hallway, there was the reverberation of a closing door, and silence.

Justice to Dick Morgan's memory.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

For Musical Beginners.

Builders of modern flats might well take a hint from a unique feature in Buckland's hotel in Brook street, now undergoing transformation to accommodate the new Guards club. This was a suite of "sound-proof" rooms called the "Handel suite," after the composer, who lived and died in Brook street, for the use of musically inclined visitors. This admirable arrangement enabled amateurs of such distressing instruments in the hands of the novice as the piccolo or the bagpipes to practice without disturbing their fellow-guests.—London Times.

FARMERS DO WELL

Record Prices Paid Wheat Growers of Western Canada.

Will Get Above 40 Cents Over the Fixed Scale Set—World Looking to the Dominion for Its Grain.

It will be of interest to many readers to learn that their farmer friends in Canada will do so well out of the wheat they grew on western Canada's prairies last year.

There was a fixed price of $2.15 per bushel paid for their wheat last season.

Not knowing the price at which it would be possible to market the crop, the Canadian grain board, which organization handled the whole of the crop last summer, fixed $2.15 as a minimum price for No. 1 wheat, and arranged that each farmer should be given certificates for the quantity of wheat he delivered. The amount received over and above the fixed price which was paid to the farmers when selling their wheat was to be divided pro rata at the end of the season, and the holders of these certificates will, therefore, participate in the extra price received according to the quantity of wheat sold.

The latest advices are that the wheat board will pay at least 40 cents a bushel over the fixed rate of $2.15 a bushel for their wheat of last season. This means that about $40,000,000 will be distributed among the farmers of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba. This sum represents the difference in the price at which the wheat crop was sold and the price that was fixed for last season's crop.

Canadian Wheat in Demand.

A declaration that Canadian wheat would in all probability sell this year at between $3 and $5 per bushel, was made recently before a conference of western supporters of the government by Dr. Robert Magill, who was one of a deputation from the Winnipeg grain exchange. Dr. Magill argued in favor of open trading from the aspect of world conditions. He stated that no wheat could be exported from Russia owing to internal troubles.

Roumania would have absolutely none to export, India was prohibiting export, while Australia's acreage would fall from 12,000,000 to 7,000,000. The result would be that Australia would scarcely have enough to feed herself, and there would be absolutely no wheat for Europe, except from the Argentine and North America.

Dr. Magill, according to formal announcement, though it would be impossible to secure as good a price for the producer by control as by the open market. The United States market was now open, and, according to present prospects, there would be mighty little to spare from that quarter. The net result would be that Canadian wheat would undoubtedly go to a record figure.—Advertisement.

Keep Up Fighting Spirit.

Be patient with every one, but above all with yourself. I mean, don't be disturbed because of your imperfections, and always rise up bravely from a fall.—Francis de Sales.

His Hearing Restored.

The invisible antiseptic ear drum invented by Mr. A. O. Leonard, which is in reality a miniature megaphone, fitting inside the ear and entirely out of sight, is restoring the hearing of literally hundreds of people in New York City. Mr. Leonard invented this remarkable drum to relieve himself of deafness and head noises, and it does this so successfully that no one could tell that he is a deaf man. This ear drum is effective when deafness is caused by catarrh or by perforated or wholly destroyed natural drums. A request for information addressed to A. O. Leonard, Suite 93, 70 Fifth avenue, New York City, will be given a prompt reply.—Advertisement.

So Says Tradition.

"I want to say it with flowers."

"Here are some daisies."

"But daisies won't tell."

END OF EIGHT YEARS MISERY

Used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Recovered.

Newark, N. J.—"The doctor said I had an organic trouble and treated me for several weeks. At times I could not walk at all and I suffered with my back and limbs so I often had to stay in bed. I suffered off and on for eight years. Finally I heard that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was a good medicine and tried it with splendid effect. I can now do my housework and my washing. I have recommended your Vegetable Compound and your Blood Medicine and three of my friends are taking them to advantage. You can use my name for a testimonial."—Mrs. THERESA COVENTRY, 75 Burnett St., Newark, N. J.

You are invited to write for free advice

No other medicine has been so successful in relieving woman's suffering as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Women may receive free and helpful advice by writing the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Such letters are received and answered by women only and held in strict confidence.

A number of fans went to Garner from here Friday to see the ball game between Garner and Kanawha. Garner won the game by 5 to 1. It was a good fast game and both teams played good ball.

Al Koerner and family went to Clear Lake Friday to clean up their summer cottage. They have had it rented most of the summer but now it is vacant. The Koerner's have a mighty fine place at the lake.

Mr. E. T. Wesson and Mr. R. W. Sinclair were over from Garner Tuesday afternoon to make arrangements for the Masonic funeral of Capt. Collins who passed away here Monday.

The judicial convention held at Cedar Rapids last week nominated for supreme judges Silas M. Weaver, of Iowa Falls; F. F. Faville, of Fort Dodge; Lawrence DeGraff of Des Moines, as the republican candidates for the supreme bench. Our townsman, Rev. A. H. Meyer, was a delegate to the convention and if you don't like the outcome just blame him for voting he opposie way to which you think—if yu're a Democrat.

Howard Doyle is now "braking" on the freight train between Estherville adn Dows, so we understand. Howard has been on the railroad before and knows the business of hooking up and unhooking cars and other jobs a "brakie" does.

Henry Freie is enjoying a visit from his daughter, Mrs. Braund and three children, of Williams, Iowa. They have been here for a couple of weeks.

Wilbur McGee and family and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Trafford, returned on Sunday from their trip of about a thousand miles. Last week they drove to Wisconsin and spent a vacation at different points. They thoroughly enjoyed their trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner and Mrs. Schroeder returned last Thursday from ther auto trip to Chicago. Mrs. Henry Schroeder returned with them for a visit here for a couple of weeks. They enjoyed their trip immensely.

Dwight Smith, of the Garner Oil Company, was in town Thursday on business. Dwight reports that they have "shot" one well and although it has not yet been cleaned out it is yielding about twenty barrels a day. They expect a good producer when the hole is cleaned out.

Mr. M. O. Hocum and family motored to Newell and Varina, Iowa, last Friday for a visit with Mr. Hocum's two brothers and families. They returned to Klemme Sunday evening.

Harold Gruetzmacher came from Ames for an over Sunday visit with his folks.

Ernest Lewis and Harvey Stille returned Saturday from the harvest fields of South Dakota. "Stub" injured his foot while out there and so could not work much. They say that the Iowa farmers are paying much better wages for harvesting than they are doing in the Dakotas.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Greisemer and Mr. and Mrs. John Gruetzmacher left early Monday morning for points east. They will be gone on a two weeks' vacation and will visit at Chicago, Illinois; Milwaukee, Wisconsn, and will also spend some time near Mr. Gruetzmacher's old home, Columbus, Ohio. Mr. Gruetzmacher has not been back to his old home for a great number of years and he will no doubt see quite a change. They will also visit Mrs. Gruetzmacher's brother at Hebron, Wis., and with other relatives and friends in our neighbor states to the east.

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Eresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

The Klemme Meat Market

Fresh Meat

—because we dress all of the meat we sell—no risk of spoiling in fransit. It is a great deal of satisfaction to know that the meat you buy from us is Fresh.

Tender Meat

—because our meat is bought locally and selected by us. You want the best quality—so we buy the best.

We assure you of prompt service and reasonable prices.

J. P. Larsen & Sons, Props.

Your Every Need

THE kind of a store that deserves your steady patronage is the one that always has exactly what you want whenever you want it.

We try to anticipate all the needs of our many customers and then supply quality goods at the most reasonable prices possible.

For Men, Women and Children

This store is for all—and everybody is welcome always no matter how small the purchase. Pleased customers become regular customers. That's why our business grows.

WE SAVE YOU TIME AND MONEY

J. N. Day's

THE BUSY STORE ***PHONE 72***

Sale Starts
Sat. Aug. 7
and ends
Sat Aug 14
The Greatest
7 Days
in the history of merchandising
No distance too far to come.
Buy for the Future!

The Sterling Dry Goods Co.

MASON CITY, IOWA

Prices Slashed ***Worth Forgotten***

Have placed their great $100,000.00 Stock of fine dry goods and Ready-to-wear in my hands for 7 days. I am instructed to raise a large sum of money to finance fall purchases with. I have 7 days to do it and I know how.

I have through this great stock and CUT, and then CUT some more. I have CUT until the values fairly scream. I have CUT so deep that great crowds will come 50 miles away to participate in the savings, Cost and profit mean nothing to me. I must sell fast to accomplish my end. Nothing in this big store has escaped. I defy all traditions to produce a sale to equal this. I challenge the world to meet my prices. It will be a 7 days whirlwind selling of the cleanest and highest grade stock of merchandise in Northern Iowa. A selling at prices that have been

Thousands of Dollars Given Away! In Profits!
No Seconds
No Jobs
No Mark-ups
Don't forget the --Dates--

Ripped -- Slashed -- Sacrificed!

Extra Special Features Every Day

Saturday, Aug. 7th
The party making the largest purchase on this day will receive a 25 per cent cash refund.

Monday, Aug. 9th
Every purchase of $50.00 or over on this date will receive an extra 5 per cent discount.

Tuesday, Aug. 10
The first 20 women in our store Tuesday can buy 1 pair of $1.75 lace silk hose for 50 cents.

If you do not receive one of our 4 page bills, send for one and see what I dare to do on prices on- -

Underwear, Hosiery, Corsets, Gloves, Silks, Woolens, Wash Goods, Linens, Knit Goods, Towels, Muslins, Sheets, Aprons, Dresses, Coats, Suits, Skirts, Waists, Furs, Childrens-wear, etc.

Lay in Your Supply of Everything!

If you don't think your purchases are the greatest values you have ever bought, bring them back and get your money back.

Wednesday, Aug. 11
We will sell 10 yards of our fine 36 inch Altair Percale for $2.90.

Thursday, Aug. 12
100 pretty voile waists will be thrown to the public at $1.00.

Friday, Aug. 13
See future announcements for Friday.

Saturday, Aug. 14
See future announcements for Saturday.

Bring the cash, we'll give you more for it than you ever received before.

Sterling Dry Goods Co.

Mason City, Ia.

Extra salespeople will be on hand to wait upon the immense crowds.

THE KLEMME TIMES

enty-fourth Year Number 49 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, August 12 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

ee Auto Wrecks Past Week

rs Badly Wrecked

E AUTO ACCIDENTS OCCUR KLEMME THE PAST WEEK

everely Injured Boy, Two Badly ecked Cars This Week's Toll

ee auto accidents occurred here st few days; the first accident red Sunday afternoon when Ben e's Ford car driven by his ter, and the Tom Maitland car lmond, collided at a street in- tion. The Swalve Ford received of the damage and came out a broken rear wheel and a ed runnig board. The large car itland's was not injured except s out in a valley, where he op- boys—L. A. is postmaster and ken lamp in front as his car was cted by the heavy springs in As far as we could learn neith- ty were to blame.

two other accidents occurred y morning between seven-thirty ight o'clock. The first and the erious was that concerning Mil- Ell, son of E. D. Ell, and who is g in the Klemme Meat Market summer. Milvern was driving ns car out into the country for on an errand and it appears he driving rather fast on the road south of town from the Chas. place and just a little below he lost control of the car, ran he ditch and back up on the road hen upset. How young Ell es- from death is a mystery, but ly he came out of the smash up a fractured rib and a few bruises The car was badly smashed as wheels were broken, the wind- smashed, the steering wheel op were also smashed. Milvern s that a blow-out caused the car mp which, with too fast driving, ared to be the cause of it all, as irew as off when the car was ex- ed. Milvern is getting along y and is able to be about.

e third accident occurred shortly the one named above. Fred en came tot own in his Ford to some things before he went hing, and was in quite a rush to back home. As he was going up hill just a quarter mile west of railroad track his car hit a stone e lot control of it. Fred had the nce of mind to make a quick jump this he did and got away from car before it rolled down the nkment. Fred says he watched car go and it rolled over four s and then lit on it's wheels again, was a tough looking "lizzie." did not even get a scratch but he didn't get the old Ford made or. Seats caved in, radiator bent op all broken and torn and sev- other cuts and bruises on old Liz" were about the extent of njuries.

Too fast driving in this town," is a lot of people are saying, and re inclined to believe that is true. er slow down a little and save king up cars and human bones.

L. Emerson came from Spencer Friday evening to begin work at F. Gruetzmacher harness shop. ook up the old job Monday morn- and looks quite natural at the ch. Mr. Cope, who has been king there, resigned his position door work did not agree with him he is now doing outdoor work for ange.

L. O. Hocum and family, Mr. and R. A. Jorgenson and Miss Ruth is autoed to Mason City Sunday rnoon to hear the band concert the Mason City Municipal Band. er Klemme people we observed e were Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Cron- Mrs. Schroeder and Mrs. Henry roeder, the Art Gimer family and and Mrs. Clarence Johnson. The on City band attracts visitors m far and near and it is well worth 's time to go to hear them play.

OR SALE—I have my home for Call on E. S. Uben, Klemme, a. 3wc.

Revenue Producers.

Goats, Sheep or Cattle Are Favored Order Named for Keeping Down Sprout Growth—Methods for Removing Stumps.

The fair-weather days of the autu afford the farmer an opportunity undertake the clearing of land which he has no time in the b summer months, and which can not done while the land is wet in spring. On thousands of farms th are cut-over tracts which should converted into revenue producers soon as possible. If the owner cides that the land in question is b ter suited to crop production than forest growth, a careful study of most economical method of removi stumps and small growth should made. Most cut-over land pass through three stages before reachi its greatest agricultural value. T waste and small growth is disposed first, then it is allowed to remain stumps for a few seasons, until smaller stumps are dead and decay during which time it is used for p ture or may be cultivated. Final all the stumps are removed.

Generally it is best to cut brush close as possible to the ground a avoid leaving sharp points that mig injure stock. However, if the wood of no value and the ground is not be cultivated before the stumps a removed, it may be best to cut t trees rather high above the ground. the stumps are left three feet hig there will be less sprouting than if c low down, and such stumps are mo easily pulled.

The most successful method of kee ing down sprout growth is by heav pasturing by goats, sheep, or cattle, the order named. Any sprouts n killed by pasturing should be cut knocked off with the head of an ax.

There are a great variety of met ods used in removing stumps, means of burning, pullers and dyn mite. Farmers' Bulletin 974, "Clearin Land," prepared by the United Stat department of agriculture, contains formation designed especially for p

OBITUARY

Edward Charles Collins, eldest son of James and Jane Collins, was born in Delgany, County Wicklow, Ireland, He died at the home of his sister, Mrs. Asa Gibbs, August 2, 1920, aged seventy-nine years, two months and seventeen days. He came to this country with his parents at the age of four years and settled in Cincinnati, Ohio, where he received his education.

He enlisted in the Union Army in the Civil War at the age of twenty years as sergeant of Company A, 83rd Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and was transferred as Captain to Company C of the same regiment on January 17, 1865; he was mustered out of the service with the latter company July 24, 1865. He was over three years in the military service of his country, during which time he fought many severe battles, among which was the siege of Vicksburg and the battle of Mobile Bay.

After his return from the war he engaged as contractor and in the building of bridges. In the fall of 1880 he moved to Hancock county, Iowa, where for a number of years he continued in the business of contractor. He afterwards engaged in editorial work in connection with the Garner Signal. He was for several terms sergeant at arms of the House of Representatives of Iowa, the memberso f which in token of their appreciation of his services, presented him with a valuable token of their regard upon his retirement. For several years he acted as cashier of the Ventura bank.

He was a member of the Masonic Lodge adn of the Grand Army of the Republic, his local membership in these bodies being in Garner. He was also a member of the Loyal Legion, of Cincinnati, Ohio.

For fourteen years he lived in the home of his sister, Mrs. Asa Gibbs. During that time he has been a patient sufferer from rheumatism and since last December he has been confined to his bed, a helpless invalid, patiently awaiting his time and with full knowledge that the summons would shortly come. His relief came and he peacefully passed away on August 2, 1920.

HOME BREW AND STICK CANDY

LuVerne News: The village of Wesley is planning for a big "Wesley Day" to be held some time in August. The celebration will consist of ball games, band, merry-go-round, flying machines, speaker, street sports and such. As Wesley never does things by halves you can plan on a good time there that day. Editor Sturdevant is going to have a keg of home brew for the newspaper man and Mayor Kunz will have a stick of candy for every baby and ldy there that day.

The Times "Devil" Says

Arabian Plant Produces Seeds That Cause People to Behave Ridiculously

In Arabia there is a plant whose seeds produce effects similar to those caused by laughing gas. The natives dry the seeds and reduce them to powder, a small dose of which has curious effects. It causes the soberest person to dance and laugh excitedly and to behave in a ridiculous manner for nearly an hour. By this time exhaustion sets in and he falls asleep, to wake up after several hours with no recollection of his antics.

The fruits of some plants destroy the taste of sweetness. A berry found in the district of Ashanti renders sour and bitter substances sweet. Electric shocks can be obtained in central India by merely touching the leaves of the electric tree.

In Brazil some plants show remarkable luminosity. One is so luminous that it can be plainly distinguished in the darkest nights for a distance of more than a mile. In its immediate vicinity it emits sufficient light to enable a person to read the smallest print. One of the most wonderfully constituted plants of this country is the ball-throwing fungus. It is a small fungus, about the size of a pea, which projects a ball to a distance of several inches with a distinctly audible report.

Giraffe Has Use for Long Neck in Defending Himself

The giraffe has neither claws nor beak nor sharp teeth with which to defend itself or to attack its enemies; so when it is out of temper with one of its own kind it does not attempt to disembowel its adversary, as a rhinoceros might, or tear it, as a tiger would. But nature has given it a long and pliable neck, and, according to a writer in the New York Herald, it uses the upper part of itself like a flail, swinging its neck round and round, and brings its head down at each swing with a thump on its antagonist. The other combatant uses precisely the same tactics, and the two animals, planting themselves as firmly as possible by stretching out all four legs to the utmost, stand opposite to each other and hammer away with their heads until one or the other has had enough.

"Pork Barrel" Legislation and What the Term Means

"Pork barrel legislation," in political parlance, is legislation involving appropriations for buildings and public work largely for the purpose of aiding representatives and senators in making a good impression on their constituents. The expression is based on the rural custom of sharing the contents of the pork barrel with a neighbor who has failed to lay aside a winter's supply, and the similarity of this custom to that of congressmen trading votes to help each other weather the political storms back home.

Using Wood With Concrete.

When wood is used as a reinforcing material for concrete it should be impregnated with magnesium chloride, and the wood must be so placed that any change in the cross-sectional area does not affect the durability of the structure. If the latter precaution is overlooked the concrete may crack.

YOUR SMILE

Doesn't Know His Luck.

Father—So you are beginning to find that married life has its troubles.

Daughter—Well, yes. Ernest sometimes won't listen to reason.

"The young scamp. He ought to be ashamed of himself! It isn't every married man that gets the chance."

That's All.

Busy Housewife—Well, what do you want—speak quick!

Hungry Hobo—An automobile, a flyin' machine, a rich wife, a brand new flivver, a steam yacht, private car, valet and ham sandwich with a cup of coffee.

Innuendo.

"When I was a little girl they wouldn't let me kiss anybody until I washed my face."

"Wouldn't be a bad idea now," said her old-fashioned uncle with a significant glance at her makeup.

Come High, but Must Have 'Em.

Kidder—I don't suppose you'd take his weight in gold for your new baby, would you?

Newpop—No; I should hardly like to sell out at cost.

The Situation.

"That fellow is a millionaire."

"I should think he'd be happy when he thinks of all the money he has."

"Trouble is, he seems to think mainly of all the money he hasn't."

Shakespearean Student.

"Yes, I may say I'm a close student of Shakespeare."

"And which of his plays do you like best?"

"Dromio and Juliet."

Its Advantage.

"What a flowing style that writer has!"

"Yes; I suppose that it is one thing which enables him to keep in the running."

Inconsistent Qualities.

"The follow you see yonder is nothing but a rounder."

"That's queer; somebody told me he was a sharper."

WORTH REMEMBERING

Righteousness.—He who deviates from a clear path may lose his way.

Rumor.—A whisper is louder than a sh

The earth has ears, rumor has wings.

Shrewdness.—If you want to fool, pretend to be a fool.

Talkativeness. — While the pumpkin vine creeps along, the fruit is left behind.

IT WILL BE "UBEN & GRANGE," BUTTERMAKERS

E. S. Uben, assitant buttermaker at the Klemme Creamery, and Paul Grange, book-keeper at the Northern Lumber Co. here, closed a deal with a party at Webster City, Iowa, whereby Messrs. Uben and Grange become the owners of a creamery at that city. They will take possession of the business on September first. Both of these Klemme men are very capable and industrious and they will make the business a success we are sure. Mr. Uben is an old experienced hand at the creamery business and we can truly say he is a master of the art of making butter. Mr. Grange, although being quite a young man, has had a wide experience in the business field and thoroughly understands business methods and will make a good partner for Mr. Uben. Summing it all up we will say they will be a pair of hustlers that will be hard to beat and although Klemme loses two valuable men and their families, Webster City will be the big gainer, but the good wishes of the business men and people of Klemme go with them to their new location and home.

TOO YOUNG TO DRIVE

Our attention has been called to the fact that there are parents in Klemme who are violating a section of the Motor Vehicle Law by allowing children under fifteen years of age to drive their car unaccompanied by an adult. The law is as follows, and should be observed:

Sec. 12. No person under fifteen (15) years of age shall operate or drive a motor vehicle by permission from the owner of the car unless such person be accompanied by a person of mature years and in all cases where damage is done by any car driven by any person under fifteen (15) years of age and in all cases where damage is done by the car, driven by consent of the owner, by reason of negligence of the driver, the owner of the car shall be liable for such damage.

JAILED FOR ODD COURTSHIP

American Gets 20 Months for Cave Man Tactics in England.

London.—The unusual methods of courtship pursued by Walter Earl, an American citizen, has just landed him in prison for twenty months at hard labor.

Earl said his father was a white American and his mother a fullblooded Cherokee Indian. He came to England at the outbreak of the war and secured work in a restaurant.

The prosecuting witness, Miss Edith Chilman, was a waitress.

She said when Earl first saw her he asked her to meet him after working hours, but she refused. He repeated his request every day for three months.

Then he disappeared, but later met the girl upon the street and threatened to kill her with a dagger unless she consented to his attentions.

Earl varied his courtship by writing threatening letters to Miss Chilman and all the members of her family.

He said on the witness stand that he and the girl were engaged to be married, but it developed that he had frightened the girl into consenting by throwing crockery at her.

"POST NO BILLS" IS UPHELD

Written Consent of Property Owner Must Be Obtained, New York Judge Says.

New York.—Following a John Doe hearing, Chief Magistrate McAdoo decided to send written warning to all New York theaters and bill posting concerns that they must not violate the law against posting bills on property without the written consent of the owner.

The hearing, at which representatives of five theaters and one bill poster were present under subpoena, was held at the behest of Arthur K. Wing, attorney for the National Highways Protective association, of 27 Cedar street.

Mr. Wing offered a photograph, which he said was one of Joseph F. Minturn of 2783 Eighth avenue, posting bills opposite Mount Sinai hospital. Minturn, who said he was in the employ of the Yorkville theater, testified he had had no written consent from the owner, but that a watchman had given permission to him and had received theater tickets in return.

Any Shape.

Butcher—"Will you have a round steak, ma'am?" Mrs. Youngbride—"I don't care what shape it is, so it's tender."—Boston Transcript.

Klemme Sox Trim Woden Sunday

Home Team Easy Victor

THE KLEMME BALL TEAM BEATS WODEN BY 5 TO 2

Regain The Title of Sox

The Klemme ball team beat Woden Sunday afternoon at Woden and thus regained their title of "Klemme Sox." For a time they were without any "sox," but now they have them on again and are going after the bacon. The line up for Klemme was as follows: C. Kluckhohn, catcher; Lightsinger, pitcher; Fred Kluckhohn, R. F. Geo. Lau, C. F.; W. Pavey, L. F.; W. Howard, S. S.; W. Schultz, 1B.; H. Doyle, 2B.; M. Barr, 3B.; John Baumgartner, Umpire.

The game was a good one and was hot right from the jump off. Barr scored in the 3rd inning and C. Kluckhohn, Geo. Lau and H. Doyle all tallied one each in the 6th. C. Kluckhohn scored again in the 8th. Woden ran in one score in the 5th and one in the 7th. Geo. Lau made a hit good for a homer and made three bags on it. There were several good two bag hits that brought home the bacon.

Well boys, we are so proud of you now that we are all swelled up over the game and fraid we will bust a spender button yet. Hop to it and win some more and we will smear the old Times with a lot a printer's ink and tell the world the Klemme Sox can play ball.

BILLIE BUSCH INJURED PLAYING BALL

Last week Tuesday evening when the "Old Timers" were playing a practice game with the Klemme Sox, Billie Busch made a slide for a base feet first, but came down with too much force and the impact of his foot against the sack dislocated his ankle and fracturing one of the bones. He has been confined to the house for about a week, but was able to be out again Monday for the first time when he made a trip around the street on crutches. "Billie" don't like the idea of navigating with wooden propellors but is making the best of it. This is Billie's second accident playing ball this year. The other time he "bunted" a ball with his coco which put him asleep for a short spell and raised another bump on his dome. We advise Bill to lay off the ball playing, it will get his nenny yet. He seconds the motion.

Salutes.

Some clever Englishman, commenting on French politeness, once remarked that when a Frenchman bows, two-thirds of the bow is to himself. That may be true, and we have to admit that even the other third is quite a fraction more than most Anglo-Saxons offer.

Saluting is the same proposition. A snappy salute pulled by a buck to the most second of second lieutenants draws heavy interest; and the colonel who jerks his hand a few centimeters from his still affixed cigar is only insulting himself and the army.

If some privates were a little more polite to themselves, the saluting trap never would be sprung and the joke would all be on the other side of the military fence.—Stars and Stripes.

Something Worth While.

Rankin—I never was so disappointed in my life!

Phyle—What's the trouble?

"In the city the other day I saw an aquatic exhibition advertised—"

"Yes—"

"And I immediately bought tickets."

"You were disappointed?"

"Yes, all I saw was a lot of men in diving suits."

"But what did you expect in an aquatic exhibition?"

"Girls in bathing suits, at least."—Youngstown Telegram.

Saved Venus de Milo From Huns.

M. Heron de Villefosse, the eminent French archeologist, whose death has just taken place, was for many years head of the Greek and Roman sculpture department of the Louvre. Twice in his career he had to superintend the removal of that priceless art treasure the Venus of Milo to a place of safety—in 1870, and again in 1914. In each case the same enemy was concerned. Heron de Villefosse was seventy-four years old.

4,000 War Men Study Farming

Disabled Ex-service Men Placed in Agricultural Training in Various Institutions.

1,500 READY FOR COURSE

Many of the Men Are Illiterate and Must Be Given a Course in Elementary Work to Fit Them for the Farm Course.

Washington.—More than 4,000 disabled ex-service men have been directly placed in agricultural training and in addition there are probably 500 engaged in prevocational work preparatory to a course in agricultural training. Perhaps 1,500 more have been approved for the course.

Special placement has been suggested and is being sought for tuberculous men in hospitals and sanatoria.

The men approved for agricultural training may be classed into three general groups:

(a) Men who went into the war from college or high school, and, returning, have entered the agricultural colleges.

(b) Men with an eighth grade preparation who are admitted into subcollege two-year courses, Smith-Hughes or other schools of agriculture.

(c) Men of elementary grade, ranging from illiterate to the seventh or eighth grade, who of necessity must have prevocational instruction in order that they may receive scientific training intelligently and benefit to the greatest degree.

The first and second groups have given the federal board and the institutions to which they have been recommended very little trouble, as they enter the classes if sent to the institution at the beginning of the school year or a term, and if not they frequently can be brought up to class work by coaching.

Third Class Troublesome.

The third group has given the federal farm board and all the institutions great trouble. Insurmountable difficulties seem to have arisen. In varying numbers they form the problem at every state agricultural college and school, and they constitute from 25 to as high as 50 per cent of the men approved for agricultural training.

This large percentage is due to the fact that these men for the most part are from isolated country districts where the opportunities have not been so great for early education.

Farmer parents have been unwilling to allow the boys more than a very ordinary education, for fear of losing them from the farm. Many have had no opportunity. Such are usually older men, 15 or 20 years past country school age. Many of the men are therefore practically illiterate, and to this number must be added the foreign illiterates; that is, foreigners who are illiterate from the English standpoint.

These difficulties constitute a real problem to the federal board and the institutions to which these men are sent. State institutions are not always prepared to do the elementary work necessary to advance the men to a knowledge of English and mathematics where they can receive and be benefited by the agricultural training.

However, without exception, the state institutions are convinced it is their patriotic duty to assist the federal board in making preparation to extend the necessary prevocational training, and have changed wonderfully in favor of training disabled men in spite of their educational handicaps.

Forms a "Guidance School."

Dr. Walter J. Quick, training officer, worked out an elementary school, which he termed a "guidance school," where such men were collected and instructed in the elementary common branches and in elementary agriculture. The school has been made prerequisite to certain courses that Dr. Quick has designed as agricultural unit courses. They are divided into units of one month each, cover one year continuously from month to month and may be entered any month.

A man may take one or several unit courses, one as a major and others as minors related to the major, while at the same time he continues in the common branches of the guidance school.

Nearly all the state institutions will allow the men credits for the work done in the unit agricultural courses, which now include a two-year course, as well as the one-year.

These plans of the guidance school and agricultural unit courses were reduced to definite form and mimeographed for the benefit of all institutions offering agricultural training to the disabled class.

Pastor May Protect His Flock.

Lexington, Ky.—Although evidence was introduced to show that Andrew Sear, minister, warned moonshiners of the approach of revenue officers, Sears was freed in the federal court, but his brother, Belia, paid a fine of $50 for the same offense. The court held that a minister had a right to warn a member of his flock of danger, if no criminal intent was implied.

The Perils of Cherry Picking.

Lawrenceburg, Ind.—The buzzing of a honey bee about his head resulted in serious injury to Anthony Steinmetz, aged 64, a retired farmer. Steinmetz was picking cherries, standing on a stepladder, when the bee resented his presence. While trying to fight the bee off his nose, Steinmetz fell twelve feet. His injuries consist of a cut head, both wrists broken and three ribs fractured.

Would Restore Mexican Mints

Association of Mine Owners Claims the Country Needs "Hard Money."

UNLIMITED SILVER COINAGE

Expert Says If Old-Time Minting Plan Is Re-established Mexico Will Coin 500,000,000 Ounces of Silver.

Nogales, Ariz.—The chamber of commerce has joined with Charles Butters, mining expert of New York and San Francisco, to promote the formation in Mexico of an association of silver producers to rebuild the abandoned mints throughout the nation and thus bring about once more the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

Mr. Butters states that if the old-time minting plan is re-established it will mean that Mexico will coin 500,000,000 ounces of silver.

The mining expert has extensive interests in mines in Mexico, Salvador and Nicaragua, and is known for his introduction of the cyanide reduction process into Mexico. He says the greatest need of Mexico today is small change and "hard money."

Too Much Paper Money.

The revolutions and the world war, says Mr. Butters, have stripped Mexico bare of silver coins. In its place, he says, is a vast quantity of paper money issued by the varying governments as fiat money. He blames the great flood of paper money in Mexico for most of the suffering in that nation in connection with the various revolutions.

His plan, backed by the Nogales chamber of commece, is to have the old mints rebuilt and placed in operation by the association of silver mine interests at the cost of the association. Then the cost of the renewed mints would be recovered by the association from the mint profits over the course of years. Upon the paying out of the capital charge in restoring the mints they are to be returned to the Mexican federal government as its property, to be thereafter operated under supervision of the federal government.

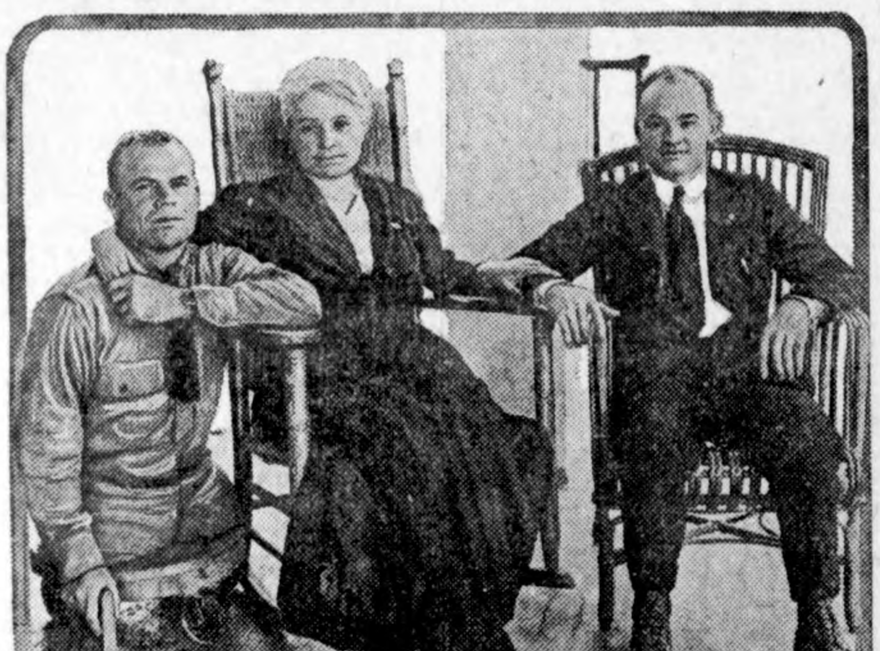
Benefits Are Threefold.

This system, according to the silver mine expert, has threefold benefits: First, it will at once restore to Mexico the "hard money" and small change needed by merchants, banks and business men and now lacking; second, it will provide a permanent primary market at home for large amounts of silver production; third, it will stabilize the silver market because the Mexican home requirements will take up a great quantity of silver now exported and sold on a speculation market through San Francisco for the Orient. Also this will serve to stimulate silver production because of the better market conditions and thus raise the primary market price for the semiprecious metal.

President Bracey Curtis of the chamber of commerce has named a committee of prominent men to take up the mint proposal with Gen. Alvaro Obregon on his impending visit to his home in Nogales, Sonora, this month.

Meanwhile the proposition will be submitted by the Nogales chamber of commerce to the civic bodies of all other border cities and the officials of border states.

French Nurse Visits Former Patients



Madame Henri Raquin, who nursed for four years in the French base hospital and for one year in the American base hospital near Bois, has come to America to visit the boys she attended in her own country. Here are two of her patients at Walter Reed hospital, Washington, whom she never expected to see again when they left France, both double amputation cases. Corporal Adolphus McKenzie, on the right, has two artificial legs which serve him well, but Lieut. Robert S. Fletcher has no stumps to which legs can be attached. Army surgeons are still wrestling with the problem of constructing a special basket for him.

FEAR IMPURE WATER

Supply of Many Cities in United States Menaced.

Impossibility of Getting Necessary Purifying Chemicals Alarms Federal Health Officers.

Washington, D. C.—The water supply of more than 30,000,000 city residents is in imminent danger of becoming disease infected, because of the impossibility of obtaining the necessary purifying chemicals, the public health service announced.

Emergency appeals have been received by the service from ten state and numerous city boards of health, it was said, for railroad priority on the movement of alum and chlorine, the chemicals largely used in ridding water of dangerous disease germs. Due to the congested traffic situation, the announcement said, an acute shortage of these chemicals has existed for several months, and at one of the largest chemical plants only eight cars of raw material for the manufacture of alum are being received a month, although 120 cars monthly are required.

"Officers of the United States public health service view the situation with alarm, as do health officers throughout the country," said Surgeon General Cumming. "The summer is always a critical time in dealing with water-borne diseases, for the demands on municipal water systems are then so great that usually every available source of water has to be utilized."

Flyer With Summons Overhauls Fast Train

Denver, Colo.—Harry G. Saunders, attorney, chased a Union Pacific train in an airplane to serve a summons on J. D. Bird, who Saunders says, was fleeing jurisdiction of the Denver courts.

Learning that Bird was to leave the state, he hurried to the Union station, but missed the train. In a friend's airplane he chased the train, speeding 120 miles an hour. They reached Hudson ahead of the train and served the summons.

No Rent for a Year.

Pontageville, N. Y.—Here's a chance for some couple about to be married to drive all their prospective rent troubles away. Father Albert F. Rivers, pastor of the Church of the Assumption, announced that because a marriage has not been performed in his parish for four years, he will marry the first couple wishing to enter the matrimonial state, free of charge, provide an elaborate reception and will pay one year's rental for any available residence here, selected by the couple.

FIVE MEN KILLED IN DENVER RIOTS

Streets Car Strikers and Sympathizers Engage in Orgy of Terrorism

NEARLY FIFTY PERSONS HURT

Plant of Denver Post Badly Wrecked—City Placed Under Martial Law With Funston Troops On Guard—Strike Ended.

Denver, Colo.—Denver has been placed under martial law following a series of riots by striking street carmen in which five men were killed, forty-seven injured, the plant of the Denver Post partially wrecked, a half dozen or more street cars demolished and thousands of dollars of other property destroyed. The reign of terror accompanying the disorders in the downtown district and at the several car barns was unequaled in the history of the city.

The first serious disorders attending the trolley car strike, which had been in progress for more than a week, occurred when two cars manned by strike-breakers, were forced to stop by a motor truck on the track. While the cars were halted a crowd of over 5,000 strikers and sympathizers quickly gathered and fighting immediately became general.

The first two cars stopped were badly damaged, windows broken, interiors wrecked and holes torn in roofs, but they were able to proceed to the barns under their own power. A third car was attacked near the downtown barns of the company and two others were turned on their sides in front of the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception.

The mob systematically wrecked eight street cars, showered strikebreakers with bricks, stones and clubs, and fought desperately as they boarded stalled cars, driving off the armed strikebreakers and demolished the cars.

At Colfax avenue and Logan street, rioters pursued a car, halted it and dragged its armed crew to the street. The din of the fight could be heard several blocks as the terrified strikebreakers were clubbed.

Men imported from other cities under the leadership of "Black Jack" Jerome, noted strikebreaker, fled for protection to the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception nearby, with the mob in pursuit. As the fugitives fled through the doors of the church priests stopped the rush of rioters, telling them the men would be protected.

One mob wrecked the business office of the Denver Post, which has been vigorously opposing the strikers. Police dispersed the mob. Water was poured on the presses, which were damaged also with hammers. The engraving room was wrecked, also. A virtual reign of terror prevailed as a mob of strikers and strike sympathizers roamed the downtown district, wrecking street cars and firing car barns. Shortly after the arrival of troops from Camp Funston, dispatched here to restore order, the strike was called off by the executive committee of the Tramway Men's union.

NOTED AVIATOR KILLED.

Lieutenant Locklear and Aide Fall to Death at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Lieut. Omer Locklear, noted "stunt" aviator, and Lieut. Milton Elliott, his aide, were killed when their plane crashed to the earth from a distance of 1,000 feet here.

Locklear was engaged with Lieutenant Elliott in performing a feat for a moving picture concern. At a distance of 1,000 feet in the air he was given a signal by the motion picture director and started into a nose dive. A battery of searchlights were playing on the machine and fireworks were being set off from the plane by Lieut. Elliott. When he had dropped to within 200 feet of the earth, Locklear was seen to attempt to straighten his plane out. He was too low, however, and crashed to the earth. Both aviators were instantly killed.

Locklear was credited with being the first aviator to leap from one airplane to another while in flight.

Reds Sent to Prison.

Chicago, Ill.—William Bross Lloyd, millionaire socialist and nineteen other members of the communist labor party, were found guilty by a jury of conspiracy to overthrow the United States government. The defendants were given various sentences, most of them getting from one to five years in the penitentiary, a few being given fines in addition, and several were sentenced to one year in jail. Lloyd got the heaviest sentence, one to five years in the penitentiary and a fine of $2,000.

Seeks Divorce From Chaplin.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Mildred Harris Chaplin has filed suit here for divorce from Charlie Chaplin. Mrs. Chaplin married the motion picture comedian, on October 23, 1918, but the marriage was kept secret four months, she asserts in her complaint, on plea of Chaplin that announcement of the marriage would interfere with his professional career. Mrs. Chaplin asks that Chaplin be restrained from disposing of pictures he is making, said to be worth $75,000, pending adjudication of the suit.

SOVIETS IN DETERMINED MOOD

Refuse to Heed Warning of Great Britain and Will Continue Drive On Poland.

Your Eve

THE kind of a sto
steady patronage
has exactly what you
want it.

We try to anticipate
many customers and
goods at the most reas

For Men, Wom

This store is for all—
come always no matt
chase. Pleased custo
customers. That's wh

WE SAVE YOU T

J. N.

THE BUSY STORE

0. T

statistical experts.

This figure is based on the rule laid down by Walter D. Hines, former director general of railroads, that to add 5 cents to the freight rate means an addition of 25 cents to the cost of the commodities which must move by freight.

Multiplying the estimated additional revenue by five and making a deduction for passenger traffic, it is figured that the per capita cost of the increases will be close to $73 per year. On the basis of the average family of five persons the cost of each family would be $365 per year, or $1 per day.

The basis for Mr. Hines' theory that freight increases may be multiplied by five to compute the effect on the cost of living is that several freight movements are involved in each manufactured article.

ILLINOIS TOWN FIRED.

Mob Terrorizes Populace of West Frankfort.—Five Reported Killed.

St. Louis, Mo.—Five men are reported to have been killed, many injured and several homes of foreign residents fired in West Frankfort, Ill., 104 miles south of St. Louis, by a mob bent on avenging the murder of Amiel Calcaterra, 19 years old, and Tony Hempel, 18, both of West Frankfort, whose bodies were found near here.

All deaths resulted from beatings administered by the mob, which, according to reports, drove the foreign population of West Frankfort out of the town.

Tennessee to Act On Suffrage.

Nashville, Tenn.—Governor Roberts of Tennessee announced that he would issue a formal call for a special session of the Tennessee general assembly and that the call would recommend that the legislators consider ratification of the woman suffrage amendment to the federal constitution. A single state, by ratifying the amendment, can make it effective in allowing women voting privilege in the 1920 presidential election in all states.

Drive to Stampede People.

Washington, D. C.—Howard E. Figg, special assistant to the attorney general in the enforcement of the Lever law against profiteering, charged that manufacturers and jobbers of wearing apparel were attempting through carefully prepared propaganda "to stampede retailers and the public into a renewed fictitious demand" for clothing and thereby force prices higher. "The department of justice," said Mr. Figg, "is fully advised of the several phases of this carefully planned campaign.

Homicide Increases in New York.

New York.—Fifty-two murders have been committed in New York in the seven months since January, setting a homicide record unparalleled in many previous years, it was stated at the district attorney's offices.

U. S. Should Aid Poland.

Washington, D. C.—"President Wilson should reconvene congress at once and lay before it the United States pledge to help maintain the independence of the Polish nation," declared Senator King (dem., Utah).

BACK HURT ALL THE TI

Mrs. Hill Says Lydia E. Pink Vegetable Compound Remov The Cause.

Knoxville, Tenn.—"My back h all the time, I was all run down,

not eat and m bothered me, caused by f trouble. three years these trouble doctors did good. Your icine helped ter so she a me to take it. Lydia E. Pink Vegetable pound and the Pills and used Lydia E. Pink Sanative Wash and now I am we eat heartily and work. I give y thanks for your great medicines may publish my letter and I w everyone what your medicines d me."—Mrs. PEARL HILL, 418 Jack St., Knoxville, Tennessee.

Hundreds of such letters expr gratitude for the good Lydia E. ham's Vegetable Compound has a plished are constantly being rec proving the reliability of this gra remedy.

If you are ill do not drag alon continue to suffer day in and day o at once take Lydia E. Pink Vegetable Compound, a wo remedy for woman's ills.

SELDOM S

a big knee like this, but your may have a bunch or bruise ankle, hock, stifle, knee or

ABSORBIN
TRADE MARK REG.U.S.PAT

will clean it off without lay the horse. No blister, no gone. Concentrated—only drops required at an application. $2. bottle delivered. Describe your case for special ins and Book 8 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., septic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Vei Pain and Inflammation. Price $1.25 a bottle at dru delivered. Liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10c. W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield

Fortunate Bride.

After a fashionable wedding Philadelphia two girls were heard cussing the features of the event.

Said one:

"How did you think the looked?"

The other girl smiled and answ "Oh, remarkably well-groomed."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle CASTORIA, that famous old re for infants and children, and see t

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletch*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Cas

Exchanging Confidences.

Edith—Dear Jack is so forgetf

Maud—Isn't he. At the party night I had to keep reminding him it's you he's engaged to and not m London Answers.

Back Lame and Achy

Housework is too hard for a w who is half sick, nervous and al tired. But it keeps piling up, gives weak kidneys no time to reco If your back is lame and achy your kidneys irregular; if you h "blue spells," sick headaches, nerv ness, dizziness and rheumatic pa use *Doan's Kidney Pills.* They h done wonders for thousands of wor women.

An Iowa Case

Mrs. Phoebe Harsch, 132 N. Moore St., Ottumwa, Iowa, says: "I had kidney complaint and suffered with dull, nagging pains in my back which weakened me. Mornings I was sore and lame and had frequent dizzy headaches. Rheumatic pains caused my joints to ache. My kidneys acted irregularly and my ankles became swollen. I used Doan's Kidney Pills; they relieved the rhumatic pains and backache and put my kidneys in good work order."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNE PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N

SAYS PILES ALL GONE AND NO MORE ECZE

"I had eczema for many years on head and could not get anything to the agony. I saw your ad and got box of Peterson's Ointment and I owe many thanks for the good it has done There isn't a blotch on my head now I couldn't help but thank Peterson the cure is great." Miss Mary Hill Third avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

"I have had itching piles for 15 y and Peterson's is the only ointment relieves me, besides the piles seem have gone." A. B. Ruger, 1127 Wash ton avenue, Racine, Wis.

Use Peterson's Ointment for old so salt rheum, chafing and all skin disea 60 cents. Druggists recommend it. orders filled by Peterson Ointment Buffalo, N. Y.

Cuticura Soap AND OINTMENT Clear the Skin

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c

N. Mex. Land: Cattle and sheep ra Wheat land. 640 a. to 150,000. Ideal tion. $5 to $15. Box 53, Las Vegas, N

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Freckle Ointment—Your druggist mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Ch

BIG MONEY AND FAST SALES. Every Buys Gold Initials for his auto charge $1.50; make $1.35. Ten daily easy. Write for particulars and free samples. AMERICAN MONOGRAM CO., Dept. 116, East

ASTURING HOGS MOST ESSENTIAL

teresting and Instructive Experiments Made With Sows at Illinois Station.

ZE OF LITTER INCREASED

pular Belief Substantiated That oung Mothers Produce Smaller Pigs—Variation in Length of Germination Period.

A careful study of records relating the birth of 720 litters of pigs at University of Illinois reveals many lights for those interested in hog sing. The 720 litters contained 0 pigs of seven distinct breeds. e following conclusions are drawn bulletin No. 226 of the University Illinois agricultural experiment sta-

On the whole, the belief that young s produce smaller pigs than do er sows is substantiated. Likewise data substantiated popular belief t up to a certain age, about three rs, there is an increase in the e of litter as sows grow older. The older sows farrowed 12.3 per t of dead or immature pigs as comred to 8.1 per cent by the younger ws.

t is doubtful whether there are any iations in farrow attributable to season at which pigs are farrowed.

Increase in Litter.

n succeeding litters from the same there was an increase in number pigs per litter and in the weight of ividual pigs until the fourth litter, which time the sows were threed one-half years old.

The records obtained from 549 litrs showed a wide range, 98 to 124 s, in the length of gestation period, h an average of 114.58 days. How-r, 93.6 per cent of the litters were

rmers Should Be Careful That Pig Pens Are Clean and Dry.

rowed between the one hundred d eleventh and one hundred and enteenth days. The general belief t old sows have a gestation period e to three days longer than young sows seems to have no very good sis.

Neither Sex Predominates.

There was little, if any, correlation tween the length of gestation period d the birth weight of pigs, and the of pigs in relation to the length gestation shows no tendency for her sex to predominate more than rmal.

The average size of litters was 8.1 s. The average weight of a litter s about 20 pounds. The average ght of pigs in litters with fewer s than the average was 2.67 pounds, t in litters with more pigs it was 7 pounds. The grand average of pigs was 2.55 pounds.

ROVIDE GOOD GREEN FEED

ccupied Space in Garden Should Be Seeded to Rapid Growing Crop of Some Kind.

The average poultry keeper is alys short of succulent green feed ring the late summer and early fall, provision should be made for a pply. Every bit of ground in the den from which early crops have n harvested should be seeded to rd, rape, lettuce, kale or whatever es the most rapid growth in your ality.

FALFA AND SWEET CLOVER

o Crops Are First Cousins But Decidedly Different in Making Their Growths.

ut alfalfa when the buds of the ond growth begin to show at the wns of the plants. Cut sweet clover en the blossoms are about half out raise the sickle bar at least four hes. These two crops are first cous but they are decidedly different this respect: Alfalfa shoots from a wn; sweet clover shoots from buds the main stem.

USE OF OVERGROWN WINGS

ult From Defective Brooding Conditions or Lack of Vitality—Clip Them Off.

vergrown wings in brooder chicks lt from defective brooding condins or lack of vitality. Often the gs really are not overgrown but appear so because the chicks, beweakly, let them hang down. If develop to the point where they a burden to the chick they should clipped off.

AUTUMN IS CLEARING TIME FOR FARM LAND

Convert All Waste Places Into Revenue Producers.

Goats, Sheep or Cattle Are Favored in Order Named for Keeping Down Sprout Growth—Methods for Removing Stumps.

The fair-weather days of the autumn afford the farmer an opportunity to undertake the clearing of land for which he has no time in the busy summer months, and which can not be done while the land is wet in the spring. On thousands of farms there are cut-over tracts which should be converted into revenue producers as soon as possible. If the owner decides that the land in question is better suited to crop production than to forest growth, a careful study of the most economical method of removing stumps and small growth should be made. Most cut-over land passes through three stages before reaching its greatest agricultural value. The waste and small growth is disposed of first, then it is allowed to remain in stumps for a few seasons, until the smaller stumps are dead and decayed, during which time it is used for pasture or may be cultivated. Finally, all the stumps are removed.

Generally it is best to cut brush as close as possible to the ground and avoid leaving sharp points that might injure stock. However, if the wood is of no value and the ground is not to be cultivated before the stumps are removed, it may be best to cut the trees rather high above the ground. If the stumps are left three feet high there will be less sprouting than if cut low down, and such stumps are more easily pulled.

The most successful method of keeping down sprout growth is by heavy pasturing by goats, sheep, or cattle, in the order named. Any sprouts not killed by pasturing should be cut or knocked off with the head of an ax.

There are a great variety of methods used in removing stumps, by means of burning, pullers and dynamite. Farmers' Bulletin 974, "Clearing Land," prepared by the United States department of agriculture, contains information designed especially for persons interested in this subject. A copy can be had on request.

PREPARE LAND FOR ALFALFA

One of the Best Ways to Get Moisture and Well-Packed Soil Is by Disking and Rolling.

Fall seeding of alfalfa requires moisture and a soil which is well packed. One of the best ways of getting such a condition is to disk the ground as soon as oats or small grain is taken off, then plow it and pack it thoroughly by harrowing it or rolling. Soil which has been in a cultivated crop and removed early, such as early potatoes, makes good ground for fall seeding. On ground of this kind a thorough disking and harrowing will often put it in good shape for alfalfa. On many of our types of soil alfalfa will do better if limestone is applied. This limestone should be applied after the ground has been plowed and then harrowed in to give best results.

SWINE FOR WINTER MARKETS

Temptation to Fatten Quickly on Corn Alone Is Liable to Cause Loss of Animals.

Hogs for the early winter markets should be carefully fed. The temptation to fatten quickly on corn alone is liable to cause the careless farmer the loss of one or more animals. A better and a safer feed is wheat middlings and wheat bran made into a thick slop. Give a feed of this just what the hogs will eat up clean twice a day, then give a moderate feed of corn.

Keep a plentiful supply of fresh, clean water in the pens. See that the trough is clean. Have clean, dry pens and yards. Dust the pens once a week with air-slacked lime.

POTATO DISEASE EXPLAINED

So-Called Blight Due to Tip-Burn or Small Insect Known as the Leaf-Hopper.

Much of the so-called potato blight which is to be found is due to what is really tip-burn, or it may be due to a small insect known as the leaf-hopper. The tip-burn is caused by the dry weather and extreme heat as the sun and wind draw the water from the plant faster than the roots can supply it from the ground. The leaf-hopper is a small, greenish-like insect, which will be found jumping from one plant to another as the plants are moved.

BORER EATS CLOVER ROOTS

Here are three life stages of one of the worst clover pests, the root borer. The root borer will attack peas as well as clover. The larvae and the beetles of the borer literally riddle the roots of the clover plant. The borer may be the trouble with that sickly, "spotty" clover patch of yours. Do a little investigating.

EFFICIENT HANDLING METHODS ADD TO VALUE OF APPLE CROP

To Produce a Tight Pack the Barrel Must Be Rocked Back and Forth.

More efficient handling of apples than frequently is the case in regions where the crop is barreled will permit the growers to realize a greater return for their labor, will reduce the waste that comes in careless handling and will bring a better product to the consumer, according to recommendations of the United States department of agriculture. The apples grown in a great majority of the states are shipped in barrels.

A large amount of barreled fruit reaching the market each season is seriously impaired in quality by being picked at the wrong stage of maturity, either too early or too late. The grower must realize that fruit is not ready to be picked when it clings to the spurs so tightly that the spurs are pulled out or broken. Furthermore, the color of fruit which eventually turns red is not always a reliable index, because of differences in prevailing weather in different seasons. Whether or not the red color develops normally, a reliable indication of maturity is a ground color which, when the fruit is ready for picking, should be turning from clear green to a whitish or greenish yellow. Yellow, green, and russet varieties of apples are generally ready to pick when they have attained the proper size and the stems separate readily from the spurs.

Picking Utensils Used.

Apple growers use a variety of picking utensils, some of which are given special approval. It is generally advantageous in removing the crop, to use both sacks and round half-bushel baskets, as the latter are especially convenient for gathering fruit near the ground, while the sacks can be used best when the picker stands upright. In using sacks, special care must be taken to avoid bruising the fruit. In emptying either the basket or the sack, the apples must not be dropped. If a basket is used, it should be lowered to the bottom of the lug box or other receptacle and inverted gently. One type of sack is constructed with a drop bottom, so that the fruit can be emptied without bruising.

Efficiency in picking depends considerably on the use of ladders of the proper type. Several varieties are commonly employed. Stepladders are especially satisfactory when working in small trees and when picking from the lower branches of larger trees.

Where the crop is packed over tables that are moved about the orchard, the fruit is usually carried in the picking utensil to the packing table. While this is commonly done by the pickers, such a practice should be avoided. Certain members of the crew should be assigned as carriers and they should also furnish the pickers with empty receptacles.

In small orchards, when weather is favorable, apples are usually packed in the open, portable equipment being used; but in large orchards and in sections where the weather is generally unfavorable, the fruit is often packed in central houses, tents, or sheds. The use of packing houses has largely increased in recent years, and is regarded as a favorable development in the apple-raising industry. These houses are to be found in both large and small orchards. They afford shelter for the accumulation of unpacked fruit, which can be handled further without interruption due to unfavorable weather. They also prevent damage to equipment and packages because of rain or snow. Where there is adequate shelter there is a better opportunity for installing sizing machinery and other labor-saving devices. In small orchards, when climatic conditions are especially favorable, it may be advisable to pack in the orchards, but in most instances some sort of shelter will insure better results.

Types of Sorting Tables.

The apron table and the canvas or burlap sorting table are used almost exclusively where the fruit is graded in the orchard and they are also used to a large extent in packing houses. The apron table, or a variation of this type, is commonly employed and has a bed which is slatted so that the trash falls through. Being inclined, the fruit as it is graded rolls to the lower end, where on opening a stop or drop it is lowered by means of an apron into the barrel. While work can be done rather rapidly with this table it is not altogether satisfactory, as the fruit frequently crowds past the sorters, encouraging carelessness. The second type of grading table is made with a piece of canvas or burlap stretched over a rectangular frame, and is not fitted for running the fruit from the apron into the barrel. The apples must be sorted by hand into baskets in which they are lowered into barrels.

Sizing Machines Much Used.

At present sizing machines are being used quite extensively for barrel packing in all sections to meet the demand for apples of uniform size. In making a selection the apple grower must determine which machine has a capacity proportionate to the size of his orchard and can be operated economically. The apple grower raising any considerable quantity of fruit should give careful attention to the advantages of mechanical conveyors, which save a great amount of labor both in handling loose fruit and light packages.

Not a little importance is to be attached to the method of packing the barrel. Because the trade customarily demands an attractive pack, the better colored apples of uniform size may be placed in the face, but the packer should remember that the general quality and size should conform to the grade in the rest of the barrel.

CANNING IMPLEMENTS NEED NOT BE COSTLY

Few Simple Kitchen Utensils Will Be Satisfactory.

False Bottom Must Be Arranged In Boiler to Prevent Jars Coming In Contact With Metal—Several Types of Canners.

Expensive equipment is unnecessary for canning, the United States department of agriculture specialists say. A washboiler, lard can, or any container with a tightly fitting cover large enough to hold a number of packed jars, and a few other simple utensils generally found in the ordinary kitchen, will do the work. When such equipment is used, a false bottom must be placed in the boiler or other container to prevent the jars from touching the metal. A rack made of strips of wood is probably best for the purpose. The processing or boiling of the jars in the container may be done on the kitchen stove or on a furnace built out of doors.

Several types of canners, by which the work can be done more easily than with a homemade outfit, are on the market. The hot-water bath canner is the least expensive commercial type. There are two kinds, one, which may be placed on the kitchen stove, and another, which has a firebox and pipe attached for use out of doors. Each has a sterilizing vat, lifting trays, tongs for handling hot jars, false bottoms and tools necessary in sealing tin cans. Tin cans or glass jars may be used with any outfit.

There are also steam-pressure outfits for home use. They develop a higher temperature than the water-bath canners mentioned. Steam-pressure outfits are made to carry from 5 to 30 pounds of steam pressure and are regulated easily.

FOOD-PRODUCT INSPECTIONS

During Month of May 2,028 Cars of Fruit and Vegetables Were Carefully Examined.

In May 2,028 cars of fruit and vegetables were inspected by representatives of the bureau of markets. United States department of agriculture, located at 22 large marketing centers. This is nearly double the number of inspections made in May, 1919, at the same points.

The object of the food products inspection service is to establish an unbiased basis for the adjustment of differences among growers, shippers, wholesalers, and transportation companies, in connection with the quality and condition of fruits and vegetables moving in interstate commerce.

In addition to the general inspections in May, 202 inspections, comprising 1,693,169 pounds of fruits and vegetables, were made of shipments intended for the United States navy supply at New York. On account of unsatisfactory quality or condition, 144,641 pounds of the produce were rejected.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Co-operation is winning on merit.

* * *

Let's grow a larger acreage of the legumes.

* * *

Celery must have abundance of moisture for best results.

* * *

Lights for driving the tractor at night are sold by accessory dealers.

* * *

Cauliflowers do not succeed well in dry weather, hence the importance of keeping the plants well cultivated.

DAIRY FACTS

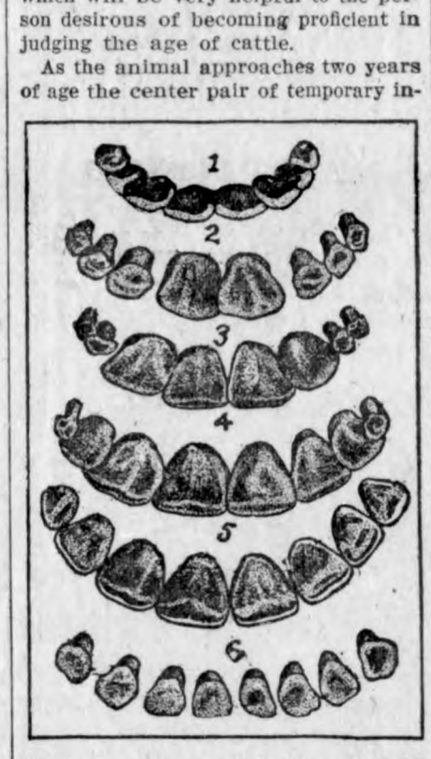
AGE OF CATTLE DETERMINED

Each Year Leaves Its Mark on Grinders of Animal, Gradually Wearing to Stubs.

The age of cattle can be approximated closely by the appearance, development and subsequent wear of their second incisor teeth, according to Farmers' Bulletin 1066 just issued by the United States department of agriculture.

Cattle have eight incisor teeth, all in the lower jaw. In the calf at birth two or more of the temporary or first incisor teeth are present. With the first month the entire eight incisors have appeared. Each of the six stages in the development of the teeth is shown in the bulletin by illustrations which will be very helpful to the person desirous of becoming proficient in judging the age of cattle.

As the animal approaches two years of age the center pair of temporary in-



(1) Internal Face of Incisors of Calf. (2) At Two Years. (3) At Three Years. (4) At Four Years. (5) At Five Years. (6) At Twelve Years.

cisor teeth or pinchers are replaced by the permanent pinchers, which at two years attain full development.

At from two and one-half to three years the permanent first intermediates are cut and are usually fully developed at three years.

At three and one-half years the second intermediates or laterals are cut. They are on a level with the first intermediates and begin to wear at four years.

At four and one-half to five years the corner teeth are replaced, the animal at five years having the full complement of incisors with the corners fully developed.

At five to six years there is a leveling of the permanent pinchers, the pinchers usually being leveled at six and both pairs of intermediates partially leveled and the corner incisors showing wear.

From seven to eight the pinchers are noticeably worn; from eight to nine the middle pairs; and by ten years the corner teeth.

After six years the arch gradually loses its rounded contour and becomes nearly straight by the twelfth year. In the meantime the teeth have become triangular in shape, distinctly separated, and show the progressive wearing to stubs.

NEGLECT BUTTERFAT TESTS

Operation Is Comparatively Simple Where Proper Facilities Are Available.

Many dairymen maintain milk record sheets continuously and well, but they fall short on doing the dairying sleuth work up brown, in that they neglect to make frequent and regular butterfat tests of their milk.

This chemical operation is relatively simple where the proper facilities are available and every farmer with a little practice will be able to get accurate and dependable results from its use. A simple, handpower Babcock test outfit is inexpensive and will pay for itself in a few months in the increased efficiency which attends its use.

DAIRY NOTES

Love for your work is the key to your success. Learn to love your cows.

* * *

The season of the fly pests, which make life miserable for stock during the summer, is on.

* * *

If it pays to raise calves at all it pays to feed and care for them from the day they are born.

* * *

Each calf should be fed separately, carefully regulating the amount of milk by the size of the calf.

* * *

Do not mix new, warm cream with cold cream until it has been cooled in the shotgun can provided for this purpose.

* * *

Use a metallic strainer. It is practically impossible to keep cloth strainers sweet and clean and free from bacteria.

POULTRY CACKLES

MAKE SURE EGGS ARE FRESH

Method Generally Employed by Commission Houses for Purpose Is Known as "Candling."

When supplying a fancy trade with eggs, or on receiving eggs from outside sources, it is often desirable to determine their freshness. The method generally used by commission merchants for this purpose is known as "candling," and consists in holding the egg between the eye and a light so as to note the contents. This should be done in a darkened room, using one of the egg testers on the market or simple home-made tester.

The air space in a perfectly fresh egg is very small, and as the egg loses part of its contents by evaporation this air space increases in size with the age of the egg. Fresh eggs should appear clear and bright, showing no dark spots. Those accustomed to "candling" soon learn to detect stale eggs with a good degree of accuracy and rapidity.

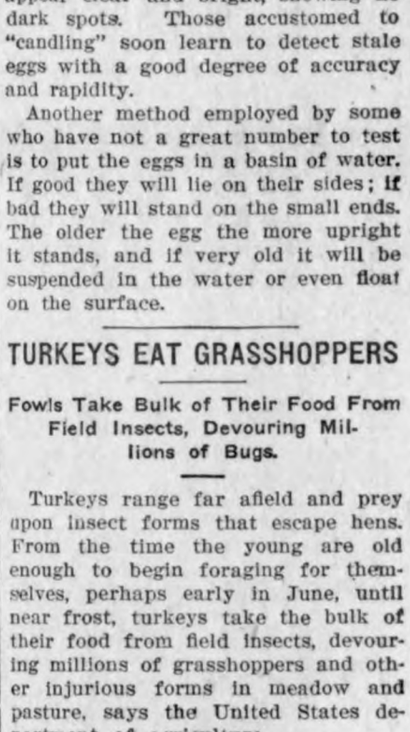
Another method employed by some who have not a great number to test is to put the eggs in a basin of water. If good they will lie on their sides; if bad they will stand on the small ends. The older the egg the more upright it stands, and if very old it will be suspended in the water or even float on the surface.

TURKEYS EAT GRASSHOPPERS

Fowls Take Bulk of Their Food From Field Insects, Devouring Millions of Bugs.

Turkeys range far afield and prey upon insect forms that escape hens. From the time the young are old enough to begin foraging for themselves, perhaps early in June, until near frost, turkeys take the bulk of their food from field insects, devouring millions of grasshoppers and other injurious forms in meadow and pasture, says the United States department of agriculture.

In regions where wooded areas are still fairly extensive mast is an important item in the diet of the turkey. When the insect stores begin to fail,



Turkeys Must Have Free Range to Thrive.

the mast larders are beginning to be filled. Feeding on acorns, chestnuts, beechnuts, and the like, turkeys will go a long way toward fattening themselves for the Thanksgiving or Christmas market and will not require much feeding of corn or other grain to finish them. Generally speaking, turkeys will require a larger feeding of grain than chickens to fit them for market, but, as they utilize forms of waste that hens and their broods would not reach, the keeping of a fair number of turkeys is good economy.

BEST BROILERS FOR MARKET

Squabs Should Weigh When Dressed From Three-Fourths to One Pound Each.

The market demand is for broilers of three sizes: Squab broilers weighing, when dressed, from three-fourths to one pound each; small broilers weighing from one to one and one-fourth pounds each, and large broilers weighing from one and one-half to two pounds each.

At the age of six months the increased weight is slight and the quality poor. As the age of the cockerel increases above 12 weeks the quality decreases materially.

POULTRY NOTES

Mites help to keep cost of eggs high.

* * *

There is no room for poor birds on the farm.

* * *

Heat is the great enemy of eggs, both fertile and infertile.

* * *

Of the infectious diseases of turkeys, blackhead is the most destructive.

* * *

Mites multiply more rapidly in warm weather, so that war should be made on them now.

* * *

Be sure that the early hatched pullets on which you are depending for winter eggs are making steady growth.

* * *

When we consider the fact that the cock is the sire of so many birds we may be impressed with the importance of a good male bird.

Men's Work Clothes

FOR clothes that will stand the hardest wear—the common sense kind that are good honest quality all through—give us a trial.

Our line of overalls and work shirts is giving exceptionally good satisfaction this season and our prices are very reasonable.

We Can Supply All Your Needs

To accommodate our many good customers, we are now carrying an unusually large and varied stock comprising practically everything you are likely to want. Before going elsewhere, see us first and get our prices.

SAVE MONEY AND TIME BY BUYING HERE

J. N. Day's

THE BUSY STORE *PHONE 72*

The

Klemme Meat Market

Fresh Meat

—because we dress all of the meat we sell—no risk of spoiling in fransit. It is a great deal of satisfaction to know that the meat you buy from us is Fresh.

Tender Meat

—because our meat is bought locally and selected by us. You want the best quality—so we buy the best.

We assure you of prompt service and reasonable prices.

J. P. Larsen & Sons, Props.

Aluminum Ware

We have just received another large shipment of all kinds of Aluminum Kitchen Ware and you will find what you want at this store and at prices that will please. We carry the well known brands of---

Visco and Universal Aluminum Ware

"The Best Made"

We have it in Preserving and Boiling Kettles, Pots, Pans, Pails, Tea Kettle, Percolators, Roasters, Cake Pans, etc., in fact anything you may need.

We also handle KEEN-KUTTER Silver Ware

Jacobs & Son

Fine Hardware Klemme, Ia.

GAVE FIRST MINSTREL SHOW

Ned Christy the Originator of the Long-Popular Entertainment. Conceded to Have Been

That the now popular minstrel show is an institution of American conception is to be assumed, for the negro as a character is, of course, the product of America exclusively. But that the impersonations which have sung and laughed their way to popularity all over the world were the outgrowth of a man's sentimental fancy, years before the civil war, is not generally known. nor the peculiar circumstances of its beginning.

For years Ned Christy, later world famous as the originator of the minstel entertainment, nursed a heartfelt desire to portray to the North the life of the southern darkies, their plaintive songs and dances that had been handed down through the generations of negroes in America.

In the spring of 1842 at a hotel in Buffalo he suddenly proposed to the proprietor of the establishment that he give some darky impersonations for the entertainment of the other guests. He had come unprepared, but with the assistance of the proprietor's son and another young man, some burnt cork and a banjo, violin, tambourine and bones, he gave his darky show. It met with so much favor at the hotel that he repeated the performance once or twice every day for several months.

That summer he received his first theatrical offer, which was speedily followed by national and international fame for the novel entertainment that was an exact representation of the most important institution of our great South.—Chicago Journal.

A Promising Outlook.

"I seed the start of what looked like it was going to be a right lively fuss over at Tumlinville yesterday," related Gap Johnson of Rumpus Ridge. "A couple of fellers jumped onto another feller, for something or nuther, I reckon, although I didn't learn what, and went to mauling him right sharp. Then another feller jumped in, to make it even. About that time the sheriff came a-running and started to pull 'em apart, and all four lit in on him. He deputized a passel of fellers that were standing around, and they sorter took hold, and another bunch of fellers that came up 'peared to figger that the process was too one sided, and so they tore in, too. About that time it begun to rain, and they all adjourned to the porch of the Tete Fair store and went to talking horse swap and politics. But for a spell I shore reckoned I was going to see something of a fight."—Kansas City Star.

Must Be a Fine School.

The six-year-old granddaughter of Judge D. W. Henry of Terre Haute had started to school in the training school of the Indiana state normal. William C. Ball, who lives across the street from the little girl, is trustee for the Indiana state normal and a great friend of the little girl. One morning, when her mother was taking her to school, she noticed Mr. Ball going up the steps to the main building. Looking up at her mother she said, "Gee, this must be a fine school if Mr. Ball goes to school here."—Indianapolis News.

Kept His Word.

"I suppose it serves me right," said Uncle Bill Bottletop, "for tryin' to do business with Si Simlin!"

"Si's a slicker, all right," replied Jud Tunkins.

"He is. He told me yesterday mornin' that for $20 he'd leave somethin' with a sure enough kick in it on my back porch. So I gave him the twenty, an' last night I found his mule that he's been tryin' to get rid of for twelve years tied to the kitchen doorknob."

Charitable.

Mrs. Flatbush—So your husband went to church with you?

Mrs. Bensonhurst—Yes, he did.

"What was the minister's sermon about?"

"Charity toward all."

"And did your husband derive any benefit from the discourse?"

"Well, I'll say he did, for when the preacher asked him what he thought of the sermon my husband refrained from replying."

Wanted His Place.

A young man who is painfully bashful called upon my niece who was visiting us. Our little grandson is very fond of attention and climbed upon the young man's knee, seated himself and began to chatter. He was called, and as he ran from the room he looked back and said: "Don't let any one get my place."—Exchange.

Limited Wardrobe.

Bix—Isn't it annoying when you leave your keys in the pocket of your other suit?

Dix—Don't know. I have never left my keys in my pajamas.—Boston Transcript.

A Handicap Race.

The Sire—You loaf too much. If you hustle prosperity will be sure to follow.

The Son—But I don't want prosperity trailin' after me all the time. I'm givin' it a chance to catch up.

Forced Honesty.

Dick—I picked up a quarter today and gave it to the owner.

Father—That's a good, honest boy.

Dick—Yes. I couldn't help it. The man that dropped it had me by the ear.

Soothing Cigar Has Been Overtaken and Passed by Popular Little Cigarette

Cigar types of tobacco are produced in New England, New York, Pennsylvania, the Miami valley in Ohio, Wisconsin, Georgia and Florida. Of the entire tobacco crop of 1,389,000,000 pounds in 1919, the cigar types constituted about one-sixth, and the chewing, smoking, snuff and export types most of the remainder, according to the bureau of crop estimates, United States department of agriculture. The cigar types are heavy producers per acre, the average for 1919 being 1,265 pounds, while the other types had an average of 679 pounds.

Before 1919, the average farm price of the cigar types of tobacco was always above that of the other types, as a whole, but in that year the extraordinary demand for tobacco other than the cigar classes and the immensely increased use of tobacco for cigarettes raised the average farm price of the composite chewing, smoking, snuff and export types to 41.3 cents on December 1, or greatly above the price of 21.9 cents for cigar tobacco. Indeed, the latter class of tobacco had a lower price than in either 1918 or 1917, not because of increase of production, but because of weaker demand. The cigar has been overtaken and passed by the cigarette.

BACK-YARD PULLETS MAKE GOOD RECORD

Chickens which lay so prolifically that they pay in a short time for their original cost and their feed are the kind of which all suburbanites dream. S. B. Horton of Washington, D. C., has them in his back yard.

On May 1, 1919, Mr. Horton bought 15 two-day-old White Leghorn chicks. The baby chicks were brooded with jars filled with hot water until they were old enough to be put in an outside coop. Later a six by eight-foot house was built for them, with an outside yard only four feet square.

Seven of these were pullets which began laying on October 22, when they were less than six months old. Their laying record for November was 115 eggs, and for December 137 eggs, a total of 252 eggs for the two months, or an average of 36 eggs a pullet for the two-month period. In all probability they would have made a record of 150 eggs in December but for the cold wave during the latter part of the month.

Crediting the birds with eggs at the market price of 90 cents a dozen (they were $1 part of the time) for the period, they had paid for their original cost and all feed by December 15. In figuring the total cost of the project, the cost of the seven other chicks raised, which were cockerels, was figured, and allowance was made for their market value when slaughtered. From now on the upkeep of this flock will be small compared with the revenue.

The pullets were fed scratch feed morning and night, with a dry mash made of equal parts of middlings, bran, cornmeal, and meat scrap, before them all the time. This ration is one used and advocated by the United States department of agriculture. Nearly every day they were given a little green stuff, such as cabbage or sprouted oats, as well as table scraps and grit and oyster shell.

Death Rate for 1918 Was Highest in History of the Country, Statistics Show

The death rate of 18 for each 1,000 of population in the death registration area of 30 states and 27 cities, with a total estimated population of 81,868,104 for 1918 was the highest on record, according to the census bureau's annual mortality statistics, which show 1,471,367 deaths for the year.

Of the total deaths, 477,467, or more than 32 per cent, were due to influenza and pneumonia, 380,996 having occurred in the last four months of the year when an epidemic of these diseases prevailed. The rate for influenza and pneumonia was 583.2 for each 100,000. Influenza caused 244,681 deaths and pneumonia 232,786, showing rates of 289.9 and 284.3 for each 100,000, respectively, the highest rates which ever have appeared for these causes. The rate in 1917 for influenza was 17.2 and for pneumonia 149.8.

The other principal causes of deaths were organic diseases of the heart, tuberculosis, acute nephritis, Bright's disease and cancer, which together were responsible for 391,381 deaths, or nearly 27 per cent of the total during the year.

Natives Employ Curious Methods to Heal Wounds

Inhabitants of the little mountain country of Montenegro employ curious methods of medical treatment, according to American physicians who did relief work there. The first thought of of the natives in healing wounds is to apply chewing tobacco, horsehair or fresh rabbit skin to a sore, with the hair facing inside. Common ink is considered to be a sovereign remedy for burns. Cobwebs are used in Montenegro to stop bleeding sores or wounds. When a person is bitten by a dog, the favorite remedy is to pull off the animal's ear and rub the wound with it. Since the arrival of American physicians, however, the natives are making numerous visits to Red Cross clinics and dispensaries as a means of curing their ills.

COMPLETE — THE EDUCATION OF YOUR CHILD WITH A — BANK ACCOUNT

The business training of a bank account in his own name is the most valuable and lasting education he will ever receive.

Habits of thrift, insight into financial matters, familiarity with the proper handling of funds, is as important as any part of our lives.

Start an account for the child, direct his handling of it. He will thank you in after years.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA.

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

You won't get 'pinched'

IF you have your car properly equipped with the right kind of Diffusing Lens.

Don't take auy chances--

Come in today and let us equipp your lamps with a lens that is guaranteed to comply with the Anti-Glare Law anywhere. We sell---

MacBeth and Violet-Ray Lens

guaranteed lens that will stand the law. It is cheaper to get a set of the above glasses than to take chances of getting arrested. The Anti-Glare Law is being enforced in Hancock and all other counties--be safe, see us today while we can supply these legal lens, going fast!

Don't overlook are line of Auto Accessories, Tires and Tubes, etc.

Henry Lau & Sons

MEN!

Get these Prices On Work Shoes!

$2.89 $2.98 $3.49 $4.39

Several Hundred Pairs Divided Into the Above Group Prices.

Quantity Buying for 16 Stores Tells The Story!

Gildner Bros. & Johnson

"IOWA'S LARGEST CLOTHERS"

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Cloths

Sixteen Stores. **Garner, Iowa**

Overland

TRADE MARK REG.

Overland, Buick & Dort Motor Cars.

Hart Parr Tractors

Oliver Plows and Farm Machinery

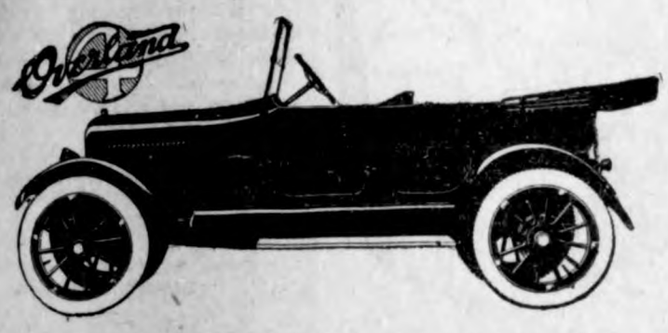
Owens Automatic Farm Lighting Plant

Goodyear and Fisk caseings and tubes

Cords in all sizes.

Just received a large shipment of Auto and Tractor Oil---5 gal., 30 gal. or full barrels at

Right Prices



Willys Knight

PHONE 30

C. W. Wiles Garage

YOU HAVE TRIED THE REST - NOW TRY THE BEST

KLEMME, IA.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement

Lime

Brick

Posts

Drain Tile

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies. Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

DELIGHT IN GUESTS

Pleasing Trait of Household Help in Palestine.

Presence of Company to Dinner Is Taken as a Compliment—Native Woman's Amusing Confession of Vanity.

Palestine is one place in the world which has no "servant problem," according to Miss Evangeline Metheny of Beaver Falls, Pa., just returned from Red Cross service in the Holy Land.

"The servants in Palestine," says Miss Metheny, who has lived there most of her life, "are a different set entirely from the servants we have here in America. They make their services personal; their interest in their employer's affairs is personal, whereas the American servant regards it impersonally.

"In Palestine, if I were to tell my house servants that there would be ten people in for dinner, they would be delighted. It would be a matter of personal pride with them that their dinner was the best to be had, and their service, too. They would be happy at the thought of working for a mistress who had so many friends that she could get together ten at one time. There would be no sulky looks or actions at the extra work; every servant would co-operate and the dinner would go off grandly.

"Here the mention of an extra guest or two creates a feeling of resentment. I know people who do not dare to invite a dinner guest until they have obtained permission from their cooks. Cooks in Palestine consider extra guests a compliment to their art. The servants in Palestine would ten times rather work for Americans than for the native population. The reason is not alone that we will pay higher wages—we treat them better. For one thing, American women do not swear at them, and native women do. They call down every kind of curse on the servant's eyes, and his children, and his grandchildren; they say the most untranslatable things as a matter of course. It is not in the least unusual, it is quite au fait, for an Arab woman to swear so."

Servants in Palestine may be different, but a woman is a woman the world over, Miss Metheny says with Kipling and other authorities.

"Once in a railroad train," she says, "I was sitting in the same compartment with an old native woman. In the East there are separate carriages for men and women. In our coach there was a particularly pretty girl, and from time to time a young English or American man passed through, watching her. My old woman was kneeling on the seat with her shoes off, praying. In order to pray toward Mecca she had to kneel crosswise on the narrow seat, and the rite of bumping her head on the floor several times in each prayer was an acrobatic feat under such circumstances. Every time a young man came into the carriage she had to struggle for balance while she pulled her veil down over her face. Finally she spoke to one. "My son," she said, "do you not know that you have no right in here with the protected ones" (women)?

He apologized, and she raised her veil when he went out.

"You know," she said to me in Arabic, "if I had any teeth left I would not pull down my veil. I only do it that people will think there is a nice face behind it."

In Practice.

"I see your wife has one of those hobble skirts."

"She was early in the game. I'm going to make some money this summer."

"How?"

"By taking her around the picnic circuit. She ought to win first coin in any sack race for ladies."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Great Expectations.

A certain hard-boiled lieutenant called in a sergeant to letter his locker. After thinking it over, he said: "You might leave the lieutenant off as I expect to be made captain shortly."

"Why not," innocently suggested the sergeant, "leave a space between the lieutenant and your first name, so you could insert 'Col.'?"—Booster.

The Poet's Corner.

Visitor—Who caused that unsightly fence to be put up in this beautiful neighborhood?

"Oh, that is the home of John Sweetsinger, the famous portrayer of the poetry of child life, author of 'Songs of Childhood' and 'Prattling Voices at Twilight.' He had the fence built to keep out the neighbors' children."—Life.

A Surmise.

"What's the hubbub in the inside office?"

"The old man is savage today and the fool office boy let in an agent with a 'Life of Cromwell.'"

"Well?"

"I suppose he is selling his life dearly."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Evolution.

"Do you believe in the theory of evolution?"

"I wouldn't venture to contradict it," replied young Mrs. Torkins. "Charley dear is always telling about animals that start as race horses and finish as dogs."

Want Ads.

For Sale

FOR SALE—GENTLE DRIVING HORSE and a good top buggy. Ask Times Office for owner. 2wpd.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND FOUR GOOD LOTS, well located. Inquire at Times Office. tf.

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

FOUND—Auto plate number 142,-374, IA. Owner call at Times Office.

FOUND—Case for pair of glasses. Cal lat Times Office.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

About Cataracts

So much has been written and said about cataracts, still current general knowledge is very indefinite.

CATARACTS develop INSIDE not OUTSIDE of the eyeball. The eyeball is not taken out in removing the cataract. When the cataract has developed so sight is reduced to only distinguishing light then only the REMOVAL of the CATARACT by operation will offer any cure. An average of 80 out of 100 of all cases operated obtain vision. Unless born with cataract or it follows injury or diabetes it rarely develops before 60 years of age. I operated for cataract for a ldy wh was 88 years old, with good results.

Cataract can be arrested by MEDICAL TREATMENT if treated in the early stages. I have cured hundreds with medicines in early stage. WHEN DIMNESS FIRST APPEARS IS THE TIME. 85 out of a 100 are successful, about the same percentage as operation, but when developed to practical blindness only removal by operation will cure.

CALL AND SEE

Dr. A. H. Weber

of Des Moines

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SPECIALIST
AT
HOTEL VICTORIA, GARNER
FORENOON, TUES., AUGUST 17
Glasses Perfectly Fitted
CONSULTATION FREE

First Milling Process.

The conversion of wheat into flour was one of the earliest developments of civilization, and even the primitive races in the dawn of history submitted the grain to a coarse pounding between stones. Perhaps the oldest flour "mills" in existence are the rude stones found among the remains of the ancient lake dwellings in Switzerland. By a mortar and pestle arrangement the wheat was reduced to a coarse meal. Crude as this method was, it contained the germ of the modern flour mill.

The Stars and Stripes.

When the American flag is draped on a flat surface the stars should appear in the upper left hand corner if the stripes are horizontal; in the upper right hand corner if the stripes are vertical.

Boiling Cracked Eggs.

Cracked eggs can be boiled safely by placing a little vinegar in their water.

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN · SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

We have customers from even two and three towns away.

Where the amount that you need is enough to make the saving worth your while, 'twill pay you to get our prices.

We are willing to cut our margin of profit to your advantage because it is good business for us to do so.

Volume of bnsiness is more important to us than profit margins.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Canning Time

The Canning season is at hand and we want to call your attention to the many conveniences we carry in this line at our store:-

Fruit Jars--all kinds

ECONOMY wide-mouth and Self Sealing.
IDEAL GLASS TOP, the Quick Sealing jar.
MASON JAR, the old reliable jar.

Red and White Rubbers--

Don't take chances of spoiling your fruit--use our Rubbers, they are the best to be had.

Kettles and Racks

We have a full line of Aluminum and Enamel Kettles--just what you need for canning and preserving work. Our ANDROX Tray for Cold Packing and Blanching, best tray on the market and fits any boiler; also have Individual Racks for cold packing.

A FLORENCE Oil Cook Stove will make your canning a pleasure

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

The Man Nobody Knew

By HOLWORTHY HALL

(Copyright by Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc.)

"EVEN STEPHEN!"

Synopsis.—Dick Morgan of Syracuse, N. Y., a failure in life, enlisted in the Foreign Legion of the French army under the name of Henry Hilliard, is disfigured by shrapnel. The French surgeons ask for a photograph to guide them in restoring his face. In his rage against life he offers in derision a picture postcard bearing the radiant face of Christ. The surgeons do a good job. On his way back to America he meets Martin Harmon, a New York broker. The result is that Morgan, under the name of Hilliard and unrecognized as Morgan, goes back to Syracuse to sell a mining stock. He is determined to make good. He tells people of the death of Morgan. He finds in Angela Cullen a loyal defender of Dick Morgan. He meets Carol Durant, who had refused to marry him. She does not hesitate to tell him that she had loved Morgan.

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

—6—

It was perhaps five minutes before that door was reopened, and during the interval, Hilliard had an opportunity to wonder if the doctor had revised his office hours; otherwise, he should now be down in the Physicians' building, receiving patients. It occurred spontaneously to Hilliard that both Carol and her father were conceivably harassed by contrition, but as he estimated the extent to which their sorrow might go . . . judging by Carol's distress of last night, and the potential truancy of the doctor today—he was possessed of gripping emotions. Had they cared so deeply for him, then? Angela and Carol had said so; but he had doubted what he most wanted to believe. Was this additional proof? Had the doctor cared so deeply that in order to hold converse with Dick Morgan's sole executor, he would interrupt the sacred routine of his practice? Too late! Too late to care, too late to sympathize, only the winter garment of repentance was left for them! Hilliard couldn't comprehend why, when he had risen this morning so refreshed in mind and body, he should now be so unutterably wearied in both.

Carol returned, followed by a gentleman of sixty; and as the doctor entered, the room was suddenly permeated by an atmosphere of calm, and kindly peace. He was a large man, large of feature, and large of instinct; his forehead was that of an intellectualist; his eyes were those of a dreamer; his chin denoted rugged capabilities, and the stubbornness of unswerving ethics.

"Mr. Hilliard?" His voice was pitched low, but its resonance was striking. Thirty years ago the doctor had been a famous baritone; and there was still one church in town which dated its musical supremacy from the choir he had organized and directed.

"Doctor Durant!" The two men clasped hands firmly. Hilliard, experiencing the dreaded sinking sensation which came upon him as often as he exposed himself to yet another old acquaintance, hardened as he perceived no recognition in the doctor's eyes. The inevitable reaction left him momentarily weak.

"It was good of you to take this trouble, Mr. Hilliard. I appreciate it."

Hilliard's denial was highly courteous; it was harder to hate the doctor than he had planned.

"No, doctor—it would only have been blamable if I hadn't."

"I insist that it's good of you. . . . You knew Dick intimately, I understand."

Hilliard nodded.

"Very intimately, sir, considering the length of time." He perceived that Carol was holding the letter lightly folded in her hands; she intercepted his glance, and colored proudly.

"It . . . it did belong to me," she said, subdued. "And I can never thank you enough . . . never . . . !"

"My daughter," said the doctor, presently, "has told me the one great fact." He paused, then went on gravely. "I accept it, and it needs very little comment. What most concerns me now is to know the lesser facts. I have some hope, Mr. Hilliard, that you can make the lesser seem the greater; and the greater, the less. I want you to clear up the one cloud that still dims our knowledge. I hope you can tell us something about Dick's reasons for doing this thing—for going abroad at all, and for enlisting, and for—"

Hilliard winced; the doctor's autopsy on his character was considerably more disconcerting that Mr. Cullen's had been.

"Doctor Durant, I can't think it's fair to put Dick's motives under the microscope like that! Why not forget everything but the attending circumstances to the one great fact. He—"

"I'm not unfair," said the doctor slowly. "I've never been unfair if I could help it, and certainly not to this man, above all others. Here is a case in which a man who left us most unheroically comes back to us, in spirit at least, as a hero. The particular thing he did is a fact. I'm proud of him for it—and so far, for that, and for that only. But it isn't true that by itself alone it made him a hero. And when I said that I'm interested in the lesser facts, I mean that Dick's reasons for going into the war at all may be the proof that he was a hero—and that any physical bravery he may have shown has nothing whatsoever to do with it. Please don't misjudge us. We're not trying to belittle anything Dick did; it's neither fitting nor possible. But what we want to know is where the credit lies—with Dick, a reasoning, inspired, determined man, or with Dick, intoxicated by danger. In the latter case, his heroism would appeal to us as a detached incident, having no relation to his earlier life or to our own; it would be something to bring us pride for that, but for nothing else. In the other case, the knowledge of the why, in addition to the what, would bring us . . . But about Dick?"

"You can be happy, then," said Hilliard uneasily, "because he went over, I believe, in the firm conviction that every man has two countries—his own and France."

"Yes?" The doctor sat down abruptly.

"As long as you're interested in what he did before he was wounded—"

"And afterward, Mr. Hilliard."

"—Rather than how he was hurt, let me assure you that as far as I know, from the first day he landed, I don't believe he thought once about his own misfortunes. He had them, I know. But if you've got any manhood in you, you can't think of your own troubles, over there. It's too fearful. The Carrel-Dakin solution heals all sorts of wounds, Doctor Durant, all but the worst wound of all—and that's what every man who has any humanity and any sympathy about him gets when he first sees France. His heart is torn clear out of him. He can't sleep, he can hardly live with his own thoughts. And that quiet resolution you speak about—it's enough if it comes to a man there! I don't care what he had in his mind when he left you; I don't care what it was that led him to go overseas; I don't care what his purpose was when he sailed; I know that when he stood on French soil there wasn't an atom of selfishness or self-pity in him. It wasn't a question of adventure; it wasn't a question of drowning his sorrows; it was a question of his doing anything and everything he could to help out. Let me tell you something." Hilliard sat on the edge of his chair. "It's possible that you never thought of Dick Morgan either as a martyr or a fatalist. Nor do I think he was. But when he was brought to Neuilly there was among his papers a little sort of field diary—I'm sorry it was lost, so I haven't it to show to you, but I saw it often—and under the date of his first tour of duty in the front line trenches was scribbled this, quoted from Rousseau: 'The dead carry to the grave, in their clutched fingers, only that which they have given away.' Doctor Durant, Dick went into this war in the belief that the only way to reclaim his life was to sacrifice it. Does that answer your question?"

There was an utter stillness. It had been a superb fiction, but Hilliard,

"What's That?"

thinking obliquely of Angela, was only partly sentient of his baseness.

"Thank you," said the doctor, and glanced at his daughter. "Yes. He had the making of a splendid man. I knew his parents and his grandparents. His career in Syracuse hadn't anything to do with his heredity, Mr. Hilliard; it was the result of badly chosen environment. He chose it himself, and he had all a young man's interest in temptation. But when those temptations were removed, when he was free to revert to his family traditions, why then he could—"

"It would please me a great deal more, doctor, if you looked at him independently and maybe a little less academically—if you didn't go so far beyond the actual facts."

"How do you mean?"

"Why," said Hilliard, "for one thing, in laying so much stress on his grandparents. Dick was the one who went overseas; his grandparents didn't! And his grandparents didn't go into action on the western front singing Stevenson's 'Requiem' at the top of their lungs and knowing that it was mighty appropriate, as Dick did!"

"What?" said Carol, straightening. "What's that?"

"No." The doctor's negative was quiet, but decisive. "A man doesn't rise to heights of glory without some reason for it, Mr. Hilliard. But a man can resist his inheritance for a good many years, and suddenly stop resisting and revert to his family type. He can do it voluntarily or involuntarily. It's what we call atavism." He paused and smiled sadly. "The pity of it," he said, "is that in spite of his having failed in everything he tried to do in Syracuse, he would have made us proud of him, sooner or later, if he had stayed on here. I'm positive of that."

"Pity!" Hilliard straightened. This was the third time in two days that he had caught the intimation that he could have come home decently and humbly and been forgiven.

"Not that I pity him for what he accomplished, or what it cost him," warned the doctor. "I don't; I was very fond of the boy, Mr. Hilliard, but I wouldn't for the world have had him do anything else than what he did. No—but I do pity him because he can never know what we think; because he can never know how much we gladly forget; because he can never know why we are proud of him."

Hilliard's pupils were distended.

"You were rather harsh with him, doctor, as I"—

"We were just, Mr. Hilliard."

"But if you recall the gist of Portia's speech . . ."

"I do!" The doctor regarded him pacifically. "And it's very seldom that mercy is asked to temper justice except after it's become evident that justice is actually going to be just. Let's not deceive ourselves. And let's not put each other in the position either of attacking or defending Dick. It's not the time for that now. He's done all that any man can do, and he was a most lovable boy—most lovable."

Hilliard nervously addressed himself to Carol.

"I hope you agree with your father, Miss Durant—that eventually he'd have succeeded in Syracuse?"

"I never doubted it," she said loyally.

And then the three of them fell simultaneously to musing, and for the space of a minute or two there was quiet; the sort of quiet which comes just after the benediction. It was the benediction which Carol had bestowed upon a wretched sinner who sat there wondering how he could ever escape from the toils of his own cleverness.

"How long are you to be in town, Mr. Hilliard?" inquired the doctor, irrelevantly.

"That I can't say, sir. I had no other errand than this."

"You've never been here before? That is, you haven't friends here?"

He had expected this question and prepared for it.

"Several years ago," he said casually, "I came to Syracuse half a dozen times one winter—on business. I suppose I could find my way around even now, if I had to. But comparatively speaking, I'm a stranger."

"You're a business man, Mr. Hilliard?"

"I told you he was, dear," said Carol.

Hilliard nodded.

"Yes, Doctor Durant. That is—I was. I have no business connections now. That's why my plans are so uncertain."

Again a heavy silence. Hilliard was cursing the impetuous haste which had caused him to lie himself into an invulnerable network.

"I'm sorry," said the doctor, rising abruptly, "but I've a consultation at half-past twelve. Thank you again, Mr. Hilliard, for coming to us; you've lightened my heart tremendously. I hope we shall see you again before you go."

"I hope so," said Hilliard, dully. He was whipping his brain to find a way out; but how could he explain those manifold, cruel falsehoods which once he had thought to be his retribution?

The doctor gave him a cordial smile, a parting pressure of the hand, and went out directly, leaving the two young people quite alone.

Hilliard, impelled to go and equally constrained to stay, fidgeted in his vacillation. He was uncomfortable and unhappy, yet curiously enough he had no inclination to depart. He assured himself that he cared not the snap of his finger for Carol Durant; on the contrary, he was intolerant of her very presence; still he lingered, wishing that he hadn't stultified himself.

"And you really came all the way up here just to be kind to us?" she said.

"Just to be kind to Dick," he corrected.

Carol was winking hard; Hilliard sprang to his feet. He could never bear to see a woman cry; it was immaterial to him who she was, or what the circumstance; he was powerfully affected—distraught. His single aim was to console her—it was a selfish aim designed primarily to relieve himself.

"But it's easy to see," he said desperately, "why he was so anxious to have me come. I . . . I have twice as many reasons to envy him now, Miss Durant. . . . I really have. And . . . and, unlike your father, I can pity him, too, for—"

"Oh!" she said, smiling tremulously up at him through the misty veil of her tears. "But y-you see, Mr. Hilliard . . . you're quite mistaken . . . I . . . I wasn't pitying Dicky; I was pitying me!"

He bit his lip sharply No reproach could have gone deeper.

"That was your letter, you said?"

"Oh, yes," she said. "It c-couldn't have been for anyone else! Thank you so much . . . for bringing it . . ."

He was trying to analyze the emotions which stirred him. He had told himself over and over again that his love for her was numb; and yet here he was . . . unsteadily balanced . . . tormented by her grief . . . and lying to her in the next sentence—to protect his previous lies, and to give to her what comfort he could.

"I want you to have his war cross, Miss Durant . . . I think it belongs to you more than to anyone else. I . . ." He stopped and stood irresolute; for she had broken down completely. He watched her and slowly the blood burned in his cheeks! He tried to order his thoughts, to select his action . . . if he still loved her, he was there to console her; if not . . . he ought in all humanity to console her just the same, even if it took another of those inexcusable deceptions. For an instant he was on the point of succumbing to a wild impulse to blurt out the truth and take the consequences . . .

He started; for she had motioned to him—motioned him away. He hesitated . . . was it love, or repentance, or only his disquiet to see a woman cry? She motioned again, hysterically . . .

Hilliard's brain snapped; Syracuse had sung his praise too late. The doctor with his isms and dissections was too late—Carol herself was too late with tears. His jaws came together; he glanced at her once more and then, in obedience to her gesture, he turned and tiptoed quietly from the room. The front door closed quietly behind him. The danger of succumbing was over and, he believed, permanently, and yet . . .

"Even Stephen!" he whispered as he went down the steps.

CHAPTER VI.

Ordinarily Mr. Cullen was satisfied to bring a single evening paper home with him and when he laid it on the hall table it was generally creased down the financial page; but tonight he brought two, and each of them had wrinkles across the market reports and were folded so as to feature the departments devoted to local news. The Journal had beaten the Herald by two sticks and a subhead, but the Herald had honored Dicky Morgan with a kindly editorial and both papers had stated explicitly where Hilliard was making his headquarters. Mr. Cullen would have been seriously offended if he hadn't been mentioned at least once in each paper; and this is no more a reflection upon his vanity than the fact that he cherished a lively anticipation for what the Post-Standard was going to say about the case tomorrow morning.

Nevertheless, there was a fly in the ointment—not very much of a fly, to be sure, but still appreciable; and after all, it isn't the size of the invader that counts. Mr. Cullen was generous; Mr. Cullen was hospitable; but Mr. Cullen was also the tiniest bit of a snob—not a carping, contemptuous, supercilious snob, but a healthy, hearty, open-spirited snob, frank in his liking for the things he liked—and one of them was to be somebody, and have the neighbors know it. He liked to fraternize with important men; he liked to see his name in the paper now and then; he liked to feel superior—just one harmless little degree more consequential—than his next-door neighbor. And the neighbor, of course, had to share this conviction, or there wasn't any purpose in it.

And Mr. Cullen, with all his ingenuous weakness for prominence, hadn't known until the evening papers told him so, hadn't even suspected (although now he was trying busily to persuade himself that he had suspected it all along, from one thing and another) that his guest was a mining engineer of international reputation, and independently wealthy to boot. It was enough to discomfit any host! It was enough to annoy any man, whether average or not, who prided himself (and most of us do) that he had unusual discernment, and was a Good Judge of Human Nature. And so, when he met Hilliard and Angela at the head of the garden he began to fire away pointblank at Hilliard; and this was barely after the greetings, and a question as to the state of Hilliard's health, and before Angela had found an opportunity to get a word in edgewise.

"Understand you're a mining man, Mr. Hilliard," he said, pleasantly.

"I used to be," said Hilliard. "I've retired. I thought I told you so the first night I was here."

"Oh, yes—you did say something about it, but—" Mr. Cullen laughed with the fullness of one who has unearthed secrets. "It took some of our bright young newspaper crowd to ferret out the facts. You're too modest—that's what's the matter with you!"

As Hilliard smiled in deprecation Angela, crowing triumphantly, snatched for the papers.

"Where is it?" she cried. "Where . . . oh!" And relapsed into beatific calm, devouring the none too conservative paragraphs with all her might. The cold-typed repetition of the well-known story sobered her considerably; still, it was for Hilliard's and her father's names that she gloated; and as for the panegyric of Morgan, that was only an added garland to the wreath which was already his.

"Russian and English syndicate wasn't it?" asked Mr. Cullen.

"Yes," said Hilliard. "English and Russian."

Mechanically, he began to rehearse the technical subtleties which he hadn't expected to find use for within

He Began to Fire Away.

a brace of fortnights. It was well, however, to be prepared; and the time to plant the seed of desire is when the prospect is willing.

"Mighty interesting game—mining," said Cullen. "Let's wander down by the fountain; shall we? . . . I don't know why it is, but it sort of fascinates me—guess it does everybody. More romance in it than most lines." Here Angela looked up sharply, and gurgled with wicked satisfaction, and sent a lifted eyebrow signal across to Hilliard.

"Yes," said Hilliard, "but there's more tragedy, too. I suppose that's the law of compensation getting to work. Big profits call for big risks."

This was for sand in Cullen's eyes; and it had its effect.

"Oh, but the ratio's the same in almost any business, Mr. Hilliard, isn't it? It's about the same theory. Savings banks pay three to four per cent, but they never made a man rich yet. But copper has!"

The fascination of a mine for a man.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Uncultivated Philippine Land.

Surveys of the Philippine Islands have shown that of the total of 120,000 square miles, the cultivated area is only 14,000 square miles, the remainder embracing 61,000 square miles of commercial forests, 11,000 of non-commercial forests, 14,000 of unexplored and small islands, and various areas promising mineral products. The cultivated lands include 2,189,000 acres of rice, 1,236,000 of abaca or Manila hemp, 880,000 of coconuts, 440,000 of sugar cane, 145,000 of tobacco, 18,000 of mahogany, 26,000 of cacao, and 2,000 of coffee.

On Genius.

Genius gets the world's praise because its work is a tangible product, to be bought, or to be had for nothing. It bribes the common voice to praise it by presents of speeches, poems, statues, pictures, or whatever it can please with. Character evolves its best products for home consumption; but, mind you, it takes a deal more to feed a family for 30 years than to make a holiday feast for our neighbors once or twice.—Holmes.

Children's Theology.

A little girl explained God's omnipresence by saying that he was everywhere without going there. A small boy, reflecting on the misdeeds of Satan, remarked: "I don't see how he ever got to be so bad when he had no devil to put him up to it."

"Get Rich Quick."

Writing a song that catches on is one of the shortest cuts to wealth. Sir Arthur Sullivan received $50,000 in royalties for "The Lost Chord," and "My Pretty Jane" remunerated its composer to the tune of $10,000 a line! —Boston Post.

Opportunity is a fine thing. So in fact, that some of us miss it.

Farm Live Stock

RECORD IN CATTLE TEST

Federal and State Authorities H... 537,240 Head Under Supervision in Many Sections.

From time to time the bureau... animal industry publishes a "co... munique" showing conditions along... wide battle front where the al... forces of federal and state author... are fighting cattle tuberculosis.

The latest report indicates that s... the beginning of the movement... 1917 the owners of 500,000 cattle h... placed their herds under supervis...

On April 1, 1920, 25,793 herds s... tered throughout the United St... with a total of 537,240 cattle, w... under the co-operative supervision... the department of agriculture... state veterinarians. There were... 230 accredited herds—60,237 ca... known to be free from the plag...

A Typical Native Scrub, and Obsta... to Progress in Live Stock I... provement.

Over 115,000 cattle were on the w... ing list to be tested as soon as t... veterinarians can work with the... Still another lot of 258,331 cattle ha... passed through the first stage of t... test without showing any dangero... symptoms. The least optimistic es... mate indicates that two-thirds of th... number will conclude the test sa... factorily, and add 170,000 cattle to t... accredited column.

HAMM HAS PUREBREDS ONL...

South Dakota Farmer Asks Enro... ment in "Better Sires—Better Stock" Movement.

Declaring that not only all his st... but likewise all his female breedi... animals were purebred, Charles... Hamm, a South Dakota farmer, appli... for enrollment in the "Better Sires... Better Stock" campaign conducted b... the United States department of ag... culture in co-operation with st... agencies. He is a breeder of Sho... horn cattle, Percheron horses, Duro... Jersey hogs, Rhode Island Red chic... ens, and Bourbon Red turkeys.

The better-sires movement is aim... particularly at the use of superi... purebred sires, but the majority... those enrolled also keep some fema... stock. Mr. Hamm, however, is th... first person officially listed as keepi... five classes of live stock in which a... the animals—both male and female... are purebred.

GRAIN FOR HOGS ON PASTUR...

Full Feed Is Not Economical Whe... Grass Is Plentiful—Some Protein Feed Favored.

Hogs on pasture require grain fo... greatest profit in pork production, b... a full feed is not economical when pa... ture is plentiful and grain high-price... When corn alone is fed a limited ra... tion is considerably cheaper becaus... the forage crop takes the place o... much of the grain.

Some protein feed, such as tankag... or skim milk, is recommended to b... fed in small quantity along with co... and pasture to pigs weighing less tha... 100 pounds. Pork production is usua... ly too expensive when such feeds a... given to large hogs, especially if the... are on such pasture as alfalfa, clove... rape or soy beans, all of which ar... high in protein.

INDIANS FAVOR IMPROVEMENT

Live Stock Owned by Navajos in Ne... Mexico to Be Bred to Purebred Sires in Future.

More than 191,000 head of liv... stock owned by Navajo Indians i... New Mexico henceforth will be bre... only to pure-bred sires. The femal... stock includes 3,000 cattle, 8,0... horses, 150,000 sheep, and 30,0... goats, besides smaller numbers o... swine and poultry.

The Indians have signified their su... port of the "Better Sires—Bette... Stock" movement. The United State... department of agriculture is co-operat... ing in supplying the Indians wit... literature dealing with live-stock im... provement.

ESSENTIALS FOR SWINE

The following combination... should be kept before the hogs... at all times:

One hundred pounds of slaked... coal or wood ashes, four... pounds air slaked lime, two... pounds common salt, one pound... epsom salts.

Mix thoroughly and sprinkle... over the combination the follow... ing solution:

Two pounds copperas dis... solved in one quart boiling wa... ter.

IG CROPS ASSURED IN WESTERN CANADA

eed of Farm Labor Urgently Required for Harvest.

Rains of the past week which have en general throughout all portions Western Canada, covering MANIOBA, SASKATCHEWAN, and ALERTA, have placed beyond all manr of doubt the certainty of vast ain crops throughout the entire disict.

Reports from all points indicate arvelous and rapid growth. The onditions of a week or so back, which ere decidedly less promising and led any to think that there might be a artial failure, have disappeared altogether and now there is a wave of ptimism circulating throughout the ntire country.

In 1915 there were enormous yields ported from all parts, and it would ppear now as if in many places the ields of 1915 would be equaled if ot beaten.

What might appear to be a drawack, is the apparent shortage of farm elp. The Province of Manitoba rough its Employment Bureau in innipeg, is asking for 10,000 harvest nds and over, offering from $5 to per day. The Province of Saskatchewan is asking for 15,000 extra nds to take care of the immense rvest that is certain to be reaped that Province. In Alberta the crop rea is somewhat less, the labor conitions somewhat better, and is makg a request for 5,000 extra farm nds.

Interviewing the officials of the difrent Governments, they are inclined the opinion that as the crops in nsas, Nebraska, South Dakota, Illiois and other Central States are harested there will be a movement northard that will materially help to take re of the labor situation. With the w railroad rates that may be secured application to the Employment Offices at Winnipeg and at boundary oints, or which may be secured rough the Canadian Government Offices at Chicago, Ill.; Detroit, Mich.; ilwaukee, Wis.; Kansas City, Mo.; maha, Neb.; Des Moines, Ia.; Waterown, S. D.; St. Paul, Minn., and rand Forks, N. D., will give to those eking employment the opportunity reach the harvest fields at a low st.—Advertisement.

Southern Confectionery.

"Gee whiz! Dey got cherries an' trawberries an' all kinds of fruit overed with candy. What kind shall get, Rastus?"

"Give me a chocolate-coated waterelon."—New York Central Magazine.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists ho are constantly in direct touch with e public, there is one preparation that as been very successful in overcoming ese conditions. The mild and healing fluence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is on realized. It stands the highest for s remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the rominent Life Insurance Companies, in interview on the subject, made the asonishing statement that one reason why many applicants for insurance are reected is because kidney trouble is so ommon to the American people, and the rge majority of those whose applicaons are declined do not even suspect at they have the disease. It is on sale all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, edium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this reat preparation send ten cents to Dr. ilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a mple bottle. When writing be sure and ention this paper.—Adv.

In a Tender Spot.

Mr. Benover—No, I wasn't wounded any engagements in France, but I as sorely wounded in my late engagement with Miss Leech.

Miss Romantique—In the heart, I resume?

Mr. Benover—No, in the bank roll.

Nervous Spells—Near Heart Failure Eatonic Stopped It

Mr. C. B. Loats, writing from his ome at Lay, Md., says, "I had been king medicine from four specialists, ut believe me, friends, one box of tonic has done me more good than l the remedies I have ever tried. was in awfully bad shape. About lf an hour before meals, I got nervus, trembling and heart pressure so ad I could hardly walk or talk. One ox of eatonic stopped it."

Eatonic quickly produces these truly marvelous results, because it takes p the poisons and gases and carries them right out of the body. f course, when the cause is removed, he sufferer gets well.

Everyone that wants better health is old to have just a little faith—enough o try one box of eatonic from your wn druggist. The cost is a trifle hich he will hand back to you if you re not pleased. Why should you suffer another day, when quick, sure relief, is waiting for you? Adv.

Choice of a Prophet.

Jonah emerged.

"I certainly prefer a dark horse to dark whale," he cried.

POTAIRO

By SADIE STULL.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"Jane Emma Lane, what be you doin' in thet rubbish heap?"

Jane Emma straightened up so suddenly she almost dropped her precious "find."

"You threw Potairo away!" she accused with quivering lips.

"Land o' love! Wasn't it time? Th' old heathen has disfigger'd th' parlor mantel since yer Gran'father Jared's last voyage!"

"That's why I loved him—why I believe in him!"

"Stuff an' nonsense!" Aunt Jane's angular form disappeared from the porch. A moment later her tart voice reminded from the kitchen: "Them peas ain't shelled yet an' it's nigh 10 o'clock!"

Jane Emma gave Potairo's ugly bronze visage a final rub with the corner of her apron. Then, with a quaint little obeisance she placed the ancient idol atop the gate-post. The incongruity of it made her laugh aloud.

From the temples of Iris and Osiris to presiding oracle of Aunt Jane's prim New England garden was indeed a far cry!

As she surveyed the effect from the porch steps Jane Emma laughed again—this time more softly. The spell the strange talisman had cast over her since early childhood seemed more potent than usual this bright June morning.

As though touched by a flower magician's wand Aunt Jane's prize hollyhocks became queenly iris bordering the sluggish Nile. The rattle of the peas in the brightly scoured pan seemed the echo of tinkling cymbals, while above the weird strains of Egyptian music sounded a voice of beloved memory—

"Superstition and Jared Lane never sailed the same course till th' day a parcel o' slick-tongued natives spun their 'good luck' yarn about Potairo. Though one o' the lesser gods they vowed he wus a mighty powerful one—pertick'ly in affairs o' th' heart." A chuckle invariably punctuated the old salt's narrative at this juncture. "Ye see, there was a mighty important question I wus goin' ter ask a certain lass when we reached th' home port—so I up and shipped the queer little cuss—at their own price."

A big black touring car had stopped directly in front of the gate. Its occupant, a handsome woman just past middle age, beckoned to Jane Emma. In her haste to respond the latter nearly upset the pan of peas.

"My dear, how came you by this ancient idol?"

The voice was the sweetest and saddest Jane Emma had ever heard. It impressed her even more deeply than the stranger's somber dress. It inspired her to tell Potairo's story as she had never told it before.

When she had finished there was a reminiscent light in her listener's eyes that banished years from their pain-shadowed depths.

"My dear, I was reared 'mid just such surroundings. That's why your idol instantly caught my eye. In my girlhood home was a very similar one which my dear sailor father brought from a far Eastern port. Despite scoffing relatives I regarded it in the same romantic light as you do, Potairo—"

The lady smiled as she concluded softly: "My faith was richly rewarded—as I now pray yours may be! Ah, is there someone already?"

The telltale color deepened in Jane Emma's cheeks. Ere she was aware, she had confided to this kindly stranger, her heart's most guarded secret; the homely little romance of which Neighbor Peter Wayne was the hero.

"He is twenty-six you say?" The misty blue eyes rested on the mourning band on the chauffeur's arm. "Just the age of my own dear boy!"

When the evening shadows brought respite from household duties, Jane stole away to her favorite garden retreat—to live again the scene of the morning.

Came the sound of a familiar step and Neighbor Peter stood before her.

With the old teasing laugh he shook the flower-laden boughs above her head. Before she could brush the clinging petals from her hair he caught her close in his arms.

"It's come, girl—the turn o' fortune's tide! I've found a buyer for that shore property or rather"—his merry voice growing serious—"she found me. It's the dear lady you gave the flowers to. She's to build a bungalow—where she says her heart has always been—near the sea. Further, she says to watch our growing happiness will give her a new interest in life."

"We'll have a wedding the old town will long remember, eh, lass o' mine? What's that—I must properly thank Potairo? Sure, I will! No lover of old Egypt ever paid him more willing homage!"

They had taken but a few steps when Jane Emma uttered a cry of dismay. The gatepost loomed dark and unadorned. The little bronze god had vanished!

Followed a tense moment. Then Aunt Jane's voice rasped out of the darkness: "If you be lookin' fer th' old heathen you'll find him back on the parlor mantel." Jane Emma laughed softly at the new tone of apology: "Mebbe I wuz a bit hasty in throwing him erway—considerin' what's happened!"

CAN SOME GREENS FOR NEXT WINTER

Can Surplus Vegetables for Use Next Winter—In Some Cases Production Is Being Curtailed and There Is Need for Careful Saving of Every Bit of Surplus.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Greens of all kinds, both wild or cultivated, are well liked by most people and are valuable food in the human dietary. If more were eaten there would be less need of resorting to the doctor.

When the various kinds of greens are young, tender and at their best, some should be canned for use during the winter. Of the wild greens the dandelion is the most common. Among the cultivated greens are Swiss chard, kale, Chinese cabbage leaves, French endive, cabbage sprouts, turnip tops, young tender New Zealand spinach, dandelion, young tender dasheen sprouts, native mustard, Russian mustard, collards and tender rape leaves. All possess iron and other needed mineral substances, and are nearly as delicious when canned as when fresh.

The following directions for canning greens are given by the United States department of agriculture:

Can greens the day they are picked. Sort thoroughly, wash until clean and place the greens in a sieve or in cheesecloth. Blanch in live steam for 15 minutes. Remove the greens, place in a freshly scalded pan and cut into convenient lengths. Pack into hot jars which have been boiled 15 minutes and add boiling salt water, using one tablespoonful salt to one quart water. Put boiled rubbers on the jars, then the boiled tops and partially seal the jars. If a steam-pressure cooker is used, process for 40 minutes under ten-pound pressure. If a hot-water bath canner is used, place the jars on a false bottom in a commercial canner or a washboiler with sufficient water to cover. Process for three hours, timing after the water starts to boil. Remove and seal tight immediately. Cool in a place free from drafts, test for leaks and store in a cool, dry place.

The addition of a small amount of vinegar to vegetables which are being canned apparently tends to increase their keeping qualities. Not enough is added, however, to be very noticeable to most people.

HOUSEWIFE OF TODAY KEEPS FOOD ACCOUNT

She is Checking Up Weights and Measures of Products.

Decreased Buying Power of Dollar Makes Her Think and Avoid All Kinds of Waste—Lessens Prices in Many Ways.

The modern housewife is becoming expert in buying. She is reading the labels, in accordance with the suggestion made by the United States department of agriculture, and checking up the weights and measures of the food products she buys. She has learned when to buy in quantity and when in small amount, and when it is more economical to buy in bulk than in package. Many have compared the cost of making bread at home and of buying it and are choosing the way that is best for them.

The lessened buying power of the dollar has made her think and avoid all kinds of waste. The family must be kept well nourished, but the wife and mother should not provide more food than is needed. She must know what kind of food will fill her market basket to the best advantage. Along with this knowledge is that of how much of the family food should come from each food group and how far it is wise to save money by using more food from the less expensive groups. The housewife of today is keeping a food account and checks up her weekly buying by the plan she has made.

If she wishes to try to lessen prices for everybody here are some of the ways she is going at it: By producing food at home; by using local products; by choosing food that is plentiful in the markets; by lessening her use of such foods as are scarce; by co-operative buying; and by using the parcel post.

VARIETY NEEDED IN BREADS

More Important When Lunch Must Be Carried Than at Other Meals to Avoid Monotony.

Variety in breads is more important when the lunch must be carried than at other meals because of the danger of monotony. Wheat bread, whole-wheat bread, corn, rye or oatmeal breads; nut, raisin and date breads; beaten biscuit, crisp baking powder biscuit or soda biscuit, and toast, zwieback, and crackers may be used in turn to give variety.

MAKE OVER CLOTHES NEEDED

Careful Selection of Things Wardrobe Should Contain Is Involved in Planning Wardrobe.

Make over only things that are needed and suited for immediate use. This involves planning the wardrobe, and making a careful selection of the things it should contain. A made-over dress that does not harmonize with the coat and hat that must be worn with it represents a sad bit of misdirected energy.

CLUB GIRLS TAUGHT TO PREPARE SUPPER

Each Member Is Assigned Certain Part of the Meal.

Constructive Criticism Found to Be Valuable in Making Each Repast a Little Bit Better Than the Preceding One.

To make sure that the girls in the home-making clubs, supervised by the United States department of agriculture and the Connecticut State Agricultural college, are able to put to practical use what they have learned in the clubs about buying, cooking and serving food, their leaders have organized "supper clubs."

These clubs meet twice a month at the local leader's home. At the first meeting of the month a well-balanced meal is planned with the help of the leader. Each girl is assigned a certain part of the meal, for which she is responsible.

At the second meeting she brings the material and prepares, cooks and serves her part of the supper. Adults are asked to these suppers, and the invitations are highly prized. The usual menu consists of meat, potatoes, one vegetable, hot bread, sometimes salad, dessert, and a hot drink. So far the average cost per person served has been 24 to 26 cents.

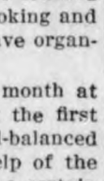
After the meal the club girls meet in a group and discuss and criticize the various articles on the menu and the serving. This constructive criticism has been found to be very valuable in making each supper a little better in every way than the preceding one.

GROUP UTENSILS IN KITCHEN

Equipment Should Be So Arranged That Everything Is Handy—Put Small Things on Hooks.

Group your utensils so that you can reach them easily. Put those most frequently used in the most convenient places. Small ones may be hung on little hooks fastened to the wall or the edge of a shelf.

All Around the House



Margarine contains nearly as much food value as butter.

* * *

Salt and soda is excellent for bee stings and spider bites.

* * *

Cooked dried apricots served with mayonnaise and grated cheese make a delicious salad.

* * *

Old linen dresses can be ripped apart and the best sections made up into dollies and table linens.

* * *

Starch the ironing board cover and it will keep clean longer, the clothes will slip over it more easily, making it a real pleasure to iron.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Hot Stuff.

Teacher—An abstract noun is something you can see but can't touch. Now, Willie, give me an example.

Willie—A red-hot poker.

Shave With Cuticura Soap

And double your razor efficiency as well as promote skin purity, skin comfort and skin health. No mug, no slimy soap, no germs, no waste, no irritation even when shaved twice daily. One soap for all uses—shaving, bathing and shampooing.—Adv.

Every girl imagines that she possesses all the qualifications necessary in an ideal wife.

SLOW DEATH

Aches, pains, nervousness, difficulty in urinating, often mean serious disorders. The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

bring quick relief and often ward off deadly diseases. Known as the national remedy of Holland for more than 200 years. All druggists, in three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Stock Raising in WESTERN CANADA

is as profitable as grain growing. Successes as wonderful as those from growing wheat, oats, barley, and flax have been made in **raising Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.** Bright, sunny climate, nutritious grasses, good water, enormous fodder crops—these spell success to the farmer and stock raiser. And remember, you can **buy on easy terms**

Farm Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land equal to that which through many years has yielded from 20 to 45 **bushels of wheat to the acre**—grazing land convenient to good grain farms at proportionately low prices. These lands have every rural convenience; good schools, churches, roads, telephones, etc., close to live towns and good markets.

If you want to get back to the farm, or to farm on a larger scale than is possible under your present conditions, **investigate what Western Canada has to offer you.**

For illustrated literature with maps and particulars regarding reduced railway rates, location of land, etc., apply to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA

Canadian Government Agent.

PESKY BED BUGS

(Pesky Devils Quietus) P. D. Q. is a new chemical that puts the everlasting to the Pesky bedbugs, roaches, fleas, ants and cooties—impossible for the pesky devils to exist where P. D. Q. is used.

Recommendations of Hotels, Hospitals, Railroad Companies and other public institutions are a guarantee to the public that the safest, quickest and most economical way of ridding the pesky insects is by the use of P. D. Q. as this chemical kills the eggs as well as the live ones, and will not injure the clothing.

A 35c package makes a full quart, enough to kill a million bedbugs, roaches, fleas or cooties—and also contains a patent spout to get the egg nests in the hard-to-get-at-places, and saves juice. Your druggist has it or he can get it for you, or sent prepaid on receipt of price by the Owl Chemical Works, Terre Haute, Indiana.

WANTED—Small farm, for 155 acre stock and grain farm, Van Buren County, Iowa. Meredith, Richfield Sta., Minneapolis, Minn.

Welcome Relief From the Tortures of Rheumatism

Can Come Only From the Proper Treatment.

Many forms of rheumatism are caused by millions of tiny germs that infest the blood, and until the blood is absolutely freed of these germs, there is no real relief in sight.

The most satisfactory remedy for rheumatism is S. S. S. because it is one of the most thorough blood purifiers known to medical science. This fine old remedy cleanses the blood of impurities, and acts as an antidote to the germ of rheumatism.

S. S. S. is sold by druggists everywhere. For valuable literature and advice address Chief Medical Adviser, 107 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

HAD LOFTY IDEA OF DUTY

Janitor's Sense of Responsibility Somewhat Embarrassing in This Particular Case.

The principal of a city school building is still young and has a very attentive admirer. Occasionally he comes to the school building after her and takes her home in his roadster. The other afternoon she was came into her room until she was finishing reports and the young man ready to go.

The janitor finished his work and she told him he could leave whenever he wished to do so, and they would close the building. But still he lingered until they left. The next morning he explained his stay by remarking that he was late getting home the evening before. "But you could have gone home," reminded the principal. "I told you we would close up."

"Yes, I know," he returned, "but you see, Miss T—, it's this way. The board holds me responsible for this building and I'm not willing to leave it in charge of a perfectly strange man."

When the Clothes Give Out.

"You seem to be in a quandary, Obediah."

"I am. With a few alterations this barrel could be made to fit me, but I don't know whether to take it to a carpenter or to a tailor."—Judge.

REAL REASON FOR HIS TEARS

Teacher Flattered Herself That Youngster Was Crying Because She Was Leaving Them.

The graduating class of a Terre Haute school gave the teacher a parting gift. During the speech she made acknowledging the gift she noticed that one boy was weeping. Then she told how touched she was by the emotion displayed by this boy. "What greater tribute could a teacher have than to have a child cry because he was leaving her?" she later asked the class.

One of the other boys remained after the others had left. "Miss N——," he confided, "you thought Jim was crying because he was going to leave you, but he wasn't. It was because that was going to be the last time he would see that present. I had the hardest time to get his 50 cents toward it out of him I ever had getting anything. And when you took that package he was just bidding that 50 cents a tearful farewell.

Very Likely.

"I heard of a new comet that lost its tail." "Probably it got into a fight with the dog star."

Naturally.

"How was the actor who took the part of the fop in the play?"

"Oh, he was a dandy."

Cut Down the Sugar Bill

by eating a cereal that contains its own sugar self-developed from grain in making—

Grape-Nuts

As a breakfast or luncheon cereal with cream or milk; or sprinkled over fresh fruit or berries, Grape-Nuts adds to the meal's pleasure—and is economical.

Buy from your grocer.

"It's Great to Get Up In the Morning" When BIG BEN greets You!

BIG BEN is the leader in the alarm clock world.

BIG BEN stands 7 inches tall; has a dis-dial; a heavily nickeled, brass DUST-PROOF case; an alarm that sounds steadily or intermittently. Sold by—

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Dependable Bank Service--

DEPOSIT WITH A STRONG BANK

THERE Are Three Outstanding symbols of a "bed-rock" banking institution--CAPITAL and SURPLUS Resources and experienced management.

The Capital and Surplus of the First National Bank are $35,000.00, Resources $500,000.00. It is managed by men known to you as experienced and reliable in financial affairs.

At present, association with a strong, dependable bank is especially helpful and desirable. Let us prove it to your entire personal satisfaction.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

New Styles in Fall and Winter

Suits and Overcoats

We have a shipment of

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits

for Fall, also quite a few

Overcoats

See some of the new styles that are to be worn. Will be pleased to show you.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES *GARNER, IOWA*

Local News!

Mrs. Voiles, from Belmond, was a Klemme caller Friday afternoon.

Chas. Papousek, of Belmond, was here on business last Friday afternoon.

Levi Klotzboch and family returned Monday evening from their week's vacation and visit at McGregor, Iowa.

J. Jorgenson, of Garner, was a visitor in Klemme Tuesday between trains.

Miss Anna Kelly and Glenn Busch are the new clerks behind the counters at the Crystal Cafe.

Little Lois Howard went to Des Moines last week for a visit with her aunt.

Chas. Gibbs, of Big Lake, Minn., came last Wednesday to attend the funeral of Mr. Collins.

Andrew, Ethel and Clarice Wellemeyer went to Garner last Friday morning for a visit with friends.

Miss Lola Smith went to Belmond Friday for a few days visit with her grandmother.

Remember the Hancock County Fair which will be held at Britt, August 1, September 1, 2, 3, day and night.

A number of Masons came over from Garner last Wednesday to attend the funeral of Capt. Collins. He was formerly a resident of Garner.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Rooks are rejoicing over the arrival of a fine baby boy who came to make his home with them Friday morning.

You will be entertained every minute of the afternoon and evening at the Hancock County Fair, August 31, September 1, 2, 3, at Britt.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Wiles left last Thursday for Morris, Minn., where Mr. Wiles went to look after the crops on his farm. They returned yesterday.

Mrs. A. E. Buriff and daughter, where they spent some time visiting Miss Doris, went to Des Moines last Wednesday for a couple of days stay.

Miss Bailey, the young lady who trained the children for the Tom Thumb play, was a Klemme caller last Wednesday.

Mrs. L. A. Mulroney, of Fort Dodge and Mrs. J. Jorgenson, of Garner, were Klemme visitors last Wednesday between trains.

That big "one-ring" circus in town last Thursday evening drew a fair sized crowd to their tent near the Western States Lbr. Co.

Mrs. Henry Schroeder left yesterday for Chicago, after spending a couple of weeks visiting at the Mrs. Schroeder home.

Miss Bernice Skinner came from Algona Saturday for a few days visit at the A. H. Meyer home. She left again Wednesday.

The A. A. Ridder family of Watertown, South Dakota, came Wednesday of last week in their car, for a visit with Klemme relatives and friends.

Grandpa Smith died at Belmond last Tuesday, and Wednesday evening Mrs. Mille Smith and daughters went there to attend the funeral which was held the following day.

Wert Loger, who has been working for Al White this summer, left Tuesday in his car for Ingram, Wisconsin, where he will stay for six or seven weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Grosz and daughters Evelyn and Wannetta, of Brock, Canada, were guests of the former's sister, Mrs. Jay Griggs, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Atterbury, of Goldfield, drove up to Klemme Sunday for a ride and also to visit. They have intentions of buying land here as they were greatly impressed with the farms near Klemme.

Mrs. Ed. Wellemeyer of Garner, and Mrs. Bickel and daughter of Washington, Iowa, were visiting at the Arthur Wellemeyer home last Friday between trains.

Miss Martha Lenz, who has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. A. H. Meyer, the past two months, left last Thursday morning for her home in Wisconsin.

Be sure and not miss the big free attractions, ball games, races, fireworks, in fact everything which furnishes high class amusement and entertainment at the Hancock County Fair at Britt, Aug. 31, Sept. 1, 2, 3.

Do not fail to visit the new floral hall or the new hog house or the new poultry house, and be sure to have your exhibits ready for the big Hancock County Fair, to be held at Britt, August 31, September 1, 2, 3.

Klemme people arei nterested in knowing that Albert Yahnke and family and friends, of Buffalo Center, are taking an auto trip to Minnesota and are camping along the way as they go, and are having a fine time.

Miss Ruth Davis left for Kansas City Monday night after visiting with her sister, Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson, for about a month. After a week's stay at Kansas City she will leave for her home at Lincoln, Nebr., where she will take up college work.

Messrs. John Larsen and Oscar Ziegler drove up from Goldfield Sunday afternoon for a visit with Dr. R. N. Reuber. Dr. Reuber practiced at Goldfield about six months before coming here and so is quite well acquainted there.

Harl Gimer was operated upon last Wednesday at the Park Hospital at Mason City, for appendicitis. He is getting along fine now and will be able to come home in about a week. The Gimer family and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Johnson were over to Mason City Sunday to see him.

The Missionary Society of the First Methodist church had a meeting at the home of Mrs. Clarence Arnold last Thursday afternoon. It was a good meeting. They had a good time and to top it off the ladies were treated to home made ice cream and delicious cake.

Miss Anna Griewe is taking a week's vacation from her place behind the counter at the Wellemeyer store, and went to Lake Okoboji on Tuesday to spend the week there. We imagine Anna will have some big fish stories to tell on her return.

Miss Mabel Smith is taking a vacation from her duties at the J. N. Day store. She left for Illinois by auto last Friday, with the Walter Ross family of Garner. They reached Iowa City the first day a distance of 212 miles. Their trip will take them to Joliet, Manhatten, Campton, and other places in Illinois.

Spreader Time Is Here!

Now that Harvest Time is over, the next thought of the progressive farmer is to prepare his land for Fall Plowing--

Come in today and look over our fine line of manure spreaders, they will put your fields in shape for fall plowing. We sell the

John Deere and Nisco

Manure Spreaders

We also wish to call your attention to our big line of John Deere and J. I. Case sulky and gang plows. Get your plow now while we can supply the style and size you need.

Wagons? You Bet!

We handle the best wagon made, The John Deere Wagon--***made to government specifications*** and fully guaranteed, the kind you want.

W. M. BAACK

Don't Be Mexicoed Into Any Jazz Steps Over Present Conditions.

Who is suffering because of these higher prices? We are all on the higher plain. Who wants to go back to 25c oats, 90c wheat and a $1.50 day?

Iowa is the Garden Spot of the U. S.

Let's be happy—lets buy and sell at fair prices.

Theres not store in this country that is more careful about quality and that makes closer prices if you consider puality.

Come aud see us during Fair Week.

We,ll show you a fine stock of Men's and Boy's Clothes.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fourth Year Number 50 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, August 19 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

ggmen Loot Bank t Thornton Sunday

TO BANDITS ROB SAFE AFTER FOUR BLASTS, GET $4,000

Six gunmen successfully entered bank at Thornton Sunday night after four attempts at blasting safe finally opened it and got away in a Buick touring car to parts known to divide the spoils of about 000.

The men were first seen about ornton Saturday, according to citi- of Thornton. The men drove out the street and particularly past bank a number of times. Sunday were still in the neighborhood were again seen to drive about street.

So quietly did they go to work Sun- evening that no one noticed them all the telephone and telegraph res leading from the town and ortly after midnight they entered bank. Two men went inside, two avily armed guarded in front of bank, one at the rear and another ayed near the car. A young man o had been out to see his girl rlier in the evening was lying on a nch in the park just across from the nk and saw the entire performance the robbers but was afraid to move he was less than sixty feet from

e gunman who was guarding the ont and to move might have meant ath to him should the bandit dis- over him. He heard them blast four mes, watched them get into the car, d drive away and then he turned in e alarm and the sheriff was notified t by the time he and his men could t there the bandits had gotten away.

The reports vary on the amount of oney secured. Some say $5,000 in sh and $40,000 in Liberty Bonds, we are unable to say just how uch the robbers got away with.

HEN AND NOW—TIMES HAVE CHANGED—NO DONATIONS

Waverly Independent: Last week e received and paid for two tons of rint paper. This shipment cost us 280 per ton. Four years ago we got much better grade of paper at $80 er ton. That's a mere increase of 200 per ton. And some papers are asting paper sending out sample opies. And there are still a few sell- ng their papers at $1.50 a year with direct loss staring them in the face. The newspaper that sells for $1.50 these days must have a mighty poor pinion of itself, or has a graft where- by it can make somebody else pay its oss on newspaper subscription.

$1,000 PER QUART

A story is being told on one of our former residents who does not live 100 miles from here now that is pretty good. He made a deal to buy five cases of Canadian Club Whiskey of a bootlegger. The deal was to be put across at 10 o'clock at night at the edge of town where he lives. He met the fellow, sampled the whiskey and paid him $1,000. He returned home to find that he had one quart of "good" whiskey, the one he had sampled, the other bottles being filled with water. Now we can not vouch for the truth of this story. We can say though that we believe this man would be willing to pay the thousand for what he supposed was five cases of whiskey, and further he could raise the thousand all right.—Garner Signal.

ANOTHER CRIPPLE

Adolph Lauritzen came home the other day from Ringstead where he has been working with his brother in the carpenter trade this summer. Adolph came home on crutches which came about when he was working in a corn crib a few weeks ago when the ladder on which he was standing slipped and he fel to the ground, breaking the bone below the knee on his right leg. Klemme is truly the home of cripples the past two weeks and no doubt Adolph came here so he would have plenty of company with the rest of the "crips."

EXPECT SEWER GANG NEXT WEEK

The city dads expect the sewer men to arrive in Klemme by next week and begin work on the sewer system. The contractors will ship in four big machines to do the work, two machines for digging and two for covering the trench. It is expected that the work will be hustled right through and Klemme will soon have the sewers put in. The water mains will also be laid and extended at the same time.

FORMER KLEMME PEDAGOG MARRIED

Friends of Miss Manila Carlson have received announcements stating that she was married to Mr. Weave Williams on the second day of August at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Carlson, at Ingram, Wisconsin.

Mrs. Williams was a teacher in the Klemme schools last year in the primary department.

Her many friends here wish them a happy and prosperous married life.

NOT "EASY PICKINGS" IN THIS FIELD

Henry Lau has a couple of sample stalks of corn in front of his implement store that ought to take all the prizes at the State Fair for height. The salks measure twelve feet and seven inches and as they lean up against the building they look like twenty-five feet high. Henry has a whole patch of corn like that at home and he figures he will not have "easy picking" because it is so tall that he will have to husk the ears from a step ladder. Can you beat it?

THRESHING RINGS FINISH ROUNDS

Louie Katter was in our office on Tuesday morning and informed us that his threshing ring finished up Monday, and he thought they were the first outfit to make the rounds near here. But along comes John Bock and tells us that his outfit finished up threshing Saturday afternoon, so wem ust hand the medal to him. Mr. Katter has a gasoline tractor outfit and has finished seven jobs. We did not learn the number of jobs the Bock threshing gang finished.

Wes Lau and Anna Kelly Married

Yesterday afternoon (Wednesday) at four o'clock P.M. occured the marriage of Miss Anna Kelly to Mr.Wesley Lau, both of this city.

The ceremony took plase at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lau and was solemnized by Rev.Meyer of the First Methodist Church. The affair was a quite home wedding and only the immediate relatives were present.

Both of the young people are so well and favorably known that no introduction is neccessay. Congratulations are extended.

Agriculture Best.

Agriculture for an honorable and high-minded man is the best of all occupations and arts by which men procure the means of living.—Xenophon.

Proud of His Ignorance.

"Do you know anything about the stock market?" "Not a thing. That's one place where I am sure ignorance is bliss."

Versions of "Star-Spangled Banner."

The third line of "The Star-Spangled-Banner" has had two versions. Bryant, in his "Library of Poetry and Song," gives it "Whose broad stripes and bright stars through the perilous fight," and Stedman, in his "American Anthology," makes it read, "Whose broad stripes and bright stars through the clouds of the fight." No version of the song makes the line end with "night" instead of "fight."

The Faith Cure.

"Mamma," said little Betty, "my kitty is sick and I have been trying to give her some of my medicine, but she won't take it." "Of course not," replied her mother. "Cats never take medicine when they are ill." "Well, I declare!" exclaimed Betty. "Who'd think a little kitten like that would use the faith cure?"

FOR SALE—I have my home for sale. Call on E. S. Uben, Klemme, Iowa. 3wc.

The Times "Devil" Says

NURSING SERVICE IS RAPIDLY EXPANDING

This American Red Cross Work Flourishing in Small Towns Throughout Country.

More than 37,000 graduate nurses have been enrolled in the American Red Cross to date and its department of nursing is daily increasing this enrollment.

The department of nursing has been authorized to maintain an adequate reserve of nurses for the army and navy. It will continue to supply the needs of the United States Public Health Service to which it has assigned more than 1,000 nurses in the last year.

It will assist in establishing proper nursing service in foreign countries where the American Red Cross has organized hospitals, dispensaries and schools for nurses. Courses in home hygiene and care of the sick have been started for thousands of women who have never received any education in this direction. Rural nursing which was in its infancy a short while ago has been put ahead at least a decade through the work of the department of nursing and local Red Cross chapters.

Public health nursing has been extended to many rural communities and now flourishes actively in hundreds of small towns and counties. Nearly a thousand efficient nurses have already been assigned to this kind of work.

The department of nursing is uniting with other organizations in a year's campaign in recruiting nurses for training schools, in educating the general public as to standards of nursing education and in showing communities their responsibility toward schools of nursing. It will endeavor to meet all these needs as well as to continue the enrollment of dietitians who will be utilized as instructors in home dietetics, in developing nutritional clinics, and in supplying dietitians for the United States Public Health Service and the civilian hospitals.

The Nursing Service will continue to offer to women and young girls the opportunity of securing instruction in home hygiene and care of the sick in every community in the country. This instruction has not only laid the foundation for public health but in some places has given impetus to the establishment of hospitals and community school houses.

"As a community profits by the work of the nurse," says Miss Clara D. Noyes, director of the department of nursing, "it is logical that the community should be aroused to its responsibility. The American Red Cross stands ready to help in a general campaign of recruiting and must have the support, sympathy and understanding of the medical profession as well as the intelligent co-operation of the people at large."

HOME SERVICE FOR EVERYBODY IN NEED

Do you know what the present day Home Service of the American Red Cross is?

Many people do not know that, besides completing the work for ex-service men, especially the disabled, it provides the same neighborly service to families in general that it formerly gave families of soldiers, sailors and marines.

"Home Service covers a wide and varied field," says Frederick C. Munroe, general manager of the American Red Cross. "It gives aid to families in solving such problems as budget planning, marketing, tiding over times of financial stress, keeping children in school, helping crippled children, widowed and deserted mothers, children backward in school and children in conflict with the laws. It renders service to the homeless and transient, to the illiterate, to tenement dwellers, to the unemployed, and gives friendly assistance and advice to foreign speaking groups."

In addition to helping families in the solution of their own problems, Home Service helps in strengthening the weak spots in the social life of communities. It joins hands with others to make communities safer, healthier and happier.

Organizing action along lines in which the community is already interested is one of the objects of Home Service. It has established community meetings, patriotic celebrations, pageants and picnics. Rest rooms, recreation facilities, play supervisors and moving pictures have been provided. Through Home Service other agencies are influenced to bring about improved commercial amusements and better school facilities and to promote traveling libraries as well as to secure county agricultural and home demonstration agents.

If you need assistance at any time, go to the secretary of the nearest Red Cross chapter and describe the situation. Your confidence will be sacredly respected and every possible effort will be made to aid you.

American Red Cross Roll Call.

The Fourth Annual Roll Call of the American Red Cross will be held this year from Armistice Day, November 11, to Thanksgiving Day, November 25, inclusive. During this period the men and women of the United States will pay their annual dues and renew their membership.

No Two Persons Are Alike

Difference in Hands, Feet and Limbs

It is a scientific fact that no two persons in the world are alike. Stop for a moment and think and one will realize that this is true. Take any one of your friends and you will easily recall that while two have one or more points of similarity there are a dozen different features in which they do not agree at all. Whoever heard of twins that were alike in everything? They may look the same in a general way, but they are not; there will be one or more characteristics that will absolutely identify one from the other.

Getting down to actual facts, no two sides of a person are alike; the left is different from the right. The right hand is larger than the left, but the left foot is nearly always larger than the right. A person's right arm is longer, heavier and larger than the left, possibly because it is the working arm of the body, while the law of opposites decrees that the left leg shall be slightly larger than the right. Again, one ear is always larger than the other or one shoulder is higher than its companion, and so it goes on down the line.

DR. ZINN RETURNS FROM TRIP

Dr. Zinn returned Friday evening from a three weeks' trip in the west. About hree weeks ago the Doctor and his brother from Battle Creek, Mich., left on a tour through the west. They went from here to Des Moines, then to Denver, Colorado, where they spent a few days. They took a five day trip through the Yellow Stone National Park, visited at Colorado Springs and then their journey took them farther west. They stopped off at Salt Lake City, Utah, and enjoyed a swim in the famous salt lake. Dr. Zinn says the water contains about twenty-five per cent or more of pure salt and the water buoys a person up so that he can sit in the water without sinking. This is the famous Mormon city and Doc. thought perhaps he might be able to land a couple of wives, but says they wouldn't even give him one. From Salt Lake City they went to Billings. Montana, for a visit and then to Round-Up, Montana, where they visited their sister. Their next trip was toward home and they headed for Minneapolis where the brother of Dr. Zinn went hrough the flour mills as he is interested in that line of work and the Doctor went on to Rochester, Minn., to visit he Mayo Bros. famous hospital and from that place he came home. About the first thing he told us was that he enjoyed the trip all of the way and saw a great deal but old Iowa looked the best of any of the wonderful places he had visited.

Louis Crommelin Chiefly Responsible for Progress of Irish Linen Industry

Louis Crommelin, who fled from France after the repeal of the Edict of Nantes in 1699, is chiefly responsible for the Irish linen industry. When he left France he was accompanied by a number of refugees who helped him greatly improve the Irish linen trade. In 1711, when the board of trustees was formed to encourage and extend the manufacture of linen in Ireland, the machinery in use was very simple and was worked principally by hand. Soon after, in 1725, new machinery was invented and applied for many of the processes.

In 1765 Dr. James Ferguson of Belfast received a premium from the linen board for the successful application of lime in linen bleaching. He introduced the use of sulphuric acid in 1770. Up to that time the acid employed was buttermilk and soil of cattle applied instead of alkali.

After that improvements took place rapidly. Potash for making dye to boil the yarns and cloth came into use in 1789, and choride of lime, the bleaching agent, in 1795.

America Is Surpassed by Europe in Eating Potatoes

In this country the chief and practically only interest in the potato today is as a vegetable for the table. We are greatly surpassed in this use by Europe, and Germany in particular. In that land the average annual per capita consumption was seven bushels in normal times, while our own was two and a half. The laborers of eastern Germany ate seventeen bushels per annum. The other European countries are, as a rule, far above us and the diet of many an Irishman is said to be potatoes and spring water—for breakfast, dinner and supper. In addition to this direct consumption, uses of the potato largely unknown to Uncle Sam are for flour, starch, dextrine, glucose and alcohol.

Duty to Childhood.

Men of today have a duty to childhood because they themselves have once been children. Each generation is a recipient in its turn of the accumulated wisdom and piety of previous ages, and is in duty bound to pass that on, "plus a certain increment due to its own exertion."

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the preaching service at 11 o'clock.

Union service in the country church Sunday night.

Midweek prayer meeting on each Thursday evening at 7:30.

All are invited to our services.

Klemme Sox Trim Clear Lake Nine

THE KLEMME SOX WIN ANOTHER ONE

Local Tossers Defeat Clear Lake

A few weeks ago Clear Lake came over here one Sunday and beat the Klemme ball players in a close game by one score. Sunday the Sox went to Clear Lake for a return game and came back victorious. Our boys are coming right to the front now and have gotten over their streak of hard luck. They have taken two games straight now and are owrking fine. Lightsinger opened the game for the Klemme Sox and did some real fast twirling but he injured his arm and went to the bench after three innings. "Bally" Kluckhohn stood on the mound the rest of the game and threw a fine game. "Fat" Kluckhohn was the man behind the bat and he also played a good game. The line up was about the same as last week throughout the field. Klemme won the game 14 to 11. They are coming right up now and we expect to see some real ball team here this year. You can call them the "Silk Sox" now, and they won't get peaved at all.

GARNER TO HAVE BALL TOURNAMENT

Grner baseball fans are planning to have their annual baseball tournament this year September 7, 8 and 9. This is generally quite an event and Klemme people are always interested in the ball tournament at Garner.

YOUNG BOY LOSES FOOT

Oliver, th efifteen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Robinson, residing southwest of town, suffered an accident Tuesday that necessitated the putation of his right foot.

He was at the John Ross farm occupied by Laurence Perkins, assisting with the threshing and while helping about the grain elevator the accident occurred. The connection in the tumbling rod to the elevator became loose and a punch was used to fasten it, and in working about this rod Oliver accidentally stepped too close and the whirling punch struck him, cutting and tearing the flesh and completely dislocating the ankle joint. It caught his clothing and before the team on he power sweep could be sopped his enire limb was badly lacerated. Fortunately John Ross was near and hastily stopped the team or the result would certainly have proven fatal as the boy's clothing was tightly wound about the rod which was gradually pulling his body under the whirling punch.

The littles ufferer was rushed to the Dr. Sams hospital at Clarion and today (Wednesday) the injured foot was amputated and at last reports he was getting along as well as could be hoped for.—Kanawha Reporter.

TEAM RUNS AWAY

Emil Beier's team ran away last Friday morning and tore things up in general for a few minutes. Emil had been in town and was on his way home when the bridle came off one of the horses which frightened it and the team started on a run. Mr. Beier could not hold them back with the one bridle off and the team ran into Henry Ludeke's fence where they piled up and were subdued. The harness was damaged some and one horse received a cut on the fron tleg but no other damage was done.

SCHOOL OPENS HERE AUGUST 30

The summer vacation will soon end for the students of the Klemme schools. School will open Monday, August 30th, and all are expected to be on hand and be ready for another year of study. At his time we are unable to secure a list of teachers for the coming semester but expect to run the names in the next issue of the Times.

First Milling Process.

The conversion of wheat into flour was one of the earliest developments of civilization, and even the primitive races in the dawn of history submitted the grain to a coarse pounding between stones. Perhaps the oldest flour "mills" in existence are the rude stones found among the remains of the ancient lake dwellings in Switzerland. By a mortar and pestle arrangement the wheat was reduced to a coarse meal. Crude as this method was, it contained the germ of the modern flour mill.

Thoughtful Bobbie.

When Bobbie went to see his grandmother he was much interested in whatever went on in the kitchen. One morning she said to him: "I'm going to make you a nice little pie in a saucer, Bobbie, all for yourself. Don't you think I'm pretty good to take so much trouble?" Bobbie thought about it a moment. "Grandma," he said, "mamma told me not to be a bother, and if it's going to be any trouble you can just as well make my pie the reg'lar size."

Road to Wickedness.

The many prove the wisdom of Hesiod, who says that the road to wickedness is smooth and very short, and there is no need of perspiring. But before virtue the immortal gods have placed the sweat of labor, and long and steep is the way thither, and rugged at first; but when you have reached the top, then, however difficult, it becomes easy.—Plato.

The Oldest Joke.

Johnny Hoy claims that the oldest joke is one about the farmer's wife who went to the door and found an agent. "Can I sell you an exterminator for vermin?" asked the agent. "No," said the farmer's wife, who had been pestered to death with agents. "We have all the vermin we need."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Most Sacred Thing.

Everything that is mine even to my life, I may give to one I love, but the secret of my friend is not mine to give.—Philip Sidney.

Where Water Is Precious.

In Cape Town, where water—especially in the hot summer months—is a very precious fluid, it is the custom to shut off the supply at night, in order to eliminate waste as far as possible. The authorities complain that persons frequently go to a tap to draw water after the supply has been shut off for the day, and finding no water, thoughtlessly leave the tap open. Consequently the next morning when the supply is turned on a large quantity of water runs to waste unnoticed.

The Orange in Spain.

It is considered a very healthful thing to eat an orange before breakfast. But who can eat an orange well? One must go to Spain to see that done. The senorita cuts off the rind with her silver knife; then, putting her fork into the peeled fruit, she detaches every morsel with her pearly teeth and continues to eat the orange without losing a drop of the juice and lays down the core with the fork still in it.—Exchange.

True.

"I understand that once he served a short term in prison. Yet he has redeemed himself and lived it down absolutely." "Well he would have lived it down, if it wasn't for the fools like you and me who continually keep digging it up for conversation purposes."

Playing a Deep Game.

Ethel had been shopping with her mother. When they returned home she was tired and hungry, and, prompted by a desire for a good meal, she said: "Mamma, let's play I'm your guest and am going to stay for dinner."

Answers the Purpose.

"Your true lover is often at a loss for words." "But nature makes that up to him by supplying him with an extensive vocabulary of gurgles, sniffles and sighs."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Uncle Pennywise Says:

I've often heard a man offer to whip another with one hand tied behind him—but I've never seen it tried.—Kansas City Journal.

Water-Loving Trees.

Water-loving trees along streams often consume more water than they save. Estimates are that a beech forest will transpire nearly 50 per cent of an annual precipitation of 20 inches, while a coniferous forest but eight per cent of the same or like precipitation.

Flying Moth Not Destructive.

When a woman opens a closet and a moth flies out she thinks, as a rule, that the moth has been eating her clothes. As a matter of fact, however, the creature does its eating in the grub stage, and is harmless when it has become a flying thing—save that it will produce a ravenous progeny.

The Inner Meaning.

Remember that as you live your life each day with an uplifted purpose and unselfish desire, each and every event will bear for you a deep significance—an inner meaning—and as you learn their import, so do you fit yourself for higher work.—William Q. Judge.

Washington Honored While Alive.

Washington was the only American whose birthday was publicly celebrated while he still lived. February 22 was quite widely observed while he was president.

King David's Militia.

King David organized a national militia, divided into 12 regiments, under their respective officers, each of which was called out for one month in the year. At the head of the army when in active service he appointed a commander in chief.

Make Haste Slowly.

Remember that some training is necessary before a man can become a farmer. Even potato raisers have to know how to drill.

What Men Do.

We owe thanks to Machiavelli and all others who write what men do, not what they ought do.—Bacon.

Boiling Cracked Eggs.

Cracked eggs can be boiled safely by placing a little vinegar in their water.

AMERICAN RED CROSS TO GIVE RURAL HELP

Program for Public Health and Community Welfare Is Now Well Under Way.

Rural communities and towns of less than 8,000 population benefit in a very large part by the public health and community welfare work of the American Red Cross. Almost all of the 3,600 Red Cross chapters have some rural sections in their territory. Therefore the Red Cross Rural Service.

Briefly, the purpose of Rural Service is to assist people to get out of life more health, wealth and happiness. In this purpose public health instruction and general educational progress of both children and adults play a big part.

Recreation is found to be one of the biggest needs in rural life. There is lack of sufficient play-life for the children and social life for the adults. Picnics, pageants, debating clubs, baseball leagues, community singing and other social events which bring the people of surrounding communities together have been organized and carried on under the guidance of Red Cross rural workers to great advantage. In many instances solving recreational problems and getting people together proves to be the awakening of the community to other conditions which may be improved by united action.

As a result of community organization, townships in which there had been neither plans nor interest in community progress have been organized to work together with the unified purpose of bringing their community up to the most enlightened standards. Lecture and musical entertainment courses have been started as a result of community meetings, as well as circulating libraries, Red Cross schools of instruction in Home Nursing, Care of the Sick and First Aid. In the larger towns the need for restrooms and public comfort stations is being met. Playgrounds for the children have been established and recreational activities worked out for the year.

In order that there may be concerted effort in carrying on the programs of the various welfare agencies in the rural districts, Red Cross Rural Service helps the organizations already on the ground. The main object of the service is to lend a hand everywhere and take the lead only where necessary.

JUNIOR RED CROSS ACTIVE IN EUROPE

Garden seeds for Polish orphans, milk for anaemic Greek babies, carpenters' tools for Czecho-Slovakian cripples—these are only a few of the gifts that young Americans are sending to the war-crushed children of the Old World.

Through the Junior Red Cross the boys and girls of the United States are giving a fresh start in life to little war orphans scattered all over Europe. They have set up orphans' homes in France, school colonies in Belgium and Montenegro, and day schools in Albania.

They are sending dozens of young Syrians, Montenegrins, and Albanians to American colleges in Constantinople and Beirut, and maintaining more than a hundred orphans of French soldiers at colleges and trade schools. In orphanages and farm schools up and down the peninsula of Italy there are nearly 500 wards of American Juniors.

Last winter a thousand French children from the inadequate shelters of the devasted regions were sent by the Junior Red Cross to spend the cold months in warmer parts of France. At the same time five thousand little Belgians were having a hot lunch every day at Junior Red Cross school canteens.

American school children have already raised something like a million dollars for these enterprises, and they are still hard at work.

In China, through campaigns of education, the Junior Red Cross is helping to combat widely prevalent blindness and cholera.

RED CROSS RELIEF IN CENTRAL EUROPE

But for timely assistance of the American Red Cross during the last year, a large proportion of the 20,000,000 population of the Balkan States might have starved or perished from disease or exposure. Six million dollars worth of food, clothing and medical supplies have been sent to the Balkans—Roumania, Bulgaria, Albania, Montenegro, Serbia, Bosnia and Greece—since the beginning of Red Cross relief operations in Central Europe, while millions of dollars worth of food alone has been sent to the needy in these states.

The money expended by the Red Cross in this stricken portion of Europe has been used to set up hospitals, orphanages, dispensaries, mobile medical units and to help in the general reconstruction of devastated areas. American tractors and other farming implements have been sent to the agricultural regions where aid has been given in plowing the land.

By the last of this year probably all American Red Cross agencies administering relief in Central Europe will have withdrawn. By that time, it is believed, the people will have approached a normal state of living and will be able through their own agencies which the Red Cross has helped set up to provide for themselves.

TIRE SALE

We are overloaded on tires and have

$3,000 Worth On Hand

and we need the Money, so we must Reduce Our Stock!

For the next 20 days we will sell tires at a discount, also giving away--

Three Premiums with Each Tire!

$2 worth of Premiums with each tire we sell.

ALL SIZES IN STOCK

GOODRICH, GOODYEAR, FIRESTONE--all new, most of them came in the last 30 days. These are the best brand of tires on the market. *Guarnteed 6000 miles.*

Come on!

ED. G. ELL

Klemme ***Iowa***

Spreader Time Is Here!

Now that Harvest Time is over, the next thought of the progressive farmer is to prepare his land for Fall Plowing--

Come in today and look over our fine line of manure spreaders, they will put your fields in shape for fall plowing. We sell the

John Deere

and

Nisco

Manure Spreaders

We also wish to call your attention to our big line of John Deere and J. I. Case sulky and gang plows. Get your plow now while we can supply the style and size you need.

Wagons? You Bet!

We handle the best wagon made, The John Deere Wagon--***made to government specifications*** and fully guaranteed, the kind you want.

W. M. BAACK

Satisfaction Brings Them Back

That is the whole Story!

Satisfaction with the sterling quality of our goods; our standing offer to refund your money an any unsatisfactory purchase, our prompt, polite, paius-taking service.

Right now we would like to have you see our line of Men's and Boy's suits.

You'll see sturdy clothes whose patterns and colorings will appeal to good taste.

Men's Suits	***$40 to $100***
Youth's Suits	***$30 to $ 60***
Boy's Suits	***$10 to $ 35***

Genuine value is the watch word of this store.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

TABLES ARE ST FOR DUCKS

fitable Returns Obtained Green Feeds Pre-minate in Rations.

G EGGS FROM PEKIN

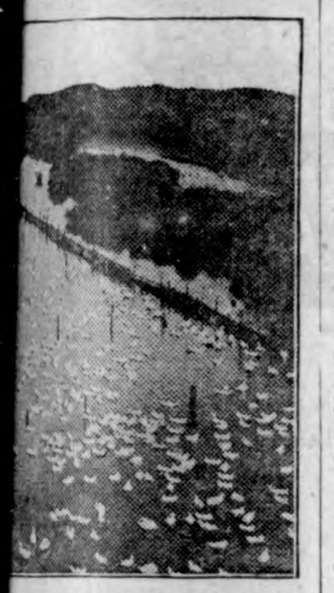
wls to Be Marketed Should tened for Two Weeks Be- Killing—Fish Aid in Reducing Feed Bills.

may be fed on the rations nded for fowls and chickens, r results are usually secured g more green and vegetable l a larger proportion of mash. n Pekin ducks are used large- tching, and the profit is se- producing green ducklings; these ducks are fed a main- ration after they stop laying mmer until about December a laying ration is given and unt of mash increased.

Runners for Eggs.

Runner ducks have been in- as producers of commercial they should be fed laying ra- roughout the year if kept for duction.

ducklings to be marketed e fattened for two weeks be- ing on a ration made of three y weight, of corn meal, two low-grade flour or middlings,



e Duck Farm on Long Island.

rt of bran, one-half part of beef with 3 per cent grit and 10 per reen feed. Feed this mash three daily, or use a mash of three corn meal, one part low-grade flour, one part bran, 5 per cent crap, and 3 per cent oyster shell, the green feed and grit added.

Influence of Feeds.

green feed is sometimes left the ration during the last seven of fattening, as it tends to color eat and may produce a slightly rather than a firm flesh; how- it is easier to keep the ducklings od feeding condition on a mash ining green feed. Boiled fish may e the beef scrap, but should only d up to within two weeks before are killed, as it may give a fishy to their flesh, United States de- ent of agriculture specialists st. A considerable quantity of fish is also fed in the mash to ducks in sections where the farms border on the water and e fish is available at a very small This fish aids materially in re- g the cost of feeding.

ER KICK HORSE ON FOOT

al Cartilage Is Liable to Be ruised, Causing Inflammation and Lameness.

hen examining the foot of a horse ule never kick the foot to make animal lift it off of the ground. In ing the foot you are liable to se the lateral cartilage causing in- mation and deposit of bone cells. deposit of bone cells is the start- of a side bone, which will cause eness. This lameness once started xtremely hard to stop. So never the horse on the foot.

PERIOR FALL VEGETABLES

ishes and Lettuce Are Appreciated and Are as Easily Grown in Autumn as in Spring.

adishes and lettuce are appreciat- gain, as the hot weather has made r growth difficult and their quali- poor. In the fall they are as easily wn as in the spring and as good. ittle frost does not hurt them, and last over a long season. The ge varieties of radishes planted in the summer will make immense ts that can be stored and kept r winter.

EEDING OATS TO CHICKENS

wls Will Take to Them Readily f Sweet, Clean and Heavy—Dis- like Long Points.

ats make good summer feed if you get the fowls to eat them freely. st fowls will take readily to clean, eet, heavy clipped oats weighing 40 nds per bushel, while they would use that which has long points or ght in weight or musty. A bushel oats contains only half as much rients as a bushel of corn or wheat.

FISH MEAL GOOD AS SUPPLEMENTAL FEED

Excellent in Hog, Poultry or Dairy Rations.

Bureau of Chemistry Knowing High Protein Content of Scrap Has Been Active in Converting Material Into Food.

The common domestic pig will never be able to write a book on table manners but he knows how to order a meal as well as anyone. He is in a fair way to demand a fish course to supplement his salad and vegetable diet. He will take his fish in the form of fish meal, the refined by-product made from sound, wholesome raw material at the sardine, tuna, and salmon canneries, or from the menhaden.

The fish meal is not to be confused with "fish scrap," a coarser by-product much used for fertilizer; the meal is made from clean, sound material and is intended to be used as food for cattle and hogs. Formerly, the cannery waste was all made into "scrap" for fertilizer purposes, but the bureau of chemistry, United States department of agriculture, knowing the extremely high protein content of the scrap, has been active in converting this material into a high-grade protein feed. The cleaned, selected portion is ground to a fine, palatable meal which may be used to replace tankage in hog, poultry, or dairy rations.

Fish meal has been recommended as a supplementary ration before now, but popular prejudice against a badly prepared product has discouraged its use. The department of agriculture has proved by feeding experiments that fish meal equals the high-priced tankage as a ration ingredient, and better methods of selecting and milling have removed the causes of prejudice.

The oil content of the meal adds materially to its feeding value. So far the experiments have shown that the meal does not taint the animal product, whether it be pork, butter, eggs, or milk. Moreover, by diverting the fish meals to his animals instead of supplying it directly to his land as fertilizer, the farmer loses but a trifle of its fertilizing value and gains its entire feeding value—thus making the material yield two profits in the place of one.

KILL OUT PERENNIAL WEEDS

Quack Grass and Canada Thistle Are Most Troublesome and Offer Greatest Resistance.

Perennial weeds offer the greatest resistance and require more thorough and persistent effort to destroy them. Two of the most troublesome of our common weeds are quack grass and Canada thistle. The former may be distinguished from other grasses if its characteristic features are known. Whatever method will destroy quack grass will also kill Canada thistle or any other perennial weed.

Fallowing or cultivation without a crop is the most certain method of eradication on large areas and may be used to good advantage except on sandy soils and those continuously wet or very porous. Success depends upon the depth of plowing and frequent cultivation. The prevention of all leaf-growth in weeds means their certain death. Certain cropping systems will usually be successful with quack grass.

SUCCULENT FEED INSURANCE

Mighty Good Plan to Fill Silo During Favorable Seasons for Feed in Dry Seasons.

The silo is the best feed insurance that can be provided. Even when seasons are favorable and there is plenty of rain it is a mighty good plan to fill the silo with green succulent feed and carry it over to the next year, when a dry season may come and cause a shortage of both feeds and pasture.

LESS HOGS AND CATTLE

Hogs have been reduced relatively about 5 per cent during the first four months of this year on the farms of the United States as compared with the trend during the first four months of 1919, reports the bureau of crop estimates, and there has been a relative reduction of 6 per cent in cattle during these four months of this year in comparison with the same time last year.

OPEN-AIR MARKETS FOR CLUB PRODUCE STIMULATES DEMAND

Two Junior Star Saleswomen at the Lincoln (Neb.) Boys and Girls' Garden Club Market.

At Lincoln, Neb., there is a boys and girls' garden club that has created a new departure in the marketing of garden products. The members of the club—4,000 strong—produced more garden fruits and vegetables than they could use. How could they dispose of the surplus crop? An open-air market was suggested. The board of trade and chamber of commerce favored the plan, and a Saturday morning open-air market was created.

At first the business men of Lincoln complained that it would interfere with the regularly established produce trade; later they learned that, on the contrary, the boys and girls' Saturday market created a larger demand for produce during the week, and they are now enthusiastic over the arrangement. That open-air market has become a regular factor in the economic scheme of things at Lincoln and, curiously enough, 85 per cent of the members of the club are girls

It may be popularly believed that the marketing end of farm production should be conducted by the men. That may be true with regard to some commodities, but marketing experts of the department of agriculture maintain that sometimes women are better qualified to handle the marketing work in connection with poultry, eggs, and canned products. The production of poultry and eggs is largely a matter attended to by farm women. Canning is left entirely to the women.

This Youngster Finds the Marketing of Garden Produce a Profitable Business.

If farm products can be marketed to best advantage by those who have the greatest intimacy with them, does it not follow that the department's contention is correct?

Several hundred thousand gallons of apples are used in Spokane, Wash., each year in the manufacture of bakers' pies. Two years ago 130,000 gallons of apples annually were shipped to Spokane from the state of New York. Today, although the demand is greater, the quantity of imported apples has been reduced considerably, for the demand is supplied at home. That accomplishment was made possible by 70 young girls—girls between the ages of ten and eighteen—who knew that thousands of gallons of cull apples were going to waste on farms in the vicinity of Spokane. Through the assistance of the United States department of agriculture and Washington state agencies, a girls' canning club was formed, with the result that these small canners are furnishing Spokane bakers with a large part of their canned-apple supplies. Not only do these young girls attend to the work of canning, but they handle the entire transaction from start to finish.

Learning Better Methods.

It is conservatively estimated that 55 per cent of the membership of boys and girls' club work throughout the nation consists of girls. Within a few years the majority of those girls will take their places as American farm women. They are now, in their teens, studying and working out problems that will confront them later on. And while they are doing that they are learning the fundamental principles in scientific production and marketing methods that must supplant those being used at present in order to meet the increasing food requirements of our country.

The grown-ups would do well to emulate their example. On every hand are instances where, by the use of improved methods, boys and girls are securing larger crop results with a minimum of effort, and by proper grading, packing, and marketing methods receiving a maximum of reward for their labors.

Some of the finest eggs in the country are produced in Kansas and Colorado through the activities of boys and girls. Boys and girls in every state are prize winners for dairy, beef, and pork production. In New Jersey, through proper grading and packing methods, the boys and girls generally top the egg markets by at least 5 cents a dozen. When eggs were 80 cents a dozen in Massachusetts last year the eggs marketed by boys and girls' clubs brought $1 a dozen because of their superior quality. Boys and girls' poultry generally sells at a higher price than the prevailing market level.

A Young Business Woman.

There are many individual instances of notable achievements by boys and girls. One is that of a fifteen-year-old girl in Massachusetts who marketed about 3,000 cans of high-grade fruits and vegetables last year. The products were so well put up that the Colony club of Springfield, Mass., desired to contract for the entire output. At the present time this young woman has difficulty in meeting her orders, which call for 5,000 cans of produce this year. There is a potential business woman who is destined to be one of America's highest types of useful citizen.

CARPET GRASS LIKES WELL-PREPARED BED

Seed May Be Sown Any Time Till After Midsummer.

Method of Seeding Often Used Is to Cut Grass With Mature Seed and Scatter Hay Over Land Where a Pasture Is Desired.

On cultivated land, carpet grass succeeds best on a well-firmed seed bed. The seed may be sown any time from early spring till after midsummer, when the moisture conditions are favorable. To secure a full stand of the grass promptly, seed should be sown at the rate of ten pounds per acre. A method of seeding that has often been used is to cut grass with mature seed and scatter the hay over the land where it was desired to establish carpet-grass pasture.

To establish carpet-grass pasture in open forests or on cut-over land, without going to the expense of clearing, the standing trees should be deadened by girdling. The land to be seeded should be burned over in winter in order to remove all the tall straw or broom sedge, wire grass, and other bunch grasses. Plowing or disking is not necessary. Carpet grass at the rate of five pounds per acre may then be sown at any time after the weather becomes warm, but preferably when there is ample moisture.

Farmers' Bulletin 1130 on "Carpet Grass" may be had free upon request of the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

COTTONSEED MEAL FOR FEED

Superior for Work Horses and Mules, but It Must Be Fed Sparingly —Safe Amount.

Cottonseed meal makes a fine feed for work horses and mules, but it must be fed sparingly. Experiments show that one pound per day for each 1,000 pounds of live weight of the horse is a safe amount to feed.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Why not grow more alfalfa?

* * *

Rule for taking care of machinery: Keep it lubricated, adjusted and clean.

* * *

As a crop to sow in wheat or oat stubble, cowpeas should not be forgotten.

LIVE STOCK

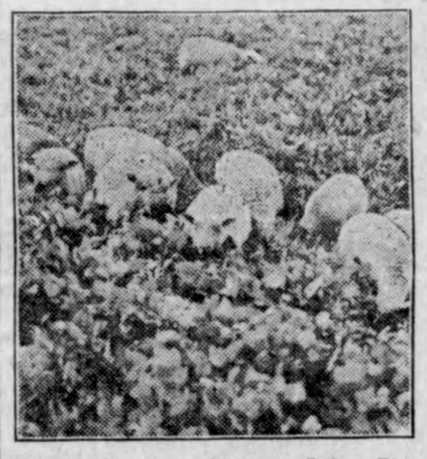
ELIMINATE ALL POOR LAMBS

Carcasses of Improperly Finished Animals Do Not Find Ready Sale on Market.

Just why the latter part of August and early part of September invariably demoralizes the lamb market has puzzled market students for many years. A large percentage of lambs coming out of Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, and Iowa are small native animals that have to be sold for what they will realize. These lambs coming on a usually congested market sell for a marked reduction and since the consumption of lamb is limited in certain sections of the country, carcasses from these improperly finished lambs do not find a ready sale. This annual occurrence in this section not only penalizes the growers of good lambs but means a loss to the producers of the inferior kinds. Since the product is inferior it has a tendency to prejudice consumers against lamb.

Farmers in the corn belt states surrounding the Chicago market are advised by United States department of agriculture specialists to make a concerted effort to put their lambs in better market condition. It is thought certain that most of those who were responsible for this year's native lambs could have put them in much better market condition, with good profit to themselves. It is regrettable that so large a number of undocked and uncastrated, poorly finished, scrub-bred lambs fill the markets from these sections.

The man who keeps a small flock on the farm is advised to remember the importance of handling sheep wisely. The ewes should be bred early enough in the fall so that they will produce their lambs in March and April. The lambs should be docked and castrated when they are ten days old. They should receive sufficient feed to keep them growing in order that when they are ready for the market in about four months they should weigh from



Young Sheep on Pasture Being Prepared for Market.

65 to 70 pounds and carry a uniform covering of flesh. Lambs which are well bred, properly cared for, docked and castrated, and in good flesh will go onto the market a credit to the man who has produced them and will find a ready sale.

KEEP FLIES OFF LIVE STOCK

Mixture of Laundry Soap, Water, Crude Petroleum and Naphthalin Is Recommended.

The following mixture is very effective in keeping flies off live stock and its cost is very small:

One pound of common laundry soap, four gallons of warm water, one gallon of crude petroleum and four ounces of powdered naphthalin.

Shave the soap in very thin slices into warm water and stir it until thoroughly dissolved. Put the naphthalin in the crude petroleum and stir until dissolved. Pour the soap and water into the petroleum and thoroughly mix them together.

RAISING REGISTERED CATTLE

Many Farmers Hesitate to Start With Pure-Bred Animals Because of Lack of Knowledge.

Many farmers would like to raise registered cattle, but because of their lack of knowledge of pedigrees or individuality, or both, hesitate to start with pure-bred animals. A safe way to start is to buy a few bred cows or heifers and grow in experience as the herd increases in numbers.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

The amount of concentrates fed can be greatly reduced if the sows have access to good pasture such as bluegrass, clover, alfalfa or rape.

* * *

Good pasture and considerable range for exercise not only lowers the cost of maintenance, but also serves to keep sows in healthy condition.

* * *

An old but correct statement that "the bull is half the herd" needs to be heeded more than ever, owing to the high prices of grain, labor and overhead expense connected with production.

OATS BEST CROP

Statistics Show Advantages Over Corn Growing.

On Comparatively Cheap Land in Western Canada Farmers Get Record Yields—Cost Per Acre Much Less Than Corn.

How much more does it cost to grow an acre of corn than to grow an acre of oats? To get a proper comparison it is necessary to take an illustration from a farm on which both crops are grown successfully. An example has just been brought to the writer's attention of the comparative cost of growing corn and oats on a Minnesota farm. It is furnished by Albert Inmer, a well-known farmer in Cottonwood county, Minn., in an article which appeared in the Cottonwood Citizen.

Mr. Inmer says: "I had a curiosity to know how much it would cost to raise an acre of oats and corn. To find out I kept account, during the year, of the time required and the cash expended to grow the above mentioned crops." His figures show that it cost him $31.49 to grow an acre of corn and $18.13 1-3 to grow an acre of oats, or a difference of $13.00 an acre in favor of oats.

Provided the respective crop yields are not altogether out of proportion to the cost of growing the crop, this seems to be a good argument in favor of growing oats. But to grow oats successfully it is not necessary to use $150 or $200 land. In western Canada some of the best oat-growing land in the world can be bought for about $20 an acre. On this land good yields and a high quality of grain is obtainable.

Fifty to sixty bushels to the acre in properly prepared land is a fair average yield for oats in western Canada in a normal season but yields of up to 100 bushels, and even more, to the acre have been frequent in good years. The quality of oats grown in western Canada is attested by the fact that at all the international exhibitions for many years past oats grown in western Canada have been awarded the leading prizes. There is on record oats grown in western Canada that have weighed as much as 48 pounds to the measured bushel, and the dominion grain inspector is authority for the statement that 85 per cent of the oats examined by him in western Canada weigh more than 42 pounds to the measured bushel. The standard weight for a bushel of oats is 34 pounds.

Samples of these oats weighing upward of 45 pounds to the bushel are on exhibition at the Canadian government information bureau, located in various cities in the United States.—Advertisement.

Earthquakes.

The origin of earthquakes has been traced to two principal causes, the first of which is tectonic, and the second volcanic. The former refers to movements in the earth's crust, known as faults, possibly caused by the shrinking of the interior of the earth by reason of cooling.

DEPENDED UPON IT 20 YEARS

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Has Been This Woman's Safeguard All That Time.

Omaha, Neb.—"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for over twenty years for female troubles and it has helped me very much. I have also used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash with good results. I always have a bottle of Vegetable Compound in the house as it is a good remedy in time of need. You can publish my testimonial as every statement I have made is perfectly true."—Mrs. J. O. Elmquist, 2424 S. 20th Street, Omaha, Nebraska.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should be convinced by the many genuine and truthful testimonials we are constantly publishing in the newspapers of the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

To know whether Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, try it! For advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

DON'T DESPAIR

If you are troubled with pains or aches; feel tired; have headache, indigestion, insomnia; painful passage of urine, you will find relief in

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles and National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Chicago Foot Specialist is Coming Here

At considerable expense and trouble, we have arranged for a foot expert to be at this store

Thursday and Friday, Sept. 2 and 3

for the convenience of foot sufferers.

Examination and Advice Free

No More Hurting Feet

Let Your Foot Come Forth and Gain Complete Comfort

This expert, who is one of the Staff of Dr. Wm. M. Scholl, the noted specialist and recognized foot authority is able to tell at once what the real cause of your foot trouble is. He knows feet as a dentist does teeth or as an architect does houses.

There is a

Dr Scholl

Appliance or Remedy For Every Foot Trouble

No matter how simple or how serious your foot trouble is, he can tell you (and **show** you) how to gain

Immediate Relief

and a rapid correction of the difficulty. Remember the dates. Be **sure** to come in. Everybody welcome.

Wellemeyer Department Store

"Watch Your Feet"

Install your Furnace Now!

COME in this week and see the Globe Pipeless Furnace. Learn how it will heat every room of your house evenly and thoroughly with about the same amount of coal you burned last winter to heat one or two rooms.

Let us show you just how the Globe Pipeless Furnace cuts coal bills 25% by getting the maximum heat out of every pound of fuel—hard, soft, slack coal or screenings, coke or wood.

GLOBE

PIPELESS FURNACES

Think of the ease and economy of installing a heating system that requires no pipes, no tearing up of floors, no mutilation of walls or ceilings. *One* register heats the entire house! And no dust or dirt can come upstairs to settle on floors, walls or furniture.

No unnecessary heat in cellar. Simple and dependable in operation. Holds fire from twenty-four to thirty-six hours. Lasts a lifetime. Reasonably priced, too.

It puts you under no obligation to come in and learn all about the Globe Pipeless Furnace.

You'll find the fifteen or twenty minutes well spent.

Jacobs & Son

A House Full of Clean Heat at Little Cost

NATIONWIDE FIGHT AGAINST DISEASE

American Red Cross Will Have Health Centers in All Parts of United States.

The American Red Cross has launched upon a nation wide campaign of fighting disease and physical defect among the American people. A new and unique health institution has come into being as the result of several months' study by the Red Cross Health Service Department at National Headquarters.

Officials in charge of the department predict that before long this new health activity will be in actual operation all over the country, and that the sign—"American Red Cross Health Center"—will become as familiar to the people everywhere as are now the signs of the telegraph companies.

Busy Long Before War.

The interest of the American Red Cross in the fight against disease is not, however, of recent origin. Long before the war the organization began this health service through its medical units in disaster relief work and its department of Town and County Nursing. During the war and following the armistice thousands of American Red Cross officials have been fighting disease in the war-stricken countries. At the same time tens of thousands of local Red Cross officials have been engaged at home fighting disease, notably during the influenza epidemics.

The American Red Cross has determined that all this valuable experience in health service abroad and at home shall not go to waste. So long as there are a half a million people dying yearly in this country from preventable causes, and so long as more than one-third of the American children and young people are victims of physical defects, the Red Cross recognizes the urgent need for continued Red Cross health service at home.

How Organization Works.

The Red Cross Health Center is governed by business principles, applies business methods, and, in its more simple form, can be established and conducted by lay people.

It proceeds upon the demonstrated fact that health is a commodity that can be bought and sold like brooms and soap. Therefore, it establishes itself in a storeroom in the principal business section of the community. It displays its goods in the form of attractive health exhibits in its show windows. It advertises constantly and extensively. And it uses every business and social device to attract customers.

The Red Cross Health Center is of service to the sick in that it gives out reliable and complete information about existing clinics, hospitals, sanatoria and other institutions for the sick and the defective; about available nurses, both trained and practical; about when to consult a physician and why to shun the quack and his nostrums.

Teaching Disease Prevention.

The Red Cross Health Center is, however, of even greater service to the well. It teaches people how to prevent sickness and disease. This is done in many interesting and attractive ways—first of all, by the distribution of popular health literature and through health lectures illustrated with lantern slides or with health motion picture films. Then special exhibits are given, one after the other, on various health subjects. Practical demonstrations are made; also health playlets by children to interest and instruct themselves and their elders. Classes are organized in personal hygiene, home care of the sick, first aid and in food selection and preparation. Health clubs, both for younger and older people, are formed; also Little Mothers' Leagues. Nutrition and growth clinics are conducted for children.

Already more than a hundred of these Red Cross Health Centers are in actual operation throughout the country. Many of them also conduct medical clinics, but the one chief, outstanding feature of the American Red Cross Health Center is its health education service which teaches well people how to keep well.

FRENCH PRAISE FOR OUR RED CROSS WORK

Lauding the work accomplished by American philanthropy for war-stricken France, Andre Tardieu, former high commissioner from that nation to the United States, in a recent article widely commented on throughout the French press, says:

"The American Red Cross has accomplished a work which calls for the heartfelt gratitude of every true Frenchman. In 1918 this great relief organization spent in behalf of France nearly 87,000,000 francs, and in 1919 its expenditures on charitable projects in our country attained the tremendous total of 171,000,000. It has recently turned over to the French relief organizations huge stocks of supplies whose value must be counted in the hundreds of thousands of francs.

"Fifteen million American boys and girls, banded together in the Junior Red Cross of America, are back of a movement to establish the closest ties between themselves and France's younger generation through the charitable works they have financed, and are now carrying out among our little war sufferers.

"The bonds of friendship between France and America is cemented with mutual admiration, respect and gratitude."

AMERICANS ABROAD IN RED CROSS WORK

United States Citizens Far Away Enthusiastic Members of the "Fourteenth" Division.

Among the most enthusiastic and energetic members of the American Red Cross are those citizens of the United States who live outside the continental boundaries of their country—sons and daughters of the Stars and Stripes residing at the far corners of the earth.

These people compose the Insular and Foreign Division of the parent organization, generally known as the "Fourteenth" Division, which has jurisdiction of all territory outside the country proper; that is, Alaska, Porto Rico, Hawaii, Virgin Islands, the Philippines, Guam, and even the island of Yap, which came under our flag as a result of the world war. For the year 1920 this division reported 30,808 paid up members.

The main object of this division is to give our citizens everywhere the opportunity to participate in the work of the organization which stands for the best national ideals. Americans in far places intensely loyal and patriotic, treasure their membership in the Red Cross as the outward expression of their citizenship. It is another tie to the homeland and to each other. There are chapters of this division in Argentine, Bolivia, Brazil, Canal zone, Chile, China, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, England, France, Guam, Guatemala, Haiti, Hawaii, Honduras, Japan, Manchuria, Netherlands, Nicaragua, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Porto Rico, Siberia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Syria, Turkey, Uruguay, Venezuela and Virgin Islands.

During the war these scattered members of the Red Cross contributed millions in money, and millions of dollars' worth of necessary articles for the men in service, and sent many doctors and nurses to France. At the same time they carried on an excellent Home Service in their respective communities for the families of those who had gone to war, and in some regions gave large sums of money and immeasurable personal service to the relief of disaster and disease victims.

The division is now establishing service clubs in foreign ports for the benefit of sailors in the American Merchant Marine, making plans to aid Americans in trouble in foreign lands and completing arrangements for giving immediate adequate relief in case of disaster.

It is the Fourteenth Division's part in the great Peace Time program of the American Red Cross.

RED CROSS ASSISTS DISABLED VETERANS

The American Red Cross is carrying on a wide program of service for the disabled World War veterans receiving treatment in United States Public Health hospitals, and those being trained through agencies of the Federal Board for Vocational Education.

In each of the Public Health Service hospitals Red Cross workers devote their time to the general welfare of the service men from the day they enter the receiving ward until they are discharged. After the soldier's discharge the Red Cross continues its friendly service through the Home Service Section in his own community.

The Red Cross maintains a convalescent house at all of the hospitals, where patients can amuse themselves after they are well enough to be up and around. Parties and picture shows in the wards are also furnished, with occasional excursions when convalescence comes.

Great service has been rendered by the Red Cross in mental cases in identifying those who have appeared in state hospitals for the insane, and helping them secure compensation due from the Bureau of War Risk Insurance.

In the Federal Board's various district offices the Red Cross worker, acting with the Home Service Section, makes necessary loans to the men, arranges suitable living conditions, helps collect evidence and supply facts to the Board, assists in "appealing cases" and settles various personal difficulties for the men. The workers also follow up and aid all men who discontinue training.

The Red Cross agents find men "lost" to the Board, help clear up delayed cases and aid the college counselors in their friendly work with the men. Many Red Cross chapters have set up recreation facilities, and in some instances living clubs, so these victims of war may have attractive surroundings and the fun which must go with effective school work.

To the American Red Cross Institute for the Blind near Baltimore, Md., more than half of all the Americans blinded in the World War have come for training. The Institute, through the Red Cross, long ago conducted an exhaustive industrial survey to determine the vocations for which blind men could be fitted. As a result it is putting forth well trained men equipped to meet the social, civic and economic requirements of their respective communities.

Aid for Spanish Red Cross.

The Iberian chapter of the American Red Cross, composed of Americans resident in Spain, has just contributed $480 to a fund being raised by the Spanish Red Cross and the League of Red Cross Societies for the purpose of fighting malaria.

BASE BALL

Klemme Sox vs. Thornton

at the Klemme Ball Park

Sunday, Aug. 22 at 3:00 P. M.

This will be a "speedy" game between 2 well matched teams

Thornton has a good fast bunch of clean ball players who are after "scalps.', The Klemme Sox won over Clear Lake last Sunday and also trimmed Woden the week before, both games away from home, so come out Sunday and see them trim Thornton on the home grounds.

Come out and Yell for the Klemme Sox

COMPLETE — THE EDUCATION OF YOUR CHILD WITH A — BANK ACCOUNT

The business training of a bank account in his own name is the most valuable and lasting education he will ever receive.

Habi s of thrift, insight into financial matters, familiarity with the proper handling of funds, is as important as any part of our lives.

Start an account for the child, direct his handling of it. He will thank you in after years.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

You won't get 'pinched'

IF you have your car properly equipped with the right kind of Diffusing Lens.

Don't take auy chances--

Come in today and let us equipp your lamps with a lens that is guaranteed to comply with the Anti-Glare Law anywhere. We sell---

MacBeth and Violet-Ray Lens

guaranteed lens that will stand the law. It is cheaper to get a set of the above glasses than to take chances of getting arrested. The Anti-Glare Law is being enforced in Hancock and all other counties--be safe, see us today while we can supply these legal lens, going fast!

Don't overlook are line of Auto Accessories, Tires and Tubes, etc.

Henry Lau & Sons

FARM FOR SALE AT

Public Auction

To settle the *Jacob Watermuller Estate*, we will sell the *Watermuller farm*, located on the Main County Road, 3 mi. west of Goodell and 5 mi. east and mi. south of Kanawha, Iowa, at Public Auction, on---

Friday, Aug. 27, 1920

At 1:30 o'clock P. M.

Farm is well improved, and all tiled. An ideal home. No side bidders. No reserves.

Positively will be sold to the highest bidder!

Sale Takes Place on the Farm

Possession given March 1st, 1921.

TERMS: $2,000 down on day of sale, balance cash March 1, 1921.

For further information call or write the undersigned.

NEIL HANSON, Agent, Kanawha, Iowa

COL. H. BRUMMOND, Auctioneer, Kanawha, Iowa.

Sheaffer Fountain Pens

"Always Write All Ways"

We have just received our big assortment of Sheaffer Fountain Pens, in all styles, finishes and sizes. You can find the pen you want at this store and at the price you wish to pay. Students, We have dandy pens for school work.

Prices $2.50 to $12.00

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist Klemme, Iowa

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

The latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Do you profit?

UNDER U.S. GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION

WHEN we point out the fact that this bank is a member of the Federal Reserve System of the United States, you may wonder how that effects you as a customer or prospective customer.

The advantage of such a membership lies not alone in the backing of the strongest financial institution in existence today but in the broader, more flexible service which it enables us to render. It is only by using this service that you can become familiar with it. Bank with us and you can bank on us.

First National Bank

KLEMME, IOWA

JUNIOR RED CROSS WORKING AT HOME

Production of Sound American Citizenship the First Aim, Says Dr. Farrand.

On the badge of every member of the Junior Red Cross are the words "I Serve." That tells the story of the school children's branch of the American Red Cross and its efforts to bring happiness to children throughout the world.

Realizing that the time never was so propitious as right now for teaching the highest ideals of citizenship, the entire present program of the Junior Red Cross has been framed under the very inclusive phrase, "Training for Citizenship Through Service" for others. Since the Junior Red Cross is the agency through which the American Red Cross reaches the schoolboys and the schoolgirls, all its activities are designed to come within the regular school program, and without creating new courses or increasing the number of studies to lend its aid in vitalizing the work of the schools.

"The thing that is needed," says Dr. Livingston Farrand, Chairman of the American Red Cross Central Committee, "is not a perpetuation of the Junior Red Cross, but the training and breeding of sound American citizenship inspired by the true, fundamental ideals of sound democracy. One of the great conceptions in making the Red Cross a contributor to better citizenship in our American democracy is the realization that after all the sole hope of any nation is with the children of the country."

The plan of organization of the Junior Red Cross makes the school—public, parochial and private—the unit, not the individual pupils. Mutual service, helpful community work such as clean-up campaigns, care of the sick, promotion of health regulations, participation in civic and patriotic movements—all these creative agencies designed to translate into life and action the regular school program are parts of the machinery which the Junior Red Cross places at the disposal of the school authorities.

Graded study courses giving practical methods of civic training, supplemented by pamphlets and helpful suggestions, are supplied to the local schools by the Junior Red Cross. An elaborate plan for promoting an interchange of correspondence between children in different sections of the United States as well as with children in foreign lands is being devised and will take a prominent place in the established classroom program.

In promoting the general cause of child welfare, Red Cross courses in home hygiene and care of the sick, first aid, and dieting may be established in all Junior Red Cross Auxiliaries.

The ideals and the objective of the Junior Red Cross are embodied in the pledge of service which the pupil takes when he signs the membership roll and pins on his coat the Junior's badge. The pledge which binds together service and citizenship reads:

"We will seek in all ways to live up to the ideals of the Junior Red Cross and devote ourselves to its service.

"We will strive never to bring discredit to this, our country, by any unworthy act.

"We will revere and obey our country's laws and do our best to inspire a like reverence and obedience in those about us.

"We will endeavor in all these ways, as good citizens, to transmit America greater, better and more beautiful than she was transmitted to us."

At the foundation of this school program of the Junior Red Cross is a great love for America's children.

RED CROSS ACTIVE IN DISASTER RELIEF

When disaster hits a community—fire, flood, earthquake, explosion, bad wreck or tornado—the American Red Cross can be depended upon to follow right at its heels with help for the stricken people. Red Cross relief is almost immediately forthcoming—food, clothing, shelter and funds; doctors, nurses and special workers with long experience in handling similar trouble elsewhere.

During the last year, ending June 30, there was an average of four disasters a month in the United States. One hundred and fifty communities in twenty-seven states suffered. The largest and most destructive of these were the tidal wave at Corpus Christi, Texas, and tornadoes in Mississippi, Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

In these events of horror 850 persons were killed, 1,500 were injured, 13,000 were made homeless, about 30,000 families needed help, the property loss was nearly $100,000,000 and almost $1,000,000 in relief funds, not including emergency supplies was expended.

To the sufferers from all disasters during the year, the American Red Cross sent $120,000 worth of supplies, 110 Red Cross nurses and seven special relief trains. To meet the needs of the stricken, the organization set up ten relief stations, operated thirty food canteens and as many emergency hospitals. One hundred and twenty-five Red Cross chapters gave disaster relief service.

If disaster ever strikes this town or county, the citizens can be absolutely sure the Red Cross will be right on hand to help them in every way.

YOUR RED CROSS

The American Red Cross, by its Congressional charter, is officially designated:

To furnish volunteer aid to the sick and wounded of armies in time of war, in accordance with the conventions of Geneva.

To act in matters of voluntary relief and as a medium of communication between the American people and their Army and Navy.

To continue and carry on a system of national and international relief in time of peace and to apply the same in mitigating the sufferings caused by pestilence, famine, fire, floods and other great calamities.

To devise and carry on measures for preventing these causes of suffering.

FOURTH RED CROSS ROLL CALL

November 11-25, 1920.

MEMBERSHIP FEES:

Annual	$ 1.00
Contributing	5.00
Life	50.00
Sustaining	10.00
Patron	100.00

Send dues to your nearest local chapter.

FIRST AID TRAINING TO MEN AND WOMEN

American Red Cross Is Teaching Hundreds of Thousands Life-Saving Methods.

The purpose of instruction in First Aid to the injured offered by the American Red Cross is to train men and women to administer First Aid treatment promptly and intelligently when emergencies demand it. First Aid treatment is not intended to take the place of a physician's service. A surgeon should always be summoneed as a precautionary measure where there is an injury of any consequence, but when one cannot be secured a few minutes' delay may mean a fatality. In such a case a person trained in First Aid is invaluable not only to the individual, but through him to the community in which he lives.

There is perhaps no way of ascertaining the number of deaths or serious disablements which result from lack of proper safeguards or prompt emergency treatment. It is safe to assert they number thousands daily. There can be no doubt that the application of First Aid methods to each case would immeasurably lighten the country's toll of suffering and death.

The dissemination of First Aid training and information has already produced a farreaching and beneficial influence in the prevention of accidents on railroads, in mines and in great industrial concerns.

The benefit of a widespread knowledge of First Aid in the event of a great disaster, such as a train wreck an explosion, an earthquike, etc., is obvious. Laymen who have had First Aid training can render efficient assistance. Many lives may depend upon such emergency care.

Red Cross First Aid work includes (1) the formation and conduct, through Red Cross chapters, of classes for instruction in accident prevention and First Aid to the injured among men and women in all communities and in every industry; (2) the introduction of courses of instruction in high schools and colleges.

The Red Cross is prepared to supply First Aid books and equipment at reasonable prices.

Every person in this country able to do so should, in his own interest, receive Red Cross First Aid instruction. Information about the course and instruction classes may be had at the nearest chapter headquarters.

RED CROSS EXTENDS RELIEF TO POLAND

More than $5,000,000 has been spent by the American Red Cross in aiding the stricken people of Poland. The organization has nursed the sick, fed the starving, clothed the naked, sheltered the homeless, schooled the children and cared for the orphans there. It has conducted a relentless fight against typhus, cholera and other terrible diseases. So today millions of men and women in that resurrected nation speak in grateful appreciation of "The Greatest Mother in the World."

Nearly 200 American Red Cross workers are now engaged in relief activities in Poland. Four large relief bases are in operation and eleven mobile units are in the field. During the last twelve months this organization was largely instrumental in the re-establishment of a million refugees at a cost for general relief of more than $1,000,000. Last winter one-half million war orphans were aided materially, and since then a series of large orphanages have been established to give them permanent care.

But for American Red Cross aid, officials of Poland declared recently, millions of people in that country would have perished of disease, exposure or starvation the last eighteen months. And the work there must be kept up for another year.

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at

Klemme - ***Iowa***

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

We have customers from even two and three towns away.

Where the amount that you need is enough to make the saving worth your while, 'twill pay you to get our prices.

We are willing to cut our margin of profit to your advantage because it is good business for us to do so.

Volume of business is more important to us than profit margins.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Canning Time

The Canning season is at hand and we want to call your attention to the many conveniences we carry in this line at our store:-

Fruit Jars--all kinds

ECONOMY wide-mouth and Self Sealing.
IDEAL GLASS TOP, the Quick Sealing jar.
MASON JAR, the old reliable jar.

Red and White Rubbers--

Don't take chances of spoiling your fruit--use our Rubbers, they are the best to be had.

Kettles and Racks

We have a full line of Aluminum and Enamel Kettles--just what you need for canning and preserving work. Our ANDROX Tray for Cold Packing and Blanching, best tray on the market and fits any boiler; also have Individual Racks for cold packing.

A FLORENCE Oil Cook Stove will make your canning a pleasure

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

The Man Nobody Knew

By HOLWORTHY HALL

Copyright by Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc.

GETTING RICH QUICK.

Synopsis.—Dick Morgan of Syracuse, N. Y., a failure in life, enlisted in the Foreign Legion of the French army under the name of Henry Hilliard, is disfigured by shrapnel. The French surgeons ask for a photograph to guide them in restoring his face. In his rage against life he offers in derision a picture postcard bearing the radiant face of Christ. The surgeons do a good job. On his way back to America he meets Martin Harmon, a New York broker. The result is that Morgan, under the name of Hilliard and unrecognized as Morgan, goes back to Syracuse to sell a mining stock. He is determined to make good. He tells people of the death of Morgan. He finds in Angela Cullen a loyal defender of Dick Morgan. He meets Carol Durant, who had refused to marry him. She does not hesitate to tell him that she had loved Morgan. Hilliard finds he still loves her and is tempted to confess.

CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

—7—

"I'll have to admit," said Hilliard lightly, "that the odds are on the side of the experts. But as for the romance—" He smiled at Angela and wondered if he dared begin so soon to build up the framework of his mission. "I've been telling Angela that it's mostly hard work. Once in a while you do run into something lurid, of course—romantic, if you want to call it so. I remember one bit out of my own experience," Angela had dropped the papers, and was listening as closely as her father. "A few years ago some friends of mine bought up an old abandoned property out in the Butte region; bought it for a song, and it was a very quiet peaceful little song at that, because metals had been dull, and— to continue the metaphor—my friends weren't in particularly good voice just then. But after they'd taken title, they realized that they'd only sung the first verse of the song, and there were a lot more verses and a pretty strenuous chorus. There was a shaft to be unwatered and a lot of timber-work to be done; they were in for a big expense, and their credit had tucks in it, and the outlook wasn't any too rosy. But thirty yards from the main workings there was a fairish sort of tunnel, with the start of a winze—that's a blind shaft running down obliquely from a horizontal tunnel—and it pointed straight toward the main shaft, and it occurred to them that they could continue that winze another few feet, strike their main shaft about the hundred and fifty foot level, and save a lot of labor and expense that way by getting a clean approach to the shaft instead of taking a lot of bother with it in its decrepit condition. Well, they began to go down that winze, and inside of ten feet they struck a brand new and unsuspected vein—there hadn't been any outcrop showing; it was sheer, unadulterated luck. Then they had credit—they certainly did! To make a long story short, they pawned their futures, and begged and borrowed every penny they could lay their hands on, and they developed that property to the last cent, and when they had perhaps two hundred thousand or so tons of four per cent copper in sight, and there were indicated ore reserves of another half a million tons, they sold that property to a group of New Yorkers for an utterly phenomenal price, without ever having so much as touched the original shaft for which they'd bought the property!"

"Ouch!" said Cullen, and "Goodness!" said Angela.

"And," said Hilliard, smiling reminiscently, "if the original owners had pushed that winze for a couple of days more than they did, or if my friends hadn't decided to go at the problem in exactly that way . . . well, as I say, what's one man's romance is another man's tragedy. My friends got their investment back in something less than four months, and after that it was velvet. And the selling price was in the neighborhood of two hundred times what they'd paid for it. That's mining history, Mr. Cullen." And indeed it was—and the only fabrication about it was Hilliard's claim of friendship for the lucky owners. This, as he assured himself, was salesman's license—every successful operator is a "friend" of any salesman.

Cullen nodded thoughtfully; his eyes were bright. Angela was alternately regarding him with indulgent pity, and sending I-told-you-so messages to Hilliard.

"Where was this—in Montana?"

"Silverbow county. Near Butte. Yes, there is romance in that country, Mr. Cullen. It's in every tree and every rock, and in every hill and valley and under the ground. And I'm afraid I'm just enough of a realist to find most of my own under the surface."

"To save my life," said Cullen, "I can't help thinking of that region as a Mark Twain sort of country—sombreros and six-shooters and Vigilantes and stage coach hold-ups and gold dust as a medium of exchange. I know it's childish, but I've never been out there, and it's hard to get over what we learned at school." He surveyed his fountain, which in his moments of complacence had all the attributes of a geyser for him, was suddenly a feeble faucet, and the tidy lawn was no more seductive than a window-box.

"The up-to-date schoolbooks," said Hilliard, laughing, "have a good many changes in them. The West of the early eighties is all gone, the atmosphere is all gone, the old-style miners are all gone; you used to see some picturesque sights even ten years ago, but nowadays you best realize how the industry has changed when you see a couple of pals hunting for work in an auto drive up to a camp, ask for a job, get it, park the auto, take the tools out of the delivery body on behind, and pitch in. And you can imagine the other changes that accompany that one. Of course, that's especially typical of Arizona, but we get it in Montana, too. I'm not saying that the color has gone out entirely, because it hasn't, but in the old days the West was the West, and now it's moving East as fast as it conveniently can, so that if you want to get the pure spirit of it, as it is today, you'll have to go down to Wall street. That's where it lives."

"Mining—mining!" mused Mr. Cullen. "Sounds adventurous just to say it." He gazed at the fountain.

"And no industry is less understood—even by intelligent men, Mr. Cullen. As a matter of fact, the public doesn't even understand most of the commonest terms. The buying public doesn't even know what it is buying. That's why it's so easy to sell worthless stock."

"Oh, Mr. Hilliard!"

"For instance," he said. "I spoke of a certain number of tons in sight, and that's one of the very commonest expressions in a fake prospectus. I suppose you know you couldn't see it, don't you?"

"Why, no!" said Mr. Cullen, blankly. "Couldn't I?"

"You might actually see a few thousand dollars' worth."

"Why," said Angela, surprisedly, "I thought it stuck right out on the walls! In gobs! And you knocked it off with a pickax! And shoveled it up!"

"Not, exactly that," said Hilliard kindly. "Sometimes you go at an ore body with steam shovels, and other times you don't. But when you remember that three or four pounds of copper to every hundred pounds of rock means a very handsome profit, if your costs aren't excessive, you have some idea of how little you could knock off a wall. No—you tear down the whole mass. You go at it wholesale."

"What I meant by romance," said Mr. Cullen, "wasn't necessarily luck. And besides, this yarn you've just told us doesn't illustrate what I call a business proposition. What I'm trying to get at is that you've got an occupation that isn't a cut-and-dried one like the average. There's breadth to it—vision. There's drama. There's the outdoor side to it. There's—"

"Don't forget," Hilliard warned him, "that I purposely gave you that illustration, and I think you've missed the moral. It was a business proposition. My friends bought the mine for the values they knew were there. They'd have made money if they'd gone ahead

"Now You Just Wait a Second."

unwatering and timbering and developing the old shaft—so that it wasn't all bull luck, not by any means. And I claim that the romance and the drama and the excitement is in the combination of business sense with that wonderful possibility of accident. You don't go in at random; you use your best judgment, and expect about ten per cent on your money—and it's the chance of getting a thousand per cent that keeps the game alive. Some men don't even get the ten . . . mighty few ever get the thousand. I'm satisfied, and more than satisfied, that the gods have been good to me, and put me somewhere in between."

"I suppose for the people on the inside," said Mr. Cullen, "a mining prop-

as anything else. The trouble comes in knowing when a mine's a mine, and when it's a swindle, and I guess you have to be a metallurgical shark to know that anyway. But the way things have been going for the last year or two, with all this speculation in the metals, and all the fortunes that have been made, sort of set me to thinking that with good advice, you—"

"I beg your pardon," said Hilliard quickly. "There's been mighty little speculation in metals, Mr. Cullen; but there's been a tremendous amount of speculation in stock. The difference between West and East; the difference between insider and outsider; the difference between the capitalist and the gambler is this—the East, the outsider and the gambler buy stock; the West, the insider and the capitalist buy mines. Buy them outright and develop them first and exploit them afterward. If they're good, the West keeps them to itself and pockets the profits; if they're shaky, the West sells stocks to the East, and gets its profit that way, and calmly steps out from under. The art and science of underwriting . . ."

"Now you just wait a second," interrupted Angela, who had been fidgeting and playing with her wrist watch. "Dad—Mr. Hilliard! This is awfully interesting, but dinner's in just a few minutes, and—"

"Plenty of time," said Cullen, waving her off. "Plenty of time! Go ahead, Mr. Hilliard. This is too good to miss. Smoke a cigarette for an appetizer?"

"Thank you." Hilliard, having decided to take complete advantage of the present opportunity, marshaled salient details as he held a match for his host. "Well, perhaps I can show you best by an actual example. I'm out of the game entirely, as I said, but I was invited a day or two ago to join a New York syndicate in financing a property I appraised myself in 1914. It's owned at present by four boys with a shoe-string apiece. They can't finance it themselves, so they need help, and they've come to Wall street and whispered their secret through a megaphone. Now suppose, just to make it clear all around, that you and I and Angela are to form a syndicate to underwrite the company." He was sustained by the reflection that even though he came in the guise of a mountebank, there was nothing dishonorable about the wares he had brought to sell.

"Ooh!" said Angela, joyously, "Thanks!"

Simultaneously her father gave her a little frown of affectionate remonstrance, and Hilliard gave her a little smile of affectionate esteem.

"Now, the boys who own it," said Hilliard, "are in such straits that we can practically dictate our own terms. I don't mean to imply that we'd take too great an advantage of them, but it's a plain case of supply and demand, and we're naturally interested in a bargain. We go over the mine very carefully, and find that although it isn't actually producing any copper just yet, because the owners ran out of money before they could get that far, it has enough ore reserves to guarantee at least ten thousand tons a year for twenty years, provided the necessary equipment is bought and put into operation. That tonnage, with the price of copper where it is now—around thirty cents—and the cost of production what it is now, and other factors what they are now would eventually mean a net profit of about a quarter of a million dollars a year. So first we have these present owners organize a corporation, capitalized at two million dollars."

Cullen smoked violently, and looked puzzled.

"You're getting out of my depth. How do you arrive at that?"

"That's so as to insure ten per cent dividends. And the mine can pay ten per cent, provided we can arrange to get the capital. You see, Mr. Cullen, a copper mine isn't like a factory, and you can't figure it the same way, because a factory runs on indefinitely, and if you simply replace the machinery whenever it wears out, there's nothing to prevent the same plant from keeping on making the same sort of product for a hundred years. But every pound of ore you take out of a mine leaves that much less for the future, and eventually your ore's going to be all gone. And if this particular mine is going to be exhausted in about twenty years, it stands to reason that it's being exhausted at the rate of one-twentieth, or five per cent, a year. You must take that always into consideration. And therefore, every stockholder is entitled to get back at least five per cent of his money each year to cover that depreciation, in addition to whatever he ought to get for ordinary profits, which is another five per cent. Otherwise—"

"Oh! I see!" cried Angela.

"Prove it!" commanded Hilliard indulgently.

"Why, if the company just paid five per cent for twenty years, and at the end of it, your ore was all gone, the people would only just have got their money back, and they wouldn't have made any real profit at all!"

"Exactly!" said Hilliard. "So the company must pay at least ten per cent—half for bona fide dividends and half for depreciation."

"Oho!" said Cullen, opening his eyes. "Is that why the big mining companies pay such big dividends? I thought it was all clear profit!"

"No, sir. The dividends of a mining company have to be very high to be attractive at all; they have to make good that depreciation. Well, we make the boys incorporate, as I said, for two million dollars, on which we can pay ten per cent. I'll show you what the setup looks like." He wrote on the back of an old envelope: Capitalization $2,000,000 — 200,000 shares at $10 each.

"Now, the company (and you must remember that so far we haven't any official connection with it), agrees to take over the property, and pay the present owners for it with 80,000 shares of stock, and it also agrees to sell to you and Angela and me the other 120,000 shares at a dollar apiece, or $120,000, of which we agree to pay half in cash, and the balance in about ninety days.

"Now then, we own 120,000 shares for which we've paid, and agreed to pay $120,000. That is, we've underwritten these shares for a dollar apiece, and paid down half the amount. Now let's begin to look at it from the public's standpoint. Here's a mine with plenty of ore; and a company with cash enough on hand to begin producing at a profit very soon—although nobody pretends that it's actually producing now. It has $60,000 in the bank, and another $60,000 due in ninety days. It can go ahead and contract for machinery and workmen, and it does, and you and Angela and I are still letting the former owners manage it, but since we're in control of the stock, we either elect ourselves as directors, or elect other people whose names carry weight with the public, so that we can always direct the general policy, and see that it's careful and conservative. From every angle, then, financial and moral, the venture looks like a big success. So you and Angela and I go to a good broker, or to a group of brokers, and make them a proposition. We convince them of the value we have; we let them send their own engineers out to make a report, and as evidence of good faith, we pay all their expenses; we let them go over our books. Everything's fair and square and aboveboard. And we agree that these brokers will take some of this stock off our hands to sell to the public (because they've got a selling organization already established, and plenty of customers who look to them for advice) and it's agreed that they'll pay us—say, four dollars a share for what they think they can sell. The brokers then do some advertising, send out their circulars and bulletins and pamphlets to their customers, and sell that stock to the public for anywhere from six to eight dollars a share. That is, the public is glad enough, when the prospect's a good one, to pay seven or eight dollars (because every share's going to be worth ten) for what cost the broker four dollars, and cost us one dollar—which we've already got back from the brokers, and we've still got the half of those 120,000 shares of ours left besides! So here's the final balance sheet!" He hastily totaled the list, and handed it over to Cullen.

Capitalization $2,000,000—200,000 shares at $10.	
Stock paid to individual owners	80,000 shares
Stock sold to syndicate for $120,000	120,000 shares
Total	200,000 shares
	Of our 120,000 shares
We sell to brokers	30,000 shares
Leaving	90,000 shares
We give brokers a two year option at $5 apiece on	20,000 shares
Leaving	70,000 shares
We pay lawyers, experts etc.	10,000 shares
Leaving	60,000 shares

"And that balance of 60,000 shares," he said, "belongs to us three. The brokers are making a market and establishing a price; and in order to protect themselves, they can't afford to let the stock sell under the price they're charging the public—because if they did, the public wouldn't buy up the rest of what the brokers have to sell, but they'd buy it in the open market. So the brokers protect the market by what's considered perfectly legitimate means, although some folks call it manipulation, and they keep the price up by main strength until the first dividend is paid, and after that they don't have to worry, because now everybody sees what a good thing it is, and flocks in to take advantage of it, and the quotations jump up to twelve or fifteen. Everybody's made money; the brokers have made theirs; the public's making theirs, and when the price is right the syndicate sells in open market the 60,000 shares it had left, and you and Angela and I have each made a quarter of a million dollars without really risking a single cent! Because, as I said, we got our money back right at the beginning."

Angela, who had followed the intricacies of the setup with the liveliest interest, turned pale; and Cullen's jaw sagged. Hilliard, returning his fountain pen to his pocket with the utmost nonchalance, had no more apprehension left in him, for Cullen had swallowed the bait whole. Cullen, Average Man that he was—a good enough manager of his own small enterprise, but woefully ignorant of the financial world at large—Cullen coughed raspingly.

"It's a very pretty picture, but suppose the market never goes up?"

"It will as soon as there's a dividend in sight; that's inevitable. And even if it stays pegged at seven or eight, there's a huge profit for us, isn't there?"

"But suppose there's never a dividend?"

"Don't we know there will be? Didn't I say we control the board of directors?"

"But suppose you can't find brokers to—"

Hilliard gesticulated broadly.

"Why, as a matter of fact, we don't care very much if we don't! That's the commoner method, and that's the way to get our money back almost at once, and then play on velvet. But if instead of working through brokers, we were willing to tie up our capital a little longer, we'd make considerably more money in the long run, as you can plainly see. We'd advance our hundred and twenty thousand dollars, wait until dividends could be declared, and then get the stock listed on the curb and begin to feed it out to the public through a fiscal agency. There'd be twice as much in it for us, but we wouldn't be in that perfectly delightful position of owning a lot of valuable stock which literally hadn't cost us anything. Or, of course, we could offer some of the shares to our personal friends at a fair price, and reimburse ourselves that way. Knowing that it's

Cullen Had Swallowed the Bait Whole.

worth ten or fifteen, we wouldn't feel very guilty about selling it to personal acquaintances at eight or nine, would we? Why not—when we know for a certainty that it ought to go up to fifteen? They'd bless us for it!"

"But the main point; the staggering thing about it, is—"

"Is that if the public gets ten or fifteen per cent dividends," said Hilliard, "or buys at ten and sells a few dollars higher, it thinks it's lucky; and in the meantime, the underwriters make anything up to a thousand per cent, and get it in a few months. And I've known some of these syndicates to turn over in a few days."

"Oh, I want to do it!" said Angela ecstatically. "I want to do it! Dad! Let's be a syndicate and go out to Montana until it's over! Come on! Let's!" Hilliard laughed cheerfully at her.

"In this particular case," he said, "the syndicate's about half formed. Nothing final, but it's pending. And it is good—so good that I doubt if any layman could break into it with a cold chisel." Again, he excused himself on the ground of salesman's license. "But that's the fundamental, Mr. Cullen—that's how the thing is done, and that's how the public carries the whole burden of financing, and doesn't know it."

He assumed an attitude of easy unconcern. Angela, her breath coming rapidly, was regarding him with awestruck eyes. Mr. Cullen, his mouth drawn to a perfectly straight line, was gazing spellbound at the orderly array of figures on the envelope.

"And this—is a genuine mine?" he managed presently.

"In my opinion, it's a very wonderful prospect," said Hilliard, and he believed every word of that solemn statement.

Mr. Cullen folded the envelope, and then suddenly, as though too cautious to betray his profound absorption (which he had been betraying frankly for at least twenty minutes), tossed it back to Hilliard.

"When you've got a syndicate that'll let me in for say, thirty cents," he said, with elaborate humor, "just pass along the good word, will you?"

"I never try to do business with my friends," said Hilliard, with the most delicate touch of reproof.

A lonely man in his home town.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

"Give" and "Get."

The two little words "give" and "get" sum up the differing creeds of earth and the ambitions of mankind. Those who are eager to bestow, to enrich the world around them, to bless, to help, to uplift, constitute the one class. The other crowd grasps everything for self, only its own.

Traits of the Grizzly.

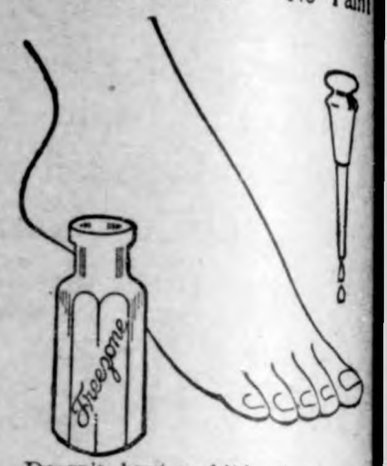
The grizzly rarely hibernates, preferring to prowl the forests in the winter months. He is a meat eater, as well as being fond of honey, roots and eggs, and usually kills his own food. Two cubs come to the mother bear in her den among the rocks, and she is insanely courageous in defense of them.

SAY "DIAMOND DYES"

Don't streak or ruin your material in a poor dye. Insist on "Diamond Dyes." Easy directions in package.

"FREEZONE"

Lift Off Corns! No Pain!



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses without soreness or irritation.

Proper Pride Necessary.

Pride, like laudanum and other poisonous medicines, is beneficial in small, though injurious in large quantities. No man who is not pleased with himself, even in a personal sense, can please others.—Frederick Saunders.

Puts *I Will* In You

Easy to Get Strong

Everyone wants more pep and surely needs it this hot weather. Hot weather takes away the appetite and makes one feel listless, lifeless, miserable, even when you have a strong stomach, but for those who have weak stomachs, it is really a dangerous trying time.

Be on the safe side this kind of weather and help nature all you can, by taking an eatonic tablet about half an hour before you eat and one or two an hour after you eat; it will be of wonderful benefit. Eatonic simply takes up the excess acids, poisons and gases, and carries them right out of the body. With the cause of the trouble removed, of course you will feel fit and fine—full of pep all the time. Eatonic will cool feverish mouth and stomach and give you a good appetite, even in hot weather.

Get a big box at your druggist's for a trifling cost and let eatonic help you for a few days; then you will never be without it. Adv.

He Kept On.

"Why are you staking out a l here, my man?"

"Gonna live here."

"But you can't live here. This the great American desert. It's dry."

"I can't see that it's any dryer here than anywhere else."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Cuticura for Sore Hands.

Soak hands on retiring in the hot suds of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove surplus Ointment with tissue paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do if Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toilet purposes.—Adv.

The Magic Distance.

Guest—You advertised a magnificent view.

Proprietor—Yes, you can see three miles out at sea.

THOUSANDS PROCLAIM THE MERITS OF PE-RU-NA

Read Their Letters

Mrs. Martha C. Dale, R. F. D. 4, Cannon, Del., writes: "I am entirely cured of chronic catarrh of the stomach and bowels by PE-RU-NA."

Mr. J. Bayer, Glendale, Oregon: "There is no medicine like PE-RU-NA for catarrhal deafness."

Mrs. Kate Marquis, Middleburg, Ohio: "PE-RU-NA cured me of catarrh of the head and throat."

Mr. J. H. Collins, Wesson, Mississippi: "PE-RU-NA makes me feel vigorous and able to work without that tired, weak feeling I usually have otherwise."

Mrs. P. Ludvigsen, Austin, Minnesota: "I got rid of my liver trouble and can eat anything since taking PE-RU-NA."

Mrs. L. Hearing, 283 East 169th St., New York City: "For catarrh of the head and stomach, I have found PE-RU-NA better than any other medicine."

Mr. W. H. Edgar, 49 Cooper St., Atlanta, Georgia: "PE-RU-NA cured me after I had suffered fifteen years with rheumatism."

Mrs. Leona Dodd, R. No. 3, Medon, Tennessee: "PE-RU-NA is a grand medicine for coughs and colds."

So many diseases are due to catarrh and catarrhal conditions, it makes PE-RU-NA the best medicine in the world to have on hand for emergencies and general health protection. Thousands of families are never without a bottle of PE-RU-NA or a box of PE-RU-NA Tablets in the medicine cabinet. That is the safe way.

You can buy PE-RU-NA anywhere in tablet or liquid form.

80 to 240 Acre Improved Nebr. Farms, country, excellent crop producers. Prices $100 to $150 a. D. C. Deibler, Pierce, Neb. Adv.

New Styles in Fall and Winter

Suits and Overcoats

We have a shipment of

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits

for Fall, also quite a few

Overcoats

See some of the new styles that are to be worn. Will be pleased to show you.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

6 STORES GARNER, IOWA

BIRD BREEDING PLACE MENACED

Most Remarkable Refuge in the World in Danger From Hunters.

MANY RARE SPECIES THERE

Bird Reservation Is Under Control of the Department of Agriculture—Protecting the Birds There Is Precarious Business.

Washington.—Sticking out in the Pacific ocean 900 miles beyond Honolulu is a group of little islands, the largest not more than two square miles in area, and several of them barely rising above the waves at high tide. Yet on those islands are many hundreds of thousands of birds and among them are at least six species not found anywhere else in the world. In 1911, one of those species was represented by six birds—all that were left as the sole means of perpetuating the species, and they concentrated on a single little island, where one man might kill them all in one minute's shooting.

That species—the Laysan teal—has fortunately increased until there are, by estimate, thirty-five individuals. For the United States department of agriculture, for a few years, has controlled the islands as a bird reservation—the Hawaiian islands reservation, it is called. But protecting the birds there is a precarious business. The possibility has existed always that one or more of the rare species might be wiped out in a day.

Albatross Destroyers Arrested.

By way of illustration, this: One day in 1909 the crew of the cutter Thetis found an old shed absolutely piled full of albatross wings. A search revealed the fact that 23 plume hunters had landed on Laysan island and had killed at least 300,000 birds. The men were captured, taken to Honolulu, and formally arrested. Since that time there is not known to have been any repetition of such depredations, but it is always imminent.

Just now many fishermen—largely nationals of countries other than the United States—are extending their operations from Honolulu out to the region of the bird reservation. Landings on the islands are constantly imminent, and such landings would be a menace to one of the most remarkable bird-breeding places in the world. The bureau of biological survey, having direct charge of the reservation, is calling attention to the fact that disturbing the birds on Laysan or any of the smaller islands is forbidden, and announcing that the reservation will be protected, by whatever means are necessary, for the benefit of all the peoples of the world.

Laysan, the largest of the group, is one of the most westerly of the Hawaiian islands. It has an area of about two square miles, and within it, conforming generally to the coast line, is a large lagoon. This island is one of the most populous bird-breeding places on the globe, literally hundreds of thousands of birds resorting there to lay their eggs every year.

Specialists of the biological survey call attention to the fact that the ostensible occupation of fishermen does not mean that men may not be very destructive to birds. The great auk, they recall, was exterminated by fishermen. The rarest of all the species that exist only in the Laysan group is a duck-like bird, excellent for food, and therefore most likely to be shot by fishermen.

Rare Birds on Island.

The species that nest there and nowhere else are the Laysan teal, the little Laysan rail, the Laysan honeyeater, the Laysan finch, the miller bird (a small warbler), the Hawaiian tern, and the Laysan albatross. Other species that nest principally on Laysan and adjacent islands and would be in danger of extermination if molested there, are the red-tailed tropic bird, the black-footed albatross, the gray-backed tern, and the sooty tern.

The number of individuals of the exclusive species in 1911 were estimated to be: Six of the Laysan teal, perhaps 100 of the miller bird, 300 of the honey-eater, 2,000 of the rail, 2,700 of the finch, and 180,000 of the albatross.

LONELY HORSE GOES TO TOWN

Merely Follows His Owners to Home They Had Gone To for Winter.

Great Falls, Mont.—The ranch of Mrs. Wilhelmina Kincaid lies 20 miles north of Great Falls. The family recently moved to this city to pass the winter. Mrs. Kincaid decided to leave an aged family horse on the ranch.

The Kincaids arrived there in the morning. That evening, while they were eating supper, the old horse trotted down the street and walked into the front yard.

Enjoyed His Own Funeral.

Hillsboro, Pa.—James H. Houser, seventy-five years of age, is all ready to die now. In fact, he has already buried himself. Believing funerals should be enjoyed while living, he has had his staged here recently. Many friends attended. They sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and a lot of other funeral songs after a minister delivered Houser's burial services. Houser has prepared his own obituary. The ceremony was held at a church and at the Houser home.

DESCRIBES SIBERIAN MISERY

Col. Teusler of Red Cross Says Filth Was Cause of Army's Reverses.

Tokyo.—That a chief cause for the recent reverses of the Siberian army was to be found in its unsanitary conditions, was the opinion expressed recently by Col. R. B. Teusler, American Red Cross commissioner to Siberia.

Col. Teusler said that bad sanitation, both in the army and among the population, with the agonies of starvation, brought about extreme misery and a moral breakdown, which was especially reflected in the troops, who felt they had no support behind them. The minds of the population seemed to have become almost benumbed and absolutely indifferent to what happened, or to the suffering of others.

Col. Teusler added that although such numbers of the people were starving, there was sufficient food, but lack of transportation facilities prevented its distribution where most needed.

"Thirsty for Words" Is Her Bigamy Defense

London.—The excuses and palliations, brought forward in bigamy cases are monumental in their ingenuity, but I think this one from the north of England will take a prodigious lot of beating. A girl was had up for a triple bigamy—surely oughtn't it be called trigamy when it's three? Her mother was called for the defense, but all she could say in explanation was: "She can't help it, my lord. She's got a reg'lar thirst for 'aving the words spoke over 'er!"

FILIPINO LEGISLATORS DEBATE IN ENGLISH.

The English language recently was used for the first time in the debates of the Filipino House of Representatives.

The fact was cabled to the United States Insular Affairs Bureau. The principal speakers were Messrs. Benitez, De Guzman and Virata. These members are graduates from the University of the Philippines.

English is taught exclusively in the public schools of the Philippines, and it is announced, will continue to be if independence is granted. According to an estimate, based on the census just completed, seventy per cent of the inhabitants of the Philippines over 10 years of age are literate. This is a higher percentage of literacy than that of any South American country.

First Annual Exhibition of the New Hancock County Agricultural Association, or the

HANCOCK COUNTY FAIR

AT BRITT, IOWA

August 31, September 1, 2, 3, 4, 1920

The biggest and best fair ever held in Britt. Great free attractions consisting of many different acts at different hours of the day and evenig. Ball game each afternoon by different teams of the county. The different Bands of the county will furnish plenty of lively music day and night.

Splendid harness races and saddle races. The best fireworks ever shown in Britt will be displayed by Martins Fireworks Company of Ft. Dodge, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings. Tuesday will be entry day. Wednesday the real fair begins. Something doing all the time.

Come and bring the children with you day and night!

No admission will be charged for children under twelve years of age when accompanied by parents.

Local News!

Henry Freie and family spent Sunday with relatives at Williams, Iowa.

Herman Coobs was visiting at Vinton a few days the past week.

Mr. John Zook was up from Belmond Friday on business.

Mrs. Henry Griffin was up from Goodell one day last week shopping with Klemme merchants.

Mrs. Ted Dutheridge is enjoying a visit from her mother who came last week for a visit with her.

Mrs. Everet Amey went to Illinois Tuesday evening for a visit with her people.

Mrs. Ben Nieman is enjoying a visit from her mother who came Saturday from Eldora, Iowa.

Mrs. Hans Josten, of Garner, spent Sunday vsiting the Josten families in Klemme.

Casey Blank, of Belmond, was up from Belmond one day the past week for a visit with home folks.

Prof. Fyler adn wife, of Belmond, were Klemme shoppers Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Rhodes and Mrs. Gee, of Goodell, were Klemme callers Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Church, and daughter Lois of Garner, were calling on Klemme friends last Friday.

Mrs. Wm. Howard and Mrs. Walter Schultz were Garner callers last Friday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Trumbell and daughter, Florence, of Goodell, were Klemme traders last Friday.

Miss Minnie Lenz has returned from her vacation of several weeks and is again on duty at the Post Office

Mr. Neil Hanson, of Kanawha, was a business caller here Tuesday morning.

Miss Dora Lau came Friday from Tracy, Minn., for a visit with Klemme relatives and friends.

The Fred Ridder family and the A. Rdder family who are here from South Dakota, enjoyed last week by staying at a cottage at Clear Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. "Bill" Thompson, of Belmond, were Klemme visitors last Saturday. They were proprietors of the Crystal Cafe a few years ago.

Mrs. Henry Lewis returned from Clear Lake Sunday evening after having spent several days visiting there.

The J. W. Waterman family and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Waterman, spent Sunday at the Keraus cottage at Clear Lake.

The G. W. Kluckhohn family, the Wm. Keraus family, and Mrs. Turgeson and two boys, all left in George's big car for points in Minnesota and Wisconsin, expecting to be gone a week or more. They left here last Friday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Francis, of Belmond, accompanied by Mesdames Fritzsimmons and Pratt, of Dubuque, Iowa, were Klemme visitors Monday.

Mrs. Chris Gram was confined to the house last week due to an attack of appendicitis, but she has fully recovered and is again able to be about.

Miss Abell, of Marseilles, Illinois, has been visiting at the N. L. Palmer home for about a week. She is a cousin of Mrs. Palmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner and Mrs. Schroeder and Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Jogenson ,autoed to Clear Lake Sunday afternoon.

The W. F. Pavey family autoed to Waterloo Sunday and from there they went to Vinton, Iowa, the following day for a visit with his parents.

Quite a number of Klemme people attended the North Iowa Fair at Mason City each day this week. They report that the fair is better than ever this year.

Miss Emma Lauritzen came last week to spend her vacation of about a week with her folks here and with friends. Miss Lauritzen is operator at the Dispatch office at Ringsted, Iowa.

Arthur Wellemeyer and son "Jack" drove to Springfield, Minn., Sunday and returned the following afternoon. Springfield is the "home of White Swan Flour."

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs drove to Nevada, Iowa, Sunday, for a visit with her folks. They returned the same evening and found the roads were good all the way.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Gram left by auto Tuesday morning for points in Minnesota and South Dakota, for a visit with relatives and friends. Chris is taking his vacation from duties at the Ell garage.

Adolph Ridder and family, who have been spending a week or more visiting with his brothers, Fred and August, and other relatives, left Monday in their car for a few days' visit at Fenton, Iowa, before leaving for their home in South Dakota.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Mitchell drove down from Swea City Saturday night for a visit with Klemme relatives and friends. Sunday they drove to Clear Lake for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Keraus.

The preachers of Hancock county that is, most of them, had a picnic at Oakwood Park at Clear Lake, Monday. The Rev. Winterstein of Britt, and his family, have a cottage at the lake this summer and so he invited the other sky pilots of the county to enjoy a day's outing with him.

The Misses Gretchen and Minnie Blank left last Thursday for Estherville, where they will visit their brother Ralph and family, for a few days and then they will go on to South Dakota, where they will visit their brother Fred for a few days before coming home.

Mrs. A. H. Meyer and sister, Miss Helen Lenz, left Monday morning for Tomah, Wisconsin, for a visit with their folks. Mrs. Meyer will remain there until the first part of September. Reverend Meyer is his own boss again now and we are afraid he will become quite a loafer before his wife comes back to straighten him out.

It may be a trifle late in recording the event but we did not learn of the happy event until just the other day. A fine baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kluckhohn a week or ten days ago. She was considered such a fine grand-daughter and the only one he had that Grandpa George Kluckhohn presented the parents of the young lady with a $50 check as a suitable reward for giving him the first grand-daughter.

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

☞Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer

KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty

Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.

...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

Any Shape.

Butcher—"Will you have a round steak, ma'am?" Mrs. Youngbride—"I don't care what shape it is, so it's tender."—Boston Transcript.

CHILDREN OFFERED AS BAIL

Pueblo Strikers Seek Release of Wives After Mayor Is Beaten.

Pueblo, Colo.—Children as surety for bail is something new in Colorado. Five women were among those arrested here following a riot in which Mayor Mike Studzinski was knocked down and severely beaten by striking steel workers. Husbands of the women made frantic attempts to obtain their release on bonds, saying they needed the women to "keep the home fires burning," and one man, who could not raise the $200 bond required, took his three little children to the police station and offered to leave them in custody as surety for his wife's appearance in court. The offer was refused. Later the women were released on a cash bond of $1,000 given by the strike committee.

The rioting followed the attempt to reopen the Minnequa steel mills, closed since July. Austrian women stoned the workers who tried to enter the plant.

NUTS BROUGHT FROM CHINA

Shortage of Texas Supply Makes It Necessary to Import Large Quantities.

Marshall, Tex.—Peanuts are being imported from China by a Marshall oil mill owing to the inadequacy of the Texas crop to supply the demand for peanut oils. Several consignments already have been received from Shanghai, the nuts having been grown in Shantung.

The foreign peanut is no better than the native product, according to local oil men, but they come already shelled and therefore are more easily and less expensively handled. The Chinese nuts are about the size of the ordinary Spanish variety.

Invents Typewriter on Which to Write Music

Wichita, Kan.—Will Kansas wonders never cease? A typewriter on which one can successfully write music is the invention of H. P. Flauth, a composer of this city.

The machine is said to have 135 characters which can be written on, below or above the staff. The typewriter differs from the ordinary model only in that the printing surface of the roller is flat.

Flauth is understood to have worked more than 18 years on the invention.

RUSS REDS SELL CZAR'S GEMS

Lenine Government Trading in Holland Through Germany to Avoid Blockade.

Amsterdam, Holland.—The Lenine government in Russia, balked by the world financial blockade from sending money abroad for propaganda purposes, now is conducting an extensive traffic in confiscated jewels through Germany to Holland markets, according to the Handelsblad, which comments on a charge that the communist member Lisser of the Amsterdam council offered the Russian emperor's diamonds for sale.

Want Ads.

For Sale

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND FOUR GOOD LOTS, well located. Inquire at Times Office. tf.

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

FOUND—Auto plate number 142,-374, IA. Owner call at Times Office.

FOUND—Case for pair of glasses. Cal lat Times Office.

Miscellaneous

Dr. R. W. Schultz, Osteopath, will be at Klemme Hotel, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 11:30 A. M. to 2:00 P. M. advertisement tf.

Turns Eyes Inside Out.

The garden snail's eyes are on the very tips of a pair of very long tentacles and it has an additional pair of shorter tentacles with which it smells. When any danger approaches the eyes are drawn down within the tentacles and the tentacles themselves are pulled into the body in exactly the same way as you would pull a glove finger inside out."

An Evil Genius.

Asmodeus is an evil genius or demon. In the apochryphal book of Tobit he is represented as slaying the seven husbands of Sara. In the Talmud he is described as the prince of demons and is said to have driven Solomon from his kingdom.

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars

Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement

Lime

Brick

Posts

Drain Tile

Final Cleanup on Work Shoes at These Prices

$2.89 $2.98 $3.49 $4.39

Several Hundred Pairs Divided Into the Above Group Prices.

Quantity Buying for 16 Stores Tells The Story!

Gildner Bros. & Johnson

"IOWA'S LARGEST CLOTHERS"

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Cloths

Sixteen Stores. Garner, Iowa

WE WILL DEMONSTRATE TO YOU

The New HART-PARR 15-30 TRACTOR

We will demonstrate the Hart-Parr 15-30 Tractor at any farm in this vicinity of prospective buyer for BELT or DRAW-BAR power free of charge.

Challenging All Tractor Regardless of Size or Make

Everybody invited--none barred!

This is the place to make your tractors show what you have been claiming for them. Set your date and place,

WE ARE READY!

C. W. WILES

Hart-Parr Agent ***Klemme, Iowa***

THE KLEMME TIMES

wenty-fourth Year Number 51 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, August 26 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

emme Ball Players in Third Straight

MME SOX WIN OVER THORN-TON IN A CLOSE TWELVE INNING GAME

nday the fast Thornton team e to Klemme with the intention of g the Sox a good trimming, but was not the case as they found our boys were wide awake and a little too fast for them.

fter a hard fought game lasting ve innings he Klemme Sox came of the smoke of battle carrying scores against the seven held by nton It was a n.ip and tuck game the start and Thornton was af- scalps and were fighting hard to he Sox on the loosing end of the e card.

hornton is considered one of the teams around here and Klemme well feel proud of the fact that Sox took them to a trimming. Klemme Sox have won three es straight now and are out for e scalps and we are here to say if you want to see the other team their shoes beat off, just sic the me Sox after them.

ee the ad the Sox have in this is- —that will tell you who they will Sunday at the home diamond.

A Warning

T IT OUT BOYS, IT'S NO JOKE WHATEVER

he citizens of Klemme were in- ant when they heard of what had spired on our streets Sunday t. There seems to be a gang of g men who think they are very r if they can torment a certain who is not of normal condition of d and who works on a farm ad- nt to Klemme. He was in town day evening, tending to his own ness and harming no one and r has. When he started home this g" waylaid him and frightened and then threw stones at him in ark, some striking him and caus- bruises. Now boys, we will give a warning not to attempt to both- is man again, for if you do you suffer serious consequences and are liable to meet up with men are not going to handle you with gloves on either. Just cut out e of that rough stuff and act like lemen with this poor fellow who ot help he is in such condition. have been asked to give this ing and if you, whoever you may need not the warning—look out buck-shot from the men who are g to see that this man mentioned otected.

nother outrage that occurred on day evening was undoubtedly mitted by the same gang. They a car from a young man residing e country and after using it in- d of returning it to where they d it they drained out the oil, left ar setting alongside of the road beat it. The young man had to home that night and come in morning and look for it and take the garage to get it repaired, n was an expensive item. Do you that was a joke? Nobody with mon sense would call that a joke, s a downright dirty trick.

e gang mentioned above are sus- d and clues are being pushed to them before the law. It will be for them to take notice and act gentlemen when on the streets lemme or anywhere else.

ere were five or six in the above and they were in a Ford car they do not live a hundred miles here either.

SE SHOE CONTEST AT FAIR

n Greiman, of this place, and s Schleusner of Garner, will leave ay for Des Moines to take part in Horse Shoe Tournament at the Fair at Des Moines. These men in the contest held in this coun- d will be entered at the big con- t Des Moines Monday and Tues- We wish the boys good luck and they have a rabbit's foot tied to hoe and will bring home all the rs.

SUPPOSED TO BE A SECRET

Valentine Josten and E. S. Uben are perhaps the two coolest men in town according to our way of thinking, at least they should be cool as cucumbers by this time. They accidentally got in a tight place the other day, but as we said, they kept cool, yes, they kept cool for quite a long time until Uben discovered that he could crawl thru a hole in the wall one foot square. He made that discovery about the time that he and Valentine were so cool that their sweating brows were freezing icycles. You see they accidentally got locked in the refrigerator room at the creamery one morning last week and there was no one around to let them out. That's the secret they didn't want let out. We spilled the beans! Uben crawled thru a little window on the outside wall and let Valentine out by unhooking the refrigerator door. Now take a look at Uben and then take a look at that little window and try to figure it out.

WE MISSED ONE GRAND-DAUGHTER

In an item last week we overlooked one grand-daughter of George Kluckhohns when we said that the young lady woh came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kluckhohn was the first and only grand-daughter of G. W. Now that is where we made a big mistake as Fred Kluckhohn and wife are the possessors of George's first grand-daughter. Fred jumped all over us and then George jumped all over us too for trying to beat him out of his other grand-daughter, so now we hope we have it all straight, and we tell the world that George has two mighty fine grand-daughters that are hard to beat.

Mr. Harold Nissen, of Milford, Iowa, came Saturday for a visit with his brother, Donald, and with the J. N. Day family and other relatives and friends. Tuesday afternoon John Day and family and Donald accompanied him to Garner in Day's car where he took the Milwaukee for Milford.

Marlin Croner has had a sore throat the past few days and was unable to talk back to his wife. However, he was very proficient in the "sheeny language" and could manage fairly well to argue by signs with his hands. But suppose she tied his hands, then what? But Marlin says it's no fun to have trouble with tonsils.

Last week we stated that G. W. Kluckhohn and party autoed to points in Wisconsin and Minnesota. This was his intention but as they did not have enough time to make this northern trip he pary went to Des Moines, Webster City, and other points in the southern part of the state on their vacation, returning to Klemme last week

Drs. Reuber & Zinn had their office redecorated the past week. Joe Miller was the man who handled the brush and did a very fine job painting the waiting room and refinishing the wood-work in the rest of the building. John Baumgartner was called upon to hang some new paper in one of the other rooms. The doctors have a very fine and up-to-date office now.

Art Wellemeyer has been doing some changing about in his store the past week and we believe it makes a fine improvement. He has changed his large shw cases about so that one entering the store now from the front has an unobstructed view of the entire interior. He later plans to build a balcony in the main part of the store building so that he can increase his floor space and show his goods better.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Greisemer and Mr. and Mrs. John Gruetzmacher returned from their auto trip last Wednesday evening. Their trip took them over a thousand miles and they went to points in Illinois, Wisconsin, Ohio and other eastern states. They enjoyed their vocation immensely and had good weather and good going all the way.

Fred Schlichting and family and Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Ludeke returned Monday evening from a few days spent visiting relatives at Fenton, Ia.

Miss Mable Smith is again back of the counter at J. N. Day's store, after a vacaton of a couple of weeks. She accompanied the Walter Ross family of Garner on an auto trip to states east of here. Their trip took them a route of about a thousand miles, all of which was thoroughly enjoyed. They got back to Klemme Monday afternoon.

The Times "Devil" Says

CONDENSED CLASSICS

THE HEART OF MIDLOTHIAN

By SIR WALTER SCOTT

Condensation by T. L. Hood of Harvard University

Walter Scott was born in Edinburgh on Aug. 15, 1771. His father was a lawyer, the first of the Scott line to leave the open country for the town.

For a man who wrote such a prodigious amount, Scott was surprisingly late in getting started. He was 34 years old when his first original work appeared, "The Lay of the Last Minstrel." From that moment until his death, on Sept. 21, 1832, he was, with the possible exception of Byron, the most popular writer in English.

When the public seemed to be tiring of his long romances in verse, he turned to novel writing, and in 1814, when he was 43, he came into his career of greatness with "Waverley." For 18 years novel after novel followed in rapid succession, stirring romances of history or colorful tales of Scottish life. They were all published anonymously until the financial disaster of 1825 made it seem wise to reveal the author's name.

Fully a dozen of the Waverley Novels, if not more, might be included in any list of 100 novels and many loyal lovers of Scott would even then think that one or two more might be added. He was, as Stevenson remarked, "the king of the romantics."

"Waverley," "Ivanhoe," "The Heart of Midlothian," and "Kenilworth" are representative of Scott at his best. But "Old Mortality," "Quentin Durward," "The Talisman," "Guy Mannering," "The Fortunes of Nigel," "The Antiquary," "St. Ronan's Well," "Rob Roy," and indeed others have all been ranked as favorites among the innumerable admirers of the romances written by "the Wizard of the North."

THE Heart of Midlothian, by many called the finest of the Waverley Novels, was published anonymously in 1818. It takes its name from the Tolbooth, or old city jail, in Edinburg (pulled down in 1815), the "stony heart" of Midlothian, which reared its ancient front in the very middle of the High street of the city.

On the afternoon of September 8, 1736, Reuben Butler, assistant-master of the school at Libberton, and licensed minister of the gospel, found himself in unexpected trouble. First of all, he had become entangled with the crowd of good citizens of Edinburg in the Grassmarket, murmuring at the postponement of the execution of Captain John Porteous of the City Guard. They were still in the heat of anger from the events of the preceding day, when Porteous had ordered his men to fire, and had fired himself, upon the crowd, some of whom were attempting to cut down the body of "Scotch" Wilson, the famous smuggler. Several innocent citizens had been killed. Now that the chief offender seemed likely to escape, there was no knowing what the mob might do. The quiet young pedagogue would gladly have returned to Libberton. Then, to his consternation, he learned that Effie Deans, the younger and more charming sister of his sweetheart Jeanie Deans, was imprisoned in the Tolbooth.

When he had last seen Effie, more than a year before, she had been a beautiful and blooming girl, the lily of Saint Leonard's. Many a traveler past her father's cottage had stopped his horse on the eve of entering Edinburg, to gaze at her as she tripped by him, with her milk-pail poised on her head, bearing herself so erect, and stepping so light and free under her burden that it seemed rather an ornament than an encumbrance. Now the poor girl, scarce eighteen years of age, lay in the Tolbooth, charged with childmurder.

The facts were that after working for a time in a shop in Edinburg, the unhappy prisoner had disappeared for the space of a week, and then made her appearance before her sister at Saint Leonard's in a state that had rendered Jeanie only too certain of her misfortune. But to all questions she had remained mute as the grave, until the officers of justice had come to apprehend her.

Before Reuben Butler could see her, the Tolbooth was closed; and before he could escape from the city a crowd of rioters compelled him to return with them to the jail and administer the last rites to Porteous, whom they dragged forth to death.

The leader of the mob, a young man disguised in woman's clothes, seized a moment in the midst of the turmoil in the jail to beg Effie to escape. "For God's sake—for your own sake—for my sake—flee, or they'll take your life," was all that he had time to say.

The girl gazed after him for a moment, and then, faintly muttering, "Better tyne life, since tint is gude fame," she sunk her head upon her hand, and remained, seemingly, as unconscious as a statue, of the noise and tumult which passed around her.

In the morning, on his way to see Jeanie and her father at Saint Leonard's, Butler encountered in the King's park a young man of noble bearing, but strangely agitated, who bade him "tell Jeanie Deans that, when the moon rises, I shall expect to meet her at Nicol Muschat's Cairn, beneath Saint Anthony's chapel."

After attempting in vain to induce Jeanie to explain the message, he returned to visit Effie again, in the Tolbooth, only to be compelled, on his arrival there, to tell the whole story, lest he be convicted of guilt in the Porteous affair. And then he was sent home, under bail not to leave Libberton, nor to communicate with any member of the family of Effie Deans.

But if his experiences were to him incomprehensible they were by no means so to the authorities. By piecing together his testimony with those of others, they rightly determined that the stranger in the King's park, the leader of the Porteous mob, and the father of Effie's child were one and the same person; namely, Geordie Robertson, comrade of Wilson the smuggler, and but lately escaped from the very prison in which Effie Deans was now confined. Accordingly, they planned to capture him that night at Muschat's Cairn. But before they could reach that place, Robertson had time to beg Jeanie to save her sister at the trial by testifying that Effie had disclosed to her her condition. Then he escaped.

Merely that slight falsehood would have removed the case of Effie Deans from under the letter of the cruel Scotch statute. But Jeanie, steadfastly, devoutly truthful, was utterly unable to placate her conscience in bearing false witness. Nor could the disappointment of Effie herself, whom she was at last permitted to visit in the strong-room of the prison, alter her resolution. "He wanted that I suld be mansworn," she said. "I told him that I daurna swear to an untruth."

At the trial, when Jeanie was brought in to testify, Effie, in human weakness, cried, "O Jeanie, Jeanie, save me!" But when the solemn oath, —"the truth to tell, and no truth to conceal, as far as she knew or was asked," was administered "in the name of God, and as the witness should answer to God at the great day of judgment," Jeanie, educated in deep reverence for the name of the deity, was elevated above all considerations save those which she could, with a clear conscience, call Him to witness. And when the advocate came at length to the point of asking her, "what your sister said ailed her when you inquired?" Jeanie could only answer, 'nothing." When the sentence was pronounced by the doomsman, Effie's own eyes were the only dry ones in the court. "God forgive ye, my lords," she said, "and dinna be angry wi' me for wishin' it—we a' need forgiveness."

The next morning found Jeanie Deans traveling alone and afoot on the long road to London "to see the Queen's face that gives grace," and beg for her sister's pardon. Her tartan screen served all the purposes of a riding habit, and of an umbrella; a small bundle contained such changes of linen as were absolutely necessary. She had a few guineas, and a letter from Reuben Butler to the Duke of Argyle, whose grandfather had been under obligations of the deepest to the famous Bible Butler, grandfather of the poor assistant-schoolmaster, now sick at Libberton.

She passed luckily, on the whole, through so weary and dangerous a journey, and at length, through the intercession of the duke, secured the pardon which she sought.

Before she reached Scotland again, Effie had eloped with her lover, who was in reality George Staunton, son of an English nobleman. The sisters, who had last met when Effie was sitting on the bench of the condemned, did not meet again for many years, though Lady Staunton wrote sometimes to Jeanie—now Mrs. Butler, wife of Mr. Reuben Butler, pastor of Knocktarlitie.

Finally, by chance, Sir George learned that Meg Murdockson, who had attended Effie in her illness, had not murdered the child, as they had always supposed. He traced the boy to a certain troop of vagabonds, of which Black Donald was the chief. In an affray with Black Donald's men, Sir George was shot by a young lad called "the Whistler," who proved to be the lost son. The lad disappeared, and escaped to America. Lady Staunton, overcome by the tragedy, after vain efforts to drown her grief in society, retired to a convent in France. Although she took no vows, she remained there until her death. But her influence at court accomplished much for the children of her sister Jeanie, who lived happily on in the good parish with which the bounty of the Duke of Argyle had provided her husband.

The Heart of Midlothian is notable for having rather fewer important characters, a smaller variety of incidents, and less description of scenery than most of Scott's novels. One of the most remarkable scenes in all fiction is the meeting of the two sisters in prison under the eyes of the jailer Ratcliffe. The interview of Jeanie with Queen Caroline is also most noteworthy. There is much humor at the expense of the Cameronian wing of the Presbyterian faith in Scotland. In this work also appears the strange character of Madge Wildfire, daughter of the old crone, Meg Murdockson. Into her mouth is put the famous song, "Proud Maisie is in the wood."

Copyright, 1919, by the Post Publishing Co. (The Boston Post).

Seemed an Apollo Then.

Maud—So that's the young fellow you were raving about. I thought you said he was handsome.

Ethel—I—I thought he was. You see, I met him at Exclusive beach and he was the only man there.—Boston Transcript.

Such It Was.

Twelve baldheaded men were jurors in a Massachusetts hair-restorer case. "Is this justice?" asked the Brooklyn Eagle. "It may be retributive justice," suggests the Albany Argus. Let's call it destiny.—Buffalo Times.

Peculiar Form of Dowry.

Leo Ugardi, a Naples hairdresser, married his sweetheart subject to an undertaking on the part of her father to spend $60 for tonsorial attentions within two years of the wedding in lieu of dowry, failing which the wife is to be returned to her parents.

HEAVY RAINS HERE, WORST EVER

Old timers say that the rain we had last Friday was the heaviest that has fell here for a number of years. It sure was a hard rain and quite a number of people complained that there was water in their cellars, although the rain had been falling but a few hours. A number of basements began to fill which had never been affected by the rains before. The river was way over it's bank south of town on the Wilson Highway and water stood almost three feet over the road and made car driving impossible for a day. A couple of cars were driven off the grade by traveling men who were not well acquainted with the road. Many cars passed over the grade with water up to the running boards but as it is a good gravel road there was no danger in getting stuck. The rain was followed by several days of cold weather, but at this writing the weather is again warm and just fine to help along the bumper corn crop here.

SCHOOL BEGINS MONDAY

The Klemme schools begin Monday, August 30, with the following teaching staff in their places: In the High School department we will find Prof. Collins, of Eldora as superintendent, with the Misses Belken, of Iowa Falls, and Ebert, of Charles City, as his assistants. In the Grade department we find Mrs. Emma Gibbs, of this city, and Miss Sullivan, of Osage.

The teaching staff has been carefully chosen and all are highly recommended.

The directors have purchased several hundred dollars worth of play ground equipment for the use of the students, which will add greatly to the athletic and amusement side of their school course.

Mr. Yahnke has been hired as janitor for this year and has everything in ship-shape and the school is already for the tsudents to march in Monday when the bell rings.

HERE ARE THE FAIR DATES

Here is a handy list of Fair Dates for this part of the country:

HANCOCK COUNTY FAIR—Aug. 31, Sept. 1, 2, 3.

WINNEBAGO (Forest City)—Aug. 24, 25, 26, 27.

KOSSUTH (Algona)—Sept. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.

IOWA STATE (Des Moines)—Aug 25th to September 3rd.

MINNESOTA (Minneapolis)—September 4th to 11th.

THE CASUALTY LIST FOR THIS WEEK

Henry Johnson, who works for Clark Bredbenner is carrying his right arm around in a sling as the result of getting kicked by the business end of Clark's Ford Truck. Henry was trying to crank the thing Saturday afternoon and got it snorting all right but the crank buzzed around and caught him on the wrist, fractuing the same. It was tough luck fo Henry (we mean both Henrys) because after Henry Ford knocked the stuffng out of Henry Johnson, then Henry Johnson turned around and kicked the stuffing out of Henry Ford Truck.

Casual No. 2 is no other than Art Kuck, although he has practically recovered by this time. Art was one of the main rooters at the ball game Sunday and was gleefully dancing around when he slipped and fell on that part of his anatomy where he keeps his pocket book. The pocket book was not so badly injured but it made Art have a lame — hip for a few days.

As to the rest of the casuals they are geting better. Billy Busch is recovering from the busted ankle he got playing ball. Adolph Lauritzen has gone back to Ringstead after recuperating a few days here getting over the effects of a broken leg, and Henry Lau's window which got busted up by a ball is now healing up fine with a metal patch in the middle.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the preaching service at 11 o'clock.

Union service in the country church Sunday night.

Midweek prayer meeting on each Thursday evening at 7:30.

All are invited to our services.

Local News!

"Bill" Miligan was up from Goodell Tuesday talking to old friends.

A. C. Ripley of Garner, was a business caller in Klemme Saturday.

Supervisor Burhow, of Kanawha, was here Tuesday.

The Misses Minnie and Gretchen Funk returned last Wednesday from their weeks trip to South Dakota.

Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Ahrenkeil and baby were Klemme visitors last Wednesday evening.

The misses Alma and Edna Schmidt of Garner were calling on Klemme friends Saturday.

Mrs. Sumner Trumbell and Iva Christie of Goodell were Klemme callers last Wednesday.

Mike Haskins, of Garner, was here Monday reading meters for the Iowa Falls Electric Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Durfee, of Austin, Minn., were Klemme visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. J. B. Spittler informs us that the monument for Joe has been erected by a party of workmen from Watloo who were here last week.

Dr. Missman spent several days the past week in Chicago on business matters pertaining to his profession.

Mr. and Mrs. George Nissen and family of Iowa Falls, were visiting relatives and friends here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Jacobson from Celar Lake, were Klemme callers on Tuesday.

Fred Haupt returned Monday evening from his trip through the west. He thoroughly enjoyed his stay in sunny California.

Mr. C. V. McCullough, of Garner, was here last Thursday for a visit with his son, Gearald, and daughter, Mildred.

Chris Jacobs of Garner, and Mr. Rolf, a relative, were transacting business in Klemme Monday afternoon.

You are overlooking a good thing if you pass up the ads. Read each page, there are eight pages in this edition.

E. S. D. Kars has installed a new adding machine to bettre be able to take care of his business. The machine is a hum dinger alright and will be a great time saver for him.

Harold Gruetzmacher came home from Ames Tuesday morning. He has been attending summer school there. Harold came home to "borrow Dad's car" as he plans on takink a vacation for a few days and will return to Klemme again Sunday.

Miss Arvella Emerson came last Friday evening from Spencer, Iowa, for an extended visit with her father, A. L. Emerson, who is now employed in the Gruetzmacher Harness Shop.

Mrs. Johnson and daughter Grace, of Los Angeles, California, came Saturday evening for an extended visit at the E. S. D. Kahrs home. Mrs. Johnson is a sister of our druggist.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Ludwig and Mr. H. D. Ludwig drove up from Nevada, Iowa, last Wednesday for an over Sunday visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Clemann, who live east of Klemme, are the proud parents of a fine baby girl who came to make her home with them last week Tuesday.

Mrs. W. F. Pavey and son Wayne, left last Wednesday for Hayfield, Minn., for a visit with Mrs. Pavey's sister, Mrs. Verner Lewis. They returned to Klemme Monday evening.

Mrs. Frank Gruetzmacher's and Miss Minnie Lenz' Sunday School classes had a picnic dinner southeast of Goodell Sunday near the James Schneider home. They thoroughly enjoyed their outing.

Art Kuck has been enjoying a visit from his father from Knoxville, Ohio. The senior Mr. Kuck has been spending a few days in Garner this week visiting relatives. He intends to be here a couple of weeks.

Henry Lau & Sons have been retouching their implement building the past few days and have painted all the door and window frames and also put a water-proof mineral paint on the outside brick walls.

Fred and Casey Blank were both here for an over Sunday visit with their parents, Mr. an Mrs. Tom Blank and family. Fred has a depot at Ward, South Dakota, and Casey works in the depot at Belmond. Both boys are making good as railroaders.

Fred Griewe and family drove over from Rudd last Wednesday for a visit with the Henry Griewe family here until Saturday. During their stay here the two Griewe families drove to Burt, Iowa, for a visit with Rev. Wessel and family.

Mrs. Louis Strieby and baby were visiting with Klemme friends last Wednesday evening. The Strieby family formerly lived in Klemme and Louis was working in the meat market. The family now lives at Garner.

Miss Anna Griewe returned last Wednesday evening from her ten days vacation spent at Lake Okobopi. We have not heard her tell of any big fish she caught yet but presume she got her share of fine pike and pickerel.

The professional band which has been playing at Mason City this summer, closed their season with a concert in the park there Sunday evening. It was perhaps the best band in the middle west. Most of the musicians in the band will play in symphony orchestras this winter.

Mrs. Thompson was here the latter part of last week from Waterloo. Mrs. Thompson was formerly in the hotel business here and still owns the hotel and wa here looking after business interests. She and her daughters live in Waterloo now and she also told a Times reprter that Mable is holding a good position as one of the instructors in the business college there and Faye has a position clerking in one of the large stores.

Want Ads.

WANTED—To do some sewing. Call on Emma Wille, Klemme, Ia. 1w

For Sale

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND FOUR GOOD LOTS, well located. Inquire at Times Office. tf.

LOST AND FOUND ARTICLES

FOUND—Auto plate number 142,-374, IA. Owner call at Times Office.

FOUND—Case for pair of glasses. Cal lat Times Office.

Miscellaneous

NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNERS

You are notified that the weeds must be mowed around your premises before September 1st, and if not mowed by that date it will be done by the town and charged against your lot

F. GRUETZMACHER,
Mayor

1w-c

A guaranteed cure for hemorrhoids (piles) in all forms, one that does not lay the patient up or cause loss of time. Other rectal troubles treated. Special calls to Klemme will be attended to. Dr. R. W. Schultz, Masonic Bldg., Garner, Iowa. adv. tf.

Fault-Finder's Folly.

He who seeks only for faults sees nothing else, and will be so fully conscious of the faults of others that he will be at fault himself.

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

You won't get 'pinched'

IF you have your car properly equipped with the right kind of Diffusing Lens.

Don't take auy chances--

Come in today and let us equipp your lamps with a lens that is guaranteed to comply with the Anti-Glare Law anywhere. We sell---

MacBeth and Violet-Ray Lens

guaranteed lens that will stand the law. It is cheaper to get a set of the above glasses than to take chances of getting arrested. The Anti-Glare Law is being enforced in Hancock and all other counties--be safe, see us today while we can supply these legal lens, going fast!

Don't overlook are line of Auto Accessories, Tires and Tubes, etc.

Henry Lau & Sons

BASE BALL

Klemme Sox vs. Clear Lake
at the Klemme Ball Park

Sunday, Aug. 29

Game called at 3:00 P. M. sharp.

Here's the "Dope"

If you want to see a fast game see this one. Clear Lake has a good strong line-up and they beat Klemme one game and then Klemme copped the next one, so this game will be a battle for the "rub." The Sox have broken the "spell of the jinx" and have piled up three games straight—See Clear Lake get 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0 score.

Come out and help the Sox "kid the gold-fish from the duck pond"

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Col. B. A. Reemtsma

General Auctioneer
KLEMME, IOWA

Farm and Stock Sales a Specialty
Call, write or phone 508 Klemme for dates, terms, etc.
...Satisfaction Guaranteed...

WE WILL DEMONSTRATE TO YOU

The New
HART-PARR
15-30 TRACTOR

We will demonstrate the Hart-Parr 15-30 Tractor at any farm in this vicinity of prospective buyer for BELT or DRAW-BAR power free of charge.

Challenging All Tractor Regardless of Size or Make

Everybody invited--none barred!

This is the place to make your tractors show what you have been claiming for them. Set your date and place,

The Hart-Parr is fully equipped with Belt Pulley, Platform and Fenders--there are no expensive "extras" to buy, and the price is only $1495

WE ARE READY!

C. W. WILES

Hart-Parr Agent ***Klemme, Iowa***

The Second of a Series of Advertisements on Practical Skin Hygiene

For Every Skin, Its Own Restorative

Few women know definitely the condition of their own skins. Yet hundreds permit some uninformed storekeeper to prescribe their facial treatment—a "hit or miss" beauty plan which rarely results in satisfaction.

Is Your Skin Dry?

Usually the dry skin is tight and drawn; it sometimes flakes off like fine dandruff. There may be fine lines about the eyes and it is inclined to burn in the wind.

Knowing that your skin is dry, you would not wittingly accept a "cureall" intended for an oily or normal skin—or "any skin at all". Only a treatment especially prepared to correct its peculiar condition can serve your purpose. You will learn the secret of how to look your best through "The Combination Treatment Box For Dry Skins", illustrated above—containing six invaluable preparations scientifically devised to keep exactly such skins as yours smooth, pliable, youthful. Address The Franco-American Hygienic Company direct, or write us, requesting that our Personal Service Retailer in your vicinity call at your home.

Would you engage in a dignified, profitable profession among your personal friends? If not already represented in your community, The Franco-American Hygienic Company offers women of energy and refinement an attractive position as our Accredited Retailer. An inquiry will bring complete details concerning our thorough training and liberal profit sharing arrangement.

Franco-American Hygienic Co.
SUPERIOR TOILET PREPARATIONS
"Her Favorite for Thirty Years"
FRANCO-AMERICAN BUILDING 130 ST. and INDIANA AVE. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Unprofitable Combination.

Howell—Is your new hired man satisfactory?

Powell—I should say not. He is one of the heavy eaters and light workers.

A Lady Candidate.

"Was the candidate ruffled?"

"No, she wore a severely tailored model."

Bolts.

Knicker—The sorehead bolts.

Bocker—And the soreheart bolts together.—New York Sun.

Loss Almost Total.

First Professor—I lost half of my week's wages yesterday. Second Ditto—what did you do with the other $2?

"ASPIRIN"

WARNING! The name "Bayer" is the thumbprint which identifies genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 20 years and proved safe by millions.

SAFETY FIRST! Accept only an "unbroken package" of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and for pain generally. Strictly American!

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Height of Something or Other.

Our idea of the height of something or other is a 200-pound cornfed girl jammed into a tin bathtub that is attached to a motorcycle.—Arkansas Thomas Cat.

Egyptian Mummy Cloth.

The extraordinary durability of the ancient Egyptian mummy cloth is believed to be due to the fact that it was finished with a vegetable glue derived from the African locust-bean tree.

MUD BATHS AT Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(ORIGINAL SULPHUR MUD BATHS OF THE NORTHWEST)

Assure Wonderful Results in Treating

Rheumatism, High Blood Pressure, Neuritis, Gout, Kidney and Liver Trouble, Autointoxication, Arthritis, etc.

Write for Information
Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co.

Post Office Box 4
Jordan, Minn.

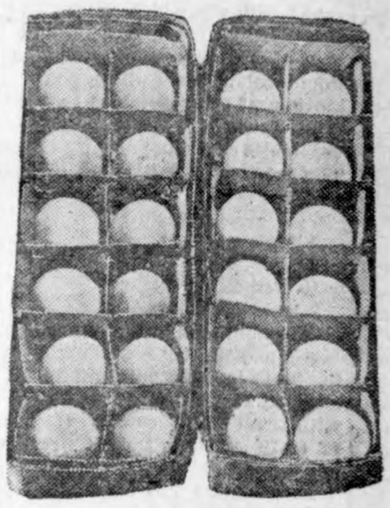
POULTRY

PROFITS IN POULTRY FLOCK

Farmer Should Be Careful to Gather Eggs Regularly and Market Them Promptly.

The marketing of the product, particularly eggs, has an important bearing on the profits of the flock. Under most conditions it is impossible for the farmer to seek a special market for his eggs, but he should be very careful to see that the eggs are gathered regularly and frequently and promptly taken to market. Failure to do this is responsible for the spoiling of a great many eggs.

When the methods of buying are such that payment is made for good eggs only, a plan which is becoming more widespread and bids fair to be compulsory in most states, the farmer will suffer a decided money loss if he



Carefully Packed and Graded.

does not make it his business to see that all the eggs delivered are fresh and marketable at full value.

One of the greatest causes of spoiled eggs during the hot summer season is the development of chick embryos in fertile eggs, poultry specialists of the United States department of agriculture say. This loss is preventable simply by producing infertile eggs. All that is needed to accomplish this is to separate the male birds from the females as soon as the breeding season is over. All the eggs sold will then be infertile and incapable of embryo development.

DISPOSE OF SLACKER FOWLS

Hens, Too Old or Too Lazy to Pay Their Way Should Be Eaten, Canned or Sold.

The slackers are hens too old or too lazy to pay their way, those using their feed for making fat and those that have finished their year's production of eggs and are beginning to molt. The poultryman cannot reasonably expect to maintain a high production if he has many birds of this stamp. Cull them out at once. They should be eaten, canned or sold.

DON'T CHANGE FEEDING PLAN

Various Methods May Be Successful as Conditions Are Different—Make Study of Flock.

If your method of feeding gives good results do not change it just because you read of other methods used by other poultry raisers. Various methods may be successful; conditions are so different that they demand different methods. A poultry raiser must study the conditions of his own flock, their surroundings, the climate, etc.

FOR BETTER EGG PRICES

Produce infertile eggs.
Gather twice a day.
Keep in a cool place.
Market twice a week.
Protect eggs from sun on way to market.
Feed oyster shell for stronger egg shells.
Do not market eggs from stolen nests.

EXERCISE FOR LAYING HENS

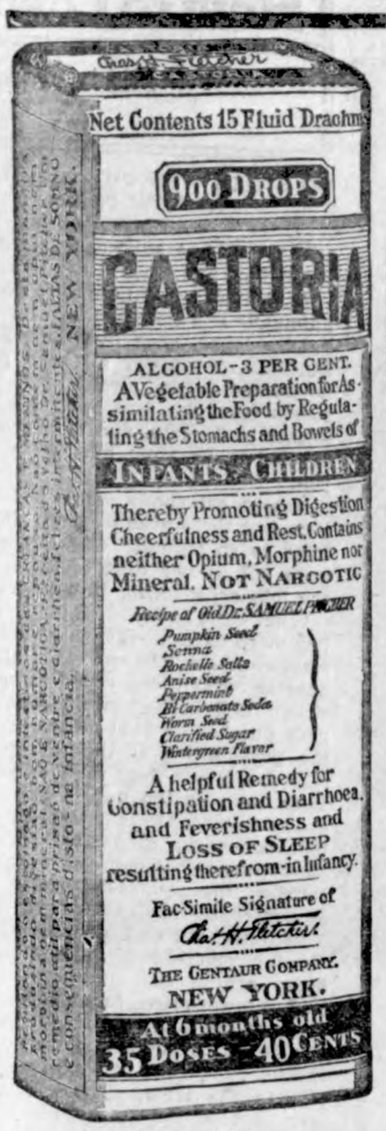
Good Way Is to Feed Oats, Wheat and Barley in Litter—Change the Straw Frequently.

One way to furnish exercise for laying hens is to feed oats, wheat and barley in litter. The floor is covered with straw 6 inches deep. In this the grain feed is scattered. The straw is changed frequently as it becomes soiled from droppings. Some of the poultry diseases are spread through droppings.

DOUBLE YARD SYSTEM BEST

While Fowls Are Using One, a Crop of Oats or Rye is Planted in the Other.

The double yard system is the best for yarded fowls—that is, each pen has the run of a front and back yard, and while they are using one a crop of oats or rye is planted in the other. As soon as the green blades are up three inches the fowls are turned into it and the other yard dug up and planted.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Special Care of Baby.

That Baby should have a bed of its own all are agreed. Yet it is more reasonable for an infant to sleep with grown-ups than to use a man's medicine in an attempt to regulate the delicate organism of that same infant. Either practice is to be shunned. Neither would be tolerated by specialists in children's diseases.

Your Physician will tell you that Baby's medicine must be prepared with even greater care than Baby's food.

A Baby's stomach when in good health is too often disarranged by improper food Could you for a moment, then, think of giving to your *ailing* child anything but a medicine especially prepared for Infants and Children? Don't be deceived.

Make a mental note of this:—It is important, Mothers, that you should remember that to function well, the digestive organs of your Baby must receive special care. No Baby is so abnormal that the desired results may be had from the use of medicines primarily prepared for grown-ups.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Terrible Tortures From Itching Skin Diseases

No Sure Relief Until the Cause Is Removed.

When the blood becomes infested with millions of tiny disease germs that attack the skin, then the fiery irritation and intense itching will remain with you until these germs are removed from the blood.

Genuine relief therefore, can only be expected from a treatment that goes right to the seat of the trouble, and strikes at its cause. Such a remedy is S. S. S., the reliable old blood purifier that kills the germs of disease, and sends a new supply of rich red blood coursing through the veins.

S. S. S. has been used successfully in some of the worst cases of eczema and other skin disorders.

For valuable literature write to Medical Adviser, 108 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

YOUNGSTER MADE WORD GOOD

Though, as It Turned Out, It Was at the Cost of Some Personal Discomfort.

Marshall, who is five, lives in a flat building. He is a real boy and although he has a rear yard and a sand pile in which to play, his mother has more or less trouble keeping him off the streets. A neighbor saw him across the street one morning and the next day called his attention to the fact that he was out of the zone mapped for him. He was one of the busy ones about a vegetable wagon. "Yes," he said, "I had to get some sings." The next morning he asked his mother for the market basket. He immediately disappeared and soon returned, accompanied by the vegetable man. In the basket were three pounds of potatoes, a box of berries and two cantaloupes. Mother had to settle whether she needed the goods or not. At any rate, Marshall made his word good with the neighbor that he had to get "some sings." When questioned by the same neighbor about his shopping expedition he said: "Yes, and mother spanked me, too."

His Favorite Time.

"Wouldn't my little man like to go and visit grandma in the country?" asked his mother.

"Yes, mamma, if the chickens are ripe now," replied the six-year-old.—Boston Transcript.

WAS TO BE MORE YELLING

Safe to Say That Father's Prediction Turned Out to Be Absolutely Correct.

The sweetly peaceful scene in the little sitting room was suddenly disturbed by a loud yell, and the honored guest sprang wildly from the chair into which he had just sunk, while the daughter of the house felt her face grow pale.

She had had hopes from this visit. Alas, poor girl, were they to be blighted?

But father took the matter—and his small son—firmly in hand. With a graceful apology he removed the bent pin from the chair and the aforesaid small boy from the room.

"Now, look here, Charles," he said sternly, in the back yard, "why did you do it?"

"It—it was an experiment, father!" faltered the laddie.

"An experiment!" snorted father. "The only man who has visited your poor sister for years, and you go and drive him away!"

"Well, dad," explained the boy, "he advertises that he is a painless dentist, an' I wanted to find out if it was true, an' it wasn't. You should have heard him yell?"

"Yes," was the father's grim comment. "And some one else is going to hear you yell now?"

Equivocation is first cousin to a lie.

POET'S WORD GOOD ENOUGH

Student Was Absolutely Satisfied Without the Necessity of Seeing Any Proofs.

A good story is going the rounds of Princeton about Prof. Alfred Noyes, the English poet.

Professor Noyes, it is well known, likes very much to read his works aloud to his friends, and at Princeton, with so many young men under him, he is usually able to gratify this liking to the full.

The other day Professor Noyes said to a junior, who had called about an examination:

"Wait a moment. Don't go yet. I want to show you the proofs of my new book of poems."

But the junior made for the door frantically.

"No, no," he said, "I don't need proofs. Your word is enough for me, professor."

The best time to kiss a pretty girl is any old time.

Twenty Five Years of Success

proves that the originator of

Postum Cereal

was building upon a sure foundation when he devised this most famous of all cereal beverages.

Where one used it in place of coffee, in the beginning, tens of thousands drink it today—and prefer it to coffee.

Healthful, delightful to taste and satisfying to every one at table.

Postum is now recognized as coffee's one and only great competitor among those who delight in a coffee-like flavor.

Sold everywhere by Grocers

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc.
Battle Creek, Michigan

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Cuticura Talcum is Fragrant and Very Healthful

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Kills Pesky Bed Bugs P. D. Q.

Just think, a 35c box of P. D. Q. (Pesky Devils Quietus), makes a quart, enough to kill a million bedbugs, roaches, fleas or cooties and stops future generations by killing the eggs and does not injure the clothing.

Liquid fire to the bedbugs is what P. D. Q. is like; bedbugs stand as good chance as a snowball in a justly famed heat resort. Patent spout free in every package of P. D. Q. to enable you to kill them and their egg nests in the cracks. Your druggist has it or he can get it for you, or sent prepaid on receipt of price by the Owl Chemical Works, Terre Haute, Indiana.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
50c. and $1.00 at druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

Send 50c for Sample Package worm remedy for hogs. Agents wanted. Oriental Hog Remedy Co., Garwin, Iowa.

Relinquishments deeded uplands, irrigated lands, ranches, stocks or merchandise. Business propositions. Western Realty Co., Fowler, Colo.

Agents Wanted to demonstrate to farmers a wonderful little machine, weight 3 lbs.; saves 80%; big commission; credit after starting. Universal Mfg. Co., Carson, La.

IMPROVED, IRRIGATED FARMS in the Bitter Root Valley, Montana—where crops are always sure—are offered at less than one-half former prices at trustee's sale. Send for list today. Tudor, Trustee, Missoula, Mont.

WONDER GOLD MINE IN NEW MEXICO now organizing. Stock offered at 10c share. Write for circular. T. R. Rogers, 307 Security Bank, El Paso, Texas.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. N. Berry Co. 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

FARM FOR SALE AT

Public Auction

To settle the *Jacob Watermuller Estate*, we will sell the *Watermuller farm*, located on the Main County Road, 3 mi. west of Goodell and 5 mi. east and 1 mi. south of Kanawha, Iowa, at Public Auction, on---

Friday, Aug. 27, 1920

At 1:30 o'clock P. M.

Farm is well improved, and all tiled. An ideal home. No side bidders. No reserves.

Positively will be sold to the highest bidder!

Sale Takes Place on the Farm

Possession given March 1st, 1921.

TERMS: $2,000 down on day of sale, balance cash March 1, 1921.

For further information call or write the undersigned.

NEIL HANSON, Agent, Kanawha, Iowa

COL. H. BRUMMOND, Auctioneer, Kanawha, Iowa.

Sheaffer Fuuntain Pens

"Always Write All Ways"

We have just received our big assortment of Sheaffer Fountain Pens, in all styles, finishes and sizes. You can find the pen you want at this store and at the price you wish to pay. Students, We have dandy pens for school work.

Prices $2.50 to $12.00

E. S. D. Kahrs

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

READY TO SERVE YOU

WHEN a bank serves a community successfuly for 28 years, it can confidently assure customers of helpful, experienced co-operation.

Since 1892 the First National Bank has made good service its fundamental policy. As a result, business and friendly relations with our patrons continue year after year.

A bank of dependable and satisfactory service cordially invites you to become a customer.

First National Bank

KLEMME, IOWA

How to Lower Your Meat Bills

Hints From the Department of Justice

NO STEER WITHOUT GOOD MEAT AT LOW PRICE.

WANTED—A steer composed entirely of loins and ribs.—H. C. L.

Unfortunately, "there ain't no such animal." If a porterhouse steer could be developed by a live stock Luther Burbank, we could all have porterhouse or sirloin steaks and rolled roasts from the first and second ribs —next to the loin, and therefore most expensive, as your butcher will tell you.

Nearly everybody wants high-grade cuts, but there aren't enough ribs and loins to go around. These cuts compose but 27 per cent of the carcass, the loin constituting 18 per cent.

What's the answer? If people would buy more chucks—they make excellent steaks—or briskets and clods (all fore-quarter cuts) there would be cheaper sirloin and porterhouse steaks. Ask your butcher or food economist about the possibilities of the fore quarter, also cheap cuts from the hind quarter. Then there is the flank. Ever eat a good flank steak? It possesses a flavor that cannot be duplicated. The full flank composes 4 per cent of the beef carcass, the square-cut chuck about 24 per cent.

In New York and other Eastern cities far removed from the packing house center, ribs and loins can be sold at lower prices than in Illinois, because of the heavy demand by the foreign-born population for rounds, chucks, rumps and other cuts less popular in the West. The least expensive part of the beef carcass is the shank, which is excellent for stews and soups. The round will supply roasts as well as steaks. Pot roasts, steaks and braising meat are furnished by the rump at medium expense. Chucks supply roasts, steaks and stews. The shoulder clod, another economical cut, is used by well-taught cooks for steaks and pot roasts. There is a large variety of extra portions that many housewives know little about, such as the heart, liver, kidneys, lungs and sweetbreads.

But you must know something about beef cuts to know what to buy and how to buy. Then you can neglect the costly steaks for the time and return to them when the price has been equalized by the more general buying of the less-familiar cuts.

Woman purchasing agents of the home, in learning more about the various cuts and their culinary possibilities, will have impressed upon them a knowledge of the limited quantity of loins and ribs and the excessive demand for them which causes the price to keep up.

When ordering the foods for the day, the meat part of the meal is always the first planned, and the remainder built around it. Housewives should be familiar with all cuts and then cook them so as to get the best flavor.

Rump Pot Roast of Beef With Dumplings.

3 pounds beef rump,
¼ pound salt pork,
¼ cupful carrots, onion, celery and turnips.
1 teaspoonful parsley,
1 bay leaf,
4 cloves,
¼ teaspoonful pepper,
Salt.
3 cupfuls water.

Wipe the meat, dredge with flour and brown the entire surface in pork fat. Place on a rack in a kettle, surround with vegetables, spices and water. Season, cover closely and simmer slowly four hours, keeping the liquid below the boiling point. Remove meat and vegetables to hot platter. Thicken stock and serve with vegetables as a sauce around the meat. The sauce may be strained if desired.

Dumplings.

2 cupfuls flour,
4 teaspoonfuls baking powder,
½ teaspoonful salt,
2 teaspoonfuls fat,
2-3 cupful milk, more if needed.

Mix and sift dry ingredients. Work in shortening, add milk gradually, pat out one-half inch in thickness, cut with small biscuit cutter. Cook from 12 to 15 minutes. Do not lift the lid while cooking.

This mixture may be made slightly thinner and dropped from a spoon into the stock for cooking.

Smothered Beef.

3 pounds of rump or clod,
3 large onions sliced,
3 tablespoonfuls oil or drippings,
2 tablespoonfuls mild prepared mustard,
Flour mixed with salt and pepper,
1 teaspoonful celery seed,
1 cupful strained tomatoes or ½ can tomato soup.

Dredge meat with flour. Brown well in heavy pan. Brown onions in oil; add mustard, celery seed and tomatoes. Pour this sauce over meat and cook slowly three hours or more on top of stove or six hours in a fireless cooker.

How to Lower Your Meat Bills

Hints From the Department of Justice

CUTS THAT COST LESS HAVE HIGH FOOD VALUE.

From Maine to California women purchase meat in practically the same way. Nine out of ten have learned for years, as do some even now, that the more expensive and most tender cuts of meat must naturally be most nutritious and that the cheaper and tougher cuts are to be discarded or left with the butcher to dispose of, not realizing if they purchase only the tender cuts, he must keep the prices high enough to cover the loss of what isn't sold. Our leading dietitians of today are teaching the women that the tougher cuts of meat are exactly as nutritious as the more tender, if not more so, because the blood is drawn to the parts in which the muscles are constantly used.

In a beef animal of 500 pounds about 75 pounds are tender meat, the loin in the hind quarter composed of sirloin, porterhouse and single steaks and the prime ribs of the fore quarter. These two commercial cuts being the most tender are most in demand and every butcher, no matter what the locality, will tell you he has no difficulty in disposing of them. The difficulty lies in selling the cheaper cuts as well as the extra meat portions.

The greatest trouble in selling the cheaper cuts comes from the fact that women do not know how to cook them to make them palatable. A long slow cooking is the secret of converting tough meat into delightfully tender roasts or steaks. Excellent dishes may be served from flank, chuck, rump steak or neck, providing the meat is carefully seasoned, seared to seal in the juices and then cooked to a delicate brown. This necessitates a moderate temperature.

Just as many tender expensive steaks are ruined in cooking by keeping on the fire too long; tougher ones are condemned because of the lack of the proper cooking. Whereas a long slow cooking will ruin a porterhouse, it only adds to the excellent qualities of a rump or round steak.

For every meat animal handled there is a heart, liver, kidney, tripe, tongue, sweetbread, tail and head to be used. We know that an animal has to have a neck, fore and hind shanks, legs and shoulders to hold together the choice loin and ribs.

What is true of the cuts of beef is likewise true of other meats.

Beef a la Mode.

Three pounds of either of the following cuts, chuck, brisket, rump, neck or hanging tenderloin will make a splendid dish treated as follows: Crush half a dozen kernels of black pepper with as many cloves. Rub this well into the meat. Skewer or tie the meat together as for a pot roast and put into a crock with one small onion, sliced, one sliced carrot, a bit of thyme and three bay leaves. Add a cupful of vinegar and water enough to barely cover and let stand in a cool place for 24 hours. When thoroughly marinated, remove the meat from the liquor and sear on all sides in a pan of hot vegetable shortening. Sprinkle a tablespoonful of flour over the meat and gradually pour the liquor and seasoning, adding salt, over the meat. Add a pint of boiling water. Allow all to boil up, then set to simmer until meat is done, turning frequently. When beef is done, strain the remaining liquid and add cooked carrots, turnips and small onions. Let cook three minutes and pour over the meat. Serve with plain boiled potatoes.

Table Showing Caloric Value of Commercial Cuts of Beef.

Inexpensive Cuts.	Calories Per lb.	Use.
Shank	875	Stews, casserole, soup stock
Round	950	Steaks, roasts, stews, braising
Rump	1,400	Steaks, roasts, braising, stews
Flanks	1,240	Steaks or made dishes
Plate	1,285	Stews, pot roasts, boiling, soup, corning.
Chuck	1,105	Stews, roasts, steaks, boiling piece
Shoulder and clod	840	Steaks, stews, roasts
Neck	1,070	Steaks, soups, braising, corning
Expensive Cuts.	**Calories Per lb.**	**Use.**
Loin	1,190	Steaks and roasts
Prime ribs	1,450	Roasts

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

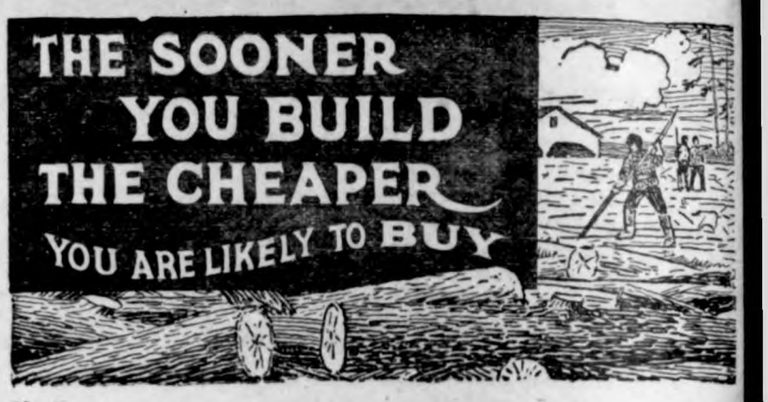
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted



That may seem quéer talk under present building costs, but we make the prediction advisedly.

For some years to come our export of building materials is bound to be immense.

For some years to come we will be unable to catch up with the demand at home.

We honestly beleive we can sell to you cheaper today than we can later on.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

The responsibility and handling of a bank account in youth is worth more to the future independence, economic welfare, of your child than nine-tenths of the other training he receives.

It is worth while to the future of your child--

that you start a bank account for him at this time.

We welcome such accounts and solicit this patronage.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

The Klemme Times $2.00 Per Year

Making Thrift Compulsory.

In the police courts of New York state it is getting to be a common practice to sentence minor offenders to a term of saving, and in Syracuse last year $5,000 was invested in this way in War Savings stamps, all later returned to the men or used to help their families. At Niagara Falls, when David Broderick was placed on probation six months ago and ordered to give the probation officer $12 a week for War Savings stamps, he complained bitterly. At the end of six months he received $230.50 worth of stamps, and he voluntarily placed himself on indefinite probation, promising to bring $10 a week to continue his savings investment.

Outguessed Him.

Pauline Lord went to call on William Harris, Jr., anent an engagement just before he set sail for Europe.

"What's your salary?" demanded Harris, after the other details had been discussed. Miss Lord told him.

"Ouch!" decried the manager, wincing at the sum.

"Why, don't you think I'm worth it?" Miss Lord asked.

"Yes," admitted Harris, "but I didn't think you did."

Some Kicks.

"And you say the mule kicked you, Sam?"

"'Deed he did, boss."

"How far did he kick you?"

"Watcher mean, boss?"

"How far were you from him after he kicked you?"

"Does you mean how fur was I from him after he kicked me de first or de las' time, boss?"—Yonkers Statesman.

Land for National Forests.

To date the national forest reservation commission has approved for purchase 1,751,145 acres for national forest purposes in the mountain areas of the eastern national forests.

Division to Two-Mile Trench.

A division, which is the largest body known in the organization of the American army, will fully man two miles of trenches. The regulation distance in the manning of a trench is a yard to a man. There are three lines, however, needed to fully man such defenses—the firing line, which is down in the trench, a yard behind each man; the support, which is back a short distance, and the reserve.

Depends on Circumstances.

"One should always serve from the left side. That's right, I believe." "All depends. In serving subpenas you sneak up from the rear."

Johnny Was Curious.

As a great privilege, John was taken to church to see his baby cousin baptized. Just as the minister had the water all ready and there was a hush in the congregation, John leaned toward his mother and asked in a too audible stage whisper, "Hot or cold?"

Great Expectations.

A mosquito fleet may be expected to come up to the scratch.—Wall Street Journal.

How "Rubbers" Were Produced.

"Rubbers," as Americans have named them, were the invention of Charles Goodyear, father of the man who helped produce the Goodyear welt machine. In 1833 it was found that India rubber, dissolved in turpentine and mixed with lampblack, would give a waterproof surface to leather. But the leather so treated was subject to atmosphere changes, heat causing it to melt and cold to crack. Mr. Goodyear mixed sulphur with the other combination and produced rubber.

Repairs for Furnaces

ALL MAKES ALL SIZES

Don't wait until cold weather to fix up your furnace--do it now.

Let us repair your furnace now. Perhaps the pipes are rusted out, or maybe a new grate is needed, but look it over and tell us what's needed and we will fix it quick. We can get repairs for any furnace and will install them for you.

We sell Furnaces--see us now

Jacobs & Son

Hardware **Klemme, Iowa**

Mothers' Cook Book

Follow the true course of your life, but keep your eyes open for all beautiful sights, and the ears responsive to all harmonious sound, as you go steadily forward.

A Day's Meals.

When it is not possible to have fresh fruit for the morning meal, or when a variety is liked, a dish of well stewed prunes with very little sugar is a most wholesome fruit. They can always be kept on hand at any season, and are a storehouse of medicinal as well as food value. In buying prunes it is never economy to take the small ones as they are usually all pit. Examine the stones or pits and buy the kind that has the least waste; you will pay a higher price, but they are worth it. Wash them well in warm water and then soak them over night. Simmer until tender in the same water in which they were soaked. They will require little sugar, for which, these days "we are very thankful."

Whole wheat right from the granary is especially good for growing children. When well cooked, and served with top milk it is the ideal breakfast food for the whole family. It will need to be soaked over night then cooked all day at a low temperature to soften the grain.

—

When a small supper dish, something hot is desired, try

Escalloped Celery.

Cook the outer stalks cut in small pieces until tender, drain and add to a rich white sauce. Bake until thoroughly heated and serve from the baking dish. Another which is very good is

Cheese and Crumbs.

Take two cupfuls of soft bread crumbs, a cupful or less of grated cheese, one and one-half cupfuls of milk, one egg and salt and pepper to taste. Soak the bread five minutes in the milk, add the other ingredients and bake. Serve hot.

—

Filled Cookies.

Take one-third of a cupful of butter substitute, one cupful of sugar, two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar and one of soda, half a cupful of milk and three cupfuls of flour. Salt and flavoring to taste. Roll out and place a filling (cooked) of half a cupful of sugar, a tablespoonful of flour, one cupful of chopped raisins and half cupful of water with the rind and juice of half a lemon. Cover with another cooky and when all are covered bake in a hot oven.

—

Swiss Steak.

Take a pound and a half of round steak, lay it on a meat board and with the edge of a heavy saucer pound in as much flour well seasoned with salt and pepper as it will hold. A good cupful will not be too much. Brown in a very hot frying pan with a sliced onion, add water to cover and simmer for an hour or two over a low burner or on the back of the range. A tablespoonful of vinegar added with the water if the meat is very tough will help to soften the tough fibers of the meat.

Nellie Maxwell

THIS AND THAT

A woman never thinks of her husband as a gambler as long as he doesn't lose.

A successful man forms plans and sticks to them, working like a gimlet to a point.

If it wasn't for his wife a man would never know anything worth knowing about his neighbors.

What a girl in love calls a square meal wouldn't pass as a free lunch with the average man.

MICKIE SAYS

Spreader Time Is Here!

Now that Harvest Time is over, the next thought of the progressive farmer is to prepare his land for Fall Plowing--

Come in today and look over our fine line of manure spreaders, they will put your fields in shape for fall plowing. We sell the

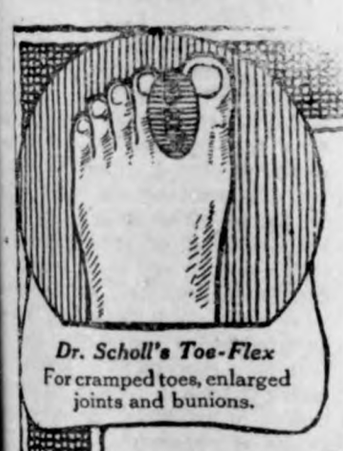
John Deere and Nisco Manure Spreaders

We also wish to call your attention to our big line of John Deere and J. I. Case sulky and gang plows. Get your plow now while we can supply the style and size you need.

Wagons? You Bet!

We handle the best wagon made, The John Deere Wagon--***made to government specifications*** and fully guaranteed, the kind you want.

W. M. BAACK


Dr. Scholl's Toe-Flex
For cramped toes, enlarged joints and bunions.

Dr. Scholl's Foot-Eazer
Eases the feet. Relieves that tired aching feeling.

Pain There?
Come here and learn how to get relief.

If Your Feet Ever Bother You

it will interest you to know that this store has arranged, at considerable expense, to have

A Dr. Scholl Foot Expert

here to examine feet, give advice and demonstrate that

There is a

Dr Scholl

Appliance or Remedy For Every Foot Trouble

He knows all about feet and how to give

Immediate Relief and Lasting Correction to any foot discomfort. He will be at this store only

Thursday and Friday, Sept. 2 and 3

We hope everybody will take advantage of this opportunity to get

Examination and Advice Free

Nine out of ten people have some foot trouble. What is yours? No matter how simple or how serious it may be—a mere corn or a pronounced flat foot—this is your chance. Take advantage of it. Everybody welcome.

Scholl's Absorbo Pads
Immediate relief for corns and callous.

WELLEMEYER
Department Store Klemme, Ia.

"Watch Your Feet"

Scholl's Bunion Reducer
Prevents shoe pressure. Hides the deformity.

When You Step Into Our Store

The fiart thing you will notice is what a comfortable trading place it is---

A store arranged to wait on you quickly and satisfactorily.

You will notice the lines shown.

The ample lines from which to choose.

You will be impressed with the genuine quality of the merchandise.

Real value for the price you pay.

Fall Suits - $45 to $85
Boy's Suits $10 to $30

All sorts of furnishings for men and boys.

TRY US!

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

BOLSHEVIK PEACE TERMS ARE HARSH

Polish Nation Must Submit to Severe Conditions if War is to Terminate

WANT TO SOVIETIZE NATION

Plebiscite in Russian Poland With Propaganda Rignts to the Enemy, One Condition—Warsaw Likely to Fall Soon.

Washington, D. C.—A plebiscite to determine the future of Russian Poland is one of the peace terms drawn up by the bolsheviki coincident with the first proposal of an armistice by the Polish government. The right of unrestricted propaganda in this territory during the year intervening before the plebiscite would be demanded.

These and the other terms of peace, which are believed to have been formulated for submission at the meeting between the soviet and Polish emissaries have been received in official circles.

While not regarded as final the terms are accepted here as illustrative of the intention of the invaders to impose peace conditions of a drastic nature.

The other terms include the right of the soviet government to unrestricted transmission of all code messages across Poland between Russia and Germany, the turning over of salt and coal mines in Poland for operation by the soviet government and the right of unrestricted travel for all soviet nationals across the Polish frontiers without Russian vise on passports.

The provision for a plebiscite in the portion of Poland formerly belonging to Russia and the stipulation that the bolsheviki be granted permission to disseminate propaganda in that territory is viewed by officials as likely to be obnoxious to the Poles.

Officials are inclined to believe that the peace terms to be submitted at Minsk will be more severe than those prepared for the Baranovitch conference, which ended abruptly when the Polish armistice emissaries replied they had no authority to conclude peace.

Closing in On Waraw.

Paris.—Closing in on Warsaw from the north, east and southeast, the bolshevik hosts are within 20 miles of the capital, and little doubt is felt here that they will be in the city before the peace negotiations are concluded.

One hundred thousand citizenn of Warsaw have pledged themselves to defend the capital to the last breath. But it is felt here that such an unorganized effort cannot seriously affect the fate of the city. This apparently is the view of the Polish government which is reported considering moving to Posen.

Express Rates to Go Up.

Washington, D. C.—Authority to increase express rates 12½ per cent was granted the American Railway Express company by the Interstate Commerce commission.

The increase by unofficial estimates will add $35,500,000 to he annual income of the company. The commission's decision does not take into consideration the recent award of the railroad labor board of increased wages approximating $43,000,000 to express company employes, and it is expected the company soon will apply for an additional advance to meet new wage scales.

Attempt to Slay Venizelos.

Paris.—An attempt was made to assassinate Premier Venizelos of Greece here as he alighted from an auto to board a train for Marseille. Two bullets struck him, in the shoulder and side. One bullet grazed the thigh bone and the second lodged against the shoulder blade. Venizelos, it was stated, is in no danger. The assailants, declared to be followers of former King Constantine, whose overthrow Venizelos caused, were arrested. Premier Venizelos is one of the heroes developed by the war.

Poles Leaving Warsaw.

London.—The Polish government is leaving Warsaw, its capital, it is asserted in a wireless dispatch from Moscow received here. The government is being removed to Kalisz, the message says. Kalisz is the capital of the province of Kalisz and is about 150 miles west-southwest of Warsaw, close to the old German border. It is on the direct railway line from Warsaw to Posen, for which latter place all the foreign legations in Warsaw have left, it was announced.

Poles Outnumbered.

Washington, D. C.—Polish forces defending Warsaw are outnumbered about two and a half to one. Details as to the bolshevik military organization, received in official circles, place the ration strength of the soviet army at 350,000 men. The strength of the Poles has been estimated at 140,000. It is estimated that in rifle and saber strength alone, the soviet forces composing the army north of the pripet river consists of 46,000 men. Bolshevist rifle and saber strength south of the river is 48,000 men.

SOLUTION FOR POLE-RUSS WAR

WilsonOutli ens Program for Curbing Menace in Europe. Clarifies America's Position.

Washington, D. C.—President Wilson has set forth America's position in the Polish situation in a 2,500 word letter to Baron Camillo Romano Avezzman, Italian ambassador to the United States. The principal proposals for settling the Russo-Polish conflict outlined by the president are:

Withdrawal of all Russian forces from Poland, and withdrawal of all allied troops from Russia, together with assurances by the allied and associated powers that Russia will not be dismembered.

Contingent upon the retirement of the Russians from Poland and the withdrawal of any foreign forces now in Russia, the president suggests that the allied and associated powers issue a declaration guaranteeing respect for the boundaries of ethnographic Russia and proclaiming that aggression on Russia by Poland or any other power will not be tolerated.

This policy, the president believes, not only would restore peace between Poland and Russia, but weaken and aid the eventual overthrow of the bolsheviki. He proclaims himself unalterably opposed to the recognition of the soviet government of Russia.

What material aid the American government is ready to contribute to carrying out and enforcing this policy, the president did not state. He did say, however, that to aid in maintaining the independence and territorial integrity of Poland the "policy of this government will be directed to the employment of all available means."

The president denounced the bolsheviki unreasoningly and would limit dealings with them to a minimum. He approves of the effort to arrange an armistice between the soviets and Poland, but he is opposed to entering a general peace conference with them, which probably would involve recognition of the bolsheviki and dismemberment of Russia. Beyond the narrowest armistice negotiations with the soviets he would not go.

Without regard to political and social considerations, the United States is unable to recognize the bolshevist government of Russia because it is faithless, without honor and bent upon promoting by diplomatic agencies the overthrow of the governments of other nations.

Father Held for Daughter's Death.

Hebron, Neb.—Frieda Bostelman, 18-year-old Chester girl, died of poison administered by her own father, Fred Bostelman, on the day before her wedding, according to a verdict rendered by a coroner's jury here. The father had objected to the girl's proposed marriage to W. J. Butske, young Hebron school teacher. Bostelman has been in jail nearly two months following his daughter's sudden death. The inquest was several times postponed to allow authorities to gather evidence in the case.

Bostelmann was returned to jail here to be held without bond for trial in the district court.

Kansas Miners Back to Work.

Pittsburgh, Kan.—Several thousand Kansas coal miners, who were on strike for two weeks in protest against penalties imposed by operators for observing a five day week, returned to work last week. Alexander M. Howat, district president of the United Mine Workers, said the men did not go back at his direction, but on their own accord under protest.

Various local unions are holding meetings and adopting resolutions condemning John L. Lewis, international miners' president, for interfering in the Kansas situation.

Lamb Prices Lowest in Years.

St. Louis, Mo.—Lambs sold here last Friday for the lowest price in four years. Prices have dropped steadily recently, and the top was $11.500 per hundredweight. In 1917 and 1918 the price of lambs ranged from $16 to $20.

Going After Landlords.

Chicago, Ill.—Two petitions requesting Governor Lowden to call a special session of the legislature to take some action toward curbing profiteering landlords are being signed by thousands of Chicago tenants.

Sugar Market Breaks.

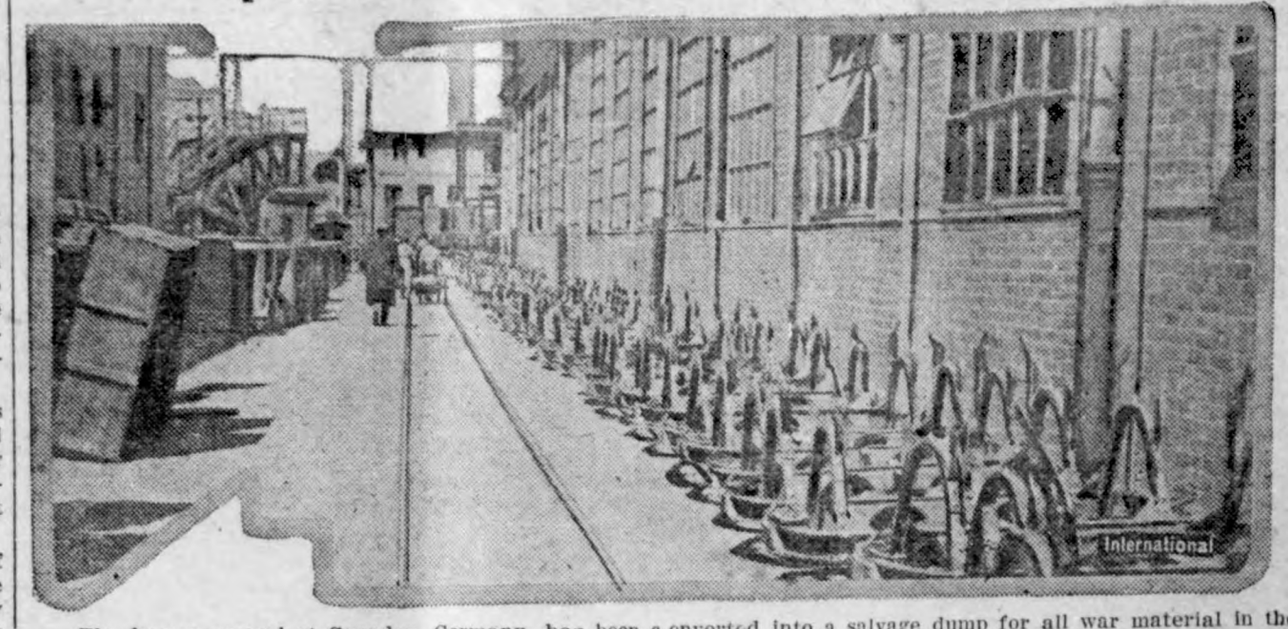
New York.—The feature of the sugar market has been the decline in fine granulated, Arbuckle Bros. announcing a new price of $17.10, less 2 per cent for cash, their last previous allotment basis being 21 cents, less 2 per cent. This decline is made possible by the recent sharp break in raw sugar to a basis of 12 cents, cost and freight, for Cuban, which presents a decline of about 10 cents per pound within the last three or four months.

Auto Industry May Suspend.

Indianapolis, Ind.—Refusal of banks throughout the country to extend credit to auto dealers and makers will force suspension of every branch of the automobile industry within a short time, said H. C. Deming, production superintendent of the William H. Small company here.

Thousands of automobile factory employees of this city have been laid off and the forces are being reduced further. "People simply are not buying cars now," said an official of the Nordyke & Marmon company.

Spandau Arsenal Is Now a Salvage Dump



The former arsenal at Spandau, Germany, has been converted into a salvage dump for all war material in the Berlin area, and the metal is being used in the manufacture of peace-time articles. This photograph shows one of the many small metal trucks being made for shipment to France to be used in reconstruction work.

U. S. HOSPITAL AT CONSTANTINOPLE

Designed Eventually to Be Nucleus of Important Medical Center in Near East.

BALKAN WOMEN MAY TRAIN

Equipment of the Hospital, Which Will Have 100 Beds, Will Be Supplied by the American Red Cross.

Constantinople.—Americans in Constantinople have established a hospital which is designed eventually to be the nucleus of an important American medical center in the near East. Admiral Bristol, the American high commissioner, is chairman of the hospital's board of directors, which includes G. B. Ravndahl, the American commissioner and president of the American chamber of commerce; Maj. G. Claflin Davis, director of the American Red Cross in the near East; Col. James P. Coombs, director of the American committee for relief in the near East; Dr. Mary Mills Patrick, president of Constantinople College for Women; Dr. W. W. Peet, representing the various American missionary boards, and Mrs. Huntingdon, representing Robert college.

Red Cross Gives Beds.

Equipment for the hospital, which will have 100 beds, will be supplied by the American Red Cross. The personnel will be supplied by the American Red Cross and the American committee for relief in the near East, both of which have many doctors and nurses working in Turkey among war refugees of various nationalities.

Dr. A. R. Hoover, who has lived for many years in Turkey, will be director of the hospital and Dr. Elfie Richards Graff, formerly physician to Vassar college and a member of the Wellesley unit of the American committee for relief in the near East, will be his assistant. Mrs. Anna E. Rothrock of Glenside, Pa., will be superintendent of nurses and her assistants will be Miss A. Estelle Sutton of Detroit, Miss Roberta K. Sharpe of New York and Miss Mary E. Coughlin of Acton Center, Mass.

Constantinople College for Women will open a school for nurses in connection with the hospital, and within a year will open a woman's medical college to afford medical training for women of all nationalities and religions. The Rockefeller foundation has promised to send a board of inspection to Constantinople and the hospital board hopes to get the assistance of that organization in a general improvement of health and medical conditions in the near East.

Need Is Urgent.

The need for a hospital for English-speaking patients is very urgent. American firms are opening branches in Constantinople every week. This has become a great rendezvous for the American navy. The Young Men's Christian association and Young Women's Christian association have large organizations, in addition to many relief and missionary bodies, which are constantly in need of hospital space for their personnel.

Under the direction of the Constantinople unit of the American committee for relief in the near East, an open-air hospital for tuberculous children has also been established on the shore of the Bosporus a few miles north of Constantinople. This hospital is under the direction of Dr. Elfie Richards Graff. It has 50 beds, and is designed as a model institution which the Americans hope to get the Turkish, Greek, Armenian and Jewish communities to duplicate.

The new American hospital has leased a large private residence in Stamboul, the Turkish section of Constantinople.

Camden Buys Whitman House.

Camden, N. J.—Walt Whitman's home here, in which he is said to have written many of his best poems, has been bought by the city of Camden for $600. The house will be converted into a museum.

GERMANY'S COAL KING

Latest picture of Herr Hugo Stinnes, German coal king, industrial magnate and newspaper owner, who led Germany's fight against the allies' demands for coal and who was finally forced to yield at the Spa conference.

LIVES SIX DAYS IN GLASS CASE

British Scientist Makes Daring Experiment in Interest of Aviation.

WAS HERMETICALLY SEALED

Question Involved Was Would It Be Possible to Calculate Quantity of Oxygen Necessary to Airmen at High Altitudes.

London.—Six days sealed up in a glass case is a daring experiment bearing on aviation which has just been carried out by a middle-aged British university professor, Joseph Barcroft, F. R. S., reader in physiology at Cambridge university. The question involved was whether it would be possible to calculate the quantity of oxygen necessary to an airman at high altitudes.

The case in which Mr. Barcroft was shut up for six days was specially erected in a quiet room in the physiological laboratory. It was about seven feet high and about ten feet broad. The floor, walls and roof were made of glass, hermetically sealed and divided into two compartments—one fitted with a lounge chair and table and the other with a simple bed.

Took Regular Exercise.

At the foot of the bed was a pedaling apparatus consisting of a frame of a bicycle, from which the front wheel had been removed, and a small back wheel with a frame attached, to enable Mr. Barcroft to get some exercise and cause a certain amount of work to be done.

During his six days in this case Mr. Barcroft spent his time in work relating to the experiments, in taking exercise on the bicycle and in sleeping. He was kept under observation day and night to insure his personal safety, college students and others taking their turn to keep watch.

Nitrogen was continually introduced into the chamber and the air became gradually rarer in oxygen until it approximated that at an altitude of 16,000 feet, when Mr. Barcroft, who has had experience in mountaineering, experienced considerable inconvenience from sickness and sleeplessness, and also an indisposition to take any food.

Felt Rather Shaken.

At the close of the experiment some blood was taken from Mr. Barcroft's arm. The oxygen the blood contained was separated and it was found to agree with the expectations of the experiment.

Mr. Barcroft confesses to having felt rather shaken up after his release from the glass case but did not look much the worse for the experience.

The experiment is regarded here as thoroughly successful and a scientific report of it will be laid before the next meeting of the British association, where Mr. Barcroft will be president of the physiological section.

Dry Cleaners "Cleaned."

Columbus, O.—There are two suits of convict clothing at a local dry cleaning establishment which await a couple of convicts. When the place was opened for business the proprietors were surprised to see the clothing carefully arranged on the rack, where the night previous two suits of customers' clothing awaited their owners. Two convicts who had escaped from the state prison farm had made the exchange during the night.

IOWA IS MADE A TARGET

Famous Battleship To Be Objective of Big Naval Guns.

Will Go to Sea Unmanned, Under Own Steam and Controlled by Wireless for Unique Experiment.

Washipgton.—The once famous battleship Iowa, which played no small part in the destruction of Cervera's fleet at Santiago, is being prepared at the Philadelphia navy yard for what naval officers say will be one of the most unique target experiments ever attempted.

Proceeding unmanned, but under her own steam and controlled by radio, probably from seaplanes, the old sea fighter will become the objective of the big guns of the Atlantic fleet superdreadnaughts in Chesapeake bay late this summer. This will be the first time that American warships have used a moving craft for a target except in actual war.

Two of the Iowa's coal-burning boilers are being converted to burn oil so the ship may continue under way with no one aboard once its fires have been started burning and its engines placed in motion.

It is expected that the unique practice will give the gun pointers of the Atlantic fleet an opportunity to test their ability under conditions as nearly like those to be expected in battle as can be obtained. Smoke screens will be thrown around the Iowa during the runs and the course will be changed at will through the radio control system, necessitating a change in range on all the firing ships, exactly as would occur in action.

The Iowa has already been stripped of some of its guns and much valuable metal and the practice will be continued until the old vessel, a mass of twisted metal, sinks beneath the waves to join the old Texas, which, as the San Marcos, was used as a stationary target years ago.

The battleship Ohio has been turned over to the bureau of steam engineering for purposes of experiment in radio control and a staff of expert technical officers has been placed on board to arrange the Iowa practice.

Edison Uses Telegraph Key First Time in 19 Years

Orange, N. J.—Using a telegraph key for the first time in 19 years, Thomas A. Edison sent from here to a committee of the Old-Time Telegraphers and Historical association a message to be inscribed on an imperishable phonographic disc to be placed in the association's archives as a record of his style of "sending." The last time Mr. Edison used a telegraph instrument was in 1901.

Home Town Helps

GOOD CITIZENS, AND OTHERS

Vital Difference Between Them Though It May Not Always Seem to Be Recognized.

Two men went to a man who keeps a small retail store on a residence street the other day and said:

"We will paint your whole building every year if you will let us put a sign on the blank wall." And he said:

"I can't do it." So they got up a painting his store and paying $100. And then he told them:

"This is a residence street. The people are willing to have me here because I render service. That wall of mine doesn't make the street look any worse than is necessary."

They told him other men did it; that no one noticed it; that it didn't bring him a dollar's more business, but he refused all the arguments they could think of. His answer was that he owed something to the people of his neighborhood.

There is a citizen who is an asset to his community. And it is true that there is no recognition in it and probably not a dollar in trade.

There are others like this man. The man who is holding vacant lots for an increase and ekes out the taxes by renting space for disfiguring signboards is criticized, but his pocket doesn't suffer—at least he is convinced that it doesn't.

The man who refuses to do this, who keeps the grass cut and allows no accumulations of rubbish is an asset. But there is no sign to remind his neighbors that he is a decent citizen.

So with the man who doesn't let his chimney smoke, who keeps his place in repair, who doesn't have the public sidewalk forever blocked.

And they aren't paid? Well, that depends on how you look at it. Some men are pretty well paid by the consciousness that they enjoy the society of a decent citizen and good neighbor when they are alone.—Milwaukee Journal.

LEARN TO DEFEND GARDEN

Interest and Willingness Not Sufficient to Make Up for Lack of Practical Knowledge.

There is, perhaps, a love for the soil latent or rudimentary, in most of us, an agricultural instinct that has come down to us through the generations since the first gardener. It is a thing easily developed. Soon comes a liking for the smell of the earth upturned by the plow, an interest in watching the breaking of the plants through their covering and in noting the various characteristics. But skill does not always equal the interest and there must be intelligence and skill if the garden is to be a success. The habits of each variety of plant, its special needs, the nature of its insect enemies and the means of circumventing them, all must be learned by experience, but it is better not to wait for this, since disappointment may intervene. It is wise to take the instruction that experts will give and it was a happy thought on the part of the Gardeners' association to plan for this. Lectures on the subject should be well attended and productive of good results.—Indianapolis News.

Great Men From Small Towns.

The little town should be away from all main lines of travel; otherwise it is apt to be small instead of little. The infrequent motorist may dub it "as dull as Julius Caesar," but it likes it that way. It piques itself on its resents innovations, has no use for "booms" or reformers. Its people noted for "a sweet unreasonableness" their kindly neighborliness and moral rigidity quite out of fashion yet becoming. Many great men have borne witness to its charm by returning to end their days in the place where their characters ripened. After all, the little towns are the seed plots which came the best of our American manhood.—Chicago Tribune.

Whitewash for Trees.

Whitewashing the trunks of fruit shade trees has a two-fold purpose. First it adds much to the attractiveness of the lawn or orchard, second whitewash causes the old loose rough bark to be replaced by smooth healthy bark. Grubs and insects are killed and the life of the tree is prolonged.

Here is a good recipe for making the whitewash:

Mix in one-half pound of sulphur four gallons of water, add enough lime to make the whitewash, put in a handful of salt. Paint the trees. If they are very rough, they should have a second coat.—The Thrift Magazine.

Old Titles Favored.

The multiplicity of newspapers has not given rise to many new titles. "Advertiser" is the favorite. There are 160 newspapers of that designation in the United Kingdom. "Times" comes next with 150; "News" with 1[illegible] zette" with 128; "Chronicle" with [illegible] "Herald" with 119, and "Journal" with 104. The "Expresses," "Gazettes" and "Observers" muster over 50 each. There are forty-eight "Standards" and only thirty-eight "Telegraphs."—London Tit-Bits.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENTS OF BENEFITS

Drainage District Number 103.

To A. D. White, William E. Smith, A . D. Gimer, Elmer Arnold, Amanda Township Trustees and L. W. Wesenberg Clerk of Avery Township, ock County, Iowa.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the commissioners ap- d by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County, Iowa, to view and fy the lands in Drainage District Number 103 and to apportion to the lands and tracts, the total cost of said Drainage District made and filed their report in the office of the County Auditor as re- d by law which report follows:

r	Description Sec. Twp.	Class	Amount
White	Pt. NE¼ NW¼ 5-94-23	21.6	$202.00
White	Pt. SE¼ NW¼ 5-94-23	30.7	287.00
m E. Smith	Pt. NW¼ NE¼ 5-94-23	53.0	495.00
m E. Smith	Pt. NE¼ NE¼ 5-94-23	8.0	75.00
Gimer	SW¼ NE¼ 5-94-23	100.0	935.00
Gimer	Pt. SE¼ NE¼ 5-94-23	4.7	44.00
r Arnold	Pt. NW¼ SE¼ 5-94-23	18.8	176.00
da Tice	Pt. NE¼ SW¼ 5-94-23	30.6	286.00
way in Section 5-94-23			600.00
			$3100.00

You are further notified that the 23rd day of Sept. 1920 has been as the date for final hearing on said assessment and all objections o must be made in writing and filed with the County Auditor on or e noon of said date..

Witness my hand and official seal this 20th day of August A. D. 1920.

EAL)

Chris Jacobs,
County Auditor of Hancock County, Iowa.

BELMOND HOME BUILDING COMPANY HOUSES OCCUPIED

At this time the Belmond Building Company has practically completed ten of the houses which they planned to relieve the housing problem in Belmond and eight are now occupied. Two of the houses built in the Barry addition have been sold. One on the west side of the street was bought by Harold Claussen and the one farthest north was bought by Frank Baldridge. The other six have been rented as follows: The two on water street by Carl Heinisch and August Heinisch. The three on the west side of the river have been rented by Carl Kalvig, Lee Stacy, the middle one and Wm. Nicholei the west one. The other one occupied, the south one in the Barry addition is rented by J. W. Bray.—Herald-Press.

FORMER CLEAR LAKE RESIDENT IS DEAD

In a letter to Mrs. D. W. Hurn from her husband at Spokane, Wash., an account of the death by drowning of B. L. Wallace of that city is given. He was at his cottage at Newport and with his son went bathing and was drowned. Several years ago Mr. Wallace was an employee of the Woodford-Wheeler Lumber company in this city, later being promoted to manager of their yard at Klemme. He was, at the time of his death engaged in the lumber manufacture at Newport, Wash.—Clear Lake Mirror.

There is a growing demand all over the state for the rigid enforcement of the automobile law. Many counties are enforcing the statute to the letter and right they should. There has been an inclination on the part of almost every county in the state to overlook the statute in regard to the lighting of autos, but the increase of accidents directly attributable to glaring headlights has caused the public to demand the enforcement. The winking at certain statutes only encourages to violation of others. If the legislature saw the necessity of such a statute and made it a law, there is no common sense reason that will excuse a community for sidestepping the enforcement. The sooner all autos are equipped with lighting facilities that will conform to the state laws, just so soon will a large reduction of the number of automobile accidents be evident.—Waukon Standard.

E. C. WALLER INJURED WHILE HUNTING SPEEDERS SUNDAY

Chief of Police Stepped Off Running Board While Automobile Was Going 30 Miles an Hour.

E. C. Waller, fo any years a member of the Clear Lake police department and recently appointed chief to succeed the late W. W. Hyde was painfully but not seriously injured Sunday night when he stepped off an automobile going 30 miles an hour while chasing speeders on the paved highway between Mason City and Clear Lake.

The chief declares that the glaring headlights of an approaching automobile led him to believe the car which he had commandeered to give chase to the violators of the speed law has come to a stop and he stepped off the running board backwards.

He was thrown to the cement pavement with great force, receiving a seevre gash on the back of his head and very painful injuries to his back and side. Members of his party picked Mr. Waller up and rushed him to his home where he was cared for by Dr. A. B. Phillips and later Dr. Tom McMahon, a son-in-law of Garner.

His recovery has been rapid and it is expected that he will be able to again resume his duties within the near future. In the meantime Roy Wooldridge is acting chief.—Clear Lake Mirror.

CROPS ARE FINE

The hum of the thresher is still to be heard but much of the grain has been threshed as the weather has been ideal. Oats are good quality and the average is from 40 to 45 bushels. The corn crop looks excellent and with the right kind of weather conditions we believe will be a bumper. The sugar beets are looking good in fields where the weeds did not get the best of the workers and this crop will no doubt pay out well owing to the high prices prevailing on sugar. As a whole crops are fine this year. —Kanawha Reporter

Wheat recently took a drop of 75 cents per bushel in fifteen days. This was going down some. Sugar and print paper have not gone down a cent. The trusts are more than holding their own and the government does not think of interfering. Our officials are too busy looking after the interests of the Armenians and the countries that have escaped from oppression from the central powers to give serious attention to purely domestic affairs.—Emmetsburg Democrat.

BIRTHDAY BREAKFAST

Miss Ruth Ramsay was ten years o'd last Wednesday and celebrated the event by entertaining some nine or ten of her girl friends at a nine o'clock breakfast at the Ramsay home. After the serving of the cantaloup, waffles, cocoa and ice cream and cake the young misses spent the rest of the morning in playing games dear to the heart of girls. Belmond Herald-Press.

The man who advertises is the one who believes in modern business methods, who thinks there is "news" in his store for you, who buys to advantage to you; who knows that the more he can sell the less margin he can sell on; who wants his business to grow, to be of more service to you and your family; who wants your business, merits your confidence and protects your interests. And don't forget the man who advertises is the man who is working for a better town and who pays taxes that go toward a better town.—Buffalo Center Tribune.

READ METERS BY MATCH LI[illegible]

The Commonwealth meter man was here a few mornings ago reading meters. The gentleman struck the town when the juice was not working the best—and if we don't forget, that morning it wasn't on—making matches a necessity for the reading of the meters. The Topic is keeping a record of the dates when the juice is switched off, so that a report can be made to the company at the end of the month.—Titonka Topic

RECORD OATS YIELD ON CHESTER PLACE

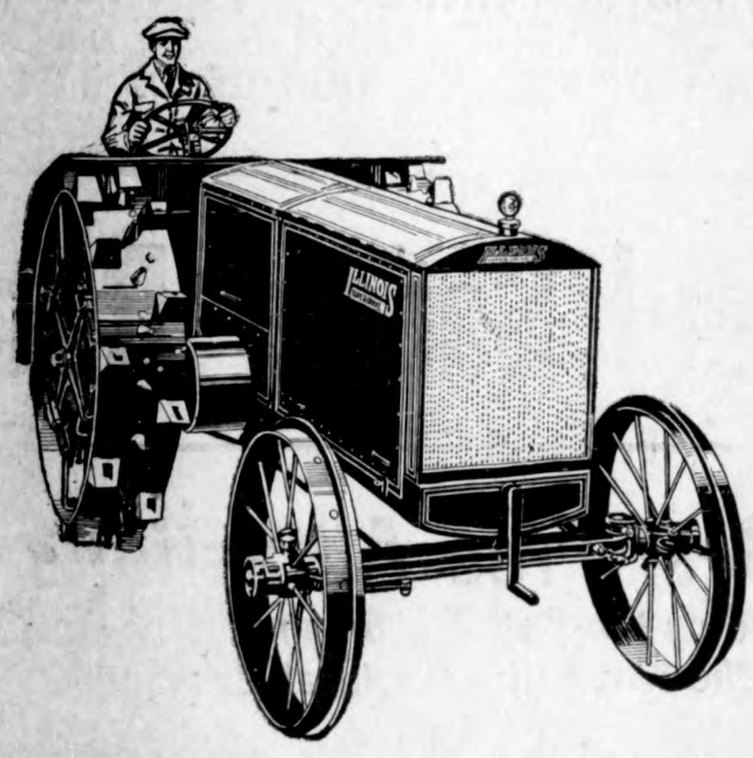
Oots on Chester Place, Senator P. C. Holdoegel's farm south of Rockwell City, averaged 80.4 bushels to the acre. This is the largest average yield yet reported in this vicinity.

A few acres of Iowar oats, the new strain developed by the Iowa State college experts, averaged 87 bushels to the acre on Chester Place. Senator Holdoegel states that he is holding all the Iowar oats for seed and will plant all Iowar oats next year. After next year's yield he expects to have Iowar oats to sell to Calhoun county farmers who want this brand of oats.—Rockwell City Advocate.

A new principle is now used in connection with spinal adjustments for the cure of chronic ailments. Many conditions that were formerly very difficult and unsatisfactory to handle are now, with this combned method, cared for to the complete satisfaction of the patient. The difficult conditions for which the new principle is especially recommended are high blood pressure, kidney trouble (Bright's disease), diabetes, bowel trouble, constipation, auto-intoxication, indigestion, billiousness, severe nervous symptoms, rheumatism, neuritis, and some other troubles not necessary to mention here.—adv. tf.

ILLINOIS SUPER DRIVE

The Master 3-4 Plow Farm Tractor of America



A tractor five years ahead of it's time!

THE LOWEST COST TRACTOR

When you figure your tractor investment you must consider first cost, operating cost, maintenance and repairs, and the unmber of years of use you can obtain from the tractor you buy.

Figured from the standpoint of low operating, maintenance and repair cost, and years of dependable, uninterrupted service, the ILLINOIS SUPER-DRIVE is the lowest priced tractor in the world.

It has a dependable, high-powered heary duty kerosene burning engine which will give you great reserve power for unusually hard pulling and for running threshers up to 28 inches.

Its unit construction gives lightness of weight, combined with extreme rigidity, which insures freedom from twisting of frame and prevents undue strain on gears and misalignment of bearings.

The transmission is entirely enclosed, preventing destruction caused by dust, dirt and grit. Gears are case hardened steel and run on Hyatt heavy duty roller bearings—in a bath of oil.

The Illinois Planetary Spur Gear Final Drive is a "Master Stroke of Genius." This principle delieves excessive tooth pressure on the final gears, prevents stripping of gear teeth, and insures perfect lubrication. This final drive combined with the high efficiency of the transmisson is the means of delivering 20 per cent more engine power to the draw bar than any other driving principle in tractor use. The drive wheels sustain 75 per cent of the tractor weight and are equipped with sixteen powerful cushion springs, which together with the powerful spring on the drawbar absorb the shocks to tractor mechanism and operator. The ILLINOIS is easy to operate and to maintain. Its construction is simple, and all mechanism is easily accessible. It has a short turning radius.

Here is the tractor you should use for your farm work—it will be the means of getting larger, better crops, and will be the wisest investment you could possibly make. The ILLINOIS SUPER-DRIVE TRACTOR is fully guaranteed. Let us show you—without cost or obligation what an ILLINOIS SUPER-DRIVE TRACTOR will do for you.

Ran 2800 miles--Still Like New

Amarillo, Texas, December 6, 1919
Illinois Tractor Co.,
Bloomington, Ill.

Dear Sirs:

Since August, 1919, with my ILLINOIS Tractor I have prepared 1,460 acres of land for sowing, using 10-foot Oliver Tandem Disc Harrows, going over the land one way, then later, after vegetation had started to grow, cross discing to destroy weeds and wheat, making it equal to 2,000 acres disced once. The harrows were handled at all times on high gear at a speed of 34.10 miles per hour. The cost of fuel in discing was never more than 18c per acre. As nearly as I can figure it, these tractors have been driven up to date 5,600 miles or 2,800 miles each.

After preparing my land with Disc Harrows, I sowed with 10-foot Drills and found no difficulty in pulling two 10-foot Drills with each tractor on high gear. The cost of drilling wheat runs about 10c per acre.

After driving these tractors 2,800 miles each, after careful examination, I find the gears as good as the day they were started.

This condition is due, in my opinion, to the good material used and to the further fact that every workng part is thoroughly protected from dust and dirt and receives perfect lubrication.

After testing these tractors thoroughly for my use I can heartily recommend them to any one needing better and cheaper power for farm work.

Yours truly,
(Signed) L. P. PARKS,
307 W. 7th Street

Have tractors on hand for immediate delivery. Will give Free Demonstration anytime right in field at actual work.

B. F. GREIMAN

Garner, Route 4

Klemme, Phone 817

How can we make your fall clothes as inexpensive as possible?

THAT'S our problem; we're here to serve you in clothes; we want to do it better than anyone else. If we can get the best clothes for wear and style--no one can beat that. We have them in

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

If we sell them on close margins, we're giving more value. We're doing it and we're here to prove it.

The new styles for young men

Plain simple styles are correct for yon. We have any number of smart models from Hart Schaffner & Marx. It takes designing art like theirs to make plain clothes hat don't look that way.

Business suits that save money

Meu who used to think they had to go to tailors are coming to us. In our Hart Schaffner & Marx suits they get the quality and tailoring they paid 50 to 100 per cent more for. They get fitted perfectly. Sizes for every figure.

Note--Dr. Scholl's foot specialist here August 31 and September 1. Those who have foot trouble--See him.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES *GARNER, IOWA*

THE LAST CALL FOR THE BIG

HANCOCK COUNTY FAIR

Which Will Be Held At

Britt, Iowa, August 31, September 1-2-3

DAY and NIGHT

The biggest and best Live Stock, Agricultural and Poultry exhibits ever held in Britt, also the largest display of modern Machinery and Household utilities. The new buildings will be filled to their capacity. Something to look at every moment of the day.

Splendid Harness Horse and Saddle Races

Wonderful Display Fireworks

Displayed by Martins Fireworks Company of Fort Dodge, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday Evenings

Best Free Attractions

Ever Staged on the Britt Fair Grounds to be Furnished by the Sioux City Theatrical Exchange

Wednesday Morning 10:00 O'clock
Plowing Demonstration will be held and nearly every Tractor that you can think of will take part.

Wednesday Afternoon
Ball Game between Britt and Wesley.

Thursday Afternoon
Ball Game between Kanawha and Garner.

Friday Afternoon
Big Stock Parade.
Ball Game between Winners of Other Two Days.

Music Will be Furnished
Wednesday afternoon and evening by Corwith Band.
Thursday afternoon and evening by Britt Band.
Friday afternoon and evening by Garner Band.

Entertainment
Of All Kinds for Everybody Afternoon and Evening.

Largest List of Attractions Ever Presented.

Four Grand Gala Days.

Dancing Afternoon and Evening in the Big Dance Pavilion

Come and bring the children with you. Comfortable rest rooms have been provided in the new Floral Hall for ladies. A nursery has been provided on the grounds where small children may be left by their parents and entertained by competent persons. Let us as citizens of Hancock County strive to make this a real county fair of which we may all be proud. Let us meet you face to face at the Big Hancock County Fair.

Season Tickets are on Sale at the First National Bank of Britt, and the Commercial State Bank. Price $4 Admitting Man and Wife and All Children Under Twelve Years, Every Day and Night of the Fair.

THE KLEMME TIMES

wenty-fourth Year Number 52 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, September 2 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENTS OF BENEFITS.

matter of Joint Drainage District No. 1-86-31 of Cerro Gordo, Hancock and lin Counties, Iowa.

	DESC.	SECTION	ASSMT.
g Bloom	NE¼NW¼	1-94-23	791.11
Bloom	NW¼ NW¼	1-94-23	543.62
Bloom	SE¼NW¼	1-94-23	586.39
Bloom	SW¼NW¼	1-94-23	840.57
Bloom	NE¼SW¼	1-94-23	386.79
Bloom	NW¼SW¼	1-94-23	304.42
Bloom	SE¼NE¼	35-95-23	333.13
Bloom	SW¼NE¼	35-95-23	126.97
Bloom	SE¼SE¼	35-95-23	501.14
Bloom	NE¼SE¼	35-95-23	1137.15
Bier	NE¼NE¼	35-94-23	66.03
d Bier	NE¼SE¼	36-94-23	1745.79
d Bier	NW¼SE¼	36-94-23	24.78
d Bier	SE¼SE¼	36-94-23	390.24
oelman	SW¼SE¼	25-94-23	1024.03
oelman	NW¼SE¼	25-94-23	1153.38
oelman	SW¼NE¼	25-94-23	214.62
Buss	NW¼NE¼	2-94-23	562.93
Buss	NE¼NE¼	2-94-23	949.95
Buss	NE¼NW¼	2-94-23	182.57
Buss	SW¼SE¼	35-95-23	101.56
as F. Carroll	NW¼SE¼	35-95-23	722.46
Fuller	SE¼NE¼	2-94-23	929.69
Fuller	SW¼NE¼	2-94-23	857.67
Fuller	SE¼NW¼	2-94-23	75.02
ob A. Goll	SW¼NE¼	1-94-23	776.39
ob A. Goll	NW¼NE¼	1-94-23	395.25
ob A. Goll	NE¼NE¼	1-94-23	2304.17
ob A. Goll	SE¼NE¼	1-94-23	2186.83
ob A. Goll	NE¼SE¼	1-94-23	1990.03
ob A. Goll	NW¼SE¼	1-94-23	534.12
ob A. Goll	SW¼SE¼	1-94-23	1027.15
ob A. Goll	SE¼SE¼	1-94-23	1793.85
st Henze	SW¼SE¼	36-95-23	1266.56
st Henze	NW¼SE¼	36-95-23	849.50
st Henze	NE¼SE¼	36-95-23	1746.57
st Henze	SE¼SE¼	36-95-23	3041.39
Koehler	NE¼NE¼	26-94-23	132.84
y Kuppinger	NE¼SE¼	26-94-23	345.00
y Kuppinger	SE¼SE¼	26-94-23	389.03
an Lauren	SE¼SW¼	24-94-23	57.22
linand A. Lemke	SE¼SE¼	25-94-23	714.00
linand A. Lemke	NW¼SE¼	36-94-23	111.67
linand A. Lemke	NE¼NE¼	36-94-23	959.18
linand A. Lemke	SW¼NE¼	36-94-23	346.86
linand A. Lemke	SE¼NE¼	36-94-23	823.85
. Lemke	NE¼SE¼	25-94-23	1180.03
Manz	NE¼SW¼	25-94-23	1622.80
Manz	NW¼SW¼	25-94-23	623.06
Manz	SW¼SW¼	24-94-23	321.83
ton Moberly Co.	SW¼SW¼	36-94-23	120.64
y S. Moberly	SE¼SW¼	36-95-23	697.56
n Neuberger	NE¼NE¼	36-95-23	92.44
n Neuberger	SE¼NE¼	36-95-23	551.78
Nissen	SE¼NE¼	24-94-23	194.53
Nissen	N½NE¼SW¼	24-94-23	338.56
Nissen	N½NW¼SE¼	24-94-23	95.57
H. Ostendorf	SE¼SE¼	23-94-23	78.46
H. Townsend	NW¼SE¼	12-94-23	659.79
H. Townsend	NW¼NE¼	12-94-23	355.27
Wheeler	NE¼SE¼	12-94-23	942.55
Wheeler	NE¼NE¼	12-94-23	1128.15
H. Williams	SW¼NE¼	12-94-23	235.64
H. Williams	SE¼NE¼	12-94-23	1160.67
S. White	SE¼SW¼	25-94-23	838.65
S. White	SW¼SW¼	25-94-23	1683.89
S. White	NE¼NW¼	36-94-23	177.53
S. White	NW¼NW¼	36-94-23	1244.74
S. White	SW¼NW¼	36-94-23	103.69
nzo Elwood	NE¼NW¼	25-94-23	872.14
nzo Elwood	SE¼NW¼	25-94-23	550.88
nzo Elwood	SW¼NW¼	25-94-23	548.22
nzo Elwood	NW¼NW¼	25-94-23	754.39
nzo Elwood	NW¼NE¼	25-94-23	370.36
nzo Elwood	NE¼NE¼	25-94-23	652.78
nzo Elwood	SE¼NE¼	25-94-23	1425.45
nes Haysman	NE¼SE¼	2-94-23	650.42
gust Prelipp	S½NE¼SE¼	24-94-23	71.32
gust Prelipp	SE¼SE¼	24-94-23	158.50
gust Prelipp	SW¼SE¼	24-94-23	581.69
gust Prelipp	S½NW¼SE¼	24-94-23	181.99
ary Thieman	SW¼NW¼	36-95-23	343.99
ary Thieman	NE¼SW¼	36-95-23	1426.53
ary Thieman	NW¼SW¼	36-95-23	1127.95
ncock County, Iowa	East and west road between E½ Sections 26 and 35-94-23		191.00
Township, Hancock County, Iowa	East and west road between Sections 25 and 36-94-23		1086.00
	North and south road between Sections 35 and 36-95-23		
ery Township, Hancock County, Iowa	North and south road between Section 25 and 26-94-23		292.60
	East and west road between E½ Section 23 and 26-94-23		29.63
	East and west road between Sections 24 and 25-94-23		360.00
	North and south road between Section 1 and 2-94-23		209.70
	East and west road between E½ Sections 1 and 12-94-23		149.70
Ell Township, Hancock County, Iowa	North and south road between Sectons 31-95-23 and 36-95-23		49.50
	East and west road between E½ Sections 35-95-23 and 2-94-23		84.00
	East and west road between Section 36-95-23 and 1-94-23		215.50
Avery Township, Hancock County, Iowa	East and west road between Sections 35-95-23 and 2-94-23		84.00
	East and west road between Sections 36-95-23 and 1-94-23		215.50
	North and south road between Sections 31-94-22 and 36-94-23		321.50
	North and south road between Sections 30-94-22 and 25-94-23		201.00
	East and west road between Sections 19-94-22 and 24-94-23		90.00
	North and south road between N½ Sections 7-94-22 and 12-94-23		61.00
	North and south road between Sections 6-94-22 and 1-94-23		472.00

H. V. Reed,
John H. Darrah,
Eugene Hills, Commissoners.
H. D. Kurl, Engineer.

Owners of the above described lands, comprising Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Joint Drainage District 1-86-31 of Cerro Gordo, Hancock and Franklin Counties, Iowa, and to all actual occupants, and to all persons having or claiming any right, title, or interest in and to the above described lands.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the Commissioners appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock, Cer-ro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa, to inspect and classify the lands benefitted by the location of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Joint Drainage District No. 86-1-31 of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa, in tracts of forty acres or less, in a graduated scale of benefits, to be numbered according to the benefits to be received by the proposed improvement, and to make an equitable apportionment of the costs, cost of construction, expenses, fees, and damages as-sessed for the construction of said improvement, did on the 28th day of August, 1920, make their report to the Board of Supervisors of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa.

That the real estate owned or occupied by you and each of you, and situated within Joint Drainage District Nos. 86-1-31 of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa, a description of which is set opposite the name of the owner thereof in the foregoing schedule, has been classified by said commissioners, that the amount of special assessment apportioned to you and each of you by said commissioners is hereby set opposite the description of each tract of land on which assessment is made.

That said report will come up for hearing before the Boards of Supervisors of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa, on the 1st day of October A. D. 1920, at the Court House at Mason City, that all objections to said report must be made in writing and filed with the County Auditors of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa, prior to the day of hearing, all objections not filed prior to the day of hearing should be filed with the Boards of Supervisors at the place where the hearing is to be held.

Dated this 30th day of August, A. D., 1920.

(SEAL)

Chris Jacobs, County Auditor,
Hancock County, Iowa.
E. D. Haecker, County Auditor,
Franklin County, Iowa.
Paul Weigand, County Auditor,
Cerro Gordo County, Iowa.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENTS OF BENEFITS

Drainage District Number 103.

To A. D. White, William E. Smith, A . D. Gimer, Elmer Arnold, Amanda Tice, Township Trustees and L. W. Wesenberg Clerk of Avery Township, Hancock County, Iowa.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the commissioners appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County, Iowa, to view and classify the lands in Drainage District Number 103 and to apportion to the said lands and tracts, the total cost of said Drainage District have made and filed their report in the office of the County Auditor as required by law which report follows:

Owner	Description Sec. Twp.	Class	Amount
A. D. White	Pt. NE¼ NW¼ 5-94-23	21.6	$202.00
A. D. White	Pt. SE¼ NW¼ 5-94-23	30.7	287.00
William E. Smith	Pt. NW¼ NE¼ 5-94-23	53.0	495.00
William E. Smith	Pt. NE¼ NE¼ 5-94-23	8.0	75.00
A. D. Gimer	SW¼ NE¼ 5-94-23	100.0	93.00
A. D. Gimer	Pt. SE¼ NE¼ 5-94-23	4.7	4.00
Elmer Arnold	Pt. NW¼ SE¼ 5-94-23	18.8	176.00
Amanda Tice	Pt. NE¼ SW¼ 5-94-23	30.6	286.00
Highway in Section 5-94-23			600.00
			$3100.00

You are further notified that the 23rd day of Sept. 1920 has been fixed as the date for final hearing on said assessment and all objections hereto must be made in writing and filed with the County Auditor on or before noon of said date..

Witness my hand and official seal this 20th day of August A. D. 1920.

(SEAL)

Chris Jacobs,
County Auditor of Hancock County, Iowa.

CLEAR LAKE BEATS KLEMME SOX

Sunday the Clear Lake ball team came over to Klemme to play off the "rub" or to see who would be the victors two games out of the three, as Klemme beat Clear Lake one game and Clear Lake had beat Klemme one game. The game staged here Sunday was one of the fastest and hardest played games of the season and after the dust had cleared off the field Clear Lake came out viitorious with four to two. It was tough luck for he Klemme Sox to lose this game of course after their brilliant playing of late, however they played a good game and it was close all the way thru. This Sunday the Sox will go to Thornton to play the return game. Klemme beat Thornton a couple of weeks ago after a hard fought game lasting twelve innings. A good big crowd of Klemme boosters are wanted to go with the boys and help them beat Thornton's fast team the second time. Remember the game Sunday at Thornton, and be there with the Sox.

Harold Gruetzmacher returned on Sunday from his visit at Iowa Falls.

The big ball tournament is on at Garner next week. See the ad.

TEAM RUNS AWAY

Friday evening as they were about to finish up the day's work after threshing, a team belonging to Wm. Bell started to run away. They done considerable damage to a fence, breaking down four or five posts and tearing down the wire. The team made a few circuits about the field and then ran nto the yard where they were caught. The horses or the wagon were uninjured except for a slight scratch on one of the horses received in the barb wire fence which they were dragging.

SYLVAN JOHNSON AND HAZEL BUSS MARRIED

A simple, quiet home wedding took place last week on Thursday evening at eight 'clock, August the 26th, when Miss Hazel Buss was united in marriage to Mr. Sylvan Johnson at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Elko Buss, who reside in the country. Only the immediate families of the young couple witnessed the ceremony as read by Dr. A. E. Buriff, minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Klemme, of which both of the young people are members.

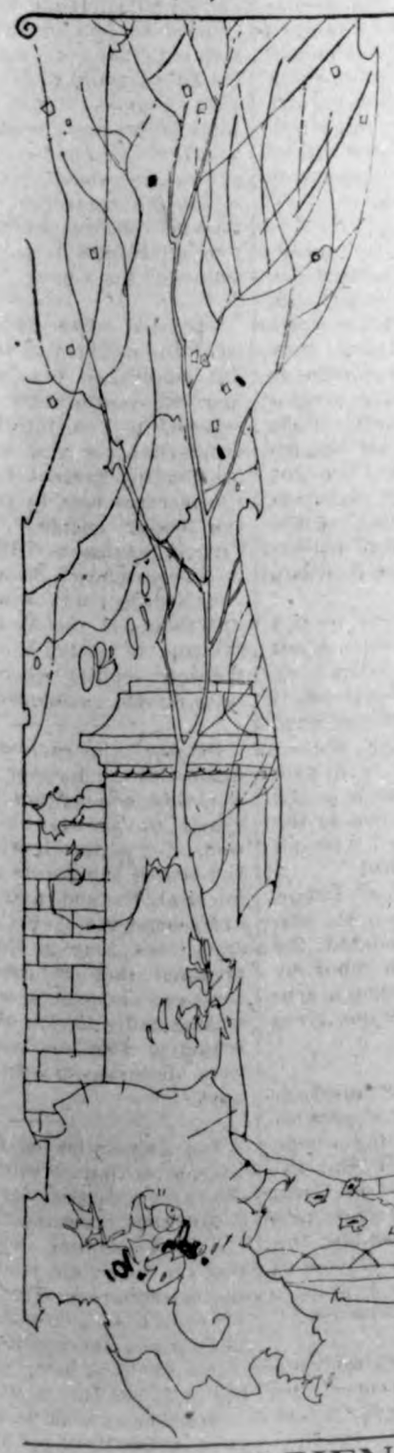
Both young people are well known in and around Klemme. The Bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elko Buss, one of the estimable families of the community. The Groom is a young man fo sterling qualities, and a son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Johnson, another of the fine families residing in the country.

The happy young couple have gone to housekeeping on the farm which Sylvan has rented from Mr. Gimer and has farmed this year.

Congratulations are extended and we wish the couple all happiness.

BUICK

AUTHORIZED Buick SERVICE
Emblem of Satisfaction



POWER, sturdiness and dependability have been qualities of Buick Valve-in-Head Motor Cars from the time that the name Buick first became linked with the automobile industry. Today, in equal measure as in the past, the Buick Motor Company is dedicated to a continuance of the policy that has caused the Buick car to occupy the position it holds in the public mind.

To all that the name Buick has meant in twenty years of automobile history, the new Nineteen Twenty One Buick brings that grace of movement, that refinement of every line and feature, that sheer beauty of design which inspire a pride of ownership in a fine motor car.

The new Buick line comprises seven models, one for every possible demand. Each has the famed Buick Valve-in-Head Motor, as rugged and powerful as ever, yet refined into a mechanism of unusual quietness.

The improved radiator, hood and cowl lines give a finished touch of trimness to the body, yet without any sacrifice of Buick individuality.

A more resilient spring suspension gives these new Buick models a riding comfort as delightful as their exterior appearance is pleasing.

Each of the seven models has its own value particularly adapted to a distinct class of service. All possess those inherent Buick qualities that assure the owner the uninterrupted use of his investment.

ANNOUNCING

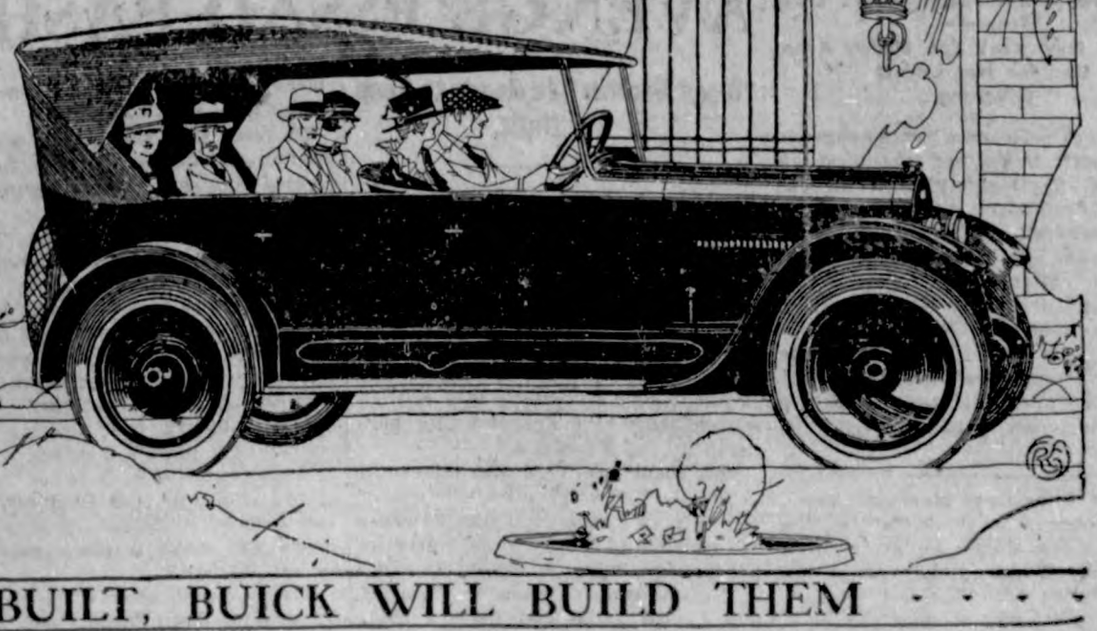
THE NEW NINETEEN TWENTY ONE BUICK SERIES

Three Passenger	Open	Model Twenty One	Forty Four
Five Passenger	Open	Model Twenty One	Forty Five
Four Passenger	Coupe	Model Twenty One	Forty Six
Five Passenger	Sedan	Model Twenty One	Forty Seven
Four Passenger	Coupe	Model Twenty One	Forty Eight
Seven Passenger	Open	Model Twenty One	Forty Nine
Seven Passenger	Sedan	Model Twenty One	Fifty

Ask us for Delivery Dates, Catalog and Prices, or write the Buick Motor Company, Flint, Mich.

C. W. Wiles

Klemme, Iowa



WHEN BETTER AUTOMOBILES ARE BUILT, BUICK WILL BUILD THEM

FIGHTING STORM HIGH UP IN AIR

Navigator in Plane Tells of Thrilling Experience During a Fierce Cyclone.

BREAKS WITHOUT WARNING

Hail and Rain Lash Machine Mercilessly, Making It Toss From One Side to the Other Like a Cork on Surface of Sea.

New York.—An observer in an airplane describing an experience in a storm thousands of feet above the earth writes:

"The sky was strewn with the remnants of a morning cirrus, as the climb was made carefully but swiftly on the wings of a warm wind. Eight thousand feet was reached with the merest effort. The salient features of the countryside could be picked out without glasses. The air had a milky tinge, but it was such as the eye could 'speak' through, and it gave no impression of the moisture with which it must have been heavy. It seemed warm and brilliant, and as the machine throbbed its way through it two warm slip streams flowed back over the wind screen.

"Some time must have elapsed before the pilot, in twisting the craft round to a new direction, caught a glimpse of a livid purple-gray bank of clouds which had crept up from the south. It had come quite unheralded by thunder, but although the sight was not attractive there seemed neither cause for alarm nor need for a premature descent. Even the growling rumble of thunder at a great distance, which came at last, failed to disconcert, and the airplane soared on with bracing wires singing and the engine in deep, full-throated roar.

"Then, without further warning, the storm broke in full fury. A mighty crash of thunder, which seemed to deafen and almost shake the machine out of the skies, was accompanied by a wild burst of hail and rain which lashed the machine mercilessly and made it toss from one side to the other like a cork on the surface of the sea. In a steaming cloak of rain and mist it was impossible for the eye to see the ground.

"Peal after peal of thunder followed in swift succession between vivid flashes of furious summer lightning. The heavens had opened to pour forth the accumulated passion of centuries. At nearly 7,000 feet up it would be suicidal to descend into the unknown and unseen. Which was safer—air or land? To the pilot, anxious almost beyond endurance, came the thought, common to every flying man, of fire in the air, and as if to confirm this horror a flash in a moment illuminated the whole machine as though it were caught in the probing beam of a searchlight at night. The sky was rent from vault to horizon by a vivid streak of electric fire. The indicating fingers on the navigation instruments oscillated wildly.

Like Wounded Bird.

"It seemed the last moment; but it passed, and still the machine was airworthy. The hail still tore fiercely at the fabric of the planes; the machine was becoming more and more unstable; but it still hummed on. Down below a cloud of vapor made it impossible to see the earth or to sight a stretch of ground whereon to land. The thunder broke with unabated fury at regular intervals, and at each onslaught the machine quivered like a wounded bird.

"If the pilot continued to fly on it could only be a matter of moments before all control of the craft would be wrenched from his hands. It was equally hazardous to plunge down into the sea of mist in total ignorance of the lie of the land beneath. But to the latter course only could a shred of hope cling. The engine therefore was suddenly shut off and the nose of the machine dropped.

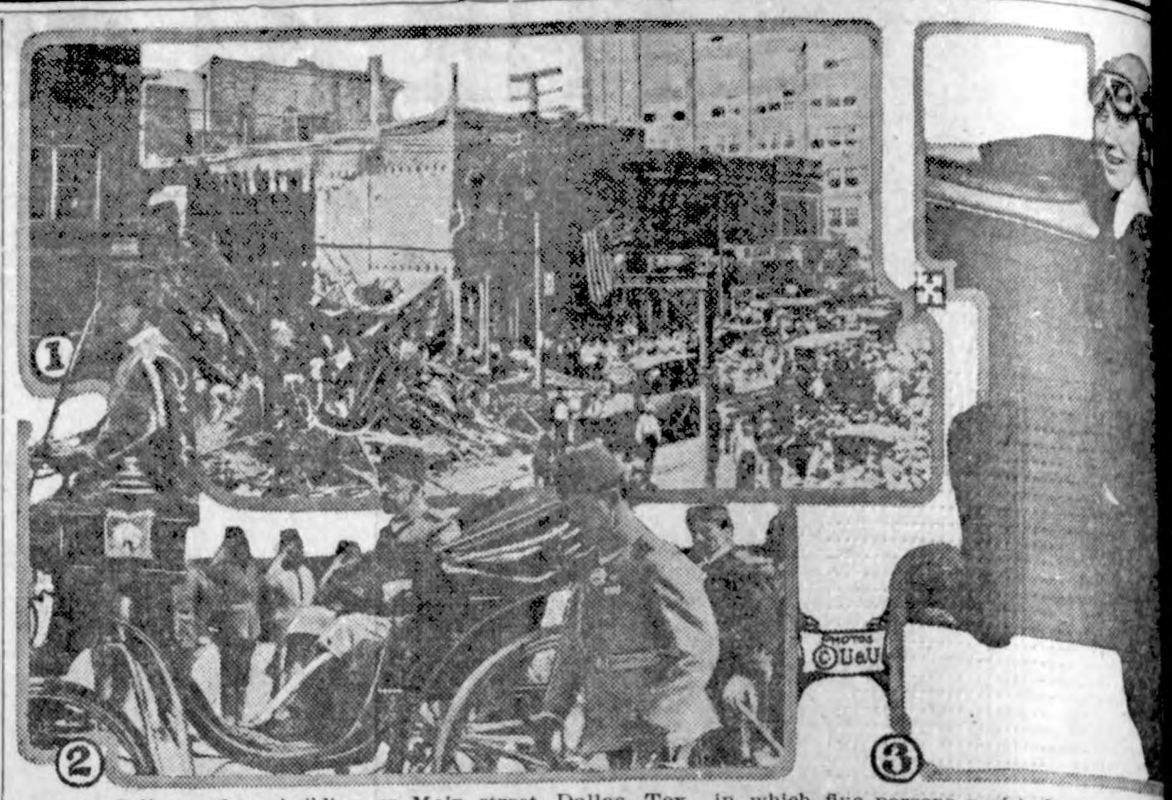
"By the altimeter, watched feverishly, the descent of a few thousand feet seemed to take many minutes. In the thick of a swirling mist a sudden and violent contact with the earth was momentarily expected. But down—down; until at what seemed the critical second there came a sudden inrush of steady, grateful air from a region of smiling content and peacefulness, with the earth a thousand feet below. There was no sunshine, but there was also no storm. It had been a cyclone of the upper regions only."

Lightning Bolt Kills Chickens.

Pontiac, Mich.—When a bolt of lightning killed 40 chickens in the yard of Smith Ames of 104 Forest street it laid them all out nearly with their heads pointed in the same direction. Mr. Ames says he appreciates the orderliness of nature, but he wishes the bolt had picked the feathers off also.

Funeral of Gen. Gorgas in London

The coffin of Maj. Gen. William C. Gorgas, U. S. A., being carried into St. Paul's Cathedral, London, where impressive funeral services were held.



1—Collapse of two buildings on Main street, Dallas, Tex., in which five persons perished. 2—Recent photograph of sultan of Turkey on his way to the mosque of the Yildiz palace. 3—Laura Bromwell, who set world's record by making 87 loops with her airplane above Mineola field, Long Island.

Cattle Ranges Fast Disappear

For More Than Year Average Raiser Has Been Losing Money in Middle West.

HERDS ARE BEING DIMINISHED

Everywhere Feeders Are Quitting Operations in Discouragement—Land Over Which Cattle Roamed Being Turned Into Wheat.

Sioux Falls.—The cattle industry is admittedly in a bad way. For more than a year the average raiser has been losing money. The herds are being diminished. More beef is sent to market direct from the grass, corn being too costly for fattening at the present live stock quotations, which means more waste and less meat per head.

More land over which the cattle roamed is being turned into wheat, and this also adds to the depopulation of America's herds. But in the butcher shops of the hamlets and villages, the smaller cities and the great centers, the consumer finds Old Doc High Cost has as strong a clutch as ever. Out here in regions where the raw material is raised the traveler finds the price of beefsteak and pork chops over the counter is as much a problem for the family budget as it is in the big cities.

Cattle Question Important.

Some gloomy prophets say if the reduction of the herds continues at the present rate steak may jump to 90 cents or $1 a pound within a year. They may prove wrong or they may prove right, but in any event the cattle question is one of deep concern. At every stop that has been made in six states, the farmers have talked with emphasis.

Everywhere evidence was presented that feeders are quitting operations in sheer discouragement.

During the last year after buying cattle from the grass, then feeding them corn at $1.50 to $1.80 and upward a bushel, they have sent their stock to market, only to receive for the finished product far less than it cost them.

In Nebraska the state authorities say hundreds of men are sending cattle to market direct from pasture because feeders will not buy.

In Kansas one-fourth of the pastures this year are without herds, so the state live stock association at Topeka reported a few days ago.

They are marketing them light these days at 2 or 3 years old. The association's experts say that last year the average market weight of steers at Kansas City slumped 100 pounds, meaning a greater percentage of waste and a smaller proportion of beef.

Everywhere on the trip stories of losses have been retailed to the tourists. At first they appeared to be highly exaggerated, but after hearing the same type of complaint for 1,200 miles, one takes a different view. Here are a few random instances:

Farmer Reports Loss.

At Monmouth a 1,000 acre farmer said he had a prime herd on which his loss amounts to more than $100 per head.

At Chillicothe, Mo., three farmers said their losses during the year ran between $100 and $125 a head and that some raisers had fared even worse. At Topeka a state official in all seriousness reported one case where a raiser had sold a bunch on which his loss had run to $185 per head.

At Fremont, Neb., a former congressman, in close touch with farmers, said losses of $150 to $180 per head had not been at all uncommon during the last year.

One comment is heard in every village. The only difference is in the words, but the tune runs like this:

"I bought a bit of meat and the butcher charged me 60 cents a pound. I asked him what my cattle would bring and he said about 9 to 10 cents. They dress one-half, which would make meat on the hoof worth 20 cents. Where does the other 40 cents go?"—Arthur M. Evans in Chicago Tribune.

Shoe Heels Solid Gold, Corset Bones Costly

Geneva.—A young woman arrested near Geneva while trying suspiciously to steal across the frontier into France was found after shrewd search to have corset "bones" of gold and platinum covered with cloth, and shoe heels of solid gold under white varnish. She was trying to smuggle bullion into France.

Women Best on Guard Duty.

Warsaw.—Women make the best soldiers for guard duty at barracks and food supply depots, according to the Polish war ministry. An appeal for women volunteers asserts that women are especially noted for their trustworthiness and honesty.

Poland's Volunteer Legion of Women for the army already has more than 600 members, and nearly 2,000 applications waiting to be passed on.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Soviet Russians Put to Rout by Poles Following Strategy of Foch and Weygand.

WARSAW APPARENTLY SAVED

Baron Wrangel Scores More Victories Over the Reds—Tennessee Legislature Gives Final Touch to Suffrage Ratification—Miners and Operators Can't Agree.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Once more French military genius has triumphed over that of the Germans. Following the strategy of Marshal Foch and General Weygand, the Poles last week put to rout the invading Russians who, if reports are to be credited, are directed in their movements by former officers of the German army.

At this writing the final outcome of the struggle cannot safely be predicted, for the battle is still in progress, but all dispatches indicate that Warsaw has been saved and that the Danzig corridor has been cleared of the reds. Rejecting the first suggestion of Foch and Weygand, that they give up their capital and meet the Russians behind the Vistula, the Poles adopted the alternative plan of their French advisers. This was that all advanced units should be called back and heavy forces concentrated on a short defensive line before Warsaw; that the enemy should be permitted to advance in open order and to "infiltrate," and that the Poles should then launch counter-attacks with all their forces and with the aid of tanks. At this time the most advanced of the reds were within a few miles of Warsaw. Within four days the Russians were reported as fleeing in disorder along the front between the Vistula and Bug rivers, as retiring hastily from the Danzig corridor and as being pushed back rapidly in the southern sector.

The Polish left wing, led by French Generals Henry and Billotte in person, drove the Russians out of the fork between the Bug and Narew rivers, which is considered the key to the defenses of Warsaw, and a part of this Polish force moved swiftly northward toward Mlawa, threatening to cut off the reds who had advanced far on the roads to Thorn and Plock, and regaining control of the direct rail route between Warsaw and Danzig. Airplanes, tanks, armored trains and artillery were used by the Poles most effectively and thousands of prisoners and great quantities of supplies were captured.

General Pilsudski, chief of the Polish state, led the troops operating east and south of Warsaw, and this movement was considered of the greatest importance because its complete success would result in the cutting of the lines of communication of the bolsheviki. This force was strengthened by the shortening of the front in Galicia, where the Poles continued retreating for the purpose of releasing many units for the battle to the north. By Friday Pilsudski was in possession of Lukow, 41 miles southeast of Warsaw, and was going strong.

The two movements of the Poles concentrated a pincers operation which promised to force the Russians altogether out of Poland. The latter, flushed with their successes, seem to have forgotten the basic principles of modern warfare and rushed ahead without regard to their communications and supports, as though against a foe that was already utterly beaten. Large bodies got entirely out of touch with the main forces and were easily cut off and captured after they had been allowed to filter through the Polish lines.

One thing that greatly annoyed both Poland and France was the action of Sir Reginald Tower, allied high commissioner at Danzig, in forbidding further debarkation at that port of French munitions for Poland. Several French ships were anchored outside the port with war supplies for the Poles, but Tower said he had not sufficient allied troops to preserve order if more munitions were unloaded there. The French government formally protested against his ruling.

In south Russia General Wrangel continued his gains against the soviet army, and in Moscow Leon Trotzky issued a call for volunteers for service on the southern front. He denounced France for recognizing and aiding Wrangel and accused England of also giving help, directly and indirectly. The anti-bolshevik leader is said to have the support of the entire population in the south, for he is giving the land to the peasants, and he has been joined by many Cossacks. Though Lloyd George asserts that Great Britain has not helped and will not help Wrangel, the recognition of the general by France has not yet brought about the breach between the two countries that was predicted by alarmist correspondents and hopeful Germans.

Armistice negotiations between the Poles and the Russians opened in Minsk, and the latter set forth the terms they were willing to grant. It may well be that these will be modified by the military operations of the week. According to Wigdor Kopp, who is in Berlin for the soviet government, the latter in its dealings with Poland and the allies will insist on direct communication with the Baltic, probably by way of Bialystok, and will demand that Poland give Russia the right to transport goods direct to and from Germany. He says the bolsheviki are determined to restore economic relations with Germany. In this he has the support of Felix Deutsch, head of the great electrical manufacturing company of Germany, who asserts that Russia's immense supplies of raw material must be brought to the world's markets, that Russia must be developed immediately, and that Germany is best equipped for that work. Deutsch ridicules the danger of the spread of bolshevism outside of Russia, which does not accord with the official German view, often expressed when Berlin urges that the allies permit the organization of a stronger German army.

So far, the only "available means" that the United States government has found of aiding Poland is the dispatch of a cruiser and two destroyers from Cherbourg to Danzig. Officially, they were sent to protect American citizens and their interests. A large delegation of Americans of Polish origin called on Secretary of State Colby, after carrying an appeal to President Wilson. Mr. Colby did not overlook the opportunity to tell them that the government's hands were tied, mainly by the refusal of the senate to ratify the peace treaty.

The threat of British labor to call a general strike as a demonstration against a war on Russia stirred up such protests that the labor council has announced it never had any such intention. Lloyd George told the laborites that "any attempt to dictate the policy of parliament strikes at the root of democratic constitution in the country and will be resisted with all the power of the government."

The Chicago Federation of Labor, long under the control of radicals who are tinged with pink, imitated the supposed action of British labor by adopting resolutions demanding a general strike if the United States gives military aid to the Poles.

Rioting in Ireland was resumed on a large scale and a number of persons were killed in fights with the troops and constabulary close to Dublin castle. McSweeney, lord mayor of Cork, was convicted of sedition and deported to England. Hope of settling the Irish question of the basis of dominion rule is increasing, but a large part of Ulster has yet to be convinced.

The big news of the week at home was the final enfranchisement of the women of America through the action of the Tennessee legislature, the necessary thirty-sixth state to ratify the suffrage amendment to the Constitution. The senate had ratified previously, but it was a narrow squeak in the lower house. The vote was 50 to 46, the speaker, leader of the anti-suffrage forces, changing his vote to the affirmative in order to move for reconsideration.

But the women must still fight projected litigation by the opponents of suffrage, designed to attack the legality of the Tennessee ratification. In the state constitution there is a clause which says:

"No convention or general assembly of this state shall act upon any amendment of the constitution of the United States proposed by congress to the several states unless such convention or general assembly shall have been elected after such amendment was submitted."

The present legislature was elected in November, 1918, and the suffrage amendment was not submitted to the state until months afterwards. The Supreme court's decision in the attempt last spring to overturn the legislature's action on the dry amendment is taken as an indication that the action of the Tennessee legislature will stand.

Leaders of both the Republican and Democratic parties claimed to have the suffrage victory an advantage for their respective tickets in the presidential campaign. The women have been conducting the fight that both Senator Harding and Governor Cox for their help. Secretary of State Colby was prepared to promulgate the amendment as soon as the action of the Tennessee assembly was confirmed.

The North Carolina house of representatives defeated the ratification of the suffrage amendment by a vote of 71 to 41.

The wages of soft coal miners in the central competitive field again were put up to President Wilson. The large-scale conference of operators and miners at Cleveland spent five days in fruitless discussion and then sent word to the president that the conference, which was called by him, was unable to adjust inequalities in pay. The operators wanted to refer Mr. Wilson to appoint a board of inquiry and adjustment, but the miners refused to join in the request. The miners ask that the wages of day workers be advanced $1.50 a day. The editor Ellis Searles, editor of the United Mine Workers' Journal, said that there was little or no danger that the wage agreement would result in another strike, the operators were not so pessimistic. It was believed the operators of Illinois might grant the demands of the miners.

The post office department has at least discovered that foreign exchange has depreciated in value in late years and the postmasters have been instructed to sell international money orders under a new scale closely approximating present exchange values. Under rates now in effect an American dollar equals 10.30 francs in France, Belgium and Italy; 5.15 francs in Switzerland; 5 krona in Denmark and Norway; 4.17 krona in Sweden; 2.63 florins in the Netherlands, and 20 shillings in England. Switzerland is the only country where the exchange rates remain unchanged.

Despite injuries and complaints of favoritism and poor training, the American competitors in the Olympic games at Antwerp are doing quite well. Up to the time of writing they had scored 118 points and their nearest rival, Finland, had only 49 points. Correspondents aver that every other nation has gone to the games better prepared than is America, and that American managers are accused of making bad selection of entries and of letting in Pacific coast athletes who were failures in their preliminary work.

The Association of Railway Executives, reporting on the applications of the various carriers for loans from the $300,000,000 revolving fund created by the transportation act, recommends that the interstate commerce commission distribute nearly $200,000,000 to the railroads. Under the recommendations, loans for additions and betterments would be increased from $7,053 to $8,217,945; those for additional cars and equipment would be increased from $35,050,289 to $78,349,389, and those for freight and switching locomotives from $28,868,629 to $52,839,323. A total of $52,839,043 was recommended for loans for building 10,000 new box cars and loans to meet maturing obligations would total $28,800,000.

LIONESS CARESSES 41ST CUB

Helen of New York Zoo Shows Affection for Her Latest Offspring.

New York.—Helen, a lioness caged in Central park, licked her forty-first offspring as affectionately as if the cub were her first born.

Her keepers explained this unending maternal affection by saying that her other children, save two, which died in infancy, have all been sent away to populate other zoos.

Ackbar, the father, roared fiercely when the youngster was born, but later looked upon the event as simply representing one more lion in the world.

Fought at Altar Over Marriage Vows.

Manitowoc, Wis. — Declaring the marriage vows should be pronounced in German, Martin Basil caused an instant protest from Eleanor Klaiber, his bride-to-be, who wished the ceremony to be in English. An argument ensued until the priest complied with the bridegroom's wishes.

AVENGE ESSAD PASHA

"Blood Brother" Is Ready to Keep His Oath.

Gambling Incident With Slain Albanian Cemented Friendship Long Ago.

Paris.—Vengeance for the assassination of Essad Pasha, head of the Albanian delegation here, is being quietly awaited by a "blood brother" of the Balkan leader, according to a circumstantial story by a French writer, published by the Excelsior.

This man, now rich and influential in France, the story goes, was one of several poor young men who 30 years ago met Essad Pasha, then known as the "Black Dagger of Abdul Hamid," in Constantinople, when he crowded into a card game and insisted upon playing with them. Fearing Essad Pasha, they protested they were too poor to play with him, but he insisted, emphasizing it by placing his revolver on the table as a threat.

To meet this, the "blood brother" put down his dagger, poisoned, he said. Essad Pasha showed his surprise, then his pleasure.

"Young man," he exclaimed, "this is the first time anyone has dared defy me. Men like you are rare."

Essad Pasha took his own dagger, opened a vein in his wrist and also in that of the young man, each sucked a few drops of blod from the other and they became "blood brothers," according to Albanian customs, sworn to avenge each other's deaths.

"I am ready," this, "brother" now is quoted as saying, "to keep my oath, but I have confidence that French courts will make it unnecessary for me to interfere."

Rustem Aveni, arrested on the spot for shooting down Essad Pasha as the latter was entering his automobile in the downtown district recently, is awaiting trial.

POULTRY FLOCKS

RODUCTS FROM FOWLS

age Farm Poultry Furnish t 10 Per Cent of Meat for Family Use.

e proportion of the poultry of this country are produced l farms. Nearly every farm poultry flock. The average farmer reserves about three gs a week for family use and fowls are consumed by the uring the year. These food can be secured absolutely hich considerably enhances e of this contribution from the ys the United States depart- agriculture. Of the meat fur- the farm to the operator and lly, poultry constitutes about ent.

ll flock of poultry can be kept arm at little cost. The fowls ttered grain about the farm- d on the adjoining grain fields harvest. Garden refuse and waste are usually available n. They also feed on insects rms. In many cases the farm- e and children find pleasure in or the flock.

OR SELL ALL ROOSTERS

ird Does Not Aid in Produo of Eggs and Should Be Dis- posed Of in Summer.

ers lose many millions of dol- nnually from bad methods of ng and handling eggs. Much loss is preventable, because it to the partial hatching of fer- gs, which have been allowed me warm enough to begin to e.

can help save the loss due to rings by keeping the male bird your flock after the hatching is over.

rooster does not help the hens He merely fertilizes the germ egg. The fertile germ in hot r quickly becomes a blood ring, spoils the egg for food and . Summer heat has the same

Not Running With Rooster Pro- e Best Eggs for Market and servation.

on fertile eggs as the hen or ator.

er the hatching season is over, sell, or pen your rooster. Your not running with a male bird will ce infertile eggs—quality eggs keep best and market best.— d States Department of Agricul-

AN CONDITION OF FLOCK

ds Under Roosts Make It Easy Remove Droppings Daily— Little Sand Helps.

keep the flock in a clean and ary condition dropping boards d be provided and roosts above This makes it easy to remove roppings each morning and helps ly to keep the house free from ionable odors. A little sand kled on the dropping boards af- ach cleaning will make the clean- easier.

EMADE HOPPER IS HANDY

of Stovepipe and Wooden Box Make Convenient Device for Feeding Dry Mash.

easy way to make a hopper for ng dry mash to poultry is with a of stovepipe and a wooden box, x4 inches. Set the box on the and hang the stovepipe from the so that it is about ½ inch from bottom of the box. Fill the pipe the dry mash. It will feed down the box as the chickens eat it

POULTRY NOTES

ther the eggs twice daily.

* * *

arket the eggs at least twice a k.

* * *

eep the eggs in a cool, dry room cellar.

* * *

s food there is nothing better to ply protein and mineral matter than s.

* * *

rees with good-sized tops and out the open so that air may circulate ly about them, are a tired hen's of paradise. Fix up some open s if you cannot have trees.

PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ARE AIDED BY COMMUNITY EXHIBITS

Vegetables Must Conform to Score Card as Well as Other Exhibits.

If a community bloweth not its own horn by some form of community activity, verily by whom shall it be blown?

Advertisers have discovered that good characteristics of their products which are so familiar to them as to seem commonplace, are often not so well known to the great buying public. Goods must be talked about if business is to be secured. The same holds true with communities. The excellence of neighborhood products and the special lines in which various individuals excel may seem like a very old story to those immediately concerned, but there are plenty of folks near by who have not heard this story, of, if by chance they have heard it, it is very much worth while from a business standpoint to repeat it—and more than once.

Exhibits Stimulate Business.

It follows that promoting some form of community fair, such as an exhibit of local products, is profitable from many points of view. It stimulates better production of stock, farm produce, and garden truck. It engenders community pride, and advertises in an attractive fashion good products and those who produce them.

As a result of careful study of the methods of conducting community fairs specialists in the United States department of agriculture outline a definite procedure for those interested in promoting such neighborhood events. Community fairs—the successful ones—are not gotten up in a day or a week. Preparations should begin weeks in advance. It is not too early now to begin planning for an exhibit this autumn. The first step is to get together the leaders of different organizations for a discussion of the proposed fair. At this meeting a general outline of the plan to be followed should be presented for approval. The meeting, to be thoroughly representative, should be well advertised with posters, newspaper notices and post cards addressed to each family.

If the community decides to hold a fair, an organization should be formed, officers elected, and committees appointed. The latter should include committees on amusement and entertainment, arrangements, decorations, and publicity. These are general committees. In addition, there should be exhibit department committees for such exhibits as live stock, farm products, orchard and garden products, women's work and fine arts, school and club exhibits, and historical relics.

Too much emphasis cannot be placed upon properly advertising the fair through articles in the local papers, printed handbills, handmade posters, notices read, preferably several times, in the schools and churches, and in various other ways. The publicity committee should give special attention to advertising in neighboring communities, extending an invitation in such cordial terms that many who ordinarily do not visit the community holding exhibit will be induced to do so.

Grouping of Exhibits.

The exhibit should represent as nearly as possible the normal production of the community, for one of the purposes of such a fair is to stimulate interest in increasing the quantity and improving the quality of the average produce, as well as giving special recognition to the leaders in different lines. The committees should make it a point personally to solicit exhibits from all persons eligible, not failing to emphasize the business benefits which may result.

Satisfactory results are usually obtained by grouping certain classes of exhibits. In the live stock department, horses, cattle, swine, poultry and pets are exhibited. In the farm-products department are shown grains, seeds, grasses, forage crops, beans, peas, peanuts, potatoes, together with dairy products and bee products. The orchard and garden department includes such exhibits as fruits and vegetables, ornamental shrubbery and flowers. The women's work and fine arts department has large possibilities, and can include a great variety of products prepared by the mother and daughters.

Much of the success of the exhibit depends upon securing judges of ability and experience—preferably persons from outside the community. Usually judges are available who can be secured at little or no expense.

Cash Prizes Not Necessary.

A community effort is most successful when the primary aim of an exhibitor is not to win money prizes as compensation for preparing his exhibit. Experience has proved that the awarding of money prizes not only makes the cost of a community fair prohibitive, but places the emphasis on money instead of the honor of achievement, and so tends to defeat one of the purposes of the event. Excellent results have been obtained merely by awarding blue, red and white ribbons to designate first, second and third prizes, respectively.

Such a fair as described here does not require the expenditure of large sums of money. No charges need be made for entry of exhibits or gate admissions. A small fund, however, is needed for printing, general advertising, lumber for tables, shelves, live stock pens, premium ribbons, decorations, etc. This can be raised either by subscription or by selling advertising space in the premium list or fair catalogue.

Persons interested in securing further information on the successful management of community fairs should write the United States department of agriculture for literature on this subject.

WHY DANISH BUTTER BRINGS HIGH PRICE

Quality Must Be Satisfactory to Government Inspection.

National System for Grading Dairy Products Produced in United States Would Be Advantageous, Says Bureau of Markets.

No better illustration can be cited of the value of a system of grading backed by the government than that of Denmark. This nation boasts of an extensive export trade in butter and has developed a system of inspection and branding of all butter destined for exportation whereby the government supervises the grading system and allows only those creameries to use the national trade-mark whose products are proved to be of satisfactory quality. The Danish system recognizes only one grade of butter—the best. As a result the producers and sellers of Denmark's butter always find a ready market in every country.

Holland, New Zealand, and Ireland likewise maintain government inspection and branding systems which have gained for these countries a ready market for all the butter they export.

Therefore the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, contends that a national system for grading dairy products produced in the United States would be advantageous to all who are engaged in this important branch of agriculture. If the dairy products of this nation are to be received with favor and the demand for them increased in foreign lands, a national grading system must be adopted.

POULTRY CLUBS BENEFICIAL

Among Other Things Boys and Girls Are Given Better Knowledge of Marketing.

The object of forming boys' and girls' poultry clubs is to give a better knowledge of the value and importance of the poultry industry and the marketing of a first-class, uniform product, to teach better methods of caring for the poultry and eggs, and to show the increased revenue to be derived from well-bred poultry where proper methods of management are pursued.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Better selection with kafir seed will pay well.

* * *

The use of commercial fertilizers is increasing.

* * *

Give the pasture a chance. Don't over-graze it.

* * *

Sweet clover is the best crop for renewing poor soils.

* * *

A farmer who has faith in his calling even when many problems perplex is the one who is most likely to succeed.

WARN OF INJURY BY CHINCH BUGS

Spring Flight of Insect Continued Over Much Longer Period Than Usual.

HARM TO CORN APPREHENDED

Department of Agriculture Urges Steps Be Taken to Check Infestation—Kerosene Emulsion Will Stop March of Pests.

Warning messages from Missouri, Indiana and Illinois state that the chinch bug is appearing locally in the southern portions of these states and somewhat farther north in Indiana. The spring flight of the bug continued over a longer period than usual, and for that reason the infestation has been extended to larger areas. The bureau of entomology, United States department of agriculture, apprehends severe injury to the corn crops later

on unless steps are taken to check the infestation, and is assisting to the extent of its ability toward putting control measures into effect.

Where Bugs Hibernate.

The bureau of entomology offers the following information: The chinch bugs spend the winter in clumps of bunch grass and under dead leaves and rubbish. In the spring they emerge and fly to fields of young wheat, where they lay their eggs on the root tops and stems. When the wheat commences to ripen and dry, the young bugs leave the wheat fields in armies and walk—for most of them cannot fly—to the cornfields, where they do the greatest damage.

The fact that they make the migration from the wheat to the corn by walking gives the farmer his opportunity to check the invasion by pouring road oil along the bottom of a shallow furrow dug across the line of march. Deep holes should be dug every 25 feet along the furrow on the side nearest the wheat to trap the bugs.

Spray Infested Corn.

Corn already infested may be sprayed with kerosene emulsion along

Chinch Bug.

the first rows to prevent the bugs from going farther. Some corn will be injured by the spray, but the balance will be safe from the bug.

As a preventive measure, burn all trash and dried grasses, especially such as grow in clumps like "broom sedge" during early winter or early spring. Roadsides and pastures should receive most thorough treatment of this character.

WORKING FOR BETTER SIRES

Virginia Farmer Enrolls in "Better Sires—Better Stock" Movement—Discards Grades.

Illustrating the results of the "Better Sires—Better Stock" movement, a Virginia farmer owning 40 grade cows and ewes recently enrolled in the campaign. He listed no purebreds of any kind, but agreed to sell his grade bull and to get a purebred ram. Hereafter he will use purebred sires only.

SOW TURNIPS IN SEPTEMBER

Good Crop May Be Secured but Better Plan to Have Them in Ground Six Weeks Earlier.

Turnips do well if sown before the middle of September, though it is better to have them in the ground a month or six weeks earlier. The rutabagas must be planted a month earlier than the turnips.

Information on Wheat Growing.

The following Farmers' Bulletins on wheat growing may be obtained free on application to the division of publications of the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.:

596. The Culture of Wheat in the Eastern United States.

616. Winter Wheat Varieties for the Eastern United States.

678. Growing Hard Spring Wheat.

680. Varieties of Hard Spring Wheat.

732. Marquis Wheat.

827. Shalin, or "Egyptian Wheat."

895. Growing Winter Wheat on the Great Plains.

1006. The Wheat Jointworm and Its Control.

1041. Eelworm Disease of Wheat and Its Control.

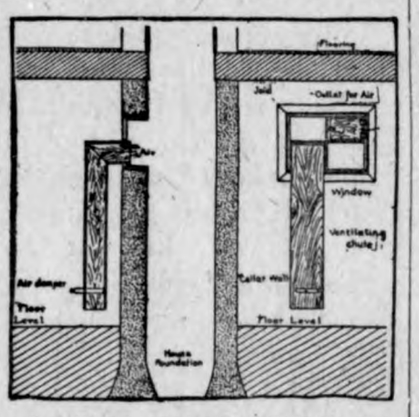
1063. Take-All and Flag-Smut, Two Wheat Diseases New to the United States.

VEGETABLES REQUIRE PROPER VENTILATION

Plan Outlined for Securing This in Storage Room.

Lacking Essential Can Be Overcome by Providing Air Duct of Wood, Metal or Terra Cotta, Fitted in One of the Windows.

It is necessary to have good ventilation if food and vegetables are to be kept safely in storage. In many cellars under dwellings the lack of ventilation is the only essential that is lacking. However, this can usually be easily overcome by providing an air duct constructed of wood, metal or terra cotta, which, fitted in one of the windows, is desirable, as it permits the cool air to enter at the bottom of the room. Two or more joints of 6-inch stovepipe, one with a damper, and an elbow may be used. A piece of board with a hole the size of the pipe is fitted in the window in place of one of the panes of glass. Another pane of glass may be removed from



Details of construction for the ventilation of a storage room in a basement. The air duct may be made of wood, terra cotta, or metal and installed in place of a pane of glass, thus avoiding cutting through the cellar wall. A hinged door the size of another pane of glass may serve as an outlet for the warm air.

the sash and a small hinged door fitted in its place, which when open allows the heated air to escape. In cold weather both the hinged door and the damper in the stovepipe must be closed. The windows in the storage room should be darkened in order to protect the vegetables from the light.

Barrels, crates, boxes, or bins may be used as containers for the various vegetables, but movable containers are preferable to built-in bins, as it is possible to remove them for cleaning. It is advisable to construct shelves or a slat floor to keep the crates, boxes, baskets, and other containers off the ground. This is highly desirable to insure a free circulation of air and to prevent the containers from harboring mice, rats, and other vermin. The shelves for canned goods along one side of the room need not be more than 6 inches wide.

MARQUIS WHEAT IS POPULAR

Yielding Quality Greater Than That of Any Other Variety, With Exception of Durum.

The popularity of Marquis wheat is still gaining in the spring-wheat states. This variety contributed 67.8 per cent of the spring wheatcrop of 1919 in Minnesota, 47.5 per cent in North Dakota, 63.8 per cent in South Dakota, and 71.4 per cent in Montana. It was hardly in evidence in the sowings of 1914. The yielding quality of the wheat is greater than that of any other variety except Durum, a variety that is gaining in popularity, although less than Marquis.

SANITARY QUARTERS NEEDED

In Order to Insure Pigs Greatest Amount of Vitality Everything Must Be Clean.

A point that should receive the earnest attention of every progressive hog raiser is the necessity of having all quarters clean, with sanitary hog wallows, fresh, clean drinking water, and well lighted, ventilated and comfortable quarters in order to insure for the pigs the greatest amount of vitality and resistance to disease.

Live Stock Facts

SELECT BROOD SOWS IN FALL

Animals Should Be Fed in Manner Different From Way They Are Prepared for Market.

Early fall is the time of year when hog growers should select from the spring crop of pigs the sows to be used as next year's dams. From now on until the breeding season these sows should be fed in a manner different from the way they were to be fattened for market purposes. Good forage crops are practically a necessity. A self-feeder containing a good quality of thrashed oats makes good feed for these sows. In addition, they may be fed a small amount of corn and some shorts or middlings, and fish meal or tankage.

Careful attention should be given to the selection of sows for breeding purposes. First, they should be selected from a good-sized litter and from a litter whose dam has good suckling qualities. The brood sow should be

Profitable Type of Sow and Litter.

of a good rangy type, with a good, strong arched back, deep sides, rather thin neck, and not too broad in the face. By all means she should be a "good-footed" animal with good, strong legs and pasterns and rather upstanding from the ground.

The sow that takes plenty of exercise freely is the one that is most likely to make a desirable brood sow. Do not select a sow from a litter whose dam is cross and irritable. The sow should be gentle and easily handled.

Attention should also be paid to the eyes. A blind sow is likely to step on and injure her pigs. Careful attention to these details at this time will have a tendency to add to the number of pigs that may be brought to maturity.

CHILDREN TO STUDY STOCK

Wyoming Teacher Asks for Pictures of Different Breeds and Types of Animals.

Times have changed. The sequel of the incident, Mary had a little lamb, which was turned out of school, etc., is the desire of a Wyoming schoolteacher to display in the schoolhouse framed pictures of well-bred animals. In a request to the United States department of agriculture a teacher in Fremont county, Wyo., has asked for—and will receive at the cost of the prints—approved photographs of the different breeds and types of horses, cattle, hogs, sheep, and poultry.

The display of such pictures on schoolroom walls will do much, it is believed, to encourage the keeping and breeding of well-bred stock in the locality.

DISPOSE OF ALL POOR EWES

Animals With Bad Udders or Broken Mouths Should Be Discarded Before Breeding Season.

Ewes that have bad udders or broken mouths, or ewes that have previously failed to breed, will make no money and have no place in the breeding flock. It is a sign of poor management where they are not marked that they may be identified and thrown out before the breeding season. Sometimes the end of a teat is clipped off in shearing, the shearer neglects to mention it, and unless a close inspection is made before breeding the owner knows nothing about it until lambing time. Such details do not escape the successful shepherd.

FEED THIN HOGS ON PASTURE

Several Combinations of Grain and Skim Milk Enumerated That Are of Much Benefit.

For thin hogs on pasture, try these rations: Equal parts of wheat middlings and corn; equal parts of ground rye and skim milk; equal parts of corn and ground oats; equal parts of corn and skim milk; equal parts of rye and ground oats; ten parts of corn or ground rye and one part of tankage.

IMPROVEMENT OF STOCK

Choose a breed and stick to it.

Breed with the correct type in mind.

Study pedigrees for inherited characteristics, relative merit and value.

Keep your herd or flock free from disease.

Develop the young animals and maintain the breeding animals through wise feeding and management.

Mr. and Mrs. Wes Lau returned f om their honeymoon trip Friday.

Thet hreshing season is about over w according to reports.

Old Papers at 5c a bunch, at the mes Office. tf.

Mrs. Walter Shultz is enjoying a it from her sister.

John Bock and family were callers Garner Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Hansen, of Kawha, were shopping in Klemme on turday.

Mrs. Ahrenkiel and baby from odell were Klemme visitors Satury afternoon.

gun to handle boards, fence, tile, ment and books and is taking right hold like an old timer.

Mrs. Schaeffer and the E. P. Dow mily, of Forest City, were guests the N. L. Palmer home Monday.

The Misses Lela and Deo James, of arner, were Klemme visitors Saturday.

Mrs. Wm. Kirkwood, of Milaca, innesota, came Monday for a visit th Klemme relatives and friends.

Miss Myrtle Gast, of Garner, is aching near Klemme this year, in istrict No. 5, Ell township.

A new principle is now used in connection with spinal adjustments for the cure of chronic ailments. Many conditions that were formerly very difficult and unsatisfactory to handle e now, with this combned method, cared for to the complete satisfaction the patient. The difficult conditions r which the new principle is ecially recommended are high blood pressure, kidney trouble (Bright's disease), diabetes, bowel trouble, constipation, auto-intoxication, indigestion, billiousness, severe nervous symptoms, rheumatism, neuritis, and some other troubles not necessary to mention here.—adv. tf.

A guaranteed cure for hemorrhoids (piles) in all forms, one that does not lay the patient up or cause loss of time. Other rectal troubles treated. Special calls to Klemme will be attended to. Dr. R. W. Schultz, Masonic Bldg., Garner, Iowa. adv. tf.

"Bill" Gast, of Garner, was transacting business in Klemme Tuesday afternoon.

A. D. White made a pigrimage up from Goodell Saturday afternoon for a visit with Klemmeites.

Mrs. James Thayer and daughter Amy, of Belmond, were Klemme callers last Wednesday.

Mrs. Lew Lewis' brother and his daughter were here visiting a few days last week.

Mrs. C. V. McCullough and daughter, Maxine, of Garner, were visiting here last Friday.

O. J. Olson and family of Clear Lake were Klemm visitors last Thursday.

Quite a number of Klemme people are planning to attend the big Minnesota State Fair this coming week.

The Misses Minnie Blank and Mable Waterman, went to Belmond Monday evening and returned Tuesday after a visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Price, of Titonka, came Saturday for a visit at the Leo Price home in the country for a few days.

Quite a number of Klemme folks are in attendance at the Hancock County Fair this week, which began Tuesday.

Mrs. Lena Schroeder and daughter, Adella, spent last Friday in Mason City where Miss Adella had glasses fitted.

The Britt band was here last Thursday shortly before noon and gave a short concert. They were here advertisingt he Hancock County Fair.

School began Monday and the kids would like more vacation and we "old timers" would like to be able to have school days again.

Marlin Croner has gotten over his tonsil trouble and is now able to "talk back to his wife." His voice has a few slighe "cracks" yet.

Miss Leoda Smith went to Des Moines last Thursday to take in the State Fair and also for a visit with relatives and friends.

J. N. Day and family left Monday in their car for a vacation. Their main stops will be at Donnally, Minnesota, for a visit with friends. They will make various stops in other places for short visits and will also go to Watertown, South Dakota, for a visit with Mr. Day's sister. They expect to be gone over a week.

August Ridder and Tom Nelson both left Tuesday noon for Des Moines where they will enter the Methodist Hospital.

Paul Grange and E. S. Uben left Monday for Webster City to take charge of the creamery which they purchased. They took over the business September first. Their families are still in Klemme and will remain for a few weeks or until the men can find suitable houses for their families.

Ben A. Reemstma
Farm and General
AUCTIONEER

Sales conducted to insure the owners highest approval. See me for dates and terms.
Phone 508
KLEMME, IOWA
Government License No. 17526

THE CRYSTAL CAFE
Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

The responsibility and handling of a bank account in youth is worth more to the future independence, economic welfare, of your child than nine-tenths of the other training he receives.

It is worth while to the future of your child..
that you start a bank account for him at this time.

We welcome such accounts and solicit this patronag

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE
STATE SAVINGS BANK
CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA.
AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

The City Day Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

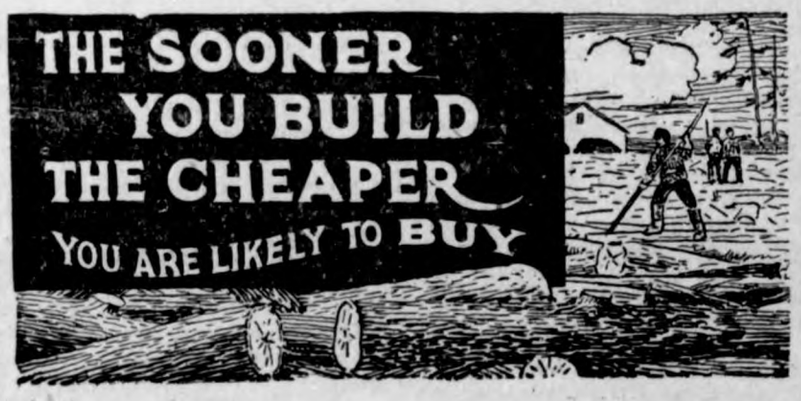
Sam Harvey, Prop.
Coal Hauling Done

Saving by Spending

THOSE common-sense people who have acquired the habit of saving by rational spending are pretty likely to be owners of Ingersolls. Often an Ingersoll is their only watch; sometimes they own an Ingersoll to save wear and tear and upkeep expense on a high priced watch; but in any case, they have bought it because it has meant a definite saving of money.

We have Ingersoll Watches in all styles from $2.50 up to $12.50 in plain and luminous dials.

E. S. D. Kahrs
Drugs Klemme, Iowa



That may seem queer talk under present building costs, but we make the prediction advisedly.

For some years to come our export of building materials is bound to be immense.

For some years to come we will be unable to catch up with the demand at home.

We honestly beleive we can sell to you cheaper today than we can later on.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Study These Features

1—One-Piece Main Frame.
2—Four Cylinder Case Motor, 4½x6, set crosswise.
3—Hyatt Roller Bearings at all important places.
4—Three Main Crank Bearings, total length 12⅛ inches.
5—Cut Steel Drop Forged Transmission Gears.
6—Bull Pinion — Steel Drop Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
7—Master Gear — Steel Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
8—Clutch Pinion — Steel Drop Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
9—Cut Steel Spur Gear for first reduction shaft.
10—Steering Gear — drop forged and machined worm and worm wheel — enclosed.
11—Fan Drive — cut steel, spiral gears, enclosed.
12—Housing for Master Gear, retains lubricant; keeps dust out.

Study These Features

13—Magneto — High Tension — dustproof type.
14—Dustproof Front Hubs.
15—Fan Shaft mounted on ball bearings.
16—Speed Governor — fly ball, throttling type, enclosed.
17—Ball and Roller Bearings for Shaft Driving Governor, Fan, Pump and Magneto.
18—Syphon Thermostat — controls circulation of cooling water.
19—Radiator — copper tube and fin, non-clogging type; cast frame.
20—Steel Front Axle—automobile type.
21—Belt Pulley — mounted on crank shaft — the best place for it.
22—Brake for Clutch Pulley — convenient for quick stops.
23—Dustproof Housing for first reduction gears.
24—Adjustable Drawbar.

How to Judge Tractors Safely

We urge prospective tractor purchasers to study the construction of Case Kerosene Tractors. And then make comparisons. This is the only way to get the utmost for one's money.

Above we picture and describe the chassis of the new Case 15-27. After studying the mechanical construction, then let this 15-27 demonstrate its performance. We will gladly furnish certified records.

This remarkable tractor has won rank as a leader. Before we announced it publicly, it was known to thousands who had seen it at demonstrations. Hundreds of owners are more than pleased with this tractor. If interested call on us for more details and information.

Come in and learn about the Case EASY PAYMENT PLAN of selling tractors, makes it easy to buy.

W. F. PAVEY, Dealer Klemme Ia

We Are Putting Our Best Foot Forward to Keep You From Slipping

The wholesale clothing market right now is lined up on both sides with mediocre clothing.

We had a hundred opportunities to buy cheap Fall Suits and turned them down.

You are going to have the same chances presented to you.

The sweetness of these low prices may attract your buying gaze.

But take our advise--and don't fall--you'll get hurt if you do --there's no "accident insurance" on a poor bargain.

Buy a good suit--a true suit and you'll be both independent and "in the pocket".

Fall Suits $40 to $100

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

OUR CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ARE A Safe Investment

Write Your Own Recommendation--

When you write a check on this bank in payment of a bill, you simultaneously offer a recommendation of your business sagacity and good judgment to the recipient.

Bills paid by bank check stay paid. Your cancelled endorsed check returned to you is a receipt. The account of the transaction is inscribed on it and your check stub -- to whom, for what, when and how much money was paid.

Carry your account with us and add the prestige of our name to your own.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Homer Butcher and wife came Monday from Austin, Minn., for a few days' visit with his sister, Mrs. Fred Kluckhohn. Mr. and Mrs. Butcher go from here to Michigan where they will make their future home.

Mrs. John Gruetzmacher has been enjoying a visit the past week from her father, Mr. Schaeffer, of Garner.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson went to Garner Saturday for an over Sunday visit with the Editor's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. White, of Big Lake, Minn., were visiting at the Henry Griewe home last Thursday. They were in this state visiting relatives and friends at Iowa Falls, Clear Lake and other places.

Mrs. George Kessler entertained company from Belmond last Friday.

Miss Annta Schult and Miss Merton of Gladbrook, came Friday to begin their duties as "school-marms" near Klemme.

On account of the fair being held at Britt this week no band concert was given on the street here Wednesday evening. The concert will be given Saturday evening when Mr. Crotty will be here to direct and an extra large concert will take place.

Papa Richard Bamman since Tuesday evening of this week. It is a boy the finest ever, and if one is to find Dick at his accustomed place in Bamman Brothers Garage, he must call early and often. Uncle Harold too is quite as interested as is "Dad."—Democrat.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Reed and little daughter, Lavaughn, of Manson, Iowa, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond White several days last week. "Red" is the proprietor of the leading barber shop at Manson. While here they also went to Garner for a few days' visit with relatives and friends. "Red" was also operator at the Rock Island depot at Garner at one time.

KLEMME FOLKS SEE FATAL AUTO ACCIDENT ON TRIP

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Gram returned Friday from their auto trip into Minnesota and South Dakota. The trip took them northwest of Minneapolis about seventy-five miles where they visited his folks. They then went to Watertown, South Dakota, for a visit. On their way to Watertown, near Clear Lake, South Dakota, they witnessed a fatal auto accident. A Ford containing a young man and a girl, and another car, an Overland, with two young men and girls, were racing and the one car tried to beat the other over a bridge with the result that both cars smashed together and were completely wrecked. Chris says he drove up in a few minutes and a couple of other cars had stopped to help them. One young man was instantly killed and Chris says another boy was all crushed and dieing. One girl had a broken arm, the other a broken leg and the third girl escaped. The other young man was unconscious but the doctor who happened to drive up said he would come out alright. Chris said it was a gruesome sight and they were glad to get away from it. Outside of viewing this sad accident they thoroughly enjoyed their trip of about a thousand miles. Chris said the crops in South Dakota looked better than those farther north in Minnesota but that Iowa crops had them all beat.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNICS

Mrs. August Ridder's Sunday School class enjoyed an outing last Friday down near Goodell at James Schneider's pasture near where the spring is located. Weiners roasted and marshmallows th same, were the chief attractions on the bill of fare for the picnic supper. Lots of fun, and plenty of good eats, helped the picnic to be a success.

Sunday Mrs. Otto Lemke's class enjoyed a picnic lunch in the woods near Goodell. Picnic lunch and fine day's outing were all enjoyed by the class.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Sunday, September 5th

Pubiic worship at 10:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m..

Sunday School at 11:00 a. m.

At the morning service the Rev. Herbert Clegg, D. D., district superintendent, will preach. The communion service will be held on the following Sunday.

In the evening the annual sermon on Education will be given by the pastor. The opening of the school year in public schools and in higher educational institutions makes this announcement timely and of interest to all who have the welfare of childhood and youth at heart. Parents, teachers, pupils, members of the board of education and all others interested are especially invited to be present.

A. E. Buriff, Minister

Troubles of a Lazy Man.

"A lazy man ain't likely to be happy," said Uncle Eben. "He generally gits [illegible] disposition tryin' to scare of[illegible]to doin' de work."

13th Annual

BASE BALL Tournament!

To be held at

Garner, Ia., September 7-8-9

Four of the Fastesd Semi-Pro Teams in Iowa Will Compete for the Championship of the State of Iowa, and-

$900 IN PURSES

Tuesday, Sept. 7, 10:00
Purse $150, Kanawha vs Forest City.

Tuesday, Sept. 7, 3:00
Purse $150, Rockwell-Sheffield vs Clarion

Wednesday, Sept. 8, 3:00
Purse $175, Losers of Tuesday's games.

Wednesday, Sept. 8, 3:00
Purse $175, Winners of Tuesday games.

Thursday Sept. 9, 3:00
Purse $250, For state semi-pro championship

Street attractions, Band concerts, Shows, Pavement Dance, Entertainment, Etc.

Big Free Attraction Tuesday!

Redout, holder of World's Record for "Up-Side-Down"

Flying in his thrilliug Tail Spins, Side Slip, Falling Leaf and numerous other stunts. The feature of his act is a daring parachute descent from the plane at a height of 4000 feet. This is an original act by Redout -- the only person performing the feat. There is 60 thrills in every minute of his performance. At ball park Tuesday afternoon at 2:00.

Championship Wrestling Match

Between Helmer Myre and Billie Schrober

PURSE $650

Meyre is admitted light-heavyweight champion, and Schrober a contender for the crown. The championship of this division is at stake. Both grapplers will be in Garner all three days of the tournament to complete there training. Sec Taylor Sporting Editor of the Register andTribune of Des Moines, will referee he match.

At Ball Park Thursday Eve. at 9:00

In case of rain match will be held in opera house.

Pavement Dance Each Night of Tournament!!

Under Auspices American Legion. Smart Set Jazz Baud of Des Moines.

Don't Forget The Dates

The MAN NOBODY KNEW

by HOLWORTHY HALL

COPYRIGHT BY DODD, MEAD & CO., INC.

"ANGELA KISSED ME!"

Synopsis.—Dick Morgan of Syracuse, N. Y., a failure in life, enlisted in the Foreign Legion of the French army under the name of Henry Hilliard, is disfigured by shrapnel. The French surgeons ask for a photograph to guide them in restoring his face. In his rage against life he offers in derision a picture postcard bearing the radiant face of Christ. The surgeons do a good job. On his way back to America he meets Martin Harmon, a New York broker. The result is that Morgan, under the name of Hilliard and unrecognized as Morgan, goes back to Syracuse to selling a mining stock. He is determined to make good. He tells people of the death of Morgan. He finds in Angela Cullen a loyal defender of Dick Morgan. He meets Carol Durant, who had refused to marry him. She does not hesitate to tell him that she had loved Morgan. Hilliard finds he still loves her and is tempted to confess. Hilliard tempts Cullen, his former employer, with his mining scheme.

CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

—8—

"A good principle, too, but—" Mr. Cullen glanced at his watch. "It's dinner time, and more too. We'd better get along up to the house, or the first thing you know, we'll have servant troubles in our midst. And you didn't bring up that subject anyway—I brought it up." He took Angela's arm paternally. "Just as a matter of fact," he said, clearing his throat. "As a matter of fact, Mr. Hilliard—whereabouts did you say this property is located?"

* * * * * * *

Shortly after dinner Angela, who had fled to the telephone in answer to a peremptory summons, came back complacent.

"Dinner at the Durant's on Sunday," she announced. "All three of us. Very quiet, Carol said. So I accepted—and that means you've got to stay with us two days more anyway, Mr. Hilliard. Do you mind very much?"

"Mind!" Hilliard had risen half out of his chair. His tremendous yearning to see Carol again, and his violent reaction at the prospect, had greatly influenced his voice, which was strident, explosive. The Cullens were laughing aloud at his confusion.

"He's blushing!" crowed Angela. "Look at him! Look at him!"

Indeed, he was crimson to the temples. Sunday—forty-eight hours! How he had spurned her!—and how he had suffered from that moment until now! To see her again . . . merely to see her! Business was business, and the farce must go on; no matter what else happened, he must hew out his success; he had ceased to love her, and he had come prepared for guerilla warfare . . . but to see her again! To hear her voice! To watch that smile of hers, and remember the tears she had shed for Dicky Morgan!

Sunday—forty-eight hours!

The Cullens were still laughing at him, and in Angela's soprano there was a note of feminine resentment, but Hilliard's ears were suddenly stone deaf.

CHAPTER VII.

Since Friday night, Hilliard had lived only for Sunday; his whole existence had been turned to Sunday, and when at last the morning dawned, his greatest fear was that he might not live until dinner-time.

On reaching Carol's side, he was both awkward and incoherent; and he failed to derive encouragement from the realization which gradually stole over him, that the Durants had asked a number of other guests to dinner. Armstrong was waiting patiently in the aisle, and keeping closer to Carol than Hilliard liked, and there was also a bright-faced boy of nineteen or twenty who had promptly attached himself to Angela—his name was Waring, and he was the grandson of the patriarchal clergyman, with the head of Moses and the spirit of youth, who presently came down to join the little group, and complete it. So that altogether there were nine people who finally sat down to table; and Hilliard's dream of quiet progress and harbored conversation was shattered in a twinkling.

It was all very homelike, and all very friendly, but to Hilliard, sitting there between Carol and her mother, the occasion was peculiarly acute. He had long since discarded any residue of his active fears; he was confident in his disguise to the point of recklessness, for he had covered the windings of the trail by an infinite variety of methods; and yet without having any tangible facts to grasp, he was subtly warned to remain on sentry duty over his poise.

He was gratified that the conversation, after one natural enough eddy, was whirled away from the vicissitudes of Dicky Morgan, for he had talked a time, he amused himself by watching Angela and Waring playing their world-old game across the table; after that, he paid a little polite attention to Mrs. Durant, and to the clergyman; and then snatching an opportunity unlooked for, he gave his kindest smile to Carol, and for an instant took the monopoly from Armstrong. And he had hardly looked down once into her October-brown eyes before the mystery of his restlessness was as clear as crystal, and Hilliard was thoroughly dumfounded, and confused.

It had come upon him, a quarter of an hour ago, as they exchanged their first superficial sentences, that he was lonelier than he had ever imagined, but he hadn't realized, until this immediate contingency, that this sensation had carried over until now. He was prevented, by the very limits of the project which had brought him here, from releasing any of his sincere thoughts; he hadn't comprehended, until he had learned the truth just now by actual experience, that loneliness is nothing but an aggravated state of self-repression. Never in all his life, not even when he had lain for months in hospital in France, had he been as lonely as today, and at this moment, when he was surrounded by people he knew intimately, and when he was enjoined from sharing in their community of mind.

Carol, looking up at him with what wasn't exactly a smile, but was at least a cousin to it—that well-remembered flash of sympathetic interest—Carol spoke to him under cover of the general conversation.

"A penny for your thoughts!" she proffered.

"They aren't worth it," said Hilliard. "I was thinking about myself." He continued to regard her steadily, and he was alarmed to discover that he was losing one of the abilities which had made him so sure of himself. He continued to hold that she had treated him shabbily, mercilessly; but notwithstanding that, as he gazed at her, and perceived the sweet naturalness which was developing out of last week's shock, he was secretly perturbed. In spite of himself, he began to see, as though by camera obscura, dim visions of the past; he was righteously annoyed that they should rise to torment him, and still the visions came.

"But after all that you've been through," she said, "I should think your thoughts about yourself would be extremely interesting!"

"I'm afraid they're rather gloomy, Miss Durant, whenever they touch on what I've been through. And when anything like this gathering here today builds up a comparison. . . . I'm sorry, but I can't always master it."

"You mean the difference between a family over here and a family over there?"

"Exactly," he said. "Down to the last detail—what we eat, and where we live, and what we talk about, and what we think about—everything."

"I've thought of that, too," she said soberly. "But I'll have to confess that it wasn't until you came—it wasn't until after that first night at Angela's—that the great difference came home to me. It's made me feel that it's al-

He Was So Close to Her That Their Sleeves Touched.

most wrong—almost unendurable—that we should be so warm and comfortable, and well-fed, when over on the continent . . . well, I wonder whether we won't have to pay for this some time?"

It was at this juncture that Mrs. Durant rose; and Hilliard, with keen foresight, cannily guided Carol after her mother into the living room, made for a familiar piece of furniture and

ple, and no more—there wasn't the slightest use in Armstrong's loitering disconsolately in the neighborhood; it had a maximum capacity of two. Furthermore, it was removed by several feet from the nearest listening post.

He was so close to her that their sleeves touched; he looked into the beautiful eyes which were so clear, so unsuspecting; and his will swayed perilously. Had he prepared so long and savagely for his requital, only to lose his impetus at almost the first glance of those brown eyes? He reflected that there was nothing to prevent him from being a good salesman, and from renewing his predilection for Carol at the same time. The idea of courting her again, in his false character, was highly dramatic. . . .

"I know you won't misunderstand me," he said, his heart shaking, "and I hope that you won't consider it as too presumptuous—but—the other day you spoke of Dicky Morgan as a very dear friend of yours. Miss Durant, I want to do everything in the world I can for you, and he was my dear friend as well as yours. I'm not disloyal to him, or to you, or to myself—but I should like more than I can ever tell you to feel that I had done my utmost to take his place. No one can do that literally—I am not so vain—but I feel, and I have felt from the time we met each other, Dicky would have wanted us to be friends."

"That's—that's wonderfully thoughtful of you," said Carol, softly. "And . . . and I think he would have wanted that . . . if he'd known. . . ." Her eyes were suspiciously dim and Hilliard's loneliness dissolved into a great spasm of longing which held him and shook him and left him weak with impotence

"Then I'll stay in Syracuse," he said abruptly. "Provided—provided you won't be offended if I do have to want to know you for yourself—just a little selfishly. I'm afraid that isn't very clear—it's difficult to separate it—but you see—"

"Don't try to explain," she said, subdued. "I know how hard all this must be for you—and I think perhaps you need my friendship as much as I need yours."

Before he could reply, there was a flutter of indescribable gracefulness before them. Angela was courtesying in mock obeisance to the floor. Behind her, Waring was watching her possessively.

"If your majesties will wake up half a second," she said, "everybody's going to walk up around the Sedgwick farm tract to get some fresh air. Coming?"

As they stood together, drenched with regret for the confidences that might forever remain unsaid, a maid appeared in the doorway.

"Please, ma'am," she said breathlessly, "it's the Western Union—for Mr. Hilliard."

"Right in my study," called the doctor, hurrying. "Just across the hall. There you are!" and ushered him into the sanctum and considerately closed the door.

Despite the urgent summons which the average person feels under such circumstances Hilliard was astonishingly tardy in sitting down to the receiver. For one thing he was still vibrating from his recent stress of passion; for another he knew pretty certainly what the message was going to be, and for a third, he was somewhat emotionally under the spell of the doctor's room. Hilliard had spent a hundred hours in it—pleasant hours, so that involuntarily yielding to its kindly atmosphere, and all that the atmosphere implied, he took time to survey all four walls before he took up the receiver. And after he had listened to the telegram, and ordered a copy mailed to him in care of Mr. Cullen, he took time to survey those walls again, more closely; and this was partly for their intrinsic significance, and partly because his feelings were so fresh and tender that he dreaded to return at once to the gathering which, as a whole, couldn't be expected to defer to them. His eyes fell upon the doctor's desk, wandered and suddenly focussed hard and piercingly. He went over to the desk and slowly put out his hand and lifted up a small photograph in a metal frame.

"Well, I'll be darned!" said Hilliard, just above a whisper. The turning of the doorknob roused him; he wheeled with the photograph still in his hand.

"Hello!" said Doctor Durant, cheerfully. "Get your message all right? What's that you've found? Oh, yes—Dick's picture."

Hilliard swallowed hard, and found that his voice was queerly out of control.

"It's—it's the same one—"

"Yes—it's the same as the one you brought back. I've had it there ever since he gave it to me."

He took it gently from Hilliard's hand; replaced it on the desk. "How that boy would have made good if he had lived!" said the doctor, in an undertone. "Well—they're waiting for us."

Hilliard, following him outside, encountered the two Cullens in the hall, and at sight of his florid host, he collected his wits, and resumed his part in the play.

"Oh!" he said. "I—I—that was from one—that was a telegram from the manager of the syndicate, Mr. Cullen; he said it's decided not to try to resyndicate any stock, but to hold it ourselves for the long pull—everything's put off for three or four weeks anyway. I'm having a copy mailed to the house—there's some news in it I thought you might like to see."

"Good! That leaves you free, doesn't it? You'll stay on with us then? Don't say no. I insist on it!"

"No, I couldn't do that! It's awful kind of you, but—"

"You talk to him, Angela!" laughed Mr. Cullen. "You make him stay. You've got more influence over him than I have, anyhow. And don't you dare to let him get away without a promise—understand?" He passed on, and left them together.

"You walk along with me, sir!" said Angela, imperially. "And you'd better behave yourself—I'm fierce!"

At the same moment that he looked yearningly toward Carol, who up ahead by the doorway was already captive to the wily Armstrong, young Rufus Waring was glaring belligerently toward Hilliard.

The masquerader smiled in defeat, then smiled with sudden realization of the woman-child clinging to him. He squeezed her arm out of sheer affection.

"Your gallant cavalier'll cover me with horrid welts and bruises for this!" he said warningly. "Don't make him jealous, now!" They were now bringing up the rear of the procession in the hallway.

"I'll make 'em well again," said Angela. "I am a good nurse, aren't I?"

He was convulsed by her air of conquest.

"By the old-fashioned method?" He could hardly believe that this was the girl he had taught to climb trees, and make slingshots.

"I'll—" She stopped and blushed. The others were all on the steps; these two were in the dusky vestibule. Waring was fretting impatiently outside.

"Would you?" asked Hilliard. He intended only to tease her; but all at once her head came up, and he could

He Had Been Observed.

see that her eyes were big and soft and frightened. She was hardly seventeen, and to Hilliard she had never ceased to be the child of two years ago. He bent and kissed her; her lips were trembling, expressive.

"Now we've got to hurry," he said. "Come, dear!"

It was the tone he would naturally use to a child, but he had an uneasy feeling that he had used it to a woman. Children's lips aren't expressive.

And he had another intuition—still more upsetting to him—which was that he had been observed. For on the threshold of the outer door Carol and Armstrong and Rufus Waring, as though turned back to inquire into the cause of Hilliard's and Angela's delay, were standing. . . .

He could not tell, of course, whether they had actually seen him. It was possible that in the dusk of the hallway he had escaped; certainly there was nothing in the manner of any one of the three, when Hilliard joined them, to convince him one way or the other. But he knew that he was in a critical situation; he knew that to any reasonable person who had seen him at that spontaneous little outburst of sentiment, his motives wouldn't appear to be very opaque.

No, the manner of those three who had stood on the threshold was astonishingly casual. Perhaps too casual. . . . Hilliard frowned, and tried to glimpse their various expressions. Ah! Waring, striding stiltedly ahead, had thunderclouds on his forehead, and as for Carol . . .

She turned to speak to Armstrong, and Hilliard knew.

For the remainder of the first stage of that walk, he spoke not a word to Angela, who trudged along by his side with God knows what tumults in her bosom. He thought not of Angela, nor concerned himself with the storm he had stirred within her. He was absorbed solely with the puzzle which lay before him, which was to detach Carol as soon as possible, and to explain himself. Otherwise, his reputation was ashes even now.

And, to his unbounded joy, the opportunity came soon—at the end of the road, where the party halted for a moment, to take a referendum as to the route. Armstrong strayed a yard or two too far, and on the instant Hilliard was at Carol's elbow. She said nothing, nor did he; but when the march was resumed, he was beside her—and beating his brains for an introductory remark. He had to convince her he had been trifling with neither herself nor Angela, and he walked a good furlong before he could devise so much as an opening sentence. At length he cleared his throat.

"I've just decided," he said, "that I'm growing old."

"Yes?" She was immeasurably sweet and distant, and Hilliard's courage faltered.

"I have indeed. I've made a most touching discovery. . . . Do I look grandfatherly, Miss Durant?"

"No; I'd hardly say that."

He made a gesture of gratitude.

"You've earned my permanent thanks. But I am growing old. How do I know? Didn't you ever read Leigh Hunt?"

"Just a little." There was a trace of warmth creeping into her voice. Hilliard held his breath:

Say I'm weary, say I'm sad;
Say that health and wealth have missed me;
Say I'm growing old, but add—
Angela kissed me!

He had spoken the lines magnificently, with the precise humor and pathos which go to make them immortal. "I'm glad she fits into the meter," he said thoughtfully, "because I can understand just how Leigh Hunt felt about Jennie."

"And—how do you think that was?"

"Very sensitive," said Hilliard, "and perhaps a little repressed and—decrepit." He smiled reminiscently. "I suppose there are very few things in life that make a man feel more mindful of his own crudity and general worthlessness than to have a child's spontaneous affection." It was the testing venture. She looked at him sidewise.

"More than if—if it weren't a child?"

"I think so." His tone was faultless. "A woman can make a man feel like Romeo, but it takes a very young girl to make him feel like Launcelot—at my age."

"She is adorable, isn't she?" His heart jumped at her cordial acceptance of his statement. "Only—she's seventeen, Mr. Hilliard."

"I know," he said gravely. "And that's why I'm so conscious of my own senility. Because all that beautiful innocence and ignorance is doomed, Miss Durant—who knows that I'm not the very last person to see it? Today, I'm only a much older man, some one she likes; tomorrow, I may be a man without the 'only,' and the more she liked me, the less she'd show it. But there's been so very little of that sort of thing for me in the last few years from anybody, and I do appreciate it, and I'm not ashamed of it, either."

"No," she said, "you couldn't be. You're too human." She smiled at him, and he was transported at the proof of her sympathy. "If I were in your place, I'd want to feel the same way about it."

He thanked her in his heart. He had saved both Angela and himself, and held his pristine advantage.

But there was no disputing the fact that he had made an active enemy of Waring, and an alert rival out of Armstrong. He smiled grimly as he looked at the man ahead.

"Mr. Armstrong seems to be very nervous," he said. "Not that I can blame him for wanting to be in my place. On the contrary, I'm sorry for him."

"That shows a very good disposition," she said demurely.

"Perhaps it does, and perhaps it doesn't. I believe every man owes it to himself to get what he wants. If he does, he's a success; if he doesn't—it's his own fault."

As he said this, they came abreast of the others, and Armstrong, who had heard the final sentence, whirled toward Hilliard.

"Regardless of methods?" he demanded.

"Why—to some extent," laughed Hilliard. "Why not?"

Armstrong delayed, so that the two men were a few paces behind the rest of the group. "Is that your regular creed, Mr. Hilliard?"

"My creed isn't composed of words, Mr. Armstrong, but of actions."

They had spoken so quietly that no one perceiving them would have remotely suspected that a challenge had been offered and accepted.

"Actions do speak louder, of course."

"Mine," said Hilliard, "will give you no offense. But—I generally get what I want."

"So do I Shall we shake hands on it?" Armstrong was very affable, but tremendously in earnest.

"With pleasure. I can count on your generosity, I see."

"And I on your courtesy."

"Thank you." He went complacently forward; but inwardly he was steeped in perturbation. The man was so deadly sure of himself. Could it be that he was tacitly engaged to Carol, in spite of what Angela had surmised, or so nearly on the road to an understanding with her that Hilliard was only making a fool of himself?

Armstrong laughed gently. It was like a dagger thrust in Hilliard's heart.

"One chance in a thousand!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Walk That Tells Character.

A peculiar walk is that of the lord stride with the decided swing of the shoulders. This walk is generally to be seen in authors, actors and artists, and is characteristic of the art world, the man who has ideas of his own and is quite untrammeled by convention. It denotes independence and, if accompanied by an emphatic planting down of the left foot, a stamp in fact, resolution and determination.

High Prices in Early New York.

During the British occupation of New York in Revolutionary days, the method was to sell in wholesale lots at public auction and to issue revocable licenses to retailers. The best flour then sold for $14 a barrel, bacon at 32 cents a pound and beef at 18 cents a pound. Wages were less than 50 cents a day.

Back Lame and Achy?

Do you get up mornings tired and achy? Evening find you "all worn-out?" Likely your kidneys are to blame. Hurry and worry, lack of rest, and eating too much meat, throw a strain on the kidneys. Your back gives out; you are tired and likely suffer headaches and dizzy spells. Take things easier and help the kidneys with *Doan's Kidney Pills*. *Doan's* have brought new strength to thousands. Ask your neighbor!

An Iowa Case

J. B. Fiedler, blacksmith, 113 S. Davis St., Ottumwa, Iowa, says: "Horseshoeing is hard on the back and kidneys and several years ago my kidneys became weak. When I bent over sharp pains would shoot through my kidneys when I tried to straighten. My kidneys were weak and the secretions were highly colored. Doan's Kidney Pills relieved me in a short time."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Benefits in Disguise.

"This house is rather old, isn't it?" said the prospective tenant.

"Oh, no," assured the real estate agent. "This house is comparatively modern."

"But these stairs creak terribly," complained the prospective tenant.

"Oh," explained the agent, "this is the latest modern improvement in homes. That is a patent burglar alarm staircase. No burglar can get up to the bedroom floor without waking you up."

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Fair Enough.

"I will examine you for $10," said the specialist.

"All right, doctor," replied his patient. "If you find it, I'll give you half."—Boston Transcript.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

WATCH THE BIG 4

Stomach-Kidneys-Heart-Liver

Keep the vital organs healthy by regularly taking the world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The National Remedy of Holland for centuries and endorsed by Queen Wilhelmina. At all druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

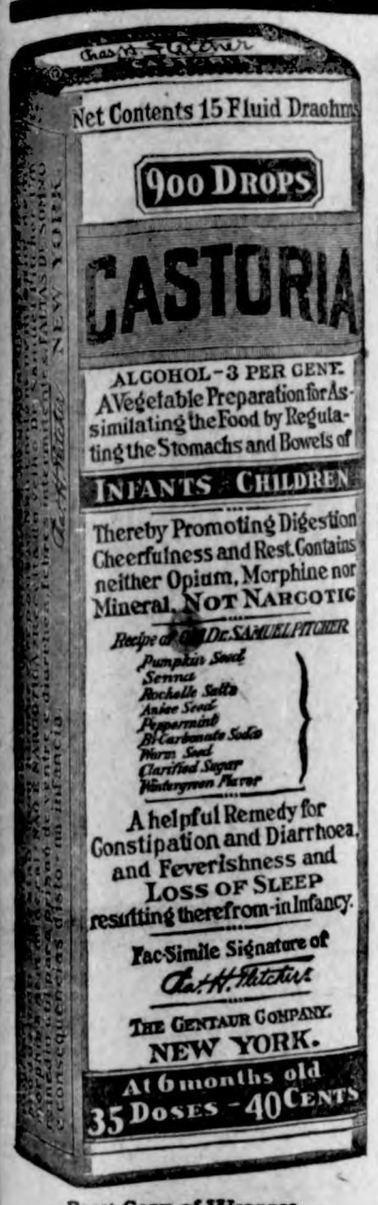
Kills Pesky Bed Bugs P. D. Q.

Just think, a 35c box of P. D. Q. (Pesky Devils Quietus), makes a quart, enough to kill a million bedbugs, roaches, fleas or cootles and stops future generations by killing the eggs and does not injure the clothing.

Liquid fire to the bedbugs is what P. D. Q. is like; bedbugs stand as good chance as a snowball in a justly famed heat resort. Patent spout free in every package of P. D. Q. to enable you to kill them and their egg nests in the cracks. Your druggist has it or he can get it for you, or sent prepaid on receipt of price by the Owl Chemical Works, Terre Haute, Indiana.

Cuticura Soap The Velvet Touch For the Skin

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

Exact Copy of Wrapper. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Millions of Tiny Germs Cause Your Catarrh

Real Relief Comes Only by Cleansing the Blood of the Germs.

You must realize that your blood is loaded down with catarrh germs, and these germs must be removed from your blood before you can expect real, rational relief from the disease. And of course, you know that you cannot reach these germs in your blood with sprays and douches.

S. S. S. will cleanse your blood of the cause of Catarrh, and give real relief. It has been in constant use for more than fifty years, and is sold by all druggists. Buy a bottle of S. S. S. today and lose no further time in getting on the right treatment.

Valuable advice regarding your case will be furnished free. Address Medical Adviser, 103 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

We Have FARMS of All Sizes

in MINNESOTA, WISCONSIN, DAKOTA.
Customers for all prices.
CONSULT US before buying or selling.
LARSON LAND AGENCY
1450 Temple Court - MINNEAPOLIS

HEADQUARTERS for Northwest Travelers

West Hotel

MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

Sensible Prices—Service our Watchword

MISTAKEN IN HIS SURMISE

Mr. Brown Somewhat Hasty in Blaming the Gramophone for Those Unearthy Sounds.

Perfect peace reigned in the Brown's household. The head of the family, his day's work over, was reading, in blissful anticipation of the evening meal which Mrs. Brown was busy preparing in the kitchen.

The gentle stillness was suddenly broken by eerie sounds, apparently coming from the next house—a weird moaning, developing into heart-rending wails and harrowing shrieks.

Mr. Brown jumped up.

"It's Mrs. Wood's confounded gramophone playing Tosti's 'Good-by'" he cried. "Lizzie"—to his oldest daughter—"go and implore her to stop it! Tell her I'm ill—tell her we're all ill, anything you like, only make her leave off!"

The child obediently hurried out, and two minutes later came rushing back.

"It's not Mrs. Wood's gramophone, dad," she said. "It's the Murphys down the street opening a tin of corned beef!"

Among the equipment of an up-to-date salvage ship are searchlights, line-throwing guns, rock drills, hoisting machines, etc.

If a man is smart he can always catch on, and if he is wise, he will always know when to let go.

Naturally.

"When you go to Europe now, you have to have your birth certificate."

"Of course you do. If you haven't, somebody else on the steamer might get your berth."

Cuticura Soothes Baby Rashes

That itch and burn with hot baths of Cuticura Soap followed by gentle anointings of Cuticura Ointment. Nothing better, purer, sweeter, especially if a little of the fragrant Cuticura Talcum is dusted on at the finish. 25c each everywhere.—Adv.

FAMOUS OLD BOSTON ABODE

Province House, Once One of the Most Famous Colonial Mansions, Has Been Partially Preserved.

There stands today on Bossworth court in Boston but a portion of the old Province house, a most interesting relic of Colonial days; and the rest of the court is lined with modern office buildings. But in 1820 it was considered a very genteel part of town. Oliver Wendell Holmes lived in the old Province house for 18 years.

At the farther end of the court stands an iron-wrought archway, decorative of design, which was used in the early part of the nineteenth century as an entrance to the governor's garden, a part of the Province house grounds. This has been carefully preserved, as have the stone steps which lead to the lower level. The Province house was immortalized by Hawthorne in his "Twice-Told Tales."

The historic staircase now is gone, and only a portion of the exterior of the house if left. It was built in 1697 by Peter Sargent, a wealthy London merchant, and was considered one of the handsomest residences in town. During the days of its popularity the governor gave many balls there.

Failings Ignored.

Mrs. Hodge—How do you write references for your cooks?

Mrs. Hiram Daly—Oh, epitaph style.

A silent, keyless clock, which contains only four wheels and no springs, has recently been patented.

The High Price of Sugar

makes one welcome foods which are rich in natural sweetness.

Grape-Nuts

—the ready-cooked cereal

requires no added sweetening, for it contains its own pure grain sugar, developed from wheat and barley by twenty hours' baking.

Sprinkle Grape-Nuts over ripe fruit or berries and you'll save sugar.

UNTANGLED

By W. A. PEACH.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

It was lunch hour in the restaurant run by the big mail order firm for the use of its employees. The girls were seated about, talking or reading. Ruth was the only one to whom no young man of the many men in the great building had seemed to turn an interested eye—that is, no man of the kind she wanted to know.

The girls had joked her about the situation so much that when Mary Kennedy had come to her and showed her a picture of a whimsical masculine face, handsome in a clean, pleasant fashion, and told her that he came from her town upstate, she had said glibly:

"Oh, yes, I know him; he's an old friend of mine!"

And she did not know him from Adam!

"You do?" said Mary. "Well, that is fine. He is a friend of Fred's and is coming in on the evening train—just in time to go to the dance; and you can take care of him. All the other girls are tied up."

And Mary, walking gayly away, had announced to the gathered girls that at last Ruth was to have a beau.

Thinking it over in her room, Ruth felt tears come to her eyes; but a glance at the clock startled her into action. She got out the simple dress that was her sole evening gown, and with unwilling fingers prepared herself for her ordeal.

She went alone to the hall where the girls were giving the dance—a little, lonely, and somewhat pathetic figure. She was welcomed with smiles and questions. "Is he good looking?" "May I see the snapshot?" "Is he an old flame of yours?" and similar queries were asked her. She forced herself to smile in a tantalizing way, but her heart was not as gay as her smile.

The dance began, and to her surprise she found she was asked to dance more than ever before. She wondered why.

The fateful hand moved around on the big hall clock to the train time, then to a little after. Perhaps, he would not come; and she prayed that her hope might be true. She had about reached the conclusion he had not when a slight confusion at the door drew her attention, and she saw Mary bearing down upon her.

"Ruth, he's come and waiting. As long as you know him, just get him and give him a good time," Mary said. "This is my favorite dance."

Setting her will to the effort, she went down the hall and up to a tall young fellow who was watching her with an odd expression on his face.

She stopped before him, panic-stricken until she saw the brown, friendly eyes looking down at hers. She held out her hand and he took it in a close, friendly grasp.

"Mary had just time to say 'Hello! I'll get a friend of yours—an old one!' Are you the one? I hope so," he added.

It was enough. Forgetting that he still held her hand, she blurted out the whole miserable story. He listened soberly—she was a bit frightened at that—and then spoke the words that brought some peace to her stormy heart.

"We ought to be old friends if we aren't. Let's dance. That music is great," he said smiling.

She drew a long breath and swung with him into the dance.

Four hours later it was a tired but supremely happy little girl that crept into the small bed in the hallroom, after a long examination at the mirror and the old verdict, "What a homely pug nose! If I could get rid of that! Never mind—I have had one good time that no one can ever, ever take away from me!"

At the office the next day, she was the subject of much interest. But she parried all comments that were suggestive. "He goes home today," she said quietly.

But he did not. She was called to the telephone at noon, and his pleasant voice asked her to promise the evening to him. In a voice that must have been faint to him, she agreed.

Then the wonder days began—golden, glorious days when hearts are finding their way to each other in a union that even death, supreme over all else, can never sunder.

And then came the last evening. They were alone in the little reception room. He was standing and saying simply: "I must go tomorrow. Before I go, Ruth, I want to know something; can you grow to love me while I am away?"

She could not find the words though her lips moved. The keen, searching strength came into his eyes. Suddenly, something strong and steadying went about her, and from his shoulder she was looking up.

"But nobody ever loved me!" she whispered, dazed and confused, and shaken by what had entered her life with overwhelming force. "Just see my homely nose and my——"

Something gentle and kind burned softly in eyes above hers. "And my dark, pretty hair and—little girl, there are all kinds of flowers; the one I love is the simple rose that used to grow in my mother's garden; you are it! As for that nose——" His gentle hand tipped her face, and he inspected the turned-up nose critically. "I like it, but most of all I love the girl who hates it!"

And then he kissed the lips beneath it.

ODD CONTESTS, OLD AND NEW

Belgium Cock-Crowing Matches and English Lark-Singing Contests—Turtles in Exciting Races.

From the dawn of time man has delighted in contests, whether between individuals who match their strength and skill, or between animals.

Some of these contests are decidedly quaint, or, for instance, the cock-crowing matches of Belgium, where specially bred and trained fowls are matched to see which will crow the greatest number of times within a certain time limit.

The lark-singing contests of England are far more musical, these contests being promoted and conducted by an association having a good membership. The birds are kept for some time in a dark room, and then placed before a mirror in the light. Imagining his own reflection to be a rival, the bird at once bursts into song, a careful record being made of the length of the song.

There used to be in Hamburg a famous collection of wild animals which included a number of giant tortoises, each weighing several hundred pounds. Children would mount upon the backs of these strange steeds, and, holding a lettuce leaf on the end of a stick just beyond the reach of the tortoise, coax them into an amusing race toward a fixed goal.

Much more exciting are the turtle races which may be witnessed in some of the South American countries. Turtle fishers select a number of the great sea turtles, and, attired in bathing costumes, mount their backs, grasping the forepart of the shells with both hands. The turtles are then released and at once make for the sea. Ordinarily the turtle would plunge with his rider to the bottom of the sea, but this the jockey would prevent by throwing his weight on the back part of the shell and at the same time pulling the forward part up with his hands, which keeps the animal's head above the surface. By pulling the shell to the right or left, the rider is able to guide his mount, and a circle is made about a boat anchored off shore, and so back to the starting point. These turtles cover a course of eight or nine miles in an astonishing short time.

In Siam is found a particularly warlike fish, and fish fighting is almost a national sport in that country. When a contest is to be staged, two of the fish are placed in a large glass bottle, and these natural gladiators do the rest.

Infinite Variety at Geneva.

Those who had the rare pleasure of looking in on a plenary session of the international woman's conference at Geneva were, in a few instances, unconvinced that out of such a variegated group unity of action and opinion could be possible, writes Alice La Maziere in Figaro. There were delegates from all parts of the world—blonde and heavy Scandinavians, robust and energetic Americans, frail and brunette Spaniards, Italians and Greeks, expressionless and saffron-colored Japanese and Hindus in over-embroidered gowns. And there were Frenchwomen despite the fact that though France has marched at the head of so many movements of emancipation, it will be a long while before she enfranchises her daughters. And we must not forget the delegate from Iceland, who journeyed for 30 days to be with us and came dressed in festival costume.

But Lady Astor, our good colleague from England, was the charm and grace of the conference. What will come of it all? Notwithstanding the opposition the women are meeting in certain countries—Spain, Italy, Switzerland, Turkey, France—the day is not far distant when we will act as a body in moral, political, educational and domestic questions. And our voice shall be heard when the specter of war threatens to arise.

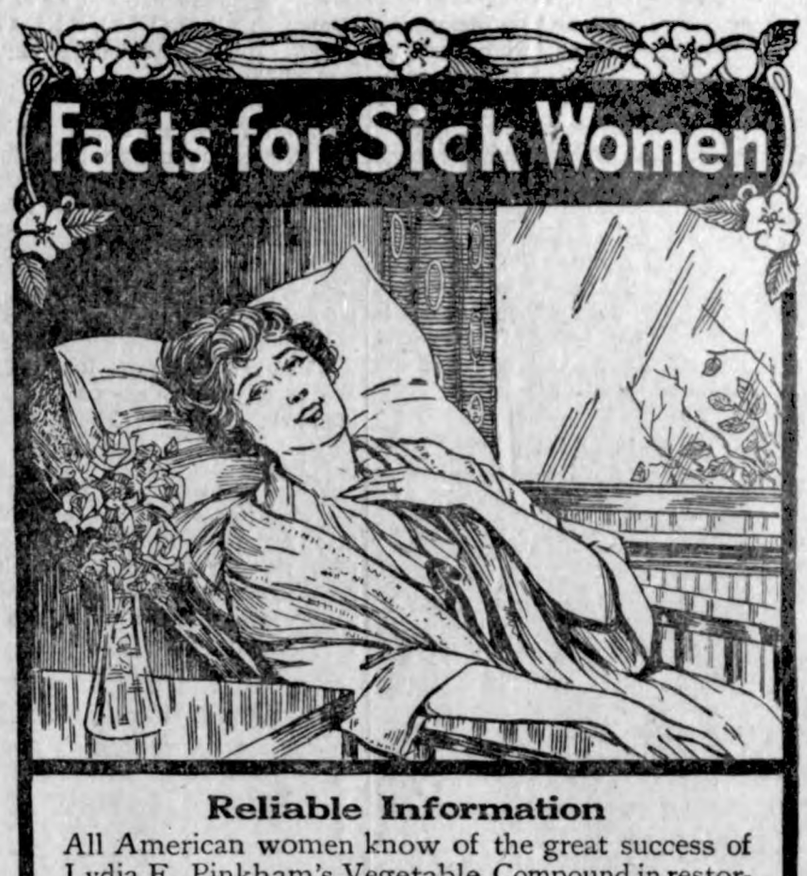
The War Horse.

Mud-spattered, high power motorcars, careering along military roads, replaced foam-flecked chargers in the work of carrying generals and their staffs in the World war when it came to the actual business of a campaign. No panting charger carried a Wellington from a town 20 miles away—a motorcar did the work in 20 minutes without exciting comment. But the horse was not entirely robbed of his glorious place in the war. Motorcars might do the work better in actual campaigns, but when it came to the pomp and panoply the horse was not entirely robbed of his glory. An army headed by a fat general cuddled in the deep upholstery of a mere machine would not stir the imagination. He must sit on a prancing, arch-necked steed and return the cheers with sharp salutes while handling his mettlesome mount. So it was that the high officers of the allies had horses for ceremonial occasions.

Warning to Airmen Who Smoke.

An airman who drops a lighted pipe from his plane is responsible for any damage his pipe may cause. This was decided at a moot, or discussion, in Gray's Inn hall, London, recently, at which Justice Darling presided.

Mr. Justice Darling, in the course of his judgment, said that for an airman to take a lighted pipe and smoke it when flying at a point where if it fell it would fall by gravitation to the earth instead of to the moon, to allow it to fall or not to prevent it to fall—that was in itself prima facie negligence. If the pipe fell to earth and set fire to a haystack or did any other damage, the person injured was entitled to an action to recover damages for negligence.—Brooklyn Eagle.



Reliable Information

All American women know of the great success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in restoring to health women who suffered from ailments peculiar to their sex, yet there are some who are skeptical and do not realize that all that is claimed for it is absolutely true—if they did, our laboratory would not be half large enough to supply the demand, though today it is the largest in the country used for the manufacture of one particular medicine.

The Facts contained in the following two letters should prove of benefit to many women:

Buffalo, N. Y.—"I suffered with organic inflammation and displacement. When lifting I had such pain and bearing down that I was not able to stand up, and it hurt me to walk or go up or down stairs. I was going to a doctor without any results and he said the safest thing would be to have an operation. I met a lady who told me she had three operations and was not well until she took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

I felt relief after taking two bottles of Vegetable Compound and I kept on with it until I was cured. I always use Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills and they are fine. Everything used to turn sour on my stomach and the Liver Pills relieved that."—Mrs. A. ROGERS, 593 Fargo Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.

Sacramento, Calif.—"I had organic trouble and had such terrible pain and swelling in the lower part of my side that I could not stand on my feet or even let the bed clothes touch my side. I gave up my work thinking I would not be able to go back for months. My mother advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as it had saved her life at one time, and it put me in a wonderful condition in a couple of weeks, so I can keep on working. I work in a department store and have to stand on my feet all day and I do not have any more pains. I surely recommend your Vegetable Compound to all my friends and you may use these facts as a testimonial."—BERTHA J. PARKER, 3320 M St., Sacramento, Calif.

The fact is, the Best Medicine for Women is

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

A Leading Clue.

"What made the pohibition enforcement agents suspect a staid, respectable elderly woman of having whisky bottles concealed about her?"

"I'm sure I don't know, unless it was her corkscrew curls."

Father and Daughter Get Relief by Eatonic

R. J. Powell, Sweetwater, Texas, says, "Eatonic helped me at once, but it was my daughter who got the marvelous benefits. She could not even take a drink of water without awful misery, but it relieved her; she is feeling much better. All this from one box, so send me four more at once."

Hundreds of people now take eatonic; one or two tablets after each meal keeps them in good health, feeling fine, full of pep. Eatonic simply takes up the excess acidity and poisons and carries them right out of the system. Of course, when the cause of the misery is removed, the sufferer cannot help but get well.

You will find it a quick, sure relief for heartburn, indigestion, sour, acid, gassy, bloated stomach. It costs but a trifle and your druggist will supply you. If you don't feel well, you give eatonic a test. Adv.

Easily Remedied.

"So the race was called off because there was not breeze enough to fill the yachts' sails."

"That was queer. With Sir Thomas Lipton spending $1,000,000 on the effort to lift the cup, he ought to be able to raise the wind."

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Womens' complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

In some English hospitals nurses are on duty for periods totaling up to 71 and 84 hours per week.

No man can afford to have contempt for another.

Harvest 20 to 45 Bushel to Acre Wheat in Western Canada

Think what that means to you in good hard dollars with the great demand for wheat at high prices. Many farmers in Western Canada have paid for their land from a single crop. The same success may still be yours, for you can buy on easy terms.

Farm Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

located near thriving towns, good markets, railways—land of a kind which grows **20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre.** Good grazing lands at low prices convenient to your grain farm enable you to reap the **profits from stock raising and dairying.**

Learn the Facts About Western Canada

—low taxation (none on improvements), healthful climate, good schools, churches, pleasant social relationships, a prosperous and industrious people.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent.

Are You Moving to California?

Automobiles—Household Goods

We offer substantial reductions in rates and the benefits of through car service and quick time in transit. For particulars, write,

WHITE LINE TRANSFER & STORAGE CO.
5th Street, Market to Vine, Des Moines

ABSORBINE STOPS LAMENESS

from a Bone Spavin, Ring Bone, Splint, Curb, Side Bone, or similar troubles and gets horse going sound. It acts mildly but quickly and good results are lasting. **Does not blister or remove the hair** and horse can be worked. Page 17 in pamphlet with each bottle tells how. $2.50 a bottle delivered. **Horse Book 9 R free.**

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; heals Sores. Allays Pain. Will tell you more if you write. $1.25 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Liberal trial bottle for 10c stamps.

W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 710 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

INVEST 2c

—and receive, absolutely free, without obligation, an interesting booklet that may show you the way to riches and prosperity. Write today.

203-4-5 Linz Bldg., DALLAS, TEX.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment. Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. N. Berry Co., 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Howard Doyle has begun work at the Northern Lumber Company and is the vacancy caused by the resignation of Paul Grange who went to Webster City. Howard has already

Klemme is fortunate in the coal situation. Coal haulers estimate that so far about two-thirds of the Klemme homes have their winter's supply of coal laid in.

They say prices are coming down. Potatoes are getting cheaper, sugar is coming down to 10 cents by the first of the year—maybe. We are from Missouri and "show us."

The Garner ball team played the Kanawha team Sunday at the park at Twin Lakes. The game was won by Garner who carried away seven scores against Kanawha's four.

Miss Arvella Emerson returned to her home at Spencer last Thursday after about a week's visit with her mother here and numerous Klemme friends.

Wm. Smith and family spent the latter part of last week and the forepart of this week in the pleasant (?) occupation of moving. They have moved into the house which they purchased by A. D. Gimer, east of the park. They have moved three times since March first this year and have become expert in the art of moving.

Ben Reemstma is a Government Licensed Auctioneer and he recently received his licens which is No. 17526. All auctioneers now have to pay a license of $50 a year.

C. W. Wiles left Friday for Kenosha, Wisconsin, and returned Monday with a new Dodge Bros. car, for which he has taken the agency for this territory.

Mrs. Boran came Monday from Milwaukee to join her husband who has already lived in Klemme several weeks. Mr. and Mrs. Boran live in one of the Ell houses a block east of the park.

Frank Gruetzmocher and son Harold, Paul Griesemer and John Gruetzmacher autoed to Mason City Tuesday. Harold went over to pitch ball for one of the cement company or tile plant teams. He also played with them the following day.

Mr. E. C. Crotty, who instructs the Klemme Band, will leave about the first of October for his former home in Massachusetts, where he and Mrs. Crotty will spend the winter months. They expect to return to Iowa next spring.

Miss Donna Baumgartner has returned from Des Moines where she spent several weeks visiting with relatives and friends and taking a general vacation. Monday she began teaching in the school two miles south-east of Klemme.

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock
A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14
A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.
Lloyd Lau, Prop

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian
All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
Klemme - Iowa

M. O. Hocum
The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man
Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

WANTED
HORSES, MARES AND MULES
Ages, 3 years old and up, weight 990 to 1,200
Theses horses and mules must be fat and in shape to ship. Will also buy draft horses weighing 1,600 up

Will be at Klemme Feed Barn
FRIDAY, Sept. 10, 1920
We pay more for horses than any other buyer coming to your city.
Bring in your horses Will be there Rain or Shine.
SHAMES BROS. National Stock Yards, East St. Louis, Ill.

Who Can Save the Most for You?

THATS what you're going to think about when you buy your fall clothes. If you are'nt careful you'll make a mistake.

The saving is'nt on the price ticket--it's in the clothes.

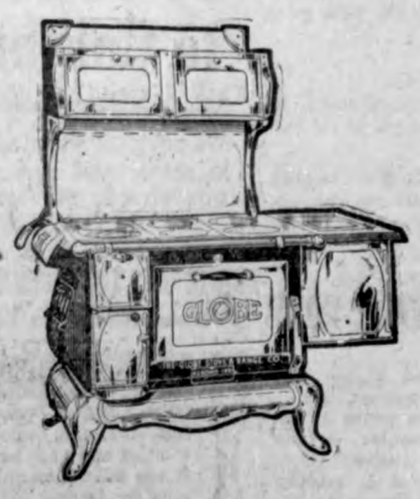
The tailoring, style and all wool that you get here in Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes saves the most for you.

The clothes last longer
The clothes cost per day
is lowest---

GET TO KNOW
GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON
The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes
16 STORES ***GARNER, IOWA***

To all lovers of well-cooked food

YOU who love food cooked thoroughly---like mother used to cook it--meats roasted to a delicious brown--wholesome, generous biscuits, crisp from the air after the heat of the oven--cookies, big toothsome cookies, baked through and through--and most of all, pies, juicy, flaky cherry pies that melt in your mouth and carry you back to the days of mother's tempting pantry--



¶ Everyone of you who love the better things from the kitchen--you will want a Supreme Globe, you must have one to prepare the meal you've been wishing for.

¶ The Supreme Globe will cook food in less time and with less fuel than any other range on the market. And it will cook it thoroughly--the oven is absolutely air-tight and heat is evenly distributed. Food is cook-every bit as thoroughly on the bottom and sides as it is on the top.

We carry a number of styles and sizes of ranges.

NOTE--We are selling these ranges at the old price as we bought early and before the raise and also the raise in freight--you get the benefit of this saving.

JACOBS & SON
HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

Annoncing our Fall Machinery--

You will find our fall line of machinery is very complete and you will find at our store the machine you want and at a very reasonable price, in fact, we have some real bargains. We wish call your attention to a part of our big stock:-

Corn Binders
Now is the time to buy—we have the Deering, McCormick and John Deere.

Potato Diggers
Save time Mr. Farmer with this digger, the cost is but a trifle, get one now.

Corn Pickers
The biggest labor saver and money maker on the farm, we sell the Deering and McCormick Pickers.

McCormick Husker
—is a corn husker and ensilage filler combined. We can get a couple for immediate delivery. Order now.

BARGAIN-- Have two used Ensilage Cutters, thoroughly overhauled and good as new. Can also get new cutters, order now!

SPECIAL-- We are over-stocked on plows and in order to move them fast we are offering them at ***Special Deal.*** All sizes and makes including Oliver, Sioux Falls, P. & O., J. I. Case, John Deere, Janesville, etc.

Spreaders We sold a lot of Manure Spreaders the past couple of weeks, come in and get yours while we have them.

Tell Your Machine Wants to Us
W. M. BAACK
High Grade Farm Implements. Klemme, Ia.

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fifth Year Number 1 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, September 9 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Hancock County's Honor Roll

The State of Iowa s preparing an Honor Roll of all the men who lost their lives in the World War which is to be placed in the Historical Building in Des Moines.

They desire the name and picture of every man in Hancock County who lost his life in the World War and with the name and picture desire as much information about the man as possible, especially his Company, Regiment, Division, when and where he died.

Following is a list of those men in Hancock County as I have them and I am giving them below that any correction or additions may be made.

I am asking, therefore, that any one knowing of other men whose names do not appear in this list will please send me the name with the name of some near relative.

The list as I have it is as follows:

Name	Address
Babb, Herbert	Garner
Christensen, Harvey	Garner
Schaffer, Ben	Garner
Olson, Gifford C.	Garner
Addam, Frank E.	Klemme
Krubes, Joseph M.	Britt
Anderson, Tommie O.	Corwith
Bennett, Fred J.	Kanawha
Dirksen, George H.	Woden
Jorgensen, Otto F.	Corwith
Foster, Clarence L.	Britt
Smith, Ralph	Woden
Wallen, Harold	Britt
Hrubes, Joseph M.	Britt
Hildebrand, Harold	Britt
White, Raymond J.	Miller
Haxton, Leslie E.	Britt
Harpe, Jack	Goodell
Scott, Clarence G.	Kanawha
Friedstrum, Maurice	Britt
Burrows, Leonard A.	Goodell
Wilson, Elmer M.	Corwith
Ward, James M.	Britt
Severson, Sanford	Kanawha
Rasmusson, James	Crystal Lake
Kelly, John W.	Woden
Robbins, Kenneth	Goodell

Send information as soon as possible to E. D. Calkins, Britt, Iowa.

Rev. Meyer Officiates Wisconsin Wedding

Rev. A. H. Meyer left Monday morning via. Garner, for Tomah, Wisconsin, the object of his trip being to officiate at the wedding of Mrs. Meyer's sister, Miss Martha Lenz on Wednesday of this week, when she will be married to Mr. E. M. Wentland, of Charles City. Miss Martha is well known in this city as she has spent over a month visiting here this summer. Mr. Wentland also is quite generally known as he has made numerous trips to Klemme for a visit at the Meyer home. Their many Klemme friends extend congratulations. After the ceremony they leave for the west where their wedding trip will extend over abut six weeks in taking in the wnderful sights. Rev. and Mrs. Meyer are expected to return to Klemme this morning.

CREAMERY COMPANY SHOWS GOOD GAIN

The Klemme Creamery Company has shown a gain of 15 per cent for August over the same period last year This further goes to show the ability of Buttermaker Gimer and the creamery staff in their excellent method of conducting the business. This is very good considering the fact that most creameries in this territory show a loss at this time of the year in the amount of butter produced. Buttermaker Gimer has shipped out for the creamery sixty tubs more butter for the month of August than was shipped out last year. Klemme has one of the best creameries in the state and they sure do set a good pace for the others to follow.

The Oldest Joke.

Johnny Hoy claims that the oldest joke is one about the farmer's wife who went to the door and found an agent. "Can I sell you an exterminator for vermin?" asked the agent. "No," said the farmer's wife, who had been pestered to death with agents, "We have all the vermin we need."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

The Times "Devil" Says

THANKS, FOLKS

Last week we mailed out a nice little letter to all our subscribers who were somewhat in arrears on their subscription to the Klemme Times. They have been very prompt in paying up, but there are some yet who have not paid for their paper in advance and we ask those who are not paid up and who received a statement to please remit. We thank all those who paid up so promptly. Editor.

EDITOR'S WIFE HAS SURE CURE FOR "SETTIN' HENS"

Mrs. Tierney should be given credit for the scheme she has figured out for curing hens from the bad hadit of sitting when they are supposed to be laying eggs to feed a hungry editor. The following from the Garner Democrat gives Mrs. Tierney's new discovered secret:

The sitting hen is a problem that bothers a great many poultry raisers, and how to stop her is even a more perplexing one to many. Not so at our house. On the 15th day of May last, our wife, who has charge of the poultry at our house, caught a hen wasting her time sitting in an empty box with no prospect of hatching anything but mites. She gathered the old sitter in, placed her in the oven of a discarded cook stove that stands in the barn. That was the 15th of May. August 2th she though7t of what she had done May 15th. That hen will never again bother as a sitter. We have no objections to other poultry raisers copying this idea of breaking up sitters, but insist that Mrs. Tierney be given credit for the discovery.

WEATHER MAKES SEED CORN SELECTION IMPORTANT

"The weather conditions thruout Iowa for the past week or two make it very important that every corn grower be active in the matter of selecting his seed corn carefully and putting it away," say the corn experts at Iowa State College. They point out that the cool weather, cupled with rains or showers, has kept corn from maturing and that in some sections the crop hs alost ten days or more. That means that the crop is that much more in danger of injury by frost.

The governor of Iowa has set aside the weeks of Sept. 20 to Oct. 2 as "Seed Corn Weeks" and it is urged by the corn men that every grower go into his fields at that time to select his seed and then put it away carefully where it will dry out promptly.

They urge, also, that a surplus lot of seed be selected—enough for next year and the year after. Experience in Iowa has again and again proved the value of a surplus amount of seed.

NO 2-CENT RAILROAD FARES

Curt Stops Re-establishment of Pre-War Rates in Iowa

The Iowa railroad commission and officers of the state of Iowa have been temporarily restrained from enforcing the state 2-cent fare law in an order which was issued by Martin J. Wade, judge of the United States District Court. Ten Iowa railroads asked for the court order.

Notice to Tax Payers

The second installment of taxes are now due, penalty attaches October first. If taxes are paid through banks bring the receipt for the first installment as that receipt has the description of the property.

THOMAS H. THOMPSON,
County Treasurer. 4wc

They Wore Their Collars Turned Backwards

Wm. Trafford and Marlin Croner left last week Wednesday for Burlington, and returned the following Saturday morning, their object in being there was on a business mission. But there hangs the tale. Having completed their business Friday afternoon quite early they were strolling about and their wanderings took them to the docks. A river steamer was just ready to take a party of picnicers down the river and Trafford nd Crner decided to go along. They paid their fare of ixty cents for a round trip of sixty-four miles, and pondered on the cheapness of it. Soon after they were well on the trip they discovered that there were many children on board, and strange to say, although Trafford and Croner were not related to any of the party, the children would address them as "father." It was not until they were on the return trip back that they discovered why the children addressed them as "father" each time they would speak to them. Trafford asked one of the sailors what the doings was all about and he said, "Catholic Sunday School Picnic." Immediately Bill and Croner turned their collars around and got away with it.

ROAD FENCE SIGNS MUST GO

So Says an Opinion of the Attorney General of Iowa

Iowa farmers whose fences are plastered with signs of all kinds, some lurid, some weatherbeaten, most of them dilapidated, will be interested in learning that those sgns have no right along the public highway.

Recently the Cerro Gordo county supervisors determined to eliminate the signs from their county highways, if possible, and they ask the attorney general's office for an opinion as to their rights. The attorney general said in effect that the signs had no right and could be removed by the supervsors. So notice has been given to all sign advertisers to remove them within thrty days. If that is not done, the highway patrolmen will be directed to remove them.

Unsigned Letters Containing News

We received a letter yesterday morning mailed at Minneapolis, evidently from a Klemme party taking in the fair. Although the news is interesting we cannot publish it as it was unsigned except the unreadable initials of two persons. We protect ourselves and readers by throwing unsigned manuscripts in the waste basket as we cannot take the time to look up the truthfullness of statements or existing conditions of unsigned "news."

Hancock County Teachers Institute

Hancock County Teachers Institute will be held in the high school building at Garner, Thursday and Fridao September 16th und 17th. An institute faculty of the very best educators in the country has been secured.

The law states that teachers institutes shall be held at such times as the schools are generally in session and that any teacher failing to attend such teachers institute two days shall forfeit his or her average salary for each day of none attendance. While attendance is plainly the duty of of every teacher, we prefer to extend this call as a great priveledge to meet for help and conference with some of the best educators in active service today. Let all teachers and school officers heartily co-operate to make this institute a source of benefit and inspiration to all teachers of the county.

J. R. BAGGS
County Supt. of Schools 1wc

Walter Johnson and Jeff Bell left on Monday to take in the Minnesota State Fair, They intend to go from there to Canada to work during threshing and will then go to Seattle, Wash., returning to Klemme during the holidays.

The Wm. Hward family left last Friday night for Des Moines, where they will make their home in the future. Mr. Howard, we believe, has a job on the railroad there as brakeman.

Things Not to Be Hidden.

Three things cannot be hidden—love, a cough, and smoke—yes, even a fourth, and that is the signs of abundant life on a lively farm.

Sewer Men Will Arrive Soon

Mayor Gruetzmacher has received word from the contractors who have the job of installing the sewers here stating that they have their machines loaded on cars and ready to start. A slight delay in materials is holding them up at the present time. They have their men ready to go to work here. The company will use four large machines in the work and will put in from five hundred feet to a thousand feet of sewer each day when they get started. Two machines will be used for digging the trenches and two will be used for filling in after the sewer pipe are laid. If they have good luck they plan to get the job finished in a month or five weeks.

LAND SEEKERS PARTY TO CANADA

Charles Busch, local land man, and a party of ten men left here Sunday morning for Mason City where a special train was scheduled to take a large party of Iowa land seekers to Snipe Lake, Western Saskachewan, Canada, on a land excursion. Those who accompanied Busch from this vicinity were August Lau, Fred Ridder, Wm. Neuhring, Harry Sandry, Julius Priebe, Ray Christie, Fred Etchen, Frank Roths, Martin Jensen and Ceo. Albers. They expect to be gone about ten days on the trip.

Herman and John Hippen came last week from Centralia, Mo., for a visit with their brothers, Ulrich and Albert.

Emil Neuhring met with a rather sudden accident one day last week when he attempted to crank a tractor on the Julius Priebe farm. The thing back fired and the heavy crank walloped him across the face, breaking his nose, bruising his face and cutting a gash. "Spike's" natural beauty is marred for a few weeks until the marks left by the tractor crank have healed up.

Clint Mann and family and Howard Wiles drove to Boone last Friday for a few days' visit.

THE QUARTER CENTURY MARK

With this issue the Klemme Times launches forth on it's twenty-fifth year of newspaperdom.

We have been at the helm for over three years now and we might add that they have been successful years as well as years of joy in running the paper. The past two years have marked the fall of many old established newspapers in this state and other states, but the Times has weathered the storm and is stronger than ever. We have enlarged the plant in a great many ways, installed new machinery, type and labor saving devices to make the Times a better paper for Klemme. Our efforts have evidently been appreciated for we have added several hundred names to our subscription list since coming here in 1917. Our advertising has more than doubled since we took over the plant and our job prnting department has also made substantial increases, and it is with pleasure that we look over the records of the Times on its twenty-fifth anniversary.

We do not claim the success alone but give due credit to all our patrons for their liberal support and friendship toward the paper in the past. With the same good wishes we solicit their good friendship and patronage in the future that the Klemme Times shall be one of the strongest weeklies in the state.

R. A. Jorgenson,
Editor and Publisher

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the preaching service at 11 o'clock.

Union service in the country church Sunday night.

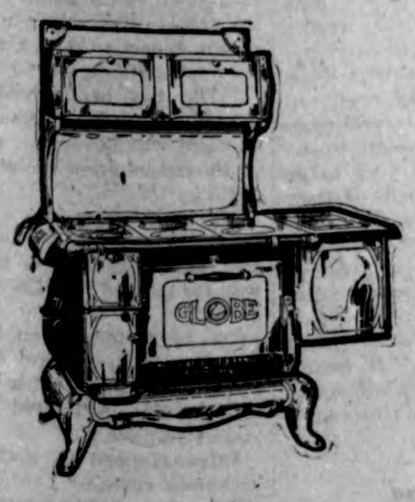
Midweek prayer meeting on each Thursday evening at 7:30.

All are invited to our services.

Fred Henschen has been hobbling around the last few days, being troubled with a very troublesome boil on his right knee. He is just about over it now and no doubt if you are in Minneapolis this week you will run onto him at the Minnesota State Fair.

To all lovers of well-cooked food

YOU who love food cooked thoroughly---like mother used to cook it--meats roasted to a delicious brown--wholesome, generous biscuits, crisp from the air after the heat of the oven--cookies, big toothsome cookies, baked through and through--and most of all, pies, juicy, flaky cherry pies that melt in your mouth and carry you back to the days of mother's tempting pantry--



¶ Everyone of you who love the better things from the kitchen--you will want a Supreme Globe, you must have one to prepare the meal you've been wishing for.

¶ The Supreme Globe will cook food in less time and with less fuel than any other range on the market. And it will cook it thoroughly--the oven is absolutely air-tight and heat is evenly distributed. Food is cook-every bit as thoroughly on the bottom and sides as it is on the top.

We carry a number of styles and sizes of ranges.

NOTE--We are selling these ranges at the old price as we bought early and before the raise and also the raise in freight--you get the benefit of this saving.

JACOBS & SON
HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

SIGNS SUFFRAGE PROCLAMATION

Women of United States Given Vote by Government Decree.

NO CEREMONY OR SETTING

Document Was Signed at Eight O'Clock in the Morning at Mr. Colby's Home—Secretary Sought to Avoid Friction.

Washington, Aug. 28.—The proclamation announcing officially that the suffrage amendment to the Constitution had been ratified was signed by Secretary Colby of the state department on Thursday.

The document was signed at 8 a. m. at Mr. Colby's home, when the certificate from Governor Roberts that the Tennessee legislature had ratified the amendment was received. Secretary Colby announced his action on his arrival at his office later.

The announcement disappointed a group of suffrage workers from headquarters of the National Woman's party who had gathered at the state department, hoping to be present when Mr. Colby attached his signature to the proclamation. Miss Alice Paul, chairman, was among the number.

Secretary Colby later sent word to the Woman's party headquarters that he would see the suffrage leaders at his office if they desired. Word was sent back that Miss Paul was preparing to leave for New York; that the other leaders already had returned to their homes and the invitation could not be accepted.

Secretary Colby had prepared a statement regarding ratification of the suffrage amendment, which he planned to read to the officials of the National Woman's party had they accepted the invitation.

When the secretary's invitation to return to his office was declined, another party of suffrage leaders appeared at the department. They were officals and members of the National American Woman Suffrage association.

The invitation to hear Mr. Colby's statement was promptly accepted by this group, and they filed into his office for the purpose.

Secretary Colby's statement follows:

"The certified record of the action of the legislature of the state of Tennessee on the suffrage amendment was received by mail this morning. Immediately on its receipt the record was brought to my house. This was in compliance with my directions and in accordance with numerous requests for prompt action.

"I thereupon signed the certificate required of the secretary of state this morning at eight o'clock in the presence of Mr. F. K. Nielsen, the solicitor of the state department, and Mr. Charles L. Cook, also of the state department. The seal of the United States has been duly affixed to the certificate and the suffrage amendment is now the nineteenth amendment of the Constitution.

"It was decided not to accompany the simple ministerial action on my part with any ceremony or setting. This secondary aspect of the subject has, regretfully, been the source of considerable contention as to who shall participate in it and who shall not.

"Inasmuch as I am not interested in the aftermath of any of the frictions or collisions which may have been developed in the long struggle for the ratification of the amendment, I contented myself with the performance in the simplest manner of the duties devolved upon me under the law.

"I congratulate the women of the country upon the successful culmination of their efforts, which have been sustained in the face of many discouragements, and which have now conducted them to the achievement of that great object. The day marks the opening of a great and new era in the political life of the nation.

"To the leaders of this great movement I tender my sincere congratulations. To everyone, from the president, who uttered the call to duty, whenever the cause seemed to falter, to the humblest worker in this great reform, the praise not only of this generation but of posterity will be freely given."

The proclamation recounts the process by which the new article 19 of the Constitution was presented and ratified, naming the ratifying states, and continues:

"Now, therefore, be it known that I, Bainbridge Colby, secretary of state of the United States, by virtue and in pursuance of section 205 of the revised statutes of the United States, do hereby certify that the amendment aforesaid has become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the Constitution of the United States."

Russ Evacuate Vilna.

Paris, Aug. 28.—The Russian soviet forces have evacuated Vilna, Lithuania, and the railway station and public buildings there were occupied by Lithuanians, according to news reaching the French foreign office.

Illinois Miners Get Raise.

Chicago, Aug. 28.—Formal acceptance of a new increase of $1.50 a day to more than 40,000 Illinois coal miners was made by 16 men representing Illinois coal operators and officials of the workers' unions.

1—Some members of the Legion of Polish women who fought bravely against the invading Russians. 2—Senator Harding smoking the pipe of peace with the heads of twelve tribes of Indians at Marion, O. 3—View of "Tell Avio," the prosperous Jewish (Zionist) colony at Jaffa.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Defeat of Russian Armies in Poland One of the Greatest In History.

HUNDRED THOUSAND CAPTURED

America and Allies Warn Poles to Stop at Frontier—Britain to Recognize Egypt's Independence—Cox Accuses Republicans of Trying to "Buy" Presidency.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

The week closed with four of the five soviet Russian armies that attacked Poland practically destroyed or dispersed. The Reds, it was estimated, had lost nearly 100,000 prisoners and about 40,000 others had been killed. Many thousands had been forced across the German border, where they were disarmed and interned—or were supposed to be, if the Germans did their duty as neutrals. The Russian cavalry and infantry that escaped from the Polish pincers retired on Grodno and Ossowiec and such reserves as they had were brought up to the latter place. It was expected that the Reds would put up a desperate fight in the marsh country there to preserve contact with the East Prussia border and to keep the Poles from forming a junction with the Lithuanians.

The last real effort of the Red army of the north resulted in three days of fierce fighting in the Narew valley between Lomza and Ostrolenka, the Russians trying to force their way across the road to Bialystok. The Poles captured the river crossings, and next day another of their forces advanced along the Prussian frontier to Myszynies. The Reds were caught between these forces and had to surrender.

Of all the invaders of Poland, only General Budenny's forces, mostly cavalry, appear to have escaped. They were operating in Galicia toward Lemburg, and when the fate of the soviet adventure was certain they made a rush forward with the intention of destroying the great oil wells in that region. They reached the outskirts of Lemburg but were driven away by volunteers and a few regulars. As they retired they destroyed villages and crops and carried off all implements, furniture, clothing and animals.

Unbiased observers describe the defeat of the Reds as one of the greatest of military disasters and say the campaign that brought it about was of surpassing interest. They agree substantially concerning the utter rout of the soviet armies, but in this they are contradicted by such bolshevik leaders as have been heard from and by some Germans. These assert that the retreat of the Reds has been conducted in an orderly manner, that they saved most of their supply trains and that the number of casualties has been greatly exaggerated by the Poles.

If now the Poles can restrain their enthusiasm and ambition all may be well with them. They have been warned by the United States, France and probably Great Britain that they must not again attempt an invasion of Russian territory but must stop their advance at the ethnic border of Poland. If they disobey, the allies will withdraw their support. The French foreign office, while agreeing that the Poles must not try to seize any Russian territory, admits the exigencies of the campaign might make it necessary for them to cross the frontier temporarily.

The entente allies came into full accord concerning the Polish question last week, much to the surprise of Germany, and probably to its dismay. They really adopted the policy of France and it is supposed Lloyd George was brought to this view by the persistent attempts of the Reds against British rule in various regions and by some of the terms they tried to force on Poland. These latter were at variance with the terms which Kameneff said would be proposed and included the demand that a proletariat army be formed in Poland. Naturally the victorious Poles have rejected the terms of the Reds, and it was stated by Tchitcherin, soviet foreign minister, that this would result in the immediate rupture of the negotiations at Minsk.

General Wrangel, who had been rather quiet of late in the Crimean peninsula, started a vigorous campaign Thursday with his reorganized forces. One of his armies moved eastward onto the mainland, speedily taking the important Black sea port of Novorossiysk and other cities and almost reaching Ekaterinodar, capital of the Kuban Cossacks. At the same time another army occupied the Donetz coal basin 350 miles to the north. The loss of those mines will be an especially severe blow to the bolsheviki.

On the borders of the republic of Georgia, an alarming concentration of bolshevik forces is reported, supposedly in pursuit of a plan to march through Georgia and Armenia and establish communication with the Turkish Nationalists in Asia Minor.

The nationalist movement in Egypt, which has been more serious than censored dispatches made it appear, and which has been increasing ever since the establishment of the British protectorate during the war, seems about to meet with success. The British government, it is reliably though not officially reported, has agreed to recognize the independence of Egypt and a final treaty and alliance will soon be negotiated. Fundamental points in the agreement, it is said, are: Egypt will recognize Great Britain's privileged position in the valley of the Nile, and agrees in case of war to afford every facility for access to Egyptian territory; Great Britain will maintain a garrison in Egypt in the canal zone; Egypt regains control of foreign relations, subject to her not making treaties contrary to British policy, and will have the right to maintain diplomatic representatives abroad.

The Albanians and Serbs, who are fighting a little war of their own, have been having some bloody battles and the Albanians claim to have driven their foes back into their own country. The victors halted, at least temporarily, at the demarcation line fixed in 1913.

Two deposed rulers of Europe are figuring on climbing back onto thrones. Constantine, former king of Greece, believes that the Greeks will call him back if they have full freedom of expression at the coming elections, but he fears Venizelos will prevent this. He was deeply grieved the other day because Lloyd George, on vacation in Lucerne, refused to see him. The premier gave as a reason "the dastardly attempt on the life of Venizelos," for which Constantine asserts he was in no way to blame.

The other hopeful ex-ruler is Charles, former emperor of Austria. According to a report circulated in European capitals, the Hungarian people want him to be their king, and Great Britain and France have agreed to permit it. Italy and Serbia object, but it is thought the Vatican can persuade the former. Charles has said he would accept the throne of Hungary.

Lloyd George departed for his Swiss holiday in the expectation that the Irish question would await his return. But Irish leaders would not stand for the delay. On Wednesday the standing committee of the Irish peace conference called on the lords justices, representatives of the lord-lieutenant, to present resolutions demanding dominion home rule, stoppage of coercion and the calling of an Irish convention. They also telegraphed the premier asking that he receive a deputation immediately, in view of the urgency of the situation.

This peace conference was an assemblage of some 700 representatives of moderate opinion in all parts of Ireland, and in all parties. Most of them were unionists, and among the conferees were members of the house of lords, Protestant bishops, Catholic priests, prominent business men, and great land owners. The earl of Shaftesbury, who owns the land on which Belfast was built, was unexpectedly present, and told the gathering: "I am an Ulsterman, and I'll stand by Ulster, but I am with you in toto. Have patience with Ulster and we'll bring her to the point of self-government as a part of united Ireland." Other Belfast leaders said much the same. It was believed this conference was a long step toward Irish unity and the settlement of the island's troubles.

Meantime Terrence MacSweney, lord mayor of Cork, was dying of self-imposed hunger in a British prison, and Irishmen appealed to King George to save him, and to President Wilson and the heads of all European states, comparing his case to that of the burgomaster of Brussels whom the Germans imprisoned. Mr. Lloyd George said that, whatever the consequences, the government could not take the responsibility of freeing MacSweney. The Sinn Fein leaders feared his death would lead to an outbreak that would play into the hands of the British.

Efforts of the anti-suffragists to prevent or delay the promulgation of the ratification of the suffrage amendment were foiled, and on Thursday Secretary of State Colby, receiving official notification of the action of the Tennessee legislature, signed and issued the proclamation. The District of Columbia refused to issue a restraining order to Secretary Colby, so now the only hope remaining of the foes of suffrage is that the United States Supreme court will declare the Tennessee ratification illegal.

It is interesting to read the opinion of the venerable Cardinal Gibbons, who has been a consistent opponent of woman suffrage. He says:

"I regret very much that the women have taken the plunge into the deep. I would much prefer that things had remained as they were. I am, however, of the opinion that after the first election or so only a small percentage of the women of the country will avail themselves of the privilege of voting."

Governor Cox roused the Republicans by asserting that they are raising a minimum fund of $15,000,000 for the campaign. National Chairman Will Hays and his associates at once denied the truth of the statement and both they and the Democratic leaders demanded that the senate committee on campaign expenditures investigate the charge. The committee, which is in session in Chicago subpoenaed National Chairmen Hays and White and Congressional Chairmen Fess and Doremus, and "invited" Governor Cox also to appear before it and present such evidence as he might have to substantiate his statements. The Democratic candidate said he would furnish what information he had in due time, and meanwhile he went ahead with his speaking tour, repeating his accusations. When he reached Pittsburgh, Thursday night, he opened up and made public the alleged facts upon which he based his charge that the Republicans are trying to "buy the presidency."

The "expose" really was not so sensational as might have been expected. Cox read a list of 51 cities and the amount which the Republican national committee proposed to raise in each, the total being $8,145,000. This figure, he asserted, had nothing to do with "the large amounts being collected in hundreds of smaller cities, towns and rural communities." He gave no names of contributors, saying the Republicans could produce those. The governor also read documents which he said proved that Senator Harding had detailed knowledge of the financing of his campaign.

Republican Treasurer Upham, who had previously told something of the quota list, says the quotas are vastly larger than the actual amount called for by the budget, and asserted that the national committee had collected, to date, only $696,977.82.

A rather weak come-back was the charge made by Congressman Fred Britten, that the British parliament had appropriated $87,500 in favor of the British ambassador at Washington for "entertainment purposes," and that this fund had already found its way to the Democratic national committee. This was, of course, denounced as absurd by both Ambassador Geddes and Democratic Chairman White. Governor Cox said the charge was "too silly for words."

Home Town Helps

DIVIDENDS FROM THE GARDEN

Showing Made This Year Should Make All Resolve to Have Their Own, If Possible.

Home gardens are declaring dividends, regular, extra and midsummer specials all being included in the distribution. These profits have been coming to the home gardener from the time the first lettuce, the first radish, the first green onion was ready for the table. The variety of dividends is limited only by the wisdom of the man who planted the garden. The earlier dividends are accompanied now by others more seasonable, the entire distribution increasing the pleasures of those who taste and enjoy.

The man who prepared the garden plot, who made the soil ready, who laid it out, planted the seed, put out the plants and gave care and thought and attention each day, has already had his investment back in greater health, to say nothing of the pleasures that have been his in helping and studying the productive forces of nature. Now he gets the special dividends in delicious table offerings, everything tasting better because of the toil and thought he gave it. And he can laugh and grow merry over some high prices quoted, because the little back-yard garden spot, to which he gave time and toil, has helped him solve the high cost of living in part. What is there that pays so much for the work as the back-yard garden?—Ohio State Journal.

BEAUTIFY THE WASTE SPOTS

Unsightly Places May Be Given an Attractive Appearance If Paid a Little Attention.

Borders in the garden and yard are like frames that lend beauty to the picture. In many gardens and lawns there seems to be no space that can be spared for flowers, yet there are walks of cement, brick or cinders, waste spaces along the alley, or around small buildings which if bordered with some flowers would change the entire appearance of the place.

China astors, old fashioned pinks, English daisies, forget-me-nots, sweet alyssum, candy tuft, and verbenas are good varieties for almost any soil or climate. In places where a taller border would bring out the picture, use sweet William. Oriental poppies, or the stately hollyhock. Then find a high place for a bird house, or plant some shrubs for nest places.

The true home picture is lacking without the birds and flowers. —The Thrift Magazine.

Town and Country.

I wonder when ambitious cities will learn that it is a dangerous business to be everlastingly campaigning for a greater population. Nearly every town and city in the United States had one slogan, "More population in 1920." This has been going on for the last fifty years until we see our farm population decreased to the danger point. The 1920 census will show five million less people living on the farms in this country now than there were in 1910. It will show an increase of population for the nation of twenty millions. This means twenty-five million more people in the towns and cities and five million less people to feed them. Unless these city folks can find a substitute for bread, meat and potatoes, something serious is going to happen.—John A. Simpson, Farmer.

The Small Towns.

It has been figured up that there are about 12,000 small towns in the United States, half of them with populations of 500 or less. It is these small towns that the rural people are intimately associated with. They sell their produce there, buy the things they need; in fact, these are a part of the rural community. Some of these small towns will become cities, but a very large per cent of them will remain as they are. It is no disgrace to live in a small town, but the rule is that these people are waiting until next year, or some future year to improve their schools, put in sidewalks, a water system, or a sewer system to safeguard the health of the people, or before taking any steps to improve the social and living conditions of the children.—The Thrift Magazine.

Billboards Indicted.

Not alone because they are a blot on the landscape, boardings are considered an evil in more tangible ways. When they are not strongly supported there is always danger of their falling over in storms. Unless they are of fireproof material they are easily inflammable and often serve to carry fire from one building to another. If the boards are not raised several feet from the ground the space back of them almost invariably becomes a dump for refuse and a convenient place for criminals to hide.

Signboards nearly always shut out sunlight and air. To prevent this as much as possible, some cities limit the height and width of the board. The importance of breathing space around a building is recognized by a number of millionaires.

BYRON

By LOUISE M. ADDELSON.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Elinor Worth, rushing downstairs in answer to the furiously ringing door bell, found her chum and next-door neighbor, Alice Gloring, in a wild state of excitement.

"He's coming!" panted Alice, thrusting a slip of yellow paper into Elinor's hands.

"Byron?" breathed Elinor, quite awed.

"Byron! Isn't it wonderful? Elinor, you'll just adore him. If I were not engaged myself I'd—he's such a dear."

Elinor did not doubt it. For two years she had heard praises of Alice's wonderful cousin. For two years she had listened to the recital of his manly perfections, the tales of his heroic deeds; of his kindness, his generosity, his good looks, until in her youthful imagination he had become a god. Even his name appealed to her romantic fancy. A man named Byron, she felt, could never be commonplace.

"We'll introduce you tomorrow after church," promised Alice.

And, as her friend had predicted, the following day being Sunday, Elinor was introduced after church. Mrs. Gloring performed the ceremony with a little flutter of pleasure. She was fond of Elinor, and matchmaking was her hobby.

"My nephew, Byron, dear Elinor, just returned from service. Byron, darling, Alice's best friend, Miss Worth."

Elinor lifted her eyes. She tried to say something pleasing and polite, but her tongue refused to obey her. Something was wrong with the world. The sunshine became hateful, the songs of the birds a mocking chorus. For Byron, the Byron of her imagination, the poetic creature of her maiden fancies, had taken unto himself wings and fled; and in his place stood an odious long-limbed, quite un-Byronic creature with sandy hair, light blue eyes, a wide mouth and a nondescript nose.

"Isn't he just too sweet?" murmured Alice in Elinor's ear.

Elinor flushed, not so much at Alice's words as at the sudden twinkle in Byron's eyes.

The days wore on. Elinor survived the shock she had received. She met Byron frequently and even learned to like him. That gay twinkle in his eye seemed to relieve his plainness. But she felt that Fate had played a cruel joke on her, nevertheless, and that she would not be the same again. The real Byron could never attain a truly Byronic place in her imagination. But he had been in service and it was his duty to be kind to him, so she helped Alice entertain him. She walked with him, talked with him, drove with him and felt herself very magnanimous in doing it.

A few weeks after his arrival a French army officer came to see Byron. The girls were curious as to the object of his visit, for Byron foretold nothing, merely smiling with that exasperating twinkle in his eyes. And the surprise of the ladies was great when the young Frenchman pinned a medal on Byron's chest as a mark of favor from the French government for unparalleled bravery and fortitude on the field of battle and for chivalry and kindness to French widows and orphans.

That night, when Byron invited Elinor out for a walk, she was strangely shy. It had come over her suddenly that Byron was a personage.

"Elinor," said he, after they had walked a few minutes in silence, "do you think you could like me a little though I am not all that you had hoped for?"

"All I—hoped for?" stammered Elinor.

"Yes. You see, I know my aunt and Alice have a way of raving over people, and I could tell they'd given you a wrong impression of me. Also, my name has been a stumbling block all my life. I don't know what my parents had against me when they named me Byron. It isn't so bad with men, but girls have had a habit of judging you by name. Confess, now, didn't you rather expect to meet a shaggy-haired poet, instead of a plain John Jones?"

"Who has been decorated by the French government," said Elinor, softly, "and who never said a word about it, though he knew the decoration was coming!"

"Oh, as for that—"

"As for that," said Elinor, "I realize that poets could never have won the war for us, and that I'm a very foolish person."

"If you'll forgive my being un-Byronic," said Byron, with his humorous twinkle, "I'll forgive your being foolish. In fact, I'm pretty well pleased with you as you are."

Elinor stopped and made him an old-fashioned curtsy.

"The sentiment's mutual," she said.

Which pleased the un-Byronic Byron very much.

Land Clearing Shown in Pictures.

Movies of the first land clearing school ever held in the United States, that conducted by the Marinette county (Wis.) Land Clearing association, and the University of Wisconsin last spring at Cedarville, in Marinette county, are now being shown by Secretary Livingstone of the association. These pictures were taken to supplement the education in land-clearing movies lent to the association by the university. They show actual farmers actually performing the operations directed by the best practice of land clearing.

The Man Nobody Knew

(Copyright by Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc.)

By HOLWORTHY HALL

"HAVE I A CHANCE?"

Synopsis.—Dick Morgan of Syracuse, N. Y., a failure in life, enlists in the Foreign Legion of the French army under the name of Henry Hilliard, is disfigured by shrapnel. The French surgeons ask for a photograph to guide them in restoring his face. In his rage against life he offers in derision a picture postcard bearing the radiant face of Christ. The surgeons do a good job. On his way back to America he meets Martin Harmon, a New York broker. The result is that Morgan, under the name of Hilliard, goes back to Syracuse to sell a mining stock. He is determined to make good. He tells people of the death of Morgan. He finds in Angela Cullen a loyal defender of Dick Morgan. He meets Carol Durant, who had refused to marry him. She does not hesitate to tell him that she had loved Morgan. Hilliard finds he still loves her and is tempted to confess. Hilliard tempts Cullen, his former employer, with his mining scheme. He discovers a rival for Carol's love in a nice young fellow named Armstrong.

CHAPTER VIII.

—9—

For thirty days Hilliard had listened to eulogies of his secret self. He had heard from a hundred sources the fond belief repeated, that Dicky Morgan given time and counsel, would have made the city as proud of him for his intrinsic worth as it now was proud of him for his military valor. The praise of Dicky Morgan had at first stunned Hilliard; after that, it had exalted him; still later, it had tortured his soul. He had longed, restlessly, during that third period of his introspection, to take the city into his heart, to reveal himself, to answer for Dicky Morgan's failures and pledge himself anew to the achievement which Dicky Morgan's friends had prophesied; and then he had been overwhelmed by the recollection that he had made this course impossible. If he had only known that all his decisions were needless! If he had only known that Dicky Morgan could come home, and been forgiven! What anguish he could have saved—what repentance! And the problem was still the same—should he continue, safe in his masquerade, to the goal he had set for himself, or should he risk the worst, and salve his conscience by renunciation?

By far the most distressing factor in the puzzle was his relationship to Carol Durant. He had seen her only half a dozen times during the month, and never alone—the fates or Armstrong had circumvented him—but he was head over heels in love with her again, he sensed, from fugitive glances and a stray word or two on her part, that she wasn't entirely averse to him. And what would Carol think if she knew that this grave and tender stranger was hiding behind the wraith of Dicky Morgan—it was a thousand times the worse! If she were ever to be in love with Henry Hilliard, it was impossible!

And then there was little Angela Cullen—

And in addition, there was the serious business of making good; he was no longer impelled to it by resentment, but rather by unadulterated ambition; and too, he would see destroyed by one admission of his deceit. To confess in the game was to lose his prob- ... to relinquish it was to lose all ... and even now, his joy and pride ... contained in precisely those things ... he must give up, if he decided ... tear off the mask of hypocrisy; and ... self-respect was rising out of the ... of what he never should have ... at all.

When he thought of his worldly ambitions, he was profoundly regretful that he had talked professionally with Cullen. To be sure, the matter had come up casually and naturally, and the opening had seemed too good to be missed; at the same time, Hilliard couldn't help reflecting that it had been premature. It might prove, actually, to have been just the proper course to produce results; it might mean that Cullen would become so impatient that he couldn't be restrained, and would leap without looking, and further than he intended, and yet, ... since that preliminary interview, Hilliard had known that he had made ... reach in his own fortresses; that ... had rendered it possible for an in... (and logical enough) investi... on to begin, or for mild suspicion ... arise and gain momentum before ... had devised the means of combating ... And although Hilliard believed ... implicitly in the goods he had to sell, ... knew the difficulty of the market; ... knew how timorous is the average ... investor; and he knew that there ... might very easily come a time at which ... harangue would be remembered, ... remembered adversely.

... this connection he was irritat... by the tone of Harmon's letters to ... from New York. Harmon was en... sanguine, and confident; he was re... sturdily on Hilliard to break ... through the acumen of the up-state ... capitalists; but he thought that Hilliard was making haste too slowly; he ... that all Hilliard needed to do ... to devote himself to a hard on-slaught against Mr. Cullen, and, after that, to gather subscribers where he chose. He said that Hilliard was wasting time, and ought to begin to collect signatures. Hilliard had mentioned, in a moment of indiscretion, the assistance which Angela had unconsciously given him, and Harmon had appraised it highly; but it angered him, when he saw this reference written down in Harmon's letter, to have her name brought into the instructions, even by implication. Still . . . had he not invited this upon himself?

It was in a dizzying quandary, then, that Hilliard kept his next appointment at the Durants'. The problem had grown so many branches, sent forth so many tentacles of bewildering confusion, that he hardly knew what to say, where to turn. His one consolation was that the miracle which had been performed upon him had given him a mask of impenetrable calm. At least, he didn't have to wear his forebodings on his countenance.

And yet, almost the first words Carol said to him were: "Something's troubling you, Mr. Hilliard."

He was momentarily demoralized, and came near showing it—tried to pass it off with a laugh.

"Did I make it as plain as all that?"

"No," she said, "it wasn't plain at all."

His laugh was remarkably hollow, but he persisted in it.

"Why, how did you think of it, then?"

"Just from your eyes," she told him. "What's the matter? Anything I could help straighten out for you? Or couldn't I listen? That helps a lot, sometimes—" She dropped her eyes, and the color deepened in her cheeks.

"Isn't there anything I can do?" she said. "Or.... that father could? You frighten me. . . ."

"I'm sorry. . . . No, please don't think of it. I ought to be shot if I've made you unhappy."

The bitterness in his voice was acute; and by paradox, it was caused mainly by her sweet concern for him, and his realization of how little he deserved it.

"You always seem to be pushing the world away from you," she said, after a pause. "Why do you, Mr. Hilliard?"

"I didn't know that I do," he said dispiritedly. "And it would be a queer thing for me to do deliberately, when I want your friendship more than anything else I can possibly imagine—wouldn't it?"

"But a woman," said Carol slowly, "almost always has to be a confidante before she becomes a friend. . . ."

They sat without stirring while the clock ticked off a dozen seconds. Hilliard, scarcely knowing what he did—and, if he knew, indifferent—had put both hands to his forehead, as though to calm the vicious throbbing within.

Presently, and so quietly that he never heard her, Carol was gone—she had slipped across the room, to the piano. . . .

A breath of music, light, dreamy, caressing. . . .

And there, on the sofa where Dicky Morgan had sat, and smoked, and taken his happiness with the utmost nonchalance, sat Hilliard, in tensest

"Something's Troubling You."

desperation of soul, strained to the tenuous melody which floated across to him, an echo of youth and gladness which mocked him, derided him, indicted him . . . a translation of the unutterable sadness which welled up in his throat and choked him. . . . She was playing the "Liebestraum."

His shoulders went up convulsively, and he was chilled to the heart. Liebestraum! It was a taunt, a savage cynicism, a challenge to his inward self. The waves of it battered his unresisting conscience; the piercing tenderness of it damned him, while it awoke his dormant passion, and set his will to vibrating. Liebestraum—and the dream of his love was a phantasm which his brain reeled to contemplate! The lump in his throat came near to strangling him.

It seemed to Hilliard that hours must have elapsed before he had the strength to rise, and cross the room. His brain was buffeted by wildly giddy passions; he was only partly aware that Carol, trying to rise from the bench, was wide-eyed and intuitive apprehension. Volition had gone from him; he was acting without reserve, without premeditation.

"Tell me!" he said thickly. "Have I got a chance? One in a hundred? One in a thousand? But a chance?"

"Oh! . . . Mr. Hilliard!" Her plea was to his chivalry, and had to be.

"Tell me . . . would I have . . . if I should share everything you—"

One hand was pressed close to her breast; the other was outstretched, defensive.

"Don't! Don't! Don't spoil what was—"

"You'll have to answer me. . . . I can't wait any longer. I'm not worth your little finger and I know it. . . . but I want a chance . . . just a fighting chance . . . . you've got to answer me, Carol . . ."

She was trembling within reach of him, but it never occurred to him to touch her, and if it had, he would have refrained, out of sheer consciousness of his lack of right. His face, working tragically, awed her.

"Yes," she said, hardly above a whisper. "There's . . . one chance in a thousand. There's . . . that much, anyway."

His arms went out to her—stayed—dropped. He stepped backward, out of the danger zone.

"Then I'll take it," he said.

* * * * * * *

She had given him a chance, on an implied condition which he could never meet. She had given him a chance—and what in the name of heaven could he do with it?

CHAPTER IX.

From the marbled dignity of the Trust and Deposit company, where he had bought a New York draft for fifteen thousand dollars, and smaller ones for ten and seven, Hilliard emerged presently to South Warren street, and stood there on the sidewalk for a moment, numbed by the first galvanizing consciousness of success.

He had come back resolved to win, in his second trial, the position he had failed to approximate in his first; he had set himself a commercial standard, and, gauged by it, he was advancing rapidly, for today's trio of subscriptions, added to Mr. Cullen's check of yesterday (and Mr. Cullen had acted as though he had gained a personal victory in persuading Hilliard to accept it), made up a glittering total, a stupendous total; and already Hilliard's earned commissions formed a sum to gloat about. Despised as a salesman, he had sold to four impartial business men the commodity hardest in all the world to sell. Scorned for his behavior, he had made his sales on the basis of a character which hadn't been questioned since the day of his arrival. His mind and his muscles demanded action; to relieve the pressure of his spirits, he set off vigorously, swinging exultant.

On impulse, he crossed the street for the purpose of patronizing a florist's, where, ignoring the conventional measure of the even dozen, he ordered a prodigal armful of American Beauties for Carol Durant. This done, and feeling very rich and independent, he rounded the righthand corner, and got himself greeted by two citizens of standing and importance who, in hailing him, displayed a deference not ordinarily granted to the average resident of Hilliard's age. Would Hilliard condescend to speak at the next meeting and dinner of the Chamber of Commerce on France in wartime? Hilliard would. And this indication of his new-won status fired him afresh.

Logically enough, his swirling thoughts followed a well-worn trail which led him straight to Carol; and for the thousandth time he tried to set a future date, depending on the outcome of his mission here, at which he could confess, and ask forgiveness for his mummery, and simultaneously ask credit for his regeneration.

At this juncture, he was aware that some one had arrested him. It was Angela's youthful suitor.

"Oh—hello, Waring!" said Hilliard cheerfully. "How's crime?"

The student of law flushed at the lively salutation, which appealed to him as a reflection upon the majesty of the bar. Also, his sense of humor was temporarily atrophied.

"We don't handle criminal cases," he responded shortly. "Say, when can you and I have a conference together, Mr. Hilliard?"

"Why, the sooner the quicker," laughed Hilliard. "What's it about?"

Waring coughed. "Business."

"The time to talk about business is all the time—isn't it?"

Waring hesitated and finally stepped into the shelter of a doorway, drawing Hilliard with him.

"I don't suppose it'll seem like a very important thing to you," he said, rather awkwardly, "but it's important enough to me, Mr. Hilliard, to be worth taking time over—to be perfectly frank with you, I've got five hundred dollars I want to put in some high-class, gilt-edged speculation. Mr. Cullen gave me some pointers, and now I'm interested in your copper mine. Only—and this is where the hitch comes in—I've sort of got into the swing of the law, you know, and that makes men—well, what you might call judgmatical. You get so you want to look at everything from all four sides. And I thought maybe because of the—the attending circumstances—you'd be kind enough to explain the whole thing to me. Would you?"

Hilliard, who didn't know whether to be touched or amused, compromised by nodding gravely.

"There's one thing I'll have to tell you, though," he said; "I don't advise any one to gamble in copper mines, or anything else, Waring, unless that person could actually afford to lose his whole investment, and not be hurt.

"You Don't Mean to Say It Isn't a Sure Thing!"

And in this particular case, since I happen to control the situation, I won't permit it. Does that hit you, or doesn't it?"

The young man's mouth opened in amazement. He had been priming himself to be a clever investigator, and to pick yawning flaws in Hilliard's underwriting, and here his thunder was stolen before he had had a chance to stake the aegis of his cleverness.

"Why—it isn't a gamble, is it? I understood—Mr. Cullen said—"

"It's safer to figure it as a gamble, Waring. It's safe to figure all these things that way. Of course, we think it's a wonderful prospect, and a practically positive success, but I don't mind telling you that so far I haven't allowed a man who couldn't afford to lose his whole subscription—and didn't understand very clearly that he might—to come in for so much as a plugged nickel. And that would apply to you, too."

The law student gasped, incredulous.

"You don't mean to say it isn't a sure thing?"

"Is any speculation? You see I'm not working very hard to take your five hundred away from you, Waring."

The boy scowled.

"I suppose it's really too small for you to bother with. Is that what you're driving at?"

Hilliard smiled cordially.

"It is, and it isn't. From any one I didn't know, I'd rather not touch it. It isn't a good plan, ordinarily, to have a lot of small stockholders. But from you—and if it isn't more than you ought to risk—"

Waring snatched at the straw.

"Well, seeing you're who you are, and I'm who I am, would you be willing to give me just as much information as you would if I had twenty times as much to put in?"

"Come up to the room," said Hilliard impulsively; and he was actuated solely by the obligation he felt toward all of Mr. Cullen's friends. "You come along up to the room, and I'll show you everything I've got. Will that do?"

At the last words the amateur detective had brightened.

"I can't come now very well. But maybe I could run up this evening, if that's all right for you."

"That'll be just as good. Eight o'clock? Fine." He held out his hand. Waring took it limply.

"I'm afraid I'm causing you a lot of bother," he said, "but it's a pretty big thing for me. . . . I hope you don't think it's anything personal . . . I mean my not just taking it for granted—"

"Not at all. Business is business. I'll expect you at eight, then." Hilliard nodded good-humoredly and went on north. A quaint intuition overcame him, and he glanced back over his shoulder. Fifty yards away the law-student was also glancing over his shoulder, and Waring, having less of self-possession than the adventurer, blushed and jerked his head to the front; Hilliard chuckled and continued his stroll.

He entered the Hotel Onondaga from the east and headed across toward the news-stand. Out of a red and gold chair in the spacious lobby a gentleman rose to meet him—a gentleman who in appearance was a very fair replica of the well-known Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford, except that he was somewhat more refined and less obese. His animation was obvious, but he delayed to remove both his gray suede gloves before he offered to shake hands with Hilliard.

"Well!" said Martin Harmon, effusively, "you're looking great! Must agree with you up here, what? Didn't expect me, did you?"

"No!" Hilliard's expression was a study; he had dealt so long with Harmon at a distance that he had almost forgotten what the broker looked like. "Why didn't you wire me you were coming?"

"Didn't know it myself until pretty near train-time—spur of the moment. Well, got any business yet?"

Involuntarily, Hilliard smiled, and the smile spread wonderfully, until Harmon caught the contagion of it and beamed more royally than ever. "The man you called the 'decoy duck'—remember when you wrote that to me?—well, he quacked yesterday."

Harmon put his hand on Hilliard's shoulder; it was an accolade.

"Really? How much?"

"Thirty." For the life of him Hilliard couldn't resist a slight forward thrust of his chest.

Mr. Harmon's eyes glazed for an instant.

"Good—good! That's clever work, son! Clever and quick. But I knew you'd do it. Thirty! That's fine! Anybody else?"

Hilliard laughed exultantly.

"Yes, three more—a total of sixty-two. I mailed you a draft yesterday morning; the others are in my pocket now. I've just come from the bank."

"Great work, son!" Mr. Harmon breathed rapturously. "That puts us pretty nearly where we belong. Sixty-two thousand! It's a running start for the big race! You certainly didn't get left at the post, Hilliard! Deducted your commissions yet?"

"No; I thought you'd rather do the bookkeeping in your own office and send me a check."

Harmon's approval was manifest.

"You show me the drafts and I'll write you a check this minute. Let's go sit down in the grill, and have something. This is fine work, now I want to tell you!"

"I rather thought so myself." Hilliard had led the way to the grill and commandeered a side-table. "In fact—" He lowered his voice. "In fact, as things have worked out, Mr. Harmon, I almost wish I hadn't tried to play it just this way. I mean—"

But Harmon had already grasped the point.

"Oho! Is that so? You must have made a hit. And all your old friends you were so het up about—weren't they as peevish at you as you thought?"

"No." Hilliard grew warm. "I'd give a good deal," he said soberly, "if I hadn't tangled myself up in all that imitation history. Well, I'm in for it now. I've published so much that I didn't need to—I'm wondering how in thunder I can ever get out of it when the time comes. That was the idea, you remember—coals of fire. What's bothering me is that there's nobody to tend the furnace."

"But I thought you were so anxious to keep in the shade?"

"Yes, but I didn't need to crawl in a hole, and pull it in after me! Well, we'll wait and see. After I've gone a little further—and of course, you know I've hardly scratched the surface yet—"

"I know you haven't." The big man tucked his gloves into his breast pocket and brought out a silver cigarette case. "Have one?"

"A piece of d——d worthless property."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Post Office Nerves.

According to the testimony of some hospital authorities, "post office nerves" are due partly to the frequent changes from day to night duty, with consequent irregularities of meals and sleep, partly to the changes of work whereby the same clerk may be standing all day for another, with diverse occupations, each needing special knowledge. Hence, in the opinion of some medical men, mechanical routine is less wearing than frequent change. Is it so?

Educate Hotel Employees.

Arithmetic, bookkeeping, geography, hotel legislation, commercial correspondence, stenography, typewriting, ironing, cooking, linen mending, sewing and washing are some of the subjects taken at the school for women hotel employees in Besancon, France, which is releasing each week 10 women ready to fill positions in hotels ranging from cashier to chambermaid.

All Tired Out?

Are you burdened with a dull, nagging backache? Does any little exertion wear you out? Does it seem sometimes as if you just can't keep going? Modern life with its hurry and worry, and lack of rest, throws a heavy strain on the kidneys. The kidneys slow up and that tired feeling and constant backache are but natural results. Use *Doan's Kidney Pills*. *Doan's* have helped thousands. They should help you. Ask your neighbor!

An Iowa Case

Mrs. A. D. Pruitt, Walnut Ave., Ames, Ia., says: "My kidneys were out of order. My back ached with a slow, dull aching pain and it was hard to do my housework. My kidneys acted frequently and mornings I felt tired and dull. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they benefited me so I haven't been bothered of late years."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

16799 DIED

in New York City alone from kidney trouble last year. Don't allow yourself to become a victim by neglecting pains and aches. Guard against this trouble by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Holland's national remedy since 1696. All druggists, three sizes. Guaranteed. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

A Man and His Company.

"Several people have told me they had made election bets which would not allow them to shave until I have been elected sheriff," remarked the confident candidate.

"Well," commented Senator Sorghum, "if you want to know my candid opinion, a man with that kind of a constituency doesn't deserve to be elected."

SAY "DIAMOND DYES"

Don't streak or ruin your material in a poor dye. Insist on "Diamond Dyes." Easy directions in package.

"CORNS"

Lift Right Off Without Pain

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly!

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

An Opinion.

"I think this trial marriage idea is just horrid."

"Oh, they have been working out so-so for a long while."

"Nothing of the sort! It is a new idea."

"Old as the hills. Do you mean to say that every marrige isn't a trial—to one of 'em, anyway?"

Cuticura Soap for the Complexion.

Nothing better than Cuticura Soap daily and Ointment now and then as needed to make the complexion clear, scalp clean and hands soft and white. Add to this the fascinating, fragrant Cuticura Talcum and you have the Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

Painful Operation.

"Did you hear our old friend Bill has been superseded?" "Poor old Bill! Did they give him an anesthetic?"

The Reckoning.

It is hard to convince the defeated candidate that it is better to have run and lost than never to have run at all after he has balanced his bankbook.—Yonkers Statesman.

Sure Relief

PARADISE FOR THE INDOLENT

Stress of Modern Life Unknown Among the Inhabitants of the Marquesas Islands.

Persons possessing $1,000 who like the indolent life of the tropics where winter is unknown can spend the remainder of their lives in the Marquesas islands in the Pacific ocean, where they need only work two hours a day to catch fish and pick bananas and spend the remainder of the day watching the skyblue sea wash lazily over the golden sands.

The money would be required to pay a second-class passage from one of the Pacific coast ports, with outfit, and the balance to purchase fertile land at $2 an acre.

The Marquesas are situated in 8 to 11 south latitude and 140 west longitude and are of volcanic origin and mountainous. They are under the French republic and the commissioner lives at Vaiohai, the chief town, which is on the island of Nukawa. There were 5,000 inhabitants in the islands when the census was taken in 1900, but the natives, who are Christians, have dwindled away since then. There are 1,500 square miles in the thirteen islands, which compose the Marquesas group. The chief products are tropical fruit, copra and mother of pearl. The landing is difficult, as the shore goes up like a wall from the sea.

Passengers arriving from the Pacific say that the climate of the Marquesas is ideal and that life there is one long lazy dream, with no disturbing element beyond the silver-tongued notes of the bulbul at sunset from its lofty perch on the ancient baobabs by the seashore.—New York Times.

RELIC OF MEDIEVAL TIMES

Sacred City of Mongolia Has But a Thin Veneer of the Civilization of Today.

Urga, sacred city of the Living Buddha, lying far to the north of Mongolia, is a relic of medieval times overlaid with a veneer of twentieth century civilization, and is a city of violent contrasts and glaring anachronisms. It was used as a base of supplies by Roy Chapman Andrews, leader of the second Asiatic zoological expedition of the American Museum of Natural History.

Motor cars pass camel caravans fresh from the Gobi desert; holy lamas in bright robes walk side by side with black-gowned priests and swarthy Mongol women in the fantastic headdress of their race stare wonderingly at the latest fashions of their Russian sisters, relates a correspondent of the Detroit News. Three great races have met in Urga, and each carries on its own customs and way of life. The Mongol's felt-covered home has remained unchanged; the Chinese shop with its wooden counter and blue-gowned inmates is still pure Chinese, and the ornate cottages proclaim themselves to be Russian.

Men from all races and corners of the earth gamble together. All Mongolia lives on horseback, and a Mongol will never walk even a hundred yards if he can help it. Summer in Mongolia is short at best, and in the winter the temperature drops to 50 and 60 degrees below zero, and the great plateau is swept by biting winds from the Siberian steppes.

Boiling Cracked Eggs.

Cracked eggs can be boiled safely by placing a little vinegar in their water.

Local News!

E. P. Hubbard and son, Harvey, of Goodell, were Klemme visitors Friday.

An airplane flew over Klemme on Tuesday morning in a southeasterly direction.

Ralph Elder is the new assistant buttermaker at the Klemme Creamery Co.

A number of Klemme fans are seen at the Garner Ball Tournament each day it is in progress.

Miss Donna Baumgartner was calling on Garner friends Friday afternoon.

Mrs. George Clemann left last Friday fr Gladbrook, Iowa, for a visit with a sister.

Mrs. McGowan and daughter of Renwick, were Klemme callers Wednesday last.

Walter Yahnke came from Buffalo Center Saturday for a few days visit with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Clark, of Goodell, were Klemme callers Tuesday.

LuVerne Smith returned from Des Moines the past week, having completed his business course there.

Earl Josten was one of the visitors at the State Fair. He returned last Thursday.

Miss Henrietta Jenison, of Belmond, was a Klemme caller Wednesday last.

Mrs. Hamilton and son, and Miss Laura Meyer, of Akron, Ohio, were guests at the John Guetzmacher and Paul Greisemer home between trains Saturday. The ladies are cousins of Mr. Greisemer.

Mr. and Mrs. Orien Hanson of Belmondn, were shopping with Klemme merchants last Wednesday.

Miss Katherine Wille returned Saturday evening from her week's visit at Garner.

Miss Eliza Cashman and Mary Sullivan of Goodell, were Klemme shoppers Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Miller returned Friday from a week's visit with relatives at Watkins, Iowa.

Miss Anna Sampson came from Goldsburg, Iowa, Saturday, for a visit with Klemme relatives and friends.

Mrs. C. V. McCullough came down from Garner Monday evening for a short visit with her son and daughter here.

Rev. Brenner, District Superintendent, was here Sunday to assist Rev. Meyer at the First Methodist Church with the Communion Services.

Gerald and Fern Brooks, of Clear Lake, were here the past week visiting with their aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lewis.

R. W. Baack is the new man at the Klemme Meat Market and we are sure he will make a very good man for the firm.

Roy Schaeffer and family and Fred Gates, who has been here visiting, left Friday in Roy's car for the Minnesota State Fair.

The sewer pipes are being strung out along the streets ready for the sewer gang when they come to dig the trenches.

Gilbert Schaeffer and William Bachman left Monday morning for Sioux City, Iowa, via. Garner, where Gilbert went to take treatment.

Ed G. Ell went to Des Moines Monday night to drive back a couple of Ford cars. John Etchen went with him on the trip.

Coming Events at the IDLE HOUR THEATRE

Friday, Sept. 10

The Tower Film Corp. presents CHAS. CHAPLIN, Marie Dressler and Marie Normand in—

"Tillies Punctured Romance"

6 reel special

Saturday, Sept. 11

Thomas H. Ince presents Enid Bennett in—

"Happy Though Married"

and a Paramount Magazine.

Wednesday, Sept. 15

Edna Goodrich in—

"Her Second Husband"

and 1 reel of good comedy.

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

The responsibility and handling of a bank account in youth is worth more to the future independence, economic welfare, of your child than nine-tenths of the other training he receives.

It is worth while to the future of your child-- that you start a bank account for him at this time.

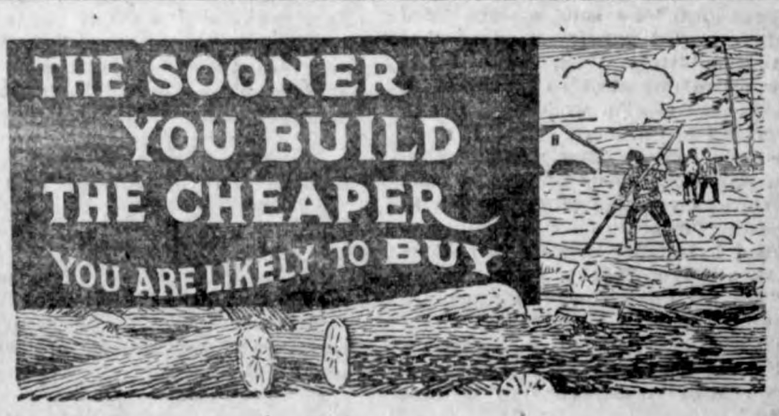
We welcome such accounts and solicit this patronage.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME, 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS, SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET



That may seem queer talk under present building costs, but we make the prediction advisedly.

For some years to come our export of building materials is bound to be immense.

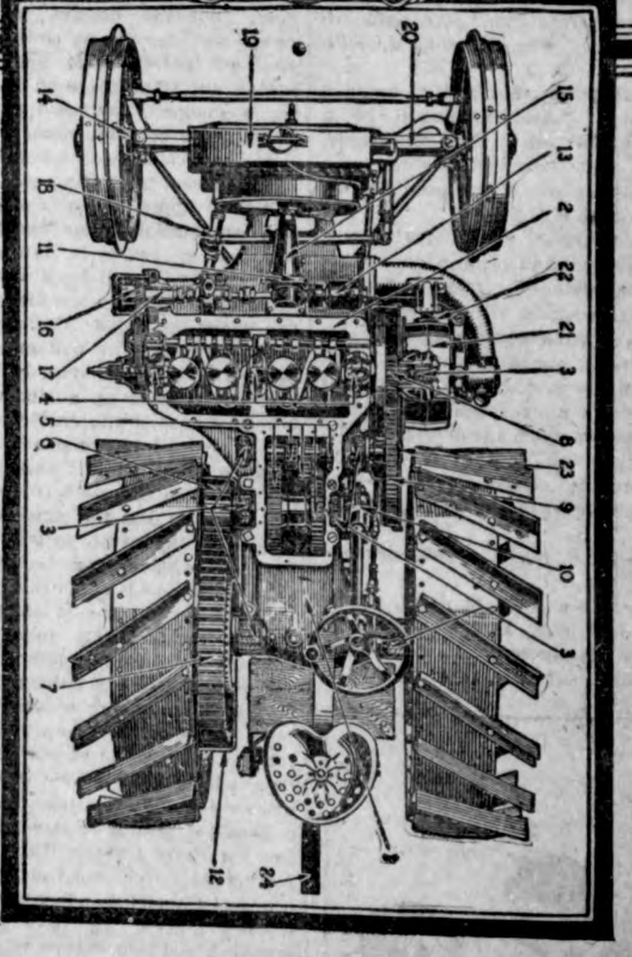
For some years to come we will be unable to catch up with the demand at home.

We honestly beleive we can sell to you cheaper today than we can later on.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

CASE

KEROSENE TRACTORS



Study These Features

1—One-Piece Main Frame.
2—Four Cylinder Case Motor, 4½x6, set crosswise.
3—Hyatt Roller Bearings at all important places.
4—Three Main Crank Bearings, total length 12⅛ inches.
5—Cut Steel Drop Forged Transmission Gears.
6—Ball Pinion — Steel Drop Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
7—Master Gear — Steel Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
8—Clutch Pinion — Steel Drop Forging, teeth cut and hardened.
9—Cut Steel Spur Gear for first reduction shaft.
10—Steering Gear — drop forged and machined worm and worm wheel — enclosed.
11—Fan Drive — cut steel, spiral gears, enclosed.
12—Housing for Master Gear, retains lubricant; keeps dust out.

Study These Features

13—Magneto — High Tension — dustproof type.
14—Dustproof Front Hubs.
15—Fan Shaft mounted on ball bearings.
16—Speed Governor — fly ball, throttling type, enclosed.
17—Ball and Roller Bearings for Shaft Driving Governor, Fan, Pump and Magneto.
18—Syphon Thermostat — controls circulation of cooling water.
19—Radiator — copper tube and fin, non-clogging type; cast frame.
20—Steel Front Axle—automobile type.
21—Belt Pulley — mounted on crank shaft — the best place for it.
22—Brake for Clutch Pulley — convenient for quick stops.
23—Dustproof Housing for first reduction gears.
24—Adjustable Drawbar.

How to Judge Tractors Safely

We urge prospective tractor purchasers to study the construction of Case Kerosene Tractors. And then make comparisons. This is the only way to get the utmost for one's money.

Above we picture and describe the chassis of the new Case 15-27. After studying the mechanical construction, then let this 15-27 demonstrate its performance. We will gladly furnish certified records.

This remarkable tractor has won rank as a leader. Before we announced it publicly, it was known to thousands who had seen it at demonstrations. Hundreds of owners are more than pleased with this tractor. If interested call on us for more details and information.

Come in and learn about the Case EASY PAYMENT PLAN of selling tractors, makes it easy to buy.

W. F. PAVEY, *Dealer*
Klemme Ia

In 1914 it took 400 lbs. of Hogs to pay for a $25 Suit....

Today 400 lbs. of hogs will pay for a $50 suit and ogood hat, and in the suit you buy here at $50 there is no "hogging of profits," no marking up in September for a mark down in January.

The price is fair and reasonable at the start.

The new lines are ready for you

The newest styles--the latest models and a wide range from which to select.

Suits $40 to $100

This is a great boys store too.

Phone us

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

OUR CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ARE A Safe Investment

A Great System

Our membership in the Federal Reserve System connects this bank directly with what is conceded to be the strongest financial institution in existence.

Whether you deposit a hundred dollars or several thousand, you want to know that your money is absolutely secure.

Bank here and you will not only bank safely but you will receive service that is careful, courteous and comprehensive.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Local Mention

Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner and Miss Adella Schreder autoed to Sheffield Sunday. They found that the roads were not bad after leaving this vicinity.

Mrs. Rev. Tarken, of Forriston, Illinois, came last Thursday for a visit with her cousin, Mrs. Ben Swalve. She left Saturday morning for Buffalo Center for a short visit with relatives.

Donald Nissen plans to leave Klemme the latter part of this week to be ready to begin his college work at Morningside College, Sioux City. The college opens next Tuesday.

Mrs. Johnson and daughter Grace returned from several weeks' trip visiting at Iowa Falls, Eldora, and the State Fair. They will spend a week or two at the E. S. D. Kahrs home here.

Grandpa Schaeffer of Garner, has been spending the last two weeks with his daughter, Mrs. John Gruetzmacher. Mr. Schaeffer is a hearty, hale man for his years.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Josten, of Klemme, Iowa drove over last Sunday for a visit at the Ed Weisbrod home. Mrs Josten is a sister of Mrs. Ed Weisbrod.—Fenton Reporter.

Mr. and Mrs. John Barr, son and daughter, of Mansfield, Ohio, arrived in their car here Monday for a visit with their nephew, M. O. Barr and wife. The Brr family will visit here for some time and other places in Iowa.

M. O. Hocum and family were business visitors at Mason City last Wednesday. G. W. Kluckhohn and family were there the same day and both parties got caught in the rain coming back, making the going not very good.

A Mr. Curtiss, of Omaha, Nebr., was a caller at the Times Office Monday. Mr. Curtiss operates a linotype at the Omaha Bee and was taking a vacation of a few weeks. Incidently he was looking for a location in this part of the country with a view of buying a newspaper.

George Musfelt and wife of Clarion, spent Sunday at the Fred Musfelt home. "Jake" was married just a short time ago and this is his first appearance in Klemme with his wife. He was around setting up the cigars Sunday and Monday and the smokers all passed out the congratulations.

For Sale--Wants

Thoroughbred Hogs

FOR SALE — DUROC JERSEY SPRING BOARS, sired by Pathfinder Pioneer (332465, the boar that was sold to Adams & Swain of Algona, for $5,000, and boars sired by Acme Wonder's Sensation (348959). GEO. SCHOENWETTER, Garner, Ia. 5wc

CHESTER WHITE BOARS

Am now offering CHESTER WHITE BOARS, big husky rangy individuals. Come and see them. R. C. LUDEKE, Klemme, Iowa. 4wc.

Articles For Sale

FOR SALE—ONE GOOD FRESH COW, one Baby Cab good as new, and Magazine or book stand. Inquire of Fred Musfelt. 2w.

Poultry

FOR SALE—EIGHT SINGLE COMB Brown Leghorn Cockerels at 50c each. Frank Gruetzmacher. 1wc

Estrayed Animals

TAKEN UP—THREE CALVES, 2 are heifers and 1 bull; came to my place over a week ago, owner can have same by paying expense. Walter Reed.

Personal

NOTICE—All thos who owe us on account please call and settle up. Keep your credit good here by paying promptly. Henry Lau & Sons. tf.

Stove For Sale

FOR SALE—Used Hard Coal Stove, in good shape. Geo. Kessler. 2wp

Hard Coal

HAVE IN TRANSIT—Car Nut Size Hard Coal, at reasonable price, order now. Walter F. Lau. 1wc

Big Tractor Demonstration

on Elmer Ludeke farm ½ mile west of Klemme

on

Saturday, Sept. 11, 1920

Beginning at 1:00 o'clock P. M.

The ILLINOIS and HART-PARR Tractors will be present, all others welcome.

COME! IF NOT, WHY NOT?

A word to the wise--

Nowhere in the world can you buy better equipment for your car than here--

Norwalk Tires and Tubes ***Gould Storage Batteries***
U. & J. Carburetors ***Weed Tire Chains*** ***Rodd Spark Plugs***
Trop-Artic Auto Oils, etc.

Our Prices are Right and we guaranree Satisfaction.

Henry Lau & Sons

Automobiles, Supplies, Implements ***Klemme, Iowa***

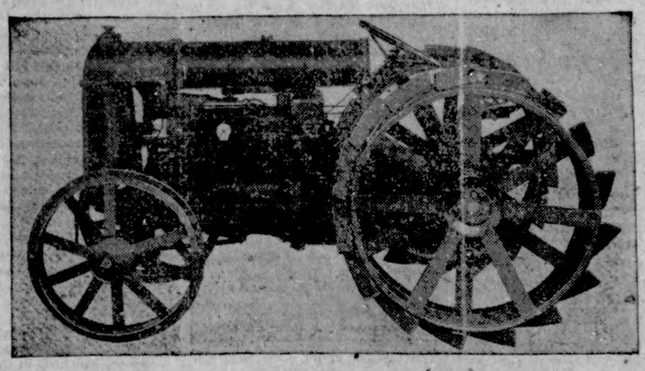
Fordson Tractors
Going Out Fast!

We delivered six Fordson Tractors in the past Ten Days!

Have another load coming in this week. Let us have your order now so you will be sure to get delivery.

Prices have not changed.

Someone has started a report that Ford Cars have advanced in price. This is a false rumor, the price is the same as it has been since the 3rd of March. Have an advance of 35 per cent on the freight only.



Fordson Tractor

ED. G. ELL

FARM WOODLAND YIELDS PROFIT

Firewood, Fence Posts and Material for Repair and Building Always at Hand.

ALSO AFFORDS PROTECTION

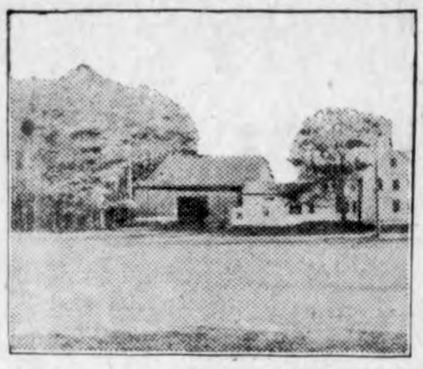
Trees Should Be Located on Ground Too Poor for Cultivation—Valuable Timber May Be Produced With Little Care.

A well-cared-for "home" forest will make the farm more prosperous, add to the comfort of the farm home, and enhance the value of the farm as an investment, says a new publication, "Forestry and the Farm Income," issued by the Forest Service, United States department of agriculture. Farm forestry, properly practiced supplies timber for farm needs, enables the owner to market surplus timber profitably, furnishes employment for men and team in winter, makes waste land yield a profit, and increases the sale value of the farm. Even if a farmer sells no timber, the woodland pays, says the bulletin. The time and money saved by having firewood, fence posts, and material for repair and construction conveniently at hand, and the protection afforded the crops, farm buildings, and stock are worth considerably more than the slight trouble and expense of raising and caring for the trees.

Need Not Occupy Productive Land.

Farm woodland need not occupy land that will grow other crops, it is pointed out. On the contrary, the trees should be located on ground too poor to cultivate. A little care given in the winter or at other times when the farm work is slack will make such land produce valuable timber. If fully stocked with trees and well cared for, an acre of hardwoods should grow from one-half to one cord of wood yearly, while pine should produce from one to two cords.

The prime essential for success in farm forestry, the bulletin states, is adequate protection against fires. Forest fires kill the little trees outright and weaken full-grown ones, so that they may become diseased or infested with insects. It also destroys the humus cover and causes depletion of the soil. Burning over the ground for the purpose of improving grazing is characterized as an expensive mistake. Although it is possible to secure green grass for the stock a week or two earlier in the spring by such a practice, many of the rich leguminous plants and annual grasses are killed, leaving only the hardy bunch, wiry and other coarse perennial grasses.



Not Only Is a Well-Managed Farm Timber Stand a Source of Fuel, but It Shelters Farmstead From Prevailing Winds.

Discretion in Cutting Necessary.

Grazing almost inevitably causes damage to the trees. Experiments have shown that if the best results are to be secured stock should be excluded from the woodland. When timber is needed, the cutting should be done so as to cause the least possible waste of valuable wood and should not damage other living trees. The first trees to be cut should be the dead or dying and deformed and diseased specimens, which shade out healthy trees. Less valuable kinds, such as gray birch, aspen, blackjack oak, dogwood, sow wood, blue birch, ironwood, and others, should be removed in preference to the more valuable kind. By following this practice the woodland is constantly improved and its value is increased.

Preservative treatment will considerably increase the life of timber which is used for fence posts and other similar uses, and is distinctly worth while. Treatment with coal-tar creosote has been found to be by far the most satisfactory process.

ATTENTION TO HOG RAISING

More Than 150 Pig Club Members in South Carolina Enroll in Better-Sires Movement.

Developments in live stock improvement in South Carolina show the diversified character of animals kept on farms. Records kept by the United States department of agriculture in connection with the "better-sires, better-stock" campaign indicate that swine raising is receiving unusual attention in that state. In one day recently the department enrolled in the campaign more than 150 pig-club members in South Carolina who will breed their stock to purebred sires only. Other live stock owners in that state report the breeding of the usual kind of farm live stock and also other kinds ranging from pit game birds to Mexican burros.

AVOID ANNUAL LOSS TO DIFFERENT CROPS

Vigilance and Vigorous Action Necessary by Growers.

Insect Outbreaks Within Limited Areas Should Be Stamped Out at Once—Fall Plowing Is Universally Beneficial.

A great portion of the annual loss to the grain crop due to insect injuries can be avoided by vigilance and vigorous action on the part of the grain growers. Insect outbreaks frequently originate within limited areas, and when this is the case it often is possible to stamp them out before any great damage has occurred. In other instances the outbreaks are of general origin, and then community action is essential in order that the inroads of the pest may be overcome. The most serious insect enemies of cereal crops, such as the Hessian fly, the chinch bug, and white grubs, belong to the latter class. In the case of these and other widely distributed foes of the grains no means of stopping their ravages will be fully successful until community action can be secured in adopting the methods of combat at present advocated by entomologists.

Fall plowing doubtless is the most universally beneficial practice for the control of the insect pests of cereal crops, and this measure should be adopted except where it is rendered impossible by local agricultural conditions, says the United States department of agriculture. Corn never should be planted on freshly broken sod land, because this practice is almost certain to expose the crop to the ravages of cutworms, wireworms, and white grubs. Crops belonging to the bean family, such as cowpeas, soy beans, clover, alfalfa, etc., may be interposed safely between sod and grain, and especially between sod and corn, in order that injury to the grain crops by these pests may be avoided.

POOLING WOOL CLIP IN COLLECTIVE SALE

Buyers in Large Number Are Thereby Attracted.

Makes It Possible for Growers to Receive Payment for Full Value of Product—Cost of Handling Is Reduced.

The advantage of wool pooling and co-operative selling may well be outlined as permitting the growers to sell their wool collectively in a large volume, thus attracting a large number of buyers and making possible the payment of the full value of the wool. The larger buyers are not attracted by individual clips unless they are of considerable magnitude such as some of those produced by the larger ranchers in the West. Nor is the local buyer able to pay the full price for wools which must be purchased a few fleeces at a time and carried at his personal expense and risk until sufficient volume has been accumulated to permit its shipment to some central wool market.

Volume handling such as is possible where the entire clip of the community is sold collectively reduces the cost per pound of buying and handling and will permit the purchaser, whether a local wool merchant or some outside buyer, to pay a higher price per pound than is possible where it is necessary to purchase the wool in small lots.

The bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, is constantly giving assistance to co-operative organizations in the way of organization practices and selling methods and will be glad to extend similar service in the co-operative marketing of wool.

RIDS FARM OF SCRUB SIRES

Washington Farmer Lets Go of Inferior Boar and Bull in Order to Get Purebreds.

"I got rid of a scrub Poland China sire and also of a bull in order to get purebreds." With this explanation a breeder of cattle, swine, and poultry in Lewis county, Washington, enrolled in the "Better Sires, Better Stock" movement. Hereafter 42 scrub cows, 6 grade sows, and 40 mongrel hens which he owns, in addition to a small quantity of better females, will be bred only to sires of pure breeding.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

The number of pit silos is increasing.

* * *

The feeding value of Sudan grass is equal to timothy hay.

* * *

When we lose the leaves of our alfalfa we have lost our alfalfa.

* * *

Good preparation is required with alfalfa seedbeds; the soil must be firm at seeding time.

* * *

Do not let too many melon vines grow in one hill. Thin, cultivate and fertilize for best results.

PACKAGES MUST SHOW QUANTITY

Various Fruits and Vegetables Must Be Marked Plainly to Comply With Law.

SHIPPERS DISREGARD RULES

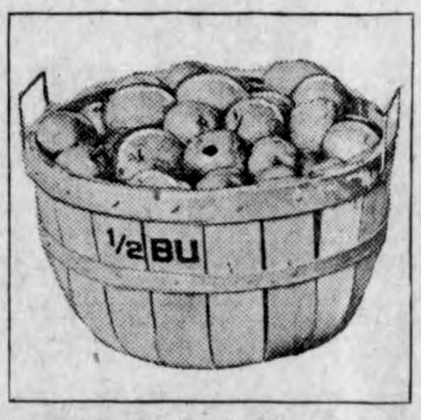
Every Opportunity Has Been Given to Trade to Get in Line With Provisions of Amendment—Some Shipments Are Exempt.

Fruits and vegetables in package form, when shipped into interstate commerce, should bear a plain and conspicuous statement of the quantity of the contents in each package, according to a statement made by officials of the bureau of chemistry, United States department of agriculture, who are charged with the enforcement of the federal food and drugs act. Instructions have been issued showing how various fruits and vegetables in different styles of packages may be marked in order to comply fully with the net weight amendment to the law, and also showing what shipments of vegetables as ordinarily marketed are exempt from the net weight provisions. These instructions have been distributed widely among fruit and vegetable growers and shippers.

The bulk of the fruits and vegetables now shipped into interstate commerce are marked in accordance with the law, say officials, but some shippers have overlooked or are disregarding this provision of the law. Since this amendment has been in effect for six years and every opportunity has been given to the trade to get in line with its provisions it is the opinion of the officials that there is now no excuse for any shipper failing to mark the quantity of the contents on packages of fruits and vegetables shipped within the jurisdiction of the law.

How to Mark Packages.

Fruits and vegetables in baskets, hampers, drums, cartons, boxes, crates and barrels may in general be marked by either weight or dry measure, or when packed in barrels may be marked in terms of the United States standard barrel and its subdivisions of third, half or three-quarters. Statements of dry measure should be in terms of the United States standard bushel and its customary subdivisions of half-bushel, pecks, quarts, pints or half-pints. If the quantity of the contents be stated by weight or measure, it should be marked in terms of the largest unit contained in the package, except that in the case of an article with respect to which there exists a definite trade



One Method of Showing Contents of a Basket.

custom for marking the quantity of the article in terms of fractional parts of larger units, it may be so marked in accordance with the custom. For example, if the package contains a pound, or pounds, and a fraction of a pound, the contents should be expressed in terms of pounds and fractions thereof, or of pounds and ounces, and not merely in ounces.

Small Open Containers.

Crates of "flats," containing small open containers of apricots, berries, currants, cherries, grapes, peaches, plums, prunes, peppers, tomatoes and the like, should be marked on the outside of the crate or "flat," with the number of small containers and the quantity of the contents of each. When the crates are so marked it is not necessary to mark the quantity of contents on the small open containers within the crates.

Exempt for the Present.

It is not necessary for the present and until further notice to mark the quantity of contents on the following fruits and vegetables when marketed in the manner indicated; asparagus in boxes and cases; beets with tops, bunched, in drums and hampers; cabbages in crates; cantaloupes and casabas in crates and baskets; carrots with tops, bunched, in drums and hampers; cauliflower in crates and hampers; celery in boxes and crates; eggplant commonly wrapped in paper and packed in crates; kale in barrels, baskets, and hampers; lettuce in barrels, drums, baskets, and hampers; onions, with tops, bunched, in drums and hampers; pineapple in crates; radishes, bunched, in drums and hampers; romaine in hampers; spinach in barrels, baskets, and hampers; turnips with tops in drums and hampers.

Federal inspectors have been instructed to examine interstate shipments of fruits and vegetables to see that the quantity of contents is marked in accordance with the law. Copies of Item 253 on the "Labeling of Various Packages of Fruits and Vegetables with the Quantity of the Contents" will be sent free upon application to the bureau of chemistry, United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

BIG ACCOMPLISHMENT BY JUNIOR CLUB BOY

Poland China Gilt Is Winner of Two First Prizes.

William Stuart of Weiser, Idaho, Awarded Free Trip to International Stock Show—Swine Breeders Are Defeated.

Does junior club work pay? Four or five years ago it was not looked upon seriously, but now the whole agricultural extension system as carried on by the federal government through the colleges and county agents, etc., is enthusiastic about this work, and the breeders themselves are beginning to believe that there is something in it. There is a reason for this, and that is that some of the boys are showing their fathers that careful selection and feeding will win out over slipshod or poorly planned methods.

A notable example of this is the case of William Stuart, the fourteen-year-old son of Dan H. Stuart of Weiser, Idaho. This boy has been in pig-club work for two years. He selected for himself early last season a

William Stuart and His Poland China Gilt.

Poland China pig for which he paid $17.50. This pig was fed and shown at the Idaho state fair at Boise this year. There it won first prize for the champion pig over all club contestants in the state, which entitled him to the $175 free trip to the International Live Stock Show. It next won the award of first place in the open class for Poland China sows under six months of age, in which competition he defeated the swine breeders of the whole state of Idaho.

William Stuart's father is not a breeder of purebred hogs, but simply raises a good grade of Poland China pigs for the market. Therefore this accomplishment by William in the feeding and developing of this prize pig represents what club work is doing all over the country.

The fact that banks throughout the country are taking an interest in this work speaks well for the good which it is accomplishing.

William is one of thirty boys from all sections of the country who will visit the International this year.

CONTROL OF GARDEN INSECTS

Spraying With Solution of Arsenate of Lead Is Effective for Potato Bugs or Beetles.

Spraying with arsenate of lead will control potato bugs or beetles. This poison solution is made of one pound of arsenate of lead to ten gallons of water, with a little laundry soap added to make the solution stick to the leaves. Cucumber, muskmelon and squash beetles may be controlled by dusting the plants with air-slacked lime mixed with lead arsenate powder. When plants of any kind are attacked by lice Black Leaf 40 is generally used. Arsenate of lead and Black Leaf 40 can be purchased at any drug store and they are usually accompanied by directions for their use. Control of vegetable insects and diseases depends much on prompt action as soon as their presence is noticed. Spraying and other methods are necessary some time or other every year, for every plant in the garden is infected at some time with either a disease or an insect.

PROTECT WOODS FROM FIRE.

A tree will make a million matches—a match may destroy a million trees.

Take no chances with lighted matches, tobacco, brush or camp fires.

Forest destruction is quick—forest growth slow.

Burned timber pays no wages.

When fire is discovered, put it out if you can. Get help if you need it.

Are you practicing fire prevention and forest protection?

OATS NEED MORE ATTENTION

Crop Ranks Next to Corn and Wheat in Acreage and Value, but Yields Are Unsatisfactory.

Oats rank next to corn and wheat in crop acreage and value in the United States. But, notwithstanding this, less attention has been given to the production of oats than to any other important grain, so that yields often have been unsatisfactory and the crop sometimes unprofitable, say specialists of the United States department of agriculture.

"RESULTS MORE THAN CLAIMED"

So testifies Mr. J. F. ARENDT, Box 44, Remlig, Texas

PE-RU-NA

THE REMEDY FOR EVERYDAY ILLS

"I have used Pe-ru-na for years in cases of colds and catarrh. The results have been good, in fact, more than you claimed. Have also taken Lacupia and can easily say it is one of the best blood purifiers I have ever used."

Mr. J. F. Arendt

For Catarrh and Catarrhal Conditions

The evidence of one man like Mr. Arendt is more convincing proof to you of the merits of Pe-ru-na than any written words of ours. For fifty years Pe-ru-na has been the standby of the American family for diseases due to catarrhal inflammation of the mucous membranes lining the organs of the body. Thousands, like Mr. Arendt, have proved the effectiveness of Pe-ru-na for coughs, colds, nasal catarrh, stomach, bowel and liver disorders or any disease characterized by a catarrhal condition.

If your suffering is the result of a catarrhal disorder try Pe-ru-na. It is a true, tried medicine.

Sold Everywhere — Tablets or Liquid

Ninety-Seven per cent. of the people have catarrh in some form.

Have you been refused Life Insurance?

TRY

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)

High Blood Pressure, Bad Heart, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuritis, etc., successfully treated.

Write for Information

Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co.

Post Office Box 4

Jordan, Minn.

SHE KNEW WHAT WAS IN IT

Little Eve Fairly Well Acquainted With the Varied Contents of the Family Bible.

Bishop Hoss said at a Nashville picnic:

"The religious knowledge of too many adults resembles, I am afraid, the religious knowledge of little Eve.

"'So you attend Sunday school regularly?' the minister said to little Eve.

"'Oh, yes, sir,' said she.

"'And you know your Bible?'

"'Oh, yes, sir.'

"'Could you, perhaps, tell me something that is in it?'

"'I could tell you everything that's in it.'

"'Indeed!' And the minister smiled. 'Do tell me, then.'

"'Sister's beau's photo is in it,' said little Eve promptly, 'and ma's recipe for vanishin' cream is in it, and a lock of my hair cut off when I was a baby is in it, and the ticket for pa's watch is in it.'"

Forgiven.

"Can you help me out, sir?" said the seedy looking stranger. "I've had some hard luck."

"I suppose you've seen better days?" replied Mr. Twobble.

"Oh, yes, sir. I once got $75 a week for playing in a jazz orchestra."

"Well," said Mr. Twobble, as he thoughtfully thrust his hand into his pocket, "I'm a humane man and I won't hold that against you. Here's a quarter."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Don't delude yourself with the idea that there is a good looking woman in the world who doesn't know it.

What is bleaker than a club full of leather furniture and nobody there?

WAS NOT MATTER OF LOVE

Other and More Cogent Reasons Induced the Old Gentleman to Hold His Wife's Hands.

As the Londoner sat in the village inn, drinking a modest pint and chatting with the local residents, he got on the subject of married life. He advanced the opinion that true happiness was more often to be found in the peaceful country than amid the turmoil of a town.

"Well, I ain't so sure about that," said one old chap. "But I do know as I sat here last night and held my old woman's hands for two hours by the clock."

"There!" said the visitor in triumph. "That upholds my argument and shows how much you love her!"

"Love her!" gasped the old chap. "Why, if I'd 'a' let go she'd 'ave scratched my bloomin' eyes out!"—London Answers.

Stepping Out.

The late long staple cotton crop has made quite a lot of money for South Carolina negroes. A short time ago one of them purchased a high-priced car. A few days later he went back to the salesman.

"Cap, is you got any of dese here cowketchers?" he inquired.

"Do you mean bumpers, Charlie?"

"Yassir."

"Well, Charlie, do you want one for both ends of your car?"

"Nawsir, cap, ain't nobody gwine ter ketch up wid me. Ah jes want one fo de front."

No Such Animal.

"What is your opinion of a man who constantly deceives his wife?" "That he is a myth," replied J. Fuller Gloom.—Judge.

The Modern Table Drink

A combination of good flavor, economy, efficiency and health satisfaction

INSTANT POSTUM

This pure and wholesome beverage contains none of coffee's harmful ingredients. Especially valuable in families with children.

Sold by all Grocers

Made by Postum Cereal Co. Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

CAPED AN OPERATION

Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Many Such Cases.

ro, Ill.—"Sometime ago I got so ith female trouble that I thought I would have to be operated on. I had a bad displacement. My right side would pain me and I was so nervous I could not hold a glass of water. Many times I would have to stop my work and sit down or I would fall on the floor in a faint. I consulted several doctors and one told me the same but I kept ing to keep from having the operaI had read so many times of Lydia inkham's Vegetable Compound and lped my sister so I began taking it. ve never felt better than I have then and I keep house and am able all my work. The Vegetable Comd is certainly one grand medicine." rs. J. R. MATTHEWS, 3311 Sycamore et, Cairo, Ill.

course there are many serious cases only a surgical operation will re. We freely acknowledge this, but bove letter, and many others like it, y prove that many operations are mmended when medicine in many a is all that is needed.

you want special advice write to ia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confiial) Lynn, Mass.

Shave With Cuticura Soap The New Way Without Mug

FORGOTTEN THE CLOCK

le Story Has a Moral for Those Who Fail to Heed the Early Call of Duty.

With a horrified start, John Spooks oke from a sound sleep and lisd.

Thump! Thump! Thump!

es; there it was again. It was no am!

Good-night!" he cried. "My heart! ever knew before that I had one!"

Thump! Thump! Thump!

Evelina," cried the unfortunate an his wife, "my heart's bad! Run nd to the druggist's and get me e medicine. Oh, this is horrible!"

Thump! Thump! Thump!

Spooks, lying on his back, felt his ole body rebound with the terrific ce of the pumping.

Thump! Thump! Thump!

The very pictures on the wall seemto sway dizzily with the vibration. The agonized man could stand it no ger. Leaping up in bed he grabbed pillow to his heart to smother the nds of that awful thumping, and nd that his alarm clock had been der his pillow ticking harshly.

He had shoved it under there when had started to ring two hours before.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of ASTORIA, that famous old remedy r infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Use for Over 30 Years.

hildren Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Fresh Chicken.

Tom Cranfill of Texas, prominent in circles of late, tells the following a minister who had discovered oil some land he owned. The minister vited some of his deacons to go ith him to the new field, so that they ight share in the opportunities.

They were breakfasting at the local ating house and had decided that ey would order chicken.

When the waitress, a calcimined nd peroxided miss, came up, the minter inquired: "How is the chicken is morning?"

"All right, kiddo!" she retorted, "How are you?"—Saturday Evening ost.

Our Overflowing Riches.

A Swede in Minnesota, who had but ecently arrived there, was speaking nthusiastically to a friend of the woners of America.

"It ban a fine country, Niels," he ald to a friend, "and very generous an averybody here. I asked at the ost office about sending money to my nother and the young man tell me I an get a money order for $10 for 10 ents."

Getting Your Money's Worth.

Mrs. Browne—Your husband now pends all his evenings at home.

Mrs. Banks—Yes. He wants to get s much use out of the flat as posible before the landlord raises the ent again.—London Answers.

Buy Your Platinum Now.

If you have any platinum to buy ou had better look after it now as it s predicted by a celebrated authorty that the price will keep on soarng until the full resumption of the ines in Russia takes place, which is likely to be some little while yet.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Morning. *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine Eye Remedy. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

POULTRY

CARING FOR BREEDING DUCKS

If Not Kept for Production of Market Eggs Fowls Should Be Given Grass Range.

Breeding ducks, if not kept for the production of market eggs, should have a grass range, if possible, after the hatching season is over and be fed sparingly on a mash of 1 part, by weight, corn meal, 2 parts bran, 1 part low-grade wheat flour, 1 part green feed, 8 per cent beef scrap and 3 per cent grit, given once or twice daily, with one feed of mixed grains; or the mash may be made of 3 parts, by measure, corn meal, 4 parts bran, 2 parts low-grade wheat flour, three-fourths part beef scrap, and 2 parts of green feed, with a small amount of grit and shell or mineral matter.

Feed Pekin ducks for eggs, beginning about December 1, on 1 pound of corn meal, 1 pound of low-grade flour

Pekin Ducks About Seven Weeks Old in Fattening Pen.

or middlings, 1 pound of bran, 15 per cent of beef scrap, 15 per cent of vegetables or green feed, and some grit, feeding this mash twice daily, in the morning and at night; also giving 1 quart of mixed corn and wheat to every 30 ducks at noon when they are laying heavily. These laying rations should be fed throughout the year to Indian Runners or to any breed of ducks kept principally for the production of market eggs, poultry specialists of the United States department of agriculture say. If the Indian Runner ducks are not laying, they should be fed sparingly. All rations are by weight unless otherwise stated. Thirty laying ducks (Pekins) will eat about 10 quarts of moist mash at each meal.

FEEDING FOWLS FOR PROFIT

Early Hatched Chick Will Reach Laying Maturity Before Commencement of Cold Season.

The first rule for getting a good profit from poultry is to get the chicks hatched early, and the next is to keep them growing so that they will reach laying maturity before the commencement of cold weather. There is no profit in keeping a chicken just alive, whether it is intended for laying stock or for the market. One reason why more care should be exercised in feeding fowls is that the chicks know less about what is good for them than do the fowls. The healthy chick is a hungry thing and will eat what is given it; the digestive organs being weak are less able to dispose of objectionable feed than are those of older fowls.

Young chicks should be fed a little at a time and often, poultry specialists in United States department of agriculture say. They should be fed early in the morning and just before going to bed at night, and not less than three times in the intervening period. For the first two weeks they may be fed three meals of soft feed and two of hard, and after that age two of soft and three of hard, less soft feed being fed as they grow older. No more moistened soft feed should be given at one time than they will eat up clean.

OBJECTS IN CULLING FLOCK

Insures Feed for Best Layers and Saves Fowls Best Suited for Breeding Purposes.

Culling of the flock serves two purposes: First, it insures that the feed will be consumed by the better-producing hens, thereby increasing the profit. Second, it makes it possible to save those best suited for breeders, both on account of their better production and on account of their superior strength and vitality—qualities so essential to layers if they are to stand up under the severe strain of heavy laying. Weeding out the poor hens gives those left more room and a better chance.

ESSENTIAL FOR YARDED HENS

Charcoal, Grit and Oyster Shells Should Be Kept Before Fowls All the Time.

Where the chickens are kept in small bare yards, fine charcoal, grit and oyster shells should be kept before them all of the time, and cracked or ground bone may be fed. The bone is not necessary for chickens that have a good range.

DAIRY FACTS

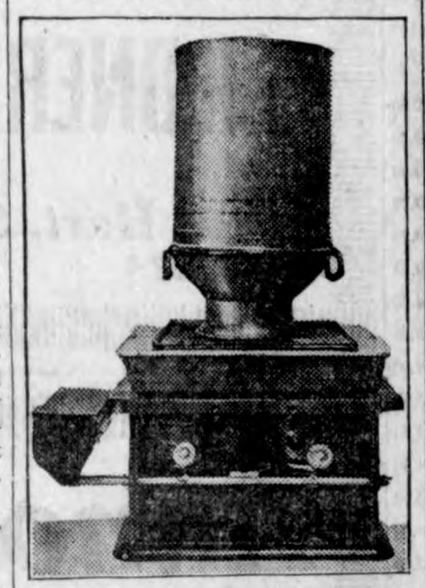
CAREFUL HANDLING OF MILK

All Vessels Should Be Freshly Scalded to Remove Bacteria—Cover Will Exclude Odors.

No matter how well milk has been handled up to the time it is delivered to the consumer, it cannot be expected to keep well if it is carelessly treated thereafter. It should be poured into pitcher, pan, or other vessel—freshly scalded to remove any bacteria or mold spores—and kept in a cool, clean place free from dirt, flies, etc. New milk should never be mixed with old, unless it is used at once, as the bacteria in the old milk will, of course, be added also, and the mixed milk will not keep as well as the fresh milk alone.

Bacteria are thickest where there is dirt and decay, and milk should therefore be stored only in clean, sweet places. It is safer to keep it covered, to exclude not only dirt and bacteria, but also the flavors and odors which it so easily absorbs. If kept at a temperature of 50 degrees Fahrenheit or less, good milk should remain sweet for 12 hours at least, after it reaches the consumer, and ordinarily for 24 hours or more, dairy specialists of the United States department of agriculture say. Sometimes in very hot weather housekeepers complain that in spite of all precautions it sours quickly, even in the ice box. This is often due to the fact that the air of the ice box, although it seems cold in contrast with the heat outside, is really not cold enough to check the growth of the bacteria; if a thermometer placed inside registers more than 50 degrees Fahrenheit, the fault is almost surely in the temperature of the ice box, and not in the milk.

In large cities, where most of the milk comes by morning trains from a considerable distance, it is often im-



Sterilization Is the Efficient Method of Preparing Milk Cans for the Reception of Sanitary Milk.

possible to deliver fresh morning's milk in time for breakfast, and that milked the morning before must be given to patrons who insist on an early delivery. They would get their milk from 12 to 18 hours fresher if they would take it in the afternoon instead.

AIR-TIGHT WALL IS NEEDED

In Building a Silo Protection Must Be Provided for Silage to Prevent Molding.

It makes little difference what material is used in building a silo as long as the silo is practically air tight all around the walls and bottom. Wood, cement, tile, iron, and plaster silos have been used with success. Protection against mold is largely dependent upon the exclusion of air, and for this purpose an air-tight wall is required and the ensiled material should be properly packed in the silo. Silage will keep equally well in any one of the silos mentioned provided the walls are properly made, are air and moisture tight, and the material is correctly ensiled.

REINFORCING INSIDE OF SILO

Where High Winds Prevail It Is Good Insurance to Place Wood Hoops at Top and Bottom.

Where high winds prevail it is good insurance to reinforce the inside of a stave silo with wood hoops at the top and bottom. Pieces of thin, narrow lumber, usually weather boarding, are nailed to the staves so as to form a hoop of 4 to 5 thicknesses of the weather-boarding, care being exercised to break joints. The strips are 8x10 feet long and they may be soaked in water so as to bend easier.

CAPACITY OF COW'S STOMACH

Not Enough Nutrition in Pasture Grass to Make Maximum Production of Milk.

The bulky nature of pasture grass places a positive limit upon the capacity of the cow to take feed. In other words, the cow's stomach cannot contain grass enough to supply the required nutrients for maximum milk production; therefore a part of the ration should be of a more concentrated nature. Good pasture contains an abundant supply of succulent palatable and nutritious grasses.

Guard Your Heritage

The Third of a Series of Advertisements on Practical Skin Hygiene

Were you born with a normal skin? Most women were. And aided by the proper cleansers and preservatives, your skin today should be as clear, smooth and fine-grained as a child's. Yet how few among your friends have retained the fresh, fair bloom of girlhood? How few have preserved the heritage of youth?

Is Yours a Normal Skin?

The normal skin is free from blemishes; it's contour smooth and full. Exquisitely clear, youthfully firm and well-nourished, the normal skin always is a source of rare personal charm. Neglect or improper care, however, inevitably means the sacrifice of its attraction.

Given the distinction of a normal skin, would you preserve its beauty? Then accept no toilette preparation not specifically devised for its use. You will find not one but six different preparations in "The Combination Treatment Box For Normal Skins", illustrated above—scientifically adapted to the normal skin and the normal skin alone. Address The Franco-American Hygienic Company direct or write us, requesting that our Personal Service Retailer in your vicinity call at your home.

Would you engage in a dignified, profitable profession among your personal friends? If not already represented in your community, The Franco-American Hygienic Company offers women of energy and refinement an attractive position as our Accredited Retailer. An inquiry will bring complete details concerning our thorough training and liberal profit sharing arrangement.

Franco-American Hygienic Co.

SUPERIOR TOILET PREPARATIONS

"Her Favorite for Thirty Years"

FRANCO-AMERICAN BUILDING 13th ST. and INDIANA AVE. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Two Sides to Every Story.

From the Agony Column—Robert, come home. All is forgiven.

Reply in Same Two Days Later—Madge, can't come home. Cannot forgive myself.—Boston Transcript.

"Cold in the Head"

is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Those subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the System, cleanse the Blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

All Druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

What some men are pleased to call a clean profit is often the proceeds of a dirty transaction.

"Eatonic—Worth Its Weight in Gold"

Writes Mrs. E. L. Griffin from her home in Franklin, N. H. "I feel like a new person. Stomach feels fine after eating—all from taking your wonderful eatonic. It's worth its weight in gold."

Millions of sufferers from sour, acid, gassy stomachs, heartburn, indigestion, bloating, full feeling after eating, should try eatonic. Just try it—that's all, and get relief, new life, strength and pep. It produces quick, sure and safe results, because eatonic takes up the harmful acids and poisons and carries them right out of the body. Of course, when the cause is removed, the sufferer gets well—quick!

The cost is a trifle. Your druggist will supply eatonic, so, if you want better health, all you need do is—try it TODAY. You will surely feel big benefits at once. Adv.

Are You Moving to California?

Automobiles—Household Goods

We offer substantial reductions in rates and the benefits of through car service and quick time in transit. For particulars, write

WHITE LINE TRANSFER & STORAGE CO.

5th Street, Market to Vine, Des Moines

Tobacco by parcel post. Old Ky. Chewing, Smoking. Leaf or prepared. Flavoring, particulars free. Randolph Tob. Farm, Paducah, Ky.

Bargain, Iowa Farm. 204 acres behind Co. Levee. Fair improvements. Wapello 4 mi. Station 1½ mi. $140. Box 314, Mystic, Ia.

GOOD COTTON, SUGAR, CORN AND OIL LAND, $3.50 acre; 20 acres up. H. F. Clawson, 707 Brady Bldg., San Antonio, Texas.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. N. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

KILLS PESKY BED BUGS P. D. Q.

A 35c box of P. D. Q. makes a full quart of the strongest bug killer on earth.

The new chemical, P. D. Q.—Pesky Devil's Quietus—puts the everlasting to bed-bugs, roaches, ants and fleas. Pesky bed-bugs can't exist where P. D. Q. is used, as it leaves a coating on their eggs and prevents hatching.

A box of P. D. Q. goes farther than a barrel of old-fashioned bug killer. P. D. Q. will not rot or stain clothing, kills fleas on dogs. Your druggist has it or he can get it for you, or sent prepaid on receipt of price by the Owl Chemical Works, Terre Haute, Indiana.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling

Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair

50c. and $1.00 at druggists.

Hiscox Chem. Wks., Patchogue, N.Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

Rheumatism Back on the Job With Its Old-time Fury

No Let-Up In Its Torture.

If you are afflicted with Rheumatism, why waste time with liniments, lotions and other local applications that never did cure Rheumatism, and never will?

Do not try to rub the pain away, for you will never succeed. Try the sensible plan of finding the cause of the pain. Remove the cause, and there can be no pain.

You will never be rid of Rheumatism until you cleanse your blood of the germs that cause the disease. S. S. S. has no equal as a blood purifier, scores of sufferers say that it has cleansed their blood of Rheumatism, and removed all trace of the disease from their system.

Get a bottle of S. S. S. at your drug store and get on the right treatment to-day. If you want special medical advice, address Medical Director, 102 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Found at Last.

"Where is the woolly West, anyhow?"

"Well, Wyoming has a large sheep industry."

People seldom attempt to set on the man who stands up for himself.

Your rank among men depends on how you help them to rise.

BEWARE!

Unless you see the safety "Bayer Cross" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over 20 years, and proved safe by millions.

Safety first! Insist upon an unbroken "Bayer Package" containing proper directions for Headache, Neuralgia, Colds, Earache, Toothache, Neuritis, Rheumatism, Lumbago and Pain generally. Made and owned strictly by Americans.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Ben A. Reemstma
Farm and General
AUCTIONEER

Sales conducted to insure the owners highest approval. See me for dates and terms.
Phone 508
KLEMME, IOWA
Government License No. 17526

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
Klemme - Iowa

M. O. Hocum
The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

The City Dray Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
☞Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith
OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Saving by Spending

THOSE common-sense people who have acquired the habit of saving by rational spending are pretty likely to be owners of Ingersolls. Often an Ingersoll is their only watch; sometimes they own an Ingersoll to save wear and tear and upkeep expense on a high priced watch; but in any case, they have bought it because it has meant a definite saving of money.

We have Ingersoll Watches in all styles from $2.50 up to $12.50 in plain and luminous dials.

E. S. D. Kahrs
Drugs Klemme, Iowa

In the matter of Joint Franklin Counties, Iowa

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENTS OF BENEFITS.
Drainage District No. 1-86-31 of Cerro Gordo, Hancock and

OWNER	DESC.	SECTION	ASSMT.
W. R. Bloom	NE¼ NW¼	1-94-23	791.11
W. R. Bloom	NW¼ NW¼	1-94-23	543.62
W. R. Bloom	SE¼ NW¼	1-94-23	586.39
W. R. Bloom	SW¼ NW¼	1-94-23	840.57
W. R. Bloom	NE¼ SW¼	1-94-23	386.79
W. R. Bloom	NW¼ SW¼	1-94-23	304.42
W. R. Bloom	SE¼ NE¼	35-95-23	333.13
W. R. Bloom	SW¼ NE¼	35-95-23	126.97
W. R. Bloom	SE¼ SE¼	35-95-23	501.14
W. R. Bloom	NE¼ SE¼	35-95-23	1137.15
A. L. Bier	NE¼ NE¼	35-94-23	66.03
Conrad Bier	NE¼ SE¼	36-94-23	1745.79
Conrad Bier	NW¼ SE¼	36-94-23	24.78
Conrad Bier	SE¼ SE¼	36-94-23	390.24
R. Boelman	SW¼ SE¼	25-94-23	1024.03
R. Boelman	NW¼ SE¼	25-94-23	1153.38
R. Boelman	SW¼ NE¼	25-94-23	214.62
Elko Buss	NW¼ NE¼	2-94-23	562.93
Elko Buss	NE¼ NE¼	2-94-23	949.95
Elko Buss	NE¼ NW¼	2-94-23	182.57
Elko Buss	SW¼ SE¼	35-95-23	101.56
Thomas F. Carroll	NW¼ SE¼	35-95-23	722.46
Wm. Fuller	SE¼ NE¼	2-94-23	929.69
Wm. Fuller	SW¼ NE¼	2-94-23	857.67
Wm. Fuller	SE¼ NW¼	2-94-23	75.02
Gottlob A. Goll	SW¼ NE¼	1-94-23	776.39
Gottlob A. Goll	NW¼ NE¼	1-94-23	395.25
Gottlob A. Goll	NE¼ NE¼	1-94-23	2304.17
Gottlob A. Goll	SE¼ NE¼	1-94-23	2186.83
Gottlob A. Goll	NE¼ SE¼	1-94-23	1990.03
Gottlob A. Goll	NW¼ SE¼	1-94-23	534.12
Gottlob A. Goll	SW¼ SE¼	1-94-23	1027.15
Gottlob A. Goll	SE¼ SE¼	1-94-23	1793.85
Ernest Henze	SW¼ SE¼	36-95-23	1266.56
Ernest Henze	NW¼ SE¼	36-95-23	849.50
Ernest Henze	NE¼ SE¼	36-95-23	1746.57
Ernest Henze	SE¼ SE¼	36-95-23	3041.39
Wm. Koehler	NE¼ NE¼	26-94-23	132.84
Henry Kuppinger	NE¼ SE¼	26-94-23	345.00
Henry Kuppinger	SE¼ SE¼	26-94-23	389.03
Herman Lauren	SE¼ SW¼	24-94-23	57.22
Ferdinand A. Lemke	SE¼ SE¼	25-94-23	714.00
Ferdinand A. Lemke	NW¼ SE¼	36-94-23	111.67
Ferdinand A. Lemke	NE¼ NE¼	36-94-23	959.18
Ferdinand A. Lemke	SW¼ NE¼	36-94-23	346.86
Ferdinand A. Lemke	SE¼ NE¼	36-94-23	823.85
F. L. Lemke	NE¼ SE¼	25-94-23	1180.03
Theo Manz	NE¼ SW¼	25-94-23	1622.80
Theo Manz	NW¼ SW¼	25-94-23	623.06
Theo Manz	SW¼ SW¼	24-94-23	321.83
Newton Moberly	SW¼ SW¼	36-94-23	120.64
Mary S. Moberly	SE¼ SW¼	36-95-23	697.56
John Neuberger	NE¼ NE¼	36-95-23	92.44
John Neuberger	SE¼ NE¼	36-95-23	551.78
A. J. Nissen	SE¼ NE¼	24-94 23	194.53
A. J. Nissen	N½ NE¼ SW¼	24-94-23	338.56
A. J. Nissen	N½ NW¼ SE¼	24-94-23	95.57
H. H. Ostendorf	SE¼ SE¼	23-94-23	78.46
E. H. Townsend	NW¼ SE¼	12-94-23	659.79
E. H. Townsend	NW¼ NE¼	12-94-23	355.27
Joe Wheeler	NE¼ SE¼	12-94-23	942.55
Joe Wheeler	NE¼ NE¼	12-94-23	1128.15
E. H. Williams	SW¼ NE¼	12-94-23	235.64
E. H. Williams	SE¼ NE¼	12-94-23	1160.67
J. S. White	SE¼ SW¼	25-94-23	838.65
J. S. White	SW¼ SW¼	25-94-23	1683.89
J. S. White	NE¼ NW¼	36-94-23	177.53
J. S. White	NW¼ NW¼	36-94-23	1244.74
J. S. White	SW¼ NW¼	36-94-23	103.69
Alonzo Elwood	NE¼ NW¼	25-94-23	872.14
Alonzo Elwood	SE¼ NW¼	25-94-23	550.88
Alonzo Elwood	SW¼ NW¼	25-94-23	548.22
Alonzo Elwood	NW¼ NW¼	25-94-23	754.39
Alonzo Elwood	NW¼ NE¼	25-94-23	370.36
Alonzo Elwood	NE¼ NE¼	25-94-23	652.78
Alonzo Elwood	SE¼ NE¼	25-94-23	1425.45
James Haysman	NE¼ SE¼	2-94-23	650.42
August Prelipp	S½ NE¼ SE¼	24-94-23	71.32
August Prelipp	SE¼ SE¼	24-94-23	158.50
August Prelipp	SW¼ SE¼	24-94-23	581.69
August Prelipp	S½ NW¼ SE¼	24-94-23	181.99
Henry Thieman	SW¼ NW¼	36-95-23	343.99
Henry Thieman	NE¼ SW¼	36-95-23	1426.53
Henry Thieman	NW¼ SW¼	36-95-23	1127.95
Hancock County, Iowa	East and west road between E½ Sections 26 and 35-94-23		191.00
	East and west road between Sections 25 and 36-94-23		1098.00
Ell Township, Hancock County, Iowa	Nort and south road between Sections 35 and 36-95-23		317.82
Avery Township, Hancock County, Iowa	North and south road between Section 25 and 26-94-23		292.60
	East and west road between E½ Section 23 and 26-94-23		29.63
	East and west road between Sections 24 and 25-94-23		360.00
	North and south road between Section 1 and 2-94-23		209.70
	East and west road between E½ Sections 1 and 12-94-23		149.70
Ell Township, Hancock County, Iowa	North and south road between Sectons 31-95-23 and 36-95-23		49.50
	East and west road between E½ Sections 35-95-23 and 2-94-23		84.00
	East and west road between Section 36-95-23 and 1-94-23		215.50
Avery Township, Hancock County, Iowa	East and west road between Sections 35-95-23 and 2-94-23		84.00
	East and west road between Sections 36-95-23 and 1-94-23		215.50
	North and south road between Sections 31-94-22 and 36-94-23		321.50
	North and south road between Sections 30-94-22 and 25-94-23		201.00
	East and west road between Sections 19-94-22 and 24-94-23		90.00
	North and south road between N½ Sections 7-94-22 and 12-94-23		61.00
	North and south road between Sections 6-94-22 and 1-94-23		472.00

H. V. Reed,
John H. Darrah,
Eugene Hills, Commissoners.
H. D. Kurl, Engineer.

Owners of the above described lands, comprising Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Joint Drainage District 1-86-31 of Cerro Gordo, Hancock and Franklin Counties, Iowa, and to all actual occupants, and to all persons having or claiming any right, title, or interest in and to the above described lands.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the Commissioners appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock, Cer-ro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa, to inspect and classify the lands benefitted by the location of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Joint Drainage District No. 86-1-31 of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa, in tracts of forty acres or less, in a graduated scale of benefits, to be numbered according to the benefits to be received by the proposed improvement, and to make an equitable apportionment of the costs, cost of construction, expenses, fees, and damages as-sessed for the construction of said improvement, did on the 28th day of August, 1920, make their report to the Board of Supervisors of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa.

That the real estate owned or occupied by you and each of you, and situated within Joint Drainage District Nos. 86-1-31 of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa, a description of which is set opposite the name of the owner thereof in the foregoing schedule, has been classified by said commissioners, that the amount of special assessment apportioned to you and each of you by said commissioners is hereby set opposite the description of each tract of land on which assessment is made.

That said report will come up for hearing before the Boards of Supervisors of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa, on the 1st day of October A. D. 1920, at the Court House at Mason City, that all objections to said report must be made in writing and filed with the County Auditors of Hancock, Cerro Gordo and Franklin Counties, Iowa, prior to the day of hearing, all objections not filed prior to the day of hearing should be filed with the Boards of Supervisors at the place where the hearing is to be held.

Dated this 30th day of August, A. D., 1920.

(SEAL)

Chris Jacobs, County Auditor,
Hancock County, Iowa.
E. D. Haecker, County Auditor,
Franklin County, Iowa.
Paul Weigand, County Auditor,
Cerro Gordo County, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Greisemer and Mr. and Mrs. John Gruetzmacher autoed to Minneapolis Tuesday morning bright and early to take in the Minnesota State Fair and also for a visit with the Chas. Gruetzmacher family, a brother of our townsmen, John, George and Frank.

Klemme school teachers were conspicuous by their absence over Sunday. Miss Belken spent Sunday at her home at Iowa Falls; Miss Ebert spent Sunday with Charles City folks; Prof. Collins visited with his family at Eldora; and Miss Sullivan likewise went to Osage. They all left Friday evening and returned Monday morning.

The Koerner, Bredbenner and Elmer Arnold famiies returned last Thursday from Des Moines where they went to take in the State Fair. While at the capital city they stayed out at the Fair Grounds all the time as they were camping. They thoroughly enjoyed the stay and all say that camping out at the Fair was just the best ever.

A new principle is now used in connection with spinal adjustments for the cure of chronic ailments. Many conditions that were formerly very difficult and unsatisfactory to handle are now, with this combned method, cared for to the complete satisfaction of the patient. The difficult conditions for which the new principle is especially recommended are high blood pressure, kidney trouble (Bright's disease), diabetes, bowel trouble, constipation, auto-intoxication, indigestion, billiousness, severe nervous symptoms, rheumatism, neuritis, and some other troubles not necessary to mention here.—adv. tf.

A guaranteed cure for hemorrhoids (piles) in all forms, one that does not lay the patient up or cause loss of time. Other rectal troubles treated. Special calls to Klemme will be attended to. Dr. R. W. Schultz, Masonic Bldg., Garner, Iowa. adv. tf.

Who Can Save the Most for You?

THATS what you're going to think about when you buy your fall clothes. If you are'nt careful you'll make a mistake.

The saving is'nt on the price ticket--it's in the clothes.

The tailoring, style and all wool that you get here in Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes saves the most for you.

The clothes last longer
The clothes cost per day
is lowest---

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES ***GARNER, IOWA***

Annoncing our Fall Machinery--

You will find our fall line of machinery is very complete and you will find at our store the machine you want and at a very reasonable price, in fact, we have some real bargains. We wish call your attention to a part of our big stock:-

Corn Binders
Now is the time to buy—we have the Deering, McCormick and John Deere.

Potato Diggers
Save time Mr. Farmer with this digger, the cost is but a trifle, get one now.

Corn Pickers
The biggest labor saver and money maker on the farm, we sell the Deering and McCormick Pickers.

McCormick Husker
—is a corn husker and ensilage filler combined. We can get a couple for immediate delivery. Order now.

BARGAIN--Have two used Ensilage Cutters, thoroughly overhauled and good as new. Can also get new cutters, order now!

SPECIAL--We are over-stocked on plows and in order to move them fast we are offering them at ***Special Deal.*** All sizes and makes including Oliver, Sioux Falls, P. & O., J. I. Case, John Deere, Janesville, etc.

Spreaders We sold a lot of Manure Spreaders the past couple of weeks, come in and get yours while we have them.

Tell Your Machine Wants to Us
W. M. BAACK
High Grade Farm Implements. Klemme, Ia.

The Klemme Times $2.00 Per Year

DOCTOR MISSMAN
PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**
OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109
X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fifth Year Number 2 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, September 16 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Klemme Wins From Clear Lake

THE BALL GAME SUNDAY WAS A FAST ONE

Sport Calendar

The Klemme Sox went to Clear Lake Sunday to play the Lakeside team again with the result that Klemme piled up nineteen scores to Clear Lakes three. Lightsinger was on the mound for Klemme and did some real pitching. In the seventh inning the Klemme boys nearly run themselves to death beating it around the diamond and hiking across home plate. The Sox had them outclassed at every turn of the game and the team work was perfect. This afternoon (Thursday) the Likeside boys are coming back to try to give Klemme a trimming and no doubt they will be loaded with hired players to try the trick.

BELMOND VS. THORNTON

Belmond beat Thornton at Belmond Sunday by the tune of nine to three. A number from Klemme were over and saw the game which they say was very good.

FOREST CITY BEATS WEBSTER CITY

Another fast game which was staged Sunday was at Forest City when the supposedly fast team from Webster City played the fast team at Forest City. The Forest City team are abut the fastest bunch in this neck of the woods and when the smoke of battle had cleared away the score card read eleven to five in favor of Forest City.

THE GARNER TOURNAMENT

Quite a number from here attended the games at the Garner Tournament. The first game Tuesday morning was between Forest City and Kanawha with the result that the latter lost by 7 to 1. In the afternoon the fast Sheffield-Rockwell team beat Clarion 4 to 2. Wednesday morning the losers of the first day played. Kanawha beat Clarion 4 to 1. In the afternon the winners of the first day were to play, Sheffield-Rockwell vs. Forest City but on account of the rain it was not played until Friday afternoon. Forest City beat their apponents 8 to 7. It was then between Forest City and Kanawha as to who would take the tournament championship but as it started to rain again the game was not finished but the Forest City team had 3 scores in the second inning and Kanawha carried a goose egg. But Forest City had Kanawha outclassed and would undoubtedly have taken the honors.

MYRE-SCHOBER MATCH

Thursday evening of the tournament a big crowd gathered at the Ball Grounds to see the wrestling match between Helmer Myre holder of the World's Light Heavy-Weight Championship and Billy Schobr, of Chicago, contender for the crown. The Forest City man threw Schober after one hour and thirty two minutes of hard mat battling with a toe hold. The match was a good one and the men were well matched, Myre having the advantage by a few pounds only.

KLEMME VS. THORNTON

At the Klemme Ball Park Sunday afternoon. See add in this issue.

NO SCHOOL TODAY AND FRIDAY

As all the teachers will be at Garner today and tomorrow attending the Teachers' Institute, the kids of the Klemme schools will enjoy a two day vacation, which they are generally willing to take. Some very good talent will be at the institute this year and it is expected that it will be well attended by all of the teachers of the county whse duty it is to go.

The Times "Devil" Says

THANKS, FOLKS

Last week we mailed out a nice little letter to all our subscribers who were somewhat in arrears on their subscription to the Klemme Times. They have been very prompt in paying up, but there are some yet who have not paid for their paper in advance and we ask those who are not paid up and who received a statement to please remit. We thank all those who paid up so promptly. Editor.

SOME THINGS NOT TO BE PUBLISHED

Once in a while someone has a grievance against someone else and they come to the Times Office and want us to "give him a write-up in the paper." Now such matters of personal troubles should not be published in the paper as the general public are not interested in the matter and if such things are published it puts the editor in a bad position and it is our intention hereafter to pay no attention to personal differences of parties who are on "the outs with each other." And there is also another thing to remember and that is that there are always two sides to an argument; maybe the other fellow has a reason to think or act as he does and it is not fair to him to "write him up" without getting his view of the matter. Should it be absolutely necessary to publish such items then they must be signed by the person who submits them as we will not take the responsibility of running an item which might cause hard feeling or personal injury to anybody.

If we were to publish even one half of all the bad things we heard it would stir up an awful mess, but why publish such things? Is it not better to try to uplift the community and say only the good things about people than to be everlastingly knocking every little thing that comes along or personal differences which no one cares to read about? We think and shall always think that if you cannot say the good things about a man or woman, then keep still, for the chances are no matter how bad they are or they do some things you do not approve of, still they have something to say and some good can be found, and so

"There's so much good in the worst of us,
There's so much bad in the best of us,
That it hardly behooves any of us
To talk about the rest of us."

MISS ARVELLA EMERSON MARRIED

Klemme friends of Miss Arvella Emerson received announcements from her last week stating that on Thursday, September 9th she was united in mariage to Mr. John Knight at Spencer, Iowa. This news comes as a surprise as Miss Emerson was visiting Klemme friends a couple of weeks ago but did not make her engagement public. Miss Emerson is a fine young lady and has a host of Klemme friends who extend congratulations. The groom is not known in Klemme but we take it that he is a gentleman of high esteem who will make a good husband for the young lady he has taken for a wife. They will make their home at Spencer.

True.

"I understand that once he served a short term in prison. Yet he has redeemed himself and lived it down absolutely." "Well he would have lived it down, if it wasn't for the fools like you and me who continually keep digging it up for conversation purposes."

MUSICAL SUNDAY EVENING

The choir of the Methodist Episcopal church, augmented by a number of other voices, will give a musical program next Sunday evening, September 19, at the hour of the usual evening service.

The program follows:

Prelude, Vesperale------Cyril Scott
Anthem, Hark, Hark My Soul, Shelley
Choir
Duet, Spirit of the Living God,--Berwald
Mrs. Trafford, Mr. Trafford
Chorus, One Fleeting Hour------Lee
Men's Chorus
Anthem, God So Loved the World, (from "Crucifixion")-----Stainer
Choir
Offertory, Abendsang----Isidor Seiss
Trio, The Lord Is My Shepherd--Lutkin
Women's Chorus
Solo, Hark, All Ye That Bear A Yoke, Bach-Deis
Miss Buriff
Anthem, The Heavens Are Telling, (from "Creation")--------Haydn
Choir
Postlude, Bouree in G Major---Bach

Personnel of augmented choir—Sopranos, Mrs. S. A. Anderson, Mrs. Clarence Johnson, Miss Lula Newberger, Miss Edna Smith, Mrs. W. H. Trafford; Altos, Mrs. George Gruetzmacher, Miss Anna Grieve, Miss Mildred Johnson, Miss Mabel Smith, Mrs. C. G. Waterman; Tenors, Dr. Missman, W. H. Trafford, C. G. Waterman; Basses, J. N. Day, E. G. Ell, Elmer Ludeke, Bert Matthews. Pianist and director, Miss Doris Buriff.

INFANT CHILD OF MR. AND MRS. HERMAN PRIEBE DEAD

The community was saddened when the news of the death of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Priebe was heard.

Alvin Julius Priebe, son of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Priebe, was born February 7th, 1920. On the second day of May he received the Sacrament of Holy Baptism. The little child had not been well since the latter part of June, and was frequently subject to sudden attacks of convulsions which caused his death Saturday, September 11th, at 7:00 o'clock A. M.

Funeral services were conducted from the Reform Church by Rev. Depping Monday afternoon and the little baby was Laid At Rest in the Klemme Cemetery.

The entire community extends sympathy to the bereaved parents in their hour of sorrow for their little son.

CURES TWO LEPERS

Dr. F. H. Parker, in charge of the leper colony on Penikese island, Mass., is credited by Doctor Carey of the Massachusetts board of health with having effected the cure of two young men who have been confined to the leper colony for three years. Doctor Parker's treatment of the men consisted in plenty of fresh air and sunshine, good food, etc., and use of chemulga oil, imported from India, and sodium morrhuae and sodium gyrocardanate. The patients will be examined by a commission of experts before being discharged. Doctor Parker and his wife live practically isolated on the island.

RED CROSS PROVIDES NURSE FOR SCHOOLS OF HANCOCK COUNTY

The Red Cross of Hancock County has arranged for a nurse whose business it will be to look after the health and general welfare of the school children of the county.

This does not mean that in case of sickness she will go into the home and nurse the child but that she will visit all the schools of the county, examine the children for defective hearing, sight or teeth and other ailments to which a child is subject which may prevent their proper advancement in their studies.

The appointment has been made by the Central Division Headquarters at Chicago and the nurse is Miss Mae Ferleman of Garner, who spent several weeks during the summer in a Red Cross training school fitting herself for the position.

Hancock County is fortunate in securing so competent a worker within the county, and we predict success for Miss Ferleman in her work.

The expense will be born by the Red Cross Chapters in the county.

Miss Ferleman expects to visit every school in Hancock County during the next few weeks and will call on the rural schools first in an effort to complete the tour of the county before bad roads and cold weather set in.

To assist Miss Ferleman in her work will be a county committee composed of one person from each township except in Concord and Britt in which two members of the committee will be provided.

The committee is composed of the following:

Crystal—Mrs. F. A. Gabrielson, Crystal Lake
Britt, including twn of Britt—E. D. Calkins, Britt; Mrs. E. P. Healy, Britt
Bingham—Mrs. A. W. Lewis, Woden.
Orthel—Mrs. Walter Fox, Britt, Route 4.
Boone—Mrs. Wm. Noll, Britt, Rt. 2
Magor—Mrs. Fred Oxley, Corwith
Amsterdam—Mrs. F. L. Bush, Kanawha.
Erin—Mrs. C. H. Wood, Britt, Rt. 1
Twin Lake, Mrs. Elmer Snyder, Goodell
Liberty—Mrs. John Stille, Klemme
Garfield—Mrs. Geo. Hajlik, Garner
Madison—Mrs. J. J. Lowe, Hayfield
Ellington, Mrs. F. A. Miller, Miller
Concord, including Garner—Mrs. F. E. Blackstone, Garner; Mrs. W. S. Pritchard, Garner
Ell—Mr. Frank Gruetzmacher, Klemme
Avery—Mrs. L. W. Wesenberg, Goodell

Anyone wishing to get in touch with the nurse may do so by notifying the representative on the committee from their township.

This committee at a meeting in Garner on August 27th, elected the followng to compose an executive committee: County Supt. of Schools A. E. Boggs, Chairman; Mrs. Fred Oxley, Crwith; Mrs. F. E. Blackstone and E. D. Calkins, Britt.

Miss Ferleman began work September 1st.

From E. D. Calkins, Britt

PETIT JURROS FOR THE OCTOBER TERM, 1920

Alex Nelson, Bert Abbey, A. W. White, J. H. Lyman, S. B. Engstler, Oscar Erickson, Ed Oxley, Alvin Valley, Alfred Johnson, B. Riscards, A. C. Trulson, E. Josten, W. H. Larson, V. Waldeck, O. E. Lester, Dick Swalve, J. M. Berkley, Jim Teahl, Wm. Greiman, Arthur Hunsley, O. L. Schlavene, A. L. Rofinot, Tom N. Nelson, W. F. Biers, Homer Young, Frank Whistler, Otto Woiwood, Harvy Quintus, W. H. Ingram, Gunder Asby.

A. E. Baumgartner, Clerk

THIEVES ENTER KLEMME DEPOT

Sometime between Saturday night and Monday morning thieves entered the Klemme depot and broke open the gum machine, taking out about four dollars worth of pennies and emptying the machine of all the gum, overlooking two pennies in the bottom of the machine.

The thief or thieves gained entrance through the waiting room door which is usually left open all the time and is only connected to the office by the ticket window.

Agent Barr did not discver the brken gum machine until some time after he had gone to work Monday morning. Nothing else in the depot had been disturbed.

Sporting Goods

Everything for the Hunter

We carry an exceptionally fine line of sporting goods for fall and you will fine the gun and rifle you want here.

Winchester and Remington Guns

We carry a full line of Winchester and Remington Repeating Shot Guns and Rifles at prices that are right. We also carry a big assortment of shells and catridges; Hunting Coats and caps, Flashlights; Pocket Knives; in fact everything the hunter needs.

See our display window

JACOBS & SON
HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

CZAR'S JEWELS IN U. S. HANDS

Sent to Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, Bolshevist Envoy, by Soviet Government.

FOUND ON A SWEDISH SAILOR

Precious Stones, Supposed to Have Formed Part of Famous Jewels of Russian Royal Family, Unearthed by Federal Officers.

Washington.—Traffic by bolshevist agents in precious stones, supposed to have formed part of the famous jewels of the Russian royal family, has been unearthed by federal authorities.

The 131 diamonds found on Nells Jacobson, a Swedish sailor, by customs officials in New York July 23, it became known, were inclosed in a package addressed to "Comrade Martens." Using this as a lead, federal officials began an investigation which they declare has definitely connected Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, self-styled soviet ambassador to the United States, with the traffic.

Disclosure of the fact that the package was intended for soviet agents in this country was withheld by customs authorities when Jacobsen was arrested, although the details as to the seizure of the jewels themselves were then made public.

Identifies Martens' Aid.

Jacobsen, officials say, identified during the course of the investigation a photograph of Santeri Nuorteva, former secretary of Martens, as a person to whom previous packages had been delivered.

Introduction of the alleged incriminatory evidence of the traffic in precious stones between soviet representatives in this country and abroad at the last hearing in the last deportation proceedings against Martens resulted in postponement of further hearings to enable the self-styled ambassador to obtain evidence, if possible, in refutation of the charges.

Counsel for Martens already has asked that the government commission be sent to Stockholm to investigate the system in which he is accused of being implicated.

Perfect Courier System.

Begun six months ago, the smuggling is described by government officials as the most perfectly organized courier service between bolshevist agents abroad and in the United States that has been discovered.

Inclosed about the diamonds taken from the possession of the Swedish sailor Jocobsen, whom officials exonerated from any complicity in the illegal proceedings, was a quantity of communist literature, including an "appeal of the executive committee of the third internationale at Moscow to the I. W. W." This manifesto declared:

"Unless the workers of other countries rise against their own capitalists the Russian revolution cannot last."

GIRL SAVES PREACHER'S LIFE

University Student Sucks Blood From His Leg After Attack of Rattlesnake.

Chicago.—Mis Frances B. Holstein, a student at the University of Illinois, earned her scholarship and a Carnegie medal by methods quite out of the ordinary. She saved the life of Rev. Benjamin W. Soper, pastor of a small church in Florida, by quick thought and action after he had been bitten in the ankle by a large rattlesnake, one of the lazy, highly venomous type so frequently met with in Florida.

Miss Holstein was one of a party which included Rev. Mr. Soper, Bishop Cameron Mann of the Episcopal diocese of Florida, and others who were enjoying a picnic near Cocoanut Grove. Rev. Mr. Soper was bringing a pail of water from an adjacent spring when he was struck by the rattlesnake. Bishop Mann immediately killed the snake, but Miss Holstein gave her attention to the wounded man, whose ankle was swelling enormously.

Motorists Startled by Cigarette-Smoking Snake

Motoring near Bellefonte, Pa., a party of motorists were confronted by a huge blacksnake coiled in the middle of the road, smoking a cigarette. They rubbed their eyes to make sure they were not seeing things when they heard laughing nearby and several young men stepped from the bushes. They were members of Prof. J. A. Ferguson's class of foresters from the Pennsylvania State college, who were camping nearby and had killed the snake and put the cigarette in its mouth to see what would happen when the first man who came along would discover it.

Girls Help at Threshing.

Petersburg, Ind.—Owing to the scarity of labor in the vicinity of Otwell, Olive Rhoades, winner of the plowing contest at Oakland City, called five of her girl friends to help Peter Himsel, owner of the largest farming interests in Pike county, to thresh his wheat crop. Besides Miss Rhoades, Louis Clark, Verda Dempsey, Maude and Helen Harris and Edna Gray assisted Mr. Himsel. The girls helped load and unload the wheat wagons and also drove the wagons from the field to the threshing machine.

SUPER-CANNON WAS CLUMSY

Giant Gun Used for Long-Distance Shelling of Paris No New Invention.

MADE FROM WORNOUT GUNS

Was 122 Feet Long, Weighed 318,000 Pounds and Threw Projectile Weighing 264 Pounds a Distance of 75 Miles.

Paris. — The super-cannon with which the Germans began shelling Paris, March 23, 1918, was just pieces of old, wornout guns put together, instead of a startling new invention, according to American army officers, who were permitted recently by the Germans to visit some of their huge armories.

It was actually just a neat bit of patchwork that startled the world when the terrific explosions began detonating in the streets of the city of Paris, although the verdict at that time was unanimous that the Germans had invented a marvelous new cannon.

Naval Gun Was Foundation.

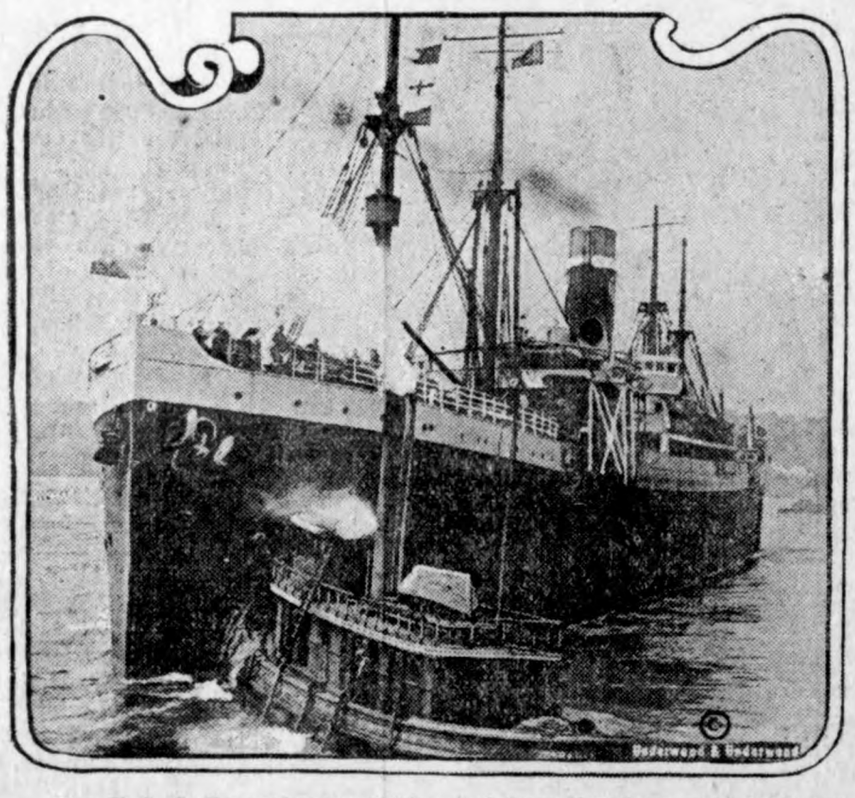
To begin on the super-cannon, the Germans took a wornout 15-inch naval gun, 56 feet in length. It was bored out and a very heavy tube with an inside diameter of 8.3 inches was inserted, with about 40 feet of it projecting beyond the end of the original gun. Over that another hoop was shrunk and locked to the forward hoop. There also was a patch of 19.7 feet, which was attached at the muzzle of the gun.

The bore of the gun was treated to a uniform rifling, the lanes and grooves which impart a rotary motion to the projectile. The six-meter section of the gun at the muzzle, however, was unrifled, probably designed to steady the projectile and defeat its slight tendency to "tumble" or yaw and fail to travel directly to its mark. Such "tumbling" is caused by the conflict of two forces, one spinning the projectile to the right, the other sending it forward. Such a force had to be obviated as the shell had to travel upward 24 miles on its arc in order to cover the horizontal distance of 75 miles.

Clever Expedient to Prolong Life.

The life of the giant gun, which was 318,000 pounds in weight and 122 feet long, under the heavy pressure of its high velocity projectile was very limited. But when the Germans found the span of the gun amounted to only 50 pounds they hit upon a clever expedient. They bored out the 21-centimeter tube, which was very thick, to 24 centimeters, and later to 26 centimeters, giving it just so much more life at each caliber, with only a change to larger ammunition required. The shell hurled by the cannon weighed 264 pounds and was 19 inches in length.

First American Ship to Bremen



The U. S. S. Susquehanna, which sailed from New York with 1,800 passengers for Bremen and Danzig, the first passenger liner to sail under the American flag to these ports, and the first ship of the United States Mail Steamship company to be placed in commission.

Catch Blue Lobster Off Shore of Massachusetts

Nantucket, Mass.—Capt. Sylvia of the steamboat Sankaty was presented with a rarity—a blue lobster. A fisherman brought him ashore, much elated over his rare find, and handed him over with some pomp and ceremony. The freak was a deep, rich navy-blue in color, instead of the customary green, but, boiled, he turned red, just the same as his ordinary brother.

YANKEES IN DANGER

Many Have Close Calls in the Turkish War Zone.

Bullets of Bandits, British and Greeks Keep Americans on the Jump.

Constantinople. — Many Americans have had narrow escapes in the fighting which British and Greek troops have kept up for several weeks with the bandits which are harassing the eastern shore of the Bosporus. Beikos, a summer place ten miles north of this city reached by hourly ferry service, has been the chief center of the fights between bands of adherents of Mustapha Kemal Pasha, nationalist leader, and the British-Greek soldiers operating under the artillery protection of British warships.

An American oil company is erecting two great steel tanks at Beikos, which came well within the line of fire between the rival forces. The steel riveters were compelled to flee for their lives and for several days bullets played a tattoo on the tanks, which was nearly as constant as the tune of the riveting machines. Many Americans were in summer camps and cottages in the vicinity of Beikos the night the fighting began, but they speedily moved to the western shore of the Bosporus, where it was possible for several nights to watch the fighting on the Anatolian hills by the light of the naval rockets and searchlights used in directing the gunnery.

Robert college and Constantinople College for Women, the two American institutions of higher learning on the Bosporus, both commanded an excellent view of the struggle and were safely out of range of the nationalist bullets.

Prof. F. W. Kelsey of the University of Michigan was prevented by the fighting in Anatolia from making a survey of the famous battle fields of Caesar, south of Samsoun. Professor Kelsey has been in Turkey for many weeks investigating old manuscripts and studying ruins of the Roman civilization.

He hoped to make the trip from Samsoun to Zile, about which one of Caesar's best-known campaigns was waged, and had made all arrangements for motor transportation. But the unsettled political conditions and the activities of the various bands forced him to abandon the expedition.

Choked Girl by "God's Orders."

Moss Point, Miss.—Louis Smith, shipyard worker, killed his four-year-old daughter, Lula, by strangling her to death. Passers-by, witnessing the tragedy from a distance, held him until he was placed under arrest.

Smith told the officers that he had been ordered by God to kill his daughter, and now that he had carried out God's wish, he was ready to die himself. The man is believed to be mentally deranged.

MOVIE ACTRESS DIES OF POISON

Olive Thomas, Famous Film Star, Succumbs in Hospital in France.

TOOK FATAL DOSE BY MISTAKE

She was Known Throughout Entire United States By Picture Show Patrons. Death Attributed to Orgy of Dissipation.

Paris—Olive Thomas, formerly widely known on the American musical comedy stage and for several years past a motion picture star, died in the American hospital at Neuilly, after having swallowed a poisonous solution.

Recently Miss Thomas, who came to Europe with her husband, Jack Pickford, had suffered from nervous depression, it was said.

The fatal illness resulted from an overdose of "medicaments" prescribed for her for a breakdown occurring after a "too strenuous seeing of Paris," according to friends.

Several nights prior to her death an American millionaire gave a big party and all-night dance for Miss Thomas. He refused to say anything following the party, but it is understood that the strain of repeated gaities brought about the breakdown for which the "medicaments," the exact nature of which is undisclosed, were prescribed.

Olive Thomas was once heralded by the late Raphael Kirchner as the most beautiful girl in America. Her real name was Olive Elain Duffy. She was 22 years old, having been born October 20, 1898, at Charleroi, Pa. She began her career as a motion picture actress in Los Angeles nearly four years ago.

French police are investigating her death. Investigation also is being made by the police of sinister rumors of cocaine orgies, intermingled with champagne dinners, which lasted into the early hours of the morning, that have been afloat in the American colony and among the habitues of the French cinema world during the past few weeks.

Found Guilty of Lucken Shooting.

Fremont, Neb.—John Olson was declared guilty of attempting to murder Harm B. Lueken, May 12, by a district court jury, two and one-half hours after it retired to deliberate.

As the district court jury retired to consider the case, Mrs. Florence Olson, wife of the defendant, filed a suit for $25,000 damages against Mrs. Sophie Lueken, alleging alienation of her husband's affections. She accuses Mrs. Lueken, whose testimony, when she turned state's evidence, admitted an intimacy with Olson over several years, of writing letters, causing Olson to visit her, sustaining illicit relations with him and deliberately seeking to win his love from his wife.

State Fair Best Ever.

Lincoln, Neb.—The 1920 Nebraska state fair officially closed its gates last Friday after the most successful exposition in the history of the state. The total attendance this year was 270,664, compared with 262,458 last year, which was the high water mark up to that time. The total number of automobiles admitted to the grounds this year was 31,458 and grand stand admissions 69,514. The receipts this year will show a handsome return for the state fair board as compared with former years due to the increase in the admission price to 75 cents against 50 cents admission of former years.

MacSwiney to Be Fed.

London.—The moment Lord Mayor Terence MacSwiney lapses into complete unconsciousness from his hunger strike, he will be forcibly fed, Brixton jail physicians have announced.

"We would feed him by force now, if it weren't that it would kill him if he struggled against it," one physician said.

Officials Shot Down in Ireland.

Tullow, County Carlow, Ireland.—Armed and masked men attacked four police officers here. Two of the constables were shot dead and another seriously wounded.

Miners' Vacation to Continue.

Scranton, Pa.—That there will be no change in the miners' "vacation" situation, throughout the anthracite field until President Wilson or Secretary of Labor Wilson makes definite answer to the request of the general scale committee of the miners' union for an immediate reopening of the case, was stated by leaders of the organization in three districts comprising the anthracite field. The situation in the Scranton district is not changed, it was stated by union leaders.

Farm Tenantry Increasing.

Topeka, Kan.—Farm tenantry is increasing rapidly in Kansas first reports of a survey by the state board of agriculture indicate. Scott county, the first to report, showed 57.4 per cent of its farms being worked by tenants, an increase of 38.1 per cent since 1910. The trend in the state for a number of years has been away from farm ownership, census bureau statistics reveal. In 1880 tenantry was 16.3 per cent and in 1910 it had increased to 36.8 per cent. The estimated percentage in 1918 was 48.

CONSPIRE TO BOOST PRICES

Federal Trade Commission Recommends Suit Be Instituted Against Implement Firms.

Washington, D. C.—Judicial proceedings should be instituted against associations which have been restraining trade in farm implements, and the International Harvester case should be reopened to effect a plan of dissolution more drastic than the one already agreed to, the federal trade commission states in a report in response to a senate resolution adopted last spring.

The commission says farm implement manufacturers and dealers advanced prices in 1917 and 1918 by amounts larger than their increased cost and expenses warranted, and that they made unusually large profits.

On the other hand, it states farmers were not prevented from making as much profit as formerly, because prices of farm product increased in even greater proportion.

The commission says the partial dissolution of the International Harvester company in 1918 "did not change the dominating position of that company in the harvesting machine line, and will not do so while the McCormick and Deering plants and the steel business remain united under its control, either directly or by common ownership of stock."

MEANT TO KILL ALL ABOARD.

Confessions Made by Foreign Communists of Murderous Plot.

Springfield, Ill.—Confessions from the eight conspirators said to be directly connected with the plot to wreck the "diamond special" of the Illinois Central railroad near here, were obtained by Chief of Police Morris and federal agents. Officials declared their belief that had the plan been carried out not one passenger on the train would have escaped alive. Nineteen foreigners are under arrest and all are declared by officials to be communists. The track, according to the confessions, was to have been torn up about 300 feet from a bridge near the village of Bissell, so that the train would be plunged into the ravine, about fifty feet in depth.

Whatever passengers remained alive, Chief Morris declared the confessions said, the plotters intended to kill and then "to kick in the teeth of the rich." The diamond special was selected "because only the rich ride on it, poor people don't ride in sleepers."

OBREGON ELECTED.

Liberal Candidate Chosen President of Mexico By Big Majority.

Mexico City.—General Alvaro Obregon, candidate of the liberal constitutionalist party, won a decisive victory in the presidential elections held throughout the republic September 5.

His opponent was Alfredo Roblez Dominguez, who was nominated by the national republican party. The vote was extremely light and no reports of disorders have been received.

There have been reports that changes in the cabinet were imminent but Miguel Alessio Roblez, private secretary to Provisional President De la Huerta, said members had resigned and that the provisional president was not thinking of making any changes

Nearly 10,000 Bodies Returned.

Washington, D. C.—The war department has announced that the bodies of 8,288 American soldiers and sailors who died overseas have been returned to the United States and that 2,050 more are aboard transports en route to this country.

Removal of bodies from the "zone of the armies" will begin at once, on formal request from the legal next of kin.

Esch Defeat Pleases Railroaders.

Washington, D. C.—Officials of the railroad labor organizations' political campaign committee were jubilant over news of the defeat of Representative John J. Esch of Wisconsin for renomination to congress in the republican primary.

Bureau Partly Self-Supporting.

Washington, D. C.—Records of the committee on public information, wartime branch of government service, headed by George Creel, show it spent $8,245,249, but cost the government only $4,954,200, because it was partly self-supporting.

Flu Still Is Mystery.

Washington, D. C.—A recurrence of influenza would find medical science with but little more information on the scourge than when it first appeared, according to the public health service. The disease remains a mystery. Scientists believe influenza will appear next winter, but perhaps not in epidemic form. No "cure" has been found, the germ has not been identified, and means for combating the disease are little better than before the war.

Sugar Drops to 15 Cents.

New York.—Sugar has taken another tumble of 1 cent to 15 cents a pound retail. A short time ago sugar was hard to get at 25 cents a pound.

One-Tenth In Three Cities.

Washington, D. C.—About one-tenth of the people of the United States live in the cities of New York, Chicago and Philadelphia, while more than one-quarter live in sixty-eight cities having a population of 100,000 or more, final statistics of the fourteenth census are expected to show.

SICK WOMEN HEAR M

You Can Be Free from Pa as I Am, if You Do as I Di

Harrington, Me.—"I suffered w backache, pains through my hi and such a be ing down f ing that I could stand on my fe I also had other tressing sympto At times I had give up work. tried a number remedies but Ly E. Pinkham's Ve table Compound me more good t anything else. I regular, do not suffer the pains I u to, keep house and do all my work. recommend your medicine to all suffer as I did and you may use my ter as you like."—Mrs. MINNIE MIT ELL, Harrington, Me.

There are many women who suffer Mrs. Mitchell did and who are being be fited, by this great medicine every d It has helped thousands of women have been troubled with displacemen inflammation, ulceration, irregularit periodic pains, backache, that bear down feeling, indigestion, and nerv prostration.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable C pound contains no narcotics or ha drugs. It is made from extracts roots and herbs and is a safe me for women. If you need special ad write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine (confidential), Lynn, Mass.

Quickly Conquers Constipation

Don't let constipation poison your blo and curtail your energy. If your liver and bowels don't work properly take CARTER'S Little Liver Pills today and your trouble will cease. For dizziness, lack of appe headache and blotchy skin noth can equal them. Purely vegetable. Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Pr

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

His Status.

"I hear the druggist thinks h self one of the biggest men in town."

"I dare say he has a right to on himself as a pillar of the c munity."

EATONIC Use —Do This—Get the Greatest Benefits

Chicago, Ill.—Thousands of re from people all over the U. S. have tested eatonic, show the gre benefits are obtained by using it f few weeks, taking one or two ta after each meal.

Eatonic users know that it Belching, Bloating, Heartburn, Stomach Miseries quickly, but really lasting benefits are obtained using eatonic long enough to take harmful excess acids and gases e ly out of the system. This requir little time, for eatonic takes up excess acidity and poisons and car them out of the body and of co when it is all removed, the sufferer well, feels fine—full of life and pe If you have been taking an eat now and then, be sure and take it r larly for a time and obtain all of t wonderful benefits. Please spea your druggist about this, so that he tell others that need this help.

No Introduction.

Bill—"Has he any trouble in ing his bills?" Ed—"None at all. he is well acquainted with them."

The Cuticura Toilet Trio.

Having cleared your skin keep it by making Cuticura your every toilet preparations. The soap to cle and purify, the Ointment to soothe heal, the Talcum to powder and fume. No toilet table is com without them. 25c everywhere.

The man who doesn't know a w an until he marries her is apt to gret the acquaintance.

Watch Your Kidneys

That "bad back" is probably due weak kidneys. It shows in a d throbbing backache, or sharp twing when stooping. You have headach too, dizzy spells, a tired nervous fee and irregular kidney action. Don't n lect it—there is danger of dropsy, gra or Bright's disease! Use *Doan's Ki ney Pills*. Thousands have sa themselves more serious ailments the timely use of *Doan's*. Ask yo neighbor!

An Iowa Case

Mrs. Hans Mohr, Sabula, Iowa, says: "There was a dull aching in the small of my back and I could hardly do my washing. I had a tired, drowsy feeling and my feet swelled badly. My kidneys acted irregularly. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and used a half dozen boxes with splendid results."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.

The MAN NOBODY KNEW

by HOLWORTHY HALL

"OH, MY GOD!"

Synopsis.—Dick Morgan of Syracuse, N. Y., a failure in life, enlisted in the Foreign Legion of the French army under the name of Henry Hilliard, is disfigured by shrapnel. The French surgeons ask for a photograph to guide them in restoring his face. In his rage against life he offers in derision a picture postcard bearing the radiant face of Christ. The surgeons do a good job. On his way back to America he meets Martin Harmon, a New York broker. The result is that Morgan, under the name of Hilliard, goes back to Syracuse to sell a mining stock. He is determined to make good. He tells people of the death of Morgan. He finds in Angela Cullen a loyal defender of Dick Morgan. He meets Carol Durant, who had refused to marry him. She does not hesitate to tell him that she had loved Morgan. Hilliard finds he still loves her and is tempted to confess. Hilliard tempts Cullen, his former employer, with his mining scheme. He discovers a rival for Carol's love in a nice young fellow named Armstrong. Hilliard betrays his love to Carol and is told he has "one chance in a thousand." He sells large blocks of mining stock to Cullen and others. Harmon unexpectedly arrives in Syracuse.

CHAPTER IX—Continued.

—10—

Thank you. And you might take those drafts now; three of 'em. Right? Good. Well—any developments?"

"What?" Harmon tapped his cigarette case in the palm of his left hand. "Oh, you mean the mine?"

Hilliard nodded. "Yes. Have you been any further with the shaft yet? Two or three of the more cautious men are holding back until something happens with that."

"Shaft?" Harmon was puzzled. "What shaft?" He placidly stowed away the drafts. "I'm not sinking any new shafts at this stage of the game."

It was Hilliard's turn to be puzzled. "Why, I mean the old shaft on Silverbow No. 1. Have you gone any further with it? I've told these people you were just starting. That's right, isn't it?"

Harmon laughed noisily. "Oh, that shaft! Don't you think it a little early to begin on that? Yes, about ninety thousand dollars too early?"

As Hilliard sat gazing at him in profound bewilderment a waiter slid up alongside him and coughed for his attention. "Gentleman wants to speak to you outside, Mr. Hilliard. In the lobby. Says it's important."

"Oh!" Hilliard drew the back of his hand across his forehead. "Tell him I'll come right out. Will you excuse me a moment, Mr. Harmon?"

"Sure! Go ahead." The promoter sank back comfortably and gave him a wave of dismissal. Hilliard, his pupils narrowing, went out to the doorway. Some pace or two distant one of the vice presidents of the Trust and Deposit company—a friend of Cullen's and a very good man to know—was loitering attentively.

"Hello, Hilliard," he said, wrinkling his forehead. "How are you? Look here, it's none of my business, of course, but I couldn't help wondering how much you know about that chap you're sitting with. Don't be offended; it's a friendly question. Simply interest in you as one of our clients."

"Why, I know a good deal about him."

The banker continued solemnly: "You probably know a lot more about him than I do, then, but just the same, I wanted to make sure. That's all." He turned, but Hilliard stopped him.

"Well, what do you know about him?"

"Before I answer that—is he a friend of yours?" The question was a bit blunt to be diplomatic, and too suggestive to be disregarded.

"Not exactly that; he's a rather good acquaintance, though. In a business way only—what he is socially I don't know, and I don't think I much care."

"So you don't need any advice about your business connections?"

"Why, I think not." He was nettled by the banker's manner.

"The only thing about it," said the vice president, nettled in his turn by Hilliard's brevity, "is that if you'd said you didn't know him very well, I'd have offered you some suggestions. I'd have expected you to thank me—I really would. Under the circumstances I can't very well go any further than this. Sorry I interrupted you."

"No, but wait a minute! I—"

The vice president's refusal was firm and definite. "I can't say another word. Not another one. If you know him, that's sufficient." And he strode away across the lobby, leaving Hilliard dumfounded.

Mr. Harmon, smiling broadly, half arose from his chair as the masquerader came slowly back to the table and sat down hard.

"Well," he said. "More business?"

Hilliard shook his head.

"On the contrary." His voice had in it a curious dullness which the broker was quick to catch.

"No bad news, I hope?"

"I'm not sure. Let's go on discussing the mine."

"Not much else to discuss, is there? It's the same old mine." He looked intently at Hilliard. "What's got into you, anyway, in the last couple of minutes? You've lost all your pep. You look as though you've seen a ghost."

"Maybe I have," said Hilliard, with a short laugh.

"Well?"

Hilliard regarded him with an odd intermingling of respect and alarm. The respect was a holdover from the past—from the early impression he had formed from Harmon's resplendent offices in New York, and Harmon's contempt for money. He had considered his employer, at worst, a weak-principled vendor of legitimate securities.

"Mr. Harmon," Hilliard said reluctantly, "I'm in a mighty awkward position. . . . We can't afford to let anything spoil this campaign, can we?"

"Not if we can very well help it. What's bothering you?"

"For over ten weeks now, I've been building up a reputation—you know what I've been doing; you know how much depends on it. Your name hasn't been mentioned once; I've been selling this thing on my own personality—holding myself out as the principal. Well, the man who called me outside just now—and he's one of the solid banking crowd up here—he spoke of you as though he knew you. In fact—to be perfectly frank—he called me out there to ask me about you. Now, I don't know what dealings you've ever had with him, or with anyone else up here, but it struck me that if there is anything between you and Syracuse, or any of its fairly big men, perhaps it would be better if I knew it. You see, this thing I'm selling is so darned personal—"

"Who was he?" Harmon's voice rasped.

"Embree—of the Trust and Deposit company."

"Oh, yes." Harmon smoked reflectively. "Yes, we know each other. What did he have to say?"

"It wasn't so much what he said as the way he said it. I suppose you've had some disagreement with these people?"

"Some disagreement," admitted Harman, grinning. "These up-state farmers and I love each other like a couple of strange bulldogs. Still—"

"If it isn't objectionable to you," said Hilliard, hesitating, "I'd rather like to know a bit about it, Mr. Harmon. The subject might come up later. It's almost sure to, now that Embree's seen you and spoken to me about you. And if you've had any quarrel with this crowd, even if it wasn't your fault, and if it came out that I'm working for you, and there was any talk about it, you can see how I'd have to be on the defensive. . . . So if you could just give me a faint idea—"

"But Wait a Minute!"

"Plain English is a lot better than a faint idea," said Harmon carelessly. "I floated some steel bonds up here once. Prettiest bonds you ever saw in your life, too."

"Oh! And they didn't turn out well?"

"Not exactly. The company was too much like Silverbow, I guess—all float and no lode."

For a moment, Hilliard thought that he hadn't heard aright.

"What was that you said?" he managed.

Harmon reiterated it.

"Too much Silverbow. Only they pumped the water out of it sooner than we will. That was five years ago."

At first, Hilliard was untouched by the shock; the force of it seemed to pass over him entirely; then all at once, as he was caught by the drift of it, his hands began to tremble violently; and his palms were clammy with sweat. His stomach seemed to drop out of him, and he was nauseated by the tremendous purport of his employer's cynicism.

"Mr. Harmon!" he panted, under his breath, "Mr. Harmon!"

The New Yorker looked at him in genuine surprise.

"What's the matter, Hilliard? You look sick! Or . . . d——n it, man, if that's another one of your bluffs, you're wasting your time. You haven't worked up such a holy disposition you believe in this mine, have you?" He moved uneasily. "I wish you'd wipe that pious expression off your face—or is it glued on?"

"Hilliard's voice shook uncontrollably.

"This . . . this mine!" he stammered. "You told me—"

"I'll stand by everything I've ever told you, Hilliard. I'll prove it. It's an area of mineralized schist with disseminated copper values. And we've got over a hundred acres of it. And part of the shaft, too!" He laughed noiselessly. "Of course, altogether there's about five hundred square miles of that same sort of land in the same state, but what's the odds as long's you're happy? Tell me you aren't wise? Rot! Why, you knew all about it when we were on the boat!"

Hilliard's muscles were working in hysterical jumps, and his face was distorted.

"Y-you . . . y-you're saying . . . y-you're saying I've been selling . . . s-selling to my friends a piece of d——n worthless property? Are you?"

"Shut up!" The big man was dominant, ugly. "Understand me? You keep your mouth shut if you know what's good for you! Didn't you come up here to get square with your 'friends?' Your friends!" His accent was superlatively contemptuous. "You knew it wasn't a producing mine, didn't you?"

"You told me it was a wonderful prospect! I knew it was a long shot, but I thought there was some value there . . . a lot of it . . . and you said the shaft . . . you always said the shaft was—"

Harmon reached for another cigarette; there was undisguised perplexity on his face.

"Son, if you aren't a mighty good actor, you're . . . are you going to claim you didn't know what this mine is? After all that whining and squealing of yours about your getting even? Then what in thunder did you want to come back here for?"

"To make some money—to get some fun out of it. I wanted to make fools of people; I didn't want to swindle anybody! I thought I was giving 'em something for their money! I—"

Harmon lighted his cigarette, none too complacently.

"The funny part about it," he said slowly, "is that I don't honestly believe you're bluffing. . . . But you knew it was only a prospect."

"But I thought it was a good prospect! Never mind—" He made as though to rise. "You've said enough. I'm through with you!"

The big man's jaw thrust out belligerently, and he caught Hilliard by the arm.

"Now, stop right there! Sit down! Sit down! Maybe you thought it was a good prospect and maybe you didn't, but you're not through with me yet—not until I say so. Don't you make any mistakes like that, my boy. Don't you go off half-shot—not yet! Remember our contract? Ever heard of promoter's liability? I'd certainly hate to see you get into trouble, but if you've made any wild statements about material facts—"

Hilliard was straining half across the table.

"You told me the ore was there! And I thought the worst that could happen would be to tie up this money for a few years—that's why a prospect's so hard to sell! I knew darned well it wasn't any whirlwind right now, but I did think they'd . . . they'd at least make something good out of it . . . eventually . . . even if it . . ."

"Ah!" said Harmon, sneering, "but you had every opportunity to learn the facts—ev-e-ry opportunity. It's not my fault if you went off half-cocked. I don't know what you've represented to your gang up here. I'm not responsible. All I know is that you've collected sixty-two thousand dollars, and turned it over to me, and I'm to give you stock for it, and pay you a rebate in cash. Maybe you call it a commission . . . it's a rebate! Read the contract. Read it carefully, while you're about it. Take it to a lawyer; I don't care. Any lawyer you like. If you've gone beyond the facts I'm mighty sorry for you, but I don't see how it affects me any. Do you?"

Hilliard had slumped wretchedly into his chair; his thoughts were running aimlessly about the grim axis of his chicanery.

"And . . . and after all I've done!" he said thickly. "After all I've said! Oh, my God!" His chin sank low, and his grip on the table relaxed.

Harmon was less at ease than he pretended. "Well, if you aren't bluffing," he said presently, "you sure are the biggest baby for a man's-sized man I ever saw. Brace up, there! You—"

Hilliard pulled himself erect with a final effort, and his fist gestured his accusation.

"You know what I'm going to do about it, don't you?"

"Yes." Harmon nodded, as he drew the smoke deep into his lungs.

"I'm going straight back to those four men, and—"

"No." Harmon wagged his head. "No, you can't very well do that, either—even if you're as shocked as you look. Look at it just a minute . . . look at our contract. There's some loopholes for me you could drive a motortruck through; but you haven't got one as big as a knitting needle. No, son, the best thing for you to do is to take a brace, and go get another sixty thousand while the getting is good."

"Not necessarily!" Hilliard's high-pitched laugh was brittle.

Harmon allowed the smoke to eddy gently from his nostrils. "Yes—necessarily."

"You think I'll raise my finger after this, except to . . . what do you take me for?"

"I take you," said Harmon deliberately, "for a short-sighted young man in a mighty bad spot. You don't want these folks up here to know the whole truth, do you? It wouldn't hurt me any—but after the record you made

And His Fist Gestured His Accusation.

here before you got yourself kicked out two years ago. . . . Oh! don't jump! You don't think I've been asleep, do you? . . . I don't believe you'd get much sympathy. Not much! And I've invested a lot of money in you. . . . I want some big returns. Look me in the eye, son. I want you to calm down. Now, there's only three parties to this deal—you and me and the world. You and me—and the world. Get that? And you and I have got to play straight with each other. You help me get the money, and I'll help you get whatever you want. But when you throw me down, I throw you down, and we'll see who comes out ahead. I'll bet I do. What do you bet?"

Hilliard shook his head helplessly.

"You've got to remember," said Harmon in sardonic consolation, "that you're an awful easy man to describe. You can slip out of Syracuse just as easy as you please, and try your durnedest to make a getaway, and you'd have pretty hard work to keep away from the Pinkertons for twenty-four hours. And I've got the evidence that would put 'em after you. So don't you plan to run away, son—don't do it."

Hilliard's judgment was tottering. Where did he stand in relation to Armstrong now?

"Well?"

Harmon snatched at the sign of weakness, and was instantly persuasive.

"Stay on another six weeks; make the rest of your killing. After this is over, do what you please. You'll have money enough to suit yourself. I'm playing straight with you . . . am I not?"

"Yes," said Hilliard, with withering sarcasm, "you are!"

Harmon glowered at him.

"Don't you accuse me of double-crossing you, son! It's the other way round."

"You aren't fool enough to expect me," said Hilliard shakily, "to keep on trying to sell more of this rotten stuff! You aren't enough of a fool for that—"

"I can, and I do. You're in for it now, Hilliard, and you can't very well go back. You've collected money; you can't get your hands on it again; you can't make any restitution. You've lied your head off already; you can't do any better now than to stick to your first story, because the truth's a good deal worse. You'd better make your killing and make it quick. And if you open your head for just one little peep . . . flooey, flooey, and the fat's in the fire. Well . . .?"

Hilliard's head was splitting with the horror of it. He saw, in a whirling vision of dread, the people of the city rising to denounce him; not merely for his inexcusable masquerade, so grotesquely built upon the dream of regeneration, not only for his vast abuse of personal confidence, not only for the base hypocrisies he had practiced upon his quondam sweetheart, but also for this grossly profitable fraud. Dimly, he argued just as Harmon claimed, he couldn't be in harder straits. A spasm of reckless fatalism shook him.

Harmon, who had been inspecting him critically, took out his fountain pen.

"I'll write you your check for commissions—shall I?" He held the pen poised insinuatingly. "And then we'll forget this little misunderstand, and start fresh. Shall I? Let's see," with great attentiveness to the figures. "Your twenty per cent is twelve thousand four hundred, and that, less half expense . . . call 'em five thousand even . . . that's seventy-four hundred." He tore a sheet from his pocket check book, dried the ink by waving it in the air, and flirted it over to Hilliard. "Put it away and let's have some lunch. If you're afraid to have your friends see me down here, let's have it upstairs. I'm not sensitive, son; it don't pay."

"No," said Hilliard, dully, "and I guess it never will."

"That's the idea! Now you're talking sense! Come on, son, buck up and let's have some lunch. . . ."

* * * * * * *

At eight o'clock in the evening, when Rufus Waring knocked at Hilliard's door, it was opened by a man with a face to remember afterward. There were deep-cut lines—almost furrows—by the mouth and eyes; and the eyes themselves were startlingly luminous, and drawn. The man's complexion was chalk-white.

"Why, Mr. Hilliard!" exclaimed Waring. "What on earth's the matter with you?"

"Come on in," said Hilliard, and his smile was ghastly. "I've been waiting for you."

CHAPTER X.

Hilliard was waiting, hoping, praying for a blow from fate, but fate, which at other times had been ready enough for fisticuffs, and often premature with them, refrained from striking. The interview with Waring had passed without friction (and Hilliard had so contrived to present his data that Waring had finally declined the risk) and the night passed and the morning came, with its accompanying horde of old regrets and a new and sweeping inrush of fresh hallucinations.

To his tortured imagination, he was a greater paradox than even Jekyll and Hyde; for he was Hilliard and Dicky Morgan, the living and the dead, without the boon of the supernatural to separate them. And yet he felt that the wickedness of what he had done was the wickedness of Dicky Morgan, and that he, Hilliard, the soul, was sitting in impartial judgment on Dicky Morgan, the flesh. He conceded the wrong; he conceded the penalty; nevertheless, his youth cried out to him for mercy.

* * * * * * *

At the maid's announcement, Doctor Durant, who had been occupied with nothing more momentous than filling a pot-bellied calabash, rose hastily and went out into the hallway.

"Come in, Hilliard!" he said cordially. "Carol's off looking at somebody's trousseau . . . somebody's always getting married in Syracuse . . . she'll be in directly. Come smoke a pipe with me, and be sociable."

Hilliard, lingering nervously by the outer door, started at the kind voice.

"You're not busy?"

"Busily composing my mind," said the doctor. He ushered Hilliard into the comfortable old study and motioned towards a squat little smoking stand. "All kinds of poison there," he said. "Cigar—cigarettes—pipe tobacco. Suit yourself."

Hilliard laughed affectedly.

"You call it poison? And you a doctor—and smoking?"

"Ah, but it's the pleasantest poison there is. . . . I'm always having to explain that to Carol. . . . Matches? Well, what have you been doing to yourself?"

"I?" Hilliard didn't look at him. "Nothing important, doctor."

"But that's not quite true, is it?" The tone was gentle, but it filled Hilliard with portentious qualms. "You've been enjoying a little attack of insomnia, haven't you?"

Hilliard winced.

"Why—yes. As a matter of fact—"

The doctor attempted a smoke ring, and smiled at the dismal failure.

Harmon is revealed in his true light.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Chameleons' Food.

The proper diet of chameleons and lizards consists of flies and other insects; also meal worms, and the common idea that sugar and water will serve in winter is incorrect. A good many of these animals refuse food in the winter months and all of them need warmth and sunshine, as well as water. They are difficult to keep in health, and if not given their natural food will starve to death in time, though their ability to fast for long periods is well known.

Many Still Read Dickens.

Charles Dickens has been ruled out by a class of the younger literary critics as a decided back number, but the statement by his British publishers that during the past three years the sale of his books has been almost doubled seems to refute that idea. Some of Dickens' novels sell more than 50,000 every year, and he has been dead forty-eight years. His sales during the last ten years have been larger, it is asserted, than those of any three novelists put together.

A simple appliance, easily attached, has been invented for preventing telephone cords twisting.

ROADSTER BODY $12.50

33 inches wide, 12 inches high over all. 3 double steel braces on each side. Made of high-class material, painted black. Best made. 48 inch $12.50; 60 inch $14.00.

Stake Body One Ton Truck $95.00

complete with cab. Loading space 60x96 inches. Made of hardwood, well ironed and well braced. Painted black. Windshield extra, $16.00. Buy direct and save twenty-five per cent.

Covered Express Body $72.50

Loading space 43x63 inches. 15 inches high. Made of Hardwood. Well braced and ironed throughout. Painted black, furnished with 5 Black Oil Drill Curtains. Windshield extra, $16.00. We are large manufacturers of Bodies for Ford Cars. Save money by buying direct. Send for Catalogue. Immediate Shipment.

EXPRESS BODY CORPORATION
Crystal Lake, Ill.

Ladies Let Cuticura Keep Your Skin Fresh and Young

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Free Booklet, "Down by the Golden Gate" telling about wonderful oil fields. Add. Gt. Nor. Oil Co., Box 1125, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Bargains in Farms, all States, Canada. Business chances; Trades. List with us. Gilman & Bringham, Livingston Bldg., Bloomington, Ill.

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Guaranteed. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

TO EVERY READER

There is no pure herb family medicine in the world today that can equal the power and give such grand results in regulating the bowels, stimulating the liver, flushing and cleansing the kidneys, sweetening the stomach or purifying and enriching the blood—than

BULGARIAN BLOOD TEA

Those who suffer with stomach, liver, kidney, rheumatism or blood troubles will find Bulgarian Blood Tea the best medicine to relieve and correct these ailments. It is wonderful how quick you will begin to pick up and be your old-time self again.

During the 1918-19-20 influenza epidemic Bulgarian Blood Tea was used by countless thousands of sufferers with marvelous success and millions of people took it steaming hot to prevent and ward off the disease.

As a general first aid family medicine it has no equal and every person should have a box constantly on hand for any emergency—to kill colds, allay fevers and guard against influenza, pneumonia or other serious sickness. And all mothers and fathers of families should apply at once to their druggist or grocer for a trial box of Bulgarian Blood Tea.

Not to Be Outdone.

Frances, Janet and Eleanor were discussing the respective merits of the babies in their households, and Frances had led off with:

"My baby brother is only four months old and he has two teeth already."

"My little sister," announced Janet, "is only five months old and she has three."

"That's nothing," said Eleanor. "My little brother hasn't any teeth yet, but when he does have some they are going to be gold ones!"

Every man has his worthless days, but if he does not fight them every day will become his worthless day.

The notion that money is the main thing seems to have originated in practical politics.

At a round table the herald is useless.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Morning. *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

Your lumber and building material requirements can be filled here to your financial advantage.

In other words we will save you money on these prices.

Every price advantage that the market affords will be yours if you trade with us.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Our
ALL STYLES
in Dry Goods are complete

We wish to announce that we have received our fine new line of Dry Goods and Ladies Furnishings for Fall and Winter.

This is the store where you will find just what you want in--

DRESS GOODS

Wool Dress Goods, Percales, Ginghams, in fact anything in the cloth line and at prices that are very reasonable.

BLANKETS

Our line of winter blankets is complete and you can get just what you want here.

LADIES SWEATERS

Our line is the "niftiest" we could buy. We have them in all the latest styles and colors for Ladies and Misses.

Also nice selection of Waists, Dresses Aprons, Shoes, Gloves, Underwear, Ribbons, Velvets, Knick-nacks, Etc.

Everything for the ladies at

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

Local News!

Tony Ahrenkiel and family visited at the Tom Blank home Sunday.

Mrs. F. Cordes, of Goodell, was a Klemme shopper last Saturday.

Harold Gruetzmacher spent Sunday with friends at Gowrie, Iowa.

Rev. A. H. Meyer left Tuesday for Gladbrook, Iowa, to attend the conference.

Rev. Koerner and wife left Tuesday for California where they will spend the winter months.

Henry Church of Garner was shaking hands with Klemme friends Saturday.

The Henry Griffen family of Goodell, spent Sunday visiting Klemme relatives.

Mrs. J. J. Jorgenson, of Garner, spent the day Friday of last week at the Editor's home in Klemme.

Miss Clella McCullough came from Garner last Friday for a few days' visit with her sister, Mildred.

Mr. and Mrs. Hemmenway and Mr. and Mrs. Kearney, of Goodell, were Klemme callers Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Dewey Rice of Clarion, were over Sunday visitors in Klemme at the Fred Musfelt home.

Frank Gruetzmacher and son Harold, drove to Thompson, Iowa, on business Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wade left last week by auto for a couple of weeks' visit with Illinois people.

Thos. Berhow, of Kanawha, county supervisor, was a business transactor here Monday.

Geo. B. Lawhorn, county supervisor was a business caller in Klemme on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ortmeyer and son Homer, of Forest City, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Griewe Friday of last week.

Mr. E. S. Uben was here from Webster City last week Wednesday for a visit with his family. They expect to move to the city soon.

Ralph Carolus is in the hospital at Mason City recovering from his operation for appendicitis. He was operated on Monday.

Mrs. Johnson and daughter, Grace, who have been visiting at the home of her brother, E. S. D. Kahrs and wife, left Saturday morning for Minneapolis for a visit.

Miss Belken, one of our school teachers, left Monday evening for Iowa Falls, being called there by the death of an uncle whose funeral was held the following day.

Mr. J. B. Spitler is at the hospital at Mason City recovering from an operation. Reports are that he is getting along well and will soon be able to come home.

J. N. Day and family returned last Thursday evening from their ten days auto trip into Minnesota and South Dakota. They were at Watertown, South Dakota, before they returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Kahrs arrived here last Thursday from Story City for a week's visit at the E. S. D. Kahrs home. The Kahrs live in California, and were in this part of the country spending their summer.

Marlin Croner left last Thursday evening fr Kansas City, Mo., on a business mission. While in the south he also expects to go to Garnet, Kansas, for a visit with his mother and other relatives and friends.

Paul Grange came from Webster City Saturday for an over Sunday visit with his family. He reports that their creamery business is progressing in fine shape. They expect to move to Webster City in a short time now as Paul has a house located.

Charles Busch, local land man, and his party of ten men who went to Canada last week on an excursion trip returned Monday of this week. The men seem to be well impressed with Canada and some talk of buying land and moving up there this fall.

The "Devil" came back. By that we mean our former printer's devil,e Chas. Gibbs has returned to the Times Office to help "sling type" and help keep the office towel of the proper shade of darkness as becomes all print shop towels.

For Sale--Wants

Thoroughbred Hogs

FOR SALE—Big Type Poland China Boars, spring pigs weighing about 200 lbs. W. L. Haberkamp. 2wp

FOR SALE — DUROC JERSEY SPRING BOARS, sired by Pathfinder Pioneer (332465, the boar that was sold to Adams & Swain of Algona, for $5,000, and boars sired by Acme Wonder's Sensation (348959). GEO. SCHOENWETTER, Garner, Ia. 5wc

CHESTER WHITE BOARS
Am now offering CHESTER WHITE BOARS, big husky rangy individuals. Come and see them. R. C. LUDEKE, Klemme, Iowa. 4wc.

Hard Coal Stoves For Sale

FOR SALE—Used Hard Coal Stove, in good shape. Geo. Kessler. 2wp

FOR SALE—Hard Coal Stove in good condition, cheap. Wm. Smith. 2w

GOOD HARD COAL STOVE for sale cheap if taken quick. E. S. Uben.

Articles For Sale

FOR SALE—ONE GOOD FRESH COW, one Baby Cab good as new, and Magazine or book stand. Inquire of Fred Musfelt. 2w.

Fall Fashion Notice

FALL AND WINTER FASHION—You are crdially invited to call and see the most wonderful line in Women's and Misses' High Class Suits, Coats, Dresses, Skirts, Furs and Waists of Victor Ladies' Tailoring Co. MRS. JOHN JOSTEN. ad 1wc

Hard Coal

HAVE IN TRANSIT—Car Nut Size Hard Coal, at reasonable price, order now. Walter F. Lau. 1wc

Notice to Tax Payers

The second installment of taxes are now due, penalty attaches October first. If taxes are paid through banks bring the receipt for the first installment as that receipt has the description of the property.

THOMAS H. THOMPSON,
County Treasurer. 4wc

Make Haste Slowly.
Remember that some training is necessary before a man can become a farmer. Even potato raisers have to know how to drill.

Mrs. Henry Griffen is up from Goodell and is helping at the Elmer Ludeke home at present.

Mrs. Thomas Nelson and Mrs. August Ridder went to Des Moines last Saturday evening, returning on Thursday.

C. W. Wiles and Tom Roths drove to Morris, Minnesota, Tuesday. The object of their trip being to go up and make arrangements to have Mr. Wiles' grain threshed. Mr. Wiles owns land there and has a fine crop of grain this year.

A baby boy arrived at the home Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Ludeke Thursday. They now have two b and two girls.

Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Meyer turned last Thursday morning fr their trip to Tomah, Wisconsin. M Meyer had been there about a mo visiting with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Spitler mov into their house east of the park l week and are now quite convenient situated. The Spitlers are welcom to Klemme as residents.

Pure Bred Hornless Shorthorn Cattle and DUROC JERSEY BOARS
Growthy herd headers of merit for sale by
C. A. Arnold, Klemme, Iowa

These are progressive times. Are you keeping up with them?

NOW is the time to provide for your future, not tomorrow when it is too late.

A savings account at this Bank makes it easy to save.

Today you are charged with the responsibility for what your future will be.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE—
STATE SAVINGS BANK
CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME SURPLUS $25,000.00
AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Millinery

In the matter of High Type Millinery this store stands qnite alone.

You are invited to make this headquarters for your Millinery needs. We have hats that carry the fullest measure of style and quality possible at very moderate prices.

Any type of face may be becomingly suited here

Hats for matrons and younger women, trimmed in many different ways and all quite up-to-the-minute styles.

Evidence of the popularity of this department is reflected in the fact that it has been necessary for our millinery buyer to make a second trip to markets in order to replenish our depleted stock.

Come Look them over, you will not be dissapointed.

The Liebenstein Co., Inc.
GARNER IOWA

Announcing the Opening of a Splendid Line for Fall....

Which will awake enthusiasm in men boys who appreciate indiviuality in dress.

The styles were never more becoming.

The variety in models, in fabrics, in price, gives every man or boy a chance to suit his personal ideas.

Will you give us the the pleasure of going through the showing this week?

The boys get a chance in this store the stocks are so complete.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Local Mention

Miss Mae Ferleman, the county Red Cross Nurse, of Garner, was here the fore part of the week examning the children at the Klemme schools. Miss Ferleman is hired by the county to look after the health of the school children.

Dr. Thomas has his new house completed in Morningside Addition and s ready to move n. The Doctoro and Mrs. Thomas have a very fine home of the bungalow type which is very attractive as well as comfortable for all the modern conveniences are installed. When Morningside Addition is built up a little more it will be the attractive spot of Klemme..

The following people went to Sioux City, Iowa, last week to take treatment of a lady who claimed to give relief as a Christian Healer or some such method: Rev. Meyer, Rev. and Mrs. Koerner, Rev. and Mrs. Haefner, Mr. and Mrs. George Platt and Ben Swlve. Some of the party are feeling much better and some the treatment did nt help. The lady did not claim she could cure everybody but those who saw her said she was wonderful.

Miss Mildred McCullough has resigned her position as bookkeeper and stenographer at the Wellemeyer store to take up another position elsewhere. Miss McCullough has made a lot of friends while here who will greatly miss her. Her position will be filled by Mr. LuVerne Smith of this place, who has recently completed a very thorough course in business at Des Moines. Mr. Smith is a son of Mrs. Millie Smith and is well known. He will make a very good bookkeeper for the Wellemeyer Store, we are sure.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Keraus drove over from the Lake Saturday for an over Sunday visit at the C. G. Waterman and Wm. Keraus homes. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Keraus expect to leave about the 26th of this month for a nine months' trip to California to spend the winter and visit in the west. Charlie has heard what they are paying men in California to shoot ducks in the rice fields and he is raring to go but says if ducks are that thick out in the west he will be perfectly satisfied to shoot them without bothering about the pay. We also have a hunch he will pack his fishing outfit along with him.

BASE BALL GAME

KLEMME vs. THORNTON

AT THE KLEMME BALL PARK ON

Sunday, Sept. 19th

Game called at 2:30 o'clock

This promises to be the fastest game of the season, a few weeks ago these teams battled hard in a twelve inning game which was won by Klemme 7 to 6. Thornton are after this game; come out and yell for Klemme Sunday!

A word to the wise--

Nowhere in the world can you buy better equipment for your car than here--

Norwalk Tires and Tubes ***Gould Storage Batteries***

U. & J. Carburetors ***Weed Tire Chains*** ***Rodd Spark Plugs***

Trop-Artic Auto Oils, etc.

Our Prices are Right and we guaranree Satisfaction.

Henry Lau & Sons

Automobiles, Supplies, Implements ***Klemme, Iowa***

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

OUR CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ARE A Safe Investment

For Your Protection

When you deposit your money in this bank, you are doing business with an institution which is directly connected with powerful Federal Reserve Banking System.

Our Federal Reserve System is known as the strongest system of financial control in the world and you are, therefore, naturally conscious of a feeling of security in refering to this as "your bank".

First National Bank

KLEMME, IOWA

FORDSON

TRADE MARK

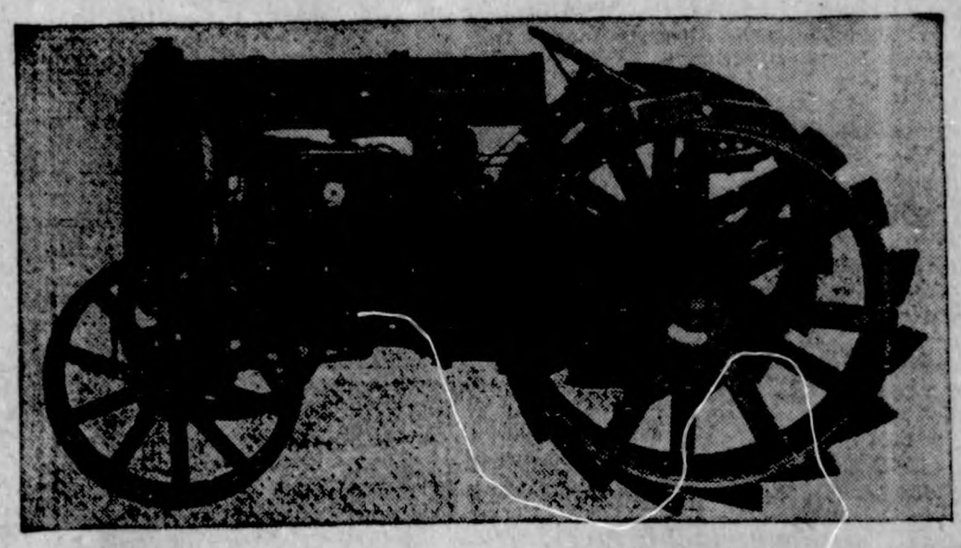
There are many Tractors clamoring for the patronage of the farmer. The very air is charged with the noise of claims. One would think that all the farmer had to do was to buy a Tractor and he would enter into the Millennium.

Well, consider this fact—there are a great many different makes of Tractors. Tractors have been on the American market for twenty years. In that time some 300,000 tractors have been sold to the farmers of the United States. The Fordson Tractor has only been on the market two years, and in that time more than one hundred thousand Fordson Tractors have been sold to the farmers of the United States.

Two and two make four. Two and two always will make four. If the Fordson Tractor had not delivered more good work, more satisfactory work, more economical work, than any other farm tractor, it would not have sold in the ratio of anywhere from five and more to one. "The proof of the pudding is in the eating." The proof of the superior meri s of the Fordson Tractor is in its larger sale and use.

The Fordson Tractor the asks you to buy it because of what it has done for your neighbor. It asks you to buy it on its merits. It asks you to buy it, Mr. Farmer, because you have use for it every day in the year. All the uses fos the Fordson Tractor have not yet been uncovered because new places where machine power can take the place of human power, where machine power can supplant horse and mule power, are being found every week, and wherever such discovery occurs, the Fordson Tractor will fill the bill more satisfactorly than any other form of power.

The Fordson is simple in design, and it is very strongly made of the highest quality of iron and steel. It is the product of the greatest mechanical genius the world hus ever known, and it is most economical in first cost and after expense. The Fordson Tractor on your farm will put more dollars and cents into every hour you put into the farm,



Now why not have a Fordson right away? Take up the subject with us. Come in and get the details, and all the particulars. It is only a matter of time until you buy a farm Tractor—that is sure. So don't put it off when it means money to you to act promptly.

ED. G. ELL

THE DAIRY

CLEANLINESS IS BIG ASSET

Duty of Every Dairy Farmer to See That Output Is Wholesome—It Lessens Complaints.

Farmers who produce clean milk possess a business asset the value of which many do not fully appreciate. The public is better informed, by far, than it was a few years ago regarding the value of pure milk as a food. It knows more of the dangers of unclean milk. Therefore, as a business proposition as well as from a sense of duty, every farmer owning milk cows should see to it that the output is wholesome.

Clean milk benefits not only the consumer but the milk producer as well. Most producers of market milk have experienced the chagrin of having a shipment of milk refused or returned because it reached the market sour, tainted, or otherwise in poor condition. Although such milk may be used for feeding pigs, it usually is a complete loss to the producer, since the cost of transportation back to the farm usually exceeds its value.

Frequently, also, the producer depends on a certain market as an outlet for his milk and has no means for utilizing small quantities at uncertain intervals, even if he had it at the farm. Another important consideration is that unpleasant effect which the receipt of sour, tainted, or otherwise unsalable milk has upon the purchaser. Delivering milk of that kind usually results in the loss of the confidence of the dealer, or, if it is delivered directly to the consumer, the loss of customers.

Clean milk means fewer complaints, a better class of patrons, and a steady market for the product. Carelessly produced and improperly handled milk may be the means of spreading dis-

Milkers Should Exercise Greatest Care in Keeping Milk Clean.

ease. Every owner of a dairy herd should consider it his duty to himself and to the community to keep only healthy cows, supply them with wholesome feed, and keep them in clean, comfortable quarters. The milkers and all who handle milk should realize that they have in their charge a food which is easily contaminated and should take every reasonable precaution to keep it clean.

PREPARATIONS REPEL FLIES

Fish Oil Is Principal Ingredient in Several Mixtures Recommended for Stock.

While there are various preparations on the market designed to keep flies from cows or other live stock, the farmer can make a good fly repellent by using any of the following mixtures: Fish oil, 3 parts; kerosene, 1 part. Fish oil, 100 parts; oil of tar, 50 parts; crude carbolic acid, 1 part. Fish oil, 1½ pints; kerosene, 1½ pints; resin, 1½ pounds; laundry soap, 2 cakes. Mix thoroughly and add enough water to make 3 gallons. Fish oil, linseed oil, or kerosene, 1 pint; coal tar dip, 1 pint; laundry soap, 1¼ bar; hot water, 15 pints. Mix thoroughly so as to form an emulsion. The fish oil is the principal ingredient that repels the flies.

Either a brush or a hand-sprayer can be used to apply any of these mixtures. The sprayer will be more convenient. Applications will have to be made at frequent intervals to be effective.

GIVE BULL GOOD ATTENTION

Best Results Obtained by Firm Handling, but Never by Abuse—Must Have Exercise.

The bull must not be underfed when young nor kept overfat when matured. Better results are obtained by gentle but firm handling, but never by abuse. Never allow him to get the upper hand at any time; he must not realize his enormous strength. Give him plenty of exercise it is a mistake to keep him confined. Do not trust a bull at any time. It is the "gentle" bull that does the damage.

TRAVEL OF FOODSTUFFS BETWEEN RAILWAY AND ULTIMATE CONSUMER

A Glimpse of the Long and Costly Route Which Most of Our Foodstuffs Travel Between the Railway and the Consumer.

A line from a popular song—"There's a Long, Long Trail A-winding"—applies to at least one of the many and devious paths which old man H. C. L. treads in his effort to make living complex and expensive for the average person.

The particular byway referred to is that which wholesale shipments of food follow in their costly travel from the railway car to the retailer. A carload of fruit or vegetables can be sped half way across the continent in a day or two, but on arriving in the city where the food is to be retailed, the shipment starts on a winding trail which too often adds little but unnecessary costs and delay.

Eliminating Expensive Carting.

This expensive shunting and hauling of foodstuffs from point to point in the cities and the spoilage which the unnecessary handling causes are the big items centralized wholesale terminals eliminate. The bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, has been on this trail, literally, following shipments step by step to determine how much expense is added to the cost of food by unnecessary handling between the shipper and the retailer. The route followed by a carload of peaches entering a middle Western city over a railroad not provided with team tracks well illustrates this phase of the distribution problem.

This car had to be switched from the railroad on which it entered the city, through the crowded switch yard, to another track which is accessible to teams. Here it stood until the receiving wholesalers' teamsters could finish another job. After this delay two wagons were drawn up beside the car, in turn, and were loaded with the peaches. Thereupon, they started for the wholesale house which was two miles away.

The teamsters' route lay through the most congested part of the city, the wholesale district being close to the busy retail section. The wagons were a full hour and a quarter making the trip. Meanwhile, the sun beat down on the peaches and the city's dust and dirt filtered in through the crates so that the fruit was far from being as fresh and attractive as when taken from the car. Moreover, the journey so jostled and bruised the fruit that some of it had to be sold at a discount.

Though the wholesalers were particularly anxious to get the peaches delivered to their sales room on the day of arrival, because of the favorable market, only about one-third of the shipment came in by closing time, and it was noon the next day before the remainder was delivered.

The long, winding trail did not end at the wholesalers'. Once unloaded, the peaches were put on display for the benefit of various jobbers, some of whom purchased a few dozen crates and some larger amounts. Some of these men were situated within two or three squares of the wholesaler and their purchases were delivered on hand trucks. In the case of other jobbers another wagon transfer was necessary.

Next in this process which economists call distribution, came the retailers to look over the lots, in the end buying small quantities such as they could sell in a day or two. This, of course, necessitated another handling and carting over the city's rough pavements.

Last, but not least, came the consumers, each buying only a small fraction of a crate and paying a big share of the expense all the handling had entailed.

Cartage Is Costly.

This instance is no exaggeration. A very large part of the foodstuffs brought to American cities goes over some such devious trail. One Washington (D. C.) wholesale merchant has stated that he spends $20,000 a year for cartage which could be saved if the city had a wholesale terminal where cars could be unloaded directly into premises occupied by the wholesalers. Following an investigation in New York city it was estimated by a local organization that the saving in handling costs which would result if adequate terminal facilities were established would be $2,000,000 annually by the borough of Richmond; $8,000,000 by Queens; $16,000,000 by the Bronx; $21,000,000 by Brooklyn, and an even vaster sum by Manhattan.

Marketing experts admit that there are many baffling aspects to the high-cost-of-living problem, but contend that the remedy for the phase of our costly distribution system just described is plain. Cities which will provide modern wholesale terminals, where shipments can be delivered from the railroad cars direct to wholesalers a few feet away, will make possible the saving of immense sums of money now charged up to the consumer.

TO USE FINE MORGAN SIRE IN EXPERIMENT

To Further Study of Breed for Saddle Purposes.

Two-Year-Old Stallion Lucky Sent From Vermont Farm to Famous Ranch in Texas—Breeders Are Much Interested.

To further the study of the Morgan as a saddle breed, the United States department of agriculture has sent the two-year-old Morgan stallion Lucky from the Morgan horse farm at Middlebury, Vt., to the Santa Gertrudis ranch at Kingsville, Tex. This is the "home ranch" of the famous King ranch, one of the largest and best-known cattle and horse breeding establishments in the United States. The bureau of animal industry is paying close attention to the saddle possibilities of the Morgan horse. The King ranch will breed Lucky to some of its high-class mares.

Lucky is a brown stallion 14¾ hands high and weighs 925 pounds. He was sired by Hugo. Hugo was sired by Meteor Morgan and is out of Calve by General Gates. The dam of Lucky is Eunice by General Gates and out of Caroline by Daniel Lambert. Lucky, his sire and dam, and one of his grand dams were bred at the government farm at Middlebury.

FAVOR UNIFORM CONTAINERS

First Essential to the Most Profitable Marketing Is Standardized Products.

One of the first essentials to satisfactory marketing arrangements is standardized products. Cans, jars and other containers should be uniform in pack, appearance, quality and condition. Every container which is fully up to the standard represented by the label or brand will then be an advertisement in itself and often a guaranty to further purchases.

BOYS SURPASS THEIR ELDERS

Total Purebred Stock in Idaho Community Increased to 25 Per Cent by Young People.

It is estimated that only 3 per cent of the cattle in the United States are registered, and experts say that an increase of 2 per cent accomplished in from five to ten years is a mark well worth aiming at.

Out in Ustick, near Boise City, the boys have shattered this record, according to a report brought in by a United States department of agriculture field worker who recently visited the community. These boys, acting upon their own initiative, and aided by agents of the department and the State College of Agriculture, bought 19 head of purebred stock, thus increasing the total for their community 25 per cent.

MITES AND LICE INJURIOUS

Little Pests Sap Vitality of Fowls and Prevent Growth or Lessen Egg Production.

Mites and lice frequently sap the vitality of the fowl and prevent growth or lessen the egg production. A thorough cleaning of the house, regular applications of disinfectants to the roosts and nests, and a frequent dusting of the fowls will control these pests.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Store your grain.

* * *

Keep weeds from seeding.

* * *

If your soil is sour add ground limestone.

* * *

A big increase is coming in the number of silos in the middle West.

* * *

Millet is customarily seeded at the rate of three or four pecks per acre.

FARM STOCK

MARKETING SHEEP AND HOGS

Federal Trade Commission Furnish Figures Showing Cost of Loading and Shipping.

Of 54 carloads of sheep including 11 single-deck and 43 double-deck cars, the cost of loading and bedding cars averaged $0.019 per 100 pounds live weight, according to figures furnished the federal trade commission by the United States department of agriculture. Other marketing expenses, including freight, varied from $0.239 to $1.97 per hundredweight. The shrinkage in weight varied from 3.53 to 8.57 per cent, the majority of the shipments averaged approximately eight per cent.

Similar records on 253 carloads of hogs showed the cost of loading and bedding to average 1.5 cents per 100 pounds live weight; feed at market approximately 8 to 9 cents; commission charges 4 to 10 cents; miscellaneous expense, 2 to 10 cents, averaging approximately 5 cents; and the total cost of marketing, including freight from varying districts, approximately from 33 to 50 cents. The shrinkage in weight on 873 carloads of hogs varied from 9.88 to minus 4.59 per cent.

AVOID USING "MIXED" BULLS

Esteem With Which Purebred Sires Are Regarded Is Indicated by Texas Cattleman.

"I have nothing but purebred Hereford bulls, have been breeding registered Hereford bulls for 35 years, and have never used any mixed breed or grade."

This statement addressed to the United States department of agriculture by a Texas stockman, who recently joined the "Better Sires—Better Stock" campaign, indicates the esteem with which purebred sires are

Registered Hereford Bull, Used in Grading Up a Herd.

regarded in Brown county, Tex., where he lives. In addition to his herd of 245 cattle, this stock owner listed 700 goats, 600 sheep, and 30 swine, kept for breeding purposes.

MOST VALUABLE SHEEP FEED

Rye Stands at Head of Cereals in Protein Content, but Lacking in Carbohydrates.

Whether fed as a grain ration, pastured, or cut and fed for hay, rye holds a high place for feeding pregnant ewes at weaning time. In its chemical analysis, rye stands at the head of the cereals in protein content, but is somewhat lower in carbohydrates than wheat or corn.

This suggests two things in regard to its feeding value: First, to feed in combination with other things lacking in protein but rich in fat-forming elements, like corn and wheat. Second, as a feed for young animals in which a high development of bone and muscle is required. For either purpose it is highly satisfactory. When sheep are wintered largely on fodder, timothy hay, or other roughage, the rye partly makes up for the lack of protein.

CHEAP PRODUCTION OF PORK

One of the Best Ways Is Use of Stubble Fields After Grain Has Been Cut in Autumn.

One of the cheapest ways of producing pork is the use of the stubble fields after the grain has been cut in the fall. In spite of all that can be done there is more or less grain scattered on the ground during the process of cutting and stacking. Hogs will pick this up and produce excellent gains without any additional grain.

DIVIDED PASTURES FOR HOGS

Animals Thrive Much Better on Young Tender Shoots Than on Old Hardened Stalks.

It has been found repeatedly that hogs will do better on the young tender shoots than on the old hardened stalks. For that reason it is advisable to divide the pastures so that the hogs can be shifted from one to the other at intervals of a week or ten days.

WRIGLEY'S

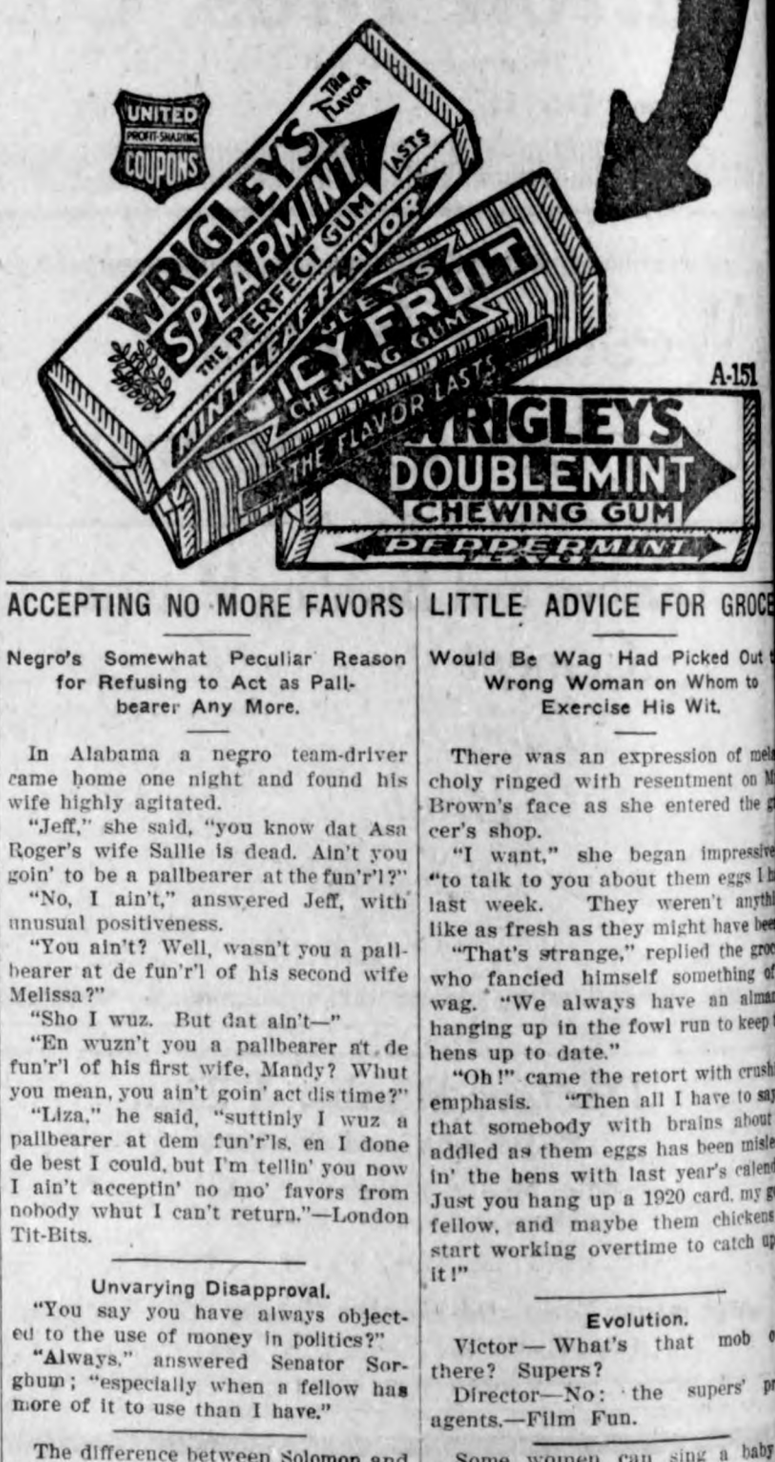
5¢ a package before the war

5¢ a package during the war

and

5¢ a package NOW

The Flavor Lasts
So Does the Price!



ACCEPTING NO MORE FAVORS

Negro's Somewhat Peculiar Reason for Refusing to Act as Pallbearer Any More.

In Alabama a negro team-driver came home one night and found his wife highly agitated.

"Jeff," she said, "you know dat Asa Roger's wife Sallie is dead. Ain't you goin' to be a pallbearer at the fun'r'l?"

"No, I ain't," answered Jeff, with unusual positiveness.

"You ain't? Well, wasn't you a pallbearer at de fun'r'l of his second wife Melissa?"

"Sho I wuz. But dat ain't—"

"En wuzn't you a pallbearer at de fun'r'l of his first wife, Mandy? Whut you mean, you ain't goin' act dis time?"

"Liza," he said, "suttinly I wuz a pallbearer at dem fun'r'ls, en I done de best I could, but I'm tellin' you now I ain't acceptin' no mo' favors from nobody whut I can't return."—London Tit-Bits.

Unvarying Disapproval.

"You say you have always objected to the use of money in politics?"

"Always," answered Senator Sorghum; "especially when a fellow has more of it to use than I have."

The difference between Solomon and the modern poet is that he was able to support a large family.

LITTLE ADVICE FOR GROCE

Would Be Wag Had Picked Out t Wrong Woman on Whom to Exercise His Wit.

There was an expression of melancholy ringed with resentment on M Brown's face as she entered the grocer's shop.

"I want," she began impressive "to talk to you about them eggs I h last week. They weren't anythi like as fresh as they might have bee

"That's strange," replied the groc who fancied himself something of wag. "We always have an almana hanging up in the fowl run to keep t hens up to date."

"Oh!" came the retort with crushi emphasis. "Then all I have to say that somebody with brains about addled as them eggs has been misle in' the hens with last year's calend Just you hang up a 1920 card, my go fellow, and maybe them chickens start working overtime to catch up it!"

Evolution.

Victor—What's that mob o there? Supers?

Director—No: the supers' pre agents.—Film Fun.

Some women can sing a baby sleep in two minutes and talk a hu band awake all night.

The Increasing Demand for POSTUM CEREAL

shows the favor this table drink is constantly gaining because of its rich taste and economy.

Boil Postum Cereal fully twenty minutes and you have a flavor similar to the highest grade coffee, but there's no coffee hurt in Postum.

It is pure and wholesome!

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

ANADA'S HARVEST IS OVER

reshing Shows Increase Over Expected Yields.

he Winnipeg Free Press of a few s ago contained a cartoon of which following is a copy:

This probably as much as anything se will give some idea of the state mind of the Western Canada farm- as he watches the tally from the rashing machine while his wheat is ing carried to the elevator.

From all sections of the country, most optimistic reports are re- ed, the local and city papers are lled with reports from twenty to thir- bushels of wheat to the acre, while some places oats are showing a rec- rd of as high as 120 bushels to the re.

Referring to Saskatchewan, it is con- dently expected that the wheat yield ill be nearly 125 million bushels. eavy rains which fell in districts that id not promise so well in July, had reatly improved the prospects there, nd there is no question that paying ields will be produced. The yields n the eastern part of the province ay not show to the advantage that ill those of the western part, but oo much cannot be said of this, for it s the results as they come from the achine, and often these prove happily eceptive.

There is now every reason to believe hat the wheat crop of the three prai- ie provinces will approach 250 mil- ion bushels.

Alberta will exceed the 70 million ushels that had been looked for. The verage yield will be considerably igher than it has been in the province n any of the last four years. The Department of Agriculture in a ecent report gave the opinion that it annot fall below twenty-two bushels to the acre, and that it might easily pass the twenty-five bushel mark. Most of the wheat in the province when the report was written, stood well up to three feet high, and on some fields was still higher. The re- port goes on that in parts of South- ern Alberta forty and fifty bushels to the acre yields will not be uncommon, while there will be a good many yields of from thirty to thirty-five bushels to the acre.

In the northwest part of the prov- ince, in the country surrounding Bat- tleford and adjacent to the Canadian National Railway line to Lloydminster, and south the crops are excellent and the yield will be heavy.

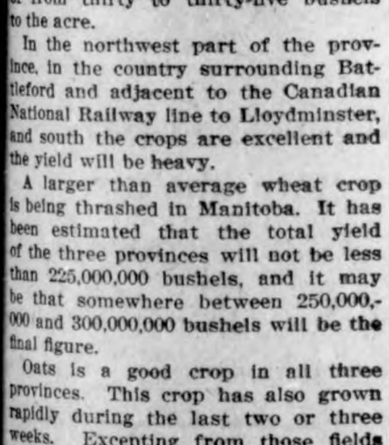
A larger than average wheat crop is being thrashed in Manitoba. It has been estimated that the total yield of the three provinces will not be less than 225,000,000 bushels, and it may be that somewhere between 250,000,- 000 and 300,000,000 bushels will be the final figure.

Oats is a good crop in all three provinces. This crop has also grown rapidly during the last two or three weeks. Excepting from those fields which were sown late for green feed, the yield will be heavy and the grain excellent. Barley and rye are above the average. There was sufficient help to harvest the crop.—Advertisement.

There is always a chance that an op- portunity may be connected with a galvanic battery.

"FREEZONE"

Lift Off Corns! No Pain!



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

It's a poor Bostonian that doesn't know beans.

HOME TOWN HELPS

LIFE IN SMALL TOWN BEST

Has Many Advantages Compared to the Hurry and Bustle Inflicted on City Dweller.

I do not think that where a man lives has anything to do with his pro- gression, as progression is hereditary and it is not caused by environment, writes a correspondent of the Pitts- burgh Dispatch. The idea that a boy must go to the city to acquire fame is becoming a thing of the past, for people of this world are beginning to realize that progression may mean many things—among them progression in tilling the soil as well as progres- sion in politics.

The most progressive men in the world are the men who go to make up the little towns, for they are gen- erally the steady, reliable, sensible fel- lows, who do not pine for the excite- ment and the glare of a life in a big city. Small town men are the rock upon which this great country is most securely built. They are the whole- some, true-blue scouts, who are big enough to live the simple, little town life, and their quiet nerves hold our country balanced. The city man is a bunch of nerves compared with the man from the village. His days are spent in dodging automobiles in the streets, hurrying from place to place, trying to beat the other fellow at mak- ing money, and after a day of being "on the jump" he goes to the theater and does not get home until morning. Then he sleeps five hours and is ready to go through the same performance again. Little Town Man goes to bed at 10 after an evening at the movie and at 6 is ready to get up and begin his day. The "country Jake" is no longer a person to be laughed at, but a person to be envied, and many of our greatest so-called progressives are going back to the "simple-life."

REASONS FOR OWNING HOME

Advantages Are Many, Quite Apart From the Economic One Declares an Eastern Writer.

There are many upsetting circum- stances in the world, against which house ownership is a sort of insurance. If I had not owned my home last fall, and had by any chance been thrown out by the old landlord, it would have been a very serious job to find what I wanted in the present market. I have known men and women to put in weeks in the search. Houses are often sold over one's head. Estates have to be settled. All kinds of things happen. Perhaps your small boy disturbs the landlord, who in turn makes it dis- agreeable for you. Such possibilities are put to rest by actual ownership. If one has a serious illness in the family, what an assurance it is to know that you cannot be disturbed; that this is your castle.

For such reasons as these, quite apart from the economic ones, I believe every man of settled habits should own his own house, and that this is as a good a time as any to proceed to that happy realization.—Robert Lin- coln O'Brien in Boston Herald.

Many City Managers.

United States now has about 180 city managers. The number is grow- ing steadily, and city managership has now established itself as a profession.

One of these managers has ad- vanced step by step from the job of directing a small city in Michigan to taking charge of city matters in Dubuque, Ia., at a salary of $8,000 a year. This is the only instance of three promotions thus far recorded, but three city managers have been ad- vanced at least once.

The highest salary the profession as yet commands is $12,000, paid by Nor- folk, Va. Dayton and Akron, O., Grand Rapids, Mich., and Wheeling, W. Va., are among the larger cities now operating under city manager charters.

Earthworms in Lawns.

Earthworms in lawns and gardens can be poisoned with bichloride of mercury poison. Make a stock solu- tion by dissolving one ounce in two gallons of water. To use, dilute two quarts of the stock solution in 50 gal- lons of water and in the evening sprinkle this over about a thousand square feet of lawn. The ground should be moist when this is done. The worms will come out during the night and will never go back. Bichloride of mercury (corrosive sublimate) is a deadly poison and therefore must be used carefully.

Have Reserve of Grass Seed.

It is a good plan always to have a reserve supply of grass seed on hand to sow when needed, for bare spots may appear throughout the year. If the soil is light and subject to injury from drought, white clover should be sown. It mats together in a short time, providing a closer woven blanket to prevent the evaporation of water from the soil and is considered a bet- ter resister of drought than many of the grasses. It is easily started.

City Manager for Colorado Springs.

Colorado Springs at a special elec- tion adopted the city manager form of government, to become effective next April, it is announced.

PAT

By AGNES G. BROGAN.

(©, 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

There were just two subjects of dis- cord between DeLancy Vane and his sister Sue. In all else they were in perfect unity. Sue despised dogs—with an experience born of long suf- fering from DeLancy's many boyhood pets, and DeLancy himself disliked girls as much as his sister loved them.

Long ago he had adopted, in de- fense, a manner of dignified aloofness, which, with his precise courtesy, was supposed to impress the frivolous minded with awe. And the adopted manner in time became habit. Sue, herself, in all her happy plump com- placence, was unable to break down the wall of frigidity between when her brother chose to erect it. Yet the clever man had many admirers, and Professor Vane's presence as lecturer or guest was eagerly sought. He felt the loneliness of his bachelorhood for the first time when Miss Sue insisted upon leaving him to the care of the housekeeper while she enjoyed a long desired visit in the nearby city.

DeLancy was so lonely that his mind reverted to past canine pets and their comforting companionship, and when Saunders at the club mentioned some Irish setter pups which he had located and intended buying, DeLancy daring- ly made an offer for one of the dogs, hoping to have it installed and trained to the avoidance of certain cushions and chairs before Sue returned. Her kind heart, he knew, would not de- mand the animal's dismissal. Saun- ders promised his friend that the dog would be forwarded. So, upon a humid summer morning, the professor exchanged his strictly correct attire for old outing togs and proceeded to cut the grass. DeLancy was handed a telegram as he mowed the back lawn. Its wording was brief:

"Meet Pat at trolley station 11:15 a. m. this (Tuesday) morning. See you later. S."

It was now ten o'clock. The dog would soon arrive. DeLancy consid- ered the best means of conveying the animal from the distant suburban sta- tion to his home. The only practical solution seemed the light cart which Tom, the gardener, kept for home trucking. He had not long to wait for the incoming train and immediately sought the baggage room. No dog was there; that was evident. At the last moment Saunders must have met with some difficulty in sending on his charge. Perhaps he would wire again. The professor decided to go home and see. As he hurried along, hands thrust into the pockets of his soiled khaki trousers, a pretty woman standing be- fore him, obstructed his way.

"Wait a minute," she ordered. "Were you sent her to meet me? I am Miss Powers."

DeLancy confusedly declared that he had not been sent. Confusion was foreign to the professor. His assured manner appeared to have departed with the assurance of proper attire. The young woman ruminated, and the ruminating brought certain deep and charming glints to her already charm- ing eyes.

"Well," she remarked casually. "It really doesn't matter; you may drive me out to Park Heights. When we are near the residence section I will get down and walk the rest of the way."

She was searching, as she spoke, in a silk-lined purse and, holding out to DeLancy Vane a dollar bill, climbed to a place on the seat of the cart. As he hesitated the glinting blue eyes grew troubled.

"Oh! Perhaps," said Miss Powers, "you do not happen to be going my way. I just thought if you were—"

"You would not care to ride in a wagon," DeLancy suggested tentative- ly. Strangely enough he was hoping that she would.

"Bother about the wagon," laughed the girl. "I wanted to find something different in the country."

So the professor took his seat beside her.

"I came, you see," she explained, "for a visit. Miss Vane is the dearest soul, and invited me to come back with her. But at the last moment she was persuaded to remain over for an en- tertainment, and sent me on ahead. She wired her brother, the professor, to meet me, but—"

Miss Powers smiled. "From what I have heard, meeting young women is not his forte," she said.

DeLancy drew up the horse in the middle of the road and bent to stare into the girl's face.

"What," he asked, "is your full name, if I may know?"

The blue eyes regarded him wonder- ingly.

"Patricia Powers," the girl replied.

Professor Vane smiled. His friends would have been surprised at the boy- ishness of that smile.

"Sue's letters have been full of a cer- tain Patricia. I recollect," he mused. "'Pat,' I think she called her. It must have been her telegram that I received this morning, after all."

He actually chuckled.

"And I came down to meet 'Pat' with the trucking wagon!"

"But I don't understand," said the girl.

"Of course you don't," this new joy- ous DeLancy told her. "You will, though, before we reach home. I'm going to drive you way round the park."

Professor Vane no longer dislikes young women. In fact, where Miss Powers is concerned, he has gone quite to the other extreme.

HAD HIGH AMBITION FOR SON

Father Wouldn't Be Satisfied Until He Saw Him in a Really Proud Position.

An instructor in the military acad- emy at West Point was once assigned to conduct about the place the visiting parents of a certain cadet.

After a tour of the post, the proud and happy parents joined the crowd assembled to witness evening parade, a most imposing spectacle. The march past aroused the father of the cadet to a high pitch of enthusiasm.

"There!" he exclaimed to his spouse, "isn't that fine? But," he added, re- flectively, "I shall not be happy till my boy attains the proud position that leads 'em all." And he pointed in rapt admiration to the drum-major.

Very Likely.

"I heard of a new comet that lost its tail." "Probably it got into a fight with the dog star."

The Right One.

"What condiment would you sug- gest for a cold lunch?"

"Why not try chili sauce?"

THREE YEARS WITHOUT HOPE

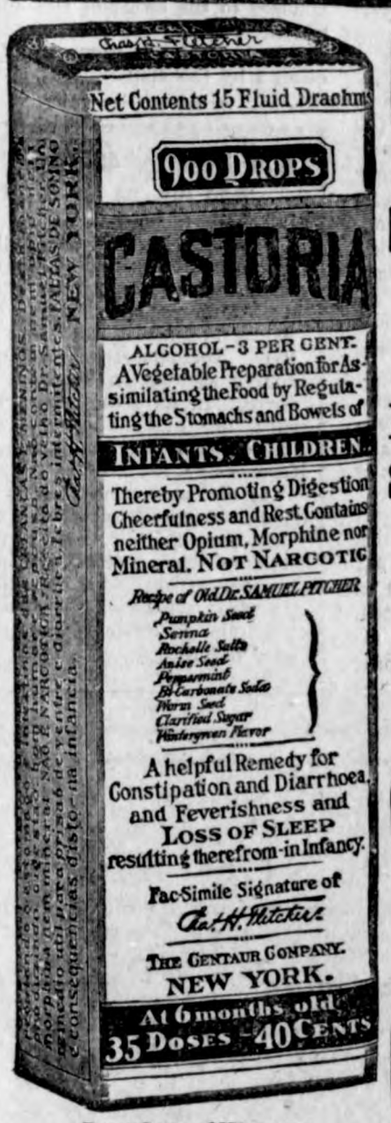
A Story of Sickness and Suffering with Final Return to Health. It will do you good to read it

No matter how long nor how much you have suffered, do not give up hope. Do not decide there is no help for you. There is. Make up your mind to get well. You can. There is a remedy in which you may place full reliance as did Mrs. Rozalia Kania of 39 Silver Street, New Britain, Conn. This is what she says: "I had cramps for three years and thought I would never be any better. I could not eat without distress. Slept with my mouth open and could hardly breathe. No medicine helped me. I had catarrh of the stomach. Now I have no cramps and am feeling well and healthy. I wish every suffering person would take PE-RU-NA."

Catarrh effects the mucous membranes in any organ or part. PE-RU-NA, by regulating the digestion and aiding elimination, sends a rich, pure supply of blood and nourishment to the sick and inflamed membranes and health returns.

For coughs, colds, catarrh and catarrhal conditions generally, PE-RU-NA is recommended. If you are sick, do not wait and suffer. The sooner you begin using Dr. Hartman's well-known PE-RU-NA, the sooner you may expect to be well and strong and in full possession of your health. A bottle of PE-RU-NA is the finest emergency, ready- to-take remedy to have in the house. It is fourteen ounces of pre- vention and protection.

Sold everywhere in tablet or liquid form.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

When the hostess is handsome the wine is good.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genu- ine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Tooth- ache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Mon- oaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

As Told in Greenfield.

Back in the dim distant years when the high cost of living was not an ever present problem and some things were cheap, James Whitcomb Riley walked into a barber shop at Greenfield for a 5-cent shave. The proprietor of the shop was an old negro.

"Well, Sam, how are you getting along?" Mr. Riley asked.

"Mr. Jim, I had a very good day," Sam replied. "If I could make 75 cents between now and quittin' time I'd have $1."

Such is the story as told in Green- field.—Indianapolis News.

"Cold in the Head"

is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Those subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the System, cleanse the Blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated at- tacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the Sys- tem, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

All Druggists. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio

The Verdict.

Spoiled Star—The critics say I am just killing in this part.

The Manager—Yes, they do say you murder it.

A flatterer, a hypocrite.—German proverb.

Just So.

"Can you give me an outside room?"

"I can give you a hammock in the alley or a cot in the yard," said the hotel proprietor.

"I see. All outside rooms."

USE "DIAMOND DYES"

Dye right! Don't risk your material in a poor dye. Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into old garments, draperies, cover- ings, everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes" — no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed. Druggist has "Diamond Dyes Color Card"—16 rich colors. Adv.

Culture is the butter of the well bred.

Duty is usually too plain to be at- tractive.

FARMS FOR SALE
Look Here, Land Buyers!

240 acre fine laying prairie farm, 3 miles from county seat, Edina, on main travel auto road. Not an acre of waste land. All tillable, good, deep, dark sandy loam. Has a good two-story, nine-room house. Good 40x60 barn with sheds all around. Good granary, two good corn cribs, hog house and hen house, garage, deep well, windmill and cement supply tank. This farm is fenced with steel and hedge posts and high woven wire. Known as the best farm in Knox county. Price $175 per acre.

182 acre farm, 4 miles from Edina. Fine laying grain farm with extra good deep soil. Good six-room, two-story house. Good big barn, and all necessary outbuildings. Deep well, windmill and supply tank. Well fenced with woven wire. Fruit of all kinds. A snap at $135 per acre.

Forty good farms for sale. Priced $100-175 a. Write at once for printed lists. If we have misrepresented these or any farm on our list, we will pay your railroad fare both ways. We sell nothing but the best in Knox Coun- ty. CRABBE & CO., EDINA, MISSOURI.

FOR SALE—2 FARMS OPPOSITE EACH OTHER. Two miles from city of St. James. 233 acres improved at $225. 190 acres, finest improvements, at $325 per acre. Electric line to farms. Easy terms. DR. ROWE, ST. JAMES, MINNESOTA.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 85c. Free book. Dr. C. N. Berry Co. 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Are You Moving to California?

Automobiles—Household Goods

We offer substantial reductions in rates and the benefits of through car service and quick time in transit. For particulars, write

WHITE LINE TRANSFER & STORAGE CO.
5th Street, Market to Vine, Des Moines

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff-Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
50c. and $1.00 at druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Cal- louses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Drug- gists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

Your Ford Car Cannot Be Stolen

with an E-T Auto Lock on it. Car cannot be moved forward or backward; engine cannot be cranked. Lock made of pressed steel. Only $3.25 each. COUNTY AGENTS WANTED. Write today.

DEMOIN SALES COMPANY
604 Central Life Bldg Des Moines, Iowa

Solid.

Hewitt—Can you get your wife to try the budget system?

Jewett—No; she won't budge.

The promiscuous spitter is a men- ace.

Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

How About Your Catarrh? Do You Want Real Relief?

Then Throw Away Your Sprays and Other Makeshift Treat- ment.

Why? Simply because you have overlooked the cause of catarrh, and all of your treatment has been misdirected. Remove the cause of the clogged-up accumulations that choke up your air passages, and they will naturally disappear for good. But no matter how many local applications you use to tem- porarily clear them away, they will promptly re-appear until their cause is removed.

S. S. S. is an antidote to the mil- lions of tiny Catarrh germs with which your blood is infested. A thorough course of this remedy will cleanse and purify your blood, and remove the disease germs which cause Catarrh.

For free medical advice write to Chief Medical Adviser, 101 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Have You NEURITIS ARTHRITIS RHEUMATISM AUTOINTOXICATION HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE ?

Successfully treated at

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)

Write for Information. Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co.

Post Office Box 4 Jordan, Minn.

Ben A. Reemstma
Farm and General
AUCTIONEER

Sales conducted to insure the owners highest approval. See me for dates and terms.
Phone 508
KLEMME, IOWA
Government License No. 17526

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
Klemme - Iowa

M. O. Hocum
The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

The City Dray Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

School Supplies

We are headquarters for School Supplies of all kinds

Pencils
Tablets
Note Books
Rulers
Pens
Erasers
Crayons

E. S. D. Kahrs
Drugs Klemme, Iowa

'HORSE MACKEREL' NETS $200

Turns Out to Be Tuna Fish and Reimburses Its Captors With Handsome Profit.

Freeport, L. I.—That "things are not always what they seem" was proven here when a fish story spread through the village to the effect that a 700-pound horse mackerel had been caught.

Tuna fish is counted a delicacy. Horse mackerel is something else again. But if a dyed-in-the-wool fisherman calls a tuna fish a horse mackerel, how is the inexperienced to know the difference?

A 700-pound tuna-fish-horse-mackerel was so shy of horse sense as to become entangled in a pond net. A windlass and pulley contraption was attached to the prize of the sea and it was landed and is now on its way to the Fulton market. It will bring its captors $200.

The Inner Meaning.

Remember that as you live your life each day with an uplifted purpose and unselfish desire, each and every event will bear for you a deep significance—an inner meaning—and as you learn their import, so do you fit yourself for higher work.—William Q. Judge.

A new principle is now used in connection with spinal adjustments for the cure of chronic ailments. Many conditions that were formerly very difficult and unsatisfactory to handle are now, with this combned method, cared for to the complete satisfaction of the patient. The difficult conditions for which the new principle is especially recommended are high blood pressure, kidney trouble (Bright's disease), diabetes, bowel trouble, constipation, auto-intoxication, indigestion, billiousness, severe nervous symptoms, rheumatism, neuritis, and some other troubles not necessary to mention here.—adv. tf.

A guaranteed cure for hemorrhoids (piles) in all forms, one that does not lay the patient up or cause loss of time. Other rectal troubles treated. Special calls to Klemme will be attended to. Dr. R. W. Schultz, Masonic Bldg., Garner, Iowa. adv. tf.

FINDS HULL OF MAYFLOWER?

Englishman Says Ship's Timbers Are Built Into Barn of Inn In Buckinghamshire.

London, England—Discovery of the hull of the Mayflower, the ship in which the pilgrim fathers sailed to America, is claimed by Dr. Rendel Harris, chairman of the English Speaking union, according to the Daily Mail. Dr. Harris will reveal details of the secret at a conference to be held at Plymouth.

Meantime, however, the newspaper learns that old timbers, including oaken beams supporting the roof, found in a barn adjoining an inn called Old Jordan's hostel, at Chalfont, St. Giles, Buckinghamshire, are considered by Dr. Harris to have originally formed part of the hull and deck of the Mayflower. Some of the beams, which are worn and wormeaten, bear marks indicating they might formerly have held ship's rivets and tackle.

There is a local theory, says the paper, that a Quaker formerly lived in the neighborhood who was a professional shipbreaker, selling ship timbers to farmers of the surrounding country. It has been suggested that he broke up the Mayflower and sold the timbers to the owner of Old Jordan's hostel.

No proof of this vague tradition is offered by the Mail.

Wife Deserted 40 Years Ago Applies for Divorce

Sunbury, Pa. — Claiming that her husband deserted her a year after their marriage forty years ago, Mrs. William S. Fenstermacher, sixty, brought suit in the Northumberland county courts seeking an absolute divorce. In all those years, she says, her husband never made any effort to make up their differences.

At the same time Charles H. Smith, sixty-eight years old, and Mrs. Sara S. Herb, sixty-six, of Ashland, were granted a license to wed. His bride-to-be has been married twice, while Smith, a building contractor, was wed once before.

STATEMENT
OF THE CONDITION OF THE
STATE SAVINGS BANK

Organized under the laws of Iowa, located at Klemme, in the County of Hancock, at the close of business on the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1920

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$610,086 96	$610,086 96
United States Bonds	42,016 98	
United States certificates of indebt'ness		
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	830 00	42,846 96
Overdrafts		
Banking house	200 00	200 00
Due from banks and bankers	56,701 89	56,701 89
Gold coin and certificates	25 00	
Silver coin and bullion	1,405 75	
Legal tender and National bank note and subsidiary coins	20,079 00	
Exchanges for clearing house and checks on banks in same place	929 60	22.439 35
Foreign checks and items in transit		
All other cash items		
TOTAL RESOURCES		$732.275 18

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	15,000 00	
Surplus fund	25,000 00	40,000 00
Undivided profits, expenses deducted	3,161 83	3,161 83
Deposits due to banks and bankers on demand		
Individual deposits subject to check	144,337 63	
Time certificates of deposits	480.275 72	624,613 35
Bank overdrafts		
Bills payable other than with Federal Reserve Bank	50,000 00	
Rediscounts	14,500 00	64,500 00
TOTAL LIABILITIES		$732.275 18

STATE OF IOWA } ss.
HANCOCK COUNTY }

We, P. M. Griesemer, President, and F. J. Wenck, Cashier Vice-President, of the Bank above named, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is full, true and correct, to the best of our knowledge and belief, that the assets therein set forth are bona-fide the property of said Bank in its corporate capacity, and that no part of the same has been loaned or advanced to said Bank for the purpose of being exhibited as a portion of its assets.

P. M. GRIESEMER, President.
Vice President
F. J. WENCK, Cashier

SEAL

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence by P. M. Griesemer, and F. J. Wenck this 13th day of September 1920.

CATHERINE A. WENCK
Notary Public in and for Hancock County

Attested by
Joe E. Johnson
H. J. Stille
Directors

Some business men have "just discovered" ready made clothes

THERE are some men who formerly went to high-priced tailors; they wanted to economize and they came to us. Many of these men thought they couldn't be fitted in ready made clothes; or else they couldn't get quality--

They khow different now

They get the same fine all-wool fabrics in Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes that they used to get at those tailors; the same fine tailoring; better style in most cases--at one-third, or one-half less than they used to pay

IF THEY AREN'T SATISFIED THEY GET THEIR MONEY BACK

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes
16 STORES ***GARNER, IOWA***

Annoncing our Fall Machinery--

You will find our fall line of machinery is very complete and you will find at our store the machine you want and at a very reasonable price, in fact, we have some real bargains. We wish call your attention to a part of our big stock:-

Corn Binders
Now is the time to buy—we have the Deering, McCormick and John Deere.

Potato Diggers
Save time Mr. Farmer with this digger, the cost is but a trifle, get one now.

Corn Pickers
The biggest labor saver and money maker on the farm, we sell the Deering and McCormick Pickers.

McCormick Husker
—is a corn husker and ensilage filler combined. We can get a couple for immediate delivery. Order now.

BARGAIN-- Have two used Ensilage Cutters, thoroughly overhauled and good as new. Can also get new cutters, order now!

SPECIAL-- We are over-stocked on plows and in order to move them fast we are offering them at ***Special Deal.*** All sizes aad makes including Oliver, Sioux Falls, P. & O., J. I. Case, John Deere, Janesville, etc.

Spreaders We sold a lot of Manure Spreaders the past couple of weeks, come in and get yours while we have them.

Tell Your Machine Wants to Us
W. M. BAACK
High Grade Farm Implements. Klemme, Ia.

The Klemme Times $2.00 Per Year

DOCTOR MISSMAN
PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**
OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109
X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the preaching service at 11 o'clock.

Union service in the country church Sunday night.

Midweek prayer meeting on each Thursday evening at 7:30.

All are invited to our services.

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fifth Year Number 3 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, September 23 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

BIG DROP IN FORD PRICES

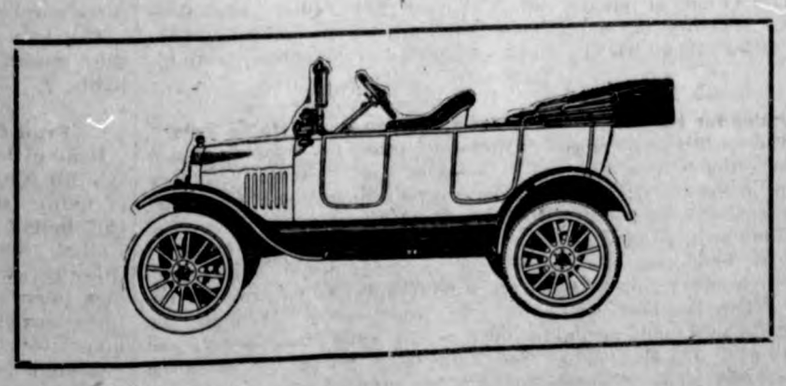
Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

PRICES ON FORDS DROPPED IN PRICE FROM 14 TO 31 PER CENT

New prices:-

Touring, Regular		$440.00
Touring, with Starter		$510.00
Roadster, Regular		$395.00
Roadster, with Starter		$465.00
Chassis		$360.00
Coupe, with Starter	and demountable rims	$745.00
Sedan, with Starter	and demountable rims	$795.00
Truck,	Equipped pneumatic tires and demountable rims	$545.00
Fordson Tractor		$790.00

The above prices are F. O. B. Factory and subject to Excise Tax



ED. G. ELL

Authorized Ford Dealer *Klemme, Iowa*

Wedding Bells Ring

PIGGMAN-HEGINGER MARRIAGE

Tusday morning at ten o'clock at the First Methodist Church Parsonage occurred the marriage of Wm. Piggman, of St. Louis, to Miss Martha Heginger of this place and at which only the immediate relatives were present to witness the ceremony which was officiated by Rev. A. H. Meyer.

Both of the young people are well known in Klemme. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Heginger residing near Klemme. The groom has worked in this vicinity for some time as a farmer and is also well and favorably known. Both are excellent young people. They will go to farming in the spring and have rented the Zinn farm southeast of Klemme, and now occupied by Chas. Smith.

The Times joins their many friends extending congratulations.

COLWELL WOMEN WILL GET FIRST VOTE ON INCORPORATION ISSUE

COLWELL—This town has filed notice of a special election for the purpose of incorporation to be held Oct. 11th. And this will give the women of this thirving and enterpriisng little town the chance to get ahead of the women of much larger cities in their newly acquired suffrage rights and incidently also be the first women in Floyd county to cast their vote under the new suffrage amendment. Colwell is fortunate in its location in a very excellent farming region and on the Charles City Western railroad line. It is planned to have electric light service from Charles City for which arrangements are now being carried on.

THAT BASEBALL GAME, THURSDAY

Last week Thursday a good game of ball was played at the local diamond between Klemme and a team supposed to be Clear Lake and who Klemme ahd previously given a good trimming. The visiting team besides hiring the fast Lehigh battery and first bagger from Mason City, also had an umpire whose vision was very keen for Clear Lake and very bad for Klemme. It was too much for Klemme, and they lost the game to Clear Lake 7 to 0. Nels Ure, the fast Lehigh Cement team's pitcher, hurled for the Lakers, with Fred Hanson, his battery mate from the same Lehigh team and Hysmith also of Mason City on the first bag. Klemme's battery was Gruetzmacher on the slab with Waterman behind the plate. Klemme was short of some of their best men that day and were weak on hitting. A rotten decision in the ninth on the par of Clear Lake's umpire cheated the Klemme boys out of a score and ended the game just as they started in on a hitting and base running exhibition that might have tied the score and possibly won the game.

The game which was to have been played between Klemme and Thornton Sunday was postponed on account of the rain.

GOODELL

Jay Griggs, accompanied by F. R. Chase, returned from North Dakota Saturday.

Mrs. Mary Griggs of Iowa Falls, is visiting relatives near Goodell.

Mrs. F. R. Chase and son Clifford autoed to McGregor Saturday.

Miss Jennie Minterz was a Goodell visitor Tuesday.

E. A. Strasburg and family of Meservey, were callers at the Jay Griggs home Wednesday.

Harold Griggs had his tonsils removed at the Hampton hospital last week.

PLEASE PAY UP

About two weeks ago we sent out notices to all subscribers who are in arrears. There are quite a number who have failed to respond to our appeal for cash. We want all who owe the Times for the paper to please mail check or call at the office and pay up. The Editor is like all other human beings—they need money once in a while to pay the other fellow. Pay up your subscription now while you think of it and it will make us smile, you bet!

Fault-Finder's Folly.

He who seeks only for faults sees nothing else, and will be so fully conscious of the faults of others that he will be at fault himself.

ADRIANOPLE IS BEAUTIFUL CITY

Airman Describes Romantic Charm of Mosques and Gardened Homes.

DECADENCE OF CITY GOES ON

Strangers Treated Kindly in an Atmosphere of Friendship—City Endures Its Shabby Gentility With Pride and Calm.

Adrianople, Thrace.—The decadence of two centuries, present political and economic disintegration, wars without end, and an uncertain future, have been unable to destroy the ineffable charm the Turks originally gave to this city of eighty-odd thousand souls. Adrianople is still a holy city in faith and in appearance. Romance still abides here.

"The Orient is the only place left to Europe where cities seen at close range are beautiful," remarked Jules Sebotin, a French aviator, while visiting the most beautiful of all mosques, Sinan's masterpiece here, the mosque of a thousand windows but one, erected at the order of Sultan Selim II., in the sixteenth century.

The first impression of the city has been one of infinite beauty. Arriving from across the lofty Balkans in an airplane, the city had been seen with a rush, a place of spires, and slate domes and red roofs, planted at the intersection of three rivers. It had been a welcome sight. It had come at the end of a four-hours' ride, and it was the journey's end to a tired aviator.

Charming Aloft or Afoot.

Seen from aloft, the city, surrounded by poplars at its outer rim, its house gardens within the city showing green vines and flowers, its outlying fields bare, aroused memories of Mardin on mountains, Diarbekr by the Tigris and hosts of other Turkish cities, always sleeping in beauty whether visited by sunshine or moonlight.

The longer the stay in Adrianople the more the charm of its beauty grows, a charm that is as great afoot as aloft.

Adrianople is a city that has the tone of country friendship about it, not unlike a county seat of the South. The center of the agricultural exchange business of Eastern and Western Thrace, it is frequented by peasants and traders of Turkish, Greek, Bulgarian, Jewish and Armenian nationalities. There is record of but one American ever having done business in the city, and he came here from Paris and bought up all the brooms.

While no day knows what the next day may bring forth in the way of political strife and crime, today the city preserves this tone of friendship and order. Strangers as they go along the streets or visit the shops are treated with kindly concern. The Turkish officers salute courteously and there is no glint of hostility in the eyes of the Turkish soldiers carrying their new rifles, recently distributed to them by Col. Djefer Tayar Bey.

The decadence of Adrianople goes at a dignified pace. There is little or none of the seething squalor and dirt and noise and poverty of Constantinople. There is none of the clamor of Constantinople's street cars and automobiles.

Pride in Shabby Gentility.

There are a few ragged beggar children who besiege the stranger, but for the most part Adrianople endures its shabby gentility with pride and calm. Here there are none of the fallen houses and dusty streets which characterize the majority of the cities of Asia Minor.

Prayers are called from the minarets as of old; also the old and new bazaars do a slender business in selling American and European calicoes and homespun cloths and Turkish silver mounted pipes and cigarette holders, rugs, junk, to passing peasant customers; or else when these are lacking they swap with each other, after the happy manner of all the Orient.

Decadence seems to have heightened the beauty of the majestic old mosque of Sultan Bayzid. The windows are broken in, the locks are rusted in the doors, the grass is growing up between the flagstones, the fountain in the court no longer splashes its water in the sunshine, and the interior of the mosque itself is slowly deteriorating.

Few worshipers come here, but on the drowsy Friday afternoons, the Mussulman's day of worship, come a devoted band of musicians and singers. The avitor stumbled upon this group and one of the red-fezed band saluted with the simplicity of the Turk and said, "Allah esmarladik."—"May God abide with you."

Musical Draws Crowd

MUSICAL WAS GREAT SUCCESS

Church Was Crowded Sunday Evening For The Big Event

Something new and something different was the Musical given at the Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday evening and a which th program was carried out as per program published in last week's Times. The church was crowded to capacity.

The program was thoroughly enjoyed by all who attended and was extraordinary and undoubtedly the best musical program of its character ever given in Klemme. Those who took part must be given credit for the tim and effort they spent in making he Musical a success, but more than the rest Miss Doris Buriff should be given the most credit for it was through her untiring work and direction that such a program was possible. She spent several weeks in working out the program and training the singers in their parts.

The program was perfett in every detail and each singer did his or her best to make the program the best ever given in Klemme.

CORN COMING FINE

The corn in this vicinity looks fine and most of it is out of danger of frost, according to the farmers. A bumper corn crop can be looked for and the couple of weeks of good warm weather we have been having is helping out the corn in good shape.

DUCK SEASON OPENED LAST THURSDAY

Early last Thursday morning the season opened on shooting ducks and there were plenty hunters out bright and early to bag the feathered quackers, we also believe the greatest share of ducks which the Klemme hunters tell about were "mud-hens." Of course Art Kuck got a few ducks, too, we mean besides the "mud-hens."

REV. MEYER WILL REMAIN IN KLEMME

The many friends of Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Meyer will be pleased to hear that the outcome of the conference held at Gladbrook was that Rev. Meyer was assigned to the Klemme charge for another year. Rev. Meyer is a valuable church worker and was wnted in other places for he is progressive and always working for a bigger and better church. He has done a lot for the churches of this community and it was mainly through his effort that the fine new church in Liberty township was made a reality. We are indeed glad to state he will remain for another year in Klemme.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH

Preaching Service Sunday morning at 10:00 o'clock.

Sunday School at 11:00 o'clock.

Epworth League at 7:30 P. M.

Preaching Service at 8:00 o'clock.

Rev. W. P. Schlein, of Tolstoi, South Dakota, will occupy the pulpit at both morning and evening services. All are invited to come and hear him.

A. H. MEYER, Pastor

GRANGE AND UBEN FAMILIES TO WEBSTER CITY

The E. S. Uben and Paul Grange families have packed up their household goods and bade their friends farewell today as they are moving to Webster City where the men are in business, having bought a creamery a few weeks ago. The families have a host of friends here who regret their leaving but who wish them the best of good luck and happiness in their new homes.

Protection Against Catarrh.

Any constitutional exercise which improves the circulation and makes the body resistant helps to protect one from catarrh. This is particularly true of all breathing exercises because the effects are beneficial locally as well as constitutionally, says one of the best-known physical culture teachers in New York. So let us teach our children the value of correct and deep breathing, and in doing so we improve our own health and thereby impart cheerfulness and happiness to our home.

Depends on Circumstances.

"One should always serve from the left side. That's right, I believe." "All depends. In serving subpenas you sneak up from the rear."

BRAVE AMERICAN IN POLISH ARMY

Brigadier General Sweeny, Millionaire, Battles for Cause of Freedom.

TRAINED AT WEST POINT

Served in Mexico, South America and Gave Valiant Service in the World War—Unusual Type of Soldier of Fortune.

New York.—War dispatches making more than casual mention of Brig. Gen. Charles Sweeny have lent to the Polish struggle more than an impersonal interest to American army officers at Governor's Island, who are well acquainted with Sweeny, an American soldier of fortune with both principle and purse.

Men of no fortune at all who fight for excitement and pay are common enough. But Sweeny, U. S. A., is a multimillionaire's son, his father having amassed great wealth in the famous Coeur D'Alene mines of Washington and Idaho, and the soldier is more than a millionaire in his own right. He put in three years at West Point and then sought the life of an active soldier in Mexico, South and Central America and Europe.

Offers Self to Poland.

Sweeny, a former lieutenant colonel in the United States army, attached to the general staff, was in Paris during the spring of 1919, recovering from wounds suffered in the Argonne offensive with the A. E. F., when he learned that Poland was in need of officers for her new armies. He consulted with the then Premier Paderewski and offered to recruit volunteers when he returned to America. In three weeks he had selected 200 former American army officers, all of whom had seen service in France. Colonel Sweeny sailed for Poland in September of last year with the first of his officer contingent. He was not long in getting into the fight and in recognition of his splendid services Poland commissioned him a brigadier general.

This Irish-American-Polish general for whom a soft life held no appeal, began his career on the battlefield on leaving West Point after he tried mining for a while.

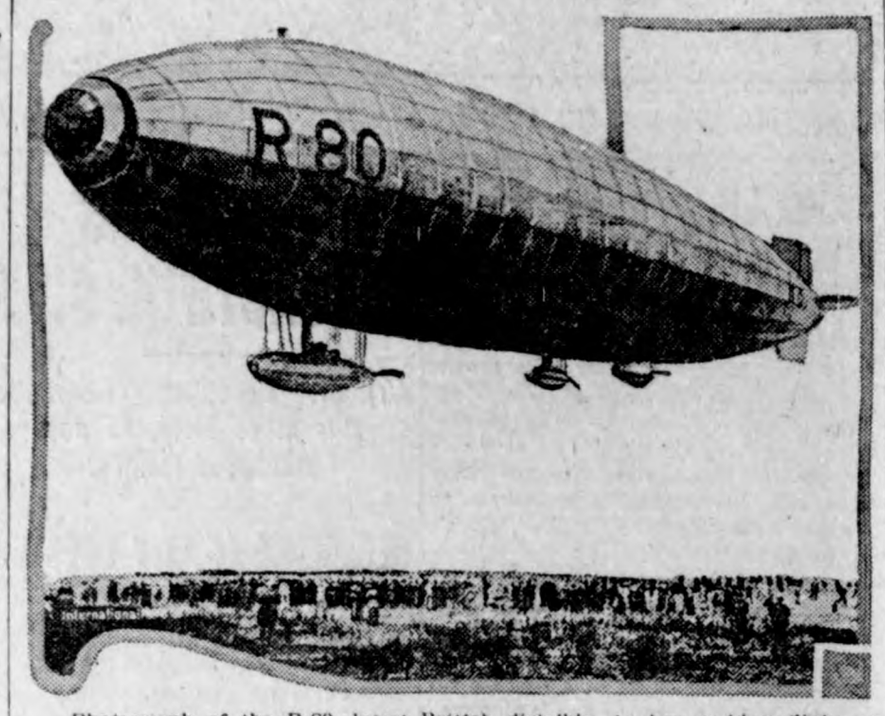
Soldier of Fortune.

He went to Mexico and got a wound in the Madero affair. Upon recovery, Sweeny packed up for South America, where he took a hand in several of the revolutions. He got into the world war as a private in the Foreign Legion. In the first Champagne battle in September, 1915, he was commissioned a lieutenant on the field for gallantry. He was severely wounded and gassed in this battle, and on a hospital cot in Paris he was awarded the cross of the Legion of Honor.

Two other important decorations were bestowed on him in rapid succession and he had a great reputation for bravery. Soon after being made a captain of the French forces, he was sent to the United States upon advice of Ambassador Sharp as an instructor in 1917.

Sweeny was commissioned a major in the United States army and helped to train the Eighth division at Camp Lee, Va. He went overseas with this division, got shot up in the Argonne and was promoted lieutenant colonel for gallantry before the enemy, and assigned to the staff of the A. E. F.

Latest of British Dirigibles



Photograph of the R-80, latest British dirigible, in her maiden flight at Harrow. She is of the same type as the R-34 which crossed the Atlantic, but larger.

Thrift Urged By Uncle Sam

Treasury Department Is Spending Million Dollars to Encourage Saving.

WANTS PEOPLE TO INVEST

Carrying on Campaign for the Sale of Thrift Stamps, War Saving Stamps and Saving Certificates — School Rooms Organized.

Washington.—Uncle Sam is spending $1,000,000 this year, through the savings division of the treasury department, in an effort to encourage thrift.

The expenditure of $1,000,000 compares with an expenditure last year of approximately $4,000,000, and the staff of employees which comprises a force in Washington and an organization in every federal reserve district compares with the great force inherited from the war.

Advocates Opening of Bank Accounts.

The savings division carries on the campaign for the sale of Thrift stamps, War Savings stamps and saving certificates, but these sales are merely a side line to the general effort, for just as much stress is being put upon the opening of savings accounts in the banks as upon the sale of stamps. Through the subsidiary organizations just as much effort is being made to have the housewife keep a budget as there is effort to propagandize the homes in the interest of government securities.

In the period from December 1, 1917, to January 1, 1919, the sale of government securities, exclusive of Liberty and Victory bonds, reached more than $1,000,000,000. In 1919 the sales dropped to $134,230,687.84. In the first six months of this year the sales dropped to $26,985,842. But the report of the six months of the year is no indication of what the final report will be, according to O. C. Lester of the savings division, who says the people do not save as much during the summer months as at other times.

School Rooms Are Organized.

When the government first initiated its drive for thrift and asked the assistance of the people, the savings division was organized and the request made for other organizations to co-operate with it. A drive was made to interest the school organizations, the organizations of women, the clubs and industrial concerns and others. But the effort was not entirely successful and the policy has been reversed. The government is now saying to all these organizations that it is ready to cooperate with them and success is being had.

Thousands of school rooms are now organized and in many cities and states courses in thrift are being made a regular part of the curriculum. Industrial concerns have also organized their clubs. Women are teaching the necessity of the budget in the home. Fraternal organizations have joined in and the entire groundwork for the savings campaign has been laid.

URGES FRENCH LEARN GERMAN

Former President Poincare Points to Value of Language to His People.

Paris, France.—"Learn German," is the advice former President Poincare has given the French through the Association of Language Professors. He said:

"To dominate German science, we must understand it. To maintain the independence or the superiority of our literature, we must not close our eyes to foreign literature, not even that of Germany."

M. Poincare added that German must be known by those who undertake the administration of the occupied regions, and also to restore French to its proper place in Alsace-Lorraine.

Army officers recently were urged to learn German. The government has reinstated that language in the officers' training schools.

NEW JUMP IN IMMIGRATION

Increase of 20,000 in Week Laid to Typhus and War in Europe.

Washington, D. C.—Immigration officials here profess to be mystified at the sudden increase in immigration which approximated 20,000 persons last week; and, it continued, would add 1,000,000 to the population of the country in a year. Louis F. Post, assistant secretary of the department of labor, said today no information has yet reached the department which will explain the situation.

"But I have a theory about it," said Mr. Post. "I am inclined to think that many of these people are coming here to get away from conditions at home and that the condition is only temporary. Only last week a ship was held up at quarantine with typhus aboard, and the war is not yet over in Europe. Either one of these conditions would naturally make a lot of people anxious to get away."

Eggs Proved Too Frail As Carriers of Whisky

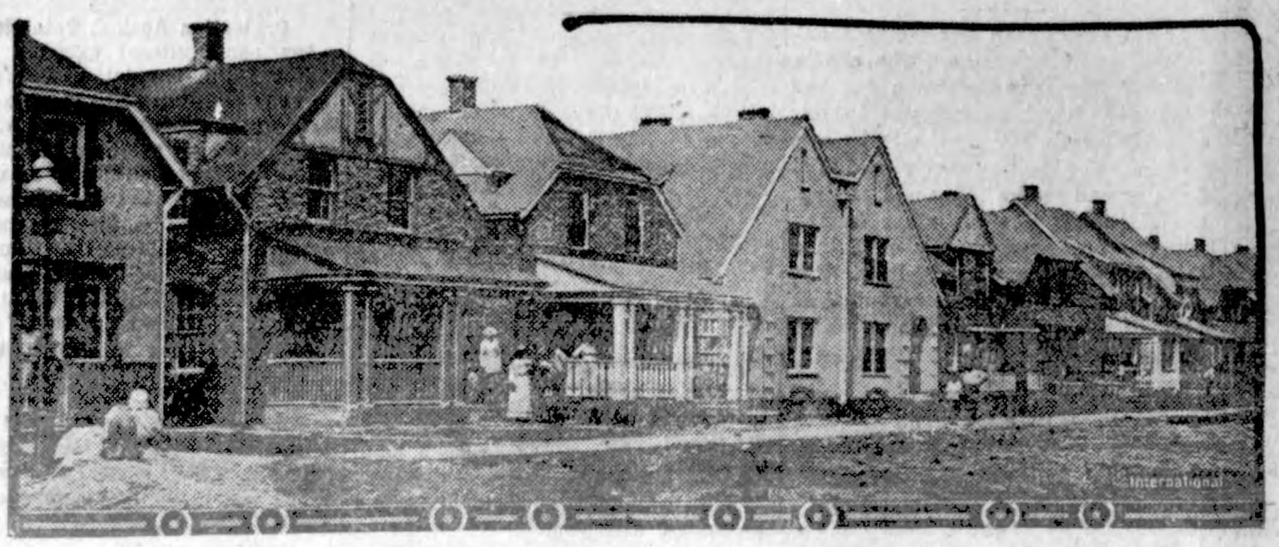
Eggs may be all right to ship whisky in, but the baggage smashers must handle such cases with care. At a station in West Virginia some of the eggs broke and a prohibition inspector found three cases of "doctored" eggs.

Each egg had been carefully "blown" from the shell. After whisky had been poured in, the aperture had been sealed with cement.

"David and Goliath" Re-enacted.

Indianapolis, Ind.—Just as a mad bull was charging Robert Williams, intent on goring him to death, a small boy hurled a brick. It struck the bull squarely between the eyes and killed the animal. The boy, scared, ran away after the feat.

Building Homes for the Chicago Homeless



The Chicago Housing association has undertaken a great social experiment in the erection of many homes for families which had nowhere to live owing to the house shortage in that city. The homes are of brick, two stories, and the tenant pays rental of about $35 a month which is applied on the purchase price. The house is sold at exact cost.

MANY KILLED BY TERRIFIC BLAST

Death and Destruction Wrought in Heart of New York's Financial District.

POLICE SUSPECT BOMB PLOT

Hundreds Injured By Flying Debris—Morgan Building Badly Damaged—Street Thronged With Crowd When Disaster Came.

New York.—A mysterious explosion in Wall street, near Broad, believed by trained department of justice and police investigators to have been caused by an infernal machine, killed 35 or more people, injured probably 200, partly wrecked the J. P. Morgan & Co. banking house, the subtreasury and the assay office, and caused property damage estimated at $2,000,000.

Police investigators are of the opinion that the infernal machine was in a closed truck drawn by one horse, which was abandoned at the curb in front of the assay office, and that a timing apparatus set off a quantity of high explosives. The horse was blown to pieces, but no trace has been found of the body of the driver.

The noon hour had struck, and an endless stream of office workers had just started pouring into the streets from buildings in the neighborhood. Suddenly a cloud of yellowish, black smoke and a piercing jet of flame leaped from the street outside the Morgan office.

Then came a deafening blast. A moment later scores of men, women and children were lying prostrate on the ground, and the streets were covered with debris from thousands of broken windows and the torn facades of adjacent buildings.

Thousands of clerks and stenographers fled in terror from adjoining structures, and many of these office workers are among the injured. Scores fainted, fell and were trampled on in the rush. Meanwhile the noise of the explosion, which was heard throughout lower Manhattan and across the river in Brooklyn, brought thousands of the curious to the scene.

Pieces of bodies were found on window sills and in crevices of buildings hundreds of feet from the scene of the explosion. Many of the victims suffered the loss of limbs.

The explosion created more confusion in New York than even the great Black Tom explosion. Business of the financial district was paralyzed for the rest of the day. The sessions of the Stock Exchange and the curb market were suspended. Hundreds of brokerage offices closed.

Witnesses have been found who claim to have seen a truck marked "explosives" near the scene just before the explosion. There are also witnesses who claim to have seen a flash in an automobile standing at the curb near the Morgan bank, which flash was immediately followed by the explosion.

Some adhere to the theory that a truck loaded with explosives blew up as it was passing through Wall street, and was midway between the Morgan banking house and the assay office.

Warnings that radicals planned a renewal of bombing outrages were sent less than a month ago to all eastern clients of the William J. Burns detective agency, according to a statement by Mr. Burns, who said he was convinced that the explosion was a premeditated attack, and was not accidental.

It is also known that a letter giving warning of the explosion was dropped through the mail slot of a door in one of the offices of the French high commission at 65 Broadway the day before the disaster.

Reds Warn Centralia Legionaries.

Centralia, Wash.—Department of Justice operatives are investigating the receipt by a local newspaper of a threatening letter purporting to be from "Milwaukee radicals," in which warning is given that American Legionaries and business men of this city who escaped the Armistice day murders would be killed "about October 15th."

No Barnstorming for Harding.

New York.—There will be no "barnstorming" in connection with projected speaking trips of Senator Harding, Will Hays, national chairman, said here in commenting on a report from Marion that the republican presidential candidate would travel from coast to coast. "There has been absolutely no change in our plans as announced a month ago," Mr. Hays said. He expressed doubt that Senator Harding would go farther west than Omaha.

Communists In Power.

Turin, Italy.—Workers are tightening their grip on the economic situation here. The communists took control of the electric power plant when its directors attempted shutting off power from communized factories. Hundreds of workers, carrying red flags, followed the funeral of two red guards killed near the factory of Francisco Benegetti, who is on trial for murder. The communists at present work for food cards only, receiving no money. These cards provide meat, bread, potatoes and other vegetables.

RED LITERATURE IS SEIZED

Evidence in Hands of Federal Agents Shows New York Outrage Work of Radical Element.

New York.—Receipt by department of justice agents of five radical circulars, signed "American Anarchistic Fighters," which were found in a mail box at Cedar street and Broadway, furnished the first tangible clew, they said, to the identity of the persons who were responsible for the explosion in Wall street.

In making public the circulars, which were printed on cheap paper, seven by eleven inches, Chief William J. Flynn of the bureau of investigation of the department of justice called attention to the fact the bombs sent in the nation-wide plot on June 1, 1919, were wrapped in circulars announcing the coming of the revolution and signed "American Anarchist Fighters."

The text of the circulars read:

"Remember. We will not tolerate any longer. Free the political prisoners or it will be sure death for all of you."

The circulars were not enclosed in envelopes, nor did they bear addresses. Some contained misspelled words.

"In my opinion this was not an attack on J. P. Morgan & Co.," Chief Flynn declared. "I believe that those responsible, picked out the financial center to create a demonstration."

Examination of shrapnel found imbedded in the bodies of some of the dead and of fragments removed in surgical operations on the injured has added weight to the belief that the explosion came from an infernal machine and was not accidental.

The brokerage firm of Daniels & Co. sent to Mayor Hylan a check for $250, requesting him to use it as a nucleus for a fund to be raised for the relief of sufferers in the disaster. The letter points out most of those injured were clerks and stenographers in moderate circumstances.

Total losses in securities resulting from the explosion were approximately $212,000, most of which has been recovered, according to information collected by The National Security Co. It is estimated the ultimate loss would not exceed $21,000.

TO ARM ULSTERITES.

British Have Plan Worked Out to Subdue Sinn Feiners.

London.—The British cabinet has fixed upon a definite policy for Ireland that will be forced through. Parliament, in October, will rush the Irish home rule bill through third reading, and start its operation by creating a separate parliament for Ulster, which will begin functioning at once.

It will renew its offer for a separate parliament for the south of Ireland. This undoubtedly will be rejected.

With Ulster managing her own affairs, if the south rejects the home rule bill, the British will strengthen military rule in that section, using soldiers drawn from the north of Ireland to crush the Sinn Fein terrorists. Irish moderates, it is hoped, then will express willingness to accept home rule.

Man Who Sent Warning Insane.

Hamilton, Ont.—Edward P. Fischer, detained here in connection with investigation into the Wall street explosion, was apprehended on information given the police by his brother-in-law, Robert Pope of New York, it was stated. The police say Mr. Pope informed them that three weeks ago the prisoner predicted the New York catastrophe and sent warnings to Wall street friends. Pope says his relative has been in a peculiar mental condition for some time, and that he believes the information as to the approaching disaster was "received by telepathy."

A lunacy commission adjudged Fischer a "fit subject for the asylum."

Mine Operator and Deputies Killed.

Jasper, Ala.—L. M. Adler, general manager of the Corona Coal Co., was shot and killed and Deputy Sheriffs Edgel and Browne, traveling with him in an automobile, were wounded so seriously that both died later. The shooting is considered the outgrowth of the coal mine strike which has been in progress in Alabama ten days and after the killings Sheriff Clark Guthrie of Walker county called upon Governor Kilby for troops. Adler and his party were shot from ambush, authorities say.

Harding Comments on Maine Vote.

Marion, O.—Senator Harding issued the following statement in reference to the sweeping victory won by republicans in the Maine election:

"The result in Maine is reassurance that the American people mean to return to representative government under the constitution through the agency of the republican party, and that Maine takes the lead in declaring for America unmortgaged to the old world, but still ready to serve humanity as American conscience impels."

Kirk, Furloughed Prisoner, Caught.

Lincoln, Neb.—Word reached here last Saturday that Beryl Kirk, who was "furloughed" by Senator Bushee, who was acting governor in the absence of Governor McKelvie and Lieutenant-Governor Barrows, after he had served only eighteen months of a twenty-year sentence in connection with the murder of Police Detective Rooney at Omaha, was arrested in Des Moines after a freedom of about seven months. Following the release of Kirk by Bushee, Governor McKelvie ordered that he be re-arrested.

REPUBLICANS IN MAINE WINNERS

Roll Up Greatest Plurality in Recent Election Ever Recorded in State.

WOMEN TOOK LEADING PART

Contest Waged Along Lines Laid Down for National Campaign, Results Reflect Attitude of People, G. O. P. Leaders Say.

Portland, Me.—Republicans swept the state in the election September 1 and elected Frederick H. Parkhurst governor by the largest plurality ever given a governor in Maine. Parkhurst's plurality over Bertrand G. McIntire, democrat, was more than 60,000. The largest previous plurality was about 48,000, given the republican nominee in 1896.

Aided by the women's vote, which went largely to the republicans, the party rolled up a vote more than 30,000 larger than that of 1916, while the democratic total was increased by only about 2,300. Republicans elected congressmen from all four districts and obtained a large majority in the legislature, besides electing their candidate for state auditor.

The state senate is solidly republican, and the republicans elected every county attorney and county sheriff. Twelve democrats were elected to the state house of representatives.

The vote for Parkhurst shows an increase of more than 50,000 over the vote cast for Milliken, republican, four years ago, while McIntire's vote was less than 2,000 more than that of Curtis, democrat, in the last presidential year.

Considerable significance in the outcome in its bearing on the voting for president in November was asserted by republican leaders to be apparent from the fact that the campaign was fought out almost wholly on national lines, with the league of nations as the chief issue.

NEW WORLD COURT.

Constitution of International Tribunal Completed By Council.

London.—Elihu Root is en route back to the United States with copies of the new international court constitution, provided for in the covenant of the league of nations. The court and the league are independent.

The league council, in announcing completion of the project, expresses no opinion regarding its merits, but says it would regard irreconcilable difference of opinion on the merits of the scheme as an international misfortune of the gravest kind. The failure would be great, and probably irreparable.

The court constitution provides for eleven judges and forty-six deputies of different nationalities, each serving nine years and re-electable. The court would meet annually at The Hague on June 15.

The court would have jurisdiction over: Interpretation of treaties; international law; determination of what constituted a breach of international obligations; prescription of the nature and extent of reparations; interpretation of its own sentences.

Coast Air Mail Launched.

Chicago, Ill.—An extensive daily coast to coast air mail service was launched Sept. 14, when planes left five cities. One plane will leave each morning from New York with mail for San Francisco, one from San Francisco for New York, one from Cheyenne to San Francisco, one from Salt Lake City to San Francisco, one from Chicago to San Francisco every day except Sunday and one from Chicago to New York every day except Sunday.

Ousted Socialists Re-elected.

New York.—The five socialist assemblymen who were expelled from the state legislature last spring on charge of disloyalty, were re-elected in special elections held here.

At another special election in the Nineteenth district of Kings county, Nat Rubin, socialist ran third in a three cornered contest.

The vote in the five districts was the ousted assemblymen ran were light.

Fruit Crop Swamps Market.

Benton Harbor, Mich.—Berrien county's $10,000,000 fruit crop, the largest of many famous yields, is moving at full height into the markets of the United States. This community is literally swamped with peaches, apples, pears and grapes. Three railroad lines, two electric interurbans and two lake steamship lines are working day and night to transport the harvest, and so far all these agencies have been able to cope with the demands made upon them.

Fear Plague in the U. S.

San Francisco, Calif.—The United States is in grave danger of a bubonic plague outbreak because foreign countries are attempting to conceal the fact that they have plague-infested areas, Surgeon General H. S. Cumming of the United States public health service told the convention of the American Public Health association here. Dr. W. H. Kellogg, Berkeley, Cal., told the convention that bubonic plague is being fought in five seaports in five states in the United States, which he did not name.

The Man Nobody Knew

(Copyright by Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc.)

By HOLWORTHY HALL

CHAPTER X—Continued.
—11—

sorry. Business worries?"
by—in a way, yes."
doctor achieved a perfect cir-
and beamed at it.
mething else?"
good deal else," said Hilliard, ab-
ted. "But that's no reason for
bother you with it. I didn't know
so apparent."
ence.
's not my habit," said the doctor
ntly, "to offer any advice unless
sked for it. Gratuitous advice
did anybody any good. And no-
takes it unless it costs some-
—and not often then. And I'm
er your regular physician nor
confessor. But if I had made a
osis at this present minute I'd
hat you need a preacher a great
more than you do a doctor."
. . . I do," said Hilliard, look-
p sharply. "Only . . . it's out
e question. Just personal things,
r—nothing I can very well talk
."
our trouble," said Doctor Durant,
physical as much as it is spir-
It's nothing but taut nerves. It's
ng but your struggle against the
aints you put upon yourself. How
know? You've told me so . . .
time I've seen you. It's in your
my boy. It's in your eyes. Con-
dy. And it looks as though the
erence is about over . . . be-
if that isn't Carol coming up the
my ears aren't half as good as
used to be."
th men were on their feet as she
in, swirling.
h!" she cried to Hilliard. "I
know you were coming up to-
! Suppose I'd missed you!"
merely smiled, and made no an-
nor did he speak to her until
the doctor, protesting a sudden
e for solitude, had waved them
itably out of the study into the
room. Carol was in the old fa-
r corner of the sofa; Hilliard was
ding by the fireplace, peering
into the empty grate. He coughed
hily, and an expression of utter
lessness crept into his eyes. He
d abruptly.
Well," he said, "just how much
d you have cared if you had?"

* * * * * *

ere was a stately old lamp stand-
at height behind the sofa; its
ows were gracious and its light,
crept through a shade of painted
m, touched Carol softly, in a
acy of radiance which was infin-
caressing. Her hands were lying
in her lap; she bent her head, and
ed them studiously.
Why, I should have cared a great
," she said. "I'm always disap-
ted when I miss seeing a friend of
. What makes you so pessimistic,
of a sudden?"
illiard reddened, and his eyes grew
ter.
Friendship!" he said tardily.
at an accordionlike sort of thing
is!"
Why, Mr. Hilliard!" Her tone was
he same time interrogatory and re-
chful.
Oh, I'm not speaking of you," he
. "Only of the thing itself. . . .
big or little, close or distant . . .
it hasn't anything to say about it
. . You'll have to excuse me—I
thinking out loud . . ."
Please do!" she said. "You were
the way to be interesting. Think
loud some more."
illiard glanced sharply at her.
Don't laugh at me!" he said, almost
hly. "For heaven's sake, don't
know that the one time you
uldn't laugh at a man is when he
erves it?"
arol's attitude was vaguely less
estive of ease.
wasn't laughing at you," she said,
ly. But what you said was so
. so queer."
Oh, yes." Hilliard's accent was
flat. "I suppose it was. It must
e been. . . . I always seem to be
e or less up in the air when I come
ee you, don't I? The last time we
ed about friendship—"
But that was at least a month ago,"
said hastily, "and in the mean-
e you've been just as nice and
erful as anybody. I thought you
e all over your troubles."
Cheerfulness wasn't what you
ed for." Hilliard swallowed hard.
. . . I came up here, Miss Du-
, to have a really serious talk with
. . . really serious. It's been
ged too long already. It took me
solid days to get my courage up
. And . . . and now I'm here,
n't even know how to begin."
e scowled heavily into the vacant
place, and held out his palms with
echanic gesture as though to warm
m at an imaginary blaze. "You
w," he said absently, "your father
very extraordinary man—very."
he compliment to the doctor had
invariable effect upon her; she
ved under it.
've always known that . . . I'm
d you realize it, too."
e stood erect, and faced her. "I
. . . it came to me, when I was
ing to him, what a great privilege
ust be for you to have his advice—
his sympathy . . . when you need it. And there are so few—so incredibly few—people who make you feel like that. One in a thousand. Or, one in ten thousand. People who lift you clear of your trivial little self—and make you think in terms of principles, and not of your own selfish ideas—and still don't preach. . . . It must be a privilege."

"It isn't only for me," she said. "He has enough sympathy for anyone who asks for it. He isn't very worldly—you've noticed that? He can't believe that anybody, or anything, is really bad . . . and perhaps that's why people come to him so. Of course, it may be that just because he's my father, I—"

"No." Hilliard shook his head. "I've seen a good many fathers, and next to mine. . . . My own was a wonderful man, too, but I never appreciated him. And seeing the doctor has made me wish . . . oh, it's too childish to talk about!"

"If you were really as old as you try to be," she said gently, "you'd know that it isn't ever childish to be serious about such things as that. On the contrary! And yet there was a time when you wanted me to think you were well over thirty. Why, Mr. Hilliard, you're a boy!" Nevertheless, she regarded him . . . not as one would regard a mere youth, but with appreciably more uncertainty.

Hilliard had flushed warmly.

"That was when I wanted you to think a good many things that weren't true."

"About you?" Her inflection was an invitation to further confidences, and it drew Hilliard incontinently along the path he had planned—and feared—to take.

"Some of them," he admitted. "And some were about you. The fact is, I . . . I've come on a peculiar errand." He cleared his throat violently; his eyes suddenly adored her. "I've come to straighten all that out. Please don't imagine I've suddenly gone crazy or . . . or anything . . . and please don't take anything I say tonight to mean weakness . . . because, honestly, I've thought about this so much that it's rather disintegrated me . . . but I've got to tell you some things I don't want to." His shoulders squared in resolution; and at the look of pain in his eyes, of pain and despair, her whole womanliness went out to him—and had to be crushed, because she was, after all, a woman.

Her look to him was first of astonishment at his surrender, and, after that, of swift, ineffable pity for the unnamed forces which were influencing him. Womanliness hung in the balance; and then, in a flash of perfect comprehension of his plight, she knew that she could speak to him without reserve. He had passed beyond the bounds of conventionality; she put herself, mentally, at his side.

"If it hurts you to say it," she said, "I've known you've been . . . fond of me. How could I help it? And why shouldn't you have the right to think of it? Why shouldn't you have the right to be yourself? Why shouldn't you have the right to talk to me, and to expect me to hear you, and try to understand? You haven't thought that my father is the only one of us to do that, have you?" The reproof was exquisite.

"Ever since that day . . . the time you played to me," he said, "I've

"Think Out Loud Some More."

fought against it—fought like the very devil, and—"

"I've known that, too—and you've come to see me so seldom. I'd hoped at least that you'd give yourself the chance you said you wanted."

He stiffened heroically "You forget there was a condition . . . an imperative condition . . . and it's only fair to you to tell you that it's a condition I can't ever meet—ever. That's why I'm here. I had to tell you."

There was a profound stillness.

"Can't you explain?" she said at last. "I wish you would. You're making me feel very bad, Mr. Hilliard. You owe it to me—"

He had to exert his utmost will to make the beginning. "All I can explain is that I've made another mistake . . ." After the first great effort the words came tumbling, passionately, unchecked. "It would have been so infinitely better for both of us if I'd never met you at all. . . . My life has been a whole series of mistakes; this is the worst. . . . The worst. . . . Of course, it would be absurdly simple if I were going away from Syracuse, if I were going to leave you here, and go—but I'm not. I'm going to stay here. And I can't think it's decent not to tell you now that if you . . . knew all I know . . . what I've been, what I've done . . . you wouldn't marry me if I were the last man left to ask you! . . ." He gestured impatiently. "We're childishly hopeful sometimes . . . all of us . . . hoping for what we know is impossible . . . what we know always will be impossible. . . . I've been like that—and what I hoped was that you could take me on the basis of what I've been for the last few months . . . since July . . . because that's the way I take myself. Just a man—a man—like Jack Armstrong. I hoped we could simply eliminate the past, and . . . I can't get away from it. It's on my heels every minute. It's what I am, now . . . but if I went much further back than that, you and the doctor would both think just what I do about myself . . . and I'd have to say good-by to you anyway . . . just as I'm doing tonight. I hope you can see that I'm not telling all this to you from any other motive except to be quite honest with you. Quite honest—for once. I care too much about you to let you live another day without knowing that I can't go on—it's over. . . . I'm not fit to be even your friend. That's all."

She sat motionless. Hilliard had turned back to the fireplace.

"Were you as bad . . . as that?" she whispered.

"Once," he said bitterly, over his shoulder, "I used to be a gentleman. But that was a long time ago."

She raised her head. "Nothing could ever make me believe," she said, "that you haven't always been just as I've known you—since July. Nothing can, and nothing will. What you may think about yourself makes no difference to me. I—"

"Don't!" he said, and his tone was agonized. "Don't you see—"

"I don't believe you," she said steadily.

Hilliard's voice was unstable with his great bitterness of failure. "You flatter me," he said harshly. "And besides—you're wrong."

She was up, and beside him, smiling bravely into his eyes, and he was flogging his will to keep his hungry arms from snatching her, from sweeping her close to him, and . . .

"What do you think women are?" she demanded, with sweet imperiousness. "Nothing but marble statues—or putty ones? Just made to stand around and let the world go past, without having anything to say about it?"

He retreated to the wall in self-defense. "Don't! Don't! I'm the one who's driven myself into this corner—not you!"

"But you don't have to stay in it always, do you?"

He stared at her in mystification.

"Don't be silly," she said, "and don't be unreasonable; I'm not!" She touched his sleeve; his expression was unchanged. "Don't make me think you are unreasonable!" she said compassionately. "If you're not satisfied, why can't you make yourself what you want to be? Instead of brooding over the past, that you can't help, why don't you think about things you can help? Living is about all there is to live for, isn't it?"

He drew in his breath perilously. "But I'm letting you go," he said, dazed.

She stamped her foot in tremulous severity. "No, you're not; I won't allow it! Can't you see why? Do I have to tell you that? Well . . . because I want you for a friend even if you don't want me."

"Want you!" he cried, and remembered himself, and froze to immobility. "Oh—as a friend!"

"Surely, as a friend—what else did you think I meant?"

The young man shook his head.

"I don't know. Only I came up here to tell you I haven't any right to your friendship. I can't tell you why . . . I haven't as much callousness as all that . . . but if I did tell you, your last atom of faith in me would be gone. And you can't afford to have me even for a friend—now that I've said that, can you?"

"Yes," she said steadfastly, "I can afford it."

"When . . . when I've told you . . ." His lips were parted in amazedness, his eyes roved dully. "I can't under— . . . I'm telling you I'm not worth the powder to blow me to hades." He laughed oddly. "That's proved already, over and over again. . . . Don't you understand? . . . Carol . . ." His voice broke. "Why, Carol . . . I'm not fit to talk to you. That's proved, too. . . . I'm proving it now! I'm saying it—don't you hear me? I'm saying it now. And you—" He put his hand to his forehead, and brushed back his hair, which was strangely wet. "I can't make it any plainer," he said, with helpless finality.

"No matter what's happened," she said earnestly, "I can't believe it isn't coming out all right. So if you'll just keep on living, and working, and trying . . . and . . ." Here her eyes were so appealing that his own dimmed to behold them. "And you haven't been so very dreadful after all, have you?"

Hilliard retreated once again, not trusting those hungry, lawless arms of his.

"I'm just wondering," he said, with a terrible smile, which was entirely devoid of mirth, "if a man happens to

"Don't! Don't!"

be in a . . . a sort of transition period, you know—half-way between . . . I wonder what's coming to him. I wonder what is coming to him. . . . I wonder if the whirlwind doesn't get him both ways."

* * * * * * —•— •—

After the street door had closed behind him, Carol went slowly along the corridor to the doctor's study and knocked, out of sheer habit. His pleasant baritone came to her reassuringly.

"Yes?"

"Are you busy, dear?" Few men, on hearing her voice, with that suggestive catch in it, would have confessed to a previous engagement.

"Not when you're around," said the doctor, appearing on the threshold. His tone altered suddenly. "What's wrong?" he said.

"Daddy," said Carol, "he's gone. . . . You saw him, too . . . what is it? What is it?" She was trembling violently; the big doctor gathered her up in his arms without ceremony and carried her over to his favorite leather chair.

"Fires burning," said Doctor Durant, quietly. "Burning and burning and burning . . . like the ones you've seen down in the blast furnaces . . . white hot, and crucible steel comes out of them . . . strong enough to make permanent things out of . . ." He smoothed her hair, and she sighed quiveringly, and lay still. "And the steel lasts ten thousand times as long as the fires that made it. I don't know what's blowing the flames, dear, but he'll do—he'll do."

CHAPTER XI.

Half-way down James street, Hilliard, driving his runabout in utter disregard of the traffic rules, was reliving, moment by moment, and word by word, the conversations of the earlier evening. He had gone to Carol with the sturdy intention of betraying himself manfully and in detail; but in the doctor's study he had perceived another, and what seemed to him a more unselfish method of achieving the same end. He had fancied that if he could preserve intact the memory of Dicky Morgan, if he could prevent the world—and especially that part of it personal to the Cullens and Durants—from knowing what a despicable thing it was that Dick Morgan had done, he could save a modicum of pain for those who would otherwise be most affected. This conception had interfered to make his talk with Carol somewhat aimless . . . he had been under the dual necessity of damning Hilliard, without implicating Morgan. And how bunglingly he had accomplished it! How inefficiently—how unsuccessfully!

On impulse, he checked the speed of the car, and swerved to the left; he was actuated by a sudden desire to run over to the University club and see Armstrong. He had no definite plan as to what he should say or do; he merely craved to meet his rival face to face, and have it out with him. Man to man—and this time there should be no bungling.

Mr. Armstrong, it seemed, was in the library . . . and would come down directly. Indeed, he followed almost on the heels of the messenger.

"Why, hello, Hilliard," he said, rather stiltedly. "Did you want to see me? That's too bad—I've got to leave here in just a couple of seconds to catch my train. I'm going West tonight."

"I'll take you over," said Hilliard, shortly. "That'll save you a minute or two—and give us time to chat. My car's outside."

"Why—under the circumstances . . ." Armstrong's glance was diverted. "I don't think I can let you do that—take me over, I mean. I'm going West on a business trip and I don't think it would be very appropriate for you to—"

"Oh—you are!" Hilliard felt streaks of ice coursing along his spine. "How far West?"

Armstrong consulted his watch nervously.

"Hilliard," he said, "I like to do things out in the open. There are just two reasons why I don't think you really want to invite me to ride down to the station with you. If I'm wrong, it's up to you to say so. One of 'em is that Rufus Waring has asked me to stop off at Butte—I'm going a good deal further than that—and look up some matters for him. I guess you know as well as I do what they are. . . ."

Hilliard fumbled his hat. "I see. And—the other reason?"

Armstrong suddenly straightened; and his voice had a curious ring to it—a ring which electrified Hilliard and awoke the most petrifying alarms within him.

"But does one ordinarily mention—certain kinds of people—in a men's club? I don't know how it is where you come from—but here, we don't."

Hilliard smiled vapidly; it was the utmost perversity of emotion, for he knew now why Carol had been so explicit in her sympathy . . . why she had been so meticulous to let him realize that she wanted him as a friend; only as a friend . . . and here was Armstrong, concealing with difficulty the triumph he was hinting at. . . .

"No," he said harshly. "One doesn't, but there isn't anything to keep us from mentioning anybody we like outside the club, is there?"

"Why—not that I—"

"Then I'll take you down anyway," said Hilliard. "And let's see if we can't try to understand each other."

It took a brave man to accept the offer, for Hilliard's eyes held little to recommend their owner as a prudent driver, or as a very pleasant companion. Armstrong, however, was already putting on his hat.

* * * * * * *

They had driven over to the station in silence. Hilliard, parking the runabout carefully, turned to his passenger.

"We've got ten good minutes," he said. "Your train isn't even in yet—go ahead and talk."

Armstrong, after a momentary delay, put out a conciliating hand. "Old man," he said, "let's play the rest of this out like two sensible people. We won't get anywhere by bickering, and I suppose it won't do any harm for us to put all the cards on the table, and know exactly where we stand. Of course, you haven't known me very long, and I haven't known you . . . but suppose, just to help along the understanding, we take each other at face value."

Hilliard winced.

"Well—suppose we do. Then what?"

"Then you can't hold it up against me for stopping off at Butte on my way out. I haven't any motive in it—I promised to do it as a favor to Rufe Waring. It isn't a personal issue at all. I know exactly how it must appear to you, but . . . I'm not that sort of man, Hilliard. I wouldn't have dreamed of it myself. That's straight!"

The masquerader regarded him earnestly—and yielded to his evident sincerity.

"Way down deep," he said, at length, "I know you're not, but . . . what's that for?" He referred to Armstrong's outstretched hand. "Oh! . . . all right." They shook hands solemnly. "At the same time it would have been so perfectly natural for you to feel like getting whatever leverage you could—"

"There's no need of that—now," said Armstrong. His smile was proud and brilliant, and Hilliard withered under it.

"Well, I wasn't sure."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Evidence Stork Had Traveled.

Julia had been over to see the neighbor's new baby and upon her return was asked how she liked it, to which she replied: "Well, mother, it is all right, only the stork must have been a long time on the way with it, for it certainly is awfully tanned."

Kept Busy on Social Calls.

The wife of a member of congress can discharge her social duty in the cabinet in nine calls, but a cabinet woman must pay more than 500 if she makes only one call during the season on each senatorial and congressional household.

I SUFFERED THREE YEARS

Finally was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lowell, Mass.—"I was all run down and had an awful pain in my right side, was persistently constipated and had very dizzy spells. I suffered for three years and was perfectly miserable until a friend was telling me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I found it a wonderful medicine. I can now do twice as much work and I recommend the Vegetable Compound to other women. You can use these facts as a testimonial."—Mrs. M. THEALL BESSEY, 186 Appleton Street, Lowell, Mass.

Why women will continue to suffer so long is more than we can understand, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound!

For forty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

BETTER DEAD

Life is a burden when the body is racked with pain. Everything worries and the victim becomes despondent and downhearted. To bring back the sunshine take

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The national remedy of Holland for over 200 years; it is an enemy of all pains resulting from kidney, liver and uric acid troubles. All druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

ALWAYS REMEMBER

When considering your health, purity and freshness should be your supreme aim. We do not know of any medicinal preparation that can equal the power and effectiveness in regulating the bowels, stimulating the liver, flushing the kidneys, sweetening the stomach, or cleansing and enriching the blood, than

BULGARIAN BLOOD TEA

This pure all-herb preparation taken steaming hot at bedtime kills a cold overnight and guards against influenza, grippe, and pneumonia. It is the Favorite Family Medicine in millions of happy homes; physicians and druggists heartily recommend it. Sold by all druggists and grocers everywhere.

Clear Baby's Skin With Cuticura Soap and Talcum

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

For The Best Shine Ask For The Big Can

E-Z

Liquid Stove Polish

Dustless-Ebony Shine

E-Z Iron Enamel for the Pipe
E-Z Metal Polish for the Nickel
E-Z Shoe Polish saves Shoes
Money Back Guarantee
MARTIN & MARTIN, Chicago

Useful Purpose.

"Do you enjoy those peppery Mexican dishes?"

"I won't exactly say I enjoy them," replied Cactus Joe. "But I have an idea the pepper is valuable. It puts a pain in that disguises the taste."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Preserves Poland's Traditions.

The members of the Kachawbe race are said to preserve the language and customs of the Poles from time emmemorial. They refuse to be corrupted by modernism in any shape.

Use MURINE Night and Morning and Keep Your Eyes Clean - Clear and Healthy

Write For Free Eye Care Book Murine Co., Chicago, U.S.A.

A Splendid stock of Fall and Winter clothing is ready for you

The cloth is better than you have seen since pre-war times.

Our varity of colors and stripes is larger than formerly. Tailoring and finish is the kind we demand and the kind you will appreciate.

If you want a good suit at $45 its here.

If you want the best suit its here at $95 and all prices between.

We are great boys outfitters too.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

OUR CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ARE A Safe Investment

A Strong Bank

The strength of a bank lies not alone upon financial resources as read in figures indicating dollars and cents.

A bank must depend as well upon the integrity of its officers and upon their ability to meet the financial problems which are presented to them with each new day.

While this bank's resources are ample and steadily increasing, your confidence may be placed as well in the officers who are responsible for its management.

We are here to serve you efficiently and faithfully.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Local Mention

Emma Sampson was absent from Day's Store Monday but it was later learned tht she was assisting Mrs. Leonard Sampson to cook a big dinner for the silo filling crew.

We hd a letter from Walt Berggren, of Traer, Iowa, the other day and "Butch" says to tell all his old friends hello. He formerly was proprietor of the Crystal Cafe, but is now running a cafe at Traer.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bier and little girl of Swea City, and Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Bier, of Meservey, stopped off at Klemme Monday on their way to Swea City. Both of the families are well known in Klemme and have a lot of friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Musfelt, of Clarion, were visiting at the Fred Musfelt home a couple of days last week. They also spent a couple of days visiting at Garner. Oscar is the proprietor of a cigar store at Clarion and is enjoying a good business.

We learn from one of our exchanges that Mrs. A. B. Schaeffer, of Forest City, has again fractured her hip. It will be remembered that Mrs. Schaeffer fractured the other hip last winter at LuVerne, Iowa. She is quite an elderly lady and it will be hard for her to have to suffer again.

Miss Mabel Waterman left last Friday noon for Iowa City where she will begin her freshman year of work at the State University. Miss Waterman graduated with honors at the Garner High School last year and so we look for her to make excellent marks at the University.

Harold Gruetzmacher left last Friday evening for Ames, Iowa, to be in readiness to take up his work in the Electrical Engineering department of the Iowa State College. Harold also takes a great interest in athletics and we hope to see him pitching for the Colege next spring as his chances are very good to make the team and he whirls a fine game.

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

No. 6659 Report of the Condition of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Klemme, in the State of Iowa, at the close of business, Sept. 8, 1920.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts		$344,648 74
Overdrafts, unsecured		295 64
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		25,000 00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebt'ness owned and unpledged		53,900 00
War Savings Certificates & Thrift Stamps owned		874 00
Liberty bonds, unpledged		
Bonds, Securities, etc.		2,543 16
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank		1,050 00
Banking house	8,302.00	
furniture and fixture	2,700.00	11,002 00
Lawful money reserve with Federal Reserve bank		21,341 24
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		48,350 82
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		
Checks on banks outside of city or town and other cash items		1,399 86
Other checks on banks in same city or town as reporting bank		1,812 28
Redemption fund with U S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		1,250 00
Total		$513,467 74

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in		25,000 00
Surplus fund		10,000 00
Undivided profits	$6,557 54	
Less current expenses interest and taxes paid	4,006 23	2,551 31
Interest and discount collected but not earned		1,997 65
Circulating notes outst'ding		24,395 00
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding		425 00
Individual deposits subject to check		94,096 62
Certificates of deposit payable within 30 days		23 024 19
Certificates of deposit (other Than for money borrowed)		331,977.97
Total		$513,467 74

STATE OF IOWA, } ss
Hancock County, }

I, F. A. Arnold, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. A. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of Sept., 1920.

J. F. W. Vrba
[SEAL] Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

C. A. Arnold
Peter Josten } Directors
Fred Greimann

A word to the wise--

Nowhere in the world can you buy better equipment for your car than here--

Norwalk Tires and Tubes ***Gould Storage Batteries***
U. & J. Carburetors ***Weed Tire Chains*** ***Rodd Spark Plugs***
Trop-Artic Auto Oils, etc.

Our Prices are Right and we guaranree Satisfaction.

Henry Lau & Sons

Automobiles, Supplies, Implements ***Klemme, Iowa***

BASE BALL GAME!

Thornton, Iowa, Sunday, Sept. 26

Game called at 3:00 o'clock P. M.

KLEMME vs. THORNTON

Klemme Boosters! Jump in your gas wagon and follow the Klemme Ball Team to Thornton Sunday---Bring your lowdest yell box with you and holler for Klemme. This will be the fastest game of the season. Klemme recently beat the Thornton team 7 to 6 in a twelve inning game. This will be a hot one you bet!

Alright! Let's Go!

How will you pick your corn?

That is the big question the farmer is trying to solve now. Will you pay from ten to fifteen cents per bushel to have your corn picked? Or are you a progressive farmer who will do it the quicker and cheaper way with a

Corn Picker

Come in and let us show you a deering or a McCormick Corn Picker, the modern machine modern farmer.

Potato Diggers

We still have some potato diggers on hand. Come in and get yours while we have them.

Barrels of Oil

We buy our oil in big shipments and can save you money on Tractor oil, Machine and Motor Oil, White Rose Gasoline and Kerosine Buy it by the barrel and save time and money.

Tell Your Machine Wants to Us

W. M. BAACK

High Grade Farm Implements. Klemme, Ia.

...en A. Reemstma
Farm and General
AUCTIONEER

...les conducted to insure the ...ners highest approval. See ...e for dates and terms.
Phone 508
KLEMME, IOWA

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14.

...hare of your patronage is solicit... All work attended to promptly ...d carefully. We haul coal quick.
Lloyd Lau, Prop

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

...ll Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
...lemme - Iowa

M. O. Hocum
The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

...ill buy Grain and Hogs six days in ...e week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock
A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

The City Dray Line
—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.
Sam Harvey, Prop.
☞ Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith
...XY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Schoo Supplies
We are headquarters for School Supplies of all kinds
Pencils
Tablets
Note Books
Rulers
Pens
Erasers
Crayons
E. S. D. Kahrs
Drugs Klemme, Iowa

National Anthem Turned Policemen Into Statues

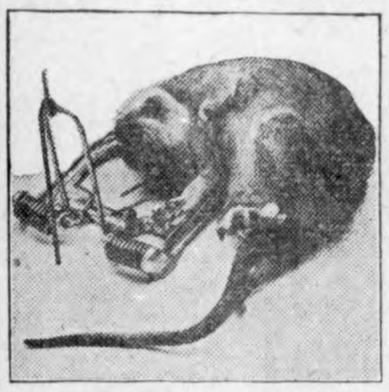
Boston, Mass.—By playing "The Star Spangled Banner" over and over an Italian band kept two policemen, who ordered them to stop, standing at salute in the Fells reservation, near here, until their arms dropped numb and helpless. A few Italian women and children, who were along for an outing cheered and applauded in great glee. Then the bandsmen fled.

Soon after the tumultuous strains had begun resounding through the woods Policemen Jordan Frost and Roberts appeared and informed them they must stop, as they were in the state reservation. The leader at once ordered "The Star Spangled Banner" played.

CINCINNATI WARS ON RATS

United States Department of Agriculture Assists in Extermination of Rodents.

Washington.—The health authorities of the city of Cincinnati secured the aid of the biological survey of the United States department of agriculture in planning the details of a city-wide drive to exterminate rats. The methods of poisoning and trapping the animals recommended by the department's men who have specialized in work of this kind will be followed very largely. The city has been divided into districts, in each of which a door-to-door canvass will be made to bring home to all occupants of houses, factories, stores, etc., the importance of co-operating in this important movement. A large amount of literature prepared by the department, dealing with rat extermination, will be distributed during the campaign. Special emphasis will be laid on the fact that rats are carriers of disease and are particularly apt to contaminate human food wherever it is accessible.



A Good Type of Rat Trap.

GLUT OF RICE IN HONGKONG

$10,000,000 Worth of Cereal Hoarded by Profiteers Finds No Market.

Hongkong. — Hongkong is overstocked with rice bought for export and held for a rise in prices even during the rice shortage, which has become serious in some cities of southern China and other parts of the Orient. The manager of a big commercial firm here estimates that more than $10,000,000 worth of Saigon "long" rice is stored in Hongkong.

Recently the price fell rapidly and dealers and exporters found themselves loaded up with rice, while the banks were pressing for payment of bills. Japan was not able to buy, owing to the tightness of her money market, and it was stated that America, ordinarily one of the largest buyers of rice in this market, had ceased to purchase because she has enough.

The Daily Press states that about 75 per cent of the rice exported from Hongkong goes to Cuba, but that Cuba's supply had been purchased direct from the producers instead of the Hongkong middlemen.

"Cut Pay, I'm Not Earning It," Says City Employee

Cleveland, Ohio.—"I am not earning the money I am getting and I want my salary reduced."

This is the request sent to City officials by Gottlieb Pfahl. He is sixty-seven.

He worked for the city for fifteen years. When he made the request he was foreman of a bridge repair gang.

Last March his right arm was affected by paralysis. He cannot use it now.

That's why he asked for a salary cut. His request was granted.

FILMS HELP TO FOREIGN TRADE

Motion Pictures a Silent Partner of Uncle Sam in His Export Trade.

CREATES DEMAND FOR GOODS

Latin People Disposed to Pattern After What They See on Screen That Pleases Them—Aids Live Stock Introduction.

Washington.—Uncle Sam has as a silent partner in his export trade the motion pictures.

How the "movies" are developing trade and spreading confidence in American goods and American methods, and creating an Americanized atmosphere which should prove the strongest possible asset toward permanency of trade in South America, is told by Dr. Julius Klein, commercial attache at the American embassy, Buenos Aires, who was formerly chief of the Latin American division, bureau of foreign and domestic commerce.

The Latin people, he points out, are disposed to pattern after what they see in the motion pictures that appeals to them. Thus the films have made them familiar with the appearance of American automobiles and of what they can do. The movies have created a demand for American-made office furniture by showing the fittings of a business magnate's office, which the South American merchants in their prosperity are eager to copy.

As regards ready-made clothing—the South Americans, particularly in Cuba, have gotten into the habit of ordering a suit of clothes like their favorite hero wore in a certain film. Thus the merchants have come to stock up with good lines of ready-made clothing, which are very popular. The movies have had a like effect on industrial development.

All this, Doctor Klein emphasizes, has happened naturally and has not been forced as trade propaganda.

Boom to U. S. Trade.

The more use that can be made of educational films introducing industries comparable with their own industries—such as agriculture, cattle-raising, mining—the more benefits to American commerce will result. Such films can and should carry a romantic scenario, such as appeals most strongly to the Latin temperament, with cutins on our methods in industries similar to theirs. As we show them a new and better method their confidence in us and the output of our industries grows cumulatively.

Germans and Italians particularly have been thus endeavoring to ingratiate themselves in South American countries, Doctor Klein says, and the influence of the Italians in the South American markets from an economic and commercial viewpoint must be reckoned with.

American manufacturers of farm machinery are now co-operating with the Philippine department of agriculture and natural resources, in an endeavor to arouse in the farmers of those islands a true appreciation of the possibilities by using such machinery. Motion pictures are being prepared to show the most approved methods of cultivation, preparation of seed, use of farm machinery, harvesting and storing crops, and methods of packing and handling where these processes are involved.

Aids Live Stock Introduction.

Introduction of American breeds of live stock and poultry into South America, particularly Argentina, is to be aided by the use of motion picture films, prepared for this purpose by the United States department of agriculture. These films also will show American methods of breeding live stock and handling it in its many phases from the farm to the home table. The Argentine government has shown special interest in the introduction of American methods of handling live stock, as it has indeed in the agricultural practices of the northern half of the continent generally.

As evidence of this, the Argentine embassy in Washington has already purchased ten films on these subjects for educational use in Argentina and has frequently had United States department bulletins translated into Spanish for home consumption.

The Buenos Aires & Pacific railway has also been a heavy purchaser of such films for use along its system. Its representative in this country was recently negotiating with the United States department of agriculture for films showing the swine industry in the United States, and in making arrangements for the introduction of American swine in Argentina.

It is planned to show important swine-breeding farms, the work in the big Chicago packing houses and the preparation of the product for the table. Pictures will be made of the various types of American hogs, and an effort will be made to give some idea of the vastness of the industry in this country.

Isolate Ripe Olive Bacillus.

San Francisco.—Isolation of the bacillus held responsible for the death of a number of persons who had eaten ripe olives and its identification as a product of the soil was announced at a meeting here both of olive growers, packers and distributors and a committee of medical experts.

PREFERS INDEPENDENCE TO HIGH POSITION

The Democratic party of the Philippines will join the Nacionalista party, which is now in power, in the demand for immediate independence of the Philippines, Senator Teodoro Sandiko, only member of the Democratic party in the Philippine senate, said in an address at a luncheon at Manila. This means that all political parties in the Philippines are united for independence.

Hon. Sergio Osmena, noted Filipino leader, who stated he would prefer to be humblest citizen under independence than leader under another country.

The luncheon was given for members of both houses of the Philippine legislature by former Senator Gabaldon, recently chosen resident commissioner at Washington.

Sergio Osmena, speaker of the Philippine house of representatives and head of the dominant Nacionalista party, who was recently termed "the greatest Filipino since Rizal," addressing Senor Gabaldon, said:

"We urge upon you in your capacity of resident commissioner to the United States to tell Congress and the people of that noble country that we who are gathered here today would prefer to be the lowest and humblest citizens of the Philippines with independence in our hands than the leaders that we now are in our country under the tutelage of another country."

URGE EXAMPLE OF SELF-DETERMINATION

That friends of Irish independence in the American Congress could make a more effective impression on Great Britain by granting Philippine independence than by merely expressing sympathy with Irish aspirations is the suggestion contained in a statement issued by the Philippine Press Bureau of Washington, D. C.

"Twice in a period of nine months," reads the statement, "the United States Senate went on record as being in sympathy 'with the aspirations of the Irish people for a government of their own choice.'

"Still another way for the friends of Irish independence in the American Congress to make an impressive argument would be to grant the independence that the 10,500,000 inhabitants of the Philippines have repeatedly demanded. America's own representatives in the islands have officially reported they are ready for independence and have recommended that such independence be granted.

"We submit that the granting of Philippine independence would be likely to be accepted by Great Britain as even stronger proof of America's belief in self-determination than the passage of the Irish resolutions, because Great Britain's councilors of state could not then successfully make the point that the American Congress is asking Great Britain to do something the United States itself has been asked to do and has not done.

"The Filipino people have confidence in the word of America and hope that now that the Senate has reiterated its sympathy with the principle of self-determination it will give Great Britain and the other powers of the world a concrete example of consistency and good faith by granting Philippine independence."

YOUNG FILIPINO WON FRENCH WAR CROSS.

Gregorio Cailles, a Filipino, recently returned to his Philippine home wearing a French uniform and a Croix de Guerre with palm. Cailles in December, 1916, arrived in France and enlisted as a private. He made an excellent record as a soldier. At one time when all the officers of his company had been killed, he took command and led the men in a charge. He was decorated for this act of bravery by the French Government.

Leaders Must Pay Price.

There's satisfaction in being able to do hard things. Weaklings have to be exceptionally insignificant if they can't do something. Then there is a large class that can do many things indifferently. Those who can carry big loads and carry them well are few. To be in this select class appeals to most folks, but only the few really deserve place in it. And they do not land there without effort. Such honors are matters of growth. Time and toil are the price paid for the advance. Beginning with what comes easy the worthy ones become experts and then add to their sphere of achieving such things as naturally fall in line with their endeavors. Then they grow without being really conscious of added strength. That comes as a glad surprise when some one calls attention to it

Asparagus Has a Pedigree.

Asparagus was cultivated in Rome 200 years B. C., and Pliny, in his "History Naturalis," mentions that near Ravenna there grew a kind of which three heads weighed a pound. Asparagus flourished also in Greece. It is a native of several places near the sea in Britain. At Kynance cove, in Cornwall, a rocky island is called "Asparagus island," because at one time the plant was cultivated there. In ancient days all sprouts of young vegetables were called asparagus; and in comparatively modern times the artichoke, cardoon, seakale and alisander were included. Nowadays only the one is so called. Most probably all are wild sea-coast plants, and cultivated asparagus of an unpalatable order may still be found on British shores.

Korean Women Nameless.

The Korean woman has not even a name. In childhood she receives a nickname, by which she is known in the family and by her friends, but, when she arrives at maturity, it is employed only by "the sister of" or "the daughter of" such a person.

After her marriage her name is buried; she is absolutely nameless. If it happens that a woman has to appear in a law court the judge gives her a special name for use while the case lasts, in order to save time and to simplify matters.

Whales Annoy Crew.

Newport, Ore.—Jonah now has the heartfelt sympathy of Capt. Rich Chatterton of the fishing schooner Fremont. The Fremont lay in a school of whales off Sileta river, and none of the crew could get a wink of sleep. Every time they closed their eyes a whale would slap the water with its tail and produce such a loud crash that they would jump to see if the boat had been damaged. The sound made by blowing easily drowned the whistling buoy's friendly call.

Clothes Made For You

You'll get just as good a fit now-a-days in our ready-made suits as you get in clothes made for you. These

Hart Schaffner & Marx

suits are "made for you"

You'll find that true in more senses than mere bodily fit; they're made for your economy as well as your looks

We have these cloihes priced as low os we can possibly get by on

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES *GARNER, IOWA*

The Klemme Times $2.00 Per Year

DOCTOR MISSMAN
PHYSICIAN SURGEON
OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109
X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

CO-OPERATION IS CURE FOR EVILS

Marketing Organization Successful Only When Formed on a Sound Basis of Service.

SUCCEED BY TEAMWORK ONLY

Characteristics and Makeup of Local Population Should Be Considered in Formation of Association—Other Essentials.

There is no magic about co-operative marketing, although in hundreds of cases it has produced remarkable results. Nor does it serve as a cure-all for our present distribution problems, though it has proved a successful remedy for many present evils. There are 14,000 or more farmers' co-operative buying and selling associations in this country bearing testimony to the practicability of the co-operative principle, which is, in substance, an economic adaptation of the old political slogan "In union there is strength."

It is the desire of the United States department of agriculture that persons interested in co-operative marketing thoroughly understand the basis of such organized effort and follow the right methods. The bureau of markets of the department of agriculture, having made an extensive study of this subject, is prepared to advise with any group of farmers who want to undertake buying—or selling—co-operatively. A number of requirements must be met before prospective co-operators can succeed.

In the first place the characteristics and make-up of the local population should be considered in the formation of a co-operative marketing association. A community which produces a considerable quantity of one product or a few products offers better opportunities for an undertaking of this

Members of a Co-operative Organization Bring Their Wool to Be Pooled.

sort than one which produces a little of several different products. One advantage of joint effort arises from the handling of relatively large quantities. Unfortunately some groups of farmers have tried to form marketing associations without having a sufficient volume of business and they have failed.

Loyalty to Co-operative Idea.

If the existing marketing agencies in the community—whether for grain, wool, fruit, garden produce, or whatever the line contemplated for co-operative selling—are efficient and reasonably adequate, and if the farmers in the community feel that they are being served satisfactorily by these private concerns it is doubtful if a co-operative organization will succeed. But if the existing private agencies are inadequate and if the farmers can be made to see the saving that will result to all concerned if they unite heartily in an association, then there is a good chance of winning. But the co-operative principle must be adhered to. Members of an organization supposed to be co-operative cannot be expected to have a vital interest in a project which is really operated for the profit of and controlled by a few individuals.

Many persons do not have a clearly defined idea of what a co-operative organization is. The term "co-operative" is often used rather loosely. Where a concern is operated for the profit of the persons investing capital in it and seeking dividends on its capital, the undertaking is nonco-operative. On the other hand, in a co-operative marketing or selling organization each member usually has one vote (in a nonco-operative concern the votes are in accord with the money invested) so that one or a few members will not control its operations. It is conducted to render service and effect savings for the members and not to earn profits for distribution as dividends on the money invested. To be sure, a fair rate of interest is granted to capital invested by the members and the balance of any surplus to be distributed is divided in accordance with patronage; that is, the amount of business transacted with the organization.

Essentials to Success.

Contracts between the members and the organization whereby they agree to market certain products through it are vitally important in many instances, especially in the case of associations handling perishable products. The Michigan Potato Growers' exchange, the California Fruit Growers' exchange and many other successful organizations follow this plan.

The pooling of products sold through the organization is also an important feature. By pooling is meant averaging the returns received for products sold during a certain period, or for certain shipments, so that each shipper having products of the same grade will receive the same price. Failure to adopt the pooling principle may result in injustice to some of the members, as experience has proved more than once. Conditions and practices in grain marketing make the outright purchase of members' products feasible, but this does not usually apply to organizations handling other commodities.

Form of Organization.

Farmers' co-operative marketing associations are formed with capital stock or formed on the nonstock plan. Both forms have favorable features which the bureau of markets will be glad to explain to any interested person. Another matter to which careful attention should be given is the proper financing of a co-operative project. The by-laws of the association should be painstakingly drawn and should be thoroughly discussed by the membership so that there will be no misunderstanding later. The question of incorporation will also have to be decided. While incorporation is not necessary, in most cases it is considered advisable. Unfortunately the state laws for bodies of the character here discussed are far from uniform, some of them making no provision for co-erative associations.

The above paragraphs serve only to suggest some of the principal problems that have to be considered in forming a co-operative enterprise. Persons wishing to investigate this matter further will find it profitable to communicate with the United States department of agriculture, which will supply them with literature containing a full discussion of these and related questions.

WELCOME SOURCE OF PIN MONEY IN SUMAC

Many Tons of It Allowed to Go to Waste Each Year.

Plant Can Be Gathered and Cured Any Time During Summer and Marketed Whenever Convenient—Bonus Given for Leaves.

The demand by manufacturers for American sumac this season totals 500 to 700 carloads, or from 5,000 to 7,000 tons, according to information received by the United States department of agriculture. The price ranges around $2 a hundred pounds for sumac delivered at the shipping point or at the extract factory.

Country people should find a ready market this year for all the sumac they can gather. Being a wild plant, sumac costs nothing to raise, and the many tons of it allowed to remain ungathered each year can be readily turned into profit. The sumac season lasts about three months. Unlike berry and other crops, sumac does not have to be harvested all at once. It can be gathered and cured from time to time throughout the summer and marketed when large enough quantities have been collected.

In addition to offering higher prices this year, several manufacturers are willing to pay bonuses for sufficient quantities of clean, bright, well-cured sumac leaves, containing not more than 10 per cent of stalk. By properly gathering and curing the sumac, the gatherer can make more money and will help to establish more firmly the domestic sumac industry, which through development and expansion should provide a welcome source of income and employment in normal times.

Gather only the black or dwarf sumac, which can be easily distinguished from the other varieties by the peculiar wing growth along the leaf stems and by the brittle, black-specked stalk. In some sections the white sumac is also gathered, but it generally brings a lower price, as all manufacturers prefer the black variety. Harvest during July, August and September. Break the sumac stalk off close up to the leaves just under the lowest leaf stem, or, better yet, gather only the leaves and leaf stems. Do not collect long bare stalks, as this produces low-grade, low-priced sumac. Cured sumac ready for market should contain very little stalk, never over 25 per cent. If a good bit of stalk has been gathered with the sumac it can be easily removed by flailing and forking out after the sumac has been cured and is ready for bagging. Do not gather red or yellow leaves, or berries and bloom. The bloom will ruin good sumac. As soon as the sumac has been gathered, place it in the shade or under cover. Exposure to the sun for an hour or two may do no harm, but the pulled sumac should never be left all day in the sun, as it will quickly scald and be ruined in color. Never let the gathered or cured sumac become wet from either dew or rain. At the end of the day's gathering, haul or carry the sumac to a barn or cover. Spread it on a clean floor or on sacks in layers not over 1½ feet deep and turn it once or twice a day until thoroughly dry and crisp.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Plow early for winter wheat.

* * *

Sweet clover makes the soil rich.

* * *

Take care of the mowing machine.

* * *

Alfalfa is an exceedingly profitable crop.

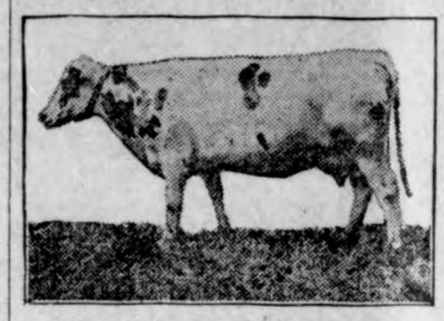
DAIRY POINTS

HOME SUPPLIES FROM FARM

Measured in Money Value Dairy Products Constitute Most Important Group of Foods.

Dairy products constitute the most important group of foods measured in money value, consumed by the average farm family. Milk cows are kept on practically all farms. The average farm family uses annually about 2,600 quarts of milk in the form of milk, butter, cheese or cream.

In dairy regions where milk is shipped or sold to creameries or cheese



It Pays to Treat the Cow and Her Offspring Well.

factories, practically all the butter and cheese used is bought instead of made on the farm, says the United States department of agriculture. Very few farmers buy whole milk. About four-fifths of the dairy products consumed by farmers are produced on the home farm.

In the South dairy products are used very freely. The common practice is to churn the whole milk for butter, producing a large quantity of buttermilk. The average annual consumption of butter per family is about 230 pounds in the South while for families in the North and West it is less than 150 pounds. It is not unusual for the average-sized family in the South to consume 2,000 quarts of buttermilk a year. Buttermilk is a cooling and healthful drink for that climate.

DRUGS INJURE DAIRY CATTLE

Iowa State College Experiments Show Decrease Rather Than Increase in Fat Production.

The use of drugs with the idea of increasing the fat production of test cows has been tried out by Iowa State College dairy section. In most cases it was found that drugs decreased rather than increased the fat production.

Such drugs as alcohol, castor oil, pituitrin, aloes, magnesium sulphate, nux vomica and sodium chloride were tried and in all cases they were detrimental to the cows. All cows used were in good normal condition at the start of the tests and various sizes of doses were used.

In some cases it was found that the flow of milk and butterfat was increased slightly but this soon fell off and in the end a decrease was noticed.

Up to date no drug has been found that will increase and it is strongly advised by the dairy men not to resort to this method as it injures the cows and is not a fair way to gain a record.

WHEN MILK TEST IS HIGHEST

Faculty of Milking Off Fat Is Used in Pushing Cows for Short-Time Records.

In pushing cows for short-time records, this faculty of milking off the fat is used; that is, the cow is allowed to freshen in very fat condition and will test very high when her record is being made two or four weeks after freshening. There have been cases where cows have tested from two to three per cent higher during this period than the normal test for her discloses and this test would be much higher than during the last part of her lactation.

MILK-CREAM WEIGHTS

Skim milk weighs 8.63 pounds a gallon.

The foregoing figures were based on milk with a fat content of 2½ per cent at 68 degrees temperature. Similar milk testing 3 per cent weighs 8.6 pounds.

Mixed milk and cream of 10 per cent butterfat content weighs 8.53 pounds.

The general rule is to estimate milk testing from 3 to 5 per cent as weighing 8.6 pounds a gallon.

RAISE PRODUCTION OF HERD

Permanent Advancement Can Only Be Made by Use of Purebred Bull of Good Ancestors.

The only way for everyone to have cows capable of producing a large flow of milk is by better breeding. By better breeding is meant the using of a purebred dairy bull which is a good individual from good producing ancestor. It is only through the use of a good bull that any permanent advancement can be made in the production of the future herd.

FARM POULTRY

SUCCESS IN RAISING SQUABS

Healthy, Vigorous, Properly Mated Birds Are Essential—Keep Rats and Mice Away.

Begin with healthy, vigorous, properly mated breeders. Good quality foundation stock is very essential to success.

Select and keep only prolific breeders which are also good feeders.

Feed a variety of good-quality hard grains, including peas or peanuts. Use small whole corn rather than cracked corn.

Provide for the pigeons a pen which is dry, well ventilated, and can be kept free from rats and mice. Two nests should be allowed for each pair of breeders.

Keep clean, fresh, protected drinking water before the pigeons and provide a separate unprotected pan of water for bathing.

Market the squabs just as soon as they are feathered under the wings and about the time they are able to get out of their nests, say poultry specialists in the United States department of agriculture.

GEESE UTILIZE WASTE GRAIN

Grazing Stock Take Up Most of Their Feed From Ordinary Grasses of the Pastures

Geese touch flanks with chickens in utilizing waste grain about the stables and feeding pens. In a larger measure than chickens or any other kind of poultry, they are grazing stock, taking their living in large part from the ordinary grasses of the pastures. When the facts are taken into consideration that the demand for geese is strong, steady, and extended over practically the whole year, not confined to certain holiday seasons, as the demand for turkeys largely is, and that their value as egg producers is considerable, the importance of a few geese on a general farm becomes apparent.

Geese, in common with ducks, are utilizers of forms of food confined to

Toulouse Goose.

ponds and streams, but they are in that particular excelled by ducks. On farms where ponds or streams are available ducks will convert into meat and eggs great quantities of water insects and various aquatic forms that would not be utilized by any other kind of poultry. Ducks, while they consume much grass and other green stuff, are more partial to animal feeds and are very energetic in patroling the branches, creeks and ponds as sources of food supply, say poultry specialists in the United States department of agriculture. Where conditions are favorable they will provide for their own food needs in a measure that will make them highly profitable.

LAYING HENS LATE MOLTERS

General Purpose Breeds Lay and Molt at Same Time, Slowing Down on Egg Production.

The hen with a natural tendency to lay usually postpones the molt until her production is finished regardless of the time she started. This applies more particularly to the egg breeds, as the general purpose or meat breeds sometimes lay and molt at the same time. In such cases the feathers are dropped and replaced slowly and the egg production also slows down but may not entirely suspend.

MAKEUP OF POULTRY MASH

Among Ingredients Are Corn, Alfalfa, Barley and Gluten—Charcoal Aids Digestion.

Hens love mash. Usually, ground feeds, such as cornmeal, corn chop, corn and cob meal, gluten meal, ground barley, cottonseed meal, linseed meal gluten meal and alfalfa meal are used in the mash. Sometimes charcoal is added to guard against digestive troubles.

FEED FOR GROWING CHICKENS

When About Eight Weeks Old Give Supply of Cracked Corn and Other Small Grains.

As soon as the chickens will eat the whole wheat, cracked corn, and other grains—usually in about eight weeks—the small-sized chick feed can be eliminated. In addition to the above feeds sour milk, skim milk or buttermilk will hasten the chickens' growth.

"ASPIRIN"

WARNING! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 20 years and proved safe by millions. Name "Bayer" has same meaning as 14 Karat on gold.

SAFETY FIRST! Accept only an "unbroken package" of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and for pain generally. Strictly American.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Many a Sunday church-going man shoots the chutes of forgetfulness the following Monday.

WHY DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription.

Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

SOMETHING JOB NEVER DID

Possibly an Experience Like Mr. Brown's Would Have Shattered His Reputation for Patience.

Filled with pride, Mr. and Mrs. Brown started out for a drive in their new motorcar. Mrs. Brown was hoping the neighbors were watching, but her husband was too busy steering to hope about anything.

Alack! Before they reached the end of the road the car stopped, and stayed that way with a mule-like persistency. Mr. Brown tried every lever and handle in turn. Then he got down from his seat and began to investigate.

Presently he lay down and crawled underneath the car until only his number nines were left visible. In a few moments the car gave a sudden jolt and then stopped, and a terrible flow of language, more forcible than polite, became audible.

"Oh, John," exclaimed the wife, in horrified tones, "don't swear so! Have patience, like Job did."

"Job," shrieked Mr. Brown, in a stifled voice. "Job would have sworn, too, if he'd been underneath this beastly car with his mustache caught in a cogwheel."

Save Time.

"A man ought not to kiss and tell."

"Still, some summer girls don't mind if you tell a few other nice fellows who are coming down."

The Telephone.

A ruffled telephone screen, which really very ornamental, is made of silk and lace. Every telephone pretty room nowadays is conceal some attractive conceit.

USE "DIAMOND DYES"

Dye right! Don't your material in a poor Each package of "Diam Dyes" contains direct so simple that any wo can diamond-dye a r rich, fadeless color into garments, draperies, co ings, everything, whe wool, silk, linen, cotton mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes" no other kind—then per results are guarant Druggist has "Diam Dyes Color Card"—16 rich colors.

Appropriate Name.

"But why do you give this re you have confided to me the title W. W.'"

"Because," replied Uncle Bill Bot top, "it sounds interesting, but never been known to work."

Washington's Millionaire Colony.

Washington is becoming a commu ty of millionaires. According to e mates made from income tax retu —the basis being an income of $50 or more a year—the District of Col bia contains no fewer than 150 pers worth one million dollars or mo From season to season the number wealthy Americans who settle in national capital, mainly attracted its social opportunities, is perceptib growing.

Hopelessly Out of Fashion.

Despite his shabby clothing empty pockets, it was evident that had seen better days.

A sympathetic soul began to ch with him, anxious to hear his sto Over a—er—cup of cocoa he told tale.

"Yes," he said, "I've been quite personage in my time; in fact, cynosure of all eyes."

His auditor waited in silence for explanation.

"I was the tattooed man in the c cus," he went on.

"And how did you lose your job he was asked.

"Public went crazy on moving pi tures," he said, "and mine wouldn budge!"

The cost is small
The benefit is great

Those who feel ill results from tea or coffee drinking soon profit by a change to

INSTANT POSTUM

Its pleasing flavor ease of preparation, healthfulness and practical economy commend this table beverage.

Sold in 50 and 100 cup tins. A purchase from your grocer soon proves

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

That Lame Back?

...g lameness, sharp twinges ...ending and an all day back-...ch is cause enough to suspect ...omplaint. If you feel tired all ...e and are annoyed by dizzy ...eadaches and irregular kidney ...you have additional proof and ...ct quickly to prevent more se-...idney trouble. *Use Doan's ... Pills*, the remedy that is rec-...ed everywhere by grateful ...Ask your neighbor!

An Iowa Case

... Evans, retired ... 601 Lee St., ...r, Iowa, says: ...ered from dis-... kidneys and ...k became very ... I was run ...and felt tired ... of the time. ...s my eyes ... to blur and ... black spots ...appear before ... I saw Doan's ... Pills highly ...mended and two ... entirely cured

...t Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

...OAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

...R.-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

...Stock Raising In ...STERN CANADA

... profitable as grain growing. ...es as wonderful as those from ...g wheat, oats, barley, and flax ...been made in **raising Horses, ... Sheep and Hogs.** Bright, ... climate, nutritious grasses, ...water, enormous fodder crops— ...spell success to the farmer and ...raiser. And remember, you can ...n easy terms

...Farm Land at ... to $30 an Acre

... equal to that which through ... years has yielded from **20 to 45 ...s of wheat to the acre**—grazing ...convenient to good grain farms at ...rtionately low prices. These lands ... every rural convenience; good ...ls, churches, roads, telephones, ...lose to live towns and good mar-...

...u want to get back to the farm, or ...rm on a larger scale than is pos-... under your present conditions, ...stigate **what Western Canada has ...er you.**

... illustrated literature with maps and ...ticulars regarding reduced railway ...s location of land, etc., apply to ...t. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
...IFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA

Canadian Government Agent.

...Vretchedness OF ...Constipation

...n Be Quickly Overcome by ...ARTER'S LITTLE ...IVER PILLS.

...rely vege-...ble—act sure ...d gently on ...e liver. Re-...ve bilious-...ss, head-...che, dizzi-...ss and indigestion. They do their ...ty.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

...all Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Will reduce **Inflamed, Strained, Swollen Tendons, Ligaments,** or **Muscles.** Stops the **lameness** and pain from a **Splint, Side Bone** or **Bone Spavin.** No blister, no hair gone and horse can be used. $2.50 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and interesting horse **Book 2 R Free.**

...SORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for ...nkind, reduces **Strained, Torn Liga-...nts, Swollen Glands, Veins** or **Muscles;** ...ils Cuts, Sores, Ulcers. Allays pain. Price ...5 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Book "Evidence" free. ...F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St. Springfield, Mass.

Persuaded.

The flower seller and Mr. Karker ...gaged in conversation.

"Buy a flower, sir?"

"No, thanks."

"Buy one for your wife."

"Haven't got one."

"For your sweetheart, then."

"Haven't got one."

"Well, buy one to celebrate your ...od luck."

He bought.

"Cold in the Head"

...an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Those subject to frequent "colds in the ...ead" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the ...system, cleanse the Blood and render ...them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to ...Chronic Catarrh.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is ...taken internally and acts through the ...Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System, thus reducing the inflammation and ...restoring normal conditions.

All Druggists. Circulars free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Nearly Every House Has One.

"There's a bug in this house."

"What kind?"

"A golf bug."

The average annual petroleum production of Burma is nearly 300,000,000 gallons.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

HOW SCIENTISTS EXAMINE SOILS

Survey of Important Work of One of Branches of Department of Agriculture.

STUDIED VARIED ACTIVITIES

Bureau Took Active Part With Geological Survey in Nation-Wide Search for Deposits of Nitrates and Potash.

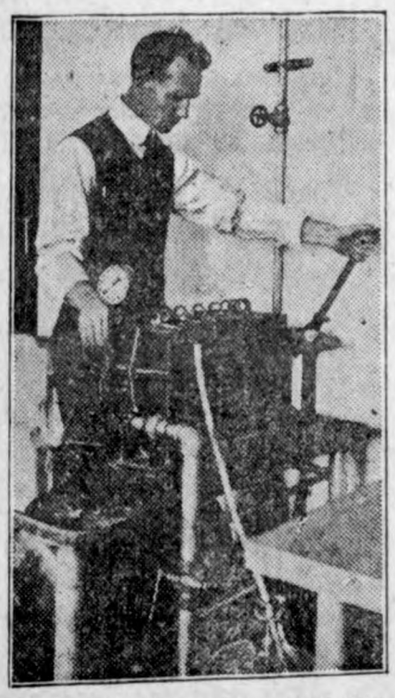
During the twenty years of its existence, the bureau of soils, United States department of agriculture, has studied the chemical constituents of the soils of all parts of the country. It has investigated these constituents qualitatively and quantitatively, showing their relation to one another and to plants, their solubility and permanency, and the manner of their functioning. It has studied the problem of alkali—that condition arising where soils contain an excess of soluble salts—and devised methods for measuring the content of alkali in the field and for eliminating it under field conditions. It has studied hardpans, explained the manner of their formation, and suggested the means of improving lands affected with the different sorts. These various activities have involved the making of thousands of analyses and the devising of much apparatus.

Public Given Advice and Counsel.

Advice and counsel is given by the bureau to the public on all matters connected with soil chemistry. The bureau has also investigated the physical properties of soils. It has devised apparatus for measuring the temperature of soils, the movement of water and of air and other gases in soils. The absorption of water, the extent and rate of capillary action, the effect of pressure on the concentration of the nutrient solution, and on the retention of that solution in the soil, the relation of soils to erosion, and many kindred problems have been worked upon.

The bureau has also worked upon the problem of the fixation of nitrogen found in the air in its experimental factory at Arlington, much advance having been made. Carried to its logical conclusion this move will result in supplying easily all the nitrogen the country needs in agriculture and industry.

Soil surveys have been made in all the states of the union. The surveys are of two kinds; detailed surveys on the scale of one inch to the mile usually covering county units, and reconnoissance surveys much more general in character, made on scales of four to six inches to the mile and covering large areas. At the close of the last fiscal year an area of 331,487,-



Filter Press, Used in Soil Investigations.

360 acres had been surveyed in detail and 322,760,960 acres on a reconnoissance basis. These surveys involve the identification and classification of the many types of soils found in various parts of the country, a study of their agricultural value, and a determination of their relation to the various crops and systems of agriculture.

Advancement of Agriculture.

The results of the soil survey work form a basis for the logical advancement of agriculture through experimentation of scientific workers in all its varied lines.

The land classification work of the bureau is done in co-operation with the forest service and other departments of the government, and has for its purpose the exclusion, from the national reserves, of lands that are suited for agriculture.

An interesting special investigation in connection with the potash supply has to do with the extraction of this salt from the giant kelp of the Pacific coast. A fully equipped factory has been operated at Summerland, California, for the last two years, and thousands of dollars worth of potash has been sold to the fertilizer trade or direct to farmers.

The plant will be operated during the coming fiscal year, a careful study being made of the practicability of recovering various by-products, so that the industry may be able to compete with imported potash and the kelp beds may become a permanently valuable asset of the nation.

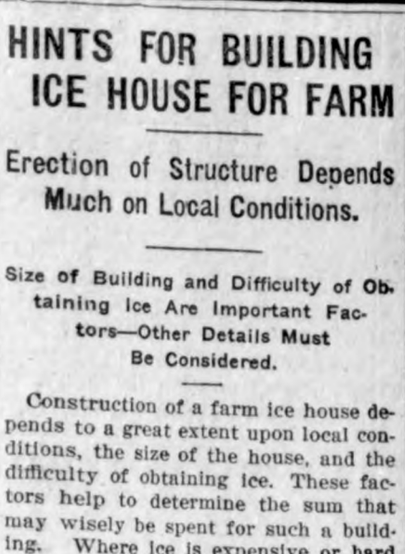
HINTS FOR BUILDING ICE HOUSE FOR FARM

Erection of Structure Depends Much on Local Conditions.

Size of Building and Difficulty of Obtaining Ice Are Important Factors—Other Details Must Be Considered.

Construction of a farm ice house depends to a great extent upon local conditions, the size of the house, and the difficulty of obtaining ice. These factors help to determine the sum that may wisely be spent for such a building. Where ice is expensive or hard to obtain, a better constructed and insulated and therefore more expensive ice house is advisable. Where natural ice can be harvested and stored cheaply a cheap structure is usually satisfactory and the loss from melting ice is a small consideration.

The cost of harvesting and storing, the interest on the money invested, and repairs and depreciation on the building are to be considered in rela-



A Good Ice House, Well Filled, Is a Real Asset to the Modern Farmer.

tion to the ice loss from melting; and the type of house to be built depends upon these factors. It never pays to build permanently in other than a substantial manner, and careful thought should be given the matter before erecting a cheap makeshift that will not give adequate service.

Various types of ice houses, how to build them, and other phases of the subject are discussed in Farmers' Bulletin 1078, "Harvesting and Storing Ice on the Farm," which can be obtained free of charge from the United States department of agriculture.

OATS ARE ECONOMICAL CROP

Not Generally as Profitable as Some Other Grains, but Needed In Good Rotation.

It is sound farm business to sell some crops for cash. Farm management surveys have shown that the safest and soundest practice is to have about one-fifth of the total receipts on the farm come from sale of crops. The other four-fifths will come from the sale of live stock or live stock products.

The crop that can usually be sold for cash most economically is oats. Oats are not generally as profitable a crop to grow as some others, but a good rotation needs this small grain in it. It makes a very satisfactory connecting link between the corn crop and the hay crop. Corn, if sold as a cash crop, makes a larger return to the acre, but corn can usually be fed more profitably than it can be sold for cash. It is ordinarily a cheaper feed than oats. Hence, if any crop is to be sold, it should be the oats.

WEIGHTS PER BUSHEL

A bushel is regarded as a definite weight rather than a cubic measure in the estimates of production and prices made by the bureau of crop estimates. The weights which are regarded as a bushel for various products are as follows:

Wheat, 60 lbs.; corn, 56 lbs. if shelled, 70 lbs if in ear; oats, 32 lbs.; barley, 48 lbs; rye, 56 lbs.; buckwheat, 48 lbs.; white (Irish) potatoes, 60 lbs.; sweet potatoes, 55 lbs.; apples, 48 lbs.; pears, 48 lbs.; peaches, 48 lbs.; walnuts and hickory nuts, 50 lbs.; beans (dry), 60 lbs.; onions, 57 lbs.; turnips, 55 lbs.; clover seed, 60 lbs.; alfalfa seed, 60 lbs.; timothy seed, 45 lbs.; Kafir corn, 56 lbs. Estimates of yields and prices in tons are always on the basis of 2,000 pounds.

TESTING SOIL FOR ACIDITY

Experiment Station Will Tell How Much Limestone to Apply for Crop of Alfalfa.

It is a waste of time and money to sow alfalfa on sour soil and if you are not sure whether your soil is acid or not test it for acidity or send a sample to your experiment station and have it tested. The experiment station will not only tell you whether the soil is acid or not, but will also advise how much ground limestone to apply per acre in order to put it in good condition for alfalfa or other legumes. The lime may be applied next winter if time does not permit of applying it this fall.

Home Town Helps

PROPOSE TO BAR BILLBOARDS

Better Community Conference Condemns Them as a Destroyer of Beautiful Scenic Spots.

Steps toward the elimination of all unsightly billboards and the encouragement of the artistic in poster advertising and the continuance of the art committee of the Better Community Conference as a permanent organization, with frequent meetings in various Illinois cities, were the main topics of discussion at the closing session of the committee in Chicago.

"We want to take some definite action toward eliminating unsightly billboards," said Prof. R. E. Hieronymus of the University of Illinois, who put the motion.

"This is one of the biggest factors of the art and beauty campaign we have begun. Many beautiful scenic spots in Illinois have been ruined by a large painted sign advising you to chew so-and-so's gum, to use somebody's pills or soap. Such things are a disgrace to civilization. Our movement is not purely negative, however. We want to encourage the development of artistic advertising."

Lorado Taft, Chicago sculptor, chairman of the conference, also emphasized the elimination of ugliness and addition of beauty in advertising. The motion pledging the committee to definite action along this line was passed unanimously.

APPLIES TO ALL CITIZENS

Advice Given by Washington Periodical Might Be Taken to Heart in Every Community.

This is your city. Keep it clean. Be as careful and considerate of the streets and the parks as you are of your own house. You do not litter up your own premises or permit it to be strewn with trash, because you take pride in its appearance. Be as considerate of your city.

When you go into the parks regard the turf as you would your own front lawn, the flower beds as you would your own garden. They are there for your pleasure and the pleasure of all others. They are yours and you should have a proprietary feeling toward them and a pride in them.

In the streets do not throw away trash to disfigure the sidewalks and the pavements. There are places for waste paper and other refuse. There are sewer openings into which this material can be put. A littered street, like a littered park, means bad housekeeping and you, the citizen, are the housekeeper.

It is not enough to leave the matter of cleaning up to the paid forces of the town. Until they come around the streets are dirty and the parks are littered if you, the citizen, are not particular.

Remember always, this is your city. Keep it clean—Washington Star.

Ridding Vacant Lots of Weeds.

There is a way, in Pensacola, at least, to get the rank weeds cut from vacant lots which are the property of non-residents. Under the code, the city, cutting the weeds at its own expense when it fails to reach the owner of the lot, may assess against the property the cost of the mowing. At tax-collecting time, the city will be reimbursed. The law, a new one of the municipality, is excellent, since it touches that troublesome person, the non-resident owner. Other cities, which have health problems not dissimilar to those in Pensacola, might copy it to good advantage.—Mobile (Ala.) Register.

Grandmother Still Ahead.

Little four-year-old Mary Ellen's front teeth have begun to decay. The other evening her uncle asked her what had happened to her teeth, and she innocently answered, "I wored them off."

"Oh," uncle laughed, provokingly, "you wore them off by talking so much."

The little maid looked at him a minute and then retorted earnestly. "Well, I don't care. My grandma wored hers clear out a-talking, too, and had to get her some new store ones."

And grandmother good naturedly agreed that it was so.

Beautifying the Roadside.

Along the dusty pike, a few miles north of Chillicothe, a farmer and his wife for years have beautified the roadway near their home by planting flowers outside the fence. Instead of permitting the weeds and rank grass to fringe the roadway, they have set apart about a hundred feet of space for the flowers, have given them rich soil in which to grow, cared for them so they are fresh and vigorous during the season, and have watched them flourish and grow until the picket fence is nearly hidden by them.—Ohio State Journal.

Get a Garden!

Instances of extreme old age are more common among those who exercise themselves with gardening than any other employment.

Tends to Better Citizienship.

Every man is a better citizen when he becomes a home ruler.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours — Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

Do Not Get Careless With Your Blood Supply

Impurities Invite Disease.

You should pay particular heed to any indication that your blood supply is becoming sluggish, or that there is a lessening in its strong and vital force.

By keeping your blood purified, your system more easily wards off disease that is ever present, waiting to attack wherever there is an opening. A few bottles of S. S. S., the great vegetable blood medicine, will revitalize your blood and give you new strength and a healthy, vigorous vitality. Everyone needs it just now to keep the system in perfect condition. Go to your drug store and get a bottle to-day, and if you need any medical advice, you can obtain it without cost by writing to Medical Director, Swift Specific Co., 109 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Teamster's Life Saved

"Peterson Ointment Co., Inc. I had a very severe sore on my leg for years. I am a teamster. I tried all medicines and salves, but without success. I tried doctors, but they failed to cure me. I couldn't sleep for many nights from pain. Doctors said I could not live for more than two years. Finally Peterson's Ointment was recommended to me and by its use the sore was entirely healed. Thankfully yours, William Haase, West Park, Ohio, care P. G. Reitz, Box 199."

Peterson says: "I am proud of the above letter and have hundreds of others that tell of wonderful cures of Eczema, Piles and Skin Diseases."

Peterson's Ointment is 60 cents a box. Mail orders filled by Peterson Ointment Co., Buffalo.

PILES ORIENTAL PILE SALVE is sold on a positive guarantee to give relief. Use it for itching piles, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. If you are not satisfied you get your money back. You are the judge. We don't argue; square dealing is our motto. Try us. Price $1.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

East India Medicine Co.
126 South Jefferson Ave. St. Louis, Mo.

For sale—Small Block Ky. Oil Stock paying div. Large daily production. On pipe line. Bright future. Management the best. Price $1.00 per share, cash with order. W. A. Pollard, Leases-Stocks, Bowling Green, Ky.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co. 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Origin of Slang.

Slang originated from the gypsy tongue. It used to be a secret language of that race. It is by no means of modern date, being well known in the classic ages of Greece and Rome.

Cuticura for Pimply Faces.

To remove pimples and blackheads smear them with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Once clear keep your skin clear by using them for daily toilet purposes. Don't fail to include Cuticura Talcum.—Adv.

Untipped.

Waiter—Beg pardon, sir, your check does not include the waiter!

Patron—I don't suppose it does. I didn't eat one.—Baltimore News.

Domestic Tragedy.

"Henrietta," said Mr. Meekton, "you never ask me to water the rubber tree or put the cat out any more."

"It has been attended to, Leonidas."

"And you don't mind how many cigarettes I smoke nor how late I stay out at night."

"I consider you able to take care of yourself."

"Henrietta, many a home has been wrecked because of ambition and business preoccupation. You have grown to be so interested in woman suffrage I don't believe you care what becomes of me!"

A Wild, Open-Air Life.

Postmaster General Burleson said at a San Francisco luncheon, apropos of a political dispute:

"Our opponents put up a very warm but very unsatisfactory defense. They remind me of the chorus girl.

"A young divine met in Broadway a chorus girl from his home town. In the course of their conversation the divine said:

"'You like the city best, Lalage, but I love a wild, free, open-air life.'

"'And don't I too?' the chorus girl protested hotly. 'Every evening after the show I get my supper on a roof garden.'"

Bad Stomach

Sends Her to Bed for 10 Months

Eatonic Gets Her Up!

"Over a year ago," says Mrs. Dora Williams, "I took to bed and for 10 months did not think I would live. Eatonic helped me so much I am now up and able to work. I recommend it highly for stomach trouble."

Eatonic helps people to get well by taking up and carrying out the excess acidity and gases that put the stomach out of order. If you have indigestion, sourness, heartburn, belching, food repeating, or other stomach distress, take an Eatonic after each meal. Big box costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

We Have FARMS of All Sizes

in MINNESOTA, WISCONSIN, DAKOTA. Customers for all prices. CONSULT US before buying or selling.

LARSON LAND AGENCY
X450 Temple Court - MINNEAPOLIS

HOLY CITY AS IT IS TODAY

Redeemed but Waiting to Be Clothed in Raiment That Is but Her Just Due.

It is well, as we leave the gentle allurement of flowers in the Garden of Gethsemane and turn toward the city, that our hearts have first been filled with serene joy, writes William D. McCracken in Asia magazine. We regard the fearfully tried city with something of the compassion that the Master felt for it. Seventeen times destroyed—bitterly hated—anxiously sought—how desperate a history since Nebuchadnezzar captured it more than twenty-five centuries ago. And only the other day, it seems, at Christmas time in 1917, Jerusalem was captured again, this time by its friends, the British after an agreement with the Turks that the city itself should not be bombarded. There was some fighting on the Mount of Olives, and reconnoitering airplanes dropped a bomb or two in and about the Garden of Gethsemane. But Jerusalem had been captured for the last time, and the last offensive was devoid of evil.

Redeemed today, but in her nakedness, Jerusalem waits to be clothed. She has as yet no grace, no covering for her ugly wounds. Some day her sides will glisten with the brightness of a heavenly radiance; she will be washed and anointed like a bride waiting for the bridegroom.

Naturally.

"How does the poker scene go in your new Western play?"

"We always get a hand on it."

What They Miss.

"Good little boys never fight."

"They don't? Then they miss a lot o' fun, ma."

Better be convinced by words than blows.—Danish Proverb.

Comes already sweetened

Its own sugar is developed in the baking. It solves your sugar problem among ready-to-eat cereals.

Grape-Nuts

Order a package from the grocer. Its flavor appeals and there is no waste.

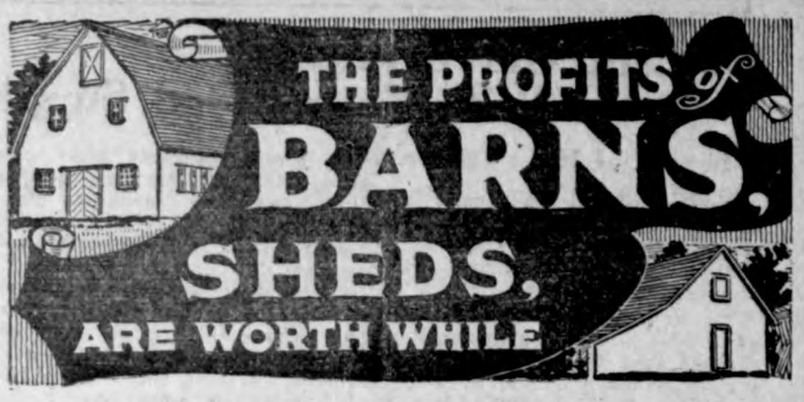
Made by
Postum Cereal Co. Inc. Battle Creek, Mich.

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.



The most important buildings on the farm are those which give shelter to livestock and implements.

At the present prices of livestock. a good barn or other shelter may pay for itself almost in a season or two. Every delay means loss of profits to you.

Why not figure with us today.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Men's Wear

FOR FALL and WINTER

Men and boys will find a big selection of Fall and Winter wear at this store as our stock is complete. Look over the list--

Heavy Duck Coats
Sweaters in all styles
Hats, Caps, Neckwear
Dress and Work Shoes
Dress and Work Shirts
Light and Heavy Underwear

Anything you will need will be found here in Men's and Boy's dress and everyday wear.

Bring your Eggs to Us.

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

Local News!

Mrs. Knoke, of Garner, was visiting in Klemme last Friday.

Mrs. J. Jorgenson, of Garner, was a visitor at the Editor's home Friday.

Mrs. Walters of Belmond, was a Klemme visitor Monday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson spent Sunday with Garner relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner and his mother, and Mrs. Schroeder drove to Clear Lake Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Tom Blank went to Estherville Saturday morning for a visit with her son, Ralph, and family.

Mrs. Mille Smith autoed to Belmond Sunday afternoon for a short visit with her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Hod Lawhorn drove over from Garner Tuesday for a visit with Klemme friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Griewe drove to Forest City last Wednesday in their new car for a visit with friends.

Mrs. Art Hill and Mrs. Pech of Belmond, were shopping in Klemme Tuesday, last.

The Misses Marian Luick and Esther Forristal, of Belmond were visiting with Klemme friends Thursday.

A baby boy is reported at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dickhues since last week Tuesday. It is their first child.

Quite a number from here went to Garner Tuesday afternoon to see the ball game between Forest City and Kanawha.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Okeny and Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Mayne of Goodell, were Klemme shoppers last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Smith of Belmond, visited at the home of Mrs. Mille Smith here last Tuesday afternoon.

Now is the time to pick your seed corn. Pick enough for two years as you can never tell what next year will bring.

M. O. Hocum and family autoed to Gowrie, Iowa, Saturday, for an over Sunday visit with relatives. They returned Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Griewe were down from Garner last Wednesday evening for a visit with Klemme friends.

Miss Mildred Smith returned last Wednesday from a three weeks' visit in Cerro Gordo county with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Wm. Howard was here from Des Moines last Thursday until Tuesday for a visit with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith and daughter Mabel, and Dorance Day spent last Thursday afternoon visiting at Garner.

John Suurballe, of Garner, was a business caller in Klemme last Friday. John is the man who will be our next County Treasurer.

Mrs. Nolan came Saturday for a visit with her mother and other relatives. She is stopping at the Joe Schultz home.

Mrs. Wm. C. Keraus and boys went Swea City last Friday and remained until Saturday evening visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Mitchell.

Mrs. Will Kraus and daughter, and Mrs. Will Gast and daughter Myrtle and Mrs. Smid of Garner, were visiting with Klemme friends Saturday.

Marlin Crner retuned from his trip to Garnett, Kansas, last week Thursday. He was accompanied home by his mother who will remain in Klemme for a few weeks' visit.

Charlie Hitt and family left Saturday for Illinois where they have moved their household goods. Mr. Hitt worked for Clarence Arnold for some time on the farm.

Mr. J. B. Spitler returned from the hospital at Mason City Monday and is now getting along well after his recent operation. The Spitlers live in Klemme now east of the park.

Miss Doris Buriff left Monday evening for Chicago to take up her musical training at the Northwestern University. Miss Buriff is a very talented young lady and we believe she completes her course this year.

For Sale--Wants

Thoroughbred Hogs

FOR SALE—Big Type Poland China Boars, spring pigs weighing about 200 lbs. W. L. Haberkamp. 2wp

FOR SALE — DUROC JERSEY SPRING BOARS, sired by Pathfinder Pioneer (332465, the boar that was sold to Adams & Swain of Algona, for $5,000, and boars sired by Acme Wonder's Sensation (348959). GEO. SCHOENWETTER, Garner, Ia. 5wc

CHESTER WHITE BOARS

Am now offering CHESTER WHITE BOARS, big husky rangy individuals. Come and see them. R. C. LUDEKE, Klemme, Iowa. 4wc.

Heating Stoves For Sale

FOR SALE—Used Hard Coal Stove, in good shape. Geo. Kessler. 2wp

FOR SALE—Hard Coal Stove in good condition, cheap. Wm. Smith. 2w

FOR SALE—Good soft coal stove, in fine condition. Call on Mrs. John Josten. 1wc.

Dog Lost

LOST— Small White Spotted Rat Terrier Dog. Return to Lee Price. 1p

Horses For Sale

FOR SALE—THREE YOUNG Work Horses. Albert Fuller. 1wp

Notice to Tax Payers

The second installment of taxes are now due, penalty attaches October first. If taxes are paid through banks bring the receipt for the first installment as that receipt has the description of the property.

THOMAS H. THOMPSON,
County Treasurer. 4wc

Wanted Sewing

WANTED—To do all kinds of sewing. Call on Mrs. Gilbert Schaeper.2c

Make Haste Slowly.

Remember that some training is necessary before a man can become a farmer. Even potato raisers have to know how to drill.

Any Shape.

Butcher—"Will you have a round steak, ma'am?" Mrs. Youngbride—"I don't care what shape it is, so it's tender."—Boston Transcript.

A new principle is now used in connection with spinal adjustments for the cure of chronic ailments. Many conditions that were formerly very difficult and unsatisfactory to handle are now, with this combned method, cared for to the complete satisfaction of the patient. The difficult conditions for which the new principle is especially recommended are high blood pressure, kidney trouble (Bright's disease), diabetes, bowel trouble, constipation, auto-intoxication, indigestion, billiousness, severe nervous symptoms, rheumatism, neuritis, and some other troubles not necessary to mention here.—adv. tf.

A guaranteed cure for he (piles) in all forms, one th lay the patient up or ca time. Other rectal troubl Special calls to Klemme tended to. Dr. R. W. Schul Bldg., Garner, Iowa. adv.

Paul Griesemer, John Gr er, Frank Gruetzmacher Emerson autoed to Gladbr Sunday morning to bring Meyer who had been att conference there last week.

Pure Bred Hornless Shorthorn Cattle
DUROC JERSEY BOARS
Growthy herd headers of merit for sale by
C. A. Arnold, Klemme, Io

Happiness Comfort for Your Family is The Savings Book Goa

It is no sacrifice to srve when you get a true vis of what it means for the future.

After the starting of your account the rest will easy.

You are charged with the responsibility of y future support and that of your family.

Why not provide it today in an account started her

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE
STATE SAVINGS BANK
CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.0 IOWA
AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Special Prices On Oil

We have a large supply of oil and greases on hand which we purchased at the old price and which we are now giving our customers the benefit of the saving.

French Auto Oil
Tractor Oil
Machine Oil
Hard Oil
Axel Grease

Buy your Oil and Grease in large quanities and save money.

See us for Oil

JACOBS & SON
HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fifth Year Number 5 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, October 7 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

n Interesting Letter From West

Rupert, Idaho
9-29, 1920

tor Jorgenson and Klemme Friends:-

Will now make a try at writing you I promised last December. We're e in Sunny Idaho, among the sage sh and the coyotes, and find we it better than ever. One thing I'm e from rheumatism here, so far e never had any trouble with it, so urally I boost the climate. Tho we s Iowa's corn-lands some times we 't hanker after the rain and mud. at little rainfall we do have in ing and fall, is usually quite wel- ne. Of course everything is irri- ed here. Seems mighty nice to e it RAIN just when the garden ds it.

We are in town and I'm working h the Rupert Highway District, ilding state and county roads. We not behind the times as it might m to you, for this town is only 14 mmers old. Most of the gravel haul- is done with Nash Quad army cks, and drving one is my job. We o drag roads with the trucks, cov- ing 90 to 100 miles in 10 hours. No, s not the mud we're fighting, it's nd! "We've got the sand" here, u may be sure.

The soil is a sandy loam and is of e most productive. Also some heavy m and volcanic ash. It's the easiest soil to work. There is a new pro- ct to open in the near future, east, rth and west of here. They are new rveying for the dam sight which ll be at American Falls, 30 miles st. Is to be the argest reservoir for rigation in the world, I'm told.

Farm crops are mainly alfalfa, ets, spuds and small grain. A small ount of corn far feed, mostly flint rieties. Crops are good this year. ey claim there are no crop failures re. Spuds are not as good as usual but run about 300 to 600 sacks to the acre—everything goes by the pound, or hundred weight here. Beets make from 16 to 22 ton to the acre, alfalfa about 5, 3 cuttings, the third crop haying is in full swing now. Have had a couple light frosts. Many farmers contracted their spud crop at $1.25 cwt., but the present price is .90. Hay was out of sight last spring selling as high as $40, $45 a ton and scarce at that, owing to poor crop and cold weather in Utah, Wyoming and Nevada. As yet there's no great demand for it this season.

A good bit of fruit is raised—apples, pears, plums, prunes, peaches and abundant berry crops. Fruit is better tho, 30 miles from here where the season is longer. Thirty to fifty miles make quite a difference in climate and season.

Speakin' of duck hunting is rather tame her, tho plenty of them are bagged, also grouse and sage hens, but most of the guys with cars take a trip up to the Sawtooth range 50 miles north for deer and mountain goat. The business men like to take their vacation for that reason this time of the year. Trout fishing is good. The Snake river runs about 3 miles east and south of town. Trout fishing is really better up in the hills though. We had a mess of sturgeon steak this summer from a 250 pounder which was on exhibit at one of the meat markets here. Was caught in the Snake below the Shoshone Falls, 45 miles west of here. The sturgeon are not found above the falls. This was caught by two Rupertites. They tell me if you bait with a dressed chicken or rabbit you're apt to have a tussel with one. Don't get excited, Brother Jorgenson, you're a long ways from here!

We attended the Cassea county fair at Burley 8 miles southwest last week and sure did enjoy the wild western stunts given to entertain the crowds. Am enclosing a list of stunts and prizes which will give you an idea of the affair. Ray Durant is making the rounds of the Fairs with his Duroc Jerseys and taking well. Is at Boise, the state fair, this week. The Durants live only one mile from town and we get together often.

Must quit now with regards to all the old friends.

F. W. Tanner and Family,

Box 393, Rupert, Idaho

The Times "Devil" Says

OLDEST RESIDENT WAS FAIR EXHIBITOR

Mrs. Anson Avery, of Goodell, the first white woman to live in Hancock county, and who is now over ninety years old, won first premium on an apron which she exhibited at the Hancock County Fair. The apron was all hand made and trimmed with hand made lace.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR

Notice is hereby given, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executors of the Estate of Christian Lau, late of Hancock County, Iowa, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

Dated Sept. 27th, A. D., 1920.

August Lau,
W. F. Greimann,
Executors

3w 4 5 6

A FINE COUNTRY HOME

Louis Griffen, one of the prosperous farmers of our vicinity, has recently completed a very fine modern house on his farm about six miles west of Klemme. This new home cost in the neighborhood of $10,000 and is one of the finest country homes in this part of the county. He has his wn electric lighting plant which furnished electricity for the house and barns and everything is modernly equipped.

NOTICE OF CREAMERY MEETING

Klemme, Iowa, Sept. 28.—Notice is given that a meeting of the share holders of the Klemme CoOp. Creamery Company will be held at the Idle Hour Theatre on Saturday, October 9, 1920, at one o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors, President, Treasurer, Secretary, and for the transaction of other business as may come before it. Come!

All who are interested in a Farmers Elevator are requested to be on hand as that question will be brought up.

V. JOSTEN, Secy.

EDITORS HOLD POW-WOW AT

The Third District Conference, consisting of Winnebago, Worth, Mitchell, Hancock, Cerro Gordo, Floyd, Wright, Franklin and Butler counties, was held at Hampton, Iowa, last Friday. Newspapermen who attended from near here were, Pruit of Forest City, Roberts of Britt, Tierney and Clark of Garner, Africa of Kanawha, Ramsay of Belmond and the Editor of the Times. There were about thirty newspapermen from the district present at the meeting which was held by Secretary G. L. Caswell of the Iowa Press Association. These meetings are being held all over the state each year and here the newspapermen discuss their problems and get in touch with new situations in the newspaper game. The Iowa Press Association, of the United States and is one of the very few who employ a salaried secretary to look after their business.

The editors of the two Hampton papers were hosts to a dinner served at the New American Hotel in Hampton and needless to say the visiting editors all did justice to the splendid spread. By the way the new hotel at Hampton is as fine as any you will find at Des Moines, Cedar Rapids or any of the larger cities. The state meeting will be held in Des Moines sometime in February.

A BIG GAIN IN BUSINESS

The Klemme Creamery Company showed a most substantial gain in their September business this year over that of a year ago. 87 tubs more butter were shipped out this year than last in the one month or a gain of about thirty three and one-third per cent over September of last year. If this record keeps up, and we believe it will, then the Klemme Creamery will be one of the top-notchers in this section of North Iowa. The creamery company is fortunate in having a good man to look after the business and he should be given credit for the work he is doing for the company.

Buriff Will Remain In Klemme

The Northwest Iowa Conference of the Methodist Church was in session at Humboldt, Iowa, the past week at which a number of prominent ministers were on the program among whom was F. E. Mossman of Sioux City, and others. Klemme folks will be glad to learn that Dr. A. E. Buriff pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church here, has been assigned to the Klemme charge fr another year at leat. Mr. and Mrs. Buriff have made a host of friends during their stay the past year who welcome them to remain for another year. The church has progressed under the able supervision of the Buriffs and with their continuance here no doubt it will be further enlarged in attendance and membership.

KLEMME BUTTER AT DAIRY CONGRESS TAKES THIRD

Butermaker A. D| Gimer had a tub of butter exhibited at the Dairy Cattle Congress which was held at Waterloo last week and which scored 94 points, being the third highest exhibited. The two tubs were only a very small percentage higher than Gimer's butter so this speaks well for the buttermaker of the Klemme Creamery. The butter was churned from selected cream and further goes to show what can be done with quality cream.

VISIT "LITTLE BROWN CHURCH"

The Albert Koerner family, Elmer Arnold family and the Clark Bredbenner family all drove to Nashua, Iowa, last Sunday to visit the "Little Brown Church in the Vale" which is only a short visit with relatives and friends. The day was ideal and the party thoroughly enjoyed their trip.

LADY EDITOR AT MESERVEY

Since Lou Sherman, of Goldfield, had purchased the Meservey Register a couple of months ago, he has had considerable trouble in finding someone to take charge of it. He got out the paper a couple of times himself, and for a while had a man to run the paper, but he stayed only a short time. Now Mr. Sherman has secured the services of Miss Dollie Wilson, formerly with the Dows Advocate. The young lady is an all around printer and will no doubt get out a good paper for the people of Meservey.

SCHOOL NOTES

The ball game with Ventura last Friday resulted ni the defeat of the visiting high school team.

The Camp Fire Girls hiked to Garner Tuesday evening.

Mildred Johnson was absent Tuesday on account of sickness.

The eleventh grade are studying Chauncers Canterberry Tales.

Miss Belken spent the week end in Iowa Falls.

Miss Sullivan spent Sunday at Osage.

The blackboards are being given a new coat of paint.

FARM BUREAU DAY
Tuesday, Oct. 12th

"Join The Farm Bureau" Day
Every member get a member

Join Your County Farm Bureau anu Lend the Strength of Your Support to the Iowa Farm Bureau Federation.

It has secured sites, shipping facilities, improved stock yard conditions and thousands of cars for Iowa cooperative associations.

It submitted the Nolan bill to a referendum vote---the dangerous feature of this bill would cost Iowa farmers $60,000,000 annually.

It has investigated California and Canadian plans of cooperative marketing in the interest of the livestock and grain producers of the mid-west.

It has provided for examination of proposed revision of the Code of Iowa including 253 new bills.

It secured equalization of water and rail rates, from Chicago to Buffalo and eastern exportation points.

It secured release of coal for threshing purposes. It is securing records on cost of production of farm products.

ONE HUNDRED TWENTY THOUSAND MEMBERS NOW ARE YOU ONE OF THEM?

A FARM BUREAU MEMBER WILL CALL ON YOU TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12.

Join Now!

Hear Nuelsen Speak

Bishop J. L. Nuelsen, one of the Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church will speak at the First Methodist Church Sunday morning at 9:45 o'clock and in Liberty Township church at 11:30. The Bishop will speak on war conditions as they existed in Europe during the war and now. Bishop Nuelsen was in charge of Methodis church work during the entire period of the war and traveled in all the countries engaged in the war and will have many things of interest to relate.

Sunday school Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, Epworth League Sunday night at 7:30. Preaching service at 8 o'clock. Midweek prayer service each Thursday evening at 7:30. All are cordially invited to all our services

First Methodist Episcopal Church

A. H. Meyer Pastor

AT 108, WOMAN TO CAST BALLOT

Mrs. Sophia Orr of Syracuse Looks Forward Eagerly to Next Election Day.

OLDEST VOTER OF HER SEX

Native of Vermont and Has Lived in Wisconsin and Mississippi—She Recently Prosecuted Her Grandson for Theft.

Syracuse, N. Y.—Mrs. Sophia Orr, 108 years old, is eagerly looking forward to casting her first vote for president in November. She probably will be the oldest woman in the country to cast her ballot. She voted for the first time in the mayorality election last year.

"I voted the Republican ticket," she stated proudly, "and that's why they won."

The aged woman was the daughter of a lawyer, and was born in St. Albans, Vt., 108 years ago, according to her story. From there she moved to Muscoda, Wis., and later to Highgate, Miss., where she was married to Robert W. Orr. She remembers clearly the events of the war, in which her husband served, and has a vivid memory of her entire life down to the present.

Husband in Civil War.

The little old lady likes to talk about her dead husband, who fought for his country back in the sixties.

"He did his duty," she said resignedly, "and now he's up in Oakwood cemetery. He gave two arms, two legs and his eyes for his country."

Although in her long lifetime Mrs. Orr never before had to resort to the law for protection, she recently appeared against her grandson, Harvey D. Mullett, whom she charged with stealing $145 from under her pillow.

Mrs. Orr is the oldest woman to figure in court proceedings in the state, probably in the United States.

As sprightly as if only half her age, the aged woman mounted the stand and gave her evidence against her grandson, when Mullett, who has appeared in police court before and is included in the rogues' gallery, demanded an examination.

"Grandma, you know I've always been true to you," said the accused grandson.

"Harvey, you took my money, I saw you," insisted the little old lady, "and what's more you took my copper wash boiler a long time ago.

"I've never forgotten that about Harvey," she stated gravely to the judge. "He took that and $5, and a ring which belonged to my dead husband. I know it was Harvey," she insisted.

Mrs. Orr owns the house in which she occupies one apartment alone.

"I was standing on my back porch telling my daughter-in-law how to hang up a blanket to get it dry," she declared to the judge.

"I heard a noise and saw Harvey coming out of my bedroom. When I went in the money was gone."

"He took my copper washboiler, too," she reiterated, showing that the loss of the utensil was a hard thing to forgive.

The grandson was arraigned after "grandma" had already told her story once, and demanded that she be put on the stand.

"Grandma" had been waiting. She told her story in a clear voice and showed excellent hearing. The only difficulty with her as a witness was her desire to plead with her grandson to return the money.

"Why don't you give it to me, Harvey?" the little old lady pleaded again and again.

American Princess Fled Russia

The Princess and Prince D. N. Golitzine, who have landed at Boston from a tour of Russia, Japan and China. The princess was Miss Frances Simpson Stevens of New York, a graduate of Wellesley college. She married Prince Golitzine in Boston in 1919. The prince then went to Japan and China with his bride and they were in Omsk when Kolchak was in power. They then went to Vladivostok, but were compelled to flee by the approaching bolshevist army. They managed to reach a Russian vessel and escaped to Japan.

Baptista Ends Lisbon Gaming

Goddess of Chance Is Put to Rout by the New Premier of Portugal.

CLEAN-UP WAS SADLY NEEDED

Not a Street in the Capital Was Without Its Gambling House, Many Being Conducted as "Clubs" in Palaces.

Lisbon, Portugal.—Gambling, which flourished here to an extraordinary degree after the armistice, has suffered a severe check at the hands of the new government headed by Premier Baptista. Up to two months ago the gambling houses remained undisturbed, but since Baptista's government took office the law has been rigorously enforced and today there are few visible signs of the prosperity the gamblers have enjoyed for a year.

The gambling mania began to manifest itself as soon as the war ended. Magnificent clubs on which big fortunes must have been spent suddenly sprang up like mushrooms; gilded, glittering clubs, splendidly furnished, such as Lisbon never dreamed of possessing.

Palaces as Gambling Dens.

Palaces belonging to the old aristocracy were rented at incredible prices and transformed into "The Majestic," "The Palace Club," "Maxim's," "Palais Royal" and dozens of others on the same scale, with restaurants, ballrooms and gambling rooms; everything being perfectly planned and carried out on the most modern and expensive lines.

Hundreds of smaller imitations followed, until it may with truth be said that not a street in Lisbon was without two or three gambling houses.

Thus a great change came over the humdrum social life of Lisbon, where nothing in the way of amusement ever happens beyond theaters and moving picture shows.

The club restaurants' excellent cuisine attracted fashionable crowds, constant relays of Americans and English tourists spent their money lavishly and smartly dressed women coming nobody knows from where were a doubtful source of attraction in the streets by day and at the clubs by night.

This condition existed for well over a year. Then well-known firms were robbed by trusted employees.

An officer, who wore the cross of war, shot himself after losing large sums of money which were not his. Young men belonging to the best families fell into disgrace.

Press Starts Campaign.

A campaign was then begun by part of the Portuguese press, headed by the Seculo and the Situacao. Columns of letters from parents and well-known Lisbonites were printed daily, disclosing demoralizing facts and exhorting the government to close the clubs.

The governments, however, rapidly succeeding each other, had other things to attend to. And the gambling continued; but when the Baptista government came into office strenuous measures were taken.

The magnificent clubs, the glittering restaurants, the smart foreign women all disappeared as suddenly as they had burst upon the scene a year ago.

For a week carts and camions conveying roulette tables and other gambling paraphernalia to the police stations formed the chief attraction of the Lisbon streets.

Frequent attempts have since been made to reopen resorts. Recently the Palais Royal club was re-established, ostensibly as a restaurant. Three days later it was closed by the police, after a raid.

Lost $100,000 Trying to Get Job Which Paid $3,000

The Democratic nomination for county attorney of Muskogee county, Okla., indirectly cost F. E. Gumm, a former soldier, $100,000, and he isn't in office yet. In the heat of the campaign Mr. Gumm forgot all about renewing his oil leases on 1,000 acres of promising land in Oklahoma, near the Kansas line. The day after his lease expired a 400-barrel well was brought in on an adjoining acreage. Now the leases which Mr. Gumm once held are worth dollars instead of cents, and he estimates his loss at $100,000. The county attorney's office pays a salary of $3,000 a year.

UNDERSEA WIRELESS FOUND

Maltese Fishermen Discover Apparatus Used by Germans During the War.

Malta.—A complete wireless apparatus which was anchored in 20 fathoms of water off Melleha bay, with the mast and working parts below the surface to a depth of about eight fathoms, has been discovered by a party of Maltese fishermen.

The apparatus, which was subsequently removed by the dock-yard authorities for an examination, is of German construction and is complete in every detail.

Undoubtedly signaling went on regularly during the war with submarines lying in wait for British vessels.

First Spanish Warship Here Since 1898

Deck view of the Spanish warship Alfonso XIII, the first Spanish warship to arrive on these shores since 1898, when the war with Spain began. The vessel is lying in the North river at New York.

CICOTTE ADMITS $100,000 BRIBE

White Sox Pitcher Took $10,000 and Joe Jackson Got $5,000.

EIGHT PLAYERS ARE INDICTED

Confession of Star Twirler Results in Drastic Action by Owner Comiskey, Who Suspends Seven Great Players.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—After Eddie Cicotte, star hurler of the White Sox, had confessed to the grand jury that he had accepted a bribe of $10,000 as his share of a gamblers' fund, the jury indicted eight White Sox players for "throwing" the 1919 world's series to Cincinnati. Joe Jackson, another White Sox star, confessed that he had received $5,000 and that he was in on the conspiracy to throw the games.

Cicotte and Jackson said that Chick Gandil, former member of the White Sox team, had distributed the money among eight players. A fund of more than $100,000 is said to have been paid to crooked players by gamblers.

Those indicted are:

Arnold (Chick) Gandil, first baseman.
Fred McMullin, utility infielder.
Oscar (Happy) Felsch, center fielder.
Edward Cicotte, pitcher.
Claude (Lefty) Williams, pitcher.
Joe Jackson, outfielder.
George (Buck) Weaver, third baseman.
Charles (Swede) Risberg, shortstop.

If the players are found guilty in the criminal court, each may be sent to the penitentiary for five years or fined $2,000, or both.

The exact amount of money received by each of the eight players is known to the state's attorney's office and the grand jury. The jury also has the names of gamblers who aided Abe Attell, former prize fighter, in carrying the money from the gambling trust to the players.

The confessions of Cicotte and Jackson reveal the most amazing story of crooked sportsmanship ever told in America. The White Sox players were "fixed" before the world series with Cincinnati started.

Cicotte was paid his money before he pitched his first game. The money was placed under his pillow in the hotel, according to a prearranged plan with the gamblers. Cicotte carried out his part of the agreement and lost the first two games that he pitched in the series.

On these games the gamblers cleaned up several hundred thousand dollars.

Jackson told the jurors that he had demanded $20,000 from the gamblers. They refused that amount, however, and he compromised on $5,000. Like Cicotte, he found the money under his pillow on his bed the night before the first game was played with Cincinnati.

Seven members of the White Sox team were suspended by Charles A. Comiskey, owner of the team, when Eddie Cicotte's confession implicated them in the alleged fixing of the 1919 world's series.

The players suspended are Risberg, McMullin, Jackson, Felsch, Weaver, Williams and Cicotte.

Gandil, the eighth man indicted, was dropped by the White Sox in the spring, when he was reported as having held out because of disagreement over salary with Comiskey.

The dropping of the players will mean that a team made up mostly of substitutes will be depended upon to complete the season in the White Sox fight to win the American league pennant from Cleveland.

Following is the text of Comiskey's letter suspending the players:

"Chicago, Sept. 26.—To Charles Risberg, Fred McMullin, Joe Jackson, Oscar Felsch, George Weaver, C. P. Williams and E. V. Cicotte:

"You and each of you are hereby notified of your indefinite suspension as a member of the Chicago American league baseball club (the White Sox).

"Your suspension is brought about by information which has just come to me directly involving you and each of you in the basebal scandal (now being investigated by the present grand jury of Cook county) resulting from the world's series of 1919.

"If you are innocent of any wrongdoing you and each of you will be reinstated, if you are guilty you will be retired from organized baseball for the rest of your lives if I can accomplish it.

"Until there is a finality to this investigation it is due to the public that I take this action, even though it costs Chicago the pennant.

"Chicago American League Baseball Club.

"By CHARLES A. COMISKEY."

Chicago Woman Prize Angler.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 4.—At Catalina Thursday the world's angling record for a woman was won by Mrs. Keith Spalding of Chicago, when, after a three-hour battle, she took on rod and reel a tuna weighing 165½ pounds.

World Mormons to Meet.

Salt Lake City, Oct. 4.—Believers in the Mormon faith from all parts of the world are expected to be in Salt Lake City to attend the ninety-first semi-annual general conference of the church, October 8, 9 and 10.

WORLD BACK TO NORMAL SOON

Speakers at Brussels Meet Predict Return to Competition in Few Years.

TARIFF QUESTION DISCUSSED

Manager of Lloyds' Bank Says "Let Us Not Only Dwell Together in Peace but Let Us Also Deal Freely and in Harmony."

Brussels, Oct. 4.—Distinct and multiplying signs of economic improvement are seen in countries most shaken by the great war, and optimism over their future is felt, according to speakers at the international conference in session here.

Some of those who spoke before the conference declared that in a few years the world will return to active competition between sellers, and that the present contest between buyers will pass.

Charles Wauters, Belgian minister of commerce, asserted the temporary advantages enjoyed by countries allowed to export freely will turn to their disadvantage as a result of prohibitive rates of exchange.

"Let us not only dwell together in peace and unity," said Henry Bell, manager of Lloyds' bank, London, "but let us also deal together freely and in harmony."

Mr. Bell disclaimed any intention of raising a controversy, but said the question of free trade arose immediately in connection with a discussion of the situation.

He referred delegates to the conference to the declaration of the supreme economic council against the artificial barriers to international commerce, and expressed the hope the conference would make it clear that behind all questions of international trade was the question of durable peace.

"It is a great error," he declared, "to consider the success of one nation in trade a detriment to others. Commerce is not a form of conflict, but, on the contrary, it is that which should bind nations together."

The expression "free trade" was mentioned only rarely, and the trend of the greater part of the discussion was toward the beating down of barriers of international trade.

"Japan is for commercial liberty and fair play; we must have freedom of exchange," was the way M. Mori, a Japanese delegate, put it.

Don Jose Figueras, speaking for Spain, said the greatest freedom of trade should prevail, but that nothing should be done without a unanimous resolution of the conference.

Fazlibhoy Currimbhoy of India differed from the British delegates on the tariff question. He contended that countries should be left to decide the question in the light of their own interest. He declared that there was a strong current of opinion in India in favor of a system of protection.

Ferdinando Quatriere for Italy went further than the previous speakers. He was in favor not only of "the greatest freedom for international commerce" but also for "the pooling of raw materials, coal and foodstuffs."

The necessity of simplifying transport regulations was mentioned by several of the speakers at intervals during the discussion of international trade.

Armenian, Hungarian, Argentine and Uruguayan official reports were presented, but the conference seemingly has got beyond the period where it is interested in statistics, and apparently is impatient to see results from the work of committees.

The full session apparently will be adjourned from Saturday to Wednesday in order to give the delegates full time for work in committee.

MINERS QUIT SPAIN FOR U. S.

900 Strikers in the Rio Tinto District Decide to Make Move—400 Others Leave.

Huelva, Spain, Oct. 4.—More than 900 miners who have been on strike in the Rio Tinto district have decided to emigrate to the United States and will leave Spain about the middle of October. Another party of 400 is leaving for another Spanish province.

RECOGNIZE D'ANNUNZIO RULE

Italy Is Reported to Have Given Quarnero Regency Standing as Proclaimed.

Rome, Oct. 4.—Recognition of the municipal council of Fiume as the provisional government of the Quarnero regency, which was recently proclaimed by Gabriele d'Annunzio, is reported here.

Morocco Tribesmen Routed.

Madrid, Oct. 4.—Morocco tribesmen have been driven from positions in the Spanish zone in that country by a column of native and European troops on a forced night march from Ceuta and Tetuan.

Puts Ban on Reprisals.

Dublin, Oct. 4.—Warning against reprisals, no matter what the provocation, was given the royal Irish constabulary by Sir Hamar Greenwood, the chief secretary for Ireland, in a speech.

"DANDERINE"

Girls! Save Your Hair! Make It Abundant!

Immediately after a "Danderine" massage, your hair takes on new lustre and wondrous beauty, appearing twice as heavy and plentiful because each hair seems to fluff and thicken. Don't let your hair stay thin, lifeless, colorless, plain or scraggly. You, too, want lots of long, strong, beautiful hair.

A 35-cent bottle of delightful "Danderine" freshens your scalp, checks dandruff and falling hair. This stimulating "beauty-tonic" gives to thin, dull, fading hair that youthful brightness and abundant thickness. All druggists!—Adv.

Innocent Accomplices.

"Don't you know it's wrong to fish on Sunday?" asked the pious old gentleman.

"Yes, sir," replied the freckled youth.

"Then why are you doing it?"

"Because," replied the urchin, with a grin, as he held up a catch that any angler might have envied, "the blame fish don't know it."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

If You Need a Medicine You Should Have the Best

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfill the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as it is an endless chain system the remedy recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent results, as many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact that so many people claim, that it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments; corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcels Post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Not Qualified.

"A reporter wishes to see you, sir."

"What does he want?" asked Mr. Grabcoin, testily.

"He says he wants to get your views on the European situation."

"Tell him I'm not competent to discuss the question. I don't even know what's become of that poet, musician or something or other who captured Flume."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

A Marvelous Remedy for Indigestion

Those who suffer from nervous dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, torpid liver, dizziness, headaches, coming up of food, wind on stomach, palpitation and other indications of disorder in the digestive tract will find Green's August Flower a most effective and efficient assistant in the restoration of nature's functions and return to health and happiness. There could be no better testimony of the value of this remedy for these troubles than the fact that its use for the last fifty-four years has extended into many thousands of households all over the civilized world and no indication of any failure has been obtained in all that time. Very desirable as a general laxative. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

From Bad to Worse.

"I don't find so many people borrowing umbrellas and forgetting to return them," remarked the observant citizen.

"I believe the umbrella borrower was a less expensive friend," rejoined the man who is always longing for the old days. "What you've got to look now is a taxicab fare all the way to the suburbs."

Dont Forget Cuticura Talcum

When adding to your toilet requisites. An exquisitely scented face, skin, baby and dusting powder and perfume, rendering other perfumes superfluous. You may rely on it because one of the Cuticura Trio (Soap, Ointment and Talcum). 25c each everywhere.—Adv.

A Gentle Hint.

Wife—"Dearest, do you love me still?" Hubby—"How I could if you would only get that way!"

Don't growl at what you can't help or what you can help.

The Man Nobody Knew

(Copyright by Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc.)

By HOLWORTHY HALL

CHAPTER XII—Continued.

—13—

he's going to take a look at it way West," said Hilliard, diffi-, and added, with more generos- than Waring had anticipated. and I both asked him to. Let —and Jack—handle it together. een them, they'll make rather an stive study, don't you think? And might turn up something that all would want to know."

at's right! It's a thought. Well Cullen looked at his watch. "I waste any more time on this tom- business. I ought to have been office an hour ago. Anybody go- downtown?"

am—but I'll walk," said Waring ly.

n I stay?" asked Hilliard of An- in an undertone.

want you to," she said. Her eyes wed Waring to the doorway.

ter they had been alone for a full te, and neither of them had ut- a syllable, it came to Hilliard the chief difficulty in being evil make an end of it, but that the difficulty in being virtuous is to . His brain was active and his ions were placid; but to his mild lexity he had no compelling de- to make a start. There was no raining impediment working st him, as on the occasion of his view with Carol; his impulses merely lazy. Indeed, he was r highly gratified at the course things this morning; he argued Waring's zeal and Armstrong's rary had relieved him from any ssity of an out-and-out avowal of innocent fraud; it was much more factory, since all the issues were confused, to turn his affairs over Cullen, and to await the inevitable ct on an impersonal basis. In the ntime, he was deeply touched by en's confidence in him; Cullen and Durant alike had refused to be the obvious truth; he wondered dly what it would have meant to to have had such a reputation his youth onward; the gratifica- now would have been superlative ovided only that he had been en- to his pride.

He's jealous of you," said Angela ptly. "That's all—he's jealous. ply wild with it. You know that— 't you?"

illiard started; for it wasn't an oldening beginning. Not the least it implied exactly the sort of rival- which he had feared, and which he come to relinquish.

Who is? Oh! Rufus Waring?" Terribly jealous. Perfectly crazy it. That's what all this whole is about." She tossed her head fully. "I don't care; do you?"

he unreserved bluntness of it near- ook him off his feet; renewing the astating suspicion that Angela had n to care too much for him—too h for her own good.

Why, Angela!" he said lamely. "Of rse I do. It hurts me."

he hammered a gold-embroidered -cushion with one tiny fist.

Oh, he's jealous of everything and ybody. That doesn't count any e. Only it made me perfectly ous. . . . I wanted to scratch him the very idea of his daring to say thing like that about you! Even ou do like me a lot!" She sighed rily. "And yet if you stop to think ut it, it was sort of brave, too— ding up to all of us when it was e to one, and he was wrong—poor !"

illiard looked down at her with affection and troubled relief.

As long as I've a defender like you ouldn't worry," he said, "but I'm id it won't be for so very long. ela, that you'll feel like defending "

Why not?" she asked.

Just a notion of mine. It strikes that you're fonder of Rufus than let yourself think. And he needs hampion worse than I do; I'm more d to taking care of myself."

he corners of her mouth were pe- arly sensitive.

Such a queer notion!" she said. here'd you ever get it?"

Oh, it came of its own accord. "

It's been such a funny day," she , musing. "Rufus was funny, and was funny, and you're so funny, Carol was funny this morning. I'm funny now, and—"

Carol!" he echoed involuntarily.

She laughed at him, enjoying his dis- ofiture with the sweet insolence of haughty juvenile; and it was note- rthy that her arraignment of War- stopped short at this point.

I know something about you!" she nted wickedly.

What do you know, bright child?" demanded, red to the temples.

I know!" Her tone was singing. do you! Look at the man blush! y, you guilty thing! Why, you red anium!"

He sat down beside her, staring at vivid, flower-like face.

Angela, you little demon, stop hing at me!"

was fresh incentive; she only bub- d the more.

I told you I'd laugh at you some time," she reminded him triumphantly, "and this is the time!"

"Think so?"

"I know so!" All at once she became demurely sober. "I'm awfully glad, honestly . . . it isn't out yet, of course, but everybody knows about you and Carol, especially since Jack Armstrong lost out, and went West, just the way they do in novels. I'm just as glad as I can be. Only you might have given me a wee little hint—just to me, you know, mightn't you?"

"Angela!" He caught at her hand.

"Oh! That wakes you up, doesn't it?" Her manner changed to the maternal; if Hilliard had been in a diffent frame of mind it would have convulsed him. "Now, just be calm and tell me all about it," she instructed him indulgently. "Tell me everything—I won't repeat it to a single soul! I'm awfully excited about it. Please tell me."

"Angela! Where did you—"

She pouted instantly.

"Not just plain 'Angela'—put some trimming on it."

"Well—Angela, dear . . . what's that about Jack Armstrong? Say that again—and tell me everything you know about it. Be serious for once. That's a good girl!"

Her eyes were mischievously tender; somehow she reminded Hilliard of that moment in the hallway of the Durants' house—the most precious of all his recent memories.

"Will you tell me if I tell you?"

"Yes. I guess so."

Her finger was upraised in warning.

"Say 'Yes, dear.'"

"Yes, dear," said Hilliard, writhing.

She settled herself with a little flounce of excitemnt.

"Well . . . Jack asked her, and she refused him. . . . Flat as a pancake. That's gospel truth! She told me she'd refused him, and he told me the pancake part. And everybody's glad of it—he's a nice boy; awfully nice—but nowhere near as nice as you are. And he's just naturally gone away to get over it. And you're the only one left. So—that's finished."

He stared at her unblinkingly. Had he really been at such cross-purposes with Armstrong at the station, then? The conception was illuminating.

"Everybody?" he repeated, red and white by turns, and mightily hushed. "What does that mean?"

"Just that. Everybody. That is—" Her accent was deliciously superior. "That is, all the people one knows."

"They think . . . they think I'm the . . . the one?"

"Silly!" She patted his head. "I didn't believe you'd try to camouflage me. No—honestly—isn't it true?"

He studied her a moment. "What would you say if it were?" he asked soberly.

She returned his gaze with engaging frankness.

"Oh, I want it to be—I want it to be!" she said. "Carol's the sweetest thing in town, and as for you . . . well, sometimes I almost wish I could marry you myself!"

His heart leaped dangerously. One complication the less! Oh, the respite of it! Angela removed from the problem and—he sank back wearily—Carol coming into it again, and irrevocably.

That Wakes You Up, Doesn't It?"

"'Almost?'" he queried mechanically.

She looked at the floor; when she raised her eyes he saw the well remembered depths in them. She was half-child, half-woman—and the woman was speaking with the child's tongue. Her hand covered his; the warm, timid pressure was very assuaging.

"Yes, 'almost' . . . I suppose I can really talk to you, can't I? I always thought I could . . . well, when you first came here I was perfectly crazy about you . . . I am yet, in a way, only sort of boiled down . . . you know. Not like a sister at all, but . . . not the other sort, either. I thought it was going to be—once—but . . . I . . . I like you better than anybody else in the world—all but two. . . . I liked to be kissed by people I like . . . and . . . you know it's sort of like sunlight; I need lots of it. People have always fussed over me. . . ." Here she gave a poignant sigh for her lost youth. "Only . . . it's funny, too . . . but one of the two people I do like better than I do you . . . in a different way . . . is . . . is Rufe Waring. He's jealous as a . . . a tom cat . . . but somehow I don't mind it from him; I always like it. . . . He was so frightfully jealous about you, and I . . . I teased him about that. It was just because he thought you weren't quite good enough for me, I guess. And you've got to give him credit for that, now, haven't you? . . . And . . . I hope you and Carol 'll be awfully happy together."

"Dear girl!" said Hilliard gently.

"Do you understand?" Her eyes were very pleading, very misty.

"Understand?—yes. Can I wish you happiness, too?"

"Not yet," she said, adorably prim. "He hasn't . . . oh, we both know about it, but he's got to graduate from law school first, and—after that . . . maybe I can . . . travel a little." She blushed shamefully. "You needn't grin like a Cheshire cat—I guess I'll see Niagara Falls, anyway!"

"I wasn't grinning," he said. "I was smiling at you right out of my heart. . . . But I do wish happiness to you—always and always. And I'm happier myself than I've been for ages . . . dear . . . ." He stopped, swamped by the recollection that it was Waring who was to share in the demonstration of his perfidy. To wish happiness to an executioner—and not be a hypocrite? Incredible—yet true. Hilliard wished him happiness.

"What is it?" she demanded, alert to his altered expression.

"Nothing, . . . I'm just sorry I'm not a Mormon!"

"You're fibbing! Still . . ."

Hilliard rose hastily.

"Wait!" she said. "You can't go until you've told me one more thing . . . you don't honestly think Rufe's underhanded, now, do you?"

"No—oh, no, Angela. A man can be so upset that he can—"

"You know we were just shocked and surprised—and Dad's awfully quick tempered. And it was so sudden! We didn't stop to talk it over, we sailed right into him, and all of us got excited, and then you came in. We didn't know how frightfully jealous Rufe could be—he's been bad enough before, but this time was the limit—and it's only because he's a boy. It's . . . sort of primeval. You know."

"Yes, dear—yes!"

"And . . . he did know us long before he ever knew you. He thought he was protecting us. It was just an obsession—"

"It's all right—quite all right. Please!" He touched her hair lightly. "I wish I were as sure you'd always defend me as I am that you'll stick to him, Angela."

"That's twice you've said that . . . and you know what I think! I've told you. And . . . are you going off without telling me anything at all?" Her voice betrayed the irreparable injury in it.

Hilliard moistened his lips.

"Angela, dear, next to one other person I love you better than any one else on earth."

"That's nice," she said, with a sigh of perfect content.

He bent to her, but she eluded him.

"Oh, no!" she gasped in fluttering protest. "Even if you . . . but I've told you about Rufe now—you haven't told me about Carol, but it's plain as day—it wouldn't be right!"

"Angela!"

She relented swiftly; his voice was something to rely on.

"Well—just my cheek, then. Honestly, I . . ."

"No, dear," said Hilliard. He compelled her chin upward, and smiled down into her lovely, startled eyes, and stooped and kissed her forehead . . . then her lips.

"That's for good-by," he said, "to the dearest little girl I ever knew. . . . We're both growing up, aren't we?"

CHAPTER XIII.

In the colorless days that followed, Hilliard listlessly set about the ordering of his final plans. Fortunately, there were few of them; his mind would never have been equal to intricate detail.

It was a slight consolation to him to realize that the city had a habit of judging men by personal rather than by financial standards; for all its pride and wealth, it would censure him more for his wrecked personality than for whatever money losses he had caused. He was prepared to endure that censure; and because he understood the provocation behind it, he was all the more eager to aid in the salvage. There would be more saved from the underwriting project, he thought, than from his character.

He had deposited with Cullen all he owned, except for his privats belongings, his runabout, and a trivial sum for current expenses. The runabout he would offer for sale; it meant a few hundred dollars more to be divided among his contributors. Beyond that, there was nothing else he could restore to them.

He didn't believe that Harmon would ever carry out his promised betrayal; not that he had faith in Harmon's code of ethics, but because he trusted Harmon's horse sense. If Hilliard were alone to be accused, Harmon would gain nothing and might, if he offered any adverse testimony, even implicate himself. Indeed, if Harmon should say enough to establish the proof in the dangerous status of an accessory before the fact. No . . . this was the same procedure; to let

"That's for Good-by."

the memory of Dicky Morgan rest in peace, and to let the brunt of anger fall on Henry Hilliard, who was a nobody from nowhere, with a lying face, a lying tongue, and no claque to mourn at his exit.

But then there was Angela's startling allegation . . . She had declared that "everybody" in town knew all about Hilliard and Carol. "Everybody" would have a different opinion. He had tried to explain himself to Carol, and he had failed; and in the light of Angela's revelation, it was difficult to decide whether Carol herself, in protesting that she wanted to retain him as a friend, had meant that and nothing more, or that and a great deal more. But no matter what she had intended to convey, he dared not go to her again, he dared not see her and speak to her, for if he lied to her . . . but he couldn't lie to her now, and every word of truth would prove a boomerang. He was trapped; and although his heart was breaking for the love he had almost won a second time, he remained steadfast to the ideals he had created. If Carol were to lose him as a suitor, she should never know that her first and foremost suitor had gone to the devil.

He told himself fiercely there was one definite and permanent way out of it. . . . Nobody would then have cause to gossip about Dicky Morgan; no one—after the first natural flood of excitement and denunciation—would remember very much about Henry Hilliard. It would save such a deal of needless trouble; it would save such a wearisome amount of shame.

But against the pitiless background of the war, self-destruction as a means of avoiding personal difficulties, self-caused, seemed curiously repellent—curiously cheap.

No . . . it was a part of his own grievance that Carol and the others must grieve, too; he had a dual responsibility to society. He had no right to leave these matters clouded by any uncertainty of motive. Syracuse had a right to know the facts; and if the facts brought pain to those he loved, why, that was something he should have thought about in June, and not in November.

As he clung comfortless to the last slipping hours of the reputation he had so carefully builded, he knew that it wasn't the punishment of the law that he dreaded, it was the ostracism which would accompany it. It wasn't his own shame which gripped him, it was the consciousness of the shame which would attach to his friends. And so, for a day or two, all his faculties were strung upon the attitude of the public toward him; he was watching frantically for the first signs of adverse demeanor, and bracing himself for the shock which was unavoidably to come. For secrets will out, and although he had no reason to expect Waring to break his pledge, he knew that when rumor smolders among as many as four people, there comes—there always comes—a moment in which it bursts forth in spontaneous combustion

Presently he sensed a subtle supercharging of the atmosphere whenever he met a male acquaintance; he couldn't deny that the greeting of his bankers was suddenly less informal, more impersonal; he perceived, with a sinking spasm of foreboding, that fewer people stopped to chat with him on the street and that those who still were willing to halt and pass the time of day were uncommonly restive about it. Syracuse hadn't yet arrayed itself officially against him, and a part of Syracuse was outwardly as pleasant as ever, but there wasn't the slightest question that the story had leaked out, and that it had got itself adherents. The end was plainly in sight; Armstrong's report was due. Only the Cullens and the Durants and one or two other of the James street families were quite as cordially attentive as formerly; and to Hilliard's vast chagrin, they rather overdid it . . . he seemed to feel in the steady warmth of their friendship a sort of blindly unseasonable resolution to support him, whether or no. This, infinitely more than the cooling manner of the majority, galled him incessantly. It was as though they rallied to his defense before the need of it . . . it was as though they conceded in advance the necessity of such a defense.

So Hilliard waited, waited . . . smiling upon the world his hollow smile, carrying through the city the body of a knave and the face of a martyr and the soul of a gentleman . . . and in the watches of the night, he was perplexed to find that his eyes were sometimes wet, but never when he was thinking of himself—always when he was thinking of Angela, or Carol, or—unexplainably—of a common-enough representative of the French bourgeoisie named Pierre Dutout.

. . . . . .

On the eighth day, he chanced to meet Dr. Durant by accident in front of the Physicians' building at nigh noon.

"Hello, there! You're just in time," said the Doctor, cheerfully. "I'm going over to the University club for lunch. Won't you join me? I want your advice. I'm the worst business man in the world—you probably know that by this time. And I trust my friends for friendship; but when I want advice, I go to an expert. So you qualify on both counts. Come along over."

Hilliard was flattered, but not deceived.

"I'm not sure that my advice is worth anything half as expensive as a luncheon, Doctor."

The older man took him by the arm, and impelled him across the street.

"That depends on your appetite," he laughed. "Come along, and help me out on a decision I've got to make. About an investment."

Hilliard hung back for a moment, while suspicion dawned on him.

"What sort of investment, Doctor?" he queried.

"You come and sit down," urged the Doctor, seductively. "And we'll talk it over later. But first of all—" He patted his waistcoat. "Let's eat."

Hilliard was almost too grateful to speak; the Doctor's strategem was patent, but in all chivalry the invitation couldn't be declined. Once inside the doors of the club, however, he became panicky; for his first sweeping reconnoissance included half a dozen men whose late behavior had indicated that they knew.

The Doctor drew Hilliard under the mantle of his own unassailable position, and plowed ahead with the utmost serenity. He nodded here and there, he spoke to members right and left; he bowed across the room; always his personality, rather than his person, seemed to be escorting and guarding Hilliard; and Syracuse couldn't decline to acknowledge a man who was under the Doctor's adequate protection. Those who spoke to the Doctor also spoke to Hilliard; there was no way out of it, and they spoke as casually as they could. They also nodded to him, and bowed, but when his back was turned, they became low-voiced and communicative, and he knew it.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Divers in Ancient History.

The earliest mention of diving is made by Homer, about 850 B. C., in the "Iliad," when Patroclus compares the fall of Hector's charioteer to a diver diving for oysters; and Thucydides tells of divers being used to remove submarine barriers placed with the object of impeding or injuring the Grecian fleet at the siege of Syracuse. These divers had no apparatus save a stone to carry them quickly to the bottom and to cling to for the brief period, about two minutes, they could stay below. This is called natural diving and is still in use for collecting sponges and pearls at Ceylon and in the Mediterranean.

Short Answer.

Tenderfoot Scout (to second-class scout who has just had his hair cut)—How is it that your hair is so short—did you have it cut?

Second-class Scout—No, I washed my head last night and my hair shrunk.—Boys' Life.

—if you catch me!

To the wearer who finds PAPER in the heels, counters, insoles or outsoles of any shoes made by us, bearing this trade-mark.

FRIEDMAN-SHELBY BRANDS
THE ALL LEATHER LINE
INTERNATIONAL SHOE CO.
ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

"It Takes Leather to Stand Weather"

See your neighborhood dealer and insist on the Friedman-Shelby "All-Leather" Trade-Mark. It means real shoe economy for the whole family.

D405

Harvest 20 to 45 Bushel to Acre Wheat in Western Canada

Think what that means to you in good hard dollars with the great demand for wheat at high prices. Many farmers in Western Canada have paid for their land from a single crop. The same success may still be yours, for you can buy on easy terms.

Farm Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

located near thriving towns, good markets, railways—land of a kind which grows **20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre.** Good grazing lands at low prices convenient to your grain farm enable you to reap the **profits from stock raising and dairying.**

Learn the Facts About Western Canada

—low taxation (none on improvements), healthful climate, good schools, churches, pleasant social relationships, a prosperous and industrious people.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent.

FORTUNES BEING MADE IN OIL

Get your share of California oil profits. Famous RICHFIELD District leads state's production. Write for FREE folder descriptive of this favored field and its opportunities.

EDWARD L. OLMSTEAD & CO., Brokers
Bank references. 20 years in California
H. W. Hellman Bldg. Los Angeles, Cal.

World's Largest Organ.

The largest organ in the world will be installed in the cathedral now nearing completion in Liverpool. This mammoth among musical instruments will have no fewer than 10,567 pipes and 215 stops, each actuated by its separate draw-stop knob.

CASCARETS

"They Work while you Sleep"

Knock on wood! You're feeling fine, eh? That's great! Keep the entire family feeling that way always with occasional Cascarets for the liver and bowels. When bilious, constipated, headachy, unstrung, or for a cold, upset stomach, or bad breath, nothing acts like Cascarets. No griping, no inconvenience. 10, 25, 50 cents.—Adv.

Needed "Pill" Right on the Start.

Little Eleanor returned home after her first day at school. She said:

"Mamma, I need a pencil and a pill. The pill is a book you write in, the teacher said."

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly without scars. 25c and 50c by all druggists. For free sample write The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill.—Adv.

What the average man needs is somebody to make him do the best he can.

For The Best Shine Ask For The Big Can

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

YOUR
BUILDING PLANS
ARE IMPORTANT TO US —
BRING THEM IN.

We are just as much interested in your small lumber bills as in your larg ones.

Regardless of the size of your requirements we want the opportunity to serve you.

You'll iind our prices right. our stock as complete as your need demand, our service adequate ann satisfac tory in every way.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Men's Wear

FOR FALL and WINTER

Men and bovs will find a big selection of Fall and Winter wear at this store as our stock is complete. Look over the list--

Heavy Duck Coats
Sweaters in all styles
Hats, Caps, Neckwear
Dress and Work Shoes
Dress and Work Shirts
Light and Heavy Underwear

Anything you will need will be found here in Men's and Boy's dress and everyday wear.

Bring your Eggs to Us.

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

REAL ROOSEVELT ABHORRED WILSON AND HIS WORKS

Yet Democratic Candidate for Vice Presidency Slanders Great Leader's Memory.

MAKING FUTILE ATTEMPT TO WIN ON OLD ISSUES

Fifth Cousin Removed Roosevelt Not Able to Convince Followers of T. R. by Specious Arguments.

By SCOTT C. BONE.

Touring the country as a candidate for Vice President, Franklin D. Roosevelt is vainly endeavoring to invoke the progressive spirit of 1912 in support of Wilsonism and the election of the Democratic ticket in November.

What would the real Roosevelt—Theodore Roosevelt—the immortal T. R.—say to his followers were he alive today?

Gone, he left burning words which tell all too plainly what his attitude would be at this time.

He abhorred Wilsonism, just as he abhorred Danielism, with both of which Franklin D. Roosevelt has been identified as an under Secretary.

Condemned Wilsonism.

Theodore Roosevelt condemned Wilsonism and the whole Wilson administration in unsparing terms.

Read anew what he said at Cooper Union on November 3, 1916:

"I have been assailed because I have criticised Mr. Wilson. I have not said one thing of him that was not absolutely accurate and truthful.

"I have not said one thing of him which I did not deem it necessary to say because of the vital interests of this republic.

"I have criticised him because I believe he has dragged in the dust what was most sacred in our past and has jeopardized the most vital hopes of our future. . . .

"I criticise him now because he has adroitly and cleverly and with sinister ability appealed to all that is weakest and most unworthy in the American character; and also because he has adroitly and cleverly and with sinister ability sought to mislead many men and women who are neither weak nor unworthy, but who have been misled by a shadow dance of words.

"He has made our statesmanship a thing of empty elocution.

"He has covered his fear of standing for the right behind a veil of rhetorical phrases.

"He has wrapped the true heart of the nation in a spangled shroud of rhetoric.

"He has kept the eyes of the people dazzled so that they know not what is real apd what is false. So that they turn, bewildered, unable to discern the difference between the glitter that veneers evil and the stark realities of courage and honesty, of truth and strength.

"In the face of the world he has covered this nation's face with shame as with a garment."

So much for Theodore Roosevelt's opinion of Wilson and Wilsonism in support of which Franklin D. Roosevelt, life-long Democrat, would now invoke the progressive spirit of 1912!

Abhorred Danielism.

And what did Theodore Roosevelt think of Daniels' administration of the Navy Department of which the Democrat, Franklin D. Roosevelt, has been a more or less conspicuous factor and part?

In a speech on "Americanism and National Defense" at Chicago, October 26, 1916, Theodore Roosevelt said:

"More harm has been done to the navy by the politicians in power during the last three years than in the preceding thirty. Whatever good has been accomplished in the navy during the last three years has been done by naval officers, who, in most cases, have been snubbed and punished for their proposals as long as it was safe to do so; whereas Mr. Daniels now turns and claims credit for what was thus forced upon him. . . .

"In short, throughout President Wilson's term there has been neglect or positive maladministration in connection with departmental organization in navy yards, aeronautics, mines and torpedoes, and in all other matters affecting the efficiency of the fleet and the enthusiasm of its officers and men. . . . The activity and energy of the Navy Department under President Wilson has been primarily concentrated upon schemes aimed at vote-getting or advertising."

This, then, is what Theodore Roosevelt thought of the administration of the Department from which Franklin D. Roosevelt, Democrat and exponent of Wilsonism, fain would reach the Vice Presidency and have progressives of 1912, followers of the real Roosevelt, help to keep the Democratic party in power and make Wilsonism endure!

It is inconceivable that any true follower of Theodore Roosevelt will hearken to such a preposterous appeal.

HERE'S A RECORD BREAKER

Is it any wonder that Ben Katter has been going about with the biggest kind of a smile on his face and strutting about like he owned the world? The cause of Ben's big smile is a fine thirteen pound baby boy who arrived at him his home last Thursday. Ben says the young husky will soon be able to help him on the farm and we will say he certainly has a good start. Cecil Benjamin Katter is the young man's name who has come to join the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Katter, residing a short distance from Klemme. And by the way Ben was handing out ten centers and we smoked one on the new boy.

G. P. McCullough has accepted the agency for the Johnson Laundry at Alebrt Lea, Minn., the best and most modern laundry in that country. Prices very reasonable. Basket leaves Wednesdy noon, back Saturday evening. 5-tf

Frank Gruetzmacher and family and Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Griesemer autoed to Ames last Sunday afternoon where they spent the day visiting with Harold Gruetzmacher who is taking an electrical engineering course at the state college.

There was an auto accident between Klemme and Garner Monday evening. Wm. Lau and family of Garner were returning from their trip west when they were run into by a Ford car driven by a party from Belmond. Both cars were smashed up to quite and extent but no one was injured.

Crawford, the new manager of the Klemme Hotel came Friday from Richland, Iowa. Mrs. Crawford has been here for several weeks. They are experienced hotel people and will give Klemme the best hotel we have had for several years. We are indeed glad to welcome them to Klemme for if there is any thing this little city needs right now it is a first class hotel and we believe now that the Crawfords will give Klemme a real hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Keraus were in town last Saturday to say goodbye to their friends before leaving for California. They went back to Clear Lake Saturday evening and left there Sunday for Pasadena, California, where they expect to remain for the next eigth or nine months. We wish the Keraus a fine trip while out there. Charlie promises that he will not shoot all the ducks or catch all the fish while there but will leave a few for any stray Klemme sports who may in the future wander out that way.

STATEMENT

of the ownership, management, circulation, etc., required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912, of Klemme Times, published weekly at Klemme, Iowa, for Oct. 1, 1920, State of Iowa, county of Hancock. Before me, a notary public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared R. A Jorgenson. who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the publisher and owner of the Klemme Times, and that the folowing is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in Section 443, Postal Laws and regulations.

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor and business manager are:

Publisher, R. A. Jorgenson, Klemme, Iowa.

Editor, R. A. Jorgenson, Klemme, Iowa.

Managing editor, R. A. Jorgenson, Klemme, Iowa.

Business manager, R. A. Jorgenson, Klemme, Iowa.

2. That the owner is R. A. Jorgenson, Klemme, Iowa.

R. A. Jorgenosn

Sworn o and subscribed before me this 1st day of October, 1920.

(Seal C. G. Waterman)

(My commission expires July 4, 1921)

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR
With the Will Annexed

Notice is hereby given, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Administrator with the will annexed of the Estate of Dora Lau, deceased, late of Hancock County, State of Iowa. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them, duly uthenticated, to the undersigned, for allcwance.

Dated Sept. 27th, A. D., 1920.

August Lau, Administrator with
3w 4 5 6 the Will Annexed

True.

"I understand that once he served a short term in prison. Yet he has redeemed himself and lived it down absolutely." "Well he would have lived it down, if it wasn't for the fools like you and me who continually keep digging it up for conversation purposes."

COMING!

"A Band Of Singers From The Land Of Singers"
Famous Hawaiian And American Popular Music As You Hear It In Honolulu.....
FOREMOST ORGANIZATION OF ITS KIND IN THE WORLD

At the
Idle Hour Theatre, Klemme, Ia.
Friday, Oct. 8
Admission 50c and 75c plus tax

There is no value, no profit, in money that is not invested nor in circulation.

Your money in this bank is building an asset for you and at the same time, as a basis for credit, is doing its full duty to the community.

As a source of profit to yourself, as the broad-minded, public spirited thing to do, we solicit the deposit of your surplus funds in this Bank.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — SURPLUS $25,000.00 DWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

TANLAC

A Splendid Tonic and System Purifier

A treatment prepared by the combination of roots barks and herbs gathered in various countries of the globe and blended to produce the best result.

A Blood Purifier and also for Stomach Bowel and intestinal trouble.

E. S. D. KAHRS

Your dollar will always buy the utmost value in this store....

Year in and year out, in times of war and in times of peace, you will find our values right. The lowest price consistant with good quality and that lasting satisfaction that really good clothing always gives.

We've a wonderful stock for you to choose from. A—1 through and through, a wide variety of the really new fabrics and styles. Come and see us. It will pay you to buy our kind of clothing.

Men's Suits $40.00 to $90.00
Boy's Suits $ 8.50 to $35.00

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

An Important Detail of Sales

The clerking of your sale is an important detail. Upon the clerk depends in a large measure the real success of the sale.

The officers of this bank are fully experienced and capable in this branch of banking and past successes make them of especial value to you at this time.

Come in and let us help you plan your sale from beginning to end.

First National Bank
KLEMME IOWA

Local Mention

Wm. Straatman was a visitor at Garner Thursday last between trains.

Harry Irving and family of Mason City, were visiting with the Ralph Irving family in Klemme Sunday.

Supervisor Burhow of Kanawha, was a business visitor in Klemme on Tuesday.

Wallace Pavey and family drove to Clarion Sunday for a visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Clara Kirkwood came last Thursday morning for a few days' visit at the A. Kirkwood home.

Mrs. Aug. Lau, Jr., left Monday with her son for Minneapolis, where the latter expects to take treatment of a specialist.

The populion of Klemme and Ell township is 970 as given out in the census report, which is a gain of 162 over the 1910 census.

John Miller left Saturday noon for Dyersville, Iowa, for a short visit from which place he will go to Illinois for a visit also.

Don't fail to look over the special advertisement of the First Methodist Church this week. Something out of the ordinary for Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Eichmeyer, of Sheffield, came Friday morning last fo a short visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Platt.

J. B. Spitler has so far recovered from his recent operation that he was ble to be up town for the first time Saturday. He is getting along fine and is feeling much better.

Ole Peterson, of Britt, was in Klemme a couple of days the fore part of the week. Ole is out working in the interests of the Fair Association and soliciting the farmers to take shares.

Mr. Thomas F. Carrol, of Seneca, Illinois, was a business visitor in Klemme a few days the fore part of the week. Mr. Carol owns the farm just east of the Joe Johnson farm, east of Klemme.

The paved road between Ventura and Clear Lake is now open to traffic. The paved road has been completed as far as Ventura but Cerro Gordo county expect to pave west to the Hancock county line this coming year.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Juhl, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Nissen and Mrs. Allen Hallet, all of Forest City, autoed to Klemme Sunday and spent the day at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond White. The first party mentioned are parents of Mrs. White.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs left Sunday morning for Minneapolis, via. Belmond, where they will attend the wedding of their neice, Miss Lucile Ballard. During their absence the store was tended by G. H. Ludwig, of Nevada, a brother of Mrs. Kahrs.

The J. N. Day family and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith and Mabel Smith, Mrs. A. E. Buriff, Mr. and Mrs. Trafford and Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Ell all left in cars for Humboldt, Iowa, early last Sunday morning to take in the Northwest Iowa Conference which was in session there. They returned the same evening.

Garner is now paving her main street. The paving from the old bakery corner to the Milwaukee tracks will be 68 feet wide. From the bakery south to a block south of the court house the paving will be divided in the center by a parking. The paving gang expect to finish the paving as far as they will go this fall in a short time now.

According to the Belmond Herald-Press, W. A. Thmpson is back in the restaurant business in that city, having purchased the place known as Ye Sweete Shoppe. "Bill" was formerly in business here a few years ago and was the proprietor of the Crystal Cafe. He had another place in Belmond which he sold last spring but "Bill" likes the restaurant business and just had to get back again.

The stork got busy last Thursday afternoon and left a fine ten and a half pound baby girl at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Harvey. Mother and the little girl are fine. Sam was around bright and early the next day with a box of cigars under one arm and a big grin on his face and would stop everyone he met, explain what a fine girl he had and give them a cigar to smoke while he was telling all about Enid Velma Harvey, his new daughter. Sam makes a first class papa but is still acting strange and we doubt if he will recover for some time.

Public Sale Of Shoats and General Sale

I will hold a sale of fine Shoats and general auction in Klemme on

Saturday, Oct. 9, 1920

Beginning promptly at 1:00 P. M., the following

125 Head of Shoats 125

These shoats are good thrifty pigs and weighing from 50 to 125 pounds each, mosty red but also some whites and blacks--all fine animals.

Span of Mules - Team of Horses

This pair of four year old mules are sound and broke for all kinds of work. Also will sell a brand new set of work harness.

One gray gelding 5 yr old wt. 1400; One sorrel gelding 5 yr old wt. 1800.

Ford Truck 1917 Model like new, equipped with four grain boxes, hog rack, pneumatic tires, and also extra set of rear wheels with solid rubber tires, set of tools, etc.

Miscellaneous Hog feeder, 50 gal. hog waterer, good 30 bu. self feeder, hog troughs, barrels, about 500 to 700 rods 26 inch American woven wire fence in 20 rod rolls, 100 cedar posts, and other articles.

TERMS—All sums of $10 and under, cash. Over $10 a credit of twelve months' time will be given on approved notes bearing interest at 8 per cent from date of sale.

C. M. Bredbenner, Owner

Young & Reemstma, Auctioneers **State Savings Bank, Clerks**

Attention Farmer!

Don't put off buying your machinery but come in now while we can supply you. It takes a long time to get machinery from the factory so come in now, while have the goods on hand.

Corn Pickers

We still have a few on hand and give you either a Deering or McCormick.

Portable Elevators

You need an elevator--saves time, money and work. See our new Sandwich Elevators. Also received some Horse Powers for running your elevator, feed grinder, etc.

Manure Spreaders

We have a Nisco or Deere spreader for you.

Wagons

We have a fine supply of Deere and International wagons and boxes.

The Primrose

Is the best Cream Separator made, it gets ALL the cream, ask us.

We also sell Round Portable Corn Cribs and Shoveling Boards.

Used Machinery

We have some used machines--plows, all kinds, wagons, gas engines, trucks, etc at REAL BARGAINS.

Tell Your Machine Wants to Us

W. M. BAACK

High Grade Farm Implements. Klemme, Ia.

That Nagging Backache

Are you tortured with a throbbing backache? Suffer sharp pains at every sudden move? Evening find you "all played out?" Perhaps you have been working too hard and getting too little rest. This may have weakened your kidneys, bringing on that tired feeling and dull, nagging backache. You may have headaches and dizziness, too, with annoying kidney irregularities. Don't wait. Help the weakened kidneys with *Doan's Kidney Pills*. They have helped thousands and should help you. Ask your neighbor!

An Iowa Case

Roy Bird, prop. garage, 12th St., and 13th Ave., Belle Plaine, Iowa, says: "I strained my back and was so lame that I had to use crutches. I had severe pains across my kidneys and the strain made them worse. I was told about Doan's Kidney Pills and I took them after I had tried other medicines. Doan's absolutely cured me."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Women Made Young

Bright eyes, a clear skin and a body full of youth and health may be yours if you will keep your system in order by regularly taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles, the enemies of life and looks. In use since 1696. All druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

No More Constipation or Blotchy Skin

Want a clear, healthy complexion, regular bowels, and a perfect working liver? All easy to obtain if you take CARTER'S Little Liver Pills, the sure safe and easy acting remedy. For headache, dizziness, upset stomach and despondency, they have no equal. Purely vegetable.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

PILES ORIENTAL PILE SALVE is sold on a positive guarantee to give relief. Use it for itching piles, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. If you are not satisfied you get your money back. You are the judge. We don't argue; square dealing is our motto. Try us. Price $1.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

East India Medicine Co.
126 South Jefferson Ave. St. Louis, Mo.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

Naughty Fido.

Hortense had taken Fido to a party where several other doggies had been invited. Upon returning home mother asked how she had enjoyed the party. "Oh, pretty well," she answered, "but I was dreadfully ashamed of Fido. He kept on barking and barking, and wouldn't give any of the other doggies a chance to say a word!"

USE "DIAMOND DYES"

Dye right! Don't risk your material in a poor dye. Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into old garments, draperies, coverings, everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes" — no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed. Druggist has "Diamond Dyes Color Card"—16 rich colors. Adv.

Then Father Spurted.

While mamma was out one evening, father undertook to cut little Freddie's hair. Barbers are so expensive in these days.

Though he was making quite a good job of it, he was rather slow, and Freddie, who is only six and a bit, found the operation wearisome.

"Are you nearly done, daddie?" he asked at length.

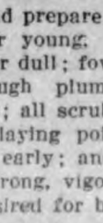
"Very nearly, sonny," replied his father. "I've only got the front to do now."

"I'm afraid," sighed the small boy sadly, "that the back will grow again while you're finishing the front."

Fully Occupied.

Mrs. Peevish says she feels confident that Mr. Peevish will never acquire another bad habit, as it takes all his waking hours to practice those he already has, and when he is asleep he snores.—Dallas News.

Use MURINE Night and Morning and Keep Your Eyes Clean - Clear and Healthy



Write for Free Eye Care Book Murine Co., Chicago, U.S.A.

GUARD AGAINST PLANT ENEMIES

New and Important Safeguards Now in Effect at All Ports of United States.

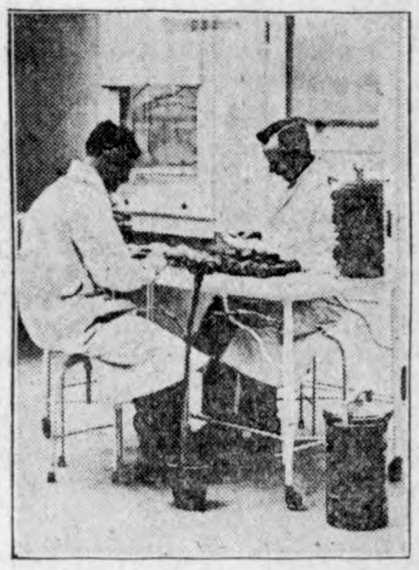
BAN ON DISEASES AND BUGS

Regulations Just Issued Supplement Provisions Which Have Been in Force for Years—Escape of Insects Less Likely.

Several important new safeguards went into effect August 1 in all parts of the United States regarding plants and plant products whose introduction into this country is restricted or prohibited by quarantine or other orders of the United States department of agriculture. The new regulations have just been issued by the secretary of agriculture and pertain to the arrival of prohibited and restricted plants carried on vessels arriving at ports where entry or landing is not intended. The provisions supplement regulations which have been in force for several years relating to entry for immediate export and entry for immediate transportation and exportation in bond of prohibited plants and plant products. The enforcement of the quarantines of the department of agriculture at ports of entry has shown the necessity for more adequate safeguards with respect to restricted and prohibited plants or plant products where entry or landing at a port is not intended. These safeguards have now been provided, making less likely the escape of insects or plant diseases from vessels temporarily stopping in United States harbors.

Captain Must Report.

The new regulations provide that a report shall be made to the secretary of agriculture by the captain or other person in charge of a vessel arriving at a United States port and containing on board plants or plant products the entry of which is prohibited or restricted. This report must state the nature and quantity of such plants or plant products, the country or locality



Federal Horticultural Board's Representatives Examining Plants Sent in to See if They Harbor Insects or Disease Which Should Be Excluded.

of origin, the date of arrival, the date of sailing from the United States port, together with a statement indicating the steps taken to prevent the escape of insects or plant diseases which they may carry.

Must Permit Inspection.

It is further provided that the person in charge of such vessel must allow inspection of his craft and must take such measures as are prescribed by the inspector representing the department of agriculture, to prevent the landing of any such plants or plant products or the escape of insects or plant diseases which they may carry. The collector of customs, in co-operation with the inspector of the department of agriculture, may require such person to destroy the objectionable plants and plant products or to remove them forthwith from the port and the territorial waters of the United States. If necessary, the inspector of the department may require the disinfection of the vessel in accordance with methods prescribed by the department of agriculture.

STRAW USEFUL AS ROUGHAGE

Also Advisable for Farmer to Use It Liberally for Beddding for Farm Animals.

Straw is too valuable to be allowed to remain unused. Fresh oat straw, as well as wheat straw, can be used as a roughage in wintering stock, says the United States department of agriculture. It is also advisable to use it liberally as bedding for farm animals, as it adds to their comfort and absorbs the liquid part of the manure, which is the most valuable portion.

PREPARE CULLS FOR MARKET

All Fowls, Young or Old, Which Appear Weak, Slow or Dull, Should Be Fattened and Sold.

Cull out and prepare for market all fowls, old or young, which appear weak, slow, or dull; fowls with drooping tails, rough plumage or crow-shaped heads; all scrubs except those which have laying points; all hens which moult early; and all males except those strong, vigorous, and of a pure type desired for breeding.

DESTROY POISON IVY IN FALL AND SPRING

Exercise Proper Care While Working on Plants.

For Killing Vines on Fence Posts and Trees Cut Plant Below Surface and Then Saturate Soil With Strong Salt Brine.

The work of eradicating poison ivy or poison sumac may be undertaken in the late fall or early spring with the least danger of poisoning. It is usually possible to find persons who are not easily poisoned by ivy or sumac who can be employed to remove the plants, but with the exercise of proper care almost anyone may undertake the work without incurring injury.

Overalls and heavy gauntleted gloves should be worn for protection while engaged in the work. Care should be taken in handling shoes and all articles of clothing that have come in contact with the plants, as the poison adheres to them and may make them a possible source of harm for an indefinite period.

The parts of the plants above ground are readily killed by spraying with strong brine (3 pounds of salt to a gallon of water), but additional sprayings are necessary to kill the new shoots that arise from the root-stocks. A better method, especially for killing vines on fence posts and on trees, is to cut the poison ivy below the ground and then saturate the soil around the cut bases of the plants with salt brine.

Valuable eradication hints," as well as much information concerning the plants and the treatment for their poison, are contained in Farmers' Bulletin 1166, copies of which may be had upon request of the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

MARKET REPORTER IS BIG SAVING MEDIUM

New Jersey Farmers' Exchange Is $2,000 Ahead.

Manager of Association Says Information in Article Discussing Cottonseed Meal Situation Was Responsible.

A saving of $2,000 in the purchase of ten cars of cottonseed meal was realized recently by a New Jersey farmers' exchange as a result of an article in the Market Reporter, published by the bureau of markets of the United States department of agriculture. The manager wrote that the information in the article which discussed the cottonseed-meal situation, caused him to delay placing an order for his association, with the result noted. The letter is typical of many received by the bureau.

The Market Reporter, issued weekly, and sent free on application, reports market conditions with regard to live stock and meats, poultry and dairy products, fruits, vegetables, peanuts, cotton, wool, grain, seeds, hay and feeds; the prices paid at representative markets and the volume of stocks being moved. The information on these various products is obtained from authoritative sources by means of direct representatives at large market centers, and through the co-operation of some 474 railroads whose superintendents make daily reports to the bureau as to carload lots of certain kinds of produce loading and in transit.

MEASURING PRICES OF HOGS

Form of Applied Mathematics Used by Department of Agriculture in Keeping Records.

Measuring the prices of a hog in bushels of corn, instead of in dollars, is a form of applied mathematics used by the United States department of agriculture in keeping tab on prices of farm products. Theoretically 100 pounds of live hogs should be worth about 13 bushels of corn. The rate varies. It is generally highest in the corn belt and lowest in New England, the far South, and the far West. At the present time the ratio is unusually narrow—that is, 100 pounds of hogs is not worth as many bushels of corn as usual. The department draws the inference that during the next 12 months hogs will advance more than corn or corn will decline more than hogs.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Why not grow more alfalfa?

* * *

Tile drainage is needed on many fields.

* * *

Careful preparation of the seedbed for sorghum pays.

* * *

Save the best for seed—not the tag ends of the season.

* * *

Grass should be allowed to cure partly before it is shocked.

* * *

There are less than 90,000 motor-trucks on America's 6,000,000 farms.

DAIRY FACTS

AMPLE COLD STORAGE SPACE

Survey Shows That 160 Warehouses Have Room for 190,000,000 Pounds of Butter.

The bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture, has just completed a survey of the space available for the storage of butter in the cold storages throughout the United States for the present season.

Reports have been received from approximately 160 warehouses. They show that during the month of June they had space available for the carrying of 141,700,000 pounds, and that during July they expected to have additional space sufficient to store 49,700,000 pounds. Of this amount, space

Butter in Cold Storage—There Is Evidently a Surplus Space in Warehouses This Year.

sufficient for the storage of 15,800,000 pounds had been contracted for before June 15.

During the month of June, in 1919, these same warehouses increased their holdings by 45,500,000 pounds and during July by 27,000,000 pounds, and their total holdings on August 1 were 95,200,000 pounds. The total holdings reported from all warehouses on September 1, 1919, amounted to a little more than 131,000,000 and the holdings of that date were the largest on record.

As 160 warehouses have sufficient space this year for the storage of more than 190,000,000 pounds, there will evidently be quite a surplus of space.

SELECTION OF DAIRY BULLS

Look for Heavy Production in Ancestors—Conformation of Hind Quarters Good Index.

As a large number of cows will be bred during the winter months, many farmers will be interested at this time in the purchase of a herd sire. Unfortunately, there seems to be a sort of prejudice against the mature bull. No sooner has he attained an age sufficient to demonstrate his value as a sire, than he is handed over to the butcher and his place is taken by a young animal of unknown quality.

There are several good reasons why this practice should not be followed. In the first place the progeny is apt to lack vigor. Further a frequent changing of sires is likely to produce a lack of uniformity in type and distinctive peculiarities that should characterize the good dairy herd. Against this, it is sometimes urged that old bulls become vicious and hard to handle. Doubtless, there are occasional grounds for this objection. In most cases, however, this might be overcome by allowing the animal plenty of exercise.

AVERAGE VALUE OF HEIFERS

Those Sired by Purebred Bull Worth Considerably More Than Those by Inferior Sires.

The heifers sired by a purebred dairy bull are worth considerably more than those sired by a grade or scrub bull. Some definite figures on this subject have been obtained by the University of Illinois in a dairy survey made on 577 farms in 1912. It was found that the average cash value of all the heifers sired by a purebred bull was $41, while those sired by a grade bull was $32, and those sired by a scrub bull only $30. On the other hand, the average value of the purebred bulls used was $82 and the average value of the scrub and grade bulls was $43.

The increased value of only four heifers sired by a purebred bull paid the difference in value of a scrub bull and a purebred bull.—E. M. Clark, Illinois College of Agriculture.

COWS REQUIRE FRESH WATER

Low Milk Flow Will Result if Animals Are Compelled to Drink From Polluted Ponds.

Good water should be provided at all times. Cows should not be forced to drink stale and polluted water from ponds and marshes. When this is the case their demands are not supplied and a low milk flow will be the result, according to R. W. Clark of the Colorado Agriculture college.

Eighty-seven per cent of milk is water and a cow giving five gallons of milk a day would require about thirty-five pounds of water for it alone, besides a larger amount for the other requirements of the body.

Water should be accessible at all times.

AIMS TO REACH 10

A Pittsburgher, Who Caused a Sensation, Tells of Rea

ANCIENT TONIC HIS SECRET

Hundreds of Thousands of Families Found Health and Happines Following His Instructions.

Six years ago H. H. Von Schlick could be seen any day visiting prominent Pittsburgh business men in their downtown offices. He carried a satchel, and his arrival was always greeted by a smile indicating welcome. These men were his customers. They drank at his "fountain of youth." They accredit him with a new lease of life and the healthy condition of their families.

Von Schlick has bright eyes and his cheeks indicate that pure red blood flows through his veins. He says he was younger at fifty than he was at thirty-five. He has never had a sick spell or any of the symptoms of the ailments which afflicted him before he began using a tea, the ingredients of which were conveyed to him by an old Bulgarian 20 years ago. Von Schlick makes this statement:

"I was recovering from the grippe, was run down, and a dizzy feeling in the head, and felt like the victim of the hook-worm. This old Bulgarian knew of my sickness and while in the office suggested, 'I give you something to make you feel better.' He returned next day with a package and told me to use one teaspoonful in a cup of hot water, and to repeat the dose once each night for a little while. He promised I would never be troubled from sickness again. I followed the prescription, skeptical, of course, and one day later I was seeking that old man to secure from him the ingredients of that tonic.

ONE HUNDRED YEARS YOUNG.

"He explained to me that in Bulgaria the older families regarded this tonic as the great disease preventative and health restorer; that it was handed down from generation to generation. At the first symptom of any sickness the mother or women of the family made the tea for all members. It is a well-known fact that Bulgarians are the oldest and healthiest people in the world.

"In Bulgaria and the Balkan countries of Eastern Europe, in spite of poor sanitary conditions, among 1,000,000 inhabitants there are 1,600 over 100 years old. In France there is only one person in 1,000,000 over 100 years old, and in Germany only one person 1,150,000. It is a rare news item in the United States when a man dies after reaching the century mark.

"My Bulgarian friend informed me that his progenitors reached this time of life and that they all had a healthy and happy old age. Asked for a reason he pointed to his tonic. A using this tonic for 15 years I ready to guarantee to the world it is the best prescription for he existing.

"Every member of my family ta one dose each week, my relatives use it, my friends and neighbors h been keeping health by reason o and hundreds of thousands of pe in this city, all sensible and w known, consider I have done them everlasting favor by convincing th of its merits.

"During all the terrible influe epidemic Bulgarian Blood Tea w used by countless thousands of s ferers with marvelous success and s lions of people took it steaming to prevent and ward off the disease

A 15-YEAR TEST.

"After 15 years of experience I positive that it will prevent sickne It will restore your health by eli nating the poisons. It will regul disorders of the digestive organs will increase poor circulation. It restore vitality, energy or streng It will make your brain respo splendidly to the strain of mod business. It will give you a health youthful complexion. It will prolo your life and, with proper diet, y should live to a ripe old age."

Bulgarian Blood Tea today is us by millions of people in every sta in the Union fighting off disease a old age weaknesses. They inclu happy girls budding into womanho or women crossing precarious three olds of life. All praise and recom mend it. Men regain strength an vitality, the blood becomes rich an pure and the fire and vim of robu health returns to those who were despair.

Bulgarian Blood Tea is guarantee to contain just pure herbs of marve ous medicinal and curative pow gathered from fields, mountains an valleys of Europe, Asia and Afric All drug stores now keep Bulgaria Blood Tea in stock, but, owing to th enormous demand immediate applic tion to your druggist is urgent on ac count of the limited source of supply Distributors of Bulgarian Blood Te are authorized to return the full pur chase price if it does not materiall improve your health in three weeks time. This evidence of faith in th power of Bulgarian Blood Tea is th guarantee of the Marvel Product Company, Marvel Building, Pitts burgh, who authorize this public an nouncement.—Adv.

Many a Pretty Face Spoiled by Pimples

Not only are these pimples and splotches disfiguring, but they lead to serious skin diseases that spread and cause the most discomforting irritation and pain. Sometimes they foretell Eczema, boils, blisters, scaly eruptions and other annoyances that burn like flames of fire, and make you feel that your skin is ablaze.

If you are afflicted with this form of skin disease do not expect to be cured by lotions, ointments, salves and other local remedies, as they can not possibly reach the source of the trouble, which is in the blood. Begin taking S.S.S. today, and write a complete history of your case to our chief medical adviser who will give you special instructions, without charge. Write at once to Medical Director, 152 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

MILK AND MEAT AS RIVALS

Rising Prices May Yet Force People to Turn to the Fluid to Sustain Life.

As the price of meat soars upward, many people are forced to be part-time vegetarians. Thus the old question, "Is meat essential to human well-being?" arises again. The committee on food and nutrition of the National Reserach council has issued an interesting report on the relative value of meat and milk.

Eighteen per cent of the protein and energy of grain used in feeding a cow goes into the milk, and is therefore recovered for human consumption; whereas only 3½ per cent is recovered in beef. As for the mineral elements in hay and grain, not much is stored in the tissues, but a great amount goes into milk.

Beef profiteers, beware! The hard-pressed public may decide to let milk take the place of beefsteak.—Popular Science Monthly.

Few angels boast of the attention shown them when they are entertained unawares.

OLD SORES, PILES AND ECZEMA VANISH

Good, Old, Reliable Peterson's Ointment a Favorite Remedy.

"Had 51 ulcers on my legs. Doctors wanted to cut off leg. Peterson's Ointment cured me."—Wm. J. Nichos, 40 Wilder Street, Rochester, N. Y.

Get a large box for 60 cents at any druggist, says Peterson, of Buffalo, N. Y., and money back if it isn't the best you ever used. Always keep Peterson's Ointment in the house. Fine for burns, scalds, bruises, sunburn, and the surest remedy for itching eczema and piles the world has ever known.

Cuticura Soap —The Safety Razor— Shaving Soap

Cuticura Soap shaves without mug. Everywhere 25c.

WHAT'S THE ANSWER? Great Sphynx Riddle Book "Quotations — Memory's Aid," 25c. Catalog free. DRIFT PUBLICATIONS, Marquette Bldg., Chicago 30c

154 ACRES IN RICH FARMING DISTRICT near LaFayette, Indiana. For quick sale at $250 per acre. E. G. Stroud, 1004 Rose Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.

Kill That Cold With HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

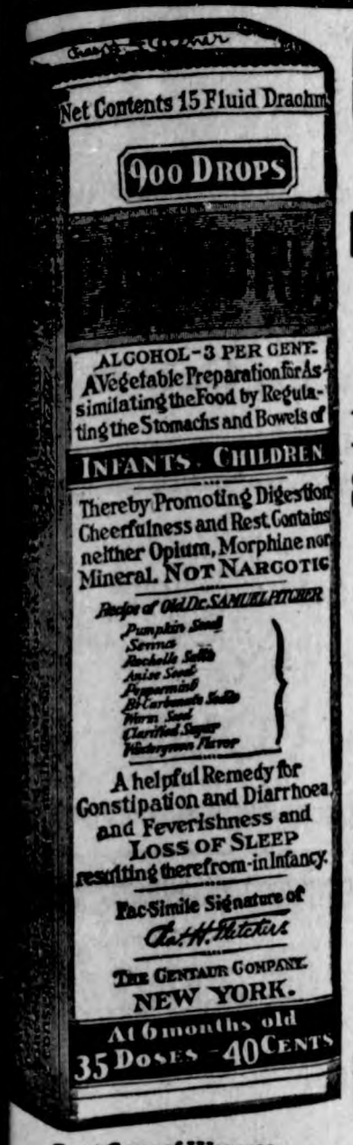
Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MODIFY CATTLE RULES ON "T. B."

That Shippers May Understand Restrictions Regulation Has Been Clarified.

TEST EMIGRANT SHIPMENTS

Registration of Temperatures Discontinued at Eighteenth Hour After Injection of Tuberculin—Heifers on Same Basis.

Modifications in the restrictions on interstate shipment of cattle imposed for the prevention of the spread of cattle tuberculosis are announced by the bureau of animal industry of the United States department of agriculture. In order that live stock shippers may more readily understand the restrictions, the entire regulation has been redrafted and the language clarified.

One of the modifications is for the aid of emigrants who live in sparsely settled sections of the country where it would be very expensive to have their cattle tested before moving them to another state. Such shipments usually do not pass through public stockyards, and veterinarians are not always available in such sections. The new regulation, therefore, permits emigrant shipments to be tested en route or at the destination. Permission to do so, however, must first be received from the bureau inspector in charge of tuberculosis eradication work in the state of destination, or from the proper state official.

Data gathered from the various state and bureau field workers, it is said, clearly indicate that the tuberculosis test can be shortened two hours without interfering with its efficiency. A modification, therefore, was made permitting the registering of temperatures to be discontinued at the eighteenth hour after the injection of tuberculin instead of the twentieth hour.

Time Limit Removed.

It was found advisable, too, to remove the time limit in which purebred

Jersey Cow With All Markings of a Good Milk Producer.

tuberculous cattle may be returned to their original owners. The present regulations require them to be reshipped within four months. The redrafted regulation places heifers on the same basis as all other female cattle subject to the test.

WEEVILS AND OTHER INSECTS

Little Pests May Be Kept Out of Seeds by Use of Carbon Bisulfide —How to Treat Them.

Weevils and other insects may be kept out of seeds by the use of carbon bisulfide. Seeds should be treated once as soon as the planting season is over, which will protect them from weevil during the summer. The second treatment should be given in the fall before cold weather comes on. To treat seeds with carbon bisulfide, put them in a jar, tub or other vessel which can be covered tightly. Put in about one tablespoonful of carbon bisulfide for every 10 gallons of space in the enclosure. Allow the seeds to remain in the fumes of the carbon bisulfide over night, then take them out and place again in dry storage quarters.

PUTTING ALFALFA INTO SILO

Good Results Have Been Obtained Where Rain Interferes With Making Hay.

In sections where rain interferes with alfalfa hay making, good results have been obtained by putting the alfalfa in the silo. The most favorable reports state that the alfalfa should be in full bloom or fairly well matured before cutting for silage. It should be cut when the dew is on or wet from rain and hurried to the silo. Cut in short lengths, the finer the better, as it packs more firmly and keeps with less waste. When put into the silo before it becomes sufficiently mature, alfalfa makes a very sour silage and has a disagreeable odor. First crop alfalfa is preferred by most of the men who have tried alfalfa silage.

CULLING IS CONTINUOUS JOB

Breeder Who Waits Until Fall to Dispose of Poor Specimens Will Lose Money.

The hen in good health and laying condition is a veritable high-speed, heavy-duty dynamo, and requires special facilities and special conditions in which to live and do her best. She needs an abundance of fresh air and exercise to aid digestion, purify the blood and keep her healthy and productive. She must have a comfortable home.

BEST TIME TO BEGIN WITH POULTRY FLOCK

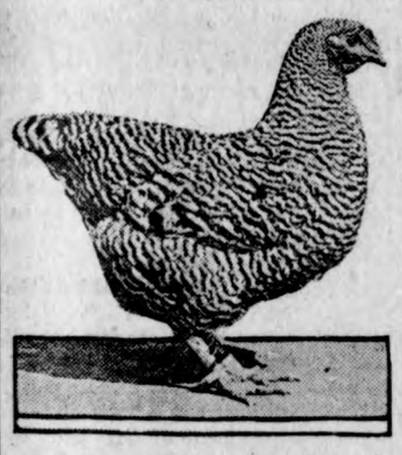
Pullets Are to Be Preferred When Obtainable.

Fowls Selected Should Be Well Matured So They Will Begin Producing Eggs Before Severe Winter Weather Sets In.

Beginnings in poultry raising may be made at any time of the year, but the fall is perhaps the best time for small poultry keepers to make their start. Obtain pullets whenever possible rather than older hens, say experts of the United States department of agriculture. The pullets selected should be well matured so they will lay before cold weather sets in.

Here are the signs of maturity in pullets: Red color of the comb, and size and growth which are creditable for the breed or variety raised. Mature hens lay few eggs, if any, during the fall and early winter, while they are molting. Well-matured pullets, on the other hand, should lay fairly well and give an immediate return on the investment.

When pullets are to be purchased it is desirable to go to some farmer



Well-Matured Barred Plymouth Rock Pullet.

or poultryman of known dependability. Even if delivery of the birds is not desired for several weeks or months, it may pay to make arrangements for obtaining the desired number of pullets later at an agreed price.

GOOD SUBSTITUTES FOR HAY

Corn Fodder Can Be Made Most Satisfactory Roughage Feed for Farm Animals.

The short hay crop this year in certain localities will make the hay sell at a high price in those places. This situation has brought many men to the question of what is to be done for feed. The answer to this problem can be found without going off the farm, in many cases. A great deal of good feed blows to the wind every year in our cornfields. Corn fodder can be made one of the very satisfactory feeds for use with cattle and roughage for other animals. Corn fodder, if it is to be made into a good feed, should be handled as carefully as other feeds. It should be cut when the kernels are glazed and before a killing frost. Shocks should be of a medium size and well tied, so that the feed will be properly preserved. Oat straw, where it is not rusted, makes a very good feed for the wintering of horses. Straw or corn stover will not take the place of clover or alfalfa hay for feeding dairy cattle or in the fattening of other animals, but with stock which is being roughed through, it can be used very satisfactorily.

TO PREVENT GARLIC FLAVOR

Where Found in Small Patches Fence Off and Pasture Grass to Sheep or Other Animals.

Garlic flavor in milk may be prevented by keeping the cows away from the garlic or wild onions. If they are found only in small spots of the pasture they may frequently be fenced off and the grass pastured by young stock, sheep or horses. But if the garlic is pretty well distributed the objectionable flavor can be reduced to a minimum by taking the cows from the pasture at least four hours before milking. At noon put them in the barn or in a pasture free from garlic.

LATE CHICKS REQUIRE CARE

Plentiful Supply of Sour Milk Helps to Produce Rapid Growth—Furnish Dry Mash.

The late hatched chicks can seldom be made as profitable as early hatched stock, but the handicap of age can be partially made up by good care. Chicks that are hatched during hot weather must have shade provided for them. Plenty of sour milk helps to produce a rapid, vigorous growth. It pays to keep a dry mash before them at all times and have the hopper wide enough so that the most vigorous chicks will not crowd the chicks away.

SUCCESS IN TURKEY RAISING

One of Most Important Factors Is Proper Selection of Fowls for Breeding Purpose.

One of the most important steps toward success in turkey raising is the proper selection of breeding stock. Birds for breeding should be selected for vigor, size, shape, strong bone, early maturity, and color of plumage.

Thousands of Women

Owe Their Health To

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound — overshadowing indeed is the success of this great medicine. Compared with it, all other medicines for women's ills seem to be experiments.

Why is it so successful? Simply because of its sterling worth. For over forty years it has had no equal. Women for two generations have depended upon it with confidence.

Thousands of Their Letters are on our files, which prove these statements to be facts, not mere boasting.

Here Are Two Sample Letters:

Mother and Daughter Helped.

Middleburg, Pa. — "I am glad to state that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did me much good when I was 35 years old. I was run down with female trouble and was not able to do anything, could not walk for a year and could not work. I had treatment from a physician but did not gain. I read in the papers and books about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and decided to try it. The first few bottles gave me relief and I kept on using it until I got better and was able to do my work. The Vegetable Compound also regulated my daughter when she was 15 years old. I can recommend Vegetable Compound as the best medicine I have ever used." — Mrs. W. YERGER, R. 3, Box 21, Middleburg, Pa.

Fall River, Mass. — "Three years ago I gave birth to a little girl and after she was born I did not pick up well. I doctored for two months and my condition remained the same. One day one of your little books was left at my door and my husband suggested that I try a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I started it immediately and I felt better and could eat better after the first bottle, and I continued taking it for some time. Last year I gave birth to a baby boy and had a much easier time as I took the Vegetable Compound for four months before baby came. On getting up I had no pains like I had before, and no dizziness, and in two weeks felt about as well as ever." — Mrs. THOMAS WILKINSON, 363 Columbia Street, Fall River, Mass.

Wise Is the Woman Who Insists Upon Having

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

To Get More Eggs.

Knicker—What is a good policy?

Bocker—Put all your eggs in one basket and watch the hen.

"Pape's Diapepsin" for Indigestion

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the quickest, surest relief for Indigestion, Gases, Flatulence, Heartburn, Sourness, Fermentation or Stomach Distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief and shortly the stomach is corrected so you can eat favorite foods without fear. Large case costs only 60 cents at drug store. Absolutely harmless and pleasant. Millions helped annually. Best stomach corrective known.—Adv.

PROVED TRUE TO HER WORD

Hair Autoist ad Said She Would Be Back Promptly, and It Was Even More So.

On one of my first excursions in our new car, writes a correspondent. I stopped at the grocery with my car parked with the back toward the store door. I gave my order and told the clerk that I would be back to get my things in a very few minutes.

As I stepped into the car, my best "beau" came down the street, and anxious to show him how well I could drive, I hurriedly threw into gear. Raced the engine and let the clutch out to get a quick pickup.

It proved to be a wonderful one, as I had thrown into reverse and found myself in the doorway of the grocery store. I had gone over the curbing and all, breaking the window as I bumped into the store.

The grocer hurried out, and when he saw who it was, "Well," he said, "you have proved yourself a woman of your word, but it will cost you the price of a new show window."

Willing to Oblige.

"So you were in the service?" ejaculated the prospective father-in-law of the bashful aspirant to his daughter's hand. "Carry any scars?"

"No, sir," replied the would-be bridegroom, "but I've got a pack of cigarettes if you'd care to try one."—American Legion Weekly.

COULDN'T TAKE HER IN CUP

"Honey" Was What the Youngster Was After, but Not in Quite Such a Generous Quantity.

Tommy Brown had not studied penmanism and his brain was like a sieve. When his mother told him to take a cup to the grocer's and get it filled with honey he heard what she said; but when he got to the grocer's he forgot what he had come for.

The grocer named one article after another in the good-natured attempt to refresh his memory, but all to no avail. Then he turned to his plump wife and said:

"Honey, can you think what it might be?"

"That's it; that's it!" cried the boy, excitedly. "Honey! But, look here," he added, eyeing the buxom lady, "you'd better put her on my back and let me take her that way, for the cup wouldn't hold her."

To Be Relied On.

"Hiram," said Mrs. Corntossel, "do you think that political speaker will make an effort to reduce the high cost of living?"

"You mean the one who stopped here for dinner?"

"Yes."

"You can depend on him to give the subject earnest consideration. A man with an appetite like his can't help takin' a personal interest."

Unbiased.

She hadn't been particularly interested in the fight for woman suffrage through the years of her useful life, but had devoted herself loyally to domestic pursuits in the service of her employer. However, when informed that women were to have full rights to vote, she announced:

"Well! I'm going to read up on all the men who are trying to be elected and find out all about 'em and who's the best man before I vote for him—but it ain't goin' to be no Republican."—Indianapolis News.

That Wholesome Table Drink POSTUM CEREAL

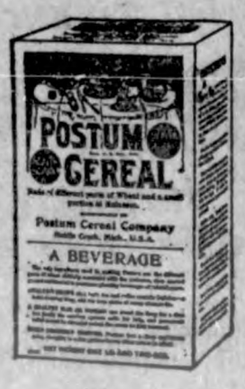
gains new friends right along because of its pleasing taste healthfulness, and saving in cost

Postum Cereal is delicious when properly made: boil fully fifteen minutes after boiling begins. The more you boil Postum Cereal the better it is.

When ordering be sure to get the original POSTUM CEREAL

A 50-cup package usually sells for 25¢

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.



Pitfalls of Slang.

Those well-intentioned leagues and clubs which are always talking about the unity of the English-speaking races, the bond of a common language and the rest are a delusion and a snare. There is no common language between the peoples; it is the very specious resemblance which makes the gap. Kipling well described the American in London who "heard men talking a tongue superficially like his own, which on inquiry turned out to be something quite different." An American says: "I've got you," meaning "I understand." The Englishman thinks he has been discovered in some heinous deception. The language resemblance is in fact a bar rather than a bond.—London Express.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Tip They Deserve Sometimes.

Headline — "Man in Restaurant Knocked Down Head Waiter." This, the waiter himself will probably admit, is carrying the tipping system a little too far.—Boston Transcript.

Catarrh Can Be Cured

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore, requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work.

All Druggists. Circulars free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Installment Stuff.

"Been visiting the Newcombes, eh?" Is their furniture antique?"

"No; on tick, I fancy."

After locking your family skeleton in your chest hide the key where your neighbors can't find it.

Freed From Torture

Eatonic Cleared His Up-Set Stomach

"The people who have seen me suffer tortures from neuralgia brought on by an up-set stomach now see me perfectly sound and well—absolutely due to Eatonic," writes R. Long.

Profit by Mr. Long's experience, keep your stomach in healthy condition, fresh and cool, and avoid the ailments that come from an acid condition. Eatonic brings relief by taking up and carrying out the excess acidity and gases—does it quickly. Take an Eatonic after eating and see how wonderfully it helps you. Big box costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

HELP WANTED

We require the services of an ambitious person to do some special advertising work right in your own locality. The work is pleasant and dignified. Pay is exceptionally large. No previous experience is required, as all that is necessary is a willingness on your part to carry out our instructions.

If you are at present employed, we can use your spare time in a way that will not interfere with your present employment—yet pay you well for your time.

If you are making less than $150 a month, the offer I am going to make will appeal to you. Your spare time will pay you well—your full time will bring you in a handsome income.

It costs nothing to investigate. Write me today and I will send you full particulars by return mail and place before you the facts so that you can decide for yourself.

ALBERT MILLS, Gen'l Mgr. Employment Dept. 2636 American Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio

"A few minutes more, Peggy dear, and Daddy will be back with the Kemp's Balsam. Then you can go to sleep and forget that horrid old cough."

KEMP'S BALSAM
Will Stop That Cough

THICK, SWOLLEN GLANDS

that make a horse Wheeze, Roar, have Thick Wind or Choke-down, can be reduced with

ABSORBINE

also other Bunches or Swellings. No blister, no hair gone, and horse kept at work. Economical—only a few drops required at an application. $2.50 per bottle delivered. Book 3 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Cysts, Wens, Painful, Swollen Veins and Ulcers. $1.25 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Book "Evidence" free.

W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Notice!

If you want a good

Duroc Jersey Boar

or a price that is ight---

See

Lloyd Cline

oodell - Iowa

Papers Furnished

Ben A. Reemstma
Farm and General
AUCTIONEER

Sales conducted to insure the owners highest approval. See me for dates and terms.
Phone 508

KLEMME, IOWA

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

"Just about the time you lay up something for a rainy day---it rains."

Black Beauty Axle Grease
Best substitute for good roads

W. M. BAACK

COPYRIGHT 1917 THE NATIONAL REFINING CO., CLEVELAND, O.

DOCTOR MISSMAN
PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**
OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109
X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

For Sale--Wants

Thoroughbred Hogs

BIG TYPE DUROC JERSEYS for sale. Can sell anything from a ten weeks old pig to a two year old sow. Spring Boars, Fall Boars, one Jr. yearling, spring gilts, fall gilts, yearling sows, or tried sows, bred or open, 100 to pick from. Remember these are real Big Type mostly sired by CRITIC SENSATION, one of the largest and best boars in Iowa, a son of Mammoth Sensation, the largest boar of any breed. F. H. SCHULDT, Goodell, Iowa. Telephone No. 314. adv5-3c

FOR SALE — DUROC JERSEY SPRING BOARS, sired by Pathfinder Pioneer (332465, the boar that was sold to Adams & Swain of Algona, for $5,000, and boars sired by Acme Wonder's Sensation (348959). GEO. SCHOENWETTER, Garner, Ia. 5wc

Chester White Boars—Am offering Big Type Boars, high and rangy, with quality, all of leading Grand Champion blood lines. R. C. Ludeke, Klemme, Iowa. 5-2

Chester White Boars—I have for sale a number of choice Big Type Boars, high, rangy boars of quality, sure to please. Elmer H. Ludeke, Klemme, Ia. 5-2

PURE BRED STOCK

I have for sale 22 Head of Duroc Jerseys consisting of 7 Fall Boars, 1 by Acme Wonder, 4 by Critics Sensation, and 2 by Royal Model. 14 Spring Pigs sired by Col. Aviator, Royal Model and Sensations Model. 1 two yer old tried Sire. Also have eight young Shorthorn Bulls ranging in age from 5 to 16 months old in roan, red and white color. These are priced to sell and guaranteed to be breeders. Papers furnished.
EMIL W. LAU, Klemme, Iowa

Sheep For Sale

FOR SALE—About 40 breeding ewes and one Scotch Wool Buck. J. B. Spitler. 5tf.

Charges reasonable. Johnson's Laundry, Albert Lea, Minn. Leave your laundry with G. P. McCullough. adv. tf-5.

Team For Sale

Young work team, 5 year old black and dapple gray, wt 1400 each. Also have new britching harness for sale. G. P. Baack. ad5-tfc

NOTICE—Your account was due on October 1, 1920, Pay up at once— we must have the money. Henry Lau.

Local News!

John Griewe, of Garner, was a Klemme visitor last Saturday.

Mrs. Helen Hansen, of Wesley, was a visitor in Klemme Saturday.

Frank Carperter was fixing up the hotel the fore part of the week.

Mrs. Walters spent Sunday at the Wiles home. She now lives at Des Moines.

R. A. Jorgenson was a business visitor at the county seat town last Thursday.

Mrs. Luick and daughter, Marion, were Klemme visitors a couple of days the fore part of the week.

Miss Edna Katter of Garner, was calling on Klemme friends last Thursday.

Mrs. Lou Wesenberg and Mrs. Tom Burgess, of Goodell were Klemme visitors last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Sprole of Garner were in Klemme last Friday on business and calling on friends.

Miss Ebert went to Charles City Friday and returned Saturday evening.

Rev. A. H. Meyer returned Friday morning from his trip to Prairie Du Chien, Wis., where he went to take treatments.

The Klemme High School ball team defeated the Ventura High School team last Friday afternoon at the Klemme ball diamond.

It is reportedt hat a baby girl has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Bloomer, residing in Liberty township.

Mr. and Mrs. Hod Lawhorn were down from Garner Saturday evening.

Bert Mathews spent Sunday at Garner with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. George Musfelt, of Clarion, were visitors at the Fred Musfelt home Sunday. Oscar and Geoge are running a cigar store at Clarion and are doing well.

Wert Loger returned last Thursday from his two months trip in Wisconsin. Wert went there seeking relief from his hay fever trouble, the climate there being beneficial to sufferers of hay fever.

A big party and dance was given at the Pete Merkel place east of town Saturday night at which a big crowd was in attendance. The event was in honor of the "newlyweds" who came home after a honeymoon trip. Everybody reports a fine time.

A number of Klemme people took advantage of the beautiful day Sunday by going nuting. There are a number of walnut and butternut groves near Goodell and over toward Kanawha.

Laundry leaves Wednesday noon, back Saturday evening. G. P. McCullough, agent for Johnson at Albert Lea. 5-tf

M. O. Hocum
The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau
Dealer in
Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.
Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

The City Dray Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
☞Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

BALL GAME SUNDAY

Klemme Sox vs Woden

At the Klemme Ball Park, Sunday, Oct. 10

Game Called at 2:30 P. M.

Come out Sunday and see a good fast game--it may be the last this if bad weather sets in. COME!

Furnace AND Stove Repairs

Don't Wait For Cold Weather

Come in right now and let us fix you out with repairs for your heat-stove or furnace--pipes, grates, repairs, dampers, registers, polish etc.

We Have Everything You Need

JACOBS & SON
HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

We Vote For Bigger Clothes Values

We're "voting early and often"; we don't wait for election day here. Just come in any time and see what big values we are offering. Suits and overcoats direct from Hart Schaffner & Marx.

$45.00 $55.00

We believe in "the recall" too--money back if your not satisfied.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES ***GARNER, IOWA***

THE KLEMME TIMES

wenty-fifth Year Number 6 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, October 14 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

ebrate Forty-sixth Wedding Anniversrry

rty six years of wedded life is the rd of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Griewe is place, this happy event was cela ed last Friday evening Oct. 8, when he sons and daughters, and their ilies took Mr. and Mrs. Griewe by mplete surprise. A six oclock din- was served, to which all did justice· t the daughters and daughters-in- of this happy pair are good cooks proven by the abundance of "good- which were provided, and the con- ing capacity of the partakers was ense.

young people they came to Han- Co. about fifty years ago, and e their acquaintance with the Ind- the wolves and the hardships as existed in pioneer days. Forty six rs ago they settled on a farm in t is now Liberty Township, on h they remained for thirty one rs, after which they moved to this e where they still reside. This am- e pair and their family enjoy the est and esteem of the community the place in which they live.

hose in attendance to this happy sion were Rev. F. C. Griewe and ily of Rudd, Mr. Albert Jahnke and ily, Mr. Arthnr Wellemeyer and ily, Miss Anna Griewe, of Klemme, John Griewe, and family Garner, Rev. F. H. Ortmeier and family of est City, Iowa.

ll the grand - children, eleven in nber, except Cyrus Griewe who is ending Morningside College, were sent at this festivity.

and Mrs. Griewe, in their declining rs, are enjoying the best of health their future is very promising.

SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT LEMME COOPERATIVE CREAM- ERY COMPANY

gust 31, 1919 to August 31, 1920.

d cream, lbs.	797524
rage test, 26.3 per cent.	
tter fat	206320.9
errun 24.4	50502
tal butter made	256822
cash butter	558
d to. patrons	5676
merchants	12182
haulers	333
pped N. Y. 3812 tubs	238073
tal lbs. butter	256822
c'd for butter shipped to N. Y.	$137577.51
cash butter	351.80
tter to merchants	7385.29
tter to patrons	3663.67
ter to haulers	206.76
sh bmilk $252.76	
ilk to patrons 558.76	811.52
sh cream	20.90
on deposit	100.00
Total Income	$150117.45
for butter fat	$134839.51
to Stockholders	648.00
nning expenses	12922.62
	148410.13
lance on hand	$ 1707.32

Average price paid per lb. butter. 66 cts.

Average price received per lb. but- r net, 61 cts.

V. Josten, Sec'y.

IS SHORT ON FINGERS NOW

If you should ask Will Stille to unt his fingers now he would count to nine, pause a moment and then "nine and a half." The reason for e half of the missing finger is be- use "Bill" had been helping out in e meat market and perhaps got a tle reckless with his hands and got e finger caught in one of the ma- ines. This happened Saturday but is getting along quite well now.

FIRST SALE HERE THIS YEAR

Clark Bredbenner held a successful le in Klemme Saturday which was ell attended and the bidding was ely. The main attraction of his le was the oeriniff of about one undred and twenty-five shoats. lark had his sale well advertised and n two good sized ads in the Times or two weeks. It was the first sale ld in or near Klemme thi year. uctioneers Young & Reemstma cried e sale.

ANNUAL ELECTION

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Socieyt of the Methodist Episcopal church held their September meeting with Mrs. H. J. Bailey. Reports of the year's work were heard, showing gratifying gains in membership and progress in the work of the society. Nearly $100 were raised by this auxiliary during the year, $91 of which was forwarded to the general society for the world wide work. Light refrsehments served by the hostess added to the pleasure of the meeting and the society faces the work of the new year with courage and enthusiasm.

The fololwing officers and committees were chosen for the current year:

President, Mrs. A. D. Gimer.

Vice-president, Mrs. W. F. Missman

Recording secretary, Mrs. H. J. Bailey.

Corresponding secretary, Mrs. R. W. Elder.

Treasurer, Mrs. J. E. Baumgartner.

Press reporter, Ms. A. E. Buriff.

Mite box secretary, Mrs. E. G. Ell.

Literature secretary, Mrs. C. N. Gram.

Tithing secretary, Mrs. T. C. Nelson.

Program Committee; Mrs. Gimer, Mrs. Buriff, Mrs. Missman.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs returned from their Minneapolis trip last week Wednesday. Mr. Ludwig, who took charge of their store during their absence, returned to his home at Nevada the same evening.

Interesting Items About The Klemme School

Miss Sulivan, primary teacher, spent the week end with friends in Mason City.

Miss Ebert spent Sunday with Charles City relatives and friends.

The Sophomore Class organized and appointed their officers Monday. They are Howard Wiles, President; Pearl Johnson, Vive-president; Dolores Koerner, Sec. and Treas.

Klemme Defeats Meservey. Last Friday afternon our boys drove to Meservey to play a base ball game. It was a very exciting game and one which was very hard to play. The Meservey players were all so short that it was impossible to pitch them a strike. However we beat them, 24-19. Meservey will play here Friday, Oct. 22, and we hope to beat them again.

Friday, Oct. 15, the baseball team goes to Ventura. We hope to win.

The High School has organized a "Pep Club" and have been "raising the roof" with their new yells. They find that it helps our boys to win, as they haven't been defeated yet this year.

Miss Belken has organized a Glee Club with a membership of fifty. She hopes to be able to furnish some good music through this organization.

The six weeks, or term tests, were given last week. The reports are out today (Monday) and the school seems to be doing very good work.

Last Tuesday evening was an event of great interest to the seventh and eighth grades and High school. The students met at the High School and went in cars to the beautiful woods near Goodell for a picnic. A huge fire was built and a jolly good time was enjoyed by all.

Fred Arnold was ill Monday.

The Soph Class is laboring with oral themes this week.

Mrs. Gibb's school children enjoyed a picnic supper Thursday evening.

Supt. Collins, Misses Ebert, Sullivan and Belken went to Mason City Wednesday evening to see Fisk O'-Hara in "Springtime in Mayo".

Miss Belken attended the wedding of a college chum in Iowa Falls Thursday.

The Juniors are studying Bacons Essays this week.

"To be or not to be" efficient in Algebra is a question which is bothering many of our high school students.

Otto Jass played second base with the High School team Friday.

The play ground equipment has arrived and will soon be set up. The children are delighted.

The Stage Villain and the Virtuous Soubrette

Reproduced by permission New York Tribune, Inc., Copyrighted 1920.

DESERVES PLACE IN HISTORY

Cecrops, Illustrious Egyptian, Made Country an Asylum for the Innocent and Persecuted.

With the dawn of Attic civilization in ancient Greece, Cecrops, an Egyptian, built a town on the site where later the citadel of Athens rose in magnificence. He introduced morals and judicial regulations, and the country under his rule became an asylum for the innocent and persecuted. From that time on festivals, compacts and laws extended their beneficial influence. About 130 years after him the Phoenician Cadmus brought the use of letters into Boeotia; and at Thebes, in the same country, he erected a citadel. The greatest lyric poet and the greatest general of the Greeks were Boeotians, but nevertheless this people was accused of stupidity. While their value was not appreciated, their discoveries were brought to perfection by others and more usefully applied.

It is remarkable that Cadmus, the father of learning, who taught us to hand down our thoughts to futurity, came into Greece just at a time when Joshua, the leader of the Jews, drove the Phoenecian tribes toward the sea and compelled them to seek refuge in distant colonies. This act of a despised people, scarcely known to Greek historians, was the occasional cause of all the intellectual and moral excellence which has arisen through the influence of literature.

ON THE WINGS OF THE WIND

Nothing So Small That the Zephyrs Shall Not Find It and Spread It Beneficially.

Acres of perfume come on the wind from the black and white of the beanfield; the firs fill the air by the copse with perfume. I know nothing to which the wind has not some happy use. Is there a grain of dust so small the wind shall not find it out? Ground in the mill-wheel of the centuries, the iron of the distant mountain floats like gossamer, and is drunk up as dew. * * * A thousand miles of cloud go by from morn till night, passing overhead without a sound; the immense packs, a mile square, succeed to each other, side by side, laid parallel, book shape, coming up from the horizon and widening as they approach. From morn till night the silent footfalls of the ponderous vapors travel overhead, no sound, no creaking of the wheels and rattling of the chains; it is calm at the earth, but the wind labors without an effort above, with such ease, with such power. Gray smoke hangs on the hillside where the couch-heaps are piled, a cumulus of smoke; the wind comes, and it draws its length along like the genii from the earthen pot; there leaps up a red flame shaking its head; it shines in the bright sunlight; you can see it across the valley.—Richard Jefferies.

MAN'S FIRST DWELLING PLACE

Scientists Claim That the Desert of Gobi Must for Natural Reasons Be the Spot.

The desert of Gobi, which is the summit of the central steppe in Asia, is the most elevated region on the globe, and it is here, scientists claim, man first lived, arguing that this point of earth must have been the first to emerge from the universal sea, and that as the subsiding waters gradually gave up lower regions of earth to man he was able to descend and spread himself progressively over new acquisitions.

It is from this region that the great rivers of Asia also take their rise and flow toward the four cardinal points. On the declivities of these highlands are the plains of Tibet, lower than the frozen regions of Gobi. Here are found not only the vine, the olive, rice, the legumina, and other plants on which man has depended for sustenance, but also those animals which he has tamed and led with him over the earth, as the ox, the horse, the ass, the sheep, the goat, the camel, the hog, the dog, and even the reindeer, run wild upon these mountains. On the mountains of Cashmire, in Tibet, and in the north of China, grain has been found to be growing wild for years without ever being sown or tilled, and here also wild animals that have lived there while man has tamed others of the same species, are numerous.—Exchange.

Nature's Unchanging Way.

Outstanding ability is the reward of using the power one has. The best athlete in the world will lose power by hanging around. Resistance is the response of nature to testings. Difficulties are never made easy by giving up. Nature demands that men gain strength by using strength. Turn what you have to account and nature will add to your store with interest. The more you love the larger capacity you have to love. The more you think the keener your thinking ability becomes. The harder and more sanely you work the more you are able to. There's no secret about it. It's just nature's way of saying "to him that hath shall be given." And more than that, if you want anything from nature you must bestir yourself and get it. Nature is not a grudging giver, but she makes men earn all they get.

DISTRICT AND QUARTERLY CONFERENCE HELD AT GARNER

Rev. A. H. Meyer, accompanied by Emil Bier and John Gruetzmacher, attended the District and Quarterly Conference of the Methodist Church held at Garner Monday. The morning was devoted to the District Conference and in the afternoon the Quartrly Conference was held. Rev. Brenner of Sioux City presided at both meetings.

IT WAS A FINE SHOW

Those who did not go to the Hawaiian Entertainment at the Idle Hour Theatre last Friday evening lost out on the best musical entertainment which ever played in Klemme. Every member of the company was an expert on the Hawaiian stringed instrument as well as being a very good singer. They certainly gave people their money's worth and were full of snap and pep all the way thru the entertainment and there was not an idle or dull moment. Manager Pavey had the house filled, a large number stood up in the rear of the hall and a great many were turned away and so did not see the entertainment. It was certainly a packed house and all enjoyd them usic given by the Hawaiians.

KLEMME FARMERS BUILD

Peter Josten is building a fine new house on his farm east of Klemme which will make living more comfortable on that already fine farm.

Wm. Becker is putting up a fine barn on his place east of Klemme which will greatly add to the attractiveness of his place.

THAT BALL GAME SUNDAY

Woden came over to Klemme Sunday and beat our ball team something awful. But we pity those poor Woden boys for they must have run themselves almost to death piling up the scores as they did and we haven't the heart to publish the result of that game. Evn at that both teams played punk ball for some reason or other, the Klemme boys just couldn' get started and those Woden boys simply couldn't get stopped either.

Big Fire Damages Property At Ventura

Thousands Of Dollars Worth Of Property Goes Up In Flames Large Oil Tanks Explode

A big fire started at Ventura on Monday atfernoon about three o'clock which caused a loss of thousands of dollars worth of property.

There are several reports out as to the cause of the fire. The most logical seems to be that a barn caught fire near the Mason City Oil & Grease Company's big oil tanks near the Farmers' Elevator Co. The flames from the barn ignited the one tank containing gasoline which exploded and caught the elevator near by. The Clear Lake fire department were called into service and it was with their help that the fire was checked. They pumped water from the lake and threw a steady stream of water on the nearby buildings and so held the fire from consuming the entire town.

Several car loads of people went over from here and they report that the two tanks of oil, the property of the Mason City Oil & Grease Co., both blew up and were destroyed, the Farmers' Elevator full of grain was burned to the ground, a blacksmith shop and a few smaller buildings were also burned. The second oil tank containing kerosine did not explode until about seven o'clock in the evening but when it did explode the flash shot up in the air for several hundred feet and the flash was plainly visible in Klemme.

It is quite a loss for the little town of eVntura and especially was the loss felt by the Farmers' Elevator Co., as they lost their entire holdings—buildings, equipment and all the grain.

FARMERS HAVE CREAMERY MEETING

The Stock Holders of the Klemme Creamery Co. held their annual meeting at the Idle Hour Theatre Saturday afternoon. The various officers gave their reports and the Secretary's report will be found elsewhere in this issue. The members re-elected all of the old officers and said it was not necessary to elect new ones as the old officers had done excellent work the past year. On account of the late hour in the afternoon at which the meeting closed, the farmers elevator question was not brought before the house.

Sight Seeing Beautiful Land of Sunshine

AUGUST BARZ TELLS OF HIS WESTERN TRIP

Mr. August Barz is back from his western trip and was in our office Saturday and told us some of his experiences. We will give a short description each week for a time of what he saw of the sights of the west, especially California, and about the agricultural conditions there.

Mr. Barz and Mr. Fred Haupt left Klemme on July 19 and headed for Denver, Colorado. Here they stopped a day or two and took in the sights. They then started for Sacramento, California, and reached there on the 23rd. The vicinity of Sacramento was their headquarters while in the west as you will later learn. From this city they went on a side trip to Marysville and Sutell, hte object of this trip being to visit with a brother-in-law of Mr. C. H. Wiegmann, of Garner and president of the First National Bank here. However they also wanted to see the farming conditions in this very fertile valley and which we will give a short description of as Mr. Barz gave it to us. This land is all irrigated and produces vast quantities of rice and fruits. Whole sections of land are laid out in rice fields here, also barley. They do their harvesting and threshing all at the same time with a machine called a header. The machine is on the order of a large binder and thresher conbined and drawn by thirty two horses or tractors, and operated by six men who all work on the machine. It cuts a swath twenty to thirty feet wide, elevates the gain to the thresher and then the grain is sacked bytwo men on a platform and the sacked grain dumped in rows. The straw shoots out the back in rows or is gathered and dumped in piles. Barley goes from 80 to 100 bushels to the acre. All these large fields evidently belong to a company who work the whole field. In the same vicinity are large peach orchards and you can drive for miles and miles and see peach trees all the way on either side of the road. The trees were so heavily laden that they were propped up with timbers to keep the fruit from breaking the trees. They spent a few days here and then went back to Lodi, near Sacramento and at which place Rev. Thiel and family, former residents of Klemme, live. It is at this place where they headquartered in the west. While here the gentlement planned a trip to the famous Yosemite Valley which is perhaps 150 miles from the city and they accordingly left by rail but part of the distance had to be made by auto. A few of the important points of interest in the valley are the Bridal Veil Falls, Cathedral Spires, Sentinel Rock Glacier Point, Yosemite Falls, Cascade Cliffs, Nevada Falls, Vernal Falls, Mirror Lake, and many other places of beauty and wonder. Camp Curry is the main stoping place in the valley and here they have all the accomodations which a traveler and tourist wants—a fine hotel, outdoor camps, bungalows, garages, amusement places, bath house, etc. While at the valley Messrs. Barz, Haupt and Theil took a trip in a motor stage to the famous Wawona Forest of Big Trees. Here they drove thru several large trees in which a drive way had been cut to allow autos to pass thru the tree, you can therefore imagine the size of some of the trees in this forest. This trip took them 160 miles in a circle from the camp and when they had been around they were at the same spot near the camp where they started but were some 3250 feet above the camp and the only way to get back was to go bacy sixty miles again the same way they came. Mr. Barz said tht was the frthest distance he ever went to get back to a point only a short distance from where he stood.

We will have other interesting articles on his trip in the next issue of the paper.

POTATO COUNTRY?

There will not be any potatoes shipped into Klemme this year for Klemme farmers have potatoes to spare. This has proved to be a real potato country this year and the potatoes harvested and brought to Klemme for shipment are graded as A No. 1 potatoes. Every farmer who planted has a fine yield and there are a number of cars of potatoes being shipped out this year.

TURN OUT 13,000 SHIP OFFICERS

Merchant Vessels Gain Many Recruits From Newly Established United States Schools.

PLAN TO EXTEND SYSTEM

Shipping Board Suggests That Shore Stations Be Established Where Men From All Parts of Country May Be Taught

Washington.—More than 1,300 merchant marine officers have been graduated from the shipping board's training schools since their establishment three years ago, and 72 per cent of the graduates have been licensed for service at sea, records of the board's recruiting service show.

Officers for the government-owned merchant marine are trained at Camp Stuart, Va., San Francisco, and Seattle. Four wooden ships operate on the Atlantic coast as combination training ships and cargo carriers. Each has a capacity of 200 apprentices and 1,200 tons of cargo.

On the Pacific coast one wooden ship carrying 1,800 tons of cargo and 115 apprentices and a new 1,800-ton steel vessel with space for 146 apprentices operate on the triangular run between Seattle, the Hawaiian islands and San Francisco.

Plan Extended System.

Extension and development of its system of training Americans to command the craft of the merchant marine is planned by the shipping board. It is suggested that shore stations be maintained where men from all sections of the country can be assembled and given instruction in seamanship, boat drill and other preliminary work.

The men would then be sent to sea in modern steel freight ships, which would be utilized as combination cargo carriers and training vessels, carrying about 125 apprentices. It is planned to place these ships in a trade which would insure a voyage out and return in about 60 days, four vessels on the Atlantic and two on the Pacific.

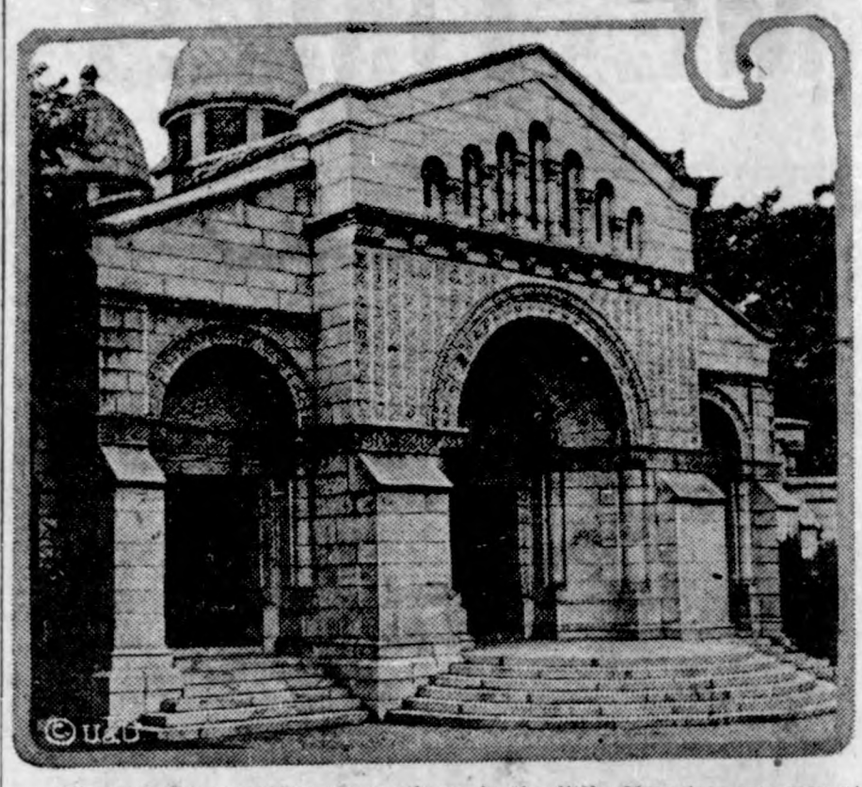
Concurrently with the sea training the recruiting service plans the establishment at colleges and universities near the principal American ports of a maritime commerce course which would include accounting, business correspondence, business principles, economics, elements of statistics, markets, transportation, principles of foreign trade, exports and imports, languages, railroad and maritime rates, business administration, business law, admiralty law, advertising, ship operation and other basic subjects.

Paid While Studying.

The year would be divided into four three-month periods, the first one or two quarters to be spent in college work, and the subsequent quarters in practice under competent supervision in the offices of steamship companies and on board ships. The men would be paid for their services while employed in offices and on vessels and thus would be able to obtain their education without financial cost to them.

It would be sought to so arrange the course as to extend over a period of four years with a degree upon completion. Shipping board officials believe this would build up and leave many other well-trained men in all branches of maritime commerce.

Where Vanderbilt's Remains Rest



View of the magnificent mausoleum in the little Moravian cemetery at New Dorp, S. I., where the body of William K. Vanderbilt was laid to rest beside those of William H. Vanderbilt, his father, and Commodore Cornelius, his grandfather.

John D. Lives Like a Hermit

Richest Man in the World No Longer Interested in Making Money.

CHIEF JOY IN PLAYING GOLF

Responsibility for the Future Care of the Rockefeller Fortune Is in the Hands of John D., Jr., and Selected Trustees.

New York.—The richest man in the world is no longer interested in making money.

More than that, he is not overly concerned with what becomes of the greatest single fortune ever accumulated, although he hopes it may be used for good purposes.

John D. Rockefeller, now traveling toward his eighty-second milestone of life, is a hermit. Surrounded by a few faithful servants, the man who has piled up millions upon millions until today he is worth a billion of dollars—a thousand millions—finds no happiness in money or the retention of it.

His chief joy in life is playing golf—and he indulges that pleasure from an hour and a half to two hours every day the weather permits.

Secluded in his Pocantico Hills (New York) estate, with only a few intimate cronies to chat with at infrequent intervals, and never seeing a casual caller, the man who was oil king—for he no longer wears the title—has turned contemplative, philosophical and disinterested in worldly affairs.

No Longer Interested.

He no longer devotes himself to the worries incidental to possessing such a vast fortune—the responsibility today for the future care of the Rockefeller fortune is upon the shoulders of John D., Jr., and selected trustees.

But this change in direction and control of the Rockefeller wealth is due in no sense to the age, mental or physical incapacity one might link with so aged a man as John D., Sr.

"Mr. Rockefeller, Sr., is not senile," stated Ivy Lee, publicity director for the Rockefeller interests. "His health is excellent. But he simply has withdrawn from the world.

"He does not care to see visitors.

"Mr. Rockefeller reads quite a bit and spends much of his time in reflection. He has become philosophical, but his interest in things of the world has waned.

Watches Bequests.

"Naturally he is interested in his bequests to various projects he has fostered, such as the Rockefeller Foundation and other broad constructive work. He is far more interested in that than in acquiring further money.

"But he is not so wrapped up in the details of his benefactions as you might imagine.

"For instance, members of the Rockefeller Education board, comprising fifteen of the most eminent educators in America, held a meeting at Lakewood, N. J., where Mr. Rockefeller has a summer home. The educators thought their benefactor might attend a meeting, so extended him an invitation. He ignored it. All he wished to know was whether the work was going ahead as intended and, realizing it was in capable hands, declared he was not interested in details. But he did invite a couple of the board members whom he had known personally for many years to a round of golf with him.

"Mr. Rockefeller shrinks from further publicity. 'I just want to be left alone to my own thoughts,' he explains. 'Why should the world bother about an old man like me?'

"Mr. Rockefeller realizes he has only a few more years to live, and he wants no futher trouble with anybody."

Old "John D." has had a quiet though enjoyable summer at Pocantico Hills, occasionally taking auto rides with attendants. He attends church regularly every Sunday.

KILLS GIRL WHO MOCKED HIM

Soldier of Distinguished Record in the World War, Ends Child's Life and His Own.

Scranton, Pa.—It was recess at the school at Old Forge. Little Anna Pittruta, aged 14, hair streaming, chased a playmate in an effort to "tag."

Michael Jaronowicz, 24, swung his leg slowly over the fence, seized Anna by the wrist as she fled by. And as she panted he drew a heavy .45-caliber army revolver and shot her dead.

She had hardly touched the ground. The screams of the recessing children had not yet pealed. He poked the muzzle into his ribs, fired and fell dead beside her.

The story that lies behind the tragedy is old. Though Jaronowicz was a war hero, a man who had earned the decorations of two nations for his bravery, he lacked the "open sesame" to the heart of the young Pittruta girl. She mocked him and spurned him until he lost control of himself.

Baby Consumes Two Jugs of Moonshine in Ten Days

Mike Bragoll of Hammond, Ind., has a little store, and recently the police dropped in for the third or fourth time this year because it had been reported that he was selling liquor there. A jug with about two drinks of moonshine in it was found under the counter and a kummel bottle, belonging to Mike's wife, was also found.

In police court Mike said that he kept the liquor on hand for the baby, and that the infant had consumed about two jugs of moonshine during the last two days. Judge Klotz was plainly skeptical and decided that Mike should pay $50 and costs.

Women Learn How to Cast Their Ballots

At Republican state headquarters in New York city a school for women voters was opened and the fair pupils went through all the motions of casting their ballots just as they will in the polling places.

105,683,108 IS U. S. POPULATION

Nebraska Has 1,295,502, an Increase of 103,288 Above Census of Ten Years Ago

SENATOR HARDING AT OMAHA

Republican Candidate for President Addresses Immense Throng at the Auditorium in Omaha.

Washington, D. C.—The 1920 population of the continental United States is announced by the census bureau as 105,683,108. This is an increase of 13,710,842, or 14.9 per cent since 1910.

The total does not include the population of outlying possessions, which will be announced as soon as the figures for Alaska and the military and naval service abroad are tabulated. It is estimated, however, that these possessions have 12,250,000 inhabitants, so the total number of people living under the American flag in round numbers is 118,000,000. The figures compare with 91,972,266 ten years ago and 75,994,575 twenty years ago.

Nebraska's Record of Growth.

Nebraska's population as announced by the bureau is 1,295,502. The increase during the last ten years is 103,288, or 8.7 per cent.

In 1910 the population of Nebraska was 1,192,214, ranking it as twenty-ninth most populous state in the union. It showed an increase of 125,914, or 11.8 per cent over 1900. In area Nebraska ranked as fifteenth state in 1910 with a land area of 76,808, making its population 15.5 per square mile.

Nebraska's record of growth is as follows:

Year.	Population.	Inc.	Per Ct.
1920	1,295,502	103,288	8.7
1910	1,192,214	125,914	11.8
1900	1,066,300	3,644	0.3
1890	1,062,656	610,254	134.9
1880	452,402	329,409	267.8
1870	122,993	94,152	326.5
1860	28,841	.....	.....

Farms Increase in U. S.

Washington, D. C.—There are in the United States 6,459,988 farms, an increase of 98,496, or 1.5 per cent over the total number recorded in 1910, the census bureau announces.

SENATOR HARDING VISITS STATE.

Republican Presidential Nominee Addresses Immense Throng at Omaha Auditorium.

Omaha, Neb.—Senator Warren G. Harding, republican candidate for president, spoke to an immense crowd, estimated at 10,000 to 12,000, at the Auditorium here Thursday evening, at the close of a speaking tour through Iowa, where he made eleven addresses during the day. He was accompanied by his wife, who was introduced by Congressman A. W. Jefferis, and who bowed her greetings to the throng.

The audience took kindly to the senator's address, and applauded enthusiastically as he presented his views on the political issues of the campaign. Although considerably fatigued by the strenuous work during the day's trip, he was in good voice, and spoke for over an hour, after having previously addressed an overflow gathering on the outside of the Auditorium, which was crowded to capacity. On his drive from the station to his hotel, he was greeted by thousands who had gathered to pay respect to the presidential nominee.

His reception was a demonstration of appreciation for a typical American.

Diaz Will Be Deported.

Mexico City.—Felix Diaz, who surrendered to General Guadalupe Sanchez at Tlapacoyan, state of Vera Cruz, and has been taken to the city of Vera Cruz, will be deported. He will be placed on the first steamer leaving port, together with fifty of his followers, who have chosen to accompany him in exile.

Because of its decree affecting those who participated in the coup d'etat resulting in the death of President Madero in 1913, the government refused to allow Diaz to remain in Mexico.

Mexican Negotiations Fail Through.

Washington, D. C.—Informal negotiations undertaken by the Huerta government in Mexico to secure recognition by the United States, have apparently failed.

Although the State department has made no announcement concerning these negotiations, the resignation by Don Fernando Iglesias Calderon, head of Huerta's special mission to the United States, indicates that present efforts to restore diplomatic relations between the two countries have not progressed satisfactorily.

Wheat Futures Touch Low Level.

Chicago, Ill.—Wheat futures have declined 10 to 12 cents a bushel in the principal grain markets of the west, in some cases touching low levels not before reached since the government fixed the wartime wheat price.

First Woman Sheriff Elected.

Pittsboro, N. C.—Miss Myrtle Siler, of Pittsboro, is the first woman in North America to hold the office of sheriff, having been elected to that office by the Chatham county commissioners.

GOLD SHIPMENT IS ALL RIGHT

Federal Reserve Board Endorses Recent Shipment of Gold As O. K.—To Thresh Out Rate Question.

Washington, D. C.—The recent shipment of Russian gold, receipt of which was reported by the federal reserve board last week, was imported for "an entirely proper commercial purpose" the department of justice has announced. The shipment was sent from Reval, Esthonia, and consigned to a commercial agent of the Esthonian government, it was stated.

Officials said the gold had come into the United States with the knowledge and consent of the proper American officials. The shipment aggregated $339,636, and was the first from Russia, in Europe, since 1916.

To Thresh Out Rate Question.

Washington, D. C.—The conflict between the Nebraska state railway commission and the interstate commerce commission over the proposed increase in railroad rates promulgated by the interstate commerce commission earlier in the summer is to be threshed out in Lincoln October 25; before Examiner Disque, in the United States court room, it is announced by the commission here. The order of the commission specified that all railroads "subject to our jurisdiction operating within said state of Nebraska are hereby made respondents to this proceeding.

Facing Prison and $10,000 Fine.

Chicago, Ill.—Assistant State's Attorney Hartley Repligle, in charge of the "crooked baseball" case, says that indictments to be drawn up on true bills may contain several counts. The true bills themselves specified but one alleged offense, "conspiracy to commit an illegal act." The penalty provided upon conviction on this count would be one to five years in the penitentiary and a fine of not more than $10,000. "And this is just the beginning," Mr. Repligle said.

To Develop Co-operative Marketing.

Chicago.—A permanent organization has been effected here by the committee of 17, representing principal farmers' organizations of grain-growing states and appointed to develop a co-operative marketing plan to handle the grain crop of the United States. C. H. Gustafson, president of the Nebraska Farmers union, was elected chairman and A. L. Middleton of the Farmers National Grain Dealers' association was named vice chairman.

Red Cross Aids in 7,000,000 Cases.

Washington, D. C.—The American Red Cross gave aid to the country's fighting men or their families at home in 7,000,000 cases from the entrance of the United States into the war until last June. The cost was about $10,000,000. These facts are shown in a statement just issued by that organization. The Red Cross also describes how it is continuing in peacetime to aid the world war veterans.

New York.—New low record prices for the year have been established in both the raw and refined sugar markets. Prices are half a cent lower than at the close of last week, with raw sugar selling on the basis of 8.51c, duty paid, while refined was quoted at 12½c a pound by the Federal Sugar Refining company.

Many Soldiers Re-enlist.

Chicago, Ill.—About one out of every five soldiers whose enlistments expired during September have re-enlisted, the army recruiting service reports. A total of 16,461 men were accepted for service in September. The army strength now is 190,432.

German Prisoners Paroled.

Leavenworth, Kas.—Eckhard von Schack and Franz von Bopp, at one time consul and vice consul for the German imperial government at San Francisco, have been paroled.

Austin, Texas.—Governor W. P. Hobby has signed the bill passed by the special session of the legislature creating an act to investigate causes and all facts pertaining to labor disputes in Texas.

Cleveland Wins First of Series.

New York.—The Cleveland American League club decisively defeated the Brooklyn Nationals by the score of 3 to 1 in the initial game of the 1920 world series here Tuesday afternoon.

Washington, D. C.—Sad havoc has been created in some of the most important legislative committees in the house of representatives as the result of primary elections in the various states, most of which are now concluded. In three instances, at least, members of the house who by reason of long service have attained chairmanships, have been refused renomination by their party constituents, and the next congress will see them no more. And of course new chairmen will be named to the committees over which they preside.

Former U. S. Senator Dead.

Dalton, Mass.—W. Murray Crane former United States senator and for years a power in the political world, is dead at "Sugar Hill," the family home.

The end came quietly, after four days of heavy sleep, almost of unconsciousness. The sleeping sickness had set in after an illness of several months, and it was this which immediately preceded death, the actual cause of which was said by his physicians to be encephalitis, or inflammation of the brain.

Nasty Colds

Get instant relief with "Pape's Cold Compound"

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a cold and ends all grippe misery. The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of your head; stops nose running, relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness, stiffness. "Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice. Contains no quinine. Insist on Pape's!

The Wild, Wild Women.

Swiggs—The pictures I liked were those wild animal ones of a few years back—the pictures that had a story interwoven around lions, tigers, wild cats, and so forth. Quite unique and interesting! I wonder why they dropped off so suddenly. Did the animals perish or devour the actors? Do you know what happened?

Swaggs—Competition was the Nemesis. The "vampire" came into vogue about that time, and nature's they were too tame in comparison to terrify the public any longer.—Judge Fun.

"DANDERINE"

Stops Hair Coming Out Doubles Its Beauty.

A few cents buys "Danderine," and after an application of "Danderine" you can not find a fallen hair or any dandruff, besides every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and thickness.—Adv.

Couldn't Keep Up.

"So your wife has gone back to the old style church and old style doctors?"

"Yes."

"Thought she was an enthusiast on all the new movements?"

"She was, but just as soon as she learned how to spell her new form of healing some other religious and curing methods would become fashionable, and she found her health breaking under the strain of her mental efforts."—New York Evening Post.

Thin.

Smith—"They are making some fine hosiery these days." Jones—"Sheer enough, sheer enough" — Cartoon Magazine.

A trick may sometimes make money but it never makes a friend for you.

It never takes the boss long to discover the clerk who thinks.

Weak and Miserable?

Does the least exertion tire you out? Feel "blue" and worried and have daily backache, lameness, headache, dizziness and kidney irregularities? Sick kidneys are often to blame for this unhappy state. You must act quickly to prevent more serious trouble. Use *Doan's Kidney Pills*, the remedy recommended everywhere by grateful users. *Ask your neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

Mrs. H. McCard, Bellevue, Iowa, says: "A sudden attack of sharp, 'shooting' pains in my hips and across the small of my back put me in such misery I could hardly get out of bed in the morning. My kidneys acted irregularly. Someone advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills. Two boxes cured me of that attack."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

A Bad Cough

If neglected, often leads to serious trouble. Safeguard your health, relieve your distress and soothe your irritated throat by taking

PISO'S

The Man Nobody Knew

By HOLWORTHY HALL

(Copyright by Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc.)

CHAPTER XIII—Continued.
—14—

And Hilliard had all a metropoli-n's sensitiveness to the spirit and the ethics of a men's club. He fal-red on the very threshold; and if y other man than Dr. Durant had en his sponsor, he would have fled continently, so as not to disturb that re, indescribable atmosphere which ly clubmen understand and respect. The Doctor was scrutinizing the enu; Hilliard, who faced the window, rew a glance over his shoulder. As had fancied, the eyes of the room re upon him. They reminded him, dly enough, of machine-gun batteries. When at length the pair had gained e table nearest the window, Hil-rd felt that he had undergone a renuous ordeal; he was consumed gratitude to his implacable host, t he had no inclination to repeat it. "The table d'hote's good enough for e," said the Doctor presently. "And u?"

"And for me, too," said Hilliard. "Anything to drink?"

"No, thanks."

The Doctor dropped the card and sat straighter.

"Well, I won't keep you in suspense I want some advice. As I said, I'm e worst business man in the world, illiard. I'm a mere child in your nds—so please treat me tenderly." e regarded his companion with min-ed humor and seriousness. "James llen has been telling me about a onderful plan of yours to make a ce shiny gold eagle grow where only silver quarter grew before. In fact, talked so enthusiastically that he's t me thinking about it, too. . . . rather resent your not telling me out it yourself."

Hilliard recoiled.

"You shouldn't do that!" he said. . . . I wouldn't have tried to inter-t you in it, Doctor, because—"

"Oh, I can see your reasons," depre-ted the Doctor, smilingly. "You dn't want to trespass on a purely so-al relationship. I appreciate that. t the point is, I've got a few thou-nd dollars I don't exactly know what do with. It's a rather extraordinary uation for a professional man, isn't I'll have to admit I'm puzzled about myself. And the novelty might lead into temptation. So I thought I'd your advice."

"You can have the best I've got," d Hilliard, averted. "But I'm not aranteeing that it has much value, ctor."

The Doctor nodded; drummed on the ble.

"Do you ever let friendship inter-e with business?"

"Often, sir."

"Will you let it interfere now—if u think you're justified?"

"Yes, Doctor. . . . I can promise t much, anyway."

The Doctor showed his approval.

"Well, tell me perfectly frankly—is urs the sort of proposition you'd let man invest in, if you knew he had cious little money to lose? But if u also knew that he were quite will-to take the same chance as the t?"

Hilliard shook his head slowly, and ntinued to shake it as he replied.

"I can't say that it is, Doctor. On e contrary—I don't think it's that rt of proposition at all." Dr. Dur-t's brows were contracted.

"But in the ordinary run of com-erce, Hilliard—suppose the question friendship didn't enter into this, d I hadn't brought up that subject would you, in choosing your list of bscribers, and selecting the people d like to have share the plan with , put a man like myself on any ferent footing than James Cullen? wouldn't you?"

"Doctor Durant," Hilliard's voice slow, "is it possible you haven't rd me . . . the criticism that's been ng around town about this syndi-e of mine? Haven't you heard that re's some question whether it's te sound?"

"I've heard it—yes." The Doctor amazingly indifferent.

"Well—do you still think this is any e to discuss the possibility of your ing in with us?"

The Doctor's voice was strong, en-raging.

"I think it's the best time, and the y time—for me, that is. I've lived long to be affected by chance ru-rs. And besides, I've got the money ."

"But are you sure you know what all about? The criticism, I mean." I don't know anything about it at That's exactly why I'm coming to for advice. You certainly ought know more about it than any one does. And, therefore, I'd take r word for it before I'd take the or. I want to know if you'll accept as one of the members of your dicate."

Hilliard gasped and pushed himself k from the table.

"Doctor!"

"In a way," said Dr. Durant genially, putting you at a great disadvan-—I know that. But, as I said, I'm a business man. I have to be ded more or less by instinct. Your eam is to know all about these things. So I'm coming to you for your honest opinion, and I know you'll give it to me . . . do you think I'm quite eligible?"

Hilliard's heart was in his mouth.

"Why," he stammered, "at this particular time—I can't advise you—"

"Now, don't be too cautious," warned the Doctor. "I'm not asking you if this is the best investment the world has ever seen—I'm asking if it's reasonably safe, as such things go, with a chance of something really good if your best expectations work out as you hope."

Hilliard's throat was dusty, and his reply came with some difficulty.

"In spite of . . . everything, you'd . . . you'd take my word for it, Doctor?"

"Yes, I would, and I've got Cullen and my own daughter to agree with

"You're Retiring Under Fire—Are You?"

me. Certainly I'll take your word for it. Would you let me invest say . . . seventy-five hundred dollars?"

Hilliard gulped.

"Not now—no, sir."

"Suppose I'd asked you a week ago—before this miserable story began to go the rounds?"

"I'd have taken it then—perhaps."

The Doctor's eyes snapped.

"You're retiring under fire—are you?"

"No, sir—digging in."

"Simply because of a fatherless report?"

"No, its parents are pretty lively. And the . . . the recent developments haven't been what we . . . expected. It isn't on account of the rumors that I can't let you in, Doctor—it's on account of the facts."

The Doctor remained silent until the waiter had served them, and departed. Then he looked keenly across the table.

"Cullen isn't going to lose his money, is he?"

"Not all of it, anyway."

"Some of it?"

"You never can tell."

"And are you obligated in any way to make good his loss? You, personally, I mean? Either legally or morally?"

Hilliard sighed dispiritedly.

"Why, seeing that not one of these men ever saw the property, or knows anything about it, or about copper mining in general, except what I told them, I feel morally responsible for every cent that's lost, whether I've any legal responsibility or not. That is, I'd make it good—if I could. Of course, I'm hoping that nothing will be lost, but—"

The Doctor's eyes brightened.

"Do Cullen and his friends understand that you hold yourself responsible?"

"I think not. I haven't said so to them yet."

"It isn't a part of your bargain?"

"No, sir."

"They're paying you a brilliant compliment, then."

"I realize that fully," said Hilliard, writhing. The Doctor toyed with his fork.

"You'd do the same for me, I suppose, if I were one of your group?"

"Why, of course—if you had been."

"You wouldn't advise me to go into it, you say, under present conditions?"

"No, sir, I wouldn't. I wouldn't permit it."

"I thought you wouldn't." The Doctor sipped a glass of water thoughtfully. "And that leaves me with seventy-five hundred dollars I still don't know what to do with. Well, if you can think of any reasonable use for it within the next few weeks, let me know, will you? I'll keep it intact until I hear from you."

Something in his tone snatched at Hilliard's heart; he went white as paper.

"Doctor Durant!"

The Doctor smiled slightly. "Any reasonable use, I said. Any form of investment that—"

Hilliard was practically tongue-tied. "Doctor Durant . . . if I . . . if I see what you mean . . . I . . . if you're willing to take my advice, why—"

"I'm sixty-three years old," said the Doctor calmly, "and I've made a fool of myself in every conceivable way but one. . . . That's in my own field; I'm a diagnostician. I've watched you very carefully, young man. . . . I think perhaps you need as much advice as I do, of a different variety. So here it is—when you—want encouragement, or a medical prescription, or a good cigar and a chat, or a quiet evening with an old man and a girl who plays the piano rather pleasantly, or seventy-five hundred dollars which you've already shown you won't let me invest unwisely, come and see me. Now, let's drop business. Not another word: I'm tired of it. You're through as an expert; let's get back to old-fashioned friendship. Speaking of coming to see me—Carol's wondering if you're trying to slight her. We've seen very little of you lately? It's a week now, isn't it?"

* * * * * * *

When, sustained and soothed by that peaceful hour, by the Doctor's trust in his integrity, and by the sedative of a long and untroubled stroll out over the hills to eastward, Hilliard returned to the hotel, the room clerk greeted him with faint superciliousness.

"Somebody's been keeping after you on the telephone all morning," he said loftily. "New York call. Couldn't locate you. And here's some telegrams for you. . . ."

There were three of them; at sight of the signature of the first, Hilliard's eyes narrowed.

"Arriving Syracuse 4:15. Please meet me at train and stop all work in the meantime. Imperative.

"HARMON."

Hilliard's eyelids fluttered; this was evidently the initial result of Rufus Waring's efforts, and of those many letters he had written Harmon. He tore open the second envelope; the message was again from the broker, sent obviously from the Grand Central terminal just before train-time.

"Most important news received. Am just leaving, having wired you meet me at station 4:15. Find out who Bob Waring is and what he wants. Do all you can to stave off further inquiry. Absolutely imperative not talk to anyone until I see you. Have contract and all other data with you. Shall have to leave on short notice..

"HARMON."

And the third was from Albany:

"Locate Bob Waring if possible and arrange meeting seven tonight. Urgently imperative. "HARMON."

Hilliard folded the three sheets methodically and put them in his pocket. He glanced at his watch; it showed a quarter to four. He had no dependence on Harmon, and no fear of him; he felt no obligation to Harmon, no sense of duty. To be sure, he had a cynic's curiosity to see what was in the middle of the whirlwind, but that of itself wasn't strong enough to send him to a rendezvous with a man he despised and loathed.

"If I go," he said to himself, "I'll be sorry; and if I don't go . . . why, if I don't go, I'll always wonder if it would have done any good!"

For himself, there was nothing promising in the situation. But on the millionth chance that something of benefit to his subscribers might come out of it—on the millionth chance that Harmon might be frightened or persuaded into compromise—

So he went.

* * * * * * * *

The very first passenger to reach the platform was Harmon; indeed, he had been fretting in the vestibule for half an hour, intent on saving a useless fraction of a second when the train stopped. At sight of Hilliard, he beamed beneficently—all his earlier belligerence forgotten.

"Hello!" he said. "Glad to see you, son. Got all my messages, did you?"

He shook hands with great urbanity; Hilliard's grasp was hardly responsive.

"I got three," said Hilliard, dignified and noncommittal; and he continued to inspect his employer with ill-concealed disfavor and distrust.

"Well, that's all I sent. Now, where can we go sit down and talk, for a couple of hours? There's a lot to go over, but I want to take the 9:40 West. Not to the Onondaga—I'd rather go somewhere quieter. How about the Kirk?"

"Suits me all right if it does you."

"Any luggage?" They were crossing the tracks to the waiting-room; and Hilliard, in spite of himself, couldn't refrain from the solicitude which any right-minded resident of a city feels for the transient just arrived.

"Only this Gladstone. I can check that here, I guess. Well, I'm certainly glad to see you. Say, were you able to make a date with this Waring person? It was pretty short notice, but you're such a live wire—"

Hilliard, fully comprehending the nature of the compliment, smiled faintly. The person of the broker was physically repulsive to him; unconsciously he edged further away.

"Not yet. But I've left word at his house for him to call me at the hotel and I'll telephone to the information clerk from the Kirk where he can reach me. He's sure to be in around five or half past."

"I hope so." Harmon swung his heavy bag to the brass-lined counter, and tossed out a dime with a philanthropic gesture which made the attendant glare at him. "Who in thunder is he, anyhow?"

Hilliard had reason to be reticent with his facts, and he preferred not to be too specific at the outset.

"He's a law student—an old friend of the Cullens. He's looking after some of their interests, in one way and another."

"Oh! Working up a practice! Well! the way he's bombarding me with fresh letters, you'd think he was on a congressional investigating committee! Say! There's one thing I'd like to find out—how'd he know I'm in the thing? You didn't tell anybody, did you? Our agreement—"

Hilliard was guiding him to the street.

"Why, he probably got hold of your name when he wrote to some law correspondents of his in Butte about the property; and they looked it up for him. I'd judge they must have gone into it rather thoroughly."

"They did! Humph!" The broker's tone held less of rancor and more disappointment than Hilliard would have expected. "And they made an unfavorable report on it, did they?"

"Unfortunately, for you, they did . . . as you very well know."

Harmon turned on him sharply.

"What do you mean 'unfortunately for me'?"

Hilliard turned into a wide doorway.

"We go in here . . . Why, it puts the quietus on any last hope of yours that there's still some business to be done in Syracuse, doesn't it? I should think that's about as plain as daylight."

Harmon's brows went up.

"Wh-a-t?" he said, and then, promptly, "Oh, yes—of course. But you've been such a live wire from start to finish, I thought the harder the proposition, the better you'd—"

"Oh, don't make me wish I hadn't taken the trouble to meet you!" snapped Hilliard. He slipped into the first unoccupied booth; Harmon followed him stupidly. "The thing's done for, and you know it. Don't act so innocent, Mr. Harmon—it isn't becoming to you, and it isn't helpful to me. We are in a position to talk English, I should imagine."

Harmon's eyes were very small and bright.

"What's he been saying around here?"

"Saying it's a fake promotion. What else would he say? He's quite intelligent. That's why it's unfortunate for you, and that's why we don't need to fool ourselves any further—isn't it?"

As Harmon removed his hat, he appeared to be somewhat warmer than the temperature warranted. His round face was now preternaturally blank; but his urbanity had increased until he was on the verge of fawning.

"So he's been giving out a pretty bad story, has he?"

"Only the bare facts. And if you don't know it already, I'll tell you that

"So He's Been Giving Out a Pretty Bad Story, Has He?"

he's got a representative out there on the ground, so that—"

Harmon bit his lip. "A representative? When did that happen?"

"Nearly a week ago. It's about time to hear from him, and then the goose will be cooked."

The broker reflected diligently.

"Haven't seen him today, have you?"

"No; not for nearly a week."

Harmon sat back, and massaged his forehead absent-mindedly.

"Well—has this made much difference to you?"

"How could it help it?" Hilliard grimaced. "This isn't New York city, or a deaf and dumb asylum. News doesn't have to travel fast to make the rounds. Everybody who's ever heard my name knows it by this time."

Harmon leaned forward on his elbows, and drew a quick, nervous breath. His eyes, now slightly dilated, sought for Hilliard's, found them, darted away again.

"That's tough . . . mighty tough . . . I . . . I came up here thinking I might do something about it. Save the situation, you know. Too late, is it?"

"A good deal too late."

Harmon exhaled lengthily, and fumbled for his invariable cigarette; Hilliard observed, without particular deduction, that his hands lacked certainty.

"That does sort of burst the bubble, doesn't it? Well . . . I suppose the next step you want to take is to get out of town."

"No," said Hilliard, "I'll stay till it's over with."

Harmon gasped.

"Stay? Stay here after the news is out? What for?"

"I hardly think you'd understand what I'm staying for, Mr. Harmon."

The fat broker shook his head in vigorous protest.

"Now, look here!" His voice was paternally kind. "You've been a fine sport through this whole business, except once, and we won't let that bother us now. As a salesman you've been a holy wonder. You've done all I expected you'd do, or could do, and then some. And your flare-up last time I was here don't hurt you with me one little bit. But here we are at the finish. My suggestion to you is to pack your duds and get out. Call it a day and quit. There's better business somewhere else. And if you'd like to plant yourself in some other good town, say, Detroit, and—"

"No, thanks." Hilliard's smile was out of genuine humor.

"Well, aren't you open to conviction?"

"No, I don't think I am. Please don't argue—that's final.

"Well, you're sure you can't do any more here, aren't you?"

"Not a nickel's worth—even if I wanted to. And would you mind getting down to brass tacks? Otherwise I can't see any benefit to either of us from prolonging this interview; can you?"

Harmon inspected him carefully and seemed to be struck with an inspiration.

"I'm not sure of it, at that. Look here now! I've got an idea! Let's try to get some benefit out of it. Suppose you got clear of this mess. Suppose we straighten it out from top to bottom. Everybody satisfied. Suppose you got out of it absolutely clean; do you think you could take your experience and your front and your energy and cash in on some better business?"

Hilliard exclaimed aloud; he could hardly credit his ears.

"What's that?" he managed. "I don't understand!"

The broker's eyes brightened. "It's easy enough if you put your mind to it. I've told you before," he said impressively, "I'm out for results. That's my middle name—R-E-sults. And not results from minute to minute, but results in the long run. Now it does seem to me like an awful shame to have you come up here and spend all this time and money flub-dubbing around, and then have it all over with, and nothing to show for it but a lot of bellyaching customers. Of course we've made a little money, but when we let this scheme wind up in a big howl from everybody we've got into it we're losing the cumulative value of you. And it's you that was the backbone of the whole idea. Now—this is only a passing thought, but let's consider it—which way would be the best for us in the long run, to close up this deal and get out from under, and take a little profit and be in dutch here forever, or to be a couple of philanthropists and play strong for the future?"

"How do you mean?" Hilliard was afire with hope.

The broker's smile was every moment more broadly ingratiating.

"Why, suppose I should hand you back every cent you've collected and paid in. This is just a suggestion—I want your opinion on it. You go 'round to your subscribers; tell 'em the mine isn't as promising as you thought it was; you're going to make good; give 'em their money back. Now—if you did that and left a first-class impression everywhere, could you start from scratch all over again and sell enough honest-to-goodness conservative stuff—municipals, or like that—to those same people to make up the difference?" He was studying his companion keenly.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Eyes of Plants.

Of course we know that trees have circulation, not of blood but of sap, that goes upward in the spring and downward in the autumn. It has been demonstrated also that plants have eyes, certain epidermal cells being really convex lenses filled with clear sap that brings the light rays to a focus somewhere within the cells. These little lenses are able to form images just as the eyes of insects do.

Simple Journalism.

The editor of the Bano (Africa) Daily News does not have trouble over such matters as circulation or the high cost of paper. When he gets a piece of news he smooths off some slabs of wood, writes up the story in his best editorial style, and then gives the slabs to his office boy, who runs off with them and hangs them in conspicuous places so that he who runs may read.

Ready to Oblige.

Visitor—Have you any exhalations of a deleterious nature in your house?

Host—No, but if you wait awhile I will send out and get you some.

Many Ills Due To Catarrh

The mucous membranes throughout the body are subject to catarrhal congestion resulting in many serious complications.

PE-RU-NA

Well Known and Reliable

Coughs, colds, nasal catarrh, stomach and bowel troubles among the most common diseases due to catarrhal conditions.

A very dependable remedy after protracted sickness, the grip or Spanish Flu.

PE-RU-NA is a good medicine to have on hand for emergencies.

Tablets or Liquid Sold Everywhere.

IN USE FIFTY YEARS

$5.00 Cash and a New Pair of Shoes

will be given to the wearer who finds PAPER in the heels, counters, insoles or outsoles of any shoes made by us, bearing this trade-mark.

FRIEDMAN-SHELBY BRAND THE ALL LEATHER LINE INTERNATIONAL SHOE CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

"It Takes Leather to Stand Weather"

See your neighborhood dealer and insist on the Friedman-Shelby "All-Leather" Trade-Mark. More wear to each pair means real shoe economy.

D418

Vaseline
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
Carbolated
PETROLEUM JELLY

An antiseptic dressing for cuts, sores, etc.—A necessity where there are children.

AVOID SUBSTITUTES

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (CONSOLIDATED)
State Street New York

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

Water Power in China.

China's great commercial water highway, the Yang-tse Kiang, is to be put to work. To keep the river always at flood level, and, incidentally, to get rid of rapids which interfere with navigation, seven dams will be constructed. The project contemplates the development of 31,000,000 electric horsepower, and will cost $4,000,000.

This is the first important water power development undertaken in China, whose industrial future has a wonderful outlook in that direction. For, thanks to its lofty mountain ranges, the Flowery land has far greater water power available than any other country in the world.

CASCARETS

"They Work while you Sleep"

Do you feel all "unstrung?"—bilious, constipated, headachy, full of cold? Cascarets tonight for your liver and bowels will have you tuned up by tomorrow. You will wake up with your head clear, stomach right, breath sweet, and skin rosy. No griping—no inconvenience. Children love Cascarets too. 10, 25, 50 cents.—Adv.

Derivation of "Magnet."

The word "magnet" is derived from the name of the city of Magnesia, in Asia Minor, where the properties of the loadstone are said to have been discovered.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Morning, *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

Even with building costs high, the prosperity of the next few years is certain to make profitable the building of today.

As sure as the sun shines this is good business advice and you will regret it if you wait for better building conditions.

Come to us for your estimates. We will help to make your plans interesting to you.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Men's Wear

FOR FALL and WINTER

Men and bovs will find a big selection of Fall and Winter wear at this store as our stock is complete. Look over the list--

Heavy Duck Coats
Sweaters in all styles
Hats, Caps, Neckwear
Dress and Work Shoes
Dress and Work Shirts
Light and Heavy Underwear

Anything you will need will be found here in Men's and Boy's dress and everyday wear.

Bring your Eggs to Us.

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

Local News of Interest About Your Friends

Mr. Emil Neuhrin, of Thompson, Iowa, was a Klemme visitor Saturday.

Mrs. Ralph Brouwer of Garner was a Klemme caller Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Voiles of Belmond were Klemme visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Gee of Goodell, was a Klemme visitor Tuesday afternoon.

A baby boy is reported at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. Webner.

Miss Anna Griewe went to Rudd Saturday for an over Sunday visit.

Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson was a Garner visitor Saturday between trains.

Mr. Aug. Barz returned from his California trip last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ward, of Burt, Iowa, were visitors at the Aug. Ridder home last week.

Mrs. Wright from Belmond, came Saturday for a visit with her mother, Mrs. Will Lenz.

Henry Church from Garner, was a Klemme visitor Saturday between trains.

Miss Laura Brooks, of Belmond, was visiting at the home of Mrs. Mille Smith last week Wednesday.

Mrs. Charlie Conklin and Mrs. Henry Christensen of Goodell, were Klemme callers last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Valentine Josten drove to Mason City Monday on business.

Miss Mildred Babcock from Kanawha, was a Klemme visitor last Wednesday.

Miss Ethel Jacobs, of Garner, was a Klemme visitor last Wednesday evening.

Chas. Papousek was in Klemme last Wednesday and Thursday doing some electric wiring near Klemme.

Mrs. Dick Bamman and baby, of Garner, were here last Wednesday evening visiting her mother.

Mr. Julius Ridder left for his home at Ringstead, Iowa, Friday, after a few days' visit at the Fred Ridder home.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Blumer, Emil Kraus and Albrt Kraus left last week fr Bule, Wisconsin, for a visit with Karl Kraus and family.

Let the Klemme Times print your sale bills and arrange your advertising. Prics are always right at the Times Shop.

Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Meyer, Mr. and Mrs. John Gruetzmacher and Mrs. P. M. Griesemer drove to Burt, Iowa, Tuesday, for a visit at the Rev. Wessel home.

Dave Schwichtenberg and family, and Misses Vera and Berdis Schwichtenberg, drove to Appleton, Iowa, Sunday, for a visit with Mrs. Schwichtenberg's people.

Emil Lau and Chas. Papousek, of Belmond, had an auto collision south of town Monday. Both cars were shook up some and somewhat damaged but not beyond repair.

Hugh Gordon, of Corwith, was here Friday and purchased a fine Duroc Jersey boar of C. A. Arnold. Mr. Gordon was very well pleased with Arnold's herd of hogs.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Croner, Mrs. Schroeder, Mrs. Croner and Miss Minnie Blank all autoed to Waterloo on Sunday to spend the day. The trip was about 230 miles.

The gang who are putting in the water mains began work last Friday morning. They are doing some rapid work as they are using a Greiman Ditching machine for the digging.

Adolph Lauritzen is now doing "devil" duty at the Times Office. "Abe" is learning all about type, paper and ink with the hopes of some day becoming a printer. He says he likes the job fine so far.

The King's Heralds of the First Methodist Church had a very good time last Saturday at the home of Mrs. C. A. Arnold, who is their teacher. They especially enjoyed the fine home made ice cream, cake and sandwiches served by Mrs. Arnold. A good social time was had by the children.

The Klemme merchants were kept on the jump last week as they were buying potatoes from the farmers and shipping them out in car load lots. Quite a number of potatoes were shipped.

The W. F. M. S. of the First Methodist Church had a very interesting program and study center at the home of Mrs. A. H. Meyer last Thursday afternoon. Lovely refreshments were served to the ladies.

C. W. Wiles and Tom Roths returned last week from Minnesota, where they went to thresh Mr. Wiles' grain. He had a pretty good crop but they were delayed getting the threshing done on account of the rainy weather.

About twenty ladies gathered last Wednesday afternoon for a surprise party on Mrs. G. W. Kluckhhon, the event being her sixtieth birthday anniversary. Refreshments were served and the ladies had a general good time visiting.

Rev. Meyer, pastor of the First Methodist Church here, experienced something a little out of the ordinary Monday when he baptized a baby from New York City. Ivadall Evelyn Raymond is the little one's name and she is here with her mother who is visiting Klemme relatives and friends, so that accounts for the reason why he baptized a baby from the great city.

A party from Claion accidentally backed into Otto Lemke's fine new car Sunday morning which was parked near the First Methodist Church. Mr. Lemke has had his car but a very short time and it looks just like new, or rather it did, but now he thinks it will need a new body to make up for the badly dented side. We understand the stranger will make good the damage done. His car was not damaged but slightly.

Avis Hocum had a rather painful accident last week Wednesday as she was coming from school. The children were running from school and Avis fell on the walk near the Gruetzmacher store and in the mix-up another little girl fell on top of her. Avis came out of the scrimmage with a cut over one eye, a badly sprained wrist, a few scratches, and some bruises. However, she was a patient little girl and after the doctor had patched her up again she was ready for school the next day.

OIL IN IOWA?

Quite a sensation was created at Graettinger last week when it was learned that a vein of natural gas was struck on the P. L. Johnson farm near there by J. R. Skow while drilling a well for the owner of the place. The Times says that visions of scores of gushing oil wells have loomed up before those who have read of the fortunes made in the west and southwest and in conclusion hopes that all expectations will come true.—Fenton Reporter.

MARVIN WEIGMAN WAS WITH LYCEUM

Marvin Weigman, the young man who worked at the First National Bank last summer, we learn has been doing Lyceum and Chautauqua work this summer. Marvin was with the Lyric Chautauqua Company, of Hutchinson, Kansas, acting in the capacity of assistant platform manager and later going on the road booking dates for the coming season. He took in quite a bit of the west while with the company. He went back to school last week at Des Moines to continue his law course.

MORE GRAPES!

A few weeks ago we had an article in the Times telling of the fine grapes Drs. Reuber & Zinn had received from Mr. Barz in California. Now comes a letter from Dick Mossel who lives on the Thonton Route telling us that the doctors have nothing on him for he has just received three large boxes of grapes from his son John who lives on a fruit farm near Detroit, Mich. Dick says those grapes suer did make his mouth water—but we are from Missouri—show us Dick, bring in some, how do we know?

Oldest of Brazilian Cities.

Bahia, once the capital of Brazil, is still in many ways the center of art and religion in that largest of South American republics. She is the oldest of Brazilian cities and those of her present inhabitants who are descended from a long line of natives of the place—as many of them are—look down on Rio and Sao Paulo as upstarts and parvenus among municipalities.

BIG REDUCTION ON FISK TIRES!

For the next thirty days we are making the following prices on Fisk Caseings

30 x 3½	**$17.00**
For Fords, Maxwells, Chevrolets	
32 x 3½	**$20.00**
For Dodges, Buicks, Saxons	
31 x 4	**$23.50**
For Overland Model 90, Buick Four	
32 x 4	**$27.50**
For Oakland Six, Overland 85 4 and 6	
33 x 4	**$28.50**
34 x 4	**$30.00**
33 x 4½	**$35.00**
34 x 4½	**$37.50**
35 x 4 1-2	**40.0**

These tires are all FIRST GRADE, all wrapped and sealed, with a 6,000 MILE GUARANTEE. Come in and see us take off the wrapper and show you a real bargain in a high grade tire.

C. W. WILES

Financial independence is usually the result of effort of a well thought out and a well managed plan.

Easily nine times out of ten it originates in the savings account.

The way is made easy here. If you are ambitious for yourself or your loved ones, start an account with us now.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Make Your Stock Healthy--

This is the time of the year when you should take special care of the health of your stock.

Avalon Farms Hog-Tone fed to your hogs makes them healthy and builds them up.

Your Chickens will do better if given Lee's Germozone, Germite or Wonder Tonic. Keeps the hens healthy and free from lice---which means more eggs.

Stock Dip and Remedies

E. S. D. KAHRS

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Noah Knew Enough To Come In Out Of The Rain....

There is a hurricane of cheap clothes pouring down on the men's clothing stores thru' out America this month and we want our friends to be ready so when it hits their locality they wont get soaked.

Good Clothes are not cheap wholesale

—But these leaky propositions made of cotton cloth with machine workmanship are in abundance at attractive prices.

We publish these facts in justice to our customers and ourselves.

Good friends—and good clothes are our biggest assets and we mean to protect both to the very last stitch.

Michaels-Sterns Value First, Fall Suits $45.00 and $55.00

Will land you high and dry on the hill of satisfaction and if Noah were with us today the chances are we'd sell him his Fall outfit.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

The "Sterling" investment

As investments, our Certificates of deposit correspond to the "sterling" mark on silverware.

They are absolutely aeliable—proved so by years of use. Payment of principal and interest are certain and your investment is backed by our entire resources. Protect yourself by putting your money in a "sterling" investment known everywhere for its reliability.

First National Bank
KLEMME IOWA

For Sale--Wants

Thoroughbred Hogs

BIG TYPE DUROC JERSEYS for sale. Can sell anything from a ten weeks old pig to a two year old sow. Spring Boars, Fall Boars, one Jr. yearling, spring gilts, fall gilts, yearling sows, or tried sows, bred or open, 100 to pick from. Remember these are real Big Type mostly sired by CRITIC SENSATION, one of the largest and best boars in Iowa, a son of Mammoth Sensation, the largest boar of any breed. F. H. SCHULDT, Goodell, Iowa. Telephone No. 314. adv5-3c

Chester White Boars—Am offering Big Type Boars, high and rangy, with quality, all of leading Grand Champion blood lines. R. C. Ludeke, Klemme, Iowa. 5-2

FOR SALE—DUROC JERSEY SPRING BOARS, sired by Pathfinder Pioneer (332465, the boar that was sold to Adams & Swain of Algona, for $5,000, and boars sired by Acme Wonder's Sensation (348959). GEO. SCHOENWETTER, Garner, Ia. 5wc

Chester White Boars—I have for sale a number of choice Big Type Boars, high, rangy boars of quality, sure to please. Elmer H. Ludeke, Klemme, Ia. 5-2

PURE BRED STOCK

I have for sale 22 Head of Duroc Jerseys consisting of 7 Fall Boars, 1 by Acme Wonder, 4 by Critics Sensation, and 2 by Royal Model. 14 Spring Pigs sired by Col. Aviator, Royal Model and Sensations Model. 1 two yer old tried Sire. Also have eight young Shorthorn Bulls ranging in age from 5 to 16 months old in roan, red and white color. These are priced to sell and guaranteed to be breeders. Papers furnished.

EMIL W. LAU, Klemme, Iowa

Sheep For Sale

FOR SALE—About 40 breeding ewes and one Scotch Wool Buck. J. B. Spitler. 5tf.

Team For Sale

Young work team, 5 year old black and dapple gray, wt 1400 each. Also have new britching harness for sale. G. P. Baack. ad5-tfc

NOTICE—Your account was due on October 1, 1920, Pay up at once— we must have the money. Henry Lau.

Corn Picker - Stove

FOR SALE—McCORMICK CORN PICKER, good as new, picked only about 25 acres. Also have good heating stove for sale. H. J. Bailey. 6-1c

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR With the Will Annexed

Notice is hereby given, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Administrator with the will annexed of the Estate of Dora Lau, deceased, late of Hancock County, State of Iowa. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them, duly uthenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

Dated Sept. 27th, A. D., 1920.

August Lau, Administrator with the Will Annexed

3w 4 5 6

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR

Notice is hereby given, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executors of the Estate of Christian Lau, late of Hancock County, Iowa, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

Dated Sept. 27th, A. D., 1920.

August Lau,
W. F. Greimann,
Executors

3w 4 5 6

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

Cheaper Meat . . .

Effective October 11, all fresh Beef Cuts will be

Reduced in Price from

3c *to* 5c

Per Pound!

Other meats and commodities according to market conditions.

Fresh Oysters- are again in season and our stock, direct from the coast are the freshest and best ever received.

J. P. Larsen & Sons

Furnace AND Stove Repairs

Don't Wait For Cold Weather

Come in right now and let us fix you out with repairs for your heat-stove or furnace--pipes, grates, repairs, dampers, registers, polish etc.

We Have Everything You Need

JACOBS & SON

HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

Attention Farmer!

Don't put off buying your machinery but come in now while we can supply you. It takes a long time to get machinery from the factory so come in now while have the goods on hand.

Corn Pickers

We still have a few on hand and give you either a Deering or McCormick.

Portable Elevators

You need an elevator--saves time, money and work. See our new Sandwich Elevators. Also received some Horse Powers for running your elevator, feed grinder, etc.

Manure Spreaders

We have a Nisco or Deere spreader for you.

Wagons

We have a fine supply of Deere and International wagons and boxes.

The Primrose

Is the best Cream Separator made, it gets ALL the cream, ask us.

We also sell Round Portable Corn Cribs and Shoveling Boards.

Used Machinery

We have some used machines--plows, all kinds, wagons, gas engines, trucks, etc at REAL BARGAINS.

Tell Your Machine Wants to Us

W. M. BAACK

High Grade Farm Implements. Klemme, Ia.

LIFE WAS A MISERY TO HER

Says this Woman Until Relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Carrollton, Ky.—"I suffered almost two years with female weakness. I could not walk any distance, ride or take any exercise at all without resting. If I swept the floor or did any kind of work it would bring my sickness on. I was weak and languid, had no energy, and life was a misery to me. I was under the care of a good physician for several months and tried other remedies. I had read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and decided to try it. After taking twelve bottles I found myself much improved and I took six more. I have never had any more trouble in that respect since. I have done all kinds of work and at present am an attendant at a State Hospital and am feeling fine. I have recommended your Vegetable Compound to dozens of my friends and shall always recommend it."—LILLIAN THARP, 824 S. 6th St., Carrollton, Ky.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

Hubby Came, Too.

During a blowing snow storm one night a knock sounded at the door, followed by a familiar "Hello!" Recognizing the voice of one of my friends, I hastened to the door, opening it only the required distance for her admittance. Then, in order to keep the snow from blowing in, I forced the door shut with a bang.

When I turned to my visitor to take her wraps, I discovered that she was laughing heartily. "Will you please let my husband in?" she said. "He's on the ouside."

Only the real amusement of both of them broke the spell of my most embarrassing moment.—Exchange.

BOCHEE'S SYRUP

A Harmless Soothing, Healing Remedy for Coughs and Colds.

Here is a remedy for coughs, colds, bronchitis, throat irritation, and especially for lung troubles, that has been sold all over the civilized world in many thousands of households for the last fifty-four years. Its merits have stood this test of time and use, and surely no test could be more potent or convincing. It gives the patient with weak and inflamed lungs a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning. Try one bottle, accept no substitute. For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine everywhere—Adv.

An Objection.

"Are you in favor of a front porch campaign?"

"Not me," replied Farmer Corntossel. "Miranda would never stand for having the grass all trampled out in the front yard."

Cuticura Comforts Baby's Skin

When red, rough and itching with hot baths of Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment. Also make use now and then of that exquisitely scented dusting powder, Cuticura Talcum, one of the indispensable Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

No More Snuggling.

"The honeymoon must be over."

"Why do you say that?"

"They now carry individual umbrellas."

Over fifty years ago a young physician practiced widely in a rural district and became famous for his uniform success in the curing of disease. This was Dr. Pierce, who afterwards established himself in Buffalo, N. Y., and placed one of his prescriptions, which he called "Golden Medical Discovery," in the drug stores of the United States so that the public could easily obtain this very remarkable tonic, corrective and blood-maker. Dr. Pierce manufactured this "Discovery" from roots and barks—a corrective remedy, the ingredients of which nature had put in the fields and forests, for keeping us healthy. Few folks or families now living have not at sometime or other used this "Golden Medical Discovery" for the stomach, liver and heart. Over twenty-four million bottles of this tonic and blood remedy have been sold in this country.

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 42-1920.

FARM ANIMALS

CLEAN PENS ARE IMPORTANT

Development and Perpetuation of Roundworms Is Fostered by Manure-Covered Lots.

Investigations reported in a recent technical publication of the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture, disclosed additional evidence of the importance of keeping young pigs in clean pens that have not been contaminated by other swine.

A roundworm of pigs, known as Ascaris suum, is held responsible not only for many deaths among swine, but for a large proportion of the runts among these animals. Development and perpetuation of the roundworms is fostered by badly drained and manure-covered hog lots, which are on this account dangerous to young pigs and not good for pigs of any age.

Eggs of the parasite may remain alive in soil for five years and even longer. Places occupied by pigs harboring the adult worms in their intestines will become badly infested with the eggs. Pigs farrowed and kept in such places are certain to pick up many of these eggs, and even suckling pigs are liable to swallow eggs present in dirt adhering to the teats of the sow.

Investigations by the bureau have proved that after the eggs have been swallowed and have hatched in the intestine the young worms do not immediately settle down, but penetrate the wall of the intestine and travel to the liver and the lungs. From the lungs they crawl up the windpipe and then down the esophagus and return to the intestine. Only after they have passed through the lungs do they establish themselves in the intestine and grow to maturity.

In passing through the lungs the young worms cause more or less damage to these organs. Pneumonia may result and the animal may die about a week or ten days after infection. Symptoms of this pneumonia among pigs are commonly known as "thumps." Not all cases of "thumps" come from this source, but the worms are frequently the cause. Young pigs are more susceptible than older pigs to infection, and are also more likely to suffer severely from migration of the young worms through the lungs.

There is no treatment for the lung stage of the parasite. If the pig survives he may later be treated with

Hogs Kept Under Conditions Shown Here Are More Susceptible to Disease Than Animals Under Sanitary Conditions.

worm remedies to remove the worms from the intestine. In such cases, however, it commonly happens that the animal has been so seriously injured through the lungs that even after their expulsion from the intestine the pig is unable to make up for the setback he has received, although he does better than if allowed to go untreated.

PROVED SIRE OF HIGH VALUE

Breeders Could Make Much Improvement by Paying More Attention to Male Animals.

The breeder who is making real progress is the man who owns a proved sire. Breeders could improve their business by paying more attention to this part of their business. Steps should be taken to prove out the sire before he is widely used or before he is discarded.

WHY HOGS LIKE TO WALLOW

Animal So Constructed That He Does Not Perspire and Must Cool His Body in Water.

The hog is so constructed that he does not sweat, or perspire, but must cool his body either in the shade in moderate weather or in water during high temperatures; so, just as it is natural for the duck to swim, the hen to scratch, or the mule to kick, so it is for the hog to wallow.

HEAVY SILAGE RATION BEST

Enables Baby Beef Feeder to Get Young Animals Up to Full Feed in Short Period.

The heavy silage ration for baby beef the first part of the feeding period enables the feeder, when grain is added, to get the calves up to a full feed in a shorter period of time than when grain is fed from the beginning.

TWO METHODS GIVEN FOR MAKING LIME FOR IMPROVEMENT OF SOIL

This Outfit—Small Crusher Operated by Farm Tractor—Produced 300 Tons of Lime in 30 Days.

With the building up of soil by proper crop rotation becoming more general the use of lime for improving agricultural soils is increasing. Limestone soils are universally recognized as rich soils and especially suitable for stock farming, where proper mixed hay and pasture are vital. By the use of ground limestone many farmers, frequently at a moderate expense, can make their soils better, say specialists of the bureau of soils, United States department of agriculture.

Where lime can be bought from large plants producing it cheaply, it is doubtful whether the farmer in a limestone region would do well to make his own lime. In other cases, however, the existence of local material and the advisability of using power or labor which would otherwise go to waste make it the best policy to produce lime on the farm. In some rural communities are sources of power, such as sawmills, which are only used for a part of the year. In cases of this kind it may be possible to utilize this power for limestone grinding, and thus lower the price of the product. In other cases, as at prisons, reformatories, institutions for the insane, etc., there is available a large amount of unpaid or cheap labor which may be used to produce lime for the institution farm or even for sale to neighboring farmers.

Burning or Grinding.

Given a source of limestone or shell, the farmer has a choice of either grinding the material finely and using it in the form of carbonate or burning it and using it in the form of oxide or quicklime. In the early days of this country the burning process was the only one employed, but at present ground limestone is popular in many sections where long freight hauls are not involved. Good results agriculturally are obtained from lime in either of these forms.

Burning has certain advantages for small operations, chiefly because it takes no expensive equipment or power plant. Where only a small amount is needed all that is necessary is to use the so-called heap method. In this system a layer of two rows of dry cordwood mixed with a lighter kindling is first laid down, next a layer of coal, next a layer of limestone, and above this several layers of limestone and coal. One part of coal should burn several parts of limestone. The outside of this heap is covered with soil and the kindling lighted. The burning of the wood and coal turns the whole amount of broken limestone into burned lime, the carbon dioxide escaping as a gas through an opening left in the top of the heap for this purpose. The process is not completely satisfactory unless the gas is allowed to escape.

This method produces lime which is mixed with ashes, but as the coal ashes are harmless and the wood ashes beneficial to the soil no ill effects result from this mixture. Oyster or clam shells may be burned in a similar manner or in a special rack made of cordwood. In all cases the heat must be controlled and spaces must be left between the stone or shells for the flames to penetrate.

Where larger quantities of lime are to be made it may be advisable in some cases to construct a small cylindrical kiln, which may be lined with fire brick or sandstone. This is rarely advisable for the farmer at present, however, as under these conditions it would probably pay him better to purchase a grinding outfit.

Community Production.

The use of small crushers and pulverizers to produce ground limestone has proved satisfactory in many localities. They are naturally not as economical as a large plant but may save high freight rates to inaccessible localities. They are often employed also at off seasons of the year where labor would otherwise not be used to the best advantage. The most convenient outfit is a combination crusher and pulverizer, but good results are secured from small pulverizers, although in this case a good deal more hand sledging has to be done. Portable outfits may be moved from place to place and thus utilize outcrops and save hauling.

Where associations of farmers are buying machinery a stationary plant may be installed which should produce limestone at a low cost per ton. As each case is a business proposition which will have to be considered by itself, it is difficult to advise as to which type of outfit is the best purchase.

Application of Limestone.

Limestone ground to pass through a ten-mesh screen, all finer particles included, is recommended by the department of agriculture for the common application of two tons to the acre. Either very finely pulverized limestone or burnt lime is recommended where an application of only a few hundred pounds to the acre is to be made. For general use in the more humid portions of the country it advises an application of one to two tons of ground limestone to the acre, or one-half that amount of burnt lime, once in a rotation of not more than five years unless actual test proves this unnecessary. For alfalfa and permanent pastures, an initial application of double these amounts should be made. Lime may safely be used at any point in the ordinary farm rotation without serious loss of the material. If applied in connection with tilled crops, its mixture with the soil will be insured. The effects of lime are likely to be in proportion to the thoroughness with which it is mixed with the soil in which the crop roots develop.

SUPERIOR QUALITIES FOUND IN NEW WHEAT

Acreage in Kansas Estimated at About 500,000 Acres.

Kanred Is Variety Developed by Kansas Agricultural Experiment Station—Widely Grown in Many Western States.

Deep interest in the success of Kanred wheat reported from Kansas is being shown by specialists of the bureau of plant industry of the United States department of agriculture. According to reports this year's acreage of Kanred is estimated by Kansas authorities to have been about 500,000 acres. Of this total area 15,000 to 20,000 acres, grown by selected farmers, have been carefully inspected in the field by representatives of the Kansas agricultural college and certified as furnishing sources of seed of high quality and purity.

Kanred is a variety of hard red winter wheat developed by the Kansas agricultural experiment station. It was obtained by selection from the Crimean variety of hard red winter wheat introduced from Russia by the bureau of plant industry of the federal department of agriculture and widely grown in Kansas and adjacent states.

It was developed by the Kansas scientists with special reference to conditions there and has proved to be a better yielder by three to five bushels to the acre compared with other hard red winter wheats. Its better yield is due in part to greater resistance to winterkilling and to rust and in part to its slightly earlier ripening, say specialists of the department.

MAKE WAR ON TUBERCULOSIS

Campaign Now Being Conducted in Forty-Five States in Co-operation With Owners and Officials.

The campaign to eradicate tuberculosis from live stock is now being conducted in 45 states in co-operation with the live-stock owners and the respective state live-stock sanitary officials. Arrangements are being made to have other states engage in the work. However, state and federal officials cannot prevent losses from the disease without the assistance and hearty co-operation of the owners.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Rats destroy valuable feed.

* * *

Full many a farmer's table is set from the egg money.

* * *

Soybeans can be threshed with an ordinary threshing machine.

* * *

Cut corn for grain and fodder when the kernels have fairly hardened.

* * *

Build up your soil with limestone—your live stock with a purebred sire.

"ASPIRIN"

WARNING! The name "Bayer" is the thumb-print which identifies genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 20 years and proved safe by millions.

BAYER

SAFETY FIRST! Accept only an "unbroken package" of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and for pain generally. Strictly American!

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Locations.

"A great many campaigns have been successfully conducted from front porches."

"Perhaps," rejoined Senator Sorghum. "But many poems have been written in attics. I don't regard a front porch as any more essential to a politician than an attic is to a poet."

Making It Easy.

To facilitate the scheme for taking the finger-prints of infants in America, it is proposed to make the impressions in jam.—The Passing Show (London).

A taste for minding one's own business is often hard to acquire.

Keep Your Blood Pure Nature Will Do the Rest

Did you know that ninety per cent of all human ailments depend upon the condition of your blood?

Nature gives her warnings in various unmistakable ways, so that when the appetite fails, and you become weak and listless and a general run-down condition seems to take possession of the whole body, it is an unfailing sign that impurities will steadily accumulate until your general health will be seriously affected. You should recognize the importance, therefore, of very promptly cleansing out the system, and keeping the blood supply pure and robust.

Get a bottle of S. S. S. at your drugstore to day, and note how promptly it builds up the appetite and gives new strength and vitality. Write for free literature and medical advice to Chief Medical Adviser, 153 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

COMMON ERROR IN GRAMMAR

Words "Begun" and "Began" Are Wrongly Used by Those Careless in Their Speech.

It is quite common to hear some one say, "I begun to do that work yesterday," "the battle begun between the two armies," etc. This use of "begun" to express the past tense (sometimes called the preterit) of "begin" is not incorrect, according to some authorities on the uses of words, but there is a fairly general agreement that the better word to use is "began." If you wish to safeguard yourself against possible criticism, say "I began to do that work yesterday," "The battle began between the two armies," etc., not "begun."

Richard Grant White, in "Words and Their Uses," a high authority, criticizes and condemns the use of "begun" instead of "began" to express the past.

Of course, it is incorrect beyond any doubt to say, "I have began" to express the perfect tense of "begin." Say, "I have begun," never "I have began."—Columbus Dispatch.

Catty.

"What a high color Grace has."

"Of course it's high. She won't use any of the cheap kinds."

If some fools were to remain quiet they might acquire a reputation for wisdom.

WHERE TOMMY MADE A POINT

Remarkable That School Teacher Had Never Noticed That Quite Simple Truth Before.

Arithmetic, according to the average small boy, was simply invented in order to give teachers a good excuse for punishing their unhappy pupils. And certainly little Tommy Smith found it the unpleasant feature of his young life.

"Now, Tommy Smith," said the school teacher one morning, during the usual hour of torture, "what is the half of eight?"

"Which way, teacher?" asked the youngster cautiously.

"Which way!" replied the astonished lady. "What do you mean?"

"Well, on top or sideways, teacher?" said Tommy.

"What difference does that make?"

"Why," Tommy explained, with a pitying air, "half of the top of eight is nought, but half of it sideways is three."—London Answers.

The Color of It.

"The sentry you see is a green recruit." "I suppose that is why he looks so blue."

A widow never tells her age; she's always old enough to know better.

The man who augurs bad luck is the worst kind of a bore.

If you like the taste of coffee, you'll like

INSTANT POSTUM

and you'll like it better than coffee because it is a table drink of satisfying flavor, with no after regrets, and it costs less.

Coffee disagrees with some, but Instant Postum agrees with everybody.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

Sold by grocers everywhere!

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

WRIGLEY'S

5¢ a package before the war

5¢ a package during the war

and

5¢ a package NOW

The Flavor Lasts So Does the Price!

Not Quite.

"So they had smuggled whisky on that yachting party. This is going the limit."

"Oh, no; that is three miles out."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

COUNTRY'S FIRST CORN MILL

Recent Discoveries Establish Its Site at a Point on the St. Croix River, Eastport, Me.

The site of what undoubtedly was the first tidewater mill on the American continent has been discovered at Red Beach, Me., where Low's brook empties into the St. Croix river at a point nearly opposite the southern end of Dochet's island, where De Monts and his men settled in the year 1604, three years before the settlement of Jamestown. In excavating for a fish pond near his summer home, R. S. Mc-Carter of Cambridge, Mass., unearthed the unmistakable remains of an ancient dam of stone and timbers. Comparing the site with the original map of the island, authorities agreed that it must have been the site of the water mill mentioned in the old records as employed by Sieur De Monts and his men to grind their corn, being the largest stream within an area of several miles on either side of the river.

Trouble.

"What is that?"

"The trouble wagon."

"Are they delivering it these days?"

On Strike!

Hick—Time is money.

Wick—No wonder, then, people buy on tick.—Cartoons Magazine.

Every cloud has a silver lining. The boy who has the mumps doesn't have to go to school.

Conditions.

Knicker—The modern child goes to a part time school.

Bocker—And has a part time home.

"Pape's Diapepsin" Corrects Stomach

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the quickest, surest relief for Indigestion, Gases, Flatulence, Heartburn, Sourness, Fermentation or Stomach Distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief and shortly the stomach is corrected so you can eat favorite foods without fear. Large case costs only 60 cents at drug store. Absolutely harmless and pleasant. Millions helped annually. Best stomach corrective known—Adv.

GEORGIE'S PATIENCE GONE

And the Youngster Signified the Fact With Slang Phrase Much to the Point.

"Slang and children are the two most prominent paths by which colloquial and technical terms come into everyday use," remarked Professor Jorgan. "Only the other day I overheard two small boys talking together.

"Georgie had a better memory than his brother, and Roger was always trying to get him to remember things for him. Georgie got tired of this, and when Roger wanted him to remember something he must do before school time the next morning, he asked:

"'What do you think my head is, a parking place for what you want to remember?'"—Los Angeles Times.

Inside Information.

Billy went up to dad and said: "Father, I know what Mary will want this year for Christmas."

"It's a bit early to start telling what you and Mary want for Christmas. But what is it?" replied the father.

"Mary will want a doll," said Billy.

And just then little Mary came running into the room with big tears dripping down her cheeks and exclaimed: "Daddy, Billy broke my new doll."

Too many men in the country vote as they pray—and they never pray unless it is to ask a personal favor.

The Blended Flavors

of wheat and malted barley, fully developed by twenty hours' baking make

Grape-Nuts

The Ideal Cereal

Ideal not only from a taste standpoint but because of easy digestibility, full nourishing worth, economy and ease of service.

At Grocers Everywhere

ERADICATE CROP OF QUACK GRASS

Courage, Determination and Attention to Detail Make the Outcome Certain.

ROTATION FOR LARGE AREAS

Land Should Be Plowed in Fall and Double-Disked at Once, Lengthwise of Furrows—Some Hand Work May Be Necessary.

Quack grass can be killed out completely without losing a crop, says A. C. Arny, assistant agriculturist at the Minnesota College of Agriculture. To secure such a result, however, the crops grown must be such as to admit of a thorough clean-up of the fields every two or three years. Courage to do the work, a determination to win, and attention to detail make the outcome certain.

For the Small Spot.

For spots not more than three or four rods square, three plans may be followed:

1. Cut the quack grass as close to the ground as practicable, cover the spots and the ground two or three feet beyond them in all directions, with tar paper, lapping the paper about four inches and weighting it down with stones or soil. Leave the paper on eight or ten weeks. This method is most effective when started from May 1 to August 1.

2. Keep the spots thoroughly cultivated or hoed up to the latter part of May, and then plant corn or late cabbage. Keep these plats clean of quack grass.

3. Apply sodium arsenate, eight pounds dissolved in 20 gallons of water, to each square rod of infested soil. This will kill the quack grass and all other plants. This treatment leaves the soil sterile for some time afterward. Sodium arsenate is a deadly poison and the greatest care should be observed in its use.

For the Larger Area.

For larger areas a rotation must be used that gives chance for an exceedingly thorough clean-up often enough to keep the quack grass from recovering.

A four-year rotation of grain, clover, corn and corn meets this demand. In following such a rotation, the area should be plowed as early as possible in the fall, five or six inches deep, and should be double-disked at once,

Disking Corn Stubble to Kill Out Quack Grass.

lengthwise the furrows. If the quack grass shows growth afterward the diskings should be continued through the fall. In the spring, diskings or cultivation should be continued often enough to keep the quack grass from showing green above the ground until corn-planting time. Usually the replowing of the field just before the planting of the corn should be resorted to. Corn should be checked and cultivated often enough to keep it clean. Hand work may be necessary to get all the quack grass out of the hills. As soon as the corn crop is off in the fall, the land should be plowed and manured. In the spring again disking should be resorted to and should be kept up as during the previous year. In the third year grain and clover should be sown. In the fourth year the clover crop should be cut in the latter part of June, then the ground should be plowed immediately, three or four inches deep, and double-disked at once and often enough to keep the quack grass out until August 15. The ground should then be replowed five or six inches deep and the disking continued through the fall. Corn should be planted the next year again.

A 40-acre field divided into four equal parts, two of which are in corn, one in grain and the other in clover, can be handled in this way by one man with one team.

Quack grass cannot stand up against this kind of treatment.

CUTTING ALFALFA CROP ONCE

Aftermath Furnishes Pasture for Live Stock at Time When It Is Usually Needed.

When the alfalfa crop is cut but once, that cutting is best made when most of the seed is in the hard dough stage. Hay cut at this stage of maturity has practically the same feeding value as that cut earlier, according to analyses made at the Iowa experiment station. After the one cutting is secured, the aftermath furnishes pasture at a time when it is usually most needed.

GOOD PLAN TO PICK SEED CORN IN FALL

Select Ears From Plants Which Have Done Well.

Some Characteristics for Farmer to Keep in Mind When Making Selection of Best Seed for Next Year's Crop.

The best way to select seed corn is from the standing stalks. Why? Because we can choose ears from plants which have produced well in competition with neighboring plants. After the corn is cut we cannot tell how it grew.

This is the reason why some of the best seed corn growers go through their fields as soon as the ears are ripe and hard and before heavy frosts or autumn rains injure the corn to pick out their seed for next year.

Selecting Seed Corn Under Field Conditions.

Some men mark the selected stalks, but do not cut them until after the field is cut. Others husk the selected ears before cutting and hang them up at once in a place where they will dry quickly.

The characteristics to keep in mind in selecting corn in the field are: A sturdy, upright stalk of medium height and thickness, with short joints, and broad leaves carried well down, which stands in an average hill on average soil; an ear well matured and low set, of fair size, with straight rows and fairly well-covered tip, with deep uniform grains, having a medium sized cob, a rather small butt, and a husk protecting the tip; the ear hanging over so as to shed the rain. Although some strains of corn have been developed that tend to produce two ears to the stalk, one good ear is all we should expect where the stand is thick enough. It is much better to obtain one good ear than two nubbins.

Anyone who takes an interest and pride in his corn will find profit and satisfaction in field selection, especially if it is followed up for several years.

ACID PHOSPHATE BIG FACTOR

Large Increase in Corn, Wheat and Clover Hay Obtained at Ohio Experiment Station.

The Ohio station in testing manure and fertilizers has secured an average yield of corn of 67 bushels per acre for 21 years, or an increase of 35 bushels over the yield where no manure or fertilizer has been used. The corn crop was grown in a rotation of corn, wheat and clover. The manure applied in this case had been re-enforced in the stables at the rate of 40 pounds of acid phosphate per ton of manure. Eight tons were applied to the clover sod in the winter before it was plowed down for corn.

The experiments show that manure loses much of its fertilizing properties when allowed to be leached by rains, and also that manure needs re-enforcement with phosphorus to be most effective. From this application of manure and acid phosphate there has also been an average increase of 15 bushels of wheat and 2,500 pounds of clover hay over the untreated plots in the rotation, the wheat and clover following the corn without any further manuring or fertilizing.

TO HANDLE STUBBLE FIELDS

If Cultivated Crops Are to Follow Good Plan Is to List Land Soon as Possible.

One of the best ways to handle stubble fields on dry lands is to disk the stubble as soon as possible after the crop is removed, according to Professor Kezer, Colorado agricultural college. If the land is to be put back into fall wheat, plowing should be done immediately. The earlier the plowing is done, the better the chances of getting a crop. This is due to the fact that nature requires some time to properly settle and compact the seedbed.

If the stubble land is to be put into cultivated crops the following year, a good method to follow and a cheap one is to use the lister just as soon as the grain is off if possible. This is one of the cheapest methods of controlling weeds and putting the land in shape to catch moisture. It also is a very good way to control blowing.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

Nature's Cure

The Concentrated Essence of Herbs for Ages is in the Peat as Applied at

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

The Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest

Write for information

Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co., Post Office: Jordan, Minn.

Much-Needed Rest.

"Well, was your vacation success?"

"One of the most enjoyable I ever had," said Mr. Gawping.

"Where did you go?"

"Nowhere. The family will be home tomorrow."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

DYE RIGHT

Buy only "Diamond Dyes"

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye worn, shabby skirts, waists, dresses, coats, gloves, stockings sweaters, draperies everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods, new, rich fadeless colors. Have druggist show you "Diamond Dyes Color Card."—Adv.

An Anomaly.

"They say that ferret-faced man gets along well with all his fellow-employees."

"Why shouldn't he?"

"Because he works in a 'rat' office."

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs" Child's Best Laxative

Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."—Adv.

Seat of the Trouble.

Herbert often complained about the peculiar disposition of his small cousin, with whom he could not get along well. After a recent disagreement he came into the house out of patience and exclaimed: "Well, mother, James and I might just as well quit trying to be friends if he is my cousin. We just can't agree. He's too full of human nature."

Catarrh Can Be Cured

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work.

All Druggists. Circulars free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

One kind word to the living is better than a long drawn out eulogy over the dead.

Cole's Carbolisalve Quickly Relieves and heals burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Heals without scars. 25c and 50c. Ask your druggist, or send 25c to The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill., for a pkg. Adv.

A wise man always bets on top dogs and bottom facts.

SQUEEZED TO DEATH

When the body begins to stiffen and movement becomes painful it is usually an indication that the kidneys are out of order. Keep these organs healthy by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Famous since 1696. Take regularly and keep in good health. In three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed as represented. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

No More Misery After Eating

Just Takes An Eatonic

"The first dose of Eatonic did me wonders. I take it at meals and am no longer bothered with indigestion," writes Mrs. Ellen Harris.

Thousands of people, like this dear lady, gratefully testify about Eatonic, which does its wonders by taking up and carrying out the excess acidity and gases which bring on indigestion, heartburn, bloating, belching and food repeating. Acid stomach also causes about seventy other non-organic ailments. Protect yourself. A big box of Eatonic costs but a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

PEGGY coughed for an hour after bedtime until Mother thought of Kemp's Balsam. A half teaspoonful quickly relieved the irritation, after which she soon went to sleep.

KEMP'S BALSAM

Will Stop That Cough

Keep Your Skin-Pores Active and Healthy With Cuticura Soap

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

PILES ORIENTAL PILE SALVE is sold on a positive guarantee to give relief. Use it for itching piles, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. If you are not satisfied you get your money back. You are the judge. We don't argue; square dealing is our motto. Try us. Price $1.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

East India Medicine Co.

126 South Jefferson Ave. St. Louis, Mo.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling

Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair

60c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

Agents and Dealers Wanted

to handle Pressed Steel Automobile Lugs, a device attached to the rear wheels and guaranteed to take any automobile or truck out of any mud hole or ditch, or through any road. Gives absolute traction through mud, snow or any bad road; does not injure the tires. Sell instantly wherever shown. Retail at $5.00 per set. Liberal commissions. Distributors' territory available. Address WORLD-OVER SALES COMPANY, 505 Fifth Avenue, New York City

GROW WITH THE WEST—Subscribe to the Rogers-Burke Service, Tucson, Ariz., $1.00 yearly; Bulletins mailed you weekly.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

WOULD YOU INVEST $1.25 Monthly in a Building Organization? Write Burke Commission Co., Tucson, Ariz., for full particulars.

Herman Coobs returned from his visit at McGregor, Iowa, Tuesday.

Mrs. Ruth Raymond and little girl of New York City are spending a few weeks at the John Velau home.

Geo. Gisel, of Maquoketa, Iowa, is here spending a couple of weeks with his old school mate, Ed Jacobs.

A baby girl arived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Stille last week Tuesday. That accounts for the broad smile on Paul's face the past week.

Everyone is more than pleased with the work turned out by the Johnson Laundry. G. P. McCulough has the agency and sends the basket every Wednesday. 6-tf.

Pure Bred

Hornless

Shorthorn

CATTLE

AND

Duroc Jersey

BOARS

Growthy Herd Headers of Merit

6-4 for sale by

C. A. ARNOLD

Klemme, Iowa

Ben A. Reemstma

Farm and General

AUCTIONEER

Sales conducted to insure the owners highest approval. See me for dates and terms.

Phone 508

KLEMME, IOWA

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.

Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

The City Dray Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

☞Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Worthy Usher, of Cedar Rapids, was an over Sunday visitor at the Tom Blank home. We believe Miss Minnie can give beter details regarding the young gentleman's visit.

A baby boy is reported at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lee Lewis, who reside near Goodell, since last Wednesday afternoon. The Lewis family formerly lived near Klemme.

Mrs. Mary Baumeister met with a rather severe accident last Wednesday when she fell from the back steps of the house and badly sprained her wrist.

Why not get that winter over-coat or suit cleaned up before cold weather? Johnson's Laundry does the best work. G. P. McCullough, agent. 6-tf.

NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

State of Iowa, Hancock County, ss.

In District Court, December Term, 1920.

To All Whom It May Concern:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED, That an instrument of writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Edward Charles Collins deceased, dated Dec. 24 1919, haveing been this day filed, opened and read, and Monday the 6th day of December, 1920 is fixed for hearing proof of same at the Court House in Garner, Iowa, before the District Court of said County or Clerk of said Court; and at 3:30 o'clock p. m. of the day above mentioned, all persons interested are hereby notified and required to appear, and show cause, if any they have, why said instrument should not be probated and allowed as and for the last Will and Testament of said deceased.

Dated at Garner. Iowa, October 11th, 1920.

(SEAL) A. E. Baumgartner

6-3 Clerk District Court

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

A. H. Meyer, Pastor

Preaching service Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Sunday School at the close of the preaching service at 11 o'clock.

Epworth League and preaching service in Liberty Township church Sunday evening at 7:30.

Midweek prayer meeting on each Thursday evening at 7:30.

All are invited to our services.

Sheriff Jas. A. Ross took another offender of prohibition law into tow the other day. The fellow was wanted by the Sheriff of Wright county where an illicit still had been located Some time ago, the Wright county sheriff gathered in this fellow but in some manne he made a getaway He was finally located near Hayfield and Sheriff James arested him. Jim held him until the Wright county sheriff arrived It is our understanding that the fellow is out on $100 bonds awaiting the action of the Wright county grand jury. —Democrat.

PLACING CROWN ON PAGODA

Solemn Ceremony at Mandalay That Attracted Crowds of the Devout Followers of Buddha.

A curious festival was held not long ago in Mandalay, the chief town of Burma. A new pagoda dedicated to the Buddhist religion was to be completed by the placing of a huge crown or thi upon its summit, more than 300 feet above the ground.

To witness the ceremony came Buddhists from Indo-China, from the Himalayas, from Laos and Chan and Siam. Warriors from Katschin, Sorcerers from Mot and people from other places made a medley of languages like that at Babel.

On a street corner would be seen a barber pulling a customer's tooth. On another corner a Mohammedan bird dealer sold caged paroquets to Buddhists who piously set them free. At very modern booths one could buy ice cream, soda or tea. Mandalay was a gorgeous spectacle and the new pagoda was the center of it.

Every pagoda has at its summit a thi, or cap, the placing of which is often a herculean task. The one now to be raised weighed several hundred pounds and consisted of a glided ball and crown and a great spindle above it.

To get it to the top an inclined plane of bamboo scaffolding like a huge toboggan slide had been built, and was decorated with silk flags and umbrellas. Up the inclined plane the heavy cap was slowly pulled. Six days were required for the ascent and a seventh to fasten it in place.

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105

RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments

Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Surprise on Rev. and Mrs. A. E. Buriff

Tuesday evening the membets of the Methodist Church gathered at the Idle Hour Theatre, and we must not forget to mention that the ladies brought well filled baskets of good things to eat. The object of all this commotion was a surprise party on Rev. and Mrs. A. E. Buriff to celebrate their Silver Wedding Anniversary. When everything was all set the Reverend gentleman and his wife were invited "to attend the show" and to their surprise found quite a gathering of merry makers. General visiting, games of all kinds, music and singing made up the entertainment. The "eats" were very fine and held a prominent place on the program. Needless to state that all had a most enjoyable time at the party and all extended their best wishes to the Bride and Groom of Twenty-five summers, and hoped that they enjoy many more years of happy wedded life.

CATTLE RUSTLERS USE AUTOS

Cattle Are Now Taken Across the International Boundary by New Method.

Regina, Sask.—The motorcar, it seems, has achieved another success by winning its advent into the cattle rustling business. The old and well-known practice of cattle rustlers, when they used to drive their stolen herds before them, is now a thing of the past. A few days ago three calves were stolen from herds near Bengough and spirited across the international border by two motorcars. Three of the rustlers were arrested on this side of the line and two others in Montana and are now awaiting trial.

Miss Minnie Lenz was absent from her duties at the post office several days last week as she was recovering from the effects of having her tonsils removed.

A Psychologist's Morning After.

I had two days spoiled by a psychological experiment with mescal, an intoxicant used by some of our southwestern Indians in their religious ceremonies—a sort of cactus bud of which the United States government had distributed a supply to certain medical men, including Weir Mitchell, who sent me some to try. He had himself been "in fairyland." It gives the most glorious visions of color—every object thought of appears in a jeweled splendor unknown to the natural world. It disturbs the stomach somewhat, but that, according to W. M., was a cheap price. I took one bud three days ago, was violently sick for twenty-four hours, and had no other symptom whatever except that and the katzenjammer the following day.—From Letter of William James, Atlantic Monthly.

Aluminum Brass.

Experiments aimed at developing the resistance of brass to the action of sea water, with a view to its employment for constructing submarines in France, have, it is reported, shown some remarkable results from the addition of aluminum. The internal structure of the alloy is strikingly changed by a very small percentage of aluminum and the color changes are surprising.

From half of 1 per cent up to 5 per cent of aluminum gives the brass a deep golden color. If the quantity of aluminum is increased beyond 5 per cent a superb rose color results, which reaches its maximum when the aluminum amounts to 7 per cent. With 10 per cent of aluminum the color turns to a silvery white.

The Faith Cure.

"Mamma," said little Betty, "my kitty is sick and I have been trying to give her some of my medicine, but she won't take it." "Of course not," replied her mother. "Cats never take medicine when they are ill." "Well, I declare!" exclaimed Betty. "Who'd think a little kitten like that would use the faith cure?"

The Klemme Times $2.00 Per Year

Fall Suggestions for Wearing Apparel

You'll need for regular work on the fa m and in town

We herewith submit a list for your approval:

Mens husking mitts, double faced, dozen	$1.80
Extra heavier ones, dozen	2.10
Also the stitched all around, extra sizes and heavy, dozen	4.00
Men's husking gloves, flannel outside, dozen	2.10
Men's plain outside gloves, dozen	1.80
Men's extra heavy cotton gloves, dozen	3.00
Men's extra good Rockford hose	20c
Men's Leather vests	$9.85 to 16.00
Men's Work shoes in any weight you desire	$2.60 to 6.50
Oshkosh overalls, the best eastern demin	$3.25
Gross Bros. 220 count eastern denim	2.75
Men's flannel shirts, all colors	3.50 to 6.00
Underwear---Union suits, also two-piece garments, all weights and prices.	
Buy a pair of good rubber boots---you'll need them during the Fall rainy period, Prices	5.00 to 6.50

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats

See the new Fall and Winter models in Suits and Overcoats that are being shown in a wider range of fabrics and colorings than ever before. These garments are popularly priced at

$40.00 $45.00 $50.00 to $65.00

Mothers

Do not wait until the best selections are sold up. Your boys may need suits and overcoats for the coming winter. Call in and see haw moderately we have them priced.

Our stock in every department is larger than at any previous season.--- We've anticipated a big business---it's on the way---IN FACT ITS HERE.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES

GARNER, IOWA

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fifth Year . Number 7 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, October 21 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of Co.nt

he Far West As Seen By Aug. Barz

ARZ TELLS OF CALIFORNIA

Continuing our article from last ek it takes us up to August 16th, which date Fred Haupt left Lodi r home.

A few days later Barz and Theil ok a trip to Murphy's Cave which about 125 miles east of San Fran- co near Carson Hill Gold Mine. e cave was found in 1885 by a n named Murphy when he was ploring about the country and he cidentally looked down in a hole ere he saw three skeleton lying. e hole was further examined and e cave discovered. The cave is a k formation and the inside greatly sembled large pieces of ice hang- g from the ceiling and just as ar. The cave is 160 feet deep, electric lighted and has 27 flights stairs and as many rooms. They so visited the gold mine at Carson ll which was very interesting. It a large mine and produces from 25,000 to $130,000 worth of gold onthly.

Their next trip took them to San rancisco where they took in the any beautiful sights of the "Golden ate" City where they spent two ys looking over the interesting aces. In the meantime they had ken a trip to the Bakersfield Oil elds and also visited a little town the name of Schaffner at which ace Theil preaches once every five eeks. Thet own was started by a mbr of members of his congrega- on who went to settle in the new untry.

Mr. Barz later went to Los Angeles r a visit with Walt Bloom. He says e Blooms are all well and prosper- g. They live in one of the nicest uses and in the best part of the ty. Walt drives a big fine car and ok Mr. Barz around quite a bit ring his stay of some ten days. ey drove over to Long Beach and re Mr. Barz saw Geo. Pabst. George the present time was taking life sy but was anxious to get back in e drug business and so was spend- g his time looking up a location in e city. While at Los Angeles Barz ok a boat trip around the harbor d saw one of Uncle Sam's Fleets nchored there. It is supposed to be e of the best harbors in the United ates now as the government has eepened it and built a breakwater better protect the ships in the har- or during a storm.

Mr. Barz then started on his home- ard trip but stopped at El Centro here he saw Geo. Knapp, a former lemme man. Mr. Knapp built a eneral store on the corner where e Wellemeyer store now stands. r. Knapp and Mr. Barz drove to the order line one day to a town by the me of Calexico which is the bound- ry between the U. S. and Mexico. e left Mr. Knapp on the fourth of ctober and his route home took m thru El Paso, Santa Rosa to ansas City and then home. He will ll something of the farming condi- ons in a later issue.

TWINS—A BOY AND A GIRL

A fine pair of twins came to make eir home with Mr. and Mrs. John ewberger last Thursday morning. ll concerned are doing nicely but ohn is more than strutting about ese days for he has reasons to be roud of the fine youngsters. The oy weighed nine pounds and the rl eight pounds so you can see they e sure fine specimens. Congratula- ons are extended.

ERMAN COOBS BUYS BLACK-SMITH AND WAGON SHOP

Herman Coobs purchased a black- mith shop at McGregor, Iowa, last eek and left Saturday afternoon for at city. He took possession of the usiness Monday. The shop is one f the leading shops of the city and equipped to do iron and wood ork. Herman is an expert mechanic nd will no doubt make a success in e business. He has been connected ith the Pavey shop here for some me and also while in the army over eas he was engaged in the blacksmith ade for Uncle Sam. Herman is a ne young man a hustler and thoroly nderstands the work. We join his any friends here in wishing him uccess at McGregor.

HENRY COOBS MARRIED

Relatives and friends of Henry Coobs received announcements the fore part of the week saying that Miss Lucinda A. Kinsley, of Mc-Gregor, was united in marriage to Mr. Henry H. Coobs, also of the same place, on Wednesday, October 13th. The announcement further states that they will "be at home after the first of November on Elmhurst Farm, McGregor, Iowa."

This is news which Klemme friends of the happy couple are glad to learn. Both of the young people are fine young people and come from the best families of McGregor. The groom is especially well known to Klemme people as he is a brother of Mrs. W. F. Pavey of this place and has pent a great deal of time here. The Times joins the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Coobs in wishing them the world's best and may they enjoy a long and happy wedded life.

A New Version

Mary had a little lamb, its fleece was white as snow; it strayed away one day where lambs should never go. And Mary sat her quickly down and tears streamed from her eyes; she never found her little lamb for she did not advertise. And Mary had a brother John who kept a village store; he sat him down and smoked his pipe, and watched the open door. And as the people passed along and did not stop to buy, John still sat and smoked his pipe and blinked his sleepy eyes. And so the sheriff turned him out and still he lingered near, and Mary came to drop with him, a sympathetic tear. "How is it, sister, can you tell, why other merchants here, sell all their goods so readily and thrive from year to year?" Remembering her oun bad luck the little maid replies: "These fellows get there, John because they advertlse."
—Headlight, Haskings, Nebraska.

Bad Water at Kanawha

Last week the local board of health sent away four samples of our city water to have it tested and flnd out if possible what was causing the disagreeable taste and odor that it has had the past few weeks. The 4 samples, one taken direct from the well and the other three from different parts of toun sent to the state laboratory at Iowa Ctiy and they reported water not up to standard but it did not contain typhoid germs.

The local board of health has asked the state board to send a chemist here to make a thorough examination of the water and he is expected in the near future.

The epidemic of sickness that has been here lately is not caused by the city water as has been reported and in proportion to population Kanawha has no more sickness than the surrounding country. —Kanawha Reporter.

Only "Load Up" Right.

The tasks you add to your already full program must be related to your life work. The magnet won't hold soap, and froth and wood. Its affinity is with things of steel. So your efforts must be related to your talents and experience if they are to be a help in your growth. One added task above your specialty would be enough to swamp a man who doesn't know your line. To you it's just another added opportunity. To be sure it will require some effort, but nothing in comparison to what it would require in others. You take the load on unconsciously. It's merely another turn or two of the kind you do right along. But in time those few extra daily turns make you a tower of strength. There is no limit to your development when you load up right—Grit.

Too Tame for Him.

"Gabson likes to hear the sound of his own voice."

"That explains his penchant for monologues. But if he loves the sound of his own voice so much why doesn't he talk into a phonograph and have his remarks 'canned' for future use?"

"He wouldn't have the satisfaction of seeing the phonograph writhe and fidget."

BAKE SALE Saturday afternoon at the J. N. Day store by the ladies of the Methodist Episcopal church. 7-1c

Mrs. G. W. Kluckhohn and Mrs. Frank Kluckhohn and the baby left for Des Moines last Thursday for a few days visit.

The "Front Porch" Campaign.

—Gale in Los Angeles Times.

Is Your Family Missed?

We presume there never was a newspaper in any locality that gave all the local happenings. It is very often the case that someone comes or goes that the reporter does not see. So it sometimes happens that the family is missed several times. They get the impression that the editor does not care to mention them. That is a mistake. In most small towns the work of getting the local items is the hardest part of the newspaper business. Editorial matter and general news is obtained by reading, by study and the use of the scissors. Personal and local happenings cannot be obtained from any paper or by study—not by a jugful. It requires real physical and mental labor to gather a few columns of personal items and local news and it keeps us on the jump. You can help us make this a better paper if you will give us any bit of news you happen to know and don't be afraid to tell the editor if you have friends or relatives visiting you, for there are lots of your friends interested in other friends visiting you. If you are taking a trip, or have returned from a trip, either business or pleasure, tell the edito. We want to have all of the news all of the time so please help us to get a better paper by telling us the news in person or call us on the phone.

ROBBERS GET $500 AT FORSET CITY

Saturday night robbers were operating in Forest City. They broke into Sam Latchman's clothing store and took away about $500 worth of clothing. They also attempted to blow the safe at the post office but this was not successful as they failed to make the explosive tear off the safe door. It is evident that the yeggs were frightened away after this attempt for no other place in town was molested. No clew to the robbery was obtaintd although it is thought they are the gang who have been operating in Iowa all summer.

We Have.

R. J. S. wants to know if we have ever met the people who never go to bed, but retire; who never sleep, but slumber; who never get up, but rise; who never eat, but dine; who never drink, but indulge; who never talk, but converse; who never read, but peruse; who never buy, but purchase, and who never get sick, but become ill?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Washington Honored While Alive.

Washington was the only American whose birthday was publicly celebrated while he still lived. February 22 was quite widely observed while he was president.

Is This a Great Thing?

There has been lots of "hot air" distributed in the days gone by and many have been hot air artists, but it remained for a Webster City man to set the world agog over a claim to having invented an apparatus for burning air. Whatever the merlt of the Webster City man's invention, as The Herald Press remarked before it constituted an unparalleled marvel or magnificent fraud. That it may be the later is suspicioned by some who have noted the elaborate arrangements for secrecy. Any way A. W. Hill, a well known Belmond man has invented a device which "burns air" and he has not surrounded his device with secrecy at all. The Herald-Press will not now publish the ingredients which Mr. Hill uses but as said above he does not maintain any rigid secrecy. Some of the Belmond men who had planned for a big demonstration here of the Webster City device have, after looking over Mr. Hill's apparatus, concinded that such demonstration by the Webster City man is hardly worth while. Its quite interesting to see Mr. Hill run compresed air through water and then set it, the air, on fire. It is hot too. And it wonld run a gas engine or heat a house or cook a meal. The cost is another and quite a different matter.
—Herald Press.

GENERAL ELECTION IS NEAR

Ladies, Get In Line And Vote

Do you voters realize that the general election is only a few days away now? The date this year is November 2nd, which falls on the first Tuesday of the month. The law says that the November election shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday and so it happened to come this year on the second day of the month. Ladies (and gentlemen,) pick your candidate and vote accordingly—just a tip to the ladies who have to vote for the first time—cast your votes on the good old Republican ticket.

WELLEMEYER INSTALLS FIRE HOSE

Art Wellemeyer installed two sets of factory fire hose in his store last week. One hose is on the main floor and one on the second floor. Each hose is fifty feet long and is fastened to a reel and all connected ready for business. With this outfit and fire breaking out in the building can easily be extinguished. It is a move in the right direction and such an outfit should be installed in every business place, it may mean less property destroyed by fire.

FIRST IRISH HUNGER STRIKER DEAD

Michael Fitzgerald, first of the eleven hunger strikers in the Cork jail to succumb to the results of their fast of more than two months, died at the jail Sunday night. His death may have some effect on the other strikers and they may take food it is said. Terrence McSwiney, lord may or of Cork is on his 70th day of the hunger strike but is very low. His doctor claims he will feed him when he becomes unconscious.

SONGS THAT ARE IMMORTAL

Greatest Minds of All the Ages Bestowed Their Labors on the Poems of Homer.

The Illiad and Odyssey were probably sung by Homer about a century and a half after the destruction of the town of Troy following the ten years of war that was waged in the cause of Menelaus, king of Lacedemon, whose consort had been carried away by the son of the Trojan monarch. The two poems are as old as David's psalms. Originally the Illiad would appear not to have been a single connected poem, but to have attained at a later period its present complete state.

About one hundred years after Homer, Lycurgus, the lawgiver of Lacedemon, brought these poems into Greece, and two centuries and a half later Pisistratus is supposed to have given them their perfect form. His son Hipparcus introduced the custom of reciting rhapsodies at the Panathenaia, or festival of the tutelar goddess. A more complete edition of the Homeric poems, from which the modern ones are taken, was prepared for Alexander the Great by Aristotle, which the former used to keep under his pillow in a golden case. Also Aratus, the astronomer, Aristarchus of Samos, and Aristophanes, librarian at Alexendria, bestowed their labor on these immortal songs. Because of the fine moral sentiment, Homer became the pattern of Thucydides, the favorite author of the greatest and noblest men, and one of the best teachers of the wisdom of human life.—Detroit News.

MAKE THE MOST OF TODAY

All That Has Gone Before Is Past and the Future Is Clouded With Uncertainty.

Today is what you have. It is also what you are. And again, Today is what you do. And if you haven't anything, and aren't anybody, and do nothing—why, then, for you there is no Today.

For Today is music. Today is art Today is literature. Today is joy. Today is work. Today is play. Today is life.

Yesterday is no problem—for it is past. Tomorrow is no problem—for it isn't here. Today is supremacy. Today is the world. Today is—Opportunity!

Crowd in upon it then. Today—take hold upon its faintest chance. Spread your smiles—Today. Be game—Today. Be glad and great—Today.

Today is the day—your day.

Today is Time and Change doing its job. Are you a vital part of the play? Today you may start out all anew. Today you may put to use what you learned a day ago. The center of your entire life may revolve about—Today.

But, above all things, do not fear—Today. And let all worry slide. All things that do not count—let them go, too. Work and help and love—Today.

For this Today will never dawn again!—George Matthew Adams in Good Housekeeping.

Snake's Menace Mere Bluff.

A really accomplished reptile recently arrived in London in the shape of the American "hog-nosed snake." When approached by man, it acts in a most disturbing way, flattening part of its body and inflating an awesome hood like a cobra. If ever anything said: "I am death," it is the hog-nosed snake receiving a caller. As you get nearer, its rage and menace increase, but, one more step, and there is an anti-climax. The hood collapses, the snake "flops" to the ground, turns on its back and appears perfectly lifeless. Stir it with a stick, and it remains as limp as a piece of garden hose, but turn your back and it will crawl away. The two specimens now in the Zoological gardens, Regent's park, have gone through their "act" so often that they are too bored to repeat it for the present. The point of the joke is that the hog-nosed snake is perfectly harmless.

Ed. G. Ell, accompanied by Elmer Fuller and Dr. Thomas drove to Des Moines Tuesday to bring back a Ford car and a truck.

Mother of John B... gartner Dead

OBITUARY MRS. JOHN BAUM-GARTNER, SR.

Mrs. John Baumgartner was born in Germany and iame to this country with her husband in 1871, when they settled at Strawberry Point, Iowa. In 1873 they came to Hancock County wheret hey have lived ever since. Mrs. Baumgartner was seventy-two yars old at the time of her death on Saturday, October 16th, 1920. Mr. Baumgartner is now seventy-four years of age. Mrs. Baumgartner leaves to mourn her loss her husband and eleven children, besides her grandchildren and her sister, Mrs. Louis Schlick, of Mason City, and other relatives. The boys are Herman of Waterloo; Otto of Mason City; Fred of Bonesteel, South Dakota; John of Klemme; Charlie of Fort Dodge; Will of Whitelake, South Dakota; Ed of Glenwood, Minnesota; August of Garner and Bennie of Mason City. The two daughters are Mrs. Bertie Smith of Newton and Mrs. Minnie Peterson of Mason City. All were present at the funeral with the exception of Will who was kept home on account of sickness in his family. All of the children are married and settled dow... The funeral services were held at ... Monday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock, from the house and at 3:0... o'clock at the Grace Methodist Church. Rev. Gauger, assisted by Rev. ..., preached the funeral. Rev. ... gave his sermon in English ... Rev. Hartke gave a short sermon in the German language. Evangelist Frank E. Linden and wife, who are conducting meetings at Garner, offered their services as singers.

Mr. and Mrs. Baumgartner are pioneers of Hancock county and went thru man yhardships in the early days and worked hard but have made a success in life. They have made a large host of friends and the funeral service on Monday was one of the largest ever held in Garner. Nearly all of the relatives from far and near were in attendance at the services, to pay tribute and to mourn the loss of a most beloved woman. The community extends sympathy to the bereaved members of the family.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank our many friends and the Royal Neighbors for their kind assistance, and for the floral offerings presented in memory of our wife, mother and grandmother.

The Baumgartner Family

Cleaning Watches With Bread.

Perhaps the most novel use to which bread is put may be seen in some of the great watch factories, where more than forty loaves of fresh bread are sometimes used each day.

From earliest times in the history of watchmaking it has been the custom to reduce fresh bread to the form of dough. This dough is used for removing oil and chips that naturally adhere in course of manufacture to pieces as small as the parts of a watch. There are many parts of a watch that are so small as to be barely visible to the naked eye. The oil is absorbed by this dough, and the chips stick to it, and there is no other known substance which can be used as a wiper without leaving some of its particles attached to the thing wiped.

Enormous Sharks.

Sharks grow to a tremendous size. Rondeleti's shark, for instance, which is an inhabitant of tropical seas, attains a length of 40 feet. The great basking shark is even longer. A young fish of this species, brought to England and set up, is 17 feet in length. Full grown, this shark may measure 50 feet and rival the whales in girth and weight.

Saw-fish have been killed 30 feet in length, and it is not for a moment to be supposed that we have secured the largest. The fact is that the natural history of the seas is still very largely a sealed book, and that surprises are still in store for future generations.

Master of Circumstance.

We are forced to accept circumstances, to take them into account in our planning. No one is big enough to disregard them, but everyone should be big enough to refuse to be mastered by them. A creature of circumstance is always a poor creature. We have no right to allow the chance of today, the accident of tomorrow, to decide our future.—Exchange.

When Run-Down

COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA—"Some years ago I was restored to health by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I went all down in health due to my having woman's weakness. I was nervous, suffered continually with backaches, pains in my side and bearing pains, and could not eat nor sleep. When 'Favorite Prescription' was recommended to me I began to take it, and it proved to be all that it is recommended to be for it completely cured me of all my woman's trouble and built me up in health and strength. It is the most wonderful medicine for women I have known."—MRS. E. SHANKS, 1219 Fifth Avenue.

Good looks in woman do not depend upon age, but upon health.

You never see a good-looking woman who is weak, run-down.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best women's tonic there is. It is 50 years old, and its age testifies to its goodness.

SLOW DEATH

Aches, pains, nervousness, difficulty in urinating, often mean serious disorders. The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

bring quick relief and often ward off deadly diseases. Known as the national remedy of Holland for more than 200 years. All druggists, in three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

A Wise Owl.

At that, he who hesitates is a wise old owl compared to the fellow who jumps at a get-rich-quick scheme.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Getting Anxious.

"Maud wants a finger in everything."

"Yes, but in an engagement ring for preference."—Boston Transcript.

Stop That Backache!

Those agonizing twinges, that dull, throbbing backache, may be warning of serious kidney weakness—serious if neglected, for it might easily lead to gravel, dropsy or fatal Bright's disease. If you are suffering with a bad back, look for other proof of kidney trouble. If there are dizzy spells, headaches, tired feeling and disordered kidney action, get after the cause. Use *Doan's Kidney Pills*, the remedy that has helped thousands. Satisfied users recommend *Doan's. Ask your neighbor!*

An Iowa Case

J. L. Ernst, S. 2nd St., Bellevue, Iowa, says: "I suffered from backache and other symptoms of kidney trouble. There was a dull aching in the small of my back. My kidneys acted too often and the secretions were highly colored. I had dizzy spells when everything seemed in a whirl. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and used one box with good results."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

A Beautiful Complexion & Admiration

Ladies—A few days' treatment with CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will do more to clean up the skin than all the beauty treatments in creation. An imperfect complexion is caused by a sluggish liver.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Millions of people, old, young and middle age, take them for Biliousness, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Upset Stomach and for Sallow, Pimply and Blotchy Skin. They end the misery of Constipation.

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

Children's Coughs

may be checked and more serious conditions of the throat often will be avoided by promptly giving the child a dose of safe

PISO'S

BIG FACTORS IN TRAINING COLTS

Future Value and Usefulness Depend Greatly on Management While Young.

FIRST GET HIS ATTENTION

Education of Horse Is Based on Reward and Punishment—Many Animals Made Vicious and Unreliable by Carelessness.

The breaking and training of colts is of prime importance, because their future value and usefulness depend to a great extent on whether or not they are well broken. By a broken colt is meant one that is safe to handle in the stable or on the road and that will promptly obey the orders of the driver or rider.

Memory and habit are the two main factors with which we have to deal in training horses. A horse acts through instinct and habit, and one of its greatest characteristics is uniformity of conduct. What a horse is once trained to do he will nearly always do under like conditions.

Education of Horse.

The first thing in training a horse is to get his attention. The second is to make him understand what is wanted. The education of the horse is based on reward and punishment. The reward, a pat on the neck, etc., should immediately follow the act of obedience. The punishment, to be effective, must immediately follow the act of disobedience.

Few horses are inherently vicious. Many horses are made vicious and unreliable by the carelessness or unnecessary brutality of their trainers. If a horse kicks because the harness hurts him, or shies at something of which he is afraid, punishment is not justifiable. If, however, after being stopped, a horse starts before receiving the command to do so, he should be punished. Horses are naturally obedient, and when thoroughly trained their conduct is uniformly good.

Best Training of Horse.

A horse should be trained so that he thinks there is no limit to his power to do the things required of him, and believes that he has no power to do that which is against the wishes of his driver. Above all, never ask of a

Work Horses Should Be Given Liberal Amount of Grain and Hay—Water Is Also Important.

horse something he is unable to perform and then punish him because it cannot be done. If during the first year of his work a colt is hitched only to loads that he can pull, he will develop into a good work horse, while if he is overloaded a few times he may become balky and worthless.

All horses cannot be treated alike. A high-strung, sensitive horse must be treated gently, the dullard sharply. The same force applied to the sensitive horse that is necessary to make the dullard act would be likely to cause the high-strung horse to rebel, while gentleness would obtain obedience.

To train horses successfully a man needs to exercise great patience, gentleness and firmness. If you are training a horse and lose your temper, you had better put the horse into the stable until the next day, for further work at this time will be worse than useless and may undo the work already done.

KEEPING UP SOIL FERTILITY

Provision Must Be Made for Maintaining Production by Fertilizing and Liming.

A noted agricultural scientist once said that it is the business of every farmer to reduce the fertility of his soil by removing the largest crops of which the soil is capable of producing, but ultimate failure results unless provision is made for restoring and maintaining production by fertilizing and liming the soil until it becomes better rather than worse.

DAMAGE BY POOR SIRE

"A few poor cows may do a little permanent harm to a dairy herd, but a poor sire will do untold damage. One thousand pounds of milk per year is a conservative estimate of the improvement of the daughter's production to credit of a good sire."—Prof. W. J. Frazor, University of Illinois.

MOST EFFECTIVE WAY TO CONTROL INSECTS

Fall Plowing Is Easiest and Cheapest Method.

Better to Prevent Outbreak of Pests Than to Stamp Out Infestation Once It Is Established—Bugs Exposed to Sun.

Fall plowing is the most universally effective way of controlling the insect pests that annually cause great losses to the grain farmer. It is much easier and cheaper, says the bureau of entomology, United States department of

Fall Plowing Breaks Up Soil and Exposes Many Insects to Sun and Air.

agriculture, to prevent an insect outbreak in this manner than it is to stamp out the infestation once it is fully developed. The Hessian fly, so destructive to wheat, is one of the insects that can hardly be eradicated once it is established in the crop. Fall plowing is recommended because it breaks up the soil and destroys the grubs and pupae of many insects by exposing them to the sun and air.

Farmers' Bulletin 835, prepared by the bureau of entomology, tells how to control the most common and dangerous of the grain farmer's insect enemies. It gives briefly the life histories of the Hessian fly, army worm, cutworms, grasshoppers, white grubs, billbugs, corn-root aphis and wireworms, with authoritative data describing the characteristics of each pest and the best practical remedies for control. The bureau advises the grain farmer to plow in the fall, if possible; to keep a supply of insecticides and a spraying outfit on hand; to watch the crops carefully for an outbreak, and to report all outbreaks to the county farm adviser, or direct to the bureau of entomology, United States department of agriculture.

BALING MACHINE IS USEFUL

Farmer or Rancher Is Advised to Invest in Implement to Take Care of Hay Crop.

Hay as a cash crop has been exceptionally profitable for the past two years. As it is likely to remain so for several years to come, the farmer or rancher with a surplus of hay should find a baling machine a good investment.

A baler, used at odd times when other work is not pressing, makes an ideal implement for neighborly cooperation.

MOTHER NATURE RULES

"Mother nature is not interested in money and she holds the senior partnership in the cattle breeding business—great herds of beef cattle have been builded on slender means and under obvious handicaps."—Breeders' Gazette.

FORMATION OF GAS IN SILO

Good Way to Determine Its Presence Is by Lowering Lighted Lantern Into the Pit.

Gas may form in a silo at the time of filling and for a week or so afterwards. This gas is heavier than air and so will settle in the silo. A good way to determine if there is gas in a silo is to lower a lighted lantern. If it goes out, it will not be safe to go into the silo.

MUCH SOIL FERTILITY LOST

Considerable Amount of Injury Done Farm Lands During Winter Months by Erosion.

Much soil fertility is lost every winter by soil washing or erosion. Put a stop to it by keeping the hilly lands in sod, planting a cover crop, providing underdrainage, filling the gullies with brush, etc.

TIMOTHY HAY IN ROTATIONS

Farmers Find Crop Good Stand-by Where Alfalfa and Clover Fail to Make Good Stands.

Farmers who have begun to find difficulty in getting stands of clover and alfalfa find timothy hay a stand-by with which to round out their rotations and which assures a crop without demanding much labor.

PENNSYLVANIA COMMUNITY EFFORT BRINGS DAIRYMEN BETTER PRICES

Farmers Unloading Milk at Grove City Creamery.

More than half a million dollars of new wealth created in one year by a single community—that is the record of Grove City, Pa., a whole community largely given over to dairying. There are many cities and towns throughout the county engaged in the production of some one principal commodity. Miners increase the value of coal by taking it from the ground. Manufacturers add to the value of raw materials by shaping them into marketable products. These increase wealth. But Grove City actually creates new wealth. It takes the air, sunshine and water—elements free to all—and converts them into gold—dairy products.

What the Grove City community is doing can be done by any community that is satisfactorily situated, and that has a well-equipped, well-managed creamery. The fact that the management is supervised by the United States department of agriculture probably gives it no appreciable financial advantage, because the relationship is investigational and has not reduced the cost of manufacture below that possible in many other creameries. The products are always sold on their merits, and the name of the department is not used to advertise them.

Community Spirit Built Up.

The success of the Grove City creamery is due largely to the admirable community spirit that has been built up there and in the surrounding district. That this spirit exists to-day is due largely to the efforts put forth by the business men of Grove City, especially the members of the Commercial club, an organization that is open to the farmers of the neighborhood who are interested in the advancement of dairying. From the very outset of the undertaking, in 1914, the business men took an active interest in the creamery and in the movement toward general agricultural development through dairying, and by their enthusiasm they aroused the interest of the farmers.

The business men of Grove City took the first step, the farmers met them half-way, and all are now working for a common cause, which is the building up of a successful dairy community. Though the business men began the work for the public good and with little thought of personal gain, they have found that it is paying them well, because better farming has brought them better business.

The records of the creamery show a remarkable increase in income derived from the sale of its products. For the first year, from July 1, 1915, to June 30, 1916, the gross income was $82,432; the second year it increased to $212,904; the third year, to $375,596; and last year the gross income totaled $505,810. As only a small part of the money was used to pay the cost of operation, nearly all of it was distributed among the farmers around Grove City. Since much of the income was due to increased and improved farm business, a large part of it may fairly be considered as newly created wealth.

Improved Dairy Cows.

The most direct cause of the greatly increased prosperity of the Grove City community is the more profitable dairy cow. Dairying in the Grove City district has been much improved by the purebred cattle that have been shipped in, but it has been improved more by the scrub cattle that have been shipped out. The cow-testing association, which has taken the guesswork out of dairying in this district, is an organization of the dairy farmers who employ a tester to test their cows for production and to keep feed and production records.

Tuberculin tests from April, 1918, to May, 1920, were made on 387 herds, consisting of 4,988 animals, under the accredited-herd plan. Of these, 148 herds are already accredited. According to latest figures, 250 farmers in the vicinity of Grove City own one or more purebred dairy animals. The importance of pure-breds is going forward rapidly.

The creamery has gained a reputation for high quality of products. This has brought a ready market at satisfactory prices, which have encouraged larger production. Increased production and satisfactory prices have made the farmers more prosperous. Increased financial prosperity, however, is only a small part of the gain that has come to the community. Better schools, better churches, better homes, and better social conditions are coming as a result of this, because the people have learned to work together without friction.

To achieve such success as that at Grove City, it is not necessary for a community to engage in the manufacture of dairy products. The Grove City plan can be adapted as well to any other type of agriculture. To make the work a success, however, the community must cast aside all selfishness, pull together, and organize, and should select for its field agent a man of personality, education, ability and diplomacy. He should be thoroughly trained in scientific and practical agriculture and must have had wide experience. With such a man in charge and with a modern creamery there is every reason to believe that any community, with the spirit of cooperation and even fair agricultural resources, can do what the Grove City community has done.

UNITED STATES NOW RAISES BEST STOCK

Foreign Buyers Find Desirable Animals in This Country.

Live Stock Industry Not Surpassed by Any Other Region in the World—Has Greatest Number of Purebred Herds.

Buyers of purebred live stock throughout the world are coming in increasing numbers to the United States, according to the bureau of markets of the United States department of agriculture. Foreign breeders now find in this country the greatest number of purebred herds, all breeds being well represented, and are assured of every facility for obtaining exactly the animals desired.

For many years breeders in the United States have been importing the finest animals from other countries, and by the most rigid selection in keen competition with other breeders have developed purebred live stock until now the live stock industry in this country is not surpassed by any other country in the world. In recent years animals bred in the United States have repeatedly won in open competition against imported animals at the leading live stock shows and expositions.

ANIMALS FOR MILK AND BEEF

Impossible to Produce Breed Combining These Functions and of Superior Merit.

As the type of animal necessary for the production of large yields of milk is entirely different from that of the beef animals, it has been impossible to produce a breed which would combine these functions and be of superior merit for both purposes.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Paint your buildings.

* * *

Grow clovers and build up your soil.

* * *

Silage is without a peer as winter feed.

* * *

Plant a small kind of a tree in a small kind of a place.

* * *

Organized growers get more for their product—no matter what it is.

* * *

Don't leave your machinery out in the open to rust. Build a shed for it.

* * *

Seed corn selection is important this year. Good ears that mature will have a real value.

* * *

As timber grows scarcer year by year, that wood lot on the farm grows more and more valuable.

* * *

If the instruction book which accompanied your binder is lost, better get another. It may save a lot of time later.

* * *

Farmers who complain of the methods of business men ought to read a business man's magazine and vice versa. Less friction and more harmony would be the result.

Thousands of Happy Housewives in Western Canada

are helping their husbands to prosper—are glad they encouraged them to go where they could make a home of their own—save paying rent and reduce the cost of living—where they could reach prosperity and independence by buying on easy terms

Fertile Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land similar to that which through many years has yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. With such crops come prosperity, independence, good homes, and all the comforts and conveniences which make for happy living.

Farm Gardens—Poultry—Dairying

are sources of income second only to grain growing and stock raising. Good climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephone, etc., give you the opportunities of a new land with the conveniences of old settled districts. For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent.

Bad Stomach

Sends Her to Bed for 10 Months

Eatonic Gets Her Up!

"Over a year ago," says Mrs. Dora Williams, "I took to bed and for 10 months did not think I would live. Eatonic helped me so much I am now up and able to work. I recommend it highly for stomach trouble."

Eatonic helps people to get well by taking up and carrying out the excess acidity and gases that put the stomach out of order. If you have indigestion, sourness, heartburn, belching, food repeating, or other stomach distress, take an Eatonic after each meal. Big box costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

GREATEST LIFE SAVER

Wards off colds, influenza, pneumonia and sickness

Bulgarian Blood Tea

Sweetens the stomach, tones the liver, flushes the kidneys and purifies the blood. Sold everywhere by druggists and grocers.

YOU CAN'T CUT OUT A BOG SPAVIN OR THOROUGHPIN but you can clean them off promptly with

ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

and you work the horse same time. Does not blister or remove the hair. $2.50 per bottle, delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Book 4 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Varicose Veins, Ruptured Muscles or Ligaments, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Cysts. Allays pain quickly. Price $1.25 a bottle at druggists or delivered.

W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Sleep? Does a dry cough keep you awake? **KEMP'S BALSAM** will stop the tickle that makes you cough GUARANTEED

PILES ORIENTAL PILE SALVE is sold on a positive guarantee to give relief. Use it for itching piles, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. If you are not satisfied you get your money back. You are the judge. We don't argue; square dealing is our motto. Try us. Price $1.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

East India Medicine Co.
126 South Jefferson Ave. St. Louis, Mo.

What Part of Your Body Is Missing?

This scientific book free. Send ten cents to cover postage and packing. Ancient truths, proven true by modern science, show the way to health and strength. Read and learn the sublime scheme of nature.

Astro Company, Gibson & Newstead, St. Louis, Mo.

Girls! Girls!! Save Your Hair With Cuticura

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

FINE 360 ACRE FARM ½ MILE FROM TOWN: well improved. Price $175 per acre; carry back $30,000 at 5½ interest. Other fine farms for sale. C. W. SMALLWOOD, Albia, Iowa.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co. 2978 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 43-1920.

Great Loss.

Breezy Easson, Jr., son of the motion picture director, is quite some hit on the screen and an accomplished little actor. Away from the studio, however, he is all boy and very much like other urchins.

Quite recently a little playmate moved away from the neighborhood and Papa Breezy asked the little chap if he missed the little boy.

"You bet I do," replied Breezy, Jr., with vehemence, "he was the only kid on our street I could lick!"

Use **MURINE** Night and Morning and Keep Your Eyes Clean—Clear and Healthy

Write For Free Eye Care Book Murine Co. Chicago

Local News!

Mrs. Ben Neiman, of Kanawha was a Klemme visitor last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Barr and Mr. and Ms. Elmer Fuller drove to Austin, Minnesota, Sunday. They found the roads were good all the way.

Harry Gram went to Minneapolis Sunday night for a visit with his folks who live a short distance from the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Jacobs drove over from Garner Monday afternoon for a short visit with Klemme friends.

Pure Bred Duroc Jersey BOARS

Growthy Herd Headers of Merit

6-4 for sale by

C. A. ARNOLD
Klemme, Iowa

Ben A. Reemstma
Farm and General
AUCTIONEER

Sales conducted to insure the owners highest approval. See me for dates and terms.
Phone 508
KLEMME, IOWA

Klemme Dray Line
Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

DR. R. M. THOMAS
Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.
Phone me at
Klemme - Iowa

The City Dray Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.
☞Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY
The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER
Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing
Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Mr. August Trampell is enjoying a visit from his parents who came last Thursday.

Mrs. Schroeder had some remodeling done in her house the past week. A new floor was laid in the kitchen and when this job was finished the room was also repapered. She also intends to put a new cement side walk on the west side of the house.

Mrs Fred Chase, of Goodell, was a Klemme caller Monday.

Mrs Bert Sorensen who has been visiting with Mrs. Curtis Luick, returned to her home at Buffalo Center Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Weisbrod and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Schlei of Fenton have been visiting Klemme relatives the past week. Sunday a reunion was held at the Elmer Shliei home at which a number of relatives were present.

A baby boy is reported at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Emel Lau since last Friday.

Red Cross Ladies Notice

The Garner Chapter of the Amerscan Red Cross, including Madison, Ellington. Concord, Liberty, Ell, Twin Lakes and Avery Townships, will hold an annual meeting and election of officers on Wednesday, Oct. 27, at 3:00 P.M. at the Garner Rest Room. All Red Cross members are urged to attend this meeting. Mrs. F. E. Blackstone.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Griesmer drove to Garner Sunday afternoon for a visit with his parents.

Mrs. Curtis Luisk and son of Twin Lakes were Klemme callers Monday.

Mrs. A. Wellemeyer was a Garner visitor Monday. She was having some dental work done.

John Greiwe and family left Monday for their new home in Minnesota. Miss Anna Greiwe accompanied them to Forest City Sunday.

M. O. Hocum and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Matson of Goodell.

From some of our exchanges we learn that a fierce forest fire is raging near Spencer, Wisconsin.

Interesting Items About The Klemme School

The ball team was unable to go to Ventura Friday, because of the heavy rain.

The Glee Club pratices every Monday evening.

The new merry-go-round is proving a great source of enjoyment for the youngsters.

Friday, Oct. 22, will be a big day for the ball team. Meservey plays our boys and we surely hope to win. Come out and see the game and help our boys win.

John Baumgartner is out of school on account of sickness.

The eight grade boys were very disapointed to learn tiat the Goodell boys will be unable to meet them on the home diamond.

The attendance in the High School is exceptionally good. Much better than last year.

Earl Josteu was ill Wednesday.

King David's Militia.

King David organized a national militia, divided into 12 regiments, under their respective officers, each of which was called out for one month in the year. At the head of the army when in active service he appointed a commander in chief.

Fireweed's Good Work.

Fireweed, otherwise known as the "great willow-herb," seems to have been created as an antidote for one of the ugliest sights a landscape may offer—burnt-over ground. The fireweed is a genuine cosmopolite, for it sends its consoling shaft above the ashes of burnt forests not only throughout America but in Europe and Asia.

DOCTOR MISSMAN
PHYSICIAN SURGEON
OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109
X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

ARCTIC RESCUE IS THRILLING

Desperate Battle Fought by Icebreaker With Great Floes in Kara Sea.

SHIP DRIFTS FOR MONTHS

Captain Gives a Plain but Graphic Account of Perilous Voyage—Exciting Race in Ice-Laden Sea —Joy Hard to Describe.

London.—Capt. Otto Sverdrup's narrative of the rescue of crew and passengers from the Russian steamship Solovei Boudimirovitch, which drifted helplessly for months in the Kara sea, is a thrilling tale of Arctic adventure. Captain Sverdrup's story, as printed in the London Times, follows:

It was in April last that I was entrusted with the task of planning, equipping and leading a relief expedition to the Kara sea in order to search for and if possible to rescue the crew and passengers on board the steamship Solovei Boudimirovitch, which at the end of January had become jammed in the ice outside the White sea and afterward was carried in the ice through the Kara straits into the Kara sea. There the vessel drifted dangerously about. She had left Archangel provisioned for only two months, and food, coal and fuel were falling short.

The big, powerful icebreaker Sviatogor was placed at the disposal of the expedition by the British government and sent over to Bergen. Here she was quickly manned, equipped and provisioned for six months. We left Bergen on May 13 and arrived at Tromso on the 17th. There we lay until June 7—a very painful period of waiting for us and doubly painful for the Russians hungry and cold on board the Solovei, who had been informed by wireless that we had started.

At Vardo we shipped 50 tons of supplies more, and having left on the evening of June 9 anchored on the morning of June 12 in Bielushya bay, Novava Zemlya, where we took on board 500 tons of coal from the steamship Harde, which had been dispatched direct from Tromso.

Up Against Strong Ice Barrier.

We passed through Kara straits practically untroubled by ice until the morning of the 16th, when we encountered a large mass of old close-packed polar ice. It was clearly no use trying to force a passage through this; we had to try to find the newer and more penetrable ice which had drifted from the west into the Kara sea through the strait. We steamed, therefore, in a northwesterly direction, but as there appeared no improvement in the conditions we turned about and went in a southeasterly direction until the polar ice was passed.

Then, fortunately, a breeze sprang up from the northeast and made a considerable improvement in the ice conditions. Then we steered north in the direction of the Solovei, and about 8:30 in the evening, according to the last position received from her by wireless, we reckoned that we were within about eight or ten minutes distance.

On the 18th the weather cleared, and having taken the necessary observations in the morning and at noon we continued our voyage at 1 p. m. At the same time we received a wireless giving the position of the Solovei, which was considerably further north than before.

A little later we suddenly caught sight of the Russian icebreaker Kanada, steaming after us. She had had the advantage of the strong northeast wind, which had parted the ice, and our long wait for the purpose of taking observations had also helped her to overtake us. On June 17 our wireless had picked up a call from the Kanada to the Solovei, which confirmed the rumor we had heard at Vardo that the soviet government was equipping a new expedition.

Soon afterward we received a direct inquiry from the Kanada as to our position, which we immediately telegraphed both to the Kanada and the Solovei, at the same time asking them to give us theirs. The Kanada replied asking us to stop for a conversation, and in the conversation which followed with Commissar of Marine Mikhailoff and Captain Mokaloff of the Kanada it was explained that the vessel had been dispatched by the soviet government in order to give assistance if it should be necessary or in case there should be difficulties of any sort in consequence of the political changes which had occurred since the Solovei had left Archangel. It appeared also that they had orders to bring the ship back to Archangel direct.

Exciting Race in Ice-Laden Sea.

After the conference was over, therefore, there began an exciting race between the two ships. The ice through which we had to force a passage was very different from that we had had to tackle before. This was the ordinary polar ice of the Kara sea, closely packed, with only a few small gaps of open water. I had very little hope of getting through, and that we did succeed was due only to the remarkable qualities of the Sviatogor as an icebreaker.

With full steam up from all of her ten boilers she burst her way splendidly through the strong pack ice. Now and then she was beaten and had to back and make a fresh attack at full speed. It was not often that more than two attempts had to be made, but it happened sometimes that the maneuvers had to be repeated nine or ten times where the ice was 20 feet thick or more.

At first the Kanada had a little start, but the roles were soon changed. The Sviatogor went ahead and continued to increase her lead, and when at last, at 7:30 in the evening, we sighted the Solovei far away northward on the horizon, the Kanada had fallen far behind.

At about the same time we received the following message from the Solovei: "We see your smoke in the south, 20 degrees east." We were delighted by this message, which made us realize that our hard-tried and anxious friends on board the Solovei were in high hopes of relief.

Thrilling Night on Icebreaker.

In the Sviatogor all were keenly alive to the anxiety and seriousness of the situation, and followed with eager interest the display of prowess given by the icebreaker during these hours of the night. Of the crew all who were not actually keeping watch were on deck hour after hour discussing and marvelling at the carrying features of this extraordinary drama. Some stood leaning over the rails so as better to enjoy the sight of the great blocks of ice, now crushed into fragments before our bows, now hurled in a whirling mass along the ship's sides—and all to a wild accompaniment of deafening crashes in the ice, and of groans and wails and shrieks from the hard-pressed vessel's hull and rig and engines.

Suddenly an ice floe would rise and threaten to fall over the ship's rail, and then the sailors were not slow in beating a retreat to safer quarters. Others, who stood in groups right forward in bows, fared no better. When, as frequently happened, the ship crashed at full speed against a really high solid block of ice, and at the same time rose several feet in the air a shower of spray and ice splinters flew over the deck and forced the imprudent spectators to a headlong retreat.

In the meantime we were approaching the Solovei, but it was a slow business. The ice became worse and worse in the last stage, and it was midnight when we reached her. An hour more was required before we could moor the Sviatogor by her side, so big and thick were the surrounding ice floes.

The whole crew of the Solovei and all her passengers, 87 altogether, had gathered on deck and were greeted by us with a resounding hurrah, to which they responded in the same way. Their joy is not easy to describe. To drift without aim, almost without hope, in the darkness and cold of the Polar night, with bad and insufficient food, in cold and unclean quarters, and in constant dread of getting so far north that rescue would be impossible—that is an ordeal so hard that it is not every one who would come through it entirely unscathed.

Immediately after we arrived the captain of the Solovei and his wife and all the passengers, seven in number, came on board. They were invited into the saloon and treated to refreshments, which they evidently appreciated. One of them said it was like coming into paradise after their anxieties. The passengers asked leave to transfer to the Sviatogor as they were greatly exhausted and needed medical attention and better diet, and I was glad to be able to grant their request. Then we set to work to put provisions and coal on board the Solovei, so that the crew could at once prepare a proper meal with something better to eat and drink than they had had in the last few months.

Second Relief Ship Arrives.

About four o'clock in the morning we were awakened by loud hurrahs from the crew of the Solovei, who were hailing the arrival of the Kanada, which had at last also got through. Had the Kanada not been so fortunate as to get into the lane made in the ice by the Sviatogor, it would have been hardly possible for her arrive so soon. Next day we shipped more coal and provisions on board the Solovei, and were helped with hearty good will by the crews of the two Russians

This done we started in the afternoon of June 20 on our homeward voyage, the Sviatogor leading and the Solovei and Kanada following. At first the ice was loose and fairly easy to get through, but afterwards it became closer and more difficult to force. There was fog, too, which made it impossible to keep proper observation of the ice conditions. Consequently we often had to stop a fairly long time, especially as the fog prevented the other two ships from keeping with us. It was evening on the 21st when we reached the Kara sea entrance, and there we were again obliged to stop for thick fog.

We resumed our voyage at 2 o'clock next morning steering for the middle of the Kara strait, but at 2:30 p. m. were unlucky enough to ground on an unknown sandbank. We at once began to tranship coal to the Solovei and Kanada in order to get the Sviatogor afloat again, and after unloading 650 tons of coal we at last got her off. A diver from the Kanada examined the ship's bottom and pronounced the damage not serious. So we continued our voyage to Bielushya bay, where we handed over more provisions and supplies to the Russians and took on coal from the Harde for our voyage back to England.

After a cordial leave-taking from our friends on the Solovei and Kanada these vessels left us on June 22, shaping their course for Archangel. On July 1 we had completed our coaling and next day at 2 p. m. we began our homeward voyage.

Seed Sprouts in Boy's Ear.

Klondike, Tex.—Ever hear of a hackberry seed sprouting in a boy's ear and trying to grow a real tree? Well, such things happen. Two years ago the nine-year-old son of J. R. Moore, a farmer near here, while eating hackberries in a tree on the Moore farm got one of the big berries in his ear. In a short time the seed sprouted and the lad began to have trouble with his ear. A specialist called found that the sprout and the seed, while decayed, had ruined the hearing in that ear. The rotted part of the seed and the sprout were removed.

Magnet Has Many Uses.

A highly important use of a magnet is that in which it is sometimes employed to withdraw small pieces of iron from such out of the way places as the human eye. Another use of the tractive force of magnetism on a much larger scale was that to which it was put by Edison in his magnetic ore separator, in which the ore, previously crushed to a fine powder, is dropped down a chute past the poles of powerful electro-magnets, in passing which the iron particles of the ore are deflected to one side, while the non-magnetic stone dust continues undeflected down the chute. Still another instance of the employment of magnetism in a small way is that in which a magnetized tack hammer is used in the manufacture of strawberry baskets on a large scale in conjunction with a mechanical device which presents the tacks, one at a time and head up, to the operative, thereby greatly facilitating his work.

Japanese Claim Credit for Fan.

Japan takes credit for the folding fan. The original kind was of the palm-leaf variety—an oval or round shape which could not be folded. But Japan conceived the idea, just when or how nobody knows, of fastening half a circle of paper on a frame made of sticks fastened together at one end—and the collapsible fan resulted.

Most Sacred Thing.

Everything that is mine even to my life, I may give to one I love. The secret of my friend is not mine to give.—Philip Sidney.

You get favorable returns on the clothes we sell---

More wear than you expected; more style, bigger values; you begin to get the returns the moment you buy them, and continue to get them for a long time.

You want lower prices; we're giving them to you this fall

Clothing does'nt cost any less, but we're making it cost you less.

We're cutting our margins of profit to the lowest point; that helps you.

We're selling nothing but clothes that wear a long time; Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes. You don't have to buy so often; that saves.

We guarantee you'll be satisfied with the values, style, fit, wear; if you are'nt---money back.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats $37.50, $40 to $65

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES *GARNER, IOWA*

BIG REDUCTION ON FISK TIRES!

For the next thirty days we are making the following prices on Fisk Caseings

30 x 3½	**$17.00**
For Fords, Maxwells, Chevrolets	
32 x 3½	**$20.00**
For Dodges, Buicks, Saxons	
31 x 4	**$23.50**
For Overland Model 90, Buick Four	
32 x 4	**$27.50**
For Oakland Six, Overland 85 4 and 6	
33 x 4	**$28.50**
34 x 4	**$30.00**
33 x 4½	**$35.00**
34 x 4½	**$37.50**
35 x 4 1-2	**$40.00**

These tires are all FIRST GRADE, all wrapped and sealed, with a 6,000 MILE GUARANTEE. Come in and see us take off the wrapper and show you a real bargain in a high grade tire.

C. W. WILES

Stop! Look--

We want to sell a bunch of gasoline engines in the next few weeks so will offer

Special Prices--

on all our engines--all sizes and makes, new and second hand, everyone in perfect mechanical order.

Get your Wire Fence Gates Here.

Just received a snpply of hog waterers, feed cookers tank heaters.

Get your pipes and fittings here.

Just to remind you that we still have a couple of Sandwich and John Deere Elevators left,

hurry--they will go qnick!

If your crib won't hold all your corn then get a Round Portable Crib of us.

Oh yes! You can get Tankage, Feed, Hog Meal, Midlings, Bran, etc., cheaper here.

Did you say Oil and Grease? Sure Mike, we have it here. Also Belting, all size.

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements **Klemme, Iowa**

Make Your Stock Healthy--

This is the time of the year when you should take special care of the health of your stock.

Avalon Farms Hog-Tone fed to your hogs makes them healthy and builds them up.

Your Chickens will do better if given Lee's Germozone, Germite or Wonder Tonic. Keeps the hens healthy and free from lice---which means more eggs.

Stock Dip and Remedies

E. S. D. KAHRS

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Local News of Interest About Your Friends

Howard Doyle was a business caller at Mason City last week Wednesday.

Mr Henry Griewe went to Gladbrook Iowa, one day last week on business.

The serveyers were busy the past week getting ready for the sewer gang.

Mrs. Joseph Knudje, of Kanawha was shopping in Klemme Saturday.

Lew Lewis was a business caller at Garner Monday between trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Gram drove to Belmond Sunday.

C. H. Tomkins, of Garner, was a business caller here Saturday.

Mrs. Ross Farmer, from Clarion, was a Klemme visitor one day last week.

Miss Lola Smith returned from Belmond last Wednesday after a short visit.

Mrs. A. Ahrenkeil and baby of Goodell were visiting at the Tom Blank home Saturday.

Mrs. Webb Haskins of Garner was visiting Klemme friends last Wednesday.

Miss Ester Wenz was an over Sunday visitor with Miss Lena Swalve of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. James Busick from Goodell were Klemme callers one day last week.

Curtis Lulck lost a valuable horse last week Wednesday when it was struck by a bolt of lightning on his farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Church of Fort Dodge, and Mr. and Nate Chnrch of Goodel were callers here one day last week.

Mrs Wm. Keraus and Otho were Garner visitors Saturday between trains. Dental work for Otho being the object of the trip.

Mrs. Louis Strieby and children of Garner were here a few days and the latter part of last week visiting at the Henry Lewis home.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Ptacek, of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, came Monday for a week's visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Wenz. Mrs. Ptacek and Mrs. Wenz are sesters.

Howard Doyle took care of the barber shop for Mr. Baumgartner Saturday as Mr. Baumgartner was called to Garner Saturday morning by the death of his mother.

Carl Scott, of California is here visiting with friends. He expects to remain in the vicinity of Kemme for about a month. Carl was in Tncle Sams service for about two years.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Blumer, Emil Kraus and Albert Kraus returned Saturday from their visit at Brule, Wis,, where they went a week ago to visit with the Carl Kraus family.

Miss Leoda Smith came home from Cerro Gordo County for an over Sunday visit with her mother, Mrs. Mille Smith, and her sisters. Miss Smith is one of the successful rural teachers in the County east of us.

The teachers of the Klemme schools left Friday for their various homes to spend Sunday. Supt. Collins went to Eldora, Miss Belken to Iowa Falls, Miss Ebert to Charles City and Miss Sullivan to Osage.

Emil Lau drove to Wesley Monday and attended the Mattern, Ward and Goetz sale af Duroc Jerseys and Shorthorn cattle. Emil bought a couple of choice hogs to add to his fine heard of Duroc Jerseys.

Our fine run of Indian Summer was spoiled last week when the weather man ordered rain for this vicinity on Thursday and Friday. The sky is clear again and we are enjoying real California weather.

Marlin Croner and his mother left Sunday morning In Marlin's car for Garnet, Kansas, the home of his mother. She has been visiting here about five weeks. Mr. Croner will also look after business matters at Kansas city before returning to Klemme.

The Klemme Co-Operative Grain Co. have filed articles of incorporation with the County Recorder.

When this vicinity were having rain last Thursday and Friday Colorado were enjoying their first snow storm of the season.

Ray Whiie and family are moving to Forest City where "Pat" has bought a restaurant and will take charge at once. Forest City was their home before com to Klemme to live.

A little late perhabs but still of interest. Edwin Josten had a birthday last week Sunday and to celebrate the event his wife cooked up a swell dinner and then invited his father rnd mother and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Becker. All had a fine time.

Court is in session with Judge Edwards on the bench. The grand jury has not yet reported, and no cases has been tried to the petit jury. A number of cases have been settled outside of court. — Garnar Signal.

Fred Ridder and Clarence Kluckhohn spent most of the week at Garner acting as Jurors. Fred was excused last week but the judge called him back on the jury Tuesday. "Fat" had a steady job nearly all of last week with the jury.

G. P. McCullough drove to Garner Monday afternoon to be present at the celebration of the Twenty-Fifth Wedding anniversaro of his father and mother. All of the children were present to help make the happy event a big success. A big dinner at siz o'clock was evidently enjoyed by "Zip" for when he got back to Klemme his belt buckle was in the last notch.

Rev. H. H. Grieman and family came from Shaler, Iowa, the first of the week for a visit with the Grieman families in this neighborhood. Tuesday evening Rev. Grieman, Rev. W. B. Wet erling who had been here visiting his relatives, the Katters, Will Schlawin and Gottlieb Goll of Klemme, went to Sheboyegan, Wis., to attend the synod meeting.—Signal.

A resolution of necessity for the paveing of fifty- eight blocks of the streets of Lake Mills has been passed by the town council. It was the intention to pave the main streets that carry the heaviest traffic, and those streets over which visitors to the town must come. It is conceded by everyone that something must be done and done soon to remedy the unsatisfactory condition of the streets that obtains through so many months of the year. The project is meeting with the opposition which is encountered everywhere where a step toward city improvements is contemplated. It is charged that opponents are misrepresenting the costs to the property holders.—Forest City Republican.

A Record For Babes

A Mexican woman, whose name is not known, four days ago, gave birth to seven children at her home in this city. She lives in a box car at the Mexican settlement, in the Santa Fe yards. Six of the children lived and a woman of this city who visited the prolific Mexican woman to satisfy her curiosity as to the truth of the report, says the six serviving babes are perfectly formed and are about as long as a case knife. The arrival of triplets is generally announced as something that should cause the proud American father to swell up with unusual pride, just how a father feels who is presented with seven in a bunch, six of whom are alive and are kicking, is hard to imagine. Such an event has never been recorded before in the birth announcements in this section and it is doubtful if it has ever been equaled in the United States. —Algona Advance.

About Parcel Post

Advices from the parcel post department at Washington say that tires, suit cases, handbags, machinery and other such bulky articles sent through the mail must have the adresses of both the sender and receiver in at least three places.

Address must be on the tag, on the body of the package and w thin on a slip or pasted to the article. All such articles not properly addressed may be withheld from the mail by postal officials. Tags often come off and wrappers are worn through, therfore the precaution of having a third address should be taken.

APPLES!

Car Load Of New York Winter Apples!

Place your order with us at once--they will be here any time now. Hurry! They will go fast. Fine Apples.

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

BIG COMBINATION

Poland China Sale

To be held at the John Freese farm one mile southwest of **Dows, Iowa,** on--

TUESDAY, OCT. 26

at 2:00 o'clock sharp

This Sale consists of a picked offering, selected from the herds of Severe & Sams and John Freese We have done no breed paper advetiseing, so breeders support will be lacking. A golden opportunity for the farmer and small breeder to secure the tops of our year production at prices an farmer can well afford to pay.

Sons of the $20,000 Jumbo Master, A Jumbo Rex Americus, The Yank, Victory Buster, Greater Omaha, and other noted boars.

A special attraction will be the sale of the 1200 lb boar, A Jumbo this sale is made necessary to settle up a partnership. If you wanta high class boar, sired by a noted sire, this is your chance.

Remember the date and be there to get your boar. This is the time you settle your 1921 hog profits. To increase them you must use a high-class boar.

Severe & Sams & J. G. Freese

A GUARANTEED NON-OPERATIVE

Painless Cure for Piles

(hemorrhoids)

IN ANY FORM. Patient is not laid up or caused loss of time. Other Rectal troubles treated.

Diseases of the female organs and of the prostate gland a specialty.

Electric treatments when properly given will cure certain conditions otherwise impossible to reach. This service is given when indicated.

A special treatment for diabetes, kidney troubld, high blood pressure, and constipation.

Spinal sdjustments and general osteopathic practice.

Office hours 9—12 A. M. 1—5 P. M. Other hours by appointment.

Dr. .R W. Shultz

Masonic Bldg. **Garner, Iowa**

Big Clean-Up
LE on TIRES

have a number of First
e caseings and tubes
h we are selling out at
big bargain as we will
ntinue handling tires.
sizes in the following
anteed caseings--

uth Bend
Lehigh
Tred-well
Batavia
Standard 4

se caseings are for Ford
rland, Maxwell and all
ll cars, also have plenty
d tubes.

Real Tire Bargains

M. BAACK
n Implements Klemme, Ia.

Playing a Deep Game.

Ethel had been shopping with her mother. When they returned home she was tired and hungry, and, prompted by a desire for a good meal, she said: "Mamma, let's play I'm your guest and am going to stay for dinner."

Water-Loving Trees.

Water-loving trees along streams often consume more water than they save. Estimates are that a beech forest will transpire nearly 50 per cent of an annual precipitation of 20 inches, while a coniferous forest but eight per cent of the same or like precipitation.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

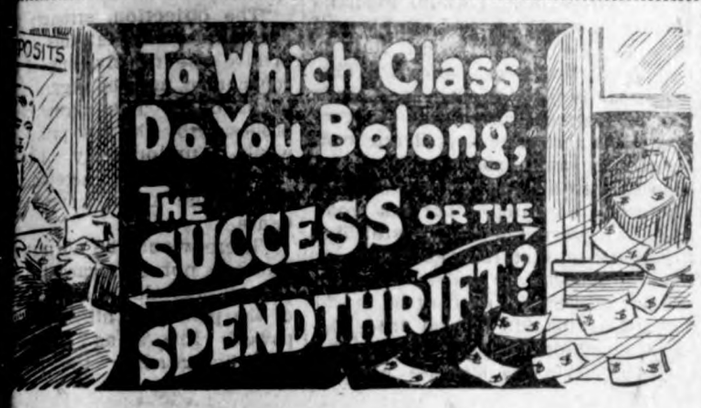
Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa



The real substantial citizen does not come from the spendthrift class.

The chances are ninety-nine to one that he started with a savings account.

Each of us chooses the class to which he belongs.

In the interest of good citizenship, to the end that your future may be happy and assured, we urge that you stast an account with us now.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

It may not be in increased costs, but sometimes the greater expense is in time, convenience, profits lost.

Honestly, we do not beleive you will build more cheaply than now for years to come.

We can take care of your specifications perfectly now.

Why not begin planning at once?

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

COX'S STATEMENT TO LABOR PROVED TO BE GROSSLY INACCURATE

Claim He Had "Never Pressed a Soldier Into an Industrial Controversy" Not True.

USED OHIO MILITIA TWICE

Question Not About Merits of Strike or Need for Military, but as to Truthfulness.

By WILLIAM HOSTER.

Columbus, O.—Governor James M. Cox's boasted labor record has been shattered by his own official act. Claiming that he had "never pressed a soldier into an industrial controversy," the record of his action as governor of Ohio in mobilizing the National Guard of this state for service in the steel strike of 1919 has been produced in flat contradiction of his assertion.

Not once, but on two occasions was the Ohio guard, at an expense of $23,000 to the people of Ohio, called into service and sent to Akron and held in readiness for action in nearby Canton.

The question is not as to the merits of the strike or as to the necessity for the presence of the guard within striking distance of Canton, but concerns wholly the truthfulness of Governor Cox's statement, obviously made to win favor among the workingmen. The facts as brought out in the speech of Republican State Chairman George H. Clark, formally opening the campaign at Columbus, are as follows:

Ordered Guard Out Twice.

After the steel strike had progressed for some days, with more or less disorder, Governor Cox on September 28, 1919, suddenly ordered the mobilization of the guard at Akron. A period of quiet followed, and the troops were withdrawn. And then again suddenly on October 25 the guard was once more mobilized and sent to Akron, and while it lay there at that strategic point awaiting a summons into action staff officers representing Governor Cox kept close watch on the situation in Canton.

In his speech at Wheeling, W. Va., on the night of August 14 Governor Cox said:

"For six years I have been in executive authority in the great industrial state of Ohio. **During all this time I have never pressed a soldier into an industrial controversy."**

The question is, did Governor Cox tell the truth? Answering this question, Chairman Clark in his Columbus speech displayed to his audience a photographic copy of Special Order No. 52 issued from the Adjutant General's department of the State of Ohio, dated Columbus, October 25, 1919, which designated certain officers for immediate active service and paragraph 4 of which reads:

Facts Presented.

"In anticipation of the development of a rioting condition at Canton, O., the Governor of Ohio has deemed it necessary to assemble a sufficient number of state troops at Akron, O., to be held in readiness to render aid to the civil authorities at Canton, O., and has so directed the Adjutant General of Ohio, who, pursuant to such order, directs Colonel Benson W. Hough to proceed without delay to Akron, O., to take command of all state troops upon arrival at Akron, O., and to hold them in readiness for duty, awaiting further orders."

The order is signed by the Adjutant General and counter-signed in these words, **"By command of Governor Cox."**

Did Governor Cox tell the truth to the workingmen?

Supplementing this documentary proof, Mr. Clark produced photographic copies of headlines from Canton, O., newspapers of concurrent date, which read: "State troops mobilizing for duty here. All available companies are ordered out." And, "Governor orders troops for duty here, Ohio soldiers reporting to armories following trouble."

Truth Should Be Known.

The surprising thing about it all is that Governor Cox in his Wheeling speech should have made so flat an assertion when all of the facts with regard to his mobilization of the guard were still fresh in the public mind, at least in Ohio. Of course it is not to be expected that workingmen elsewhere in the United States would be familiar with the circumstances, and it was for that reason that State Chairman Clark in his speech stressed the necessity for the people all over the country to be informed that Governor Cox's assertion that he "never pressed a soldier into an industrial controversy" was absolutely at varience with the truth.

Publication of these official facts has utterly confounded the advocates of Governor Cox's election, who have been making a special plea to the workingmen on the basis of his West Virginia speech. The revelations as to Mr. Cox's mobilization of the troops are being compared with the sworn statements of liquor league contributions to his gubernatorial campaign fund in refutation of his statement that "the wets have never contributed one dollar to any of my campaigns." In both cases the point is made that the issue is not as to the merit of his mobilization of the troops, on the one hand, or as to the status of the wet and dry question, on the other hand, but that the real issue is as to the degree of truth and accuracy absolutely necessary in one who seeks to be president of the United States.

AMERICAN WOMEN DOING FULL SHARE FOR THE COUNTRY

Mrs. Calvin Coolidge, Wife of Republican Nominee, Praises Her Sex.

DISCUSSES HIGH LIVING COSTS

Declares in an Interview That Present High Prices Can Be Reduced by Votes.

By Estelline Bennett.

Mrs. Coolidge sat in a day coach on a slow local train between Boston and Northampton and talked about her husband, her children, the high cost of living and the domestic problem. The conductor and the brakeman stopped as they went through the car to talk to her. She had made friends with them in her frequent journeys back and forth to keep in touch with her children in school in Northampton and her husband at his duties in the state capitol. She knitted diligently as she talked. During those trips she knits all the winter stockings and sweaters for her two boys—John, aged fourteen, and Calvin, twelve.

"Too many people are afraid of work," she thinks is the fundamental reason for the high cost of living and the much discussed domestic problem.

"I think the only thing the women of the country can do now," she said, with the quiet conviction of one who has thought it all out, "is to vote for the men whom they think will make the right laws and see that they are enforced. They have done all they can in the home. I think the reason there is so much sugar on hand now is because people are doing without it in their homes.

Women Have Done Their Share.

"American women have done, and still are doing, their full share. They have sacrificed and saved and substituted and made over. But that isn't enough. They'll have to vote the high cost of living down.

"Here in New England, where it is a little hard for us to give up pie," she laughed at the tradition that has become a joke, "we have learned to use all kinds of cheaper substitutes for butter and lard, and in my own household we have experimented with different fruit combinations to find something we like and that will take the least sugar. Apples must be tart to make good pies, but we have found that blueberries take less sugar and the combination of apples and blueberries, half and half, is delicious, requires less sweetening than apples and has more character than the blueberries alone."

Knows No Domestic Problems.

The domestic problem, which is closing homes all over the country and increasing the hotel population, is something of which Mrs. Coolidge thinks she has no personal, practical knowledge. She never keeps but one maid, and she never has been without one. In the fifteen years of her married life she has had only two. The first one she inherited with the furnished house into which she and Mr. Coolidge moved when they were married and took with her when she moved. The second came when the first left to go and live with her sister.

There must be a reason for their staying, it was suggested to Mrs. Coolidge, and she thought possibly there were several. She thought the type of maid had something to do with it. Her's both have been American women old enough to have a sense of responsibility to their work and intelligent enough to respond to reasonable courteous treatment.

"A good many women who keep only one maid have trouble in their households because both mistress and maid, but chiefly the mistress, are afraid of work. A woman expects one maid to do the cooking and scrubbing and everything else and still be dressed up in black dress with white cap and apron, ready to answer the doorbell any minute. It isn't humanly possible. I always answer my doorbell myself. I do it for two reasons. In the first place, there is no one else, and, in the second, I like to greet my friends at the door myself."

Have Home Orchestra.

Mrs. Coolidge is of medium height, with brown hair, hazel eyes that hold a good deal of merriment and a very quick sense of humor. At home she and her children have a little orchestra. Mrs. Coolidge plays the piano, John the violin, and Calvin, after considerable discussion, in which he favored a bass drum, compromised on a banjo-mandolin. They play hymns and war songs usually—the hymns they learn in the Congregational church and Sunday School of Northampton. They avoid difficult and unfamiliar music because the object of the orchestra is entirely recreational and not educational. That is a part of Mrs. Coolidge's educational policy—that children should work when they work and play when they play and keep the two separate. That was why she sent her boys to the public schools of Northampton when they were five years old.

Every morning when she is in Northampton, Mrs. Coolidge takes her Boston bag and goes to market. If the neighbor next door is going Mrs. Coolidge goes with her in the car. Otherwise she walks. She has no domestic policy. She buys, she says, "what the family need and can afford."

UNDER GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION

Close to the heart of Hancock County Industry

The steady hum of business in Klemme and Hancock County tells the world this community is busy and contented.

The First National Bank for 28 years has been inseparable from the industry of this vicinity.

Helping, serving counseling—its officers take genuine pride in the part they have been able to play in its development. Make THIS bank YOUR bank.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Clothing that is good for you to buy is the best for us to sell.

Thats why we stick everlastingly to the best in men's and boy's wear. We are sure that it is this policy that has helped us to hold so many customers and added so many more all these years. Our kind of clothing pays you to buy—and pays us to sell. Every sale must give genuine service. We have a full line of

Men's Suits

$40.00 $45.00 $50.00

All wool fabrics made in our first class way. These suits will give you satisfaction. Worth-while suits cannot be sold for less. All through the store we are in fine shape to serve you in the way that will satisfy you.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

HARDING GLAD AMERICANS ARE A FREE PEOPLE

In Speech to Indiana Delegation Republican Nominee Declares for Security at Home.

EUROPE HAS EVEN NOW QUIT WILSON'S LEAGUE

Yet Democratic Party Leaders Would Have Us Bound by Original Pact With No American Safeguards.

"STEADY AMERICA!"

"Mindful of our splendid example and renewing every obligation of association in war, I want America to be the rock of security at home, resolute in righteousness and unalterable in security and supremacy of the law.

"Let us be done with wiggling and wobbling.

"Steady America! Let us assure good fortune to all."

—Senator Warren G. Harding in address before the Indiana delegation at Marion.

Marion, O. (Special.)—Senator Warren G. Harding, Republican nominee for President, in a speech delivered to a delegation from Indiana which called on him here to pledge the support of Indiana Republicans, declared that twice President Wilson had an opportunity to obtain ratification of the League of Nations covenant and that he put ratification aside because he would not accept reservations designed solely to safeguard American rights. Senator Harding said:

"I greet you in a spirit of rejoicing; not a rejoicing in the narrow personal or partisan sense, not in the gratifying prospects of party triumph; not in the contemplation of abundance in the harvest fields and ripening corn fields and maturing orchards; not in the reassuring approach of stability after a period of wiggling and wobbling which magnified our uncertainty—though all of these are ample for our wide rejoicing—but I rejoice that America is still free and independent and in a position of self-reliance and holds to the right of self-determination, which are priceless possessions in the present turbulence of the world.

"Let us suppose the senate had ratified the peace treaty containing the league covenant as submitted to it by the president in July of last year, what would be the situation confronting our common country today? To my mind there is but one answer. Before this day we would have been called upon to fulfil the obligations which we had assumed under Article 10 of the league covenant, to preserve the territorial integrity of Poland 'as against external aggression.'

Sympathy for Poland.

"I shall not now attempt to measure the boundless sympathy for the just aspirations and restored independence of Poland. Our present concern is the international situation which Poland has brought to our attention.

"The council of the League of Nations would have reasoned, and reasoned correctly, that the United States could furnish the munitions and, if necessary, the men to withstand the hordes advancing from Russia far more easily than could the exhausted nations of Europe. Moreover, inasmuch as this would be the first test of the scheme of world government which was formulated and demanded by the President, speaking for the United States, the fact of a special responsibility, resting upon our shoulders, manifestly would have been undeniable. Undoubtedly the league council, in 'advising upon the means' by which the obligations to Poland should be fulfilled, as provided in the covenant, would have so held, and probably the conscience of America, certainly the opinion of the world, would have sustained that judgment.

"The conclusion that our country might now be confronted by such a situation, if the senate had ratified the league covenant, requires no stretch of the imagination. None can deny that it is possible. To many candid minds, as to my own, such a distressing situation will seem highly probable. Let us assume that the ratification had taken place. Let us assume, further, that the performance of the alloted task required the waging of war upon the Russian people, as, of course, it would, what would result; what would of necessity have to result? Nothing necessarily, we are glibly informed, since only the Congress can declare war, and the Congress might reject the appeal of the executive. But would the Congress do that? Could the Congress do that without staining indelibly the honor of the nation?

Answer Is "No."

"I answer 'No,' and I say it not on my own authority alone. Back of my judgment stands the President of the United States. Upon that point there is first-hand information. In the course of the discussion which took place at the meeting of the President and the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations I raised the question by stating a hypothetical case precisely analogous to that which I have depicted, and then inquired whether we might not rightfully be regarded as a perfidious people if we should fail to contribute an armed force, if called upon to do so. The President first replied, as I thought somewhat evasively, that we 'would be our own judges as to whether we were obliged in those circumstances to act in that way or not. Pressed further, however, in response to a query incorporating the assumption that 'the case provided for and prescribed had arisen' and that 'the extraneous attack did exist precisely as it does exist today in Poland,' the President admitted specifically that 'we would be untrue if we did not keep our word.'

"Replying further to a question which perhaps I ought not to have considered necessary, the President pronounced a moral obligation 'of course, superior to a legal obligation' and of 'a greater binding force.'

"What, then, becomes of the argument that Congress, not the President, in this instance at any rate, might 'keep us out of war?' Technically, of course, it could do so. Morally, with equal certainty, it could not do so nor would it ever do so. The American people would never permit a repudiation of a debt of honor.

"Am I not right, my countrymen, in saying that we needed only the outbreak of war between Poland and Russia to make us realize at least one of the things which, in the words of Secretary Lansing, we would have been 'let in for,' but for the restraining hand of the senate, and to fetch home to us the danger of committing our country in advance to causes that we know not of?

Not Our Purpose.

"One can have no quarrel with those who have convinced themselves that our underlying purpose in entering the great conflict was to create a league of nations. The fact remains, however, that no such intent was officially acclaimed, no allusion, nor even a suggestion to that effect appeared in the joint resolution of Congress which declared the existence of a state of war between this country and Germany. For myself I left no room for doubt of the motives which led me to cast my vote in favor of that resolution. It so happened that I made the concluding speech upon the war resolution, from my place in the senate, on the night of April 4, 1917. These were my own words at that time:

"'I want it known to the people of my state and to the nation that I am voting for war tonight for the maintenance of just American rights, which is the first essential to the preservation of the soul of this republic.

"'I vote for this joint resolution to make war, not a war thrust upon us, if I could choose the language of the resolution, but a war declared in response to affronts; a war that will at least put a soul into our American life; a war not for the cause of the allies of Europe; a war not for France, beautiful as the sentiment may be in reviving at least our gratitude to the French people; not precisely a war for civilization, worthy and inspiring as that would be; but a war that speaks for the majesty of a people properly governed, who finally are brought to the crucial test where they are resolved to get together and wage a conflict for the maintenance of their rights and the preservation of the covenant inherited from their fathers.

"We have given to the world the spectacle of a great nation that could make war without selfish intent. We unsheathed the sword some eighteen years ago for the first time in the history of the world, in the name of humanity, and we gave proof to the world at that time of an unselfish nation. Now, whether it is the fate, or fortune, or travail of destiny, it has come to us to unsheathe the sword again, not alone for humanity's sake—through that splendid inspiration will be involved—but to unsheathe the sword against a great power in the maintenance of the rights of the republic, in the maintenance which will give to us a new guaranty of nationality. That's the great thing, and I want it known, Mr. President and senators, that 'his is the impelling thought with me for one, when I cast my vote.'

For Same Guaranty Today.

"It is for that same 'guaranty of nationality' that I stand today, and shall continue to stand inflexibly, so long as I shall be permitted to live. The independence of our great republic is to me a priceless and sacred inheritance. Time was when an American did not hesitate to proclaim himself a patriot. To do so now, I am well aware, is sometimes to invite the sneers of cynicism. But why should any true American not be free to say: 'I am a patriot, wholly evoted to my country, which I hold to be God's best inspiration to man for higher attainment and the promotion of the world's best civilization?'

"But I have a special reason for making this reference today. I challenge the statement that the patriotism which holds America first comprehends either narrownes or selfishness, or as implying tacit suspicion and jealousy of other peoples.

"To assert, as some have asserted heedlessly, that those of us who honestly believe that America can best serve all mankind as America, free and untrammeled, rather than as one in a pitiable minority among many states in merged world government, lack consciousness of the rightful demands of humanity, is to utter a gross and unpardonable libel. To attribute meanness to those of us who, in the performance of our public duty, refused to participate in what we sincerely regarded as a betrayal of our own country in the interest of others, is to discredit the intelligence and discrimination of the great mass of American people who directly, by their votes, put us in our positions of trust. For myself, I yield to no man in willingness, aye, in eagerness, to render the greatest conceivable assistance to the stricken peoples of Europe. I include all of them and speak with a genuinely sympathetic heart, whether it is to mention devastated France, or sorely-tried Italy, or nobly-struggling Poland, or distracted and misguided Russia, or gallant little Belgium, or pitiably deceived Austria, or the ruthless invader, Germany, which came to the supreme tragedy through a leadership which brought disaster to her misguided people.

"It was with that feeling of sympathy and desire to serve, that most reluctantly and with grave misgivings, as I announced at the time, I with reservations designed to preserve our essential liberty of action. The record is made, and under the same conditions, confronted by the same alternative, I should vote now as I voted then.

Conditions Have Changed.

"But the conditions have changed. Experience has brought enlightenment. We know now that the league constituted at Versailles is utterly impotent as a preventive of wars. It is so obviously impotent that it has not even been tried. The original league, mistakenly conceived and unreasonably insisted upon, has undoubtedly passed beyond the possibility of restoration. The maturer judgment of the world will be that it deserved to pass for the very simple reason that, contrary to all of the tendencies developed by the civilizing processes of the world. it rested upon the power of might, not of right.

"The assertion is made frequently that through the surrender of our nationality we might have saved the life of the covenant—that is to say, that, although twenty-eight nations could not make it function, one added to the twenty-eight would have achieved a glowing success, provided, always, that the one were America.

"This pays to America the tribute of exceptional influence. but I suggest that if the world is dependent upon our action to bring about the supreme realization, then we ought to have the say about our own freedom in participating therein. But let us consider what is meant by this reliance upon America. What can it signify if not that it is to the United States, and to the United States alone, that the other twenty-eight nations look for the bone and sinew, the money, the munitions and the men to sustain the entire organization, not as an agency of peace, but as an armed force?

A Telling Admission.

"A few days ago a delegation of an organization which calls itself a Society for the Prevention of War appealed to the premier of Great Britain to unite and use the powers of the world in defense of Poland, Armenia and the Dardanelles. The British premier replied, according to his remarks quoted by the newspapers, to the effect that, while the formation of 'an international army' would be 'an ideal solution,' it could not be accomplished because the European nations could not furnish the troops and the United States had 'withdrawn from co-operation'—a polite and diplomatic phrase and more exactly meaning, of course, that the senate of the United States had not completed the partial obligation assumed by the President to do that very thing—that is, to 'furnish the troops.' Could a clearer indication of what would have been expected of this country as a member of the league be desired? Hardly. Some, too, think, or say they think, that this extraordinary service should be rendered. I do not agree with them, but, assuming that they are right, I venture to note that nothing stands in the way of performance. The President has only to call upon Congress to declare war, and to confer upon him specific authority to raise armies for the protection of the powers which, though recently associated with, are still foreign to our own republic.

"It is reasonably safe to assume, however, that the President will not pursue this course. Fortunately, he is under no 'compelling moral obligation' under the league to do so. His recent unhappy experience, moreover, in asking Congress to send American boys to police Armenia would hardly encourage repetition of a request already courteously but quite firmly declined by the Congress. What then, in like circumstances, would be the answer of the British premier himself? In his own words, addressing a meeting of the Coalition Liberals on August 12 last, according to the press reports, he said:

"'When the terrible question of peace or war has to be decided, our first duty as a government is to the people, who trust us not to commit their treasure to any unjustifiable adventure. Nothing but the most imperative call of national honor, national safety and national freedom can justify war. Before this country is committed to it, even in the most limited form, we must be satisfied that these are in peril.'

"I quote these telling words, my countrymen, with the utmost satisfaction, because with one amendment they express to a nicety my own position. I take for granted that the prime minister meant to include in 'treasure' the greatest treasure of all, but, for myself, I should leave nothing to be inferred. Foremost and above all else to be safeguarded by those of us who hold the trust of the people, it goes without saying, but cannot be too often repeated, is the manhood of the nation.

Will Not Misuse Power.

"Now, it may appear to you that I have been speaking chiefly in the negative. I make the admission. What is more, I might continue to do so almost indefinitely without disadvantage to our cause. So many things have been done by the present expiring administration that no power on earth could induce me to do, that I cannot even attempt to recount them. I may remark casually, however, that if I should be, as I fully expect to be, elected President of this just and honorable republic, I will not empower an assistant secretary of the navy to draft a constitution for helpless neighbors in the West Indies and jam it down their throats at the point of bayonets borne by United States marines. We have a higher service for our gallant marines than that. Nor will I misuse the power of the executive to cover with a veil of secrecy repeated acts of unwarranted interference in domestic affairs of the little republics of the western hemisphere, such as in the past few years have not only made enemies of those who should be our friends, but have rightfully discredited our country as their trusted neighbor.

Will Submit to No Wrong.

"On the other hand, I will not or shall not, as you prefer, submit to any wrong against any American citizen, with respect to either his life or his property, by any government. This statement is made in all solemnity, with enmity for none and friendship for all. If it particularly applies to Mexico, the application has been directed by the robbery and murder of hundreds of our own people in that unhappy country who were lawfully there and were entitled to protection. One must admit that these outrages upon Americans are largely the consequences of the wiggling and wobbling, the supine waiting of our own government though the admission neither helps the hurt, nor gives the hope of security for the future while the present administration remains in power, or when one in 'complete accord' succeeds it.

"This admonition is not directed exclusively toward our next door neighbor to whom we would gladly hold forth a helping hand, and whom primarily, certainly in preference to far off peoples in Europe, Asia and Africa, it is our manifest duty to serve with a whole heart and generous tolerance. It is intended for a plain notice to every government on the face of the earth that the entire resources of this nation are pledged to maintain the sacredness of American lives and the just protection of American properties.

Line of Demarcation Plain.

"The line of demarcation between our attitude and that of our political opponents is perfectly plain. The president has made his position clear by his acts no less than by his words. Twice there came to him an opportunity to obtain ratification at the hands of the senate and twice he put the opportunity aside, because he would not accept reservations designed solely to safeguard American rights. He still holds Article 10 to be the heart of the covenant. So does the Democratic platform. So does the Democratic nominee. To assume that the nominee would accept the reservations rejected by the President and denounced by the party platform is to impugn his integrity. To insinuate, as those who in proclaiming themselves for the Democratic candidate and 'the league with reservations' do insinuate that he would pursue such a course in seeking ratification is not to pay him a compliment, but rather to challenge his sincerity.

"For myself I do not question for a moment the truth of what the Democratic nominee says on this subject. He has flatly said he is 'in favor of going in' on the basis announced by the President. I am not. That is the whole difference between us, but it is a most vital one, because it involves the disparity between a world court of justice supplemented by a world association for conference, on the one hand, and the council of the league, on the other.

The Difference.

"The difference between a court of international justice and the council created by the league covenant is simple but profound.

"The one is a judicial tribunal to be governed by fixed and definite principles of law administered without passion or prejudice. The other is an association of diplomats and politicians whose determinations are sure to be influenced by considerations of expediency and national selfishness.

"I do not mean to say nor do I mean to permit any such construction, that I would decline to co-operate with other nations in an honest endeavor to prevent wars. Nobody living would take that position The only question is one of method or of practicability within the bounds prescribed by fundamental principles

"There are distinctly two types of international relationship One is an offensive and defensive alliance of great powers, like that created at Versailles, to impose their will upon the helpless peoples of the world. Frankly, I am opposed to such a scheme as that, and I speak knowingly when I say that the associated powers, with whom we fought the war, were reluctant to accept such a proposition.

"I am opposed to the very thought of our republic becoming a party to so great an outrage upon other peoples, who have as good a right to seek their political freedom as we had in 1776 and have the same right to developing eminence under the inspiration of nationality as we held for ourselves.

The Other Type.

"The other type is a society of free nations, or an association of free nations, or a league of free nations, animated by considerations of right and justice, instead of might and self interest, and not merely proclaimed an agency in pursuit of peace, but so organized and so participated in as to make the actual attainment of peace a reasonable possibility." Such an association I favor with all my heart, and I would make no fine distinction as to whom credit is due.

"This is proposing no new thing. This country is already a member of such a society—The Hague tribunal, which, unlike the league of Versailles, is still functioning, and within a few weeks will resume its committee sessions under the chairmanship of an American representative.

"In that body we have the framework of a really effective instrumentality of enduring peace. The fact that the tribunal did not prevent the great war is, of course, manifest, but the cause of the failure is no less apparent. Germany, already secretly determined upon a ruthless invasion, was able to prevent the adoption of measures which might have proved effectual. The condition now is wholly different. Not only Germany, but the entire world has profited to the extent of an awful object lession, the impression of which cannot be erased from the human mind for generations to come. The horrors of war and the eagerness for peace have become universal. What once seemed at The Hague to be a mere academic discussion has become a positive, outstanding need of facing terrifying actualities. This makes vastly easier the task of so strengthening The Hague tribunal as to render its just decrees either acceptable or enforceable. It is not uncommon for the advocates of the league of Versailles to contrast unfavorably The Hague tribunal upon the ground that the tribunal 'lacks teeth.'

Let's Install the Teeth.

"Very well, then, let's put teeth into it. If, in the failed league of Versailles, there can be found machinery which the tribunal can use properly and advantageously, by all means let it be appropriated. I would even go further. I would take and combine all that is good and excise all that is bad from both organizations. This statement is broad enough to include the suggestion that if the league, which has heretofore riveted our considerations and apprehensions, has been so entwined and interwoven into the peace of Europe, that its good must be preserved in order to stabilize the peace of that continent, then it can be amended or revised so that we may still have a remnant of world aspirations in 1918 builded into the world's highest conception of helpful co-operation in the ultimate realization.

"I believe humanity would welcome the creation of an international association for conference and a world court whose verdicts upon justiciable questions, this country in common with all nations would be both willing and able to uphold. The decision of such a court or the recommendations of such a conference could be accepted without sacrificing on our part or asking any other power to sacrifice one iota of its nationality.

"The Democratic nominee has spoken about America abandoning her associates in war and deserting the allied nations in establishing the league of Versailles. I do not think it longer necessary to challenge that statement or pass further opinion upon the unfortunate league. It has already been abandoned by Europe, which had gone so far as to accept it by formal agreement in treaty. On this subject, we are fully informed at first hand. Only the other day the British premier said unresentfully that the essential co-operation of America might involve 'some change, at any rate, in the form of the covenant,' and he added, with characteristic outspokenness, 'it is quite possible it might be a change for the better.'

"Listen, further, to the wise and farseeing, former British ambassador, who was not permitted to present his credentials to our executive.

On Our Own Terms.

"'As long,' said Viscount Grey, hardly a month ago, 'as long as the richest, most powerful, the greatest, both for population and territory, of the civilized countries of the world stands outside the league, the league will be unable to fulfill its destiny. To put it in quite plain terms, the Americans must be told that if they will only join the league they can practically name their own terms.' Undoubtedly that is the fact. I ask: Is there any good reason why we should not avail ourselves of this privilege? I do not mean in any arrogant or selfish way, but simply as a matter of fairness and right to our own people. Surely it is becoming, and a duty as well, to safeguard our own people, since it is we who are the main contributors, while asking nothing for ourselves except to participate in a contribution to the promotion of world peace.'

A Valued Suggestion.

"Viscount Grey continues: 'The Americans should be intrusted with the task of drafting a reconstruction scheme.' Then he suggests further that 'a committee of the senate—we must never forget the senate's rights and duties in regard to foreign affairs being re-enforced by the members of the house of representatives, and also by nominees of the President, and Supreme Court—could draw up suggestions for the reconstruction of the league, which would be consonant with the feeling not of one, but of all parties in America.'

"Frankly, I value that suggestion very highly, because it is proffered obviously in a helpful and friendly spirit and reveals an important Old World opinion on the necessity of amendment, revision or reconstruction. It comprehends substantially what I would propose to do if elected president. I do not mean precisely that. It would be clearly unwise to undertake specific suggestions or to attempt to pass upon suggestions now. What is in my mind is the wisdom of calling into real conference the ablest and most experienced minds of this country, from whatever walks of life they may be derived and without party affiliation, to formulate a definite, practical plan along the lines already indicated for the consideration of the controlling foreign powers.

"The objection, strongly urged in some quarters, that this course would involve the reconvening of the peace convention may be regarded as a very slight one. The acceptance of the proposals by the few principal powers would undoubtedly be followed promptly by the acceptance on the part of the minor members of the alliance.

"There would be no material delay. One can not disregard the league or have any doubt about the readiness of the principal allied and associated powers. Insofar as I could do so without disregarding the proprieties I should give very earnest and prayerful undivided attention to this great and vital subject from the day of my election and I should ask others to do likewise as a matter of public and patriotic duty. Indeed, I should like to have behind me, after the election on the national referendum which I hope soon to have, a country wholly united in earnest endeavor to achieve a speedy solution of this problem upon which the future civilization so largely depends.

Already Announced.

"I have already announced that I shall urge prompt passage of the Knox resolution, vetoed by the president, declaring at an end the preposterous condition of technical war when peace actually at peace. Simultaneously I shall naturally advise the return by the Congress of its executive powers, which have been vested in me for legislation in the executive. I have no expectation whatever of finding necessary or advisable to negotiate a separate peace with Germany.

"In view of the simple fact that the allied powers with whom we were associated in the war have already formally concluded their peace, the message of the peace resolution by Congress would merely give formal recognition to an obvious fact.

Our Unselfishness Emphasized.

"Let us take stock for a moment. America in the world, aye, and America at home. The end of the war found our unselfishness emphasized in all mankind, and the garland of world leadership were bestowed upon us in every direction. We had only to follow the path of America, rejoicing in the inheritance which led to our eminence, to rivet the gaze of all peoples upon our standards of national righteousness and our conception of international justice. Moreover, the world was waiting to give us its confidence. It was beckoning opportunity of the century, not for the glorification of the United States world republic, but for America to lead every outpost of advancing civilization and invite all nations to join them in further advance to heights dreamed of but never approached before. Not force of example was flung aside for force of armed alliance. We negotiated our readjustments and restorations at home, and the cruel sacrifice of millions of lives and billions of treasure left us and the world groping in uncertainty and anxiety instead of revealing us in the sunlight of a new day, with lines formed, ready for the onward march of peace and all its triumphs.

Let's Resume Our Place.

"Mindful of our splendid example and renewing every obligation of association in war, I want America to be the rock of security at home, resolute in righteousness and unalterable in security and supremacy of the law. Let us be done with wiggling and wobbling. Steady, America! Let us assure good fortune to all. We must maintain our eminence as a great people at home and resume our high place in the estimate of the world. The moral leadership was lost when 'ambition' sought to superimpose a revolutionary theory of discredited autocracy upon the progressive principle of a growing, glowing democracy. My chief aspiration, my countrymen, if elected with power, will be to regain that moral leadership not for myself, not even for my party, though honoring and trusting it as I do, but for my country, the country that I love from the bottom of my heart and with every fiber of my being above all else in the world.

STRIKING PHRASES FROM HARDING'S PEACE LEAGUE ADDRESS.

"I rejoice that America is free and independent and in a position of self reliance and holds to the right of self determination."

"Time was when an American did not hesitate to proclaim himself a patriot. To do so now, I am well aware, is sometimes to invite the sneers of cynicism."

"We needed only the outbreak of the war between Poland and Russia to make us realize at least one of the things which, in the words of Secretary Lansing, we would have been 'let in for,' but for the restraining hand of the senate."

"We know now that the league constituted at Versailles is utterly impotent as a preventive of wars. It is so obviously impotent that it has not even been tried. It could not survive a single test. The original league, mistakenly conceived and unreasonably insisted upon, has undoubtedly passed beyond the possibility of restoration. The maturer judgment of the world will be that it deserved to

The Man Nobody Knew

By HOLWORTHY HALL

Copyright by Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc.

XIII—Continued
—15—

es blazed; the audacity ion was obscured by the honor that it contained. d thickly. "Yes! You

uldn't be afraid to keep me? That is, if we got scheme all laundered we started something

!" The broker's voice homiletical. "You've hard things about me. some cause; I'm not But I guess you've for- ing. Something I told first got together. I told me what I wanted I'd what you want. Well— our best. I got to give d maybe you've changed deas too. Maybe you've me around to believing en you a square deal. past bury its dead. I've one string to my bow; tired of the old line of inking seriously of cut- and going in for the safe isn't so juicy, but it's ght or am I wrong? All the table—I'm no fool, the bottom's falling out otion game. So if you blossom out into a legit- n of high-grade bonds— e wouldn't be nearly as you—I've got more than to give you the chance. I guess I owe it to you." pudgy hand across the miled pacifically. "I've fancy to you, son—let's together. What do you

ish joy Hilliard was will- the obvious fact that the ntance was considerably that it was founded on d not on principle. The orking longer for Har- the securities he had to were most conservative— th nausea; but if that way to save the situ- ld Hilliard decline? How himself, could he refuse for Harmon, if this were ns to save his friends already lost? He felt his g to his agitation. is that a bona fide of- tered. Harmon's hand ble for emphasis. s a string. To tell the ort of on my conscience. e? All right! Then as concerned the contract's and now. Got it with

s face darkened. "Where

s disinclined to tell how ad intrusted it to Cullen. e said. He could hardly lf; he looked and looked ying faithfully to recon- and his appearance and and he failed—but here eat reality confronting millionth chance had e true. It was warped was honesty no less. ked his lips. ll clean up the whole day and start with a new settled. Oh, don't carry Hilliard.—Now about this —"

till want to see him, do

sitated. "Sure! Give urprise, eh? If he's the en bombarding us we'll ns first.—What?" He y and Hilliard was al- ted to dislike the laugh. to telephone the Onon- st walk over."

ght you wanted to stay ere?" Hilliard was dis- of the symptoms of in-

hen everything's going oth and nice! We can room and have Waring be just as private as ."

, and to the chagrin of aiter, they quitted their nt out to the open air. the Onondaga; they ar- mezzanine floor; they Hilliard's apartment.

Harmon jocosely. "I afford to live like this! ot a rich backer, and I rubbed his hands in ture; his eyes were spar- fat body was a-quiver "Well, the first thing to re did you say you tract of ours hidden?" y hurry about that now?" fairly beside himself with

The sudden whirr of the zer seemed to ruffle the es, for he started vio- 's that?"

ment. . . ." Hilliard receiver. "Yes? . . . him . . . no; hold the beckoned hilariously to ring's downstairs now! You're ready to see him, aren't you?"

The broker was suddenly plunged into uncertainty.

"Yes—no! No!"

"What's wrong?" Hilliard was visited by an unwelcome chill; he tried to analyze it and couldn't.

The big man was breathing with difficulty. "I . . . you go down and . . . no, that wouldn't do either. . . . I want to see him alone. I want to get him to call off his investigator, so when we begin a new campaign we won't have any verified report against us on the old—"

"No, sir!" Hilliard shook his head smilingly. "I'm the man who's had to stand the gaff so far; I'm going to be in on any conferences. That's my play!"

Harmon licked his lips again and swallowed repeatedly.

"Well . . . it's . . . if you let me do the talking then . . . or . . ."

Hilliard turned back to the transmitter.

"Ask him to come right up," he said. He replaced the instrument and looked alarmedly at the broker. "You're not well!"

"Yes, I am. . . . Now let's get at that contract! There's no sense talking business until that's canceled, is there?"

As Hilliard stared at him an icy wave of suspicion swept him from head to foot.

"What's your hurry? It's my funeral, isn't it?"

"You are anxious, though! Harmon, I—"

"No . . . no hurry at all. Only as long as I'm here . . . and the game's played out . . . as a favor to me . . . let's cancel it. Where is it? I . . . Good God, son, don't you want that thing out of the way? It's no good with an alias on it! I'll put up the money—I—"

A sharp rap on the door stopped him short. Hilliard turned the knob; Waring and Mr. Cullen burst in.

"Why, Mr. Cullen!" he said in astonishment. "They didn't tell me you were here! Hello, Rufus."

"Hilliard!" Cullen's face was red and excited. "Oh, I beg your pardon!" He had seen Harmon.

Hilliard, taken utterly by surprise, began to phrase the introductions; he had only just begun when Harmon interrupted—Harmon with a set jaw and blazing cheeks. He was standing by the writing table, and one hand was resting heavily upon it. His manner was curiously apprehensive, curiously desperate.

"Ah! . . . Mr. Cullen . . . most happy, I'm sure . . . and Mr. Waring . . . delighted!" His voice was silken in its throatiness. "Gentlemen, I have the honor to be president . . . of the Silverbow Mining corporation . . ." He paused; his hands weaved aimlessly. "Of Montana. . . . Gentlemen. . . . I hear there's been some adverse criticism of our property . . . you're stockholders, I understand . . . not used to criticism . . ." He flung his head erect. "I offer you personally . . . to relieve you . . . of any and all obligations . . . and pay back penny for penny." Here his knees shook and he swayed appreciably. He was holding himself upright only by tremendous, visible effort.

"The man's sick!" Cullen stepped toward him. Waring and Hilliard were standing fascinated. The broker warded off Cullen with both hands.

"No, I'm not sick! . . . Contract calls for delivery of ninety-nine per cent of capital stock . . . on payment of a hundred and twenty thousand dollars . . . before December

"Waring's Downstairs Now."

first. . . . You've paid sixty-two . . . I'm here . . . case of dissatisfaction . . . to write checks for the full amount paid down to date . . . I release you . . ."

"Release us?" Cullen all but yelled it, and with a note of exultation which was electrical to Hilliard.

"Release you . . . get a notary . . ." He sat down limply. "My check-book, Hilliard—for God's sake, get me my . . . check-book!" All at once he seemed to collapse; his head hung low, and his breathing became stertorous. His cheeks puffed queerly.

Hilliard sprang to him. "Rufus! Call the office! Get the house doctor!"

Cullen had raced to the bathroom for a glass of water; he raced back again, spilling half of it. Hilliard was chafing the broker's wrists. The three men strained at the unwieldy, unresisting bulk, while leaden fear clutched at their hearts.

The house physician bustled in to find the broker lying on the bed in a profound coma; his reflexes had gone from him; he couldn't be roused. There was no need of a stethoscope.

"Order an ice bag," said the man of medicine sharply. He himself was rattling among his vials for the calomel. Rufus was at the telephone.

"Anything I can do?" asked Hilliard earnestly. His suspicions had crystalized; and he was bitterly aware that the broker had planned not justice, but some new brand of perfidy; nevertheless, the man was unquestionably in danger—and revenge could wait.

"Nothing—just give me plenty of room."

As the three stood watching painfully, Cullen put out his hand to Hilliard, and spoke under his breath.

"Henry—when did he come?"

"Only just now. An hour ago."

"Hadn't he told you? Or hadn't you heard?"

"Heard what?"

Cullen motioned to Waring.

"Give it to him, Rufus . . . Oh, I see; I see—"

The law student, without a word, produced a yellow blank and thrust it at Hilliard. He flashed a glance of indescribable contempt at the supine broker; his eyes had lost some of their anxiety.

"Oh, the big crook!" he said boyishly. "The big crook!"

"Sh-h-h! Rufus!" Still, Hilliard, at heart, agreed with him to the letter.

The boy stood close to the masquerader.

"I'm sorry, Hilliard . . . it came at four this afternoon . . . we'd been hunting for you ever since . . ."

Hilliard wasn't interested.

"I'll wait until—"

Cullen signed to him peremptorily. "Read it, I tell you! . . . It'll give you a slant on him!"

Hilliard peered over the foot of the bed; Harmon was still lying inert. The physician nodded sidewise.

"Nothing for you to do," he said grimly; and Hilliard, only partly aware of what he was doing, gave heed to the yellow blank.

The fourth telegram of the day was from Butte, Mont., addressed to Waring.

"Arrived here last night after delay in Chicago. This morning's papers contain information as follows: 'The faulted vein on XLNC property adjoining Silverbow claim number one has been located about twenty feet from Silverbow boundary. Indications are ore body running at least eighty per cent average and some places high as twenty. Also some zinc and silver and traces of manganese. This evidently extends well into Silverbow, where the greatest values are undoubtedly lying, and judging from records of old XLNC vein it's a tremendously big strike.' Understand XLNC owners offering large sum, said to be well over half-million, for a controlling interest. I strongly advise all of you to get aboard for as much as Hilliard will let go. Am sending this from office of Cooley, Benjamin & Russell, who will not send separate report unless you want it. This is wonderful news and mine is sure winner, even if only a fraction as large as reported. Please show this message to Hilliard. Sig. J. J. ARMSTRONG."

Hilliard sat down in the nearest chair. The lump in his throat was choking him; the moment was so big that his feelings were primitive; his expression of them were very simple. He only smiled; the meaningless, vacuous smile of an infant. That smile embraced the entire universe; it was indicative of a happiness so limitless, so perfect, that it was almost foolish. So Harmon, knowing from his own sources of the sudden strike, had rushed to Syracuse to pose as a man of honor! So Harmon had wanted to meet Waring—and find if Waring had yet heard the news, and, if he hadn't, stop the investigation by apparent frankness and ready restitution. So Harmon had been eager to destroy the contract, to promise Hilliard anything and everything, to repay the money that was subscribed already—and then, as sole owner, to take an enormous profit for himself.

No one in the whole world—and least of all, Waring and Cullen—could have remotely fathomed the thoughts that were eddying in Hilliard's brain. They were not for his own aggrandizement; they were for the Cullens and Durants and for the others who need never know the acid of disillusionment. They were for the ideals he had struggled toward; they were for the friends who had stood by him. And there was one very especial and very manly thought for Jack Armstrong, who had been so courageous in his defeat, and so neutral in his behavior afterward, and who now had sent the generous news winging eastward, with the request that Hilliard should learn at once of his vindication.

And as Hilliard sat there, smiling out into the silent room, and struggling to visualize the extent of fortune which had so abruptly smitten him, there was a dry murmur from the bed where Harmon lay, and a resulting silence so pregnant with meaning that the smile faded, and Hilliard was on his feet, open-eyed with the present horror brought back to him.

The physician was rising slowly from cramped knees.

"It's all over," he said; paused, and added: "Apoplexy."

The only man in all America who could have testified to Hilliard's simulation had ceased to breathe.

CHAPTER XIV.

As Dr. Durant, having already given counsel this morning to seven patients, appeared at the door of the ante-room to signal to the eight, he was palpably astonished at the presence of the young man who sat next to the door. The Doctor was very human; the Doctor was very adaptable; but for thirty years he had managed to keep the social and professional phases of his life entirely apart, and at the very first glance he was aware that Hilliard hadn't come to consult with him professionally. Nevertheless, he raised his finger in the usual sign; Hilliard followed him to the inner room.

It was Hilliard's introduction to the Doctor's morning manner; and even in his own exalted spirit, he yielded slightly to the restraint in the at-

There Was a Dry Murmur From the Bed.

mosphere. The Doctor was bland, smiling, approachable, and yet not at all the same man as he appeared at the house on James street. He seemed detached from the hampering littleness of a household; there was no air of intentional repose about him. Hilliard, in spite of the importance of his mission, felt apologetic; he felt as though he were unwittingly robbing science of its most valuable asset, which is time.

"I know this isn't exactly the proper thing to do," he said, "but I'm leaving town in an hour or so . . . I thought you might spare me five minutes, Doctor, even if it is a little irregular. Can you?"

"What seems to be the trouble?" The Doctor's tone was a mild invitation to squander nothing on preliminaries.

"Mr. Cullen and I are running down to New York today . . . You've seen the morning papers, haven't you?"

"Yes." The Doctor nodded. "And Cullen telephoned me last night. Was Mr. . . . what was his name: Harmon? . . . was he a close friend of yours, Hilliard?"

"No; just a business associate . . . I didn't know him very well personally—socially, I should say. But it changes some of my plans . . . Mr. Cullen and I have to go to New York for a few days and after that we're going out to Montana together."

The Doctor tapped his desk thoughtfully.

"On account of this?"

"Partly, and partly not. The whole perspective's changed; we've got to get to work. Now, the last time I saw you . . . why, that was only yesterday!" He broke off, laughing at himself. "It seems so much longer than that! Why, you said then that if I ever needed any one of several different things, including seventy-five hundred dollars, to come to you. And you spoke as though you really meant it, Doctor . . . So I've come!"

The Doctor regarded him steadily for a moment, and resumed tapping the glass pad on his desk with a meditative forefinger.

"You've reconsidered, have you?"

"Not that so much—but we've had fresh information. Jack Armstrong's out there, indirectly representing Mr. Cullen, and we've heard from our own lawyers besides. So on the whole, I'm willing to let you in if you're willing to come, in spite of what I said at lunch yesterday.

The Doctor hesitated.

"Not that I doubt you at all," he said, "but when Cullen telephoned me last night, he said that you and he had raised all the money you needed in half an hour after you went out to look for it. You see, I have some channels of information myself! So I can't help wondering why you need this now." Nevertheless, he was hunting for his check-book.

"We don't need it—I simply insisted on keeping a place open for you, on the chance that you hadn't changed your mind."

"You're fully satisfied it's the right thing for me to do?"

"Yes, Doctor, I am."

The Doctor held his pen poised in the air. "I'm not sure I'm really entitled to it. Doesn't it really belong to some one who was on the spot last night?"

Hilliard's eyes twinkled.

"You're fond of talking about motives, Doctor. . . . You'd have let me have that money yesterday, wouldn't you?"

"Didn't I offer it to you?"

"Yes, sir; you did. But was it because you thought you'd make a big profit, or was it just to help me?"

"Why—"

"You see," said Hilliard cheerily, "if you're going to have these mercenary motives, you've got to let me have some, too. I've let friendship interfere with business twice in two days. And you're not the only one I held a place open for—Rufus and Jack are in it, too. It was my privilege to make that condition—and I did."

The Doctor scribbled rapidly.

"Then I'll keep my promise . . . But would you mind telling me what it is I'm buying?"

"Here's your receipt, Doctor." Hilliard laid a slip of paper on the desk; took up the check, and scrutinized it carefully. "What you've bought," he said, "is a twentieth interest in a new syndicate formed last night. We'll assume the stock control in New York, when we get there, by paying some more cash (and we've got more than we need already) and after that, we may possibly sell out, or we may go ahead and develop the mine ourselves. I don't know yet which; that's what Mr. Cullen and I are going West to decide. But you'll be protected anyhow; I'll see to that. And if you're in any hurry to get your money back—"

"How soon do you think it'll be?"

Hilliard laughed outright; a laugh of utter happiness. "Right now, if you say so."

The Doctor puzzled.

"You don't make it clear," he said.

"Then I will. Mr. Embree, down at the Trust and Deposit company, was one of the men who wanted to get in with us, and couldn't. He was just too late. But when I told him what I was saving out for you, he authorized me to make you an offer. I'm acting as his agent, that is, and I've got a check here, and if you want to endorse that receipt over to him, you can have this." He presented the banker's check; the Doctor stared; it was payable to himself, signed by Embree and written for fifteen thousand dollars.

"Why, Hilliard!" he said, blankly. "Is that good business? For Embree? What's behind this?"

Hilliard fairly beamed his delight. "Well, if you want my advice, don't take it! I told him I'd have to explain it to you, and he agreed." He sat straighter, pridefully. "Jack Armstrong sent another wire this morning—and the XLNC crowd, who own the property next to ours, know that I've had this contract for all the Silverbow stock, and they've made us a flat proposition of"—he caught his breath—"four—hundred—thousand dollars for the contract! And your twentieth share would be worth twenty thousand dollars if we took it! But we're not going to—because it's worth still more, and we know it. Lots more—twice as much—so—"

The Doctor's expression altered slightly; his chin sank a little, and he sighed, almost in regret.

"That hardly seems fair," he said slowly. "That hardly seems fair." He smiled fitfully, and sighed again. "For years and years," he said, "ever since I first began to practice, I've been working and waiting and hoping to reach the point where I could give up office work and do some research. . . . And here, in a few minutes, you dangle a two years' income in front of me—for no services of mine at all . . . for no labor on my part . . . not, as I'd hoped, the result of service, but—"

"I own a quarter of the mine myself," said Hilliard, with equal gravity. "And I'm not thinking how I got it, Doctor; I'm thinking how much good I can do with it . . . can't you look at it that way, too?"

The Doctor nodded presently.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Picts and Scots.

In his Dictionary of Phrase and Fable, the learned Rev. Dr. E. Cobham Brewer, writes upon Picts and Scots: "Pict is not the Latin picti (painted people). As Picts and Scots are always mentioned together, there is no reason why one name should be Latin and the other Gaelic. Scot is the Gaelic 'sgod (a dweller in woods and forests), and Pict is the Gaelic pict-ist (freebooters), the two being equivalent to foresters and freebooters."

Proof That Quality Counts.

Bischoff, the great Russian scientist and naturalist, once said "women are inferior to men because their brains are smaller and lighter." But when that man died his brain was weighed and found to be lighter than the average woman's. So it is not weight or size or sex, but quality, that makes superiority, as the presumptuous Bischoff proves.—Exchange.

First Missionaries to Islands.

One hundred years ago two men were sent from Torrington, Conn., to be the first missionaries to the Hawaiian islands, then known as the Sandwich islands. The event was commemorated at Torrington.

"DANDERINE"

Girls! Save Your Hair! Make It Abundant!

Immediately after a "Danderine" massage, your hair takes on new life, lustre and wondrous beauty, appearing twice as heavy and plentiful because each hair seems to fluff and thicken. Don't let your hair stay lifeless, colorless, plain or scraggly. You, too, want lots of long, strong, beautiful hair.

A 35-cent bottle of delightful "Danderine" freshens your scalp, checks dandruff and falling hair. This stimulating "beauty-tonic" gives to thin, dull, fading hair that youthful brightness and abundant thickness—All druggists!—Adv.

Doing His Bit.

"You are charged with bigamy."

"I guess I'm guilty, your honor."

"Well, sir?"

"I'm a victim of war statistics, your honor."

"What do you mean?"

"I read some figures to show that because of the number of men killed in the war there are now six women to every man, and I tried to get my six."

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is genuine Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for over twenty years. Accept only an unbroken "Bayer package" which contains proper directions to relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer packages." Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Keeping Floors Warm.

Mrs. Swanke—We need some new rugs, dear.

Her Husband—Don't we need blankets more?

Mrs. Swanke—Yes, but who sees blankets?"—Answers.

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY AILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Up Against It.

"I have to stay in the dining room now. Can't sit in my private office."

"Why not?"

"With this jazz orchestra going I can't tell when a waiter drops a tray of dishes."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Catarrh Can Be Cured

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work.

All Druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

No Cause for Kick.

"Oh, my tooth aches dreadfully. I don't see why we can't be born without teeth." "I think, my dear, that if you look up some authority on that point you will find that most of us are!"

"Pape's Diapepsin" for Indigestion

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the quickest, surest relief for Indigestion, Gases, Flatulence, Heartburn, Sourness, Fermentation or Stomach Distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief and shortly the stomach is corrected so you can eat favorite foods without fear. Large case costs only 60 cents at drug store. Absolutely harmless and pleasant. Millions helped annually. Best stomach corrective known—Adv.

Some men try to expand their old debts by contracting new ones.

Cheaper Meat . . .

Effective October 11, all fresh Beef Cuts will be

Reduced in Price from

3c *to* 5c

Per Pound!

Other meats and commodities according to market conditions.

Fresh Oysters- are again in season and our stock, direct from the coast are the freshest and best ever received.

J. P. Larsen & Sons

Huskers Supplies

You fellows who are picking corn will find a full line of supplies here.

Boss Gloves and Mittens

Husking Hooks, Leather Bands, Et.

our assortment is complete.

We have every style of hook you may want in both single and double hooks.

JACOBS & SON

HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

Cleaner Clothes the Easier Way

Almost Sold Out!

We have still a few Automatic Washing Machines left and can give you either a double tub electric or with power fixtures to run with your engine. These machines have a reversible swinging wringer and all modern improvements. These are the best machines on the market. See us at once, the price is right.

There is but one way---the AUTOMATIC way

W. M. BAACK

High Grade Farm Implements. Klemme, Ia.

For Sale--Wants

Thoroughbred Hogs

BIG TYPE DUROC JERSEYS for sale. Can sell anything from a ten weeks old pig to a two year old sow. Spring Boars, Fall Boars, one Jr. yearling, spring gilts, fall gilts, yearling sows, or tried sows, bred or open, 100 to pick from. Remember these are real Big Type mostly sired by CRITIC SENSATION, one of the largest and best boars in Iowa, a son of Mammoth Sensation, the largest boar of any breed. F. H. SCHULDT, Goodell, Iowa. Telephone No. 314. adv5-3c

FOR SALE — DUROC JERSEY SPRING BOARS, sired by Pathfinder Pioneer (332465, the boar that was sold to Adams & Swain of Algona, for $5,000, and boars sired by Acme Wonder's Sensation (348959). GEO. SCHOENWETTER, Garner, Ia. 5wc

For sale at bargain prices

I have for sale at bargain prices a few choice Fall and a number of Spring Pigs, these are priced to sell and must be moved before December 1st. These Duroc Jersey Hogs are guarnteed to be breeders, papers furnished. EMIL W. LAU, Klemme, Iowa. 7—tfc.

Real Estate For Sale

FOR SALE—My residence property, well located, one block north of park and three blocks from Main Street. South front, sleeping porch, fine apple and shade trees. Fred Musfelt. 7-2c

FOR SALE—Three good building lots, fine location. For a real BARGAIN see Chas. Ax. 7-1c

Farm For Rent

FOR RENT—An eighty acre farm in Avery Township. Fred Wilkins. 7-2p.

Sheep For Sale

FOR SALE—About 40 breeding ewes and one Scotch Wool Buck. J. B. Spitler. 5tf.

Team For Sale

Young work team, 5 year old black and dapple gray, wt 1400 each. Also have new britching harness for sale. G. P. Baack. ad5-tfc

NOTICE—Your account was due on October 1, 1920, Pay up at once— we must have the money. Henry Lau.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

State of Iowa, Hancock County, ss.
In District Court, December Term, 1920.
To All Whom It May Concern:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED, That an instrument of writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Edward Charles Collins deceased, dated Dec. 24 1919, haveing been this day filed, opened and read, and Monday the 6th day of December, 1920 is fixed for hearing proof of same at the Court House in Garner, Iowa, before the District Court of said County or Clerk of said Court; and at 3:30 o'clock p. m. of the day above mentioned, all persons interested are hereby notified and required to appear, and show cause, if any they have, why said instrument should not be probated and allowed as and for the last Will and Testament of said deceased.

Dated at Garner. Iowa, October 11th, 1920.

(SEAL) A. E. Baumgartner
6-3 Clerk District Court

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT OF BENEFITS DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 58

To A. D. Gimer, A. D. White, Amanda Tice, Elmer Arnold.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the commissioners appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County, Iowa, to view and classify certain lands in Drainage District No. 58 included in Drainage District No. 103, a sub-district of Drainage District No. 58 and not previously assessed in Drainage District No. 58, and to apportion to said lands their proper share of the costs of the said Drainage District, have made and filed their report in the office of the County Auditor as required by law which report follows:

Township 94 North Range 23 West

Owner	Desc.	Sec.	Class	Ass'm't
A. D. Gimer				
	Pt. SE¼NE¼	5	.0088	12.00
	SW¼NE¼	5	.0937	128.00
A. D. White				
	Pt. NE¼NW¼	5	.0388	53.00
	Pt. SE¼NW¼	5	.0549	75.00
Amanda Tice				
	Pt. NE¼SW¼	5	.0455	62.00
Elmer Arnold				
	Pt. NW¼SE¼	5	.0337	46.00
			Total	376.00

You are further notified that the 10th day of November 1920 at 1:30 o'clock p. m. has been fixed the date for final hearing on said assessment and all objections thereto must be made in writing and filed with the County Auditor on or before noon of said date.

Witness my hand and official seal this 16th day of Oct. 1920.

(Seal) Chris Jacobs,
7-2c Auditor of Hancock, Co. Ia.

UNABLE TO EXPLAIN GENIUS

Scientists of All Ages Have Admitted the Impossibility of Determining Whence It Comes.

Science itself admits that it cannot explain genius, for genius simply is without explanation.

Handel was only seven when he insisted on following his father to the court of Saxe-Weisenfels, whose prince, hearing him play on the organ in church after the service was over, persuaded his father to give the boy a chance. By the time he was nine he began to compose church services for voices and instruments and did so every week for three years.

But Handel was a tremendous gormandizer. He ordered dinner for three at a hotel, and when asked if he would wait for the others, replied: "I am the others, serve the dinner," and he ate all of it.

A story is told of Handel that while seated at dinner with some other musicians he exclaimed, "Oh, I have de taught!" Those about him begged that he go into another room and write down "de taught," lest they lose some wonderful composition. Handel did this several times, when one of the friends looked through the keyhole and saw him pouring down some Burgundy which an admirer had sent him and he did not wish to share with the others.

When a singer complained to Handel that the style of his accompaniments distracted the attention of the hearers from the singer to the musician and that if he did not accompany him better he would jump up on the harpsichord (the piano of that time) and smash it. Handel replied: "Fine! Tell me when you are going to do that and I shall advertise it, for more people will come to see you jump than to hear you sing."

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North	
821, Mixed	1:25
1069, Passenger	3:30
435, Passenger	8:44
South	
1068, Passenger	11:25
820, Freight	12:15
436, Passenger	6:05

Say

When you want first-class printing such as

Letter Heads,
Note Heads,
Statements,
Bill Heads,
Hand Bills,
Envelopes,
Calling Cards,
Business Cards,

In fact any kind of good printing, bring it to the

Times

Klemme, Iowa

Farmers Look---

Cold weather and winter is coming and you will need the following to make your stock gain rapidly and so add more profit to your income.

Hog Wateres and Chicken Waterers

We carry a complete stock in four kinds, all strongly built of galvanized iron.

Tank Heaters

Keep the water warm for your stock and you see good results.

Hog Feeders, Hog Oilers

We have a full. supply of the best makes. Put a couple of oilers in your pens--keeps the hogs healthy and glossy.

Try SAL-VET

You read about it in your farm papers--well we handle it. Makes stock healthy.

Poultry Tonics

We also handle all kinds of poultry tonic.

Trade with

Henry Lau & Sons

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fifth Year Number 8 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, October 28 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

e Far West As Seen By Aug. Barz

RICULTURE IN CALIFORNIA

Mr. Barz was in our office the other y and told us some quite interest- facts concerning the agricultural nditions as they exist in California. e main product in the agricultural e is fruit and it is interesting to ow how much labor is really con- cted to raising fruit.

In Southern California the main oducts are lemons, oranges and tton and these are grown with the d of irrigation. The central section ows mostly grapes, peaches and me alfalfa. It is in this section that Mr. Barz spent most of his time at Lodi, which we will tell about. The northern part of California can grow small grain without irrigation as they depend on the winter moisture to grow the crop. Fruits here, how- ever, require irrigation for the reason their growing period is in the summer.

We will now tell of the central section, and especially near Lodi. The great crop here is grapes and there are some vineyads fifty years old and still bearing fruit. The vine- yards range in size from a few acres to a hundred acres. The stalks are checkered off in ten foot squares, about 435 vines to the acre. They are cultivated both ways and when these furrows are made the flood gates are opened and the whole field is irrigated. Then the fields are smoothed over with a drag to hold the moisture and in a few weeks the pro- cess is repeated and so on until the grapes mature. However there is a lot of other wok connected to it. The stalks must be pruned, the refuse burned. The stalks are self support- ing and are trimmed to four or five feet high and in the form of a small tree or bush. It is commonly believed that the grapes are supported with a fence but this is not true. By pruning the stalk grows short and thick and can hold the fruit. After the grapes are ripe they are picked by Japanese, Chinese or Hindu laborers. They are packed in field boxes and each box contains about thirty pounds. If they are to be shipped to other markets in refrigerator cars they are repacked like the way we get them here. A lot of grapes are manufactured into grape juice and these are simply dumped from the field boxes onto flat cars and hauled to the manufacturer.

Other crops of interest are some of the following: Alfalfa runs a ton to a ton and a half to the acre with five or six cuttings. Three fourths of the nuts raised come from California. Olive orchards are found here. Apri- cots and Peaches are shipped from here both fresh and dried. Plums, prunes and berries grow in abundance

M. Barz was in the vicinity of Lodi for about seven weeks and spent a great deal of his time out among the farmers to see how they farmed their land. But even with all the fine fruit they raise he says the Iowa farmers have it all over the California farmers when it comes to making money. The fuit brings a fine price, it is true, but it costs a lot of money to pay help for picking, packing and tending the field so when the net profits are figured up they do not get so much. Iowa has California beat and as Mr. Barz says, "If it were not for the people from the eastern states going to California to spend the money they have made in the east, then California would not amount to very much. Take away the tourists and retired men, California and her business would soon go broke."

Farmers Look---

Cold weather and winter is coming and you will need the following to make your stock gain rapidly and so add more profit to your income.

Hog Wateres and Chicken Waterers

We carry a complete stock in four kinds, all strongly built of galvanized iron.

Tank Heaters

Keep the water warm for your stock and you see good results.

Hog Feeders, Hog Oilers

We have a full supply of the best makes. Put a couple of oilers in your pens--keeps the hogs healthy and glossy.

Try SAL-VET

You read about it in your farm papers--well we handle it. Makes stock healthy.

Poultry Tonics

We also handle all kinds of poultry tonic.

Trade with

Henry Lau & Sons

SEWER MEN ARRIVE IN KLEMME

Contractor McElligott and his men are here and are now at work on the sewerage system. Mr. McElligott has a machine for digging and also one for filling the sewer trench. He will endeavor to complete the sewer this year if weather conditions are favor- abl.

A number of people have already installed their sewer connections and as soon as the sewer is completed they will have the service which they have long hoped for.

Klemme will be listed as one of the best little modern towns in the state of Iowa. We are a wide-awake town.

WATERMAIN IS NOW FINISHED

J. P. Jennings, the man who had the contract for laying the watermain has the job completed now and the mains have been tested out and found to be working good. Mr. Jennings and his crew of men with a Greiman Ditcher made good time on the job. The city councilmen extended thanks to the contractor for the careful and efficient manner in which he handled the work. Mr. Jennings also was very well pleased with the fine treatment which he and his men have received from the Klemme people.

Klemme has now a very good fire protection. There were four thousand and eighty feet of new water mains laid. There are two thousand and three hundred and ten feet of old main besides numerous small water pipes by private parties. Water hydrants have been installed at all convenient parts of the town so that there are only a very few houses in Klemme now that are two blocks away from a water connection. This means that in case of fire that plenty of water can be thrown from one to several hose connected at a near by hydrant.

Nearly all the residents along the new mains have connected to the city water supply and now have city water in their houses.

ATTENTION, VOTERS!

Since changes have been made in the election laws the following simple meth- ods of marking the ballot are suggested:

If you wish to vote a straight on November 2nd place a cross in the circle at the head of the ticket.

If you wish to vote a mixed ticket place a cross in the circle at the head of your ticket ahd also place a cross in the square before the names of the candi- dates on the other ticket for whom you wish to vote.

Natural Gas In Iowa

The people of Graettinger are enthu- siastic over the prospects of gas.

A driller, P. L. Johnson, struck a vein of natural gas at a depth of 285 on the farm of J.R. Skow. A flame was continuoslly burning at the mouth of the well since.

The plan is to develop the well and use the gas for heating, lighting and cooking purposes. Several years ago on a farm in the near vicinity a similar vein of gas was struck and it has since been used on the farm for lighting and cooking.

People are becoming excited over these discoveries of gas, because it is thought that where there is gas there is also oil. There are however no gushing oil wells in evidence yet. And people re- call the history of Herndon.

MacSWINEY, STRIKING IRISH- MAN, DEAD

Terrence MacSwiney, lord mayor of Cork, who has been on a hunger strike for seventy-three days, died at the Brixton Prison, England, Mon- day morning at 5:40. He refused to take food and it was not until last Thursday that prison physicians were able to give him food. They gave him brandy and beef tea during moments when he was unconscious.

MacSwiney's hunger strike began on August 12th when he was arrested and tried in a military court on the charges of preparing and having in his possession seditious literature. Eleven other Irish republicans were arrested about the same time and went on hunger strike two days earlier in the Cork jail. MacSwiney was taken to England and lodged in Brixton Prison. The English govern- ment issued orders that they would release no prisoner who went on a hunger strike but MacSwiney was determined to make them give in or he himself would "give up his life for the Irish cause."

FARM HOUSE BURNS TO GROUND

Some time ago the barn on the farm three miles east of Garner, owned by Peck Hanson was destroyed by fire. Sunday evening Mr. Hanson suffered another loss when the house on the same farm went up in smoke and flames. The tenants think per- haps mice got into a box of matches. At the time when the people left the house to go to town there was no fire in any of the stoves or no lamps were lit. The fire had gained such headway before neighbors discovered it that nothing could be done to save the building.

LADIES, COME OUT AND VOTE

Every woman who is twenty-one years old or more should not fail to come out and vote on Tuesday, No- vember 2nd. It is nw your privilege and it is also your duty to vote the ticket you think should head our government. If you are a Republican, that is fine and you have the right idea, or if you are by chance a Dem- ocrat, there is a chance you might be converted. Just simply put a cross (X) in the circle at the top of the column marked "Republican" and you will have done your duty. Per- haps you don't think all the Repub- licans are good looking gentlemen and you want to vote for a good looking Democrat and you have already made a cross in the circle of the Republican ticket. Very simple; just mark a cross in the square on the other ticket for whom you wish to vote. Then your ballot will read "straight Republican, with the exception of one vote for ----------Democrat."

Ladies get out and vote Tuesday of next week. It is just as much your duty to say who shall be the next President as is your husband, father or brother.

Has Bad Accident

Clarence Johnson experienced a very painful accident last week. He was out in the field plowing with a tractor when the machine stopped. He got out to crank the engine again and as he did so the engine back fired and the crank flew around striking him on the bridge of the nose. The crank hit him with such a force that his nose was broken high up between the eyes. The accident was very painful and laid him up for a few days. He is getting along fine now and is able to be about.

Notice

On account of the political lecture given by H. R. Reasoner at 7:30 Sat- urday evening Oct. 30th at the Idle Hour Theatre. The picture show will nor begin until 9::00 oclock.

Where Water Is Precious.

In Cape Town, where water—especially in the hot summer months—is a very precious fluid, it is the custom to shut off the supply at night, in or- der to eliminate waste as far as pos- sible. The authorities complain that persons frequently go to a tap to draw water after the supply has been shut off for the day, and finding no water, thoughtlessly leave the tap open. Con- sequently the next morning when the supply is turned on a large quantity of water runs to waste unnoticed.

Say

When you want first-class printing such as

Letter Heads,
Note Heads,
Statements,
Bill Heads,
Hand Bills,
Envelopes,
Calling Cards,
Business Cards,

In fact any kind of good printing, bring it to the

Times

Klemme, Iowa

ALGIERS RICH IN SUNDAYS

Holy Day Observed Three Times a Week by Followers of Different Religions.

Although no fewer than three Sun- days are observed each week in Al- giers, writes a correspondent, only one could in any sense be called a "day of rest." For while the prophet enjoined his followers to attend wor- ship on Sunday, he warned them against allowing it to become a day of idleness. An Arab or Moor, there- fore, will frequently leave his wares unattended in his shop while he goes off to the mosque to pray, and he sel- dom has occasion to regret this course, cases of robbery being extremely rare. The French Sunday is typically French. The Jew alone makes his Sunday a day of rest, his religion for- bidding anything save talking on that day. A walk through the Jewish quarter on the Sabbath will carry one's thoughts back many years. The picturesque groups at the street corn- ers, in their rich, flowing robes, will recall many an Old Testament story learned in childhood, for the Jew in his oriental garb has a very different appearance from the Jew as we know him in the West.

HE HAD MISSED SOMETHING

Mr. Gap Johnson Brought to a Realiza- tion of His Ignorance of His Surroundings.

"It must be wonderful to live all your life long in the midst of the 'Land of a Million Smiles,' where the silvery waters purl and plash and the nymphs frolic all the day!" prattled one member of a party of city motor- ists who had invaded the Ozarks.

"To live in the—p'tu!—which?" sur- prisingly returned Gap Johnson of Rumpus Ridge.

"Here among the hills and dells of 'The Playground of America.' Look at the advertisement in the newspaper and—"

"Well, I'll be—p'tu—dogged! I never would 'a' b'lieved it in the livin' world if I hadn't seed it in the paper. I've lived yur since Heck was a pup, and I never knowed nuthin' like that yur ladies—nimps, I b'lieve you call 'em—to be setting on rocks this time and skylarking around with nuthin' on perticker on but undershirts and smiles. Say, how long has this yur— p'tu!—business been going on, any- how?"—Kansas City Star.

The Contemporaries of Jesus.

In the New Testament there is no one like Jesus. This is all the more remarkable because to his disciples Jesus became at once an object of pas- sionate love and admiration. Stephen imitates the Lord's prayer upon the cross: "Father, forgive them; for they know not what they do," in the noble words: "Lord, lay not this sin to their charge;" and yet no one would think of likening the character of Stephen to the character of Jesus.

Among the apostles there is no one to whom in vision, composure, dignity, disengagedness from the nonessential in religion, Jesus is not a decided con- trast. When we come to the most ardent of the early disciples of Jesus, and his greatest apostle, Paul, we meet more of contrast than of resemblance. John Stuart Mill is completely right when he says that Paul's "character and idiosyncrasies were of a totally different sort."—George A. Gordon in Atlantic Monthly.

Ingenious Motion Pictures.

Motion pictures of construction work in which a large public building appears to rise from the ground like magic, being completed in the ten minutes' duration of the film, are be- ing shown before various engineering societies by government representa- tives, according to Popular Mechanics Magazine. The structure is the In- dustrial building of the United States bureau of standards, and the pictures were made by exposing a short length of film every day during the ten months of work on the building.

A few Klemmeites enjoyed an airplane ride Saturday and Sunday. A flyer and his mechanic flew here from Webster City Saturday afternoon and John Etchen took a ride with them. They then flew to Meservey where they carried a couple of passengers into the sky. Sunday they came back to Klemme with another plane and took up a few passengers. Harve Stille had a real ride for he "took the whole progrm" consisting of two or three loop-the-loops, some swell dips and a tail-spin, dropping about two thousand feet. Paul Stille was the next candidate and he also took the thrilling ride that his brother took. Both of the boys said it was "great dope" and would like more. The flyer was real handy with the machine and is an experienced man. He was an instructor of aviation at Kelly Field during the war. The prices are cheaper this year—$10 for straight flying and $5 extra for the stunts.

A MESSAGE
To the Men and Women of Iowa

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY
Stands for AMERICA FIRST

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET this year offers you-
A REPUBLICAN CONGRESS, and
A REPUBLICAN LEGISLATURE, to work with
A REPUBLICAN PRESIDENT, and
A REPUBLICAN GOVERNOR

REPUBLICAN VOTER

It is your duty as an AMERICAN CITIZEN to go to the poles, and take at least one other person with you, EARLY Tuesday morning, Nov. 2nd' and to vote for the only party that stands unreserved for AMERICA FIRST. Make no mistake. Vote the ticket.

CHARLES A. RAWSON'
Chairman Republican State Central Committe.

Put a CROSS X in the REPUBLICAN CIRCLE and VOTE the STRAIGHT REPUBLICAN TICKET

REMARKABLE RECOVERY

Extraordinary Curative Power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I want to let you know what good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. I had organic troubles and am going through the Change of Life. I was taken with a pain in my side and a bad headache. I could not lie down, could not eat or sleep. I suffered something terrible and the doctor's medicine did me no good at all—my pains got worse instead of better. I began taking the Vegetable Compound and felt a change from the first. Now I feel fine and advise any one going through the Change of Life to try it, for it cured me after I had given up all hopes of getting better. You can publish this and I will tell any one who writes to me the good it has done me."—Mrs. MARGARET DANZ, 743 N. 25th Street, Phila., Pa.

It hardly seems possible that there is a woman in this country who will continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, proving beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other medicine in the world.

DON'T DESPAIR

If you are troubled with pains or aches; feel tired; have headache, indigestion, insomnia; painful passage of urine, you will find relief in

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles and National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Vaseline

Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

PETROLEUM JELLY

For burns, cuts, sprains and all skin irritations. Relieves dryness of scalp.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (CONSOLIDATED)
State Street New York

KEMP'S BALSAM
WILL STOP THAT COUGH
GUARANTEED

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 60c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

Correct.

A few days ago the public library gave an examination to the young women who wished to enter a library class. Among the questions concerning current events was, "who is Babe Ruth?" One of the girls exclaimed, "Well, at least I know the answer to that one," and wrote, "Babe Ruth is a race horse."—Indianapolis News.

Not Bad.

Amelia was four and full of initiative. The other day she removed three gold fish from their bowl and laid them out carefully on the library table. A little later, when her mother found them there dead, she exclaimed: "My, Amelia, but you are bad!" "No," Amelia said calmly. "I am not bad. I am cute."

Nothing.

"They say a man becomes what he eats." "Then Cholly must be on a hunger strike."

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Morning. *Have Strong, Healthy Eyes.* If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

POULTRY

PLAN FOR FATTENING FOWLS

Profit Just as Sure With Poultry as It Is With Cattle and Hogs, Says Specialist.

If it pays to fatten hogs and cattle before they are marketed, why won't it pay to fatten poultry before marketing it? The same conditions apply in each case, says F. E. Fox of the poultry department, Kansas State Agricultural college.

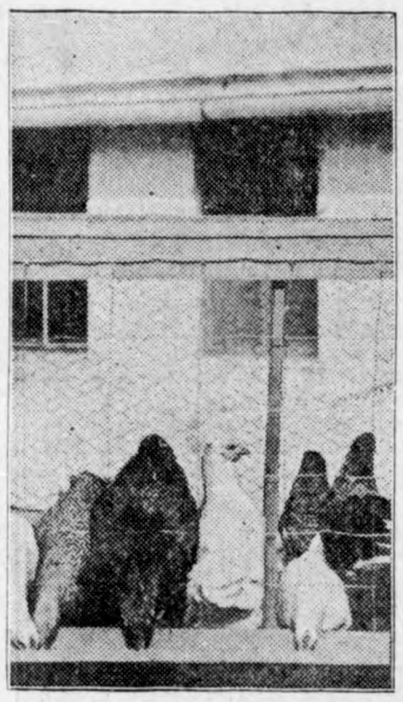
Mr. Fox, who has had packing house experience, says that the largest per cent of poultry that comes to the packing house has to be fattened before it is killed. It is the custom on the ordinary farm to cull out the flock the night or morning before marketing regardless of the condition of the birds. The poultry have been running on the range around the barnyard picking up most of their living and are just in a good growthy condition ready to take on fat at very little cost.

The farmer should cull out his flock and either crate feed or put them in a small pen under sanitary conditions for a period of two weeks and give them all the corn, kafir, or other grains they will eat, Mr. Fox says. This is long enough to feed under ordinary conditions.

If a farmer has the time the most profitable way to dispose of his surplus poultry is to milk feed them for fancy trade such as hotels and wealthy customers in a nearby town or city. There is usually great demand for high class poultry for Sunday and holiday trade in the city.

Milk feeding is practiced extensively in packing houses. The chickens are crate fed on a ration of corn meal or other mash feed mixed with two parts of buttermilk and poured in the troughs on the side of the crate. They are fed for about three weeks all they will clean up twice or three times a day.

The main objection to milk feeding on the farm is that the birds have to



Homemade Coop for Fattening Poultry.

be dressed at home. If sold alive they shrink a great deal in taking them to market and they may get bruised or get their bones broken, as the milk makes their flesh soft and tender and their bones weak and brittle.

LITTLE TROUBLE WITH GEESE

Lameness, Caused by Confinement and Improper Food, Is Chief Ailment of Fowls.

Geese should be easier to raise than any other kind of poultry, as under correct conditions there should be no disease among the young. A leading breeder of geese says that the only ailment he has to contend with is lameness, which is generally caused by too close confinement, unwholesome food, too warm housing or too close quarters. Geese require dry and windproof quarters with litter on the floor and will stand the hardest winter weather.

To treat lameness give a tablespoonful of castor oil, by holding the beak open and working it down the throat. Renew the dose next day, if necessary. Keep the ailing bird in a dry place and feed stale bread and water.

STANDARD-BRED FOWLS BEST

Some Farmers Can Make Money With Mongrels, but High-Class Birds Will Do Better.

Sometimes a man succeeds with barnyard mongrels better than his neighbor with prize-winning fowls because he gives them better care. But let the successful farmer, who has not already done so, turn his attention to pure-bred birds and he will derive a still larger profit in dollars and satisfaction.

HIGH MORTALITY IN POULTS

Some of Most Common Causes Are Exposure to Cold and Dampness and Overfeeding.

The high mortality common in young poults usually is due to some of the following causes: Exposure to dampness and cold; improper feeding; close confinement; lice; predatory animals; weakness in the parent stock.

FALL IS BEST TIME TO SELECT SEED CORN FOR USE NEXT YEAR

Stringing the Ears on Twine for Storing.

Early selection of seed corn is of special importance this year, according to specialists of the department of agriculture. Much of the corn crop is at least two weeks late, and early fall frost would cause a repetition of the conditions in 1917, when a large part of the corn crop was frozen and was unfit for seed. The following spring, seed corn was very scarce and high.

Good seed corn is the secret of a good corn crop, and autumn is the time for the selection of corn to be planted the following season. Many farmers put off seed selection until the spring when there is a scarcity of good seed corn. There is danger in this delay every year, but when the corn crop is late, as it is this year, the danger is especially great. Each spring the department of agriculture receives reports from many sections telling of the willingness of farmers to pay good prices for seed corn and their inability to obtain it.

This scarcity could be prevented by selecting the seed when it is most abundant and when the very best can be obtained—at ripening time when it has been in no way reduced in vitality. Many let this opportunity pass, the farmers expecting to purchase their seed corn, only to find that they cannot buy at any price in the winter or spring as good seed as they could have selected in the autumn.

Requirements for Seed.

Until a community has its experienced and honest corn breeder, the best place for the farmer to obtain seed corn is from fields on his own farm or in his neighborhood that were planted with a variety that has generally proved most successful in that locality. By far too many farmers consider seed good simply because it will grow. To be first-class, seed corn must be—

Well adapted to the seasonal and soil conditions where it is to be planted.

From well-grown productive plants of a productive variety.

Well matured and preserved from ripening time to planting time in a manner that will retain its full productivity.

The importance of these three requirements has been demonstrated through experiments by the office of corn investigations, bureau of plant industry, United States department of agriculture, and the results given in Farmers' Bulletin No. 1175, recently published by that department.

At corn-ripening time, specialists of the department advise, drop all other business and select an abundance of seed corn. The process is too important to be conducted incidentally while husking. Seed corn should be selected from stalks standing where they grew. In this way the seed corn can be obtained from—

Stalks that have an inherent tendency to yield well, as shown by their superiority over surrounding stalks that grew under similar conditions. Such seed inherits high-producing power.

Stalks without suckers. Such seed produces fewer suckers than seed from sucker-bearing stalks.

Storm-proof stalks with ears at a desirable height.

Stalks that are free from disease. Among the best methods for the control of several important corn diseases, including the ear and stalk rot, is the selection of seed corn from disease-free stalks. The selection of disease-free seed corn is discussed in Farmers' Bulletin No. 1176, entitled "The Control of Corn Root, Stalk, and Ear Rot Diseases."

Husk Ears From Stalks.

As soon as the corn matures, the farmer should go through his field with a seed-picking bag and husk the ears from the stalks that have produced the most corn without having any special advantages, such as space, moisture or fertility. Avoid the large ears on stalks standing singly with an unusual amount of space around them. Preference should be given the plants that have produced most heavily in competition with a full stand of less-productive plants. In all localities the inherent tendency of the plant to produce heavily of sound, dry, shelled corn is of most importance.

Late-maturing plants with ears that are heavy because of the excessive amount of sap should be ignored. Sappiness greatly increases the harvest size and weight, and is apt to destroy the quality. In central and southern states, all other things being equal, short, thick stalks are preferable. Short stalks are not so easily blown down and permit thicker planting. Thick stalks are not so easily broken down, and in general are more productive than slender ones.

Safe Way for Storing.

The same day seed corn is gathered the husked ears should be put in a dry place where there is free circulation of air, and placed in such a manner that the ears do not touch each other. This is the only safe procedure. If left in the husk long after ripening, it may sprout or mildew during warm, dry weather, or become infested with weevils or grain moths, or their eggs.

There are various ways in which seed corn can be prepared for drying. The ears may be hung on strings of binder twine or cord. Wire racks may also be used. The farmer, however, may exercise his own ingenuity as to what method he will use, but should be certain that the corn is stored in a place where it will not be exposed to damp atmosphere or rats or other destructive pests.

Detailed information as to selecting the seed corn and storing it are contained in Farmers' Bulletin 1175, which may be had upon request of the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

FARMERS MUST MAKE USE OF BY-PRODUCTS

Increased Costs Compel Elimination of All Waste.

Corn Stover, Disregarded in Many Cases, Is Valuable Feed for Young Stock, Idle Horses and Cattle During Winter.

With the increasing price of land, feed, and the higher cost of labor, it is becoming necessary that the farmer eliminate, as far as possible, any waste. He must make use of all the by-products of his business much the same as the manufacturer does. Corn is produced in practically every section of the country, primarily for the grain, and frequently the stover is disregarded.

Properly cured stover is relished by live stock, but that which is left in the open during disagreeable weather is far from being palatable or nourishing. Stover protected from the time it is cut in the field is a valuable feed for young stock, idle horses, and cattle that are being carried over the winter on a cheap ration.

The best way to handle corn stover is by means of the shredder. This method makes it possible to get it in the barn before the feeding qualities have been injured by the weather. Enough room should always be reserved in the barn to accommodate a good supply of stover. Hay may be safely stacked out, but it is unsafe to try to stack shredded stover. Care must be taken to give the corn ample time to cure before it is shredded, for it may heat in the mow and become worthless through subsequent molding.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Keep your machinery in good order.

* * *

The sorghums are the dry-weather crops.

* * *

You feed your live stock—why not feed your soil, too?

* * *

Seeds are to be scarce this year. Better get yours early.

* * *

Soy beans planted with the corn increase the yield per acre.

* * *

Keep a few extra parts on hand—it saves going to town after them.

* * *

Corn-cutting machinery saves time when time is of great importance.

WRIGLEYS

The children love Wrigley's—and it's good for them.

Made under conditions of absolute cleanliness and brought to them in Wrigley's sealed sanitary package.

Satisfies the craving for sweets, aids digestion, sweetens breath, allays thirst and helps keep teeth clean.

Costs little, benefits much.

Still 5c Everywhere

THE FLAVOR LASTS

A-153

AT LEAST ONE GIRL SORRY

Veteran Had to Confess He Left Behind Him in France One Sorrowful Maiden.

The moon was full, the summer night was balmy, the hammock was built for two, and it seemed a shame to break it all up.

"Jack," she asked, "was there a girl in France who was sorry to see you go?"

"I'd rather you didn't ask me that question, dear," he said.

"But I must know. We're engaged and you should tell me everything," she insisted.

"Dear, I don't like to talk about it—"

"Oh, Jack, how could you when all the time you were engaged to me!"

"Listen a minute and I'll give you the whole story," he said in desperation. "She was—"

"Well?"

"She was my laundress. I owed her 12 francs."—Boston Globe.

Billy's Natural History.

Billy—I saw a garter snake a yard and a half long today.

Paul—Never; garter snakes don't grow that long.

Billy—Well, I thought it must have been a garter snake, it was wrapped around the limb of a tree.

LEAD WORLD IN TELEPHONES

Americans, With Their Business Instinct, Have Naturally Taken Kindly to the Instrument.

The telephone is an American invention, and we Americans have learned to use it better than any other people. Four-fifths of the world's telephones are in the United States. No other country has the exchange system developed to give such convenient service. In some of the most progressive European countries the exchange system is so cumbersome that it usually requires ten or fifteen minutes to get a connection.

The telephone in this country has expedited the transaction of business. Without our efficient telephone service, the work of most of our great industries would be slowed up and made more expensive. No other country has a rural system that compares with ours. The telephone has definitely affected and molded our business methods and our social and domestic life.—Alfred Westfall, Colorado Agricultural College.

The Worst Kind.

First Red—It can't be so bad in the American prisons. They tell me they have no tortures there.

Second Red—Don't you believe it. They give you a bath and make you work.

When Coffee Disagrees—Use

POSTUM CEREAL

Coffee drinkers, who switch from their accustomed table drink, almost always turn to Postum because of its delicious coffee-like flavor.

There's no harm to health in Postum. Much as it tastes like coffee, there is no coffee in it. Boil Postum a full fifteen minutes, and you develop that rich flavor you so much like.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

—if you catch me!

To the wearer who finds PAPER in the heels, counters, insoles or outsoles of any shoes made by us, bearing this trade-mark.

FRIEDMAN-SHELBY INTERNATIONAL SHOE CO.

"It Takes Leather to Stand Weather"

See your neighborhood dealer and insist on the Friedman-Shelby "All-Leather" Trade-Mark. It means real shoe economy for the whole family.

D408

For The Best Shine Ask For The Big Can

E-Z

Liquid Stove Polish

Dustless-Ebony Shine

E-Z Iron Enamel for the Pipe
E-Z Metal Polish for the Nickel
E-Z Shoe Polish saves Shoes
Money Back Guarantee
MARTIN & MARTIN, Chicago

FREEDOM FOR ARAB WOMEN

May Go Forth to Shop in the Business District Like the European Women.

While the Arabs of Algeria, in turbans and gracefully draped burnouses come out from their silently swinging doors, and with their staffs stroll into the European quarter of the city to buy food at some French shop, the Arab women who leave the Kasbah, the native quarter, are now enjoying a newer freedom.

The war has done it. The women are now allowed to go to other places than the baths and the cemeteries, the two traditional rendezvous where their husbands heretofore permitted them to gather. Many sally forth to shop in the downtown district like the European women. Some go to take tea at a fashionable French pastry shop, where they take off their veils, safe from the sight of Mohammedan men, and eat sweet cakes the Christians make. Then they put on their veils again, and, "shrouded in white mystery," go home to their hidden doors. Veiled to the eyelashes in "haicks" as white as snow, they undulate slowly in the billowy, baggy trousers of 1,000 folds, and pass into the heavy wooden doors, brass studded, that swing noiselessly shut.—Century Magazine.

The Literary Meeting.

Literary Lady—Are you fond of Lamb, sir?

Literal Gentleman—Essays or stew?

Taking things as they come and selling them at a profit begets success.

BREAKS A COLD IN JUST A FEW HOURS

"Pape's Cold Compound" instantly relieves stuffiness and distress

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a severe cold and ends all grippe misery.

The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages of the head; stops nose running; relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, contains no quinine—Insist upon Pape's!—Adv.

One to the Sex.

A lady, having left her umbrella in a car, applied for it at the office. "Oh, you ladies, you ladies," said the official in charge, as he brought about thirty umbrellas for her inspection, "you are so terribly forgetful!" The lady smiled as she kindly pointed out to him that, with the exception of three, they were all gentlemen's umbrellas!

CASCARETS

"They Work while you Sleep"

Make it your "hobby" to keep liver and bowels regular. If bilious, constipated, headachy, unstrung, or if you have a cold, an upset stomach, or bad breath, take Cascarets tonight and wake up feeling clear, rosy and fit. No griping—no inconvenience. Children love Cascarets too. 10, 25, 50 cents.—Adv.

Wrong Party.

Harry Carey, the picture star is about as affable a chap as one would care to meet, but once in awhile he does get peeved and this is most likely to occur when the company is on location and is in a hurry to get the work done and return to the studio.

Not so long ago the Carey company was on location in the north country, but instead of finding sunny weather, it was cold and cloudy.

This was bad enough, but the explosion came in the tiny restaurant when the chatty waiter remarked:

"The rain will be here in a minute or two, sir."

"Who'n'ell wants rain?" thundered Carey. "I didn't order any. I'm waiting for eggs—sunny side up!"

The Best Thing He Did.

A melancholy looking man tetered into the establishment of a photographer.

"I should like to have a picture of myself weeping beside my wife's grave," he explained.

"I fear I have not the necessary accessories here," said the photographer. Then he added, facetiously: "Couldn't we arrange to have the portrait made at the grave itself?"

"No," said the man; "that's in New York state. It would be too expensive to go there. Just you fix up some kind of a grave here in the shop. I could weep on that. It's no trouble for me to weep anywhere."—Everybody's Magazine.

DAIRY HINTS

SCRUB COW AT DAIRY SHOW

Object Is to Show in Practical Way How Low-Grade Herd Can Be Greatly Improved.

Mrs. Scrub Dairy Cow is about to break into the upper class of dairy society. Madam Scrub will parade with the blue-blooded aristocracy of the cattle world.

The United States department of agriculture expects to exhibit the grade family consisting of a purebred sire, a scrub cow and the grade offspring of this mating at the national dairy show to be held at Chicago in October, 1920. Some of the cattle clubs will also have similar exhibits.

The purpose of this feature is to interest the owners of scrub and low-grade herds and to show in a practical way the manner in which such a herd may be improved by the use of a purebred sire. This will do much to combat the prevailing idea that the national dairy show is of interest only to the owners of purebred herds. It will help also to advertise the fact that the United States department of agriculture through its "better sires" campaign is offering co-operation and aid to the owner of poorest herd as well as to the owner of improved stock.

A Scrub Cow Which Lacked $1,954 of Producing Enough Milk to Pay for Her Feed and Care in One Year.

After all Mrs. Scrub doesn't get into society on the strength of her own qualifications; she is accepted purely on account of the merits of her mate and her progeny.

CHAMPION DAIRY COWS

Several of our folks have asked for the names and records of leading cows of each dairy breed at the present time. Here they are, fresh from the secretaries of the breeders' associations:

Jersey—Plain Mary, 1,040 pounds butterfat and 15,255 pounds milk.

Holstein-Friesian — Aagie Acme, 1,065.4 pounds butterfat and 24,600 pounds milk.

Guernsey—Murne Cowan, 1,098.18 pounds butterfat and 24,008 pounds milk.

Brown Swiss—College Bravura II, 798.16 pounds butterfat and 19,460 pounds milk.

Ayrshire—Garclaugh May Mischief, 894.91 pounds butterfat and 25,329 pounds milk.

Milking-Shorthorn — Doris Clay, 653 pounds butterfat and 17,241.5 pounds milk.

These are all yearly records, and for cows living at the present time.

CLASSIFICATION OF RECORDS

Department of Agriculture Bulletin Emphasizes Importance of Correct Accounts.

"A Classification of Ledger Accounts for Creameries" is the title of United States department of agriculture Bulletin 865, recently issued. This bulletin emphasizes the importance of the use of a definite and logical classification of accounts for keeping the cost and financial records of any business and describes in detail a classification that can be used advantageously by creameries. The classification of accounts presented in this bulletin, if adopted will insure an adequate basis for correct operating and financial information which will be uniform from year to year, thus enabling comparisons of operating efficiency.

The bulletin has been prepared by experts in accountancy in the bureau of markets after a careful study of the methods pursued at a number of creameries in recording their costs and the financial activities of their business comprehensively and simply.

The bulletin can be had upon application to the United States department of agriculture, Washington.

GET SILO PROPERLY FILLED

One of Most Serious Jobs of Dairy Farm and Requires Careful Study and Work.

To get the silos properly filled is one of the serious jobs of the dairy farm. Careful planning will facilitate the work. The silo should be put in order, the hoops tightened and the doors repaired. The roof should be patched if it has become leaky. The binder must be put in order if delays are to be avoided. Likewise the cutter must be put in first-class working condition. The wagons are not to be overlooked when preparations for an efficient season's work are being made. No silo-filling season passes without accident to one or more wagons. For a wagon to be taken off the work for a day or

USE "DIAMOND DYES"

Dye right! Don't risk your material in a poor dye. Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into old garments, draperies, coverings, everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes" — no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed. Druggist has "Diamond Dyes Color Card"—16 rich colors. Adv.

Call for Introspection.

One little seed doubles—triples—multiplies an hundredfold in a surprisingly short time. Think of all these things, reader, and then ask yourself, "Am I the rotten apple of Guam; shall I be the seed of discontent?"—Guam News Letter.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

A Marvelous Remedy for Indigestion.

Those who suffer from nervous dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, torpid liver, dizziness, headaches, coming up of food, wind on stomach, palpitation and other indications of disorder in the digestive tract will find Green's August Flower a most effective and efficient assistant in the restoration of nature's functions and a return to health and happiness. There could be no better testimony of the value of this remedy for these troubles than the fact that its use for the last fifty-four years has extended into many thousands of households all over the civilized world and no indication of any failure has been obtained in all that time. Very desirable as a gentle laxative. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

No, I Can't.

"I can read my wife like a book," bragged Mr. Naybor.

"I'll bet you can't shut her up like one," growled Mr. Gab.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Cuticura Soothes Itching Scalp

On retiring gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Make them your every-day toilet preparations and have a clear skin and soft, white hands.—Adv.

Lovemaking of the kind usually found in romantic novels makes the real thing look like 30 cents.

USE "DIAMOND DYES"

Dye right! Don't risk your material in a poor dye. Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into old garments, draperies, coverings, everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes" — no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed. Druggist has "Diamond Dyes Color Card"—16 rich colors. Adv.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours — Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

HORSES COUGHING? USE

Spohn's Distemper Compound

to break it up and get them back in condition. Twenty-six years' use has made "Spohn's" indispensable in treating Coughs and Colds, Influenza and Distemper, with their resulting complications, and all diseases of the throat, nose and lungs. Acts marvelously as a preventive, acts equally well as a cure. 50 cents and $1.20 per bottle at drug stores.

SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, Goshen, Ind.

Soon to Have.

Visitor—Been doing any work in the nude?

Struggling Artist—No, but I will be if men's clothing prices don't come down!—Cartoons Magazine.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly without scars. 25c and 50c by all druggists. For free sample write The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill.—Adv.

A Fair Valuation.

"How do you think stolen kisses ought to be assessed?"

"At their face value."

HEALS RUNNING SORES

"I feel it my duty to write you a letter of thanks for your wonderful Peterson's Ointment. I had a running sore on my left leg for one year. I began to use Peterson's Ointment three weeks ago and now it is healed."—A. C. Gilbrath, 703 Reed St., Erie, Pa.

For years I have been selling through druggists a large box of PETERSON'S OINTMENT for 60 cents. The healing power in this ointment is marvelous. Eczema goes in a few days. Old sores heal up like magic; piles that other remedies do not seem to even relieve are speedily conquered. Pimples and nasty blackheads disappear in a week and the distress of chafing goes in a few minutes. Mail orders filled. Peterson Ointment Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.

Rheumatism Comes From Tiny Pain Germs

First of all, get it firmly fixed in your mind that all the liniments in the world have no effect whatever on Rheumatism.

A very common form of Rheumatism is caused by millions of tiny disease germs which infest the blood. The one and only sensible treatment, therefore, is one which cleanses the blood of these germs, and routs them entirely out of the circulation.

This is why S.S.S., the greatest known blood purifier is so successful in the treatment of Rheumatism. It is a powerful cleanser of the blood, and will remove the disease germs that cause your Rheumatism, affording relief that is genuine.

S.S.S. is sold by all druggists. Free literature and medical advice can be had by writing to Chief Medical Adviser, 154 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

The Housewifes Burden

When a woman is almost distracted from overwork, her home is in disorder, crying children, and on top of all is suffering from backache, bearing down pains, or some other form of feminine ills, then she should remember that hundreds of women in just her condition have been restored to health and regained their youthful strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and not rest until she has given it a fair trial.

Proof that it Restored the Health of These Two Women

Cairo, Ill.—"Some time ago I got so bad with female trouble that I thought I would have to be operated on. I had a bad displacement. My right side would pain me and I was so nervous I could not hold a glass of water. Many times I would have to stop my work and sit down or I would fall on the floor in a faint. I consulted several doctors and every one told me the same but I kept fighting to keep from having the operation. I had read so many times of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it helped my sister so I began taking it. I have never felt better than I have since then and I keep house and am able to do all my work. The Vegetable Compound is certainly one grand medicine."—Mrs. J. R. Matthews, 3311 Sycamore Street, Cairo, Ill.

Chattanooga, Tenn.—"I used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before my baby came when I could no longer keep up. It strengthened my back and relieved me of the ill effect which so often develops at such times. That was my first experience with the Vegetable Compound. Years afterwards I took it during the Change of Life and got along so well I scarcely ever had to lie down during the day and seldom had dizzy, fainting spells. I am now well and strong, can do all my housework with perfect ease and it is a comfort to me to be able to say to other suffering women 'take Lydia E. Pinkham's medicine and be strong.' I will be glad to have you use my name if it will be the means of helping any one."—Mrs. R. A. Fairburn, 606 Orchard Knob Ave., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Ailing, Overworked Housewives Should Rely Upon

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

Your table drink will never bother nerves or sleep if you quit coffee and drink

INSTANT POSTUM

If coffee troubles you, isn't it better to make the change now rather than later?

Better health results and you'll appreciate the economy and convenience.

AT GROCERS EVERYWHERE

"There's a Reason" for Postum

Made by Postum Cereal Co. Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

RUPTURE EXPERT HERE

Seeley, Famous In This Specialty, Called to Mason City

F. H. Seeley of Chicago and Philadelphia, the noted truss expert, will personally be at the Cerro Gordo Hotel and will remain in Mason City Saturday only, November 6th. Mr. Seeley says: "The Spermatic Shield will not only retain any case of rupture perfectly, but contracts the opening in 10 days on the average case. Being a vast advancement over all former methods—exemplifying instantaneous effects immediately appreciable and withstanding any strain or position. This instrument received the only award in England and in Spain producing results without surgery, injections, medical treatment or prescriptions. Mr. Seeley has documents from the United States Government, Washington, D. C., for inspection. All charity cases without charge, or if any interested call, he will be glad to show same without charge or fit them if desired. Business demands prevent stopping at any other place in this section.

P. S.—Every statement in this notice has been verified before the Federal and State Courts.—F. H. Seeley

advertisement 8—1p

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. D. Kahrs drove to Mason City Sunday to spend the day.

Mrs. S. G. Fuller and daughter, of Goodell, were Klemme visitors on Monday.

Henry Church of Garner was a Klemme caller Saturday and also on Monday. Henry likes to come to Klemme a couple of times a week to see old friends.

A number from here attended the Sunday School convention at Hayfield last Friday and Saturday. Both Rev. Meyer and Mrs. Geo. Gruetzmacher of this place were on the program.

Mr. Kleinmeyer, of Morris, Illinois, was a Klemme visitor a few days the latter part of the week. Mr. Kleinmeyer owns land near here and while here looked after his business interests and also visited relatives.

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

Wall Paper

We have just received 2,000 rolls of wall paper. Come in now and make selection.

Corn Huskrs, Look

For chapped hands and sore wrists. Come in and we will fix you out. Use Huskum, Huskers Liniment or Kahrs own preperation---Rose Toliet Cream, it is best for chapped hands and faces.

E. S. D. KAHRS

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

BIG FUR SALE

This a real opportunity for the women of Klemme to see a wonderful line of furs.

For one day only, an eastern house will display their entire line of Fall and Winter furs.

We have made arrangements to have these stylish new models here on---

Wednesday, November 3, 1920

Mink (northern--eastern)
Beaver
Squirrel
Fitch (Russian--German)
Skunk [Marten]
Hudson Seal
Mole
Kolinsky - Dyed Fitch
Japanese Mink

Poiret Fox--Taupe and Black. Large animal scarfs. 30 and 36" Hudson Seal, self trimmed coats. 72" Sweep-Bell Cuff.

30 and 36" Hudson Seal--Beaver Skunk and Squirrel Collar and Cuffs.

36" Marmot coats--Taupe and Kolinsky, self trimmed also natural Racoon and Australian Opossum. Very low prices will be quoted, and the display on account of its size and splendid selections will be worth seeing. You have right in Klemme the same stock to choose from that you would find in the biggest stores in the country.

As stated above, this is a real opportunity.

Hours for this Exhibition and Sale 8:30 A. M. to 10:00 P. M.

A Good Place to Trade **Wellemeyer Dept. Store** **Klemme, Iowa**

APPLES!

Car Load Of New York Winter Apples!

Place your order with us at once--they will be here any time now. Hurry! They will go fast. Fine Apples.

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

GUARANTEED Storage Battery Service

We are fully equipped to recharge or repair any make of storage battery by an expert workman. Leave your battery with C. W. Wiles or E. G. Ell or bring it to us. We guarantee our work for eight months.

WINTER STORAGE

Don't take any chances on a high priced battery freezing--send it to us now for winter storage.

Distributors for U. S. L. BATTERIES

Garner Battery & Electric Co.

Garner **Iowa**

A GUARANTEED NON-OPERATIVE

Painless Cure for Piles

(hemorrhoids)

IN ANY FORM. Patient is not laid up or caused loss of time. Other Rectal troubles treated.

Diseases of the female organs and of the prostate gland a specialty.

Electric treatments when properly given will cure certain conditions otherwise impossible to reach. This service is given when indicated.

A special treatment for diabetes, kidney troubld, high blood pressure, and constipation.

Spinal sdjustments and general osteopathic practice.

Office hours 9—12 A. M. 1—5 P. M. Other hours by appointment.

Dr. .R W. Shultz

Masonic Bldg. **Garner, Iowa**

Big Clean-Up
LE on TIRES

have a number of First
e caseings and tubes
h we are selling out at
big bargain as we will
ntinue handling tires.
sizes in the following
anteed caseings--

uth Bend
Lehigh
Tred-well
Batavia
Standard 4

se caseings are for Ford
land, Maxwell and all
l cars, also have plenty
tubes.

eal Tire Bargains

M. BAACK
Implements Klemme, Ia.

Playing a Deep Game.

Ethel had been shopping with her mother. When they returned home she was tired and hungry, and, prompted by a desire for a good meal, she said: "Mamma, let's play I'm your guest and am going to stay for dinner."

Water-Loving Trees.

Water-loving trees along streams often consume more water than they save. Estimates are that a beech forest will transpire nearly 50 per cent of an annual precipitation of 20 inches, while a coniferous forest but eight per cent of the same or like precipitation.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

u cannot tell how soon nor how urgently you will
ed the help that a bank account can give.

It may be misfortune, it may be opportunity, that will supply the need.

In either event it is well to be prepared, as you can be if your start an account with us now.

An accomodating service awaits you here.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

APITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA.

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

During the war of course building atrotically was restricted to essential onstruction.

Today it is patrotic to build as extensively as you will.

To consolidate the prosperity of Peace **BUILD.**

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Local News of Interest About Your Friends

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lewis were visiting friends at Mason City last Friday.

Mr. Gus Church, of Fort Dodge, was here on business Saturday.

James Busick and son Clifton of Goodell ,were here Friday on business.

Albert Kraus went to Dows Friday on a business trip.

Mrs. A. C. Carpenter of Goodell was a Klemme visitor Saturday.

Miss Minnie Lenz was a Garner caller one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Hubbard of Good ell were Klemme callers last Wednesday

Mrs. Henry Griffen and son of Goodell were Klemme callers last wednesday.

Mr. Mrs. Frank quigley, Jr., of Good ell were Klemme visitors one day last week.

Mr. Will Jurgemeyer is enjoying a visit from his father who came last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Peterson, of Goodell were Klemme callers last Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Pals, of Meservey were shopping with Klemme merchants last Thursday.

Ray. White moved his household goods to Forest City Monday where the family will live in the near Tuture.

Mrs. A. D. White and daughter, Mamie, of Goodell, were Klemme visitors Saturday.

Ben Coobs came from McGregor, Iowa, Saturday for a visit at the W. F. Pavey home.

Rev. A. H. Meyer left Tuesday for Storm Lake to attend the District Instituth. He expects to return tomorrow.

The first number of the lecture course for this winter will come on November 11. Get your season ticket reserved as soon as possible.

Mrs. A. H. Meyer went to Dows Tuesday evening of this wehk for a visit of about a week with her sister, Mrs. F. W. Heuer.

Mrs. McGee left last week for Iowa Clty for a visit with her husband, Wilbur MsGee, who is confined to the hospital there and who is reported to be quite ill.

The Editor received a letter from Mr. Uben the other day. He says they like Wedster city fine and that he and Paul Grange are enjoying a good business in the creamery in which they bought.

John Griewe has rented a farm at Osakis, Minn; and last week shipped his goods to that point. Monday the family left in their car for their new home. The best wishes of many friends go with them. —Garner Signal.

Clarence Bachman went to Forest City Monday afternoon to begin work in Raymond White's cafe. Mr. White purchased this cafe last week, it is the best eating house in Forest City and no doubt he will enjoy a fine business.

Quite a number of people from here went to Garner Sunday evening to attend the evangelistic services. Rev. Meyer declared no service at his church so quite a number from that church went in cars.

Miss Annetta Shuldt left Saturday for her home at Gladbrook, Iowa, to spend her fall vacation. Miss Shuldt is one of our popular rural teachers, and is the case with most rural schools, her school has been closed for a few weeks during orn picking time.

Mr. A. Wellemeyer and Anna Griewe were at Ventura last Thursday and Friday conducting a sale at the Washburn store. Mr. Wellemeyer took over a lot of ladies coats, sweaters and ready to wear goods for the sale. They report a very successful sale.

The ladies of the Methodist Episcopal Church gave a "Bake Sale" at the J. N. Day store last Saturday, which ws a fine success. The cakes, pies, doughnuts, etc., were mighty fine examples of the fine cooks the church can boast of, and needless to say everything went "like hot cakes" and they were soon out of goods to sell.

Mrs. Anson Avery of Goodell, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Roths for a time. And as a bit of information to some of our subscribers who are not well acquainted with this lady, we will say that she is one of the oldest pioneers of Hancock County, in fact she was the first white woman to settle in this County. Many are the interesting tales she can tell of the old days when Indians were not any too friendly toward the white settlers.

And by the way, we sneaked in on Doctor Reuber last Thursday and caught him in the act of chasing a scrubbing brush up and doun the floor he looked kinda sheepish and said he was cleaning house, we took his word for it and also noticed he had the office adorned with new window curtains. Now girls don't all rush at once but we'll agree with you he would make a fine husband, if caution were used he might be captured.

R. J. White of Klemme bought the resturant business formerly ouned by Clarence Fishea and took possession Monday. Mr. Fisher has built up the patronage of this popular cafe by giving the best service to the hungry public and Mr. White steps in as proprietor of a business that is second to none. He will continue to give the public the same careful and efficent services as has characterized the place during Mr. Fishers proprietorship. Mr. White is not a stranger here, having formerly worked in Forest City. He will move his family to this city the first of next month.—Forest City Republican.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

State of Iowa, Hancock County, ss.
In District Court, December Term, 1920.
To All Whom It May Concern:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED, That an instrument of writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Edward Charles Collins deceased, dated Dec. 24 1919, haveing been this day filed, opened and read, and Monday the 6th day of December, 1920 is fixed for hearing proof of same at the Court House in Garner, Iowa, before the District Court of said County or Clerk of said Court; and at 3:30 o'clock p. m. of the day above mentioned, all persons interested are hereby notified and required to appear, and show cause, if any they have, why said instrument should not be probated and allowed as and for the last Will and Testament of said deceased.

Dated at Garner. Iowa, October 11th, 1920.

(SEAL) A. E. Baumgartner
6-3 Clerk District Court

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT OF BENEFITS DRAINAGE DIS TRICT NO. 58

To A. D. Gimer, A. D. White, Amanda Tice, Elmer Arnold.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the commissioners appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County, Iowa, to view and classify certain lands in Drainage District No. 58 included in Drainage District No. 103, a sub-district of Drainage District No. 58 and not previously assessed in Drainage District No. 58, and to apportion to said lands their proper share of the costs of the said Drainage District, have made and filed their report in the office of the County Auditor as required by law which report follows:

Township 94 North Range 23 West

Owner	Desc.	Sec.	Class	Ass'm't
A. D. Gimer				
	Pt. SE¼NE¼	5	.0088	12.00
	SW¼NE¼	5	.0937	128.00
A. D. White				
	Pt. NE¼NW¼	5	.0388	53.00
	Pt. SE¼NW¼	5	.0549	75.00
Amanda Tice				
	Pt. NE¼SW¼	5	.0455	62.00
Elmer Arnold				
	Pt. NW¼SE¼	5	.0337	46.00
			Total	376.00

You are further notified that the 10th day of November 1920 at 1:30 o'clock p. m. has been fixed the date for final hearing on said assessment and all objections thereto must be made in writing and filed with the County Auditor on or before noon of said date.

Witness my hand and offlcial seal this 16th day of Oct. 1920.

(Seal) Chris Jacobs,
7-2c Auditor of Hancock, Co. Ia.

BASKET SOCIAL—There will be a basket social and program Friday evening, Nov. 5th, at District No. 2, Avery Township. Bring well filled baskets. All are invited.

8-1p. Nettie Roths, Teacher

UNDER GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION

What Farmers Need

Every farmer wants to keep track of farm income and expenses with as little book-keeping as possible—but he wants it kept absolutely accurate.

That's why every farmer needs a checking account. Many farmers have already found our Checking Account indispensible. Our service will fit your requirements, to.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

This has always been the Value-First store of Northern Iowa

Our customers are always protected to the minute—both as to quanity and psice.

Test this statement—look up the so-called "bargain prices" and then come and get our regular prices.
That will ell the story.

Suits and overcoats of supreme value at

$40.00 $45.00 $50.00
$55.00 and **$60.00.**

The newdet fabirc—the latest styles. Cheaper are bringing more money than we ask for first-water quality.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

RAILWAY SPANS GREAT DESERT

Road in Australia Crosses Inhospitable and Waterless Stretch of Country.

TOOK FIVE YEARS TO BUILD

Daring and Skill of Engineers Conquers Most Desolate Waste in World—Heat and Insects Make Life Unbearable.

Melbourne.—When the Prince of Wales decided to make his recent journey from Perth to Adelaide by means of Australia's first transcontinental railway, it was a compliment to the daring and skill of the Australian engineers who conquered one of the world's most formidable deserts.

It was the late Lord Kitchener who suggested the line, pointing out that for strategical and other reasons western Australia should be linked with the other states of the commonwealth by an iron road.

But the great Victorian desert lay between, a barren, inhospitable and waterless stretch of country. Not a rivulet is to be found in the whole of this vast region. It is one dreary expanse of sand and limestone rock, relieved here and there by salt-bush, which even cattle refuse to eat. Worse still are the intense heat and the blood-sucking insects which abound.

Five Years Required.

The fact meant a five-year battle against terrible odds. It was only completed just before the armistice.

The survey work alone occupied two years, and cost £20,000, the total expenses of the undertaking amounting to over £7,000,000. Camels had to be requisitioned to carry the surveyors and their stores. The chief engineer records how it was impossible to use ink, as it instantly dried on the pen and the leads dropped out of the shriveled pencils. To secure relief from the rays of the midday sun they had to bury themselves in holes in the sand, where they were attacked by fierce insects.

The route having been decided on, the steel rails were laid simultaneously from each end across the desert. As the country was for the most part flat, and not a river or a noticeable hill intervened, little grading work was necessary. It was simply a case of making an even bed on which the sleepers were quickly laid. Then came the placing of the steel rails across them by means of a track layer, and spiking and bolting them.

Very trying, however, was the heat, particularly during the summer months. It was often impossible at midday to touch the steel rails or handle a shovel without fear of blistering the fingers. The men had to be provided with rubber gloves to enable them to handle their tools, and also to save their finger nails from splitting, and wear masks as a protection against the insects. Life was only made possible by a liberal daily supply of ice, obtained from the refrigerating cars attached to the construction trains which followed them.

Discover Water.

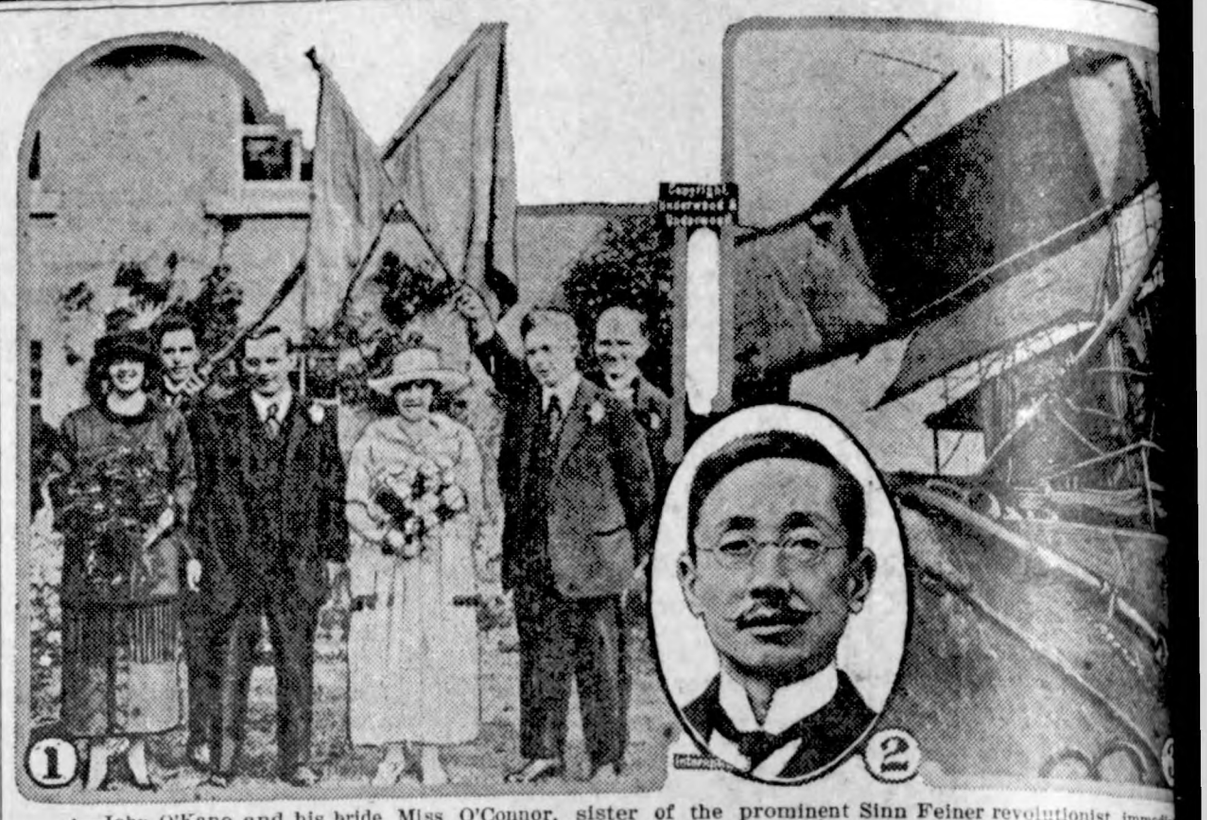
At intervals of 50 miles or so, water tanks were built, the intention being to use these in connection with the working of the trains. They were to be supplied with water pumped from the reservoirs at Kalgoorlie. But after two and a half years' work, during which the track had progressed at the rate of about a mile a day, the engineers realized that if a really efficient service was to be maintained the proposed method of obtaining water would have to be modified.

So they sent for a boring plant, and at a point 350 miles from Kalgoorlie began boring for water. Everyone shook their heads, declaring there was no water in the whole of that barren land. But at a depth of 1,300 feet water was found.

This discovery of water not only relieved the engineers of considerable anxiety and greatly lessened their work, but it has changed the whole aspect of the country. Sheep now graze along the track, which a few years ago was a barren waste. Experts declare that the once formidable desert will become a great grazing country, carrying at least 3,000,000 sheep.

Great Air Mail Hangar at Omaha

The transcontinental air mail hangar at Omaha, one of the stops in the New York to San Francisco air service.



1—John O'Kane and his bride, Miss O'Connor, sister of the prominent Sinn Feiner revolutionist, immediately after their wedding under the "Irish republic" colors at Collridge, Ireland. 2—Dr. Alfred Sze, newly appointed Chinese minister to the United States. 3—View of the oil tanker C. W. Rowe after an explosion in a South Brooklyn shipyard, which killed and injured many persons.

Used Stolen Money to Pay Attorney Who Freed Him

John Hartman of New York city, accused of stealing a pocketbook containing $10 from the home of Hose Avey, near Bryant, Ind., was acquitted when tried before Justice of the Peace Whiteman of Bryant.

As soon as the decision was reached Hartman produced a pocketbook and took $2 from it to pay his attorney, Urban Bonifas, a young man recently admitted to the bar.

"Why, that is my pocketbook," Mr. Avey said, when he saw Hartman produce it and the money. He was right, but Hartman could not be placed in jeopardy twice for the same offense, and he left town $8 to the good.

1,300-FT. SERPENT AS MOUND

Left by Ancient Peoples in Ohio as a Symbol of Religion—Built of Earth and Stone.

West Union, Ohio.—A great serpent 1,300 feet long, built of earth and stone, a symbol of the religion of ancient peoples, stands a few miles from here as the most interesting and important earthwork, left by the mound builders of Ohio.

Situated in a rather secluded spot, supposedly selected by the mound builders for privacy in performing their ancient rites, the massive reptile winds gracefully back from a glen to higher land. The serpent's head rests on a rock platform which presents a precipitous face to the descending sun and is about 100 feet high. The jaws of the mouth are widely extended in the act of swallowing an egg, represented by an oval ridge of earth.

Tribute to Former Foemen.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Hector W. Church, Union veteran, resident of Oxford, N. Y., has left his estate to the United Daughters of the Confederacy, providing that the income be used to perpetuate the fame of Jefferson Davis, Gen. Robert E. Lee, Gen. John B. Gordon and Gen. Jubal Early.

Dives of West Being Closed

Resorts That Have Bulked Large in Traditions Will Soon Be Only a Memory.

"OWL" IS THE LATEST TO GO

New Government of Mexico Frowns on Gambling and Other Evil Conditions Along the International Boundary—Orders Clean-Up.

Mexicali, Lower California.—One by one the resorts whose names have bulked large in the traditions of the West are meeting an end. Latest to go is the "Owl" at Mexicali, which its operators and officials of the Cantu regime in Lower California freely admitted had paid large sums for permission to operate.

In the Owl were to be found all the attractions that went to make up the typical dance hall of frontier days. The building itself was new, the "old Owl" having been destroyed by fire last February, but the traditions of the place were much the same and those familiar with the older establishment were at home in the new.

A Busy Place.

The old Owl was a huge, barn-like structure. Gaming tables and some pool and billiard tables, surrounded by high seats for spectators, occupied its front spaces. Along one side ranged a lengthy bar, where in busy time ten or a dozen bartenders were no unusual sight. Further back was a stage with flimsy scenery, curtained "boxes," that were strongly reminiscent of half a century ago, and a number of plain seats and benches for those not inclined to the expensive semi-privacy of the "boxes."

From near the theater section a passage led to a space surrounded by several hundred small rooms, colloquially known as "the yard," where outcast women lived.

Much of the costly gambling paraphernalia that was used in this old establishment was saved when the building burned and was used later in the new "Owl."

Ordered to Close.

September 4, when orders came from Mexico City, where the new government had frowned upon the gambling and other conditions along the international border, to close the place, a dramatic scene was enacted. Manager Coburn read the order, looked for a moment over the crowd of hundreds, representative of nearly every nationality, and summoned the house police. He gave them hasty instructions and they, starting at the rear of the main room and shouting the word as they went, cleared the place within a minute or two of all except the dealers, lookouts and other employees. Many Chinese, not understanding the order, stampeded through the doors to the street.

The dealers quickly gathered up the big piles of silver coins and the gambling paraphernalia. Soon the arch of lights above the entrance, that spelled out the name of the place, flickered out. The "Owl" was closed.

According to the order from Provisional President de la Huerta, it never is to re-open.

OLD CHANCERY INN FOR SALE

Famous London Building, Six Centuries Old, Will Be Offered at Auction.

London.—After six centuries the historic Clifford's inn, oldest of the nine inns of Chancery, is to be offered for sale by auction.

The first authentic record of Clifford's dates back to 1310, when it was granted to Baron Clifford by Edward II. It was first let to students of law in the reign of Edward III.

In the quaint old hall, Sir Mathew Hale and seventeen others sat after the great fire of London in 1666 to adjudicate upon claims of landlords and tenants of burned houses. There are preserved in the British museum forty thick volumes recording their decisions.

Belongs to the "Old School."

Connersville, Ind.—A woman called for jury service in a magistrate's court here refused to serve. She said she had dishes to wash and housework to do and if forced to serve she would not return a just verdict.

SEVERE ON TOURISTS

Many Travelers Take Ships to Marseilles or Venice to Escape Arguments at the Frontiers.

Constantinople.—Nine vises are required to carry a traveler from Constantinople to Paris on the Oriental express, and the task is so great most travelers take steamers to Marseilles or Venice in preference to the jumbled rail trip across the Balkans, which necessitates endless controversies with officials at various frontiers.

An American going to Paris by rail must start with the vise of the United States consulate on his passport, then go to the Swedish legation to get the Bulgarian vise. The Serbian stamp is next in order. It must be followed by three Greek stamps.

Then vises must be had of the Italian and the French military controls.

Many passports are not large enough to carry all the stamps. An Englishman who recently attempted to get the collection on an old passport exhausted all the blank space in four calls. His embassy would not permit him to attach a blank sheet to his passport. Consequently he had to have a new one issued and started over again on the round.

Since the Polish disaster, bolshevik agitation has become so acute in Turkey that travelers are watched more carefully than ever before by the allied officials.

On a recent passenger ship from Batum, a so-called Russian colonel, whose conversation with British officials showed a decided ignorance of military affairs, was arrested. He had five passports in his trunks, with great quantities of soviet literature in many languages. The bogus colonel was sent to General Wrangel in the Crimea.

The rear sight of a new sporting rifle can be adjusted in the dark, as every turn of the thumb screw makes a clicking sound.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Campaign of Assassination Is Making the Irish Problem More Difficult.

ASQUITH ASSAILS PREMIER

Large Part of the Island Faces Blockade — Poles and Russians Sign "Peace Without Victory"—American Agricultural Producers Object to Lower Prices.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

The Irish problem, instead of approaching a solution, seems to have taken a new lease of troublous life, and the woes of the Emerald Isle are increasing instead of diminishing. This deplorable fact is due directly to the campaign of murder, arson and intimidation that is being carried on by what Sir Hamar Greenwood, chief secretary for Ireland, calls the inner circle of assassins. The daily and nightly assaults on the police and other officials of the British government provoke the latter to bloody reprisals which are to a considerable extent condoned and excused by the government. Premier Lloyd George made a speech at Carnarvon which was interpreted by his opponents as a justification of the reprisals. He said that 238 policemen had been shot, of whom 109 had been shot dead, and the patience of the police had given way, with the result that they hit back. Lloyd George declared that if, as was contended, there was war in Ireland, then the war must be waged on both sides. But when policemen were shot in the back by Sinn Feiners the premier said, it was not war but murder. He asked whether, under the system of terrorism which made it impossible to obtain evidence, it was any wonder the police shot the murderers.

Herbert H. Asquith, former premier, who sees a chance to return to power, declared Lloyd George's speech was a "condonation of the hellish policy of reprisals," and another part of it he construed as "repudiation, root and branch, of dominion home rule." He is rallying all anti-government forces for a fight, as soon as parliament opens, over British government in Ireland. Before that time the delegation from the Irish peace conference is to be received by the premier, and it is believed he will then make a new offer to Ireland. Meanwhile the government, says Sir Hamar Greenwood, is determined to crush the campaign of assassination, and if necessary will increase the police force in the island to many thousands.

One threatened result of the campaign of assassination is the virtual blockade of a large part of Ireland through a withdrawal of the mail and telegraph service and the entire closing down of Irish railways. This would mean widespread distress and heavy loss to farmers and traders. Whenever parties of troops present themselves for conveyance the rail workers refuse to operate the trains, and the railway directors now have agreed on the instant dismissal of these men. The carrying out of this policy probably will result in the cessation of railway traffic within a month.

The British secret service believes it has proof that the Irish "republic" is being aided, financially and by the distribution of arms and the organization of an espionage system, by the Red organization headed by Victor Kopp, soviet envoy in Berlin. Kopp handles funds from Russia and organizes propaganda through newspapers and agents, and the secret service says it has established the connection of this intrigue with revolutionary movements in Ireland and other parts of the British empire. A dispatch from Paris says Sinn Fein agents have been trying to purchase submarines from Italy and France, but were told that Great Britain would consider the selling of submersibles to them an act of war.

The signing of a peace treaty and armistice by the Polish and soviet Russian delegates at Riga, reported a little prematurely last week, took place on October 12. The armistice was to become effective at midnight October 18. Joffe, head of the soviet delegation, described the peace as "a peace without victory and without vanquished," and disinterested observers at Riga agreed that that described it. Hence it was predicted that the pact would not be very pleasing to either the Poles or the Russians.

A peculiar complication in the affairs of that part of Europe arose through the seizure of Vilna, the capital of Lithuania, by troops under the command of General Zeligouski, who resigned from the Polish army before the occupation. His force is made up of both Poles and Lithuanians. He established a council of six in the city, and that body is planning a provisional government for central Lithuania pending the question of the self-determination of the inhabitants of that district. The Polish government disavowed the occupation of Vilna by Zeligouski, the Lithuanians were said to be mobilizing for the recapture of the city, and it was reported that representatives of the League of Nations might be asked to straighten out the situation.

As has been said before, the Russian soviet government is now free to devote all its strength to the crushing of Baron Wrangel in south Russia. But the baron is wasting no time, and late dispatches from Constantinople say his Dneiper river campaign is making excellent progress. He had just captured two Bolshevik battalions, occupied two important towns and destroyed a large munitions plant. The report that Makno, the guerrilla leader, had deserted Wrangel is confirmed, but several of his bands have been routed. Semenoff, the Siberian anti-Bolshevik leader, has given his adherence to Wrangel and asked orders from him.

Every day brings its batch of reports of mutinies and revolts against the soviet rule, and in London it was believed the downfall of the Lenine and Trotzky regime was near. Serious fighting was said to be taking place in Moscow, the troops storming barricades in the streets. Bolshevik efforts elsewhere were collapsing. The Armenian and Georgian armies were preparing to unite to defend the two republics against the Bolshevik Turks, Tartars and Azerbeidjanians. France and Turkey have made an agreement by which the French will police Adana, Tarsus and Mersone for the protection of Armenia.

Earl Curzon, British foreign secretary has told the Russian Bolshevik foreign minister that the British naval forces have been ordered to attack on sight any Russian submarines encountered on the high seas—this because leading members of the soviet have declared that government considers itself in a state of war with Great Britain.

The various factions of the Italian Socialist party, assembled in convention, have been having a struggle for control. The moderates appear to have the whip hand and have refused to let the party commit itself in favor of soviet rule for Italy. The conference voted solidarity with Russia but the majority stood fast against the Communists and made it plain they wanted no repetition in Italy of what has happened to Russia. Their leaders declared the Russian difficulties came from the rottenness of the present regime and that the Bolshevik government would be unable to transport products to other countries even after the blockade is lifted. Later in the week Socialist leaders and those of the General Confederation of Labor published a joint manifesto ordering demonstrations in every town in Italy to force the government to recognize soviet Russia. They said a general strike of rail workers had been arranged.

England's labor anxieties were centered on the action of the coal miners whose delegates, after rejecting the wage proposals of the mine owners, decided that notice of a strike, given some time ago, should expire on Saturday. This was taken to mean the strike would go into effect on day. The operators offered a crease of one shilling a day to with and later two shillings, the ers to guarantee a certain min of production. The men had a cion that they were to be tricked doing more work, and rejected t fer by a vote of about five to on

The miners' strike, it was ad would throw hundreds of thous workers in other industries out ployment and bring about a s crisis in the country's economic The iron and steel manufactu the Yorkshire districts at on gan preparations to shut down plants. The government for week been getting ready to handle the ation. There was a chance that other members of the triple allia the railway men and transport ers—would be able to set up m ery for mediation and at least the strike.

King Alexander of Greece, who bitten by a monkey some two w ago, has been near death from poisoning, and at this writing is out of danger. A noted French cialist was hurried to Athens and pressed the opinion that the case was of the most critical sor not hopeless.

That the price reduction move which appeared to be really st recently would not please ever was a certainty. The trend "back ward normal" made a hit with the sumer, but not with the produ Now the latter is protesting vigor ly, the lead being taken by the f ers of wheat, cotton and tobacco the live stock men. The wheat want $3 a bushel and the cotton 40 cents a pound. Leading agricul al producers met in Washington, their griefs, talked of a farmers' st and adopted resolutions severely cizing government financial auth ties and calling on them for ac bringing about higher prices. Sen E. D. Smith of South Carolina that the farmers curtail produc and withhold their crops from the ket until prices were satisfactory. this he was criticized by Benjamin Marsh, secretary of the Farmers' tional council., who said:

"We must guard against some of wild statements made here. There no panic. Let's get away from shevik statements.

"I was astounded when Sen Smith suggested that the farm strike, for that's what it amounts If I am not mistaken, he voted for bill to make strikes by labor a ony. When senators get up and they don't understand the federal serve act, I think it is time we sh get a few farmers in the senate. farmers are not going to stop pro ing, but the farmers can call the of the federal reserve board."

Dr. W. J. Spillman, former chief the board of farm management of Department of Agriculture, said: is quite clear that the federal res board and the secretary of the tr ury are using the authority placed their hands for the purpose of nipulating the market."

Next day W. P. G. Harding, gov nor of the federal reserve board, ferred with the producers and ma took to pacify them. He urged th to keep cool, and expressed the be there will be a reaction from pres low prices. He told them he favo putting their crops on the market gr ually. He warned against any effo to withhold commodities, and poi ed to the recent financial panic Japan and the present Cuban sug situation as examples of what mig follow efforts to boost prices to a ficial heights.

Through Senator Pat Harris chairman of the Democratic speak bureau, Governor Cox has challe Senator Harding to a joint debate the issue of the League of Nations any time and place convenient to Harding and the Republican campa management. The Democratic m agers pointed out that both candid would be in Ohio during the clo weeks of the campaign, and that the debate might be easily arrang

The Man Nobody Knew

Copyright by Dodd, Mead & Co., Inc.)

By HOLWORTHY HALL

PTER XIV—Continued
—16—

ose that has to be the an-
ell—"

Embree you didn't accept."
eached for his hat. "And I
other you any more this
we've both too much to do.
nted to see you a moment
you the news and get your
ut when Cullen and I come
His smile was glorious.
ere shaking hands at the
e ante-room.
be before the holidays,
We expect you to take
dinner with us, of course.
nt and Carol would never
u if you didn't—and neither

flushed with pleasure.
would please me better
you'll tell Mrs. Durant and
grateful I am . . . and how
I can't even stop now to

ill. Good-By. Good Luck—
My Boy!"

won't you?" As a matter
wasn't going to stop be-
ew that if he did he might
Montana. And there was
k action against Harmon's
artners in New York.
will. And I'll also tell them
ruist you are. I still don't
right about it—but the
world. . . . And I'm not
use an investment just be-
happens to be money in it!
od luck—my boy!"

CHAPTER XV.

daybreak it was a white
white underfoot, white
ncing, swirling white of
winter air. Hilliard, lift-
on his elbow to watch it
window, was unreserved-
the appropriateness of it.
h had been sulking for a
e; had finally consented to
ason. But the thrill dis-
nxiety took its place when
d that it was past eight
this was only Buffalo!
d the railway folder, gave
ble food for thought, and
ing upon itself the role of
traffic, was suddenly less
look at. Wreaths in the
nearby houses, holly ber-
ribbon, glimpses of feath-
s and tinsel through the
these awoke within him
disturbing fancy that at
two thousand miles of
might be irretrievably
lly he made haste to rise;
flavor his impatience by
marks.
was half filled when he
reakfast, and the train
nding in the yards. As
wished him a perfunc-
hristmas, Hilliard smiled

you make up some speed
and Syracuse," he said.
chance of that," said the
nching the order slip.
ow from here on, sir.
re in in time for your

hed, brightened as the
itself into sluggish mo-
e his attention to the
was typically a scene
mas card; all it needed,
t, was a few lines of en-
foreground to be a very
rt of the cards which
dered sent out to all his
miled, expansively, at the
what the name of Hil-
e cards now meant to
ey were undoubtedly
grandeur now; he knew
man nature to realize
me-coming he was cer-
ted as a multi-million-
sn't multi—it was only
of a single one!
of riches turned his mind to the individuals who would share in them; Dr. Durant, who, unless he chose, need never keep office hours again—he could devote himself to the research he loved; Cullen, whose blind, bulldog faith had made him forever independent, even Rufus Waring, whose modest contribution, accepted out of spleenless commiseration, had swelled to the dignity of four figures, and given him the means to show the world to Angela. And Hilliard himself had made far more than all the other venturers combined—not in money, perhaps, but in dividends payable in the medium of his self-respect.

And yet, as the realities stood, now, he was sensitive to the nothingness of his triumph, until such time as he had some one to divide it with him. For there is little pleasure in a monopoly of happiness; not even a joke is fully established until some one appears to share it; a secret is delectable only when it's repeated, a conquest is empty without the popular acclaim, or the arrival of the historian. He felt this keenly; he reflected that of all the syndicate, he alone was without a beneficiary. And today, when he had steeled himself to speak to Carol . . . Like countless generations of men before him, he began vaguely to wonder what he should do if she refused him.

What would be left? Only the shell of achievement. Would he go back to France? or would he remain in America, and struggle for success by endowing war charities out of his glorious income-to-be? Also . . . and this was enervating . . . what should he say to her? It is given to few men to propose twice, in different characters, to the same girl.

The train plowed and panted through the thickening drifts; Hilliard's watch was coming out of his pocket at five-minute intervals; here was Rochester at last . . . three hours late . . . and there, shining dimly through banked clouds, was the sun! The train seemed warmed to greater effort by its mere appearance; Hilliard, who had measured time by weeks, then by days, and more recently by reluctant hours, began to mark the minutes from his mental calendar.

And then, after an interminable century of impatience, the outlying villages, gray and smoky; the flat wastes of Solvay; the road slowly becoming streets; the buildings adding height . . . Syracuse!

His feet were on the platform; he was hurrying forward. Ahead of him . . . and in his excitement he stumbled heavily . . . there, coming toward him . . . Carol and the Doctor, befurred and rosy . . . no question of the welcome they were bringing him!

His own initial remarks were grossly incoherent. There were no words to fit the situation; perhaps he did it greater justice by the disconnected sounds he made. And then he was entering the Doctor's closed car; they were bouncing over the cobbles of the lower city; they were attacking the grade of James street, and he was peering out in an ecstasy of memory at the houses where he had played in boyhood.

Two o'clock . . . on time for dinner to the second! A house hanging with evergreen; a Christmas spirit permeating every nook and cranny; Christmas odors—not all of evergreen—drifted in tantalizing whiffs to meet him.

A joyous interlude; a gay procession; a hush; a gravely spoken blessing—Oh, that Christmas!

* * * * * * *

There came a time early in the evening when Hilliard found himself alone with Carol. He had a vague recollection that they had been sent to look for something . . . a corn popper, or some other equally futile article . . . and for an instant he marveled at their expecting to find it in the sun-parlor, where they had wandered. But the sun-parlor was happily unoccupied; and there were comfortable chairs in it; and something very green and red and seasonable in all the windows; so that they both delayed prodigiously, and exchanged a number of highly inconsequential remarks about the decorations. Presently, without so much as a transient thought for the corn-popper, they sat down with one accord. From a distance the murmur of cheerful voices in the living room was an adequate accompaniment to their thoughts.

Hilliard's head was dropped low; his reverie was so profound that not even Carol's voice could rouse him—not until she spoke a second time.

"I said—a penny for them," she repeated, amused.

"Oh!" Hilliard's awakening was explosive. "Why, that's queer . . . I was just thinking about that myself! I mean the first Sunday I ever came up here to dinner. You said the same thing then. Remember it?"

"Yes, indeed . . . and they were a wonderful bargain at the price!" He didn't seem to recall that she had ever looked so mischievous.

"They are now, then," he said. "Because it's just as it was before—I was thinking about you." Regarding her, he was transported anew by her loveliness. And it wasn't only her external loveliness that he adored, it was what she had of sympathy, and kindness, and sweetness of disposition. A very womanly girl she was . . . not a flaming character to blaze and die, but a steady and enduring soul . . . such as he craved . . .

She turned her head away.

"I was very angry at you this morning," she said; "I thought you'd forgotten about me entirely."

Hilliard affected alarm. "How could that happen?"

"Not even so much as a little card with 'Merry Christmas' on it," she said. "Father and mother had one from you, but as for me—" She opened her hands in emptiness. "I looked over every one of them twice."

Hilliard felt his pulses quicken.

"Doesn't my coming to you make up a little for it?"

"No, I'm afraid it doesn't—not in that way. I'm still very childish about Christmas. I have to see it—even if it's only in the tiniest little remembrances. I'm very much hurt. I've been telling myself it must be the postman's fault."

He denied it bravely. "It wasn't the postman's—it was mine. Because I didn't intend to send you a remembrance at all—I intended to bring it. I planned to give it to you before dinner, but when I was so late, and everybody was waiting—"

She turned with gratifying quickness.

"Did you bring it?"

"Yes," he said, "I brought it. I'm not quite sure whether you'll like it or not—"

"I'll like anything you brought!" The pronoun had an infinitesimal emphasis all to itself.

Hilliard cleared his throat.

"When I was young—"

"I beg your pardon?"

He laughed at high pressure and began over again.

"When I was young, Mother Grundy had a very small collection to choose from—books and candy and flowers. If I'd send you anything by mail, I think I'd have had to obey the rules. My early training was pretty severe. But I thought if I brought it myself, perhaps I could be more original."

"How original?" she asked, with pretty animation.

His heart was pounding relentlessly; he had lost the elaborate recital which he carefully prepared; and it was gone without a trace. He had to depend on presence of mind.

"Since I couldn't keep to my schedule, I've been saving it up to give you when everything was propitious." He tendered her a package, tied with holly ribbon; it was smaller than a book, and smaller than any orthodox carrier of confection. "Don't open it just yet, please."

She looked at it, pinched it, dropped it in her lap, and laughed softly.

"Is there such a mystery about it?"

"Yes, there is." Hilliard felt himself begin to go with the current of his mood. He sat up awkwardly. "All that you could ever think of asking

"It's My Gift to You. But Before You Open It."

about me . . . where I've been and what I've done . . . is in that box. It's everything . . . a biography, and a history . . . and it's my gift to you, too. But before you open it—" He had to pause to collect himself. "I'll have to make an explanation." He fought with it and found his lips strangely sealed.

"Is it so very hard to make?" she asked at length.

"Almost impossible . . ." He was seeing black and red. Even if "everybody" had expected him to do this thing (as Angela had long since assured him) what reason did he have to hope for pardon? "What would you think," he asked, perilously, "of a man who cared enough about you to risk everything he had in the world . . . not his valuables in the sense of money . . . but all his ambitions for everything; all his dreams; all his ideals; all his hopes . . . on a Christmas gift? What would you?"

She frowned adorably.

"And . . . he's not just a little bit quixotic?"

"Not at all . . . suppose he did it deliberately, and after a great deal of thought. Just on the chance that it might please you? When it would either do that—or end their friendship?"

She fingered the small package over and over.

"Why, I should think that if this . . . mythical person were so very anxious to please me he wouldn't take quite so much risk."

"But when I'm the mythical person myself—that's different, isn't it?"

"Why should it be?" She gave him no opportunity to see her face.

"You've forgotten a great deal. I told you once that if you knew all that I've been . . . all that I've done . . . you might not be so willing to have my friendship, anyway."

"No," she said, subdued. "I've not forgotten, but you have! I said that I didn't believe you."

"You're holding it all in your hands," said Hilliard. His expression, as he gazed at her, was infinitely yearning; but his voice was even and low. "I spent a good many hours over this . . . wondering whether it was right for me to take such a risk on this day, above all others . . . and finally, I thought it out this way; if it pleases you, it ought to make the day better yet . . . if it doesn't, it would have been just as unwelcome to you at any other time. Understand, I'll never attempt to excuse anything . . . we're beyond that. All I can do is to wait. I'm giving you . . . will you open it now, please?"

Her fingers bungled with the knot, and he made as though to help her.

"No," she said, holding the package away from him. "I want to open it all myself!"

Hilliard, rigid, watched her. A phrase was beating heavily against his consciousness . . . one of the Proverbs . . . something about the bread of deceit, and ashes . . .

The knot gave way; and the tissue wrapping, falling aside, disclosed an oblong pasteboard box. Carol lifted the lid and Hilliard caught his breath. There were two cabinet photographs; uppermost was a very excellent likeness of Hilliard himself. She looked at him perplexedly; he was getting out his fountain pen. His hand was cold, unsteady.

"It lacks something, doesn't it?" he said, in an undertone. "Let me have it a moment." While she followed his every movement, he wrote, with his left hand and somewhat painstakingly, an inscription and gave back the picture.

"Christmas, 1916," she read, "with love from Henry Hilliard." She flushed hotly.

"Now look!" he said, ignoring her reaction. "The . . . next one." Mechanically she took out the second photograph; it was a duplicate of the picture of Dicky Morgan on the Doctor's desk. Her cheeks were suddenly devoid of color, she stared fearfully at him without speaking.

"That lacks something, too," he said; and his voice was yielding to the tremendous strain upon him. With conspicuous care he shifted the pen to his right hand; held it poised for a moment, gave her a smile of ineffable pathos, closed his teeth hard. "I have a very useful little trait," he said; "I'm ambidextrous." And wrote his message.

She had the evidence before her—the inimitable, unmistakable, ornamental script of another personality. "Christmas, 1916—and love from Dick to Carol."

"The real gift is underneath," he said, and his diction now was foreign even to himself. "But . . . no, no; go on . . ."

Her uncertain, exploring fingers had touched a smaller box; it sprang open in her palm; within, was a gorgeously flashing, scintillating, living gem, set in platinum. Her hands, unsteady now as were his own, closed over it as though to guard and shelter it. Her eyes sought his, and held them—fright was meeting fright.

"And in my thought," he said, "are all the sweet memories I have of you . . . and all the fragrance of you . . . and in the stone there . . . there's a story for you to read . . . bigger than any book could hold . . ." She still made no answer; she was holding her three gifts tightly, and staring at him, staring . . . not in the revulsion he had imagined, not in the measureless contempt he had feared, but with the wraith of a smile trembling on her pale lips. "Only one of the photographs is to keep," he said thickly. "One of the two . . . I'm giving you the chance to say which it is . . . which one of the two you want to live . . . if you want either of those men to go on loving you . . . or if you want them both to go away—for always!"

In her eyes, there was another miracle; her eyes were soft, and indicative of a great relief, rather than of a great shock; and as he watched, spellbound, he saw that tears were creeping into them, and not of sorrow but of great joy. In that moment his most stupefying discovery was made, and the magnitude of it, the portent of it, set his brain at naught, and left him destitute of reason.

"Carol!" he said, petrified. "Carol!"

Mute, she shook her head. Looking him full in the eyes, she flinched suddenly, and a great sob burst in her throat. The photograph of Dicky Morgan was in her hand; she held it a moment, trembling, and then, while her breath came faster and her shoulders quivered, she tore it across and across, finer and finer, until only fragmentary scraps remained—and these she let fall in her lap, unheeded. The likeness of Hilliard, the lying, radiant face of the man nobody knew—this she had seized, and this she had clutched to her breast, spasmodically, as though in fear to have it snatched away from her.

Hilliard was very close to her; and his whole being was concentrated in his eyes.

"Carol!" he said to her again in that stranger's voice. "Carol . . . You . . . you knew!" To him the fact was unbelievable.

Tardily, unwillingly, she raised her head.

"From the very first day," she said brokenly. "Both dad and I . . . and no one else; not even mother . . . your eyes told us both, and we've trusted you so . . . and waited so surely . . . we knew it would come out all right in the end, somehow . . . and . . . and . . . I do like my gift! It does make the day better." And then, in a soft whisper, "Henry!"

She had called him "Henry" and even in the spell of his confusion, he throbbed to the significance of it.

The lover was eager, but the prodigal was startled back from the very threshold of love.

"From the first day!" he breathed, electrified. "And you trusted me like that . . . when you knew what I was doing—"

She was laughing and crying at the same time; his hungry arms went out to her and found her; words were coming tumultuously to him and he said them as they came. Somehow the ring was on her finger; and she had kissed it there. Between them, partnered, a sacred understanding as imperishable as bronze had arisen; they both knew, without the necessity of prolonged speech, what his future was to be. They both knew in what capacity he was to face the world; they knew the brimming fullness of her pardon and the brimming fullness of his regret. These truths were mutually confirmed; the shabby past was indistinguishably merged with the fresh and vivid present; their pledges to this end were upon their lips. The world was lying helpless at their feet . . . the wonderful, sensitive, receptive world which had respected and honored and admired him in the days of his regeneration, and would continue, paying the reward of his request.

In an irresistible passion of humility and shame and courage, he tried to tell her the sums of his deceits; her lips prevented him.

"You mustn't!" she murmured. "Never! You let me choose—I want it this way."

Dazed, triumphant, he was re-living by-gone incidents, seeing faint clues develop into mighty revelations, comprehending at last the supreme love and supreme faith of the two who had waited for his victory, and kept his secret shut within their hearts, that he might stand the ordeal, and prove triumphant. And now, the reputation that was already his . . . the loftier reputation which he should consecrate himself to build . . . not only for the pleasure of the building, but also because there were those to whom he owed it . . .

Behind them, a firm footfall. Hilliard was on his feet, his arm instinctively protecting Carol. Doctor Durant was smiling on them from the doorway . . . grave, benevolent, paternal. He, too, became a common partner to the understanding; an interchange of glances was sufficient. He came in swiftly; his hands outstretched, his head lifted high in the pride of a father who has looked upon his children, and found them true to each other, and to him.

"What!" he said. "Have you proved it already—my son?"

THE END.

Tunis Agricultural State.

The regency of Tunis, having its northern or Mediterranean limit in the same latitudinal position as the state of North Carolina and, like North Carolina, supporting an estimated population of 2,000,000 on an area of about 50,000 square miles, is essentially an agricultural country, deriving its wealth from farm and mine.

The Sunflower in Russia.

Sunflower cultivation has become an industry in southern Russia, where the people have found the seeds a substitute for olives in making oil. The Russian eats the kernel. An acre of sunflowers yields about 60 bushels of seeds, and these in turn yield more than 50 gallons of oil.

STOMACH CATARRH

Causes untold misery and suffering, all of which is needless. Pe-ru-na acts as quickly and surely on catarrh of the stomach and bowels as in cases of that common form, nasal catarrh.

PE-RU-NA

IN USE FIFTY YEARS

Exercises a soothing, healing effect upon all mucous linings. Belching gas, sour stomach, nausea, vomiting, cramps, pains in the abdomen, diarrhoea, constipation are all symptoms of a catarrhal condition in the organs of digestion.

Don't suffer another day. It is needless and dangerous. Two generations have found Pe-ru-na just the medicine needed for such disturbances.

Sold Everywhere Tablets or Liquid

Stomach on Strike 20 Years
Eatonic Settled It!

"Eatonic is wonderful," says C. W. Burton. "I had been a sufferer from stomach trouble for 20 years and now I am well."

Eatonic gets right after the cause of stomach troubles by taking up and carrying out the acidity and gases and of course, when the cause is removed, the sufferer gets well. If you have sourness, belching, indigestion, food repeating or any other stomach trouble, take Eatonic tablets after each meal and find relief. Big box costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

Comfort Baby's Skin With Cuticura Soap And Fragrant Talcum
Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

PILES ORIENTAL PILE SALVE is sold on a positive guarantee to give relief. Use it for itching piles, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. If you are not satisfied you get your money back. You are the judge. We don't argue; square dealing is our motto. Try us. Price $1.60. Sent by mail on receipt of price.
East India Medicine Co.
126 South Jefferson Ave. St. Louis, Mo.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
60c. and $1.00 at Druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

Where He Might Be.

She looked in the pantry. She looked in the larder. She looked in the kitchen, she looked in the cupboard.

Where was that mischievous boy?

She looked in the hall. She looked in the bedroom. She looked in the nursery. She looked in the garden. She even looked in the hencoop and the rabbit hutch. All in vain.

At last she climbed to the top of the house till she came to the little trapdoor leading to the loft.

"Willie! Willie!" she called. "Are you up there?"

"No, mother," replied a shrill voice. "Have you tried the cellar?"

$5.00 Cash and a New Pair of Shoes

will be given to the wearer who finds PAPER in the heels, counters, insoles or outsoles of any shoes made by us, bearing this trade-mark.

FRIEDMAN-SHELBY BRANCH OF THE ALL LEATHER LINE INTERNATIONAL SHOE CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

"It Takes Leather to Stand Weather"

See your neighborhood dealer and insist on the Friedman-Shelby "All-Leather" Trade-Mark. More wear to each pair means real shoe economy.

D416

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

FINE 360 ACRE FARM ½ MILE FROM TOWN, well improved. Price $175 per acre; carry back $30,000 at 5½% interest. Other fine farms for sale. C. W. SMALLWOOD, ALBIA, IOWA.

Write Us for Illustrated Folder on Irrigated Farms, 20 acres up. Finest climate, water and soil in the West. Bumper crops every year. Smiley & Penfield, Manitou, Colorado.

Deep-Seated Coughs
develop serious complications if neglected. Use an old and time-tried remedy that has given satisfaction for more than fifty years
PISO'S

ocal News!

. J. Stille left Friday for a couple iays business trip to Des Moines.

Ir. and Mrs. Lewis of Meservey, Klemme callers Friday last.

Hen Mitchell of Garner drove over on business Tuesday morning.

Mrs. H. H. Meinderts of Meservey a Klemme caller one day last ek.

"Scotty" Erwing and family moved o the house vacated by E. S. Uben fore part of the week.

Mrs. Fred Francis and daughter of lmond, were Klemme visitors on iday.

M. and Mrs. Herb Bailey and ghter, went to Iowa Falls Satur- and returned Monday.

George Ruka and daughter, of odell, were Klemme callers Satur-

Miss Minnie Blank visited her sister at Garner last Friday and Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Seeburger, of Garner, were here Monday afternoon on business.

Miss Edna Katter, of Garner, was visiting Klemme relatives and friends Tuesday.

Mrs. Davis, of Spirit Lake, came last week for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. M. O. Barr.

Rev. Ortmeier and wife and son, of Forest City, and Rev. Ludgate who is conducting evangelistic services there, were Klemme visitors Saturday

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hanson, of Kanawha, were calling on Klemme friends and transacting business here Friday.

Mrs. R. A. Jorgenson left Monday for a few weeks visit with her sister, Mrs. Chapman, and other relatives and fiends at Kansas City, Mo.

Miss Merten, who teaches in one of our rural schools, left Saturday for her home at Gladbrook, Iowa, to spend her vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Barr and Mrs. Davis, who is here visiting, drove to Kellerton, Iowa, Saturday afternoon for a visit with relatives. This town is near the Missouri line so you see they made quite a long trip. They returned to Klemme Sunday night.

Ed. Jacobs and his friend, Geo. Gisel, who has been visiting him for a couple of weeks, drove to Perry, Iowa, Sunday morning for a visit with old army pals. They made a round trip of about three hundred miles and got back to Klemme the same evening. Mr. Gisel left Monday morning for his home at Maquoketa, Iowa.

Such It Was.

Twelve baldheaded men were jurors in a Massachusetts hair-restorer case. "Is this justice?" asked the Brooklyn Eagle. "It may be retributive justice," suggests the Albany Argus. Let's call it destiny.—Buffalo Times.

Importance of Vitamines.

Protein, fat and carbohydrates are the three elements, chemically speaking, that every human being needs. In addition to these there are minute constituents which are not usually considered, but which have a tremendous importance in making diet palatable and beneficial. These constituents are present in most kinds of fresh fruit and green vegetables. They are referred to as vitamines or accessory factors.

For Sale--Wants

Thoroughbred Hogs

BIG TYPE DUROC JERSEYS for sale. Can sell anything from a ten weeks old pig to a two year old sow. Spring Boars, Fall Boars, one Jr. yearling, spring gilts, fall gilts, yearling sows, or tried sows, bred or open, 100 to pick from. Remember these are real Big Type mostly sired by CRITIC SENSATION, one of the largest and best boars in Iowa, a son of Mammoth Sensation, the largest boar of any breed. F. H. SCHULDT, Goodell, Iowa. Telephone No. 314. adv5-3c

FOR SALE—A year old Duroc Jersey Boar, also several choice Chester White male pigs. Wm. Bell. 8-tfc

For sale at bargain prices

I have for sale at bargain prices a few choice Fall and a number of Spring Pigs, these are priced to sell and must be moved before December 1st. These Duroc Jersey Hogs are guarnteed to be breeders, papers furnished. EMIL W. LAU, Klemme, Iowa. 7—tfc.

Real Estate For Sale

FOR SALE—My residence property, well located, one block north of park, and three blocks from Main Street. South front, sleeping porch, fine apple and shade trees, 3½ lots. Fred Musfelt. 8–tfc.

FOR SALE—Three good building lots, fine location. For a real BARGAIN see Chas. Ax. 7-1c

Farm For Rent

FOR RENT—An eighty acre farm in Avery Township. Fred Wilkins. 7-2p.

NOTICE—We were awfully disappointed in not seeing you come in to pay your 1920 account. It is due and we can't do business on wind. Come in at once. Henry Lau & Son. 8–tfc.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE

I have a brand new Rex Visible No. 4, also good second hand Remington Typewriter for sale at a bargain. M. O. Barr. 8–tfc.

Pure Bred Duroc Jersey

BOARS

Growthy Herd Headers of Merit

6-4 for sale by

C. A. ARNOLD

Klemme, Iowa

Ben A. Reemstma

Farm and General

AUCTIONEER

Sales conducted to insure the owners highest approval. See me for dates and terms.

Phone 508

KLEMME, IOWA

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly. Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

The City Dray Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

☞Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105

RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments

Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Stop! Look--

We want to sell a bunch of gasoline engines in the next few weeks so will offer

Special Prices--

on all our engines--all sizes and makes, new and second hand, everyone in perfect mechanical order.

Get your Wire Fence Gates Here.

Just received a snpply of hog waterers, feed cookers tank heaters.

Get your pipes and fittings here.

Just to remind you that we still have a couple of Sandwich and John Deere Elevators left,

hurry--they will go qnick!

If your crib won't hold all your corn then get a Round Portable Crib of us.

Oh yes! You can get Tankage, Feed, Hog Meal, Midlings, Bran, etc., cheaper here.

Did you say Oil and Grease? Sure Mike, we have it here. Also Belting, all size.

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements Klemme, Iowa

This is Stove Time

Now is the time to prepare for cold weather. Get your heating stoves and furnaces repaired now. We handle a full line of

Globe Heaters and Ranges

Come in and see our fine line of heaters---soft coal and wood burners. A Globe Range or Heater is guaranteed to give the best service.

See Us for Stoves

JACOBS & SON

HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

Cheaper Meat . . .

Effective October 11, all fresh Beef Cuts will be

Reduced in Price from

3c *to* **5c**

Per Pound!

Other meats and commodities according to market conditions.

Fresh Oysters- are again in season and our stock, direct from the coast are the freshest and best ever received.

J. P. Larsen & Sons

Don't Wait Until They're Gone

Come in and be fitted in one of those New Fall Models in all wool Hart Schaffner & Marx Hand Tailored Suits and Overcoats. We're going to save you from 20 to 30 per cent on any garment you buy.

Especially Priced

$35 $45 $55

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON

The Home Of

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

16 STORES ***GARNER, IOWA***

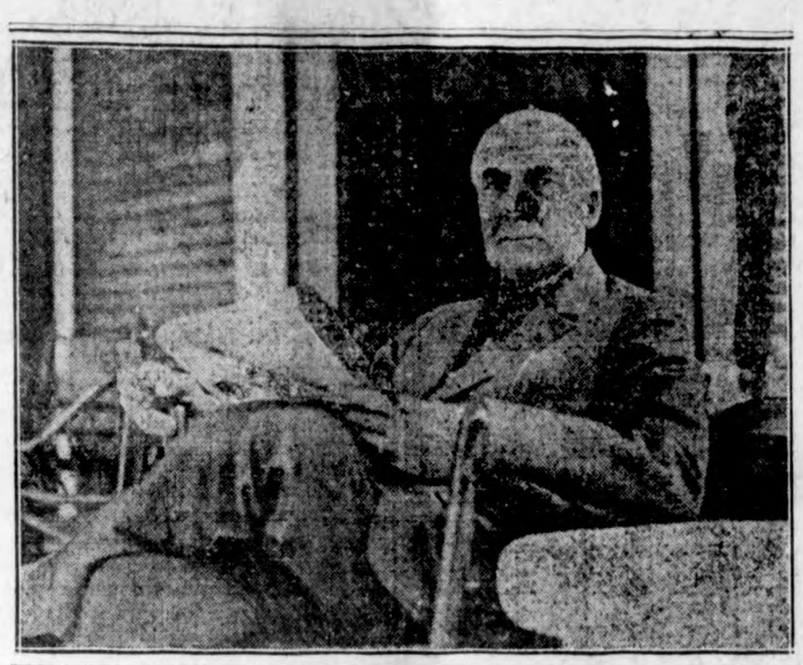
THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fifth Year Number 9 | Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, November 4, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

N. N. E. KENDALL, OF ALBIA

Elected Governor Of Iowa

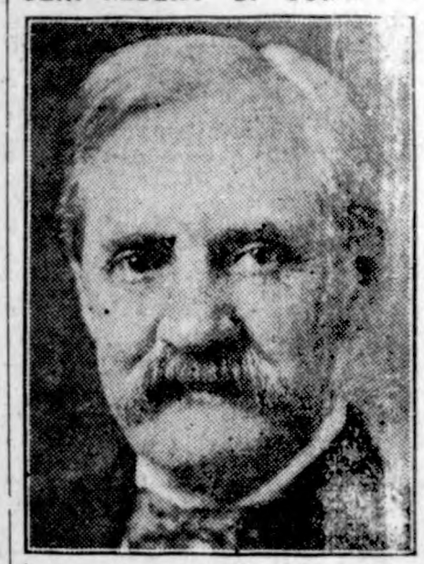
The Next President of the United States



Warren G. Harding, of Ohio, President-Elect

Calvin Coolidge, Vice Pres.-Elect

SEN. ALBERT B. CUN[illegible]



Re-Elected U.S. Senat r From Iowa

ELL TOWNSHIP WOMEN DO THEIR DUTY AT THE POLLS TUESDAY

We, as well as numerous other lemme and Ell township voters, re indeed surprised Tuesday when e saw the number of women who ere casting t heirballot for the first me. They stepped into the voting ooths like veterans and it was plain see that they fully understood w to vote and they did not hesi- te one bit. Voters here thought e women would not turn out very rong but that theory will be shot l to pieces when they see the re- rns in tabulated form.

As a futher bit of interesting news e find that Mrs. Anna Fuller was e first woman in Ell township to to the polls and cast her ballot. r. Zinn was the first man to cast s vote Tuesday morning. We are ad to see that women have a say in ho shall fill our public offices. We re glad to see woman share equal ghts with the men. They have been eeping the woman in the United tates from casting their ballots and o until this time we could not say hat the United States was a free ountry and that "all men were born ree and equal". The word "men" lainly placed woman on a lower lane but she has come into her own t last and as it should be in all ivilized lands of the world. Take off our hats to the ladies!

DR. ZINN RETURNS FROM CANADA TRIP

Dr. Geo. Zinn returned last Thursday afternoon from his month's visit in Canada and other points. He was called to Hanover, Canada, by the illness of his aged father who fell and injured himself quite seriously but who was getting along well when Doctor Zinn left him. Mr. Fred Zinn the doctor's father celebrated his ninetieth birthday and all his children were present to help him celebrate the great event. A. K. Zinn of Battle Creek, Mich., who is known to a number of Klemme people was there, as well as four daughters and one son all living in Canada. The senior Zinn is a hearty old gentleman and as Dr. Zinn says "he is ninety years young." On his way back to the United States Dr. Zinn made stops at Ann Arbor where he visited relatives and took in a university foot ball game. He also visited with his brother, A. K. at Battle Creek, with relatives at Huntington, Indiana, and came home by way of Ames, Iowa. He stopped a day and visited his nephew, Dr. Edgar Zinn at Goldfield. Dr. Zinn enjoyed the trip, which was only marred by his father's accident, but he says everything is fine in Canada and that they have a good crop there.

FIRST NUMBER OF LYCEUM COURSE

The first number of the Lyceum Course to be held in Klemme this winter will come on next Thursday evening:, Novmber 11, at the Idle Hour Theatre. Mason's Jubilee Singers, a company consisting of five colored singers will entertain with southland songs and stories. They are melodious singers and "they charm the ear, tickle the rib and satisfy the soul." Don't forget the date. This will be one of the best numbers so come out. See display adv.

SCHOOL STUDENTS ENJOY HALLOWE'EN PARTIES

The students of the Klemme schools took advantage of the opportunity for having a Hallowe'en party and last week there were two such gatherings held. The High School boys and girls held their Hallowe'en party in the basement of the First National Bank last Thursday evening. Of course the place was decorated with leaves, corn stalks, pumpkins, jack-o-lanterns and what not—everything had a spooky look and to make the party a further success all had to appear in costume and masked. Games of all kinds in keeping with the evening were played. Fortune telling was one of the events, bobbing apples another and then the Hallowe'en lunch with pumpkin pie, coffee, sandwiches, etc was well enjoyed.

Very similar to the above party was the Hallowe'en party enjoyed by the Grammer Grade and which was held in the Ridder Garage. All day long some of the young folks worked in preparing a spooky place in the garage and when it was all finished and the decorations all in place it indeed looked very much like the hunting place of witches, black cats and ghosts. Thy played all sorts of Hallowe'en games and jokes and then wound up the affair with a feed. All enjoyed the party very much even though they were scared out of their wits part of the time with the stunts which they participated in.

HALLOWE'EN PRANKS

We thought perhaps the Hallowe'en jokers would forget all about the event this year but in that we were mistaken. They seemed to have a little argument on what night to celebrate as Hallowe'en came on Sunday this year. They evidently decided not to postpone their work so they started in Saturday night and must have spent the greater part of the night and part of the morning to complete the job. And we can say that they sure must have worked over time from the appearance of the Main street Sunday morning. There were corn pickers, corn shellers, plows, wagons, tractors, barrels, engines and in fact everything in the street. Besides that they helped out the sewer gang by stringing out the pipes along the street and also removed some small buildings about town which they evidently thought would be useless after the sewer was established. The boys had a good time but were reasonable enough in their sport to not damage any property.

Make Haste Slowly.

Remember that some training is necessary before a man can become a farmer. Even potato raisers have to know how to drill.

IRWING SELLS CAFE TO J. B. MORRISON

R. B. Irwing closed a deal with J. B. Morrison, of Winnebago, Ill., Monday whereby the latter became the owner and proprietor of the cafe November 1st.

Mr. Irwing has been in the business here for about a year or more and has enjoyed a good business. Mr. Morrison and family have been here the past month getting lined up on the business and as they say "getting the hang of the ropes." Mr. Morrison is a fine young man and looks like a hustler and a good business man. He intends to make some changes in the cafe to enable him to give the public the very best of service.

Mr. Irwing is undecided what course he will pursue but he and the family will remain in Klemme for the winter at least or until he finds a business and a location which will suit him. We wish him success in whatever he undertakes in the future and at the same time we extend a public welcome to Mr. Morrison and his family and wish them success in their new business in Klemme.

CHRISTIAN ATHLETICS

From the Olympic games to the vacant lot baseball contest the subject of athletics bulks large in the thought of the world. America is preeminently the nation of organized athletics. Now that we know who has kicked goal in the political game, interest will center more in the smaller gridiron fields. It may be a surprise to some to learn that the bible has something to say of athletics. On next Sunday evening at the Methodist Episcopal church Dr. Buriff will speak on Christian Athletics. The Klemme Sox and the high school base ball team have been invited to attend this service and the pastor believes that the subject may be of interest to the people generally, whose interest may be greater than their technical information concerning athletics.

FIRST SNOW OF THE SEASON

Ths week we chronicle the first snow fall. Sunday was a very rainy day, turning colder Monday. The rain was more of a drizzle during Monday and in the evening a few flakes of snow fell. During the night the snow came down faster and Tuesday morning there was perhaps an inch of snow on the level, not very much but at any rate it was our first snow.

Ed. Jacobs, our popular hardware dealer, spent Sunday with his folks at Garner. We believe Ed was attracted there by a sudden desire to stick his feet under mother's table for a Sunday dinner.

BIRTHDAY PARTY

Little Blanche Gimer had a birthday party Saturday afternoon at which she invited all her little friends to come and have a good time. The little tots had a real good time, playing games of various kinds and then Mrs. Gimer fixed up a dandy lunch for them. They are all looking forward to Blanche's next birthday.

Albert Rasmussen, of near Gruver, lost a fine field of corn and a meadow yesturday when freight train is thought to have started the blaze by sparcs frem

The field canstitution fifty-two acres of fine corn and thirteen acres of meadow land. The fields were completely devasted and the loss is eitimated at $3,000.

Many of the neighbors turned out to fight the fire and keep it from spreading, but a strong wind was blowing and it was not until the entire field was burned that st pas gotten under control by working.

Waukon. Iowa,—James Briar of this city claims he has 35 vots in all his family for Harding, Cummins, and Kendall.

Sure some vote for one family, but Mr. Briar has ten sons, eight danghters in-law, nine granddaughters and four grandsons and two daughters, all of whom are voters, and wiil vote the straight republican ticket, accoording to a "poll" taken of the family by a political committee, last week.

W. C. Tyrrell, Jr., Vice President of the Iowa Valley Sugar Co., tells The Herald Press that the estimate of farmers as to their beet yields vary from 9 to 17 tons with the majority around twelve or fourteen tons. The quality of the beets now being cut is very good averging well up to 15 per cent.—Belmond Herald Press.

A surveyer gang is taking levels and staking out the streets for sewers. If the dltching machine is as slow in getting on the ground as the surveyers have been getting here there will be nothing doing before the limit has expired for putting in the sewers.—Corwith Hustler.

The Stars and Stripes.

When the American flag is draped on a flat surface the stars should appear in the upper left hand corner if the stripes are horizontal; in the upper right hand corner if the stripes are vertical.

Playing a Deep Game.

Ethel had been shopping with her mother. When they returned home she was tired and hungry, and, prompted by a desire for a good meal, she said: "Mamma, let's play I'm your guest and am going to stay for dinner."

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Klemme Corporation

DELAYED

Mayor's Office, July 12, 1290, regular meeting called to order by Mayor. Following bills allowed; Klemme Times, proceedings and statement, $15.25; L. A. Ridder, pumping June, $15.00; H. S. Schwarts, street work $47.55. Meeting adjourned.

Mayor's office, July 13, 1920. Special Meeting to hear objections to the proposed Sewer system and disposal plant. All members present.

There were two petitions remonsterating against sewer system and disposal plant, one containing 15 names and the other 31 names.

After a general discussion it was moved by Wiles and seconded by Blank to approve of the official publication and for the clerk to have published the call for bids for same, the result of the vote showed all members voted aye. Council adjourned to 8, p. m. July 15.

Mayor's office, July 15, adjourned meeting called to order by Mayor. All members present. After a general discussion about a section of Barz add. being cut out of the sewer system, council adjourned without action.

Mayor's office, July 26. All members present. Upon motion the following bills were allowed; H. S. Schwartz, $5.00 for hauling gravel on streets. Council decided to cut out sewers in Barz addition.

July 27th meeting, Special, to consider bids as per published notices for the construction of the sewer and disposal plant. The following bids were filed:

Main and Lateral Sewers

Michall McElligot Co.,	$39930.25
O. N. Gjillefald	42267.25
Sieg Construction Co.	43004.75
Bemis and Schlick	49320.00
C. E. Pain	44353.00

Disposal Plant

Ward and Weighton	$14997.00
H. A. Teget	16235.00
R. C. Digel	16500.00
Sieg Construction Co.	17200.00

Moved and carried to allow bill of W. E. Buel, $1,098.55 as first payment on engineer contract.

The Sewer contract was awarded to M. McElligot and the sewer disposal to Ward and Weighton.

Council adjourned.

N. L. Palmer, Clerk — F. Gruetzmacher, Mayor

JAMES PIERCE IS DEAD

James Pierce, 72 years old, and for 35 years publisher of the Iowa Homestead at Des Moines, died suddenly at his home Monday noon. He had been ill but a few hours, heart trouble being the cause of his death. Jim Pierce was never in public office but he took an active part in politics in Iowa for a number of years.

ELECTION RETURNS

As we are going to press to early and do not wish to hold our forms open for another day, we are unable at this time to give a complete and accurate election return. However, we are planning to run the returns in tabulated form next week showing the ballots cast in each township of the county as well as the state and national count. It is harder to get an exact count this year on account of the larger number of ballots cast and the large ballot.

KLEMME FARMER BUYS FINE DUROC JERSEY

When it comes to having fine pure bred cattle or hogs we have got to give the Klemme farmer a top position for it is surprising what a number of Klemme famers have in the line of pure breds. Geo. Schoe - wetter is truly numbered among the "live wire" pure bred hog producers in this neck of the woods. The other day he added another fine animal to his large herd of Duroc Jerseys. He purchased a Duroc Jersey Boar of Hanks & Bishops of New London, Iowa. The hog is sired by Royal Pathfinder who was the 1st prize age boar at the National Swine Show at Des Moines in 1919 and 1920. Geo. has all thorobred Duroc Jerseys in his herd and is proud of his fine collection.

A. D. GIMER JUDGES BUTTER AT WATERLOO

A. D. Gimer went to Waterloo, Iowa, Monday morning, being called there to act as one of the judges in scoring the butter at the Eleventh Annual Meeting of the Iowa Butter Makers Association, which was held yesterday and today.

It further goes to show that the Klemme Creamery is closely watched by the state and is numbered among one of the best in the state. It is also quite a compliment to Mr. Gimer to be chosen as one of the judges as only the best butter makers in the state are given that honor. It is a compliment to the Creamery and the patrons who help make it a success and they should feel pretty good by having such a representation at the Annual Meeting.

Mrs. Gimer also accompanied Art to the big meeting as she is quite interested and—well there will be a big banquet and she didn't want to miss out on that.

LIBERTY TOWNSHIP PEOPLE ENJOY HALLOWE'EN PARTY AT CHURCH

A delightful Hallowe'en party was held at the Liberty Township church last Friday evening which both old and young enjoyed. The large basement of the church was decorated in genuine Hallowe'en style with leaves, corn stalks, grinning jack-o-lanterns from every nook and corner, and in fact the whole had a rather spooky aspect. The evening was given over to Hallowe'en sports of all kinds. A mysterious fortune teller told spooky frtunes and fates for those who had the nerve to listen. Bobbing for apples was another of the numerous sports enjoyed. Even the "feed" was in keeping with the evening when the ghosts abound and pumpkin pie held a prominent position on the menu. All together everybody enjoyed the evening.

FARMERS UNION FAVORS HOLDING

Nation Wide Movement to Wait for Better Grain Prices.

WOMEN REFUSE TO REGISTER

Opponents of Suffrage in Georgia Oppose the Amendment—Body of Mayor MacSwiney Reaches Cork.

Washington, D. C.—E. M. Pollard of Nehawka, Neb., representing the Farmers' union, strongly indorsed recommendations adopted by the joint agricultural conference at the close of its session here, looking toward a nation-wide movement of withholding farm products from the market until at least the cost of production can be realized from its sale.

"Thousands of Nebraska farmers, particularly live stock producers, are in severe financial straits," said Mr. Pollard, "and face ruin because they are unable to obtain credit.

"The same situation obtains in practically every farming section of the country. And something must be done if the nation's food supply is to be conserved and its production in the future insured."

All farmers were urged by the conference to join existing co-operative marketing organizations or organize new ones and congress was asked to give the federal farm loan board authority to issue and sell in the open market short term securities based on warehouse receipts issued under the federal warehouse act.

MacSwiney's Body at Cork.

Cork.—The body of Terrence MacSwiney, late lord mayor of this city, arrived here on board an admiralty tug. The tug, whose flag was flown at half-mast, docked at the customs house quay. Enormous crowds lined the opposite quays and the nearby bridges.

The government authorities immediately notified Deputy Lord Mayor O'Callahan and the bishop of Cork that no military display would be permitted.

No one was at the dock to receive the body when the tug arrived. A large military force had been sent from the barracks in lorries and armored cars, but the troops withdrew, leaving only the usual customs house guards on duty at the dock.

Relatives were warned that unless the body was removed at once it once it would be taken to Cork barracks and buried there.

WOMEN REFUSE TO REGISTER.

Opponents of Suffrage in Georgia Take That Stand.

Macon, Ga.—Women members of the Georgia association opposed to equal suffrage have voted not to register as a step in their battle against the national suffrage amendment. They adopted a resolution calling on teachers and preachers to explain to the public "why we so bitterly oppose woman suffrage," and adding:

"We quote the official manifesto of the communist party, knowing that Georgia men and women, black and white, can see the dangers ahead of the United States. Suffrage or anti-suffrage, they will help us defeat these iniquitous schemes of Alice Paul (women's national party) and her crowd who intend to destroy the home life and moral uplift for which Christianity has been struggling for two thousand years."

Faked U. S. Revenue Stamps.

Washington, D. C.—Widespread counterfeiting of internal revenue stamps in connection with violation of the prohibition laws, was disclosed when the bureau of internal revenue issued a warning against "bootleg in bond" whisky. The country was being flooded, Commissioner Williams said, with beverages, labeled "bootleg in bond" which bore spurious stamps.

Call Paul to Throne.

London.—Prince Paul has been called to the Greek throne to succeed his brother Alexander. Because of Paul's absence from the country a regency will be established, a council of cabinet ministers ruling the country until this is accomplished, it was said.

Flags at Half-Mast Nov. 14.

Washington, D. C.—An order has been issued requesting that on Sunday, November 14, all flags on government buildings and ships, and at all government posts whatsoever, shall be at half-mast in honor of Americans who gave their lives in the great war.

Big Oil Stock Dividend.

Chicago, Ill.—The Standard Oil Co. of Indiana recently voted a stock dividend of 150 per cent, payable December 17.

Want Japanese to Retuurn.

Seoul, Korea.—Japanese settlers in California should all leave the United States, where they are apparently not wanted, to come to Korea and Manchuria, where they are very much needed, says the Seoul press, semi-official organ of the Japanese administration here.

Silk Exchange Closed.

Tokio.—The Yokohama silk exchange has been closed because prices have dropped below the minimum fixed by the buying syndicate.

THE UNITED STATES OF RUSSIA

Will Co-operate With Attorney General to Eliminate Fuel Rates.

Movement to Form New Central Government Which is Patterned After That of American Plan.

Cleveland, O.—At an open meeting of approximately 1,000 coal operators, representing 7,000 soft coal operators in the country, and three-fourths of the total production, a resolution was unanimously adopted pledging support to Attorney General Palmer to eliminate high prices and unwise practices where such exist.

This action was taken, following the receipt of a message from the attorney general requesting the bituminous coal operators of the country to co-operate with the Department of Justice in bringing about elimination of "unreasonable high prices" for coal.

UNITED STATES OF RUSSIA.

Likely Possibility Following the Dissolution of Present Soviet Government.

Washington, D. C.—A United States of Russia is now looked for by officials here as the most likely possibility among forms of government to follow dissolution of the soviet regime.

Official advices said the bolsheviki breakdown was rapidly continuing in Russia. The movement of decentralization, which began in the breaking away of the Baltic, Caucasian and Siberian states, has begun afresh within the territory ruled by the soviets, it was said.

In Russian Turkestan, provinces latest to declare their independence are Khiva and Bokhara, the report said.

A new central government, roughly after the form of the United States of America, it is believed here, might include kingdoms such as have been recently established in Turkestan together with the socialist forms represented by the republics carved out of Siberia.

Kansas Wheat Growers on Strike.

Wichita, Kan.—The wheat growers' strike is on. It began three weeks ago when the officials of the National Wheat Growers' association, with headquarters in this city, issued a proclamation to 70,000 members not to sell any wheat after 8 o'clock, October 25, until the prices at their nearest terminal market reached $3 a bushel. Many farmers stopped selling wheat at once and the decline in receipts has been gradual since that time.

Prohibition Causes Insubordination.

London.—By the testimony of many masters of American ships, prohibition in the United States has had the effect of increasing drunkenness 50 per cent among American sailors in wet ports. Reports of the insubordination of crews because of drink have recently been made here by the captains of several ships.

First Volunteer of War Dead.

New York.—Brig. Gen. Rush C. Hawkins, who won fame during the civil war as commander of "Hawkins' zouaves," is dead here from a fractured skull, sustained when he was struck by an automobile. He was 89 years old and is said to have been the first volunteer soldier of the civil war.

Heavy Losses in Colorado Blizzard.

Denver, Colo.—Reports from the San Juan valley and the western slope indicate that one of the worst blizzards in this state since the early '90s has killed hundreds of cattle and sheep and caused heavy losses to fruit growers.

Exports Increase During September.

Washington, D. C.—Figures just made public by the department of commerce show that exports for the month exceeded those of August by $28,000,000 and that imports were $150,000,000 below those of the month before.

Indicted for Profiteering.

New York.—A federal indictment containing 127 counts has been returned here against Armour & Co., Chicago packers, and various officers of the concern, charging profiteering in violation of the Lever act.

Would Secede From Great Britain.

Capetown, Union of South Africa.—The free state nationalist congress has adopted resolutions proclaiming the sovereign will of the people of the Union of South Africa, their right to self-determination, their right to secede from Great Britain or to break existing relations between them and Great Britain.

Polish Diet Welcomes Peace.

Warsaw.—The diet has unanimously ratified the Polish-Russian preliminary peace treaty signed recently at Riga.

Oppose Territorial Government.

Manila, P. I.—Replying to a communication from the American Chamber of Commerce asking support of a territorial government for the Philippines, a large membership of the house of representatives answered individually that they opposed the proposal.

Indianalopis, Ind.—All coal companies in Indiana have been ordered by the state's coal and food commission to offer for sale each week within Indiana sufficient coal to meet domestic consumption.

CHINA TAKES UP WALNUT GROWING

Its Cultivation and Sale the Main Support of Hundreds of Villages.

$1,887,491 WORTH SENT HERE

George E. Young of Shanghai Says the Chinese Will Soon Be Competitors in Textiles—Take Interest in Their Lands.

New York.—Following the importation of walnuts to China by the early missionaries the Chinese developed this industry so carefully that it has now reached tremendous proportions, according to George E. Young of Shanghai, China, who has been in the Orient ten years. Mr. Young said that the Chinese are growing more and more interested in their lands and considerable development will be seen during the next few years.

"The cultivation and sale of the walnut, which was first brought to China by the American missionaries, now supports hundreds of Chinese villages," said Mr. Young. "The methods of preparing the nuts for market are most primitive, but as labor is cheap they are able to send them to this country and compete favorably with the domestic market. For the American market they use only the highest grade nuts. They select the bright colored and shiny nuts and they are bleached, sorted and packed according to grade. Those of specked and inferior shells are cracked and the meat is packed for confectionery purposes. This cracking is now done by hand because the only walnut cracking machine is owned and operated with greatest secrecy by walnut growers in this country.

Chinese Waste Nothing.

"The economical bent of the Chinese is given full play in the walnut growing industry. They utilize every particle of the product. When the crop is gathered the husks are beaten off the nuts and are buried in wet earth to rot for fertilizer. The nuts are delivered to the ports through various agencies, the original grower getting an insignificant part of the price realized for them.

"The Manchurian walnut has a harder shell than the product of this country. The shells of the inferior appearing walnuts, which are cracked before shipment, are used for fuel, and on account of the large proportion of oil they contain they make an excellent fuel. The Manchurian walnut commands a special advantage in the confectionery making trade because of superior flavor and texture of the meat.

"This spring the price quoted to American importers for delivery at San Francisco was as high as 29 to 32 cents, including cost, insurance and freight, with the transpacific shipping rate at $17.50 per ton. The quotations are now around 25 cents. The whole nuts are shipped in 100-pound bags of burlap which are made in India. The walnut meat is very carefully wrapped in paper and packed in wooden boxes to keep out moisture, which is likely to produce mold. In the United States the walnuts are placed in cold storage, which preserves their freshness, preventing drying, and the crop which we ship the last of June does not get on the market here until some months later."

Handicapped by Superstition.

Mr. Young pointed out that according to the last issued bulletin of the Department of Commerce for May, 1920, 10,121,881 pounds of walnuts came to the United States from China in the 11 months ended with May, and their value was $1,887,491. He says that the Chinese are still greatly handicapped by their old superstitions. After the age-old practice of having all streets and passages irregular so that the evil spirits cannot find their way, they are laying out their farms in patchwork order, making the roads rather difficult for anyone not familiar with the locality.

"There is a large and growing market in China for every kind of machinery," said Mr. Young. "This is particularly true of machinery used in the textile industry. The Chinese are going to be competitors of the whole world in textiles. When a Chinaman figures out anything and decides to adopt it in his business he is not content to stop there. He is buying machinery now for every process in which he has learned its advantages.

"The Chinese have no feeling against the Americans, but, of course, their hatred for the Japanese grows worse. Americans in business in China are disappointed with the class of men from this country who have rushed into the oriental field in the belief that great post-war profits lie there. They are the cheapest sort of traders and they are not even intelligent in business."

MILLION ALIENS COMING IN 1921

Federal Officials Base Their Estimates on Figures for Fiscal Year Ended Last June.

INFLUX GREATLY INCREASING

Statistics Disclose a Notable Shifting of the Sources Whence Come the New Arrivals—Mexico and Canada Furnish Labor.

Washington.—An immigration of 1,000,000 or more in 1921 is the estimate of federal officials, based on figures for the fiscal year ended June 30 last, which have just been issued. Although three months behind the tide of aliens, which has been mounting at a prodigious rate since late in the spring, the statistics disclose many significant tendencies. There has been a notable shifting of the sources whence come the new arrivals.

So far as net increase in population and the replenishment of the labor market are concerned, the year ending in June witnessed a greater movement from America to Europe than from Europe to America, just as careful observers had estimated. The total immigration from all foreign lands was 430,001, and the emigration was 288,315. The bulk of this increase in population, however, came from Mexico and Canada, labor which crossed the border.

America Lost 10,000.

Aliens coming from Europe numbered 246,295; those going back to Europe 256,433, or a loss of 10,000. Before the war about 85 per cent of our immigration came from Europe, but in 1920 it was only 57 per cent. Since June, however, the rush had carried it back, and officials estimate it is again now riding at the 85 per cent mark.

At present the Mediterranean zone is sending perhaps 75 to 80 per cent of the arrivals at Ellis island—Italy alone sending about one-half of all newcomers. Russia and the old Austria-Hungary, which before the war were sending annually more than a quarter of a million immigrants each, are isolated from the migratory movement and the sources have swung back where they were years ago.

In 1920 Italy, including Sicily and Sardinia, sent over 95,145, the largest contributor—89,000 went back. England comes next, sending 27,871, or about 50 per cent of its prewar average.

Record British Arrivals.

One table by races places the English immigration in 1920 at 58,366, which is the largest recorded in the last 22 years, or since figures for races were kept, but of this 30,000 came from Canada.

Another surprising feature is that Spain ranked third, sending 18,821, which was three times as many as it was sending before the war. Portugal came next with 15,472, which was more than it sent in 1913 and 50 per cent more than in 1912. France in 1920, too, sent 8,945, which was about equal to prewar days, for in 1913 it sent 9,675.

SERUM MAY REPLACE KNIFE

French Surgeon Reports Satisfactory Results From Experiments With Anti-gangrenous Serum.

Paris.—Treatment of appendicitis by anti-gangrenous serum instead of by operation, has been tested with such satisfactory results that it is likely operations soon will be abandoned for the disease, Prof. Pierre Deibet said in a paper read before the congress of surgery. According to Prof. Delbet the tests have extended over a period of thirteen years.

Where Was Uncle, Waiting for Train?

Muncie, Ind.—When Victor Templeton received word that his uncle, Cloyd Urich, had been found dead at Sweet Grass, Mont., he went west for the body. The uncle, very much alive, met him at the station. A mistake had been made in the identification of a dead man.

Another Ohio Champion.

Duncanwood, O.—This town offers another Ohio champion. It claims the "hot dog" honor for Jack Edgar. His best effort is 24 at one meal.

Sings While They Dine; His Wife Wants Divorce.

San Francisco.—Mrs. Mary Bedig has petitioned the superior court to grant her a divorce from Moses Bedig.

She charges him with singing when they dined in restaurants and with smacking his lips when they dined at home.

The couple were married last May.

After Balbriggan Was Sacked

Scene in Balbriggan, Ireland, after it had been raided and sacked by auxiliary British forces in reprisal for the murder of two police officers there by the Sinn Feiners.

Camp of the Retreating Russian Soviet Troops

View of a camp of the Russian Red army where the troops were able to get a little rest during their retreat before the Poles.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the *result* of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes anyone so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

Shameful!

More than once has comment been offered on the prevailing ignorance of the Bible. Things are credited to the Bible which are distinctly not scriptural either in idea or in phrasing; and quotations from the holy book are sometimes queerly misplaced. In this relation one is reminded of the lady giving her address at a dry goods counter.

"Pocahontas avenue."

"How do you spell it, ma'am?"

"Young man, you ought to know your Bible better. The idea!"

USE "DIAMOND DYES"

Dye right! Don't risk your material in a poor dye. Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into old garments, draperies, coverings, everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed. Druggist has "Diamond Dyes Color Card"—16 rich colors. Adv.

Hadn't Wasted Any.

Two country women were arguing about thrift.

"D'ye see that purse?" demanded one with a triumphant air. "It's the one I bought when I was married, 30 years ago, and it's as good as new yet."

"That's nothing!" sneered her friend. "You know my husband, John?"

"Of course I do. What about him?"

"Well, he's my first husband and you've had three. Don't you preach thrift to me!"—Stray Stories.

A Lady of Distinction

Is recognized by the delicate fascinating influence of the perfume she uses. A bath with Cuticura Soap and hot water to thoroughly cleanse the pores, followed by a dusting with Cuticura Talcum powder usually means a clear, sweet, healthy skin.—Adv.

Kidding the Censor.

When Stephen Crane was reporting the Greco-Turkish war he had occasion to write of a battle in which the Turks turned and fled before the enemy. Crane watched with disgust the Turkish censor toning down his manuscript, and finally that worthy came to the word "routed."

"This won't do," he said; "we must have a euphemism here. What would you suggest?"

"If I were you," said Crane, sarcastically, "I'd simply say that the indomitable Turks changed front and advanced."—Boston Transcript.

Catarrh

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a Tonic and Blood Purifier. By cleansing the blood and building up the System, HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE restores normal conditions and allows Nature to do its work.

All Druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

A Human Bouquet.

Rocky Mountain Telegram.—Miss Thomas was a lovely picture in rose pink organdy with hat to match. She carried an armful of pink gladiators.—Boston Transcript.

Unwanted.

"Is that a pedigreed dog?"

"I thought he was, but I'm beginning to doubt it. Nobody has tried to steal him as yet."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Poet—"Alas! What boots this theory of true love?" Unfortunate Lover—"That's easy. Her father."

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly without scars. 30c and 60c by all druggists. For free sample write The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill.—Adv.

The greatest man is he who chooses right with the most invincible resolution.—Seneca.

Use MURINE Night and Morning and Keep Your Eyes Clean—Clear and Healthy

Write For Free Eye Care Book Murine Co., Chicago

What About Cold Weather

Mr. Farmer come in and see our fine line of cold weather supplies. We have just recieved a big shipment of

Gold Medal Hog Waterers

These are the best Automatic waterers on the market, We have them in double type with one or two lamps, no valves, no pipes, no floats, nothing to get out of order, tanks are removable. Water cannot freeze in coldest weather We also have Gold Medal Chicken waterers, also several other styles in different sizes.

Nelson Tank Heaters

We also carry a full line of the famous Nelson Tank Heaters. Keep the water from freezing in your cattle and horse watering tanks.

Heaters! Heaters!

The cold weather is here. Keep your house nice and cozy with a Globe Heater. We have a full line of coal and wood heating stoves in all sizes.

Perfection Oil Stoves

You will not realize how handy these little Perfection Kerosine Heaters are until you have one. Come in now and look them over. Handiest stove you ever saw, can be used to heat spare rooms, put in in your car when on a long drive, and many other ways it comes in handy.

JACOBS & SON

HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

First Number of the

Winter Entertainment

Mason's

Jubilee Singers

At the Idle Hour Theatre

Thursday, Nov. 11

Southland Songs and Stories

Melodious Music and Mirth

The peculiar charm of the quaint and plaintive Southern Melodies is not only indescribabfe but imperishable.

As sung by selected voices from among the American negros, these rare old plantation songs take on new and more fascinating charms,

The irresistable lure of the Jubilee Singers' entertainment increases from year to year, and the door receipts are always at the maximum when the "Colored Singers" appear.

The individual members are carefally selected.

The leader is a **natural** director with a splendid voice and rare good sence.

The Masons repertoire embraces all of the genuine Southern Songs, togeather with numerous original specialties.

They Charm the Ear, Tickle the Ribs and Satisfy the Soul

Seats Now on Sale at State Savings Bank

You can get your reserved seat for the entire course

Of All Sounds in Nature, Few Thrill Like Bark of Squirrel, Naturalist Says

"As one pushes through the fringe of undergrowth which skirts the forest and seats himself, at daybreak, on a stump or a fallen tree to watch and listen, the woods become instinct with life," says Arthur F. Rice in Boys' Life. "The blue jay sounds his trumpet call, the crows hold noisy consultation over their plans for the day and a ruffled grouse whips the twigs of the pine with her wing as she leaves her roost. The chipmunks scurry about from stump to stump, now rushing precipitately to cover, now coming forth again to take a critical view of the intruder. Their larger cousins, the red squirrels, come out from the hemlocks and, perching on a dead branch, rattle out a challenge to all comers. At last comes the sound for which you have been waiting and which makes the heart beat faster. It is a thrashing among the boughs of the hollow maple nearby, telling you that the gray squirrel is out after his breakfast.

"Away he goes toward some big oak or hickory, scattering a shower of dew from the leaves as he jumps from limb to limb, revealing his course by the springing branches he leaves behind him. If his suspicions are aroused by anything he sees or hears, he stops, cocks himself up on a limb or plasters himself against a tree trunk and barks disapprovingly, accenting each syllable with a jerk of his broad tail. Of all the sounds in nature, there are few which thrill me like the bark of the gray squirrel."

Chinese Schools in Java Established With Hope of Keeping Language Alive

In the hope of preserving a knowledge of the Chinese language, literature and the Confucian ethics, Huel Kuan schools were established in every large town in Java as a bait to the youth of the land. The schools are thoroughly modernized and a youngster can study English and other European languages, geography, history and a score of other things under competent instructors, so long as Chinese is studied at the same time.

As further inducement to attendance, all Chinese instruction is carried on in the mandarin, or official, Chinese language, so that any student who returns to China will be prepared to talk to the educated of all provinces and will not be confined to petty boundaries of any of the numerous Southern dialects. Chinese, however, gets little attention from the students, who seem to regard the study of it as useless drudgery, and who devote their whole time and interests to the subjects which will be of most assistance to them in the commercial world. All local business in Java is conducted in Malay, and all foreign business in English.

Scores of patriotic youngsters who graduate from Huel Kuan schools go to China yearly, upon their graduation, and enter military colleges there, eventually finding their way into the Chinese army.

Evidence Indicates Indian Late Comer, Compared With Residents During Ice Age

Several scientific investigators agree that the Indian as we know him is a comparatively late comer. Whether he arrived by way of Alaska from Asia may never be discovered, but the relics of his civilization are believed to date back not more than a few thousand years at most, observes a writer in Boys' Life. There is much evidence on the other hand to indicate that men lived in North America at the close of the ice age and perhaps during the glacial period. The evidence is found for the most part in the Ohio and Delaware valleys. The rude instruments these men used in their hunting and homes have been found buried deep in gravel which is believed to date back to the close of the ice age. If this be the case men lived in America 10,000 or 15,000 years ago. Some geologists believe that the gravel deposits are considerably older. How these men found their way to America in remote antiquity, how much of the land they occupied and where they disappeared are perhaps the most fascinating problems in American archaeology. The patient investigations of many trained scientists are carrying us every day nearer the answer.

Chipmunk Stores Plenty of Food for Winter Use

The chipmunk is a provident little chap, and stores up a prodigious quantity of food, sometimes a peck or more of nuts and grain; and when snugly hidden in his winding burrow, the mouth of which he closes when the cold season arrives, a hard winter has no terrors for him. His enemies, the hawks, owls and weasels, may go hungry, but safe in the bosom of mother earth, with the warm mantle of the snow above him, the chipmunk passes a cosy winter, in the midst of comfort and plenty, dreaming of the time when the south wind shall blow again and the squirrel cups shall open once more.—Boys' Life.

Bakes and Boils.

A gas oven with which food can be baked and boiled at the same time is a Californian's invention.

A GUARANTEED NON-OPERATIVE

Painless Cure for Piles

(hemorrhoids)

IN ANY FORM. Patient is not laid up or caused loss of time. Other Rectal troubles treated.

Diseases of the female organs and of the prostate gland a specialty.

Electric treatments when properly given will cure certain conditions otherwise impossible to reach. This service is given when indicated.

A special treatment for diabetes, kidney troubld, high blood pressure, and constipation.

Spinal sdjustments and general osteopathic practice

Office hours 9—12 A. M. 1—5 P. M. Other hours by appointment.

Dr. .R W. Shultz

Masonic Bldg. **Garner, Iowa**

When you have a problem in our line, large or small, bring it to us.

We will give the matter our personal attention and thought just the same as though the problem were our own.

We realize that we must render a superior grade of lumber service, save you money and add to your convenience and profits, if we are to merit your trade.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

As a protection against adversity, as a preparation for opportunity, the Bank account is the only unfailing friend you can have.

Whether you aim high or atm low in the scale of life you cannot reach your mark without saving money.

A savings account at this Bank offers you **safety**. availadility of your funds, a **good return** on your money, an increased likelihood of success.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Get Your SALE BILLS Printed Here

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

FAINTING AND DIZZY SPELLS

The Cause of such Symptoms and Remedy Told in This Letter.

Syracuse, N. Y.—"When I commenced the Change of Life I was poorly, had no appetite and had fainting spells. I suffered for two or three years before I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and the Liver Pills which I saw advertised in the papers and in your little books. I took about twelve bottles of your Vegetable Compound and found it a wonderful remedy. I commenced to pick up at once and my suffering was relieved. I have told others about your medicine and know of some who have taken it. I am glad to help others all I can."—Mrs. R. E. Deming, 437 W. Lafayette Ave., Syracuse, N. Y.

While Change of Life is a most critical period of a woman's existence, the annoying symptoms which accompany it may be controlled, and normal health restored by the timely use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Moreover this reliable remedy contains no narcotics or harmful drugs and owes its efficiency to the medicinal extractives of the native roots and herbs which it contains.

BIG ULCER ALL HEALED

"Here is another letter that makes me happy," says Peterson, of Buffalo. "One that I would rather have than a thousand dollars.

"Money isn't everything in this world. There is many a big hearted, rich man who would give all he has on earth to be able to produce a remedy with such mighty healing power as Peterson's Ointment, to sell at all druggists for 60 cents a large box."

Dear Sirs:—

"I was an untold sufferer from old running sore and ulcers. I had tried most everything without any relief from pain. A friend told me of your wonderful ointment and the first box took away the pain that had not left me before in years, and after using just nine dollars' worth of the salve I am cured. The ulcer was 9 inches by 6½ inches, is all healed and I can walk. Never, never will I be without Peterson's again.

"You may use this to recommend your ointment, if you wish. I cannot say enough to praise it." Yours truly, Mrs. Albert Southcott, Medina, N. Y. Mail orders filled by Peterson Ointment Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.

WATCH THE BIG 4

Stomach-Kidneys-Heart-Liver

Keep the vital organs healthy by regularly taking the world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The National Remedy of Holland for centuries and endorsed by Queen Wilhelmina. At all druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Don't Neglect Your Skin

Ladies—A few days' treatment with CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will do more to clean up the skin than all the beauty treatments in creation. An imperfect complexion is caused by a sluggish liver.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Millions of people, old, young and middle age, take them for Biliousness, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Upset Stomach and for Sallow, Pimply and Blotchy Skin. They end the misery of Constipation.

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

Let Cuticura Be Your Beauty Doctor

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Write Us for Illustrated Folder on Irrigated Farms, 20 acres up. Finest climate, water and soil in the West. Bumper crops every year. Smiley & Penfield, Manitou, Colorado.

USE "ECK FOR AKE"

For comfort's sake. Is headache fun? Then don't have one. Contains no opiates. 3 for 25c. Eckford Drug Co., Eckford, Mich.

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 45--1920.

FIGHT ON RATS MUST BE WAGED

Constant Warfare Must Be Made on Pestiferous Rodent to Get Best Resuts.

EXTERMINATION IS POSSIBLE

No Matter How Badly House Be Infested With Pests Methods Perfected Will Absolutely Destroy Little Animals.

Spasmodic rat extermination campaigns are of course beneficial, but to secure lasting results constant warfare must be waged against the rat, say specialists of the bureau of biological survey, United States Department of Agriculture. The necessity for this is plain in the fact that rats begin to breed at three months and have from six to ten litters a year, with an average of ten young to each litter.

Riddance Possible.

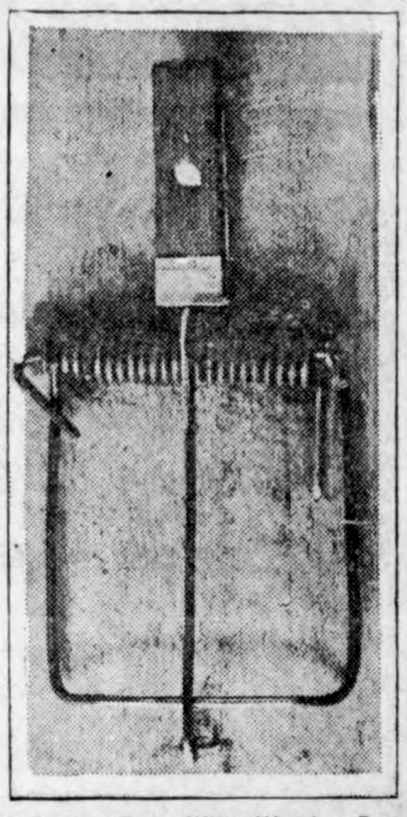
Specialists of the department of agriculture for years have made extensive studies of rats and methods of exterminating them. No matter how badly a house may be infested with rats, these experts maintain, the use of the methods perfected by them will absolutely, and without doubt, rid the house of the rodents.

Throughout the United States health authorities are advocating the use of these methods and gratifying results are being secured. Thus Kansas has designated a special "rat day." Cincinnati is spending thousands of dollars in a rat campaign, and similar movements are being conducted at Norfolk, along the Gulf coast, and in many other cities. In addition the bureau is constantly giving advice to hundreds of correspondents.

Means of Destroying.

"Rat proofing" of buildings is the basic step in rat extermination. Food should be protected and sanitary methods employed for disposal of waste food. Where rats may die in the walls poisoning is not recommended, but where this condition cannot result barium carbonate worked into almost any kind of food is the poison to use. Snap traps, often called "guillotine traps," are the most effective in trapping. The traps should be placed in every part of the house that rats frequent. One or two traps are not enough. The traps should be baited with fresh meats, seeds, nuts, vegetables, fruit, or any other food.

The bureau will be glad to advise anyone regarding the correction of any rat condition, upon receipt of full details. Letters should be addressed to the bureau of biological survey, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.



Guillotine Trap With Wooden Base and Trigger Plate.

WATERPROOF WASH FOR SILO

Mixture of Liquid Paraffin and Cement Is Excellent for Inside of Structures.

One of our readers has reported that he has discovered an excellent waterproof wash for the inside of a masonry silo, says Wallace's Farmer. It is simply a mixture of three quarts of liquid paraffin to each 100 pounds of cement. The paraffin may be bought through any of the regular oil companies. The mixture is well adapted to putting on the inside of hollow tile or brick silos.

VALUE OF ALFALFA PASTURE

Live Stock Man Can Use It for Hogs or the Hay as Feed for Various Farm Animals.

The real value of alfalfa is with the live stock man who can either pasture with hogs or use the hay for feeding purposes. There is no doubt about the value of alfalfa as a hog pasture or as a feed for cattle and horses. A yield of four or five tons per acre means a return which will cover any trouble in getting a stand or inconvenience in handling the crop in the busy season.

GOOD CONTAINERS OF HIGHEST IMPORTANCE

Those With Handles Are Not Likely to be Changed.

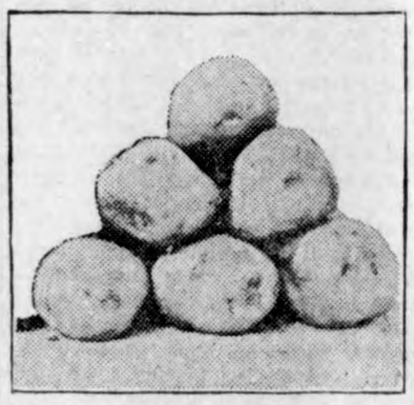
Bamboo Baskets Serve Purpose Quite Satisfactorily and May be Used Long Time—Ordinary Splint Vessel Is Good.

One important requirement for parcel post shipping and marketing is a proper and satisfactory container, the United States Department of Agriculture points out. Sometimes the consumer can secure containers more readily and economically than the producer. Those with handles are much less likely to be damaged in transit in the mails than those which are not thus supplied and which are likely to be tossed or thrown or handled by the string or twine used in tying them. A bamboo basket serves the purpose very well and may be used a long time. Ordinary splint baskets made of strips of veneer may also be used, and if they can be secured at a price sufficiently cheap a new one for each shipment is more economical than having them returned, unless they are sent back in lots of ten or more under one cover. This, of course, necessitates using them without a wooden handle in which case a heavy twine should be used for a handle. This twine can be untied and the baskets nested, or placed in one another, for return shipment. If a basket with a wooden handle is used, care should be taken to see that it is securely nailed, not only at the rim of the basket but further down toward the bottom, so as to prevent undue leverage which may break lose the nailing.

CERTIFIED SEED IS FAVORED

Potatoes Are Treated Before Planting With Corrosive Sublimate or Formaldehyde.

Certified seed potatoes are now demanded by all good farmers. Such potatoes are grown from certified seed treated before planting with corrosive sublimate or formaldehyde. The crop gets the best of care. The fields are visited twice during the summer by the state inspector and all foreign varieties pulled out. At harvest they are carefully assorted, only sound stock true to name being sacked. After each bag is inspected to make sure that it is true to type and not mixed with other varieties, it is tagged with the state label. Wisconsin, Maine, Minnesota and New York state potato growers are doing an increasing business raising certified seed.



The Average Acreage Yield of Potatoes Has Increased 36 Per Cent During the Past Twenty Years.

HOGGING OFF CORN IN FAVOR

North Dakota College Secured Return of $45.54 Per Acre by Using Herd of Shotes.

While corn usually is considered not as a money crop but one to clean up the land, yet the North Dakota Agricultural college received a return of $45.54 per acre by using 48 shotes to hog off 16 acres of flint corn in 1918, according to J. H. Shepperd of the experiment station.

"The hogs were turned in the field September 6, when they averaged 109 pounds in weight, and left there until November 12, making an average gain of 94 pounds, or a gain of 281.75 pounds per acre. They were marketed at 16.31 cents, which, allowing for shrinkage, gave a return of $45.54 per acre."

USE SUNFLOWER FOR SILAGE

When Grown With Corn Yield Was Considerably Increased—Feed Value Not Impaired.

Considerable interest has developed in the past two or three years in sunflowers as a silage crop. A number of farmers in Michigan have grown sunflowers with corn, says the quarterly bulletin of the Michigan Agricultural college. They claim that the yield was considerably increased and the feeding value was not impaired. Most of them, however, said they preferred that sunflowers should not take up more than one-third of the silage material.

HANDLE SQUASH CAUTIOUSLY

Extreme Care Is Essential if They Are to Keep Well—Good Ventilation Is Needed.

Squash should be carefully handled from the field to storage if they are to keep well. Place on wooden racks in storage house one layer deep. The house should be warm and have a good circulation of air.

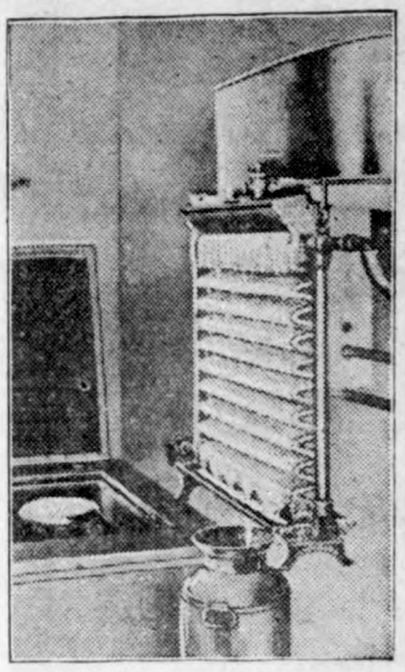
DAIRY POINTS

KEEPING MARKET MILK COOL

Product Held for Several Hours Without Proper Refrigeration Shows High Bacterial Count.

Generally, the larger numbers of bacteria found in market milk when it reaches the consumer are due more to the multiplication of the bacteria than to the original contamination. This great multiplication occurs because the milk is not properly cooled during storage, transportation and delivery. Just now this fact is of particular importance to the person having milk to sell.

Commercial experience confirms the results of experimental work. Milk which has been held for several hours without proper refrigeration nearly always shows higher counts than fresh milk from the same source. At a certain creamery, milk received in the morning consisted of the previous night's milk and fresh morning's milk which were kept separate. During six summer months, from April to September, inclusive, 478 samples of the morning's milk showed an average bacterial count of 800,026, while 355 samples of milk which had been held overnight on the farms had an average bacterial content of 2,406,357 bacteria per cubic centimeter.



Improved Apparatus for Cooling Milk.

DRUGS DETRIMENTAL TO COW

Experiments at Iowa State College Show That Alcohol, Aloes, Etc., Are Harmful.

The use of drugs with the idea of increasing the fat production of test cows has been tried out by Iowa State Agricultural college dairy section. In most cases it was found that drugs decreased rather than increased the fat production.

Such drugs as alcohol, castor oil, pituitrin, aloes, magnesium sulphate, nux vomica and sodium chloride were tried and in all cases they were detrimental to the cows. All cows used were in good normal condition at the start of the tests and various sizes of doses were used.

In some cases it was found that the flow of milk and butterfat was increased slightly, but this soon fell off and in the end a decrease was noticed.

Up to date no drug has been found that will increase the butterfat. Dairymen are strongly advised not to resort to this method as it injures the cows and is not a fair way to gain a record.

BEST TEMPERATURE OF MILK

Only Way to Insure Accuracy in Feeding Calves Is Thorough Use of Thermometer.

Milk as it comes from the cow possesses a temperature near 100 degrees Fahrenheit. When feeding young calves it is well to be very particular in regard to this matter. The only way to insure accuracy in determining temperature is through the use of a thermometer. As calves grow older, eight to ten weeks of age, the temperature may be reduced to 90 degrees Fahrenheit. However, it is always desirable to warm the liquid ration slightly, even for calves six months of age.

FEED COW QUITE LIBERALLY

Silage, Mangles, Rutabagas and Other Root Crops—Should Have Abundance of Feed.

The cow should be fed liberally on succulent feeds, as silage, mangles, rutabagas or other root crops. They induce the cow to consume large amounts of feed, which is desirable. Then, too, feeds of this kind are very palatable and easily digested.

CALVES DO WELL ON PASTURE

Most Economical Manner of Caring for Them, but They Must Have Additional Attention.

Calves do very well on pasture and can be cared for in this manner more economically than in any other way. Care must be taken, however, to see that they receive what additional care is necessary. The calves of today are the herds of tomorrow.

WRIGLEY'S

5¢ a package before the war

5¢ a package during the war

and

5¢ a package NOW

The Flavor Lasts So Does the Price!

BRUSH UP ANCIENT HISTORY

Possibly You May Not Have Heard of This Goddess and Her Temple at "Emphasis."

There is employed in a Richmond household an old darky who prides himself on his learning. On one occasion, when he was engaged in cleaning up the library of his employer, he had with him his son, aged nine.

Now, this youngster became much interested in certain engravings hung on the wall. Stopping before one of them he asked his daddy:

"What picture is that?"

"You don't know what that's a picture of?" demanded the parent. "You ought to read your ancient history more. That is the temple of Dinah at Emphasis."

Savages Poor Physically.

The natives of the African jungle, instead of being the lusty savages of imagination, are for the most part physically below par. The majority of them are malnourished and diseased and marked physical defects are common.

Jud Tunkins.

Jud Tunkins says the old-time statesman who sat down and wrote out his speeches with a pen wouldn't stand any chances whatever in these days of handshaking.

No Place for Personalities.

Two doughboys, one white and one black, were hopelessly lost out in No Man's land. After darkness had fallen the white soldier cautiously stuck his head over the edge of the shell hole to take a look.

Whatcher see, boss?" inquired the other.

"You can't see your hand before your face, it's so dark."

"Look-a-here now, white man," expostulated the negro. "Dis ain't no time for pussonalities. Ah ain't askin' you what Ah kaint see; Ah's askin' you what you can see."—American Legion Weekly.

Matrimonial Boom in Japan.

Japanese find a close connection between money and marriage by reading the lessons of the financial depression in Japan. The passing of easy money-making has caused a rush in the Japanese matrimonial agencies and women are leading in the rush. In prosperous times the agency customers are men looking for wives, but now, say matrimonial managers, the old order is reversed. In view of the approaching "hard times" women seem to be seeking safety in the protection of husbands. One result of the feminine advances is a marked increase in marriages.

No dress is immodest unless the wearer is.

Children Should Not Have Coffee

but they enjoy a cheering hot drink at mealtime just like the older folks.

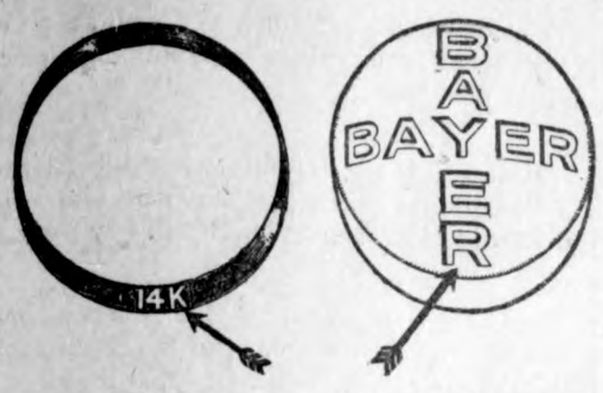
INSTANT POSTUM

is the ideal table drink for children as well as grown-ups. Its rich, coffee-like flavor pleases, but it contains none of coffee's harmful elements. It costs less, too!

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

"ASPIRIN"

WARNING! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 20 years and proved safe by millions. Name "Bayer" has same meaning as 14 Karat on gold.



SAFETY FIRST! Accept only an "unbroken package" of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and for pain generally. Strictly American!

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Sculptors now make use of the camera as a means of verifying the work of their chisels.

Perhaps a widow finds it easy to get married again because she doesn't expect perfection in a man.

Skin Sufferers Do Not Want Mere Temporary Relief

Of course, if you are content to have only temporary relief from the terrifying itching and burning of fiery, flaming skin diseases, then you are satisfied to remain a slave to ointments, lotions and other local remedies applied to the surface of the skin.

Real genuine relief from eczema, tetter, scaly eruptions or any other form of skin irritations cannot be expected until you free your blood of the germs which cause these disorders. And for this purpose there is no remedy that gives more satisfactory results than S.S.S., the fine old blood remedy that goes down to the source of every blood disorder and routs out the germs which cause the trouble.

S.S.S. is sold by all druggists. Begin taking it today, and if you will write a complete history of your case, our medical director will give you expert advice without charge. Address Chief Medical Adviser, 155 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Nature's Cure

The Concentrated Essence of Herbs for Ages is in the Peat as Applied at

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

The Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest

Write for information

Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co., Post Office: Jordan, Minn.

MILL GIRLS MARRY YOUNG

Many Villages in the South Where There Are Absolutely No Old Maids Found.

A village without an old maid sounds somewhat like a fairy tale, but several such places exist down below the Mason and Dixon line.

"All the women get married in the mill villages of South Carolina, and at an early age," says a Y. W. C. A. industrial secretary stationed at Greenville, where she works among the girls in 13 mills.

Perhaps economic independence has something to do with it, as marriage is not looked upon by the girls as a meal ticket, but as a fifty-fifty proposition. The wives do not give up their jobs but keep right on working.

That the textile industry in South Carolina absorbs a large number of women as well as men workers is not surprising, considering the fact that there are as many as 15 mills in 29 counties. With the population of the state estimated at 1,500,015 people, 62,004 are mill workers, and 190,268 are dependents on mill pay. The valuation of the mills is $75,000,000 and the weekly pay roll is $1,000,000.

No Great Matter.

"No more brandy on plum pudding."

"No matter."

"Huh?"

"You couldn't eat enough to get a kick."—Detroit Free Press.

HAD FAITH IN OLD ADAGE

John D. Rockefeller Enters Mean Man He Once Knew in the Championship Stakes.

John D. Rockefeller once said to a New York reporter:

"The poorest way to wealth is the mean way. In Richford, where I was born, we had a mean man, a very mean man; yet the fortune he left was a small—you might say a mean one.

"At a church supper one night this man cut the corner of his lip with his knife. All searched their pocketbooks, but nobody had any court-plaster. What was to be done? The cut was bleeding.

"Finally the parson produced a two-cent stamp and said:

"'Put this on the cut, squire. It will stop the hemorrhage, I believe.'

"'Thank you,' said the squire gratefully, and taking out his wallet, he placed the two-cent stamp in it, extracting at the same time a one-cent stamp of his own, which he proceeded to stick on the cut.

"'Thank you, parson,' he repeated. 'A penny saved is a penny earned.'"

The Cause.

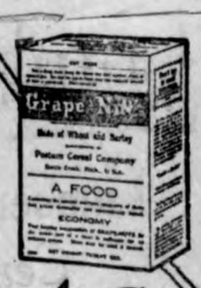
"In the camp the other day I came across a young soldier who was weeping so hard that I felt sorry for him.

"Was he reading a letter from home?"

Nature Responds

Nature is on your side every time you eat

Grape-Nuts



For this sturdy blend of wheat and malted barley supplies body and brain with just the elements of nutrition that Nature demands for health and vigor.

Grape-Nuts is a Sugar Saver

"There's a Reason"

PRODUCTION OF CATTLE IN WEST

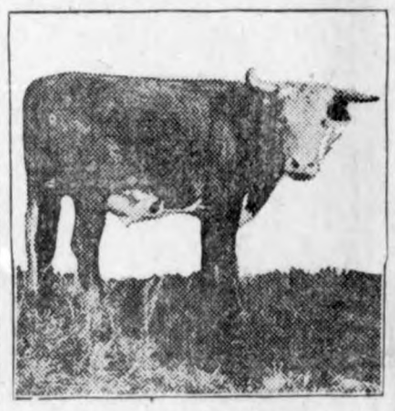
Investigations Conducted in Nebraska Show Wide Variation in Figures.

FEEDING PERILOUS VENTURE

Buying Right and Selling Right Are Controlling Factors—Some Farmers Carried Animals Through With Profit.

According to cost of production investigations conducted by the United States department of agriculture in co-operation with the University of Nebraska in parts of Nebraska during the past two years, the average cost of corn-fed cattle laid down at market was $14.91 per hundredweight for 2,293 head fed in the winter of 1918-19, $13.83 for 3,041 cattle in a survey study during the winter of 1919-20, and an average of $13.39 for an additional 795 cattle upon which detailed cost figures were secured during the same winter. The costs upon some droves were found to vary widely from these average figures, with the major portion going to market the first winter (1918-19) carrying an expense bill of from $13 to $18 a hundredweight, while in 1919-20 the costs of most of the cattle were between $11 and $17. The facts thus far brought out by the investigation would indicate that during the past two years, in the district covered by the survey, cattle feeding was a precarious venture, more likely to be unprofitable than not. There was an average loss per head of $3.17 on the cattle for which records were obtained in 1918-19, and of $10.69 and $14.57 on two groups for which records were obtained in 1919-20.

These figures are the results of the first two years' work of a five-year study of the basic factors of the cost of fattening cattle, which is being conducted in Nebraska by the office of farm management and farm economics, in co-operation with the University of Nebraska and the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture. Similar studies are being conducted in Iowa, Missouri, Illinois and Indiana, and preliminary reports on the work in these states will be forthcoming shortly.



Good Pastures and Good Stock Are Essential for Profitable Beef Production.

Feeding Plays Minor Part.

The greater part of the Nebraska cattle covered in the survey work of 1918-19 made their gains at a cost of from 20 to 35 cents per pound, with extremes ranging from 12 to 48 cents, while of the cattle covered the next year the greater part made their gains at from 15 to 35 cents per pound, with an extreme range of from 8 to 53 cents. While economical feeding is shown to be the major factor in the cost of fattening after the steer is bought, the investigation substantiates the fact that feeding usually plays a minor part in determining profit or loss, and that buying right and selling right are more often the controlling factors.

The cattle in question were bought at about the same figures in both years of the investigation. In 1918-19 three of the droves were bought at between $6 and $7, but most of the cattle covered in the study went into the lot at between $8 and $12. Of the 21 droves covered by the detailed cost-accounting method 11 cost between $10 and $11. The weight of the feeders varied rather widely, averaging about 750 pounds with but few over 1,000 pounds or under 500.

Feed, the most important factor of the cost of fattening the steer after purchase, was found to constitute from 75 to 90 per cent of all the expense involved in handling the steers after being put on feed.

Wide Variation in Cost Factors.

The wide variation in the factors affecting cost was reflected in equally wide variation in the total cost of the finished cattle. During both of the years of the study the cost of the cattle covered in the surveys ranged from about $8 to $22 per hundred fattened, the average for 1918-19 being $14.91, and for 1919-20, $13.83. The droves covered by the cost-accounting method showed a much narrower range, from $10 to $18 with an average of $13.39.

The financial return varied widely, ranging from $50 profit or more per head, reported for 40 head in 1918-19, to $50 or more per head loss, reported for 155 head in 1918-19 and for over 200 head in 1919-20. As has been stated above, on the average there was a loss incurred in handling cattle each year, reaching $14.57 per head as the average loss of the 795 cattle on the detailed route in 1919-20. However, a number of farmers carried their cattle through with profit.

SHRINKAGE OF GOOD HAY DOES NO INJURY

Loss of Water Does Not Affect Feeding Value.

Properly Cured Product Has Bright, Natural Green Color—Information Soon to Be Given Out by Department of Agriculture.

Shrinkage occurring in good market hay is due almost entirely to a loss of water, which has no feeding value, say specialists of the United States bureau of markets. Such shrinkage seldom causes an actual money loss to the farmer, because any loss in weight in baled hay is borne by the shipper, who usually receives the hay as soon as it is baled.

Loss of Water Causes Shrinkage in Weight of Hay, but Does Not Injure Feeding Value.

If the shipper stores baled hay for speculation, there often will be a money loss caused by shrinkage, because he has purchased an excess amount of water.

There is practically no loss of dry matter in market hay that has been properly cured. Proper curing is indicated by a bright, natural green color. Improperly cured hay may lose dry matter, but such hay is not in demand in any of the terminal markets.

The water content of hay at different periods of curing and storage, methods of making hay to prevent excessive shrinkage in storage, methods of determining shrinkage on individual farms, and other general shrinkage information of interest to all agencies engaged in the production and marketing of market hay is given in a publication soon to be issued by the department of agriculture.

MARKETING SHEEP AND HOGS

Figures Furnished by Department of Agriculture Show Cost of Loading, Feeding, Etc.

Of 54 carloads of sheep, including 11 single-deck and 43 double-deck cars, the cost of loading and bedding cars average $0.019 per 100 pounds live weight, according to figures furnished the general trade commission by the United States department of agriculture. Other marketing expenses, including freight, varied from $0.239 to $1.97 per hundredweight. The shrinkage in weight varied from 3.53 to 8.57 per cent, the majority of the shipments averaging approximately 8 per cent.

Similar records on 253 carloads of hogs showed the cost of loading and bedding to average 1.5 cents per 100 pounds live weight; feed at market approximately 8 to 9 cents; commission charges, 4 to 10 cents; miscellaneous expense, 2 to 10 cents, averaging approximately 5 cents; and the total cost of marketing including freight from varying districts approximately from 33 to 50 cents. The shrinkage in weight on 873 carloads of hogs varied from 9.88 to minus 4.59 per cent.

LATE MOLTERS ARE FAVORED

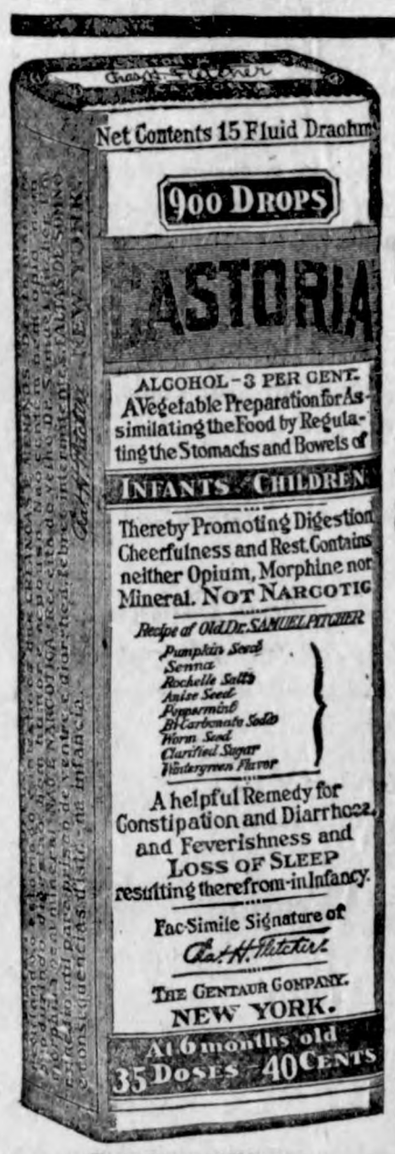
Hens That Undergo Transformation During July and August Are Not Best Layers.

It has been observed that the best layers usually molt during the latter part of September or the months of October, November and December. Hens that molt during July and August are not the profitable hens, as they rest for three or four months while they grow their new feathers and will not start in laying until the following February or March. These hens are not the kind to use either in the breeding pen or the laying pen. In some cases, the early hatched pullets of the year previous will start molting during June, and a little judgment should be exercised in such cases. A check should be made with other tests.

PROPAGATING RHUBARB ROOT

Plants Which Have Not Done Very Well This Season Should Be Dug —Replant Next Spring.

Rhubarb which has not been giving very good results during the past season, should be dug this fall, and the roots allowed to remain in the open during the winter. In the spring as soon as the ground can be prepared, the large root or mother root should be divided into from six to eight parts and planted. A root four to five years old becomes root bound and produces small stems.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HORSES COUGHING? USE

Spohn's Distemper Compound

to break it up and get them back in condition. Twenty-six years' use has made "Spohn's" indispensable in treating Coughs and Colds, Influenza and Distemper, with their resulting complications, and all diseases of the throat, nose and lungs. Acts marvelously as a preventive, acts equally well as a cure. 50 cents and $1.20 per bottle at drug stores.

SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, Goshen, Ind.

Champion prize fighters are stunning men.

Lots of folks judge a disinfectant by its smell.

The Fact.

"The rare feat you mention was also a paradoxical one."

"How so?"

"It was also well done."

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours — Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

Pleasant Mistake.

"When Willie got a letter this morning he frowned and said he supposed it was another of those uotes from his mother beginning 'Billy, don't.'"

"Was it?"

"No; when he opened it he found it was a billet-doux."

Her Turn.

A wife should be a helpmeet," remarked the near-philosopher.

"That's my view," exactly," replied Mr. Glipping. "Only the other day I reminded Mrs. Glipping that I washed our flivver the last time, but she didn't take the hint."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Another Royal Suggestion

COOKIES and DROP CAKES

From the NEW ROYAL COOK BOOK

WHEN the children romp in hungry, here are some wholesome delights that will satisfy the most ravenous appetite.

Cookies

½ cup shortening
2 cups sugar
¼ cup milk
2 eggs
½ teaspoon grated nutmeg
1 teaspoon vanilla extract or grated rind of 1 lemon
4 cups flour
3 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

Cream shortening and sugar together; add milk to beaten eggs and beat again; add slowly to creamed shortening and sugar; add nutmeg and flavoring; add 2 cups flour sifted with baking powder; add enough more flour to make stiff dough. Roll out very thin on floured board; cut with cookie cutter, sprinkle with sugar, or put a raisin or a piece of English walnut in the center of each. Bake about 12 minutes in hot oven.

Cocoa Drop Cakes

4 tablespoons shortening
1 cup sugar
1 egg
½ cup milk
1¾ cups flour
3 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
½ cup cocoa
¼ teaspoon salt
1 teaspoon vanilla

Cream shortening; add sugar and well-beaten egg; beat well and add milk slowly; sift flour, baking powder, salt and cocoa into mixture; stir until smooth, add vanilla. Put one tablespoon of batter into each greased muffin tin and bake in moderate oven about 20 minutes. Cover with boiled icing.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes.

COOK BOOK FREE

The new Royal Cook Book containing 400 delightful recipes, will be sent to you free if you will send your name and address.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 115 Fulton Street, New York City.

Farmers Look---

Cold weather and winter is coming and you will need the following to make your stock gain rapidly and so add more profit to your income.

Hog Wateres and Chicken Waterers

We carry a complete stock in four kinds, all strongly built of galvanized iron.

Tank Heaters

Keep the water warm for your stock and you see good results.

Hog Feeders, Hog Oilers

We have a full supply of the best makes. Put a couple of oilers in your pens--keeps the hogs healthy and glossy.

Try SAL-VET

You read about it in your farm papers--well we handle it. Makes stock healthy.

Poultry Tonics

We also handle all kinds of poultry tonic.

Trade with

Henry Lau & Sons

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

State of Iowa, Hancock County, ss.
In District Court, December Term, 1920.
To All Whom It May Concern:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED, That an instrument of writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Edward Charles Collins deceased, dated Dec. 24 1919, haveing been this day filed, opened and read, and Monday the 6th day of December, 1920 is fixed for hearing proof of same at the Court House in Garner, Iowa, before the District Court of said County or Clerk of said Court; and at 3:30 o'clock p. m. of the day above mentioned, all persons interested are hereby notified and required to appear, and show cause, if any they have, why said instrument should not be probated and allowed as and for the last Will and Testament of said deceased.

Dated at Garner. Iowa, October 11th, 1920.

(SEAL) A. E. Baumgartner
6-3 Clerk District Court

Big Clean-Up
SALE on TIRES

We have a number of First Grade caseings and tubes which we are selling out at at a big bargain as we will discontinue handling tires. All sizes in the following guaranteed caseings--

South Bend
Lehigh
Tred-well
Batavia
Standard 4

These caseings are for Ford Overland, Maxwell and all small cars, also have plenty good tubes.

Real Tire Bargains

W. M. BAACK

Farm Implements Klemme, Ia.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT OF BENEFITS DRAINAGE DIS TRICT NO. 58

To A. D. Gimer, A. D. White, Amanda Tice, Elmer Arnold.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the commissioners appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Hancock County, Iowa, to view and classify certain lands in Drainage District No. 58 included in Drainage District No. 103, a sub-district of Drainage District No. 58 and not previously assessed in Drainage District No. 58, and to apportion to said lands their proper share of the costs of the said Drainage District, have made and filed their report in the office of the County Auditor as required by law which report follows:

Township 94 North Range 23 West

Owner	Desc.	Sec.	Class	Ass'm't
A. D. Gimer				
	Pt. SE¼NE¼	5	.0088	12.00
	SW¼NE¼	5	.0937	128.00
A. D. White				
	Pt. NE¼NW¼	5	.0388	53.00
	Pt. SE¼NW¼	5	.0549	75.00
Amanda Tice				
	Pt. NE¼SW¼	5	.0455	62.00
Elmer Arnold				
	Pt. NW¼SE¼	5	.0337	46.00
			Total	376.00

You are further notified that the 10th day of November 1920 at 1:30 o'clock p. m. has been fixed the date for final hearing on said assessment and all objections thereto must be made in writing and filed with the County Auditor on or before noon of said date.

Witness my hand and official seal this 16th day of Oct. 1920.

(Seal) Chris Jacobs,
7-2c Auditor of Hancock, Co. Ia.

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North

821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.

South

1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

The Oldest Joke.

Johnny Hoy claims that the oldest joke is one about the farmer's wife who went to the door and found an agent. "Can I sell you an exterminator for vermin?" asked the agent. "No," said the farmer's wife, who had been pestered to death with agents. "We have all the vermin we need."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

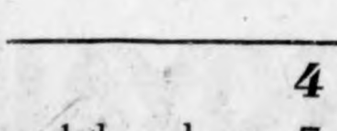
Public Sale!

As I have more stock than I can care for I will hold a Public Sale of cattle and horses at the Klemme Livery Barn, on--

Saturday, Nov. 6

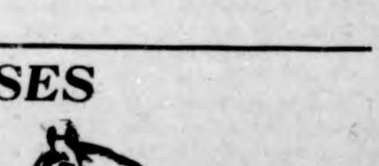
Beginning at 2:00 P. M. Sharp

22 HEAD OF CATTLE



Constisting of 10 good milch cows; 1 white Thorobred Registered Shorthorn Bull three years old; 4 heifers comming two years old; 2 yearling heifers; 5 spring calves.

4 HEAD OF HORSES



1 bay horse 7 yrs. old, wt. 1400. lbs.
1 bay mare 16 years old, wt. 1000 lbs.
1 black gelding comming 3 yrs. old weight 1,000 lbs.
1 comming 2 yr. old filly, iron gray.

TERMS-12 months time will be given on approved notes bearing 8 per cent interest. No property to be removed until settled for.

N. G. Moberly, Owner

B. A. Reemstma, Auctioneer **First National Bank, Clerk**

Say

When you want first-class printing such as

Letter Heads,
Note Heads,
Statements,
Bill Heads,
Hand Bills,
Envelopes,
Calling Cards,
Business Cards,

In fact any kind of good printing, bring it to the

Times

Klemme, Iowa

CONVENIENT SUPERVISION

Are You Taking Chances

You are probably the only one who knows exactly where your valuable papers are placed for safe-keeping.

Unless they are in a safety deposit box, you are running a chance every day and every night of losing such papers by fire or theft.

Why take such chauces when, for a small monthly charge, they may be filed in our vault? Stop putting it off. Come in tomorrow!

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Superior Quality at the Lowest Possible Price.

Our policy for nearly thirty years—steadfastly adhered to. This store is widely known as the store of quality and value—giving.

There has been a slipping of prices at wholesale and we have

Revised Prices to Conform to the Market.

We are determined that our price shall be right no matter what we have paid for the goods. We've a great line of suits and overcoats at $50.00—choice styles. Others at $40.00—45.00 up to $75 and $80

Husking Mitts $1.50 dozen, Heavy Rockford Socks 20c, Best work shirts $1.35 Mackinaws, Sweaters, etc., all marked at revised prices. Come and see.

Mail orders get prompt attention.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

We've taken the bull by the horns and lowered your clothes cost

Copyright 1920 Hart Schaffner & Marx

EVERY OVERCOAT in Our House At 20 Per Cent Discount

We'll lose the greater part of our profits, but we'll make many new friends by this effort to lower clothes cost

This firm was the last to advance its prices while merchandise was reaching the pinnacle and we're going to be the first to lower them by giving our customers the very best values possible for the least price, (quality considered.) We could, for an indefinite period, sell our clothing at regular prices, but we are willing to sacrifice a portion of our profits in order to create a greater volume, thereby benefiting our customers as well as ourselves. It's a known fact that there has been a general slight reduction in nearly every line. The farmer is taking his loss on oats, corn and cattle and we're going to take ours gracefully ond give you the very best values for the least amount of money. Chain store buying during the past few years has given our customers a big advantage and now with the added sacrifice in profits we cannot help but look for the largest business in our history. Extra-ordinary values in every department. We will meet and beat any prices offered by legitimate competition within a radius of 40 miles. Get these prices---don't overlook any of the specials.

Copyright 1920 Hart Schaffner & Marx

MENS SUITS AT $32.50

MENS SUITS, ALL NEW FALL CREATIONS IN VARIETY OF STYLES AND PATTERNS IN ELEGANT WOOL AND WORSTED FABRICS. THESE GARMENTS SOLD UP TO $45.00.

MENS SUITS AT $45.00

MENS SUITS AT THIS SPECIAL PRICE ARE EXCEPTIONAL VALUES AND ARE COMPRISED OF NEARLY ALL HART SCHAFFNER & MARX CLOTHES. YOU WILL FIND SUITS AND COATS FOR EVERY FIGURE AND IN THE NEWEST MODELS FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN. ORIGINALLY PRICED AT $55.00 TO $60.00.

MENS SUITS AT $50.00

THESE ARE THE SUITS THAT ARE THE CREAM OF OUR STOCK. A VERY COMMON EXPRESSION AMONG OUR CUSTOMERS WHEN LOOKING OVER THESE GOODS: "AREN'T THEY SWELL" "THE BEST THINGS WE HAVE SEEN," ETC. ORIGINAL VALUES $65 TO $70. GIVE US A LOOK AND BE CONVINCED.

Sweaters

Nothing more comfortable or convenient than a good sweater. Many Pull-overs as well as coats worn this season. Pull-overs shown in a splendid variety of colors for the young men of taste.

$8. to $15

Regular Sweater Coats

$2.50-12.50

Sheep Lined Ulsters and Short Coats

Are shown in Moleskin, Drill and English Worsteads Shells, at proportionately reduced prices.

Boys Suits

Mothers do not fail to pay this department a visit. In the Boys Department we are showing Cassimeres, Serges, Cheviots and Worsted. See what we have to offer at

8.85 11.85 14.85

Have a few suits at higher prices that we will give a proportionate reduction on

Underwear

YOU'LL BE INTERESTED IN THIS DEPARTMENT AS THIS IS REAL WEATHER FOR HEAVIER UNDERWEAR. SHOWN IN FLEECE LINED AND TWO-PIECE ALSO HEAVY COTTON AND WOOL IN SAME STYLES. SPECIAL PRICE ON BEST QUALITIES OF FLEECES IN UNION SUITS

2.45 to 3.45. Wool Unions $4 & Up

Mens Work Shoes

We have always enjoyed the reputation of selling the best wearing Work Shoes to be had. In this special sale you will be able to make a selection from three of the highest grade Work Shoes ever sold.

Flannel Shirts

All Wool in a variety of colors in the Yale and flat collar style

$3.50 $4.00 and $5.00

Moderate reductions on all Shirts.

Mackinaws

Men's and Boys Mackinaws are the very essential garment for the present time. Boys Coats in brown, red and gray mixtures at 20 to 30 per cent discount. A very large assortment of Men's Mackinaws at

$7.50 $10.00 $12.50 to $16.50

Leather Vests

This season as in previous seasons, finds us with the usual number of high grade Leather Vests. We are especially pricing them at

$9.85, 11.35, and 14.35

Listen to This--

2.95

OVERALLS

The Overalls that put the O. K. in Oshkosh

Every Pair Guaranteed

SPECIALS

MENS' HEAVY WOOL HOSE

49c

COTTON FLANNEL DOUBLE FACED MITTENS

$1.70

Men's Dress Hose in Blue, Black and Tan 22c, 5 prs. – $1

Join the ranks of money-savers and be on hand SATURDAY, MORNING, OCTOBER 30th, at 9:00 O'Clock A. M. Many things may have been omitted in this bill, but come to the store and if you do not see what you want, ask for it. This greatest money-saving event ever held in Garner, is coming at the right time. LOAD UP. Supply your wants now. Plenty sales people to take care of you.

SPECIALS

COTTON FLANNEL GLOVES

$1.70

ROCKFORD HOSE HEAVY WEIGHT

20c

BOYS HEAVY BLACK RIBBED HOSE

42c

Full Cut Leather Faced Gauntlet Gloves a real value – 42c

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROTHERS & JOHNSON

Sixteen Stores — Iowa's Largest Clothiers — Garner, Iowa

PROSPECTS GOOD FOR BUSINESS

Business Skies Are Practically Without a Cloud.

IRISH IMMIGRATION WELCOME

No Action Has Been Taken to Discourage it at Washington.—Pro-Leaguers Speak at Omaha.

New York.—Business prospects are unusually bright, both in the United States and abroad, Elbert H. Gary, head of the United States Steel corporation, declared in an address before the American Iron and Steel Institute here.

"Although this is a time for courage, composure and caution," Mr. Gary said, "the business skies are practically without clouds. As always, there may be showers from time to time, but there is nothing in the atmosphere to indicate the approach of dangerous storms."

"If there should be a serious reaction and depression," he continued, which now seems improbable, it will be the fault of those who are connected with business operations or others who by reason of official positions, improperly interfere, and not because of any fundamental deficiencies in our resources and opportunities."

Pro-Leaguers at Omaha.

Omaha, Neb.—Pro-League speakers, consisting of Professor Irving Fisher of Yale university; Herbert Parsons of New York, former republican national committeeman for that state; Secretary of War Baker; Lieutenant Colonel Whittesley, of the "Lost Battalion" of the Argonne; Captain Thomas G. Chamberlain of San Francisco; Captain George H. Gillin of New York city, son of republican United States Senator-elect Patrick H. Gillin of Maine; Mrs. Lucia Ames Mead of Boston, and Miss Anne MacIlvaine of Trenton, N. J.; Mrs. Nancy Schoonmaker, New York; Mrs. Emmous Blaine, made addresses here Friday night at five or six different points over the city, where good audiences greeted them and manifested a deep interest in the subjects presented.

IRISH IMMIGRATION WELCOME.

No Steps Taken at Washington to Discourage It.

Washington.—America has taken no action to discourage Irish immigration, under-Secretary of State Davis said in discussing the statement in the British parliament by Sir Hamar Greenwood, chief secretary for Ireland, that this country no longer welcomed immigration from Ireland because it did not desire to swell the total of disturbing elements in the United States.

"The Irish are as good as any foreign immigrants," Mr. Davis said.

General Strike in Poland.

Warsaw.—A general strike throughout Poland has been proclaimed as a protest against the proposed creation of an upper parliamentary house under the new constitution on which a commission has been working for more than a year.

Coal Goal Reached.

Washington, D. C.—Bituminous coal production has reached the 12,000,000 ton weekly total, which the National Coal association recently declared was necessary to insure against any shortage of the winter supply.

Postal Telegraphers On Strike.

Chicago—Forty telegraphers walked out of the general office of the Postal Telegraph company after two operators had been discharged for protesting against a recent reduction in pay.

Big Payments to Railroads.

Washington, D. C.—Payments made to railroads by the government under the transportation act so far total $289,910,299, according to a statement issued by the treasury.

Published Seditious Literature.

London—Sylvia Pankhurst, daughter of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, was arrested here, charged with publishing seditious literature.

Approve 100 Million Trading Plan.

Washington, D. C.—Approval of a proposal to organize a $100,000,000 corporation to finance the nation's foreign trade has been given by the American Banker's association, in convention here.

Chinese Are Killed in Mine.

Peking.—An explosion and fire in the Tong-Chan mine in Chi-Li province killed 400 Chinese laborers. There were 119 survivors. The explosion occurred in the next to the lowest level, smoke causing most of the deaths.

A Deep Sea Water Way.

New York.—A deep sea waterway from the Great lakes through the St. Lawrence river is urged as an economic necessity by men of national prominence before the international joint commission. Herbert Hoover was the principal speaker for the proponents of the project.

New York.—Brokers who handle campaign bets declare that there is less betting on the coming election than on any presidential race in the last twenty years.

MEXICO WANTS TO DO RIGHT

British Coal Strike Can Only Increase Export Prices

Is Anxious to Fulfill All Her International Obligations. — Transport Men Are Supporting British Miners.

New York.—The coal strike in England will have no abnormal effect on the bituminous coal situation in the United States. While the British labor trouble may tend to increase export prices, the home consumer will not be affected.

This is the consensus of opinion here of representatives of coal export agencies and wholesale dealers who declared that all coal that could possibly be shipped abroad had been going out of the country regularly for several months.

Fully Supporting the Miners.

London—.One feature of the strike situation which bears possibilities of a widening of the strike is the prospect of the 25,000 London commercial road transport men ceasing work. The men passed a resolution declaring themselves as fully supporting the miners. Meantime orders have been issued to branches of the union throughout the country to have their strike organizations prepared. Should the transport workers in all parts of the country walk out, it is estimated that 180,000 men would be involved.

King George has set an example for householders throughout the country in the saving of coal, by ordering that fires in the royal palace shall be lighted only when absolutely necessary. Even then they are to be kept as small as possible.

MEXICO WANTS TO DO RIGHT.

Anxious to Fulfill Her International Obligations.

Mexico City.—Mexico is anxious to comply with her international obligations and exends a hearty welcome to all foreigners. Provisional President de la Huerta declared the Mexican government had not received from Washington any intimation as to conditions upon which possible recognition of the new Mexican regime would be based by the United States. "Our one desire," he said, "is to form part of the concert of civilized nations by respecting all established principles for the development of a free people. Mexican laws are not confiscatory and I formally declare it has never been our intention to give them such an effect. Nothing is more untrue than the assertion that the Mexican government has forcibly deprived foreigners of their property.

"Mexico will pay all it justly owes in conformity with all recognized principles of international law. The ouside world should be satisfied with this solemn promise."

Drive to Extend Membership.

Hastings, Neb.—The holding of wheat for $3 a bushel and a drive to extend the membership of the National Wheat Growers association throughout the state, are urged in calls issued by the officers of the association here. The membership drive is to start on October 20 and continue until the day of the county meetings ten days later. Nearly 30 counties in the south Platte section have been organized.

To Solve Cuba's Financial Difficulties.

Washington.—The State Department has forwarded a communication to the Cuban government informing it that American bankers will be glad to work out with it a solution of Cuba's financial difficulties resulting from the accumulation in Cuba of 300,000 tons of sugar.

Demand Cattle of Germany.

Berlin.—The allied reparations commission has presented to the German government a demand for the immediate delivery of 10,000 bulls and 500,000 cows to France, 11,150 head of cattle to Italy, 210,000 cows to Belgium and 157,000 head of cattle to Serbia.

Boy Killed by Playmates.

Council Bluffs, Ia.—Theodore Welsh, seven, is dead, the victim of the "gang" rule of his playmates. The assault was prompted, according to the boy's associates, by his refusal to steal popcorn from his mother to feed the "gang."

Are Ordering "Cowboy Clothes."

Galveston, Texas.—South America is getting acquainted with the middle-west and the gauchos of the pampas have begun to order "cowboy clothes" from Chicago mail order houses, according to the "business scout" for a Chicago implement concern.

Many Register in Chicago.

Chicago, Ill.—Nearly 1,000,000 men and women have registered for the November election. Of the 900,765 persons who signed the poll books, 339,361 are women.

Lincoln, Neb.—P. A. Barrows, lieutenant governor, recently elected commander-in-chief of the Sons of Veterans, announces the appointment of his national staff. His personal aide will be F. P. Corrick of Lincoln. Other members of his staff are: C. A. Bryson of Iowa Falls, Ia., counsellor; Dr. William B. Hartzog, East Lansing, Mich., chaplain; William H. Hyden, Los Angeles, Cal., patriotic instructor; H. P. Spellman, Washington, D. C., press correspondent, and Charles K. Farling of Boston, Mass., member of the military committee.

POLAND SAVED BY THE FRENCH

Prompt Aid Said to Have Prevented Triumph of the Bolshevik Armies.

POLES SHORT OF OFFICERS

Russian Army Superior as an Effective Fighting Machine—Polish Officers Admit That the French Saved the Day.

Posen, Poland.—An official of the French military mission in Poland has told the Associated Press correspondent that the Polish army would have been conquered by the Bolshevik armies of Russia if the French had not supported the Poles. This, notwithstanding the fact that the Poles beat back the Russian drive on Warsaw.

The French official based his statement upon his belief that the Russian army was superior to the Polish army as an effective fighting machine, with the exception of the German-trained troops of Posen.

The Frenchman said he believed the Russian organization has been, and still is, underestimated and because of this tendency to belittle the Russian armies the menace to Poland's existence, if not to all western Europe, remains imminent and real.

Russ Army Not Rabble.

The official said some Russian units were poorly equipped, but it was not true the army was "a barefoot rabble." He was convinced the majority of the Russian divisions were "well-organized units of good fighting men, much better officered than the Poles."

The Poles had 25,000 officers, but only 5,000 of them ever went to the front, although they were sorely needed there, he said. There was evidence that certain Polish companies had fought without officers, he asserted, and that during the retreat these were without commanders.

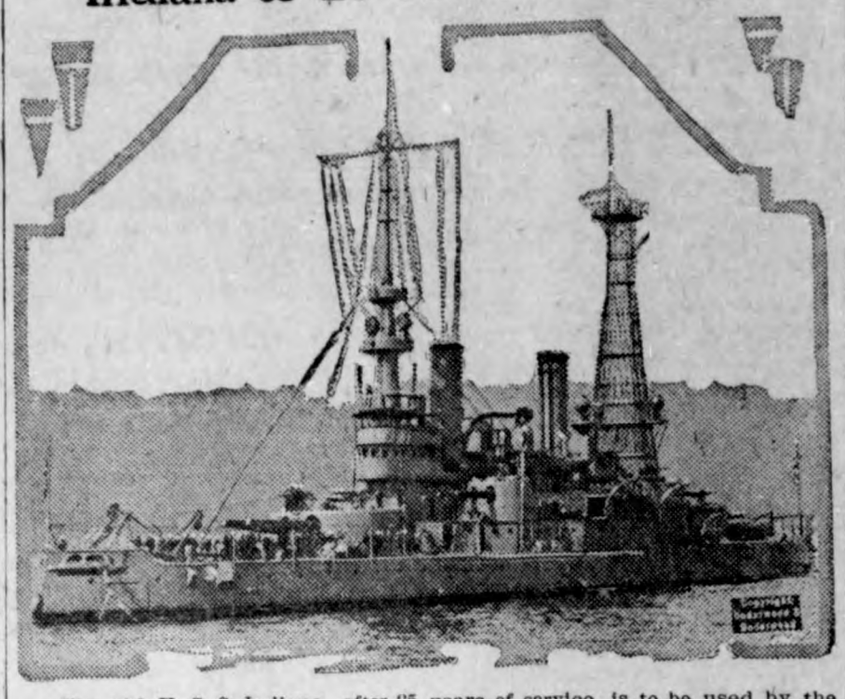
An American artillery officer who had spent a year in Russia and had been under fire at the Polish front, told the correspondent he had seen the Poles "plant their artillery in the most ridiculous places, on the exposed sides of hills and right in the open, when they could have readily concealed it and made it effective."

A neutral aviator who had flown over the front several times when "battles" were said to be in progress, said what he saw of the fighting was "two armies keeping about three hours apart, the Poles retreating when the Russians advanced, and the Russians running when the Poles turned and advanced."

He said this "schedule sometimes got disarranged, and that there was a collision between opposing detachments," but he had not witnessed any of these clashes.

A number of Polish officers with whom the correspondent talked said they were forced to admit the French saved the day, but the weakness of their officers was explained by the fact that in former years Poles had not been permitted to hold commissions in the army, either in Russian, German or Austrian Poland, and that the time had been too short to develop a staff of highly trained officers.

Indiana to Be Used As a Target



The old U. S. S. Indiana, after 25 years of service, is to be used by the navy for a target for battleships and airplanes. The navy will try out a new aerial bomb on this old sea warrior.

Nipponese Is Mental Marvel

Jap Writes With Both Hands, Talks, and Does Other Things at Same Time.

ONLY TWO OTHERS LIKE HIM

He Can Think and Do a Number of Diverse Things Simultaneously—Was Anything but Phenomenon as a Boy.

London.—An amazing person is Tameo Kajiyama, the Japanese mental marvel, who has been appearing at the London Coliseum. Most of us have been taught that no one can do more than one thing at a time. Kajiyama is a striking instance to the contrary, a writer in the continental edition of the London Mail says. He defies all copybook maxims about concentration on the one matter in hand and no more. He can think and do a number of totally diverse things simultaneously. While under a fire of questions he reads a paper and writes backward on a screen with enormous rapidity of the news of the evening. And all the time part of his mind is busy solving arithmetical problems set him by the audience involving the extraction of cube roots of various numbers. He writes with equal facility with either hand or with both hands backward, forward or upside down, different sentences at the same moment that he is talking about something else.

He asks his audience for five names of seven letters. They shout them at him: Ramboda, Portsea, Roberts, Eleanor, Maurice. In a flash he writes backward a jumbled mass of characters containing all the 35 letters. These resolve themselves in precise progression into the five names chosen.

I have only known of two cases in any way parallel to it.

Only Two Others Like Him.

One was a Babu station master in India who would send off telegraph messages with his foot while he was taking down another message with his typewriter and at the same time talking about other matters.

The other case was that of the late Rev. Stainton Moses, founder and first president of the London Spiritualistic alliance. I have seen him writing different messages with both hands while he was talking to me. In his case he ascribed the faculty to supernatural agency and believed his hands to be controlled by spirits.

If Kajiyama, whose powers are far in advance of these two, claimed supernatural assistance many people would believe him. He might have been burned at the stake in another age, but now assuredly he would be feted by spiritualists.

But he makes no claims of the kind nor does he think that he possesses any faculties that might not be acquired by anyone else who takes the trouble to cultivate them.

Thirty-six years old, with a quiet, unassuming, almost deprecatory manner, pleasant, dreamy voice and weird eyes, all the mystery of the East is concentrated in his subtle countenance. He speaks slowly, melodiously and softly. You might imagine him a lotus eater and never guess that beneath the calm exterior a quick and agile brain is working at a speed and in a manner that to the ordinary man seems little short of miraculous.

Was No Boy Prodigy.

He is a teetotaler and nonsmoker and is married to an Englishwoman. As a boy, he will tell you, he was anything but a phenomenon. At ten he could not do the simplest sums in arithmetic. He had a stern father, who used to mete out punishment justly and unmercifully.

They have a pretty little method in Japan. It consists of putting little bits of burning flax down the neck.

Kajiyama had frequent experiences of this torture and bears the marks on his body. But the strict discipline of his early youth brought out his qualities. Ambition awoke and with it a passion for knowledge and longing to do something a little better than his fellows.

Mental concentration is an exercise much prized in the East, and Kajiyama learned to concentrate. It was a slow process. A little more every day, something fresh every day. Now he can command at will the capacities of his brain, switch off or on the various currents of thought and make each cell of the gray matter perform its desired functions. He is master of his mind.

Kajiyama has a theory that there are all sorts of unexplored possibilities lying dormant in the brain. He does not think he has come to anything like the limit of his capacities. He is always experimenting. He is willing, without charge, to explain his views on mental efficiency and concentration to schools or to educational authorities.

Static Electricity in Air Changed to Dynamic

Rome.—Discovered by Gustave Leutner, a widely known engineer, of a system by which static electricity in the atmosphere may be transformed into dynamic current is announced in the newspaper Epoca.

The apparatus, according to the newspaper, consists of antennae bearing a radioactive collector joined to a spiral transformer, which is acted upon by the radioactive matter through a chemical process which is not as yet explained.

Baby's Clothes Made by Armless Mother

Denver, Colo.—Dainty baby garments, made by a mother who is armless, awaited the daughter, who was born to Mrs. J. C. Teagarden here.

"Where there's a will there's a way," Mrs. Teagarden said at the hospital. She made all the clothes for the expected baby during the last few weeks. She guided the cloth under the sewing machine needle with her chin, stitched, cut out patterns and threaded the needle with her feet. Mrs. Teagarden was born in 1894 without arms.

Palestine Receives Its High Commissioner

The governors of Jaffa and Jerusalem escorting Sir Herbert Samuel, the new British high commissioner of Palestine, on his arrival at Jaffa.

DYE RIGHT

Buy only "Diamond Dye

Each package of "Diamond D contains directions so simple that woman can diamond-dye worn, sh skirts, waists, dresses, coats, g stockings sweaters, draperies thing, whether wool, silk, linen, c or mixed goods, new, rich fadeles ors. Have druggist show you mond Dyes Color Card."—Adv.

An Eye Out for the Drinks.

If any reader thinks this little is far-fetched he is right—we direct from distant Shanghai. nevolent lady was giving a d party to a number of soldiers wh been half-blinded and othe wounded in the war, and during repast the hostess was astonish receive a glass eye rolling on a p "It's from my pal, Bill," expl one of the guests politely. "He it up to see if there are any d at your end of the table, 'cos ain't any at his."—Boston Trans

To Have a Clear Sweet Skin Touch pimples, redness, rough or itching, if any, with Cuticura ment, then bathe with Cuticura and hot water. Rinse, dry gently dust on a little Cuticura Talcum leave a fascinating fragrance on Everywhere 25c each.—Adv.

Might Be Either.

"A fortune teller once told me some day I would stand in a place, with public officials on e hand and deliver a farewell ad to a crowd of people, who would ten with close attention and many dences of sorrow to everything I "Well?"

"It looks as if I were destined public life."

"Maybe so, but you have accura described a public hanging."—I mingham Age-Herald.

Catarrh Can Be Cured

Catarrh is a local disease greatly in enced by constitutional conditions therefore requires constitutional tr ment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICI is taken internally and acts thro the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces the System. HALL'S CATARR MEDICINE destroys the foundation the disease, gives the patient strength improving the general health and as nature in doing its work.
All Druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Well-Known Remedies.

Mr. B was ill with a cold, and t doctor who was summoned prescri old-fashioned remedies, "calomel quinine internally and antiphlogis to be applied externally."
It proved very effective and maid boasted of his quick recov to one of the neighbors. "And Mrs didn't do hardly anything to him," she added. "She gave him q nine and calumus and covered chest with alabastine."

Cole's Carbolisalve Quickly Relieves and heals burning, itching and tortur skin diseases. It instantly stops the pa of burns. Heals without scars. 25c and 5 Ask your druggist, or send 25c to The W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill., for a pkg.-Ad

Dilemma.

"Are you afraid a very large cam paign fund will impair confidence your party?"
"Yes," answered the willing worker "but too small a campaign fund wi do the same thing."

Never Tires.

"A woman's tongue is unlike an other engine of action."
"In what way?"
"It has no exhaust."

OUCH! SUCH PAIN!

It Takes You Right in the Back!

SOMETIMES IN THE ARM, HIP OR FOOT

It's all due to an over-abundance of that poison called uric acid. The kidneys are not able to get rid of it. Such conditions you can readily overcome, and prolong life by taking Anuric." This can be obtained at almost any drug store, in tablet form.

MONDAMIN, IOWA.—" For over one year and a half I was afflicted with what the doctors called neuritis in both arms, shoulders, back of neck and head. I took treatment from most all kinds of doctors also at the Spings, but I found no relief until I commenced taking Doctor Pierce's Anuric Tablets. I had not taken them over thirty days until I got relief. I continued taking them for several weeks and am now feeling fine and can do my work without any pain or trouble, altho I am 76 years old."—J. A. YOST, Route 2.

COMRADES OF PERIL

By RANDALL PARRISH

Copyright, A. C. McClurg and Co.

THE FELLOW IN THE PINK SHIRT

She looked from him to the row of breathless men facing her, impatiently, her bosom rising and falling tumultuously.

"And I've got to choose which one I'd rather marry?"

"Well, yes, that is the idea crudely expressed. Not that you are compelled in any way; only we feel it highly desirable; that—well, perhaps I may say, it is the will of God that you make some such choice."

Her eyes wandered up and down the shrinking line, resting calmly on face after face. If she felt any humor in the situation, there was no expression of it visible. She retained an appearance of sullen indifference, which was almost insolent.

"There ain't no more of 'em?"

"No; this is all."

"And I got to pick from these?"

The preacher nodded his head, as she glanced inquiringly in his direction. The pent-up breath came in a sigh from between her lips.

"Well, if I've got to, I have, I suppose, and so far as I can see it don't make no great difference. I'll take the fellow sittin' over there on the window—the one with the pink shirt."

And so they were married. But they didn't live happily ever after, because this marriage occurs right at the beginning of the story. Moreover there was no love or even acquaintance between the young couple. Besides, the bride was kidnaped on her wedding day. So it was just naturally up to the bridegroom to rescue her. And in the adventures that followed the young people became "Comrades of Peril," with Cupid managing the game.

Unusual? Well, it's another of those decidedly out-of-the-ordinary Western stories by Randall Parrish. During the last three years the Western Newspaper Union has released six serials by this popular author—and each has been a great success. Enough said.

CHAPTER I.

—1—

Return of the Wanderer.

Shelby, alone in the buckboard, drove to the summit of the ridge, halting the broncs, as his eyes swept over the scene outspread below. The animals, their dusty sides streaked with sweat, stopped willingly after their sixty-mile trip from the Cottonwood.

Below was a deep, narrow valley, in the midst of which Ponca spread out along the bank of the creek that gave the town its name. To Shelby, wearied with the dull plains, here was a scene of beauty.

Just beyond there was life, fresh, luxuriant, sweet; running water, luscious green grass, and above all, that which he craved most, human companionship. To be sure, he knew Ponca of old, and possessed no illusions. Ugly, dirty, unkempt, Ponca made no pretense to either cleanliness, or respectability; it possessed no pride, no hope of a future. It seemed to recognize its destiny, and be content, a mere mushroom town of the frontier, an adjunct of the cattle trade, permitted to flourish today, but as certainly doomed to perish tomorrow.

The man who sat there on the ridge gazing down, the reins held idly in his hand, his eyes following the winding of the valley, was a perfectly natural part of the picture—he belonged. Beneath the tan and dust was a smoothly shaven face, a face of twenty-five, or twenty-six, the features strong, nose somewhat prominent, lips firm and full, with dark-gray eyes shadowed by heavy lashes. In truth, he appeared all man, a certain reckless gayety about him not to be mistaken, yet as evidently not to be lightly taken advantage of.

"It certainly beats h—l," he muttered, unconsciously aloud, "that a man should dream about visiting a dump like this. Shows what sort o' place Cottonwood is to make a fellow homesick for Ponca. Town looks kinder dead; no cattle in the corrals. H—l, what's the difference? There'll be some of the old bunch hangin' 'round, an' we'll make things hum for awhile. Come, broncs, jog along! Let's show Ponca we're a live outfit!"

It was a rough, curving descent, the trail in places barely wide enough for the wheels, but the driver never lost control, guiding the broncos with expert hand, until they finally swung about the edge of a great rock at the bottom, and went charging at full gallop into the main street. To better express the exuberance of his feelings at this return to civilization, and announce his arrival, Shelby whipped out his gun and began shattering the atmosphere, driving the animals frantic as the sharp reports rang out over their backs.

But if any sensation was expected, it signally failed to materialize. Ponca remained deserted, and unimpressed. Long experience had either rendered the inhabitants indifferent to such a display, or else the town had gone utterly dead. The silence and desolation caused Shelby to utter an oath, and suddenly swing his team up to a hitching rack in front of McCarthy's saloon, the door of which stood invitingly open. An instant the perplexed driver sat there, staring grimly about from end to end of the deserted street.

"What the h—l!" he ejaculated at last, "is up anyhow? Is this a graveyard I've got into? Lord, it can't be all the boys have got out; but something is sure dead wrong. Well, Mac's open anyhow. I'll go in and find out."

He sprang out over the wheel, stiffened from the long ride, yet standing erect nevertheless, and strode up the saloon steps and in through the open door. He had expected a welcome and this strange lack of interest on the part of the citizens of Ponca had already considerably chilled his enthusiasm. Once inside, he stopped, staring about in even deeper perplexity. The big saloon was absolutely empty of patrons—the tables were unoccupied; no one was lined up in front of the long bar, and no sound of voices or of poker chips came down from the room above. The place seemed like a huge grave, and, for a brief moment, he even failed to perceive its only occupant—a red-mustached bartender in front of the mirror, industriously rubbing the immaculate glass. Thoroughly angered by this time, Shelby advanced, his footsteps muffled by the sawdust on the floor.

"What the h—l is the matter with this dump?" he demanded savagely, his fist thumping the bar. "Oh, so it's you, is it, Moran? Well, are you all that's left in Ponca?"

The red-mustached one turned indifferently, yet managed to extend a rather limp hand in fraternal greeting.

"That's 'bout the size of it, Tom," he admitted gravely. "Where yer been the last six months?"

"Over on the Cottonwood, ranching. Say, I ain't seen nothin' but dogs since I struck this valley. What's up? Ponca gone on the bum?"

"No; she's all right mostly. Be all right tomorrow, I reckon, fer Hitchcock's outfit's comin' in with a bunch o' steers. What'll yer drink?"

"Best yer've got, o' course. That looks a bit like old times, an' tastes like it. Take a snort with me, Moran. Where's Mac, an' all the boys, anyhow?"

"Out ter the funeral; that's what's the matter with this town. The whole kit an' caboodle gone, across the creek to help plant old Dad Calkins. You remember Old Dad?"

"No, can't say I do; what was he, a gambler?"

"Kind of a tin-horn; soused most o' the time but still everybody liked him; pretended ter be a blacksmith when he first come, an' put up a shack down there next the hotel. Never worked mor'n three days to my knowledge since—just naturally bummed 'round, but he was a h—l of a good story-teller, an' the boys cottoned to him. Sure, yer must have knowed him."

Shelby shook his head. "What did he die from?"

"Shot himself, I reckon. He was picked up over back o' the dance hall, with a bullet in his nut an' a gun in his hand. The girl was huntin' for him, 'cause he didn't come home, an' so Dan he went along with her. The two of 'em found him out there."

"What girl?"

"Daughter, I s'pose. She's been yere kinder keepin' house ever since I first knew the cuss."

"How old is she?"

"I ain't no jedge o' females' ages, if yer ask me, but maybe sixteen or seventeen. Quite a wisp of a gurl first I saw her, but she don't make up with nobody; sorter sullen-like, an' just stays ter home all the time."

"Where'd you say all this rumpus was goin' on?"

"Over cross the creek, beyond that bunch o' willows. You know where the graveyard is. Goin' ter be some obsequies, you bet. Dan he went clear to Buffalo Gap for ter git a preacher ter do the thing up swell. What's the matter with yer goin' over there, Tom, an' inkin' the show in? Dan'll be mighty pleased ter see yer horn in."

Shelby helped himself to another drink and gazed disconsolately about the big, desolated room. "I reckon I'll turn the broncs into Davis' corral, an' then amble along," he said slowly. "Even a funeral's better than this dump today."

He had waded the shallow waters and reached the edge of the willows before his eyes distinguished the crowd gathered in the open space beyond. It was surely some funeral; there was no doubt about that. A mass of men stood there, bare-headed in the sunshine, and beyond them, on a little knoll, a small bunch of women were crowded together, girls from the dance hall mostly, judging from their clothes and faces, although one or two older women were at the farther end. Shelby caught a glimpse of the ex-preacher, elevated on a box, and his ears caught the sonorous words of exhortation with which he ended his sermon. There followed a faint applause, checked instantly by McCarthy, who politely requested the bunch to stop making d—d fools of themselves, and immediately announced that the Ponca male quartette would sing "Onward, Christian Soldiers," after which those who desired would be given the opportunity to view for the last time the features of the departed. As the last dulcet strains of the hymn rolled away, McCarthy, as though anxious to preserve the lives of the singers by quick action, pushed his way once again to the front.

"Now, you bucks," he roared out tersely, "line up along them willows. I'll go first with the daughter as chief mourners, an' then the females will fall in behind. After that the rest of yer can mosey along. We're goin' ter do this up in some style, an' it ain't just goin' to be showin' proper respect fer the dead, but we're agoin' ter remember the orphaned and the fatherless. That's the way Ponca does business. Now, chip in, gents; there's a box there at the head of the corpse, an' after yer've had a squint at Ol' Dad cough up something fer the gurl."

Shelby dropped into place behind the stage agent, who recognized the newcomer with a hard handgrip and grin of welcome.

"Just blow in? We're givin' Old Calkins the time o' his career; owed me a hundred, but what the h—l do I care! Know the ol' cuss?"

"No; I just dropped around fer to pass away the time. Some spouter that fat preacher."

"Ain't he, though!" admiringly. "He sure shot off some language I never did hear afore. Yer heard our quartette, I reckon?"

"Heard it! Not being altogether deaf, I did. Hullo, the procession is about to start—so that's Old Calkins' girl, is it?"

The stage agent nodded.

"Yep; not so darned much to look at, either. I don't reckon I've seen her afore fer a year."

Shelby could not have described what there was about the girl to interest him even slightly. As Mike said, there was not much to look at, and what there was had been rendered particularly hideous by the ill-fitting black dress in which she was dressed. She walked well, and she held her head straight up, a bit defiantly, looking neither to right nor left as McCarthy led her forward by a grasp on one arm. The corners of her mouth drooped a trifle and her hair was drawn straight back and bound in a wisp. Altogether she made a rather pathetic picture, and this somehow impressed Shelby. He watched her stop at the head of the opened casket and look down at the face of the dead man. There was no sign of a tear, no semblance of a sob, and

There Was No Sign of a Tear.

then she moved on with no change perceptible in her face, outwardly unmoved. To all appearances her only desire was to have the affair ended and be left alone.

Shelby passed and stared down at the face in the casket, that of a man of sixty, possibly, yet exhibiting even in death the marks of a hard life which had unduly aged him. It was rather an intelligent face, framed in a white beard, with the fragment of a scar showing on one cheek. There was something about the face strangely familiar, yet he could not recall the man to memory—some way the sight of him had turned his mind back to army days, yet the two would not connect themselves definitely. As he thrust his contribution into the box, McCarthy gripped him cordially.

"Well, bless me, if here ain't Tom Shelby, lookin' like a white man, and blowin' his money like a good sport. How's things on the Cottonwood? Fine as silk, hey? See yer later, Tom. No, yer don't, Ramsay! You tried that game on me once before. I'm keepin' cases here."

There was a moment's delay, while Ramsay reluctantly dug down into his jeans for an amount satisfactory to the party in charge, and Shelby, still struggling with his elusive memory, bent over and asked hoarsely:

"Say, Mac, who was this guy, anyway?"

"Old Dad, you mean? Furst I knew of the fellow was about three years ago, blacksmithin' down at Kelly's camp. When that moved on he come up here, an' has been hangin' 'round ever since. Wa'n't such a bad sort, 'cept when in liquor; a smart ol' devil, too; read everything he could get hold of."

"Do you happen to know if he was ever in the army?"

"Come to think of it, Tom, I do. Once when he was drunk, he showed me his discharge papers. Lemme see; h—l, yes—the ol' cock wus a sergeant in the Sixth cavalry. That's all right, Ramsay—pass along. Now, whose next; step up lively, boys."

Shelby drifted along with the line, which broke into groups, waiting silently for the ceremonies to be concluded and the body lowered into the grave before wending their way back to the delights of Ponca. The ranchman lingered with the others while the preacher solemnly consigned the body to dust, but when he saw the quartette climbing back into the wagon for a final song, he promptly joined a number who were attempting to escape. Shelby paused and glanced back; the distance was too great to distinguish faces, yet there was no mistaking the pathetic figure of the girl standing in loneliness beside the still open grave. She had not particularly appealed to him before, but now his heart made vague response to her loneliness.

It was doubtless this lingering memory which kept him away from McCarthy's saloon during the next hour. He had lost his earlier inclination for a wild carouse in town, or any desire to renew old acquaintances at the bar. He was almost persuaded to load up in the morning, if he could find the hand he needed and drive back to Cottonwood. There was nothing in it, this getting drunk on vile whisky and blowing in all he had saved at faro. H—l, no! He needed every dollar to make the ranch pay and could not afford to be a d—n fool forever. Here is where he would quit. No doubt, he was honest enough in these intentions, yet the mood passed away so completely that before night he was again with the gang and had stowed away sufficient liquid refreshments to completely overcome any lingering recollection of any higher purpose. In this happy condition he finally wended his way across the street to the shelter of the hotel.

CHAPTER II.

Outlining a Plot.

The Occidental hotel, Hicks proprietor, was merely a place in which one could sleep and eat, if one was thoroughly acclimated to border ideas of comfort. McCarthy, having no home of his own, roomed over his saloon, but was compelled to eat the Hicks brand of cooking, and, with many apologies therefor, had, on this particular occasion, the ex-reverend from Buffalo Gap as his honored guest. Shelby saw the two when he first entered, over in the farther corner and, as there chanced to be a vacant seat beside McCarthy, he made his slightly uncertain way in that direction and succeeded in safely establishing himself on the empty bench. The room was well filled with men, most of them still discussing the important event of the afternoon, and he soon became aware that the conversation of the two next to him bore upon the same subject.

Shelby stared at the smoking, greasy mess outspread before him, prying open a soggy biscuit, and asked a question of McCarthy.

"How'd the collection come out, Mac?"

"What collection? Oh, for the gurl; 'bout five hundred, wa'n't it, reverend?"

"Four ninety-seven," said the preacher in his deep voice. "Quite an assistance for the young woman in this time of bereavement, as I am informed her father left little or no property."

"Property! Old Calkins! Well, I should say not. And what's more," the saloon-keeper becoming interested, "I don't see how that money's goin' ter do her much good. I was just talkin' ter the dominie yere about her. Tom, what is she agoin' ter do? An' what hed this town ought ter do fer her?"

"What do you mean? They done enough, ain't they, with that swell funeral an' five hundred bucks on top of it? What more would she expect?"

"She don't expect nuthin'. That ain't her style. I got an idee she won't even accept this bunch o' coin. She's the ornariest heifer I ever saw. But that's got no bearin' on us. She's an orphan, left yere in Ponca with no visible means of support. She's a decent girl; nobody ever said nuthin' against her, and the way it looks ter me we got a moral duty ter perform. Ain't that it, Reverend?"

"That is the thought I endeavored to convey," returned the visitor from Buffalo Gap seriously. "You heard me, I presume, young man?"

"Only the last few sentences," admitted Shelby. "I don't belong here, but just happened to drift in today."

"Tom's ranchin' over on the Cottonwood," interrupted McCarthy, "but he's a mighty straight guy, an' I'd like ter have him express his feelin's on this yere idee o' yours, Reverend. It's rather a new one on me."

The preacher straightened up and cleared his throat.

"Well, here's the case of a young girl, seventeen or eighteen years old, who has had no experience whatever in life, suddenly left an orphan in this town, without any money or friends, so to speak. Where can she go? What can she do? There isn't a place she could earn a living here, excepting the dance hall; there isn't a place in this town she could call home. That is what I tried to make clear to Mr. McCarthy—that the men of this town ought to give her a chance. Mac here's a married man; got a wife and two daughters of his own back East and he cottoned to my idea right away."

"But what is your idea?"

"Marriage, sir—marriage; honorable matrimony. I even offer my services freely. The girl should be given a husband and a home; this would assure her future and relieve Ponca of every obligation. Do you see the point?"

"Yes," admitted Shelby, yet rather dazed at the project, "but there would seem to be certain obstacles in the way of such a scheme. No doubt you have considered these. Who, for instance, would marry her?"

"There isn't likely to be any trouble about that," confidently. "If she'd fix up she'd be a right good-looking girl, besides, she's got five hundred dollars to start with and that's more money than a lot of these gazabos ever saw in all their lives. I'll bet there's fifty men in Ponca that would jump at the chance."

"Rounders and tin-horns."

"Some of them—sure. But there would be some decent fellows among them. That's about how we figured it, McCarthy?"

The saloonkeeper nodded.

"There's quite a few of the right kind 'round Ponca, Tom, who'd be mighty glad to get a decent woman and settle down. I could name a half dozen right now. What I ain't so sure 'bout is the gurl."

"She might object? Of course she will, and why shouldn't she. You want to know what I think of the scheme, Mac? Well, it's a fool idea and it won't work—that's what I think of it; it's idiotic."

The Buffalo Gap man leaned forward, drawing in his paunch so as to view the speaker around McCarthy. The words of condemnation evidently cut, for his face was flushed, although he held his temper.

"That's what Mac here said at first, but now he believes it will work, and so do I," he explained gravely. "It isn't at all likely the girl will object to getting married, provided she hooks up with a man she sort of likes. The only problem is to discover the right fellow."

"And you think you can go out in this town, rope an' hog-tie any stray maverick you find on the range an' give him the brandin' iron, do yer?"

"You get right out o' here, the whole kit an' caboodle of you."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Caves Always of Interest.

None of the peculiar formations of the earth are more interesting than caves, and many are the adventures that have been had by the explorers of these often mysterious caverns. The very word "cave" seems to have a strong attraction for everybody. Some of the best and most interesting stories have been written about adventures in caves, so they have always been well advertised on library shelves. And then we must remember that caves were the only homes of many people who lived in the undiscovered parts of the world thousands of years ago, and this in itself adds much historical interest to these natural tunnels under the surface of the earth.

An Important Letter

Cedar Rapids, Iowa.—"I have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for one year. Before I started to take it every month I was in bed three to four days under a doctor's care. I was only 27 years old but the doctors said I would have to have an operation before I could be well. I was so tired all the time and my nerves seemed to be all gone. I could not sleep at night and had headache all the time. I quit the doctors and started to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I took it four times a day, and in three months I did not have to go to bed, did not need a doctor. I gained so much in the three months that my husband said 'You take that medicine for a year,' and I did so. Now I do all my housework and have never had a headache since. I sleep good, eat good, and feel good, my nerves are fine. It has been twenty-one months since I have taken the 'Prescription' and I have not had any return of the trouble so far. I recommend the 'Favorite Prescription' to every suffering sister."—MRS. NOBLE LOCKHART, 1111 I Ave. East.

All druggists. Liquid or tablet form.

Acid Stomach for 10 Years

NOW A DIFFERENT WOMAN

Earnestly Praises Eatonic

"My wife was a great sufferer from acid stomach for 10 years," writes H. D. Crippen, "but is a different woman since taking Eatonic."

Sufferers from acid stomach—let Eatonic help you also. It quickly takes up and carries out the excess acidity and gases and makes the stomach cool and comfortable. You digest easily, get the full strength from your food, feel well and strong, free from bloating, belching, food repeating, etc. Big box costs costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Reduces Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphangitis, Poll Evil, Fistula, Boils, Swellings; Stops Lameness and allays pain. Heals Sores, Cuts, Bruises, Boot Chafes. It is a

SAFE ANTISEPTIC AND GERMICIDE

Does not blister or remove the hair and horse can be worked. Pleasant to use. $2.50 a bottle, delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and Book 5 R free.

ABSORBINE, JR., antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Strains, Painful, Knotted Swollen Veins, Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. Price $1.25 per bottle at dealers or delivered.

W. F. YOUNG, inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

PILES ORIENTAL PILE SALVE is sold on a positive guarantee to give relief. Use it for itching piles, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. If you are not satisfied you get your money back. You are the judge. We don't argue; square dealing is our motto. Try us. Price $1.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

East India Medicine Co.

126 South Jefferson Ave. St. Louis, Mo.

FARMS PAYING 40%; BUY NOW AT $100. Crops show value; prices will advance. Mild, short winters. Some oil. Correspondence solicited. C. E. Francis, Neosho Falls, Kan.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 25c. Free book. Dr. C. N. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

Story "Took Like a Funeral."

The hostess suggested that we each tell a funny story. When my turn came I was laughing so hard over the joke I wanted to tell that I could scarcely speak. Every one was anxious to hear it, and at last when I had controlled my laughter I begun. No one even smiled when I finished. I was the only one who thought the story funny.—Exchange.

Don't Go From Bad to Worse!

Are you always weak, miserable and half-sick? Then it's time you found out what is wrong. Kidney weakness causes much suffering from backache, lameness, stiffness and rheumatic pains, and if neglected, brings danger of serious troubles—dropsy, gravel and Bright's disease. Don't delay. Use *Doan's Kidney Pills*. They have helped thousands and should help you. Ask your neighbor!

An Iowa Case

Mrs. O. Hoffman, 1028 E. Main St., Ottumwa, Iowa, says: "A cold settled on my kidneys. When I would bend over or twist I would have sharp pains through my kidneys. I had dizzy spells too. A friend advised me to use Doan's Kidney Pills and one box rid me of the trouble. I haven't had a sign of it since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Baby Coughs

require treatment with a remedy that contains no opiates. Piso's is mild but effective; pleasant to take. Ask your druggist for

PISO'S

First Milling Process.

The conversion of wheat into flour was one of the earliest developments of civilization, and even the primitive races in the dawn of history submitted the grain to a coarse pounding between stones. Perhaps the oldest flour "mills" in existence are the rude stones found among the remains of the ancient lake dwellings in Switzerland. By a mortar and pestle arrangement the wheat was reduced to a coarse meal. Crude as this method was, it contained the germ of the modern flour mill.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

Pure Bred Duroc Jersey BOARS

Growthy Herd Headers of Merit

6-4 for sale by

C. A. ARNOLD

Klemme, Iowa

Ben A. Reemstma

Farm and General

AUCTIONEER

Sales conducted to insure the owners highest approval. See me for dates and terms.

Phone 508

KLEMME, IOWA

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly. Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

The City Dray Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

Declares Filipinos All Want Independence

Former Illinois Congressman, Back From Philippines, Gives Interesting Views on Island Affairs.

By FORMER CONGRESSMAN CLYDE H. TAVENNER.

Clyde H. Tavenner.

The 10,500,000 inhabitants of the Philippines are practically unanimous in their desire for independence.

This is the strongest impression that I have brought back with me after touring the islands from one end to the other, and after having come in contact with all classes of the people.

I found, however, that the viewpoint of Americans in the Philippines, and Americans in the United States, on the subject of independence, is not the same.

The attitude of the American government, and the great mass of the people of the United States, is to consider the Philippine question from the unselfish viewpoint of what is best for the Filipino people Ninety-five per cent of the opposition to independence emanates from American investors in the islands who are quite naturally more interested in the size of their dividends than the freedom of an alien people.

The unfortunate feature of the situation is that the opponents of independence, in order to convince the people of the United States that the Filipinos should not be granted their independence, find it necessary to libel an entire race. To tell a sensitive Christian people that they shall not have their promised independence because they are not fit for it will in the end prove a mistaken policy. It will only make their demand for independence the stronger.

At the present time, however, the masses of the Filipino people still have absolute confidence in the good faith of America. Their loyalty and gratitude to Uncle Sam has not as yet been impaired by the misrepresentations of the retentionists. Their leaders are intelligent enough to distinguish between those Americans who oppose their aspirations to independence for purely selfish reasons, and the great mass of the American people whom they know desire this government to do by the Filipinos only that which is just and right.

In this connection, it is interesting to review the development of the present friendly relationship between the Filipino and American peoples.

Previous to 1916 the Philippine-American relationship is declared to have been not of the best. But with the passage in that year of the Jones law by practically both the Republican and Democratic memberships of Congress, a better feeling developed. This "better feeling" has now grown into a very strong bond of sympathy and affection.

The happy attitude of the Filipino people toward America is due not principally to the fact that Americans have shown the Filipinos how to make their country a better place to live in; not principally to the fact we have superintended the implanting in the Philippines of one of the finest educational systems in the world; nor to the building of high class roads, bridges and public works—but is due principally to the fact that in the Jones law America gave the Filipinos her word of honor that as soon as a stable government could be established we would withdraw our sovereignty from the Philippine Islands.

It might, at first thought, seem strange that in their sincere appreciation of all that we have done for them the Filipino people should place most emphasis on the promise to grant them their independence. For it cannot be successfully denied that on the whole the United States has treated the Filipino people better than any nation ever treated a dependent alien people in all the days since the curtain rose on the dawn of civilization. If we do not spoil it, it is a record that we can be proud of.

But it really isn't so strange that the Filipino should love us more for our promise to give them sovereignty over themselves than for our other good works, for which, after all, outside of army and navy expenditures, the Filipinos have been taxed, and properly so, for every cent of the cost. If we but reverse the situation, and place ourselves in the shoes of the Filipinos, which cannot be said to be an unfair way of getting at the other fellow's viewpoint, we shall see that it is not strange.

Suppose that Great Britain or any other power that you can think of by referring to your geography or history, should impose its sovereignty upon us against our will and then give us an infinitely better government than we now enjoy? Could any such foreign power ever succeed in convincing us that it had our welfare more at heart than we have ourselves.

But to return to my story, the Filipinos heartily thanked us for the Jones law, considering it a sort of a covenant between the Filipino and American peoples, and immediately applied themselves to the task of setting up the prescribed stable government. And they set it up. It is in the Philippines now. America's own representative in the islands, the governor general, officially reports it is there, and recommends that since the Filipinos have earnestly fulfilled their part of the agreement, America should be as prompt in carrying out its part of the contract.

So that, in a few words, it is not the Philippines that now are on trial, but the United States.

There is but one answer. America will carry out its agreement. And since we are going to do it, we cannot afford to quibble and split hairs and hesitate until our tardiness robs us of half the glory of our achievement. Let us act with a promptness and willingness really worthy of America.

And when the people of the United States set up the Philippine Republic as the first Christian democracy of the Far East, they will be building a monument to themselves that will stand throughout eternity. On that day the beacon light of hope, humanity and justice will flash around the world. Such an example by America will accomplish more for the weak and struggling peoples of the earth than the four year world war, with all its cost in life and treasure.

The World's Most Beautiful Volcano!

Nevertheless It Is a Reservoir of Titanic Destructive Powers.

Mayon Volcano, Albay

Mayon Volcano, now quiet, but which in the recent past has taken many lives and destroyed much property. The Philippine Islands are one of the most interesting lands in the world for the American tourist to visit.

Mount Mayon, in the province of Albay, Philippine Islands, is declared to be one of the most beautiful volcanoes in the world. No matter from which side the mountain is viewed, the cone is almost perfectly symmetrical. The setting of the volcano has much to do with its exquisite beauty, as it rises to a height of 7,943 feet from an almost level plain. The peak is visible for more than 60 miles, its regular, bare slopes near the top giving rare reflections from the illumination of the sun, while at its base is one of the most productive and picturesque landscapes to be seen anywhere in the world. A magnificent road, 120 miles in length, circles the mountain at its base, passing through the most varying scenery. Mayon has a history as an active volcano. It has destroyed whole towns. The most destructive eruption was in 1814, when 1,200 persons were killed. It last came to life in 1900, sending a river of lava into the sea at a distance of 8 miles from the crater. Since then it has been quiet.

For Sale--Wants

Thoroughbred Hogs

FOR SALE—A year old Duroc Jersey Boar, also several choice Chester White male pigs. Wm. Bell. 8-tfc

For sale at bargain prices

I have for sale at bargain prices a few choice Fall and a number of Spring Pigs, these are priced to sell and must be moved before December 1st. These Duroc Jersey Hogs are guarnteed to be breeders, papers furnished. EMIL W. LAU, Klemme, Iowa. 7—tfc.

Real Estate For Sale

FOR SALE—My residence property, well located, one block north of park, and three blocks from Main Street. South front, sleeping porch, fine apple and shade trees, 3½ lots. Fred Musfelt. 8–tfc.

FOR SALE—Three good building lots, fine location. For a real BARGAIN see Chas. Ax. 7-1c

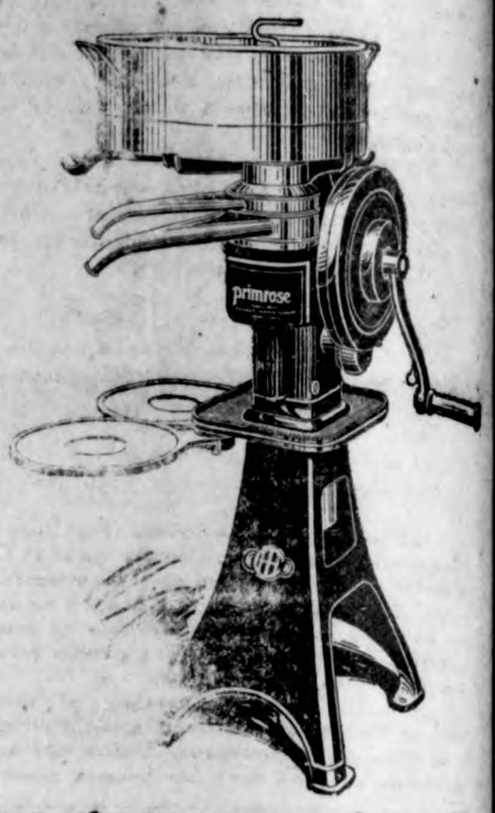
Farm For Rent

FOR RENT—An eighty acre farm Avery Township. Fred Wilkins.

NOTICE—We were awfully disappointed in not seeing you come to pay your 1920 account. It is and we can't do business on Come in at once. Henry Lee Son. 8–tfc.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE I have a brand new Rex Visible 4, also good second hand Remington Typewriter for sale at a bargain. O. Barr. 8–tfc.

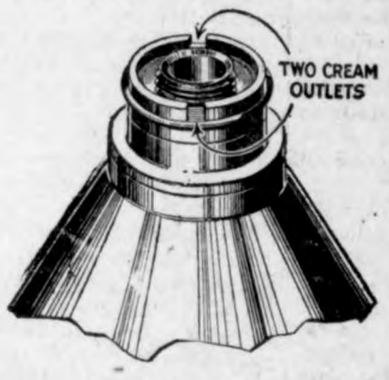
The Primrose Cream Separator



Machine of One Purpose

BUTTER FAT is worth a lot of money today. To save every particle of it is the part of wise business economy. The **Primrose Cream Separator** is the standby of the wise dairyman.

The more you see of the **Primrose** Separator and the longer you use it, the better you will like it. It has but one purpose--to SEPARATE cream from milk. It saves ALL the cream. The escape of a little cream here and there may not strike you as such a serious matter but bunch those losses over a period of time and you will be astonished at the amount. That is where the **Primrose** separator protects your pocket-book.



The **Primrose** is the only cream separator that forces oil thru every bearing, not just to them. This and other special and exclusive features about the machine we would like to show you. Call and let us show you just what this means to you as a money saver. If not convenient to call, phone us, and we will call on you and bring a machine with us.

We have on hand a full line of TANK HEATERS, WOOD TANKS, STEEL TANKS, Hog Waterers. This is the place to buy your feed-- Tankage Bran, Middlings, Oil Meal, Hog Meal

W. M. BAACK

High Grade Farm Implements. Klemme, Ia.

Cheaper Meat . . .

Effective October 11, all fresh Beef Cuts will be

Reduced in Price from

3c to 5c

Per Pound!

Other meats and commodities according to market conditions.

Fresh Oysters- are again in season and our stock, direct from the coast are the freshest and best ever received.

J. P. Larsen & Sons

Stock Raising in WESTERN CANADA

is as profitable as grain growing. Successes as wonderful as those from growing wheat, oats, barley, and flax have been made in raising Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Bright, sunny climate, nutritious grasses, good water, enormous fodder crops—these spell success to the farmer and stock raiser. And remember, you can buy on easy terms

Farm Land at $15 to $30 An Acre

—land equal to that which through many years has yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre—grazing land convenient to good grain farms at proportionately low prices. These lands have every rural convenience; good schools, churches, roads, telephones, etc., close to live towns and good markets.

If you want to get back to the farm, or to farm on a larger scale than is possible under your present conditions, investigate what Western Canada has to offer you.

For illustrated literature with maps and particulars regarding reduced railway rates, location of land, etc., apply to Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

M. J. JOHNSTONE, 5th Street, DES MOINES, IOWA

Canadian Government Agent.

What She Hunted.

o you ever go hunting?" asked a
d.
o, but my wife does," was the
our wife?"
es."
hat for?"
h, for burglars, or fire, or pare-
, or trouble, or my salary; it's al-
hard to tell in advance."—Hous-
Post.

His Style.

"Does he sing con amore?"

"No; he sings ragtime."—Baltimore American.

Church bells came into use in some parts of Europe before the seventh century.

May we remark that a man who sells parasols is engaged in a shady business.

WARNING

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years, and proved safe by millions.—Say "Bayer"!

say BAYER Aspirin

SAFETY FIRST! Accept only an "unbroken package" of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and pain generally. Strictly American!

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Political View.

luebeard's wife saw her predeces-
What a lot of good votes lost," she
d.—New York Herald.

Just the Place.

Many romances occur in business
" "I suppose so. Especially in a
ch factory."

ome politicians begin at the bottom work down.

Anyway, Ananias was never accused of being the author of a tombstone inscription.

Many a man has been bunkoed by judging a woman's disposition by her smile.

It is easier to earn money than it is not to spend it.

Right living will correct most of the evils of bad heredity.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

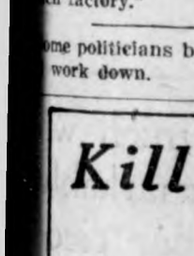
Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

When Children are Sickly



are Constipated, Feverish, Cry out in their sleep, Take cold easily, Have Headaches, Stomach or Bowel trouble, Try

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN

TRADE MARK

They are pleasant to take and a certain relief. They act on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels and tend to correct intestinal disorders. 10,000 testimonials from mothers and friends of little ones telling of relief. No mother should be without a box of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for use when needed. Ask to-day. At Druggists. The need of them often comes at inconvenient hours.

Used by Mothers for over thirty years.

Do Not Accept Any Substitute for MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS.

Pure, Rich Blood Will Keep Your Body Vigorous and Healthy

When impurities creep into your blood the first symptoms are usually a loss of appetite, followed by a gradual lessening of energy, the system becomes weaker day by day, until you feel yourself on the verge of a breakdown.

Nearly everybody needs a few bottles of S. S. S., the great vegetable blood remedy, to cleanse out all impurities about twice a year. It is an excellent idea to take this precaution to keep the system in a vigorous condition so as to more easily resist disease to which every one is subject. S. S. S. is without an equal as a general tonic and system builder. It improves the appetite and gives new strength and vitality to both old and young.

Full information and valuable literature can be had by writing to Swift Specific Co., 156 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

HOW TO MARKET WOOD PRODUCTS

Farmer Could Add Greatly to Lumber Supply by Properly Developing Resources

LARGE UNREALIZED PROFITS

Majority of American Farms Include Woodlands Which Could Be Made to Produce an Annual Crop of Logs for Timber.

The American farmer is our biggest woodman—potentially.

In the last word—potentially—lies the "rub" of a serious lumber situation. Manufacturing industries need lumber; builders are calling loudly for lumber; farmers themselves are hindered in carrying on their work because of the scarcity of lumber. And yet the farmer might be the most independent of all these interests with respect to lumber, and could add greatly to the present supply if he would properly develop his woodland resources. Many farmers, of course, have done this already and are profiting by their efforts, but they are in the minority. If all the farm woodlands could be combined they would form one vast forest of 191,000,000 acres. This is approximately two-fifths of the entire forest area of the country. East of the Mississippi the farm woodlands cover 45 per cent of all the forests. The farmers have scarcely begun to systematically develop and use these timbered lands, although they consume 46 per cent of all the wood consumed in this country. Agriculture is the greatest of our wood-using industries.

Choice White Oak Logs From a Tennessee Farm.

Opportunity Overlooked.

Taken as a whole it is an immense item that agricultural interests are overlooking, say officials of the forest service, United States Department of Agriculture, who have made a study of the country's forest resources. The annual growth of timber possible on farm woodlots has been estimated at 8,500,000,000 board feet of material suitable for lumber, staves, boxes, etc., and 114,000,000 cords of fuel wood. In other words, if properly cared for the farm woodlands could produce more than the entire quantity of fuel now consumed by the farmers and 81 per cent of the lumber boxes, barrels, etc., now used by them.

Too often the size of the farm woodlot, the material it contains, and its value to the farm are left entirely to chance. The farmer's problem is to determine what parts of his land are suited to wood rather than other crops and to develop these portions for wood crops just as he would develop land for other crops. The farmer in many of the lake states and the South is inclined to let his woodland be merely the unimproved land in his holdings. Its soil may or may not be inferior for field crops. In the Central States many woodlands occupy undrained land which comprises some of the best soil in the region. In the Eastern States, particularly in New England, farm woodlands are being extended through reversion of hill pastures and the like to forests. In this latter region, and to a more limited extent in the other regions, there is an opportunity to grow commercial crops of timber in relatively short periods for such products as pulp wood, box lumber, telephone poles and railway ties.

To Market Wood Products.

In many communities a co-operative marketing organization of the farmers is suggested by the United States Department of Agriculture as a practical means of selling woodland products. In other instances individual sales prove more satisfactory. The farmer who is interested in finding a market for this crop should ascertain what prices the mills and wood working industries in his region will offer. This applies to sales requiring shipments as well as to local sales. It is advisable also to inquire from neighbors who have recently disposed of their timber, so as to profit by their experiences. Local timber demands should not be overlooked, as often local markets will pay better prices than outside markets because of the saving in transportation charges.

If the farmer has more than a small amount of wood products to sell it will be well for him to advertise in mediums that will secure outside competition for his material. Where possible bids should be secured both by lump and by log scale measure. A choice is thus offered and the more profitable form of bid can be accepted. Prior to making sales a fairly good estimate should be made of the amount and value of the material for sale. Persons experienced in measuring and estimating timber usually can be found in every region where timber has been handled in the past. It is advisable to market the higher grades of timber rather than use them on the farm, where the cheaper material generally will prove quite as serviceable. This should be done in many cases even if it makes necessary the purchasing and hauling to the farm of cheaper lumber. Before following such a procedure, however, the farmer should be sure that he has a high grade product to sell, for markets which pay good prices usually buy on grade and inspect closely. The use of a written timber-sale agreement is recommended by the United States Department of Agriculture in selling woodland timber, particularly where the cutting is done by the purchased.

SHOULD GROW HAIRY VETCH MORE WIDELY

Crop Thrives in Nearly All Soils and Climates.

Acreage Is Far Below That of Several Other Leguminous Forage Plants —High Cost of Seeding Is Big Objection.

Hairy vetch thrives in nearly all soils and climates, is probably as widely distributed as any other leguminous forage crop, and is used for nearly every purpose for which forage crops are employed. It is remarkable for its ability to grow on poor soil, to resist cold, drought, and alkali, and for its comparative immunity from insects and diseases.

Despite all these advantages, hairy vetch is not one of the major forage crops. The acreage is far below that of several others of less value. Forage specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture say that this crop could be profitably grown on a great many more farms.

Hairy vetch, with all its excellent qualities, is not without some objectionable features. Perhaps the most serious is that it will not stand upright without support. As a hay crop, therefore, it must be planted with rape or some other stiff-stalked crop. There is sometimes difficulty in getting a stand and on the other hand in exterminating it when it is once established.

The high cost of seeding has been perhaps the principal factor in preventing its general use. Specialists hold out no hope for cheap seed, but they assert that the advantages of the crop are sufficient to justify its planting even at high cost. This is particularly true, they say, in the states bordering on the Great Lakes and in most of the Atlantic and Gulf coast states.

The subject of seed production in various localities is discussed in detail in Department Bulletin 876, copies of which are available to interested persons, free on application.

FEDERAL GRADES FOR WHEAT ESTABLISHED

Factors Which Closely Limit the Commercial Value.

Country Buyers Are Urged to Equip Themselves With Standard Equipment Such as Used by Licensed Inspectors.

Federal grades for wheat have been established upon the basis of actual commercial value for the various grades. The moisture content of wheat, the percentages of dockage and of other foreign materials present, the extent of damage, if any, and the test weight per bushel all are factors which closely limit the commercial value of wheat. There is no reason why the producer of inferior wheat should expect to receive as much as the careful farmer who has produced a high-test weight, low moisture content wheat which is practically free from foreign matter other than dockage, say grain experts of the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture.

Many of the country elevator operators have installed grading equipment for the purpose of purchasing all wheat upon the basis of grade. Yet purchase by grade is of but little value unless the grades are fairly administered, and country buyers are urged to equip themselves with standard equipment such as that used by the licensed and federal inspectors. Fairness to all in the handling of grain turns on the purchase of grain according to its actual worth, and not upon the "mine run" basis.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Store onions in a cool, well aired place.

* * *

It is easy to combat the bean weevil by the use of carbon bisulphid.

* * *

Limestone and phosphate—the wonder workers of modern agriculture.

THIRTY DAYS TRIAL FREE AT OUR EXPENSE

You Take No Chances

You Run No Risk

The Kimberley Phonograph Company of New York City

Makes this great offer to introduce their Most Wonderful Phonograph. The best that was ever tendered the music-loving public, direct from their factory to you, at a stupendous saving of all the middleman's profit.

OUR PROPOSITION

We will ship to anyone, in any part of the country, OUR MODEL B PHONOGRAPH, similar in size, style and shape to the above illustration. Dimensions: Height 47 inches, depth 22 inches, width 21 inches. The cabinet is made of genuine Mahogany, with record compartments and sliding record holder; double art grill doors; extra heavy nickel-plated tone arm and soundbox; tone modifier; latest improved automatic stopper; automatic cover support; three needle cups and heavy nickel-plated hardware; hand-worked carvings; double spring worm gear precision motor; graduated regulator; 12 inch turntable; plays 4½ ten-inch records with one winding; can be wound while playing. The instrument is protected by lock and key.

This phonograph is sold by Retail Dealers for $250.00. We offer it to you for $150, express charges fully prepaid to your home; and after you have

USED IT THIRTY DAYS

If you are not then fully satisfied that you have the most splendid instrument of its kind at a saving to you of $100.00 you may return it to us at our expense and we will cheerfully refund your money without question or delay.

A special discount of 10% will be allowed to all Churches, Hotels or Public Organizations. To any purchaser of a Kimberley Phonograph who, after using it 30 days, finds it all that it is represented to be, we will give 10% on all sales effected through his recommendation.

THE KIMBERLEY PHONOGRAPH

Is a universal machine which will play All Makes of Records. An Ideal Christmas present for any home. WE GUARANTEE THIS MODEL B PHONOGRAPH FOR A PERIOD OF FIVE YEARS against any defects during that time.

THIS OFFER enables you to have the highest class phonograph direct from the factory on thirty days free trial without any risk whatever to you. For a limited time we will also include with this offer SIX POPULAR RECORDS which may be of your own selection if you will send us a list of the ones you prefer, and will also give you a package of needles free.

Do not delay but order immediately and send for catalogue giving full particulars. Address your letter with remittance and shipping instructions to

Kimberley Phonograph Company, Inc.
287 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

Our factory is located at Perth Amboy, N. J.

REFERENCES, THE ITALIAN DISCOUNT AND TRUST CO., NEW YORK CITY, AND PERTH AMBOY TRUST CO., PERTH AMBOY, N. J.

If a man is unusually polite a woman is apt to be suspicious of him.

Dogs are better judges of men than men are of women.

The virtue lies in the struggle, not in the prize.—Lord Houghton.

Enthusiasm sets the pace but common sense wins in a walk.

Another Royal Suggestion

DOUGHNUTS and CRULLERS

From the NEW ROYAL COOK BOOK

DOUGHNUTS! There is nothing more wholesome and delightful than doughnuts or crullers rightly made.

Doughnuts

3 tablespoons shortening
⅔ cup sugar
1 egg
⅔ cup milk
1 teaspoon nutmeg
1 teaspoon salt
3 cups flour
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

Cream shortening; add sugar and well-beaten egg; stir in milk; add nutmeg, salt, flour and baking powder which have been sifted together and enough additional flour to make dough stiff enough to roll. Roll out on floured board to about ½-inch thick; cut out. Fry in deep fat hot enough to brown a piece of bread in 60 seconds. Drain on unglazed paper and sprinkle with powdered sugar.

Crullers

4 tablespoons shortening
1 cup sugar
2 eggs
3 cups flour
1 teaspoon cinnamon
½ teaspoon salt
3 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
⅔ cup milk

Cream shortening; add sugar gradually and beaten eggs; sift together flour, cinnamon, salt and baking powder; add one-half and mix well; add milk and remainder of dry ingredients to make soft dough. Roll out on floured board to about ½-inch thick and cut into strips about 4 inches long and ½-inch wide; roll in hands and twist each strip and bring ends together. Fry in deep hot fat. Drain and roll in powdered sugar.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes.

FREE

New Royal Cook Book containing these and scores of other delightful recipes. Write for it TODAY.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. 115 Fulton Street, New York City

FOUND FLOATING

By-and-by is always too late.

Vanity is the quicksand of reason.

A room has to look careless to look cozy.

If the moon could only talk—but it can't.

Politeness eases the jolts in life's journey.

Adversity pills are seldom sugar-coated.

Let us fight evil thoughts with good actions.

If men had intuition they wouldn't trust it.

Those who are gossiped about most, gossip least.

Good taste is essentially a moral quality.—Ruskin.

If mistakes were crimes all men would be in jail.

Hope for the best and prepare against the worst.

Riches formerly had wings, but now they have wheels.

A lazy man works overtime telling others what to do.

Intervention in love is equal to a declaration of war.

Few love to hear the sins they love to act.—Shakespeare.

It is the motive, the great purpose, that consecrates life.

Idleness travels so slowly that poverty soon overtakes it.

It is a good rule to be deaf when a slanderer begins to talk.

Some people find it easier to get married than to stay so.

He who praises men and flatters women has many friends.

Getting along on a past reputation gives a half-starved look.

No ray of glory lights the breast that beats for self alone.

You would not think any duty small if you yourself were great.

'Twere better to strive and fail, than never to strive at all.

If opportunities were females more men would embrace them.

If a man lives up to his wife's expectations he is always busy.

Why does a man invariably move the chair when he sits down?

Fear makes some dodge responsibility, but laziness makes more.

When doctors disagree the patient has a fighting chance for his life.

After 30 you can't make anybody mad by not inviting him to a picnic.

Some folks' self-admiration proves that there is no accounting for tastes.

Don't meet troubles half way. It is capable of making the entire journey.

Don't put off until tomorrow the thing some one will do for you today.

Time may be money, but doing time in a jail isn't a remunerative occupation.

It sometimes happens that a man hits an enemy a hard blow by ignoring him.

This world owes much to misers. They accumulate wealth for others to enjoy.

Curtis and McDonald

OFFERS

Beulah Poynter's Beautiful Play

Lena Rivers

From Mary J. Holmes' Novel

A Play

With	Without
The love story so dear to womenkind, Romantic Picturesque, and Quaint characters; comedy, tears and climaxes beautiful scenery and customes.	Sensationalism A Murder, A Wronged Woman A Bloodthirsty Villain A Mortgaged Farm A Railroad Train A Wrecked Auto A Headache

At the Idle Hour Theatre---One Night Only

Friday Nov., 5

Everybody goes to see "Lena"

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

Wall Paper

We have just received 2,000 rolls of wall paper. Come in now and make selection.

Corn Huskrs, Look

For chapped hands and sore wrists. Come in and we will fix you out. Use Huskum, Huskers Liniment or Kahrs own preperation---Rose Toliet Cream, it is best for chapped hands and faces.

E. S. D. KAHRS

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

Local Mention

Mrs. A. Ahrenkiel of Goodell, was a Klemme visitor Saturday.

Miss Goll was a Garner visitor between trains Tuesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lau and Mr. and Mrs. Wes Lau, drove to Mason City last Thursday on business.

Chas. Gibbs, our office devil No. 1, went to Garner on business Tuesday morning.

Miss Edna Katter of Garner was visiting Klemme friends one day last week.

Mrs. Hans Nielson, of Goodell, was a Klemme visitor between trains last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Beard, of Belmond, were vsiting in Klemme on Thursday.

Mrs. William Lau and Mrs. Olive Liscomb, of Garner, were calling on Klemme friends Friday evening.

Charlie Schoenwetter of Garner, was around Klemme Monday shaking hands with old friends.

Mrs. L. L. Putnam, of Belmond, was shopping in Klemme between trains last Thursday.

Mrs. C. L. Blumer was a caller at Goodell between trains last week one day.

Miss Gladys Wenig was a Garner caller Tuesday morning between trains.

Mrs. Dan Miller and Mrs. Henry Griffin, both of Goodell, were Klemme shoppers and visitors Monday between trains.

Mrs. Chas. Medaus and children, from east of Klemme a few miles, were visitors at Garner between trains last Thursday.

Mr. Gimer's mother, who has been here visiting with him and his family for the past three weeks, has returned to her home at Abbott, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Jenison and children and Mrs. Pletch and Mrs. Cortland Morse, all of Belmond, were visiting in Klemme ast week Tuesday.

N. L. Palmer was a business caller at the town of Goodell last Thursday.

H. D. Mason and Frank Underkoffer, of Clear Lake, were business callers in this city Friday.

Mr. Fred Baumgartner, of Bonetseel, South Dakota, was here last week on Tuesday visiting with his brother, John the barber, and his family.

Miss Sylvia Brooks spent the week end visiting with friends and relatives at Belmond. Miss Brooks is one of our ura lteachers and teaches in the Barrick school near Klemme.

G. P. McCullough and R. A. Jorgenson drove to Garner Sunday morning. The object of the visit being to participate as main factors in eating a chicken.

Mrs. C. H. Tompkins and children, and Mrs. Riley, of Garner, were in Klemme last Wednesday. They had been to see Mr. Tompkins who was in the hospital at Belmond recovering from a tonsil operation.

Mr. John Baumgartner, Sr., came Saturday fo a short visit with his son, John and family. The elder Mr. Baumgartner has broken up housekeeping since the death of his wife and will spend his time visiting among his sons and daughtrs.

J. P. Jennings and his crew of men left last Thursday for Emmetsburg, Iowa, their home. Mr. Jennings has several contracts to put in water mains but on account of the scarcity of material he was forced to lay off for the balance of the year.

Supt. Cllins spent Sunday with his family at Eldora. The Professor has a good way figured out to go to his hme. He goes to Iowa Falls and then his wife meets him there with the car as Eldra is only a short distance from Iowa Falls. He gets back the same way and gets here in time for school Monday morning.

Miss Hulda Johnson came over from Mason City Saturday evening to spend Sunday with her folks here. She returned Monday afternoon. Miss Hulda and her friend, Mrs. Fredericks of Mason City, plan to leave for California about the first of December to spend the winter months in the land of sunshine. They will make their stay in the west with Mrs. Frederick's parents, who live there.

It will be no trouble for this baby to remember her birthday when she grows up for she was born on Hallowe'en. Mr. and Mrs. Albert Etchen are the happy parents of a fine ten pound girl who arrived Sunday afternoon, October 31st. All concerned are doing nicely with the exception of Albert. He is jubilant over the matter that we doubt if he will recover for some time.

M. O. Barr moved from the rooms over the Gruetzmacher harness shop to the Mrs. Fuller house, located just north of her new residence.

Miss Steffa Fuls, of Baleyville, Ill. has been here for a week or more visiting at the Ben Swalve home. Miss Fuls and Mrs. Sualve are sisters.

N. G. Moberly has a sale ad in this issue of the Times. Look it over, he has some fine stock to offer at the sale.

Mrs. Joe Johnson retnrned last Thursday from a three weeks trip in Illinois. She visited relitives and friends at Chicago, Evanston and Seneca.

For the time being at least, we are going to crown Herman Schleusner champion beet raiser of this section of Iowa. Last week Herman finished hanling the beets from a fonr and one-quarter acre patch, and his weigdts indicated 87½ tons, or $1050 worth of beets. A large per cent of these beets averaged from ten to eleven pounds each. The land upon which these beets were raised has been for a number of years used as a hog pasture, and was very rich. Herman's experience should teach other beet raiserr that the best and most profitable way of raising beets is to plant a small acreage on good fertile ground, aud see to it that they are intensively cultivatec.
—Democrat.

Charles Gibbs came from Big Lake, Minnesota, last Wednesday evening on a business mission. While here he also made lt a point to visit relatives and friends. He left again Friday for the north.

The Faith Cure.

"Mamma," said little Betty, "my kitty is sick and I have been trying to give her some of my medicine, but she won't take it." "Of course not," replied her mother. "Cats never take medicine when they are ill." "Well, I declare!" exclaimed Betty. "Who'd think a little kitten like that would use the faith cure?"

DISPERSION SALE

High Class Holsteins

At the J. T. Galford Farm 6 miles we and ¼ miles south of Mason City. mile south of Moore's crossing on terurban.

Thursday, Nov. 18th

This sale of Holstein cattle will be held in connecti with the farm sale due to the fact that the farm has b sold, consists of 3 herd bulls, one a son of Sir Veem Hengerveld, a bull having 120 A. R. O. daughters, 1 them being above 30 lbs. in 7 days. The other is proven Ormsby sire.

They are selling a fine bunch of heifers sired by t above sires.

Farm Sale begins at 11 o'clock
Cattle Sale sharply at 1 o'clock

Send For Catalog

J. T. Galford, Estate

Clear Lake, Iowa

Grimm & Miller, Auctioneers

Big Price Cutting SALE

A large quanity of seasonable merchandise which we brought at auction in Chicago is being sold at remarkably low prices. In the lot you will find Blankets, woolen piece goods, hosiery underwear, toweling etc.

In connection with this much staple merchandise has been greatly reduced.

Winter Coats and Fall Suits

150 garments are being sold at a discount of 25 to 50 per cent. There are a number of classy plush sport coats. Nifty fall suits and a variaty of coats for the ladies and children. These are going fast and it will pay you to come early.

Skirts and Dresses

In this lot there are some very nifty numbers in fancy plaid shirts pleated plain and prettily trimmed ones. The dresses too are very classy in wool serge poiret twills, and tristones. Also a few very fine silk dresses. These will be sold at 33⅓ per cent discount.

Wash Satins and Messalline	$1.98
Ladies Silk Hose No. 5190, regular $2 values	98c
Pepperel Sheeting 9-4 bleached	69c
Pepperel Sheeting 9-4 unbleached	63c
Blankets $8.00 values	$5.50
Blankets slightly soiled	$4.25
Ladies Hats are being offered at unusual prices.	
Traveling Bags	20 per cent off
Cotton Flannel Gloves	$1.75 doz.
White Gabardine	30c to 50c Yard
Furs have been cut to a very low price. These are of the well known Gordon make.	

The Liebenstein Co., Inc.

GARNER **IOWA**

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fifth Year Number 10 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, November 11, 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

SHOULD RESIGN AND LET HARDING MAKE EARLY PEACE; CLAIM

President Has Opportunity To Regard Voice of People, Says Commoner

CHICAGO:—William Jennings Bryan in Chicago today, gave out a statement suggesting that "President Wilson should resign at once."

"Now that the American people have decisively decided against the League of Nations as written by the president," said Mr. Bryan, "it would seem desirable to carry out the verdict immediately. This can be easily done. The president should resign at once and turn over his office to Mr. Marshall, on the condition that on the convening of congress in December, Mr. Marshall appoint Senator Harding secretay of state and himself resign.

"The law then would make Mr. Harding president and with the Republican support in congress, he could at once put into operation the plan for the United States to enter into an association of nations for peace.

"As world peace is a thing near to the president's heart, he can hardly refuse to hasten the coming of peace by so small a sacrifice if it could be called a sacrifice to escape three months combat with a hostile congress supported as it is by the recent vote.

WINTER CARE OF THE TRACTOR

Useless Used for Odd Jobs it Should Be Properly Stored

Iowa tractor owners, who are not going to use the tractor thruout the winter, should pay some attention to "laying-up" the machine before freezing weather sets in. Here are some pointers given by the agricultural engineering section of Iowa State College.

House the machine in a warm place if possible, since this will save time if any repair work is to be done. If not, see that the water is drained out of the radiator or cooling system. Start the machine up for a few moments so as to circulate the water and work it out of the pump. Running the tractor slowly for a few minutes will drain out all the water and give enough heat to dry the pipes thoroly.

The carburetor, being full of gasolene, should be drained and dried. The carburetor has a float and this will become damaged if allowed to stand in gasolene all winter.

If there is a storage battery on the tractor it should be removed and placed in a place where it will not freeze or dry out. Any garage will give it proper attention for a few dollars for the winter, which will be cheaper than uning it by neglect.

If repairs are needed now is the time to order them so that they will be ready for the spring work.

Minor cleaning, as to grease cups, holes for grease and many things of lesser importance, can be done at odd times. Look over all bearings and see that they are in good shape. A good tractor farmer will give the machine the same care as he used to give his horses.

A "HUMAN TAPE LINE"

In our rounds about the town for news we sometimes run onto queer things and this one is sure a peach. Down at "Zip" McCullough's barber shop the other day they got to arguing as to the height of the room. There being no measuring stick at hand the problem was a deep one but not too deep for that gang. Here is how they measured the ceiling: "Zip" who is six feet and three inches short stood against the wall but his head was far from the ceiling. Henry Suckow was there and he donated one of his crutches to the cause and this was placed on top of "Zip's" head, but then how long was the crutch? Chris Gram solved this as he happened to remember his feet are just 12 inches long. Chris stepped off the distance on the walking stick and made marks. The total was then figured up and they found the ceiling to be nine feet and six inches high. Now anyone having any measuring to do just call on "Zip" the barber, "Hank" the banker and Chris the auto mechanic. They will solve all your measuring problems without the use of a yard stick, rule or tape measure.

YELLOW CORN BEST FEED

Tests Show Better Results Than With White Corn

Yellow corn as a hog feed is better than white corn, says John Evvard, swine expert with the Iowa Agricultural Experiment Station. According to Mr. Evvard, white corn does not contain the necessary vitamines which make the animal grow, vitamines being the new soluble fats found in such products as butter, grains and fresh succulent crops.

Tests have recently shown that pigs which were fed yellow corn in a ration excelled those fed white corn. Tests made with rats show very conclusively in a number of tests that the yellow corn is best.

"Rats," says Mr. Evvard, "do well on the same feeds as hogs, so we can use them for a comparison, since thy are smaller, easier and cheaper to handle.

"Further work is to be done on this test but for the present it would be worth the farmers while to use yellow corn especially if he is buying it. If this is impossible use white and yellow mixed.

"In the winter, added to white corn feed alfalfa hay, skim milk, butter milk, carrots and some pumpkins or tankge . These substances all contain vitamines.

"Sell the white corn to starch factories adn feed the yellow. If not enough yellow is present then feed the young stock the yellow and the older stock the white corn."

OLDEST WOMAN VOTED EARLIEST IN HANCOCK; NO NEGLECTED HOMES

GARNER—The women here voted as though to the manner born and as yet no reports are out because of neglected household duties while prforming this civic duty.

Many women who previously expressed no wish to vote, felt that so long as voting had become their privilege it had now become a duty. Men in general were gratified with the result of the women's first voting. In place of adding to the labors of election, they appeared to be lightened. At any rate the entire count of Concord township was completed at 11 o'clock the evening of election day.

Mrs. Anton Avery, who is in her 90th year, was the first woman to cast her ballot and as it was quite early in the morning, she was probably the first woman in the county to vote. This was most fitting, as she was the first white woman to come to Hancock county and endured the hardships of the early settlers.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Communion srvice Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock in Liberty township church. Rev. G .H. Wessel of Burt, Iowa, will deliver the sermon in the morning and in the evening. There will be no services in the town church next Sunday. All are requested to worshp with us out in the country church.

A. H. Meyer

ANOTHER IMPROVEMENT

Where formerly there stood an old coal house in Main Street near the Rock Island tracks will in the future be a little park. Workmen have put a curb around the half-moon shaped little piece of ground and have it all filled in. In the spring the plot will be seeded down and white cobble stones will form the name "KLEMME" in the center. Passengers alighting from the train or going thru Klemme will be favorably impressed with a beautiful little park and will know that Klemme is a live town and believes in having things look nice.

SALE POSTPONED

The N. G. Moberly sale which was to have been held in Klemme last Saturday has been postponed on account of the bad weather and so will be held at the Klemme livery barn this Saturday afternoon, t 2:00 P. M.

FOR SALE—Five High Grade Holstein Heifers, past two years old. Chas. Ax. 10–2c

FOUND—A watch, owner can have same by proving property and paying for this ad. Reginald Houghton, Goodell. 10–1c.

Through its Health Service the American Red Cross has begun a nation-wide concentrated effort in co-operation with established organizations to reduce greatly the amount of preventable disease and physical defects found among the country's 106,000,000 population. Education is its most powerful tool. Special attention is devoted to children, and this picture shows a typical Red Cross welfare clinic where little ones are treated and mothers instructed in the proper care of them.

Health is at the foundation of human happiness. Through its Rural Service, Public Health Nursing Service and Health Center Service, the American Red Cross aims greatly to strengthen this foundation and to draw more closely than ever the neighborly ties that bind the American people together. Here is shown a Red Cross Public Health nurse attending a young mother with a brand new baby, seeing that both receive scientific care.

But for the work of American Red Cross agents in all regions of Poland during the last twelve months, hundreds of thousands of people in that tragic country today would be under the sod, victims of hunger, disease and exposure. The job in Poland is one of tremendous proportions and cannot be abandoned for many months to come. Here is a typical scene: A Red Cross worker "at the throttle" of a soup kitchen where hundreds of undernourished women and children are fed daily.

We Have.

R. J. S. wants to know if we have ever met the people who never go to bed, but retire; who never sleep, but slumber; who never get up, but rise; who never eat, but dine; who never drink, but indulge; who never talk, but converse; who never read, but peruse; who never buy, but purchase, and who never get sick, but become ill?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Water-Loving Trees.

Water-loving trees along streams often consume more water than they save. Estimates are that a beech forest will transpire nearly 50 per cent of an annual precipitation of 20 inches, while a coniferous forest but eight per cent of the same or like precipitation.

Fireweed's Good Work.

Fireweed, otherwise known as the "great willow-herb," seems to have been created as an antidote for one of the ugliest sights a landscape may offer—burnt-over ground. The fireweed is a genuine cosmopolite, for it sends its consoling shaft above the ashes of burnt forests not only throughout America but in Europe and Asia.

King David's Militia.

King David organized a national militia, divided into 12 regiments, under their respective officers, each of which was called out for one month in the year. At the head of the army when in active service he appointed a commander in chief.

CENTENARIAN CASTS BALLOT FOR HARDING; IOWA'S OLDEST VOTER

IOWA FALLS,—Ellis township in this county probably holds the record for the oldest lady voter at the polls, last Tuesday Miss Margaret Hillhouse who makes her home with Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Carpenter, cast her vote for Harding and the rest of the Republican ticket. Miss Hillhouse will be one hundred years old on January 4. Another voter well along in years is Mrs. J. R. Brower of this city, who is in her 90th year and cast her vote for the G. O. P. ticket. Mrs. Brower is a pioneer resident of this city.

FLAGS HALF-MAST NOV. 14

President Wilson has issued a proclamation calling for flying flags at half-mast at all forts and naval stations and on all public buidings throughout the land on Armistice Day, which has been designated for Sunday, Nov. 14th, this year. The Armistice was signed November 11th, 1918, but as it is largely the churches that will celebrate the signing of the Armistice with memorial services it was thought best to set aside Sunday as the most convenient day. The president predicts that at some future time congress will by law set aside a day for the observance of this anniversary.

MULCH STRAWBERRIES NOW

Freezing Weather is the Time to Mulch Them for Winter

Strawberres should be covered with straw or leaves as soon as the ground begins to freeze, says C. V. Holsinger, horticulturist at Iowa State College.

In using straw for this purpose it is a good idea to shake the straw over to get rid of all the grain which might have been left in the straw by the threshing process. This will avoid grass growing in the patch next spring. This also will remove weed seeds.

If leaves are used it is a good plan to fasten them down at first so that they wll not blow away. Straw, once it has settled will remain. If straw is placed on snow it will also stay better.

WHY

The Robin Is Not a Foe to the Orchardist

A long time ago some one got the notion that the common American robin is a foe to the orchardist and berry grower. The alleged discovery was promptly published broadcast and the fruit grower loaded his shotgun and went forth to slay the robin.

The fruit grower's investigation into the food habits of the robin went no further than observing that he sometimes ate cherries. It never occurred to the man with the shotgun to examine the contents of his victim's stomach. If he had done so with a mind open to conviction a surprise would have met him. The robins do eat early fruit, but the quantity is small in proportion to the number of insects they destroy.

The robin's diet consists chiefly of moths, butterflies, caterpillars, earth worms, cutworms and other creatures that the farmer can very well spare. The small fruit that the bird consumes is only his dessert after meat.

If the robin plucks small apples from one's trees, it would be well to examine the apples before killing the bird. He may be doing one a great service. Probably you will find that he has not eaten the young apple after all, but has dropped it on the ground. A little further investigation will show that it contained a larva of the destructive coddling moth; the bird was not after the apple, but the larva.

Nestling birds live wholly on insect food. There were once watched a pair of robins that had their nest on a porch cap. From the time the young were hatched until they were ready to leave the nest the parents visited them on the average once every fifteen minutes, and brought at each visit from one to three insects.

FIGURES IN MANY LEGENDS

Why Have Black Cats Been Considered Lucky?—Numerous Superstitions Concerning Them.

Why have black cats nearly always been accounted lucky?

Ireland is by no means the only place where superstitions about black cats are or were rife. In Egypt cats were regarded with great reverence. Archeologists have found them in tombs of kings and princes.

Australians have a curious legend about cats. Mityaro, the moon, they say, was a native cat, who fell in love with some one else's wife, and was driven away to wander ever since. To them a cat, black, gray or white, prophesies only bad luck.

In Japan and China a black cat is regarded as a dangerous demon, often possessing as many as two or three forked tails, and having the power to change itself into an old woman.

The Chinese believe if a cat leaps on or walks over a corpse it will cause the corpse to rise up at once. Any person passing through the room would be in danger of being seized by the corpse when in that state, and would be killed immediately.

Why Chopsticks Are Favored.

Chopsticks as table tools are being used more and more in American families, who find much to recommend them in the way of cleanliness and convenience. Ivory ones can be whipped clean as the proverbial hound's tooth with a single motion, while the more common wooden ones are simply tossed away like a burnt match.

Japanese of the higher order, who ban our idea of pocket handkerchiefs, never travel without their chopsticks, or "hashis," as they call them, and in all Japanese restaurants hashis are served with every order, each pair sealed in a rice paper envelope, appropriately inscribed. These are of wood, separated by a slit which goes only part way, so they must be torn apart before using. This is a further guarantee that each is an original package.

Why Sunshine Is Necessary.

Attempts to avoid the British by-laws that provide a window area equal to one-tenth of the area of the room are frequent, says a writer in the Journal of the Royal Sanitary Institute. Sunshine is generally treated with indifference. In the crowded cities, bedrooms exist into which a direct ray of sunshine never enters.

Investigations on the Continent reveal the fact that children in badly lit schools suffer from short sight eight times more than children in well lighted schools. The effect of cross light is most detrimental to children's sight, yet we find cross lighting in comparatively recent schools in the British Isles.

Similar investigations applied in the case of dwellings would no doubt show that there was a benefit to be derived from direct sunshine.

Why Teachers Die Young.

Persons not in touch with the schoolroom realize only on rare occasions that schoolboy "howlers" flourish as luxuriantly today as ever. Sometimes a few samples published in a newspaper or college magazine serve as reminders, sometimes a street car passenger will garner a choice specimen from the talk of a group of chattering pupils on their way to school. Only the other day two boys were overheard quizzing one another in preparation for their English lesson for the day. "What is personification?" the first boy asked, looking at the book. The second boy's reply was in the nature of a terrific and oblique condensation of the correct answer: "Personification is a metaphor without human intelligence."

Soldier's Preference Was for Something of Which He Could Make General Use.

A British general who was commandant of a district in India had presented the prizes at the garrison sports, and was rather surprised when one of the prize-winners, a private in an infantry regiment, approached him a few days later and begged to know if he would be allowed to change his prize for something more useful.

"What was your prize?" asked the general.

In reply, the man produced a long case under his arm, and showed a handsome pair of meat carvers.

"Very nice, I am sure," said the general. "What do you want to change them for?"

"Well, you see, sir," replied the man, "I would rather have a knife and fork of the size to eat meat with."—Edinburgh Scotchman.

SHE DIDN'T KNOW CHAUNCEY

Or Woman Reporter Would Never Have Asked the Veteran a Question Like That.

Chauncey Depew was accosted in the lobby of a hotel at Chicago by a woman reporter from Los Angeles, who asked his name, and duly recorded it.

"Where are you from?" she asked.

"Peekskill," replied Mr. Depew.

"Where's that?"

"In New York."

"Are you a delegate?"

"Yes."

"Who are you for?"

"Butler."

"Who is your second choice, Mr. Depew?"

"My dear young woman," Mr. Depew replied with a twinkle, "if I were courting you, and you had not answered, do you suppose I would tell you my second choice?"

For Sale--Wants

Thoroughbred Hogs

FOR SALE—A year old Duroc Jersey Boar, also several choice Chester White male pigs. Wm. Bell. 8-tfc

For sale at bargain prices

I have for sale at bargain prices a few choice Fall and a number of Spring Pigs, these are priced to sell and must be moved before December 1st. These Duroc Jersey Hogs are guarnteed to be breeders, papers furnished. EMIL W. LAU, Klemme, Iowa. 7—tfc.

Real Estate For Sale

FOR SALE—My residence property, well located, one block north of park, and three blocks from Main street. South front, sleeping porch, some apple and shade trees, 3½ lots. Inlaid Musfelt. 8–tfc.

Farm For Rent

FOR RENT—An eighty acre farm in Avery Township. Fred Wilkins. 7-2p.

NOTICE—We were awfully disappointed in not seeing you come in to pay your 1920 account. It is due and we can't do business on wind. Come in at once. Henry Lau & Son. 8–tfc.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

Ben A. Reemstma

Farm and General

AUCTIONEER

Sales conducted to insure the owners highest approval. See me for dates and terms:

Phone 508

KLEMME, IOWA

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

HAVE A SMILE

Something Worth While.

"This machine will save labor." "Aw, why don't some of you smart guys invent a substitute for work?"

True to Form.

Folly—"The doctor says he has saved her life nine times." Dolly—"I always did think she was a cat."—Judge.

Apprehensive.

"Why do you speak so kindly of pajama drama?"

"Anything to dodge bathrobes."

Injuring the Profession.

"Here's a man says the freak business is falling off." "He's right. Too many outside of sideshows."

Modern Maxims.

"Hitch your wagon to a star."

"What advice have you for motorists?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Certainly Not.

Jones—Do as you want to be done by.

Bones—But I don't want to be done.—Chicago Journal.

Seems So.

"Well, the saloon is out of politics." "Sure is. The golf links have the call now."

Naturally.

"What do you think ought to be the typical summer flower?"

"The ice plant."

Waste.

Samson pulled down the temple.

"Heavens, man," we cried, "don't you know how scarce buildings are?"

The Meaning.

"Why does a bride carry a shower bouquet?" "That's easy; to show she intends to reign."

Wise Woman.

"He tells his wife everything." "So?" "Yes, but she only believes a part of it."

So Says Tradition.

"I want to say it with flowers."

"Here are some daisies."

"But daisies won't tell."

The Likeness.

"These labor troubles are proceeding like clockwork." "Yes, they do seem to have the strike habit."

No Use.

"What's the professor working on?"

"A microbe."

"What's the use of inventing more?"

Naturally.

"I put my foot in it today."

"What did you do?"

"Tried on a new pair of shoes."

Her Statue.

"She is perfectly crazy about cake and bread making." "I see; she is a regular dough nut."

Bang!

"Say, dad, what is a vicious circle?"

"A punctured tire, my son."

Society Sports.

Stella—Is she a social climber?

Bella—Yes, indeed, she goes in for uplift, cup lift and pup lift.

Know the Sort?

Stella—Is her temper a flash in the pan?

Bella—No, it is a fireless cooker.—New York Sun and Herald.

SOMETHING NEW TO MOTHER

Dear Old Lady Had a Good Deal to Learn About the Latest Idea in Silk Stockings.

Styles may come and styles may go, but an old-fashioned mother like Bab's can't be expected to keep abreast with the latest creations. She is always looking after the welfare of the family, whether it is preparing father's choice dish or skimping her own needs so that Johnny or Bab may keep up appearances with the twentieth century younger set.

Mother recently was going over the week's washing, putting a patch here, catching a button there and seeing to it that the stockings were carefully mended. She came across a pair of stockings that Bab had purchased the week before. They were the latest thing dictated by fashion, the lisle stocking with lace designs on the sides, which very much resembles the lowly "run."

"And bless you, mother sewed up every one of them," giggled Bab to a friend, a few days later, "and they cost me $8 a pair, too."

NO MERCY FOR THE FLIRT

According to Dream, Modern Girl Met With Deserved Condemnation at St. Peter's Hands.

Cortlandt Bleeker was talking at Piping Rock about the modern girl.

"I had a dream last night," he said. "I dreamed that a modern girl died and appeared before St. Peter.

"She wore a gown of filmy, almost transparent tissue. She was very beautiful, and she had a conquering air.

"'Let me in, please,' she said. 'My sweethearts were numberless, but my virtue remained unspotted. Though I skated over miles of thin ice, I never once fell through. I am a modern girl.'

"But St. Peter frowned and said, pointing downwards with his forefinger:

"'I condemn you to the same flames to which you condemned your foolish lovers.'"

Put to Good Use.

One day my husband invited a former school chum of his for dinner, writes a correspondent. He arrived about four o'clock, but my husband had not yet come home. Our little son Philip was playing around with our guest, who gave him a quarter. When it came time to prepare dinner I discovered that I did not have enough potatoes and the only money I had was a ten dollar bill. Fearing to send the little fellow to the store with it, I called him out and told him to go and get the potatoes with his quarter and when daddy came home I would give it back to him. Seated later at the dinner table the man playfuly pinched Philip's cheek, and asked him what he did with his quarter, to which Philip responded, "O, mother took it to buy potatoes."

A Valley Forge Kettle.

According to the Carthage Press, Charles Sanders, a resident of Carthage, has an iron kettle that has an interesting history. It was used to bake bread for General George Washington and his army during the severe winter at Valley Forge. The kettle was given Mr. Sanders by his mother. It is the heavy iron type that was used for baking before the appearance of ovens and cook stoves. Mrs. William Satterfield used it when she was living at Valley Forge in 1776. It was later given her daughter, who used it until her death, at 110 years of age, when it was given to Mrs. J. V. Sanders, the mother of the present owner.—Kansas City Times.

Popular—Indeed.

Mrs. W. had just brought home her new hat and was exhibiting it to her husband hoping to win his approval thereby. He looked at it critically. "Yes," she chirruped, "it's real old-fashioned. Just look at the flowers—poppies and petunias and nasturtiums and see here—this wheat."

"Um huh," Mr. W. nodded his approval. "But if you wanted this hat to be popular, Mary, why didn't you have them change this wheat on your hat to rye?"

Bamboo for Paper Making.

According to Sir Harry Johnston, the famous African explorer, the inexhaustible supply of grasses, reeds and rushes of tropical Africa can be utilized in making paper. William Raitt, the cellulose expert of the British government, points out many serious difficulties in making paper from these grasses, but says that these are not found in bamboo, which renews itself annually.

Earthquakes in the United States.

In 1919 the United States was shaken eighty-seven times by earthquakes. In 1918 it was shaken 127 times. Few of these quakes were sufficiently strong to be felt except by the seismographs of the United States weather bureau.

Splendid Achievement.

To free oneself from the restraint of outer authority may not be difficult, but to make one's new freedom subject to the shaping and guiding power of inner law is the supreme achievement of the human will.—Ralph Philip Boas.

Waiter, One Dish "Milhi!"

The Chinese are very fond of an extraordinary dish called "milhi," which is made of live new-born mice dipped in honey.

For our readers of the Times who do not live here we will inform them that anothe cold wave has struck this section. Friday evening rain set in and kept going until Monday night when it turned colder and a mixture of rain and snow fell Tuesday. Time to get the furnace going full swing now.

A few from here drove to Mason City last Wednesday evening to see the musical comedy, "My Sunshine Lady."

Paul Stille went to Fort Dodge last Thursday on a business trip.

Marlin Croner returned last Wednesday from his trip to Garnet, Kansas, and Kansas City, Mo. He drove his car all the way and struck bad roads both going and coming.

Playing a Deep Game.

Ethel had been shopping with her mother. When they returned home she was tired and hungry, and, prompted by a desire for a good meal, she said: "Mamma, let's play I'm your guest and am going to stay for dinner."

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE

I have a brand new Rex Visible No. 4, also good second hand Remington Typewriter for sale at a bargain. M. O. Barr. 8–tfc.

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105

RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments

Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

The City Dray Line

—Is prepared to do your haul carefully and promptly. We solicit your patronage. Charges reasonable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly

Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal cheap.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

No Charges No Approvals

SAX LADIES SHOP

No Exchanges No C. O. D.'s

101 No Federal Mason City, Iowa

OUR ANNUAL SEMI-CLERANCE SALE

Starts Saturday, Nov. 11

All Ladies Suits, Coats, Dresses, Skirts, Blouse, Millinery, and Ready to wear, 1-2 Price

Right in the heart of the season we are offering the ladies of this vicinity their unrestricted choice of any garment in our large stock at just ½ the former Price. We do this to dispose of our entire stock as we never carry over merchandise from one season to another. What is our loss is your gain, so come expecting wonderful values, you'll not be disappointed.

All Styles All Sizes All 1-2 Price

Don't Miss

THE TRAIL BLAZER

THE MOST GIGANTIC PRICE SMASHING

Clothing Sale

Ever Staged in Northern Iowa. Come Tomorrow!

The order has been given--

SPARE NOTHIN'

Every item of mens and boys clothing and furnishings in this tremendous stock of high grade merchandise has been cut to the mercy of the public

Word Pictures Fail to Describe the Wondor

PRICE HAVOC!

Think of buying these at 1-4, 1-3 and 1-2 off

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats, Boys Suits and Overcoats, Mens Hats and Caps, Mens Underwear, Boys Underwear, Boys Shirts and Blouses, and so forth.

We could fill a page naming articles and prices. We haven't time to write them—you haven't time to read—All we say is come tomorrow and Get in on the Big Bargain Feast.

WE BLAZE THE TRAIL TO LOWER PRICES!

Remember Everything Goes At

Gildner Bros.

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Iowa's Largest Clothiess

Mason City, Iowa

We have just received a full line of.---

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Silverware

Fountain Pens etc.

We handle the Big Ben Clock.

Also have fine line of watches in the following well known makes--

West Bend Waltham

Elgin Ingersolls

E. S. D. KAHRS

Druggist Klemme, Iowa

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars

Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

COMRADES OF PERIL

By RANDALL PARRISH

Copyright A. C. McClurg & Co.

"SOME SCHEME."

opsis.—Tom Shelby, a rancher, into the frontier town of a looking for a good time r a long spell of hard work loneliness on the ranch. In- d, he runs into a funeral—that Dad Calkins, a retired army of whom little is known. A still in her teens, survives kins. McCarthy, a saloon keep- nd Ponca's leading citizen, de- s that the girl, now alone in world, should marry.

CHAPTER II—Continued.

—2—

ou go at it right—yes. This is ting proposition. That's where make a hit. Say we limit the s to a dozen, or maybe fifteen; fellows will bite at it like hun- h. Everyone of them duffers ink he's a lady's man. I know and there never was a young in pants who didn't secretly be- he was a regular lady-killer. what's going to round them a bunch; we'll give the girl a to take her pick. That's fair , isn't it?"

by laughed, the situation as wiftly outlined appealing sud- to his sense of humor.

t's sure some scheme," he ad- cheerily, "and I'd rather like it pulled off. But it's my no- hat the girl is liable to create disturbance. She didn't noways

Girl Ain't Even Halter Broke Yet."

to me like the sort who could iven. It's my idea that girl ain't halter broke yet, let alone willin' t in double harness. Ain't that uth, Mac?"

lby lit a cigar, waiting for the keeper to deliver his decision.

e's a bit odd, an' sorter bull- d, yer might say," the latter said . "That's true enough, Tom. I time gettin' her to go through ceremonies this afternoon. She wanted Old Dad planted quiet- She's mighty liable to be offish the preacher first puts this pro- on up to her. Likely as not she'll a fit, but we'll fetch her up trough just the same. You ain't y better scheme, have yer? The way ter save a girl out in this ry is ter marry her—ain't that

reckon it is. Got yer gang lined et?"

t yet; there's a plenty to choose an' I aim ter write out the list at the saloon. How about you?" e? Not on your life, Mac; this my funeral."

u'll help us out, though?"

e; I'll talk it over with the boys get 'em interested. I'll even fifty dollars into the jack pot ve the happy couple a start. 's nothin' that will put more 'pep' a prospective bridegroom than a o' money in sight. You two s figure it out an' I'll go over e saloon and, sorter quite-like, he boys out a bit. Where'll you an hour?"

my office. Who was you aiming k with?"

, Cady, Jim Mack, 'Rowdy' Egan hat bunch. They are the boys imin' to interest, I reckon. How of a jack pot do you aim to ?"

Carthy pondered a moment, his cupped in his hand.

ell, I'll blow in two-fifty an' I n there are those who would it to a right smart figure. You talk a couple o' thousand, Tom. er say, that'll be quite a feature, there ain't no reason why we dn't pull the affair off ternight." e delicious and delicate humor of ituation was what particularly ap- d to Shelby—the affair promised ement and a good laugh. He was even convinced that the scheme might work and thus really prove a benefit to the girl, if she only chose wisely; but at present his main interest centered on the fun he expected to extract from the preliminaries.

He had already decided on a general course of action; he would approach those whom he considered worthy, in a strictly diplomatic way, judiciously hinting at the possibility of Old Dad Calkins' girl being an heiress and suggesting the advantage of her being sought in early marriage. It was merely an idea he proposed to advance, to be implanted in their minds, that she should not be allowed to escape from the community with all that money, nor snapped up by some mercenary stranger.

During the next half hour Shelby managed to interview at least a half dozen whom he considered eligible bachelors or lonely widowers, artfully selecting those known to be of a somewhat sportive disposition, to whom such a proposition as he had to offer might naturally appeal. A few of these treated the suggestion profanely; others were rather evasive, but the majority thus diplomatically approached evinced sufficient interest to yield much encouragement. His wares had been brought to a good market and Old Dad's girl, rendered particularly attractive by a "dot" running up into the thousands, would find plenty of eager suitors. Now that the rumor of her eligibility was being privately circulated from mouth to mouth, any unnecessary delay would only render the affair more complicated.

He would report at once the success of his mission and urge his coconspirators to immediate action. It would sure be a fine sight to see these fellows lined up while that girl looked them over, deliberately making a choice. Suddenly his gaze rested on a young man, dejectedly hanging over the end of the bar, arguing with a bartender, who only shook his head impassively. Shelby moved along until he ranged up beside the fellow.

"What's your name?"

"Joe Macklin."

"They call you 'Kid,' don't they, 'round here?"

"Sure; mostly. What are yer drivin' at, anyhow?"

"Why, this. I got a ranch over on the Cottonwood, an' come in here to pick up a cow-hand. I got a half-breed, but I need another. That's where I stand."

"What'll it pay?"

"Forty dollars. You got a horse?"

"Well, the critter looks like one; turned out in Powell's corral, but I ain't got no money to pay fer his feed. Yer'll have ter blow me some coin."

"All right; here's ten and I'll pay Powell for the horse keep. You show up here sober at ten tomorrow, or else I'll leave you here; that's straight."

He strode away across the big crowded room and opened a door at the further end. Stepping across the threshold he closed the door behind him and faced McCarthy and the ex-preacher from Buffalo Gap, both of whom glanced up expectantly. Shelby leaned back against the wall and contemplated the two, chewing on the butt of a cigar.

"Well," he said bluntly, "the cards are stacked, gents; now, all you got to do is to play your hands."

"What do you mean? The boys are for it?"

"Hungry and snapping. I talked to quite a bunch. The one thing I'm afraid of is that some galoot may take a notion to hunt the girl up before we can get things into shape. That's why I hurried in here. We got to pull the affair tonight."

The preacher spread his hands, waving the suggestion aside.

"No, no; that really wouldn't be decent, so soon after the funeral. The poor girl must be given opportunity to mourn in peace."

"Shucks! It will give her something else to think about. Anyhow, that whole bunch will be after her by morning. What do you say, Mac?"

"I don't see no objections. The sooner it's cleaned up the better and there won't be no hard feelin's among the boys if we don't give 'em any time to mill around."

"You aim to run the bunch in on her with no notice?"

"No; that's up to the preacher. He invented this game and has got to take care of that end of it. I don't know nothin' 'bout females and don't aim to learn. We'll leave the girl to this gent from Buffalo Gap. Let him mosey right over and talk it out with her straight. He can put it sorter religious-like. Say we give him an hour an' then shoot the bunch over to the shack; that ought to be long enough for him to get the girl into the right frame of mind, if she's ever goin' to be. Maybe she'll take it all right and maybe she won't. You ready to try your luck, Dominie?"

"There is no question in my mind," he answered solemnly, "but that this is the proper method of procedure. I am therefore resigned to do my part. I shall undertake the mission in the high spirit of my calling."

"Well," said McCarthy who had been writing industriously, "here's the list of gazabos I've made out. There ain't no angels among 'em, but she sure ought to pull a prize out o' that bunch, if she looks 'em over."

The preacher got to his feet.

"'Tis as the Lord wills," he said gravely. "I go humbly forth to do my part."

CHAPTER III.

The Choice of the Lady.

Shelby, accompanied by "Red" Kelly, who had been unceremoniously routed out of bed after a hard day's work, were the last to join the company of selects crowded into Dan McCarthy's office. The majority were unshaven and roughly dressed, inclined to look on the whole affair as a lark, but there were serious faces among them and altogether, in Shelby's judgment as he looked them over, they were not a bad lot. He pushed his way through the throng and joined Mac, who stood with his back to the desk.

"That's all of them," he said quietly. "Now give 'em your spiel an' we'll see what comes of it."

McCarthy cleared his throat and removed the stump of cigar from between his teeth.

"Is the door shut tight? All right. What I've got to say is just fer you, boys, an' ain't ter be told 'round promiscuse. We started in ter give Ol' Dad Calkins a proper kind of a funeral an' sure pulled it off in some style, if I say it myself. Then we decided it was up to us to give the gurl a decent send-off an' this town chucked in about five hundred bucks an' never batted an eye. When that was over with, I sorter considered that Ponca had about done its share, but the preacher what come down from Buffalo Gap didn't think the same. He sed here was a poor girl left with no home an' no protection and that unless she was taken care of she'd maybe

"What I've Got to Say Is Just for You Boys."

drift ter h—l an' back, an' he argued that it was Ponca's business to see that she got started off right. His idee was that she ought ter be married afore she had any chance ter drift and git reckless like a lot o' them females."

There was an uneasy movement among the crowd and Shelby was amused at the varied expression upon the faces before him. McCarthy paused as though gathering himself together for his main effort.

"All I got ter say is when I thought it all over I concluded the preacher sure had it sized up about right. That girl is decent an' has been brought up decent, even if Ol' Dad was a rounder. He kept her straight an' giv' her a good education. Now what's goin' ter become of her when she's left alone? I told the preacher I'd do my share an' see to it that Ponca came up to the scratch. I naturally can't marry her myself, seeing as how I've got a wife and five kids already, but I'll do the next best thing—I'll cough up enough coin to give the fellow who will give her a chance ter make good. She's goin' ter have cash ter back her."

"How much?"

"What's the figure, Dan?"

"Two thousand, besides the five hundred already subscribed. That's more'n some o' you ducks ever saw."

"Say, Mac, what was the plan? Cut the cards for furst chance?"

"No; this is a sportin' proposition, with everyone havin' a fair show," explained the saloonkeeper. "We sorter picked you boys out as the most likely runts 'round town and intend ter line you up an' then let her pick out the one she takes a fancy to. It's only fair she has a chance to take the duffer she'd rather have."

There was a confused murmur of voices, some reckless, others muttering opposition, but it was evident the proposition rather appealed to the majority, who saw in it a chance for some unusual fun and excitement, with only a vague probability of being caught. Shelby slipped in a word.

"I'll bet five to one," he said quietly, "that she turns down the whole gang."

"Ter h—l she will! Not after she gets one glimpse o' Cowan. She'll think he owns the town."

"That's it, boys! Come on, you fellers; the bunch o' us don't run no risk. She'll copper on Cowan an' if she misses him them sideburns o' Archibald's will sure get her goat."

"Is this yere two thousand a sure thing?" It was Cowan who asked somewhat anxiously. "It ain't got no string tied to it?"

A yell greeted the question, punctuated with various remarks.

"Takin' it seriously, old man?"

"Goin' to start an opposition store?"

"I guarantee the sum," said McCarthy, "every last cent of it. Whoever the girl chooses, when he marries her, I'll pay him the money. That's flat an' you boys know whose talking."

There was a surging forward indicative of readiness. Evidently the proposition had caught on, and the bunch was eager to learn the result.

"Lead us to it, Mac," someone cried gayly, "gittin' married is my long suit."

"All right, boys," and McCarthy glanced at his watch. "I reckon the preacher ought ter have her ready for the delegation by this time. How about it, Tom?"

They moved slowly out, jostling each other, and indulging in horse play and rude jokes, none taking the affair seriously, but eager to learn how it would terminate.

McCarthy led the way, directly across the main street, and down the path past the dance hall, which by this time was in full blaze. Beyond they were plunged into darkness, but could see ahead of them the faint gleam of a light through the window of Calkins' shack. One or two sought to drop out, but Shelby collared them promptly, so that the entire bunch finally lined up behind McCarthy as he rapped on the closed door. The preacher opened it, his round face beaming benignantly in the glare of the single oil-lamp within, his bulk absolutely blocking the entrance. Beyond, those close at hand had a vague glimpse of the girl, who stood back against the wall, staring toward them with wide-open eyes. The Buffalo Gap man smiled blandly in welcome, impressed by the number of faces he saw, and stepped heavily aside.

"Come right in, gentlemen," he exclaimed, gesturing impressively with one hand, "our accommodations are not extensive, as you will perceive, yet ample, I trust. Just circle about the wall there—to the left, please. You have explained the circumstances, Mr. McCarthy?"

"Sure."

"Very well, then," his voice assuming a soothing tone. "We need waste no unnecessary time in preliminaries. I have very frankly laid the entire matter before the young lady and have finally convinced her of the righteousness of our purpose. Do I fitly express your state of mind, my child?"

She lifted her eyes slightly, a red flush burning on either cheek.

"I suppose so; that's what you told me to say."

Shelby, slipping in through the door last of all, had found a precarious seat on the sill of the window, where he had a full view of the room. His glance wandered appreciatingly along that solemn line of men backed up rigidly against the wall. They were an odd-looking bunch, crowded together under the glare of the oil-lamp, the most of them roughly dressed and unshaven and all of them visibly embarrassed and a little ashamed. The girl stood alone just before them and to Shelby she appeared younger and far better looking than in the afternoon. She would have been almost pretty but for the pathetic droop at the corners of her mouth and the rebellious, sullen look in her eyes. The preacher spread his hands in disapprobation of her remark.

"Oh, no, my dear," he protested. "I merely labored with you and urged this upon you as the better course. I even made it the subject of prayer that we might be divinely guided. It is now a matter entirely for your own decision."

She looked from him to the row of breathless men facing her, impatiently, her bosom rising and falling tumultously.

"And I've got to choose which one I'd rather marry?"

"Well, yes, that is the idea crudely expressed. Not that you are compelled in any way; only we feel it highly desirable; that—well, perhaps I may say, it is the will of God that you make some such choice."

Her eyes wandered up and down the shrinking line, resting calmly on face after face. If she felt any humor in the situation, there was no expression of it visible. She retained an appearance of sullen indifference, which was almost insolent.

"There ain't no more of 'em?"

"No; this is all."

"And I got to pick from these?"

The preacher nodded his head, as she glanced inquiringly in his direction. The pent-up breath came in a sigh from between her lips.

"Well, if I've got to, I have, I suppose, and, so far as I can see, it don't make no difference. I'll take the fel-

"I'll Take the Fellow Sittin' Over There."

low sittin' over there on the window; the one with the pink shirt."

Shelby was upon his feet instantly, so thoroughly startled by this sudden denouement as to scarcely find words.

"But say, hold on!" he exclaimed excitedly. "I don't belong to this bunch; I don't even live in Ponca. I just came along to help out."

The girl looked from face to face in bewilderment, which, judging from the expression of her eyes, was already verging on anger.

"What does the man mean?" she asked hurriedly of the preacher, who stood nearest. "You said I was to choose and now he refuses. Did this one not come pledged?"

"I am afraid not, my dear. I did not know, but he claims otherwise. He is not a Ponca man."

She fronted Shelby, standing straight, indignant, her eyes flashing coldly.

"And you won't marry me?"

"I—I can't—that's all," he stammered. "Oh, h—l! What did you want to pick me out for?"

The girl's eyes rested hard on his face, then wandered slowly down the line of the others and her lips set firmly.

"Well, then, this play has gone far enough," she said shortly. "I've been square with you all, but I ain't going to be made a fool of no longer. Now it is time for you gents to get out o' here. I pointed out the fellow I'd take an' there ain't another one o' the bunch I'll even look at. I ain't so crazy 'bout gettin' married; it's only because he said it was the will o' God that I have. Now I'm done. I picked my man an' there ain't nuthin' else here I'd touch with a pair of tongs, so you might as well save your breath and get out. I don't want to talk any more to any of you."

"But, my dear child—"

"Stop that! I'm no dear child; I'm a woman; an' this place is mine, even if it is a shack. You get right out o' here, the whole kit an' caboodle of you."

Shelby was the first to slide forth through the half-open door, glad enough to escape into the cool night air, his face burning as though on fire, his mind in a tumult of emotion. He had no sense of humor left, just an ill-defined feeling of mortification and regret. She had been justly indignant and he felt profoundly sorry for the part he had played. By heavens! She was some girl; no mere wishy-washy creature to be laughed at and ignored. He'd like to tell her so. Perhaps he would; there would be reaction after awhile, when those fellows were all gone. Her burst of anger would die away and she would shed tears of mortification. It would be a nice thing then if he could go back there all alone and comfort her; explain how it happened and show her how impossible it was for him to marry.

He could see the men plainly enough, outlined in the light, as they descended the steps one by one and then faded away in the darkness. They were a disconsolate, discomfited bunch, with downcast faces and silent lips. The preacher and McCarthy came last; the former still talking, his voice imploring, but evidently to no purpose, for something behind kept impelling him forward and even while he clung to the step for one final effort the door slammed in his face and Shelby heard the sharp snap of a lock.

"Well, I'll be d——d!" ejaculated Mac, his temper utterly giving way. "If she ain't a wildcat! Lord, but I'd sure pity the feller who did marry her. Come on, old buck, there is no use stayin' here. I wonder where Shelby went?"

"You an' her are in cahoots for that money."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Vaseline
Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.
PETROLEUM JELLY

For sores, broken blisters, burns, cuts and all skin irritations. Also innumerable toilet uses.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.
(CONSOLIDATED)
State Street New York

16799 DIED

in New York City alone from kidney trouble last year. Don't allow yourself to become a victim by neglecting pains and aches. Guard against this trouble by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Holland's national remedy since 1696. All druggists, three sizes. Guaranteed.
Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

"Tell your Mother
KEMP'S BALSAM
will stop that cough, Bill. My mother gives it to me when I get a cough and you don't hear me coughing all the time."

Ladies Keep Your Skin Clear, Sweet, Healthy With Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Talcum

IF MOTHERS ONLY KNEW

During these days how many children are complaining of headache, feverishness, stomach troubles and irregular bowels. If mothers only knew what Mother Gray's Sweet Powders would do for their children no family would ever be without them. These powders are so easy and pleasant to take and so effective in their action that mothers who once use them always tell other mothers about them. Sold by druggists everywhere.

MOLASSES—Good Old Fashioned Kentucky Cane Sorghum, "tastes better than them all." Pure cane molasses, not adulterated. Sample and price list mailed for 10 cents. ROSENBLATT, Hawesville, Kentucky.

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 46--1920.

Paradoxical Requiting.

"Why did you turn your late guest out?"

"Because he took me in."

"That was a rare feat."

"Sure, and it was also well done."—Baltimore American.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview on the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Cause for Transfer.

Mincepin received the information that he was being transferred to another government department with rather bad grace.

"What's the cause?" he blustered. "Is it because I occasionally fall off to sleep?"

"It's because you snore, and that awakens the minister," came the reply.—La Balonette (Paris).

Use MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Night and Morning. Have Strong, Healthy Eyes. If they Tire, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Farmers Look---

Cold weather and winter is coming and you will need the following to make your stock gain rapidly and so add more profit to your income.

Hog Wateres and Chicken Waterers

We carry a complete stock in four kinds, all strongly built of galvanized iron.

Tank Heaters

Keep the water warm for your stock and you see good results.

Hog Feeders, Hog Oilers

We have a full supply of the best makes. Put a couple of oilers in your pens--keeps the hogs healthy and glossy.

Try SAL-VET

You read about it in your farm papers--well we handle it. Makes stock healthy.

Poultry Tonics

We also handle all kinds of poultry tonic.

Trade with

Henry Lau & Sons

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

State of Iowa, Hancock County, ss.
In District Court, December Term, 1920.
To All Whom It May Concern:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED, That an instrument of writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Edward Charles Collins deceased, dated Dec. 24 1919, haveing been this day filed, opened and read, and Monday the 6th day of December, 1920 is fixed for hearing proof of same at the Court House in Garner, Iowa, before the District Court of said County or Clerk of said Court; and at 3:30 o'clock p. m. of the day above mentioned, all persons interested are hereby notified and required to appear, and show cause, if any they have, why said instrument should not be probated and allowed as and for the last Will and Testament of said deceased.

Dated at Garner. Iowa, October 11th, 1920.

(SEAL) A. E. Baumgartner
6-3 Clerk District Court

True.

"I understand that once he served a short term in prison. Yet he has redeemed himself and lived it down absolutely." "Well he would have lived it down, if it wasn't for the fools like you and me who continually keep digging it up for conversation purposes."

Washington Honored While Alive.

Washington was the only American whose birthday was publicly celebrated while he still lived. February 22 was quite widely observed while he was president.

ASSORTED CHIPS

Ingratitude is always ready to offer some kind of excuse.

Occasionally man gets rid of a bad habit by swapping it for a worse one.

Real self-sacrifice is to be a benefactor without praise or gratitude.

They are never alone who are accompanied with noble thoughts.—Sir Philip Sidney.

To the receptive soul the River of Life pauseth not, nor is diminished.—George Eliot.

A man who rides a hobby is in danger of riding rough shod over his acquaintances.

Experience is something one can seldom sell or even give away—in the form of advice.

Yes, Alfred, before marriage a woman is pensive, but after marriage she is expensive.

Why wouldn't the pink of propriety be an appropriate flower for our national emblem?

The Lord loveth a cheerful giver, and so does every man, woman and child on earth.

Most amiable man in the world can't be altogether so under a cross-examination in court.

Don't be hasty in jumping at a conclusion. You may not be able to collect your insurance.

If there are millions of people in a movement, the adherence of the foolish can't hurt it.

Fewer men would protest against drinking soda water if it weren't for the name of the stuff.

Although truth is stranger than fiction to many people, they don't seem to care for an introduction.

Youth decides everything by its prejudices; and learns painfully what a poor reasoner Judge Prejudice is.

CAST ASIDE THE TEMPTER

Reason Why Student Could Not Be Forced From the Pathway of Stern Honesty.

Perspiration rolled down his brow as he desperately chewed his pencil and stared vacantly down at the blank sheet of paper before him. It was the final examination of his senior year at college. To fail in it meant that he could not graduate; that he would be disgraced; that his whole life would be ruined. Shudders involuntarily passed through him as he realized that he was a rank failure.

The paper of the man on his left lay inivitingly before his eyes. But he did not glance at it. One could plainly see that he was struggling valiantly against temptation and, though the effort was heartrending, he would sacrifice everything for the sake of honor.

No, he would not copy from the man on his left. The man on his right knew more.—London Tit-Bits.

First Choice.

Down in Terre Haute there are two places of interest, to which every Terre Hautean takes his visiting friends—the Davis gardens and Highland Lawn cemetery. The other day a young society matron started to take her two visiting friends out for a drive. Now, her roadster was new and the way she drove it was exceedingly reckless. Near Main street she turned to the women and asked: "Now which place shall I take you first?"

The most frightened one turned to the other visitor: "Oh, tell her Davis gardens," she whispered, "I'm sure we'll get to the cemetery if she keeps up this sort of driving much farther."—Indianapolis News.

Paging Herself.

While a member of a college society, I was called upon one evening to act as recording secretary in the absence of the one elected to that office. After a short prayer, with which all programs were opened, I began to call the roll. When I came to my own name, which I called several times, I waited so long for the "here" or "present" response that a smile and titter ran around the hall. I then became conscious of what I was doing, and proceeded to finish the roll call in a hurry.—Chicago Tribune.

A Captious Critic.

B. L. T. criticizes a Transcript advertiser for saying that the furnished apartment to let is "ideal for man and wife or bride and groom." Why so fussy, old top? Everyone knows that a wedded pair are bride and groom until the honeymoon is over, and that often lasts quite a spell—until, in fact, she starts cooking or asks him for money.—Boston Transcript.

Sixty-Year Old Apple Tree.

In 1858 a Missouri farmer decided that he wanted to take Greeley's advice and go west to do a little growing up with the country. He took with him a tiny apple tree growing on his farm, to see what luck it might bring him. From all appearances he made a wise move, for the tree is still growing and showering apples all over the orchard each year.

Whaling in the Pacific.

South Georgia and the South Shetland islands in the South Pacific are the centers of a great whaling industry which can be increased to much larger dimensions. The elephant seal also abounds, though the fur seal is almost extinct.

Harmonious Episode.

"Did you notice any unanimity of sentiment during the earlier sessions of the convention?"

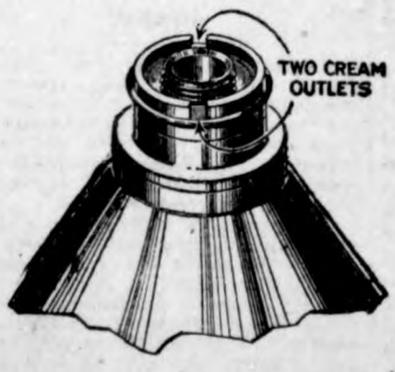
"On one point only," answered Senator Sorghum. "Everybody stood up when the band played 'The Star Spangled Banner.'"

The Primrose Cream Separator

Machine of One Purpose

BUTTER FAT is worth a lot of money today. To save every particle of it is the part of wise business economy. The **Primrose Cream Separator** is the standby of the wise dairyman.

The more you see of the **Primrose** Separator and the longer you use it, the better you will like it. It has but one purpose--to SEPARATE cream from milk. It saves ALL the cream. The escape of a little cream here and there may not strike you as such a serious matter but bunch those losses over a period of time and you will be astonished at the amount. That is where the **Primrose** separator protects your pocket-book.



The **Primrose** is the only cream separator that forces oil thru every bearing, not just to them. This and other special and exclusive features about the machine we would like to show you. Call and let us show you just what this means to you as a money saver. If not convenient to call, phone us, and we will call on you and bring a machine with us.

We have on hand a full line of TANK HEATERS, WOOD TANKS, STEEL TANKS, Hog Waterers.
This is the place to buy your feed-- Tankage
Bran, Middlings, Oil Meal, Hog Meal

W. M. BAACK

High Grade Farm Implements. Klemme, Ia.

GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION

BANK STRENGTH

The first National Bank, in addition to ample resources, affords its patrons the protection of membership in the United States Federal Reserve System.

To know that your bank is affiliated with the greatest banking system in the world, affords a sence of secnrity which contributes to your confidence in that bank.

And in addition to the strenght and soudness, we offer our patrons a banking service which is complete in every detail. Your accouut is invited.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

BOAR SALE

The following Duroc Jersey Boars will be sold at public auction in connection with the N. G. Moberly srle at the Klemme Livery barn

Saturday, Nov. 13
at 2:00 P. M.

15 Head Full Blood Duroc Boars 15

15 Head of Full Blood Duroc Boars, seven months old. Sired by Pathfinder's son of Great boar sold at Britt, Iowa, for the sum of $7,500.00. Anyone wishing a boar of the best of Durocs, be at this sale.

These are Big Boned, Lengthy Hogs

R. F. HOFFMAN
OWNER

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Closing Out Sale!

Registered Holsteins

—At the J. T. Galford farm, 6 miles west and ¾ mile south of Mason City; ¾ mile south of Moore's Crossing on the Interurban.

Thursday, Nov. 18

The Highest Producing Herd in North'rn Iowa

A number of A. R. O. cows. Cows that have been at the top in cow testing association records. Heifers from these cows sired by such bulls as Buffalo Hugh Beets and Sis Veeman Poland Pontiac, a son of Sir Veeman Hengerveld, a bull having 120 A. R. O. daughters, 18 of them above 30 lbs. in 7 days. Both of these sires sell in the sale.

Farm Sale begins at 11 o'clock
Cattle Sale sharply at 1 o'clock

Send for Catalog to Roy F. O'Donnell, Mason City, Iowa

J. T. Galford, Estate

Clear Lake, Iowa

GRIM & MILLER, Auctioneers

What About Cold Weather

Mr. Farmer come in and see our fine line of cold weather supplies. We have just recieved a big shipment of

Gold Medal Hog Waterers

These are the best Automatic waterers on the market, We have them in double type with one or two lamps, no valves, no pipes, no floats, nothing to get out of order, tanks are removable. Water cannot freeze in coldest weather We also have Gold Medal Chicken waterers, also several other styles in different sizes.

Nelson Tank Heaters

We also carry a full line of the famous Nelson Tank Heaters. Keep the water from freezing in your cattle and horse watering tanks.

Heaters! Heaters!

The cold weather is here. Keep your house nice and cozy with a Globe Heater. We have a full line of coal and wood heating stoves in all sizes.

Perfection Oil Stoves

You will not realize how handy these little Perfection Kerosine Heaters are until you have one. Come in now and look them over. Handiest stove you ever saw, can be used to heat spare rooms, put in in your car when on a long drive, and many other ways it comes in handy.

JACOBS & SON

HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

NEW ROCK ISLAND TIME

North

821, Mixed	1:35 p. m.
1069, Passenger	3:03 p. m.
435, Passenger	8:44 a. m.

South

1068, Passenger	11:25 a. m.
820, Freight	12:15 p. m.
436, Passenger	6:05 p. m.

Say

When you want first-class printing such as

Letter Heads,
Note Heads,
Statements,
Bill Heads,
Hand Bills,
Envelopes,
Calling Cards,
Business Cards,

In fact any kind of good printing, bring it to the

Times

Klemme, Iowa

MAKING WAR ON DISEASE MENACE

American Red Cross Announces Budget of $48,200,000 For Current Year.

NEW DISASTER RELIEF PLAN

Continuance of Heavy Work Abroad Deemed Necessary to Protect United States—$21,000,000 Less Than Last Year.

A program of relief and service toward which appropriations of $48,200,000 have been made has been outlined for the American Red Cross for the fiscal year, July 1, 1920, to July 1, 1921, according to official announcement by national headquarters of the organization at Washington. The figures for 1920-21 are $21,000,000 below those of 1919-20, in which $69,400,000 was spent.

Important among the items of the budget for the present year is the appropriation of $31,500,000 for relief in foreign lands, which includes $11,000,000 in purchased supplies on hand and not distributed.

Must Protect United States.

This will enable the American Red Cross to continue its humanitarian effort to aid stricken peoples to re-establish themselves, to fight the disease epidemics which threaten many countries and to efface largely the remaining traces of the blight left by the World War. It is regarded as social as well as physical sanitation on a large scale that will have a direct bearing on future conditions in America.

Central Europe, the chief sufferer from the conflict, today is facing another winter of famine, pestilence and ruin. Typhus decreased much during the summer months where last winter it had its greatest stronghold, but physicians who investigated the situation at the behest of the League of Red Cross Societies have given their unqualified opinion that this coming winter will see a recurrence on an unprecedented scale. The Red Cross feels it must continue preventive measures abroad to keep this and other deadly maladies from the United States.

Millions for Work at Home.

When the disease was sweeping Central Europe last winter the American Red Cross, with the aid of the governments of afflicted nations, undertook the fight against it. Hospitals were established wherever possible and food and clothing were distributed to the undernourished populations, who by reason of their undernourishment were easy prey to the epidemics. Where disorganization contributed last year to the great inroads made by the disease, by virtue of its knowledge of the disease and the presence of well established hospital centers, the American Red Cross this year will undertake the work with a new confidence.

Including the total of $11,000,000 in supplies left from the last fiscal year, the $31,500,000 is $21,000,000 less than the expenditures for 1919-20.

Appropriations for domestic activities total $16,700,000.

The largest item of this "home" budget is $7,800,000 for civilian relief work. This includes service and assistance for families of soldiers, sailors and marines, and work incidental to disaster. Of the total appropriation for civilian relief, $5,000,000 is held in reserve for the carrying out of actual disaster relief.

Reduced Overhead Expense.

The Red Cross invariably is the first thought of a community visited by calamity. With this in mind, it was determined by the Executive Committee in preparing the budget of 1919-20 to have a fixed reserve fund from which to draw in these instances.

For assistance to soldiers, sailors and marines in hospitals and in camps this year $1,900,000 has been set aside. Four million two hundred thousand dollars has been appropriated for improvement of health and prevention of disease throughout the United States during the current twelve months. The Red Cross is co-operating fully with the United States Health Service in this work and through its Junior Red Cross is doing much to spread among children the principles of sanitation. An appropriation of $1,000,000 has been made for developing the peace time program of the Red Cross by service to its chapters in all regions.

The appropriation of $48,200,000 is exclusive of the local expenditures of the 3,000 or more chapters.

Administration expenses this year will be $1,800,000. Last year they were $2,300,000.

Don't Wait

for workers to come and ask you for a renewal of your membership. Send in your dollar to the nearest local chapter of the American Red Cross. Welcome the opportunity and privilege of repledging your fellowship by promptly answering the

Fourth Roll Call
November 11–25, 1920

A GUARANTEED NON-OPERATIVE

Painless Cure for Piles

(hemorrhoids)

IN ANY FORM. Patient is not laid up or caused loss of time. Other Rectal troubles treated.

Diseases of the female organs and of the prostate gland a specialty.

Electric treatments when properly given will cure certain conditions otherwise impossible to reach. This service is given when indicated.

A special treatment for diabetes, kidney troubld, high blood pressure, and constipation.

Spinal sdjustments and general osteopathic practice.

Office hours 9—12 A. M. 1—5 P. M. Other hours by appointment.

Dr. .R W. Shultz

Masonic Bldg. **Garner, Iowa**

One of your guarantees of correct service here is the fact that your every lumber order, large or small, has our closest personal attention in filling.

We take no chance of making any avoidable mistake.

It is a vital part of our service to you to insure your complete satisfaction in every deal at our yard.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

In these days of high prices and advanced living costs you have a double encentive to save.

The savings bank account of today represents the foundation of many a fortune of tomarrow.

Building up a reserve is not difficult after you have begun it, but the important thing is to start.

We invite you to make that start with us.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME, IOWA — SURPLUS $25,000.00

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Get Your SALE BILLS Printed Here
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

THIRTY DAYS TRIAL FREE AT OUR EXPENSE

You Take No Chances

You Run No Risk

The Kimberley Phonograph Company
of New York City

Makes this great offer to introduce their Most Wonderful Phonograph. The best that was ever tendered the music-loving public, direct from their factory to you, at a stupendous saving of all the middleman's profit.

OUR PROPOSITION

We will ship to anyone, in any part of the country, OUR MODEL B PHONOGRAPH, similar in size, style and shape to the above illustration. Dimensions: Height 47 inches, depth 22 inches, width 21 inches. The cabinet is made of genuine Mahogany, with record compartments and sliding record holder; double art grill doors; extra heavy nickel-plated tone arm and soundbox; tone modifier; latest improved automatic stopper; automatic cover support; three needle cups and heavy nickel-plated hardware; hand-worked carvings; double spring worm gear precision motor; graduated regulator; 12 inch turntable; plays 4½ ten-inch records with one winding; can be wound while playing. The instrument is protected by lock and key.

This phonograph is sold by Retail Dealers for $250.00. We offer it to you for $150, express charges fully prepaid to your home; and after you have

USED IT THIRTY DAYS

If you are not then fully satisfied that you have the most splendid instrument of its kind at a saving to you of $100.00 you may return it to us at our expense and we will cheerfully refund your money without question or delay.

A special discount of 10% will be allowed to all Churches, Hotels or Public Organizations. To any purchaser of a Kimberley Phonograph who, after using it 30 days, finds it all that it is represented to be, we will give 10% on all sales effected through his recommendation.

THE KIMBERLEY PHONOGRAPH

Is a universal machine which will play All Makes of Records. An Ideal Christmas present for any home. WE GUARANTEE THIS MODEL B PHONOGRAPH FOR A PERIOD OF FIVE YEARS against any defects during that time.

THIS OFFER enables you to have the highest class phonograph direct from the factory on thirty days free trial without any risk whatever to you. For a limited time we will also include with this offer SIX POPULAR RECORDS which may be of your own selection if you will send us a list of the ones you prefer, and will also give you a package of needles free.

Do not delay but order immediately and send for catalogue giving full particulars. Address your letter with remittance and shipping instructions to

Kimberley Phonograph Company, Inc.
287 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

Our factory is located at Perth Amboy, N. J.

REFERENCES, THE ITALIAN DISCOUNT AND TRUST CO., NEW YORK CITY, AND PERTH AMBOY TRUST CO., PERTH AMBOY, N. J.

White Window Boxes.

Whitewash the inside of your window boxes before filling with earth in order to keep out insects and prevent the boxes from rotting.

Poets are born, but widows are made.

Walking delegates usually ride at the expense of others.

Another Royal Suggestion

Biscuits and Cinnamon Buns

From the NEW ROYAL COOK BOOK

BISCUIT! So tender they fairly melt in the mouth, and of such glorious flavor that the appetite is never satisfied. These biscuits anyone can make with Royal Baking Powder and these unusual recipes.

Biscuits

2 cups flour
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
½ teaspoon salt
2 tablespoons shortening
¾ cup milk or half milk and half water

Sift together flour, baking powder and salt, add shortening and rub in very lightly; add liquid slowly; roll or pat on floured board to about one inch in thickness (handle as little as possible); cut with biscuit cutter. Bake in hot oven 15 to 20 minutes.

Royal Cinnamon Buns

2¼ cups flour
1 teaspoon salt
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
2 tablespoons shortening
1 egg
½ cup water
½ cup sugar
2 teaspoons cinnamon
4 tablespoons seeded raisins

Sift 2 tablespoons of measured sugar with flour, salt and baking powder; rub shortening in lightly; add beaten egg to water and add slowly. Roll out ¼-inch thick on floured board; brush with melted butter, sprinkle with sugar, cinnamon and raisins. Roll as for jelly roll; cut into 1½-inch pieces, place with cut edges up on well-greased pan; sprinkle with a little sugar and cinnamon. Bake in moderate oven 30 to 35 minutes; remove from pan at once.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes.

FREE

Write TODAY for the New Royal Cook Book; contains 400 other recipes just as delightful as these.
Address
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
115 Fulton Street, New York City

WAY TO MARKET COUNTRY HIDES

Producer Under Unnecessary Handicap Due to Roundabout Distribution Methods.

STUDY GRADES AND CLASSES

Practice of Farmer, Ranchman and Local Butcher Usually Needlessly Complex and Costly—Omit Immediate Agencies.

There is no magic formula for simplifying distribution. Improvement in methods can only come from careful study of the routes followed by each kind or class of commodity in its "long, long trail" from producer to consumer.

This fact is recognized by every student of present economic processes and likewise has been taken into account in the studies of marketing problems carried on by the bureau of markets, United States Department of Agriculture. One of these specific problems which the department's specialists have studied and regarding which they offer definite recommendations that involve a real saving to consumer and producer, has to do with the marketing of hides, a by-product from which almost every farmer can derive profit if he will give it proper attention.

Knowledge of Grades Needed.

The first need in the present situation is a familiarity on the part of the producer of country hides with the recognized grades and classes of hides and skins. Such an understanding will enable him to prepare and dispose of his products much more intelligently

Handling Hides in Large Quantities Permits Grading and Classifying Product So That It Can Be Sold to Best Advantage.

and profitably. But even if he should produce the best quality of hides and skins, the small producer is at a disadvantage compared with large producers like the packers, for example, because the latter handle large quantities of hides and can sort and grade them according to the demands of various tanners. The extremely scattered sources and the comparatively small individual production of country hides and skins makes it impossible for country producers to sort and classify their product in marketable lots.

Nevertheless, many features of the present methods of marketing country hides can be improved, since these methods support expensive nonessential profit-absorbing and speculating intermediaries which operate, possibly unintentionally but inevitably, to suppress this branch of the industry and to discourage the quality of workmanship displayed.

Distribution Systems.

Three principal methods of marketing domestic hides and skins prevail at present, as shown by studies made by the bureau of markets. The one in which the farmer, ranchman and local butcher usually participates is needlessly complex and costly. The hides which any one of these individuals has to sell are usually disposed of either to a junk dealer or a local buyer. These men, in turn, sell to a traveling buyer. The latter passes on his goods to the large hide dealer, and this dealer sells to a broker or a tanner's buyer, from whom the collected skins are finally disposed of to a tannery. Thus there is maintained a long, circuitous distribution system that adds needlessly to the final cost.

Contrast this system with the direct methods which the packers are able to employ. Each packer having a large assortment of hides is able to grade and classify his output so that he can dispose of it advantageously to a hide broker or a tanner's buyer direct. From these men the hides go direct to the tanner. Thus various intermediate agencies and their profits are eliminated.

So simple a distribution system is, of course, impossible for the small producer. However, experience has shown that the farmer and ranchman and the local butcher can dispense with the junk dealer and the traveling buyer, and in some cases, with the local dealers as intermediaries in the distribution system. When the producers negotiate directly with the large hide dealer, the latter sorts and classifies the hides sent in and is in a position to share with the producer a part of the saving which this simpler method makes possible. At the same time a lowering of prices for the final product will be the tendency, since distribution costs will be less. The use of a local dealer as intermediary between the producer and the large hide dealer in some cases is advisable, since he is in a position to do needed sorting and classifying.

Either of these simpler methods suggested for the producer of country hides—selling direct to the large dealer or through a local dealer—approaches more nearly the packer's methods now prevailing.

Obstacles to Overcome.

Such consignment marketing, however, presupposes mutual confidence and fair dealing by both producer and dealer and, unfortunately, this does not always exist. Another obstacle to the establishment of this method is the producer's preference for ready cash. Many producers prefer to accept any price obtainable from local buyers, such as general stores, produce dealers, junk collectors and traveling hide buyers rather than consign their products to distant car-lot dealers in central markets. The place that traveling buyers or agents occupy in an improved system of distribution is a matter on which one can be less specific, since opinions of the trade differ as to the practicability of traveling hide buyers or agents or large hide dealers.

Already country producers of hides are coming to see the saving that results from the simpler system briefly indicated here and are making contracts with large dealers in whom they have confidence and who in turn see that it is the part of good business to respect and foster this confidence. Farmers and others interested in putting this important side line on a more profitable basis are invited to communicate with the bureau of markets, United States Department of Agriculture, which will supply them with full information regarding the best methods of marketing hides, as well as instructions for proper skinning and curing.

DIFFICULT TASK TO IMPROVE OLD LAWNS

Reseeding and Fertilizing Will Assist Materially.

Loam or Humus Forms Suitable Medium for the Germination of the Seeds and Development of the Young Grass Plants.

To improve an old lawn is frequently more difficult than to make a new one. It is usually impracticable to attempt the improvement of turf that is very poor. Reasonably good turf, however, can be bettered materially by reseeding and fertilizing. Reseeding an old lawn should be done at the same time of the year as new seeding. South of New York it should be done in the early autumn. If the lawn is patchy the small areas should be scratched with steel rake or similar implement and dressed with a mixture of good loam, compost, or humus and the grass seed then sown. The loam or humus forms a suitable medium for the germination of the seeds and the development of the young grass plants. If the turf is thin over large areas, seeding can best be accomplished by a disk seeder, which cuts into the turf and deposits the seed. If a disk seeder is not available, some implement should be used that will loosen the soil but not tear the turf badly. After seeding, a dressing of loam or compost should be given and the area rolled lightly.

In the northern tier of states reseeding should be done early in the spring. At that time the soil is more open than later in the season and offers a better seed bed. Light rolling after seeding in the spring is usually beneficial.

Care should be taken when mowing or watering newly patched areas to avoid disturbing the young grass.

FEEDING STOCK IN TRANSIT

Shippers Who Patronize Roads Without Proper Facilities Must Make Own Arrangements.

When the distance is such that a live stock shipment to destination cannot be made within the time provided under the federal 28-hour law, animals must be unloaded, fed and watered. The railroads which have the heaviest long-distance shipments provide feed-in-transit stations for this purpose at intervals along their lines. Railroads which do a small live stock business often are without feed-in-transit stations, and the shipper patronizing these lines must make his own arrangements for feeding and watering.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Let's grow more alfalfa.

* * *

Co-operation is a big factor in success.

* * *

Fall is the best time to plant those trees and shrubs.

* * *

A well-fertilized farm is like a high-bred horse—a joy to work with for it accomplishes its task so readily.

* * *

A general movement to do away with the unsightly billboard would improve the country landscape.

DYE RIGHT

Buy only "Diamond Dyes"

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye worn, shabby skirts, waists, dresses, coats, gloves, stockings sweaters, draperies everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods, new, rich fadeless colors. Have druggist show you "Diamond Dyes Color Card."—Adv.

Its Style.

"It certainly is a funny tale Ned tells about the time they had using signal guns in the fog."

"I should think they would have threaded their way better with a needle gun."

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP

Allays Irritation, Soothes and Heals Throat and Lung Inflammation.

The constant irritation of a cough keeps the delicate membrane of the throat and lungs in a congested condition. Boschee's Syrup has been a favorite household remedy for colds, coughs, bronchitis and especially for lung troubles, in thousands of homes all over the world, for the last fifty-four years, giving the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning. For sale everywhere.—Adv.

No Stops.

"Hear about old Gottrich and his new sun-dial?" asked the man with the red ears.

"Yes; and he had his electrician conceal an arc light in a balcony above the sun-dial, so it would work at night and on cloudy days."

Shave With Cuticura Soap

And double your razor efficiency as well as promote skin purity, skin comfort and skin health. No mug, no slimy soap, no germs, no waste, no irritation even when shaved twice daily. One soap for all uses—shaving, bathing and shampooing.—Adv.

BEADS PREFERRED TO BREAD

People of the Levant Set Great Stock on Colored Glass of Every Description.

Beads are more necessary than bread to the Levant. Men, women and children wear and carry beads to ward off ill luck. Even the horses and donkeys have strands of beads about their necks "to baffle the evil eye," and the long horns of the work oxen are decorated with blue-and-white beads to keep them from falling prey to diseases.

In Athens, Constantinople, Tiflis, Smyrna and other cities of the Levant men of all classes carry short strands of fidget beads, which they play with while walking in the street, riding in street cars and trains just as nervous men in the West finger their watch-chains. Bead shops abound everywhere in the larger cities and general stores and market stalls sell them in the smaller places. Peddlers hawk them in the streets everywhere.

Light-colored amber beads of large size are the latest thing in beads for women. Meerschaum beads are also popular, and for the moment plain beads of all sorts have displaced highly ornate carved beads of the type which Syrians produce in great quantities for exportation.—Washington Post.

Dyeing his hair will not lengthen a man's years.

Growing Children Thrive on Baker's Cocoa

Healthy children do everything strenuously; they play hard, and study hard, and they need nourishment and a lot of it, and not one of the popular beverages meets their requirements so well as good and well made cocoa.

PURE AND DELICIOUS
BOOKLET OF CHOICE RECIPES SENT FREE

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.
ESTABLISHED 1780 - DORCHESTER, MASS.

E-Z Dustless-Ebony Stove Polish
E-Z IRON ENAMEL FOR THE PIPE
E-Z METAL POLISH FOR THE NICKEL
E-Z SHOE POLISH SAVES SHOES
All Dealers—Money Back Guarantee

Kansas Thought for the Day.

After she got a little used to how would your wife enjoy being a widow? It's a sobering question, isn't it, fellows?—Mulvane News.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

EMPEROR FRIEND OF LOWLY

Napoleon III Declared to Have Had Genuine Regard for the Humbler of His Subjects.

The friendly feeling of Napoleon III for the toilers is dwelt upon by Agnes Carey in her "An Empress in Exile" in the Century magazine, and she gives as her authority Empress Eugenie, wife of the last of the emperors. "Whatever his failings toward her had been," the author says, "she professed a warm admiration of his love of hard work, his pluck and his great kindness of heart and thoughtfulness for every one. The emperor genuinely loved the poor and humble among his subjects, with no thought of policy. He was too good and generous for his people's understanding. Had he been tyrannical and made use of them and trampled them down like some other sovereigns, they would have behaved better toward him, she (Eugenie) said.

"Napoleon was a dreamer and spent much of his time to the serious thinking out of schemes for the benefit of his people, and all mankind. His life's ambition was to better their lot. He had great magnetism, especially with the working classes. The empress charmed every stranger, but the emperor was really more personally and deeply loved by his entourage than was his consort."

Often a benedict is but an ex-bachelor who was overtaken by misfortune and a widow.

The Full-bodied Flavor of POSTUM CEREAL

wins first place among table drinks with those who value health and comfort.

Boil Postum Cereal full fifteen minutes after boiling begins and the taste is delightful.

Costs less than coffee

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc.
Battle Creek, Mich.

Patronize your home merchants but when you go away from home then we ask you to favor

Mason City

Because Mason City is your big town and should be favored against another city.

Your credit is good at Wolf's

Ask Anyone About Our Values

Our reputation, which we have gained through years of square dealing with each and everyone of our customers is our greatest Business Asset Ask anyone who has traded with us what he thinks of our values, The way they agree will surprise you. By values we mean more than a low price. Just selling goods at low prices does not insure values. Coupled with low prices their must be quality. At no other Store will you find such low prices coupled with such high quality as here.

Free motor truck delivery service within 60 miles of Mason City.

Mier Wolf & Sons Furniture Co.

Phone 526 216 S Federal

Mason City, Iowa

Revision Sale

Prices Slashed! ***Profits Forgotten!***

$45.00 & $50.00 Suits and Overcoats **$35.00**	$60.00 & $65.00 Suits and Overcoats **$45.00**
$70.00 to $77.50 Suits and Overcoats **$60.00**	$85.00 to 110.00 Suits and Overcoats **$75.00**

The best Ready-to-Wear Clothes made--our regular stock--we are back of every garment.

Boys' Suits and Overcoats 25 per cent off.

Sheep lined and fur trimmed coats 25 p.ct. off

Sweators, Underwear, and Sleeping wear at like reductions.

Trunks and Bags 20 per cent off.

In anticipation of future market conditions we have made drastic price—reductious to clear out all winter lines.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty."

Mason City, Ia. **Manly, Ia.**

Sale at both stores

Satisfaction In Footwear

Is A Question of Detail

The little niceties of workmanship and finish which give distinctive character and smartness, are prominent in our offerings.

The most attractive creations for the season in either dress or service boots are here in variety to please personal prefesence. Effieient and experienced fitting service insures you of foot comfort.

You may choose here according to your fancy and taste, with confidence that the transaction will be highly satisfactory. Every price advantage possible without a sacrifice of quality is passed on to our customer.

Nichols & Green

Federal Avenue Across from Park

STAR Theatre

Mason City, Iowa

Invites you, when you are in the city, to pay a visit to theis shop. The prices
For Adults, 20c
For Children, 6c
War tax included

On Saturday This Week

they are showing a special 5 part feature of

Douglas Fairbanks

one of the best pictures "Dug" ever made, entitled

"Reggie Mixes In"

plenty of fun and terills. One

Keystone Comedies

Will also be shoun. A big show and you will like it

J. H. GREVE

Jeweler & Optician

13 1st St. S. E. Mason City, Ia.

Its not to early to select

Thanksgiving Silverware

Christmas Jewelry

This store has anticipated your needs, and we now invite you to a mose comprehensive display of Silverware, Jewelry, Precious Stones, etc.

Gifts That Last

Our Optical department will give you the best service, if you have trouble with your eyes.

Glasses Fitted Properly

122 N. Federal Mason City, Ia. **KERSEY** 122 N. Federal Mason City, Ia.

READY-TO-WEAR

A Sale that will be of special interest to the Ladies----economically inclined

20th Semi-Annual Suit Sale

Any Suit In Our Exclusive Ready to Wear Store at **1-2 PRICE**

For years we have regularly heie our Suit Sale at this season, and ladies look forward to it, because when Kersey's advertise a sale it means a genuine money saving event a sale that is just as advertised. There are suits plain and fancy tailored, some fur trimmed, in fact so many styles that you can find just what you want at a price you wish to pay·

$25 Suits, choice **$12.50**

$35 Suits, at **$17.50**

$40 Suits at **$20**

and up to $150 Suits **$75**

You'll find unusal values in our offering of

PLUSH And CLOTH COATS

Exceptional Values in Plush Coats at **$27.50** to **$175**

In High Grade Cloth Coats, big bargains at **$18** to **$195**

An Exclusive Ready to Wear Store

The Killian Store

MASON CITY'S SHOPPING CENTER

The Season's Climax in Selling

Women's Fur Trimmed Suits

Saturdays Group at - - **$48.89**

The most attractive offer we have made on Suits this season. If it were late in the season it would not seem so extraordinary, but to be prsented at this small price with a whole season ahead makes it the most extraordinary news we could print—the best individual offering that we could make, to womed who appreciate fine apparel and enjoy buying it at such exceptionally small cost.

Every woman in this community who could use another suit this season, will want to see this remarkable collection of clever models.

In the most wanted materials—the favored shades of blue and brown and smartly trimmed with a variety of different Furs.

Prices correspondingly low are now effective on Coats, Dresses and all Millinery. In fact our entire store is full of splendid economies on just the things you want during the EIGHT DAYS of PRICE DEPRESSION which began last Saturday and ends next Monday.

Very Tender Age.

Mrs. Bacon—Is this salad young?

Bridget—Yes, ma'am; so young that I had to wash and dress it.

Details Wanted.

"Ain't it strange the way Cassidy beats his wife?"

"O! dunno. How does he do it?"

Heard on a Car.

"Did you have a potato race at your club picnic?" "Potato race! Do you think we are a lot of millionaires?"

One Instance.

"The office should seek the man."

"It does in the case of the vice-presidency."

More Commercial Candor.

Advertisement—"See our one-family houses. Improvements never dreamed of."—Boston Transcript.

Rational Cause.

"What makes you have such low tastes?"

"High cost of living, my dear."

Very Much So.

"Hungary seems inclined to go back to the monarchy."

"She would find that her crowning mistake."

Camping.

"Yes. I'm going camping. Wouldn't trade my prospects for any other kind of vacations. I've never been camping before."

"I judge as much, seeing you're so set on going now."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Main Question.

"Should Lefthook or Plexus win that prize fight?"

"Lefthook should have the best of the argument."

"I am not interested in who has the best of the argument. How about the fight?"

Life.

The Morning After.

Wifey—It's your own fault. You ought to know better than to stay out till 2 o'clock with your good for nothing friends drinking ice cream soda.—Judge.

School Lunches.

Scientific tests have shown that the hot lunch served in the schools is a very big factor in developing the child.

Beatta Wellik, of Britt, was visiting in Klemme last Saturday.

Miss Sullivan spent Sunday with her folks at Iowa Falls.

Mr. N. L. Palmer was a business visitor at Garner last Friday between trains.

Mrs. Knoke came from Garner last Friday for a visit with her son, Louie.

Mr. and Mrs. Denny Conlan, of Goodell, were visiting in Klemme last Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Chas. Olson, of Goodell, was a business caller in Klemme between trains last Wednesday.

Mrs. Walters came up from Belmond Saturday for a few days visit with Mrs. C. W. Wiles.

Miss Edna Katter of Garner was visiting Klemme friends and relatives last Wednesday.

The Misses Leoda and Edna Smith were Belmond visitors between trains Monday.

Walt Lau was a business visitor at the county seat burg Monday between trains.

M. O. Hocum returned last Thursday from a couple of days business trip to Des Moines.

Miss Faye Letch, of Goodell, was shopping with Klemme merchants Saturday.

Mrs. Otto Pringnitz returned from her visit of a few days at Belmond, Saturday.

Mrs. E. P. Hubbard and Mrs. Mat Avery, of Goodell, were Klemme callers and shoppers the fore part of lastt week between trains.

Henry Johnson, who has been working in the Pool Hall the past few months, has quit the position as he intends to leave soon for Chicago to spend the winter. Charlie White is now the man behind the counter at the local amusement parlor.

The show "Lena Rivers" at the Idle Hour theatre last Friday evening drew a good crowd and all seemed to enjoy the show.

The public schools at Whittemore, Iowa, burned to the ground a week or two ago. Last spring the Catholic school burned down there also. It looks as if a "fire bug" was trying to down education in that little town. The school is being held in the churches there now.

Philip Bock left last Friday for Chicago for an extended visit there and other points. We happen to know one of the "other points" is Pittsburg, Pa. Perhaps besides relatives there Phil has a "friend," and not a gntleman friend either.

Miss Annetta Schuldt returned on Saturday from Gladbrook, Iowa, where she went to spend her fall vacation as her school was closed for corn picking.

No, indeed, Luke, no woman can lace herself as tight as man can drink himself.

All things might come to the man who waits—if starvation didn't get there first.

When a woman's husband isn't appreciative she may take the lecture platform.

Necessity is the mother of invention; and discontent is the father of Ambition.

Nerve and ability both work in the same direction, but nerve usually gets there first.

Geniuses are admired by myriads who don't care for a personal acquaintance.

You can always have your own way if you are making money for the rest of the crowd.

Nothing in nature happens except according to natural laws. Nature has no room for miracles.

Nothing happens to the city man with the same rigid persistence that nothing happens to the village man.

To be always sensible is a great strain. One isn't sure that nature intended that. Nature herself isn't.

Max Willer left Monday for Omaha where he will work this winter. We believe Max has acquired the knowledge of how to lay bricks and is now following that trade. He worked in the city last winter and spring also and has practically made Omha his home.

Fred Henschen and William Bock went to Des Moines last week Tuesday and returned on Thursday. They say they had business to look after and we will take their word for it—but—did you notice by the papers that there were 9,000 school teachers having a convention there? Oh, well of course they wouldn't even look at one, nope!

Miss Warnock and Miss Byer who are teaching in the Gowrie, Iowa, consolidated schools, came Monday for a visit with Klemme friends. They visited the Klemme school as Miss Warnock taught here the past two years. Tuesday evening they left for Iowa Falls to spend the balance of their vacation as their school is closed for a week during corn picking time.

Ye Editor went to Kansas City, Mo., Friday evening and returned on Monday afternoon. It rained almost all the time we were there and the weather was about the same as here. We are still leading a "bachelor's" life as ou wife didn't come home with us but will visit her parents at Lncoln, Nebraska, before coming home.

Members of the train crew on an extra freight on this road found the body of a lifeless man near the railroad crossing at Alexander early last Friday morning. Upon investigation it proved to be Mr. Klinefelter, a prominent farmer living near there. At the coroner's inquest a suicide verdict was reached and the belief is that Mr. Klinefelter was temporarily deranged mentally.—Kanawha Reporter.

The Stars and Stripes.

When the American flag is draped on a flat surface the stars should appear in the upper left hand corner if the stripes are horizontal; in the upper right hand corner if the stripes are vertical.

August Baack believes in helping out the general good appearances of the town and with this in view and also to improve his residence on Main Street he has given the house two coats of nice paint, new shingles hav been put on the roof, a new back porch all enclosed has been built on and new storm windows and doors have also been added. Mr. and Mrs. Baack now have a very desirable home.

The Main street of Garner is paved. The south end of the concrete is about three blocks from the cemetery road, and perhaps later on, this will be hard surfaced. The paving runs as far north as the Milwaukee tracks. In the spring this will be extended to the corner north of the tracks. Positively the finest street to be found is our Main "drag." The parking from the court house south makes a splendid looking job, and the sixty-eight foot downtown paving with a twenty foot sidewalk is surely a hummer. Watch us blossom out in the spring.—Democrat.

The Hancock County Bankers Association met at the First National Bank Thursday evening to perfect an organization to cope with the situation regarding bank robbers. Every bank in the county was represented. C. W. Erwin was elected president of the organization, Isaac Sweigard vice-president and John Vrba secretary-treasurer. A resolution was passed that a "Reward of $1000 will be paid for the apprehension, dead or alive, of any person burglarizing or attempting to burglarize any bank in Hancock county." Some seventy counties of the state have already formed similar organizations, and in most counties the sheriff and county attorney have organized vigilance committees.—Garner Signal.

There is a small boy in the Second ward who will probably never forget an amusing incident that happened Sunday afternoon. He with a half dozen other lads were riding into town on a motor truck. When the truck reached a point opposite the youngster's home he tried to alight without having the driver slow down. His waist caught on the end board of the truck body, and tore the fastenings of his trousers loose, with the result that the latter came down, exposing the whole nether end of his anatomy. Finally the little fellow jerked himsef off the car, and rolled over and over on the pavement. Fortunately he was not hurt, and the spectators were free to shout with laughter as he hastily gathered up his naughty clothes, and, holding them tightly with both hands, ran home.—Algona Advance.

A Good Trader.

"Of course I realize from all I have said that you are the smoothest business man who ever hit this town," the quiet chap observed when the salesman slowed down for want of breath, "but there are some other things. Now, for instance, I'll sell you an article for a dollar that I paid five for and still make a profit on the deal."

"Can't be done. I'll take you!" the salesman responded briskly, as he handed over a dollar.

Whereupon the quiet chap gave him a $5 meal ticket that had been punched for all but ten cents of its value.

Penalty of Borrowing.

Just before leaving for a day's fishing I telephoned a friend of mine and asked her if she would let me take her fishing scarf. She said she would. When my escort arrived, not wanting him to know I borrowed clothes, I said, "We'll have to call at Peggy's to get my scarf." When we rang the bell her small sister came to the door and saw the scarf on her arm and said, "Mother says she's glad to let you take it, but please be careful and don't lose it."—Exchange.

A Student of Steam Rollers.

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "what do they want with a steam roller in a convention?"

"The term is only a figure of speech."

"I know that. But is it a good figure of speech? All the steam rollers I ever saw at work made a terrific amount of noise, but were in reality very easy to sidestep."

His One Chance.

"I believe," said the impatient man as he put aside the telephone, "I'll go fishing."

"Didn't know you care for fishing."

"I don't ordinarily. But it's the only chance I have of finding myself at the end of a line that isn't busy."—Boston Transcript.

Gildner Bros. & Johnson's Sale Goes Merrily On!

AT GARNER, IOWA

People read advertiseing that's why we advertise. We're not using a big lot of circus stuff to attract your attention. The average intelligent man is not impressed with the headlines and noise that he sometimes receives—but is more interested in values HE RECEIVES FOR HIS MONEY. No doubt you will receive some of those whooping big circulars one of these days. When you do, read it thoroughly and then just think it over. We feel that you will come to this conclusion. I can buy cheaper at home for the reason our home merchants do not have the enormous rents, electric light bills, clerk hire and general over head expenses that is prevalent in the larger places and necessarily is and and must be lower in price. WE KNOW WE ARE AND WANT TO CONVINCE YOU.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats are selling great and as our stock is exceptionally large this season, we are going to continue this value giving indefinitely.

Remember 20 Per Cent Off on All Suits and Overcoats.

Sheep Lined Ulsters and Short Coats

Are shown in Moleskin, Drill and English Worstead Shells, at proportionally reduced prices.

SHOES--We are giving you an all leather work shoe, triple stitched at **$2.60**. No competition on this shoe. See our **$2.98, $3.39, $4.49** shoes also.

SPECIALS

Oshkosh Overalls
The good reliable shrunken denim
$2.69

Gross Bros. Overalls
$1.89
You can't beat it

Men's Double Faced Husking Mitts, also Gloves, Special
$1.70 dozen

Work Shirts, plain blues, grays plaids at **$1.00**
Extra sizes at **$1.25**

Boys Suits - Overcoats

Steel Fibre make in all wooi with double seat and knees ***$7.85 to $18.75***

Mackinaws, Flannel Shirts, Underwear, Leather Vests, Sweaters at Grertly Recuced Prices

People, We're having a real sale. We've cut merchandise down to the very lowest margin. Don't wait until Friday or Saturday to do your buying. Come during the week but if you can't come anytime, what we want you to do is COME.

Cut out this ad, bring it with you, and load up for winter.

THE KLEMME TIMES

nty-fifth Year Number 11 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, November 18, 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

ILL HELP FARMERS

Board Promises to Be Good

Moines, Iowa, Nov. 11—Fi- support of Iowa's striking has been pledged by the fed- erve board and by city bank- the state, according to M. V. on, Jr., state banking com- er, who returned yesterday meeting in Chicago with fed- serve officials, member bank- d state commissioners of the eventh district.

he strike were to last for six " said Mr. Henderson, "the would be financed. As a of fact, though, it will not o last for more than ninety ecause in that time the prices forced up to somewhere near oper level."

75 Per Cent to Farmers

he present time, according to nking commissioner, all of the the country banks have loaned s gone to the farmers. The banks have got practically their funds from the federal , and Mr. Henderson's esti- that 75 per cent of the money banks have loaned during the ree or four months has gone smaller banks, who, in turn, aned it to the farmers. In his ion, a farmer who makes a able demand will be refused e strike is already sufficiently d to assure its continuation s object is accomplished.

ions of the officials and bank- thered in Chicago, according to enderson, are that the present is the most critical one the has faced financially in but that, at the end of thirty here should be a decided ease- These opinions are based on ct that pork is now bringing high price and that hogs are ing to be shipped.

See Further Easement

le, however, Mr. Henderson re not bringing as high prices should, but, with the general ent of live stock shipments of are also looked for. Practically ment of grains is expected for l months.

easement is further assured by t that transportation facilities atly improved. Mr. Henderson es that foty per cent of the sked for are supplied at pres- whereas, he says, a year ago bout ten per cent could be fur- .

we are getting forty per cent cars asked for as I think we hat means that about seventy- r eighty per cent of the cars ly needed are being secured," r. Henderson. "Shippers during ast year or two have acquired abit of asking for about twice umber actually needed in order ve a chance of getting a fair ntage of those they do require."

HIS WEEK'S BIRTH LIST

following births near Klemme been reported to us this week: and Mrs. Emil Pringnitz are ppy parents of a fine baby girl rrived at their place last Friday

and Mrs. Pat Lyman are the parents of a baby girl who ar- at their house last Friday night.

big bouncing baby son arrived e home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry r Sunday morning.

and Mrs. Earl Quintus are re- g over the arival of a baby boy came to live with them last day.

It's A Boy!

Editor and Mrs. Jorgenson are re- g over the arrival of a baby boy, t Kansas City, Mo., Wednesday, mber 17. He's a howling nine der and his name is R. A. Junior.

FORD TIPS OVER

k Woods started to town the day in his flivver and he got to Billie Suckow place when the threw a fit and for a time acted a bucking broncho. Jack stayed and managed to come out on He examined the critter and d it had a busted stearing gear h caused the accident. No one hurt except the Ford. Jack left remains and came to town and ht a new one as he figured he d a new one any way and didn't to bother fixing the old car up.

POPULAR YOUNG KLEMME PEOPLE MARRIED

Howard Doyle and Miss Edna Smith United In Marriage

"The Little Brown Church In the Vale" near Nashua, Iowa, was the scene of another wedding last Wednesday, November 10th, when Miss Edna Smith and Mr. Howard Doyle, both of this place, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony by the Rev. Carlson, of Charles City. The ceremony took place at two thirty o'clock in the afternoon.

Immediately after the cermony the Bride and Groom left for Alta Vista for a visit with the groom's relatives and from there to Waterloo and other points on a honeymoon trip. They returned to Klemme Monday and began housekeeping in the rooms over the Frank Gruetzmacher harness store.

Both of the young people are well known in Klemme and have a host of frinds who wish them the very best in life. Mrs. Doyle is a daughter of Mrs. Mille Smith of this city and is a very fine young lady who will make an ideal home keeper. The groom is also well known here and is a young man of high ambitions. He holds a good position with the Northern Lumber Co.

The Times joins with the many friends of the happy young couple in wishing them happiness and success.

LARSENS IMPROVE MEAT MARKET

Install New Machine

We stepped into the Klemme Meat Market the other day and noted quite a change in the appearance of the place. Mr. Larsen has had the interior repainted thru-out with a pearl gray finish. The new paint greatly adds to the appearance of the up to date meat shop. Besides improving the appearance of the meat market Mr. Larsen has also purchased a new meat slicing machine of the very latest type. The new machine which has just been installed is a U. S. Slicing Machine, one of the largest models which has all the latest improvements. The machine has safety devices, is entirely sanitary in every way. The old machine has been discarded. The Klemme Meat Market is one of the best equipped and cleanest shops in this part of the country. The same also applies to their shop at Garner.

INSTALLING NEW FIRE ALARM

The steel tower for the new electric siren fire alarm which is being given to Belmond by Emil Bock, has been erected the past two days and the new alarm will shortly be in working order. The new alarm was tied out as soon as it arrived and was found all right. It was not removed from its box and was tried out in the pump station but at that was alarm enough to arouse many people of the town. It will be a great improvement over the old bell. The new tower is just beside the old one back of the city hall and the old one will doubtless be taken down and the bell hung on the new tower.—Belmond Herald-Press.

QUICK JUSTICE

Stealing a Ford automobile early Sunday morning, October 17th; arrested at Sioux City Tuesday; returned to Humboldt on Wednesday; pleading guilty and receiving their sentence of five years in the penitentiary Thursday, and arriving in the penitentiary Monday of the next week to begin their sentence is quick work. But this all happened to Alfred Humble and Stirling Vaughen, aged twenty-one and eighteen and claiming that their homes were in Missouri and Kentucky. The machine was taken from a farmer living two miles this side of Gilmore City, as it stood in his yard. The boys attempted to sell the car at Sioux City, but their actions aroused suspicions—Belmond Independent.

FERDINAND JENSEN MARRIED

Ferdinand Jensen ,a tiler who formerly worked around Klemme, was married recently at Seattle, Washington. We did not get the name of the young lady who became his wife. They have gone to housekeeping at Garner.

THE AMERICAN RED CROSS IN PEACE TIME

Eastern Europe

Americans who contribute to the Red Cross would feel amply repaid for their generosity if they could see what it means to hundreds of thousands of war weary sufferers in the Balkans. Here is a widowed Roumanian mother with her five children just after a visit to a Red Cross relief station. All are barefoot and the boy at the left is wearing clothes made of scraps from the battlefields. They have just received winter clothing, food and condensed milk for the baby. Similar work is being done for Russian refugees driven from home.

HOW

MOTHERS NAMED THE BABIES OF ANCIENT BABYLON. —Whenever an auspicious event occurred either before or about the time a baby was born, Babylonian parents were prompted to call him or her by that name or some cognomen similar to it. Archeologists bless these parents; by means of the children's names in birth records and on tombstones, they discover historical events of which they had before no records.

In like manner, clay documents of a certain period show that newborn children were being given, in large numbers, names alike, one or two names being the favorites. They were being called in honor of some king or some man who had accomplished much about the time they were born.

Presto! the scholars look up to him! They may have to dig through thousands of tablets and spend years over the task before they come across his name or find material to reconstruct his story. But eventually documents concerning him will be dug out of the earth.

It is as though our United States were buried beneath the soil of countless centuries, and men began to dig for birth registers. The number of George Washingtons they would find at one period, and of Abraham Lincolns at another!

One result of the late war in Europe was the naming of babies "Tankie" in England, after the advent of the tanks. Surely, Babylonia's dirt can yield no more eccentric name for us!

BY ARRANGEMENT OF HAIR

How Women of Japan Signify to Their Admirers Their Inclination as to Marriage.

Wouldn't it be helpful if one could tell at a glance whether the fair feminine person who has caught our eye is a maiden willing to wed, a widow who is inconsolable, or one who is willing to be consoled? They have it arranged that way in Japan.

The Japanese women have certain ways of arranging the hair to indicate their state and feelings, and as they do not wear hats, all who run may read. Girls who would wed arrange the hair in front in the form of a fan or butterfly, and adorn it with silver or colored ornaments. Widows who are looking for second husbands fasten their hair at the back of the head by means of tortoiseshell pins, and widows who are resolved to remain faithful to their departed spouses cut their hair short and wear no ornaments in it.

How Ants "Clean House."

The late Professor Garner writes in the Century Magazine about a novel way of exterminating vermin in Central Africa. This was simply to welcome into his house one of the hordes of ants that are always on the move in that country. "When the drivers came," he says, "they worked with the thoroughness of a vacuum cleaner. They swarmed up the walls and roof into every cranny, killing and eating any kind of vermin they found there. Then for a short time at least we would be absolutely free of house pests of every description. When, for any reason, we did not want to receive the house-cleaners, we had the native servants drive them back with torches."

How Wind Built Icebergs.

Two picturesque "icebergs" were formed on the northwest shore of Green bay, last spring, after continued strong winds, breaking the rotting ice in the bay, had pushed it bodily toward the coast. For several miles along the shore of the upper bay the cakes were piled high by the steady pressure. Only at one point, however, about six miles south of Escanaba, were the bergs erected. Here the piled-up cakes mounted higher and higher, until in one instance they built an ice mound 50 or 60 feet high. A neighboring pile measured about ten feet shorter. The bayward sides of the "bergs" were practically perpendicular; the lea sides sloped at about 45 degrees. These sloping sides were composed of a mass of shattered, iridescent chips, produced by the grinding of the cakes.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

How Fish Foretell Storms.

Codfish have been known to actually take in ballast before a storm. Some time ago a number of cod were caught off the coast of Newfoundland, 12 hours before a severe gale. It was found that all of them had swallowed stones, some of which weighed three or four ounces. Sea urchins will try and wiggle under the mud, or at least cover themselves with sand before a storm, while dolphins never toss or sport about in a rough sea, unless a change for the better is noted. All sailors know that a storm is pending when numbers of stormy petrel flock in the wake of a vessel.

How Scurvy Is Brought On.

Experiments by Doctors Givens and Hoffmann in the research laboratories of the Western Pennsylvania hospital, Pittsburgh, prove conclusively that scurvy is not a bacterial disease, but due solely to deficiencies in diet.

DEALING IN DAYLIGHT STOCK

Beginners in Grand Old Game of Speculation Made Somewhat Humorous Selection.

Two young pretenders of high school age have been noticeable in a local broker's office recently, taking an interest in everything financial.

It had been explained that X on the ticker tape was the abbreviation for United States steel. GQ stood for Great Northern ore, and the figure following was the price at which the stock was selling at that moment.

They had been watching the ticker for some time, when PM was flashed on the tape, along with several hundred other quotations, and they immediately began to hunt through the guide card for the meaning of PM.

"Going to buy something?" inquired the board marker.

"Yep, five shares of this PM stock. I see it's quoted at $1 a share."

"Oh," said the board marker, glancing at the clock, which was then pointing to one o'clock. "I see you are taking stock in the afternoon."—Indianapolis News.

DUCK SHOOTING HAS BEEN GOOD THE PAST WEEK

Klemme hunters have taken advantage of the excellent duck shooting the past week which was brought on by the cold, snappy weather. Hunters say the ducks are flying by the hundreds this year and shooting is very good. Nearly every enthusiast of the sport brings in a good mess of ducks ach time he goes out. We believe Art Kuck perhaps holds the rcord for the number bagged by Klemme hunters as he has brought them in in large numbers, chiefly Mallards. Other hunters also report good hunting.

RED CROSS DRIVE

Why You Should Continue Membership Ln Red Cross

Because it continues to serve the many boys who are in hospitals.

Because it has learned to use its splendid organization of war time activities to the present day needs.

Because it is supporting a County Health Nurse who has since the first of September, visited almost every school in the county.

Has Much Work To D o

Th end of the war did not end the service of the Red Cross and it is as important that this organization be kept now as before. Large numbers of ex-service men who are suffering from their service in the army, and their families, need assistance and the Red Cross is the one organization which can aid in this work. Some of the things it is doing are as follows:

American Army Occupation

Standing by our army of occupation on the Rhine, where nearly 18,000 American soldiers still stand guard over a conquered and penalized foe.

Standing by the army at home which on July 1st amounted to 225,-000 officers and men, and the marine corps which on the same date mustered 22,000.

Home Service Work

Carrying on home service work, acting as advisor and friend of thousands of families still in need of guidance and advice. Facing the stupendous health problems of the United States with a view to lending a hand in the fight against disease and unnecessary deaths. Thousands of babies die annually from preventable causes. The training and providing of public health nurse permanently assigned to communities as instructors and guides.

Each Year Armistice Day

Each year upon the fitting period of Armistice Day, a roll call will be conducted nationally for the purpose of securing the continued support and allegiance of the people, as expressed through memberships. "A heart and a dollar is all you need" is still a potent slogan. Annual memberships are one dollar, contributing memberships $5 and sustaining memberships $10. All but 50 cents of each membership is retained for local Red Cross work, the remainder going to the national organization.

Membership will be received at the following places from now until Nov. 25th: Garner Book Store; First National Bank, Garner; Farmers Nationl Bank, Garner; First National Bank, Klemme; State Savings Bank, Klemme; Bank of Miller, Miller, Iowa; and Bank of Hayfield. Go to any one of these places and leave your membership fee of one dollar.

J. W. K[illegible]ler, Chairman
Garner Chapter, A. R. C.

CADDOCK CONSENTS TO WRESTLE HEDMER MYRE; GARNER WANTS GO

The Garner American Legion, having won the consent of Earl Caddock, former world's mat champion, to wrestle Helmer Myre, Mason City's star and claimant of the world's title in the light heavyweight ranks, is making a strong bid for the match which will bring the two Iowa stars together.

Dr. G. A. Bemis, who promoted the Billy Schrober-Myre match at Garner last August, is heading the group of Legion men who are soliciting donations from Garner business men in an effort to raise a purse lage enough to meet the demands of the two wrestlers. Word reaching here is that Dr. Bemis and his associates are meeting with big success and it looks as if the Hancock county town might land the big grapple.—Forest City Republican

STILL IN CORN FIELD

Farmer Finds Booze Mill In Middle Of Field

Omaha Neb.,—Evidence that an illicit whisky manufacturer operating near Council Bluffs had set up a still in the center of a farmer's cornfield, without the latter's knowledge, and has used up an acre of corn before he stopped work, came to light here today.

The farmer, I. Peary, did not discover his loss until he started husking. In the progress of his work he came across a section of the field where all the corn had already been husked. The still, full of cold mash, remained where its owner had left it. Around it the ground was covered with shelled corn.

KAISER RESTING EASY

Believes That He Is Safe From Harm

Doorn, Holland.—Two years ago yesterday William Hohenzollern arrived at the Dutch frontier, a refugee Emperor. Today he is leading in this little village the life of a Dutch country gentleman, doing just about as he pleases and going almost where he desires, about the countryside, so long as he stays within the territorial limits prescribed by the Dutch government.

The Associated Press correspondent has been told by those in close touch with the former Emperor that during the past few months William has found much contentment in the life on his new estate here. He is said to feel certain that no further demands for his surrender will be made upon the Holland government.

NEXT NUMBER OF LYCEUM COURSE

Hettie Jane Dunaway will appear at the Idle Hour Theatre next Tuesday evening, Nov. 22, in "Just Plain Judy." Don't miss this number as it will be one of the best on the entire course. Miss Dunaway is an excellent reader and will keep you entertained thruout the entire program with her wonderful selections. She makes several costume changes during her program. Miss Dunaway comes highly recommended as an entertainer. See the ad in this issue.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Gram drove to Mason City Tuesday.

A. D. Gimer and family autoed to Mason City Tuesday.

Prof. Collins went to Eldora Friday evening to spend Sunday with his family. He returned Monday morning in time for school.

The Misses Ebert and Sullivan, teachers in the Klemme schools, went to Mason City Friday for an over Sunday visit with friends.

JOY WHITE—ED. HUGHES

Married at Torrington, Wyoming. Hughes Was With Bamman Bros. Last Summer

Garner friends have been informed of the marriage of Miss Joy White daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. White of Goodell, and Ed. Hughes, brother of John Hughes of this place, and for a long term of years a resident of Goodell. The ceremony took place at Torrington, Wyoming. During the early summer, Mr. Hughes was employed in Bamman Brothers Garage. Both these young people are well known in Hancock county. The Democrat extends congratulations—Democrat.

CHARIVARI MONDAY NIGHT

All the old tin cans, horns, pails and even a grind organ were resurrected Monday night to give the newly weds, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Doyle, a good rousing welcome. The charivari gang and their high class tin music rendered the air for fifteen minutes before the couple could be coaxed to venture forth. Howard, with a box of good smokes, finally appeared on the scene and the music stopped and congratulations were in order. The Charivari Gang are all 'ond up now and WHO IS NEXT?

SKATING IS EXCELLENT NOW

Although it is vey early in the season for skating, nevertheless, skating now is excellent. The winter sport is especially good at the Clark Bredbenner pond west of Klemme a quarter mile down between the sand pit hills. The pond is a good sized one and the ice is frozen over quite thick now. The ice is smooth as glass and being between the hills the wind does not strike the skaters. The boys have rigged up a pole in the middle of the pond and on this have hung a big gas light os that the entire pond is well lighted. Besides regular skating the boys have started various games as "cross tag," etc. The river has not frozen over yet but the ponds about here furnish the best skating in years.

NEW BRITT SCHOOL OCCUPIED

The new Britt school house which has been under construction the past year was thrown open to the pupils and teachers last week Tuesday. The new Britt school is one of the finest schools in this part of the state and the people of Britt have reason to be proud of their educational institutions..

G. O. P. VICTORY IS AN AVALANCHE

Sweeps Everything Before It in North, East and West.

BREAKS INTO SOLID SOUTH

Harding Wins 404 Electoral Votes in 37 States—Carries Tennessee, Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico—Big Gains in Congress.

By JOHN DICKINSON SHERMAN.

Here is the story of the election from an airplane:

Electoral vote—Harding, 404 in 37 states; Cox, 127 in 11 states.

Senate—Republicans, 59; Democrats, 37; as against 49 Republicans and 47 Democrats in Sixty-sixth congress.

House—Republicans, 285; Democrats, 148; Independent Prohibitionist, 1; Socialist, 1; as against 240 Republicans, 191 Democrats, 2 Independents, 1 Prohibitionist and 1 Socialist in Sixty-sixth congress.

In comment, the household word avalanche seems the handiest. The Republican avalanche began at the Canadian border, from Maine to Washington, and swept the country clean clear to Mason and Dixon's line and broke the Solid South.

The Republican avalanche swept Tennessee, Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona. In Kentucky Richard J. Ernst, Republican, is elected to the senate over J. C. W. Beckham. For the first time in history several counties in Alabama went Republican, and several precincts in the sixth Mississippi district did the same almost unbelievable thing. Harding carried St. Petersburg, Orlando, Daytona and other towns in Florida; nine counties in northern Georgia and a dozen parishes in the sugar belt of Louisiana. The G. O. P. picked up a congressman in Texas; Harry M. Wurzback defeated Carlos Bee, brother-in-law of Postmaster General Burleson.

President-elect Harding, whatever else he does, is going to take a rest. He's already off on a real vacation of a month. His immediate destination is Point Isabel, Tex., via San Antonio and Brownsville. Point Isabel is on the Gulf, 20 miles from Brownsville and six miles from the Mexican line. It has a population of 100 whites and 150 Mexicans. There golf, bathing, fishing and hunting are right at hand. Col. F. E. Scobey, now of San Antonio and formerly sheriff of Marion county, Ohio, made him promise to go, win or lose, the night he was nominated. R. B. Creager, a San Antonio banker, who seconded his nomination at Chicago, has turned over his cottage. Of course, the poor man will be guarded by secret service operatives and pestered by newspaper men and photographers, but he will have a goodly company of golf buddies and other intimate friends along. And politics and visitors will be barred.

Mr. Harding is planning to go to the Canal Zone, after a fortnight at Point Isabel. He has been preaching that the new American merchant marine should pass free through the Panama canal and he wants first-hand information on conditions. Return is set for December 6. He plans to resign his seat as senator January 10, when Governor-elect Davis of Ohio will be inaugurated and Senator-elect Willis will be appointed Mr. Harding's successor.

Alfred E. Smith, Democratic governor of New York, earned a new title in the election—"Miracle Man of American Politics." Why, he almost reelected himself in the face of a Harding majority of more than a million. The presidential vote was about this: Harding, 1,842,222; Cox, 782,693. The gubernatorial vote was about this: Miller, 1,319,586; Smith, 1,256,311. Republicans and Democrats alike say the feat is unprecedented. "Al," as everybody calls him, has come up from an orphan newsboy. Now he is spoken of as the logical candidate for the presidency in 1924.

By-products of the election are many and interesting. Harding shatters a tradition that no sitting senator can be elevated to the White House. Coolidge, who violates every principle of politics laid down by the practical politicians, wins his seventeenth successive candidacy.

Oklahoma elects Alice M. Robertson of Muskogee, Republican, aged sixty-six, to congress; she went to Indian Territory by prairie schooner, has taught in Indian schools most of her life, would let no soldier or sailor pay in her cafeteria and is a heaven-born cook. Harry T. Burn, Republican member of the Tennessee legislature who cast the deciding vote for the suffrage amendment ratification, is reelected by a plurality of about 100, after a bitter fight. Jailer Festus Whitaker of Letcher county, Kentucky, is elected county judge; he made his campaign from his own jail, where he was confined because of a fight over politics last summer.

California overwhelmingly indorses the anti-alien land law recently adopted by the state legislature. Massachusetts approves the act to legalize the manufacture and sale of beer and wines of 2.75 alcoholic content. Wisconsin approves 2.5 per cent beer. New York approves a bonus for soldiers by the issue of bonds not to exceed $45,000,000.

VOTE OF THE STATES

	Electoral Vote. Harding.	Cox.	Est'd Plur.
Alabama	..	12	60,000
Arizona	3	..	3,800
Arkansas	..	9	65,000
California	13	..	375,000
Colorado	6	..	74,000
*Connecticut	7	..	117,166
*Delaware	3	..	11,572
Florida	..	6	40,000
Georgia	..	14	100,000
Idaho	4	..	66,000
Illinois	29	..	835,000
*Indiana	15	..	185,772
Iowa	13	..	400,000
Kansas	10	..	166,000
Kentucky	..	13	15,000
Louisiana	..	10	70,000
*Maine	6	..	76,333
Maryland	8	..	50,000
Massachusetts	18	..	350,000
Michigan	15	..	450,000
Minnesota	12	..	400,000
Mississippi	..	10	70,000
Missouri	18	..	160,000
Montana	4	..	60,000
Nebraska	8	..	135,000
Nevada	3	..	7,000
New Hamphire	4	..	30,000
New Jersey	14	..	325,000
New Mexico	3	..	6,000
New York	45	..	1,100,000
North Carolina	..	12	40,000
North Dakota	5	..	20,000
Ohio	24	..	400,000
Oklahoma	10	..	11,000
Oregon	5	..	57,000
Pennsylvania	38	..	1,000,000
Rhode Island	5	..	53,000
South Carolina	..	9	60,000
South Dakota	5	..	50,000
Tennessee	12	..	12,000
Texas	..	20	450,000
Utah	4	..	15,000
*Vermont	4	..	44,301
Virginia	..	12	50,000
Washington	7	..	165.000
West Virginia	8	..	80,000
Wisconsin	13	..	360,000
Wyoming	3	..	10,000
Totals	404	127	

Total vote........................ 531
Necessary to choice.............. 266

*Complete.
Estimates are still necessary because of delayed returns from isolated districts.

NEW CONGRESS

(Based on incomplete Returns.)

States—	Representatives Rep.	Representatives Dem.	Senators Rep.	Senators Dem.
Alabama	..	10	..	2
Arizona	1	..	1	1
Arkansas	..	7	..	2
California	9	2	2	..
Colorado	3	1	2	..
Connecticut	5	..	2	..
Delaware	1	..	1	1
Florida	..	4	..	2
Georgia	..	12	..	2
Idaho	2	..	2	..
Illinois	24	3	2	..
Indiana	13	..	2	..
Iowa	11	..	2	..
Kansas	8	..	2	..
Kentucky	3	8	1	1
Louisiana	..	8	..	2
Maine	4	..	2	..
Maryland	4	2	2	..
Massachusetts	14	2	1	1
Michigan	13	..	2	..
Minnesota	10	..	2	..
Mississippi	..	8	..	2
Missouri	7	9	1	1
Montana	2	..	..	2
Nebraska	6	..	1	1
Nevada	1	..	1	1
New Hampshire	2	..	2	..
New Jersey	11	1	2	..
New Mexico	1	..	1	1
New York (a)	26	16	2	..
North Carolina	..	10	..	2
North Dakota	3	..	2	..
Ohio	22	..	1	1
Oklahoma	4	4	1	1
Oregon	3	..	2	..
Pennsylvania (b)	34	1	2	..
Rhode Island	3	..	1	1
South Carolina	..	7	..	2
South Dakota	3	..	2	..
Tennessee	3	..	2	..
Texas	1	17	..	2
Utah	2	..	1	1
Vermont	2	..	2	..
Virginia	1	9	..	2
Washington	5	..	2	..
West Virgina	6	..	2	..
Wisconsin	11	..	2	..
Wyoming	1	..	1	1
Totals	292	141	59	37

House of representatives:
(a) One Socialist.
(b) One Independent Prohibitionist.

GOVERNORS ELECTED

Arizona—T. E. Campbell	Rep.
Arkansas—Thomas E. McRae	Dem.
Colorado—Oliver H. Shoup	Rep.
Connecticut—E. J. Lake	Rep.
Delaware—W D. Denney	Rep.
Florida—Cary A. Hardee	Dem.
Georgia—*T. W. Hardwick	Dem.
Idaho—David W. Davis	Rep.
Illinois—Len Small	Rep.
Indiana—W. T. McCray	Rep.
Iowa—N. E. Kendall	Rep.
Kansas—Henry J. Allen	Rep.
Maine—**F. H. Parkhurst	Rep.
Massachusetts—C. H. Cox	Rep.
Michigan—A. J. Groesbeck	Rep.
Minnesota—J. A. O. Preus	Rep.
Missouri—A. M. Hyde	Rep.
Montana—Joseph M. Dixon	Rep.
Nebraska—S. R. McKelvie	Rep.
New Hampshire—A. O. Brown	Rep.
New Mexico—M. C. Mechem	Rep.
New York—N. L. Miller	Rep.
North Carolina—Cameron Morrison	Dem.
North Dakota—L. J. Frazier	Rep.
Ohio—Harry L. Davis	Rep.
Rhode Island—E. J. San Souci	Rep.
South Carolina—R. A. Cooper	Dem.
South Dakota—R. H. McMaster	Rep.
Tennessee—Alf Taylor	Rep.
Texas—P. M. Neff	Dem.
Utah—C. R. Mabey	Rep.
Vermont—James Hartness	Rep.
Washington—Lewis F. Hart	Rep.
West Virginia—E. F. Morgan	Rep.
Wisconsin—John J. Blaine	Rep.

*Unopposed. **Elected in September.

Townley Candidates Beaten.

Crushing defeats for A. C. Townley in seven Northwest states are shown in practically complete returns. Minnesota, South Dakota, Montana, Nebraska, Idaho, Washington and Colorado buried the Townley candidates under an avalanche of Republican votes. In not one of the states did the Nonpartisans succeed in winning an important post.

In two other northwestern states—North Dakota and Wisconsin—Nonpartisan victories are only partial.

IOWA ASSEMBLY HEAVILY G. O. P.

Republican Majority in State Is Still Growing

Returns from 64 of the 99 counties in the state show that 61 Republicans and four Democrats were elected as members of the next house of the Iowa Legislature. There were 29 state senatorial districts in which senators were chosen. Thus far 17 have reported that Republican senators had been elected. No Democrats have been reported as having been elected to the Senate. These results indicate that the next Iowa Legislature will be more overwhelmingly Republican than ever before in recent years.

N. E. KENDALL

Successful State Candidates.

The candidates on the republican state ticket follows:

Governor N. E. Kendall, of Albia.

Lieutenant governor—John Hammill of Britt.

Secretary of state—Walter C. Ramsay of Belmond.

Auditor of state—Glen C. Haynes of Mason City.

Treasurer—W. J. Burbank of Waterloo.

Attorney general—Ben J. Gibson of Corning.

Railroad commissioner—Fred P. Woodruff of Knoxville.

Judges of the Supreme court—Silas M. Weaver of Iowa Falls, Lawrence De Graff of Des Moines, F. F. Faville of Fort Dodge. Thomas Arthur of Logan.

Iowa Congressmen Republican

It is clear that all republican candidates for congress have been elected. They are, by districts:

First—W. F. Kopf, Mount Pleasant.

Second—H. E. Hull, Williamsburg.

Third—Burton E. Sweet, Waverly.

Fourth—G. N. Haugen, Northwood.

Fifth—James W. Good, Cedar Rapids.

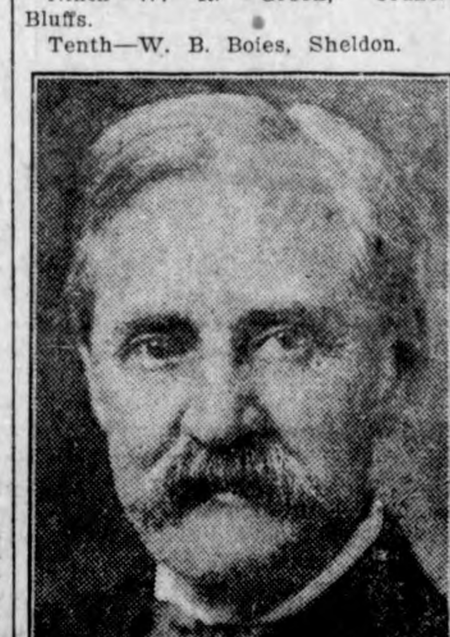
Sixth—C. W. Ramseyer, Bloomfield.

Seventh—C. C. Dowell, Des Moines.

Eighth—H. M. Towner, Corning.

Ninth—W. R. Green, Council Bluffs.

Tenth—W. B. Boies, Sheldon.



ALBERT B. CUMMINS

The re-election of Sen. A. B. Cummins over his democratic apponent is Certain and his majority will be one of the largest ever given him.

Assembly Elections

H. A. Darting of Glenwood, Lloyd Thureton of Osceola, W. S. Baird of Council Bluffs, J. K. Hale of Anamosa, W. G. Haskell of Cedar Rapids, P. C. Holdoegel of Rockwell City, Charles Olson of Beaver, B. M. Stoddard of Sloan, O. L. Mead of Shell Rock, J. M. Slosson of Northwood, J. E. Wichman of Garner, E. H. Campbell of Battle Creek, H. C. Adams of Algona and B. C. Abben, Jr., of Little Rock are known to have been elected.

First "Scoop" Not So Much.

The first big "scoop" in American journalism was "pulled off" by the News-Letter in June, 1704, when a reporter was sent to write a "story" covering the execution of six pirates on the Charles river. This pioneer reporter turned in an excellent story, and it filled nearly half of one issue of the paper. The feature of the article, however, was the prayer uttered by a minister on the scaffold, which was reproduced "as near as could be taken in writing in the great crowd."—Fresno (Cal.) Herald.

IS FAVORED LAND

Western Canada Country of Great Possibilities.

Soil, Climate, and Weather Conditions All Factors in the Production of Unrivaled Fruit, Vegetables and Flowers as Well as Grain.

As recently as last month—to be correct, it was the 18th of October, a time of year when one naturally looks for the "frost upon the punkin," and is inclined to wander through the woods in search of the ripened nuts, and admire the beautiful colorings that the autumn atmosphere has bestowed upon the leaves; when one goes to his closet, or maybe his pawnbroker, to find his heavy clothing—it was that I found myself the guest of a Western Canada housewife in her beautiful home on the outskirts of the pretty little town of Moosomin, Saskatchewan. The dinner! That's what Mrs. Wilde called it. I should have termed it a banquet. There were mallard duck, cooked to a turn, baked potatoes—and such big, mealy fellows they were, too—cauliflower—and say, did you ever taste one of those Western Canada cauliflower?—then dessert. What was the dessert? I can see it now. Strawberries, strawberries that had been picked that morning. Help yourself to the cream—and it was cream that is cream. But what I wanted to write about was the strawberries picked on the 18th of October. As I ate, and turned my back while a second helping was placed in front of me, I could not but think how this goes to refute the once accepted idea that the climate of Western Canada is such that the ripening of strawberries at any season is one of the things that might be looked upon as next to impossible. Fortunately it is rapidly giving place to one which acknowledges that our sister nation to the north possesses a climate that makes it quite possible to develop and ripen strawberries even in October.

But there is more to add. On October 14, just a few days previous, Mr. A. B. Smith, near the same town, plucked a splendid mess of green corn from his garden. Near Rocauville, Saskatchewan, wild raspberries were picked during the same week. The fact of ripening fruit at this date may seem of little moment, but when you are told that corn did not suffer from any vagaries of weather, more attention may be paid to it. The question of Western Canada's climate is no longer the bugaboo it once was, and not so very long ago, either, when it caused thinking people to think, and unquestionably prevented many from going to Canada who under other conditions would have gone.

In various parts of this country, at different state and county fairs, the government of the Dominion of Canada, during the past few weeks, installed exhibits of the grains and grasses grown in Western Canada, and at the same time showed fruits and vegetables that were grown there. None of these was placed in competition with the home-grown article. But to judges and others there came the full understanding of what it would mean to the local exhibitor if they were. The Western Canadian—and many of the exhibits were grown by former Americans—does not lay claim to any special dispensation of intelligence in the matter of the culture of the articles placed on exhibition, but willingly gives credit to the soil, the climate, and such other indigenous conditions as the country as a whole possesses, as being factors that bring about the largest yields of the best of wheat, oats, barley, flax and rye, as well as vegetables. As is pointed out by the gentlemen in charge of these exhibits, and quite evident to all, the possibilities of growing vegetables and grain such as are shown can only exist where conditions such as have been mentioned exist.

In speaking of eating fresh strawberries and green corn in the middle of October I should not fail to refer to the beautiful bouquets that adorned the table, the sideboard, the window sills, and almost every other available vacant place in the room. Flowers!—there were asters phlox, gladioli, peonies, poppies and I can't remember the names of them all, but they were there. Taken right from the garden, having a fragrance that gave the room tropical colors, and filled it with marvelously delightful perfumes. It was a very pretty sight. Then I went out into the garden, and took a photo of it. It was simply wonderful. I asked the good lady how she managed it. She said she had always been fond of flowers. In her old home in one of the central states, she carried on garden horticulture, and had been acknowledged successful. "But my!" she said, "I never got such bloom, and such a variety as I do here." She admitted it was a lot of work, the watering, the weeding, the hoeing, but such work was a pleasure.

Well, such is some of the life in Western Canada, and as I left the farm home I concluded that much of our surroundings are as we ourselves make them.—Advertisement.

In saving money the real secret is not to lose it through the hole at the top of your pocket.

Cole's Carbolisalve Quickly Relieves and heals burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Heals without scars. 30c and 60c. Ask your druggist, or send 30c to The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill., for a pkg.Adv.

Plain duties are naturally unattractive.

PACT IS DEAD, SAYS HARDING

President-Elect of U. S. Pledges New Efforts for World Peace.

YANKS TO HOLD LEADERSHIP

Makes First Speech Since Election at Celebration of His Victory by the Home Folks—"Corpse" at Front Porch.

Marion, O., Nov. 6.—President-elect Warren G. Harding said the last sad rites over the deceased Versailles League of Nations when its "corpse" was brought to the front porch in the midst of a great celebration by his home folks in honor of his election.

The bier bearing the "remains" was carried in the parade on the shoulders of six "pallbearers." A "mourner" held aloft a banner telling the identity of the departed. The President-elect smiled and waved his hat as the cortege passed, a band behind played a funeral dirge and later when the corpse was taken in front of the steps, he turned to Mrs. Harding and said:

"There's the corpse."

In his speech to the crowd of thirty thousand or more, the first address since his election, he said in commenting on the league:

"I saw in the procession the mournful spectacle of the dead League of Nations and I didn't see as much sorrow in your faces as I rather apprehended. But it was not because you or I question the wisdom, the justice, or the desirability of America having its part in a new fraternity of nations, or because we question the high ideals of those who were responsible for the Versailles covenant.

"You just didn't want a surrendered United States of America.

"You wanted America to be free and unmortgaged to the Old World. You wanted the America you have seen made under American ideals to go on under American ideals. That's why you didn't want the league which is now deceased."

Visibly affected by the demonstration, President-elect Harding told his home folks he was not talking in a partisan spirit; "election is over," he added. "The task is such that it makes any man pause. It is too serious to be exultant. I like to stand before you and tell you I don't have to come with a single apology or regret. If I had to seek the presidency at the cost of speaking ill or telling a lie I would spurn the office, because it would not be worth any honest man's occupancy.

"We are the greatest people in the world in America and the world looks to us for leadership. But America is not expecting a superman.

"I told the American people that this was going to be a government of law and not of men. We are going to have in America once more a government of the Constitution, a government of the people through their chosen representatives. We are going to have a government again where it is the will of the people and not the will of the chief executive of this republic.

"Those who know me will agree that maybe I have one qualification that will fit into the present situation. I alone have preached conference, consultation and exchange of ideas. I have never been a radical. Sometimes they have called me a reactionary or an ultra conservative.

"What we need is a little showing up by the radicals and a little speeding up by the ultra-conservatives so we can come to a common understanding and give the stabilizing influence of America to the civilization of the world.

"I am going into office knowing the heart of the American people is right and in the spirit of compromise and desire for an understanding for the promotion of our national interests, and America is going on safe and sure at home and giving its steadying and stabilizing influence to mankind and the civilization of the world.

"My work among you has been as a fellow booster, and, God helping me, I am going to Washington as a booster for the United States of America. But I don't mean that we want America to lead a selfish existence. We don't want to advance our own country at the cost of discouraging or neglecting the rest of the world.

"The United States will meet every obligation it owes to humanity and to the world. There is much to do. A new world relationship is to be established and through you I tell the world when the next administration comes into power we are going to play our part."

O'Callahan Succeeds MacSwiney.

Cork, Nov. 6.—Deputy Lord Mayor O'Callahan, has been elected lord mayor of Cork.

Asks Wilson to Resign.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—William J. Bryan issued a statement calling on President Wilson to resign at once, yielding the presidency to Marshall with the understanding that Harding be made Secretary of State.

U. S. Rule of Sugar Ends.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The last vestige of government control over sugar has been removed through the signing by President Wilson of a proclamation providing for revocation November 15 of licenses held by wholesalers.

Help That Aching Ba

Back giving out? Tortured with nagging backaches and stabbing pa Does the least exertion leave you played out?" Likely your kidneys to blame. Overwork, colds, insuff rest and the hurry and worry of p ent-day living tend to weaken the neys. Backache is often the first w ing. Headaches and dizziness come, too, and perhaps annoying ney irregularities. Help the overwo kidneys with *Doan's Kidney Pi Doan's* have helped thousands. T should help you. Ask your neighb

An Iowa Case

D. A. Ray, tired farmer, ford, Ia., "I have had vere pa through my just over my neys. I could get about by use of a cane was sore and through my My kidneys act freely eno Seeing D Kidney Pills highly advertised I some. Three boxes cured me tirely."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNE PILL

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N

THE BEGINNING OF A NEW LI

Bulgaria and Oriental Europe duce Sturdiest People.

Do you want to feel from 10 years younger?

Do you want to know the joy Perfect Health?

You can get back the spirit youth, your eyes will sparkle new life and the rich glow of he will replace the faded yellow skin.

Bulgarian Blood Tea, used for turies in Oriental Europe, is the remarkable medicinal family prep tion known in the world today. posed of choice and rare herbs, brewed by yourself and taken once twice a week, will be the begin of a new life for you. Your blood become rich and pure; the flame life will be rekindled—no more aches, biliousness, constipation, in gestion or bone-racking aches pains. Bulgarian Blood Tea is gu anteed to contain just pure herbs marvelous medicinal and cura power gathered from fields, mo tains and valleys of Europe, Asia Africa. All drug stores now ke Bulgarian Blood Tea in stock, owing to the enormous demand mediate application to your drugg is urged on account of the limit source of supply. Distributors of B garian Blood Tea are authorized return the full purchase price if does not materially improve yo health in three weeks' time. This e dence of faith in the power of B garian Blood Tea is the guarantee the Marvel Products Co., Mar Building, Pittsburgh, who auth ize this public announcement.

Undoubtedly.

Mr. Spiffkins observed that quiet boy at the foot of the class not yet had an opportunity to disp his knowledge of the Bible. So teacher gave him this one:

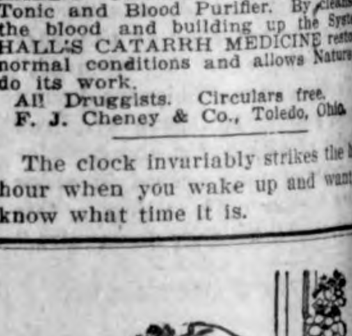
"In what condition was the pat arch Job at the end of his life?"

"Dead," said the quiet boy.

Catarrh

Catarrh is a local disease greatly in enced by constitutional conditi HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is Tonic and Blood Purifier. By cleans the blood and building up the Syste HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE resto normal conditions and allows Nature do its work.
All Druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

The clock invariably strikes the h hour when you wake up and want know what time it is.



WHEN A WOMAN IS NERVOUS—WO

The lives of most women a full of worry. Men's troubles a bad enough, but women's a worse. Worry makes women sick. It pulls them down, and in their weakened condition they are sub ject to pains, aches, weakness, back aches, headaches and dizzy spells. Most women neglect their health, and for this they pay the penalty. Any woman will find that neglect does not pay. A little more atten tion to health would brighten up her life. If she asks her neighbors she finds that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription benefits a woman's whole system. It not only acts upon the troubles and weakness peculiar to women, but is an all round tonic that braces the entire body, overcoming nervousness, sleeplessness, headaches, dizziness and a run-down condition.

DIXON, NEBR.—"For the young girl developing into womanhood there is nothing better than Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a tonic and builder. At that time of my life I was sadly in need of something to strengthen and build me up and I found just the tonic I needed in the Prescription. I would advise its use by all young girls at this critical period of life."—Mrs. E. LONG.

For Irritated Throats

take a tried and tested remedy—one that acts promptly and effectively and contains no opiates. You get that remedy by asking for

PISO'S

Bob Sleds

It is time to figure on getting your bob sled for the winter for they will be hard to get. Come in now and order yours while we have a full line. We carry the famous

Never Tip

They live up to their name.

We also carry a full line of Kewanee Hog Waterers, Tank Heaters, Feed & Oil.

See Us Now

W. M. Baack

We have just received a full line of.---

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Silverware
Fountain Pens etc.
We handle the Big Ben Clock.
Also have fine line of watches in the following well known makes--

West Bend — Waltham
Elgin — Ingersolls

E. S. D. KAHRS

Druggist — **Klemme, Iowa**

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

Farmers Look---

Cold weather and winter is coming and you will need the following to make your stock gain rapidly and so add more profit to your income.

Hog Wateres and Chicken Waterers

We carry a complete stock in four kinds all strongly built of galvanized iron.

Tank Heaters

Keep the water warm for your stock and you see good results.

Hog Feeders, Ho Oilers

We have a full supply of the best makes. Put a couple of oilers in your pens--keeps the hogs healthy and glossy.

Try SAL-VET

You read about it in your farm papers--well we handle it. Makes stock healthy.

Poultry Tonics

We also handle all kinds of poultry tonic.

Trade with

Henry Lau & Sons

HOW

HOUSEWIFE MAY MAKE HER WORK MORE ATTRACTIVE.—How to make household work more attractive is so serious a problem that it is delightful to hear that the operation of washing clothes is "a kind of Greek dance." So, at least a lady who is used to Greek dancing declares. The same authority says that she engages in "rhythmic movements" for every household duty and finds her labors surprisingly lightened. Thus energy can be conserved in the lifting of a kettle if one stoops with one's whole body instead of simply leaning forward a little. The theory is plausible enough to deserve a careful working out. It is one of the principles of modern education that study must be made play for the child. How much more should work become one sweet song for the housewife! Many might find the combination of washboard and Greek dance perplexing. Probably the ordinary worker might resent the interference with fier "ways," no matter how much help she might derive from it. But we have one resource unknown to the ancient in canned music. Put in the record and turn the crank, and the rhythmic movement is easy. In this untrodden field of domestic art—or shall we say science?—the first adventurers will have to walk warily. Only long and careful experiment can determine the exact kind of music for each particular task. It would not do to employ jazz if slow waltz time were required. If a bed were made up to jazz the sheets would probably not be tucked in properly at the bottom. A little comic opera music might suit a hasty luncheon, whereas for a deliberate and formal dinner an adagio from a symphony might blend more harmoniously with the occasion. Since the domestic problem is one of the gravest the modern woman has to face, it is obviously of the highest importance that the connection between the family wash and the Greek dance be carefully investigated and further researches undertaken.—New York Tribune.

BEES' PRODUCTION OF HONEY

How the Transition From Nectar to the Highly Delectable Compound Is Accomplished.

When a bee arrives in the hive with a load of honey, she searches until she finds a cell to her liking and then enters the cell with feet upward. Her mandibles touch the cell where the load is to be deposited. Then the mouth and mandibles open, and a drop of nectar appears. With the mandibles constantly in motion while quite likely some secretion is added to the nectar, the head is moved from side to side and the nectar spread over the upper cell wall. When this honey is first stored it is quite thin, but later the bees evaporate or "ripen" it until it contains less than 25 per cent of water. The work is done mostly at night, the bees standing on the combs with heads upward and then forcing a drop of nectar to the mouth and mandibles, where it gently pulsates for about ten minutes when it is swallowed and another drop appears. This work continues sometimes for nearly half the night. Anyone entering the apiary at this time will note the pleasant odor of the new honey and will also enjoy the drowsy sound of the millions at work ripening the honey.

How to Resilver Mirrors.

Select a sheet of tinfoil of the required size and pour over it three drams of quicksilver for each square foot of foil. Rub the foil with a piece of buckskin until it becomes brilliant. Place a sheet of paper over the foil so as to completely cover it. Then lay a weight on the foil, using a slab of marble or smooth block of wood. Increase the weight so that the foil will be pressed tightly to the glass. Allow to stand four or five hours to set. If properly done the foil will adhere closely to the glass. Usually, however, it is cheaper and more satisfactory to buy a new mirror than to try resilvering an old one.

How Corncobs Yield Dyes.

Of importance to the dye industry is the recent discovery that furfural, or furfuraldehyde—a dye base—can now be extracted, like cellulose, from the common corncob, and at a cost of only 15 cents a pound. This colorless, oily liquid has previously been obtained only in the laboratory, and at something like $17 a pound. In consequence of this announcement the despised corncob will take on considerable commercial value. In the hands of the chemists it will yield dyes of a vivid green, in addition to the rare brown and blue vat dyes.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

How Esthonian Girls Begin Life.

Almost from infancy Esthonian girls begin to collect a wedding outfit. This is not peculiar to Esthonian girls, but a curious feature is that at the wedding the newly made bride distributes accumulated articles among the guests, receiving in return promises of beehives, sheep, and cattle—promises which are usually redeemed sooner or later.

WHY

Selfish Person Is Likely to Live Long

Utter selfishness and clam-like absence of emotion seem to be the recipe for old age, for the Journal of the American Medical Association quotes a paragraph from the memoirs of Baron de Grimm written on the death at ninety-three of Dr. John J. de Mairen of the French academy, with the query if this be not a text on geriatrics. The paragraph is as follows:

"He was exactly the kind of person to live to a great age; his head was well formed, he had great equanimity of temper, great moderation in his passions, or rather he was destitute of passions; he had sensibility enough to engage the regard of those with whom he associated, and to contract those ties of intimacy which were sufficient for him, which have not indeed the charms of friendship, but which do not draw after them the same obligations. He had not warmth of heart enough to feel the necessity of an attachment which rules despotically; of a friend who disposes of us at pleasure, who forms the happiness or the misery of our lives; he had much prudence and foresight; paid great attention to himself, and was very methodical in whatever he did."

This might have been written of Count Greppi, the former Italian diplomat, who though more than one hundred is taking an active part in the social life of Rome.

BANISH DESPAIR AND DOUBT

Why It Is Foolish to Allow the Past to Cast Any Shadow Over the Future.

Much arrant nonsense has been written and said upon the influence of the past on the present. We have been told that the past is a Nemesis ever upon the trail of puny man. The first morbid threats concerning the power of the past was in Genesis when the Israelites were made to think their suffering due to the sins of their ancestors. All this is false and morbid and poisonous, declares the Rochester Post-Express. Maeterlinck tells us that our past depends upon our present and changes with it. What the past was depends upon the way we employ it today. Men and women have behind them grim and apparently hopeless pasts, but they rise upon these things and triumph over them. Poe thought he was a victim of his past and so wrote the dismal poem, "The Raven," with its croaking "Nevermore." He could have made his past glorious by glorifying his present. But the past was too strong for his weak will. All he saw behind him was hideous mistakes, and ahead more mistakes. Other men with equally dark beginnings have made them minister to their present welfare.

The past is dead, but not the wisdom we learned from it. The faults of the past are with us until we recognize them and correct them. We go ahead as we achieve wisdom out of the raw material of mistake. The past is dead and beneath our feet. We can get down in it and wallow if we want to, or we can step to higher things. The real enemies of man are despair and doubt. Yet they are generally under our feet if we will to trample them there.

Why Old Shoes Are Thrown.

Throwing old shoes after a bridal couple dates back to the Old Testament, the Detroit News observes. When a man transferred a piece of property he took off his shoe and handed it to the purchaser to seal the bargain. In the marriage ceremony it has come to mean that the parents give up all dominion over their daughter.

In ancient times, when the young man was unable to arrange with the parents for the purchase of the girl, he would run off with her and hide. Many times he employed the help of a trusted friend. From these incidents comes the well-known custom of the wedding journey of hidden destination. The trusted friend of long ago is the best man of today, who still helps with the arrangements of the marriage.

Why Show Was Not Success.

David Belasco, at a dinner in New York, found himself seated opposite a brother play producer.

"Well, Bill," he said genially, "how's the new show going?"

"Only so-so, Dave; only so-so."

"Sorry to hear that Bill."

"Oh, there's a reason for it. You see, we produced on Friday—an unlucky day, you know. Then there was the car strike; that hit us where we lived. And we'd hardly recovered from the blow when Lent came on. Of course, Dave, business always falls off in Lent."

Mr. Belasco gave a loud laugh.

"Bill," he said "I'll tell you what's the trouble with that show of yours. You brought it out too soon after the San Francisco earthquake."

Why Path Was Abandoned.

Evidence that walking as a pastime and diversion is rapidly going out of style was discovered by the Observer when he recently visited his home town in southeastern Ohio.

What had been a well-kept gravel path along a road noted especially for its beauty of scenery, had almost entirely disappeared. Grass of the tall, tough kind was growing in the middle of the walk. Alongside, was a cinder road, now well kept, which had completely replaced the walk. The explanation is probably found in the one word, "automobiles."—Observer in Columbus Dispatch.

A GUARANTEED NON-OPERATIVE

Painless Cure for Piles

(hemorrhoids)

IN ANY FORM. Patient is not laid up or caused loss of time. Other Rectal troubles treated.

Diseases of the female organs and of the prostate gland a specialty.

Electric treatments when properly given will cure certain conditions otherwise impossible to reach. This service is given when indicated.

A special treatment for diabetes, kidney troubld, high blood pressure, and constipation.

Spinal sdjustments and general osteopathic practice.

Office hours 9—12 A. M. 1—5 P. M. Other hours by appointment.

Dr. .R W. Shultz

Masonic Bldg. — **Garner, Iowa**

Your Lumber and Building Material requirments can be filled here to your financial advantage.

In other words **we will save you money on the prices.**

Every price advantage that the market affords will be yours if you trade with us.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Somebody is always depositing your money in the bank.

Is it **you who are** saving part of your income and putting it where it **will** work for your benefit.

Or is it all slipping through your fingers into the pocket and bank account of some one who appreciates its value more than you?

☐ A Savings account with us will solve that problem.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 — 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS — SURPLUS $25,000.00

KLEMME, IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Get Your SALE BILLS Printed Here
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Thanksgiving Greetings

The spirit of the season prompts us to remind you that Thanksgiving will soon be here and that this year of all years it should be given due consideration.

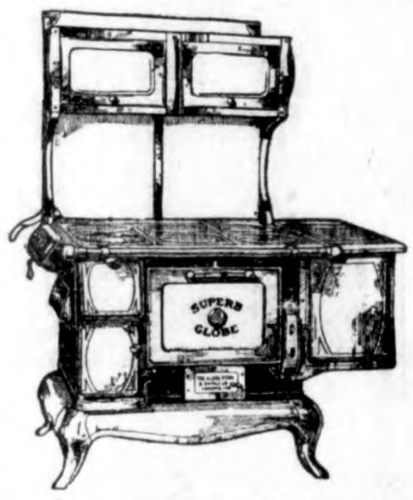
When you are planning the Feast don't forget we have on hand Cranberries, Nuts Apples, Celery, and other Green Vegetables that will all be in keeping with the day. Also a fine line of canned goods to select from. Try our celebrated BBBB Brand and be convinced of the Quality.

We can supply you with choice Winter Apples, either in barrels or baskets.

Yours for Business

J. N. DAY

Your Thanksgiving Dinner



And A Globe Range

Nothing tastes better than a Thanksgiving Dinner prepared on a Globe Range. For cooking, baking, and roasting they can't be equalled. We have them in all styles. We also carry a full line of roasters, baking dishes, pans, pots, kettles, etc. Plan now for the big feed.

Full line of Globe Heaters

JACOBS & SON

HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

Squirrel Food

A Halsted street dealer advertises: "dead shot killer for bedbugs, 30c a pint." killer, or bedbugs?

King Alexander of Greece died from the effect of a monkey bite. Moral: Dont monkey with monkeys.

A haircut now costs 25 cents and a shave 15 cents in Los Angeles. Bnt who wants to go clear to Los Angeles to get his barbering done.

Polite Pete (finishing his handout on the well platform)-"I enjoyed me lunch very much, mum; and now do youse care if I take a little nap in de porch swing while I rest my feet?"

Lady Bountiful—" No you are too heavy; you will break it doun."

Pete—" Ah, I assure youse, mum ,I am a very light sleeper."

"I think I'll sell Fliver an eucyclopedia."

"No chance. He knows it all."

"That means a good chance. He can go through it looking for errors."

"What kind of a time is he having on his motor trip?"

"Guess he's having a pretty lively time. He sent me a picture post-card of a hospital."

They had just become engaged.

"I shall love," she cooed, "to share all your griefs and troubles."

"But, darling," he purred, " I have none."

"No," she agreed; "But I mean when we are married."

A Missonri farmen who called his newly employed hired man out of bed at four oclock in the morning was surprised a few moments later to see the man walking off down the road.

"Say! come back an' eat your breakfast 'fore you go to work!"

"I ain't going to work," the man called back. "I'm goin' to hunt somewhere to stay all night."

Binks (comming out of the theater)—"why did everybody cry during the death scene? They must have known the actor was not dead."

Jinks—"Yes, that was just it."

A child is born in neighorhood; the editor gives the loud lunged youngster and the "happy parents" a send off and gets $00. It is christened and the minister gets $5.00 and the editor gets $00 The editor pushes and tells a dozen lies about the " beautiful and accomplished bride." The minister gets $10 and a piece ef cake and the editor gets $00. In cource of time she dies; the doctor gets from $15 to $100, the minister perhaps gets another $5, the undertaker gets from $75 to 150, the editor publishes a notice of the death, an orbitory two colums long and a card of thanks aud gets $0.00. No wonder so many country editors get rlch. Have you paid your subscription?

An Eagle Grove couple' it is said, came very near quarling over a little matter. In their cellar they had a barrel of apples and a sack of nuts. A large rat headquartered in the cellar. The wife was positive it was there to eat the apples. The husband declared more positively a rat would not eat apples but would eat nuts. Finally they bought two traps, setting one by the apples ond one by the nuts. Next morning friend husband went down and yelled to his wife. "We've caught the rat!" By the apples?" asked the wife. "No," said the husband.

If a fly should bite an up-to-date Klemme girl, it would probably die of paint colorie.

Far by the sunlit, summer sea
She dwelt on love and faith pnd hope-
Her right name was Penelope,
But neighbors called her Penelope.

Fair as a violet was she,
That grows beside a mossy stone ,
Or the wind flower, anemone-
The farmers called it anemone.

She danced like doun along the lea,
She danced like foam along the shore,
A daughter of Terpsichore
Whom hoi polli call Terpsichore.

Alas! one day she went to see
A circus—heard the raucous cope
Of that ecursed caliope
Which most folk call the caliope.

That verv night this maid did flee
With the Big Show to dance and loaf;
Sure, such a sad catastrophy
Might well be called a catastrophy!

Now as a modest trovotore
She dances to the calliope;
O hapeless child of Terpsichore,
O airy, fairy Penelope!

Ye thirsty, rejoice,
Now that autumn is here;
Though empty the flask.
There's a nip in the air.

"I see they'er going to have a world fair in Iceland next year."

"Yes, but I'll bet it'll be a frost."

Most farmers answer Yes

Isn't it better to put your money where you know you can get it back than to put it where you can only hope it will be safe?

Isn't it better to be sure of 5 per cent interest on your money than a mere promise of more with the odds against you?

Isn't it be better to have the control of yourself than to give it to some stranger.

Isn't it better to put your money in our Certificates of Deposit where you know it is safe where it will earn interest for six months or a year, where you can control it than in fake stock schemes?

Will you do it.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Next Number of Lyceum Course Will be

Hettie J. Dunaway

Presents

"JUST PLAIN JUDY"

An Adaptation From

"Daddy Long Legs"

At the IDLE HOUR

Monday, Nov. 22

Don't miss this number as it will be one of the best. Miss Dunaway is one of the best Readers on the Lyceum stage.

Get Your Seats

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Patronize your home merchants but when you go away from home then we ask you to favor

MASON CITY

Because Mason City is your big town and should be favored against another city.

Many Sick People

from surrounding Towns are Consulting

J. W. Daugherty D. C.

The Chiropractor

AT

Commercial Savings Bank Building.

Mason City, Iowa

Established Eight Years

Outside Calls Made by Appointment.

Tolstrups

Ready-to-Wear Store

19 So. Federal---across from 5 & 10c Store

Offering A Feust In

Suits Coats Dresses
Millinery Skirts Etc.

Come and take your choice at

1-2 Price

All new Merchandise---but going at a big sacrifice.

Remarkable Reductions on all Plush Coats---an opportunity to buy cheap.

Mason City Book and Stationery Company

We have a very large stock of well selected merchandise which is offered at

Re-Adjusted Prices

Toys
Dolls
Games
Books
Stationery

Mason City Book and Stationery Co.

10 First Street South East
Mason City, Iowa

Model Cleaners

We are experts in our line. Dry Cleaning---Steam Cleaning--Pressing Accordian Pleating--Box Pleating-Side Pleating--Knife Pleating. We also clean rugs, draperies, curtains and many other household goods.

Mail orders taken care of promptly.

Model Cleaners

104 South Federal Ave. ***Phone 49***

Mason City, Iowa.

Reconstruction

SALE

Necessity Knows No Law

The backward season and adverse business condition have forced us to sacrifice merchandise. Bills must be paid. High grade clothing and furnishings all going. Prices cut to the quick, regardless of cost or profit. Our loss is your gain. We do not want a suit or Overcoat left in stock after this sale. Take advantage of the opportunity and anticipate your needs at once. Every article purchased carries our usual guarantee. Money refunded if not satisfactory.

Men's and Boys Suits, Overcoats, Sheep Lined Coats Mackinaws, are all priced at

33 per cent Reduction and Lower

Patton & Abel

Mason City **Iowa**

Gifts That Last

It was by reason of her possesion of **"Gifts that Last"** then enabled Queen Isabelle of Spain to procure the many by which she was enabled to send Columbus upon the vouage that led to the discovery of America

We want to impress you with the idea that Jewelry is the logical thing to purchase for you.

Christmas Gifts

This store offer a selection that is not found in every store and purchases have have the absolute assurance that quality is of the highest.

W. H. Potts

"The Hallmark Store"

1st Nat. Bank Building **Mason City, Iowa**

Last Chance End in Sight.

Sale Positively Closes Saturday, Nov. 20

Thousands of dollars worth, at a great new low price to sell more goods anticipated your Clothing and Furnishing wants for a year to come for thers are now some rare cuts and big snaps.

Overcoats
Kuppenhiemer made worth $60 now
$34.50

Men's Suits
that we sold regular for $64.50 last chance
$33.75

Wool Underwear
$6.50 regular to close out
$2.95

Sweaters
$15 was the regular price of these. Now
$5.95

Canvas Gloves
out they go at
11c

Work Shirts
Extra Heavy. Now **98c**

Be here for the finish--Our Loss

Ray E. Prusia Co.

201 North Federal Ave. **Mason City, Iowa**

THE DAMON-IGOU CO.

Most of your friends rest in our rest room--check your grips--use our phones, make yourself at home.

Wearing Apparel

Second Floor

Suits Girls Dresses Girls Coats
Coats House Dresses Petticoats
Dresses Kimonas Skirts Middies
Blouses Sweaters

All at Reasonable Prices

SPECIALS

Kimonas of figured challies **$1.50**
Petticoats of Silk Jerseys **$5.00**
House dresses of percales **$2.00**
Girls wool Sweaters **$5.00**
Plush Coats, short models **$27.50**

Quality, Style and Low Prices are firmly wedded together in this store--to buy here is real economy

YOUR NEXT VISIT TO MASON CITY FOR SHOPPING--VISIT OUR

DOWN STAIRS STORE

The Shop Unique
The Tea Room
The Beauty Parlors
The Rest Room

Dry Goods at a Lower Price. **We have added all these new departments.** **Come and see them.**

The Faith Cure.

"Mamma," said little Betty, "my kitty is sick and I have been trying to give her some of my medicine, but she won't take it." "Of course not," replied her mother. "Cats never take medicine when they are ill." "Well, I declare!" exclaimed Betty. "Who'd think a little kitten like that would use the faith cure?"

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

The City Dray Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

☞Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.

Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

For Sale--Wants

Thoroughbred Hogs

FOR SALE—A year old Duroc Jersey Boar, also several choice Chester White male pigs. Wm. Bell. 8-tfc

For sale at bargain prices

I have for sale at bargain prices few choice Fall and a number of Spring Pigs, these are priced to sell and must be moved before December 1st. These Duroc Jersey Hogs are guarnteed to be breeders, papers furnished. EMIL W. LAU, Klemme, Iowa. 7—tfc.

Real Estate For Sale

FOR SALE—My residence property, well located, one block north of park, and three blocks from Main Street. South front, sleeping porch, fine apple and shade trees, 3½ lots. Fred Musfelt. 8–tfc.

Troubles of a Lazy Man.

"A lazy man ain't likely to be happy," said Uncle Eben. "He generally gits [illegible] disposition tryin' to scare o' [illegible] to doin' de work."

Ben A. Reemstma

Farm and General

AUCTIONEER

Sales conducted to insure the owners highest approval. See me for dates and terms.

Phone 508

KLEMME, IOWA

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105

RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments

Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

Organized under the laws of Iowa, located at Klemme, in the County of Hancock, at the close of business on the 3rd day of November, A. D. 1920

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$610,719 72	$610,719 72
United States Bonds	40,802 40	
United States certificates of indebt'ness		
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	830 00	41,632 40
Overdrafts		
Banking house	200 00	200 00
Due from banks and bankers	52,414 74	52,414 74
Gold coin and certificates	410 00	
Silver coin and bullion	1,284 22	
Legal tender and National bank note and subsidiary coins	21,954 00	
Exchanges for clearing house and checks on banks in same place	1,641 82	25.290 04
Foreign checks and items in transit		
All other cash items		
TOTAL RESOURCES		$730,256 90

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	15,000 00	
Surplus fund	25,000 00	40,000 00
Undivided profits, expenses deducted	1,713 97	1,713 97
Deposits due to banks and bankers on demand		
Individual deposits subject to check	110,304 70	
Time certificates of deposits	483,738 23	594,042 93
Bank overdrafts		
Bills payable other than with Federal Reserve Bank	80,000 00	
Rediscounts	14,500 00	94,500 00
TOTAL LIABILITIES		$730.256 90

STATE OF IOWA } ss.
HANCOCK COUNTY }

We, P. M. Griesemer, President, Vice-President, and F.J. Wenck, Cashier of the Bank above named, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement is full, true and correct, to the best of our knowledge and belief, that the assets therein set forth are bona-fide the property of said Bank in its corporate capacity, and that no part of the same has been loaned or advanced to said Bank for the purpose of being exhibited as a portion of its assets.

P. M. GRIESEMER, President.
Vice President
F. J. WENCK, Cashier

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence by P. M. Griesemer, and F. J. Wenck this 6th day of November 1920.

{ SEAL }

CATHERINE A. WENCK
Notary Public in and for Hancock County

Attested by

H. J. Stille
Joe E. Johnson } Directors

WHY

Knowledge Quells Fear in Human Heart

Emerson says: "Always do what you are afraid to do." This is a splendid rule for cultivating courage; but an even better rule would be, "Always investigate what you are afraid of," is the advice of Anne Boyan McCall in Delineator. Examine into the cause of your fear; look into it, and find out what it is.

When we go forward and investigate the things we are afraid of, we are very likely to find in them something actually helpful. Is it the opinion of others we fear? If we could make up our minds to go toward them and try to understand them, we should find that, instead of things to fear, they are either things that are not worth troubling about or else they are things that would be an actual help to us.

Going toward life instead of away from it, learning to face, yes, and investigate, whatever frightens us, whether our fear be a physical fear, a mental one, or a spritual one, this is practicing bravery, and this at last is to attain to self-forgetfulness and the merging of our lives in others.

Brave thoughts (unselfish thoughts), the sayings and doings of brave, unselfish men and women; the biography or autobiography of brave lives; the committing to memory of verses that are full of spiritual bravery; the daily conscious effort to investigate and understand lives and beliefs and interests that are different from our own, all these will help us to cultivate that bravery which is at heart thought of others, and that conscious and loving thought of others which is not alone bravery but a perpetual enrichment of life.

COME NEAR FOR PROTECTION

Why Birds Prefer to Make Their Nests in Proximity to Human Habitations.

What is the real explanation of the fact that so many of our birds nest so near our dwellings and yet show such unfriendliness when we come near them? Their apparent confidence, on the one hand, contradicts their suspicion on the other. Is it because we have here the workings of a new instinct which has not yet adjusted itself to the workings of the older instinct of solicitude for the safety of the nest and young? My own interpretation is that birds are not drawn near us by any sense of greater security in our vicinity. It is evident from the start that there is an initial fear of us to be overcome. How, then, could the sense of greater safety in our presence arise? Fear and trust do not spring from the same root. Hunted animals pursued by wolves or hounds will at times take refuge in the haunts of men, not because they expect human protection, but because they are desperate, and oblivious to everything save some means of escape. If the hunted deer or fox rushes into open shed or a barn door, it is because it is desperately hard pressed, and sees and knows nothing but some object or situation that it may place between itself and its deadly enemy. The great fear obliterates all minor fears.—John Burroughs in Harper's Magazine.

Why "Long Tom" Is Honored.

Long Tom, a 42-pound gun, was originally French property, a part of the armament of the French line-of-battleship Hoche, captured by the British in 1798 and sold to the Americans. It was used during the French attack on Hayti in 1804, then was dismounted until 1812. Next it was placed on the General Armstrong, which ran the blockade of the British at New Orleans, September 9, 1814. This vessel ran into the bay near Horta, Fayal, for water after an encounter with a British squadron, in which she was rendered helpless. Long Tom was dismantled and lay at Fayal till it was brought to New York on the steamship Vega, April 18, 1893, through the efforts of Colonel Reid, the son of the commander of the General Armstrong.

Why Judges Should Visit Prisons.

Lord Phillimore, late lord justice of appeal, holds that it is part of the duty of judges to visit prisons from time to time. "In this way," he said to an interviewer, "a judge gets to know what prison is like, and what the punishment he metes out entails to those he has to sentence."

Lord Phillimore has been on the treadmill and has seen men working on it. The suggestion recently put to an American judge, that judges on their elevation should serve a term of imprisonment by way of apprenticeship, he characterizes as too topsy-turvy to be considered.—Continental Edition of the London Mail.

Why Judge Dons Black Cap.

The custom of putting on a black cap—really a square piece of black cloth—observed by judges when sentencing a prisoner to death is a relic of the ancient days when covering the head was a sign of mourning. The judge, therefore, in putting on the black cap, is assuming mourning in view of the fact that he is about to pronounce the forfeit of a life.—London Tit-Bits.

How to Extinguish Burning Oil.

A fire which water has no power to extinguish is soon caused by the overturning of a kerosene lamp. In every house where kerosene is burned a bucket of sand should be kept in a place accessible to all the inmates, for it will instantly extinguish burning oil.

PETIT JURORS FOR THE DECEMBER TERM, 1920

F. Simper, Garner, Garfield
H. A. Josten, Garner, Ell
J. R. Stebbleton, Britt, Britt
C. E. Mulholland, Kanawha, Amsterdam
W. J. Elling, Garner, Garfield
Fred Schroder, Kanawha, Amsterdam
Elmé Boren, Goodell, Twin Lake
H. A. Shoper, Britt, Britt
E. J. Schneider, Goodell, Twin Lake
Jno. Rayhons, Garner, Garfield
Lyman Nelson, Kanawha, Twin Lake
Wash Baker, Kanawha, Amsterdam
W. L. Sherwood, Goodell, Avery
Guy Bwal, Forest City, Ellington
H. J. Olson, Forest City, Ellington
Olaf Goldberg, Goodell, Avery
J. E. Savogue, Goodell,fi Avery
Ernie Wilkins, Goodell, Avery
Martin Nielsen, Miller, Ellington
S. O. Rognes, Crystal Lake, Crystal
J. T. Griggs, Goodell, Avery
Geo. Krause, Corwith, Boone
H. L. McNary, Britt, Britt
Ray Morris, Britt, Britt
Nels Nelson, Britt, Britt
Herman Ax, Garner, Ell
W. R. Maloy, Garner, Concord
F. W. Jurgens, Kanawha, Erin
J. E. Stille, Garner, Liberty
Severt Thompson, Kanawha, Amsterdam

A. E. Baumgartner, Clerk of the District Court, Hancock County, Iowa.

The state game laws make the following limitations upon the season for slaughter of the following: Beaver, mink and muskrat, November 15, March 15, inclusive. Squirrel (gray, timber or fox) September 1, Ja[illegible] 1, inclusive. Ruffled grouse or p[illegible] ant, wild turky, November 1, D[illegible] ber 15, inclusive. Duck, goose, [illegible] Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, coot, [illegible] linule, September 1, November [illegible] clusive. No open season. Deer, quail, prairie chickens, introd[illegible] pheasants, Hungarian part[illegible] (1922;) turtle doves, swans, [illegible] duck, eider duck, whooping cr[illegible] grebes, gulls herons, jaegers, [illegible] murres, terns and all shore birds [illegible] cept woodcock, Wilson snipe or j[illegible] snipe, black bellied and golden p[illegible] ers and yellowlegs).

John Henschen drove to Al[illegible] Monday on a business mission. A[illegible] way that is what he told us but [illegible] perhaps John changed his dire[illegible] after reaching Garner and went [illegible] —just a possibility you know.

Thanksgiving Poultry

Put in your order now for your Thanksgiving Poultry. We will have

DUCKS CHICKENS GEESE

Besides our other line of Choice Meats

For table garnishes try our Ketchup, Sauce, Dressing, Soup, Pudding, Cheese, etc.

J. P. Larsen & Sons

Here's the turkey

We furnish everything but the turkey for your

Thanksgiviny Dinner

Here are a few of the "trimmings" you will need:-

California Grapes Bananas Cramberries Cabbage
Sweet Potatoes Celery Lettuce Nuts Olives
Candy Oranges Dates Figs Apples

We also carry a fine line of Canned Soups.

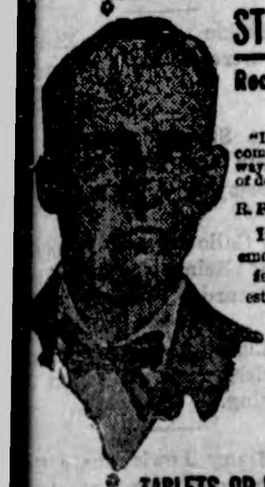
Get your New York Apples Now!

In our hardware Department You will find the following

Baking Dishes Roasters Aluminum Ware Pots
Carving Knives Pans Kettles etc.

Make this Your Thanksgiving Store

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons



STANDS OFF A LOT OF DOCTOR BILLS

Recommends Pe-ru-na for Catarrh of the Stomach, Colds and Grip

"I have used Pe-ru-na for several years and can heartily recommend for catarrh of the stomach or entire system. I always get benefit from it for colds and grip. It stands off lots of doctor bills and makes one feel like a new person."
R. F. SUTTLES.

R. F. D. No. 8, Box 51, Waynesburg, Kentucky.

It is wise to keep a bottle of Pe-ru-na in the house for emergencies. Coughs and colds may usually be relieved by few doses of Pe-ru-na taken in time. Nasal catarrh, indigestion, constipation, diarrhoea, rheumatism or other troubles due to a catarrhal condition of the mucous membranes all call for Pe-ru-na as the successful treatment. The health building, strength restoring qualities of this well known remedy are especially marked after a protracted sickness, the grip or Spanish Flu.

PE-RU-NA is justly proud of its record of fifty years as health protector for the whole family.

TABLETS OR LIQUID — SOLD EVERYWHERE

DISEASE AMONG HORSES — the answer is

Spohn's Distemper Compound

Wherever there is contagious disease among horses SPOHN'S is the solution of all trouble. SPOHN'S is invaluable in all cases of DISTEMPER, PINK-EYE, INFLUENZA, COUGHS and COLDS. A few drops a day will protect your horse exposed to disease. Regular doses three times a day will act marvelously on your horse actually sick. 60 cents and $1.20 per bottle at drug stores. Spohn Medical Co., Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Will Rheumatism Again Bind You Hand and Foot?

If you had Rheumatism last year and treated only the pains of the disease by rubbing with liniments and lotions, you can be sure that unless again you will be in the shackles of this relentless foe. You may get some slight temporary relief from the pains of the disease by the use of these local remedies, but Rheumatism is too real and relentless a disease to be rubbed away. So many cases of Rheumatism come from a tiny germ in the blood, that you should try a remedy that has proven so thoroughly satisfactory in these cases. S.S.S., the fine old blood remedy cleanses the blood of all impurities, and removes all disease germs that may creep into the blood. Begin taking S.S.S. today, and if you will write a complete history of your case, our medical director will give you expert advice, without charge. Address Chief Medical Adviser, 157 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Heaps of People There.

A little boy who visited a large city for the first time, was amazed at the number of people on the streets.

When he returned home to the country his mother asked him what he thought of the great city.

"Oh," said he, "there were heaps of people there! I think there must have been a fair on!"

Explained.

"What do you call this home-made brew?"

"I'm undecided between 'Army Mule,' 'Grandfather's Rifle' or "Sixty-Yard Punt.'"—Judge.

The man who imagines he never did a foolish act isn't wise enough to know what folly is.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours — Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

GREETINGS THAT TELL MUCH

Have a Character and to the Initiated Are Like an Open Book.

"Chawmed"—One dance with this one. They always talk about the thatches of the that or G. B. Pshaw's best.

"How do you do?"—Not a question but a statement. Probably accompanied by a smile. This class works slowly, but it is sure to get you in the end.

"Deelighted"—With giggle and invitation from baby-blue eyes. Must never be trusted.

"Very glad to know you, I'm suah"—One is not sure, but it seems best to say so. Last season's deb. Expects to be bored and it is best to live up to expectations.

"Oh, Mr. Stover, I'm so glad to know you. I've heard," etc.—Football hero stuff. Must use skill and ingenuity to escape this type.

"Mere nod—Possibilities, but, oh, man, you'll have to work.—Yale Record.

Not Alike.

Lawyer—So you want a divorce from your wife. Aren't your relations pleasant?

Client—Mine are, but hers are the most unpleasant lot I ever met.—Boston Transcript.

Most of the family skeletons refuse to stay in the closet.

GOT REPORT THAT COUNTED

Coffee Dealer a Little Too Enthusiastic in His Praise of Goods He Had Condemned.

"Have you any of Blank & Co.'s coffee?" the stranger asked.

"Plenty of it, sir! How much would you like?" the dealer responded briskly.

"Do your customers generally like this coffee—I would want only something really good," the customer observed cautiously.

"Never had a more popular brand—it is fine—use it regularly on my own table," the dealer assured him.

"Well, I am glad to hear you speak so well of it now. You wrote me a while back that the goods were so unsatisfactory that you would have to return them unless you were given a further special discount. I'm Blank, you know. Good day!"

The Boob.

"How did Archie happen to lose out with Miss Goldrox?"

"Why, she told him she really disliked flattery."

"And Archie persisted in paying her extravagant compliments?"

"No; he didn't."

The demagogue's pride licks the dust.

The chorus girl is never as red as she is painted.

Made From Our Native Grains

Grape-Nuts

Rich and Nourishing

A blend of wheat and malted barley that costs but little, yet provides a food of most attractive flavor, ready to serve direct from the package.

Grape-Nuts Needs No Sugar

THE DAIRY

DAIRY RECORD QUITE USEFUL

Profitable Practice to Keep Daily Tab on Cows Where There Is No Test Association.

Keeping daily records of the milk yield of each cow, where there is no cow testing association, is a profitable practice. This is shown by reports on herd records received by the United States Department of Agriculture.

An instance where a herd has been greatly improved without increasing its numbers (by more than one cow) is found in a report from Oklahoma.

Weighing and Recording Milk.

The dairyman's cream checks for a given month amounted to $78.42, the cream being obtained from a herd of 27 cows. One year later, after doing herd-record work, he was able with a herd of 28 cows, just one more than he had at the earlier date, to sell cream to the value of $223.60, or nearly three times as much—a pretty good return for care given to culling the herd and improving the management.

While the current prices for butterfat have increased somewhat, they have not trebled in a year, so it is obvious that there has been a large increase in the productiveness of the herd.

WISCONSIN HAS FINE HERDS

Ranks Third Among States Active in Eradicating Tuberculosis—Minnesota Is First.

Recent field reports on official tuberculin testing in Wisconsin show large gains in the number of herds in that state accredited as being free from tuberculosis. In the month of May Wisconsin made the largest gain of any state, with an increase of 47 accredited herds. Although all reports have not yet been analyzed, the June records are expected to show Wisconsin, with a further gain of 92 accredited herds, still making the most rapid progress.

Although last year about eighth in rank compared with other states active in eradicating bovine tuberculosis, the Badger state has recently forged to third place. Minnesota is first with 500 accredited herds, and Virginia is second with 337. On July 31 Wisconsin had 302 accredited herds. The figures are from records of the federal bureau of animal industry based on field reports up to July 31, 1920.

GRIND ALFALFA AND CLOVER

Practice in Some Communities Found to Be Economical—Cattle Eat More of Stalk.

Many of the dairymen who have more than 15 head of cattle would find it profitable to get a grinder large enough to grind alfalfa or clover, especially if they expect to feed mammoth clover. The practice is general in some communities to shred the stover and feed this to cows. The cattle will eat more of the stalk and the remainder makes very good bedding when mixed with the straw.

FALL FRESHENING IN FAVOR

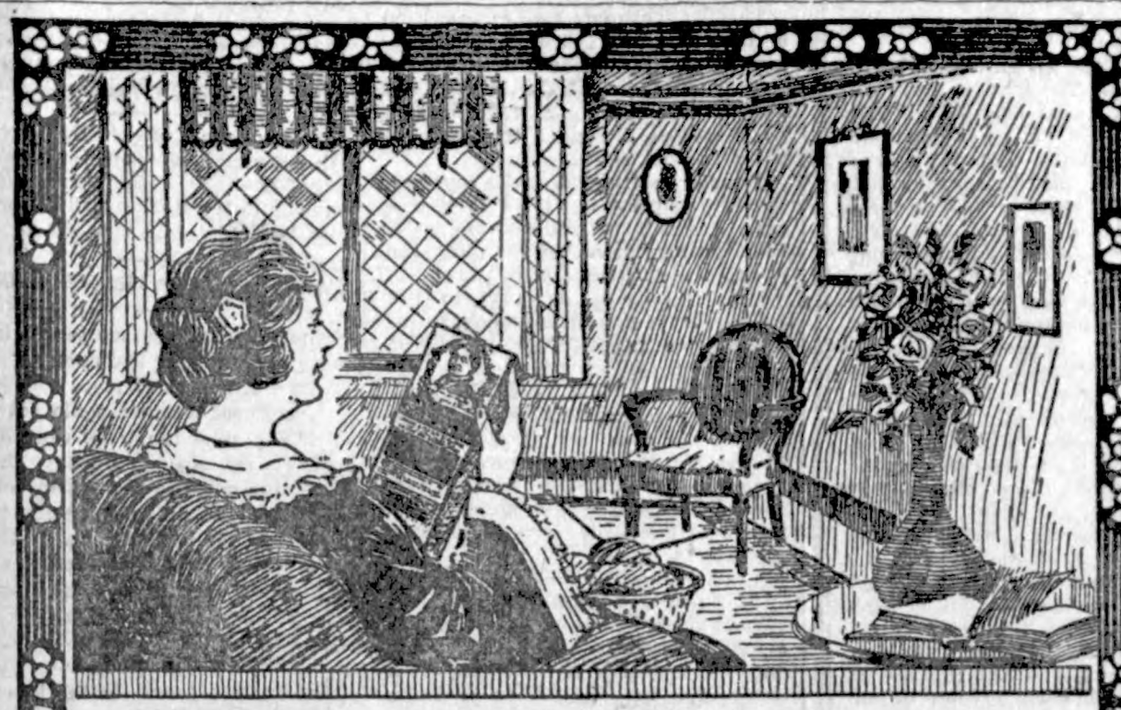
Results in Greater Production of Milk and Butterfat, According to Specialists.

Fall freshening results in greater milk and butterfat production than spring or summer freshening. The dairy husbandry specialists at the Iowa agricultural experiment station who have studied many records say that fall freshening gives about 10 per cent greater production than either spring or summer freshening.

DISCARD UNPROFITABLE COW

Better Than an Empty Stall Providing She Is Producing Offspring Better Than Herself.

The unprofitable cow does not deserve any defense nor should she be allowed to fill a stall in the barn to the exclusion of a better cow. But she is better than an empty stall provided she is given a chance to produce offspring better than herself. Then she is fulfilling a purpose.



Women of Middle Age

Owing to modern methods of living not one woman in a thousand approaches this perfectly natural change in her life without experiencing a train of very annoying and sometimes painful symptoms. Those dreadful hot flashes, smothering spells, fainting spells, nervous troubles and irregularities are symptoms that should have prompt attention. These two letters prove what a successful remedy Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is for women at this time of life.

These Two Women Helped During Change of Life.

Taunton, Mass.—"I could not eat or sleep for six months, had fainting spells and could not walk without help for three months, caused by female trouble. My cousin, who was a doctor, told me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it helped me greatly. Then during the Change of Life I used the same remedy. I am seventy years old now and am able to do my own housework and walk one mile to church every Sunday morning and evening. I am recommending the Vegetable Compound to my friends having the same troubles as I had. Your remedy is the best on earth. I cannot find words to express my gratitude for it."—Mrs. Susan C. Staples, 157 B School St., Taunton, Mass.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I want to let you know what good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. I had organic troubles and am going through the Change of Life. I was taken with a pain in my side and a bad headache. I could not lie down, could not eat or sleep. I suffered something terrible and the doctor's medicine did me no good at all—my pains got worse instead of better. I began taking the Vegetable Compound and felt a change from the first. Now I feel fine and advise any one going through the Change of Life to try it, for it cured me after I had given up all hopes of getting better. I will tell any one who writes to me the good it has done me."—Mrs. Margaret Danz, 743 N. 25th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Women of Middle Age Should Depend Upon

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., LYNN, MASS.

MUD BATHS AT

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(ORIGINAL SULPHUR MUD BATHS OF THE NORTHWEST)

Assure Wonderful Results in Treating

Rheumatism. High Blood Pressure, Neuritis, Gout. Kidney and Liver Trouble, Autointoxication; Arthritis, etc.

Write for Information
Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co.

Post Office Box 4
Jordan, Minn.

Best Plan.

"Did you nail the lie?"

"Yes, after I had hammered the liar."

Better a spoiled child than a fresh man.

The Fitting Way.

"How do the Irish meet the 'black-and-tans'?" "I guess it is with dogged determination."

More herrings are eaten than any other kind of fish.

5 GOOD MAGAZINES $1

Woman's World, (mo) 1 Yr.
Good Stories, (monthly) 1 Yr.
Gentlewoman, (monthly) 1 Yr.
Household, (monthly) .. 1 Yr.
Farm & Home, (monthly) 1 Yr.

Our Price $1.00 for all five

ORDER BY CLUB NUMBER 34

A Dollar Bill will do—We take the risk

Send all orders to
WHITLOCK & SUMMERHAYS
25 North Dearborn Street, Chicago

All Run Down Now Feels Fine

Eatonic Ended His Troubles

"Eatonic is the only thing I have found to stop my heartburn and I think it has been a great help in nervous spells," writes G. C. Johnson.

An upset stomach may cause lots of suffering all over the body. Eatonic helps in such cases by removing the cause of the misery, because it takes up and carries out the excess acid and gases and keeps the digestive organs in natural working order. A tablet after meals is all you need. Big box costs only a trifle with druggist's guarantee.

Genuine BAYER Aspirin

You must say "Bayer"

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years and proved safe by millions.

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Pain, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

PILES ORIENTAL PILE SALVE is sold on a positive guarantee to give relief. Use it for itching piles, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. If you are not satisfied you get your money back. You are the judge. We don't argue; square dealing is our motto. Try us. Price $1.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

East India Medicine Co.
126 South Jefferson Ave. St. Louis, Mo.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
60c. and $1.00 at Druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

ATTENTION!

Realizing that the average investor seldom has an opportunity to learn of the enormous profits in the manufacture of Oil Field Supplies, and never has an opportunity of investing in a going concern, at present earning a nice profit for its stockholders, we respectfully invite you to mail us your check for the number of shares desired, or write for full information. Price $5 per share.

MACK MANUFACTURING CO., Ltd.
Houston, Texas

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment. Your druggist, or by mail, 75c. Free book. Dr. C. M. Berry Co., 4 76 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

HOW

CLOTHES AIDED COL. LAWRENCE TO UNITE TRIBES.—In at least one part of the world, and in one important phase of the conflict, it now comes out that clothes played an important part in "winning the war" and these were the clothes in which Colonel Lawrence united the desert tribes against the Turks. It may even be argued that without the clothes the fact could hardly have been accomplished. "The magnificent Bedouin costumes that Lawrence wore much of the time," says Lowell Thomas in Asia, "were not a theatrical pose. They were a carefully worked out part of his plan for complete Arab mastery." Knowing the Arabs as he did, the young English archeologist had found that the adoption of Arab dress carried the wearer much further into the confidence of the Arabs; but that it must be done completely or not at all, for the Englishman in Arab kit must needs live up to his costume and seem as familiar with Arab life and etiquette as if he had been born to it. It was no splendid masquerade of an adventurous being, as many readers have probably imagined, but rather, as Colonel Lawrence has himself described it, like an "actor in a foreign theater, playing a part day and night and for an anxious stake." The part had to be "composed" as well as costumed; the audience was an audience of expert observers; and if the actor had at any point failed in his part the Bedouin tribes could hardly have been held together. Wearing Arab costume himself whenever he was with the tribes, he advised officers unacquainted with Bedouin customs to wear their uniforms. Hats, however, were always better discarded in favor of the Arab headcloth, for Bedouins have a very general prejudice against hats.

DO WITHOUT ANY DENTISTS

How the Natives of Africa Preserve Their Teeth in Practical State of Perfection.

There is a common idea that the diet and climatic conditions of the negroes are the cause of their having beautiful teeth, but some authorities dispute this.

Thus, in some parts of Africa, when an infant has gone through the "teething period," his mouth is rinsed out with an infusion of the leaves of a native tree possessing a constituent which causes the gums to shrink, so tightening the teeth.

The natives living near the source of the Nile employ the roots of a pod-bearing plant to relieve toothache, while another tribe uses an infusion of kasso seeds for the same purpose.

The toothbrush, as used in this country, is, of course, unknown to the savages, but many of them have an effective substitute. They use a piece of wood from certain trees, which contain beneficial qualities. Further, this stick is free from the great objection to brushes. It can be renewed at frequent intervals, and is thus always fresh and wholesome—a great advantage over the toothbrush of civilized races.

How Big Things Are Lost.

Everywhere we see people jeopardizing the big things for the little. While attending to some little picayune detail that ought to be left to a clerk, stenographer, or office boy, men lose some great advantage they might have gained had they been free to attend to it, just as short-sighted economists will lose a chance to make $100 in the future in trying to save 50 cents today. They do not realize that a small coin close to the eye can shut out the sight of a gold eagle.

The great thing is to get the right perspective, not to emphasize the wrong thing. The man whose head is buried in details cannot plan large things.

It is a great art to know what to leave undone, to know how to weed out the less important things and to spend one's energies in doing the things which will count.—Orison Swett Marden in Chicago Daily News.

How to Kill Flies on Ceiling.

Flies that take refuge on the ceiling, at night or in cool weather, may be captured without difficulty. The handle is sawed from an old broom, and a tin lid is attached to the end by driving a large tack through it into the stick. The tack should be driven firmly to make the lid rest solidly and prevent leakage. The lid is partly filled with kerosene and is held for a few seconds against the ceiling directly under a fly. The insect, becoming more or less torpid with the cold, will be further stupefied by the fumes of the oil and will drop into the lid.

How Ancient Dandies Slept.

According to a Greek writer, effeminate dandies in ancient Greece sometimes slept on beds of sponge. Fashionable people in Athens slept under coverlets of dressed peacock skins with feathers on. Cushions of pink and purple were used for their heads.

How Some Coffee Is Made.

In coffee-growing countries a suffusion of the leaves of the plant is held by many to be superior to that made from berries.

SEWER GANG CONTINUES WORK

When the bad weather set in last week the sewer gang had about given up ohpes of doing any more this fall but when good weather again set in the fore part of the week they decided to try again. Monday they blasted dirt and filled in the man holes and got the ground in shape for the winter. At the time of this writing they intend to put the big machine to work again digging trenches with the hopes of getting on better digging ground to open their spring work.

Martin Christensen, better known to his Klemme friends as "Submarine," came over from Garner Saturday on business.

Clara Kirkwood of Belmond, was a Klemme caller last Friday between trains. Clara is working at the big beet factory at Belmond and is employed with the night shift running one of the machines.

Harry Rice and son, Chester, of Garner, were Klemme visitors Monday. They drove over in their car.

Mr. Henry Freie and daughter Miss Viola, left Monday for Cedar Rapids for a week's visit with relatives.

Dr. R. N. Reuber returned Friday from a week's stay at Iowa City and Goldfield. The Doctor visited the hospital at Iowa City and attended clinics while there. He also visited a short time with his cousin, Dr. Zinn, at Goldfield.

Answers the Purpose.

"Your true lover is often at a loss for words." "But nature makes that up to him by supplying him with an extensive vocabulary of gurgles, sniffles and sighs."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Boiling Cracked Eggs.

Cracked eggs can be boiled safely by placing a little vinegar in their water.

CHANGE IN ROCK ISLAND TRAIN TIME

We want to call the attention of our readers to the fact that the evening passenger train going south will change time Monday. The train will leave Klemme a little later, going at 6:15 P. M.

John Terhufen has purchased another Ford from E. G. Ell. We believe Mr. Terhufen holds all records as a Ford user as we are told this is his sixth Fod besides owning various other cars.

Clarence Cortley and Charley Shirley, two young men who have worked around Klemme for some time, left Saturday fr their home in Missouri to spend the winter. They drove back in their car. They intend to return to Klemme again next season to work on fams.

Wm. C. Gast, of Garner, was a Klemme visitor Monday and also transacted business.

Mrs. C. L. Blumer was a Goodell visior between trains last Friday.

Mrs. Harry Forristall and daughter Esther, of Belmond, were Klemme visitors last Friday.

Miss Leoda Smith had her tonsils removed at Mason City last week Wednesday.

Mrs. John Wiley came from Grinnell, Iowa, last Thursday to spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. M. O. Hocum. Mrs. Wiley also spent last winter in Klemme.

Clarence Bachman resigned his position at the Ray White restaurant at Forest Ciy last week and returned to Klemme. Thursday evening he left for points in Illinois for an extended visit with relatives and will perhaps work there this winter.

Mrs. Atherton, of Belmond, w... Klemme visitor last Thursday.

Mr. Markle and Ed. Martin... Goodell, were Klemme visitors ... urday.

Ms. Joe Strnes, of Charles C... visited with Mrs. Mille Smith of ... city, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Harold Galloway and Johnny K... linger, of Belmond, were Klem... visitors Saturday evening.

Mrs. Clarence Kluckhohn was... Garner visitor between trains Tu... day morning.

Mrs. Henry Lewis was a Gar... caller Tuesday morning betw... trains.

Miss Emma Lauritzen, of Ri... sted, was visiting with her folks h... over Sunday. Miss Emma is the te... graph operator on the Ringsted D... patch.

This Revision Sale

is a revelation to the people because we have done the job so thoroughly.

If you want to see how much money we can save you come and investigate.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does It's Duty"

Mason City, Ia. *Manly, Ia.*

GILDNER BROS. & JOHNSON, Garner, Iowa

We have cut deep into the prices of all Men's Wear. We've benefited our customers and benefited ourselves The sale went with the biggest results we've ever enjoyed. There's a reason—"Chain Store Buying for 16 stores" is an enarmous advantage and makes all competition "assume a reclining position." We are showing clothing values from $3 to $5 cheaper than competition in our neighboring towns. If you have any bills or circulars come in and compare—will guarantee to make the sale and make you money. You can't beat our price—quality considered.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats

are selling great and our stock is exceptionally large this season, we are going to continue this value giving indefinitely.

REMEMBER

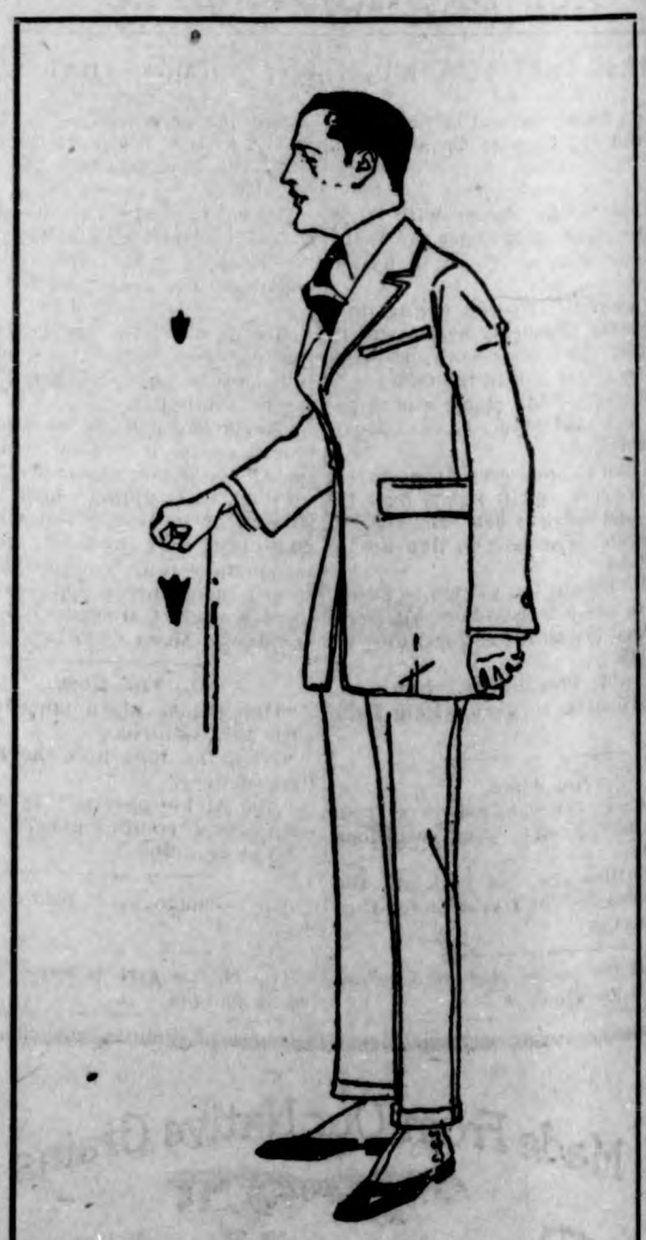
20 to 30 per cent off

All Suits and Overcoats

Sheep Lined Ulsters and Short Coats

Are shown in Moleskin, Drill and English worsted shells, at proportionately reduced prices.

Boy's Suits and Overcoats



Shoes

We are giving you an all leather Work Shoe, triple stitched at

$2.60

No competion on this shoe. See our $2.98; $3.39 and $4.49 shoes also.

Specials

Men's Double Faced Husking Mitts, also Gloves, Special $1.70 Dozen

Work Shirts, Plain blues, grays, plaids, $1.00

Extra sizes at $1.25

Specials

Oshkosh Overals The good reliable shrunken denim Gross Bros. Overalls

$1.89

You can't beat it

Steel Fibre Make in all wool with double seat and knees

$7.85 *to* **$18.75**

Mackinaws, Flannel Shirts, Underwear, Leather Vests, Sweaters, at Greatly Reduced Prices.
Cut out this ad, bring with you, and load up for the winter.

Iowa's Largest Clothiers

THE KLEMME TIMES

y-fifth Year Number 12 Klemme, Iowa, Thurssday, November 25, 1920 $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

ON HOLDUP MEN ON IN SOUTH DAKOTA

men who held up the oung men and robbed eir auto and some money eets of Clarion one night county fair last summer afterward bandoned the ing Auestad's coupe are tried in Mitchell, South charge of highway rob- shooting a man. They identified by one of the young men. The South rospecutor has asked the oys to come up there to the trial but the Belmond ine to go as they are t the Sugar Factory and their jobs if they went It is undestood that one hwaymen is a member of nily resident in Iowa Falls he family is fighting des- o save him from state elmond Herld-Press.

to Automobile Owners.

is hereby given that the le Licenses for 1921 are Penalty attaches January

tion cards can be procured anks, garages or at the easurer's office.

cense fees are the same as you send your application remit by draft or cashier's Personal checks will not be unless cetified to by bank

THOS. H. THOMPSON,
County Treasurer.

FOUR NEW HAMPTON YOUTHS JAILED FOR SERIES OF THEFTS

New Hampton—Today County Sheriff Tietjen reports he has placed behind the bars four local young men ranging in ages from 19 to 21. They will be bound over to the grand jury. Out of consideration for parents and relatives, names will not be made public at present.

All four of the young men are implicated in the robbery of $70 from the Leichman pool hall last spring. They art also concerned in the near robbery of the Shaw confectionery in June. City Marshall O'Day heard a noise in the Shaw place. He fished his light through the window and saw some one laying under the shelf and working at the cash drawer. He called to his confederate across the street. In the men time the young man inside skipped out the back door.

These same young men are alleged to have stolen a small diamond ring and a child's bank containing about $7 from the Peter Souekep home.

Last Thursday night the same young men were implicated in taking a car out of Deputy Sheriff Ward Hammonds garage. The car was used to go to a dance at Lawler. It was well battered up before its return.

Blood hounds were put on the trail in the summer but were unsuccessful in locating the parties.

Baptism in Cyprus.

A baptism in Cyprus is a curious ceremony. The infant is rubbed with oil by his godfather, blown upon in the face by the priest and waved in the air, then dipped several times in the font, and again anointed with oil on various parts of the body.

SO CALLED FARMERS "STRIKE"

The Fam Bureau has not ordered a strike. The daily newspapers have bounced onto this term because it makes a "striking" impression upon the ears of their readers. But it gives the public a false impession. It gives the thought that the farmer is holding his grain because he is ordered to by the Farm Bureau, whereas the Farm Bueau does not even demand it of him. In a letter received from President Hunt of the Iowa Federation he says: "It is our thought that the market is voer sold and that prices will be better later on."

In other words the Federation simply advises that with the markets demoralized the farmer had best, if he can, hold his poducts until a little later when he will probably come nearer getting the cost of production. Man farmers know this to be good advice and yet are not able to tke advantage of it because of curtailed credit. The renter or any other farmer who is foced to cash in is caught between two fires—low prices and no money with which to hold.

A satisfactory system of rural credit will obviate this difficulty. It was found that a little change in the state constitution was necessary. The farmers have already started in to get results as we evidenced by their over whelming vote for changing the constitution.

In the meantime let no one become alarmed about a farmers "strike."

There is no such thing and it is quite unlikely that there ever will be.—LuVerne News.

POINTS ON STORING THE AUTO

Paint Will Be Brighter if Mud is Removed at Once.

In storing the Auto for the winter it is a good plan to wash the car and store it clean. According to the engineering department of Iowa College the tires should either be rmoved or else the weight of the car taken off them. Rubber deteriorates when a strain in one place is left over a long time.

If the garage is cold the water must be taken out of the radiator or something will freeze. The fine pipes break easily. A pitcock is found at the bottom of the radiator and it is a good plan to turn over the engine a few times at the end to get all the water out of the cooling system.

It is often a good plan, especially where the car has been run for more than one season, to drain the crank case of the old oil as it contains sediment and which will harden. After the oil is out flush out the case with kerosene and put in good oil. This will insure free working order in the spring.

CAUGHT IN MACHINERY

Walter Blackburn, Young Farmer In Grundy.

What came near being a fatal accident happened on the Lewie Rhoeder farm near Lincoln about eleven o'clock last Friday forenoon resulting in Walter Blackburn, a young man twenty-nine yeas of age being terribly injured.

Mr. Blackburn, whose home is at Plymouth, Mo., has been husking corn for Mr. Rhoeder the past season and while unloading it at the crib last Friday forenoon, his clothing became entangled in the tumbling rod of the elevator. He was drawn into the machinery in such a manner as to have the flesh stripped from the lower part of the abdomen and clear down to the rectum. He was so badly torn that a part of the intestines were exposed through a rupture from which the young man was suffering. He was hurried to the hospital at Grundy Center, given careful attention by physicians, and now is doing well. The young man's parents live at Plymouth, Missouri. —Ackley World-Journal.

The weather of the past week was a new experienec to some of Belmond's residents who have come here from Mexico during the past summer. E. A. Pierce tells of seing one or two men on one of the extremely frosty mornings of last week go out into the yard and break and pick up and examine the ice from a little pool. It was a strange thing for him to see ice laying around right out doors or indeed it may be that it was the first ice he had ever seen. —Belmond Herald-Press.

BOY MEETS DEATH AT FOREST CITY

Archie Ingebretson, of Ellsworth, Iowa, a student of Waldorf College, Forest City, died Monday as a result of an injury received in a dare devil leap-the-gap performance with Carl Otis in a car on Armistice Day. Otis, who it is charged chided Ingebretson, calling him a coward when he expressed fear at taking part in a long leap from an elevated runway, was arraigned before Mayor Oliver Gordon Monday and bound over to the grand jury t answer to a chage of manslaughter. A cash bond of $2000.00 was furnished by his father to secure his liberty.

The mishap which caused his death was part of the excitement furnished Armistice Day at a foot ball game at the fair grounds at Forest City. Theodore Swanson, another student, was in the car with Otis and Ingebretson when the accident happened and received minor injuries.—Britt News-Tribune.

MANLY HUNTER WHO WAS THOUGHT LOST IN CANADA RETURNS

Manly—Suspense over the prolonged absence of Ben Lake of the Rock Island road, who with Lee Andre, a local druggist, went up to the Rainy Wood district in southwest Ontario, Canada, in quest of Big game has been broken. The railroad man returned unannounced Monday with a giant moose to show for his efforts.

During the outing Mr. Andre bagged a fifteen hundred pound moose, and Mr. Lave remained in the land of the antlered tribe until the game laws opened up so he could bring the huge trophy bacg to Iowa with him.

Mr. Lake's leave of absence and railroad pss expired on Oct. 26. At the lst word from him, about a month ago, he stated he expected to return before mentioned date, but approximately a fortnight passed and Mr. Lake had not returned nor had any communication been received from him. Naturally his friends were somewhat apprehensive concerning the meaning of this long-delayed return and made numerous efforts to get in connection with Ben, all of which were of no avail. Several telegrams both to Mr. Lake and to nearby posts were dispatched recently. The ones to Mr. Lake were of course unanswered and the other patis knew nothing of his whereabouts.

Bill Morrow, another local nimrod became so worried about his friend that he left in quest of his missing friend. Mr. Morrow is well acquainted with the country up there, having been in and around there. Meanwhile local friends waited some word from either the "pursuer or pursed."

The return of Mr. Lake brought a sigh of relief from all quarters.

OUR 1920 "THANK YOU"

On the 25th of this month we will celebrate that day which long ago was set aside by our Forefathers as a dy on which to give thanks for the many good things received during the year.

This 1920 Thanksgiving should mean more to us than ever before. Greater things have come to us. Never has this Country been more prosperous. Never has the outlook been so bright. Never was a chance for greater happiness than there is now. Let us consider well our many blessings—and then say a "THANK YOU."

Personally we are thankful for the loyalty and patronage of our many customers. We would like to pay a visit to each one and thank them in person. Since this is not resonably possible, however, we are extending this "THANK YOU" through the pages of the Klemme Times.

Sailed on the Websterian.

The bank cashier, disguised, was boarding the steamer with his loot, when he noticed a man standing by the rail who looked like a detective. "Do you think that when he sees me on the seas he will seize me?" he asked of his accomplice. "I apprehend you need not apprehend that he will apprehend you," responded the other comfortingly.—Exchange.

Prevalent Complaint.

All the world's a stage and one of the most pathetic of all the pathetic features of everyday life is the way mediocre performers so often contrive to get into the leading roles for a time.—Ohio State Journal.

MOTHER AND CHILD DIE FROM BURNS

Mrs. .J F. Handy and Son Tom Die as Result of Burns Sustained in Fire Saturday.

KINLDED FIRE WITH GASOLINE

Hayfield, Iowa, Nov. 16.—Special —One of the saddest accidents that has ever occurred in this locality took place about 3:30 Saturday fternoon when Mrs. J. F. Handy who resides a half mile north of here and her three year old son, Thomas were so severely burned that the accident has proven fatal to both. The son living only a few hours after the accident and Mrs. Handy passing away early Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Handy and the two smallest children and Zella the 17 year old dughter were all that were at home at the time of the accident, Mr. Handy being at Britt on business and the rest of the men in the field husking corn. Mrs. Handy went to the wash room near the house to build a fire and apparently used gasoline instead of kerosene as she supposed and the can exploded throwing fire all over her and little Tom who was following his mother took fire also. Zella was upstairs and met her mother at the door and threw her to the floor and covered her with bedding and did most heroic efforts and finally got the fire extinguished when the agonized mother called her to save "Tommy." This was the first that Zella knew there were two victims and ran to her brother and threw him in the water tank extinguishing the fire at once. Running to the telephone she gave Hayfield the S. O. S. and soon two cars were on the way to give aid. All that medical skill and careful nursing could do was done to relieve the suffering but in spite of all both lives slipped away and the mother leaves seven children taking only one with her.—Britt News-Tribune.

WE ARE "HITTING THE TRAIL" THIS WEEK

You may wonder why the Times is ahead of the regular schedule this week but Ye Editor has fine ideas of his own. You remember last week we announced that we were the happy daddy of a fine boy at Kansas City, well we are hitting the trail for that city just as fast as the railroad will carry us to see that boy and mamma. So far we have learned that he is good looking (don't resemble Ye Editor then) he has black hair and a nice dimple on his chin. He must be some lad and we are very anxious to see him. In the meantime we wish our readers a full stomach for Thanksgiving and if you have too much Turkey stop eating for a week.

Bull Baiting.

This was a sport once popular in England, but declared illegal in 1835. A bull was attacked by dogs, and sometimes the nostrils of the bull were blown full of pepper to increase his fury. Another form of the sport was to fasten the bull to a stake by a long rope and then set bulldogs at him, one at a time, which were trained to seize the bull by the nose. The bulldog seems to have been developed for this sport from a short-eared mastiff called "alaunt."

"King's Tobacco Pipe."

This is a popular nickname for a peculiarly shaped kiln or furnace in the northeast corner of the tobacco warehouse belonging to the London docks. Here contraband goods, such as tobacco, cigars and tea, which had been smuggled in, were burned. Seized and unclaimed goods are now sold at periodical sales, or distributed among public institutions, but damaged and worthless goods are still burned.

Iodine Dangerous Drug.

Fumes of iodine have recently been urged as a method of administering that drug preferable to the usual tincture. It has been shown by experiments that fumes are absorbed through the skin, and when inhaled are absorbed by the lungs, but it was shown also that inhalation is very dangerous even in small quantities, especially when there is any disease of the respiratory passages.

Only Interest Worth Anxiety.

Education is the only interest worthy the deep controlling anxiety of the thoughtful man.

A Bit Too Much.

The new quartermaster on the good freighter Sioux was at the wheel and was rattled. First the ship swung madly to port, then to starboard, and then back again. The old skipper stood her antics as long as he could, and then burst forth: "Say, son," he shouted, "I don't mind your writing your name in the old pond, but for the love of Mike, stop going back to read it!"—American Legion Weekly.

HOLY CITY AS IT IS TODAY

Redeemed but Waiting to Be Clothed in Raiment That Is But Her Just Due.

It is well, as we leave the gentle allurement of flowers in the Garden of Gethsemane and turn toward the city, that our hearts have first been filled with serene joy, writes William D. McCracken in Asia magazine. We regard the fearfully tried city with something of the compassion that the Master felt for it. Seventeen times destroyed—bitterly hated—anxiously sought—how desperate a history since Nebuchadnezzar captured it more than twenty-five centuries ago. And only the othr day, it seems, at Christmas time in 1917, Jerusalem was captured again, this time by its friends, the British, after an agreement with the Turks that the city itself should not be bombarded. There was some fighting on the Mount of Olives, and reconnoitering airplanes dropped a bomb or two in and about the Garden of Gethsemane. But Jerusalem had been captured for the last time, and the last offensive was devoid of evil.

Redeemed today, but in her nakedness, Jerusalem waits to be clothed. She has as yet no grace, no covering for her ugly wounds. Some day her sides will glisten with the brightness of a heavenly radiance; she will be washed and anointed like a bride waiting for the bridegroom.

WILLING TO PAY THE PRICE

Small Boy Satisfied That the Bill for His Three Days' Fun Was Not Exorbitant.

At last little Freddy was allowed to visit grandpa all alone. They were great friends, and had long waited for the great day.

Freddy had the time of his life. Grandpa saw that he wanted for nothing. The small boy ate more cream buns in those three days than he would otherwise have done in three years, while his pockets bulged all the time with candies.

But there comes an end to everything, and Freddy went home again, pale yellow of complexion, and languid and feverish. Mother promptly sent for the doctor, who ordered him to bed, and sent him some very unpleasant, but doubtless healing medicine.

Grandpa came next day and was permitted to creep upstairs to see how the sufferer was faring. He found the small boy lying wan and pale on his pillow, but received a watery smile as a welcome.

"Oh, grandpa," said the weak little voice, "I've been awfully bad—but it was worth it."

Hopelessly Out of Fashion.

Despite his shabby clothing and empty pockets, it was evident that he had seen better days.

A sympathetic soul began to chat with him, anxious to hear his story. Over a—er—cup of cocoa he told his tale.

"Yes," he said, "I've been quite a personage in my time; in fact, the cynosure of all eyes."

His auditor waited in silence for an explanation.

"I was the tattooed man in the circus," he went on.

"And how did you lose your job?" he was asked.

"Public went crazy on moving pictures," he said, "and mine wouldn't budge!"

Same Thing.

Franklin D'Olier, the head of the American Legion said at a banquet in Philadelphia:

"Two doughboys were exchanging war memories the other day.

"'I was never much stuck on myself,' said the first doughboy, 'but, all the same, I brought a cross back with me from over there. Did you bring back a cross, Bill?'

"The second doughboy puffed thoughtfully on his pipe.

"'Well,' he said, 'I brought back a French wife.'"

Couldn't Fool Dorothy.

Dorothy, age three, whose mother had been trying to discourage her use of coffee and tea, one evening at lunch gave her a cup of "tea" in which sugar and cream played the most important part.

Dorothy, after tasting the beverage, looked at her mother and said:

"Mamma, you did not put any tea in this cup, for I can't feel it in my mouth."

Remarkable Diary.

Pepys' diary is a unique work by Samuel Pepys (1632-1703), giving a curious and faithful account of the times in England from 1659 to 1669. It includes almost every phase of public and social life, from the gayeties of the court to the pettiest detail of week-day existence. The book is written in shorthand, and was not discovered until a century after the author's death. It was deciphered and published (although in a mutilated form) by Lord Braybrooke in 1825.

A GUARANTEED NON-OPERATIVE

Painless Cure for Piles

(hemorrhoids)

NY FORM. Patient is not laid up or caused loss of Other Rectal troubles treated.

eases of the female organs and of the prostate gland cialty.

ectric treatments when properly given will cure conditions otherwise impossible to reach. This is given when indicated.

pecial treatment for diabetes, kidney troubld, high l pressure, and constipation.

inal sdjustments and general osteopathic practice.

fice hours 9—12 A. M. 1—5 P. M. Other hours by intment.

Dr. .R W. Shultz

onic Bldg. Garner, Iowa

ur Lumber and Building Material requirents can be filled here to your financladvantage.

In other words we will save you money on the prices.

Every price advantage that the market affords will yours if you trade with us.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Metered Mail Is Next Novelty

New Electric Device Will Permit Business Concerns to Cancel Their Own Output.

VALUABLE TO LARGE MAILERS

Will Save Several Hours in the Handling of Mail and Will Protect Firms From Loss of Stamps Through Thefts.

Washington.—"Metered mail" is to be the next novelty in the rapidly developing postal system of the country, remarks the Washington Herald. It has received the indorsement of congress and the postoffice department and is scheduled to make its appearance within the next two months.

Metered mail will be sealed, stamped and canceled by the individual owner of a meter. The mail then will be taken to the postoffice and placed immediately upon an outgoing train without necessity of remaining in the postoffice until handled in routine fashion.

Metered mail is provided for in a rider on an agricultural bill passed at the last session of congress. This rider grants to first class mail matter the registered permit privileges now enjoyed by second class mail. Instead of being required to stamp each letter a firm now will have the privilege of obtaining a mailing permit, thus expediting its mail.

Under the postoffice plan, which soon will be in effect, firms will be able to lease postal meters that have been authorized for use by the postal authorities. The local postoffice authorities will register the meter and will issue a permit number to the firm.

Meter Operated by Electricity.

The meter will be a rather heavy metallic box, about the size of a lunch box. It will have two small doors which will be locked by the postal authorities and securely sealed. A firm will take the meter to the postoffice and buy a desired amount of postage. The postal authorities will adjust the meter so that it will stamp and cancel just so many letters and no more. The number of letters for which advance postage has been paid will be automatically registered on the lower of the two doors and the postal authorities will keep a record of the amount of postage sold to each meter owner, so that an absolute check may be kept.

The firm will keep the meter at its offices except when it is necessary to buy more postage. The meter will be operated by a small electric motor. The letters will be fed into the meter in batches and will be sealed, stamped and canceled at the rate of 250 a minute. As the letters are handled the meter will automatically record the number of canceled letters on the upper door. The user will adjust the mechanism of the meter so that the time stamped on the letters will be one hour in advance of the time of delivery of the letters at the postoffice.

Help Large Mailers.

The meter, it is expected, will prove of great value to large mailers. In addition to saving time and labor the meter will enable large firms to expedite their mail by at least several hours. The meters will protect firms from loss of stamps through thefts or carelessness and will also give a mark of distinction to the firm's mail, all of which will bear a private permit number, a mark of big business. The metering of the mail also will lighten the work of postoffices and will lessen the number of postage stamps needed, thereby making it possible to reduce government forces and expenses considerably.

Metered mail will not bear regular postage stamps, but merely a permit number.

TO SEIZE DUKE'S IDLE LANDS

Spanish Peasants Say Luna's Ancestors Stole 25,000 Acres of Fertile Soil.

Huesca, Spain.—The provincial governor has been informed by a delegation representing local peasants that they intend to seize the lands now held by the duke of Luna, contending that he is wrongfully in possession of them.

The delegates argued that the duke's ancestors stole the lands, which he now refuses them permission to cultivate. They declared that the duke's estate in the neighborhood constituted 25,000 acres of fertile soil, the cultivation of which would furnish a livelihood to several thousand persons, who, not being allowed to cultivate the land, were compelled to emigrate.

The governor, while recommending prudence on the part of the peasants, promised to remain neutral in the dispute.

Triplets Lived.

Wellsboro, Pa.—Tioga county has produced at least one set of triplets that have lived to be more than ten years old. On January 12, 1904, two daughters and a son were born here to the wife of Dennis W. Navie. They were named Dorris, Dorothy and Dennis, and always lived in this community until a few weeks ago, when they became residents of Towanda.

Dennis is an athlete and his sisters are strong, robust, normal girls.

Where Are the Cutters of Yesterday?

Greensburg, Ind.—Although corn cutters can average between $9 and $10 a day, farmers say they are unable to get labor and the oldtime "cutters" can't be tempted out of retirement.

Twins Marry at Corydon.

Corydon, Ind.—A double wedding in which sisters became brides of twins took place here. Elmer O. Schweinhart and Josephine Hall and Emery L. Schweinhart and Elizabeth C. Hall were married.

Lot of Balkan Poor Unhappy

Peasants Work From Dawn to Dark and Have Little to Eat Except Corn Bread.

HALF OF CHILDREN SURVIVE

Homes Are Made Attractive on the Outside, Although They Are Bare of Comforts—Peasants Are Simple and Honest.

Belgrade, Serbia.—To the American visitor accustomed to the ordinary comforts of life it is a constant source of wonder how the peasants and poor of the Balkans can live on the meager food they have. Poor cornbread, supplemented by goat's cheese or ordinary leek or onions, forms the diet of a large part of the village population. This slender regime produces robust bodies, strong muscles and rosy cheeks. The adage that bread is the staff of life finds its best proof here.

On the whole, the poor of the Balkan countries have an unusually hard lot in life. Their poverty is practically permanent. Their plight seems to excite little sympathy from those who are well off. There is a calloused indifference to the sufferings of the poor which strikes an American as almost heartless. In few if any of the Balkan states does the government make any provision for care of the poor. This work in the past has been left largely to foreign relief agencies and private charitable organizations.

Eight-Hour Day Unknown.

The eight-hour working day so common in the United States is unknown in the Balkan rural districts. The peasant works from sunrise until after dark. He is so bent and weather-beaten that he looks twice his age after thirty. In some cases he belongs to one of the nomadic tribes and leads an existence unknown in the country districts of America. At night one often passes whole wagon loads of them on the road going from town to town. Every man is asleep on his load, and is not disturbed by thoughts of burglars or highwaymen.

The peasant removes his hat to everyone better dressed than himself and gets his ox-cart off the road for every automobile. He is a simple, honest, home-loving person with much homely virtue. The peasant women have enormous families of children, only about half of whom survive the rigors of child-life in the extreme conditions that prevail in the Balkans.

Cottages Are Crude.

The peasants' cottages are crude structures with thatched roofs and mud walls. But they contrive to adorn them with attractive exteriors and take great pains to produce the utmost decorative effect. This embellishment frequently takes the form of a porch with a small background bearing a border design whose contrasting colors and composition suggest the patterns used by the Navajos of the American Southwest in blankets and carpets.

But while the exterior of the home is attractive, a peep into the interior shows the economic stress under which these people live. There is seldom any kind of food except coarse cornmeal. The cooking utensils are limited to a few home-made pewter pots. The furniture consists of a table and a few rudely constructed benches. The beds usually are upon the floor or upon rough-hewn boards.

Scotch Herring Girls at Work

Scotch herring girls at Scarborough, England, rolling the herring barrels from the deck to a steamer. The herring girls, who understand the curing and packing of the fish, follow the herrings when they migrate south.

CORK PRISONERS ABANDON STRIKE

Agree to Accept Food on the Ninety-Fourth Day of Their Fast

TO RECRUIT TO FULL STRENGTH

Orders Have Been Sent Out to Increase Second Division.—Thirty Thousand Aided by the Red Cross.

Cork.—The nine surviving Irish hunger strikers in Cork jail have reluctantly agreed to accept food, thus abandoning the longest fast in history as a protest against their imprisonment. They had refused food in any form for ninety-four days.

This was revealed when a message received by Lord Mayor O'Callaghan from Arthur Griffiths, founder of the Sinn Fein organization, was given out:

"I am of the opinion," read the message, "that our countrymen in the Cork prison have sufficiently proved their devotion and fidelity, and that they should now, as they were prepared to die for Ireland, prepare again to live for her."

This message has been transmitted to the nine surviving hunger strikers in the jail.

Thirty Thousand Aided by Red Cross.

Washington, D. C.—Thirty thousand sufferers from seventy-three disasters which occurred in the United States during the last year received aid from the Red Cross, the cost of the work amounting to $900,000. In reaching 164 communities affected by the disasters, the Red Cross called into service virtually every phase of its activities.

Preparedness for disaster alleviated distress and prevented untold suffering, according to a statement issued from the national headquarters and based on the forthcoming report of the organization for the year ending June 20.

The disasters included nineteen tornadoes and cyclones, two hurricanes, two cloudbursts, one hail storm, one landslide, two earthquakes, fifteen fires, one explosion, nine floods, ten shipwrecks, one train wreck, four riots, one motor accident and two droughts.

RECRUIT TO FULL STRENGTH.

Orders Sent Out to Increase the Second Division.

Washington, D. C.—Telegraphic orders have been sent to the army recruiting stations to recruit the Second division to its full strength immediately. It was explained at the War department that under the provisions of the national defense act one division of the army must be kept at full strength, and that the Second division had been selected by the general staff as the unit to be maintained at full strength. The division, which is stationed at Camp Travis, Tex., is 6,000 short of its full strength, and the War department said that the recruiting service never before in time of peace had been given a similar task. Heretofore recruits for the Second division have been drawn from the states of Texas and Oklahoma, but under the new order they will be taken from any place in the country.

Says Due to Lack of Preparedness.

Lincoln, Neb.—Preparation against war and not for war was the exhortation of Major General Leonard Wood, who spoke here to over a thousand veterans of the world war after the big Armistice day parade. A great army of men sufficiently trained in military tactics for immediate call and a standing regular army just large enough for police needs of the country is the remedy the general advocates for the future wars which he is sure will come.

"Many were wounded in the uniform of the United States army," the general said," and many will be in the years to come. Lack of preparedness, lack of the recognition of the fact that war is inevitable are the reasons that one-third of those who died in the world war are now buried across the sea. The men in France, if they could speak to us, would say, 'We are the dead for lack of preparation.'"

Planning for World Exposition.

Philadelphia.—Steps were taken at a meeting of 100 prominent citizens in the mayor's office for the holding here in 1926 of an international exposition marking the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the signing of the declaration of independence.

Unemployment Shows Increase.

New York.—A survey of the labor situation in every section of the country shows unemployment is increasing generally, though with few exceptions the situation is not acute.

Will Stand On Her Rights.

El Paso, Tex.—Mexico will not accept recognition from any government "under conditions that will lessen the respect due" the Mexican government, according to an announcement by Provisional President de la Huerta of Mexico. The announcement was received by Luis Montes de Oca, Mexican consul general here. He said it had been sent by the provisional president to the Mexican representative at Washington and by him forwarded to El Paso.

CANNOT ENFORCE 2-CENT LAW

Some Agreement may yet be Arrived at on Versailles Covenant

Federal Court Renders Decision Declaring Three Cents Per Mile is Reasonable Rate.

Paris.—The view is expressed in official circles that the French government will be ready to co-operate with the authorities at Washington in forming something different from the covenant of the league of nations as drawn at Versailles.

This statement was made in official quarters in referring to the declaration of President-elect Harding, as cabled from Marion to the French press, to the effect that the Verasilles covenant was now "deceased." This is interpreted by officials as applying to the covenant as drawn at Versailles, and as indicating that some other agreement must take its place. To that end, it was stated by officials, the French government would be ready to give its collaboration.

CANNOT ENFORCE 2-CENT LAW.

Federal Court Says Three Cents is Reasonable Fare.

Omaha.—Nebraska's people will continue paying 3 cents per mile railroad fare until the legislature meets and enacts a new railroad fare law or the United States court renders a new decision. The federal court, with Judges Sanborn, Wade and Woodrough, has passed a decision making an injunction of the temporary restraining order issued some months ago preventing the Nebraska state railway commission from enforcing the Nebraska 2-cent fare law.

Following the decision of the court, Commissioner Thomas L. Hall said the state commission will hold a meeting next week and decide upon the further steps to be taken in the fight to keep the rates down.

To Create Tax Commission.

Lincoln.—The creation of a tax commissioner by the new constitution of the state will probably be the only appointment which Governor McKelvie will have to make when he again takes the oath of office in 1921, unless he should find some resignations or should "fire" some of the men who have held office for the past two years. Secretary Osborne of the state board of assessment and equalization is likely to secure the appointment.

Bank Earnings Largest in History.

Washington, D. C.—Earnings of National banks during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1920, were the greatest in their history, according to a compilation made by John Skelton Williams, comptroller of the currency. He reports they earned 24 per cent net on their capital, and 13 per cent on capital and surplus. The gross earnings increased $594,000,000 in seven years, or 115 per cent.

Nebraska Team Defeats Rutgers.

New York.—The University of Nebraska football team defeated Rutgers here at the Polo grounds, 28 to 0. The light Rutgers eleven was unable to stand the line pluunging of the Cornhuskers, who did not use the expected open style play, but kept to straight football.

Armenians Are Massacred.

London.—The Armenian town of Hadjin has been captured by Turkish nationalists, who have massacred the inhabitants, numbering 10,000, according to a dispatch to the Armenian bureau in London. These Armenians had been holding out against the attacking forces since March last.

Dry Measure Loses in South Dakota.

Huron, S. D.—The South Dakota direct legislation organization in a statement declares that returns received by it from county auditors showed that the prohibitory law submitted to a direct vote of the people to strengthen prohibition enforcement in this state was defeated by a majority of more than 10,000 at the late election.

Flour Lowest in Four Years.

Minneapolis, Minn.—For the first time in almost four years, flour sold under $10.00 a barrel at the mills here last week. Quotations on family patents broke 35c to 37c, making the range of prices $9.65@10.00 a barrel.

Allied Veterans to Meet in Paris.

Paris.—An inter-allied conference of organizations representing allied combatants in the world war will open in Paris November 28. The United States, through the American Legion in France, Great Britain, Belgium, Italy and Czecho-Slovakia, will be represented.

British Coal Strike Called Off.

London.—The executive officers of the miners federation have decided to declare the coal strike ended and advise the men to resume work.

Asks Leave to Increase Capital.

Washington, D. C.—The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad has applied to the Interstate Commerce commission for authority to increase its capital stock by $60,000,000 and to issue 6 per cent first and refunding mortgage bonds to the amount of $100,000,000. The issue of capital stock would be distributed pro-rata among the stockholders of the road. This would transfer to capital account $60,000,000 of the railroad's account of about $200,000,000

Woman With Rolling Pin Knocks Out a Burglar

New York.—When Mrs. Sophie Petrowsky returned to her home at 108 Bedford avenue after shopping, she discovered a man ransacking her home. Seeing her he rushed out with a bag of loot and she followed, first arming herself with a rolling pin. In the street in front of the house she caught up with him and knocked him senseless with the rolling pin.

At the Bedford avenue station the man said he was James Duane, 22, of 108 Bedford avenue, Brooklyn. The police say he has been out of Sing Sing only two months after serving a four-year term for burglary.

The "baby tanks" of the French army have been generally adapted for agricultural purposes.

Jap Governor for 700 Isles

South Sea Group to Have Executive and Thorough System of Administration.

Tokyo.—The 700 islands of varying size in the South Sea group for which Japan obtained mandatory rights at the peace conference will have a Japanese governor and a thorough system of administration.

The governor at present will remain under the direction of the navy, which has been in control of the islands since their acquisition five years ago. It is possible that later all connections between the navy and the islands will be severed.

The League of Nations council in November is expected to work out a detailed scheme for the application of the principle of trusteeship by which Japan retains her control.

The idea involved in enlarging the scope of civil administration is to establish three distinct administrative sections of domestic affairs, colonial affairs and police affairs.

DUTCH STUDY YANK METHODS

Send Officer Observers to Watch Work of United States Army on the Rhine.

The Hague.—The Dutch war department has decided to study American army methods, and with the permission of the United States government has sent a commission of officer observers to the American army on the Rhine.

Chimes Play a Hymn of Death.

Fort Wayne, Ind.—Few understood why the program was changed when Edward F. Yarnelle gave a recital on the new chimes erected in the Presbyterian church tower, but a telephone message from the bedside of a dying woman asked for "I'm Going Home to Die No More."

Back Given O
There's surely some reason ... lame, achy back. Likely it's ... neys. A cold or strain oft times ... the kidneys and slows them up ... may be the reason for that ... backache, those sharp pains, ... worn-out feeling. You may have ... aches and dizzy spells, too, with ... ing bladder irregularity. Use ... Kidney Pills. They have helped ... sands. Ask your neighbor!
An Iowa Case
Mrs. Phoebe Harsch, 132 N. Moore St., Ottumwa, Iowa, says: "I had kidney complaint and suffered with dull, nagging pains in my back, which weakened me. Mornings I was sore and lame and had frequent dizzy headaches. Rheumatic pains caused my joints to ache. My kidneys acted irregularly and my ankles swollen. I used Doan's Kidney ... they relieved the rheumatic ... backache and put my kidneys ... working order."
Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c ...
DOAN'S KID... PI...
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFA...

"A few minutes more, ... dear, and Daddy will be ... with the Kemp's Balsam ... you can go to sleep and ... that horrid old cough."
KEMP'S BALS...
Will Stop That Co...

Clogged-Up Liver Caus... Headache
It's foolish to suffer from con... sick headache, biliousness, ... indigestion, and kindred ailments when Carter's Little Liver Pills will end all misery in a few hours. Purely vegetable. Act gently on liver and bowels.
CARTE... LITT... LIVE... PILL...
Small Pill—Small Dose—Sm...

SAYS PILES ALL GONE AND NO MORE EC...
"I had eczema for many years ... head and could not get anything ... the agony. I saw your ad and ... box of Peterson's Ointment and ... many thanks for the good it has ... There isn't a blotch on my head ... I couldn't help but thank Peter... the cure is great." Miss Mary ... Third avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
"I have had itching piles for ... and Peterson's is the only oint... relieves me, besides the piles ... have gone." A. B. Ruger, 1127 W... ton avenue, Racine, Wis.
Use Peterson's Ointment for all ... salt rheum, chafing and all skin ... 60 cents. Druggists recommend ... orders filled by Peterson Ointm... Buffalo, N. Y.

DON'T CUT OUT
A Shoe Boil, Capped Hock or Bursitis
FOR
ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REG.U.S.PAT.OFF
will reduce them and leave no ble... Stops lameness promptly. Does ... ter or remove the hair, and horse ... worked. $2.50 a bottle delivered. ...
ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, ... liniment for Boils, Bruises, Sores, Swellings, ... Allays Pain and Inflammation. Price $1.25 a ... gists or delivered. Will tell you more if you ...
W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springf...

Awful Si... With Ga...
Eatonic Brings R...
"I have been awful sick with ... writes Mrs. W. H. Person, ... Eatonic is all I can get to ... relief."
Acidity and gas on the ... quickly taken up and carried ... Eatonic, then appetite and ... come back. And many other ... miseries disappear when the ... is right. Don't let sourness, ... bloating, indigestion and other ... ach ills go on. Take Eatonic ... after you eat—see how much ... you feel. Big box costs only ... with your druggist's guarantee.

Cuticura Talcu...
Fascinatingly Fragrant
Always Health...
Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum ...

E-Z Dustless-Ebony Stove Polish ...
E-Z Iron Enamel for the Pipe...
E-Z Metal Polish for the Nickel...
E-Z Shoe Polish Saves Shoes
All Dealers—Money Back Guarantee

Eastern Colorado Farm...
Well improved farms, good soil, ... every year, good roads, markets, ... Terms. Write R. A. Tillman, ...

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by ... Freckle Ointment ... Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue ...

Use MURINE Night and Morning
Keep Your Eyes Clean - Clear and He...
Write for Free Eye Care Book Murine Co. Ch...

COMRADES OF PERIL

By RANDALL PARRISH

Copyright A. C. McClurg & Co.

'I'LL MARRY YOU."

psis.—Tom Shelby, a rancher, into the frontier town of looking for a good time a long spell of hard work neliness on the ranch. In- he runs into a funeral—that d Calkins, a retired army f whom little is known. A till in her teens, survives McCarthy, a saloon keep- Ponca's leading citizen, de- that the girl, now alone in orid, should marry. Shelby a hunt for eligible husbands he minister goes to confer the girl. She agrees to pick band from the score of men up in her home. To his con- tion, she selects Shelby, who one along merely as a spec- He declines the honor. In- t, the girl dismisses the as- ge.

HAPTER III—Continued.

—3—

ght ter h—l, I hope," the Buf- p J. P. burst out, forgetting ical role in a sudden expres- feeling. "Whatever caused the butt in?"

he didn't intend nuthin'. Tom t kind. He just drifted 'long the fun. Yer can't blame him he gurl took a shine his way."

two disappeared, their voices mbling, and Shelby got to his l moved along the edge of the where he could view the shack Through the window on that unobstructed blaze of light forth, but even as he stood at it the girl appeared fully l in the glare and drew down tain. He saw her clearly, like e in a frame, one round arm to grasp the shade. He drew breath, almost of astonish- conscious of the rapid beating heart. By heaven, she was pretty! He had never thought fore; but then, in that ruddy he strange impression took pos- as something entirely new, served to strengthen his pur- He would not play the part of rd; he would go in and ex- he would make her understand how matters were with him y he acted as he had.

this was accomplished hesitat- nd in doubt. He was at the wice before he found sufficient e to knock lightly. There was ponse and he used his knuckles louder, intensely conscious of e to turn and run away. But was no opportunity. The latch sharply and the light streamed y into his face, fairly blinding

so it is you back again?" she coldly. "What did you want?"

t—just to have a word with rivately," he explained lamely, g his eyes. "I—I thought may- ould explain."

plain what?"

y—why how this thing happen- ss." His confusion rendered him incoherent. "You see, I—I want you to think I'm that sort."

you don't? Well, I'm not that either. Come along in, if you to; I'll hear what you have to

lby never felt quite so awkward mpotent before in all his life, as l standing there, fiddling with at in his hand, while the girl lly closed the door behind him. wn appearance of ease, even of nent, only added to his deep em- ssment.

the first time he really took of the room, how plainly it was hed; a deal table, two chairs, ove, a few books on a shelf, with all clock between. Everything l cheap, but immaculately clean, s his eyes wandered back to the that was what impressed him about her—cleanliness. It was ced in face and hands, in the skirt and white waist, in the h strands of hair.

ll," she said pleasantly, "I reckon night as well sit down, as long u hre here."

found a chair and dropped into d she took the only other one, ands clasped in her lap and her s eyes watching him with un- sed curiosity.

didn't expect to see you again," roke the silence which was be- g awkward. "What was it that ht you back?"

ct is I don't know," he explained, ed at the sound of his own voice. see I—I sorter got an idea you t be lonesome and—and a bit at me, an' so I thought maybe ter drop in an' tell you how it appened. But it don't look like was mad."

o, I'm not mad. I flared up for nute, but that's all over with. I botherin' none about that outfit."

I see," somewhat more at ease crossing his legs. "I reckon that's t the right way to look at it. ever made you pick me?"

hy, naturally, I took the best- n gone I saw, Mister—Mister—"

helby, Tom Shelby; so you didn't know my name?"

o idea of what it was; I picked out because you didn't live here—that's why, if you really want to know."

"Then you did know me?"

"No, I didn't. I saw you at the funeral an' I knew you wa'n't no Ponca man. I didn't care who you was or where you came from, just so you gave me a chance to get out o' this hole. I would marry an Indian to get out."

"Then that was why you took me—so as to get out o' here?"

She nodded.

"That's 'bout the size of it. I didn't take no stock in what the preacher said, for I ain't no weeping willow, Tom Shelby, an' I don't need nobody to take care of me."

Shelby laughed.

"You made a mighty poor guess, at that," he said cheerfully, "when you picked me. I'd a took you to a worse place than Ponca."

"There ain't none," positively. "Where is it you live, anyhow?"

"Over on the Cottonwood; 'bout sixty miles north, up near the reservation. H—l! But it's lonely up there; not another white man in thirty miles."

"You are ranching?"

"Just startin', you might say; runnin' a few head on a free range."

"But you've got a house, a place to live in?"

"Sorter shack—yes; a corral an' a sod stable; that's 'bout all. I'd be a dandy, wouldn't I, ter ask a girl to go

"I Picked You Out Because You Didn't Live Here."

out there an' live? No, sir; that ain't my style; it wouldn't be decent."

She did not speak for some time, her eyes roving about the room and then returning to rest on his face. There was no smile on her lips, yet somehow she did not look sullen or indifferent.

"And that was why you said no? You came back to explain? It wasn't because you disliked me, then? Because you despised me for doing such a thing?"

"What, me? I should say not. There wa'n't nothing done that wa'n't all right. I don't blame you a mite. You ought to git married."

"Do you really think so?"

"Yes, I do; this ain't no place for a single woman who wants to be decent, to live in. Besides, you're old enough."

"How old am I?"

"Seventeen, maybe; I ain't much on guessing ages—specially women."

"I am nineteen," she paused, her teeth gleaming as she smiled. "I wish you would tell me about yourself."

He glanced up at her surprised and twisting his hat about in his hands.

"That won't take long," he said soberly. "I ain't got much history, so to speak. I was born in Kentucky an' run away when I was seventeen. Been out in this country ever since, soldiering most of the time, and then punching cattle for the Six Stars. Saved a little money and started in to go it alone. That's about all the story."

"With a lot left out. Why did you leave home?"

"Oh, they wanted me to go on in school and be a lawyer."

"You finished high school?"

"Sure; what made you think that?"

She laughed.

"Oh, just a word or two; you've got into the habit of talking like these people out here. So have I, for the matter of that. When you live with them for years, it's bound to twist your tongue. I can speak good English when I try."

"An' the thing yer want to do most is to get away from Ponca?"

"Yes."

"Yer sure don't hold no grudge against me for what happened tonight?"

Her lips and eyes smiled.

"Why, of course not. It was too ridiculous for anything. After you had filed out I put my head down on the table there and laughed until I had tears in my eyes. The expressions on those faces when I picked you out would have made a dog laugh."

Shelby wanted to say something, but his mind seemed to be utterly blank. He could just stare at her dumbly. The silence became so embarrassing that he finally got awkwardly to his feet.

"I'm—I'm awfully glad you took it that way," he stuttered. "You see, I don't know much about girls and so I was afraid you might be mad. I'll have to go now, I think, Miss."

"I'm very sorry, but I'm glad you came. Good-bye, Mr. Shelby."

He took the outstretched hand, conscious of the warm pressure even as he fumbled at the latch of the door. His eyes were downcast and his face flamed; nor did he breathe easily until he was again outside, alone in the darkness of the night.

CHAPTER IV.

The Proposal.

He stared back at the closed door, still dazed but capable of swearing at himself for being such a blame fool. He felt a vague suspicion that he had acted foolishly and that the girl was amused at his awkward embarrassment. The interview had proven altogther different from what he had anticipated; the tears he had come to wipe away were conspicuous by their absence, and instead of bringing comfort and courage to an extremely mortified young lady, he had found her filled with merriment over the affair and quite indifferent as to its outcome. She was different from anything he had previously conceived. He had confidently expected to encounter a rather ordinary young woman of the commonplace frontier type—the kind he had known for years.

She had proven herself nothing like what he had conceived. She had been smiling and self-possessed, mocking him with her good humor and treating the whole affair as a joke. He was the victim, rather than she, evidently, in her estimation; and he had actually felt like a raw boy in her presence, unable to think of a word to say or what to do with either hands or feet. How immaculately clean she was and ready of speech. He saw again the picture of her, sitting there facing him, her eyes meeting him frankly. Yes, she had made a fool of him, all right, and he turned and strode up the path, oblivious to all else but his gloomy thoughts.

There were numerous people on the main street, although the principal groups were before the dance hall and McCarthy's saloon. Shelby stopped in the glare of the former to consider what he had better do, his mind vibrating between joining the others at the bar or seeking his bed at the hotel. He was still undecided when two men suddenly bumped into him and he recognized Cowan and "Red" Kelly, both drunk enough to be ugly and insulting. The first stared into his face with a sneer.

"H—l, 'Red,' if here ain't the bridegroom," he exclaimed insolently. "Say, where you been all this time?"

Shelby drew back slightly, but held his temper, his brain instantly clearing.

"I don't hold that to be any of your business," he replied coldly.

"Well, by thunder, it is, just the same. You butted into this game without no warrant, an' yer playin' us fer a parcel of fools. Fer one, I don't stand fer it. It was a put-up job. You an' her are in cahoots for that money. She didn't never look at one o' us. Your pretendin' to be surprised was too darn thin. H—l! I bet yer just come over from bein' with her an' laughin' at us—yer d—n skunk!"

Shelby's face hardened and his teeth set grimly.

"Don't go too far, Cowan," he warned sternly. "I got some reputation as a fightin' man myself an' I don't take everything peaceably. Now, listen to me, you drunken brute, and keep a civil tongue in your head. I have seen the girl, but we didn't talk none about marriage and, what's more, I wouldn't touch that money, not a cent of it, even if I was to marry her—she ain't that kind, ner I ain't.'

"Gosh, you must think I'm a sucker, Tom Shelby. What the h—l you got to git married on? I'll bet yer never seed two thousand before in all your life. Tell that to the marines—there ain't nobody goin' to marry her except for the cash."

"What do you mean?"

"Why, she's homely as a hedge fence. 'Red' was just sayin' that if she'd a picked him, he'd have jumped the reservation, money or no money. Yer can't string me!"

"You say she's homely?"

"I sure do, an' as damn mean as she looks, I reckon."

Shelby's face was like flint and his right fist crashed square into Cowan's sneering lips. The fellow went toppling over and before he even knew what had happened the ranchman was upon him, holding him flat to the earth and pommeling with both hands. It was soon over with, Shelby giving his opponent no chance to break away, interspersing his blows with a frank expression of feeling.

"You measly hound! Goin' to marry her for money, am I? Maybe you'd like to say that ag'in, d—n you! That's 'bout the size o' your soul, Cowan. Take that, you whelp! You won't be so d—n beautiful yourself when I get through. There now! Perhaps you'll lay quiet awhile!"

He got to his feet and glared about into the ring of interested faces defiantly.

"Any more of yer want to say what he did?" he demanded. "Here, you, Kelly; you laughed when that dirty pup said she was homely as a hedge fence! Come here, you red-headed terrier," and he gripped him by the throat shaking the fellow helplessly back and forth in his mad rage. "I'm goin' ter marry that girl, if she'll have me, an' there ain't nobody goin' to slam the looks o' my wife, either. You get that, you coyote? What do yer think of it now—hey? Spit it out; what do you think of her now?"

Kelly had to spit it out; it was all he could do with those fingers gripping him.

"Let go—d—n it—let go! H—l! She's—she's the handsomest woman I ever saw; you—you let go o' me!"

Shelby flung him to one side in utter disgust, hurling an oath after him as he reeled dizzily into the protection of the crowd. He cast his eyes once in contempt about the circle, seeking some other antagonist and finding none.

"To h—l with all of you!" he declared. "Get out of the way there!"

They fell back to give him safe passage and he strode straight on past the dance hall and turned down the dark path leading back to Calkins' shack. He had but one thought now, one purpose; he had burned his bridges behind him. After what he had said and done only a single course remained. Without a pause or a regret he went straight to the door and rapped. It was no timid touch of the knuckles this time; he was still too angry to either hesitate or doubt. And there was no sign of embarrassment in word or act when the door opened and she stood there looking at him in wonderment.

"I've come back to say another word to you," he announced simply. "I'd like to come in."

"Something has happened?"

"It has; I've just had to lick two pups who got too gay 'bout you. They said some things an' I said some things. Now I'm aimin' to make good. You said you'd marry me awhile ago; does that hold?"

She was leaning against the table, staring at him; her face seemed to go white and her hands toyed nervously with a knife she had picked up.

"You—you had trouble with two men, over me?" she asked, her voice trembling slightly. "What men?"

"'Red' Kelly and a gazabo named Cowan; they was both here."

"Oh; they were angry at you for that?"

"Sure; not because you didn't take no notice of them; then they got drunk an' undertook to ride me; said it was a put-up job between us ter get away with that money."

"What money?"

"The twenty-five hundred you was goin' to get. The preacher told you about that, didn't he?"

She shook her head, evidently bewildered.

"Where was I going to get all that money?"

"Why, McCarthy was puttin' it up; he and some other bucks, so as to give you a start after you was married."

She drew a deep breath, looking straight into his eyes.

"You mean those men came here for that?" indignantly. "They were willing to marry me so as to get that money? Good God! I was to be sold!

The Fellow Went Toppling Over.

Is that actually true? Nobody ever hinted such a shameful thing to me."

"Well, I reckon they didn't mean no harm by that," he tried to explain. "You don't just see it right. They figured that Old Calkins had died an' left you without a cent, sorter helpless out here, an' that the town owed you a decent chance ter git married an' settle down. That's what the money was given for."

"But those fellows all knew it. That was what made them agree?"

"I reckon maybe it was—mostly, at least."

She twisted her hands together, a hot, red flush coming into each cheek.

"Well, I'm glad to know that. Now what was it those two men said, the men you had the trouble with?"

"Well, you see, Cowan was drunk an' naturally all worked up. He's a sort o' good-lookin' chap an thinks he cuts quite a swale with women."

"But what did he say?"

"Well, he run into me up there on the street just now, him and 'Red' Kelly, an' said I was after you for that money. I told him he was a liar an' then he sorter let loose a remark I didn't take kindly."

"What remark?"

"He—he sorter insinuated that I'd never marry you for any other reason."

"He did—why?"

"Well," he blurted out desperately, finding no possible way of escape, "he sorter said you wasn't awful good lookin' an' then I pasted him. That's all."

Her lips parted, her eyes opening wide in astonished amusement.

"That I wasn't good looking!" she laughed. "And you actually hit him for that?"

"I sure did; the other pup laughed an' he got his dose about the same time. I didn't hurt 'Red' Kelly none;

"Will You Take a Chance?"

just shook a little sense into him, but I reckon it'll be a week before Cowan gets out much. Then I come down here."

"To ask me to marry you?"

"That's the idea. I told 'em I'd do it. 'Tain't likely you'll feel now the same way you did at first, but if you do, then I'm in the game. I ain't got much; I told you all 'bout that, but if you're a mind to rough it up on the Cottonwood, I'm here to go shares with you."

The girl gazed at him in silence, her breath coming quickly, almost in sobs, a strange, misty light in her eyes.

"You—actually want me to marry you?"

"Sure; that's what I come back for."

"Are—are you after that twenty-five hundred dollars?"

"H—l, no!" emphatically. "I forgot to tell you 'bout that. I won't take a d—n cent of it. That's what I told them hounds an' I'll tell McCarthy the same thing. I ain't that kind to marry no girl cause she's got coin. The five hundred is yours, fair an' square, but there don't none o' that two thousand go into my jeans. That's got to be part o' the bargain."

"But you don't know anything about me?"

He grinned good-humoredly.

"I reckon there may be some things you'll discover about me, fer the matter o' that. Maybe it's 'bout as fair one way as another."

"Yes, I suppose it is. You really mean what you have said?"

"I sure do."

"When? How soon?"

"Tomorrow morning. I aim to get out o' here as soon as I can. How is it—will you take a chance?"

His voice was strangely earnest, and his eyes, as she ventured to glance up, were honest and kindly.

"Yes," she said slowly, "I will, Tom Shelby."

A desolate home-coming.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Grateful Carlo.

In Kentucky three men were shot to death in a fight about a dog which one of them had killed. Some men never live long enough to learn that when a dog becomes personal property the tie of pride and affection makes the animal a serious proposi tion to be trifled with, and that many men were born to love dogs. This reminds us that in the happy days of boyhood our most faithful and devoted friend was an old pointer named Carlo. Never did we eat a lunch out of doors without sharing it with the devoted Carlo, and that noble and loving dog invariably manifested his gratitude by shaking himself vigorously and letting us in a reciprocal way have about 50 per cent of his most active fleas.—New Orleans States.

Easy Part.

Chorus Girl—What am I to do in the new revue?

Stage Director—Nothing! You'll have nothing to sing, nothing to say, and almost nothing to wear.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicycacid.—Adv.

A girl is anxious to be given in marriage and a woman is glad she isn't sold.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

The Remedy With a Record of Fifty-four Years of Surpassing Excellence.

Those who suffer from nervous dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, torpid liver, dizziness, headaches, coming up of food, wind on stomach, palpitation and other indications of fermentation and indigestion will find Green's August Flower a most effective and efficient assistant in the restoration of nature's functions and a return to health and happiness. There could be no better testimony of the value of this remedy for these troubles than the fact that its use for the last fifty-four years has extended into many thousands of households all over the civilized world and no indication of any failure has been obtained in all that time where medicine could effect relief. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Ambition is always boxing contentment on the ears.

Cuticura for Sore Hands.

Soak hands on retiring in the hot suds of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove surplus Ointment with tissue paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do if Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toilet purposes.—Adv.

One way to keep on friendly terms with your neighbor is to keep off his premises.

PAINS NEARLY DOUBLED ME UP

Nothing Helped Me Until I Took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Wyandotte, Mich.—"For the last four years I have doctored off and on without help. I have had pains every month so bad that I would nearly double up. Sometimes I could not sweep a room without stopping to rest, and everything I ate upset my stomach. Three years ago I lost a child and suffered so badly that I was out of my head at times. My bowels did not move for days and I could not eat without suffering. The doctor could not help me and one day I told my husband that I could not stand the pain any longer and sent him to the drug-store to get me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and threw the doctor's medicine away. After taking three bottles of Vegetable Compound and using two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash I could do my own housework. If it had not been for your medicine I don't know where I would be today and I am never without a bottle of it in the house. You may publish this if you like that it may help some other woman."—Mrs. MARY STENDER, 120 Orange St., Wyandotte, Mich.

VICTIMS RESCUED

Kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles are most dangerous because of their insidious attacks. Heed the first warning they give that they need attention by taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for these disorders, will often ward off these diseases and strengthen the body against further attacks. Three sizes, all druggists. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Persistent Coughs

are dangerous. Get prompt relief from Piso's. Stops irritation; soothing. Effective and safe for young and old. No opiates in

PISO'S

Thanksgiving Greetings

The spirit of the season prompts us to remind you that Thanksgiving will soon be here and that this year of all years it should be given due consideration.

When you are planning the Feast don't forget we have on hand Cranberries, Nuts Apples, Celery, and other Green Vegetables that will all be in keeping with the day. Also a fine line of canned goods to select from. Try our celebrated BBBB Brand and be convinced of the Quality.

We can supply you with choice Winter Apples, either in barrels or baskets.

Yours for Business

J. N. DAY

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Wiles were Mason City visitors Thursday.

Miss Blanche Lilljenberg was a Garner visitor between trains Friday.

Miss Esther Yahnke, the telephone operator in the Koerner Office, was a visitor at Garner Friday. Garner is the young lady's home.

The Iowa–Ames Foot Ball Game was the center of attraction the past week for a number of Klemme enthusiasts of the game. Those who drove to Ames early Saturday morning to take in the game were Frank Gruetzmacher, Paul Greisemer, M. O. Hocum and Rev. Meyer. These gentlemen went in Frank Gruetzmacher's car. Those who accompanied Nick Ell in his car were Doctor Thomas, Doctor Missman and Clarence Waterman. The latter car was the scene of a lot of activity on the way to Ames for Dr. Missman is the Iowa City graduate and Dr. Thomas is the Ames graduate. They have been arguing the outcome of the game for weeks and "chewed the rag" all the way to the game.

Mrs. J. Jorgenson, of Garner, was in Klemme between trains Friday to spend the day with her son, Ye Editor

"Bobbie" Henschen and "Billie" Baack drove over to Mason City last Wednesday evening to see the big musical play, "Hitchy–Koo." They njoyed it very much and "Bob" is still laughing over the funny jokes they pulled.

Henry Freie returned from his visit at Cedar Rapids Friday afternoon.

John Waterman, our post master, had "Bobbie" Henschen and Art Cook on the jump Friday laying the tile in the entrance way to the post office. The cement workers used geometry, trigonometry, hocus–pockus and various other sciences to make those little blocks fit just right. However, they did a good job and the post office entrance looks much better.

The sewer gang have had fine digging the past week and made good headway. Friday they struck a little tough luck near the Carl Suckow residence when they hit wet sand and dirt. They expect to stay right on the job now until the snow balls hit them in their necks and the shovels on the machine freeze so tight they will have to pry the dirt off with a crowbar—then they will quit work until the hobins appear in the spring.

Miss Adna Chnrch, of Garner, was a Klemme visitor Saturday.

Mrs. Schroeder has improved her property on main street by putting in a new cement walk leading to the rear door. Henchen and Kuck did the work

A few farmers near Klemme have their corn picked and in the crib. Others report they will soon finish the work.

The past week has been a good sample os Indian summer which was delayed by the weather man.

Do your Christmas Shopping Early.

Last week A. W. Johnson pnrchased a qnanity of a new brand of coal. The price suited him and he concluded that if the coal proved satisfactory in the furnace at the store, that he would bny a quanity of it for the furnace at the Johnson residence. The allotment with which to conduct the experiment at the home was left at the rear of the store. Some light fingered individual with a strong back made an evening visit to the region of Art's coal supply and the following morning the coal was gone. Art is not complaining abont having lost the coal but it seriously interfered that he was about to conduct. What he would have now is for the person who took the coal to report to him what success he had with it, and Art would thus be guided in the matter or not to invest in more of it.
—Democrat

Joe Knadler, deputy in the Clerk's office, of Garner, was in Klemme on Thursday in the interests of the Red Cross organization. Joe was appointed chairman of the east half of the county nd is faithfully following out the details of his work. While here Joe stopped for a few minutes chat with Ye Editor and also to fill his nostrils with the pleasant odor escaping from printers' ink and paper. Joe is an old time pinter and at one time editor of the Garner Signal.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Barr and Mr. and Mrs. Elme Fuller drove over to Mason City Thursday on business and pleasure.

Proposing Made Easy.

In Siam a declaration of marriage is very simple. It is considered a proposal merely to offer a lady a flower, or to take a light from a cigaret if she is holding it in her mouth, so that even the most timid youths need not fear the ordeal.

Auction Service

The First National Bank is prepared to take complete charge of all kinds of auctions and to furnish an experienced auctioneer, to clerk auctions and handle every detail of the sale.

Telephone, write or come in and see us if you are planning on a auction. We specialize in this department of our banking service and are sure that you will be well pleased with the result

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Cash in on this Great Clothing Event

And this is the store

$45.00 to 50.00 Suits and Overcoats	**$35.00**
$60.00 to 65.00 Suits and Overcoats	**$45.00**
$70.00 to 77.50 Suits and Overcoats	**$60.00**
$85.00 to 110.00 Suits and Overcoats	**$75.00**

Now is the time to buy suits and overcoats

It's an opportunity to get stylish standard clothes at prices that are not warranted by either the laber or material in them. The latest and best from three of America's best makers.

Underwear, Neckwear 25 Per Cent Off

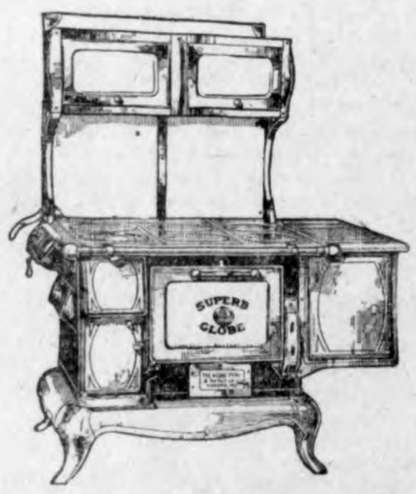
Boy's Suits & Overcoats 25 Per Cent Off

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does Its Duty"

Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**

Your Thanksgiving Dinner



And A Globe Range

Nothing tastes better than a Thanks giving Dinner prepared on a Globe Range. For cooking, baking, and roasting they can't be equalled. We have them in all styles. We also carry a full line of roasters, baking dishes, pans, pots, kettles, etc. Plan now for the big feed.

Full line of Globe Heaters

JACOBS & SON
HARDWARE KLEMME, IOWA

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Bob Sleds

It is time to figure on getting your ob sled for the winter for they will be ard to get. Come in now and order ours while we have a full line. We arry the famous

Never Tip

They live up to their name.

We also carry a full line of Kewanee log Waterers, Tank Heaters, Feed & il.

See Us Now

W. M. Baack

e have just received a full line of.---

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Silverware
Fountain Pens etc.
We handle the Big Ben Clock.
Also have fine line of watches in the following well known makes--

West Bend — Waltham
Elgin — Ingersolls

E. S. D. KAHRS

uggist — Klemme, Iowa

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

Farmers Look---

Cold weather and winter is coming and you will need the following to make your stock gain rapidly and so add more profit to your income.

Hog Wateres and Chicken Waterers

We carry a complete stock in four kinds, all strongly built of galvanized iron.

Tank Heaters

Keep the water warm for your stock and you see good results.

Hog Feeders, Hog Oilers

We have a full supply of the best makes. Put a couple of oilers in your pens--keeps the hogs healthy and glossy.

Try SAL-VET

You read about it in your farm papers--well we handle it. Makes stock healthy.

Poultry Tonics

We also handle all kinds of poultry tonic.

Trade with

Henry Lau & Sons

BLACKSMITH ALSO IN LINE

Farmer Discovered He Was Not the Only One Who Was Taking Down Good Profits.

While Tom Biggers, the village blacksmith, toiled over the plowshare brought in by old Peter Mullins, the farmer, the owner told at length of the remarkable success he had had with three litters of pigs he had sold in market that day.

"Now," said old Peter, "them pigs was less than eight months old; and they brought me ten cents a pound or a little above $400. Why, Tom, only a few years ago them same pigs would have fetched me only about half as much. I tell you, Tom, the farmer is gittin' his harvest, now."

By this time Biggers had completed the sharpening of the share, and he handed it to Peter. From a well-worn purse old Peter took forth two dimes, the usual price for such a job, and dropped them into the blacksmith's hand.

"Say, Peter," observed Biggers, "you'll have to come again. I charge thirty cents since the first of the year for sharpening that plow."

"That's an outrage!" sputtered old Peter. "Why have you raised the price on me?"

"To buy some of that high-priced pork you were just telling me about," said Biggers, with a grin.—Philadelphia Ledger.

FUNGI THAT DAMAGE CANVAS

Frequently Within the Space of Three Months the Material Will Be Made Useless.

Major W. Broughton-Alcock of the British army made some studies on the fungi that cause black and brown spots on canvas tents, awnings, etc., and that bring about a more or less rapid destruction of such articles. A note on the subject by J. Ramsbottom appears in Nature. The investigations were carried out partly in Malta, where, it is said, awnings last only about a year. The principal destructive agents in the case of cotton and flax-made canvas were found to be Macrosporium and Stemphylium. The variation in the color of the spots is found to be due to the presence of various other fungi in association with the genera above mentioned. The first signs of fungoid growth appear on the inner side of the roof portions of tents and marquees. Often within three months pressure on the spots made by the fungi leads to perforation, or a strong wind causes tearing. Experiments showed that the Willesden (cuprammonium) method and cutch treatment prevented the growth of the fungi.—Scientific American.

Medical Triumph.

The successful operations on the brain of epilepsy patients performed by Dr. Walter E. Dandy of Johns Hopkins university, and by Dr. Curtis Burnham have now been verified by a number of other surgeons. When a definite set of muscles are affected in the epilepsy spasms, seizures, attacks, fits, convulsions or loss of consciousness, as it may be called, the disease can often be traced to some fluid matter, scar or cyst which covers the section of the brain whose nerve fibers lead to the tongue or fingers. In other words, the first cure on record of an epileptic who lost consciousness during the attack was triumphantly brought to pass by Doctor Dandy.

Talked Like a Tailor.

The members of the choir were practicing the anthem "As the Hart Pants After the Water Brooks."

The rendering of the open stages was apparently not quite to the satisfaction of the gentleman who wielded the baton.

He considered it necessary, therefore, to tender some advice to the tenors, and caused great consternation and not a little embarrasgment among his flock by the following announcement:

"Gentlemen, your expression is simply splendid, but the time is very poor—really, your pants are far too long."—From Ideas, London.

Dried Flies for Fish.

A New York firm recently imported three tons of dried flies from South America. They were for feeding young fishes, and have found a ready sale to fish culturists.

The United States fisheries bureau bought 100 pounds of them, for an experiment, but results seemed to show that fine-chopped liver was better grub for baby trout. On a diet of liver they grew faster, and a larger percentage of them survived.

Highest Mountain in Idaho.

Hyndman peak is the only named mountain in Idaho that rises above 12,000 feet. It stands near the Blaine-Custer county line and has a height of 12,078 feet. There are, however, several unnamed peaks near Hyndman peak whose elevations are greater than 12,000 feet, as shown by the contours on the Hailey topographic map, published by the United States geological survey.

A Stickler.

"They say Wombat is a man who is insistent about getting his money's worth."

"Yes, he'd put in a vacation counting the Thousand Islands."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Boasting.

"I was at a banquet where Senator Harding spoke."

"Shucks! I've sat with him on his front porch."

The Klemme Times

Entered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year, in advance.....$2.00
One Year, outside of county...$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES

Display, per column inch.....25c
Readers, per line.....10c
Classified or want ads, per line...10c
Card of Thanks, each.....50c

Legal Notices at legal rates.
Black-face lines double charge.

No local or classified ad accepted for less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. Regular advertisers are given a special display rate.

For Sale--Wants

Thoroughbred Hogs

FOR SALE—A year old Duroc Jersey Boar, also several choice Chester White male pigs. Wm. Bell. 8-tfc

For sale at bargain prices

I have for sale at bargain prices a few choice Fall and a number of Spring Pigs, these are priced to sell and must be moved before December 1st. These Duroc Jersey Hogs are guarnteed to be breeders, papers furnished. EMIL W. LAU, Klemme, Iowa. 7—tfc.

Real Estate For Sale

FOR SALE—My residence property, well located, one block north of park, and three blocks from Main Street. South front, sleeping porch, fine apple and shade trees, 3½ lots. Fred Musfelt. 8–tfc.

All thase indebted to H. Lau and Son please call at once,and settle your dast due accounts. Your account is due the first of each month.

H. Lau and Sons

Somebody is always depositing your money in the bank.

Is it you who are saving part of your income and putting it where it will work for your benefit.

Or is it all slipping through your fingers into the pocket and bank account of some one who appreciates its value more than you?

A Savings account with us will solve that problem.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN — **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs — Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested — Glasses Fitted

Here's the turkey

We furnish everything but the turkey for your

Thanksgiviny Dinner

Here are a few of the "trimmings" you will need:-

California Grapes Bananas Cramberries Cabbage
Sweet Potatoes Celery Lettuce Nuts Olives
Candy Oranges Dates Figs Apples

We also carry a fine line of Canned Soups.

Get your New York Apples Now!

In our hardware Department You will find the following

Baking Dishes Roasters Aluminum Ware Pots
Carving Knives Pans Kettles etc.

Make this Your Thanksgiving Store

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons

Th[illegible]AN PE[illegible]
G[illegible]RGE[illegible]

[illegible]sible for
[illegible]ndworm[illegible]arge Pro-
[illegible]ant De[illegible]Runts.

BAD[illegible]INED LOTS CAUSE

[illegible]imals Farrowed and Kept in Y[illegible]Infested With Eggs of Para-[illegible]s Are Almost Certain to Pick Up Some of Them.

[illegible]restigations reported in a recent [illegible]nical publication of the bureau of [illegible]mal industry, United States Depart-[illegible]ent of Agriculture, disclosed addi-[illegible]onal evidence of the importance of keeping young pigs in clean pens that have not been contaminated by other swine.

A roundworm of pigs, known as Ascaris suum, is held responsible not only for many deaths among swine but for a large proportion of the runts among these animals. Development and perpetuation of the roundworms is fostered by badly drained and manure-covered hog lots, which are on this account dangerous to young pigs and not good for pigs of any age.

Soil May Become Infested.

Eggs of the parasite may remain alive in soil for five years and even longer. Places occupied by pigs harboring the adult worms in their intestines will become badly infested with the eggs. Pigs farrowed and kept in such places are certain to pick up many of these eggs, and even suckling pigs are liable to swallow eggs present in dirt adhering to the teats of the sows.

Investigations by the bureau have proved that after the eggs have been swallowed and have hatched in the intestine the young worms do not immediately settle down but penetrate the wall of the intestine and travel to the liver and lungs. From the lungs they crawl up the windpipe and then down the esophagus and return to the intestine. Only after they have passed through the lungs do they establish themselves in the intestine and grow to maturity.

May Cause Pneumonia.

In passing through the lungs the young worms cause more or less damage to these organs. Pneumonia may

Creep Arranged So That Young Pigs Can Get in the Pen Under the Fence but Large Hogs Are Kept Out.

result and the animal may die about a week or ten days after infection. Symptoms of this pneumonia among pigs are commonly known as "thumps." Not all cases of "thumps" come from this source but the worms are frequently the cause. Young pigs are more susceptible than older pigs to infection and are also more likely to suffer severely from migration of the young worms through the lungs.

There is no treatment for the lung stage of the parasite. If the pig survives he may later be treated with worm remedies to remove the worms from the intestine. In such cases, however, it commonly happens that the animal has been so seriously injured by the worms during their migration through the lungs that even after their expulsion from the intestines the pig is unable to make up for the setback he has received, although he does better than if allowed to go untreated.

FOWLS TOO FAT TO LAY EGGS

Ohio Specialist Says Hen Becomes Fat Because She Is Naturally a Poor Layer.

Can a hen get too fat to lay? is a question frequently asked by poultry keepers. In answer to this question E. L. Dakan, poultry specialist at the Ohio State university, says: "As a general rule, no. A hen becomes fat because she is naturally a poor layer. Instead of laying eggs she lays on body fat. Some rations which consist of corn and no animal protein, such as meat scraps and tankage, contain no elements capable of producing eggs."

BIRDS MIGHTY GOOD FRIENDS

Farmer Is Amply Repaid for Trouble in Feeding and Sheltering Little Songsters.

What are you doing to protect and bring the birds to your place? Birds are mighty good friends of ours, and if we feed and shelter them, we are amply repaid for our trouble. Try it and see if it doesn't work out that way for you.

EGULAR GROWTH OF CLUBS DURING 1920

Exodus From Country to City Is Being Checked.

Agriculture Dignified in Eyes of Thousands of Boys and Girls and Brings New Interest Into Lives of Members.

During the first six months in 1920, 208,257 boys and girls in the northern and western states enrolled in the clubs which are supervised by the United States Department of Agriculture and the state colleges. The large enrollment in these clubs promises that soon, possibly before the next census is taken, the exodus from the country to the city will be definitely checked. Club work has already dignified agriculture in the eyes of thousands upon thousands of farm boys and girls, and made them satisfied with country life, for the organization brings new interests into the lives of its members and enables them to make money of their own. While club work encourages boys and girls to procure a higher education if possible—987 northern and western club boys and 607 club girls are in agricultural colleges this year—it does not educate them away from the farm.

Members of Pig Club Being Shown Fine Points.

One per cent of the total population of the country, or 1,041,441 persons, were reached the first six months of the current year through the juvenile club events. When the boys and girls put on an exhibit it is popular with all ages and all ages attend. The work in the clubs was carried on by 173 permanent county club agents and 8,046 volunteer local leaders. The number of permanent club agents has nearly doubled in six months. Large numbers of farm bureaus now are paying the salary of a club leader as well as that of a county agent and home demonstration agent.

PIGS REDUCE HUSKING COSTS

"Hogging Down" Corn Shown to Be Profitable by Test Made at North Dakota College.

Here is another bit of evidence received at University farm that "hogging down" corn is good business for many growers of hogs and corn. The North Dakota Agricultural college obtained a return of $45.54 an acre by using 48 shoats to hog down 16 acres of flint corn in 1918, according to J. H. Shepperd of the experiment station. The hogs were turned into the field September 6, when they averaged 109 pounds in weight, and left there until November 12. They made an average gain of 94 pounds, or a gain of 281.75 pounds per acre. They were marketed at 16.31 cents, which, allowing for shrinkage, gave a return of $45.54 per acre. These results are in line with those obtained by the Minnesota experiment stations.

SKUNKS WILL YIELD PROFIT

Besides Destroying Mice, Grasshoppers and Other Insects Their Fur Is Valuable.

Farming is supposed to deal only with domesticated animals. Few persons have considered establishing friendly relations with the skunk, although it has been done under the misapprehension that the animal was a cat.

Skunks destroy mice, grasshoppers, crickets and white grubs and yield a very valuable fur. A couple of dozen skunks running around the farm will produce $100 worth of fur and save much money by the animals that they kill. If the chickens are kept in skunk-proof yards, their dens respected and tact used when meeting them in the dark, a profitable side line will be added to the farm income.

MARKETING BY PARCEL POST

It Should Be Remembered That Not All Farm Products Can Be Handled in This Manner.

While it may be attractive to a city dweller to believe that he can have a vegetable garden grown for him 100 miles or 150 miles away, place his orders for the cost of a stamp, and have the produce delivered at his door, it should be remembered that not all farm products lend themselves to direct marketing by parcel post. Usually it is impracticable to market such heavy products as potatoes by parcel post, whereas eggs, butter, sausage, poultry, many vegetables, and meats may frequently be shipped with profit and at a saving to the purchaser.

POULTRY FLOCKS

KEROSENE CURES SCALY LEGS

One Application Usually Is Sufficient to Remove Trouble — Other Efficient Remedies.

Scaly legs in fowls is a disease, the result of myriads of small parasites which burrow under the small scales of the leg, and as these multiply and burrow under, these scales become enlarged and loosen from the leg, and the birds are seen picking at the legs much of the time which proves that the parasites cause irritation.

If the disease is allowed to go undisturbed it sometimes happens that the body becomes infected and the bird

A Case of Scaly Legs.

may finally die of exhaustion. We once lost a fine hen this way, not knowing the cause or remedy, which is very simple, and has the advantage of always being available at home. There are different remedies which will remove the trouble, but none is better than common kerosene, says a writer in Successful Farming. To apply, take the fowl in the hands, hold the legs together and immerse them, full length, in a can filled with kerosene; hold them there two or three minutes. One application will usually cure, but sometimes a second application is necessary. Lard and kerosene, half and half, is another excellent remedy, as is also common machine oil, or just common axle grease well rubbed in, two or three times at intervals of three days. Soon the scales will drop off and the legs become smooth and clean.

The roosts should also be cleaned off well and rubbed with machine oil, which will help to rid the fowls of scaly legs and red mites, as well. This same remedy is also good in case of lice. Keep roosting poles well oiled and rub a little lard under wings and around vents of infested birds and they may be kept practically free from these pests.

TURKEYS FOR THANKSGIVING

Begin Feeding Small Ration in Morning and Larger One at Night—Boil All New Corn.

The middle of October is not too early to begin fattening turkeys for Thanksgiving. A pound of turkey will bring in far more than the grains that produce it are worth on the market. Begin feeding a small ration in the morning, and a larger one at night. If the turkeys are overfed in the morning, they will not go out to forage, and will thus lose the best part of their fattening ration—the natural food of bugs, grasshoppers and worms; they will also lose the appetite which foraging gives. The night meal may be a mash made of boiled new corn, potato and other vegetable skins, with or without bran. Do not give new corn without boiling, as it is apt to cause bowel trouble in the turkeys. Sour milk is a most valuable addition to the ration. Keep cracked charcoal and grit before them. Don't give them all they will eat the first feed; use the same caution in getting turkeys on full feed that you would use for fattening hogs. They must be kept free from lice, and in clean, dry roosting quarters.

FATTEN COCKERELS IN YARD

Give Two Meals a Day of Mixture of Cornmeal, Beef Scraps and Bran Mixed With Milk.

A healthy cockerel will fatten well in two weeks if confined in a yard of moderate size and furnished two meals a day of a mixture of cornmeal, ground oats, beef scraps and a little bran mixed with milk. Another meal, the evening feed, should consist mostly of cracked corn. Plenty of grit and charcoal should be furnished these cockerels so that their digestion may be of the best.

GRAINS DEFICIENT IN LIME

Material for Manufacture of Egg Shells Is Lacking in Food Given to Fowls.

Fowls need more lime (calcium) than is ordinarily found in their food. Most grains and some other foods are deficient in lime, and neither the hen nor the duck can eat enough bulky food to make good shells during the heavy laying period. The lime in oyster shells or ground bone will supply this need. It is also important to provide a regular supply of vegetable foods rich in lime.

Home Town Helps

CALLS FOR COMMON SENSE

Community Cannot Be Satisfactorily Developed Unless Work Is Proceded With Intelligently.

What would you think of a manufacturer whose product was in demand who would fail to make effective use of sales-creating facilities at hand just because it was not immediately possible to inaugurate a whale of a selling campaign?

But wait a minute. Don't answer that until you ascertain whether the reply would apply with equal force to you and others in your own community whose interests depend upon the growth of your community.

For isn't that precisely the situation with many communities whose commercial organizations are doing nothing toward "selling" the community in a practical manner because the time is not ripe for a big campaign for funds for a survey of resources?

Between that senseless form of "town boosting" in which so many cities indulge on the one hand, and the scientific survey which calls for a considerable fund on the other, there is a happy medium which few communities have attained.

So much so-called community promotion is a concoction of lack-of-plan and meaningless superlatives.

Yet in every community that is capable of healthy growth there are certain things which should be perpectly obvious to those in the city whose interests would be enhanced through development work.

Application of the simplest business methods would discover them, and the community would cease to grow more or less by accident and local people would no longer be called upon to invest, from time to time, in this, that or the other enterprise that has been lured into a community where it does not belong by a bonus that is as silly to accept as to offer.—From the Nation's Business.

PUT WASTE PLACES TO USE

Good Idea During the Winter to Plan for Improvements to Be Made Next Spring.

Every city, village and hamlet has the total of a great area of land which is not only non-productive, but which is rendered hateful to the sight and deterrent to the vicinity, as a haven for rubbish and a breeding place for noxious weeds. These waste areas and the unbeautiful spaces commonly denominated as back yards, as a rule, are not fit for garden work in their present condition. But this condition readily can be changed with some intelligent exertion. The addition to this unpromising soil of manure, of the fallen leaves from the trees, and, sometimes, of ashes sifted from the furnace, soon renders it workable and productive. For a time the co-operation of the community officials might be necessary as a means of encouragement, but each such waste place transformed into a productive garden of vegetables and flowers and small fruits would serve as a compelling example, and in very few years the results would be beyond calculation.

The benefits to be derived from this conversion of waste places into productive beauty spots cannot be measured alone in dollars and cents. An even greater benefit would lie in the improved morals of the community, in the cultivation of habits of industry on the part of the young especially, and in the beautifying thrift and beauty are the rewards waiting these communities which whole-heartedly and intelligently cultivate in the people the natural garden instinct. A national propaganda in this direction would work wonders.

Young Trees in Winter.

All very young trees require some attention the first winter; after that they will be established and be able to take care of their own welfare. Therefore, all recently planted trees will be benefited by the hilling of a mound of earth around them, tramping it very hard. This keeps the tree from rocking with the winter winds. If this precaution is not taken with newly planted stock the trees are apt in swaying back and forth to work a hole around the trunk which reaches clear down to the roots, and it is often fatal to the newly planted tree. A row of silver maples, one of the easiest of all deciduous trees to transplant, for lack of this precaution were all killed during last winter.

Building Bungalow Towns.

In London, as in America, the shortage of homes has resulted in a remarkable expansion of bungalow land. On Canvey island, for instance, homes built chiefly of wood, concrete slabs or, most common of all, corrugated iron, are being run up in all directions. A good many folk are building their own homes, camping meanwhile in tents; others have resorted to converting pantechnicons and such like into homes. What prices are like on the island may be gathered from the fact that a concrete bungalow of four rooms is offered for sale at £600, a pantechnicon with two rooms for £150 and a gypsy van for £75.

Catarrh

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a Tonic and Blood Purifier. By cleansing the blood and building up the System, HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE restores normal conditions and allows Nature to do its work.

All Druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

She Rebels.

"John, I wish you'd stop telling people you married me for my good sense."

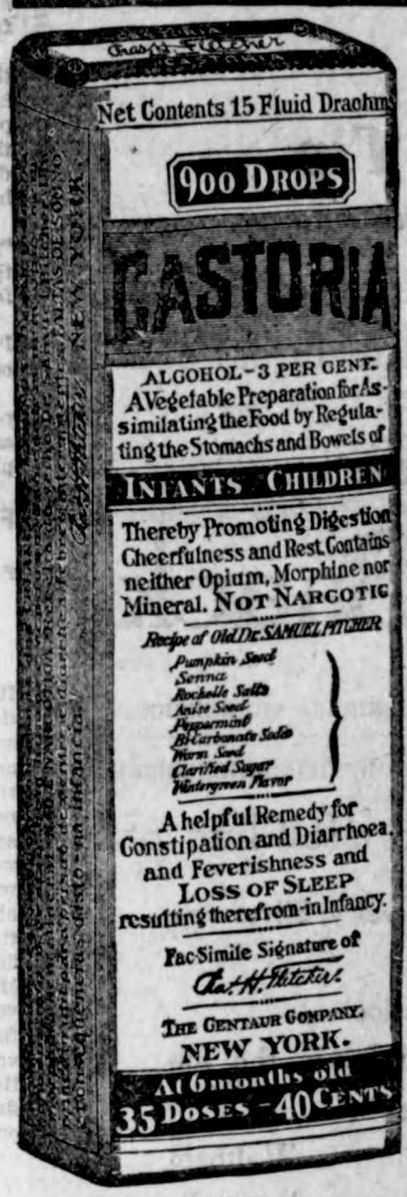
"Why, my dear—"

"I ain't as homely as all that."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

AFTER Thanksgiving Dinner

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

RADIUM'S USE IN SURGERY

Its Rays So Powerful That They Can Destroy the Useless or Diseased Tissue.

The use of radium in hospitals is becoming more and more demanded by the medical profession. The Scientific American, in telling of its medical and surgical uses, explains that it is a tool and not a medicine. The radium gives off three rays, known as the alpha, beta and gamma rays. The first, about 85 per cent of the total ray force, can be stopped by tissue paper; the second will penetrate 35 millimeters of lead, while the third has a vibration similar to the X-ray. This ray is the one used in surgery.

The rays are sent into the body, and so powerful are they that they can penetrate to a great depth, and there destroy the useless or diseased tissue. As the good tissue has a greater resistance than the bad, the highly skilled operative can bear the gamma rays on the afflicted part until they begin to destroy the good tissue, when the treatment must stop.

Ready for Hanging.

The prisoner looks the picture of dejection." "Yes, and he says he's been framed."

No Wonder.

"Buttle told me he had had a raw deal." "Yes, he was sore because he was roasted."

WRONG IDEA OF THE BLIND

Statesman, Afflicted With Loss of Sight, Tells Good Story Bearing on the Subject.

Representative Schall, member of the house of representatives from Minnesota, is blind, and has been for ten years. During this time he says that he has discovered that the seeing world has strange ideas as to the limitations of the blind; that it seems to think because a man can't see he can neither hear not feel, and is a strange, detached piece of human mechanism that is not to be reckoned with directly, but through the guiding hand.

Not long ago Mr. Schall was returning from his home in Minneapolis to Washington, accompanied only by his small son Douglas. The first morning they appeared in the diner the waiter assigned to their table inquired of young Douglas: "Son, what does your father want?"

"Why, ask him," quickly replied the child, "he knows what he wants. Ask for me, bring me pancaks and sausage and chocolate!"

Way to Cultivate It.

"Money is the root of all evil."

"Yes, and it grows best by the growing process."

You can judge a woman pretty well by the pictures she hangs on her parlor wall.

A Healthful Drink With No After Regrets

You are sure of satisfaction when you make your table beverage

INSTANT POSTUM

Coffee drinkers delight in the change because of greater comfort, and the price is attractive because so moderate. All the family will like the flavor of Postum

At Grocers Everywhere

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

WRIGLEY'S

Make the next cigar taste better and after smoking

cleanse your mouth
moisten your throat
sweeten your breath

with

WRIGLEY'S

Still only 5c a Package

Sealed Tight
Kept Right

A-154

One Man Saws 40 Cords a Day

At a Cost of 1½c a Cord! Send today for Big Special Offer and Low Direct Price on the OTTAWA, the One-Man Saw, the first made and sold direct from factory to user. Greatest labor saver and money-maker ever invented. Saws any size log at the rate of a foot a minute. Does the work of ten men. As easily moved from log to log or cut to cut as any wheelbarrow. 4-Cycle Frost Proof Engine has balanced crank shaft—pulls over 4 H-P. Magneto equipped; no batteries needed. Special Clutch lever controlled enables you to start and stop saw with engine running. Automatic Speed Governor. Easy to move, costs less to operate. When not sawing, engine runs pumps, feed mills and other machinery. Pulley furnished.

OTTAWA LOG SAW
Cuts Down Trees—Saws Logs By Power
Patent Applied For

Cash or Easy Payments Shipped direct from factory.
30 Days Trial No waiting—no delay. Let the OTTAWA saw your logs and pay for itself as you use it. 10-YEAR GUARANTEE.
See the OTTAWA at work on your farm once and you will never give it up. Thousands in use, every owner a booster. Out-saws any other on the market. Send today for FREE BOOK and Special Offer.

FREE
Write at once for Free Book and Low Price.

OTTAWA MFG. CO., 2725 Wood St., Ottawa, Kans.

Imagination and Fact.

Little Ernestine, who was spending her vacation in the country with her father, sought him out one day with this announcement:

"Oh, daddy, I have just found a place where there are just millions and hundreds of apples. See, I have brought you two!"

Transgressors should be made to pay a road tax.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly without scars. 30c and 60c by all druggists. For free sample write The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill.—Adv.

It's the little things that count.

Another Royal Suggestion

Griddle Cakes and Waffles

From the NEW ROYAL COOK BOOK

THERE is an art in making flapjack pancakes, griddle cakes or wheats, call them what you will. But it is an art very easily and quickly acquired if you follow the right recipes. The secret, of course, is Royal Baking Powder.

Griddle Cakes

1¾ cups flour
½ teaspoon salt
3 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
2 eggs
1½ cups milk
1 tablespoon shortening

Mix and sift dry ingredients; add beaten eggs, milk and melted shortening; mix well. Bake immediately on hot griddle.

Waffles

2 cups flour
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
¾ teaspoon salt
1¾ cups milk
2 eggs
1 tablespoon melted shortening

Sift flour, baking powder and salt together; add milk to yolks of eggs; mix thoroughly and add to dry ingredients; add melted shortening and mix in beaten whites of eggs. Bake in well-greased hot waffle iron until brown. Serve hot with maple syrup. It should take about 1½ minutes to bake each waffle.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes.

FREE

New Royal Cook Book containing these and scores of other delightful recipes. Write for it *to-day*.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
115 Fulton Street, New York City.

INSECTS FROM ABROAD CAUSE OF IMMENSE LOSS HERE EVERY YEAR

Ready to Take Up Attack on Codling Moth.

In discovering America, Columbus not only opened up a vast new home for man, but for insect pests of cultivated crops and domestic animals as well. Fully 100 of these foreigners have made their way to American shores, and incidentally to American gardens and fields, up to the present. They have multiplied so that today their destruction of orchards, garden and farm crops is estimated approximately at $500,000,000 a year—more than $1,000,000 a day. Their havoc would be much more than this were it not for the quarantines and control work conducted by the United States Department of Agriculture through its bureau of entomology and its federal horticultural board.

Only Few Native Pests.

Of all the insect pests and diseases that attack cultivated crops and cut into the profits of the American farmers severely, there are relatively few of the more important ones that are native to the United States. Like many other baneful things, insect pests and diseases have followed the course of civilization. They are carried in many ways from one country to another, and it is the work of the Department of Agriculture to guard the United States against their entry and to prevent their spread once they they make their appearance here.

While many of the pests have come from European countries, Asia has contributed its share of them. Prominent among these for its destructive activities is the San Jose scale, which made its first appearance in the United States forty or fifty years ago, having made its way here from China. It became widespread throughout the United States in the late nineties, and at the present time there is practically not a commercial deciduous orchard in this country that does not have to be sprayed once a year to control this pest.

Some idea of the burden which this insect puts upon the orchardists of the United States can be had when it is realized that the expenditures for apparatus and spraying amount to approximately $10,000,000 annually. In addition to this are the losses that the insect causes in spite of this control treatment, and they are very large, especially in small orchards and household plantings, where spraying is not commonly practiced. This insect alone undoubtedly has cost this country during its presence here upwards of $100,000,000.

The oriental peach moth, which gained entry in 1912 with imported

Codling Moth Cause of Wormy Apples.

oriental cherry trees from Japan, has just begun its spread and depredation. It affects practically all deciduous fruits and bids fair to be as destructive as the well-known codling moth, the cause of wormy apples.

The Japanese Beetle.

The Japanese beetle, brought in about the same time as the peach moth, has already gained such firm foothold that, in view of its habits and prolonged flight, it is probably incapable of extermination and may ultimately overspread the United States. It attacks not only practically all fruits but also many garden vegetables and corn. Attempts to check the spread of this pest are being made by means of federal and local quarantines, particularly in New Jersey. Under this quarantine the government maintains a supervision over the movement of articles likely to carry the pest from infected areas to other sections of the country. Another foreign pest in comparatively recent years which has made its appearance in this country is the European corn borer. Infestations have been discovered in several eastern states and local quarantines by the federal horticultural board have been instituted to prevent its spread to the corn belt. Recently heavy infestations were discovered in Canada, presenting a more immediate menace to the corn belt. Specialists of the department are now considering steps for guarding against this new source of danger.

Mexico has contributed its share of insect pests that are now established in this country to the destruction of American crops. Chief among these are the boll weevil, the pink bollworm, and the little Mexican beetle, known as the bean ladybird. The last, which has been discovered in Alabama, now threatens to spread to other southern states and inflict immense damage to the cowpea and bean crops.

The general public has its duty in aiding the Department of Agriculture to prevent the further spread of insect pests and diseases and in co-operating renders a great service to the American farmer. Automobilists and other persons journeying through infested areas should carefully observe all quarantine regulations, being careful in transporting articles capable of carrying the insect.

GOOD QUALITIES OF CROW ARE OUTLINED

Bird Carries on Warfare Against Certain Insects.

Indiscriminate Killing Is Not Warranted, and Where Harm Is Being Done Preventive Measures Will Abate Nuisance.

The crow is best known by the unfavorable reputation it has acquired in the corn field, the poultry yard and through its attacks on other crops besides corn. It, however, carries on a warfare against certain insect enemies of the farmer. Indiscriminate killing is not warranted, and even in areas where the crow is doing harm preventive measures will often put a stop to the nuisance and allow the bird to continue what good work it may be doing on insects. Among the preventive measures suggested by the United States Department of Agriculture are:

1. The use of coal tar and other deterrents on seed grain.
2. Scattering grain over fields where the crop is just sprouting.
3. Stretching twine about and across fields from poles stationed at intervals. A network of such strands is often effective in protecting poultry yards.
4. The use of frightening devices and the hanging up of the dead bodies of crows in conspicuous places.

In places where more drastic measures are necessary the killing of even a few crows will intimidate others and these will usually shun the area for some time. Such procedures include—

1. The use of poison (strychnine) in places where this is permitted by law. Corn and hens' eggs are the most effective baits.
2. Trapping by means of steel traps, carefully concealed and baited with hens' eggs.
3. Destroying nests—a measure that will most frequently put a stop to the poultry-raiding activities of a pair of crows which have their nest nearby.
4. Shooting—the hunter being aided by the use of a crow call, and, where possible, also by a mounted owl placed conspicuously on a pole. Several night attacks by a number of men equipped with shotguns will frequently remove objectionable winter roosts.

SWEET POTATOES FOR SIRUP

Superior for Table and Cooking, Say Chemists of Department of Agriculture.

Sweet potatoes make a superior table and cooking sirup, say chemists of the United States Department of Agriculture. Thus far no large commercial use has been made of the discovery. The department is prepared to tell how to make sweet potato sirup at home and how to use it in cookery and candy making.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Liming sour soil will greatly increase its fertility.

* * *

Twenty-one per cent of the tame hay acreage is alfalfa.

* * *

All co-operative marketing should be based upon local organization.

* * *

You would not let your live stock starve—why starve your soil?

USE "DIAMOND DYES"

Dye right! Don't risk your material in a poor dye. Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into old garments, draperies, coverings, everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed. Druggist has "Diamond Dyes Color Card"—16 rich colors. Adv.

Who rises every time he falls will sometimes rise to stay.—William C. Morris.

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Womens' complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Many a shrewd man has purchased a gold brick in the form of experience.

Rosy Cheeks & Satin Skin

Because of her rosy cheeks and satin skin a woman attracts the admiration of all men. When the young woman peers in her glass, she may see pimples and blotches and she immediately goes to the drug store for paint, powders and beauty creams, when she should go there for a blood medicine and stomach alterative known as "Golden Medical Discovery." This vegetable tonic and blood alterative clears the skin, beautifies it, increases the blood supply and the circulation, while pimples, boils and eruptions vanish quickly. Ask your nearest druggist for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in tablet or liquid form or send 10c. for trial package of tablets to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y.

315 ACRE FARM CHEAP. WILL PAY YOU, my land buyer, to write W. E. BREWSTER, owner, LESLIE, ARKANSAS.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

Eruptions of the Skin Cause Torturous Itching

If you are afflicted with any form of skin disorder, you are well acquainted with the flaming, burning itching that these diseases produce.

Skin diseases are caused by an impurity or disorder in the blood, and there is no real and genuine relief within your reach until such impurities are removed.

S.S.S. has given great satisfaction in the treatment of these disorders, because it is such a thoroughly satisfactory blood purifier. It cleanses the blood of all impurities, and thus counteracts the effects of the germs that attack the skin.

Begin taking S.S.S. today, and if you will write a complete history of your case, our medical adviser will give you expert advice without charge. Address Chief Medical Adviser, 158 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Many School Children are Sickly

and take cold easily, are feverish and constipated, have headaches, stomach or bowel trouble.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN

Used by Mothers for over 30 years

Are pleasant to take and a certain relief. They tend to break up a cold in 24 hours, act on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels and tend to correct intestinal disorders and destroy worms. 10,000 testimonials like the following from mothers and friends of children telling of relief. Originals are on file in our offices:

"I think MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN are grand. They were recommended to my sister by a doctor. I am giving them to my little three year old girl who was very puny, and she is picking up wonderfully."

"We have used MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN at different times for past nine years, and always found them a perfect children's medicine and very satisfactory in every case."

Get a package from your druggist for use when needed.

Do Not Accept Any Substitute for MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS.

Thousands of Happy Housewives in WESTERN CANADA

are helping their husbands to prosper—are glad they encouraged them to go where they could make a home of their own—save paying rent and reduce cost of living—where they could reach prosperity and independence by buying on easy terms.

Fertile Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land similar to that which through many years has yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. With such crops come prosperity, independence, good homes, and all the comforts and conveniences which make for happy living.

Farm Gardens—Poultry—Dairying

are sources of income second only to grain growing and stock raising. Good climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephone, etc., give you the opportunities of a new land with the conveniences of old settled districts.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA
Canadian Government Agent

Patronize your home merchants when possible but when you do make a buying trip—consider

MASON CITY

Liberal assortments, better qualities and fair prices, we promise you these things in Mason City.

We're Prepared--

In every way to give you the utmost service in your shoe buying. You'll find here the sizes to fit any feet.

We know you'll appreciate this store and we want you to make this store your headquarters when in town.

Specials for this month

Exceptional values in both Men's and Women's Shoes

at **$10.00**

Stevens Shoe Company

Dependable Shoes

105 No. Federal Ave. **Mason City, Iowa**

Come to Visit
Come to Shop

Lightning Price Sale Now On!

Entire $100,000.00 Stock of Men's, Young Men's, Boys' Clothing and Furnishings selling at

Sensationally Low Prices

McNeil & Fallows

21 No. Federal **Mason City, Iowa**

When in Mason City visit Margaret Louise Bagley's

SHOP UNIQUE

In Damon-Igou Company's Down Stairs Store

GIFTS FOR ALL

Including Hundreds of Dolls All Sizes and Descriptions. Largest Display ever seen in Northern Iowa

High Grade Stationery — Dainty Gifts that are Different

Ask Ray Seney

DIAMONDS

19 East State Street **RAY SENEY, Jeweler** Mason City, Iowa

THE RETAIL MERCHANTS OF MASON CITY ARE MAKING A CONCERTED EFFORT TO MAKE MASON CITY YOUR ONE TRADING PLACE. WE ARE OFFERING YOU EVERY INDUCEMENT, SERVICE, ASSORTMENTS, VALUES. MASON CITY IS NORTH IOWA. LETS KEEP OUR MONEY AT HOME. TRADE AT MASON CITY

THE STERLING DRY GOODS CO. MENTIONS A FEW OF THEIR INDUCEMENTS. WE CHALLANGE ANY OTHER MARKET TO EQUAL THEM

36 inch Muslins

Former Prices		Nov. Prices
45c	Longdale	19c
45c	Daisy	18c
45c	Hope	18c
45c	Introducer	18c
40c	Admiral	17c
40c	Monogram	16c
40c	Fairy Bride	16c

Ready Made SHEETS

Former Prices		Nov. Prices
$2.90	81x90	$1.98
$2.50	81x90	$1.75
$2.35	81x90	$1.65
$2.25	72x90	$1.50
$2.00	72x90	$1.35
$2.50	72x90	$1.65
$2.25	63x90	$1.50
$2.00	63x90	$1.35

JUST TRY TO MATCH THIS AT TWO DOLLARS MORE!
500 pair of WOOLNAP BLANKETS

NAINSOCKS

Former Prices		Nov. Prices
90c	Maid of Honor	49c
85c	Bridal	49c
75c	Bridal	39c
65c	Lonsdale	39c
65c	Bridal	39c
65c	Wymaid	39c
50c	Wymaid	29c
45c	Wymaid	29c
50c	Bridal	29c
40c	Good as Gold	19c

TUBINGS

Former Prices		Nov. Prices
95c	45 inch	69c
85c	45 inch	59c
85c	42 inch	59c
75c	42 inch	55c
65c	42 inch	49c
60c	42 inch	45c
66x80	$3.95	All Plaids

Just 500 pair—order early

Come if you can—if you can't come Mail order, we will give you surprising service.

STERLING

Mason City, Iowa

Ready Made CASES

Former Prices		Nov. Prices
90c	45x36	75c
85c	45x36	60c
75c	45x36	55c
59c	45x36	45c
80c	42x36	60c
75c	42x36	55c
68c	42x36	50c
55c	42x36	40c

These brands are BRIDAL, PEQUOT, and WEARWELL. ALL standard brands

SHEETINGS

Former Prices		Nov. Prices
$1.65	10-4 bleached	79c
$1.49	9-4 bleached	69c
$1.35	9-4 bleached	69c
$1.10	9-4 bleached	59c
$1.00	9-4 bleached	49c

These are standard brands as Bridal, Pequot, Wearwell and Pepperell.

Mason City's largest Stock of SILKS offered to you by this store at greatly REDUCED PRICES. Send for samples and prices.

You are invited to a real

Sale of dresses

in which Dresses worth $25 to $39.75 will sell at

$19.85

Charming values in Tricotine, serge, velvets--Charmeuse, Tricoletts, Delightful styles for all occasions, trimmed tastefully with braid, embroidery and beading--Colors Navy, black, brown--all sizes.

"The Store that's known for it's remarkable values."

D. K. Lundberg & Co.

28 East State St. **Mason City, Iowa**

Chapman's Invite You to a Most Complete Stock of Gifts for the Home

Also a lvrge stock of Serviceable Toys

Dolls Doll Carts Teddy Bears Trains
Sleds Automobiles Desks and Chairr
Doll Beds Return Pop Guns and
countless other Toys, also

Gift for Mother, Father and Everybody

The largest Furniture Stock in Northern Iowa

We solicit your charge account

CHAPMAN

Mason City, Iowa

We deliver by Motor Trucks, Free

THE KLEMME TIMES

wenty-fifth Year Number 13 | Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, December 2, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

HE FARM BUREAU DRIVE

e Farm Bureau membership e put on in this county in Octo- increased the membership of the ty one hundred and seventy-five. Farm Bureau now has 1433 bers. This leaves approximately non-members in the entire coun- nd there is no doubt but what a t majority of the non-members ld become members if they were e to see the organization in the t light.

he Farm Bureau organization has e an exceptional growth in the year. The organization has se- d excellent results in many lines work pertaining to agriculture, will, in the future, be a wonder- value to the farmers, providing stand back of it and push it as it ld be.

very farmer is interested today he marketing end of the organi- on, and the organization is work- on plans at the present time to in this line. However, this is a problem, it takes time, and it bably will be several years before lts are obtained; but when plans worked out and put into effect, ill be well worth while.

he Farm Bureau organization has organized from the bottom up. find an organization in every ol district, every township, coun- state, and national. It is organ- and controlled by farmers. The ctors, who are actual farmers are elected by the members, e charge of spending every cent money that is paid in. The recent mbership campaign was put on by directors in each school district. ile some did not have time to see the non-members, yet most of them were willing to solicit every non member in their district, and a great many districts in the county were made 100 per cent in membership. In fact we have about forty school districts in the county that are 100 per cent membership and probably twenty in which they only lack one. The other districts run from two to eight non-members. However, there are very few that run as high as eight. One school district in the county has seventeen farmers, and sixteen of them are members, yet the other man stands alone in believing that the organization would be of no benefit to him.

Numerous reasons were given for not joining. Very few claim that the organization would do them no good. A number claimed that they did not have the money, and many of them promised to sign later. Considering the fact that the organization is comparatively new, the membership has made an exceptional growth, and there is no doubt that in a very few years that practically 100 per cent of the farmers will be back of this movement. The farmers have begun to see the need of organization. They see an organization in every other line of business and they must make an organized effort to gain recogni- tion. Ell township has 98 members and Liberty has 92. The former has 88 per cent and the latter 86 per cent of the farmers as members.

Proposing Made Easy.

In Siam a declaration of marriage is very simple. It is considered a proposal merely to offer a lady a flower, or to take a light from a cigaret if she is holding it in her mouth, so that even the most timid youths need not fear the ordeal.

A GUARANTEED NON-OPERATIVE

Painless Cure for Piles

(hemorrhoids)

IN ANY FORM. Patient is not laid up or caused loss of time. Other Rectal troubles treated.

Diseases of the female organs and of the prostate gland a specialty.

Electric treatments when properly given will cure certain conditions otherwise impossible to reach. This service is given when indicated.

A special treatment for diabetes, kidney troubld, high blood pressure, and constipation.

Spinal sdjustments and general osteopathic practice.

Office hours 9—12 A. M. 1—5 P. M. Other hours by appointment.

Dr. .R W. Shultz

Masonic Bldg. Garner, Iowa

EVEN if your hopes for a home lie far ahead, why not begin planning at this time.

We shall be glad to talk over plans and specification quote costs, estimates, etc., against the time when you are ready to build.

A talk with us may bring the time nearer than you think.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

HOME BREW SUSPECT

Flocks of Crows Makes Some One See Green

Sioux City, Ia., Nov. 25.—Attacked by thousands of crows while duck hunting on the Missouri river near here, M. L. Murray, of Salix, killed and wounded more than 500 of the angry birds in three hours of constant fighting, using about 200 shotgun shells. The coming darkness gave him an opportunity to escape.

The fight started when Mr. Murray shot at a lone crow and wounded it. The wounded bird cried for help and soon hundreds of others came to its aid. Soon the ground was covered with dead and wounded crows. The remaining birds attacked Murray, striking with their beaks and wings. When darkness came the hunter was able to retreat to a willow patch and the crows, unable to advance upon him, returned to roost.

REAL CORN PICKERS

We did not gather these facts from the fellows we are going to tell about as they are rather modest in regard to their ability to husk corn. We believe Klemme can claim the champion corn pickers in this part of the country at least. We are referring to Geo. Lawhorn and Homer Butcher. It is as easy for these fellows to pick corn as it is for a dog to chase cats. When they start for the corn field in the morning they select the biggest team on the farm, get the biggest wagon and then put up about a dozen bang-boards until the wagon looks like a sail boat. They always pick from 135 to 150 bushels of corn every day and don't work so long either We heard tell the other day that George had an average of 107 bushels a day for the season and this is counting in rainy days and days he laid off . If there are anybody can beat this let us know. We will consult the pickers and try to get their exact average for the season.

ETCHEN BROS. BUY POOL ROOM

Deal Was Closed Last Week

In our rush to get the paper out early last week so that we could take a few days off to see our new son we overlooked an important news item. Last week Modnay John and Fred Etchen closed a deal with Clark Bredbenner whereby they became proprietors of the Pool Room. They took charge immediately. Mr. Bredbenner started the pool room about a year ago in the old opera house bulding. The place was remodeled and he put in pool and billiard tables, a bowling alley and other fixtures and made the pool room one of the best in this part of the country. He conducted a good clean place of amusement and enjoyed a good business. The Etchen Bros. are stepping into a thriving business and will keep up the place to the standard reached by Mr. Bredbenner. The new proprietors are both excellent young men and are popular with the people of Klemme and surrounding country. They have been in the business only a little more than a week but are taking hold like old timers. John, assisted by Chas. White, is conducting the business now but Fred will step in as soon as he can arrange his farm affairs so that he can step into the business. We wish the boys success and welcome them into the Klemme busines circle.

Several trappers have been arrested recently for spearing muskrats in houses and then chopping into the houses to get the rats out. It seems the law forbids destroying the houses of any fur-bearing animals, and when the houses are chopped into the rats can no longer stay in them. Two game wardens from Mason City were here last week and brought in three fellows from near Eagle Lake. They asked for a continuance until last Friday, and later the trial was continued until Tuesday when another continuance was granted until next Friday. One other fellow who had done the same thing, heard of the arrests, came in and made a plea of guilty and was fined $5 and costs. The game wardens also got two fellows near Goodell who were taken to Goodell and their fines with costs amounted to $28.80 each.—Signal.

Friendly Advice.

"I can sign this pitcher for twenty minutes in vaudeville or I can place him with a four-act play." "I advise him to take vaudeville," said the team manager. "He can't go a long route."—Louisville Courier-Journal

FOUR BARRELS OF SOUR MASH SIEZED TUESDAY BY SHERIFF

There are perhaps a lot of private stills in Kossuth county, but the only one intended for other than personal purposes, so far as known, was discovered Tuesday when Sheriff Moulds raided the W. J. Cook tenant house at the southeast corner of the fair grounds. The premises were occupied by a family of Greeks or "dagoes," names not yet reported. It is said they were beet weeders earlier in the season. The head of the family was not at home when the raid was made, but a young man who lived there and seemed to have an interest in the illicit still was jailed, and the woman, with her children, were held as witnesses. Four barrels of "sour mash" were confiscated.—Algona Advance.

HERE TOO!

Last Saturday while sitting at our desk the readers of the News came tripping in by twos and threes throwing down their dollars to renew their subscription to the great weekly paper and five or six paid from two to five years in advance, all wishing the editr and his flock the best of luck for the coming new year. Then all was quiet and we got busy to see just how many had paid up and the dollars and bills lay in a big heap on the table. We had just counted to two hundred and sixty dollars when the alarm clock went off and we awoke and discovered that we were counting the buttons on our night shirt. Thus was shattered our big plans for a big feed Christmas and paying off some of our debts.—LuVerne News.

NO MEDALS DUE

The Corwith Hustler boasts of the remarkable health record of a man and wife at Corwith who have been married 58 years and have never had a doctor in the house on account of sickness in all that time. The man is 79 years old and has not been visited by a doctor since he was 9 years of age. His wife is 78 years old and has never been under the care of a doctor.

This is certainly a remarkable health record, but it would be more worthy of praise if the doctor had called a few times and given the Hustler a chance to mention a number of healthy children in the same article.—Renwick Times.

OUR HOME TOWN EDITOR

Composed By A Barber

In our rounds about the town for news items Tuesday we stepped into Gearald McCullough's barber shop to inquire what he knew in the news line. He is evidently sprouting out to be a famous poet, we know he is a "Longfellow" for he is some six feet and four inches tall. Here is what he says about the Editor:

"If you see the editor of this little sheet
Tripping merrily down the street,
With his big, round heart all filled with joy,
Please don't think it's another boy!
Now, just a minute, stop and think,
No, no one has given him a drink,
'Though you'll have to admit to gather up news
Is enough to drive any man to booze.
The farmer he mourns o'er the price of his crops,
Just watch Ye Editor when print paper drops,
For the last four years he's had tears in his eye
Because the prices have been so high.
But if he carries a smile instead of a frown,
You can bet your life that
The Prices are DOWN!
—By G. P. McCullough, Barber

Notice to Automobile Owners.

Notice is hereby given that the Automobile Licenses for 1921 are now due. Penalty attaches January 1st, 1921.

Application cards can be procured at the banks, garages or at the County treasurer's office.

Auto license fees are the same as 1920. If you send your application by mail, remit by draft or cashier's checks. Personal checks will not be accepted unless cetified to by bank drawn on.

THOS. H. THOMPSON,
County Treasurer.

ACRES OF BUFFALO BONES

Uncovered By Plow On Oswald Farm In Worth County

Last week, while plowing some sod land, Peter Oswald, an old settler in Worth county, unearthed a number of bones. A careful examination was made and the conclusion reached that these bones were those of buffalo. The plowing progressed and the bones became more unmerous, until several acres of them had been uncovered. The bones were almost a foot in depth and only about six inches below the surface of the ground.

At one time this ground was nothing but a low marsh and it is the general belief that a large drove of buffalos were driven by hunters into this marsh, where they perished, or that during some severe winter storm they had collected there and died of starvation.

Something similar to this was a few years go unearthed in the marsh on the Thos. Hill farm about three miles northwest of Clear Lake.—Clear Lake Mirror.

HERE'S A RECORD FOR RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION

The Fairmont Sentinel is authority for this paragraph—

Some six months ago Allin Catlin had about $400 worth of hardwood flooring shipped to Fairmont from Truman . It hasn't got here yet and can't be located. Mr. Catlin is beginning to wonder if it hasn't been delayed somewhere. The haul from Truman to Fairmont is 13 miles via Omaha railroad.

FOR SALE—A year old Duroc Jersey Boar, also several choice Chester White male pigs. Wm. Bell. 8-tfc

Friends of Terrill Gillet, a farmer residing east of Klemme' gives us the report that he was married a few weeks ago to a Mason City lady. Now there is a little joke connecned with this affair which our readers will perhaps appreciate. The would-be Bride and Groom went to Charles C ty to have the marriage knot tied and had the licence procured and all set for the big affair but as they, knew no one they could find for a wittness Mr. Gillet calcalled up a friend at Clear Lake and he had to go clear over to Charles City to see that the happy couple werh married. Their friends soon found out about the wedding and went to the Gillit farm and the big croud made merry for a time and coaxed the treats from the groom. Both are excellent people and best wishes of their many friends go out with them. The Times joins in congratulations.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Nov.19.—With the live stock market bordering on the moralization, the members of the Sioux City Livestock Exchange Thursday adopted resolutions calling on the Federal Reserve System and Iowa representatives in Congress to use their influence at once to the end that necessary credit may be extended to the farmers and cattlemen who are now forced to liquidate.

The action of the exchange was the result of the increased cattle receipts which have assumed abnormal proportion for this time of the year.

The resolutions assert the entire livestock industry is jeopardized by the financial situation; say that banks and cattle loan companies are forcing ranchers and farmers even to dispose of their breeding stok on which they have loaned money and point to the fact that the country is filled with hay and grain that will be lost if stock can't be had to eat it.

Immediate action is urged.

As we go to press we letrn that the Earmers Co-Op. Grain Co. which was hrganised sometime a3o completed a deal the other day whereby thoy purchased the elevator and grain business of M. O. Hocum. Mr. Hocum will remain in possession of the business until May 1st, 1920. We hobe to give more complete details of the transaction in a later issue.

How to Keep Rubber Soft.

A prominent tire manufacturer says that an excellent way to prevent hardening of inner tubes when they are stored for the winter is to place them in hot water once a month or every six weeks. They should be immersed for just a couple of minutes, and should then be carefully dried and partly inflated before being hung up again. This treatment serves to keep the rubber pliable and soft.

BRUISED REEDS

By GERTRUDE CUSHING.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"And I contend that it is the experiences and exercises of the mind that cause age to appear in the body. It is the knowledge of good and evil and the consequent ever-increasing obligation to discriminate, together with the sorrow incident to failure, intentional or otherwise."

"Then you think that if the brain ceased at any given minute to develop, from that minute the body would remain unchanged in line and color and expression?"

"Something like that."

"Can you cite a case in point?"

The question came from a third man, who up to this point had taken no part in the discussion.

The three men, until the day before strangers, were gathered in a room in a small hotel in western Massachusetts. A snapping wood fire flamed in the grate, a pack of well-thumbed cards and tall glasses containing some steaming brew were helping to dispel the monotony of a desperately stormy evening.

"Yes," replied the first man, "in a very few words. Do you remember the oddly dressed young woman on the station platform when we left the train yesterday? Well, this is her story:

"She was a girl in this town when I was a boy, some 20 years ago. The winter she was eighteen she spent in New York, visiting an aunt. In the spring she came back, engaged to be married. In the fall her lover came up for three or four weeks and the wedding took place at the end of that time. They went to New York to live. We all liked him, and her letters home always sounded as though she was entirely happy. The next summer he received a letter calling him to a mining district in Montana. It was said that it was business which demanded his personal attention. He brought her here to stay with her people until his return, and from that day to this nothing has been heard from or of him. Whether the letter was a fraud, and that was a way he took to desert her or not, of course, I don't know. I have never thought so, however.

"For a while she put up a good fight. Then one day she collapsed utterly and cried continuously for hours. Nobody could do anything for her. At last it seemed as if something in her brain gave way and a complete change took place. She stopped grieving and declared her belief that her husband would return soon to surprise her and she must be ready for him.

"Each day she dresses with the utmost care, and goes to meet the New York train. Her brain life ceased at that minute, and in mind and body she seems to be the age that he left her. You've heard my theory. Now, what's yours?"

There was silence for a minute, then the third man spoke. He was a tall, stoop-shouldered man, with extremely white hair and eyebrows and a peculiar, sliding gait. A man old for his years, one would have said.

"Twenty years ago the 14th of July," he began, "I opened my eyes in a small room in a sort of improvised hospital ward in a mining town in Montana. They told me that six weeks before I had been struck on the head by a piece of stone from the arm of a derrick which had sprung loose. I was knocked unconscious and had been practically so ever since. When I looked at myself I was as you see me now. To all appearances an old man at twenty-three.

"I gained health and strength rapidly, and soon began to live again, but everything previous to that moment of my awakening on that 14th of July was a blank—an absolute void; and with memory went all capacity for intense feeling of any kind." He paused drearily, then concluded: "I suppose that woman is my wife."

That cold-blooded statement brought the second man erect in his chair. "Suppose she is? My God, man, is that all you have to say? What are you going to do about it?"

The third man rose slowly, thrusting his long arms upward, his fists clenched as though in some dumb, hopeless way he were challenging the Infinite. When he answered, his voice seemed attuned to the play of the elements raging outside.

"She's in a fool's paradise—of hope. Let her stay there. What can I do? I've got a wife and children in Claremont, Wyo. I married the girl who nursed me back to life." With that he shuffled from the room.

"To the devil with your theories!" burst from the second man as he raised his glass unsteadily to his lips.

The first man said nothing, but long after midnight he sat before the smoldering ashes.

Crime in U. S. Beats Europe

Investigator Tells Why "Tolerant America" Is Plagued With Murders and Thefts.

TASK OF POLICE MUCH HARDER

Neither the Police of London Nor Paris Would Be Able to Cope With Crime in New York or Chicago, Says Raymond B. Fosdick.

New York.—Tolerant American cities are overrun with criminals to a greater extent than metropolitan districts in Europe and neither the police of London nor of Paris would be able to cope with crime in this city or Chicago, according to Raymond B. Fosdick, who made public statistics compiled for the bureau of social hygiene.

"The police of an American city are faced with a task such as European police organizations have no knowledge of," said Mr. Fosdick in giving statistics from one part of his forthcoming work on "American Police Systems." "The metropolitan police force of London, with all its splendid efficiency, would be overwhelmed in New York, and the brigade de surete of Paris, with its ingenuity and mechanical equipment, would fall far below the level of its present achievement if it were confronted with the situation in Chicago."

Mr. Fosdick discusses the relation of heterogeneous population in America to the crime rate, and concludes that preponderance of crime in this country is augmented by unassimilated or poorly assimilated races.

We Condone Violence.

"It must not be supposed, however, that our foreign and colored population is the sole cause of our excessive crime rate," continues Mr. Fosdick. "If the offenses of our foreign and colored races were stricken from the calculation our crime record would still greatly exceed the record of western Europe. With all its kindliness and good nature the temper of our communities contains a strong strain of violence. We condone violence and shirk its punishment.

"As to the fact of our excessive criminality the statistics furnish startling evidence. London in 1916, with a population of 7,250,000, had nine premeditated murders. Chicago, one-third the size of London, in the same period had 105, nearly twelve times London's total. In 1918 Chicago had 14 more murders than England and Wales. In 1919 the nummber of murders in Chicago was almost exactly six times the number committed in London.

"In 1918 New York had six times more homicides than London, and exceeded the total homicides of England and Wales by 67. This contrast cannot be attributed to the peculiar conditions in London induced by the war. In each of the years from 1914 to 1918, inclusive, New York had more homicides than occurred in London during any three-year period previous to the outbreak of the war in 1914.

"Statistics of this kind could be multiplied at length. In the three-year period 1916-18, inclusive, Glasgow had 38 homicides; Philadelphia, which is only a trifle larger, had during this same period 281. Liverpool and St. Louis are approximately the same size; in 1915 St. Louis had 11 times the number of homicides that Liverpool had, and in 1916 eight times the number.

More Burglaries Here.

"Equally significant is the comparison of burglary statistics between Great Britain and the United States. In 1915, for example, New York city had approximately eight times as many burglaries as London had in the same period. In 1917 New York had four times as many burglaries as London. In 1918 the burglaries which the police reported in New York were approximately two and a half times those in London.

"While war conditions undoubtedly served to heighten this contrast they were by no means entirely responsible for it; in 1915 New York city had more burglaries than occurred in all England and Wales in 1911, 1912 or 1913. Chicago in 1916 had 532 more burglaries than London; in 1917, 3,459 more; in 1918, 866 more and in 1919, 2,146 more.

"Even more startling are the statistics of robbery. In each of the four years from 1915 to 1918, inclusive, New York city had from four to five times more robberies than occurred in all England and Wales in any one of the five years preceding the war.

Dickens often acted in private theatricals.

RECORD TUNA FISH

This 325-pound tuna fish, caught off San Diego, Cal., is the largest ever taken in California waters. It is a yellowfin tuna; a variety seldom found so far North. Hook and line were used in catching it.

Not a Houn' to Be Kicked Aroun'.

Bowling Green, Ky.—An automobile belonging to Ed Cantrill was the chief factor in a unique trade. John Harris owned an old mare and a surrey, also the best "possum" dog in Warren county. Cantrill gave his car for the horse and buggy and the privilege of hunting with the Harris hound during the coming season.

Prisoners of Reds Go Crazy

Many of Captives Returned to Germany Are Sent to Insane Asylums.

BITTER TOWARD FATHERLAND

Curse Their Flag and Denounce Country for Not Exchanging Them—5,000 Remain in Russian Prison Camps.

Stettin, Germany.—Every contingent of German war prisoners arriving here from Russia contains a number of ragged, unshaven, haggard men who have been made insane by suffering during many months in Russian prison camps.

In three weeks the German government sent 200 of these men to insane asylums and sanitariums for treatment. A few have spells of violence and during these periods must be kept under guard, but the majority present a listless, woe-begone aspect. They look about with dull, unseeing eyes, or sit quietly weeping, unconscious of the fact that they are home again.

The families and friends of the insane soldiers are allowed to greet them and to give them food and clothes before they are sent away for treatment.

Curses His Own Flag.

Nearly all the prisoners exhibit the most intense bitterness not only toward Russia, but toward the German government as well. One of them, who had lost a leg and an arm, and who, it was learned, had been taken prisoner early in the war and has been confined in many Russian prison camps, shook his fist at a German flag when he arrived, and cursed his country, his people, and all other countries and peoples.

"To—— with Germany!" he shouted. "That is not my flag and Germany is not my fatherland."

He then turned to the other prisoners and, pointing to his wounds, said:

"This is what Germany has done to me. This is what a kindly fatherland has permitted. Why didn't they exchange me? Because I have only one leg and one arm? I lost them fighting for Germany and all the thanks I've had for it were the rotten years in a Russian prison."

Tell of Their Sufferings.

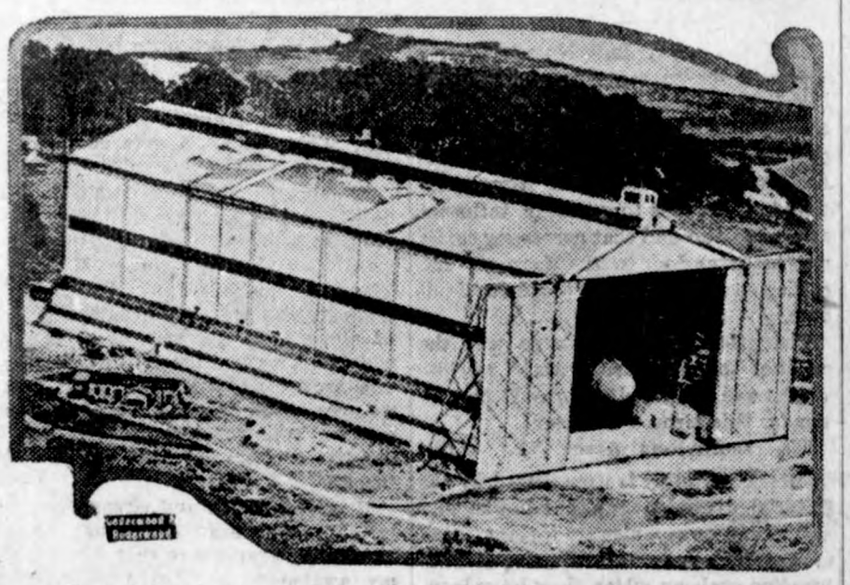
The prisoners generally agreed they had been unable to secure proper medical treatment in the Russian camps, and that their food had been very bad.

At the close of the war there were 250,000 Russians in Germany. The German government estimates that not more than 5,000 Germans will remain in Russian camps this winter.

Before the Russo-Polish hostilities began the Russians were being returned rapidly, but it is now estimated at least 200,000 Russians are still in German camps, 60,000 of whom are the troops interned when they crossed the east Prussian frontier during the Polish offensive.

The German government has expended 30,000,000 marks for transportation of Russians home, and 90,000,000 marks to bring German prisoners out of Russia.

Airship Hangar at Langley Field



View of the immense airship hangar that has been erected on Langley field, Va.

Town of 800 Packs Up to Move 10 Miles Away

Ellisville, Miss.—If you don't like the location of your town move the town.

So say the 800 inhabitants of Kohay, Miss. Some of the buildings are now on wheels and others will be loaded on flat cars and carried over a logging road to a site ten miles north of the present location.

Future Has No Terrors for Him.

Cincinnati, O.—Bernard Parrochni, cellist with the Symphony orchestra, is back in town and will devote his entire time to his art, for he's had a good time for a year. He's spent $24,500 of the $25,000 he inherited, and he spent it all seeing Europe. Parrochni will not have to worry about the future, however, for $180,000 is due him when he becomes sixty-one years old, five years hence.

ARMY MEN HIT HARD

50,000 Former German Officers Are in Bad Way.

Many Compelled to Toil at Hard Labor and Others Try to Exist on Small Pensions.

Berlin.—Many of the 50,000 former German officers discharged since the signing of the armistice have joined the great army of unemployed in Germany, a few have gone to work at hard labor, and others are trying to make small pensions pay for the expensive necessaries of mere existence.

Officers belonging to old, aristocratic, once wealthy families, are in no better situation than their comrades who relied for a living on their army pay.

They have long since disposed of most of their personal property, and it is not uncommon to see one offering to some foreigner a family heirloom for enough money to pay a grocery bill.

The wives and sisters of some of these men have gone into the shops, where they earn 350 marks a month, a sum a guest at any of the international hotels frequently pays for a single meal. The widow of a colonel killed at the front is supporting four children on a pension of less than 700 marks a month.

Former soldiers, and particularly the wounded, whose pensions are inadequate to supply them with food, have been hard hit. Day and night they may be seen standing on the streets with cap in hand, begging or selling matches. They still wear their uniforms, or parts of uniforms, and some of them, to incite pity, exhibit their wounds.

A party of Americans walking down Unter den Linden one night saw a former soldier stagger and fall to the pavement, unconscious. City physicians said he had fainted from hunger.

CHEVROLET DIES IN AUTO RACE

Great Driver Instantly Killed in World's Premier Contest.

O'DONNELL IS NEAR DEATH

Mechanician John Bresnahan Seriously Injured When Cars Crash in Big Thanksgiving Event at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 27.—Gaston Chevrolet, one of the world's premier automobile race drivers, was instantly killed; Lyle Joles, mechanician for Eddie O'Donnell, was fatally injured and died later at the Speedway hospital, and Eddie O'Donnell is dying of a fractured skull as the result of a collision between Chevrolet's Frontenac and the Deusenberg car driven by O'Donnell in the turn from the stretch in the 250-mile race. John Bresnahan, Chevrolet's mechanician, was seriously but not fatally hurt.

It is reported from the hospital that the surgeons were operating on O'Donnell in an effort to save his life.

In addition to a fractured skull he had both arms broken and was hurt internally.

The accident occurred just after leaving the stretch in O'Donnell's one hundred and fifty-eighth lap. O'Donnell, in an effort to pass Chevrolet, who was leading, crept up beside the Frontenac car, and the latter swerved. The cars came together with a crash and caromed to the outer edge of the course into the fence, a long section of which was torn loose. They then rolled toward the infield. Both cars were demolished.

Chevrolet was killed instantly. John Bresnahan, his mechanician, miraculously escaped with injuries that subsequently proved to be slight. Lyle Joles, his mechanician, was riding with O'Donnell in the Deusenberg entry, No. 9, and died of his injuries at the Speedway hospital, where all four injured men were rushed after the accident.

The accident cast a gloom over the biggest crowd that ever attended an automobile race on the track. There were approximately 100,000 people in the stands, and a majority of them saw the smash-up.

There was scarcely a cheer as Roscoe Searles, driving Deusenberg car, No. 10, with tears streaming down his face as he realized the fate of his teammates, received the checkered flag denoting his victory.

Chevrolet's death occurred when the greatest honor within the reach of an auto driver was within his grasp—the national championship. With Murphy finishing behind the leaders and Melton and De Palma out of the race, Chevrolet would have been crowned speed king for the 1920 season.

HARDING TO INVITE LEAGUERS

New President Will Ask All Foreign Governments to Send Delegates Here.

Washington, Nov. 27.—Shortly after inauguration President-elect Harding will invite all foreign governments to send delegates to Washington for a conference on an entirely new association of nations, it was stated here. Senator Medill McCormick, who sailed for Europe, is understood to be the emissary who will sound out European leaders on the conference. It is pointed out here that on the very day Senator McCormick sailed A. J. Balfour suggested to the league assembly that all amendments be postponed pending the receipt of America's views.

OBREGON ILL FROM POISON

Mexican President-Elect Is Seriously Sick, but Said to Be Out of Danger.

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 27.—Gen Alvaro Obregon is seriously ill from ptomaine poisoning, according to reports. The Mexican president-elect is said to be out of danger, although death was feared for several hours. The report stated that Obregon will be able to take office December 1.

FATHER OF 3 KILLS WIFE

San Antonio (Tex.) Man Slays Spouse After Quarrel—Three Children Under Nine.

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 27.—Oliver W. Filteau, thirty-five, shot and killed his wife, Mrs. Katherine Filteau, thirty-one, after a quarrel. He then turned the gun on himself, dying instantly. They have three children, all under nine.

Georgians Lynch Negro.

Dewitt, Ga., Nov. 27.—The body of Curley McKelvey, a negro, brother of Ophelius McKelvey, who shot and killed James E. Adams of Worth county, was found hanging from a tree here.

Blast Kills Five.

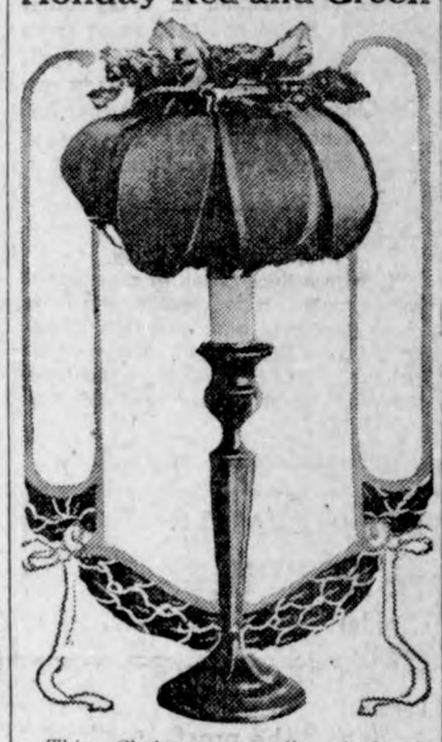
Madison, Wis., Nov. 27.—Five persons, four men and one woman, were hurled to their death when a large boiler in the condensary of the marketing plant at Stoughton, Wis., exploded.

Useful and Decorative Articles Nice for Christmas Presents

For Holiday Time

An unusually pretty breakfast cap is here offered as a suggestion for a gift. It is a spirited model made of taffeta silk and almost covered with crisp, plaited frills of taffeta ribbon. Such a cap requires a crinoline support and a lining of thin silk.

Holiday Red and Green



This Christmas candle shade is made of red and green crepe paper and decorated at the top with a spray of holly and holly berries. The paper is cut in petals, the under ones in red and the outside ones in green.

For Holding Pins

The baby will be served and his mother delighted at Christmas time with little gifts convenient for holding safety pins. A doll and a basket are shown in the picture each suspended by ribbons for hanging them. Little rings attached to the feet, hands and belt of the doll accommodate pins of several sizes. There are assorted pins in the basket.

To Welcome the Baby

Two lovely gifts, with which to welcome the stork, are suggested. They are a little cap of georgette crepe and a silk-lined and ribbon-frilled basket containing everything the baby needs for his toilette.

What Women Love

There is a world of pretty neck wear that every woman will love to receive and almost any woman can make. A favorite piece consists of collar with vestee to match, like that shown above.

Pretty Powder Bowls

Pretty powder bowls and baskets are sure of a great vogue for Christmas gifts. The four pictured include a little basket covered with plaited silk, at the upper left, and just below it the puff attached to its cover and ribbon-covered handle. A similar basket, at the right, is surmounted by a little ribbon-dressed doll—a disguised powder puff. At the lower left a glass bowl supports a puff holding a doll's head and at the right a net-covered jar enthrones a Jap baby.

Lace and Satin Piece

Wide satin ribbon and Val lace give a good account of themselves in the attractive neckpiece shown above. It is a vestee and collar combined, with a small "V"-shaped chemisette of lace, set in the vestee. The collar and chemisette are edged with narrow lace.

Charm to Ribbon

A morning jacket, a boudoir cap, a powder puff and little hand mirror, all owing their charm to lovely ribbons, are gift suggestions appearing above. The jacket and cap are made by setting together strips of narrow satin ribbon and Val lace.

COMRADES OF PERIL

By RANDALL PARRISH

COPYRIGHT A.C.McCLURG & CO.

"OLGA CARLYN."

Synopsis.—Tom Shelby, a rancher, rides into the frontier town of Ponca looking for a good time after a long spell of hard work and loneliness on the ranch. Instead, he runs into a funeral—that of Dad Calkins, a retired army man of whom little is known. A girl, still in her teens, survives Calkins. McCarthy, a saloon keeper and Ponca's leading citizen, decides that the girl, now alone in the world, should marry. Shelby starts a hunt for eligible husbands and the minister goes to confer with the girl. She agrees to pick a husband from the score of men lined up in her home. To his consternation, she selects Shelby, who had gone along merely as a spectator. He declines the honor. Indignant, the girl dismisses the assemblage. Later Shelby goes back to make an explanation. She receives him good-naturedly. Leaving her, Shelby runs into two of the rejected suitors, and in a fight worsts them both. Angered at their remarks, he returns to the girl, determined to marry her, if she will have him. After his explanation she agrees to marry him.

CHAPTER V.

The Wedding.

It was an exceedingly busy afternoon, so filled with details of preparation as to leave Shelby slight opportunity for reflection. He had never contemplated marriage, or imagined himself a benedict. He knew practically nothing as to the disposition and character of the girl or what she might acquire of himself. He had no conception that he loved her or that she felt any especial affection for him. His sudden action had been very largely influenced by his controversy with Cowan and she had quite frankly confessed that her choice of him rested entirely on the fact that he was not a resident of Ponca. There had been no mention of love between them, merely a business-like arrangement, unmarked by the slightest sentiment. He was dimly aware that this made a poor foundation on which to build for future happiness.

This peculiar situation was driven home to him by a vivid recollection of what he was going to take her to—that desolate ranch out there on the Cottonwood. Could she be satisfied? Could she even bear with such conditions?

He saw McCarthy and the preacher from Buffalo Gap, first telling them frankly the whole story and gravely pledging both to secrecy. Refusing firmly to receive a cent of the money which Mac promptly offered, he left these two to arrange all details for the wedding, confident of their discretion and good judgment. There was no necessity for his seeing the girl again, and, indeed, he felt no inclination to do so. He even shrank from the thought of seeing her, and was profoundly thankful that everything was so completely understood between them as to make another conference entirely unnecessary. Satisfied upon this point, he devoted the time remaining at his disposal to purchasing the variety of articles made necessary by this sudden change in life. The buckboard was loaded until nothing remained unoccupied but the narrow seat, a huge box, packed full, occupying the rear portion, with bundles tied securely here and there about the vehicle, wherever they would ride safely. Over all these he stretched a tarpaulin to keep out the dust, strapping the latter firmly into place.

The solemn injunction to secrecy had prevented Ponca from making this occasion one of special celebration, but, nevertheless, rumor had been sufficiently busy so as to prevent any strictly private ceremony. The parlor of the hotel was already crowded with uninvited guests when he finally arrived and there was also an overflow meeting in the adjoining dining room. Shelby swore under his breath, but it was too late to protest outwardly, as the bride-to-be was already waiting his arrival at the foot of the stairs.

In spite of the doubts which had assailed him during the past few hours, the sight of her thus awaiting his coming, her eyes meeting his own frankly, sent a sudden thrill through his veins. She was chaperoned by the wife of the principal storekeeper and doubtless others among the few respectable women of Ponca had combined their taste and possessions to properly fit her out for the occasion. Just how the transformation had been accomplished Shelby, being a man woefully lacking in experience, did not know, but he was vividly aware of the change in her appearance and manner. She was dressed in gray, the outer garment plainly fashioned but fitting well, while a most becoming hat, rather coquettish in its shape, rested on soft, shining hair, fluffed out attractively, forming a most agreeable frame for the young face, the cheeks flushed with excitement. Shelby stood before her tongue-tied, unable to find words of greeting, painfully conscious of his own awkwardness. The embarrassment, however, was but for the instant, for the preacher had been waiting his entrance, eager to begin the ceremony.

What occurred during the next few moments was never wholly clear in Shelby's mind. He did mechanically whatever he was told, but without comprehension. He remembered walking between rows of curious faces, occasionally recognizing a familiar countenance, clear across that crowded parlor to the further wall, which seemed to be decorated profusely with sprays of evergreen. He seemed to recall that the girl joined him, standing at his left, and that she had advanced to his side guided by Dan McCarthy. It was all vague, misty, uncertain, and the next moment all he saw was the fleshy figure of the Buffalo Gap preacher standing there immediately before him, his hands uplifted and his sonorous voice uttering words that sounded like a prayer. Then Dan came forward again and he felt her hand resting in his, realizing how soft and small it was. He remembered a question was asked him and he answered "yes" and then he seemed to hear her whisper a similar response. The preacher said something, using some strange words, and turning once to face the silent crowd pressing close in upon them; then he lifted his hands solemnly and Shelby caught the sentence, "I pronounce you husband and wife and whom God hath joined together, let no man put asunder."

There was an explosion of breath, a faint clapping of hands, an instant buzz of tongues. He felt that he must have shaken hands with a thousand people; was pushed here and there by the efforts made to reach him and finally, bewildered, his mind in a whirl, found himself once more out in the hall, obsessed with a desire to escape. He possessed no idea as to what had become of the girl; no doubt she was somewhere back there in the crush, but he, at least, was free, and would wait for her to join him outside.

He stood there alone, staring down at the team of broncos and the heavily laden buckboard uncomprehendingly. Yet slowly it all came back and his mind began to arouse from blank stupor. His attention was attracted by the approach of a horseman trotting steadily up the deserted street toward the hotel. The rider was a cavalry soldier in uniform, powdered with dust, his horse showing evidences of hard travel.

Shelby watched his coming curiously, his memory still lingering upon the scene within. The man drew up at the hotel, dropped his rein over the horse's head, swung stiffly to the ground and advanced up the steps. He glanced aside at Shelby's motionless figure, took a step toward the door and then wheeled suddenly.

"Say, ain't your name Shelby?"

The dazed bridegroom turned and looked into the face confronting him, his mind snapping back into quick recognition.

"Sure. Well, thunder, you're Shaunessy of the Sixth. What're you doing here?"

The two clasped hands firmly.

"Thought I knew you, Tom, when I first came up the steps, but wasn't quite sure till I got a side view. Must be six years since you left us, ain't it? What am I doing? Oh, they've shoved us up here from Arizona and I've been up at the Reservation watchin' 'em ghost-dance an' am headin' now for Collins to tell the old man the news. Some fun goin' to be pulled off presently."

"You mean the Sioux are goin' on rampage ag'in?"

"Sure thing, unless I miss my guess, an' I reckon I ought to know Injuns by this time. It'll either come this fall or next spring. I figure they'll never hold in over winter. Ol' Sittin' Bull has got the game in his hands an' you know that ol' devil, I reckon."

"I have reasop to. Any troops up there?"

"No; the Injun agent don't believe there's goin' to be any trouble; says it's just a few young bucks who are raisin' h—l. He don't know what is killin' first, unless I'm crazy. I've got to go in and get something to eat."

He started to turn away, but Shelby halted him with a question.

"How long you been in the army, Pete?"

"Twenty-two years."

"And with the Sixth cavalry?"

"Fifteen."

"Did you ever know a sergeant named Calkins?"

"Jeff Calkins; he was my first 'top' after I joined; he left the service 'bout ten years ago. There was a shootin' scrape or somethin' down at Harker. Sorter ugly story, though I've forgotten just what it was all about now. Calkins got out o' that all right, but when his enlistment was up he quit; he didn't get on good with the men. Do you know whatever become of the ol' duffer?"

"He was buried here yesterday—killed himself; left a daughter 'bout nineteen—"

"The h—l he did! Jeff Calkins never was married; not before he left the army, anyhow. I know because I bunked with him nearly two years an' he told me a lot about himself. He wasn't no lady's man at all. Say, what the devil is goin' on here?"

"There's been a wedding." Shelby started to explain, but the outflowing throng cut his sentence in two, and the startled soldier, stepping back to get out of the way, was instantly swept aside, while the gang poured forth between, separating the two completely. The bridegroom found himself once more the center of fervent congratulations and only escaped by pushing a passage down the steps to where his outfit waited for departure. Some moments later she joined him, accompanied by her bodyguard, wearing a long duster which almost reached the ground and a close-fitting cap pulled down over her smooth hair. He silently helped her into the seat of the buckboard, joining her grimly and gathering up the reins in his fingers.

"Now, then," he called, "a couple of you untie those brutes and jump. They're bad starters."

The broncos amply justified his prediction and the party went tearing down the main street, pursued by yells of enjoyment and cat-howls of derision, Shelby struggling with the reins in an endeavor to keep the maddened brutes off the sidewalks.

However, the steep ascent of the bluff brought the plunging animals to their senses and by the time they had surmounted the ridge and struck the prairie trail leading across the upland they were willing enough to slow down to the swift trot they were accustomed to take on long journeys. Shelby loosened his grasp on the leather and rested back in the seat, venturing a side glance at his companion. She was still gripping the iron rail for safety, but evidently felt no fear.

"Mean devil, that bronco," said Shelby, feeling the necessity of speech and flecking his whip lash at the buckskin, whose evil eye was peering maliciously backward, "worst horse I ever owned. The Kid back there seems to be some bronco buster and I'll let him try his luck when we get out to the ranch. I got some outlaws there."

She turned her head and glanced behind through the cloud of dust.

"Who is he? One of your men?"

"Well, I just hired him down at Ponca. Seems to be a mighty good rider. His name is Macklin, but everybody calls him 'Kid.'"

"Somehow I don't just like him."

"Oh, he's harmless enough."

"Perhaps so, but I have that feeling about him just the same."

Shelby made no answer and they rode on in silence through the circling dust. He felt awkward and embarrassed, unable to think of anything to say to keep up conversation and intensely conscious of the peculiar situation in which they found themselves.

Occasionally he stole a surreptitious glance aside at her, but her eyes were averted as though in avoidance, gazing out over the dull vista. To Shelby this quietness on her part, this half turning from him seemed particularly ominous. She was doubtless sorry already at her choice; this drear expanse which they rode was more than she expected to encounter—she was dreading already an approach to the Cottonwood. He had been a fool to even dream that he could ever satisfy her in such surroundings. Well, it was not too late to turn back. He would talk with her and learn the truth.

He drove steadily forward, endeavoring to formulate some pleasant opening sentence, his mind inevitably drifting back to that late conversation with Shaunessy and the doubts it had awakened. Ought he to permit her to become exposed to a possible Indian attack? Was it not plainly his duty to explain fully the exact situation? And then that other matter relative to Old Calkins? Surely it was her place to make that clear?

He straightened up, clearing his voice, and she glanced about, disturbed from revery by his action.

"How dismal it all is," she said, as he failed to speak, "and yet the very silence and loneliness has a charm. Is it like this out on the Cottonwood?"

"No, not exactly. It's lonely enough, but that is broken country, with something to rest the eyes on. I am afraid, though, you're goin' to be awfully sorry."

"Really, I don't," honestly. "I don't mind being alone at all. I've always been alone, so that won't hurt."

"But this is different," he insisted stubbornly. "Besides, I heard something back there in Ponca that makes me think I had no business bringing you along at all."

"What was that?"

"Why, just before we come away I ran into an old friend o' mine in the army, named Shaunessy. He'd been up in the Sioux reservation, watchin' 'em ghost-dance, and he says the bucks up there are goin' to raise Ned before long, an' there ain't no troops anywhere around sufficient to hold 'em. It's Ol' Sittin' Bull who is stirrin' 'em up."

"But surely they could never get down here?"

"Not to Ponca—no; they wouldn't go in that direction. But they'd be mighty liable to come raidin' down the Cottonwood. That's what Shaunessy said; he told me I'd better run my stock over into the Bad Lands, and lie out for awhile, till the soldiers

"Somehow I Don't Just Like Him."

got the devils rounded up again. I been thinkin' ever since I ought to tell you about it, so, if you thought best we could turn around an' take you back to Ponca."

"And then what would you do?"

"Me? Why go on o' course an' take care o' the cattle. 'Tain't the first time I've seen Indians."

"Then I am going with you," she said firmly. "I am not the least afraid. I wonder if you have an extra rifle out there?"

"Sure," he said, grinning. "I sorter like that kind o' talk, little girl. Can you shoot?"

"Some; I'll show you when we get out there. Anyway, please don't turn back on my account. I heard in Ponca that the Sioux were ghost-dancing, but I didn't think about their coming down the Cottonwood. Dad said they were getting ugly, but I don't know where he heard it."

This unexpected mention of Calkins stirred Shelby to ask a further question. She was going on with him, that was evident, and the mystery between them must be cleared away.

"What was your name?" he asked soberly.

She glanced up into his face, surprised at the abrupt question.

"My name! Why, don't you know?"

"I never heard of it; seems sorter odd, maybe, but I never did."

"It is Olga."

"Olga—Olga what?"

"Why, Shelby, I suppose."

"No, I didn't mean that. Of course, it's Shelby now, but what was it before today? 'Twasn't Calkins."

The smile had deserted her lips and her eyes were very serious.

"Just what do you mean, please? Have you heard something?"

"Well, yes. This here soldier Shaunessy has been in the army a long while; he was fifteen years in the Sixth cavalry. Now I happened to learn, accidentally from McCarthy, that Old Calkins was once a sergeant in that outfit, so naturally I asked Shaunessy if he ever knew him."

"And did he?"

"Sure; they were bunkies once an' he said Jeff Calkins never was married an' didn't have no daughter."

"Well, did I ever say I was his daughter?"

"No, o' course you didn't. I never asked, but everybody thought you must be. What was the old man to you, anyhow? I reckon I got a right to know."

"You certainly have, but I cannot tell you very much. Frankly, I don't know. I could not explain even how I came into his care. That sounds strange, perhaps, but it is true. I wasn't much of a girl when he got me first and I've scarcely been out of his sight since. I've asked him a thousand times, but he never would explain. Once he said it would come out all right after awhile. It seemed to anger him for me to ask questions, so, at last, I stopped."

"That's mighty queer. Did he ever tell you what your real name was?"

"Oh, yes; there wasn't any secret about that—it was Carlyn."

"Olga Carlyn," he repeated the words slowly. "Sorter Norwegian-Irish, ain't it? That story sounds rather funny to me."

"My idea is he was hiding me from someone; trying to keep me from being found. I decided that was why he moved about from place to place and always lived in such poverty and alone. I believe he had money or could always get some when needed. Then he seemed to be afraid all the time and watching for something to happen."

"And you don't have no recollection whatever of either your father or mother?"

"Not of my mother; she may have died when I was a baby, but I can remember my father, although I never saw him very often. He was a tall man with iron-gray hair and mustache; once I saw him in uniform."

"An officer, likely."

"I think so. I was at school then and I am sure the lady principal called him colonel. I never lived with him, but always at some school, first one and then another. I am sure I was in St. Louis when Calkins came for me and took me away. That is actually everything I know about it; since then we've just moved around from place to place."

They fell into silence and rode on thus for hours, seldom speaking, each engrossed in their own thoughts. Toward sundown they came into a more rolling country, with patches of green grass, and the trail wound in and out among shallow depressions, yielding greater variety of scenery. Just before dark they toiled up over a high ridge and from the summit looked for some distance down the valley of the Cottonwood. The trail ran slantingly down the side of the bluff, zigzagging here and there in search of easier passage, and it was necessary to descend slowly. Consequently it was an hour after dark when they finally drove up to a small cabin surrounded by trees, a hundred feet back from the stream, and the driver announced their arrival.

CHAPTER VI.

A Blow of Treachery.

It was a desolate home-coming—the great stars overhead, the tinkle of distant water, the silence and blackness all about, and the dim outline of the cabin barely visible amid the surrounding trees. The girl held her breath with lips pressed tight, staring around into the vague shadows and permitted Shelby to gently swing her between the wheels to the ground. Some way the strong grasp of his hands brought back to her a sense of courage.

"Is—is there no one here?" she asked, afraid to venture a step in the gloom. "It is terribly dark."

"I'll remedy that in a minute," he said, pretending a cheerfulness he was far from feeling. "Hey there, Kid, stake out yer horse, and come here and hold these broncs until I light up inside. Don't move, Olga; there is a steep bank just beyond. I'll only be gone a minute."

"But where is your herder?"

"Out with the cattle, probably; he doesn't sleep here, and had no idea when I would be back. Now hang on tight to these reins, Kid, and I'll help you presently. Would you rather go with me, Olga?"

"Yes," she said, her voice trembling slightly in spite of every effort at control, "I would rather not be left out here."

"All right; this is the path; don't be afraid. I won't let you stumble. Now, one step up; that's it."

"A Bit Tough Looking, I Suppose."

He flung open the unsecured door, and stepped into the dense blackness of the interior. She could see nothing, but heard him rummaging about, and finally caught the tiny gleam of a match. The next instant this had become the flame of an oil lamp, and the whole interior of the room became revealed in the yellow flicker. In spite of every attempt to steady herself, her heart gave a sudden throb, and she clutched at the door for support. This was even worse than she had pictured.

"A bit tough looking, I suppose," Shelby said with a hasty glance about. "Sorter surprise, this bringin' a wife back with me. Never reckoned on any such thing, or I'd a cleaned the shack up a bit. However, I'll straighten things around in a jiffy, as soon as I show the Kid the corral. Here's a chair to sit in," and he dumped its load on the floor. "You ain't afraid to wait here, are you?"

"Oh, no; I will be all right. You need not hurry."

Struck down from behind.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Clear Field.

"Ah, here is a letter from the old folk!"

"What does it say?"

"Come home your tailor is dead."—Pearson's Weekly.

A LETTER FOR WOMEN

From a Woman Whose Serious Illness Was Overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Garnett, Kas.—"I first took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a complete nervous breakdown following the birth of my oldest child. I got up too soon which caused serious female trouble. I was so weak that I was not able to be on my feet but very little and could not do my housework at all. I had a bad pain in my left side and it would pain terribly if I stepped off a curb-stone. One day one of your booklets was thrown in the yard and I read every word in it. There were so many who had been helped by your medicine that I wanted to try it and my husband went to town and got me a bottle. It seemed as though I felt relief after the second dose, so I kept on until I had taken five bottles and by that time I was as well as I could wish. About a year later I gave birth to a ten pound boy, and have had two more children since and my health has been fine. If I ever have trouble of any kind I am going to take your medicine for I give it all the praise for my good health. I always recommend your medicine whenever I can."—Mrs. EVA E. SHAY, Garnett, Kansas.

Thirty Running Sores

Remember, I stand back of every box. Every druggist guarantees to refund the purchase price (60 cents) if Peterson's Ointment doesn't do all I claim.

I guarantee it for eczema, old sores, running sores, salt rheum, ulcers, sore nipples, broken breasts, itching skin, skin diseases, blind, bleeding and itching piles as well as for chafing, burns, scalds, cuts, bruises and sunburn.

"I had 30 running sores on my leg for 11 years, was in three different hospitals. Amputation was advised. Skin grafting was tried. I was cured by using Peterson's Ointment."—Mrs. F. E. Root, 287 Michigan street, Buffalo, N. Y. Mail orders filled by Peterson Ointment Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

FRESH FROZEN — SMOKED SALTED

GREEN BAY FISH CO. GREEN BAY, WIS.

SPICED — DRIED

SEND FOR COMPLETE PRICE LIST

Factory Direct—$49 buys large $90 Phonograph with 10 free record selections. Get catalog. Belle-Hickey Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Eastern Colorado Farms

Well-improved farms, good soil, good crops every year, good roads, market. $20-$40 a. Terms. Write R. A. Tillman, Lamar, Colo.

For Economy's Sake.

Mrs. Exe—What! You let your girl off every afternoon?

Mrs. Wye—Yes, indeed, and it's quite a saving. The more she is away the fewer dishes she breaks.—Boston Transcript.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Paradoxical.

"My friend who inherited an estate abroad has made a fresh discovery."

"What is it?"

"There are salt mines on it."

Cuticura Soap for the Complexion.

Nothing better than Cuticura Soap daily and Ointment now and then as needed to make the complexion clear, scalp clean and hands soft and white. Add to this the fascinating, fragrant Cuticura Talcum and you have the Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

Needs Help to Keep It.

"Say, Bill, can Jim keep a secret?"

T. F.—Yea, but it would be just like him to tell some one that he couldn't.—Boys' Life.

Help That Bad Back!

Why be miserable with a "bad back?" It's time you found out what is wrong! Kidney weakness often causes much suffering from backache, lameness, rheumatic pains, headaches, dizziness and kidney irregularities. Neglected, it may lead to dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease, but if taken in time it is usually easily corrected by using *Doan's Kidney Pills*. *Doan's* have helped thousands.

An Iowa Case

Mrs. P. W. Foster, 117 W. Grant St., Shenandoah, Iowa, says: "I had an attack of kidney and bladder trouble. I had dizzy spells and little black specks floated before my eyes. My back was very painful and when I bent over I could hardly straighten up. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and decided to try them. They soon entirely relieved all the trouble."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Bronchial Troubles

Soothe the irritation and you relieve the distress. Do both quickly and effectively by using promptly a dependable remedy—

PISO'S

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 49—1920.

Patronize your home merchants when possible but when you do make a buying trip--consider

MASON CITY

Liberal assortments, better qualities and fair prices, we promise you these things in Mason City.

East State Street **Manley's** Mason City, Iowa

Womens Coats and Dresses

Practically every coat and dress in our stock has been bought very recently. That means lower prices. Cloth coats are today decidely lower than early purchases. Plush coats are costing us but little more than half the price paid by dealers who bought early. We are showing cloth coats made of the finest Bolivia weaves, fancy silk lined throughout, and trimmed with large Australian Opossum or Nutria collars as low as **$48.75**. The same coats sold in September at almost double.

Plain full length Plush Coats as low as **$28.75**. A 36 inch Plush coat with Black Opossum collar and cuffs at **$48.75**.

Trimmed with Racoon and Australian Opossum at **$48.75** and **$56.25**

Dresses

A lady paid $42.50 for a tricotine exactely like one of our dresses which we price at **$23.75**. We have many just as good values. At **$28.75** we are showing dresses priced elsewhere right now as high as $45.00.

Cotton yard goods have recently declined very sharply. In many cases prices now are less than half. We feel that now it is safe to buy your wants.

Pretty Shoes for Women

Our newest arrival includes those much wanted shades in dress boots, namely Henna, Golden, Maple and Havana in the Brown and that beautiful new Midnite Blue Kid Trooper Boot.

You'll find in our assortment a liberal showing of street and afternoon boots.

Then too our prices are very pleasing, in most instances 25 per cent lower than former highest prices.

We have dependable Shoes for all members of the family

Sonora Phonographs

When you purchase a Sonora you have the satisfaction of knowing that you own the highest class talking machine in the world.

Make your Holidays the very happiest and best this year. Not only for your guest, but for the entire family, all the year.

Come in to our music parlor and hear the wonderful tone of these instruments. We also carry the famous Okeh Records. Will play on any standard phonograph.

Cobb's House Furnishing

Everything for the Home

Steinway Pianos

Imbody all that human skill can build into a Perfect Instrument

Critical Inspection

will reveal a quality in every Steinway Piano commensurate with the high ideals of the makers.

KNABE PIANOS

Manufactured in Baltimore, Md., since 1837. The Tone of KNABE PIANOS wins immediate favor with finished musicians on account of the strict rules applied in their making. Their case designs, a work of Art, appeal to those wishing an instrument of rare beausy.

Victrolas and Victor Records

We have a complete stock of these goods and can fil orders promptly each day as received.

FREIGHT and EXPRESS CHARGES PRFPAID—We will be pleased to tell you of our easy monthly plan in paying for a Victrola. Write for catalogue today. EVERY DEPARTMENT of our store is filled up with good things for the home and if our readers are in doubt about what to bny for Christmas we invite correspondenc and will gladly mail catalogues with full particnlars how goods may be purchased on easy monthly payments.

The TRAFFORD COMPANY

17 Federal Avenue North Mason City Phone 724

See what we are doing to prices!

A fair example is ours

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats

$34.85 $38.85 $48.85

You know how prices have been; pretty high. When we saw there wasn't much chance of lower costs, we just decided we'd mark prices down anyway. We have done it: never mind whether we lose or not; you win. Here are men's and boys' clothing and furnishings all marked down. With the strength of our sixteen store organization we are blazing the trail to lower prices.

GET TO KNOW

GILDNER BROS.

Iowa's Largest Clothiers

MASON CITY Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes ***IOWA***

Furs Furs Furs

When in Mason City do not fail to visit the American Fur Shop at 221 No. Federal Ave.

This shop is reconized by all who have visited our establishment as North Iowa's leading Furriers.

Our organization is made up of men with years of experience in the fur business. Our designer has been designing furs for over 20 years for leading furriers in the U. S.

Whether you wish to buy or not you visit will be a welcome one.

American Fur Shop

F. E. SHEAHY & CO.

221 No Federal Ave. Mason City, Ia.

THE

Olympia

Mason City, Iowa

Home Made Candies

This candy shop has attained a wonderful reputation on its Pure HOME MADE CANDIES—made in our clean, sanitary and light kitchen. You'll like it too. Be sure to try it When in Mason City. Sold in bulk, boxes and fancy baskets.

Home Made Ice Cream

We make our own ice cream and we see to it that it is rich in butter fat. You'll say it ir the best you ever ate—it's generally considered the best in the state.

Luncheonette

For lunch, try our menn in our Luncheonette — Sandwiches, salads, coffee, etc., that can't be beat.

J. J. Manusos, Prop.

SAX LADIES SHOP

E. 101 N. Federal **Mason City, Iowa**

Starting This Week and continuing until our stock is disposed of,--we offer everything in our store consisting of---

Coats Suits Dresses Blouses and Millinery at 1-2 Price

You'll Miss It If You Don't Come

SAX LADIES SHOP

PURE BRED

STOCK SALE

Consisting of 12 Pure Bred Shorthorn Bulls, 7 of being red in color, 4 are roan and 1 white. ng them are some splendid herd bull prospects he ages are from 12 to 18 months. If you need a between now and spring you should take advant- f this sale as we are not looking for very high s. They are of good Scotch breeding and certifi- of registry will go with each one.

15 pure bred Duroc Jersey boars. This is the best f boars that has gon through a sale ring in a long . They carry some of the best blood lines and will ge about 250 pounds.

This sale commence at 2;00 p. m. on

Tuesday, December 7th

y farm 2 miles north west of Belmond.

Ve invite you to come and spend the afternoon.
Usual Terms.

LEWIS HAUGE, Owner

. Lund, Clerk

Bob Sleds

t is time to figure on getting your sled for the winter for they will be rd to get. Come in now and order urs while we have a full line. We ry the famous

Never Tip

They live up to their name.

We also carry a full line of Kewanee g Waterers, Tank Heaters, Feed & l.

See Us Now

W. M. Baack

Beef Now Selling at

Pre-War Prices!

ur prices on all Beef Cuts are now down to 1914 prices.

Half Hogs, at per lb. **14c**
Beef quarters, per lb. **10c14c**

BIG REDUCTION IN
All Smoked Meats

Klemme Meat Market

Mrs. J. E. Baumgartner was a Garner visitor last Friday morning.

F. A. Arnold was a business visitor at Garner Tuesday between trains.

Mrs. Lena Schroeder was a visitor at Garner last Friday between trains.

Only three full weeks before Xmas —do your shopping early!

Mrs. Jim Christie of Coodell was here Wednesday.

Pat White and family was here over Wecnesda night.

Notice—Come in and pay up before Dec. 15th. F. H. Ridder by cash or note.

Mrs. C. W. Wiles has been confined to the house the past week as she has been troubled with a sore eye.

Mrs. Oscar Rice, of Calrion, spent Thanksgiving with her parents here, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Musfelt.

The First National Bank have a statement in this issue. You will find it elsewhere in this week's paper.

FOR SALE—At a sacrifice, 1920 Ford Roadter, A-1 condition. Address "FORD" care of Times. 13-tfc

The Farmers Savings Bank of Meservey have recently installed a burglar alarm of the latest type.

"Billie" Velau returned Tuesday morning from several days' visit with relatives and friends at Monona, Ia.

Mrs. Wm. Schaper, of Charles City, has been visiting relatives in Liberty township the past week.

Miss Emma Sampson went to Garner last Friday morning to have some dental work done.

Mrs. Arvella Knight, of Spencer, came Monday for a visit with Klemme friends.

Henry Maitland and Harold Lightsinger returned Monday from their visit at Waterloo.

Elmer Schmidt went to Garner on Tuesday morning for a few days visit with his mother and sisters.

Miss Mabel Starnes came up from Belmond Friday for a short visit at the Mrs. Mille Smith and Howard Doyle homes.

EOR SALE—About 18 tons of good wild hay, put up dry. Geo. Cleman. phone 5912.

Notice—All those knowing ihemselves indebted to me are requested to call and settle at once, as I am in need of money W. F. Pavey.

Miss Leafy Wilson, who has been staying at the E. J. Arnold home for some time past, left last week for her home at Columbus, Ind.

Mrs. Hod Lawhorn, of Garner, was visiting her daughter here, Mrs. Clifford Schwartz, a few days the past week.

The sewer gang are working near William Bachman's place now. The bad weather of the past few days put a kink in their progress.

Cerro Gordo County was the first county in the state to ask for federal aid and the first to complete a federal aid paved road.

Jim Caswell and family, of Blue Earth, Minn., came last week Wednesday for a few days visit at the C. W. Wiles and Fred Bachman homes.

Clarence Gram left Monday for his home at Princeton, Minn. He is a brother of Chris of this place and has been here several weeks picking corn.

BASKET SOCIAL—You are cordially inviteb to the basket social at the A. G Lau school, Liberty twp., this Eridry evening. Bring baskets, good program Friday, 3. Hot coffee, cake and sandwitches will be served. Drusilla Stromer, teacher.

"Billy" Busch and George Hoppe left Saturday morning for Ft. Dodge where they will work this winter. We have not learned just what line of work they have taken up.

The Misses Mabel Beier, Ruth Lenz and Mary Dexter left Monday for Cedar Falls, Iowa, where they will take a normal training course at the State Teachers' College.

Casey Blank had a hankering for a real "feed" on Thanksgiving morning so he decided the best thing to do was to hit for Klemme and kick his feet under his mother's table and let out a few notches in his belt. This he did and came over from Belmond on that day. Casey works in the Rock Island depot at Belmond.

C. G. Waterman, Bert Mathews, W. C. Keraus and Wm. Trafford autoed over to Mason City on the afternoon of Thanksgiving Day to see the foot ball game.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Griewe, A. H. Yahnke and family and the A. Wellemeyer family spent Thanksgiving at Forest City, guests of Rev. and Mrs. Ortmeier.

Henry Johnson left last Wednesday for Chicago where he will spend the winter months. Henry expects to return to Klemme in the spring to resume tiling.

Harm Christians left last Wednesday for Illinois where he will spend the winter. Harm has been away from Klemme for some time and has been visiting here for a few weeks.

"Fritz" Smith has contracted with the Iowa Valley Sugar Co., of Belmond, to load their pile of beets here at the Rock Island track onto cars for them. It looks like a big job as the pile of beets here is a large one.

Do your Chritmas shopping early and avoid the rush. While we think of it this is the time to send your parcels to out of town friends. Mail them now before the mails are congested which often means loss or delay in delivering packages.

Only three weeks after this until Christmas. Do your shopping early.

Klemme merchants are unpacking their Christmas goods and are getting ready for the holiday rush. Do your shopping early.

FARM WANTED—Wanted to hear from owner of farm or good land for sale reasonable. L. Jones, Box 551, Olney, Ill. 1wp

Mr. and Mrs. Mart Bachman are rejoicing over the arrival of a fine baby girl who came to their home Sunday, November 21st. This is their second child, the other being a boy.

Has anybody seen our ladder? Ye Editor owns a ladder, about a twelve foot ladder which we kept on the west side of the house. That ladder has walked away and is lost. Will somebody please capture our ladder and bring him home? Oh bring back our ladder to us, we need it for climbing.

Dr. Bemis is making an effort to get the Caddock-Myre wrestling bout put on at Garner under the auspices of the Legion Post. Caddock has agreed to give Myre a match, and it should be a great drawing card.—Garner Signal.

As the Klemme schools closed last Wednesdaya fternoon for Thanksgiving vacation, those of the Klemme teachers who live out of town left that day for their respective homes to celebrate Thanksgiving. They returned to Klemme Monday morning.

A meeaing of the stockholders of the State Savinge Bank, Klemme, Iowa, is called to meet in the banking rooms of the bank at Klemme, Iowa, on Friday December 24th, 1920 at One o'clock P. M. to consider and take action upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said bank from $15,000. to $30,000, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting in connection therewith.

P. M. Griesmer.
D. D. Ross.
Wm. Katter.
F. J. Wenck.
A. Kelly.
A. E. Katter.
H. J, Stille,
W. H. Ramsay.
Jos. E. Johnson,
Officers and directors of said Bank

Mrs. T. F. Mitchell, of Swea City, Iowa, visited at the home of her sister Mrs. C. G. Waterman last week from Monday evening until Wednesday morning. She had to get back to Swea City in time to prepare a Thanksgiving dinner for Tommy as that gentleman has a ravenous appetite about that time each yera.

As we were coming from the depot Tuesday morning on our return from Kansas City we were attracted by the Thanksgiving display window at the Wellemeyer store. That which attracted our attention was the "wine" on the table and so we went in and accused Art of running a still. He informed us it was only colored water but at that he did not invite us to sample it so we are still suspicious as to the contents of the wine glass.

Atchison upholsterer recently repaired an old sofa and found many articles between the back and the cushion. There were 47 hairpins, 2 mustache combs, 19 suspender buttons, 13 needles, 217 pins, 8 cigaretts 3 cigars, 27 cuff buttons, 6 pocket knives, 15 poker chips, a small bottle ing gum, 50 toothpicks, 28 matches and 14 button hooks. The sofa belonged to a man who has three unmarried daughters.—Exchange.

UNDER GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION

Trading At Home

When you do your Christmas Shopping in your home toun, you are making your DOLLARS do tripple duty -- assured satisfaction in your purchases; pleasurable satisfaction to those who receive your gifts; appreciative satisfaction of the store where your business is bestowed.

And home-duying makes for a more Prosperous. as well as a Merrie, Christmas.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

Suits and Overcoats Priced In Four Groups

$45.00 to 50.00 Values for **$35.00**
$60.00 to 65.00 Values for **$45.00**
$70.00 to 77.50 Values for **$60.00**
$85.00 to 110.00 Values for **$75.00**

November 15th, wholesalers reduced their prices----we immediately put our prices down to the new wholesale basis.

Boy's Suits 25 per cent Off

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does Its Duty"

Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

RECOGNIZE BEST EGG PRODUCERS

Most Profitabe Hens Possess Certain Characteristics Difficult to Hide.

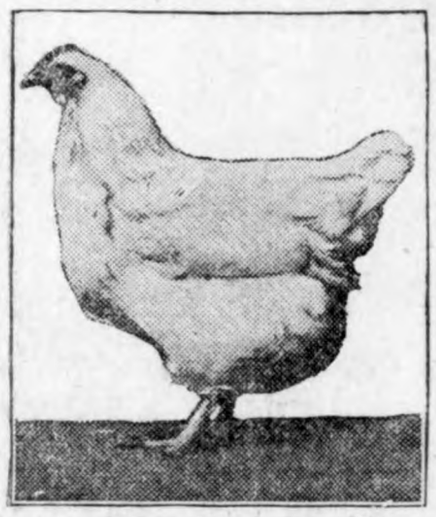
PLAN OF MISSOURI COLLEGE

Fowl Must Be Strong, Active, Healthy, Gentle and Contented and Should Not Molt Before the First Day of October.

Would you know a good laying hen if you should meet one? Hundreds of farmers would. They have found out that the best producing hens have certain characteristics difficult to hide. If they doubt general appearances it is a simple matter to catch the bird and by a few movements either confirm or dispel the doubt. There's no getting away from the fact—a good hen can't hide her good qualities from well-informed poultry raisers. Some not so well informed had to go through the "show-me" stage, and the extension service of the University of Missouri college of agriculture, acting through specialists and county agents proceeded to do the showing. These agents last year held 2,268 culling demonstrations. Out of the 200,000 birds handled, 81,000 were culls. The doubters were instructed to retain the culls and report the number of eggs received. In no case have the culls been found profitable.

Characteristics of Hen.

What are these characteristics by which a laying hen can be picked out? Circular No. 70 issued by the extension service groups them under five heads: Vigor, molt, pigmentation, quality, and laying condition. They are further defined. The hens must be



Quality and Utility Are Combined in This White Plymouth Rock Hen of the Flock on the Government Farm at Beltsville—Though of a Family of Prize Winning Show Birds, She Made a Good Record as a Layer—From January 25 to September 11 of Her Pullet Year She Laid 176 Eggs.

strong, active, healthy, gentle and contented. They should not molt before October 1. Pigmentation refers to color—shanks and beak pale, ear lobes showing no yellow. In seeking quality, observe that the skin is soft, fine and velvety: breast bone thin; bones straight and flexible. To be in laying condition, the abdomen is soft and flexible. Vent moist and expanded. Body depth four inches or more. Width of pin bones at least three fingers.

Pick Out Best Layers.

No difficulty should be met in picking out the best laying or the poorest laying hens in the farm flock. With some birds, however, the distinguishing marks are not so distinct and may sometimes be rather contradictory. Thus one hen may be an early molter and yet show good body depth. Another bird may molt late and at the same time show poor quality. Birds of this type are usually medium producers and the owner must decide whether they should be kept or sold.

If the birds are being culled very closely with the idea of keeping only the highest producers then all those in the doubtful class should be disposed of. If only the unusually poor birds are to be sold then those showing uncertain characteristics should be kept. Any person who will examine a few hens, keeping in mind the characteristics of the good producer as opposed to those of the poor producer, should be able to cull satisfactorily.

FARM WAGON UNDER SHELTER

Average Life of Vehicle Is Six Years When It Should Be Twenty With Hard Work.

The average life of a farm wagon is six years, when it ought easily to be thirty with good care, or twenty with hard work. The thing is to keep it under a shed when not in use. Wash off the mud when it is stored. Give it a coat of paint once a year. This treatment will double its life.

COLLAR BOILS HURT HORSES

Best and About Only Cure for Trouble Is Veterinarian's Knife—Pressure Is Cause.

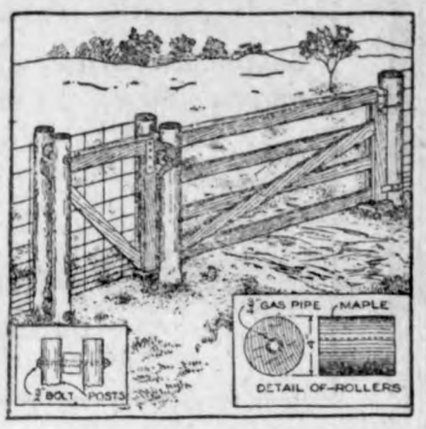
If one of your horses is troubled with collar boils the best (and about the only) cure is the knife of a veterinarian. The cause of the trouble remains in the form of a more-or-less dried-up cyst, and will recur whenever there is continued collar pressure.

SLIDING FARM GATE IS EASILY OPERATED

Must Be Suspended Between Two Strong Posts.

Equilibrium Is Maintained by Principle of Cantilever—Rollers Are Made of Hard Wood, Bored to Hold Gas Pipe.

A sliding farm gate which rides on rollers is easily opened and closed, and such gates would be commoner if it were not for certain difficulties of construction. The gate must be suspended, as the earth it too soft to support the rollers, and if it hangs from a track, barn-door fashion, the passage through the gateway will be obstructed. This difficulty can be overcome by furnishing the gate with a



By Means of a Long Top Rail a Farm Gate Is Made to Ride Smoothly on Wooden Rollers.

long top rail which projects several feet beyond the rest of the structure, as shown in the sketch. The projecting part bears against a roller placed above it, so that equilibrium is maintained by the principle of the cantilever. There is less strain upon the posts than in the case of a hinged gate, but it is necessary to plant them firmly, as the gate will not ride easily if they are bent from the vertical. Each pair of posts should be bolted together before being set in position, and should be set 3 feet deep, with a coat of creosote on the lower part, to prevent rotting, and with wooden blocks spiked around them, to keep them steady. The rollers are made of hard wood, bored to hold a bushing of ¾-inch gas pipe, which should be made a tight fit. They are then placed between centers, or on a mandrel, and turned true, after which they should be boiled in linseed oil to make them weatherproof.—H. A. Shearer, Willits, California.

GOOD BROAD CONCRETE WALK

One of the Greatest Time and Work Savers About the Farm—Prevents Tracking Up the House.

One of the greatest time and work savers about the farm is a good broad concrete walk from the barn to the house. When there is nothing but a dirt walk it is almost impossible to avoid "trackin' in" mud and barn litter, but with a concrete walk raised a couple of inches above the yard level, and with base enough to permit of driving over it where necessary, a lot of the work of the housewife is done away with.

DRILL CUPS ARE NEGLECTED

More or Less Wear Causes Partial Closing or Widening of the Grain Spaces.

One of the too-often neglected jobs about the farm is the tuning up of the cups in the grain drill. After the first few years there is sure to be more or less wear, and this not infrequently results in the partial closing or else the widening of the space through which the grain moves into the spouts. When this happens, even seeding becomes impossible. And often just a little attention will set matters right, and will greatly prolong the life of the drill.

CONCRETE FLOORS FOR BARN

Provision Should Be Made for Sufficient Slope So That It Can Easily Be Flushed.

In laying the concrete floor for the new barn, see that it slopes enough so that it can be easily flushed with a hose. Even if you haven't the water at this time, the day is coming when you will have water pressure, and will do the bulk of your cleaning by means of it.

SUN IS BEST DISINFECTANT

Hard to Beat Plenty of Good Strong Sunshine and Ought to Be Kept at Work.

You can pay out a lot of money for disinfectants, but it's pretty hard to beat plenty of good strong sunshine. Not that the disinfectant may not be needed too, but that sunshine ought to be kept steadily at work.

TRUCK FOR AVERAGE FARMER

Vehicle of One to Two Tons Capacity With Trailers Is Plenty Large Enough.

For the average farmer's use a truck of one to two tons capacity and one or two trailers of equal capacity is preferable and less expensive to buy and operate than a three or five ton truck alone.

SPLENDID RESULTS OBTAINED BY BOYS AND GIRLS WITH CHICKENS

Poultry Club Member Making Up Her Mind Whether This Bird Is Good Enough to Exhibit.

One of the fine examples of profitable poultry club work is the case of Frances Easley, a Tennessee farm girl, who became a member of the boys' and girls' poultry club about two years ago. The first season she was very successful in hatching and rearing her chicks, and in addition to those which were sold she had a nice flock to carry her over and which she used as a breeding pen the following year. At the end of that time the following report was submitted:

Value of market poultry sold.....	$13.86
27 pullets sold as breeders	47.50
17 settings of hatching eggs sold....	22.05
On hand November 1:	
12 cockerels, valued at.....	$24.00
112 pullets and cockerels, valued at..	100.00
Won at county fair	3.00
	$210.41

Frances spent for poultry equipment, eggs for hatching, feet, etc., a total of

Girl Member Feeding Her Flock.

$128.75, leaving her a net profit for the year of $81.66. Miss Frances has a very nice Shetland pony, and furthermore, a sense of independence that is only found in boys and girls who know the value of money as the result of having earned it through their own efforts.

Russel Monroe, a country boy of 14 years of age, raised 120 Golden and Silver Campines from 175 eggs. At the state fair he made six entries and won special for the best display, in addition to other prizes. In this exhibit he competed against three older breeders. Furthermore, he received the state championship loving cup and a free trip to the state fair for his excellent work as a club member.

Orbid Miller, an Oklahoma boy, residing at Elk City, raised 285 chicks. At the end of his first club year he made a profit of $336 over the cost of production through the sale of chickens and eggs sold for commercial as well as breeding purposes.

This Boy Favored Turkeys.

The activities of the poultry club members are not confined to chickens alone, as will be shown in the following report:

Dwight Carroll of Winchester, Jefferson county, Kansas, stands first in his state with respect to profits received from his year's work. Dwight makes the following statement: "When I entered the poultry club work I decided to raise turkeys. We had five turkey hens and I bought a tom. I set most of the eggs of the turkeys under chicken hens, but let the turkey hens keep a few eggs to hatch so that they would claim the little turkey when hatched. I kept the little ones shut up for a week and then let them go with the mother turkeys. Most of their feed was secured around the farm." Dwight records that he raised 56 turkeys to maturity. His total expenses amounted to $20.60 while his total receipts amounted to $261.40, leaving him a net profit of $240.80.

Other Instances.

Numerous other instances can be cited showing what has been accomplished by club members, many of which have been as successful as those mentioned above. Many boys and girls have come to realize as a result of their poultry club work that all of the opportunities are not in the cities and towns. It has been demonstrated that to interest the boy or girl in farm life he or she must be made to realize and appreciate the opportunities to be secured on the farm by not being educated away from the farm. It is not surprising therefore, that we find developing as a result of this and other forms of club work hundreds of boys and girls who intend to make farming their life work.

DUCK FANCIERS TOLD HOW TO BREED DUCKS

Leaflet Prepared by Bureau of Biological Survey.

Simple, Three-Sided Shack Is Quite Sufficient in Most Climates—Breeding Season Opens Rather Early in Spring.

Uncle Sam is the best friend the wild ducks have, and it follows that he has a warm spot in his heart for the wild-fowler, too. In the interests of both he has prepared a leaflet on the propagation of wild ducks which may be had from the bureau of biological survey, Department of Agriculture, by anyone who asks for it.

Mallards are the easiest to handle, with wood duck coming next. Black ducks need more space than either of these because they are more sensitive—a bit "wilder." Widgeon and teal need winter shelter, if grown in the North, to a greater extent than their cousins, but the provisions for shelter need not be elaborate. For most ducks and most climates a simple, three-sided shack is sufficient, though extreme cold weather should find the ducks housed in a tight building with plenty of litter on the floor.

Fresh infusions of wild blood must be introduced from time to time if the birds are to keep their wild conformation.

Wild duck eggs are usually hatched under hens, though they may be hatched in an incubator. Breeding stock of whatever species should be obtained in the fall so as to be settled in its quarters before the breeding season, which comes rather early in spring. The leaflet describes the care and feeding of the young birds at every stage in their development from the yellow fuzz of the duckling to the gleaming iridescent feathers of the mature bird.

ICE HARVESTED FROM PONDS

Saves Much Money to Milk Producers and Provides Wherewithal for Home Comforts.

Ice harvested from ponds on the farm saves many dollars a year to milk producers and provides the wherewithal for many home comforts. The United States Department of Agriculture, in Farmers' Bulletin 1078, which may be had upon request, tells how to build an icehouse in the slack fall season and how to store ice economically and securely. One and a half tons of ice properly stored will serve to cool the milk from one cow for a year and leave some for family purposes.

CHECK BROWN SPOT OF CORN

Careful Field Sanitation, Crop Rotation and Seed Selection Aids in Controlling.

Brown spot of corn is present throughout a large part of the corn-growing section east of the Rocky mountains. The disease is caused by a minute fungous parasite. Damage may amount to 10 per cent, but is lower in most sections. Careful field sanitation, crop rotation, and seed selection are recommended by the United States Department of Agriculture as an aid in controlling the disease.

POULTRY NOTES

Wherever possible, the geese on a farm should have free range.

* * *

There is a great cash difference between 300 quality birds and 300 of medium quality or worse.

* * *

There are six requirements for a good poultry house; fresh air, sunlight, dryness, no drafts, low cost and durability.

DAIRY HINTS

LARGER IMPORTS OF BUTTER

For First Seven Months of This Year 22,855,090 Pounds Shipped to United States.

The record for butter imports established in 1919, when 9,519,368 pounds of butter and butter substitutes were brought into the United States, was short lived. Following the recent announcement of these important figures by the United States Department of Agriculture the department has compiled reports for the first seven months of this year which show that the United States during that period imported 22,855,090 pounds of foreign butter, which is more than ever before.

This remarkable increase is attributed by foreign marketing experts of the department's bureau of markets largely to the foreign exchange situation. With American dollars commanding a premium throughout the world it is obviously good business for foreign butter manufacturers to sell their product in the United States. Foreign manufacturers also have the advantage of low cargo rates. Another reason for the increased imports is that whereas England was formerly Denmark's principal butter outlet, England can now purchase butter more cheaply from Australia and Argentina. Ireland also is producing butter on a larger scale.

The effect of the exchange situation is also reflected in a decrease of American butter exports. Thus, 15,-

Federal Inspector Sampling Imported Butter.

527,271 pounds of American butter were exported during the first seven months of 1920, whereas 22,986,294 pounds were sent out of the country during the corresponding period of 1919.

Imports of butter from Denmark are being curtailed at present because the prices asked by the holders of Danish butter in storage here are higher than the wholesale prices for the American product, and some difficulty is being experienced in moving the Danish stock.

CORRECTNESS OF SEPARATOR

Minnesota Farmer Discovered He Was Losing 364 Pounds of Butterfat Every 30 Days.

Defects in the separator will, in the course of time, make heavy inroads on the dairyman's receipts from butterfat. For instance, the testing of skim milk to ascertain how the separator is working is not regarded important by some dairymen. But in the case of one herd of 35 cows in Minnesota, which produced 1,200 pounds of butterfat last June, the skim milk was tested and found to be carrying off 364 pounds of real butterfat every 30 days. This is vouched for by L. V. Wilson, agent in dairying for the United States Department of Agriculture with headquarters at University Farm. "This farmer," says Mr. Wilson, "purchased a new separator the next day after the skim milk was tested. This incident ought to be a sufficient lesson for prompting many others to determine the accuracy of their separators."

PUNCTUALITY IS ESSENTIAL

Dairyman Should Be Regular About His Work With His Herd—Feed Grain While Milking.

The dairyman should be punctual and regular about his work, for not only does the work itself depend on it, but the amount of milk the cow will give as well. In feeding, the grain should be fed first and while it is being consumed milking should be done. Hay should be fed after milking, for it fills the air with dust which carries immense quantities of mold and bacteria that will hasten the spoiling of the milk if permitted to enter it.

POOR SIRE DOES MUCH HARM

Thousands Pounds of Milk Per Year Is Estimated Improvement Credited to Purebred.

"A few poor cows may do little permanent harm to a dairy herd but a poor sire will do untold damage. One thousand pounds of milk per year is a conservative estimate of the improvement of the daughter's production to credit of a good sire."—Prof. W. J Frazer, University of Illinois.

Millions fo New Stom

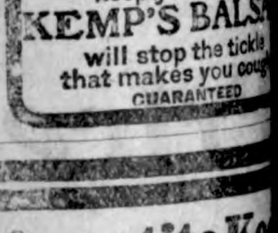
One of the greatest Americ... aires said to his physician, "... dollars, Doctor, spot cash and ... bling, for a new stomach," ... the sick man groaned and tur... All his wealth could not ... happy or contented, for happin... ly depends upon digestion. ... health where does happiness ... After all the stomach plays ... part in everyday life. W... healthy stomach and good dig... blood is thin, watery and ... heart action is weak, our liver ... do its duty, and man is mise... unhappy. Prevent disease by ... the house in order and stre... the system against the germs ...

Dr. Pierce, of the Invalids' ... Surgical Institute, at Buffalo ... years ago understood diseases ... prevention, and he discovered ... roots and herbs which were ... remedies, and succeeded in put... up in a form that could be ea... cured at the drug store (... tablets). This he called Dr. ... Golden Medical Discovery. T... covery gives no false stimula... cause it contains no alcohol or ... cotic. It helps digestion and ... similation of such elements in ... as are required for the blood. ... to the blood the food elements ... sues require. For over fifty ... has enjoyed the confidence ... American public. Try it now!

A New Log S

Cuts Faster, Costs Less, ... More Money for Users ... Works While You Re...

A new improved power log s... being offered, outdoes all other ... in cutting wood quickly and ... cost. A new 4-cycle, high pow... equipped with Oscillating M... no batteries to fail you—makes ... bite through logs faster than ... saws. It finishes its cut and is r... another before the ordinary saw ... started. This log saw—The Ottaw... a specially designed friction clu... trolled by a lever, which starts ... the saw without stopping the ... Others have imitated, but n... power log saw has this impor... just like the Ottawa. The Ottaw... Saw sells for less money th... power saw of anything like i...



The Improved Model, 4-H. P. Ottawa

One man wheels this outfit ... to cut and log to log like a ... Separate attachments cut do... and cut up branches. Extra p... the engine do heavy work of ... Owners of the Ottawa Log Saw ... at coal shortages and are mak... money with ease, the machine d... work. 35 to 50 cords cut any d... or dry, by one man, are normal ... And wood is approaching $20 ... The Ottawa is compact, simple ... able. It sells for cash or easy p... and is guaranteed. If you have ... cut the Ottawa Log Saw will ... most satisfactory machine you ... owned. We suggest that you w... Ottawa Mfg. Co., 2724 Wood St... wa, Kas., for their complete ... trated book and prices, sent ... all readers of this paper.

Appetite Ke and Bowels Relieved

You can relish your meals with... of upsetting your liver ... or stomach if you will ... put your faith in ... Carter's Little ... Liver Pills. ... Foul accumu... lations that ... poison the ... blood are ex... pelled from the bowels and the... dizziness and sallow skin are re...

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small ...

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will reduce inflamed, ... Joints, Sprains, Bruises, ... Bunches; Heals Boils, ... Evil, Quittor, Fistula, ... infected sores ... as it is a positive ... and germicide. ... use; does not blister ... the hair, and you can work ... $2.50 per bottle, delivered. ... Book 7 free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment ... reduces Painful, Swollen Veins. Wonderful ... stops pain and inflammation. Price $1.25 ... dealers or delivered. Will tell you more if ... Liberal Trial Bottle for 10c in stamps. ... W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 299 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Another Royal Suggestion

MUFFINS and COFFEE CAKE

From the NEW ROYAL COOK BOOK

BREAKFAST is too often eaten as a duty rather than a joy. The Royal Educational Department presents here some breakfast dishes that will stimulate the most critical appetite.

Muffins

2 cups flour
2 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
1 tablespoon sugar
½ teaspoon salt
1 cup milk
2 eggs
1 tablespoon shortening

Sift together, flour, baking powder, sugar and salt; add milk, well-beaten eggs and melted shortening; mix well. Grease muffin tins and put two tablespoons of batter into each. Bake in hot oven 20 to 25 minutes.

Coffee Cake

2 cups flour
¼ teaspoon salt
3 tablespoons sugar
4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder
2 tablespoons shortening
½ cup milk

Mix and sift dry ingredients; add melted shortening and enough milk to make very stiff batter. Spread ½-inch thick in greased pan; add top mixture. Bake about 30 minutes in moderate oven.

Top Mixture

2 tablespoons flour
1 tablespoon cinnamon
3 tablespoons sugar
3 tablespoons shortening

Mix dry ingredients; rub in shortening and spread thickly over top of dough before baking.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Made from Cream of Tartar derived from grapes.

SENT FREE

New Royal Cook Book containing scores of delightful, economical recipes, many of them the most famous in use today. Address

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
115 Fulton Street, New York City.

Seeking Information.

Hutchens, an examiner for the oard of accounts, tells a story Hoosier maid school teachers t in front of him in a street day last week when the anvention of the State Teachers' ion was in progress.

e you noticed how the people t their hands out of the sides r automobiles so much?" inone of the other.

" replied the other.

t do you suppose they do it they think it is raining, or —Indianapolis News.

BETTER DEAD

a burden when the body ed with pain. Everything s and the victim becomes ndent and downhearted. To back the sunshine take

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

ional remedy of Holland for over rs; it is an enemy of all pains refrom kidney, liver and uric acid . All druggists, three sizes.

the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

w Life for Sick Man

onic Works Magic

ave taken only two boxes of c and feel like a new man. It e me more good than anything writes C. O. Frappir.

nic is the modern remedy for omach, bloating, food repeating digestion. It quickly takes up rries out the acidity and gas ables the stomach to digest the aturally. That means not only from pain and discomfort but the full strength from the food t. Big box only costs a trifle our druggist's guarantee.

$5 for FORD Permanent Non-Skid Chains. $4.00 delivered. Instantly on and off. Big sales. Rowe Co., Plantaville, Conn.

Reprisal.

Music Teacher—Johnny, don't you know what your mother sends you here for?

Johnny—For spite. She wants me to be able to play worse than the girl in the next flat.—Boston Transcript.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

The Remedy With a Record of Fifty-four Years of Surpassing Excellence.

Those who suffer from nervous dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, torpid liver, dizziness, headaches, coming up of food, wind on stomach, palpitation and other indications of fermentation and indigestion will find Green's August Flower a most effective and efficient assistant in the restoration of nature's functions and a return to health and happiness. There could be no better testimony of the value of this remedy for these troubles than the fact that its use for the last fifty-four years has extended into many thousands of households all over the civilized world and no indication of any failure has been obtained in all that time where medicine could effect relief. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Shaft Peculiarly Situated.

A mining shaft in Sombrerete, Mex., is almost exactly on the Tropic of Cancer, and at noon on June 21, the sun shines to the bottom, lighting up the well for a vertical depth of 1,100 feet or more.

WHY DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription.

Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

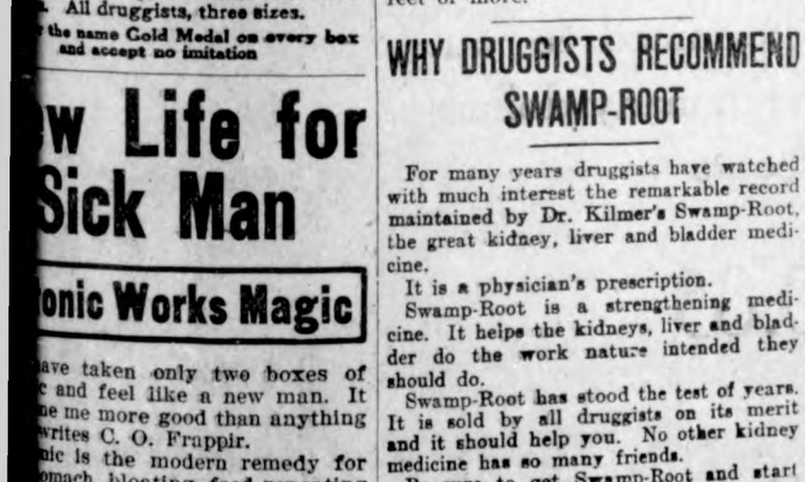
Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Knows Better.

Mrs. Grag—"Does your husband expect you to obey him?" Mrs. Grig—"Oh, no! He's been married before!"

Harvest 20 to 45 Bushel to Acre Wheat in WESTERN CANADA



Think what that means to you in good hard dollars with the great demand for wheat at high prices. Many farmers in Western Canada have paid for their land from a single crop. The same success may still be yours, for you can buy on easy terms.

Farm Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

located near thriving towns, good markets, railways—land of a kind which grows **20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre.** Good grazing lands at low prices convenient to your grain farm enable you to reap the **profits from stock raising and dairying.**

Learn the Facts About Western Canada

—low taxation (none on improvements), healthful climate, good schools, churches, pleasant social relationships, a prosperous and industrious people.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, reduced railroad rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

M. J. JOHNSTONE, 5th Street, DES MOINES, IOWA

Canadian Government Agent.

Home Town Helps

THE DRIFT FROM THE CITY

Foresighted Corporations Are Now Building Their Factories in the Rural Districts.

American corporations have sought, as a rule, to build plants at or near large cities, where there supposedly was an ample supply of suitable labor. But the building of factories at big cities has not proved altogether satisfactory. It has been found that labor union agitators can exercise more inflammatory influence in large centers than where plants are located in the smaller communities. The large-city plant often finds it difficult to establish close, intimate personal relations with its work people, whereas in a smaller town the executives who run the principal industries can and do very often get closer to their folk and build up harmonious relationships which outside professional agitators cannot bedevil.

From now on there will be witnessed more building of new plants away from congested centers. The most progressive employers today attach very great importance to bringing about a spirit of loyalty among their people, and they find that it is not so difficult to do this when their plant is either the only one or one of a few in a community.

This movement away from crowded industrial centers is to be welcomed. It is better for all concerned, for example, that new cotton mills be built in Texas than in Fall River, new woolen mills in the Middle West than in Lawrence, Mass., and huge new automobile plants in small towns than in Detroit.

It may not be feasible for millions of workers to go "back to nature" in the sense of returning to the tilling of the soil, but it is feasible and desirable to draw millions of industrial workers away from metropolitan cities and into more rural districts.—Forbes Magazine.

HOME OWNER BEST CITIZEN

Can Be Relied On as a Bulwark of the State in These Times of Unrest.

In a message to the realtors of the United States, John L. Weaver, president of the National Association of Real Estate Boards, said that no more important campaign could be undertaken in these times of unrest than that exemplified by the "own-your-own-home" movement.

"Own your own home," said Mr. Weaver, "is a slogan country-wide in its use. It is reasonable, comfortable and upbuilding in good citizenship. Where the own-your-own-home movement has worked its beneficent influence there will be found contented, constructive citizenship, composed of men and women who are not only law-abiding, but are ever ready to strike a blow for country or state whenever called upon to do so.

"So I beg you to give the own-your-own-home movement the added impetus of your personal effort, to give the national thrift campaign your hearty support."

Referring to the "own-your-own-home" movement, John Poole, chairman of the district executive committee on national thrift, said: "Persons living at home may feel sure their family circles will be much happier than under other conditions. From a financial standpoint, persons waste less time, money and energy by living at home. Practically speaking, the nation's welfare depends upon the home. Around home life center the characteristics that make a nation weak or strong."—Washington Star.

War Gardens in Peace Times.

From out the chaos and the debris of the World war there shine here and there benefits the value of which we have hardly begun to appreciate. The war garden carried over into the times of peace is one of these benefits which, if encouraged and continued to its fullest degree, will work an immeasurable blessing upon not only the individuals immediately concerned, but upon the nation at large.

It has been conservatively estimated that during the year 1918 no less than 2,500,000 children had gardens and produced fully $48,000,000 worth of food. In 1919 and 1920 there was an increase in the number and value of these gardens in some sections and, unfortunately, a falling off in other sections.

Numerous as these gardens were and are, there is opportunity to multiply them tenfold, perhaps one hundredfold—and this without appreciable financial outlay.

Aimed at Billboards.

A bill recommended by a commission appointed by the Boston city council provides that the owner or user of a sign shall be liable for all damages in any highway accident of which the sign is the approximate cause. The bill provides that no sign shall be placed or be of such a nature that it tends to distract the attention of persons driving on a highway, and every public officer is given authority to destroy any sign which is so placed as to prevent an unobstructed view of a highway from any part thereof for a distance of 300 feet in either direction.

Live Stock News

SELECTING BEST BEEF CALF

Animal Must Have Proper Conformation, Breed Type and Good General Appearance.

If the beef calf selected for raising is to develop into a useful, profitable individual for breeding purposes, it must be a good calf as well as the descendant of good ancestors. Keep in mind that you are either selecting a calf for a herd bull or for a foundation breeding cow. To be classed as a good calf it must have the proper form, which is sometimes spoken of as "type" or "conformation." If you expect to select a calf with these necessary requirements, you should become familiar with them. Study pictures of famous animals; note their form. A score card of the breed you are most interested in would be useful. Learn the different parts of a beef animal and the method of examination in judging them.

In selecting the calf, first get an idea of its general appearance. This you may do by looking at it from a distance of from 10 to 15 feet, observing its weight or growth according to age, conformation, quality, condition, body, breed type, and general disposition. Observe it closely, beginning at the head and neck, then forequarters, body, and hindquarters, in order named. If a bull is selected, it should not have the appearance of a heifer or a steer, but the strong, vigorous, masculine appearance of a bull in every detail. If a heifer is selected, she should have the feminine appearance of a good breeding cow rather than the possible coarseness or roughness of a steer.

Thus observing the calf without putting your hands on it, select one that is stylish and active. When viewed from the front it should have a short face, large muzzle, wide forehead, short neck, and a wide, deep chest, indicating a strong, vigorous constitution. When looked at from the side its back should be straight and level from top of shoulders to the tail. It should have a deep body and smooth, long

Calf of Desirbale Type—Note the Beef Conformation and Excellent Breed Characteristics Shown in This Heifer.

hindquarters. When viewed from the rear it should present a wide, deep appearance. While as much width as possible is desired, it should not be accompanied with roughness about the shoulders and the hips or hocks. The legs should be rather short, stout, and set wide apart. A calf that stands high from the ground, cut up in the flank, and shallow in the heart girth, has little chance of developing into a useful or profitable breeding animal.

After you have found a calf with good general appearance, have someone hold it so that you can put your hands on it. This is the best way to determine what are called "condition" and "quality." Condition means the amount of flesh and fat the calf has. Select a calf in good growing condition, but not excessively fat. The beef calf for breeding purposes should have great depth of natural flesh and be free from roughness or coarseness in any way. By running the open hand along the back and sides with a slight pressure of the finger tips the amount and quality of condition may be determined. A calf in proper growing condition, while not possessing the depth of flesh of a mature animal, should have a smooth, even covering of firm though not hard flesh along its back and sides and over the shoulders.

Quality may be determined by the eye of the experienced judge, but the hand may also be used to advantage. All the following indicate quality: A thick coat of hair that feels soft and silky and looks glossy; a loose, pliable skin that does not seem thick, rough, or tightly stretched over the body; and rather short legs that appear to have strong, clean bones without roughness or coarseness.

A calf showing early maturity, as indicated by the tendency to put on an even covering of rather firm flesh, is desirable.

Color is of little importance as long as the calf selected has the approved color of the breed desired. There are, however, popular shades and color markings of the different breeds, which you will learn from further study of the breed selected.

COMMON SHEEP SCAB CAUSES

Ailment May Be Differentiated From Conditions Caused by Pestiferous Ticks or Lice.

Common sheep scab may be differentiated from conditions caused by other parasites, such as sheep ticks, common ticks and lice by finding the parasite and by the nature of the lesion. If the itching is caused by ticks an examination will reveal the ticks.

say BAYER Aspirin

Then it is Genuine

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years and proved safe by millions.

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Pain, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Famous Fish Family.

Pickerel is diminutive for pike, and is applied to the smaller species of the pike family and to the young of the larger species. It is most often applied to the banded pickerel, which seldom exceed 12 inches in length. The muskellunge is a very large species of pike, sometimes attaining a length of eight feet. It is found in northen fresh waters of North America, and is a famous game fish.

USE "DIAMOND DYES"

Dye right! Don't risk your material in a poor dye. Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into old garments, draperies, coverings, everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes" — no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed. Druggist has "Diamond Dyes Color Card"—16 rich colors. Adv.

Narrow Minded.

A narrow-minded man is one who won't admit it, but really believes that the world would be better off if there were no one living on it but himself.—Detroit Free Press.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly without scars. 30c and 60c by all druggists. For free sample write The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill.—Adv.

Usage of Language.

"He's all wool."

"I can't cotton to him."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Don't think a floating debt is necessarily a light one.

Its Nature.

"This bacon is neither very good nor very bad."

"How could you expect it to be either when it is just middling?"

How's This?

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—cure Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh. We do not claim to cure any other disease.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a liquid, taken internally, and acts through the blood upon the mucous surfaces of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

All Druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Freakishness in art subsists on the acquiescence of hosts who don't care one way or another.

Stop finding fault. Laugh a little bit every day. It is the straight road to the best there is.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Cuticura Soap —The Healthy— Shaving Soap

Cuticura Soap shaves without mug. Everywhere 25c.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 65c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

Begin Right Now to Conquer Your Rheumatism

If you are going to again rely upon the liniment bottle to try to rub your Rheumatism away, you will be doomed again to nothing but disappointment. A disease that can cause so much pain and suffering is not on the surface of the skin, and cannot be rubbed away.

Many forms of Rheumatism are caused by a tiny disease germ in the blood, and in such cases the only logical treatment is to search out and remove these germs from the blood.

For this purpose there is no more satisfactory remedy than S.S.S., the fine old blood remedy that has been in use for more than fifty years, and has given such general satisfaction for Rheumatism.

Begin taking S.S.S. today, and if you will write a complete history of your case, our medical director will give you expert advice, without charge. Address Chief Medical Director, 160 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

When Children are Sickly

TRADE MARK

are Constipated, Feverish, Cry out in their sleep, Take cold easily, Have Headaches, Stomach or Bowel trouble, Try

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN

They are pleasant to take and a certain relief. They act on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels and tend to correct intestinal disorders. 10,000 testimonials from mothers and friends of little ones telling of relief. No mother should be without a box of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for use when needed. *Ask to-day.* At Druggists. The need of them often comes at inconvenient hours.

Used by Mothers for over thirty years.

Do Not Accept Any Substitute for MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS.

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

FREE! FREE!

We, Henry Lau & Son, will give a prize to three farmers or persons who buys the most goods from us, for cash, untill the 18th of December 1920. The highest buyer will get free $10.00 worth of Salvet or Sal-tonic or a chicken feeder. The second highest will get $5.00 worth of Salvet or Sal-tonic or Poultry tonic or Poultry Pep. The third will get $3.00 worth of Salvet or Saltonic or a Sanitary Grit Box for Poultry. The above will also be given to the three partys that bring us that most live or dressed poultry till the 18th of December,

Henry Lau & Sons

We are informed that Miss Anna Griewe will soon leave Klemme as she has a good position at the Damon Igou Store at Mason City, which is one of the largest ladies' furnishing and dry goods stores in this part of the state. As we get it, she will take the position formerly held by Hulda Johnson, as Mis Jsohnson leaves for California. Miss Griewe will be missed from the Wellemeyer store as she is a very pleasant lady and always has a smile for the customers coming to the Wellemeyer store here.

News is rather scarce this week, but thanks to some of our friends, for during our absence the past week they jotted down items for us adn it helps a lot. We wish they would do it every week for it helps to give our readers a better paper. We are rather rushed this week as we have to make up time for what we lost on last week. We promise more news, when our reportr, Mrs. Jorgenson, returns in a couple of weeks.

A baby boy is reported to have arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Stille on Saturday, November 20.

The Editor of the Times returned Tuesday morning from a week's visit at Kansas City. The object of our trip to that Missouri city was to visit our wife and our baby son. Mrs. Jorgenson and the baby will remain at Kansas City at the home of her sister until about Christmas time when they will return to Klemme again. Both are real anxious to get back to Klemme again. We found the weather in Kansas City ws about the same as that experienced here the past week and the sun only shone a couple of days during our stay.

Notice—Pay up everybody. We ueed the money to pay hur bilis. Henry Lau and Son.

BASKET SOCIAL — The Klemme school will hold a Basket Social at the Idle Hour Theater Friday, Dec. 10th. Good program. Bring your baskets. Everybody invited.

Replacement.

Good reasons must, of force, give place to better.—Shakespeare.

The Klemme Times

Entered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year, in advance.....$2.00
One Year, outside of county...$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES

Display, per column inch.....25c
Readers, per line.....10c
Classified or want ads, per line...10c
Card of Thanks, each.....50c

Legal Notices at legal rates.
Black-face lines double charge.

No local or classified ad accepted for less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. Regular advertisers are given a special display rate.

Many Miles of Piping.

If the water and gas mains which underlie the streets of New York city were placed end to end they would form a continuous pipe line sufficiently long to reach from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast.

Fearful and Wonderful.

Helen's mother had told her that her legs and arms were like the limbs of the tree and her body like the trunk. One night Helen bumped her knee and running into the other room cried: "Oh, mamma, I hurt the limb of my suitcase."

Blessed Quality of Mercy.

"Blessed are the merciful; for they shall obtain mercy." Does not that refer to one's mental judgments as well as to one's outward acts, to the spirit with which we view our neighbors as well as to our conduct toward them?

Bell That Worked Miracles.

Many tales of the supernatural are told concerning evil spirits and the efficacy of bells in warding them off; likewise regarding the power of consecrated bells for bringing blessings. In an old chapel at Killin in Perthshire, Scotland, was a bell called that of St. Fillan, which had the reputation of curing lunacy. After the sufferer had spent a night in the chapel he was in the morning placed with great solemnity under the bell, and in many cases recorded in the old chronicles the faith was rewarded.

This Bank Will Help You Solve Present Day Problems

We thoroughly appreciate the changed condition of today, the desirable and necessity of business and production expansion.

Every man ows it to himself and the public good to exrend his business and producing activities to the limit of legitimate endeavor.

We welcome calls for help, financial or advisory, to this end.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 3% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA.

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGEON**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatment
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Overcoat and Suit price down to the Last Notch!

No better made, reduced to the very minimum of price. Its costing us money in many instances to sell at these prices but we're determined to out do every one on value. These classifications and prices mean many dollars of saving to you. Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats

$27.85 $34.85 $40.85

Our Overshoe Department

We're going to place on sale our entire stock of Men's and Boys, Shoes completely at your mercy.

We'll save you from **$2.50** to **$3.00** per pair on all high grade shoes.

Beautiful shades of mahogany aud russets in this sale. Come in and make your selections from the largest assortment of shoes in the county.

Rubber Goods

Big Reductions on All Rubber Goods such as 4 and six Buckle Rubber Artics, also 1 and 2 Buckle

We reserve nothing in the Dress Line-.---Everything Goes

Get fitted out for winter at practically your own price

You'll need Rubber Footwear from now on, also some of those good Sheep-lined Moccosins.

Get to Know

Gildner Bros. & Johnsan

Sixteen Stores **The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes** **Garner, Iowa**

THE KLEMME TIMES

nty-fifth Year Number 14 | Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, December 9, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

MS PEOPLE ARE BILKED

Declares Grain Pit Gamblers In Conspiracy

SHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Assert-mbling in grain is the chief for the slump in prices of products, Senator Capper of today declared that there is in gamblers' conspiracy to bilk ople and farmers out of hun-of millions of dollars."

his statement, Capper made the bill he will introduce in nate Monday, to break up grain ing by imposing a tax of 10 nt on all deals in grain futures, except when actual delivery is contemplated.

To Stop All Gambling

"This bill," said Capper," will stop all gambling in wheat, corn, cotton and other farm products. It will eliminate the wheat pit and blackboard. It will put out of business the thousands of wire houses and bucket shops operating in every city in the United States.

"The Chicago Board of Trade, as now conducted, is the world's greatest gambling institution. More wheat was sold in Chicago in October than was raised in the United States this year. This year's corn crop was sold 14 times in Chicago before a bushel of corn had reached the markets. Only about 1 per cent of the trading done in futures represents bona fide transactions for actual delivery.

Farmer Is "Goat"

"Because a lot of gamblers find it convenient to bet on the daily quotations, the farmer, who has been forced to sell his hogs and cattle at a loss while meat still sells at war prices, is again made the goat. The farmer ha aready lost more than a billion dollars by the bear raid on the board of trade."

The Senate and House Agricultural committees continued their joint conference today on measures for relief of farmers. Representatives of cotton growers were to be heard.—Des Moines News.

WE HONESTLY BELIEVE IN THE VALUE OF OUR

LUMBER SERVICE TO YOU

Winter Is Here!

Fix up for winter now. We have torm Sash, Storm Doors, Paper for overing screen doors and banking the ouse.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

HOCUM SELLS ELEVATOR TO FARMERS

Last week we briefly mentioned the tarnsaction concerning the new Farmers Elevator. Mr. M. O. Hocum has been in the elevator business here for the past four years and has established a fine business. Last week he sold his elevator interests to the newly organized Farmers Co-Operative Grain Co., of Klemme. The deal included the elevator, office, coal buildings, machinery, etc., and the good will of the business. Mr. Hocum, however, will remain in business until about the first of May next year when the new grain company will take the helm. Mr. Hocum still has other property in Klemme, as he owns a fine residence and a number of lots on Main street, besides some lots located near the railroad tracks. He is undecided at this time as to what he intends to do when he steps from the grain business here. The Farmers Co. will conduct a general grain and coal business and we also understand will handle feed, salt and twine. As yet they have not selected a manager for the concern but they will put a good man at the head of the business when they take possession next year.

IVORY WALRUS TUSKS STOLEN FROM STATE UNIVERSITY

Robbers entered the museum at the State University at Iowa City the other night and stole a number of valuable walrus tusks from mounted animals. Ivory is high priced now and the haul will perhaps net the thieves a nice little sum of money. The tusks will be replaced with plaster of paris imitations.

THE CASH RENTER'S PREDICAMENT.

A renter was talking. This is about what he said: "I had fair crops. But I will be glad to turn every bushel of them over to my landlord and call things square. My cash rent will take all I have ahead."

It is the ebb of the tide. Somehow such periods come and go like the ocean tides. There comes a period of inflation. Renters bid againts each other. It looks to them as tho the high prices will stay long enough for a big clean up. They speculate. And then the tide ebbs and the fish that waited too long find themselves gasping in the puddles.

Years ago over in Illinois rents sprung high. Then came the ebb. Young Cantrell had the finest farm in the section. His renter paid high rates under a cash lease. The pinch came as the pinch comes suddenly. The renter stood to go broke. Young drove out to see him. They took an invoice of all the crops. "Sell them", said Young, "and give me one-half of the proceeds." Then he tore up the lease. A number of others followed his example. And they kept the cream of the renters on their farms. The future justified them.

But there is another side to it. Jones has his 160 paid for by hard work and economy and rents it for cash rent. He finds that living in town comes high. If he got $15 an acre rent it brought him $2,400. Out of that he must pay taxes on the farm and on the city property, repair and the lime and incidentals. He has no other income. What's Jones going to do? When he cuts the rent half in half where is he to find the money to meet obligations already made and falling due? In that case both landlord and tenant are up the same tree.

Yet there should, wherever possible, be an adjustment, so far as humanely possible to make it. The farm needs the thrifty and capable tenant farmer. It will pay the landlord who is able to do it to save a good tenant farmer and keep him on the farm. The best investment a land owner can make is a good renter.—Times Republican.

GREEKS VOTE FOR RETURN OF KING

ATHENS, Dec. 6—Returns from the plebescite held throughout Greece yesterday appear to indicate an overwhelming majority in favor of former King Constantine's resuming the power as king.

The plebescite was considered farcical in this city and in the country at large. Reports for the nation generally already indicate a majority of 500,000 in favor of the return of Constantine, claims are made that the entire electorate of 500,000 voted for him.

All arrangements have been made for the return of Constntine from Switzrland. It is pointed out in this city by adherents of the former king that the allies "do not understand that the people demand Constantine, and are losing time writing notes."

KLEMME MERCHANTS PREPARE FOR HOLIDAYS

We have visited all the stores in Klemme and find that each merchant has or is unpacking his holiday merchandise and we will say right here that the Klemme merchants have as fine a line of goods this year as can be found anywhere and the price is as low as anywhere else, in fact we notice that the prices are lower than can be found in the larger cities. Some of the merchants have decorated their windows in holiday fashion and it looks very much as if Santa Claus will come a little bit earlier this year. And then we also want to remind you to "Do Your Christmas Shopping Early!"

Notice to Automobile Owners.

Notice is hereby given that the Automobile Licenses for 1921 are now due. Penalty attaches January 1st, 1921.

Application cards can be procured at the banks, garages or at the County treasurer's office.

Auto license fees are the same as 1920. If you send your application by mail, remit by draft or cashier's checks. Personal checks will not be accepted unless cetified to by bank drawn on.

THOS. H. THOMPSON,
County Treasurer.

BASKET SOCIAL WELL ATTENDED

The basket social held in the A. G. Lau school last week Friday evening in Liberty township, was a success in every way. A large crowd was in attendance in spite of the bad roads. The bidding was liberal throughout. The fifteen ladies baskets sold for an average of $3.00 each, the school girls' baskets also brought a good price. After the sale of the baskets the committee sold hot coffee, cake and sandwiches and everybody enjoyed a royal good time. The program was fine and was enjoyed by all The teacher, Miss Stromer must have credit for the coaching she did for the play, "Playing Fair" which was given by the pupils that evening as it was superior to most school plays for entertainment. The money realized that evening was about $64. This will be used to build the school to a higher standard as the teacher and the school directors intend to standardize this school within another year.

LITTLE GIRL KILLED WHEN HIT BY AUTO

We clipped the following news item from the Des Moines Register and we believe the A. W. McElmurray mentioned is the young man who formerly conducted the barber shop in Klemme. It is a very unfortunate accident. The article is as follows:

WEBSTER CITY, Ia., Dec. 2nd—Blanche Richardson, 8 years old, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Richardson, who live on West Third street, was almost instantly killed when she was truck by an automobile driven by A. W. McElmurray.

NOTICE OF MEETING

The members of the Farmers Shipping Association, of Klemme, are requested to meet at the Idle Hour Theatre, on Thursday, December 16, at 1:00 P. M. By the Secretary. 1wp

WORD IS RECEIVED OF THE DEATH OF FORMER KLEMME WOMAN

Word was received in Klemme the fore part of the week of the death of Mrs. Wm. Werner. It will be remembered that the Werners lived in Klemme a couple of years ago and he held a position in the Klemme Meat Market. Later the family moved to Garner and "Billie" worked in the Larsen Market there. He was stricken with influenza during the epidemic and later died of tuberculosis. Mrs. Werner then went to Chicago later and she and the child lived with an aunt and uncle. Mrs. Werner died two weeks ago toay, the exact cause we are not certain. Some tell us she contracted tuberculosis from her husband and that caused her death, others say she died of heart trouble. Both Mr. and Mrs. Werner were fine people. They came to this country from Germany only a few years ago an have always worked hard but their case seemed one of hopeless despair and now the little family is out of existence. We understand the child has been adopted by Mrs. Werner's aunt in Chicago.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

Advertisers are hereby notified that changes of copy for advertisements must be in this office not later than Tuesday noon to insure publication in current issue.

This rule must be complied with especially during the rush of the holiday season, and we trust that our advertisers will lend us this co-operation in the future.

Please bear this in mind and thus save disappointment and confusion.

BANK FAILURE AVERTED

Clarion Monitor:—The nine directors of the State Bank of Belmond came to the rescue of that institution Monday and guaranteed its depositors against loss on account of the defalcation of its cashier, John Berg, when the bank examiner reported him short in his accounts. The amount is in the neighborhood of $140,000 and was largely due to land speculations. To off set this Mr. Berg has turned over to the bank all of his property, which includes his equity in several farms. The other bankers of the county sent representatives to Belmond Monday, each with a large roll of cash, but it was not needed as matters were fixed up as above stated.

A Sure Bet.

The man who carries water on both shoulders generally gets wet.

HARVEY STILLE AND BLANCHE LILLJENBERG MARRIED AT GARNER MONDAY

Harvey Stille and Miss Blanche Lilljenberg, both of this place, quietly slipped to Garner Monday morning on the passenger and very few Klemme people, if any, suspected that they were "stealing a march." But such is evidently the case as far as we can learn for we have it from reliable authority that Harve purchased a marriage license of the county clerk Monday morning and that was all we could learn. But as they say "figger it out for yourself" and we just surmise that they were married at Garner that day by some preacher or other and left from there on a honey moon trip for a week or so. Anyway both are fine young people and are popular in Klemme. Just when or where they will go to housekeeping we do not know but will inquire of the happy Groom and his Bride when they return to Klemme. Now boys, get lined up for the smokes!

MAIL YOUR PARCELS NOW

Christmas is but a little over two weeks away now and so we want to remind you of a very important thing. As we stepped into the postoffice the other morning we noticed a placard over the stamp window which Postmaster Waterman had placed here. It read something like this if we remember right, "Mail your Christmas Parcels now and avoid the rush and chances for loss or delay. Wrap your parcels securely and have the address of the sender and the party to whom sent written plainly on the package." So we will help our good friend the post master to pass the word along. Mail your parcels now!

EAGLE ATTACKS CHILD

Members of Family Beat Bird And Save Baby

Glencoe, Wyoming—It took the combined efforts of the Spaulding family yesterday to save 8-year-old Walter Spaulding from being carried away by a giant eagle at their ranch here.

The huge bird, with a wing spread of eight feet, attacked Walter in the ranch yard. He grasped the eagle by the neck and screamed for help.

John, Walter's 7-year-old brother, came to the rescue, and a third boy ran for help. Mrs. Spaulding beat off the bird with a stick and the eagle attacked her. She was saved when Mr. Spaulding came with a shot gun and killed the bird.

THE PRAYER OF A MAN

Teach me that sixty minutes make an our, sixteen ounces one pound, and one hundred cents a dollar. Help me to live so that I can lie down at night with a clear conscience, without a gun under my pillow, and unhaunted by the faces of those to whom I

Grant that I may earn my meal ticket on the square, and that in earning it I may not stick the gaff where it does not belong.

Deafen me to a jingle of tainted money and the rustle of unholy skirts. Blind me to the faults of the other fellow, but reveal to me mine own.

Guide me so that each night when I look across the dinner table at my wife, who has been a blessing to me, I will have nothing to conceal. Keep me young enough to laugh with my children.

And when the smell of flowers and the tread of soft steps, and the crouching of wheels out in front, make the ceremony short and the epitaph simple: "Here lies a Man."—Selected.

Croquet, Too!

Jeer as the light-minded and frivolous may at the decorous and multifarious game of chess, the finger of suspicion has never been pointed at an international chess tournament and it has never been hinted that any of the players were seduced by the lures of the professional gamblers.—Springfield Union.

Venerate Sandal Wood

No wood is so largely used by Hindus in India as sandal wood. Whether living or dead, it has been connected with their religious ceremonies for over fourteen centuries.

Parents' Caprice.

It is no wonder that during infancy and early childhood life's lessons are so difficult for the small beginner when the laws which govern them must seem to him just or unjust, consistent or inconsistent, according to the knowledge or the caprice of the adult administering them.

Hammering Down Prices at the

OUTLET STORE

R. KELNER, PROP.

114 S. Federal Ave — *Mason City, Iowa*

Come and do your Christmas shopping here. We clothe and shoe the whole family at 50c on the $.

Bring this paper along and we will refund your fare.

LADIES' COATS

$119.00 Plush Coats.....$75.00
$ 75.00 Plush Fur Coats.....$49.50
$ 49.00 Hudson Bay Plush...$32.50
$ 45.00 Broad Cloth.....$32.50
$ 35.00 Broad Cloth.....$22.50

LADIES' DRESSES

$45.00 Tricotene.....$28.50
$40.00 Blue Serge.....$22.50
$25.00 Fancy Trimming.....$17.95
$25.00 Fancy Trimming.....$14.95

LADIES' SKIRTS

$16.00 Check and Blue.....$9.45
$14.50 Serge and Plaid.....$7.45
$12.00 Accordian Pleated.....$6.95

MEN'S SUITS

$65.00 All Wool Serge.....$33.50
$45.00 All Wool Worsted.....$27.50
$35.00 All Wool, all colors...$19.50
$25.00 Mixed and Fancy.....$17.50
$22.00 See Them.....$15.50

MEN'S OVERCOATS

$65.00 Broad Cloth seal collar,$45.00
$42.00 Broad Cloth.....$31.50
$36.00 Broad Cloth.....$24.50

MEN'S OVERALLS & JUMPERS

$3.00 Values.....$1.85

MEN'S SWEATERS

$12.00 All Wool.....$7.50
$ 5.00 Sweaters.....$1.95

LADIES' SHOES

$15.00 2 Tone Black and Tan $4.95
$12.50 All Styles.....$3.95
$ 8.00 All Colors, all sizes.....$2.95

MEN'S SHOES

$12.50 .....$7.45
$10.00 .....$6.45
$8.50 .....$4.95

BOYS' COATS

$30.00 Overcoat.....$18.00
$21.00 Overcoat.....$15.00
$15.00 Overcoat.....$ 7.50

BOYS' SUITS

$25.00 All Wool.....$12.45
$18.00 All Wool.....$7.95

LADIES' APRONS

$4.00 Fancy and Checks.....$1.95
$3.50 Fancy and Checks.....$1.75
$5.00 Fancy and Checks.....$2.95

PHOTOS SENT BY TELEPHONE WIRE

Demonstration of Teleostereograph, a French Invention, Proves Success.

EFFICIENCY SHOWN IN TESTS

Four Pictures Are Sent From New York to St. Louis, the Negatives Being Reproduced With Distinctness.

New York.—The first American demonstration of the teleostereograph, the invention of Edouard Belin of Paris, was held when four photographs were wired between this city and St. Louis. Each of the pictures went the 1,000 miles in about eight minutes, the negatives being reproduced with distinctness.

The tests were between the office of the World and the editorial rooms of the St. Louis Post Dispatch and were conducted by Mr. Belin who came to New York at the invitation of Ralph Pulitzer, proprietor of the World.

Efficiency Is Demonstrated.

"The instrument has demonstrated its efficiency and utility," Mr. Pulitzer said after the experiment, "and I am quite satisfied with the tests."

"Do you intend to introduce the teleostereograph in American journalism?" he was asked.

"Well, I am hoping to," he said, "but of course it has not quite reached the practical stage yet."

About seventy-five scientists, wire experts and newspaper men gathered to witness the trial. Mr. Belin and several assistants had the instrument all set up and special wires between the two cities were waiting.

"The transmission," declared A. C. Lescarboura, scientific writer, "is simply a matter of preparing a basrelief of the photograph, and then tracing that basrelief with a stylus connected to a telephone transmitter. The latter varies the current flowing over the wire in accordance with the relative height of any point of the basrelief record at any given moment. At the receiving end this current variation is translated into various gradations of light.

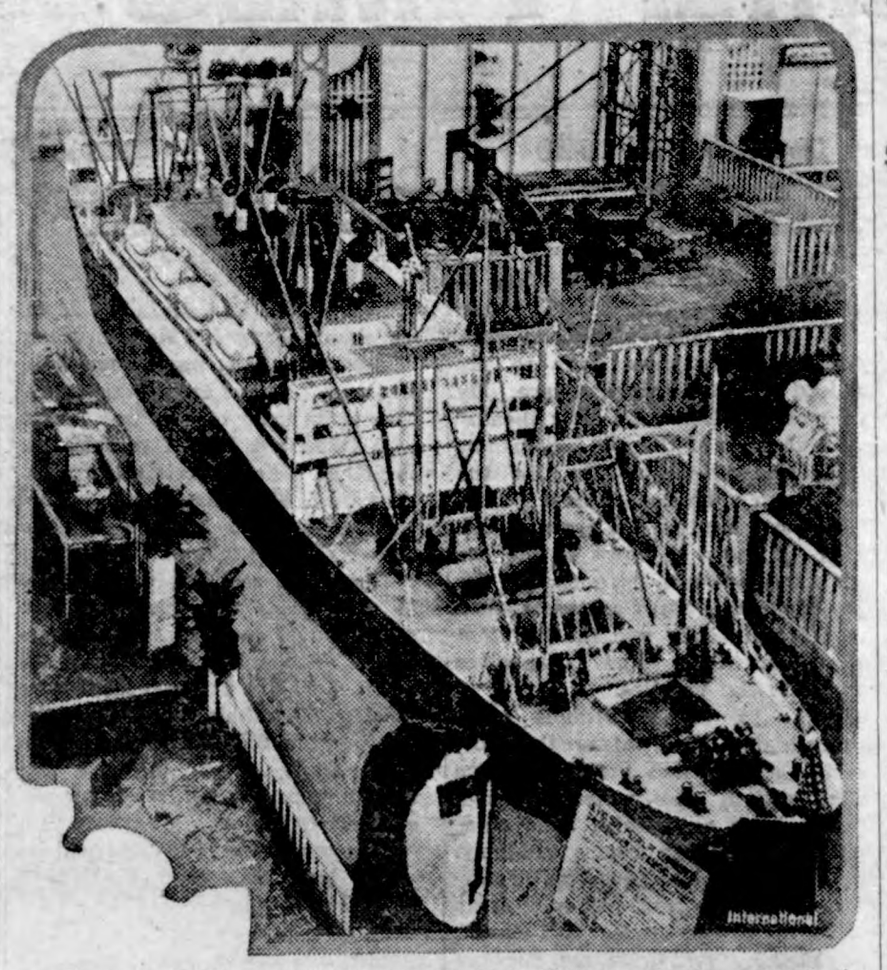
"The first step, then, is to prepare the transmitting record or plate. A copper cylinder forms the base of the record—which, incidentally, is of the size and appearance of the old fashioned phonograph records—and its surface is coated with a five per cent shellac solution.

Care of the Print.

"Meanwhile a carbon print is made in the conventional photographic manner from the photographic negative to be transmitted, after which the print is wrapped face to face with the shellacked copper cylinder. The cylinder with the print is then placed in hot water, with the result that the gelatin of the print adheres to the cylinder in accordance with its own degree of blackness, while the unexposed gelatine is washed away with the paper.

"In this manner a coating of uneven thickness is formed on the cylinder, or a photographic basrelief."

Marine Exposition in Chicago



Scene in the Marine exposition just held in Chicago. In the center is the steamship Port of Chicago, a one-tenth size model of a combined passenger and cargo ship.

EX-FIGHTERS IN CIVIL SERVICE

Sixty Thousand Have Passed Examinations for Positions Under the Government.

PUT SNAP INTO THE WORK

Amendments to the Law Establish Preference for Soldiers—Not Disqualified by War Wounds—Number Increases Steadily.

Washington.—The civil service is undergoing a change, for many former army men are "still in the service" and are injecting some of the old-time war pep into their handling of the mail, keeping records of government insurance, helping to liquidate the nation's war contracts, putting together the results of the 1920 census, opening up and irrigating and draining new government land, clerking in all the various government departments — doing anything that needs to be done around the national household. The number of ex-service men working for the government is increasing steadily, and today numbers 60,000 who have passed the examination and 40,000 who have been certified for appointment. At the present time the actual count is 15,750 ex-service folk now detailed for duty with the government, but with these new appointments the number will be doubled and trebled in the near future.

Like Old Times.

"It reminds a person of old times to wander through some government buildings and hear a head clerk shout out the never-to-be-forgotten 'snap to it,'" writes J. W. Rixey Smith. "Many a sedate and settled-for-the-ages government bureau has had its papers and its calm ruffled recently as the thousands of men who did their hitch in the army or the navy walked in under civil service to occupy desks in just about the same manner as they would take trenches. They hurl papers around as if they were throwing Mills bombs, and they chase in and out as if they were always after a German, bitterly lamented one old-timer about to be retired to make way for the new blood.

"Many amendments looking toward civil service jobs for ex-service men and women and their dependents have been added to the civil-service laws. Five such amendments and two executive orders of the President have been instrumental in opening the gates of government service as wide as possible to the ex-service man.

"One amendment establishes preference for all honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines, wives of disabled men and widows of service men in appointments to certain positions in the District of Columbia.

"Another amendment provides for the reinstatement of all civil service employees who went to war. Another restores to their places on the civil service eligibility list all those who lost their civil service status by reason of joining the military or naval forces.

"A fourth amendment makes it possible for a disabled ex-service man to hold a civil service position in spite of his disability upon the certification of the federal board for vocational education that he has been trained for and is capable of performing the work.

"The fifth and last amendment provides that, instead of the percentage of 70 required to be made on the regular civil service examinations, a percentage of 65 made by ex-service persons shall result not only in their passing but in their being placed on the civil service eligibility list above all others regardless of the marks made.

Civil Service Preference.

"Of the two executive orders of the President on the subject of civil service and the ex-service man, one provides for the reinstatement, within five years of an honorable discharge, of those who held positions before the war in the competitive classified service, and the other extends civil service preference regulations to all postmasterships of the first, second and third classes.

"Despite the fact that 60,000 war veterans are on the civil service eligibility list and that these changes have been made in the law in their interest, only 15,750 have so far received civil service appointments. There are two reasons for this: The first and most obvious is that there have not been 60,000 vacancies. The second is that the law requires in the making of the civil service appointments the names of the three highest eligibles shall be submitted to the department head. Where the name of an ex-service man is submitted, along with the names of two other persons who have made the highest marks of any civilians taking the examination, the department head may choose either the ex-service man or one of the other two eligibles for the position. Thus all of the congressional amendments and preference talk notwithstanding, the civil service job for the ex-service man depends in a great measure upon the department heads of the government.

"Salaries in the civil service vary greatly. The average departmental position in Washington pays anywhere from $1,200 to $3,500 a year, while many civil service positions in the work of the different departments throughout the country pay as low as $500 a year with quarters and mount as high as $5,000 a year. All salaries under $2,500 carry a yearly bonus of $240."

Take Her Word for It.

Indianapolis, Ind.—"Jim" the amnesia victim, who was identified by Mrs. James Val Morton of Cleveland as her husband, didn't even remember he had been married. When his wife called at the hospital and identified him Morton said: "If you say you are my wife, I guess you are, but I do not remember you."

Crazy Surgeon Kills Woman Under Knife

Berlin.—The remarkable case of a doctor going insane during an operation is reported from Schwerin. Councilor Surgeon Gebhard, while performing a minor operation on a woman, suddenly was seized with the hallucination he was in a clinic dissecting a cadaver. Doctor Gebhard accordingly cut up the woman, who died on the table.

On another occasion he cut off a soldier's arm and then failed to take measures to prevent the soldier from bleeding to death.

Doctor Gebhard now is in a Berlin sanatorium.

REBUILD THEIR RAZED HOME

French Family of 16 Capture Prize of 15,000 Francs Offered by Norman Davis.

Lens, France.—The Duborepere family of the little village of Meteren, near here, has been awarded the prize of 15,000 francs, given by Norman Davis of Washington through Mme. Jusserand, wife of the French ambassador, for the family which should rebuild its destroyed house in the devastated region without the assistance of carpenters, masons and other expert building workers.

The material was furnished by the David fund through the Secours d'Urgence and in three months the house was finished.

The Doborepere family consists of father, mother and 16 children, all living.

Experts say the house is worth over 50,000 francs. The material cost 15,000.

The Lure of Pickhandle Wine.

Charleston, W. Va.—Although "dry" officers are active, moonshining apparently is on the increase. In the northern part of West Virginia many raids have been made. The net result of the hauls is 31,000 gallons of mash, 631 gallons of moonshine, 500 quarts of other whisky and 3,000 gallons of pickhandle wine. All the raids were made during the month ending Oct. 15. But prison sentences don't seem to scare off the "shiners," though the federal court has been unusually severe and out of forty-five cases tried forty-three of the defendants were convicted.

Seven-Ounce Hen Pet of Pacific Coast Boy

Oregon City. — Eugene Kitzmiller, aged seven, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Kitzmiller of this city, is probably the owner of the smallest hen for her age in the state of Oregon. She is of a black-breasted red game breed, weighing seven ounces. She is six months and seven days old and struts around the yard with the big Rhode Island reds as if she owned the entire poultry yard.

"Miss Jones in the House?"

Lexington, Ky.—Because a girl was not "paged" when her mother was reported dying, all theaters, including the movies, must page people when the request is made.

PLAN U. S. LOAN TO AID FARMERS

Senator Hitchcock to Offer $60,000,000 Relief Measure Next Week.

GOV. HARDING FAVORS SCHEME

Money He Would Advance Is the Government's Share in Profits of the Federal Reserve Banks, Payable Next Month.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Immediate loans of $60,000,000 from government funds to aid farmers in the face of falling prices of their products is proposed by Senator Hitchcock (Dem.) Nebraska, in a bill drawn after a conference with Governor Harding of the federal reserve board.

Senator Hitchcock plans to present the measure when congress meets next week.

The money which Senator Hitchcock would have advanced to the farmers is the government's share in profits of the Federel Reserve banks, payable next month, and which under the law would be used to increase gold reserves or amortize Liberty bonds.

Loans would be made through the federal land banks on chattel mortgages or warehouse receipts with agricultural products or live stock as security. Loans on grain would be limited to six months and those on live stock to one year.

"This would be only a drop in the bucket toward meeting the enormous needs of agriculturists," said Senator Hitchcock, "but it would have a good effect beyond the actual amount of money made available."

Senator Hitchcock indicated that Governor Harding was favorably inclined toward the plan in view of the fact that the profits from the reserve banks would not be large enough to take up any substantial amount of Liberty bonds as compared with the amount outstanding.

Opposition to the revival of the War Finance corporation or any other of the governmental war emergency measures looking to the underwriting of prices and private business was expressed by Senator Edge of New Jersey, member of the senate committee on reconstruction.

The New Jersey senator declared he would support no measure for relief of the farmers which did not afford relief "for the other 90 per cent of the population."

MOSCOW THREATENS JAPAN

Soviet Government May Form Military Alliance With China Against the Japanese.

Berlin, Dec. 6.—The soviet government at Moscow threatens to make a military alliance with China against Japan unless the latter ceases its imperialistic policy at the expense of Siberia, according to advice from Moscow.

The last issue of the official soviet paper declares that the Japanese policy in the Far East is becoming more and more threatening day by day.

The paper closes with the statement that the soviet republic in the Far East and China, whose joint interests are endangered by Japanese imperialism, will be forced to take refuge in a military alliance to counter the Japanese plans on the Asiatic continent.

PLAN A YEAR'S MORATORIUM

Georgia Governor Considers Calling Extra Session of Legislature to Enact Stay Law.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 4.—Governor Dorsey has under advisement a request from Commissioner of Agriculture Brown for an extra session of the legislature for the purpose of enacting a stay law, or moratorium, to run for a period of 12 months. The commissioner expressed the belief that it would be necessary for similar laws to be enacted by all the cotton states to get the full benefit of such an expedient.

FRICK ESTATE TAX $2,000,000

Sum of $37,000,000 in Contest in Allegheny County Over Millionaire's Wealth.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 3.—The Henry C. Frick estate, through the register of wills of Allegheny county, sent to the state treasury $2,000,000 inheritance tax in partial payment. The sum of $37,000,000 is in contest and the payment made was subject to disposition of the case.

Lumber Prices Cut Again.

Milwaukee, Dec. 4.—Lumber prices took another tumble when Milwaukee dealers announced a cut ranging from 7 to 11 per cent. The total reduction from the top price now reaches 25 per cent.

Britain Signs Trade Pact.

London, Dec. 4.—Leonid Krassin, Bolshevik minister of trade and commerce, already has been handed the British trade agreement, which has been signed, says a wireless message from Moscow.

ARTHUR GRIFFITH

Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein and vice president of the "Irish republic," who was arrested by the British authorities.

SACK KILLARNEY SHOPS

Uniformed Men Smash Windows in Irish City.

Persons to the Number of 673 Have Been Killed or Injured Up to November 27.

London, Dec. 4.—Uniformed men visited Killarney, Ireland, and smashed nearly all the windows in the business section of the city. Damage estimated at several thousand pounds was done with small hammers and stones, says a Cork dispatch to the Evening News.

Glasgow, Dec. 4.—The police arrested six persons of Irish nationality here, three of them women, on charges of treasonable conspiracy. It is stated that gelignite, gunpowder, guncotton, detonators, hand grenades, revolvers and cartridges, as well as Sinn Fein literature, were found in their houses.

London, Dec. 4.—The government suffered a defeat in the house of lords when an amendment to the Irish home rule bill submitted by Baron Oranmore and Browne, providing for the establishment of a senate for southern Ireland, was carried against the government by a vote of 120 to 36. It was explained that the object of the amendment was to safeguard the minority southern unionists. Lord Shannon moved an amendment providing for a joint session of the southern and northern senates as a substitute for the Irish council. This amendment was adopted, 48 to 34. An amendment bestowing a second chamber on the Ulster parliament also was adopted. Persons to the number of 673 have been killed or wounded in Ireland to November 27 of the present year by anti-government elements, according to a statement issued by the home office.

Operatives of Scotland Yard who are dealing with the Sinn Fein organization in London, continued active searching of residences and business houses in various parts of the city.

The police are maintaining the greatest secrecy with regard to their operations.

HARDING TO TALK IN SENATE

President-Elect Considers It His Duty to Speak Out on Weighty Matters.

Aboard the Steamship Pastores, Via Charleston, S. C., Dec. 4.—President-elect Harding will speak in the United States senate on Monday, an unprecedented innovation in American legislative history. He feels it his duty, it was learned, as a senator to attend the opening of the congressional session.

The President-elect, it is declared, feels this action on his part is made necessary by his campaign declarations in which he said he would take congress into conference on weighty matters and thinks this is a good time to give recognition to that new status.

INDICT 2 IN BUILDING-TRUST

New York Grand Jury Takes First Action on Charges of Graft in That City.

New York, Dec. 4.—Two indictments returned by the extraordinary grand jury in connection with investigation of the "building trust" were directed against John A. Philbrick, a dealer in masons' supplies, and Joseph Penny, secretary of the Builders' Supply bureau.

Another Irish Ambush.

London, Dec. 6.—Six policemen were ambushed at Youghal, Ireland. One was wounded and one is missing. At Random the bodies of three volunteers, who were shot near that town, were discovered lying near the road.

Rob Ohio Bank of $177,000.

Columbus, O., Dec. 6.—Five armed auto bandits, in a daylight robbery, secured $5,000 in cash, $3,000 in Liberty bonds and non-negotiable notes valued at about $169,000 at the First National bank of Grove City.

VOTE AUSTRIA INTO LEAGU

Commission on New States Unanimous in Action on Admitting Republic.

WOOD TO HEAD ARMENIA AR

Notification of Wilson's Plan to Mediate in Armenia Is Received by Assembly—Council Drafts Note Accepting His Proposal.

Geneva, Dec. 3.—Austria was unanimously voted a member of the League of Nations by the commission for admission of new states here. It is expected the assembly of the league will ratify this action.

A letter to President Wilson, accepting his offer to act as mediator in Armenia, was drafted by the council of the league here. Mr. Wilson's note, which was received here, was read to members of the council, and was received with marks of liveliest satisfaction.

"Poor old Europe will feel less abandoned," was a remark made by a member of the French delegation when discussing President Wilson's action. The news gave the assembly great relief.

The Armenian commission of the League of Nations assembly reported that it had reached a decision regarding the Armenian situation. The commission announced that it had decided to send an army of volunteers, headed by Gen. Leonard Wood, U. S. A., to assist in the arbitration by the United States between the Armenian republic and Mustapha Kemal."

The council of the league unanimously approved the invitation drawn up by the military commission calling on the United States to name a representative to sit on the commission.

Germany's protest against acceptance by the league of what the Berlin government deemed falsified returns from the plebiscites held in the Eupen and Malmedy districts along the Belgian frontier, has been rejected by the council. In its reply to the German government the council says it finds no reason to modify its decision not to accept the result of the plebiscite.

Washington, Dec. 2.—President Wilson has accepted the invitation of the League of Nations to act as mediator in the Armenian situation.

The President's acceptance is conditioned upon the use of moral influence. He explains that he is without authority to employ force without the consent of congress.

Geneva, Dec. 6.—Presentation and adoption of a resolution eliminating article ten from the covenant of the League of Nations before the end of the present session of the assembly would occasion no surprise here, it was declared in some quarters.

Assertions were made that Thursday's decision of the committee on the admission of new states, which has been in effect, that the article does not guarantee the territorial integrity of any member of the league, represented the view of a majority of the delegates at the present meeting.

This interpretation and the postponement of the consideration of certain changes in the covenant were the principal topics of conversation here.

GREET WIDOW OF MACSWINE

Thousands of Irish Sympathizers Welcome Widow of Late Mayor of Cork.

New York, Dec. 4.—The steamship Celtic, bearing Mrs. Muriel MacSwiney, widow, and Miss Mary MacSwiney, sister of the late Terence MacSwiney, lord mayor of Cork, who died in a hunger strike in Brixton prison, London, arrived here.

Mrs. MacSwiney comes to testify before the committee of one hundred now inquiring at Washington into conditions in Ireland.

Thousands of Irish sympathizers greeted them at the pier, and several squads of police reserves were called out to insure order.

ROB C. M. & ST. P. MAIL TRAI

Men Board No. 6 at Minneapolis and Escape With 100 Pieces of Registered Articles.

Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 4.—Three young masked bandits held up and robbed the mail car on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul train No. 6, Mobridge, S. D., to Minneapolis, and after binding and gagging three mail clerks, escaped with a pouch of registered mail and other packages, estimated to contain currency and papers worth between $50,000 and $75,000. This train was bound for Chicago.

Sinn Fein Countess Guilty.

Dublin, Dec. 6.—Countess Markiewicz, M. P., prominent Sinn Feiner, was found guilty by court-martial of conspiring to spread sedition and cause murder in Ireland. Sentence will be imposed later.

Cox Made Life Member.

New York, Dec. 6.—Governor Cox of Ohio, defeated Democratic nominee for President, accepted a life membership in the National Democratic club. "I feel highly complimented," said Governor Cox.

COMRADES OF PERIL

By RANDALL PARRISH

Copyright A. C. McClurg & Co.

A PINK RIBBON.

...psis.—Tom Shelby, a rancher, ... into the frontier town of ..., looking for a good time ... a long spell of hard work ... loneliness on the ranch. In... he runs into a funeral—that ...d Calkins, a retired army ... of whom little is known. A ... still in her teens, survives ...ns. McCarthy, a saloon keep... ...d Ponca's leading citizen, de... that the girl, now alone in ... world, should marry. She ...s to pick out a husband from ...score of men lined up in her ... To his consternation, she se... Shelby, who had gone along ...ly as a spectator. He declines ...honor. Indignant, the girl dis... ...es the assemblage. Shelby ... into two of the rejected suit... ...and in a fight worsts them ... Angered at their remarks, ...eturns to the girl, determined ...arry her, if she will have him. ...r his explanation she agrees to ...y him. The wedding takes ... and the couple set out for ...by's ranch. With them is ... Macklin, whom Shelby has ...d as a helper. On the way the ... tells her husband her name is ... Carlyn, and also tells him ...thing of the peculiar circum...ces of her life.

CHAPTER VI—Continued.

—5—

... made herself say these words ..., looking him frankly in the ...yet as he went outside, closing ...or behind him, seemingly quite ...ed with her readiness to abide ...uation, she bowed her head on ...rty table, and her body shook ...sobs which could no longer be ...ined. So this was what she had ...to—this! She had kept herself ... day with dreams; and this was ...ealization. She lifted her face ...ooked about, the tears still mist... ... her eyes; then she suddenly ...ed, and stood up with cheeks ...g, and lips firmly set. It was ...rible mess, to be sure, yet the ...itself was not so bad; she had ...in far worse; and once put in ... degree of order and cleanliness ...ght prove fairly comfortable in... She surveyed the scene, as re... ...d by the yellow flame of the ... her heart beating faster. This ...o be her home. She had come ...as mistress. It mattered not so ... what it was now, but what she ...d make of it. Her slender form ...htened with new determination. ...e was yet another door, and she ...ed out through it into a small ...o, the lamp held high over her ... This was evidently the kitchen, ...ining, as it did, a small cook ..., a sort of roughly built closet, ...sink, the latter stacked with un...ed dishes. An armful of split ... lay on the floor, and a half slab ...con hung to a nail.

...n gave vent to another laugh, ...his time there was no hint of hys... ... in it. She had found herself. ...sed still in the long duster, she ...down the lamp on a small table, ...dropping upon her knees, swiftly ...ed a fire in the stove. As the ... began to crackle cheerfully, she ...ched the closet for materials, re...ng to discover some dishes yet ...ed, together with remnants of ... sufficient for her purpose. There ... sugar, condensed milk, a few ...ly potatoes, a small sack of flour, ... half can of coffee. She dumped ...e out on the table, and began hum...g a tune, as she added the slab of ...n to these treasures. She was too ... by now to give another thought ...e dirt and disorder about her.

...elby was kept outside considera... ...longer than he had anticipated. ... buckskin, in spite of a sixty-mile ...ney, retained viciousness enough ...ick the lantern out of the Kid's ... and smash it into smithereens, ... compelling the two to work in ...ness. Macklin, unacquainted with ... surroundings, was of little use, ...most of the work had to be done ...Shelby in person. When it was all ... with both men were sweating ...usely, tired and angry, the Kid ...ing everything from the creation ...the world. Shelby, suddenly re...bering the girl left alone in the ...e all this time, lost the last grip ...is temper.

...Shut up!" he barked savagely. ...e had just enough of that. What ... you expect anyway—a reception ...mittee an' a banquet? Come on ...now; we'll hustle up some grub. ...e, you might as well tote a few of ...e things along with you."

...oth men loaded up with packages ...n the buckboard, the Kid still ...aring under his breath, but Shelby ...ly silent. He was remembering ...t that interior looked like, and ...dering how she was taking such a ...e-coming. He could not but con...t the dirt and disorder to which ...had brought her with the immacu... ...cleanliness of the shack where ... lived in Ponca. The memory ...de him half afraid to go in and ...e her eyes. He lifted the latch ...itatingly, the bundles on the other ... piled to his chin, and stepped ...oss the threshold. Then he stopped ...denly, with his mouth wide open, ... Kid pushing in behind him, even ...re heavily laden. She stood in the ...ddle of the floor, with cheeks ...shed, and eyes smiling.

..."You boys can pile that stuff on the ...le," she announced brightly. "I've ...ped those papers up in one corner, so there's plenty of room. Never mind about bringing the rest in now; supper's ready."

Shelby put his bundles down without a word, his eyes quick to perceive the chairs cleared of their debris, the floor swept, the ashes back in the stove. He could hardly comprehend the miracle.

She led the way gayly, leaving her broom in a corner, and carrying the lamp. The lean-to kitchen had been transfigured, and actually presented a homelike appearance. The dirty dishes were shoved out of sight, the floor swept, the fire in the stove blazed cheerfully, and the table was covered with the essentials of a truly appetizing meal. She set the lamp down in the center, fully rewarded by the expression on the faces of the two.

"You boys wash up there in the sink," she commanded; "use that piece of sacking for a towel; it was all I could find. Then we'll get busy."

If Shelby was to live a thousand years he would never lose memory of that meal. The grateful warmth of the stove, the neatness of the table, the good fellowship with which she served, all coupled with the wonderful surprise, left upon him an impression never afterward to be blotted out. She talked about what she was going to do; about what he had purchased in town; about anything which came into her mind that she could manufacture conversation from. He told of their adventures outside, and made her laugh heartily over the struggle of getting the Kid's pony safely into the corral. The Kid himself said little, eating heartily but in silence, only occasionally lifting his eyes from the plate. This pretense at modesty did not seem like the Kid, and Shelby found himself observing the fellow with some wonderment. His looks were not at all prepossessing, now that he saw him more plainly revealed in the lamplight, and he was some years older than he had supposed. The fellow had a hard, dissipated face, and his lips were thin, with a distinctly cruel twist to them. Shelby had intended putting the man in that bunk in the front room, but now decided the stable was good enough for his use.

As soon as they were through he hunted up a second lantern.

"Take the rest of that stuff off the buckboard, Macklin," he said shortly, "and stow it away in the cellar-cave just to the right of the house. I'll be out presently, an' we'll fix things up for the night."

As the fellow disappeared Shelby's eyes encountered those of his wife across the table.

"And what are you going to do?" she asked directly.

"Why, help you with these things, and then clean the shack up a bit; it is in worse shape than I realized."

She shook her head positively.

"Oh, no, mister man. This is my house, and I am going to take care of it—all alone. I have seen your style of housekeeping, and I prefer my own. You go on, and finish the work outside; when you come back it will look better in here."

Shelby went out. Macklin was seemingly busy at the task assigned him, the lantern hung to the broken branch of a convenient tree, lighting his path. Without even speaking, the ranchman passed by down the steep path leading toward the stream below. He was some time in completing his task, and, when he finally emerged once more from the stable, the only gleam of light he could perceive above came through the log chinks of the cabin. He wondered what had become of Macklin, yet gave the matter no special thought as he toiled slowly up the path, his mind more deeply interested in the reception awaiting him within.

He passed close enough to the buckboard to assure himself that his orders had been executed, and, believing the fellow had probably re-entered the house for some purpose, passed on directly to the front door. No one was in the main room, nor in the chamber behind. They remained exactly as he had left them. The silence startled him, and he advanced swiftly toward the kitchen, where the light still burned, visible through the open door. It also was deserted, the dirty dishes yet setting on the table untouched. Good God! what was the meaning of this? What had occurred? The outer door stood ajar, and he sprang anxiously forward, peering insprang anxiously forward, peering into the blackness. There was no sound, no movement; the blaze of light had blinded him, and he stepped outside so as to see better. He had taken but one step beyond the protection of the partially open door, when something struck him, and he went staggering down, as though his skull was crushed by the savage blow.

* * * * * * *

It was gray dawn when Shelby stirred once more, and, with eyes only partially open, stared in bewilderment at the pale arch of sky. Slowly memory came back, and he managed to lift one hand to his head, his numb fingers touching a ghastly scalp wound, the clotted blood matting his hair. He had been struck a desperate blow, and was doubtless left lying there in the belief that he was dead, yet apparently the skull was not crushed, and the night air had congealed the blood. With a supreme effort he drew himself into a sitting posture, and stared rather blankly about at the objects revealed in the gray dawn.

The sight as instantly restored his memory; the cabin door stood wide open, just as he left it, and within the lamp still burned on the table, in the midst of the dirtied dishes. She had not returned, then; he had been lying there alone all night. The realization maddened him to effort, and, by grasping at the door for support he attained his feet, and stood there for a moment, swaying dizzily. Exactly what had occurred he could not determine; the whole affair seemed more like a dream than a reality. He had left her there apparently cheerful and happy, the laughter in her eyes a memory to linger with him; he had not been absent to exceed thirty minutes, and not so far away but what any cry would surely have reached his ears. Yet when he returned she had vanished utterly, leaving everything untouched. Whatever occurred must have been brought to pass almost immediately upon his departure, before she even began the work of cleaning up. But how could such a thing happen without any alarm? Why, the Kid was working within ten feet of the house, and must have heard the slightest sound of a struggle. The Kid! where was he anyway? What had become of the fellow all this time? He was nowhere in sight when Shelby retraced his steps up the path. Could it be that the Kid was the one guilty of this deed? If so, what was his object? Not robbery, surely, for the place had not been ransacked, or anything removed from his pockets. Yet surely this was not Indian work; it bore no resemblance to a savage raid. The questions were unanswerable; no mental effort gave him any clue, yet his strength was rapidly coming back, and with it a grim, determined anger, which urged him into action.

First he went through the deserted house, room by room, seeking for the slightest sign of guidance, but finding none. Everything remained precisely as he remembered seeing it the night before. He blew out the light, took down one of the rifles from the wall, loaded it, and then, feeling his old strength returning, cautiously stepped out through the front door. The buckboard stood there, gaunt and stripped, except for the box between the rear wheels. He peered into this, and found it still half filled with bundles.

He Went Staggering Down.

Macklin had not completed his job, other evidence being furnished by the extinguished and overturned lantern on the ground just beyond. But there was no sign visible of any struggle.

Surely she had not left of her own choice. That was unthinkable. She had appeared cheerful and contented, even actually interested in the new life; besides, if she possessed the slightest desire to escape, he had offered her every opportunity on the way out, and she had refused. Surely she would never have come way out there to make her disagreeable journey over again at night. Even if crazy enough for such an attempt, the effort would never be made upon foot, and all three ponies were in the corral; he had seen them while coming down. No, that theory might be dismissed at once, and secretly he was glad it was so easily disposed of—it had vaguely haunted him at first, causing him to dread the discovery that it might be true.

Then what was true? Who could be guilty of such an outrage? Indians? White outlaws? Joe Macklin? These three possibilities alone remained, but the first two seemed quite impossible. He was used to Indian foray, but this act bore no resemblance to the work of savages on the warpath. There had been no attempt to plunder, or destroy. The very fact that the ponies remained undisturbed convinced him that this was no deed of Indian raiders. That it might have been white outlaws was not quite so easily dismissed. There were desperate men hiding out yonder in the Bad Lands, but he never had known of their venturing to attack any settler, except occasionally to run off cattle on the range. In this case there was no apparent object—they had taken nothing, neither food nor stock. Then it must have been Macklin.

His sudden disappearance was, at least, proof he must have had a hand in it. But why? To what end? Shelby straightened up, a new flash of intelligence in his eyes. Perhaps this all harked back to that early mystery in her life. She had told him that Calkins had taken her from place to place, apparently always afraid that he was being followed. Was it possible that he had been hunted down at last; that he recognized the approach of the end, and had committed suicide on that account? And was this strange seizure of Olga part of the plot, either of revenge, or restitution? This explanation seemed more probable than any other; in a way it appeared to fit the case, although he possessed no more knowledge of what it all meant than he did before. Only, evidently all that had been desired was possession of the girl, and that was deemed of sufficient importance to even justify murder. He had been left for dead, in order that she might be borne away alive.

No longer doubting but what this theory at least approximated the truth, Shelby faced the facts frankly, and with no further hesitation. It was up to him to act promptly; there was no one to whom he could turn for help. His eyes darkened, and his jaws set. All right then, he would certainly give the Kid a run for his money. There must be some trail left; such a deed as this could never be accomplished without leaving some mark behind. Whether they traveled on foot, or horseback, the party must surely leave some trace of passage, and Shelby, who had been the best trailer in his regiment, felt confident of being able to run the outfit down.

With this once settled in his mind, and his plan of pursuit outlined, Shelby threw off his depression, and became cool and resolute. First he searched over every foot of ground within a quarter of a mile of the house, seeking to discover just how Macklin had operated, and, whether or not, he was alone. The result was only partially successful. The hard-packed earth revealed little of value. Down below the cabin on the sloping side of the hill, he found the mark of a high-heeled boot such as the Kid wore, and, a foot or so beyond, the plain impression of a moccasin. A hundred yards to the north the imprints were again visible, making it clear to his mind that the fugitives were then making for the lower ford. The girl was evidently being carried, and two men must have been engaged on the job, one of them possibly an Indian. He passed straight on to the ford to verify this theory, and here the mud exhibited clearly the movements of both the fellows, while close at the water's edge he came upon a narrow pink ribbon, which the girl had evidently hurriedly dropped in guidance.

It was clearly manifest now the direction in which they had disappeared, but Shelby remained unsatisfied. He could not believe that they would attempt to escape thus on foot with their burden. If Macklin had one assistant, it was highly probable there would be others also engaged in the affair. The opposite shore was deserted, and he crossed over, wading to his thighs in the swift water, with rifle flung forward, and eyes intently searching the further bank. The trail was plain at this point; he could easily trace the steps of both men passing up a narrow gully into the first line of bluffs, and there, in a little open glade, he found where horses had been tethered and tramped the turf. They had evidently been held for some time; had entered from the north down a slight coulee, and departed westward along a shelving bank. There were five animals, all mounted, to judge from the deep impress of hoofs, and he followed their passage as far as the crest of the bluff. They were well beyond view, of course by this time, across that rough, broken country, but he satisfied himself that they were heading straight for the Bad Lands.

Shelby knew now something of what he must contend with. The act of abduction, and attempted murder, was no sudden temptation assailing Macklin, but undoubtedly part of a well-organized plot. Whatever their object, five men were concerned in the outrage, their intention probably the making of the girl a prisoner. In Shelby's judgment she was probably in no immediate danger. If the fellows had intended taking her life, she would never have thus been spared and carried away, apparently uninjured. Their purpose evidently required that she be kept alive, but helpless in their hands.

He was cool now; grimly determined, but intent on preparing himself for a long and dangerous quest. He was to be one man pitted against five, and every instinct of long experience on the plains, warned him against being rash. He recrossed the stream, built a fire in the stove, and, after washing the blood from his head, ate heartily; then packed a leather haversack with food, and was ready. He took this time in which to plan out his course, and then went forward unhesitatingly, filling his pockets with rifle cartridges, and flinging the haversack over his shoulder, before starting for the corral. He decided upon the buckskin as being the better animal for his purpose—a vicious brute, harder to handle, but tireless, and able to exist where either of the others would starve. It required a good half-hour to rope and saddle the beast, but he had plenty of time. Once on the trail he could easily outride the party he was following, and he had no desire to approach them closely until well after dark.

Once firm in the saddle, however, rifle under the flap, with haversack strapped on the opposite side, and blanket-roll behind, he gave the plunging, bucking demon between his legs

He Followed Their Passage.

little mercy. The man was in no mood for play of any sort, and set himself to conquering the brute in the quickest possible way. It was a rough, hard struggle, but the human won, and, under the merciless sting of the quirt, the maddened but subdued animal, nostrils distended, and eyes vicious as ever, yielded final obedience to the rein.

CHAPTER VII.

An Hour Behind.

There was no marked trail, but the instincts of a plainsman kept Shelby's course directly to the northwest. The bronco, now thoroughly tamed, and obedient to the slightest pressure of the rider's leg, kept a tireless gait, picking out unaided the easiest paths. From the general direction of the trail left by the raiders he had decided they were heading for a certain portion of the Bad Lands, and, if this theory was correct, he ought easily to cut across their tracks again late in the afternoon. Sitting upright in the deep saddle, with the straight back of the cavalryman, his eyes watchful, his lips grimly set, he rode steadily on hour after hour, thinking, planning, beginning now to realize the depth of his own interest in this effort at rescue. He had hardly comprehended before that this girl was really his wife—that her life had become his to guard. The affair between them had occurred so swiftly, so unexpectedly, he had not before awakened to its true meaning. But now it became very real, and he was positively surprised to learn the strength of hold she already had upon him.

His mind would linger over a thousand little womanly peculiarities which somehow had unconsciously impressed him—the soft glow in her eyes, the wistfulness of her smile; the slight dimple in her chin; the pulsing of blood in her cheeks; the round firmness of the white neck; the peculiar gracefulness of her walk; the nameless attractiveness of poise, all came back now in odd fascination. He was not aware before that he had even noticed these things, but now their memory dominated him, caused his pulses to quicken. He had known little of women since boyhood, and never before had he encountered on terms of intimacy this type of a woman. She had been a revelation to him even in his blindness, but now, under the spell of memory, she had suddenly changed to an inspiration. His wife, Olga Carlyn, his wife! He said the words over, as though he recalled a dream, the sound of the words causing the startled buckskin to cast back an evil eye at his unconscious rider.

"What's the idea of stealin' the girl?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Before asking a favor of a man a wise woman gives him a good dinner—with a little flattery on the side.

Drink Baker's Cocoa Every Day

It is so delicious, so strengthening, so healthful, contains so much valuable food material that it should be used every day.

BOOKLET OF CHOICE RECIPES SENT FREE

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 1780 - DORCHESTER, MASS.

FRESH FROZEN SMOKED SALTED

GREEN BAY FISH CO GREEN BAY, WIS.

SPICED DRIED

SEND FOR COMPLETE PRICE LIST

Healing the Sick With Bulgarian Blood Tea

Hundreds of thousands of sufferers from stomach, bowels, blood and rheumatic ailments have been benefited and made healthy and happy once more from just one trial package of this remarkable pure herb preparation. For constipation, sick headache, lost appetite, sleeplessness, biliousness, liver, blood and kidney troubles, no remedy can compare with Bulgarian Blood Tea. Every family should have a package always on hand to protect the family health. To assist Nature to kill a cold take it steaming hot, add a little lemon juice. Guard against influenza, grippe and pneumonia. Ask your druggist or grocer today.

Bonds of friendship are very often spun of flimsy thread.

DYE RIGHT

Buy only "Diamond Dyes"

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye worn, shabby skirts, waists, dresses, coats, gloves, stockings sweaters, draperies everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods, new, rich fadeless colors. Have druggist show you "Diamond Dyes Color Card."—Adv.

Beware of accepting all the "cordial invitations."

Cole's Carbolisalve Quickly Relieves and heals burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Heals without scars. 30c and 60c. Ask your druggist, or send 30c to The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill., for a pkg. Adv.

The fool man and the wise trout are slow in catching on.

This Is Shoe Insurance

$5.00 CASH

and a

New pair of Shoes

will be given to the wearer who finds PAPER in the heels, counters, insoles or outsoles of any shoes made by us, bearing this trade-mark

FRIEDMAN-SHELBY BRANCH THE ALL LEATHER LINE INTERNATIONAL SHOE CO. OF LOUIS. MO.

"It Takes Leather to Stand Weather"

See your neighborhood dealer and insist on the Friedman-Shelby "All-Leather" Trade Mark. It means real shoe economy

THE CRYSTAL CAFE

Candies Soft Drinks Cigars
Meals and Lunchs

Fresh Bread Every Day

Get your Ice Cream here--we sell it in any quantity. We will order Brick Ice Cream for special occasions on short notice.

FREE! FREE!

We, Henry Lau & Son, will give a prize to three farmers or persons who buys the most goods from us, for cash, untill the 18th of December 1920. The highest buyer will get free $10.00 worth of Salvet or Sal-tonic or a chicken feeder. The second highest will get $5.00 worth of Salvet or Sal-tonic or Poultry tonic or Poultry Pep. The third will get $3.00 worth of Salvet or Saltonic or a Sanitary Grit Box for Poultry. The above will also be given to the three partys that bring us that most live or dressed poultry till the 18th of December,

Henry Lau & Sons

Corn picking time is about over in this neck of the woods. Nearly every farmer is thru with the job and is taking it easy (?) sitting around the stove toasting his feet in the oven and eating chicken dinners.

Coal

"HAVE IN TTANSIT" one car glendora chunks, looks like Kentucky and mined about 80 miles from Kentucky field. Coal thats all coal at $12.50 per ton. Your chance to get good coal at a just price.

Order Now.
W. F. Lau.

G. P. McCullough, the barber, Sundayed with his folks at Garner. The real object of the trip being to get in on a fine Sunday "feed" at home.

TAKEN UP—Two calves came to my place about six weeks ago . Owner can have same by proving property, and for paying cost of keep and advertising . Fred Barz, Ventura Rt. 2p

Announcing a cure for piles in any form (hemorrhoids) by a method that is painless, harmless and sure. Y0u go about your work as usual the next day no hospital bill to pay, no suffering for days and days. Dr. R. W. Shultz, Masonic Bldg, Garner Ia·

Herman Stille left Friday evening for Kansas City, Mo., and from there he went to Haswell, Colorado, for a visit with his son, Herb. Mr. Stille expects to be gone a week or so.

Notice—Pay up everybody. We ueed the money to pay hur bilis. Henry Lau and Son.

BASKET SOCIAL — The Klemme school will hold a Basket Social at the Idle Hour Theater Friday, Dec. 10th. Good program. Bring your baskets. Everybody invited.

CONVICTS TO BE PAROLED XMAS

Fifty-two convicts, inmates of Ft. Madison and Anamosa institutions, will be given their liberty on Christmas Day. They are being given their freedom for good behavior.

The Klemme Times

Entered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year, in advance.....$2.00
One Year, outside of county...$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES

Display, per column inch.....25c
Readers, per line.....10c
Classified or want ads, per line...10c
Card of Thanks, each.....50c

Legal Notices at legal rates.
Black-face lines double charge.

No local or classified ad accepted for less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. Regular advertisers are given a special display rate.

There will be a Box Social and program Thursday evening, Dec, 16th at the Chas. Quintus school four miles north of Klemme. Everydody invited bring baskets.—Blanche Pollock, teacher.

Rev. A. E. Buriff left Monday for Rochester, Minn., for consultation with the famous Mayo Bros. The Reverend has been suffering from stomacht rouble for some time and is seeking relief.

THE NEXT NUMBER OF THE LECTURE COURSE

The next number of the lecture course this winter will be on Wednesday, Dec. 15th, at the Idle Hour Theatre. We believe that this will be the best attraction on the entire winter course and you should not fail to hear the Hammond Family Entertainment Company. They will give a variety of entertaining that will be sure to please you. Get your tickets early as this number will be a good one.

Usually a "Bluffer."

A person who goes around bragging about his "awful temper" is the easiest person in the world to cow by a very small show of firmness and determination.

It is the policy of our Bank always to keep our service adequate to present day requirements.

Business, Banking Life, are different today.

We take a personal interest in your business welfare and guarantee you a banking service that is up to the minute in comprehension and handling of your needs.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME. 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA.

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN SURGEON

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatments
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

SANTA CLAUS HEADQUARTERS

1920

Make Our Store The Place To Do Your Christmas Shopping For Men

We have anticipated yoa wants several months ago and feel that you will be pleased with many of our selections. Here are a few of the many suitable gifts for men--

Smoking Jackets
Bath Robes
Hosiery
Sweaters
Gloves
Mittens
Neckwear
Collar Bags

Dress Shirts
Flannel Shirts
Men's Slippers
Fur Caps
Handkerchiefs
Driving Mittens
Traveling Bags
Suit Cases

LADIES--We sell ladies Everwear Hosiery exclusively and we have them in all sizes and colors and priced from 85¢ to $3.00. A very suitable gift to any lady. Make our store your shopping headquarters.

SIXTEEN STORES

Gildner Bros. & Johnson

GARNER, IOWA

e next number of Winter Entertainment Course

he Hammond Family

Entertainers Extraordinary

At the Idle Hour Theatre on

Wed. Dec. 15

The program consists of solos, mixed numbers, instrumental selections, dramatic and humerous reading, comedy, duets, trios, etc

No dull moments

Get your tickets now

Bob Sleds

It is time to figure on getting your b sled for the winter for they will be rd to get. Come in now and order urs while we have a full line. We ry the famous

Never Tip

They live up to their name.

We also carry a full line of Kewanee og Waterers, Tank Heaters, Feed & il.

See Us Now

W. M. Baack

Beef Now Selling at

Pre-War Prices!

ur prices on all Beef Cuts are now down to 1914 prices.

Half Hogs, at per lb. **14c**

Beef quarters, per lb. **10c14c**

BIG REDUCTION IN All Smoked Meats

Klemme Meat Market

A meeting of the Stockholders of the State Savings Bank, Klemme, Iowa, is called to meet in the banking rooms of the Bank at Klemme, Iowa, on Friday, December 24th, 1920, at One o'clock P. M., to consider and take action upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said bank from $15,000 to $30,000, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting in connection therewith.

P. M. Griesemer, President
D. D. Ross, 1st Vice President
Wm. Katter, 2nd Vice President
F. J. Wenck, Cashier
A. Kelly
A. E. Katter
H. J. Stille
W. H. Ramsay
Jos. E. Johnson
Officers and Directors of said Bank

There was a rat killing event at Chas. Yeoman's ranch last Thursday. Chas. attached a piece of hose to his auto exhaust and ran it under the buildings, in this way killing them wholesale by gassing. Chas. was assisted by Henry Leuthje, George Yeoman, Frank Huegerich and "Bob" Bonwell. The assistants are credited with fifty varmints that tried to escape.—Renwick Times.

Tuesday night the burglar alarm at the Farmers Savings Bank went off at 9:45 causing quite a bit of excitement. In a little while a number of our citizens were aroused and lined up near the bank to get a glimpse of the burglar, but were disappointed, for the noise proved to be a false alarm.—Meservey Register.

Notice—Come in and pay up before Dec. 15th. F. H. Ridder by cash or note.

FOR SALE—At a sacrifice, 1920 Ford Roadter, A-1 condition. Address "FORD" care of Times. 13-tfc

---

EOR SALE—About 18 tons of good wild hay, put up dry. Geo. Cleman. phone 5912.

Notice—All those knowing ihemselves indebted to me are requested to call and settle at once, as I am in need of money W. F. Pavey.

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION

No. 6659 Report of the Condition of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

At Klemme, in the State of Iowa, at the close of business, Nov. 15, 1920.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts		$348,601 18
Overdrafts, unsecured		183 38
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		25,000 00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebt'ness owned and unpledged		25,500 00
War Savings Certificates & Thrift Stamps owned		874 00
Liberty bonds, unpledged		
Bonds, Securities, etc.		3,287 90
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve Bank		1,050 00
Banking house	8,302.00	
furniture and fixture	2,700.00	11,002 00
Lawful money reserve with Federal Reserve bank:		19,631 35
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		53,729 41
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		
Checks on banks outside of city or town and other cash items		102 81
Other checks on banks in same city or town as reporting bank		1,678 91
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		1,250 00
Total		$491,890 94

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in		25,000 00
Surplus fund		10,000 00
Undivided profits	$12,492 09	
Less current expenses interest and taxes paid	7,013 02	5,479 07
Interest and discount collected but not earned		1,343 54
Circulating notes outst'ding		24,995 00
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding		
Individual deposits subject to check		75,615 02
Certificates of deposit payable within 30 days		20 397 05
Certificates of deposit (other Than for money borrowed)		329,061.26
Total		$491,890 94

STATE OF IOWA, } ss
Hancock County, }

I, F. A. Arnold, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. A. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of Nov., 1920.

Frank M. Hanson
Notary Public.

[SEAL]

Correct—Attest:

Aug. Barz
C. A. Arnold
Fred Greimann
} Directors

F. A. Arnold was a business caller at Garner yesterday.

Mr. Jas. Busick, of Goodell, was a Klemme visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. John Josten was a Garner visitor Tuesday.

Mr. Lowenberg, of Goodell, was a Klemme caller Monday.

Alex Ross of Garner, was a Klemme visitor several days last week.

Mr. L. G. Avery of Goodell was a Klemme visitor Saturday.

Mrs. James Christie, of Goodell, was a caller here Wednesday.

M. O. Hocum went to Mason City last Friday on business.

Ed. Jacobs spent Sunday with his folks at Garner.

R. A. Jorgenson ws at Garner Saturday morning on business between trains.

C. C. Tessier, the electrician from Garner, was in Klemme Saturday, transacting business.

Mrs. A. H. Meyer went to Algona last week Thursday for an over Sunday visit with friends.

C. W. Wiles and Walt Schultz drove over to Mason City Tuesday afternoon on business.

Miss Elizabeth Schank of Belmond was a Klemme visitor last Wednesday between trains.

Miss Lydia Bock left last Wednesday for LaCrosse, Wis., to attend the funeral of an uncle.

Miss Laura Brooks, of Belmond, visited her sister here, Mrs. Mille Smith, last Thurday.

Frank Miller and sisters, Charlotte and Bertha, were Garner callers last Thursday afternoon.

E. P. Hubbard and Mrs. Will Heginger, of Goodell, were shopping in Klemme last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Rob Wilson of Cornelia, Iowa, were visiting at the J. P. Larsen home Monday.

Miss Marion Luick, of Belmond, was calling on Klemme friends Monday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Church came over from Garner Saturday for a visit with friends between trains.

Mr. Ellsworth of Goodell, was transacting business in Klemme on Tuesday.

Bert Mathews went to Garner Monday morning to have some dental work done.

Geo. Gruetzmacher has been confined to the house for several days suffering with a severe cold.

Chas. Schoenwetter came over from Garner Tuesday for a short visit with Klemme friends.

Al Koerner, our telephone manager, was a business caller at Garner between trains last Saturday morning.

Ed. Jacobs went to Mason City Tuesday afternoon on business. Ed. drove over in his "jitney" and found the roads were not half bad—after he got to the paving.

Miss Sylvia Moberly left Monday noon for Iowa Falls, Iowa, where she will attend school this year at the Ellsworth College.

Peter Merkel returned last Saturday from a few days trip to Paton, Iowa. We believe the Merkels lived near that town before they moved to Klemme.

Mrs. Oscar Rice and child returned to their home at Clarion Thursday, after a week's visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Musfelt.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Elder, of Eagle Bend, Minn., came Saturday evening for a few days visit at the home of their son, Ralph Elder, and family.

Chas. Steihl and Art Kuck went to Mason City last week Thursday and remained until Saturday. They went over on business but also found time to take in a couple of good shows.

Tuesday was the first day for about two weeks that the sun came out and shone all day. Say, that was sure a grand and glorious feeling. The sun was out last week Wednesday for a couple of hours but soon went back of the clouds again.

A Three-in-One Service

Money collecled in smail amounts is best cared for in a savings account; money for daily routine business is more conviently handled through a checking account.

But funds for investment at a safe rate, always availablo, transferable without loss of interest or awaiting reinvestment should be deposited in one of our 5 per cent Certificates of Deposit.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

CLOSING OUT

SALE

Tuesday, Dec. 14

78 Head of Cattle 78

56 head are pure bred Shorthorn Scotch and Scotch topped cows and calves.

15 Head of Horses 15

4 are pure bred Belgian mares, 2 are imported; 1 three year old Stallion of quality with certificate of soundness 5 year old Percheron mare of rare breeding.

Farm Machinery

All kinds

FREE HOT LUNCH AT NOON

Erick Josten, Owner

AUCTIONEERS- L. A. Matern, J. A. Young, Louis Hauge

1st National Bank, Klemme **Clerk**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines.

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

WHY SOUND POP CORN WON'T POP

Apparently Good Kernels Burst All Right at Times and at Others Fail.

ARE TWO MAIN REQUISITES

Ears Should Be Stored in Cool, Well-Ventilated Place and Not Permitted to Dry Out Too Quickly—Keep Mice Away.

It is a matter of common experience that pop corn varies greatly with respect to popping. A lot of pop corn may pop all right at one time and not at all at some other time. Again, a lot of apparently good pop corn may not pop satisfactorily at any time.

The two main requisites for good popping are: (1) Good pop corn that has a moisture content of about 12 per cent; (2) heat sufficient to cause the kernels to begin to pop in about 1½ minutes.

A number of causes may interfere with the popping of pop corn. The principal ones are: (1) Having the pop corn too dry; (2) having the heat too great, or not great enough; (3) harvesting popcorn before it had ripened; and (4) allowing popcorn to mix with field corn or sweet corn.

Should Ripen on Stalk.

Popcorn should ripen fully on the stalk and should not be harvested until the husks are white and the stalk is dead and has lost its sappy condition. The ears should then be stored in a cool, well-ventilated place. Small wire crates are good receptacles in which to store them. If stored in a warm room in the house, the ears will soon dry out so much that they will not pop. Popcorn that has become too dry for popping may be restored to condition again by putting it in a cool and well-ventilated place, preferably outdoors, for a few weeks. It should, however, be protected against mice.

Popcorn will of its own accord take on or retain the right amount of moisture under natural or suitable atmospheric conditions, as on a shaded porch on the north side of a building.

Picking Some "Good Ones" for Popping.

Exposing the ears to the hot sun for a while will cause them to dry out too much for good popping. They will also dry out too much in a kitchen or other warm room. If popcorn that has become too dry is wanted for immediate use it may be improved somewhat by sprinkling it with water before trying to pop it. Sometimes popcorn that is too dry for popping in a wire popper over a flame will pop all right in oil or grease in a pan.

Time for Curing.

It is not necessary to allow new popcorn to cure for a half year before using it. If it ripens fully and completely on the stalk, the ears can be used at once for popping. In the North it should always be planted early so it will have the full season in which to grow and mature. If planted so late in the spring that the fall frosts kill the stalks before the popcorn has ripened, then there is no way of converting it into a first-class article.

MEAT ANIMALS ARE CHEAPER

Farmers Have Been Selling at Prices 14 Per Cent Lower Than the Preceding Year.

Meat animals have been selling by farmers for a whole year ending with September, 1920, at prices that were lower than they were in the preceding year by 14 per cent. The fall in prices, compared with the former years, began in September, 1919. These statements are based on prices ascertained by the bureau of crop estimates, United States Department of Agriculture.

Prices of these animals were gradually increasing to the calendar year 1914, but they fell 8 per cent in 1915, followed by a gain of 17 per cent in 1916, of 49 per cent in 1917, when the peak was reached, of 17 per cent in 1918, and of less than 1 per cent in 1919. Now, for the last 4 months of 1919 and for 1920 to September, there has been a recession of price movement with a drop of 14 per cent.

SKUNK ONE OF BEST FRIENDS OF FARMER

Destroys Various Kinds of Insects and Furnishes Fur.

Not Advisable to Establish Friendly Relations With Little Animal—Keep Poultry in Animal-Proof House.

Few persons have seriously considered establishing friendly relations with the skunk. It has been done in some cases under the misapprehension that the animal was a cat, and the results have been unpleasant. But the biological survey of the United States Department of Agriculture has investigated the skunk and found him to be the best wild-animal friend the farmer has.

Almost any farmer might have two

A Year's Catch of Skunks in New York State Is Estimated to Be Worth $1,000,000.

or three dozen skunks at work for him destroying mice, grasshoppers, crickets and white grubs, and furnishing him from $50 to $100 worth of fur a year. All that is necessary is that he respect their dens, keep his poultry in skunk-proof yards, kill an old horse for them every fall, and be tactful when he meets them in the evening. There is a marked depression of the fur market at present, but recovery to normal is anticipated.

It has been estimated that a year's catch of skunks in New York state is worth $1,000,000. Only one-fifth of them are black or short-striped. If all were of this higher grade, they would be worth $3,000,000. The department suggests that a preserve stocked with black skunks would eventually double or treble the catch of skunks in the territory surrounding it.

LEADING STOCK BREEDS

Duroc Jerseys comprise 34.2 per cent of all the swine in the United States. The Shorthorn breed comprises 22.6 per cent of all cattle. Holsteins lead among dairy cattle. Merinos lead the sheep breeds, with 25.4 per cent of all sheep. Among swine, Poland Chinas are second, Chester White third, Berkshire fourth. Herefords take second place among cattle and Holsteins third. Shropshire sheep take second place and Rambouillet third.

INCREASED PRICES FOR EGGS

Greatest Advance in Records of Bureau of Crop Estimates Was in January.

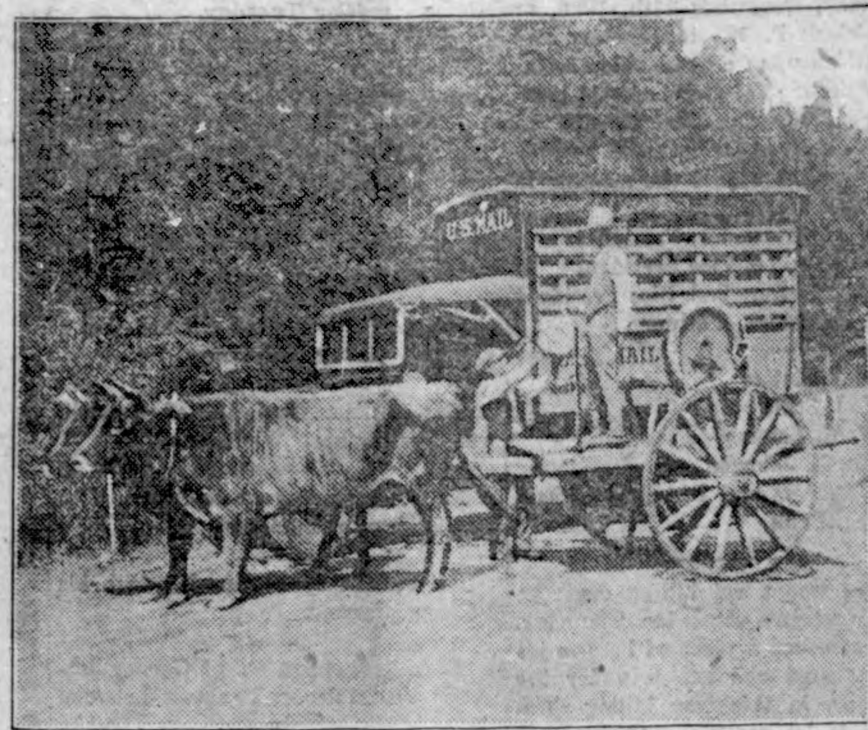
Egg prices received by farmers began to rise in 1916 by 2.4 cents per dozen over 1915, in the average for the year, but the greatest advance in one year since 1915 was in 1917, when it was 9.7 cents per dozen above 1916. The advance of 1918 was 4.2 cents and of 1919 a fraction of a cent more, or 4.8 cents. The highest monthly price reached in the records of the bureau of crop estimates beginning with 1910 was for January, 1920, when it was 64.8 cents per dozen, to which it had risen from 30.5 cents for January, 1910.

HOW PRICES ARE ADVANCING

Mink-Lined Overcoat Returned $845 Clear Profit to Owner in Space of Five Years.

One case reported to the United States Department of Agriculture indicates how fur prices are advancing, with increased demand and decreasing supply. A man bought a mink-lined overcoat for $500 in 1915. Two years later he sold the mink lining for $1,000 and replaced it with nutria for $150. He wore it two years and sold the nutria lining for $250, putting in a muskrat lining that cost $55. In 1919 he sold this lining for $300, and still has the shell and $845 clear profit.

GREATEST ADVANTAGE IN OWNING MOTORTRUCK IS IN SAVING TIME



A Connecticut Farmer Drives With His Produce One Mile and Is Glad to Turn It Over to the Mail Truck—He Says a Motortruck Is Much Swifter Than His Ox Cart, but He Is Pretty Well Satisfied With His Team.

Summarizing the experience of 831 corn-belt farmers who own motortrucks, the United States Department of Agriculture found that in the opinion of nine-tenths of these men, the greatest advantage in owning a motortruck is "saving time;" in the opinions of three-fourths of them the greatest disadvantage is "poor roads," and 91 per cent believe that their trucks will turn out to be a profitable investment.

The reports, however, indicate that on most of these farms the truck has not reduced expense to any great extent, and that it supplements rather than replaces work-stock and other equipment.

On the average these trucks travel 2,777 miles per year, and the cost of operation is between 16½ cents and 17 cents per mile, making a total annual cost from $460 to $470. Each truck displaces an average of 1.2 head of work-stock. With the cost of keeping a horse a year in the corn belt around $200, the reduction in expense for this item is in the neighborhood of $240 per farm. For all farms the average amount of hired help saved by the trucks is $163. On most farms these are the only two items of direct reduction in expense which can be credited to the truck, and on the average they amount to $60 or $70 less than the total cost of operating it.

To offset this added cost, custom hauling done with the trucks amounts to about $50 per year for all farms, leaving only something like $10 or $20 annual net expense which must be more than balanced by the saving of time of the owner and members of the family, the ability to get crops and live stock to market in better condition or at better time, and other benefits which are not directly measurable in dollars and cents, if the average truck is to be a profitable investment.

It must be remembered that most of these farms where trucks are owned are larger than the average, and are located at a considerable distance from market.

The investigation was made during winter and spring of 1920. Farmer truck owners in Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, southern Wisconsin, southern Minnesota, southeastern South Dakota, eastern Nebraska and eastern Kansas, who raise corn as one of their principal crops, and who practice the general grain and live stock farming characteristic of the corn belt reported to the department the use they make of their trucks, the cost of operating them, the advantages and disadvantages of trucks for farm use, and other related information.

Study of Reports.

A study of the reports of 831 of these farmers has just been completed by the division of rural engineering of the bureau of public roads and the office of farm management and farm economics.

Some of the important facts revealed by the investigation are:

The average size of the farms is 346 acres and their average distance from market is eight miles.

Only 14 per cent of them are less than five miles from market, and 20 per cent are 15 miles or more from market.

A little over one-fourth of these men have changed their markets, for at least a part of their produce, since purchasing trucks. For those who have changed market, the average distance to the old market was seven miles and to the new market is 18 miles.

The rated capacity of these trucks varies from one-half to two tons. Seventy per cent of them are rated at one ton, and only 9 per cent of them at less than one ton.

Experience with trucks has caused 57 per cent of these men to decide that the one-ton size is best suited for their conditions, 25 per cent that the 1½-ton size is best, and 12 per cent that the two-ton size is best. Practically one man in four has decided that a truck larger than the one he now owns would be better suited to his conditions.

Ninety-one per cent believe that their trucks will prove to be a profitable investment.

In the opinions of these men the principal advantage of a motortruck is in saving time, and the principal disadvantage is "poor roads."

As compared with horses and wagons, the trucks save about two-thirds of the time required for hauling to and from these farms.

On the average there are over eight weeks during the year when the roads are in such condition on account of mud, snow, etc., that these trucks cannot be used. The roads on which nearly 95 per cent of them usually travel are all or part dirt.

The condition of the roads prevented the use of trucks with pneumatic tires a little less than seven weeks during the year covered by the reports, and of those with solid tires a little over nine weeks.

Twenty-four per cent of the trucks are equipped with pneumatic tires, 27 per cent with solid tires, and 49 per cent with pneumatics in front and solids in rear. However, experience has convinced 58 per cent that pneumatics are best for their conditions, 35 per cent that solids are best and 7 per cent that pneumatics in front and solids in rear are best.

These men have return loads for their trucks about one-third of the time.

Still Use Horses.

A majority of these men still use their horses for some hauling on the road.

On more than half of the farms all the hauling in the fields and around the buildings is still done with horses and wagons.

About 40 per cent of these men did some custom hauling with their trucks during the year covered by the reports. The average amount received by those who did such work was $132.

Their owners estimate that on the average these trucks travel 2,777 miles and are used on 112 days per year.

The average estimated life of these trucks is 6½ years, and on this basis depreciation is usually the largest single item of expense in connection with their operation.

The average cost of operation, including depreciation, interest on investment, repairs, registration and license fees, fuel, oil and tires, is 15.2 cents per mile for the one-half and three-quarter-ton trucks, 15.2 for the one-ton, 21.3 cents for the 1¼ and 1½-ton, and 25.8 cents for the two-ton.

The average cost of hauling crops, including the value of the driver's time at 50 cents per hour, is 24 cents per ton mile with the one-half and three-quarter-ton trucks, 24.1 with the one-ton, 23.3 cents with the 1-¼ and 1½-ton, and 21.5 cents with the two-ton trucks.

Nearly 85 per cent of these trucks had not been out of commission when needed for a single day during the year covered by the reports, and 80 per cent of the owners stated that they had not lost any appreciable time on account of motor and tire trouble, breakage, etc., when using their trucks. About one truck in fifteen was out of commission more than five days, however, and one owner in 40 reported a loss of more than 5 per cent of the time when using his truck.

Also Own Tractors.

Half of these men own tractors as well as motor trucks. Most of the tractors are used on the larger farms, however. Only 33 per cent of the men whose farms contain 160 crop acres or less own tractors, while 65 per cent of those with over 320 crop acres own them. The number of work-stock kept on the farms where both trucks and tractors are owned is only slightly less than the number kept on the farms of corresponding size where only trucks are owned.

Seventy-eight per cent of these farmers state that their trucks reduce the expense for hired help. On those farms where there is a reduction the operators estimate that it amounts to $209 per year on the average.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Keep carrots and root crops in a cool cellar and squash in a warm dry place.

* * *

For deep, rich soil, deep plowing, say from six to nine inches, is best in the fall of the year.

* * *

A few farmers have tried posting their land with signs saying that the hunter or fisherman is welcome, if he will be careful to cause no damage, directly or indirectly.

POULTRY

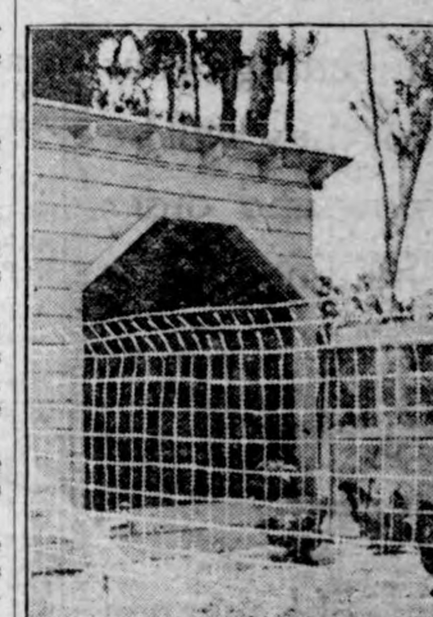
FENCES USED FOR CHICKENS

Cost of Equipment, Labor and Maintenance Is Increased Where Yards Are Divided.

Fences dividing the land used for poultry into yards increase the cost of equipment, labor and maintenance. There should be as few fences as possible, as land can be cultivated and kept sweet more easily if not fenced. The value, too, of fresh, sweet land for poultry can hardly be overestimated. A grass sward can be maintained on good soil by allowing 200 to 250 square feet of land per bird (217 or 174 birds to the acre), while more space is necessary on poor or light land. A larger number of fowls are usually kept to the acre where double yards are used, and the land is frequently cultivated.

Plymouth Rocks and the heavy meat birds in small yards require fences five to six feet high, while a fence six to seven feet high is necessary for Leghorns, say poultry specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. The upper two feet of the fence for the latter may be inclined inward at an angle of 30 degrees, or a strand or two of barbed wire may be used on top of the regular wire to help keep them confined, while it is sometimes necessary to clip the flight feathers of one wing of those birds that persist in getting out. It is not advisable to use a board or strip along the top of the fence, as hens will often fly over one so constructed.

Posts may be set or driven into the ground. They should be set eight to ten feet apart for common poultry netting, or 16 to 20 feet for woven wire. Corner posts should be about eight inches in diameter and be set four feet in the ground, while intervening posts may be four or five inches in diameter and set three feet in the ground. Much



Difficult to Keep Yards Clean Where Fences Are Used.

lighter posts driven into the ground may be used for temporary fences. That part of the post set in the ground may be charred or treated with some wood preservative to advantage, while corner posts should be firmly braced or set in cement.

NO CURE FOR FOWL CHOLERA

Afflicted Birds Should Be Killed by Dislocating Necks and Carcasses Burned.

Poultry experts at Iowa State college are warning poultry keepers against fowl cholera which is a very contagious disease of hens often proving fatal without any previous indications of trouble. Indications include a slow movement of the animal, a tendency to crouch and ruffle the feathers, and yellow or bright green stools. Examination of the dead bird shows a congestion of the blood vessels in the liver, kidneys and intestines.

It is useless to treat sick birds. All that show symptoms should be killed by dislocating their necks. Burn the body with oil and bury at least three feet deep all dead birds and all excreta. Place one 7.3 grain bichloride of mercury tablet in a gallon of drinking water in a nonmetal container or use a 30-gallon sodium sulphocarbolate tablet in every gallon of drinking water.

FROST COLLECTED ON WALLS

It Shows That There Is Not Sufficient Ventilation to Carry Off Moisture.

If frost collects on the walls of the henhouse, it shows that the walls are too thin or that there is not sufficient ventilation to carry off the moisture from the birds' breath, or that there are so many birds in the house that reasonable ventilation will not take care of this moisture.

PREFER TO REMAIN OUTDOORS

There Is Nothing to Worry About if Turkeys, Geese and Ducks Prefer Open Air.

Don't worry if turkeys, ducks and geese prefer to stay outdoors until snow comes, for they are often healthier if allowed to live in the open as nature intended they should. The greatest danger is from thieves and prowling animals.

50 Years Ag

a young man who practiced medi
in a rural district became famous
was called in consultation in m
towns and cities because of his
cess in the treatment of disease.
was Dr. Pierce who afterward m
to Buffalo, N. Y. He made up
mind to place some of his medic
before the public, and he put
what he called his "Favorite P
scription," and placed it with
druggists in every state in the Un
For *fifty years* Dr. Pierce's Favo
Prescription has sold more la
throughout the United States
any other medicine of like chara
It's the testimony of thousands
women that it has benefited or
tirely eradicated such distressing
ments as women are prone to.
now sold by druggists in tablet
as well as liquid.

AURORA, NEBR.—"My mother
always a great believer in Dr. Pier
medicines and when I was a girl she
me 'Favorite Prescription' when I
in a run-down, nervous condition and
soon built me up in health and stren
'Favorite Prescription' is a splen
tonic for girls or women who suff
MRS. WALTER GUARD, 608 Tenth St

KEMP'S BALSAM
WILL STOP THAT COUGH
GUARANTEED

Reliance.

"I place my faith in the Unit States Constitution," remarked Se tor Sorghum.

"Yet you must admit that there disorders in our social system."

"Nothing serious. With a str constitution your system is bound come out all right."

The combination of a safe is open secret.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief
BELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION

Vaseline
Reg. U.S. Pat. Off
CARBOLATED
PETROLEUM JELLY
A clean counter-irritant for scratches, cuts, etc. Healing and antiseptic
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES
CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.
(CONSOLIDATED)
State Street New York

Wanted, Auto Mechani
Top-notch wages paid to men knowing
electrical end of the auto business. Yo
learn it thoroughly at home during s
time under new method—a guaran
course of practical, undivided instruct
Easy to learn. Increased earnings made
most from the start. Low cost; easy
ments. For particulars, Detroit Electr
Institute, 107 W. Forest Ave., Detroit, M

Agents for FORD Permanent Non-Skid Ch
$4.00 delivered. Instantly on and
Big sales Rowe Co., Plantsville, Co

FOR ONE DOLLAR we will mail po
one can E. B. Malt Extract. It's fr
try it. E. B. Extract Co., Johnstown

Write for Information How to Obtain F
stead, state and railroad lands; also F
lands direct from owners. Benefits s
Homeseekers' Inf. Bureau, Jacksonville,

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman
Patent Lawyer, Washi
D.C. Advice and book
Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best serv

Irritating Coughs
Promptly treat coughs, colds, hoarse
bronchitis and similar inflamed and irrita
conditions of the throat with a tested reme
PISO'S

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

In Jail.

"...r life, bo?"

"I got a permanent lease on ...rtment."

Freshen a Heavy Skin

...e antiseptic, fascinating Cuti...alcum Powder, an exquisitely ... convenient, economical face, ...aby and dusting powder and ... Renders other perfumes su... One of the Cuticura Toilet ...oap, Ointment, Talcum).—Adv.

...TOR HAD DONE MUCH

... Any Fair-Minded Man Would ...mit He Had Been Reasonably Busy in Good Work.

...r Lunn of Schenectady said at ...eon:

... machine candidate, the ma... politician—why do we always ...t him?

...achine candidate got elected to ...enate. Six months went by. ...John Citizen met one morning ...ss who had put the machine ...ate in.

...nator Swank,' sneered John ..., 'promised us great things if ...lect him, but what's he done? ...you—what's he done?'

...hat's he done?' yelled the boss. ...he's got himself made special ...l for the railroad trust, the ...trust and the food trust, he's ...himself a town house and a ...y seat, and he's started in col... old masters. That's what he's ...darn it—and all in six months,

Natural Talent.

...hat is this imposing stucture?" ...school of expression."

...stout woman seems to be having ...gument with an ice man at the ...ntrance."

...at's the cook. When the ice man ...her short weight, she can ex...more in a few minutes than the ...of the school can in a week, al...h she has never studied elocu... day in her life."—Birmingham ...erald.

Couldn't Forget.

"Codger is an old-fashioned cuss, isn't he?" remarked Blinks.

"He sure is," agreed Blinks. "Why, he still refers to woman as the weaker sex."

How's This?

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—cure Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh. We do not claim to cure any other disease.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a liquid, taken internally, and acts through the blood upon the mucous surfaces of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

All Druggists. Circulars free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

WANTED ONLY MINOR CHANGE

Youth Had No Desire to Interfere With the Existing Chronological System, Only—

Ten p. m. There was a lot to do at the office, and, despite the lateness of the hour, the staff still at work.

The head of the firm looked sternly at the young man over his gold-rimmed glasses. Then:

"So you've a complaint to make, have you?" he asked fiercely.

"Not exactly a complaint, sir," said the other, "but there's just one little matter about which I should like to speak to you."

"I gave you more money the other day," growled the chief. "What's it you want this time? Shorter hours—eh?"

"Oh, no—no sir! I do not feel it incumbent on me, I assure you, in any way to tamper with our present quite excellent chronological system. For my part, I am perfectly content that the hours should retain their present length. All I wish is—er—fewer of them as applied to my daily period of work."—Houston Post.

A Shock.

"They had beefsteak for breakfast."

"The idea. I don't know how anybody can eat beefsteak at breakfast time."

"I can understand that, but fancy being able to afford steak for breakfast."

Coffee Drinkers

are often annoyed by headaches, nervousness or other ills traceable to coffee drinking.

When coffee disagrees, the thing to do is to quit coffee and drink

INSTANT POSTUM

Ten days will tell whether the change is beneficial.

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Co, Inc. Battle Creek, Mich.

LIVE STOCK

RAISE, KILL AND CURE PORK

Most Profitable Course for Farmer to Pursue—Any Surplus Can Readily Be Sold.

There's a profit in selling pigs and buying pork—but not for the farmer who follows this practice. The farmer's most profitable course is to kill, cure and can enough pork for his own use and sell any additional amounts which he can produce and for which there is a demand. The practice of home curing pork has suffered through neglect, but it is now being revived, according to the bureau of animal industry and the states relations service. These two bureaus of the United States Department of Agriculture are co-operating to encourage the general adoption of this wholesome usage among farmers. Home-cured pork, scrapple, pork pudding, sausage, canned pork, headcheese and lard are among the foods which the farmer should get from his own cellar shelves and not from the city market. All transportation costs and commissions remain in his pockets.

Hogs in Alfalfa, a Good Home-Grown Protein Feed.

A bulletin, "Killing Hogs and Curing Pork," now being revised by the Department of Agriculture, will soon be ready for issue. New methods and improvements have been given space in this discussion, and details of the processes for canning fresh pork have been added. Canning preserves pork with fresh pork flavors and lessens the toil and time incident to some of the older ways of curing the product. Besides being rapid and simple, the new process saves pounds of pork for all periods of the year which formerly had to be eaten soon after slaughter or be wasted.

SUCCULENT FEED FOR STOCK

Silage Is Best and Cheapest Way, Say Specialists of Bureau of Animal Industry.

Silage is the best and cheapest form in which to store succulent feed, say specialists of the bureau of animal industry of the United States Department of Agriculture. Many forage crops can be made into silage, but corn, where it can be grown successfully, makes the best silage.

Good silage depends upon cutting the crop at the right stage, fine cutting, even distribution, thorough packing, and plenty of moisture in the cut material. When rightly put up and carefully fed, there should be little if any loss through spoiling.

Silage is well suited for feeding to all live stock. Dairy cows need it perhaps more than other classes of animals, because the succulence which it supplies is very necessary for large milk production. It is a cheap and economical feed for beef cattle, from breeding cow to fattening steer. Sheep like it, and it is well suited to their needs. Even horses and mules may be fed limited quantities of good silage with good results.

SCARCITY OF HEAVY HORSES

Farmers Advised to Breed Every Good Draft Mare to Best Stallion Within Reach.

A year ago most farmers thought the day of the draft horse had passed, but they have to think differently now. They see that they are not going to be able to produce these good big horses in time to take advantage of the beginning of extremely high prices. Under the circumstances, the best thing to do now is to breed every good draft mare to the best stallion within reach, even though he is a considerable distance away.

IMMUNIZING SUCKLING PIGS

Sixty to Seventy Per Cent of Serum Cost Can Be Conserved by Treating at This Age.

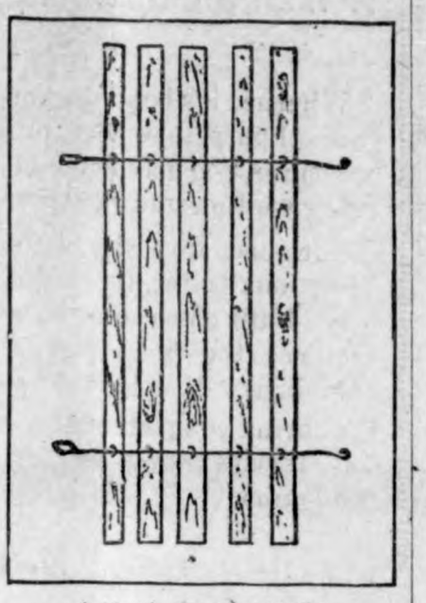
Tests made at Ames, Ia., by government veterinarians indicate that permanent immunity against hog cholera may be secured by treating sucking pigs. Sixty to seventy per cent of the serum cost can be saved by treating at this age. Further tests are necessary before this practice can be safely advised.

ORCHARD NEWS

HANDY PROTECTOR FOR TREES

Laths Fastened to Galvanized Wires Keep Away Rabbits and Prevent Sun Scald.

A handy protector to keep rabbits away from young trees may be made by fastening four or five laths to two galvanized wires by the use of small staples, says a writer in Michigan Farmer. One end of the wire is bent in the form of a hook while the other



A Handy Tree Protector.

is made in a loop. These "hooks and eyes" allow the protector to be put on and taken off with ease. Besides protecting the trees from the rabbits, the laths also protect them from sun scald.

WHERE SURPLUS FRUIT GOES

American Apples Shipped to 80 Different Countries—Demand for Oranges and Lemons.

Despite the greater consumption of fruits in the United States during the past 10 years, there has been a material increase in American fruit exports, while imports have decreased.

According to figures compiled by the bureau of markets, United States Department of Agriculture, the average yearly exports of dried and fresh fruits for the pre-war period 1910-1914 were approximately 504,911,000 pounds. With two low years the average for the period 1915-1919 was 518,259,000 pounds, an increase of 2.6 per cent. The 1910-1914 imports averaged 252,708,000, as compared with 109,321,000 pounds for 1915-1919, showing an annual decrease of 57 per cent since 1914.

The fresh fruit export trade of the United States is chiefly in apples, lemons, and oranges; and of dried fruits, apples, apricots, peaches, prunes, and raisins. The imports of fresh fruits are of bananas, grapes, lemons, and oranges; and of dried fruits, currants, dates, figs, olives and raisins.

American apples are sent to 80 different countries, reaching all parts of the globe. There is a constantly increasing demand for American lemons and oranges, Canada and the United Kingdom being the largest purchasers. The decline in imports of grapes is accounted for by the rapid development of the grape industry in America. The same reason is given with regard to lemons. In pre-war days as much as 150,000,000 pounds of lemons were imported annually from Italy, but the imports have declined greatly with the increase in American production. Several million pounds of oranges used to be imported from Jamaica, Mexico, and Italy, but very few are now brought into this country.

IMPORTANCE OF PLANT FOOD

Something Else Besides Pruning and Spraying Needed for Maximum Crop of Apples.

We are finding out that it takes something more than a pruned and sprayed tree to produce a maximum crop of apples, and that if a continuous crop of apples is expected, there must be ample plant food to produce a thrifty growth every year.

Manure or clover or sweet clover plowed under naturally keeps the soil full of humus and in fit condition to hold moisture, and besides supplies considerable amounts of desirable plant food. But orchardists have found that some quickly available fertilizer applied in the spring just before the trees bloom will make a heavy wood foliage growth, thus insuring larger and better flavored fruit.

DYNAMITING FOR TREE HOLES

Blasting Regarded as Desirable Only in Soils Underlaid With Impervious Hardpan.

Some orchard growers use dynamite to blast out the holes for trees. This is regarded as especially desirable only in soils underlaid with an impervious hardpan or those in which their compactness makes digging slow and difficult. The dynamite should be used only when the ground is dry. When the soil is filled with water the explosion of the dynamite forms a jug-shaped cavity about the size of a barrel in which the soil is very loose. When the tree is planted the settling of the loose soil allows the trees to drop considerably deeper than they should be set.

MRS. CARL LINDER
R. F. D. No. 2, Box 44,
Dassel, Minnesota

THANKFUL FOR GOOD PE-RU-NA DID HER YEARS AGO

Keeps the Medicine with Her for Safety

Mrs. Carl Linder, R. F. D. No. 2, Box 44, Dassel, Minnesota, writes: "I want to thank you for your kindness and the good your remedy did me years ago. I am perfectly well and visiting in Spokane, Wash. Were it not for Pe-ru-na I would not have been able to make this trip. I always take your medicine with me for safety should I take cold. Praise to Pe-ru-na."

As an emergency remedy for everyday ills, Pe-ru-na has been in use fifty years.

TABLETS OR LIQUID — SOLD EVERYWHERE

IN EVERY STABLE

Spohn's Distemper Compound

is the one indispensable remedy for contagious and infectious diseases among horses and mules. Its success as a preventive and cure for DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, INFLUENZA, COUGHS and COLDS for more than twenty-six years is the highest tribute to its merit as a medicine. It is endorsed by the best horsemen and live stock men in America. Buy it of your druggist. 60 cents and $1.20 per bottle.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Have You NEURITIS ARTHRITIS RHEUMATISM AUTOINTOXICATION HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE ?

Successfully treated at

Mudbaden

BEST FOR RHEUMATISM

(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)

Write for Information — Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co. — Post Office Box 4 Jordan, Minn.

The ostrich can tickle any woman with his feathers.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

BAYER

Beware! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago, and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. —Adv.

Self-control will succeed with one talent where self-indulgence will fail with ten.

If You Need a Medicine You Should Have the Best

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfill the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as like an endless chain system the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent results, as many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact, so many people claim, that it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments; corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcels Post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

His Business.

"Is he a man of good habits?"

"He has to be; he makes riding ones for ladies."

MAN'S BEST AGE

A man is as old as his organs; he can be as vigorous and healthy at 70 as at 35 if he aids his organs in performing their functions. Keep your vital organs healthy with

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles since 1696; corrects disorders; stimulates vital organs. All druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Mrs. Hicks Relieved By Four Eatonics

"I have taken four Eatonic tablets and they relieved me of sour stomach. I recommend it to everybody," says Mrs. G. P. Hicks.

If stomach is not digesting your food; if you have sourness, bloating, food repeating, indigestion or acid stomach, Eatonic will remove the cause by taking up and carrying out the acidity and gases, bringing quick relief and healthy digestion. Why suffer stomach trouble? Why not keep your digestion normal and enjoy good health? An Eatonic taken after each meal will prevent discomfort and pain.

Make the test today and see how quickly this wonderful remedy acts. It comes in handy tablet form. Carry it with you. A big box costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

No Soap Better For Your Skin Than Cuticura

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling

Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair

60c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Callouses, etc., stops all pain, ensures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

IF MOTHERS ONLY KNEW

During these days how many children are complaining of headache, feverishness, stomach troubles and irregular bowels. If mothers only knew what Mother Gray's Sweet Powders would do for their children no family would ever be without them. These powders are so easy and pleasant to take and so effective in their action that mothers who once use them always tell other mothers about them. Sold by druggists everywhere.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 50c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 50--1920.

Kill That Cold With

HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours — Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

Patronize your home merchants when possible but when you do make a buying trip--consider

MASON CITY

Liberal assortments, better qualities and fair prices we promise you these things in Mason City.

Every Price Tag on Our Men's Suits and Overcoats

represents a substantial saving to you. Our revised prices are

$45.00 to 50.00 values at **$35.00**
$55.00 to 65.00 values at **$45.00**
$70.00 to 77.50 values at **$55.00**
$80.00 to 85.00 values at **$65.00**
$90.00 to 110.00 values at **$75.00**

We have a fine collection of good suits and overcoats and you will appreciate the saving we offer if you really appreciate genuine quality.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does Its Duty"

Mason City, Iowa — Manly, Iowa

This Store has provided a Special Selection of

Smart Shoe Modes

Which are appropriate for every occasion

Whether it's boots for rough and ready wear, or for general purpose service, or for afternoon and evening occasions, you may come here for selection, confident of being well pleased in every particular.

Our shoes are easily distinguished from common kinds. They look better, fit better, wear better than common kinds built down to an attractive price. The Style correctness, the fine workmanship and good materials, combined with splendid fitting qualities, are the feature that bring complete satisfaction to our customers. The long service proves that eventually our shoes are most economical.

Prices are Reduced to meet New Cost Levels

without regard to the sacrifice of profits. Our methods are not sensational, we do not claim pre-war prices, but we do expect to follow the downward trend, and take our shars of the inevitable loss, until a new solid basis is reached. We will not resort to the selling of inferior grades to make our prices more attractive, but will continue to feature footwear of recognized merit, that will in every instances be satisfactory.

We are showing now a very attractive as ortment of Christmas Footwear. They're gifts of lasting remembrance.

Nichols & Green

Federal Ave. — *Across from the Park*

---

20 30 40 *Per Cent*

Reduction Sale on all Furniture, Rugs and Stoves

On account of our large over stock we are compelled to sell merchandise at less than wholesale and get the cash. Reductions on all Holiday Goods, Come Early.

We will hold your Christmas purchase until you are ready for it.

We deliver by Truck or pay freight on all out of town purchases.

Meir Wolf & Sons

Phone 526 — ***Furniture Co.*** — **216-218 S. Federal**

When In
Mason City
Go To

The Star Theatre

A Big Show Every Day

At A Small Price

Adults 20c

Children 06c

Jewely - Silverware

Are Best for Christmas

Makes home attractive and the pleasure of living become greater. Good silverware adds that touch of refinement which is distinctive of every well regulated home. In jewelry we can show you anything from a diamond ring to a stickpin.

There are hundreds of other articles, at moderate prices that will please the reciptent.

J. H. Greve, Jewler

13 1st St. SE Mason City

THE
KILLIAN STORE

MASON — *The Christmas Shopping Center* — *IOWA*

Our Christmas Store Invites You!

It never was more interesting, for its array of Gift Things, or for the attractiveness of the prices.

They tell us that this is going to be a year of sensible, practical digits. That has been the wholesome tendency for years, and we have provided abundantly for those who wish to buy sensible, practical gift things. Every section of our store is filled with them, and forehanded folks who do thier Christmas shopping early will be delighted with what we have to show them now.

A Christmas shopping trip to Killians at Mason City will be well worth while because the large assortment of gifts from which one may choose and for the very favorable prices at which one may purchase,

TOYLAND
IN THE BASEMENT

Santa Clause has sent us many, many Toys for good little boys and girls and Christmas wouldn't be Christmas without plenty of Toys for the kiddies. Among the playthings that the children will greet with shouts of delight are Kiddie Kars, Toy Wagons, Soldier Sets, Electric Trains, Automobiles, Building Sets, Doll Carts and Dolls----hundreds of them all as cute as can be and of so many different sorts.

Treat the little tots to a trip to Toyland!

A Mighty and Mammouth Event
You'll thank us many times for this timely notice

KERSEY'S $40,000 SALE

"Sell at least $20,000" Are The Orders

This sale is not an ordinary reduction sale but a sale of every article, every garment in this mammoth stock of Ladies Ready-to-wear, everything in this store will be marked so tremendously low that the enthusiastic crowd will eagerly carry away the stock in a few days.

Entire stock of Plush and Cloth COATS **1-2 Off**	**$35 Warm Coats** **$12.50** This lot worth to $35 in one group to sell quickly at $12.50.	Entire stock of SWEATERS **1-2 Off**

This Big Sale Ready Thursday A. M.

Out they go at Half Off
It's all to go--Nothing Reserved!

All Suits at - - -
All Fur Sets - -
All Dresses at

1-2 PRICE

One Lot Petticoats 1-2 Off — **To $15 Skirts 4.95**

Kerseys Ready To Wear

Mason City

Perhaps never again will you see such bargains here.

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fifth Year Number 15 | Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, December 16, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

LEMME SCHOOL BASKET SOCIAL A SUCCESS

Last Friday evening the Klemme chool gave a program and basket soial at the Idle Hour Theatre which as a grand success from every tand point. The program given by he children was excellent and the ouse was packed. An admission of wenty-five cents was charged for the rogram and about 180 paid admisions were counted up. All children f school age and ladies with baskets ere admitted free. The total realzed from the sale of the baskets and he admission, after expenses had een deducted, amounted to $141.52. his sum will be used to buy a gradd course ofm usic books for the lemme school. Ben Reemstma aucioneered the sale and got some very ood prices for the baskets.

TO ALL COUNTY TREASURERS:

Some of the County Treasurers in he State do not understand why here is a difference in the rate book n cars of different years, published n the new rate book.

For your information: The manufacturers last year gave the department incorrect weights and list prices n their models for different years, as they did not understand that the Iowa law bases our fee on the selling of the car on June first of that year. About two weeks after our fee book for 1920 was delivered to the County Treasurers, garages and banks, the manufacturers began writing to this department advising that in many instances the wrong list price and weights had been forwarded to this Department and asked for corrections of same. This was impossible as all the book were out over the state, so when this information was asked for for this year, they furnished this department the correct list prices and weights (when available) and models and the price the car sold for on June first of each year up to and including 1920.

The new 1921 rate book is an exact duplication of the rate book for 1920, except that it has included the year 1920 and also corrections in regard ot clerical errors by this department and also clerical errors by the manufacturers when they submitted their list prices, weights and models.

You will use the rate in the new rate book for the registration for the year 1921, regardless of what rate you collected for the year 1920.

The rate book for 1921 does not contain the rate on 1921 models. You will register all 1921 models upon the weight and list price furnished you by the owner or the dealer that is selling this particular car.

As soon as possible we will secure these weights and list prices on all 1921 models and forward to you a mem ographed copy, the same as we did l st year. These rates will be accepted by this department for the registration of all 1921 cars for this year. Our rate book is always one year behind on new cars coming out.

Yours very truly,
F. J. Murphy, Supt.
Motor Vehicle Department

1wc

Will Kirkwood came from Milaca, Minnesota, last Thursday, being called here by the illness of his father, A. Kirkwood. "Bill" likes Minnesota very well and thinks it is a great country. He is located about sixty miles northwest of tht Twin Cities and is farming. Their chief crops there are potatoes and small grain. Potatoes run from 200 to 400 bushels per acre and oats goes from 75 to 125 bushels per acre. A small amount of corn is raised and 50 bushels to the acre is considered a big crop. He says the potato crop was not as good this year as formerly but that they only had about 200 bushels to the acre. Up there they never burn any coal as they are in the timber country and everybody burns wood all year around as they do not have far to go afttr it.

Miss Belken, high school teacher, has handed in her resignation to the school board, so we understand, to take effect Friay of this week. This completes her semester's work here. We have not learned who will be selected to fill the vacancy.

Miss Belken, our High School teacher, enjoyed a visit from her parents and little brother of Iowa Falls who came last Friday and remained until Saturday when Miss Belken accompanied them home for an over Sunday visit.

Optimistic Thought.

renson has no place when obedi- Solis principality.

CHRISTMAS MERCHANDISE

This week's Klemme Times will serve the purpose of a good Christmas shoppers guide for you will find in the advertisements of the Klemme merchants this week a complete list of very desirable gifts. Just look over the ads of the various merchants in the Times this week and then make out your list of what you will buy for Christmas presents. Then go to the merchants and select the gifts you have on your list and do your shopping early so you will have the best goods to pick from. The Christmas goods offered by the Klemme merchants are low priced compared to the same articles on sale in other nearby towns. You will do well to trade with Klemme merchants and save money. They have the finest holiday goods this year that has ever been in Klemme and the prices are very reasonable in any of the Klemme stores. Do your Christmas Shopping now and avoid the rush during the last days before Christmas.

Mrs. John Graham, of Searsborough, came Monday for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Howard Spitler. Mr. Graham will come Friday and he and his wife will remain visiting with the Spitlers until after the holidays.

Fred Henschen and Philip Bock drove to Garner Monday morning and returned in the afternoon. They said they had business at the Court House and that puts us to wondering if they made the Clerk's office a visit while there.

Announcing a cure for piles in any form (hemorrhoids) by a method that is painless, harmless and sure. Y0u go about your work as usual the next day no hospital bill to pay, no suffering for days and days. Dr. R. W. Shultz, Masonic Bldg, Garner Ia·

FOR SALE—At a sacrifice, 1920 Ford Roadter, A-1 condition. Address "FORD" care of Times. 13-tfc

Notice—All those knowing themselves indebted to me are requested to call and settle at once, as I am in need of money W· F. Pavey.

Prices Drop

I have reduced prices ou all harness goods, call in and see me. Frank Gruetzmacher.

GOOD PICTURES SHOWN AT THE IDLE HOUR

Manager Pavey of the Idle Hour Theatre is running some excellent pictures at the local movie house. Paramount pictures are now being hown every Saturday evening and he pictures are drawing a good crowd. Last Saturday night he showed a very good western picture taken from historical facts of the days of '49 when people were rushing to California for gold. The picture was full of interest from start to finish and was wel worth seeing. The series of Paramount pictures being run at the Idle Hour are the very best obtainable.

The young people around town should remember that our night watch is supposed to look into everything that happens on our streets after the lights go out. If you must do your loving at that time of night outdoors, make it snappy, otherwise the night-watch may interrupt you and he as well as you may be placed in a very embarrassing position.—Renwick Times.

Learning From Tumbles.

It does not matter how many tumbles you have in this life, so long as you do not get dirty when you tumble. There is the greatest practical benefit in making a few failures in life. You learn that which is of inestimable importance—that there are a great many people in the world who are just as clever as you are . . . and you very soon find out if you have not found it out before, that patience and tenacity of purpose are worth more than twice their weight in cleverness. —Huxley.

Simple Filter to Clean Oil.

As a means of separating dirt, metal dust, etc., from used oil, the filter which may be made in the following manner will be found very efficient: Fasten a piece of muslin or cotton cloth to a metal or wooden ring large enough to fit over the top of a can, drum or other vessel. The cloth should be left a little slack and into the shallow bag so formed a quantity of sawdust is placed. The oil to be filtered is poured through and leaves its foreign matter behind in the sawdust.

"I Loves Her Most of All"

A Christmas Morning Breakfast

Our Christmas Girl

SEWER MEN LAY UP FOR WINTER

The bad streak of weather Monday put a blink on the digging of sewer trenches so the men laid off Tuesday and housed their machinery for the winter. They have made good progress the past two weeks, especially last week. They have finished the sewer as far north as the north corner of the school grounds and will begin work again in the spring from that point. They have in nearly a mile of sewer at this time. The men will spend the winter at their various homes, some at Chicago and Evanston, Ill., and some at What Cheer, Iowa. They will appear early in the spring and get the machines in shape to proceed with thew ork.

FIRST REAL SNOW THIS YEAR

The first real snow storm of the season occurred Monday about noon. The weather man had been grouchy for several days and finally cut loose with some real snow. The snow fell until towards evening when it subsided. About two inches on the level fell, or ptrhaps a little more during the day. The ground is pretty well covered and it looks as if we well have snow for Christmas this year.

Addition of extra windows, particularly near the floor will allow more light to enter the houses in the early evenings of the winter to keep the chickens from going to roost.

This addition according to H. A. Bittenbeoder, will increase the length of the day for the chickens and have a good result on egg production.

Many poultrymen have instrled electrical apparatus in the poultry houses so that lights can be turned on in the early morning to get the poultry to scratching and feeding earlier. The lights can also be kept on in the afternoon with better production results. The difference in the number of eggs produced will more than pay the additional costs of increased light.—Ringsted Dispatch.

World Has Little Influence.

In the course of time the world gets tired of hearing one man or one woman telling it what it should do about this and that.—Toledo Blade.

Seeking a Variation.

"Did you know people are talking about the way you misquoted the piece of poetry you introduced in your speech?"

"I did it on purpose," replied Senator Sorghum. "I thought it would be desirable to do something, however slight, to shift the argument."

Easy Come—Easy Go.

She—Lucius, I cannot be betrothed to you any longer.

He (with a superior manner)—Well, there are others.

She—Yes, I know. I've just become engaged to one of the others.

May Get the Rope.

City Chap—Well done, old chap. You sow and I reap the fruits.

Farmer—Maybe you will. I am sowing hemp.

A Little Late.

Boy in Library—"I want the life of Caesar." Librarian—"Sorry, but Brutus got ahead of you."

Woman Water Carrier.

The "fellaha," the woman water carrier, for centuries an institution in the Holy land, is threatened with extinction because of the use of water carts, growing popular through the demands of sanitary measures.

The picturesque water carrier, gliding along the streets in her colorful costume, with a vase of water balanced on her head, may soon become a memory.

New Antiseptic Discovered.

At Bellevue hospital, New York, they are using a new antiseptic, discovered by F. A. Mardon, a graduate nurse, who has been working on it for 25 years. It is called chlorsal and is similar to several other antiseptics, but has the great advantage over them of not being affected by exposure to the air.

Greatest Timber States.

The forests of western Oregon and Washington contain the largest reservoirs of virgin timber left in the United States, and a very large proportion of the lumber used by the country comes from this region, says the American Forestry Magazine (Washington, D. C.). Washington has since 1905 held foremost place among the states in quantity of lumber produced; Oregon now ranks third in production, but first in volume of standing timber, and it will not be long before the increasing annual cut will place her at the head, or next the head, of timber-producing states.

DOGS ONCE CALLED VERMIN

Only In Comparatively Recent Years Have They Received Recognition Under English Laws.

Our laws regarding dog bites, which Judge Cluer declares to be full of anomalies, are all of modern date, says Tit-Bits.

There seems to be no reference to dogs in any law passed before the accession of Queen Victoria. In a case heard by Mr. Justice Elliot in 1555 it was ruled that dogs were vermin, and for that reason the church would not degrade itself by taking tithes of them. Nor was a dog the subject of larceny at common law, the ruling being that "a man shall not have for a dog."

Parliament first began to notice dogs in 1838, by passing a statute increasing "the resources of civilization" against the lawless doings of Irish curs.

Ten years later, dog fighting, bull baiting and bear baiting were prohibited by parliament. Between 1839 and 1882 no fewer than eight statutes were passed regulating the condition and social status of the dog, one of which placed him in a position of a taxpayer. In addition to these statutes applied throughout the United Kingdom—a special act was framed to curb the sheep-worrying propensities of dogs in Scotland.

WOULD SELL AT THAT PRICE

Broker Declined to Wait for Any Further Advance in Quotations on Prepared Foods.

A prominent curb broker wishing to make his lunch period as brief as possible, forsook his accustomed restaurant, a very exclusive place for a "trust system" buffet.

Glancing up at the price board, he noted "Pot Roast Beef with Corn Muffins, 30 cents," which he ordered. As he "self-served" himself to a vacant place at one of the tables, he again turned his gaze to the board, when he noticed an attendant was now using some sleight-of-hand work.

With much astonishment he saw the 30, denoting the price of beef with C. M. commodity, changed to a 35. When sufficiently recovered from the shock of plate of victuals in hand, he approached the food trader, and indignantly inquired as to the cause of the sudden change in price.

"Why, I bought this hardly three minutes ago," he protested, "when it was quoted 30."

The lunch room profiteer smartly answered, "I know, but the asked price is now 35."

"Well," shot back the broker, "I suppose there's every indication of further rise, but I guess I'll get out. You can sell this for me at that and keep your commission out of proceeds."—Wall Street Journal.

Landed Freak Fish.

A wearied marine monster blundered into the net of a San Diego, Cal., fisherman not long ago. On being hauled into the fishing smack by the astonished captain, it was found to measure a little more than 15 feet long, and in general configuration to resemble a shark, reports Popular Mechanics Magazine. Its upper jaw was surmounted, however, by a clumsy-looking horn of solid bone. A month after its discovery in a fertilizer plant, a prominent scientist notified the fishing captain that he had caught a female of the species basking shark, of which only six are known to have been taken during the history of the world's fishing industry.

Real Beer for Bavaria.

The Bavarian breweries are to resume the production of beer with an alcoholic content of eight per cent, according to a statement made on August 5 by the Bavarian minister of agriculture, following his return from a meeting in Berlin, where the general food situation of the nation had been discussed and certain plans for the future agreed on between the national and state authorities. He also said that the daily bread ration was to be raised from 200 grams to 700 grams per capita and that the state control of the egg market was to be dropped in October.

Fleet to Hunt Sponges.

The enormous rise in prices of sponges has induced Italian ship owners to construct many new craft for sponge-gathering, the fleet setting forth from Sfax, the sponge market, numbers some 60 vessels this year, in contrast to 30 in previous campaigns, writes United States Consul Cookingham of Tunis. The sponges gathered during the summer campaign now in progress will, it is expected, bring at least 50 francs per kilo to the Sfax market.

Policewomen Walk Like Men.

London policewomen work in couples and have adopted the regulation policeman's stride—long, slow-measured. As their work is moral suasion, they carry no weapon, but as a means of self defense they have learned jiu-jitsu tricks.

WARNING

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years, and proved safe by millions.—Say "Bayer"!

say BAYER Aspirin

SAFETY FIRST! Accept only an "unbroken package" of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and pain generally. Strictly American!

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

How Airmen Use Oxygen.

When the airman ascends to heights greater than 20,000 feet, he is sure to use oxygen. He carries it in liquid form in a vacuum tank provided with a mechanism to control the evaporation.

The liquid may be electrically heated to accelerate evaporation; or a heated rod of copper or aluminum in the liquid may be used; or the liquid may be siphoned out into an evaporating chamber from which the gas is conducted through tubes to the airman's mouth. — Popular Science Monthly.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief

BELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION

BALL PLAYED BY PRISONERS

...rn Penitentiaries Have Teams ... Put Up Good Exhibitions ... the National Game.

...nd penitentiaries have ...imposed of inmates, ...ort has done much ...alth and spirits of ... baseball teams are ... and play a regular schedule ..., but of necessity these games ...ays played on the prison home ...ds.

One of the best known prison teams is that of Sing Sing. It is known as the Mutual Welfare league team, and last season it won more than 95 per cent of games played with visiting nines. The prison baseball field has a splendidly graded surface, and there are bleachers for spectators. The team plays Saturday and Sunday afternoons. Visiting teams come from New Jersey and Connecticut. The prison team has won from some of the best semi-professional nines in these states. The Eastern penitentiary in Philadelphia has long maintained a baseball team, and has developed many good players.

A Good Memory.

"Has he a good memory?"

"I'll say so. He can even remember his wife's birthday."

Flivver-Jitney Nuptials.

"The wedding was a flivver."

"You mean that it was a tin one?"—Buffalo Express.

Where It Happened.

"He loved her, but never made it known, and remained a bachelor because she was very rich and he was poor."

"Where did that happen? In this town?"

"No; in a book."

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY AILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

ANSWERS CALL OF FRIEND

Deer's Remarkable Attachment to Man Who Had Cared for It in Its Helplessness.

A two-pronged buck deer answers the calls of Jerry Shine, employed by the municipal water district at Alpine dam, near San Raphael, Cal.

Long ago Shine one day came upon a dead doe in the trail of the forest, and standing beside the mother was a fawn. It was miles to Shine's cabin, but he carried the fawn home with him, fed it and gave it the name of Billy. After a time Shine left the district. He returned several days ago and asked his fellow workers the whereabouts of his deer. They laughed at him; the deer had gone back to nature, they said.

Shine mounted the parapet of the dam and called for Billy. The deer, now the proud possessor of two-pronged horns, bounded out of the forest. A photograph was taken of the man and the animal, as the latter rested his forefeet on the shoulder of Shine.

Drawing the Line.

"Dancing," remarked Mr. Lightfoot, "is the poetry of motion."

"Possibly," answered Miss Cayenne; "but it is not the kind of poetry that can properly be associated with hymns."

It's Nature.

"One industry in Australia is raising kangaroos."

"I should think that would keep those engaged in it on the jump."

POSTUM CEREAL

used in place of coffee has many advantages, soon recognized.

Postum is better for health, costs less than coffee, yet has a flavor very similar to coffee.

Postum Cereal should be boiled a full fifteen minutes. Another form **Instant Postum** is made instantly in the cup, no boiling required.

Grocers sell both kinds

"There's a Reason"

The Earth Has Grown Old

The earth has grown old with its burden of care,
But at Christmas it always is young;
The heart of the jewel burns lustrous and fair,
And its soul full of music breaks forth on the air,
When the song of the angels is sung.

It is coming, old earth, it is coming tonight!
On the snowflakes that cover thy sod
The feet of the Christ-Child fall gentle and white,
And the voice of the Christ-Child tells out with delight
That mankind are the children of God.

The feet of the humblest may walk in the field
Where the feet of the holiest have trod,
This, this is the marvel to mortals revealed
When the silvery trumpets of Christmas have pealed,
That mankind are the children of God.

—Phillips Brooks

Peter and the Mulberry Tree

By Christopher Grant Hazard

SOME dogs have names.

There was Caspar, the pup. He had a name, but he was too young to know it.

There was old dog Barker.

My father used to make Barker sit up and listen. Father would say to me, "No orderly boy would leave his hat on the floor like that. Barker wouldn't do it, if he were a boy."

Then Barker would bark, once.

Then my father would ask Barker if he was a good dog, and Barker would bark twice.

Some dogs have no names.

The little black and white dog across the street is just a dog, but he will come when you whistle.

There is a dog near here who knows the butcher cart when he sees it coming. He drives all the hens out of the yard, so he can pick up the scraps of meat that fall from the cart while of meat that fall from the cart while the butcher is getting the meat ready.

This dog hasn't any name. He is so selfish that he isn't worth naming.

Once there was a tree, and it had a name. It was a mulberry tree.

The man that owned the tree had a dog, too. His name was Peter, and no little dog was ever more fond of meat than Peter was of mulberries.

He would hunt around in the grass, under the mulberry tree, until he had found every mulberry that had fallen down. Then he would run against the tree and bump down a lot more.

Some children heard about Peter and the mulberry tree and it made them think of something.

It made them think of fixing up a Christmas tree, with many little packages upon it—like mulberries—and then bumping the things off for Christmas gifts.

So, this is just what they did.

Charlie had the first bump.

When he picked up his package he found that he had a round hole with a square peg in it.

There was a bit of paper tied to the peg, and on it was written:

"Get into the right place."

Harry's bump brought down a square hole with a round peg in it. Its paper said:

"Don't get into the wrong place."

Then Frank gave a bump that was a regular butt, and he held up a square hole with a square peg in it. These words were with them:

"A place for everybody, and everybody in his place."

When Dick bumped, he go a round hole and a round peg.

"What does this mean?" he shouted.

"The same thing," answered Frank.

"Sure," said Chauncey.

Chauncey was the littlest. He was so little that he used to take his doll to bed with him and talk over with it, before he went to sleep, the things they had done that day. And he had just learned that word "sure." He was so proud of it that he used to say it to his father instead of "yeth sir." Chauncey would soon learn that "sure" was not as nice as "yeth sir."

Then the girls said it was their turn and they began to bump.

Ruth got an alphabet, so as to learn not to say "hikjlmnop."

Sarah had "a headache in her knee," so Mary bumped for her.

Down came a pair of rubbers and Mary put them on "inside outwards," just to try them.

Then they all bumped the tree for Chauncey, who wasn't big enough to bump hard enough to make anything fall.

Such a lot of things tumbled off.

There was a baseball glove—Ruth tried it on and her hand looked like a hassock; a breastpin—Sarah pinned it on her sleeve, "where she could see it;" two doll dress patterns; a new doll's hat—a small hat; a set of dishes, a doll's high chair; and a toothpick.

Chauncey was like the old woman who lived in the shoe. He didn't know what to do with all his things; but he was careful to use the toothpick every time he took a drink of milk.

There was still one package left. It was in the top of the tree.

One little girl, her name was Lucy, had not had anything. So the children let her pull the top of the tree down to get this package.

And there was the dearest doll that ever came off of a Christmas tree. It had blue eyes that would open and shut and the cunningest frock.

Lucy, now the doll's mother, thought that this was the very best gift of all.

Then, just as they were going to go downstairs, there came a rap at the door.

"Come in," they shouted.

What do you suppose? It was Santa Claus. He marched in with stockings for them that were all bulging and bursting with good things.

What fun they had with him and with all the things he had brought.

They had such a good time that some of it spread away around the corner to a house that Santa Claus had not visited yet.

So, everybody had something.

This is what God meant the Christmas tree for.

After their visit to the poor children, they all went home laughing and happy enough to wait a whole year for a new crop of Christmas cheer—just as the dog Peter, has to wait until another season for a new crop of mulberries.

(©, 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

A Christmas Day Menu

First course—Gladness.

Entrees — Love garnished with Smiles.

Gentleness, with sweet-wine sauce of Laughter.

Second course—Hospitality.

In some house Hospitality is brought on surrounded with Relatives. In others it is dished up with Dignitaries. In a third, best of all, it is served in simple shapes, but with a great variety of Unfortunate Persons—such as lonely people from lodging houses, poor people of all grades, widows and childless in their affliction. This is the kind most preferred; in fact, never abandoned by those who have tried it.

For dessert—Mirth.

Gratitude and Faith beaten together and run in the molds of solid Trust and Patience.

Bonbons of Good Cheer and Kindliness.

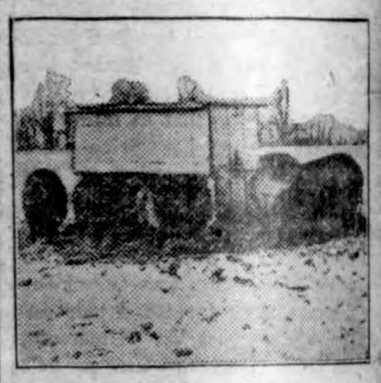
Live Stock Facts

KEEP BROOD SOWS IN WINTER

Animals Must Be Properly Fed in Order to Farrow Large Number of Healthy Pigs.

During the winter the brood sows should be maintained as cheaply as possible, but at the same time they must be properly fed in order to farrow a large number of healthy, well-grown pigs in the spring. Best results are obtained when sufficient food is given to produce daily gains on the sows of one-half or three-fourths of a pound. To do this the grain fed must be limited, and diluted with some roughage, for unless the ration has sufficient bulk, the sows will become constipated and hungry, due to the undistended condition of the digestive tract. Legume hays are the chief roughage available at this season, and their use will cheapen the cost of feeding.

Either alfalfa, clover, soy-bean or cow-pea hay makes an excellent roughage, and when fed, little or no high-priced protein concentrate is needed to balance the corn. Bright leafy alfalfa hay gives the best results of any of these roughages. Alfalfa meal is simply the best grade of alfalfa hay chopped into a meal. Clover hay contains almost as much nourishment as alfalfa hay, and soy-bean hay, cut and cured when the beans are almost ripe, is a very nutritious feed. Cowpea hay should be cut when the first peas are ripening and consequently does not have as high food value as soy-bean hay. Great care must be exercised in curing soy-bean and cowpea hay, for the stalks are very heavy and succulent and unless thoroughly dried are apt to mold. Under no condition should a brood sow be fed upon any roughage which is not bright, nutritious,



Sows Feeding Some Distance From Sleeping Quarters in Order to Secure Necessary Exercise.

and free from smut or mold. She does not relish or thrive on such inferior feed. It is very apt to cause severe digestive troubles, and may lead to the loss of her litter.

WINTER ATTENTION TO EWES

Success or Failure of Lamb Crop Next Spring Depends on Care Given Breeding Flock.

The success or failure of the lamb crop next spring will depend to a large extent upon the care given the breeding flock during the winter. In order to secure active, well-developed lambs, a large percentage of which are twins, it is absolutely necessary to have the ewes in a thrifty condition at mating time, and conditions of feeding and management during the winter months must be such that the flock will be maintained in good flesh, strong and vigorous.

WAY TO AVOID HOG CHOLERA

Prevent Exposure of Susceptible Animals to the Germ Which Causes the Disease.

To avoid hog cholera: First, avoid exposure of susceptible hogs to the germ which causes the disease; second, hogs when exposed to hog cholera should at least be injected with anti-hog-cholera serum, which will protect them through the period of exposure; third, produce permanent immunity in the hogs by administering virus at the same time protective serum is injected.

HIGHER PRICES FOR HORSES

Animals for Breeding and Farm Work Have Advanced Rapidly Within Past Six Months.

Prices on horses for farm work and breeding have advanced rapidly within the past six months and the fact that only about 10 per cent of the mares in the United States are in foal and not more than 10 per cent of the yearlings we should have are here, indicates that prices are due to go higher than we have ever known them to be.

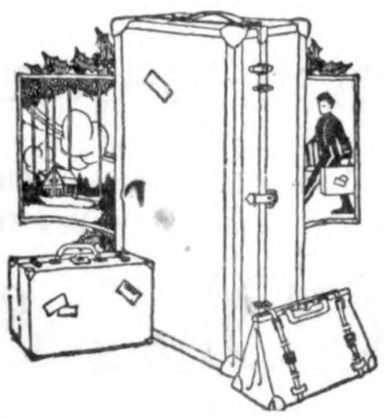
GRADE IS IMPROVED ANIMAL

Strictly Speaking It Is One That Has One Purebred Parent, the Other Being Mixture.

Strictly speaking, the grade is an animal that has one purebred parent, the other being a mixture. The term grade is sometimes applied to an animal that is from improved ancestry whether or not it has one purebred parent. However, not every animal that is not purebred is a grade. The animal with inferior mixed blood lines is strictly a scrub.

Sensible Gifts for Men are Bought at a Men's Store

We know what men and young men as well as boys want--its something to wear, however something different and a little out of the ordinary. It has been our aim to make Christmas purchases to conform with your ideas, something sensible, practical and desirable.



This Will Be a Christmas of Big Saving for All of Our Customers

We have given you the benefit of whatever lowering of prices the market has shown and can safely say you will save from 20 per cent to 30 per cent on all purchases.

We are making a special Xmas offering of

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats

A Christmas present for yourself at

$27.85 $34.85 $40.85

LADIES--We sell ladies Everwear Hosiery exclusively and we have them in all sizes and colors and priced from 85c to $3.00. A very suitable gift to any lady. Make our store your shopping headquarters.

Come to Us for a Man's Christmas Gift--We may help you on deciding on something suitable for him.

Smoking Jackets
Bath Robes
Hosiery
Sweaters
Gloves
Mittens
Neckwear
Collar Bags

Dress Shirts
Flannel Shirts
Men's Slippers
Fur Caps
Handkerchiefs
Driving Mittens
Traveling Bags
Suit Cases

GET TO KNOW

Gildner Bros. & Johnson

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx

GARNER, IOWA

Sixteen Stores

The Christmas Bargain Store

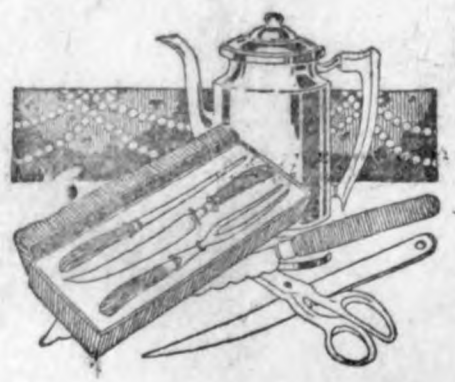
This Christmas we should give gifts that have real value, and that will last a lifetime. We have a full line of many useful articles that will make ideal Christmas gifts for every member of the family. Following we list a few items:

Gifts for Him

Hats and Caps
Silk Hose
Gloves and Mittens
Silk Ties
Handkerchiefs
Belts and Suspenders
Fancy Shirts
Shoes
Safety Razors

Gifts for Her

Silk Hose
Gloves
Hand Bags
Handkerchiefs
Scarfs
Sweaters
Boudoir Caps
Perfume, Powder
Shoes



Other Useul Presents

China Ware Silver Ware Glass Ware Casseroles
Baking Dishes Pyrex Ware Enameled Ware
Coleman Lamps Aluminum Dishes

Pocket Knives

Gifts For Boys and Girls

Sleds Skates Wagons Kiddy Kars Tinker Toys
Horsy Toddles Rifles Air Rifles Sweaters
Flash Lights Pocket Knives Etc.

We also carry a full line of Christmas Candies, Fruits, Nuts, and Groceries, New York Apples, Order Your Xmas Tree Here.

The Practical Gift Store

G. W. KLUCKHOHN & SONS

Useful Gifts That Please

THE COAL QUESTION

question of national control coal is brought squarely to the front by the statements of ators Calder and Edge, members the Senate Committee on Re- ruction who have served notice the coal industry of the United unless that industry "reforms cuts prices to a reasonable by December 6, which is the of the reassembling of Congress will introduce a bill providing most stringent regulation of branch of the coal business. usual, the coal industry has at- ted to shift the burden of re- sib lity by laying its ommissions to the railroads. The Car Service sion of the American Railway ociation punctures coal is being ported this year this claim by statement that more than last , both in the lignite and anthra- coal fields.

There is plenty of talk about the ibility of conferences between tors, jobbers, railroad execu- s and representatives of the Interstate Commerce Commission, the purpose of straightening out coal situation. Doubtless this l help some, but the question es as to how far the authority he Commission could be extended correcting the difficulties. The mmission has no control except r the railroads, and the railroads, ording to official statements, are only ones who are fully meeting r responsibilities.

Notice to Automobile Owners.

Notice is hereby given that the tomobile Licenses for 1921 are w due. Penalty attaches January 1st, 1921.

Application cards can be procured the banks, garages or at the County treasurer's office.

uto license fees are the same as 20. If you send your application by mail, remit by draft or cashier's checks. Personal checks will not be accepted unless cetified to by bank drawn on.

THOS. H. THOMPSON,
County Treasurer.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

Advertisers are hereby notified that changes of copy for advertisements must be in this office not later than Tuesday noon to insure publication in current issue.

This rule must be complied with especially during the rush of the holiday season, and we trust that our advertisers will lend us this co-operation in the future.

Please bear this in mind and thus save disappointment and confusion.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the State Savings Bank, Klemme, Iowa, is called to meet in the banking rooms of the Bank at Klemme, Iowa, on Friday, December 24th, 1920, at One o'clock P. M., to consider and take action upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said bank from $15,000 to $30,000, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting in connection therewith.

P. M. Griesemer, President
D. D. Ross, 1st Vice President
Wm. Katter, 2nd Vice President
F. J. Wenck, Cashier
A. Kelly
A. E. Katter
H. J. Stille
W. H. Ramsay
Jos. E. Johnson
Officers and Directors of said Bank

Bell Foiled Thieves.

Among records of stolen bells is that of one from Soissons in Burgundy which Clothaire carried away. The bell objected to the act by gradually becoming dumb on the journey to Paris, where its voice was discovered gone. But its voice returned in such full force when the bell was sent home that its tone could be heard seven miles distant.

Three Cents a Bath.

The pet dogs of the gay Parisiennes supply a source of livelihood to many men in Paris. They are stationed along the Seine river, and do a good business bathing dogs for their owners. Milady sits on one of the park benches along the river while Fido is given a good bath and thoroughly dried—all for three cents.

Think Before You Speak.

It is a good thing to say what you think, and to be truthful, but never forget to think what you say and to be thoughtful. A thing may be true, yet should not be said if it helps nobody and hurts somebody.

NELSON'S SUPER

SUPER WHAT?

WAIT

?

Watch

Don't Miss It!

Watch Next Week Sure!

Seasonable Xmas Gifts

A complete assortment in every line and priced to fit every purse, and every article a sensible, serviceable Christmas Gift. This season, as never before, will the purchasing of sensible gifts predominate. Make the wife happy by buying her a Globe or Quick Meal Range. Make the home more comfortable by investing in a Globe or Huron Furnace.

A Few Suggestions

Electric & Power Washers
Ranges and Heaters
Carving Sets
Gas Lamps
Pocket Knives, Razors
Skates, Sleds, Wagons
Scissors and Shears
Baking Dishes
Roasters, all kinds
Rifles and Air Rifles
Electric Flash Lights
Kitchen Utensils

Pyrexware Alumium Silver

Wishing you a Merry Christmas
and a Happy New Year.

JACOBS & SON

SUCCESSFUL MEN BUILD

Men of action, men of succes, are men who build because building means profit.

Every improvement built about your place is a sign of success.

We are here to help successful men build. That means You when you are ready.

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Bob Sleds

It is time to figure on getting your bob sled for the winter for they will be hard to get. Come in now and order yours while we have a full line. We carry the famous

Never Tip
They live up to their name.

We also carry a full line of Kewanee Hog Waterers, Tank Heaters, Feed & Oil.

See Us Now

W. M. Baack

Beef Now Selling at

Pre-War Prices!

Our prices on all Beef Cuts are now down to 1914 prices.

Half Hogs, at per lb. **14c**
Beef quarters, per lb. **10c14c**

BIG REDUCTION IN
All Smoked Meats

Klemme Meat Market

CHRISTMAS SEALS FIGHT DISEASE

Annual Sale to Finance State Wide Public Health Activities

Every Iowa citizen has an opportunity this month to assist in the improvement of public health conditions through the purchase of Christmas Health seals, which are being offered for sale through county organizations in practically every community.

The seal is being conducted by the Iowa Tuberculosis association, in cooperation with various local organizations all over the state.

Receipts from the seal sale are to be devoted entirely to the furthering of public health, child welfare, school crusades upon disease, anti-tuberculosis work, and similar lines of activity, 95 per cent of the proceeds remaining in Iowa. The National Tuberculosis association, from the small share it receives, supplies literature, engages in a nation wide fight on tuberculosis, and generally cooperates with the state and local organization.

The seal sale is endorsed and assisted by the American Red Cross, and in many counties the Red Cross chapters will have charge of the expenditure of the funds.

In 1919, 91,000,000 of the little red, green and blue stickers were sold in Iowa. This year it is hoped to at least double this number, and a goal of ten seals per capita is set for the sale.

In addition to the seal sale, health bonds and seal buttons are also being sold in many communities.

The purchase of each individual will assist in improving public health conditions in his own community and county. School nurses, women's clubs, school superintendents, public welfare boards, visiting nurses associations, and numerous other organizations interested in social work are planning to finance their work in 1921 through the seal sale.

Particular emphasis is being laid upon extending the work of these social agencies into the rural communities, working in most instances through the farm bureaus, county nurse, and school system.

A Few Facts About Tuberculosis

Every day 5 people die of tuberculosis in Iowa.

One funeral in 10 is caused by tuberculosis.

One in every 13 deaths from tuberculosis is a child under 5.

Tuberculosis kills 1 in every 3 who die between 18 and 45.

Every year a Titanic goes down in Iowa—just that many needless deaths of tuberculosis.

More people died of tuberculosis last year than the entire population of the biggest city and county in Iowa.

Two and a half times as many people die yearly of tuberculosis as died of all causes in the war.

The number of people in Iowa who have tuberculosis now would fill the average rural county.

Iowa spends ten times as much annually fighting tuberculosis in cattle and hogs as it does fighting tuberculosis in its men, women and children.

RED CROSS TO AID

Full co-operation of the American Red Cross in the annual Christmas Health Seal Sale which will be conducted in Iowa under the direction of the Iowa Tuberculosis Association and its affiliated organizations is pledged in a letter received by the National Tuberculosis Association from Livingston Farrand, chairman of the central committee of the American Red Cross.

The letters is as follows:

Dr. Charles J. Hatfield,
National Tuberculosis Association.

Dear Dr. Hatfield:

I am, naturally, watching with very great interest the plans for the annual Christmas seal campaign of the National Tuberculosis Association.

There has never been a time when united effort in the health field was more needed in the country and the world than now, and of all the aspects of the health problem that of tuberculosis in my judgment takes first place. The work already accomplished by the National Tuberculosis Association is so notable that it is recognized everywhere, but there still remains much to be done and success can only be obtained if there is a generous response in the seal campaign.

The Red Cross regards this work of your Association as of primary importance, and for that reason hopes to cooperate with you in every possible way, and trusts that the results of the sale of seals in 1920, will be all that the great importance of the program deserves and calls for.

Sincerely yours,
By LIVINGSTON FARRAND,
Chairman, Central Committee.

SEAL FUNDS HAVE DONE MUCH WORK

Iowa Tuberculosis Association Program Extensive and Far Reaching

The Iowa Tuberculosis association is supported entirely through its modest percentage of the receipts of the Christmas Seal sale throughout Iowa.

In 1920 it:

Directed and introduced the modern health crusade in Iowa schools, enlisting altogether a total of 243,000 young people in the ranks of cleanliness. As a result Iowa won the grand national prize for the modern health crusade work, and of 10 first prize banners awarded in the United States, 6 came to Iowa. Of 101 second prize banners, 58 were won by Iowa schools, including both public and parochial.

The association furnished 1,500,000 pieces of health literature for distribution in Iowa.

Exhibits were provided for 30 county fairs and the state fair.

Twelve county tuberculosis surveys were made by the nursing staff.

Four counties were covered by special nursing demonstrations by staff nurses.

Fifteen county tuberculosis clinics were arranged and held.

A total of 1,050 tuberculosis cases were registered at the state headquarters, and placed under proper care and supervision.

Occupational therapy was introduced in three sanitria, including the state sanitorium at Oakdale.

Sixty-one public health nurses were assisted by visits from members of the I. T. A. staff.

Every public health nurse in Iowa was afforded co-operation through the supplying of literature, suggestions, and information pertaining to their work.

More than 100 strong county and community organizations were established as co-operating agencies with the Iowa Tuberculosis association.

The association maintains a staff of competent nurses engaged at all times in public health work in Iowa, the services of these nurses being devoted to communities where the need is greatest.

Through co-operation with the Iowa Tuberculosis association in the last Christmas seal sale, local organizations were supplied with more than $60,000 in working funds.

Buy Christmas Seals and help keep up the good work.

Health of Iowa School Children

Recent reports of public health nurses' inspections of school children in Iowa counties showed:

3 out of 4 had physical defects.
3 out of 5 had bad teeth.
11 out of 20 had enlarged tonsils.
1 out of 3 had abnormal throats.
1 out of 8 defective vision.
1 out of 20 had defective hearing.
3 out of 5 were underweight.

One health committee reports as result of this work:

113 children had glasses fitted.
414 had teeth fixed.
307 had minor operations.

Another school health committee visited 472 homes giving literature and teaching health.

108,000 school children are absent every day in Iowa.

This costs the state $4,000,000 in tuition.

The state loses $45,000,000 a year on its school investment.

80 per cent of these absences are due to preventable illnesses.

The rural districts suffer most.

The state spends less than 2c per capita for health; 30c per capita for police protection.

Seal Sale funds go to improve the health of your children.

Iowa's Needs

One per cent of population has active tuberculosis (scientific researches of National Tuberculosis Association).

This is 23,586 people in Iowa.

One per cent more have it in negative form.

7,000 children in Iowa are constantly being exposed to tuberculosis.

For this Iowa needs:	For this need Iowa has:
100 dispensary clinics	13
470 Public health nurses.	165
210 open air school rooms.	3
700 preventoria beds	60

How are we to get it?

Buy Christmas Seals, Health Bonds, or give what you can to the Seal Sale.

Plan Ahead for 1921

The old saying that "the man who thinks ahead, gets ahead" still holds true. NOW is the time to make your plans for the comming year. Determine a business course that will bring you a full measure of success in 1920.

Plan to spend more wisely, to be more economical, to make more use of this strong, friendly bank. These suggestions deserve your serious consideration as you start the New Year.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

For 10 Days all Our Knickerbocker Suits for Boys Are Priced at 1-3 Off

To Illustrate

30 Suits for **$20.00**
25 Suits for **$16.67**
20 Suits for **$13.34**
15 Suits for **$10.00**

A rare opportunity for parents to get their boys Christmas Clothes at a fine saving.

Patton Bros. Co.

"Where a Dollar Does Its Duty"

Mason City, Iowa **Manly, Iowa**

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machines

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Patronize your home merchants when possible but when you do make a buying trip--consider

MASON CITY

Liberal assortments, better qualities and fair prices we promise you these things in Mason City.

SHOP EARLY

The Damon-Igou Co.

SHOP EARLY

WEARING APPAREL

Special Offering. Girls Garments

Sateen Bloomes	$ .50
Gingham Dresses	$2.00
Wool Sweaters	$5.00
Flannel Middies	$9.75
Serge Middies	$3.75
Creepers, Rompers	$ .63

Women's Garments

Night Gowns	$1.00
Envelope Chemise	$ .75
Silk Camisoles	$1.00
Jersey Petticoats	$4.00
Silk Blouses	$2.00
Bungalow Aprons	$1.25
Plush Coats	$17.50

Christmas Shoppers Headquarters

MASON CITY, IOWA

Come to the Christmas Store

Here you will find just what you desire in the way of sensible gifts, and at your price.

We are prepared to supply your needs, but urge you to BUY EARLY as many items now in stock are already not to be replaced.

It's now a pleasure to shop at the great store of Mason City. Come in the morning and stay all day, have luncheon in our Tea Room Downstairs--Use our beautiful rest rooms, chones, etc.

When in the city try our new Beauty Parlors Downstairs---Have you seen the new Shop Unique?

Practical Gifts For Men and Boys

Some gifts are accepted--others adopted. You'll find the gifts at this store the "adopted" sort they'll please man or boy because their practical.

Remember this store is giving stiff reduction on all winter goods. Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats all going at 25 to 33 1-3 per cent discount.

Stetson and Gordon hats reduced 1-3

Shop Early

Patton & Abel

Mason City, Iowa

The Christmas Store for the Lad and DaD

Get the Christmas Spirit

Present your friends with Gifts of Jewelry and Silverware-They make the

Ideal Gifts

This establishment supplies its patrons with the choicest creations from the worlds best manufactures. The selection found here will enable you to supply your friends with

Christmas Gifts

that will be appreciatrd and cherished through their entire lives. Make your selections early; we will make delivery when requested.

W. H. POTTS

The Hallmark Store

First Nat. Bank Bldg. Mason City, Iowa

Final Crash

Entire Stock of Overcoats

Including the famous Kuppenheimer Coats

All Reduced Just

1-2 Price

$80. Coats	**$40.00**	$65. Coats	**$32.50**
75. Coats	**$37.50**	60. Coats	**$30.00**
70. Coats	**$35.00**	50. Coats	**$25.00**

$40.00 Coats **$20.00**

Cheaper coats cut at the same rate

Buy By Daylight

Ray E. Prusia Co.

Mason City Book and Stationery Company

We invite you to visit our stere when in Mason City, the Gift you have been looking for may be obtained at this store. We have a very large stock of—

Books
Dolls
Games
Blackboards
Toys
Tinkertoys 60c ea.

Mason City Book and Stationary Co.

10 First Street South East
Mason City Iowa

TOLSTRUPS

READY-TO-WEAR STORE

19 So. Federal Ave. Mason City, Iowa
Across from 5 and 10 cent store

Big Reductions On All Ladies Ready-To-Wear

Buy ladies Gifts at a ladies store--then you are sure of a gift "that will please." In addition to this you can make your dollars do double duty on---

COATS DRESSES SUITS
MILLINERY SKIRTS
SILK UNDERWEAR
SWEATERS, Etc.

Your neighbor will tell you you can Do Best at TOLSTRUPS.

Many Sick People

from surrounding Towns are Consulting

J. W. Daugherty D. C.

The Chiropractor

AT
Commercial Savings Bank Building.

Established Eight Years

Mason City, Iowa

Outside Calls Made by Appointment

Model Cleaners

We are experts in our line. Dry Cleaning---Steam Cleaning---Pressing According Pleating----Box Pleating Side Pleating--Knife Pleating. We also clean rugs, draperies, curtains and many other household goods.

Mail orders taken care of promptly.

Model Cleaners

104 South Federal Ave. ***Phone 49***

Mason City, Iowa.

OMRADES OF PERIL

By RANDALL PARRISH

Copyright A. C. McClurg & Co.

LVES' HOLE."

Tom Shelby, a rancher, the frontier town of ing for a good time g spell of hard work ss on the ranch. In- ns into a funeral—that lkins, a retired army m little is known. A n her teens, survives Carthy, a saloon keep- a's leading citizen, de- the girl, now alone in should marry. She k out a husband from f men lined up in her s consternation, she se- , who had gone along spectator. He declines Indignant, the girl dis- assemblage. Shelby wo of the rejected suit- a fight worsts them ered at their remarks, to the girl, determined er, if she will have him. xplanation she agrees to . The wedding takes the couple set out for anch. With them is cklin, whom Shelby has helper. On the way the er husband her name is yn, and also tells him of the peculiar circum- her life. Upon arrival h Shelby is struck down d and left for dead. He onsciousness to find that nd his wife have gone. In pursuit.

ER VII—Continued.

—6—

actually true; impossible d, it was nevertheless an ible fact. He had never er a single word of love; er even kissed her, and both God and man, she . The strangeness of the ewildered him. Why, he en know who she was; he had to claim the family r which he had married strange story of crime w her history. It was all mystery in which he was deeply involved. Calkins ly been hiding her from but whether of good or ot yet be determined. This duction, beyond question, with that concealed past, th some happening before even born. These fellows obbers; their raid was not r any such purpose; they d nothing, even the horses undisturbed in the corral, oment they gained posses- they had hurriedly depart- all been carefully planned, lin to choose the time, and ed quietly. Their only mis- n leaving him behind alive. hat one error no one ever known what had occurred, d of her fate. And now, as- safety, believing the dead no tales, that they had left evidence of their crime, the riding carelessly across the irie, seeking somewhere a zvous.

reined his horse to the left, t a water hole he remem- self drinking first, and then y while the animal quenched Leaving the buckskin there, trailing on the ground, he e steep side of a butte, and distant horizon with a field was a trackless waste, drear ted of all life. Not a thing ed crossed his range of d, at last, he snapped the ses back into their case, own the steep face of the silently remounted.

n was some time past the and he felt convinced those ed could not be far from the was endeavoring to locate. He on it in less than an hour, straight down a narrow val- e general course was directly dismounted, and studied the th care. This was his party doubt—five horses, one with oof.

r later he found where the halted, made a fire among cks, and prepared food. He very sign with care, hoping message of guidance from there was none. Either she too carefully watched by her or had given up in despair ght of rescue. Doubtless she him dead also; perhaps had nessed the blow struck, but if uld assuredly have been in- of what had happened. The g of the ponies' hoofs indi- at the party had remained in t for some time, in no hurry eed. Shelby studied the foot- satisfying himself that four dian, and one white, unques- Macklin. With only five this meant that the girl rode e of the men, probably the Kid. scovered where she probably ting during the meal, a torn of crumpled sacking bearing estimony that her hands had ound, and released so that she t. The fellows were evident- raid of her any longer, and tied her up again when they the journey.

as nearly sundown when the followed swerved to the right up a steep bank, where the ponies' hoofs slipped in their struggle to attain the top. Shelby gave the buckskin his head, and the game little devil went scrambling up, until they came forth on a flat plain above. Shelby dropped his rein, and climbed to a higher point of rock, lying concealed behind its summit, while he swept the scene below through the field glasses. He never had been there before, yet he knew about where he was; this must be Dragoon creek, and not far below would be Wolves' hole, of which he often had heard—a famous hiding place for cattle thieves and border outlaws. These fellows evidently were heading for there, but would they try to complete the journey? His hope centered on their camping somewhere until morning; if sufficiently assured of safety this would probably be their choice. Through the field glasses he studied the course of the stream, and the little patches of wood intently. At last he was rewarded—a faint spiral of blue smoke arose above some distant trees, the evidence of a campfire. He lay there motionless, silent, his eyes glued to the glass, planning his action, and waiting for the night.

As the gloom slowly deepened Shelby was able to distinguish the flicker of that far-off fire, but the distance was too great to permit any knowledge of its surroundings. The trail leading down was narrow, and rock-strewn, and he determined to try the passage while a faint glimmer of twilight yet lingered. Leading the buckskin, and moving with the utmost caution, he began the descent.

The gloom did not greatly retard his movements, for, through the glasses, he had mapped out the salient features, and so impressed them upon his memory as to go forward now confidently. The camp fire was located in the third grove of trees, and there were no signs of human presence between. However, he took no chance, but advanced quietly on foot, leading his horse, and using every precaution against discovery.

He circled the two groves, keeping close in their shadow, and searching their depths anxiously for any sign of life. They were desolate and deserted, but, from the outer fringe of the second he could perceive plainly the dull glow of the fire a hundred yards ahead. It was no longer a flame, but a mere glimmer of red ashes, casting no reflection about, although clearly visible. He fastened the bronco to a limb, within the circle of trees, and crouched forward alone, Winchester in hand, choosing his passage beneath the bank of the stream, and advancing with every precaution, pausing every few steps, to peer over the protecting bank, and thus assure himself that all remained quiet. When almost exactly opposite the red glow of the coals, he lay still, endeavoring vainly to learn the situation, and becoming more and more puzzled.

The camp appeared deserted, as though the party which had halted there had already passed on. He could hear no sound, see no movement. The fire had died down into a mere glimmer of red ashes, barely perceptible amid the surrounding gloom. Shelby

He Circled the Two Groves.

drew himself forward, creeping like a snake, convinced that he was alone, yet no less alert and watchful. His progress was up a shallow depression, and he had attained the deeper shade of the trees, when, suddenly, a voice, apparently speaking not two yards distant, gave utterance to an oath of disgust.

"H—l!" the voice said roughly, "there is no use waitin' for that guy any longer; no tellin' where he is at by now."

Shelby dropped flat on his face almost ceasing to breathe. The unseen party addressed stretched himself lazily, as evidenced by the rustle of leaves.

"I reckon ye're right, Hank," he admitted slowly, his speech heavy and coarse. "No tenderfoot ain't goin' ter make that trail at night. Mor'n likely he's aimin' ter com' through the other way."

"What'll we do, then—ride on?"

"After a bit; it's early yet, an' maybe it'll do no harm to lie quiet awhile. But we kin light up, an' be comfortable."

He struck a match, hollowing the flame in his hands, revealing the bearded face of a man of fifty, shadowed beneath a soft hat brim. Beyond him appeared the obscure outline of the other, a mere smudge. A moment the two puffed away contentedly, Shelby not venturing to move a muscle.

"Say, Hanley, I've allers played my hand the best I knew how, but I do like ter know what the game is I'm playin' at. What do yer know, anyhow?"

The other chuckled in his beard, rustling his feet in the leaves.

"Easier ter ask about than explain, Hank," he answered slowly, "specially as there is things I don't just cotton to myself. Mostly I pulled the facts out of that Kid Macklin when he was drunk, 'cause he wanted me to help him. But it seems he's only hired fer the job; it's that guy we're waitin' for who has got the real dope, and likewise the long-green."

"Churchill's his name, ain't it?"

"That's the duffer; some big feller down East; Virginia, as I understand—Judge Cornelius Churchill; the whole story goes a h—l of a long ways back."

He leaned his head against the tree trunk behind him, puffing away at the cigarette between his bearded lips, the dull glow barely touching his face. The younger man leaned forward waiting.

"Well," he said impatiently, "that ain't all of it; what started the rumpus? What's the idea of stealin' the girl? An' just whar do you an' me come in?"

"Well, as I figure it, we've got to make our own medicine. You saw that outfit go along afore dark—Macklin an' the four reds?"

"Sure; they had a woman with 'em?"

"That's the ticket, an' they was bound for Wolves' hole. I thought maybe they'd camp down here, but they didn't—just kept movin'. Well, that's one thing you an' I laid out here for, to get a line on Macklin. The other thing is that this yere Cornelius Churchill is about due also, an' is most likely to blow in along this same trail. It is my notion to have a word privatelike with that gent before Joe gets to him—see?"

"Can't say that I do, Hanley, exactly. What's it all about—the girl?"

"Mostly, I reckon, an' a h—l of a slice of money down East. This is how the Kid blew it to me. It seems an army officer named Carlyn 'bout the time the Civil war closed, ran away with a Rose Churchill down in Virginia, and married her. All he cared for was the girl, an' he never even knew she was rich, only that her family objected to him, an' that they'd have to skip out. I reckon, maybe, she didn't know it herself at the time, nor the rest o' the Churchill family, for they didn't make no great effort to find her for some while. Then, when they opened a will, they discovered that most all the Churchill fortune had been left to this Rose, and they naturally becom' mighty interested. Cornelius, as I understand, was the brother of Rose's father, an' the property was put in his hands as trustee on behalf of the girl. Maybe he was a straight enough guy generally speaking, but he had expected to get most of this dough after the girl skipped out, an' was consequently almighty hot. Naturally he wanted to keep the stuff, an' he didn't make no great effort to locate the heiress. By the time he did learn who she had married, Rose died, leaving a daughter. By the terms of the will if she died childless the entire estate reverted to Cornelius, and he wasn't the sort o' guy to lose that kind o' bet."

"An' this soldier never suspected nothing?"

"Not a thing. He was a colonel by this time, out at some frontier post, and left his baby to the care of some relatives in the East. There wasn't no fuss made, an' so Churchill sorter let affairs slide along. He had the use of the money, an' begun to think there never would be no trouble. Of course he kept a line on the husband, but lost trace of the kid entirely."

"Yer mean the colonel never even know'd he'd married a rich girl?"

"So it seems. I reckon she didn't even know it, his wife. But after awhile some inkling of the truth must have reached him, for he went East, and began to make inquiries through a lawyer. When Churchill heard about this he got scared. I reckon he'd played h—l with the trust funds by that time, an' with the husband on his trail got mighty desperate. Meanwhile the daughter was in some convent school, and not to be found. Carlyn struck a hot trail all right, but, before he could take any action, was shot and killed in a street fight with some roughs in Sheridan. Nobody knows for sure just how it happened, but it's my opinion Churchill got up the row just to get him out o' the way. It all happened sudden, an' unexpected, the only fellow with the colonel at the time being an old sergeant, named Calkins. Calkins was shot himself, but got away, and took care of Carlyn till he died, maybe an hour later. Enyhow he kept the fellows from getting hold o' any papers, an' I reckon the colonel give him an idea of what was up."

"What makes you think so?"

"The way he acted afterward. Churchill had got Carlyn out of the way, but he couldn't locate the girl. He didn't suspect the sergeant at first, nor for a long time. He was a foxy guy, and stuck to the army for several years, never makin' a move, just payin' for the girl's schoolin', but never goin' near her. Then, when everybody had quit watchin' him, Calkins took his discharge papers, and skipped out, takin' the girl with him."

"How could he do that?"

"That's what I asked Macklin, an' he said they'd finally found out that durin' the time between when Carlyn was shot, an' when he died, he'd signed a paper makin' Calkins the girl's guardian, an' gave him the key

"What's the Idea of Stealin' the Girl?"

to a deposit box in Kansas City, where all his papers was. A lawyer named Weeks, at Sheridan, did it for him. You see the colonel didn't have no near relatives, an' he an' Calkins had been soldiering together for years; he sorter trusted the sergeant to play square, an' he sure did!"

"The h—l he did! Never made a peep for the money, did he? An' just hid out all 'round the country with the girl, I don't call that playin' very square."

"Well, it was, just the same, d—d square, if you ask me. It was what Weeks advised him to do, after he went to Virginia, an' got a peep at a copy of the will on file. This girl had no legal rights till she was of age—see! Churchill knew this, an' he didn't do much o' anything else fer ten years, but try to get his hands on her. Old Calkins was smart enough to fool him. The colonel had money enough in the deposit box, so they could live on it quietlike, an' the sergeant never wasted a cent. He just naturally lived for that girl, till about a month ago. He was smart enough not even to trust her; she never knew what they was hidin' from."

Hank touched a match to another cigarette, impressed with the story.

"Rum kind of a business, I'd say," he admitted at last, "but just where did this devil's imp of a Macklin fit in?"

"I ain't got that all figured out yet," admitted Hanley. "You know pretty near as much about him as I do. Furst time I saw the feller he rode in yere along with Cassady's outfit, after that N. P. holdup, an' he's been trainin' with Cassady more or less ever since. After I had this talk with him, when he was drunk, I put him to bed, an' picked up a letter, or two, what fell out of his pocket. I got some o' this stuff out o' them. One of them was written by Churchill, an' judgin' from the way it read, the Kid ain't really named Macklin at all—he's a Churchill himself, the old cuss' son."

"Well, I'll be d—d!"

"You know the rest; how he stumbled onto ol' Calkins down in Ponca, an' what happened. You can't make me believe the old fellow killed himself; he wasn't that kind. But, however it happened, the girl was left helpless; then d—d if she didn't marry that rancher over on the Cottonwood, an' spoil the whole game."

Hank laughed coarsely.

"Tough luck; but the Kid played his hand all right."

"Sure he did, but he had to bean this fellow Shelby. Except for that job it wasn't so bad, for it was easier to get her where he wanted her. I don't know how he'd have managed at Ponca, but there was just the three of 'em on the Cottonwood."

"And dead men don't talk."

"Well, they're safer than live ones, enyhow. Then this Injun outbreak comin' right now makes the get-away plum easy. He can hide her away back in the Hole as long as he d—n pleases. Everything will be laid to the Sioux for awhile."

"It's a sure break, then?"

"Sure; all the young bucks are already out. Macklin had four with him on this chase—took 'em on purpose, so if they was ever trailed they'd say it was an Injun job. Oh, he's covered up things all right. You got it straight now?"

Hank drew up his feet until his chin rested on his knees, the tip of the cigarette glowing.

"I got it straight enough, so far as that goes, Hanley, but I don't see what the h—l we're goin' to get out of it."

"You've got the same love for the Kid I have, ain't yer?"

"Just about, I reckon. I'd sure like to take a good swipe at the ornary cuss."

"That's what I thought. Well, he ain't goin' to do nothin' desperate to this young woman till he hears from the old man. This affair has been pulled off hurriedlike, an' all the Kid has got in his mind right now is to hide her away somewhere, until old Churchill shows up, and decides what to do with her."

"What do you suppose he'll decide?"

"Well, my notion is that if Macklin is the old man's son, he'll try to force her into marryin' the boy. That would be the easy way, an' I believe that will likely be their scheme. My idea is to put a crimp in it."

"How?"

"By getting hold of her ourselves before the old man shows up, an' then doin' business with him."

"Where'll we take her?"

"Back into Wolves' hole; there's hidin' places there a plenty, an' with them Injuns raisin' h—l up north, it'll be safe enough, until the war's over enyhow. What do yer say?"

"H—l, I don't care; there ain't nuthin' to lose. You got the Kid them Injuns, didn't you?"

"Yes; he never told enybody what was up but me. All right, let's mosey along; there's no use stayin' here."

CHAPTER VIII.

The Trail to Wolves' Hole.

Shelby lifted himself on one elbow, and ventured to breathe easily once more. The vague shadows of the two men had vanished, but their progress through the underbrush could be plainly distinguished. Feeling themselves absolutely alone in that wilderness neither made the slightest effort to proceed silently. Shelby sat upright on the edge of the gully, straining his eyes through the darkness.

A strange fortune had brought him the very information he most needed. His whole thought centered instantly on the fate of the girl. What course would she choose under these circumstances, when the facts were finally revealed to her? Undoubtedly she believed him dead; her captors would impress that fact upon her first of all, so as to make her realize her complete helplessness. Besides, she cared nothing for him; had married him indifferently, merely to thus escape from a worse fate. He could not hope that loyalty to him, under such conditions, would greatly influence her decision. Somehow the thought hurt Shelby, and brought to him the knowledge that he did care. He cared very much indeed, and this truth colored his thought and decision.

He dare not follow those men at present; he could only wait where he was, and plan his course of action. There was no danger of his losing them, for he knew where they were going, and, in a measure, at least, about who they were. Shelby had never been in that strange sink known as Wolves' hole, but he had talked with a man who had. An immense hole in the Bad Lands, through which flowed a branch of the Cottonwood, a strange malformation of nature, so completely concealed as to be invisible until the surprised traveler stood on its very edge, and stared down into the gloomy depths below. The walls were precipitous, impassable except on foot by daylight, and at only two points could the sink be entered on horseback; from the west beneath the protection of a cataract, where the stream plunged headlong over a high ledge of stone, and from the other extremity down a narrow ravine through a tunnel scooped out by some torrent in long-past ages. Originally discovered by wandering trappers, who camped there out of the winter storms, it had later become the headquarters for an illicit Indian trade in liquor, and finally the rendezvous for criminals of all kinds, eager to get beyond the reach of the law. It was rumored that there was actually a town there, with women of a class, with a certain rude attempt at government by a few self-constituted authorities.

"What a hole! What a freak of nature! What a wilderness hiding place!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Odd Newspaper Subscriptions.

Greenland hasn't many newspapers of any kind, but the oddest of them all is a monthly paper called the Kalorikmit. (Did you get your tongue twisted after pronouncing this name?) The most unusual thing about this paper is that a three months' subscription costs two ducks, while it requires a sable skin to pay for a year.

One Thing Certain.

A New York apartment house advertises several six-room suites at $17,500 a year. We know nothing about these suites, but we do know that the tenant who occupies one of them doesn't make his money picking cotton or working in a sawmill.—Houston Post.

CANADA BIG WINNER

Captures Many Prizes at Leading American Fairs.

Remarkable Showing Made at International Live Stock Show at Chicago—Carried Off Sweepstakes For All Wheat.

Something that lends emphasis to, and affords definite proof of, the generosity of the soil and climate of western Canada, is shown by the numerous exhibits made by both the government and individual farmers and stock raisers of that country, at many of the leading state and county fairs in the United States this season. Particularly is this the case with regard to exhibits made at the International Live Stock Show recently held at Chicago.

First and foremost to the average farmer will appeal the fact that Canada carried off the Sweepstakes for all wheat, and that out of a total of twenty-five prizes, Canada took twenty. In oats the Grand Championship was won by a farmer living in the Province of Alberta. Canada also was awarded the championship for Durum wheat, while for Flint Corn out of a total of ten prizes, Canada took first, second, third, sixth and seventh.

Not only in grains did Canada prove her right to rank as a first class agricultural country, but she carried off many prizes for cattle, horses, sheep and hogs, a partial list of which follows:

Cattle, Canada was awarded the championship for Grade Shorthorns, also in the College Special class, Canada gained first, fourth and sixth prizes.

Horses, Grand Championship for Clydesdale stallion, also Grand Championship for American bred mare, as well as first for three-year-old Clydesdale stallion, first for one-year-old Clydesdale stallion, and second for the aged class.

In the Belgian class, Canada obtained first and reserve for Championship Belgians, as well as second for Aged stallion.

Sheep, Canada obtained Championship for block, male and female, in addition to first prize in all group prizes.

Hogs, in the Yorkshire class Canada was very prominent, taking the Championship for pen of Yorkshires, and championship for best single barrow, as well as over twenty first, second and third prizes in other classes of Yorkshires.

With regard to the live stock shown it must be borne in mind that these have not been fed on corn, on which the average western farmer places his reliance, but on the wonderful oats and barley grown in western Canada, supplemented by the native grasses, of which a most artistic display was made by our neighbors to the north.

Canada has conclusively proved that not only can she take prizes for the grain she raises, but can also take prizes with the animals to which these grains have been fed, and this in open competition with the world. —Advertisement.

No Tin From South China.

The supply of tin from the Yunnan district of South China may be cut off entirely at no distant date, even though this district is said to be capable of supplying one-fourth of the world's demand. It is now credited with one-twelfth. The present returns to the mine operators do not justify operation of the mines.

IN YE OLDEN TIME

Hoop skirts were worn by those who first asked the druggist for, and insisted on having, the genuine Golden Medical Discovery put up by Dr. Pierce over fifty years ago. Dress has changed very much since then! But Dr. Pierce's medicines contain the same dependable ingredients. They are standard today just as they were fifty years ago.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the stomach and blood cannot be surpassed by any remedy today.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak women has never been equalled for the distressing complaints incident to womanhood. What others say:

GRAND ISLAND, NEBR.—"For the past fifteen years I have been wonderfully helped by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and his Golden Medical Discovery whenever my system has required a toning up. I would recommend these medicines to all mothers who become run-down, weakened or nervous. They are always reliable and can be depended upon to give strength and renewed health."—MRS. H. O. RODENBOUGH, 418 North Pine Street.

Old Folks' Coughs

will be relieved promptly by Piso's. Stops throat tickle; relieves irritation. The remedy tested by more than fifty years of use is

PISO'S

Presents For All

Do your Christmas Shopping Here

A Fine Display To Choose From

EDISON PHONOGRAPHS.

Jewelry Gold rings, bracelets, brooches, neckchains, la tausca pearls, ladies wrist watches, mens watches, chains, fancy knives and chain sets, cuff links and buttons' combination sets etc.

Silverware Knives and forks, teaspoons, desert spoons, berry spoons, baby sets etc.

Founten Pens $2.50-$12.00.

Other Gifts Ivory goods, cut glass, faney statio nary books of all kinds, fancy box candies, and a good assortment of tops and holiday goods.

EASTNAN KODAKS.

E. S. D. KAHRS

Druggist **Klemme, Iowa**

FREE! FREE!

We, Henry Lau & Son, will give a prize to three farmers or persons who buys the most goods from us, for cash, untill the 18th of December 1920. The highest buyer will get free $10.00 worth of Salvet or Sal-tonic or a chicken feeder. The second highest will get $5.00 worth of Salvet or Sal-tonic or Poultry tonic or Poultry Pep. The third will get $3.00 worth of Salvet or Saltonic or a Sanitary Grit Box for Poultry. The above will also be given to the three partys that bring us that most live or dressed poultry till the 18th of December,

Henry Lau & Sons

Each item of business entrusted to us has our andivid attention until it is discharged to your utmost satisfaction.

We play no favorites because each friend and patron is the favorite whibe his affairs are under attention, his needs being meet.

We invite your business on the bases of your becoming the most important customer we have,

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME — SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

The Klemme Times

Entered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year, in advance.....$2.00
One Year, outside of county....$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES

Display, per column inch.....25c
Readers, per line.....10c
Classified or want ads, per line....10c
Card of Thanks, each.....50c

Legal Notices at legal rates.
Black-face lines double charge.

No local or classified ad accepted for less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. Regular advertisers are given a special display rate.

Howard Doyle and Wm. Lau drove to Mason City last Friday on business.

Albert Schmidt and family drove to Britt Sunday for a short visit.

Mr. D. D. Ross of Garner, was a business caller in Klemme Monday.

Ed. Jacobs and Dad Yahnke drove to Meservey Monday on business.

Wm. Trafford went to Garner Monday to have some dental work done.

Mrs. Albert Johnson was a Garner visitor last Thursday afternoon.

Miss Marion Luick, of Belmond, was visiting Klemme friends Monday.

Mrs. Harry Brooks and son went to Belmond Friday to visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John B. Spitler left Tuesday for a few days visit with relatives at Clarion and Btlmond.

R. R. Kester, of Garner, was a business caller here last Friday between trains.

Mike Haskins, of Garner, was in Klemme last Friday reading the meters for the Iowa Falls Electric Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Marlin Croner and Mrs. Schroeder drove to Garner Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. A. Ahrenkiel and baby of Goodell were visiting at the Tom Blank home Saturday between trains.

Deputy Sheriff Eck Raw of Britt, was a Klemme business caller Tuesday.

Mrs. Howard Doyle is assisting at the Wellemeyer store during tht holiday rush.

Mayor Barrry and wife of Belmond were business callers in Klemme last Wednesday.

Miss Thera Fitts and Mrs. Ted Townsan, of Belmond, were shopping in Klemme last Thursday.

Bert Trumbell of Belmond visited at the Mille Smith and Howard Doyle homes here Monday.

Miss Laura Brooks of Belmond, was visiting with Klemme friends on Monday.

Miss Emma Sampson and nephew, Paul, were Garner visitors Monday afternoon.

Mr. Henry Schuldt went to Garner Monday for a visit with her daughter Mrs. Richard Bamman.

Oscar Schuldt of Garner, spent a few days of the past week with his mother here, Mrs. Henry Schuldt.

The town council had a meeting on Monday evening for the transaction of business matters.

Mrs. Chas. Stromer and daughter, of Garner, were Klemme shoppers Tuesday between trains.

Henry Freie and daughter, Miss iVola, drove to Mason City last Friday for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Swalve and daughters Miss Lena and Mrs. Gilbert Schaper, were Mason City callers last Friday.

Bert Mathews, Dr. Reuber and LuVerne Smith drove to Belmond Sunday. While there they went thru the sugar beet factory.

Wm. Lau and family, of Garner, drove to Klemme Sunday afternoon for a visit at the home of his parents here, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lau.

The Misses Eber tand Sullivan, teachers in the Klemme schools, spent Sunday at Miss Ebert's home at Charles City.

John Henschen drove to Mason City Sunday. That is what he told us but he may also have stopped at Ventura—quite likely.

C. H. Weigman of Garner, was a business caller in Klemme last Friday. Mr. Weigman is seen on the streets of Klemme quite frequently.

John Peterson, who has been visiting the past week at the Joe Johnson home, returned to his home at Seneca, Illinois, Monday of this week.

George Ell of Belmond came Tuesday morning and remained until Wednesday visiting with Klemme relatives and friends. George also transacted some business while here.

Ed. Jacobs, R. A. Jorgenson and G. P. McCullough wert all at Garner for dinner Sunday. The main attraction seemed to be a chicken dinner at the various homes of the boys.

Guy Mitchell of Charles City, was a Klemme visitor last Friday and Saturday. Miss Ebert, Klemme school teacher, claimed most of his attention while in the city.

NOTICE—The fellow who "exchanged" cushions in my car Tuesday night last week is known. Leave my car cushion at the Ell Garage by Saturday night and save trouble. J. A. Wade. 1wpd

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Spitler are rejoicing over the arrival of a fine baby girl who came to their place last week Monday. Grandma and Grandpa J. B. Spitler are much elated over their new ganrd-daughter.

The State Savings Bank have a new improvement on their building. Last week they had a storm front installed at the entrance which will keep out the cold this winter. A like improvement was also installed on the side door leading upstairs to Dr. Missman's office.

Polled

Durham

AND

Shorthorn

BULLS FOR SALE.

Reds and Roans

E. J. ARNOLD

WHAT To BUY

Fruits Candy Ice Cream Baked Goo

Holiday Gifts

The following make excellent presents:

Holly Brand Chocolates

Christmas Candies

Fruits and Nuts

Tobacco in humidors

Pipes in nice cases

A box of fine Cigars will always pleas

CRYSTAL CAFE

J. B. Morrison Prop.

B-A-N-G !!

It's Almost Here
Look for it Next Week Sure!

Nelson's Super

What Can It Be?

Watch! It's Coming!

DESIRABLE GIFTS

Christmas will soon be here and we would suggest that you make this a Practical Christmas and give practical presents. Such Gifts are always appreciated by old and young. Our store is full of suitable things for the Holiday trade. Goods that will please you and the one who receives them. Shop early that you may have a better choice and get better service. Lots of Toys for the little Folks.

Merry Xmas to All.

J. N. DAY

THE KLEMME TIMES

Twenty-fifth Year Number 16 | Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, December 23, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Jesse L. Lasky presents

Ethel Clayton in

"More Deadly Than The Male"

Christmas Day

Idle Hour Theatre

The beautiful star in a story that will keep the folks guessing. It is the tale of a young girls efforts to keep a young man from going abroad for adventure. The adventure she hands him is a-plenty. She pretends to have a husband, as a starter. Then there is bursts of dams, flights in autos, escapes in yachts and a whole barrelful of excitement. Joseph Gollomb wrote the story Robert Vignola, who directed "The Third Kiss" and lots of Pauline Fredericks Pictures; directed this one, Julia Crawford Ivers who adopted "Tom and Huck" and Tom Sawyer is the scenarioist.

Also Two Special Song Hits

Matinee 3:00 P. M. Evening 7:30

Admission 15 and 30 cents

ASK PROTECTION

Farmers Want Tariff on Their Product

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13—When the next tariff bill is written farm products may be on the protected list.

Sentiment for the removal of cotton, corn, wheat, cattle, wool and other products from the free list is growing among farmer members of Congress.

Surprisingly large imports of these articles, combined with the depression in the price of all agricultural products is responsible for the sentiment which is particularly strong among southwestern and western members.

Thomas W. Page, chairman of the United States Tariff Commission, at the request of a congressman, recently prepared statistics of farm imports duty free for the year ending June 30th.

Figures Are Astounding

Altho the United States is supposed to feed the world, the figures literally stunned congressmen representing agricultural constituencies.

Free raw materials, according to Representative Blanton of Texas, has "almost bankrupted southern producers who by law are required to buy everything they purchase in a protected market and sell everything they produce in a free market."

Repeal Schedule

Western members are particularly opposed to the free wool and meat provisions of the Underwood tariff law. They will make a strong drive to have repealed the famous schedule "K" providing this.

There is a tariff at present on rice, peanuts and cane products, including sugar. Because of this, farmer congressmen are asking why not on wheat corn, cotton, wool, hides and live stock?

The Ways and Means Committee, recognizing this sentiment, has fixed six days in January at which advocates of a farm products tariff can be heard.

L. C. Lauritzen, from Onida Sonth Dakoto, is visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E F Salling. After a two weeks visit Mr. Lauritzen intends to go to Florida to spend the winter.

William Bush went to Whittemore Tuesday, where he will be employed in a machine shop.

DESIRABLE GIFTS

Christmas will soon be here and we would suggest that you make this a Practical Christmas and give practical presents. Such Gifts are always appreciated by old and young. Our store is full of suitable things for the Holiday trade. Goods that will please you and the one who receives them. Shop early that you may have a better choice and get better service. Lots of Toys for the little Folks.

Merry Xmas to All.

J. N. DAY

34,000 YANKS KILLED

And Over 224,000 Wounded In The World War

Washington, D. C. Dec. 16th.—Final figures on army casualties in the world war are contained in the annual report of Surgeon General Ireland, made public tonight, showing 34,249 killed and 224,089 wounded.

The proportion of killed to wounded is about the same as in the Civil War, although mortality from gunshot wounds in the world war was only 8.26 per cent as compared with 13.6 per cent in the Civil War. The report said this indicated that improved surgical and sanitary methods in the recent war had saved the lives of 5.34 per cent of all the American soldiers wounded.

Of every 1,000 men sent to Europe 110 were admitted to hospital as the result of battle casualties, the report says, and nearly seven men out of every 1,000 died as the result of wounds. Infantry losses were heaviest, 215.6 out of every 1,000 men of that arm being wounded and 12.77 killed. The signal corps was next with 52.22 wounded and 3.13 killed per thousand.

Death from wounds totalled 13,693 or slightly more than 6 per cent, while 158,585 of the wounded, or 70 per cent, were returned to duty, the remainder being invalided home for treatment or discharge. Shell wounds were by far the most deadly, the report said, adding that no American soldier lost both arms and both legs in the world war, or both legs or both arms and one other extremity. Eleven lost both legs at the thigh, one both legs at the knee; nine both legs below the knee; one both feet and three one arm.

More than 4,400 soldiers lost a part of one or more extremities, 60 lost the sight of both eyes; 44 lost the partial sight of both eyes and 644 lost one eye or the sight of one eye.

HUNDREDS HUNT CHILD

Fort Dodge Youngster Lost In The Woods

Fort Dodge, Iowa, Dec. 9.—Two hundred men from Fort Dodge, Lehigh and Otho formed a posse last evening to search for Ben Black, Jr., two and a half year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Irving Black, living near Dolliver Park, when they learned that the little boy was missing.

The little fellow turned up missing about 5:30, when his mother discovered that he was not in the house nor with his father, who was working near the house. Soon after his disappearance was discovered, the news spread rapidly and friends from Otho, Lehigh an Fort Dodge immediately formed a posse and started a search for the missing child.

With the aid of searchlights the men combed the country for hours in the vicinity of Dolliver Park, where it was thought he might have wandered. After what was thought to have been a fruitless search, Bob Longstaff, of Lehigh, heard a faint sobbing and discovered the little boy in a pile of brush in the thick of the woods a mile and a half from home. It was 11:30 when he was discovered.

The war department has ordered that Camp Dodge be sold and bids are to be advertised for at once asking for some wrecking concern to take over the whole business. Here is a complete city capable of caring fore 63,000 men. There is a fine railway system with ample yardage water system, miles of paved streets, sewer and electric lights. A theater, community club house, library, telephone office and a remount equipment capable of stabling 30,000 horses and mules. An interurban railway system with ample yardage encircles the grounds. A hospital covering 62 acres of ground and fire stations, swimming pools and shower baths by the thousand. To attempt to retore it to farms again looks like an endless task. A fine paved highway connects the camp with the city of Des Moines, some twelve or fifteen miles distant. There are over 2,000 buildings, all provided with suitabe plumbing and water connections. Des Moines was selected as the site of an army camp on May 17, 1917, and early in June work on Camp Dodge started. Four thousand men, with a weekly payroll totaling more than $100,000, were employed. Work on the camp was completed about Oct. 1, 1917. It cost the government $9,000,000 and the impresion is that less than one million will take it when it is put up at auction.

RUSH IS HALTED

Mounted Police Bar People From New Oil "Strike."

Vancover, B. C., Dec. 13.—A squadron of Northwest Mounted Police, fur-clad and patrolling on snow shoes, is holding back frenzied oil prospectors at Ft. McMurray to prevent them from risking their lives on the 1000-mile trail to the fabulous field opened up at Ft. Norman by the Imeprial Oil Co.

A reputition of the Yukon gold rush, in which many lives were sacrificed, is feared by the mounted police and by officials of the Hudson Bay Co., and Northern Trading Co., Ltd., whose trading posts are the only white settlements along the Peace and Mackenzie rivers leading to the rich oil strike.

Last winter concluded a period of such prosperity for the Indian trappers that they have neglected to accumulate the usual store of winter food and famine certainly would attend any influx of fortune hunters.

The Ft. Norman gusher not only tops what is believed to be vast reservoirs of oil, but the product is of higher grade than any hitherto discovered in Canada. There are about 20 whites at the scene of this strike and claims have been staked for 15 miles up and down stream from the big find.

BANDITS INTERRUPT CORWITH CRAP GAME; MAN SHOT IN HAND

Algona Advance—Reports from time to time in the Hustler indicate that Corwith, among many excellent people, possesses an undesirable class of citizens, including crap shootres, patrons of soiled women, moonshiners etc. But the latest stunt down there is a hold-up, and the victims were crapshooters in a beet shack at a point where a new bridge is being built over the Boone river. There were three hold-up artists, and they did not use gentle methods, but discharged their guns carelessly, and even shot one victim through the hand.

HANCOCK TREASURER BUYS MILLER BANK; IN OFFICE SIX YEARS

Miller—The bank owned and operated the past 18 years by F. L. Miller will pass into the hands of Thomas H. Thompson on Jan. 1. At this date Mr. Thompson will complete six years of service as treasurer of Hancock county. Before his election to this office Mr. Thompson served as postmaster at Kanawha and previous to that time he was a farmer in the vicinity of Knawha.

Mr. Miller will remain with the bank kuntil March 1 and will continue his residence at Miller, where his holdings will occupy his time. Thompson also buys the Miller residence and farm. The Thompson family will remain in Garner until the close of the school year for the benefit of their children.

Perfect Philosophy.

And as for me, let what will come, I can receive no damage from it, unless I think it a calamity; and it is in my power to think it none, if I so decide.—Marcus Aurelius.

Patented Curves.

The curved edges of the violin are patented by a North Carolina inventor the form being said to improve the tone of the instrument.

Notice to Automobile Owners.

Notice is hereby given that the Automobile Licenses for 1921 are now due. Penalty attaches January 1st, 1921.

Application cards can be procured at the banks, garages or at the County treasurer's office.

Auto license fees are the same as 1920. If you send your application by mail, remit by draft or cashier's checks. Personal checks will not be accepted unless cetified to by bank drawn on.

THOS. H. THOMPSON,
County Treasurer.

HIGH SCHOOL PARTY

The students of the Klemme schools held a farewell party at the Idle Hour Theatre last Friday evening in honor of the high school teacher, Miss Belken, who resigned her position to take a better paid position in another school. Games were enjoyed thruout the evening and a light refreshment was served later. The students presented Miss Belken with a beautiful handbag as a token of their remembrance.

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS

Sealed bids on Bridge Lumber will be received at the office of the County Auditor of Hancock County, Iowa, until 1:00 o'clock p. m., Jan. 4th, 1921 and will be opened at that time.

A certified check of five cent (5) of the bid made payable to the County Auditor should be filed with each bid, which in case of the bidder or bidders receiving the ward, should he fail to execute a contract and file a bond with ten (10) days after the acceptance of his bid, shall be forfeited to the county as liquidated damages.

All bids must be sealed and plainly marked. No bids will be considered which contains a clause in which the contractor reserves the right to accept or reject a contract awarded him.

The successful bidder will be required to furnish a bond for twenty-five per cent (25) of the amount of the contract, issued by responsible security, approved by the Board of Supervisors, and drawn to protect the county and any subcontractor.

All bids and materials must comply with the State Highway Commission Standard Sepcifications now in effect.

Bid to deliver in car lots at any railroad point in the County.

Ability to make prompt shipments and delivery will be considered in the bid.

The county reserves the right to reject all bids.

Payment will be made in warrants drawn against the Bridge fund of Hancock County, warrants to be cashed on presentation.

Tenders will be received on the following item:

2 cars Bridge Lumber.

Chris Jacobs,
County Auditor.

THE DISTRICT COURT

Thus far this term of court has been uneventful. Equity matter have occupied the attention of Judge J. J. Clark. Wednesday the Court's attention was given to the hearing of the case of James Dillon, Executor of the Estate of Daniel Jolly vs. H. O. Chmbers. Eight cases have been labeled "For Trial," but they cannot all be heard at this term. The petit jury has been summoned to appear at 1:30 o'clock today, (Thursday). The criminal docket is a lonely looking affair. Only one action is docketed—State vs. E. L. Spear, the alleged bigamist. Thirty-eight new cases are listed, and in the probate division there are eleven entries. The term is scheduled for three weeks. If adjournment is taken on time, it will be all out and over by Saturday of next week.—Garner Democrat.

YOUTH FOUND DEAD AT BELMOND PLANT

Third Fatal Accident This Season at Sugar Factory in Wright County

Belmond, Ia. Dec. 17.—The third fatal accident at the Iowa Valley Sugar company, occurred yesterday resulting in the death of Henry Lieuwen, oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Lieuwen of this city.

No particulars of the cause of his death are immediately available, from the fact, that he was found dead, hi shead being crushed, through some gearing against which it is assumed he was accidently thrown by a large belt.

He was a fine young fellow, with an excelent promise and doing his bit to get to the front.

The sympathy of the entire community goes out to this father and mother in this sad hour, so suddenly occassioned, in the loss of a beloved son.

WILES SELLS GARAGE TO HENRY BEIER

C. W. Wiles and Henry Beier completed a deal last week whereby Mr. Wiles sold his building and garage business on Main Street to Henry Beier, farmer of this community. Mr. Beier takes possession of the business on January first. We understand his son Carl will take charge of the business as he is an expert mechanic. Mr. Wiles has been in the automobile business in Klemme for a number of years and has enjoyed a good business. The building which he now occupies was built only about two years ago and is one of the best garages in this part of the state. We wish both the old and the new firms the best of success and cordially welcome the new firm into the Klemme business circle.

COMRADES OF PERIL

By RANDALL PARRISH

COPYRIGHT A.C.McCLURG & CO.

"INDIAN JOE!"

Synopsis.—Tom Shelby, a rancher, rides into the frontier town of Ponca, looking for a good time after a long spell of hard work and loneliness on the ranch. Instead, he runs into a funeral—that of Dad Calkins, a retired army man of whom little is known. A girl, still in her teens, survives Calkins. McCarthy, a saloon keeper and Ponca's leading citizen, decides that the girl, now alone in the world, should marry. She agrees to pick out a husband from the score of men lined up in her home. To his consternation, she selects Shelby, who had gone along merely as a spectator. He declines the honor. Indignant, the girl dismisses the assemblage. Shelby runs into two of the rejected suitors, and in a fight worsts them both. Angered at their remarks, he returns to the girl, determined to marry her, if she will have him. After his explanation she agrees to marry him. The wedding takes place and the couple set out for Shelby's ranch. With them is "Kid" Macklin, whom Shelby has hired as a helper. On the way the girl tells her husband her name is Olga Carlyn, and also tells him something of the peculiar circumstances of her life. Upon arrival at the ranch Shelby is struck down from behind and left for dead. He recovers consciousness to find that Macklin and his wife have gone. He starts in pursuit. He learns his wife is an heiress, that her abduction has been carefully planned and that she has been taken to Wolves' Hole, a stronghold of bandits and bad Indians.

CHAPTER VIII—Continued.

—7—

Shelby visioned all this in his memory, questioning his chance of ever successfully invading such a spot without arousing suspicion. It was plainly proven by their testimony that Macklin was taking his captive to this spot for safe hiding. He and his Indian accessories had ridden on, anxious to reach this security with as little delay as possible. But would Shelby dare to follow? To be sure, except to the Kid, he was unknown, which might make him welcome. Yet the danger of detection was great.

Apparently, there was no other feasible way in which he could hope to serve Olga. He weighed this, with no conscious thought of himself, coldly and deliberately counting the chances, and decided to make the attempt.

Convinced as to his duty, and urged to it by the personal interest he felt in the girl, Shelby cast all hesitancy aside. He would make the attempt; fortune had surely favored him thus far, and might again. He went back to where the buckskin waited, mounted the animal, quiet enough by this time, rode down to the edge of the stream, and sat silently in the saddle while the beast drank. It was a dark, clear night, the stars overhead like lamps in the sky, the air cool and fresh. He turned the pony up the valley, making no effort to hurry the animal, desirous only at present of keeping well in the rear of the two horsemen ahead. He knew the course they would take, must take, up the valley of the Dragoon as far as the great bend, and then across the plateau until they reached the Cottonwood. He would simply follow cautiously until daylight, then search for the trail to make sure, and endeavor, from some elevation, to pick them up with his field glasses.

The grass in the valley was thick, but not long. It presented no obstacle to travel, but the horse's hoofs made no noise. Finding the rider undemonstrative, the buckskin lowered his head and moved forward steadily at a rapid walk, Shelby swaying in the saddle, half asleep, yet keenly awake to any unusual sound.

Hour after hour passed, the valley narrowing as they advanced, the hills on either hand growing darker and more sharply defined, and the ribbon of the sky above constantly contrasting. The man endeavored to think, but found it useless; there was little he could plan in advance—only continue on and trust to fortune. His mind leaped from point to point, yet settled upon nothing. He knew where he was in a vague way, recalling to memory the outlines of this country as traced upon the map, but by this time he was well beyond the range of his own cattle, or any region he had ever hunted over. All about stretched the desert of the Bad Lands; he could picture in his mind the scene presented from those bluffs, either of broken, rocky country, or dismal desert, white with alkali. It was a land devoid even of animal or bird life, waterless and forlorn, avoided even by Indians except for concealment. In all those hours of darkness he heard no sound of life except the distant howl of a coyote.

The first faint gray of dawn gave him glimpse of his surroundings, and, on a slight ridge of land, he finally drew up his tired mount, and gazed curiously about. He dismounted, and, after a few moments' scrutiny of the ground, decided that he was still safely on the trail of those traveling ahead. There were two traces sufficiently defined to indicate the passage within a few hours of both Macklin's party, and the two others. Neither outfit had made any effort at concealment, but Shelby, fearing the latter might be camped for breakfast, left his horse to crop on the short grass, while he advanced on foot. The trail was obscure, but not difficult to follow when once discovered. Hanley and his companion had not ventured the passage until dawn, the marks of their horses' hoofs so fresh as to convince their trailer they were scarcely beyond the sound of his voice. He even found where they had dismounted, waiting for daylight, the ground littered with the ends of burnt cigarettes.

Shelby loitered an hour before venturing to follow. There was no other way out, and so he munched at a cold meal, and permitted the buckskin to browse along the bank of the stream, well concealed by a fringe of willows. Then, both horse and man refreshed, he went forward on foot, leading the animal, and began the upward climb. In places it was not unlike a cave, and Shelby had no idea how far he had gone, when he suddenly emerged out from the gloom into the sunlight of the summit, with a clear view across the level plateau.

Shelby stopped, holding the horse back below the summit and gazed anxiously about. The soil left no trail and, with the naked eye, Shelby was unable to distinguish a sign of life within the radius of vision. Everything had the appearance of death—the death of ages. He stood upright and swept the circle with his field glasses. He was barely in time; for far off there to the left, scarcely discernible even then against the black, overhanging ridges of rock, he made out two slowly moving objects. They were not distinct, he could not have sworn what they were, but there was no doubt in his mind as to their identity. He studied them eagerly until they disappeared down a coulee, and then carefuly marked the course, his point of guidance a high pinnacle of rock standing out against the sky.

He was an hour reaching this objective, but once there he found the trail plainly traced along the edge of the bank. It led in and out amid the intricacies of the hills, taking, of necessity, so winding a course as to give Shelby no view ahead and soon confused him in point of direction. He could only move forward cautiously, fearful lest they might have halted for some purpose, and watchful of every trace of their passage, as other ravines were constantly uniting with this through which he was blindly feeling his way. He came to sand and lost all signs of the trail instantly, searching for it in vain for nearly an hour before confessing himself at fault. Then, leaving the horse below, he climbed the nearest hill for a view of his surroundings.

He Suddenly Emerged Out From the Gloom.

The sun gave him the proper directions, but all about stretched the same dreary, bare ridges of rock, offering no guidance. There was no life visible anywhere and although he waited for some time, sweeping his glasses back and forth, he gained no glimpse of the two he endeavored to follow. They had vanished as though swallowed up by the earth. The sun was already in the west and desperately he determined to try the level. Even this, amid the intricacies of those branching passages between the round hills, was difficult to achieve, yet he finally discovered an exit and ventured toward the north, confident that the Cottonwood would surely lie somewhere in that direction.

He came upon it so suddenly and unexpectedly as to almost daze his faculties. Almost without warning he stood at the very edge of a yawning hole and stared in amazement down into those depths below. Again and again he had heard this scene described, yet had never before comprehended its reality. A huge cut straight down, fully a mile wide, cleft the plain in two, with no visible signs of its presence until one stood at the very crater's edge. At night he would have ridden off without the slightest warning of danger. And below! Feeling sick, dizzy, Shelby swung himself from the saddle, crept cautiously to the edge and looked down. He had no conception of the depth, for it already was hazy down there, as though he gazed through a blue fog, but how small those trees appeared, mere toy trees, and the silvery stream running through the center seemed scarcely a yard wide. A yard, why, if it was actually the Cottonwood, it must be a hundred feet from bank to bank! God! What a hole! What a freak of nature! What a wilderness hiding place!

He lay motionless, with eyes searching up and down the valley. To the right he could not determine how far it extended, but to the left he could discern the silver shield of water where the Cottonwood came tumbling over a precipice. One of the two possible entrances was there; the other must be along some one of those numerous side ravines, whose black entrances he could dimly perceive. It was all so serene, so peaceful, the truth seemed impossible—that he was actually gazing down into a veritable hell on earth, a rendezvous of white thieves and Indian murderers, a border fortress for all the nameless devilry of the frontier.

And he must invade the Hole, alone, if he would be of service to this woman captive! By sheer recklessness he must pierce the thing to the heart. Yet how was it to be done? Not even a mountain goat could find passage down those rocks even by daylight and in another hour all would be darkness. He could not remain there; before night made the search impossible he must at least find water and a place in which to camp. He stared down into those deepening mists below, already beginning to blot out the features of the valley.

"God, what a hole," he breathed; "it is like looking straight into hell. The only way down must be somewhere to the left. Case told me they passed in under that waterfall."

He got to his feet, with the pony trailing behind, moved backward away from the edge of the chasm into the open plain. Suddenly, as his glance wandered searchingly toward the chain of rock hills, the man stopped, his heart pounding. What was that moving yonder, just emerging from out the mouth of that ravine and becoming clearly outlined against the gray alkali? He knew almost instantly—the advance of a drove of cattle, debouching through the narrow defile and spreading out as they attained the wider open space. There must be a hundred head and even as he comprehended, horsemen appeared in their rear, spurring forward to turn them to the left down a shallow gulch.

There was no way he could escape observation; no possibility of hiding on that bare plain. Shelby's brain worked like lightning. There were five riders; he could count them now; Indians mostly, although one was surely white. There was nothing left him but audacity and lies. He must take the chance, the one chance, mad, desperate, yet yielding a possibility of success. He swung the field glasses to his eyes—yes, one rider was white, a squat figure with a red beard, and another, the fellow at this end, appeared to be a Mexican. Then he laughed grimly; the vortex of his glass rested on the exposed flank of the nearest steer and he saw the brand. By all the gods, they were his own cattle! The humor of it flashed in his eyes, but the jaw of the man set sternly. The d——d thieves! He strode forward, the pony trailing at his heels, and then the Mexican saw him, throwing up one hand in a swift signal and spurring his horse recklessly across the gray plain. They met half way, Shelby still afoot, the other sweeping up at full speed, his horse brought fairly to its haunches by the cruel pressure of a Spanish bit.

The fellow was a handsome devil but for the evil in his eyes and a disfiguring scar down one cheek. The eyes of the two met and the rider's hand dropped instantly upon the exposed butt of a revolver.

"Buenas dias, senor," he said harshly, staring. "What is the meaning of —this?"

Shelby smiled, coolly returning his glance.

"The meaning of what, senor?" he questioned shortly.

"Your being here—alone! I have not seen you before. You are not of the Wolves' den."

"Oh, is that it, senor?" indifferently. "Then maybe you will tell me how I am to find a way into this den of wolves? I have looked down yonder," he waved his hand.

"You seek it, then?"

"Sure; otherwise why should I be here? You will guide me?"

"Caramba! It depends," suspiciously, yet somewhat disconcerted by the other's quiet manner. "I would know more first. You are lost?"

"Completely; yet it is a story easily told. I was with a man named Hanley an' a fellow called Hank."

"Old Matt—I know him."

"Good; then I have met a friend. We were there, back in those hills, when my girth broke—see, where I have fixed it. I fell behind and they rode on. I thought to follow easily, but, you must know those hills, the trail was lost; perhaps I took a wrong turn, for suddenly I found myself on this plain."

The Mexican sat motionless, his eyes as suspicious as ever, but his fingers no longer gripped on the revolver. The last of the cattle had disappeared down the coulee and the red-bearded white man was riding toward them across the alkali. Neither changed position until he came up, a lump of a fellow, with staring eyes and complexion the color of parchment.

"What the h—l is all this, Juan?" he questioned roughly. "Who is the fellow?"

"He travel with Matt Hanley an' get lost; so he say."

"Hanley, hey! That's some recommendation. Who else was with your party?"

"A man called Hank."

"Slagin. Well, the story sounds straight so far; them two left here

"You Are Not of the Wolves' Den."

together; I happen to know that. What's your name?"

Shelby looked him squarely in the eye.

"Churchill."

"What! Matt talked to me about that. Fellow named Macklin stalkin' a girl down Ponca way."

"He's got her; so Hanley says, an' that's what I'm here for—see?"

"But you ain't Ol' Churchill. The way I heard it he was sixty anyhow, an' a down-easter."

"Virginia; he's my father."

"Oh, h—l, an' where you been?"

"Soldierin' mostly."

"I see," his eyes wandered. "Sounds kinder fishy, young feller, but I ain't in no shape to tell. I reckon Matt Hanley kin straighten it out, an' if he is down thar, the best thing we kin do is to take yer 'long. If yer lyin' ye'll be d—n sorry 'fore yer get out ag'in. I'll tell yer that to begin with, but if yer game to ride along, we'll see yer get thar all right. Let's hit her up, Juan; them Injuns will need us 'fore long. Come on, stranger."

He wheeled his horse and rode off on a sharp trot and the Mexican followed. Neither man so much as glanced back toward Shelby, seemingly indifferent as to what he chose to do. Yet he knew the customs of the West and that if he failed them now no future falsehood would ever regain their confidence. He swung into the saddle and rode silently forward behind Juan. The cattle were still out of sight ahead, but they could hear the calls of the drivers. Shelby pressed his bronco up closer to the Mexican, who had lit a cigarette.

"Is it far, Juan?" he asked.

"Nom de Dios! I heard you not. To the Hole you mean? Not far, but rough, senor; yet there is no other way to get cattle in."

"The man with you; who is he?"

Juan emitted a cloud of blue smoke in the air, smiling pleasantly.

"Senor Laud."

"Laud!" in undisguised astonishment. "What Laud? Not 'Indian Joe'?"

"Si, senor; they call heem that," confidently. "He verra bad man. You know heem, what?"

Shelby gripped himself tightly.

"I've heard of him, that's all. He's a Sioux squawman, but I never knew what he looked like before."

His pony, no longer urged, fell back, trailing at the rear of the others. Juan rode on, unconscious and indifferent, blowing spirals of smoke into the air, and humming the strain of some Spanish melody, but Shelby was staring beyond him at the red-bearded white man slouched down in his saddle. So that fellow was "Indian Joe" Laud! As never before he realized to the full the danger into which he advanced.

"Indian Joe" Laud! When hadn't he heard of him? For years certainly, ever since he had been in this north country, yet in appearance the fellow was not at all what he previously had imagined that desperado to be. Laud was gross, bearded, dirty, coarse-featured; to all appearances a mere barroom tough, yet no man on the frontier had a worse record or was more dreaded and despised. Why was he here stealing cattle on the very verge of Indian war? True, he was not a Sioux in blood, yet it was well known that he had been adopted into the tribe and never failed to have a hand in their deviltry. Army officers claimed he possessed more influence over them for evil than any chief, and Shelby had heard him mentioned with Sitting Bull as leaders in the ghost-dance. If true, then he must know how far to venture, and just when to draw aside so as to save himself. That must be it—to him war meant only an opportunity to plunder. The final result was clearly Indian defeat; he would keep out, but in the meanwhile profit all he could.

The trail led downward at a rather steep grade, in spite of continual curving. The sure-footed horses moved faster than the cattle, and before the outfit reached the level of the valley the three riders had closed in on the Indian drivers. Shelby knew them at once as young Sioux warriors, and was again able to distinguish plainly the brand on the flank of the steers bringing up the rear of the herd. They were unquestionably his own stock, and, in spite of his rage, he could not be entirely indifferent to the grim humor of the situation—he was being guided into Wolves' hole by the very men who had robbed him.

Yet his thoughts did not dwell upon this so much just then, as on the mad chance he had assumed in this adventure. What could he accomplish? What hope was there that he would ever emerge again alive? He was going forward blindly, led by fate, with not even a plan of guidance. He must work alone, in the midst of enemies, desperate men to whom human life was valueless, and where any incautious word or act would instantly expose him to discovery. In spite of the fact that he was believed dead, Macklin would recognize him at a glance, and the very claim that he was a friend of Hanley's exposed him to discovery. In some way he must avoid them both, and yet no plan presented itself to promise escape. He could only drift helplessly, becoming more despondent of success with every step of advance.

It was already dusk when they attained the level of the valley, and the overshadowing bluffs rose high on either hand, leaving them plodding through the gloom. Yet even here they had not attained the full depression of the Hole, which required another sharp descent along the border of the stream, where a ledge of rock had evidently been blasted out. This passage abruptly ended in a wide, stone causeway, turning sharply to the left, and running beneath a waterfall, where the broad stream leaped over a ledge of high rock. It was a task to get the cattle through, yet once started, they plunged forward, following each other with fright, never pausing until they scattered out over the plain below.

Laud drew up his horse in front of a small log structure, so concealed at the edge of a straggly grove, that, in the gloom, Shelby was not even aware of its existence until voices greeted them.

"Back again, Joe! Where'd yer pick up that bunch?"

"Up on the Cottonwood; easy pickin'," and Laud flung one leg over his saddle in a posture of rest. "Where's Kelly? Oh, Dan; bring me out a drink. Anything new?"

The tall, raw-boned frontiersman who responded, puffed at his pipe, and out through the open door of the cabin there suddenly streamed a light revealing his features, and the indistinct outlines of others idling near by.

"Well, not much, Joe," he answered drawlingly, "most o' the Injuns have struck out; ain't mor'n a dozen bucks left, I reckon. They tell me they're raisin' h—l already over Ponca way; maybe yer heard about it?"

Laud nodded, wiping his lips with the back of his hand. "Whar's Matt Hanley?"

"Oh, he an' Slagin cum' in 'bout five hours ago, I reckon, an' went on up to the cove."

"Have enything with 'em?"

"Not thet I see—they didn't, did they, Jim?—just travelin' light."

"Didn't say enything about another gazabo?"

"Not that I know about. They acted like they was both plum tired out, and wanted ter go asleep. Just took a drink apiece, and mosied along."

Laud let fall an oath.

"All right then, but d——d if I'll ride down to the cove tonight. We'll go up to your shack, Juan, and bunk down. Come on, both o' yer."

"Because you are a woman, I guess, and because I think you are straight."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Bower-Bird's Wooing.

A cynical method of enticing a hesitating partner into the bonds of matrimony is furnished by the bower-bird, which builds a structure of sticks formed into a kind of passage or avenue and beautifully ornamented with feathers and shells. On its completion the would-be bridegroom brings the bird of his choice to inspect his fine establishment and entices her to share it.

Queer Cradles for Babies.

An infant in Guiana is usually buried in sand up to its waist whenever the mother is busy, and this is the only cradle it ever knows. The little Lapp on the other hand, fares most luxuriously in its mother's shoe. These Lapp shoes are big affairs of skin stuffed with soft moss, and can be hung on a peg or tree branch safely out of the way.

Bacchus kills more than Mars.—German proverb.

Baker's Cocoa is for Robust Men

and all who must have a great deal of tissue building material to repair the waste caused by physical and mental labor. It is delicious, pure and wholesome, and is made by a perfect mechanical process, without the use of chemicals, so preserving the exquisite flavor, aroma and color of the high grade cocoa beans.

BOOKLET OF CHOICE RECIPES SENT FREE

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.
ESTABLISHED 1780 — DORCHESTER, MASS.

Agents for FORD Permanent Non-Skid Chains. $4.00 delivered. Instantly on and off. Big sales. Rowe Co., Plantsville, Conn.

AGENTS, Either Sex, Earn $5 to $15 Per Day Dignified, easy. We require your pledge to devote 2 hours per day first 3 days, afterwards you will want to. ROOM 12, TOURAINE BLDG., Ft. Worth, Texas

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and book free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

FRESH FROZEN — SMOKED SALTED

GREEN BAY FISH CO. GREEN BAY, WIS.

SPICED — DRIED

SEND FOR COMPLETE PRICE LIST

He Took the House.

Mr. Flatbush—I was looking at a house on Pleasant avenue today.

Mrs. Flatbush—Good! And can you get it.

"Why, yes; I took it."

"Splendid, Henry! Does it look better than our present habitation?"

"I'm afraid it won't to you, dear. I took it with my camera."

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the *result* of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

Looked Like Proof.

Mr. Crimsonbeak—You know, whisky is a medicine.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—I can't believe it.

"Why can't you?"

"Because you never make a face when you're taking it, and if it was a medicine you couldn't help making a face."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Nothing Serious.

"That man is trying to cover up something. Did you find out what it was?"

"Yes, he was trying to give a little money to the poor and didn't want it known."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

How's This?

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will do what we claim for it—cure Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh. We do not claim to cure any other disease.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a liquid, taken internally, and acts through the blood upon the mucous surfaces of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

All Druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

His Class.

"Smifkins gives every girl who attracts his fancy a silk umbrella."

"Then he is something of a rain beau."

Coughs Grow Better surprisingly soon, throat inflammation disappears, irritation is relieved and throat tickling stops, when you use reliable, time-tested

PISO'S

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take

Grove's Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets

Be sure its Bromo

E. W. Grove

The genuine bears this signature

30c.

aved My Life With Eatonic

ys New Jersey Woman

"I was nearly dead until I found tonic and I can truly say it saved y life. It is the best stomach medi- e ever made," writes Mrs. Ella ith.

Acid stomach causes awful misery hich Eatonic quickly gets rid of by king up and carrying out the acidity d gases which prevent good diges- on. A tablet taken after meals brings ick relief. Keeps the stomach ealthy and helps to prevent the many s so liable to arise from excess acid. on't suffer from stomach miseries hen you can get a big box of Eatonic r a trifle with your druggist's guar- ntee.

SELDOM SEE

a big knee like this, but your horse may have a bunch or bruise on his ankle, hock, stifle, knee or throat.

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will clean it off without laying up the horse. No blister, no hair gone. Concentrated—only a few ops required at an application. $2.50 per tle delivered. Describe your case for special instructions. d Book 8 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., the anti- ptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, larged Glands Veins, Bruises, Varicose Veins; allays in and inflammation. Price $1.25 a bottle at druggists or livered. Liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10c.

F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Its Kind.

"I saw a circus performance in hich wonderful tricks were done by big percheron and a tiny Shetland ony."

"That was an exhibition which ight be called one of mite and ane."

How's This?

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will o what we claim for it—cure Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh. We do not laim to cure any other disease.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a iquid, taken internally, and acts through he blood upon the mucous surfaces of he system, thus reducing the inflamma- ion and restoring normal conditions.

All Druggists. Circulars free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Growing Our Own Fruit.

The imports of fruit into the coun- ry have shown a steady decrease in he last few years, and it is said to e due to the fact that our orchard products are increasing in quantity nd variety

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy or infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

On the Job.

"Doc, I'm sick of coming to you with this bill."

"Sick?" I'll gladly prescribe."

Women Made Young

Bright eyes, a clear skin and a body full of youth and health may be yours if you will keep your system in order by regularly taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles, the enemies of life and looks. In use since 1696. All druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Cuticura Soap Complexions Are Healthy

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 51--1920.

SORGHUM SHOWS LARGER ACREAGE

More Than 5,000,000 Acres Utilized in Growing of Crop in This Country.

MOST EXCELLENT FOR FORAGE

Most Serious Disadvantage as Pasture or Soiling Crop Is Danger of Prussic Acid Poisoning—Cultivated Rows Best.

The growing of sorghum for forage in this country has increased until the 1918 crop amounted to more than 5,000,000 acres, according to Farmers' Bulletin 1158, just issued by the United States Department of Agriculture. Most of this acreage was located in the southeastern states and in the southern half of the great plains.

Useful Hay Crop.

Sorghum is most useful as a hay crop in the southern states because of its certainty of producing a crop and on account of the failure of ordinary hay crops, such as timothy and alfalfa, in that section. Both the sweet sorghums and the grain sorghums are excellent silage crops. The department advises that stockmen in the great plains area can avoid the loss of thousands of cattle by feeding sorghum silage which has been stored at a small expense in pit silos.

The principal varieties of the sweet sorghum, considered from a forage standpoint, are the Minnesota Amber, Red Amber, Orange, Sumac, Honey and Gooseneck. The grain sorghums most valuable for forage are the Blackhull, Red, Pink and Dwarf kafirs.

One Serious Disadvantage.

The most serious disadvantage in the use of sorghums as a pasture or soiling crop is the danger of prussic-acid poisoning. Almost every farmer who has grown sorghum as a farm

Harvesting Sweet Sorghum for Sirup Making.

crop knows that it is dangerous to allow cattle to eat even a small quantity of green sorghum before it has matured. The wild animals of Africa are said to avoid sorghum instinctively while it is young, refusing to eat it until it has ripened; but domestic animals in America show no such intuition. No sure remedy for prussic-acid poisoning has been found. Doses of glucose (corn sirup) or large quantities of milk will prove beneficial if given in time. Less trouble is experienced in the southern states than in those farther north.

Sorghum yields about equally well whether planted in close drills or rows 40 inches apart, the department finds; but the cultivated rows are most dependable in seasons of low rainfall.

SHORT LIFE OF FARM TOOLS

Farmer Must Stand Pretty High Acre Charge on Most of His Labor-Saving Devices.

The life of farm tools is short at the best and if a tool is given shelter its life depends upon the number of acres it has covered. If the tool is left out all winter its life is not dependent upon the number of acres it covers but upon how long it can resist the elements. It may be interesting to know the average life of some common tools. A manure spreader is useful, on the average, eight years; the sulky plow is good for twelve years of hard work, while the average life of mowing machines, side delivery rakes and gas engines is twelve years. If a person will take the first cost and then add on to it the interest on the investment and annual depreciation, taxes, etc., then divide this sum by the number of acres he has used it over, in most cases he will find that he has a pretty high acre charge on most of the tools he keeps. Grain binders will show an acre charge of about sixty cents; grain drills twenty-six cents; corn planters twenty-two cents; hay loaders seventy-five cents and disk harrows forty-five cents.

OVERCOME CHESTNUT BLIGHT

Hybrid Trees Are Quite Resistant to Disease and Produce Nuts of Good Flavor.

Chestnut orchards which have been practically annihilated by a blight of Japanese origin may be restored through efforts of the United States Department of Agriculture. Ten years' experimentation has shown that it is possible to cross the chinquapin, a dwarf chestnut, with the Japanese chestnut, which is blight resistant, and that the hybrid trees thus produced are quite resistant to the disease and yield nuts of good flavor and quality.

CHOICE OF SOURCES OF POWER FOR FARM

Should Farmer Substitute Tractor for His Horses?

Reliable Information Is Necessary Before Questions Can Be Accurately Answered—Suggestions Made in Bulletin.

With the introduction of practical types of mechanical power on farms the farmer must face the question of whether he should substitute the tractor for some of his horses. If he decides to introduce the tractor he must determine what combination of horse and mechanical power will be the most profitable on his particular farm. To answer these questions accurately requires reliable information as to all the facts involved.

The choice of sources of farm power depends upon their relative profitable-

This Farmer Has Solved the Tractor-Horse Problem.

ness. To determine which is the more profitable it is necessary to consider many facts, among which are the power requirements of the farm, the size of the power units required, the quality of work to be accomplished, the displacement of one form of power by the application of another, the total possible utilization of each form of power, the comparative cost of operations with the different forms of power, the relation between the kind of power and the effectiveness of farm labor, and the effect upon the profits of the farm as a whole.

The United States Department of Agriculture has made a study of power units on a number of representative farms with a view to showing how the various farm operations create demands for different-sized power units, and to what extent power requirements are influenced by the type of farming. The results of this study, summarized in a publication entitled "The Horse Power Problem on the Farm," will be found of value to the farmer who is contemplating a change in the form of power used on his farm.

WAYS OF DISTRIBUTION

"To teach the farmer the best methods of increasing production is exceedingly important, but not more vitally so than the importance of teaching him the best and most economical methods of distribution. It is not enough to teach him how to grow bigger crops. He must be taught to get the true value for these bigger crops, else congress will be put in the attitude of regarding the work of the farmer as a kind of philanthropy."
—Ashbury F. Lever.

GROW SUNFLOWER FOR FEED

Practice Encouraged by North Dakota Agricultural College—Good Yields Are Reported.

A demonstration plot of sunflowers near Carson, Grant county, North Dakota, yielded 13 tons of fodder to the acre, while an adjoining field of corn yielded only three tons, according to R. C. Newcomer, agricultural agent in that county. Growing of sunflowers for fodder has been generally encouraged in the state by the extension division at the agricultural college, and many good reports of yields are coming in from various parts of the state.

PLENTY OF WORK FOR "HAND"

Much Time Can Be Saved in Spring by Building Fences, Making Singletrees, Etc.

If you have a good "hand," find work about the farm for him this winter. Build fences when possible, make panels for the hog lots, extra singletrees, doubletrees and special eveners so that you can save time next spring.

NO EXCUSE FOR SCRUB CORN

Never Stationary in Quality, Either Improves or Retrogrades, Says Specialist.

Corn is never stationary in quality. It either improves or retrogrades, says a United States Department of Agriculture specialist. There is no more excuse for farmers raising scrub corn than scrub cattle.

DAIRY POINTS

GREATER USE OF PUREBREDS

By Fractional Ownership of Bulls Indiana Dairymen Get Benefit of Such Sires.

In Harrison county, Ind., where the "Better Sires — Better Stock" movement is gaining headway, dairymen are making wide use of good, purebred bulls in an economical manner. By fractional ownership of the bulls they receive the benefit of such sires without incurring the entire purchase cost. In one day recently the United States Department of Agriculture received statements from three dairymen in Harrison county, all of whom follow the practice mentioned. The advantage of a choice of several sires is the wider opportunity to make desirable matings, thus hastening progress in grading up a herd.

In many other localities dairymen are combining their forces, sometimes with the object of testing bulls before sending them to the block, sometimes to save expense, and sometimes to give local predominance to one breed or another. An informal combination of this sort is often highly useful.

This is not the same thing as a bull association. The co-operative bull association is an institution designed to accomplish these and many other objects, on a large scale, by a form of organization which has been extensive-

Antoinette's Itchen Rose King, $15,000 Guernsey Bull Owned by Rowan County, N. C., Bull Association.

ly tried and perfected by experience. It is recommended by the department that farmers should give consideration to the benefits they can secure for themselves by a closer and more effective union of interests in a properly organized bull association.

CUT DOWN BIG MILK LOSSES

Marked Effect Upon Prices That the Ultimate Consumer Must Pay for the Product.

To develop better methods for handling and shipping milk from the farms to the city market is the object of an investigation of practices in various milk plants, which is being made by the dairy division of the United States Department of Agriculture. Milk losses during shipment have a marked effect upon the price that the consumer must pay for the product, and upon the price that the farmer receives for the product. The losses are of two kinds; those resulting from milk souring in transit, and those from theft, spoilage and leakage. Both are believed to be avoidable if the farmer, country dealer and city dealer will work together.

Dealers are being asked to give information on various subjects, such as the methods used for transporting milk from the farm to the dealer, the protection provided for milk while in transit between dealer and the city market, and the relative efficiency of different types of refrigerator cars.

IMPORTANCE OF DAIRY BARN

Many Failures Have Been Recorded Because of Poor Structures—Building Cost High.

The dairy barn is more than ever one of the principal factors in dairy farm operation. In many instances dairies have failed or succeeded because of the barn. This year probably there is more thought given to barn construction than ever before. This is because dairymen, farmers and breeders have come to realize the importance of the barn and because the cost of building has mounted so high.

HAY IS ESSENTIAL TO CALF

Roughage Keeps Stomach of Animal Distended and Allows Food to Be Digested.

Milk is very satisfactory to furnish food during the early stages of the calf's life, but it is the roughage that keeps the stomach distended and allows the food to be digested. When a calf is deprived of hay, it will not do its best in growth. Hay is an essential to the young animal and should always be available.

HIGH-PRICED LAND POSSIBLE

Dairying Keeps Up Fertility of Soil and Makes Larger Yields of Various Crops.

Dairying makes high priced land possible. Striking as this statement may seem it is proved by the fact that dairying keeps up the fertility of the soil and makes high yields possible. High yields show that the land is able to earn a satisfactory income on a high valuation.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly without scars. 30c and 60c by all druggists. For free sample write The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill.—Adv.

Lot of Them.

First Movie Director (watching the director of another company at work) —That's a corking mob scene. There must be two hundred men trying to break into the front door of that house, and fully two hundred at the back door. It must have cost you something for all those extras.

Second Director—Only a couple of dollars. I put two ads in the paper: "Wanted for the movies, a man that looks like George Washington; apply at front door." "Wanted for the movies, a man who looks like Napoleon; apply at back door."—Film Fun.

The Cuticura Toilet Trio.

Having cleared your skin keep it clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations. The soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder and perfume. No toilet table is complete without them. 25c everywhere.—Adv.

Not the Same.

"Mrs. Gaddy has no conversation."

"Why, she talks incessantly."

"Who said she didn't?"

Make your own friends. The ready-made kind doesn't always fit.

This Is Shoe Insurance

$5.00 CASH

and a

New pair of Shoes

will be given to the wearer who finds PAPER in the heels, counters, in soles or outsoles of any shoes made by us, bearing this trade-mark

FRIEDMAN-SHELBY BRANCH THE ALL LEATHER LINE INTERNATIONAL SHOE CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

"It Takes Leather to Stand Weather"

See your neighborhood dealer and insist on the Friedman-Shelby "All-Leather" Trade-Mark. It means real shoe economy.

FRESH FROZEN SMOKED SALTED

GREEN BAY FISH CO. GREEN BAY, WIS.

SPICED DRIED

SEND FOR COMPLETE PRICE LIST

Agents for FORD Permanent Non-Skid Chains. $4.00 delivered. Instantly on and off. Big sales. Rowe Co., Plantsville, Conn.

FOR ONE DOLLAR we will mail postpaid one can E. B. Malt Extract. It's great; try it. E. B. EXTRACT CO., Johnstown, Pa.

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 60c. Free book Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

HAD ANOTHER SHOCK COMING

Modern Young Woman Able to Promise Auntie a Further Surprise for the Coming Evening.

"Young girls nowadays," said Miss Mary G. Kilbreth, the well-known anti-suffragette, "are flippant and totally indifferent to the opinions of their elders. Woman suffrage is to blame.

"On a bathing beach last summer a beautiful young girl appeared in a bathing suit that was extremely daring.

"Her aunt approached her as she was swaggering in this costume beside the water's edge and remonstrated with her.

"'Sylvia,' said the aunt, 'I consider that costume absolutely shocking.'

"'Oh, you do, do you?' the girl replied indifferently. 'Well, wait till you see me in my new evening gown.'"

Reason for Gratitude.

Little Edna was visiting the museum with her aunt. In the Egyptian room the child saw the desiccated remains of an ancient queen and asked what it was.

"That is someone's mummy, dear," replied auntie.

"Goodness!" said Edna. "I'm glad my mummy doesn't look like that."—Boston Transcript.

This world has no very high opinion of a low-salaried man.

ALASKA APPEALS TO YOUTH

Newspaper in Great Northern Territory Promises Fortune to the Young and Adventurous.

The sage advice of Greeley was never more applicable than it is today in Alaska, observes the Alaska Capital. What the country needs is the optimism of youth, coupled with an adherence to the advice of Doctor Kilgor of Trinity college, North Carolina, when he said: "Young men, the sages will tell you to be prudent; prudence belongs to the daring of youth—the spirit of adventure that will develop individuality."

Reduce this philosophy to Alaskan terms, and we find that the territory just now needs youth to finish the structure upon the foundation laid by those wonderful pioneers whom we reverence and admire. The raw materials are here, materially and ethically all that is needed is for the next generation succeeding the pioneers to step into the trails blazed for them and finish the job.

Unprofitable Reading.

Reading a book through that bores you is profitless occupation. If there is anything in it that ought to be remembered, you forget it.

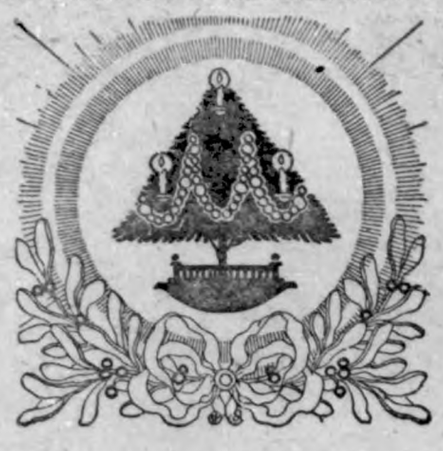
Speaking of styles someone remarks that the snake is the longest-waisted animal.

Finicky Digestions disturbed by ordinary food, find comfort in

Grape-Nuts

Twenty hours of baking make this blend of wheat and malted barley quickly and easily convertible into health and strength

Try a package from the grocer. Test tells "There's a Reason"



We wish all our Friends and Customers
A Merry Christmas
and
A Happy New Year

NORTHERN LUMBER CO.
BUILDING MATERIAL

Bob Sleds

It is time to figure on getting your bob sled for the winter for they will be hard to get. Come in now and order yours while we have a full line. We carry the famous

Never Tip
They live up to their name.

We also carry a full line of Kewanee Hog Waterers, Tank Heaters, Feed & Oil.

See Us Now

W. M. Baack

Beef Now Selling at

Pre-War Prices!

Our prices on all Beef Cuts are now down to 1914 prices.

Half Hogs, at per lb. **14c**
Beef quarters, per lb. **10c14c**

BIG REDUCTION IN
All Smoked Meats

Klemme Meat Market

BOTH PARTIES IN GOOD LUCK

Passengers in Auto and Odoriferous "Pussies" Alike Went on Their Way Rejoicing.

An unusual sight was witnessed last week on the road to Onset. A party of Brocktonians were autoing to Bournehurst and on the road this side of Onset there suddenly appeared a black and white patch. The machine approached the spot at a fast rate and as it drew nearer the mass straightened out into a line across the road. There was a gasp of astonishment—and of dismay, also, for the black-and-white mass proved to be a mother skunk leading four little ones across the street. They were moving very slowly, so slowly indeed that it was impossible to stop the car before it reached them.

Admonitions of "Don't hit them" were not necessary to the driver of the machine, but he was wondering how he was going to miss them. As luck would have it, the mother skunk just then separated herself from the four little ones and the machine passed right over her without harming a hair of the odorous animal.

The passengers, looking back, saw the mother polecat huddled in the road, while her offspring had turned and were streaking it across the highway and over the railway tracks into the friendly bushes. They were right in the path of an approaching trolley car, but negotiated the retreat without a casualty. Probably the unharmed but dazed mother rejoined her little flock later. Had the auto and the skunks met in collision it must have cast a gloom over subsequent proceedings for the car and its cargo.—Brockton Enterprise.

DID SEEM LIKE LAST STRAW

According to Discouraged One There Was About Nothing to Do But "Up and Die."

They were talking of the city government.

"They all work together," one man complained. "First they let the trusts put up the price of coffee and tea till a poor man can't afford to drink 'em any more. Then the milk companies get after us and put milk out of our reach. Then comes prohibition and we can't buy beer at all. Thought the limit was reached then, didn't you?"

"Sure," said the Idle Person, "they haven't thought of anything more to do, have they?"

"But haven't they, though?" bitterly replied the discouraged one. "Don't you read the papers? When there's nothing else left to drink but water, this blasted city government suddenly wakes up and raises the price of water. What chance has a poor man to live, anyhow?"

The Time of Heather.

The moors are purple with heather or—more strictly speaking—with ling, for by this time the real bell-heather is pretty nearly over.

Heathers of different kinds inhabit the high moorlands all the world over, in America, Africa and Asia, as well as in Europe. Our own ling may be seen flourishing in Newfoundland and also in New England.

Most people regard heather simply from the aesthetic standpoint, and never give a thought to its varied uses. But every year there is much cutting of heather for the purpose of broom making. Heather again, is an excellent material for thatching purposes, and properly put on a heather thatch will last a century.—John o' London's Weekly.

Which Stone Is Best?

It is strange that, after all these centuries of building and rebuilding, a recent project in London should set on foot a lively controversy as to what really is the stone which best withstands that city's atmosphere. Perhaps a generation hence the answer will be none, says the London Chronicle, and the re-enforced concrete system now on its trial will have established itself. Portland stone has been claimed generally was that city's most useful building stone, but there are doubters now, and the conclusion seems to be that science alone can counteract the ravages of London's atmosphere by artificial coating of exposed faces of the stone.

Soldier Cashed as a Note.

A soldier presented himself at the commonwealth treasury, Melbourne, Australia, and said: "I am a £20 note and want to be cashed." He stated that he had swallowed the note at Fleurbaix when he expected to be captured. He remembered the number, and the note in question turned out to be the only one missing from a particular issue which had been recalled. The man was given a new note.—Central News.

The Greatest Cotton Sheds.

The largest cotton storage sheds in the world are being erected at Hull, England. These accommodate 50,000 bales at one time under ideal conditions. There are all facilities for inspection of the cotton in the best light and also for removing any particular bales regardless of their position in the pile. This is done by a remarkable piece of mechanism recently invented.

Still to Be Considered.

"Of course you are in favor of women voting."

"I'm in favor of votes for women," replied Mr. Meekton. "But I expect the decision will rest entirely with them as to whether or not they take the trouble to go to the polls."

In Modern Times.

Servant girl (at house phone)—"No Mr. Blaithers ain't in—an' he an' the missus can't come over to your house next Sunday, because I'm going out myself."

The Glory of the Oleanders.

This bright morning we looked from the roof of our veranda, and our neighbor's oleander-trees were glowing like a great crimson cloud; and we said, "There! the oleanders have come back!" No nothern ideas can give the glory of these trees as they raise their heads in this their native land, and seem to be covered with great crimson roses.—Harriet Beecher Stowe.

Polled

Durham

AND

Shorthorn

BULLS FOR SALE.

Reds and Roans

E. J. ARNOLD

We wish all our Friends and Customers
A Merry Christmas
and
A Happy New Year

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

ANNOUNCEMENT

Having sold my Garage to Henry Bier, all those knowing themselves indebted to me, please call and settle before January 1st 1921. I wish to take this opportunity to thank my Friends and Customers for their liberal patronage in the past, Wishing all A Merry Christmas and A Happy New Year.

C. W. WILES

Seasonable Xmas Gifts

A complete assortment in every line and priced to fit every purse, and every article a sensible, serviceable Christmas Gift. This season, as never before, will the purchasing of sensible gifts predominate. Make the wife happy by buying her a Globe or Quick Meal Range. Make the home more comfortable by investing in a Globe or Huron Furnace.

A Few Suggestions

Electric & Power Washers
Ranges and Heaters
Carving Sets
Gas Lamps
Pocket Knives, Razors
Skates, Sleds, Wagons
Scissors and Shears
Baking Dishes
Roasters, all kinds
Rifles and Air Rifles
Electric Flash Lights
Kitchen Utensils

Pyrexware Alumium Silver

Wishing you a Merry Christmas
and a Happy New Year.

JACOBS & SON

Christmas Greetings

We. the undersigned business firms of Klemme, unite in extending our best wishes for a Merry Christmas to our many friends and customers. Thanking you for your patronage and wishing all a Happy New Year.

Western States Lumber Co.
Olaf Brynteson, Mgr.

Henry Lewis
Poultry, Eggs, Hides and Furs

W. F. Pavey
The Practical Blacksmith

W. M. Baack
Farm Implements

Ed. G. Ell
Ford and Fordson

Klemme Co-Op. Creamery Co.
A. D. Gimer, Buttermaker

Klemme Meat Market
J. P. Larsen & Sons

M. O. Hocum
Grain and Coal

G. W. Kluckhohn & Sons
General Merchandise

R. A. Jorgenson
Printing That Pleases

Etchen Bros.
Pool and Billiard Parlor

G. P. McCullough
Barber

Wellemeyer Department Store

"A Good Place To Trade"

CONGRESS HEARS WILSON MESSAGE

President Urges That Our Democracy Prove Its Purity and Power to Prevail.

WORLD'S HOPE RESTS IN US

America Must Make and Enforce Laws That Are Unquestionably Just, and Stand for Right and Justice as Toward Individual Nations.

Washington, Dec. 7.—President Wilson's message to congress was read in both houses by the clerks, Mr. Wilson having decided not to deliver it in person. The message in full follows:

Gentlemen of the congress:

When I addressed myself to performing the duty laid upon the President by the Constitution to present to you an annual report of the state of the Union, I found my thought dominated by an immortal sentence of Abraham Lincoln's, "Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us dare to do our duty as we understand it;" a sentence immortal because it embodies in a form of utter simplicity and purity the essential faith of the nation, the faith in which it was conceived, and the faith in which it has grown to glory and power.

With that faith and the birth of a nation founded upon it came the hope into the world that a new order would prevail throughout the affairs of mankind, an order in which reason and right would take precedence of covetousness and force, and I believe that I express the wish and purpose of every thoughtful American when I say that this sentence marks for us in the plainest manner the part we should play alike in the arrangement of our domestic affairs and in our exercise of influence upon the affairs of the world. By this faith, and by this faith alone, can the world be lifted out of its present confusion and despair. It was this faith which prevailed over the wicked force of Germany. You will remember that the beginning of the end of the war came when the German people found themselves face to face with the conscience of the world, and realized that right was everywhere arrayed against the wrong that their government was attempting to perpetrate. I think, therefore, that it is true to say that this was the faith which won the war. Certainly this is the faith with which our gallant men went into the field and out upon the seas to make sure of victory.

This is the mission upon which democracy came into the world. Democracy is an assertion of the right of the individual to live and to be treated justly as against any attempt on the part of any combination of individuals to make laws which will overburden him or which will destroy his equality among his fellows in the matter of right or privilege, and I think we all realize that the day has come when democracy is being put upon its final test. The old world is just now suffering from a wanton rejection of the principle of democracy and a substitution of the principle of autocracy as asserted in the name but without the authority and sanction of the multitude. This is the time of all others when democracy should prove its purity and its spiritual power to prevail. It is surely the manifest destiny of the United States to lead in the attempt to make this spirit prevail.

Two Things for Us to Do.

There are two ways in which the United States can assist to accomplish this great object. First, by offering the example within her own borders of the will power of democracy to make and enforce laws which are unquestionably just and which are equal in their administration—laws which secure its full right to labor and yet at the same time safeguard the integrity of property, and particularly of that property which is devoted to the development of industry and the increase of the necessary wealth of the world. Second, by standing for right and justice as towards individual nations. The law of democracy is for the protection of the weak and the influence of every democracy in the world should be for the profection of the weak nation, the nation which is struggling toward its right and toward its proper recognition and privilege in the family of nations.

The United States cannot refuse this role of champion without putting the stigma of rejection upon the great and devoted men who brought its government into existence and established it in the face of almost universal opposition and intrigue, even in face of wanton force, as, for example, against the order in council of Great Britain and the arbitrary Napoleonic decrees which involved us in what we know as the war of 1812.

Sample Democracy of World.

I urge you to consider that the display of an immediate disposition on the part of congress to remedy any injustices or evils that may have shown themselves in our national life will afford the most effectual offset to the forces of chaos and tyranny which are playing so disastrous a part in the fortunes of the free peoples of more than one part of the world. The United States is of necessity the sample democracy of the world, and the triumph of democracy depends upon its success.

Recovery from the disturbing and sometimes disastrous effects of the late war has been exceedingly slow on the other side of the water, and has given promise, I venture to say, of early completion only in our own fortunate country; but even with us the recovery halts and is impeded at times, and there are immediate serviceable acts of legislation which, it seems to me, we ought to attempt to assist that recovery and prove the indestructible recuperative force of a great government of the people. One of these is to prove that a great democracy can keep hope as successfully and in as business-like a fashion as any other government. It seems to me that the first step toward proving this is to supply ourselves with a method of handling our estimates and expenditures, and bringing them to the point where they will not be an unnecessary strain upon our income or necessitate unreasonable taxation; in other words, a workable budget system, and I suggest that two elements are essential to such a system—namely, not only that the proposal of appropriations should be in the hands of a single body, such as a single appropriations committee in each house of the congress, but also that this body should be brought into such co-operation with the departments of the government and with the treasury of the United States as would enable it to act upon a complete conspectus of the needs of the government and the resources from which it must draw its income.

I reluctantly vetoed the budget bill passed by the last session of the congress because of a constitutional objection. The house of representatives subsequently modified the bill in order to meet this objection. In the revised form I believe that the bill, coupled with action already taken by the congress to revise its rules and procedure, furnishes the foundations for an effective national budget system. I earnestly hope, therefore, that one of the first steps taken by the present session of the congress will be to pass the budget bill.

Marked Gain in Finances.

The nation's finances have shown marked improvement during the past year. The total ordinary receipts of $6,694,000,000 for the fiscal year 1920 exceeded those for 1919 by $1,542,000,000, while the total net ordinary expenditures decreased from $18,514,000,000 to $6,403,000,000. The gross public debt, which reached its highest point on Aug. 31, 1919, when it was $26,596,000,000, had dropped on Nov. 30, 1920, to $24,175,000,000. There also has been a marked decrease in holdings of government war securities by the banking institutions of the country, as well as the amount of bills held by the federal reserve banks secured by government war obligations.

This fortunate result has relieved the banks and left them freer to finance the needs of agriculture, industry and commerce. It has been due in large part to the reduction of the public debt, especially of the floating debt, but more particularly to the improved distribution of government securities among permanent investors. The cessation of the government's borrowings except through short term certificates of indebtedness has been a matter of great consequence to the people of the country at large, as well as to the holders of Liberty bonds and Victory notes, and has had an important bearing on the matter of effective credit control.

The year has been characterized by the progressive withdrawal of the treasury from the domestic credit market and from a position of dominant influence in that market. The future course will necessarily depend upon the extent to which economies are practiced and upon the burdens placed upon the treasury, as well as upon industrial development and the maintenance of tax receipts at a sufficiently high level.

Big Bond Issue to Mature.

The fundamental fact which at present dominates the government's financial situation is that $7,500,000,000 of its war indebtedness matures within the next two and a half years. Of this amount $2,500,000,000 are floating debt and $5,000,000,000 victory notes and war savings certificates. The fiscal program of the government must be determined with reference to these maturities. Sound policy demands that the government expenditures be reduced to the lowest amount which will permit the various services to operate efficiently and that government receipts from taxes and salvage be maintained sufficiently high to provide for current requirements, including interest and sinking fund charges on the public debt, and at the same time retire the floating debt and part of the victory loan before maturity.

With rigid economy, vigorous salvage operations and adequate revenues from taxation, a surplus of current receipts over current expenditures can be realized and should be applied to the floating debt. All branches of the government should co-operate to see that this program is realized.

I cannot overemphasize the necessity of economy in government appropriations and expenditures and the avoidance by the congress of practices which take money from the treasury by indefinite or revolving-fund appropriations. The estimates for the present year show that over a billion dollars of expenditures were authorized by the last congress in addition to the amounts shown in the usual compiled statement of appropriations.

Specific Appropriations Urged.

This strikingly illustrates the importance of making direct and specific appropriations. The relation between the current receipts and current expenditures of the government during the present fiscal year, as well as during the last half of the last fiscal year, has been disturbed by the extraordinary burdens thrown upon the treasury by the transportation act, in connection with the return of the railroads to private control. Over $600,000,000 has already been paid to the railroads under this act—$350,000,000 during the present fiscal year—and it is estimated that further payments aggregating possibly $650,000,000 must still be made to the railroads during the current year. It is obvious that these large payments have already seriously limited the government's progress in retiring the floating debt.

Closely connected with this, it seems to me, is the necessity for an immediate consideration of the revision of our tax laws. Simplification of the income and profits taxes has become an immediate necessity. These taxes performed an indispensable service during the war. The need for their simplification, however, is very great in order to save the taxpayer inconvenience and expense and in order to make his liability more certain and definite. Other and more detailed recommendations with regard to taxes will no doubt be laid before you by the secretary of the treasury and the commissioner of internal revenue.

Would Aid War Heroes.

It is my privilege to draw to the attention of congress for every sympathetic consideration the problem of providing adequate facilities for the care and treatment of former members of the military and naval forces who are sick or disabled as the result of their participation in the war. These heroic men can never be paid in money for the service they patriotically rendered the nation. Their reward will lie rather in realization of the fact that they vindicated the rights of their country and aided in safeguarding civilization. The nation's gratitude must be effectively revealed to them by the most ample provision for their medical care and treatment as well as for their vocational training and placement.

The time has come when a more complete program can be formulated and more satisfactorily administered for their treatment and training, and I earnestly urge that the congress give the matter its early consideration. The secretary of the treasury and the board for vocational education will outline in their annual reports proposals covering medical care and rehabilitation which I am sure will engage your earnest study and command your most generous support.

Permit me to emphasize once more the need for action upon certain matters upon which I dwelt at some length in my message to the second session of the 66th congress: The necessity, for example, of encouraging the manufacture of dyestuffs and related chemicals; the importance of doing everything possible to promote agricultural production along economic lines, to improve agricultural marketing and to make rural life more attractive and healthful; the need for a law regulating cold storage in such a way as to limit the time during which goods may be kept in storage, prescribing the method of disposing of them if kept beyond the permitted period, and requiring goods released from storage in all cases to bear the date of their receipt.

Would Mark Storage Goods.

It would also be most serviceable if it were provided that all goods released from cold storage for interstate shipment should have plainly marked upon each package the selling or market prices at which they went into storage, in order that the purchaser might be able to learn what profits stood between him and the producer or the wholesale dealer. Indeed, it would be very serviceable to the public if all goods destined for interstate commerce were made to carry upon every package case whose form made it possible a plain statement of the price at which they left the hands of the producer. I respectfully call your attention, also, to the recommendations of the message referred to with regard to a federal license for all corporations engaged in interstate commerce.

In brief the immediate legislative need of the time is the removal of all obstacles to the realization of the best ambitions of our people in their several classes of employment and the strengthening of all instrumentalities by which difficulties are to be met and removed and justice dealt out, whether by law or by some form of mediation and conciliation. I do not feel it to be my privilege at present to suggest the detailed and particular methods by which these objects may be attained, but I have faith that the inquiries of your several committees will discover the way and the method.

Asks for Loan to Armenia.

In response to what I believe to be the impulse of sympathy and opinion throughout the United States, I earnestly suggest that the congress authorize the treasury of the United States to make to the struggling government of Armenia such a loan as was made to several of the allied governments during the war, and I would also suggest that it would be desirable to provide in the legislation itself that the expenditure of the money thus loaned should be under the supervision of a commission, or at least a commissioner, from the United States, in order that revolutionary tendencies within Armenia itself might not be afforded by the loan a further tempting opportunity.

Allow me to call your attention to the fact that the people of the Philippine islands have succeeded in maintaining a stable government since the last action of the congress in their behalf and have thus fulfilled the condition set by the congress as precedent to a consideration of granting independence to the islands. I respectfully submit that this condition precedent having been fulfilled, it is now our liberty and our duty to keep our promise to the people of those islands by granting them the independence which they so honorably covet.

I have not so much laid before you a series of reommendations, gentlemen, as sought to utter a confession of faith, of the faith in which I was bred and to which it is my solemn purpose to stand by until my last fighting day. I believe this to be the faith of America, the faith of the nation, and of all the victories which await national action in the days to come, whether in America or elsewhere.

Vast Crater on the Moon.

The moon, of course, is pitted all over with so-called craters, and several of the bigger ones are near the center of the lunar hemisphere which faces the earth. One of these, about 100 miles in diameter, might be described as a huge ring of lofty mountains surrounding a circular plain.

One gets a much more vivid impression of the size of this vast amphitheater when it is explained that it would contain all of the territory between Philadelphia and New York city, together with those centers of population. A striking picture illustrating this fact is presented in the Popular Science Monthly. It shows Long Island sound, New York bay, Brooklyn and Manhattan island within one edge of the crater, while in the distance, and within the opposite edge, one sees Trenton, the Delaware river and the City of Brotherly Love.

Cowboy Is Vanishing.

The cowboy, like the trapper, has almost vanished from the western picture. He lives now chiefly in Hollywood or in barnstorming troupes touring the country to stage such shows as the rodeos at Salinas and Pendleton. He is no longer concerned with cattle, except as theatrical props; he is an actor, not a stockman.

Except in a very few places he is gone from the range, and in these scattered spots where he still persists it is in reduced glory as a greatly modified type. He is likely to be as familiar with flivvers as with horses; he is as handy with the monkey wrench as with the branding iron, and as for six-shooters, he is more likely to carry a kodak.—New York Times.

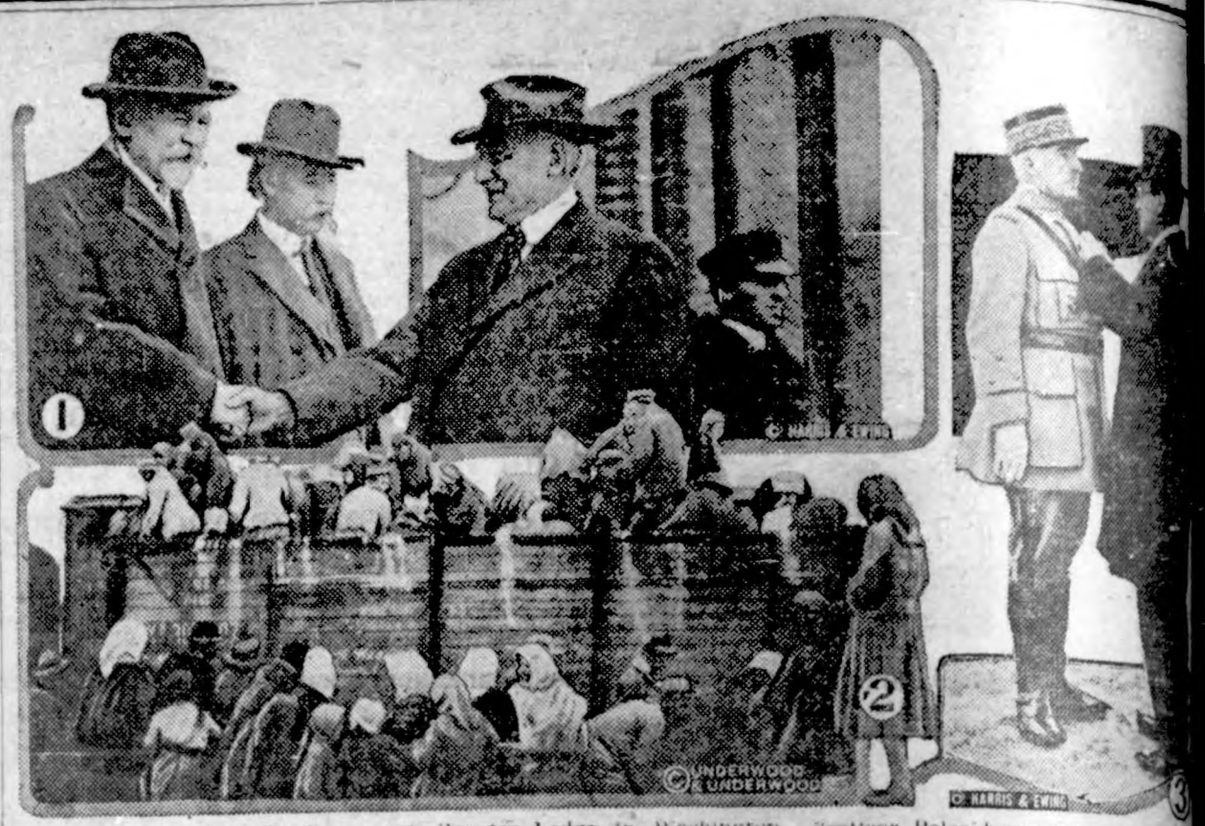
That Cruel Word.

Flatbush—Did you ever put the all-important question to a girl and have her say no?

Bensonhurst—Yes. I did today.

"What are you talking about? Why, you're already married."

"I know it; but I asked our cook to stay another week, and 'No' was what she said."



1—President-elect Harding greets Senator Lodge in Washington. 2—Poor Poles being loaded into freight cars to get them out of the typhus-stricken regions. 3—General Nivelle of France being decorated by Secretary Baker with the American Distinguished Service medal.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

President Urges Independence for the Philippines and a Loan to Armenia.

BOTH OPEN TO OBJECTION

Canadian Delegate Stirs League Assembly by Scoring European Statesmanship—Attacks on Article X—Prospects for Irish Settlement Good, Says Lloyd George.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Congress is on the job again, with plenty of work to do and the prospect of not getting a great deal of it done before March 4, with the exception of appropriation legislation and the possible passage of bills for the creation of a budget and the restriction of immigration. President-elect Harding, who occupied his seat in the senate for a day or two, urged upon his colleagues the need of quick and nonpartisan work, and intimated that an extra session would be called soon after his inauguration.

President Wilson was desirous of appearing in person before congress to deliver his message, but was dissuaded at the last minute by his physicians and the document was read by the clerks. In his opening generalizations Mr. Wilson said autocracy was again to the fore in Europe, and that it was up to the United States to save democracy by giving an example of its successful operation, enacting and enforcing just laws and "standing for right and justice as toward individual nations." Aside from domestic matters he made just two specific recommendations. The first was that a large loan be made to Armenia, the money to be expended under the supervision of an American commission. Compliance of congress with this request is made somewhat doubtful by recent developments in Armenia, where the Russian Reds are now in almost complete control and have set up a soviet government. The President also advised that complete independence be granted at once to the Philippines. This, too, will be opposed by many congressmen who do not agree with Mr. Wilson that the people of the islands have succeeded in maintaining a stable government. Probably most of our law-makers would be glad to get rid of the Philippines, however, if it were not for the proposition that we should guarantee their independence, a policy that likely would involve us in serious complications, if not wars, in the not distant future.

The President recommended the early adoption of a budget system, the institution of rigid economy in government expenditures, better care for disabled soldiers, revision and simplification of the tax laws and protection for the agricultural industry—all of which meets the approval of most of the people.

The message made no mention of the League of Nations, but the prediction was made in Washington that Mr. Wilson would lay the treaty and covenant before the senate again, unchanged, and would continue the fight for ratification up to the moment of his retirement from the White House, and afterward as a private citizen. Another matter which he omitted from his message was the restriction or stoppage of immigration. This was taken by some to mean that if congress passed a drastic act he would veto it.

Senator Harding announced that he would resign from the senate between January 10 and January 15 and that Senator-elect Willis would be appointed his successor. Governor Cox thereupon courteously wired Mr. Harding that if he wished to leave the senate earlier he would gladly name Mr. Willis to fill the vacancy. Mr. Harding returned to his home in Marion to prepare for the series of conferences with national leaders concerning the policy of his administration.

Withdrawal from the League of Nations assembly by the Argentine delegation caused a lot of talk, in Geneva and elsewhere, but it didn't disrupt the gathering by any means. Indeed, Pueyrredon and his colleagues found they had put themselves in a rather ridiculous position and the chief retired to Paris, disappointed but still defiant. Their argument that proposed amendments to the covenant should be discussed and acted on at this session was upheld by the Scandinavians and certain others, but their action in quitting because they found themselves in the minority on the question was not approved by anyone, and was attacked by some of the Buenos Aires papers. Pueyrredon stated that his mission in Paris was to consult with Senator McCormick of Illinois in the hope that the United States and Argentina would become the leaders of a movement to give to the world a substitute for the present league.

Wednesday's session of the assembly was enlivened by a hot speech by Newton Rowell of Canada in opposition to the plan of Hanotaux of France to have three new organizations set up, each with an annual conference, to take care of finance, transportation and health matters, and to be supported financially by the league as is the labor bureau. The labor bureau's budget for the coming year is 7,000,000 gold francs, and Mr. Rowell protested that nations like Canada would not agree to be saddled with the immense additional expense that the three proposed commissions would require. Nor could such nations afford to send their best technicians each year to the conference, he said, and consequently the problem involved would be handled exclusively by European nations, which would not at all suit Canada. "Why," he cried, "do you think we should have confidence in European statesmen and leaders when it was European policy, statesmanship and ambition that drenched the world in blood?" Senator Millen of Australia warmly supported Rowell, and Lord Robert Cecil's compromise, that the existing international health organization continue, under league supervision, and the other two be abandoned, was adopted.

Earlier in the week another Canadian, Minister of Justice Doherty, proposed an amendment to the covenant that would erase article X, and though he was forced to yield to the assembly's determination to put over until next year action on amendments; he made a bitter protest against domination of the league's affairs by the council. On Wednesday Lord Robert Cecil took another wallop at article X, offering a motion to relieve members of the league from obligations laid on them by that article. When France, Holland, Sweden and Czecho-Slovakia objected, the proposal was referred to the legal section secretariat to ascertain if the league could make reservations on its own covenant. The assembly committee on new members decided in favor of admitting Finland and Luxemburg, but deferred action on Albania and the Baltic states.

Considerable time was devoted by the assembly to discussing the war on typhus in the Near East. Several delegates appealed to the world to stamp out the scourge that is gradually spreading over Europe, and good progress was made in raising the 250,000 pounds necessary to set the campaign in motion.

Despite the knowledge that the restoration of Constantine would cut Greece off from all political and financial support by the great powers, the Greek cabinet sent word to the former king that the people had voted in favor of his return, and invited him to resume the throne. Premier Rhallis of course recognizes the seriousness of the situation, but probably he feels he must obey the mandate of the people. Paris had a story to the effect that Constantine plans to overcome the financial troubles of the country by giving concessions for a number of great gambling casinos in various Greek cities that are favorite resorts of tourists. Another Paris report was that the Greek cabinet had asked Constantine to abdicate in favor of the crown prince, but at this writing this has not been confirmed.

D'Annunzio's comic opera "state of war" with Italy has not yet [illegible] out into actual fighting, and as negotiations between Italy and the "regency of Quarnero" are under way affair is likely to be settled with tle or no bloodshed. It is believed poet will yield if his services in ing Fiume from the Jugo-Slavs are ficially recognized. That city is blockaded. Last week two of the ian warships went over to the D'Annunzio side, their crews first [illegible] and gagging the officers.

Affairs in Ireland continued to cupy much of the attention of English-speaking world. As the closed the prospects for a settle according to Lloyd George, were better than they appeared on the face. This the premier said after had conferred with Mgr. Patrick Clune, archbishop of Perth, who been acting as his intermediary consulting with Sinn Fein leaders was said the bishop had conveyed Lloyd George a message from Michael Collins, commander of the Sinn Fein army, which presumably contained Irish terms for a settlement or least a truce. Father O'Flanagan, Roscommon, acting president of Sinn Fein, also sent a message to the premier concerning a truce, and the cabinet, considering this, was reported have decided on a reply embodying these terms: "No amnesty, no public, and a cessation from the present campaign of outrage and murder."

Sir Horace Plunkett, chairman of the Dublin peace convention, who for New York to appear before the American committee of inquiry, before starting said: "I see no hope of a truce in Ireland nor any hope in the overtures reported in the press. There cannot be peace while there is frightfulness on both sides. In my judgment the British government is blamable."

The American committee heard from of its star witnesses, Mrs. Terence MacSwiney, widow of the lord mayor of Cork, whose appearance before it was very interesting though prejudiced her views on the Irish problem were given an exaggerated value. She was preceded by her sister-in-law, Miss Mary MacSwiney, who told the story of the wrongs of her country and freely admitted that in 1916 Ireland turned to Germany for arms and would have accepted from that source all the help it could get. This she justified by the assertion that Ireland was "at war with England." Because of that "war" she defended the killings of British policemen and soldiers, while in the same breath she denounced the killing of Irishmen by the English.

The American committee's delegation named to go to Ireland for a first-hand investigation cannot go. They obtained their passports, but the British embassy in Washington refused to advise them for the stated reason that "the proposed visit to British territory is not agreeable to his majesty's government."

Delegates to the American Farm Bureau federation in Indianapolis adopted a resolution asking congress to prohibit short selling in agricultural products on the Chicago board of trade. Banking and commercial interests were asked to co-operate in their efforts to get immediate relief from the present economic condition by the extension and renewal of credits. The legislative bureau of the federation will make a special study of personal credits. The federal farm loan act was approved and an amendment was asked to increase the limit from $10,000 to $25,000.

F. W. Thompson of Chicago, leading a delegation of farm mortgage bankers, told the senate agriculture committee that bankruptcy was threatened in many quarters through the farmer's being called upon to pay an undue share of the burden of taxation. He urged that the war finance corporation be revived to take up the task in order to prevent financial chaos and save the future food supply of the country and the world.

For the third time the Nobel peace prize has been awarded to an American, the recipient this time being President Wilson. The honor carries with it a gift of $40,000. Theodore Roosevelt and Elihu Root were the other Americans to receive this prize.

rove's
he Genuine
and Only
Laxative
omo
uinine
tablets
t and original Cold and
let, the merit of which
nized by all civilized
ful to avoid imitations.
sure its Bromo
O
W. Grove
uine bears this signature
30c.

rian Blood Tea"
many years to your life.
e Blood, Flushes the Kid-
tly Moves the Bowels and
the Stomach. Try it just
ou will never use anything
ggists and Grocers Every-

LA MAKES THE SKIN BEAUTIFUL.
Does wonders for a bad complexion.
Dealers or mail, $1.25. Dr. C. H. Berry
Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

ALL LEAVING NOME

Alaskan City Fast Going the of Most of the Fitful Placer Camps.

nual fall exodus leaves fewer people in the once famous ways desolate beach camp of Returning Alaskans say the s all but drawn on the old ere, in the summer of 1898, 5,000 people surged, swore, d caroused.

has gone the way of scores placer camps. Its story is the another setting of Orofino, ty, Warrens and Florence of '60s in northern Idaho; of h Fork placer camps of the Alenes in the early '80s; of City and Leadville, in Colo- wasted camps in Montana and Idaho, in British Columbia, nd Nevada, to say nothing of days of the '50s in California.

After
RISTMAS
DINNER
BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION 25 CENTS
6 BELL-ANS
Hot water
Sure Relief
ELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION

QUEEZED
O DEATH
the body begins to stiffen
ovement becomes painful it
ally an indication that the
s are out of order. Keep
organs healthy by taking
GOLD MEDAL
HAARLEM OIL
CAPSULES
rld's standard remedy for kidney,
bladder and uric acid troubles.
since 1696. Take regularly and
good health. In three sizes, all
ts. Guaranteed as represented.
the name Gold Medal on every box
and accept no imitation

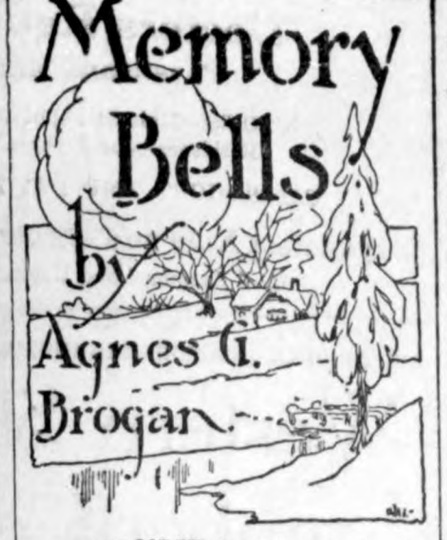
ell your Mother
MP'S BALSAM
stop that cough, Bill. My
her gives it to me when I get
ugh and you don't hear me
hing all the time."

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff-Stops Hair Falling
Restores Color and
Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair
60c. and $1.00 at Druggists.
Hiscox Chem. Wks. Patchogue, N. Y.
DERCORNS Removes Corns, Cal-
les, stops all pain, ensures comfort to the
es walking easy. 15c. by mail or at Drug-
Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

ave, Bathe and
hampoo with one
oap.—Cuticura
Soap is the favorite for safety razor shaving.

U., DES MOINES, NO. 52–1920.

Memory Bells



CONNIE looked down to the busy street, through a blur of snowflakes. At least, Connie told herself determinedly that snowflakes were accountable for the blur; then, she wiped her eyes.

"It's Merry Christmas time," Connie said to her old yellow cat. "Who ever heard of Christmas without the Merry? So cheer up, Prowler, and let's join in the game."

At the little "Shoppe" just around the corner she stood longest of all. And all at once into Connie's bright eyes came a speculative light. The window was full of small framed pictures, most of them with the Christmas spirit. There were the usual night-clad children looking up broad chimneys, there were landscapes of snowy fields with distant windows alight—Connie studied them all; she was seeing in vision the winding hill road of the place where she had spent her last summer vacation; the church with its swaying bell in the steeple, the queer little bridge over the deep and beautiful stream—a bridge with seats along its sides where countless lovers had sat and courted. The old lady who had been Connie's volunteer hostess told her, with the pink coming and going in her withered cheeks, about the lovers. For it was there that her own husband had asked, and had been answered—his question. The way that Connie had chanced to visit this beautiful country place and to meet there the dear old lady was quite remarkable chance too. She had started out on the trolley car for one restful day in the country and had chosen this station at random. And when she had stopped to admire the wonderful roses in the old lady's garden—and they had spent some agreeable time together—the old lady, Mrs. Martha Snow by name, had said:

"My dear! Why don't you come on and visit me for a week or two? I'm lonely for a young sweet face."

And Connie had gone, that was all. Half her later water colors had been glorified memories of that delightful visit. Now Connie had a new inspiration. She would paint the queer little bridge over an icy stream, and its seats should be covered with snow. She could fancy just how the trees would look waving naked branches. And she'd paint the church in the hollow with lights in the windows gleaming over the snow and the bell in the tower a-swaying for Christmas.

Oh, Connie was very happy as she hurried home to her attic, but there, in the temperamental way artists have, she began to draw instead, working in a fever of enthusiasm—the sitting room of the old house where she had been a guest, with Martha Snow herself seated in the firelight, just half of her peaceful profile showing beneath its halo of white hair.

There was holly above the old fireplace and a boy's stocking hanging there. Connie never stopped until she had completed the picture, then ran with it breathlessly to the "Shoppe" around the corner.

"Yes, we will display it," a smiling old man agreed.

The picture sold. Of course you were prepared for that; but the strange part was that before it was sold Connie had added her other views to the "Shoppe" window, and her discerning purchaser had bought them every one. While the other Christmas studies pleased him not at all; Connie could not count the number of times that she passed that window, first closing her eyes childishly in the hope that her picture would not be there when she opened them. And it was the day but one before Christmas that the "Shoppe" manager seeing her pecking about, beckoned her inside.

"You have pleased one of our best customers," said the manager, "and when we mentioned your peculiar condition of sale he suggested talking the matter over with you that you might both come to a satisfactory bargain. Our customer thinks that you possess wonderful artistic ability. We have given him your address."

"Is he," asked Connie falteringly, "a philanthropist?"

Some way she did not want her purchaser to be just a philanthropist and spoil all future ambitious hope.

"Mr. Armstrong is a man who usually drives a pretty shrewd bargain," the "Shoppe" manager said.

So, though it was early afternoon, Connie hurried home to turn on a gas blaze and don her most presentable dress so that she might make a favorable impression as a successful young wielder of the brush. The purchaser might arrive any minute. But it was the next afternoon when he came and Connie was wearing a bungalow apron.

The purchaser was young and tall and good looking, and the golden cat greeted him with a purring rub, which was to Connie a recommendation as to his honesty.

Mr. Hubert Armstrong came directly to business.

"Your sketches have for me a double interest, Miss Carroll," he said.

"You have drawn remarkably some of the happiest scenes of my boyhood. Scenes which I am ashamed to say I had half-forgotten. The world of business absorbs much of human kindness I am afraid, and sometimes a struggle for success causes us to leave much that is tender behind. I am grateful to you for awakening in me that tenderness which I had almost buried."

The man's voice broke huskily. He drew forth an old sitting-room picture.

"Peace on Earth" was the name she had given it.

"That," said Hubert Armstrong, "is the living room of my home in Hillcrest—the place where I was born. This white-haired woman's profile is the peaceful profile of my long-lost mother. That little bulging stocking might have been my own stocking, just as it used to hang there years ago— Tell me—" his tone was eager, "how did you come by your dream?"

"I visited last summer," Connie told him, "in that same old house in Hillcrest with Mrs. Martha Snow, who invited me."

The man nodded hastily.

"I see," he said, "it is quite simple after all. Martha Snow is my mother's widowed sister." A dull red crept to his cheek.

"I had almost forgotten that Aunt Martha asked me years ago to allow her to continue on in the old homestead. It was left mine by will. So she's there yet, and the church bell still chimes out for Christmas!

"You have sounded the memory bells for me, Miss Carroll."

It seemed that the purchaser had almost forgotten her in his musings. Now that she looked at him closely his face was threaded by lines of care, his fine eyes sorrowful beneath their sternness. Connie put forth a friendly hand.

"Why," she said, "so you are Martha Snow's nephew. Then there can be no question of bargain between us, the pictures are freely yours."

The man spoke abruptly.

"You paint to sell do you not?" he asked. "Isn't that what your studio is for?"

Connie shook her head ruefully.

"Mostly," she replied, "my studio is just to live in."

"And you live alone?"

"I am quite alone in the world," she told him gravely.

Then her irrepressible smile broke forth.

"Unless," she added, "you would count Prowler?" She caught the cat in her arms.

"I—live—alone—too," Hubert Armstrong said slowly.

"I know what it means. There's not much difference between the gilded walls of an apartment and these walls of yours here."

"Not when it comes to loneliness," Connie agreed. "We were going to look much more cheerful," she went

Connie Studied Them All.

on, "when you interrupted us with your knock. I was climbing the ladder to hang a holly wreath."

"Let me do it for you," the man said. Before she could could refuse his assistance he was on the ladder, the wreath in his hands.

"That's better," Connie told him as side by side they stood looking up at the crimson berries.

"It's the first time in years," Hubert Armstrong said with a boyish laugh, "that I've done that sort of thing. Gives me a thrill of old Christmas. Makes me wish for a fireplace with a filled stocking before it. The fireplace of your picture makes me long to go skating on a creek—your creek, back at Hillcrest. Makes me want to taste turkey again over the old dining-room table."

"Yes!" breathed Connie, "and hear the church bell ring out across the snow."

Eager-eyed the man gazed into those other eager eyes beneath his own.

"Let's do it," he said impulsively.

"Let us have a real, joyful old-fashioned sort of Christmas, you and I, back at Aunt Martha's. I will call her on the phone. It would delight her heart."

"It would be just 'peace on earth' to me," Connie said happily.

And that Christmas eve as she gazed wideawake through her attic window the moon shone down through the holly wreath.

"Merry Christmas," whispered Connie while the old moon smiled benignly with a promise of happy Christmases to come.

(©, 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

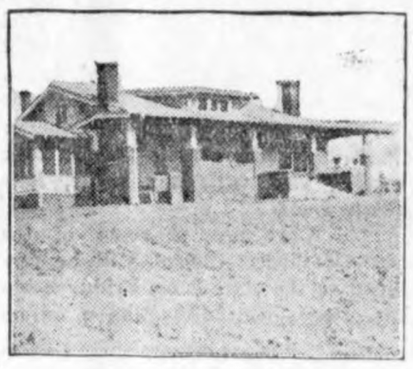
HOME TOWN HELPS

MAKE THE HOME ATTRACTIVE

Results Will Follow a Little Careful Planning and a Small Expenditure of Money.

Right now is a good time to plan how the homestead—perhaps new, perhaps old—can be made more attractive. A few years will pass surprisingly quickly, and the old home will become increasingly unattractive or beautiful, depending on whether the owner and his wife have done a little planning and a little planting, season by season.

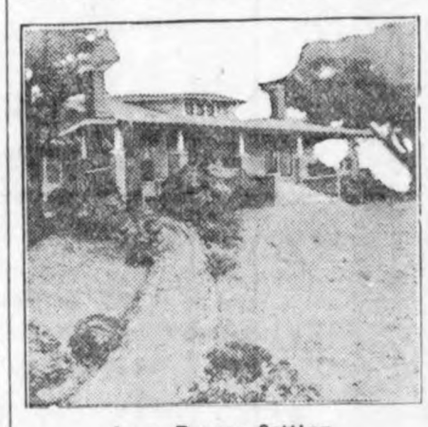
The United States Department of Agriculture suggests in the pictures shown herewith some of the ways of



House Has Bare Look.

beautifying. The changes produced by planting shrubs can be effected in one or two seasons, and even where trees are shown, often only five or six years are required to produce the effects pictured if quick-growing varieties are planted. In such a case, however, provision should be made for better, slow-growing varieties which will be allowed to come up and eventually take the place of the quick growers.

With cultivated land carried to the very door, the house shown in the first picture has no homelike setting. It appears merely as an intrusion in the landscape. But when it is given a dooryard, with lawns, trees, and shrubs, as shown in the second illustration, it takes its proper place



In a Proper Setting.

in the picture, without detracing from the value of the surrounding land.

If you want more information on this subject write the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, for Farmers' Bulletin 1087, "Beautifying the Farmstead." It will be sent free on request.

Faulty Chimneys Cause Fire.

A summary of the various causes of fire shows that those attributable to chimneys annually amount to from 10 to 26 per cent of the total number, while in winter the percentage has reached as high as 50. This is significant when it is realized that most of these fires result from carelessness and could be avoided by proper attention.

In cities and towns with proper fire protection many fires are arrested without serious loss. It is evident that in rural districts where there are no organized fire-fighting agencies, and where a fire usually results in a total loss, builders should give more attention to making the construction of all new chimneys as nearly fireproof as possible.

Future Belongs to Small City.

It would be rash to conclude from the census figures that the problem of a better distribution of population is unsolvable. The fact that the small cities show the greatest gains is significant. These obviously permit freer living conditions than the large cities and at the same time are free from the isolation of the village or the widely scattered homesteads. The small city in these days prides itself upon its "metropolitan" aspect. It is conspicuously up-to-date and provides comfortable living. The tendency of industrial enterprises to seek locations at a distance from the centers of population has had much to do with the upbuilding of cities of this type.

Community's Real Worth.

After all is said and done, the number of persons residing in a community has little to do with its real greatness. It's the kind of people it has, the kind it turns out and the kind of things it does which bring everlasting fame in the end.

Because a place is not as big in population as its people had hoped for should cause no great regret; but if it is not forging ahead in numbers because of the care it takes of its residents, then there is reason for shame. —Exchange.

The High Cost of Shoes Gets Wallop

"Ten cents to twenty-five cents a pair is enough profit for any maker of work shoes," says Geo. R. Harsh, head of the Harsh & Chapline Shoe Co., of Milwaukee, makers of the famous Lion Brand and Steven Strong work shoes for men and boys.

"For 15 years we have been trying to make the best work shoes in the country. To do this we even had to put up our own tannery, buy the hides and do our own tanning, as we could find no leather in the open market good enough to go into Lion Brand shoes.

"That we have come close to success is evidenced by the sale of more than 10,000,000 pairs through thousands of stores. Last year alone the shoe buying public bought more than $6,000,000 worth.

"Lion Brand Shoes are so popular we could probably go right on doing business through the stores. But I believe there should be fewer profits between the producer and user," continued Mr. Harsh.

"By selling direct to the wearer we cut out the profit of the tanner, jobber and store keeper, as well as the salesman's expense, and are able to save the buyer of Lion Brand work shoes from one dollar to three dollars a pair.

"It took a lot of courage to change our selling policy, but we believe the buying public is ready for the change and that our action in stepping over the middleman to the user will be followed by other large manufacturers of many other well known quality products.

"Our catalog No. 1 is now ready for distribution from factory, Hanover and Maple Streets, Milwaukee, Wis."—Adv.

Beneficence Well Repaid.

Beneficence is a duty. He who frequently practices it and sees his benevolent intentions realized, at length comes really to love him to whom he has done good.—Immanuel Kant.

Vaseline
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
Carbolated
PETROLEUM JELLY
An antiseptic dressing for cuts, sores, etc.—A necessity where there are children.
AVOID SUBSTITUTES
CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.
(CONSOLIDATED)
State Street New York

Bad Stomach
Sends Her to Bed for 10 Months
Eatonic Gets Her Up!

"Over a year ago," says Mrs. Dora Williams, "I took to bed and for 10 months did not think I would live. Eatonic helped me so much I am now up and able to work. I recommend it highly for stomach trouble."

Eatonic helps people to get well by taking up and carrying out the excess acidity and gases that put the stomach out of order. If you have indigestion, sourness, heartburn, belching, food repeating, or other stomach distress, take an Eatonic after each meal. Big box costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

RHEUMATISM?
TRY
Mudbaden
BEST FOR RHEUMATISM
(Original Sulphur Mud Baths of the Northwest)
Write for Information
Post Office Box 4
Mudbaden Sulphur Springs Co., Jordan, Minn.

It Must Be Love.

Father was giving the fair young daughter a lecture about her beau. He exclaimed: "Does he know who pays the light bills? Doesn't he know enough to go home at the right time?"

The daughter replied: "Yes, he knows enough to go, but he was sick last night."

With that father started in again. "Don't tell me that a big husky fellow like him was sick. What on earth was the matter with him?"

As the fair young daughter started for the door, she sang back, "He has heart trouble."

Proved.

Edward Charles was a logical sort of person. Incidentally, he was in love. But love wasn't strong enough to swamp his logic.

Thus it was that Eve Maude, his adored one, received the following strange love letter:

"Eve Maude, I love you.

"First—I love you.

"Second—All the world loves a lover.

"Third—But I am a lover.

"Fourth—Therefore, the world loves me.

"Fifth—You are all the world to me.

"Sixth—Therefore, you love me."—London Answers.

Judging the Depth.

An English rider, coming to a river he was unfamiliar with, asked a youngster he saw playing on the bank if it was deep. "No," replied the boy, and the rider started to cross, but soon found that he and his horse had to swim for their lives.

When finally he reached the other side he turned and shouted, "I thought you said it wasn't deep."

"It aren't," was the reply. "It only takes grandfather's ducks up to their middles."

Cuticura for Pimply Faces.

To remove pimples and blackheads smear them with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Once clear keep your skin clear by using them for daily toilet purposes. Don't fail to include Cuticura Talcum.—Adv.

Nervy.

"Pardon me, miss. Although a perfect stranger, I must tell you that you are beautiful."

"Sir, I shall call a policeman."

"I am sure he will agree with me."—Detroit Free Press.

Not Gay, But—

Patience—"Don't you think he is a gay deceiver?" Patrice—"Oh, I never considered him particularly gay."

Genuine
BAYER
Aspirin
You must say "Bayer"
Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years and proved safe by millions.
Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Colds, Headache, Pain, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago.
Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

...dale Griggs, of Goodell, ... caller Friday.

... Hood, of Goodell, was ... shopper last Thursday.

... Faye Letch, of Goodell, was ...ng in Klemme Saturday.

... and Mrs. Lester, of Goodell, ... Klemme callers Monday.

Mr. C. C. Mayne, of Goodell, was a business caller in Klemme Saturday.

Mr. H. J. Klemme, of Belmond, was a Klemme business caller Saturday.

...lle Busch and George Hoppe returned from Fort Dodge last Friday where they had been working the past few weeks.

Alex Kirkwood, who has been ... sick the past week or more is greatly improved in health and feels like himself.

The Editor of the Times left last night for Lincoln, Nebraska, to spend Christmas with his wife and other relatives. He will return to Klemme Monday.

Rev. A. E. Burtt returned last Wednesday evening from Rochester, Minnesota, where he went to take treatment.

Mr. Ahrenkeil, of Goodell, was a Klemme business caller Saturday morning between trains. He also found time to visit with old friends.

Miss Mabel Waterman came from Iowa City Monday morning to spend her Christmas vacation with her folks and friends. She is attending the State University there this year.

Donald Nissen came from Sioux City Saturday to spend his holiday vacation with the J. N. Day family and other relatives and friends. Donald is attending Morningside College there.

George Lawhorn and "Finnie" Freie went to Rinehart last Wednesday where they have an eigthy acre field of corn to husk. That field won't last long when these huskers get into it.

C. A. Arnold of Klemme passed thru Garner Monday morning enroute to Emmetsburg, to look over some of the herds of purebred Duroc Jerseys that are olcated in that section. Mr. Arnold is one of the fanciers of that breed and when he starts out to add stock to his herd, it must be the bes.—Garner Democrat.

Ed. Jacobs, "Bobbie" Henschen, W. F. Pavey, Wm. Keraus and R. A. Jorgensen drove to Mason City last Thursday evening to attend the musical comedy play "The Katzenjammer Kids". "Bobbie" is still laughing over the funny jokes he heard.

Olaf Brynteson, manager of the Western State Lumber Company here, leaves tomorrow for Odebolt, Iowa, where he will spend the holidays and take a week's vacation visiting his foks and friends. During his absence John Suckow will take charge of the lumber yard.

Bethel Lodge, A. F. & A. M. held its regular election Thursday evening last, and the following officers were elected. W. M., Dr. J. S. Wesson; S. W., C. R. Sweigard; J. W. Paul Laidley; Treasurer, F. M. Hanson; Secretary, E. T. Wesson. The appointive officers have not yet been named by the new Master.

Rev. and Mrs. A. H. Meyer left lats week for Clear Lake, Minnesota, to be present at the wedding of Mrs. Meyer's brother, George Lenz. And to be sure the job was done right Rev. Meyer tied the nuptial knots. The Reverend returned to Klemme Friday evening but Mrs. Meyers stopped at Minneapolis for an over Sunday visit with her sister, Miss Helen Lenz.

The Christmas program of the First Methodist Church will be rendered at the church on Friday evening, December 24. The program consists of Cantata entitled "Thy Light has come" and will be carried out by the Sunday School scholars. Recitations, dialogues, male quartettes and songs by the Junior Choir. All are cordially invited to attend and hear the program.

CHRISTMAS VACATION

The Klemme schools closed Friday for their annual two weeks midwinter vacation. The kiddies are having a great time and are taking advantage of the treat. School will open on January 3rd.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the State Savings Bank, Klemme, Iowa, is called to meet in the banking rooms of the Bank at Klemme, Iowa, on Friday, December 24th, 1920, at One o'clock P. M., to consider and take action upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said bank from $15,000 to $30,000, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting in connection therewith.

P. M. Griesemer, President
D. D. Ross, 1st Vice President
Wm. Katter, 2nd Vice President
F. J. Wenck, Cashier
A. Kelly
A. E. Katter
H. J. Stille
W. H. Ramsay
Jos. E. Johnson
Officers and Directors of said Bank

Doctors Reuber & Zinn
Physicians and Surgeons
Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.
CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED
Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Mach...
Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Western States Lumber Company
Dealers In
Lumber and Building Material
Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

This is an unusually Merry Xmas tide because it marks the termination of an unusually Happy and Prosperous year.

We are greatful to you who have been instrumental in adding to our prosperity.

We are grateful for each opportunity we have had and may have to help add to your.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE
STATE SAVINGS BANK
CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME, 5% PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00 IOWA
AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

WHERE and WHAT to BUY

Fruits Candy Ice Cream Baked Goods

Holiday Gifts

The following make excellent presents:

Holly Brand Chocolates
Christmas Candies
Fruits and Nuts
Tobacco in humidors
Pipes in nice cases

A box of fine Cigars will always please.

CRYSTAL CAFE

J. B. Morrison Prop.

When You See A SUPER SALE You Know It's Time To Act. Prices Are Rock Bottom. It's No Secret, The Big Difference In SUPER SALES And Other Kinds Is The Price. We Cut Deep.

Business, No One Is Disapointed. . . . .

IT'S HERE!

Another Big

NELSON SUPER SALE

Its One of Those Buying Opportunities that Come Just Once in A while

A Personal Message
From Mr. Nelson

This is the second of my special Super Sales that has been put on in this store. Nearly every one of you remember my sale of last August. A double sales force could not handle the crowds, it was beccuse of the bargains. I advertised some seemingly impossible things but everything was found just as described. Every one of the thousands of customers was delighted with their savings. Thats what will make this sale the big success it will be. I am promising you greater values than last August, conditions make it possible, don't miss it. It's worth coming 100 miles to attend.

W. H. NELSON,
Salesmanager.

The Management of the

Sterling Dry Goods COMPANY

OF MASON CITY, IOWA

Order Me to Raise

$30,000

At Once

Wed. Morning, Dec. 29th At 8:30

I START TO RAISE THIS MONEY

I am throwing Every Item in this Mammouth Stock on the market at prices that will do the work.

Don't Miss It

W. H. Nelson, Sales Manager

Sterling Dry Goods Co.

Mason City, Iowa

Big Crowd Drawing Specials Each Day--Get one of the bills.

THE KLEMME TIMES

wenty-fifth Year Number 17 | Klemme, Iowa, Thursday, December 30, 1920 | $2.00 In Advance. $2.50 Outside of County

Local Happenings

r. Engvard Lauritzen returned to gsted, Iowa, Tuesday after spend- Christmas with his folks here, Mr. Mrs. Salling.

Mr. Worthy Usher, of Cedar ids is spending his Christmas va- on at the Tom Blank home in mme.

The Misses Gretchen and Minnie nk and Mr. Worthy Usher were ting relatives and friends at Bel- nd Christmas day and Sunday.

Mr. T. Christensen, of Ringsted, a, returned Wednesday after spend- Christmas at the home of Mr. and . Salling.

Ed. Jacobs was a business visitor Garner Tuesday between trains. ce the heavy snow Ed has parked old "Lizzie Wagon" in the shed now rides the trains.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Palmby of Eagle nd, Minn., were visiting with Klem- relitives and friends last week.

Coal

Have in transit another car of Glen- e Chunks at $12 per ton off the car. der now. Walter F. Lau. 1wc.

Mrs. Frank Heuer and children of ws came Monday for a week's it at the home of Rev. and Mrs. H. Meyer. Mrs. Meyer and Mrs. uer are sisters.

Ed Jacobs was on the sick list past week suffering with a sore oat. Ed didn't like to be laid up that time as he was rushed in the e with holiday business.

Jerry Brennan of Garner was a siness caller in Klemme Tuesday tween trains. Other members of e Brennan family were also visit- with relatives and friends near lemme over the holidays.

Jack Etchen was a Garner visitor turday. We believe Jack had a re tooth which was seriously inter- ring with his Christmas dinner d he wanted it fixed up so that he uld not lose out on the eats.

Miss Mae Warnock of Iowa Falls a guest at the Frank Gruetz- acher home since Monday. Miss arnock, it will be remembered, ught in the Klemme schools for two ears and is now teaching in the owrie, Iowa, Consolidated School.

Art Kuck went out hunting last Wednesday and reports that he nailed" 13 bunnies and 6 jacks. We didn't see the rabits but took rt's word for it as he is a good hot and generally gets all he can arry home.

Miss Emma Lauritzen, of Ringsted, owa, came last week to spend her hristmas vacation with her folks here. he left wednesday for Spencer to pend a few days visiting her sister be- re returning to Ringsted where she employed in the newspaper office.

Ye Editor left last week Wednes- day night for Lincoln, Nebraska, to pend Christmas with relatives. Mrs. orgenson and baby boy returned with us and all are glad to be back n Klemme again. Ye Editor is prac- icing up in the art of amusing the aby shoud he exercise his lungs when all editors are supposed to be leeping.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Kirkwood, of Milaca, Minnesota, came last Wed- nesday for a visit at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Kirkwood. "Bill" was here a couple of weeks ago but returned to Minnesota to make arrangements to have some one take care of his farm during his absence. His father Mr. Kirkwood has been on the sick list for some time and Will will help his mother care for him.

Curing by Suggestion.

There is nothing new in the attempt to cure disease by means of the mind. Many a shrewd physician of a hundred years ago cured patients with bread pills, and kept his secret. There were probably mental healers in Babylon and Assyria. They are known to have existed in Egypt, Greece and Rome, while the American Indian medicine man was unquestionably an adept in the art of suggestion.

Farm Notes

FEEDING FOR JANUARY EGGS

Exercise and Sanitation Important Feature for Hens

Clean hen houses and plenty of exercise have as much to do with good egg production as the feeding, says R. L. Cochran, with the poultry department of Iowa State College.

Dropping boards should be cleaned every week, especially where the hen house is well filled with chickens, as diseases will thrive in dirty places. Also, the chickens spend more of their time indoors during the cold weather.

During the cold winter months the hens spend from five to six hours longer on the roosts than in the summer and this lack of exercise tends to make them lazy and fat. They also get their feed with less work. To offset this last feature, scatter the grain ration in some straw so that the hens will have a good scratch litter.

A good scratch feed to scatter in the litter, morning and night, consists of two parts whole corn, one part wheat and one part oats. If wheat is not available, two parts of corn and one part of oats can be used. With this good mash should be furnished. This should be kept before the hens at all times. Warm water supplied several times a day also aids in getting eggs for the January market.

GIVE HOGS BUTTERMILK

Tests Show It To Be Excellent Feed for Supplying Protein

Buttermilk is a good feed for the hogs ration according to G. V. Glatfelter of the Iowa Agricultural Experiment Station. Many inquiries have c ome to the station regarding its use and several interesting experiments have resulted.

In an average of four trials in which buttermilk was fed in limited quantity, from 2 to 10 pounds per head daily, to young growing and fattening shoats, it was found that a hundred pounds of buttermilk replaced 6 pounds of corn and 6 pounds of meat meal tankage.

The test was conducted in this fashion,—one group of pigs was self-fed on corn and tankage "free-choice" style; another similar group was fed exactly the same ration with the exception that it was given some butermilk daily. Pricing the corn at 76 cents a bushel or $27.14 a ton, the corn replaced was worth 8 cents and the tankage, at $85.00 per ton, replaced was worth 28½ cents making the total replacement value 36½ cents; hence 100 pounds of buttermilk in these experiments was worth 36½ cents per hundred pounds.

It will be seen from this that as corn and tankage increase in price, the buttermilk becomes more valuable while on the other hand, if corn and tankage go down, it decreases in vaue. The greatest value of buttermilk comes with limited feeding, for when fed in large amounts it is worth less per hundred. In a test when the growing pigs were given all the skim milk the pigs could possibly take, which amounted to a little more than 32 pounds daily, the corn replacement value of 100 pounds of skim milk was worth 25 cents.

Pigs relish buttermilk. Feeding it results in more rapid gains. It has proved to be our best protein supplement for pigs, being an adequate a nd high qualified protein; and does wonders when included in the ration.

ALL READY FOR SHORT COURSE

Plans Made To Handle Record Crowd and Best Program Ever Arranged

Iowa State College is all ready for the largest gathering ever held when the Winter Short Course opens Jan. 3. Not only have the members of he faculty of the division of agriculture arranged for new features to present to the visitors but some of the best speaker in the United States will be on hand to talk on the subjects of the day. Many speakers who will be here will appear on the Iowa Farm Bureau meeting program which follows in Des Moines.

There will be plenty of housing room in Ames for every one. The students are away on vacation and rooming houses are opening up to the Short Course visitors. Women who attend will be allowed to room in the girls dormitories. If these quarters are desired it should be remembered that all bedding except sheets should be brought along. Also bring your own towels. These rooms as well as all others will be moderately priced.

On arriving at Ames first register at the Short Course headquarters at Room 16, Agricultural Hall, where all information regarding courses, rooms and other details can be gotten.

Remember there is a definite program for every member of the family, so bring the boys and girls along too.

There will be plenty of entertainment to go along with the work, including evening meetings and banquets. It has been estimated that 27 different state meetings of the various breed societies and farm organizations will meet at Ames during this week.

If you have any question regarding the farm home operation or live stock bring it to Ames and get the answer.

OBRECHT TO BE CASHIER AT THORNTON

Clarence Obrecht who has for the past several months been employed in the State Bank of Belmond has accepted the poistion of Cashier of State Savings Bank at Thornton, which position was recently made vacant by the sudden resignation and departure of Mr. Jacobson the former cashier. Mr. Obrecht was at one time employed in the Thornton bank leaving that place to take the position in the Belmond bank. His new position is one of much greater responsibility to him. "Pug" as he is universally known here was raised in Belmond and graduated from the Belmond schools and has a great many friends who while sorry to have him leave Belmond will hope for him that his new position will prove but a step to stil better things.—Belmond Herald-Press.

Carl Lenz, night policeman, has possessed himself of a real police dog. The "critter" arrived the first of the week, and already he and Carl have become fast friends. Our understanding is that he came direct from Germany, and that he saw actual service during the great world war. If he is really German he will be a lonely cuss since the "kibosh" has been put on the language here; or if he is French he will not be much better off, as but few of us speak that language fluently. What Carl should have done was to get an Irish police dog, then we would all feel a sort of kin to him.—Garner Democrat.

CASHIER AT CARROLL SHORT FUNDS, SKIPS

Carroll—J. C. Arts, assistant cashier of the American Savings bank, is missing. His accounts were found $15,000 short. The money has been made good by his mother and brothers.

Cashier Leo J. Wegman suspected that there was something wrong with Art's accounts—he had been a high liver. Plans were made to investigate last Thursday night but when the cashier returned to the back the time vault was closed.

Friday Arts was confronted by the charge that he was short and confessed a shortage of $10,5000.

He was discharged and went across the street to another bank from which he withdrew $4,500 on behalf of the American Savings. He then fled with the $4,500.

His relatives made up this sum as well as the $10,500 to the bank in which he had been employed. His mother is a heavy stockholder in the American Savings, which loses nothing.

Arts is 38 years old, is married and has seven children.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTOR

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Executor of the Estate of Edward Charles Collins, late of Hancock County, State of Iowa, deceased. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

Dated December 20th, A. D. 1920.

Asa Gibbs,
Executor.

Dec. 29 Jan. 6-13

Obituary Jacob Wenz

Mr. Jacob Wenz was born April 6, 1829 at Soellingen Baden, Germany. He was baptized and confirmed in the Lutheran Church and of which he was a true member all his life. In 1857 he was united in marriage to Miss Karoline Volk and to this union five children were born, three sons and two daughters. In 1859 Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Wenz came to the United States and settled in Clayton County, Iowa, where they lived until 1874 when they moved to Hancock County. The family were at first members of the Ell toun Reformed church but later became members of the Klemme Reformed church. Mrs. Wenz and also one son are dead. Jacob Wenz at the time of his death had reached the grand old age of 91 years, 8 months and 16 days. —Rev. Depping.

KLEMME SOLDIERS AND SAILORS NOTICE

All young men in and about Klemme who were in the Service are invited to join the Gifford Olson Post of the American Legion at Garner. Those wishing to join should see G. P. McCullough at Klemme at once as he has the necessary blanks to sign. The Gifford Olson Post at Garner are making a big drive for members and as there is no post at Klemme the boys here are urged to join the Gifford Olson Post.

DANCE NEW YEAR'S EVE

Both old and young are cordially invited to the good time New Year's Eve dance at the llde Hour Theatre on Friday evenin, December 31st. Good music and good time assured to everybody. Bring your friens.

BIG FAMILY RE-UNION CHRISTMAS DAY

A big family re-union was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wille of this city on Christmas day when thirty-five members and relatives of the family were present. A big dinner well prepared by the good cooks present was thoroughly enjoyed by all. The table was well decorated both with good things to eat and Christmas decorations. After the dinner all enjoyed various sorts of games and amusements. Such a good time was had that they immediately planned to have another such gathering again next year and all are eagerly looking forward to the next Christms re-union.

HERE'S GOOD YIELD OF CORN

Hardin County Farmer Produces 131 Bushels to the Acre On An 8 Acre Tract

J. F. Bachman of Union, Hardin County, has a record of corn production which compares with the best in the state. He raised 73,460 pounds of corn from a trifle under eight acres, which at 70 pounds per bushel gives a yield of 131 bushels per acre. If the moisture content is considered and deducted it will still leave a vield of at least 110 to 112 bushels per acre.

The corn was raised on an old blue grass feed lot which was ploughed up for the first time this season, so that the soil having been manured heavily for many years, was in excellent condition.

A contest is being closed up by the farm crops department of Iowa State College which will bring out some remarkable yields of Iowa corn for the year. Data concerning this contest will be given out during the Farm and Home Week at Ames, Jan. 3-8, 1921.

The yields secured from each of the 128 entries will be graphically represented. One hundred pounds of corn from each plot will be shown as also a sample of the seed.

Results of the corn yield contest are being awaited eagerly by the farmers of the state. By growing high yielding strains of corn under absolutely uniform conditions of soil climate and cutivation the Iowa Corn Growers Association hopes to find the highest yielding strain in the state.

Wasted Labor.

Little Edna, who was watching the men working a pile-driver in the lot opposite, said to her mother. "I'm so sorry for those poor men, mamma; they've been trying and trying to lift out that great weight, and every time they get it almost to the top it falls right back again."—Boston Transcript.

SUPERVISORS SET DAY FOR LETING PAVING CONTRACT

The Board of Supervisors have set a date for receiving bids on the paving of the North Iowa Pike from the east to the west line of the county —January 20. The Board has been working on this proposition for some time, in fact, ever since the county voted for paved roads a year ago last June. The road had to first be surveyed, the route laid out and accepted by the Highway Commission, the road had to be drained, culverts put in, and all this work had to receive the O. K. of the State Highway Commission and the federal commission. The date set had to conform with the desire of the State Highway Cimmission and the federal men in charge, as they have to be represented at the letting.

The road across the County has been divided into five sections. Section A and B constitue the part of the road west of Britt to the County line, C. and D from Britt to Garner, E from Garner to the County line on the east. The notice of letting calls for bids by sections, section B and E to be paid for in cash and A, C, and D to be paid for in bonds. The amount of federal and state money that will be available next seson, or by the time the contract can be completed will be in the neighborhood of $500,000 and this will pay for about the amount of road work contained in the section east of Garner and the section just west of Britt. Bonds will have to be issued for the balance of the work, and the contractor getting the job will have to take these in payment for his work.

We understand that the market for bonds is good and there will be no difficulty for the contractor to arrange for the sale of the bonds at this time. We were told recently that paving contractors were disposing of bonds they were taking at par or near par.

If what seems to the board to be a reasonable bid is received the contract will be let for the entire job across the county and it is likely that it will be completed next season. The bad condition of the roads all fall has caused many to wish that the job be pushed as fast as possible and this the Board of Supervisors has been doing.—Garner Signal.

One week from Saturday, or Jan. 1st, a few changes in the county officiary will take place. The changes are few, however. Thos. H. Thompson will turn over the keys to the treasurer's office to John Suurballe. John is a tried county official, having served the county as sheriff several years ago. E. P. Hanson will succeed Jas. Ross as sheriff. Peck, too, has had previous experience in county government and was always a pains-taking, popular official. These re the only changes. Miss Bernice Laffey, who has been deputy under Mr. Thompson, will remain with Mr. Suurballe. For the present at least, Eck. Raw, deputy under Mr. Ross, will do a like service for Mr. Hanson. Auditor Chris Jacobs, Clerk Baumgartner, Recorder Mrs. H. M. Aldridge, Superintendent Baggs, County Attorney Wood and Supervisors Lawhorn, Meyers and Berhow, all remain at their respective stations.—Garner Democrat.

CAHTOLIC CHURCH AT GOODELL BURNED TO GROUND CHRISTMAS EVE

Tuesday we learned for the first time that the Catholic Church at Goodell was burned to the ground on Christmas Eve after the entertainment. The flames were not noticed until sometime after all had left the church after having a Christmas entertainmeht in the church. It is thought that perhaps the fire originated from candles on the Christmas tree or a spark had dropped on a piece of cotton of tinsel which was not noticed. The church burned to the ground and nothing but the foundation is left to show where the church stood. Goodell seems to have more than their share of losses by fire as last year an entire business block was burned out.

Says the Old Philosopher.

"We can't all be cap'ns, colonels an gin'rals, my son," said the old philosopher. "Providence has so fixed it that somebody must lead an' somebody must follow. The hilltop looks good to us, but we're closer to the thunder up there, an ef we can't stand steady on our feet it's mighty apt to shake us down."—Atlanta Constitution.

SNAPPY PICKUPS

Blushing is virtue's color.

A dwarf threatens Hercules.

Candor is a great virtue.—Bea.

Courage is the lamp of adversity.

Rather a dumb waiter than a stupid one.

A book that remains shut is but a block.

China has 200,000 square miles of coal fields.

Thickening the plot may thin the audience.

Happy is the man who is too busy to find fault.

To a quick ear a half a word.—German Proverb.

Blessings on his head that said, "Face about."

Ancient time was the youth of the world.—Bacon.

An elephant does not catch mice.—Latin Proverb.

I would rather die than be debased.—Latin Proverb.

A farthing saved is twice earned.—Italian Proverb.

Observe decorum even in your sport.—Latin Proverb.

Most of man's blunders are due to his self-conceit.

A dead man does not make war.—Italian Proverb.

A beggar is never out of his road.—French Proverb.

Women need not be voters in order to become rulers.

Most human troubles can be solved through education.

Many a man has drowned his self-respect in whisky.

All the virtues by excess may degenerate into vices.

A woman that hath wisdom gives her kisses sparingly.

Better weak beer than an empty cask.—Danish Proverb.

Better be convinced by words than blows.—Danish Proverb.

All laws are broken to obtain a crown.—Spanish Proverb.

When the heart speaks, glory itself is an illusion.—Napoleon.

Great Britain had 31.000 horsemen in the wars with Napoleon.

Wise is the man who is able to conceal what he doesn't know.

An old eagle is better than a young sparrow.—German Proverb.

Abstinence and fasting cure many a complaint.—Danish Proverb.

A dealer in onions is a good judge of scullions.—French Proverb.

Little boats must keep the shore, large ships may venture more.

The man who is happier away from home than in it is really happy.

If a man is wise he never jars a hornet's nest to find out what's in it.

It is easier to touch the average man's heart than his pocketbook.

A good reputation is a valuable possession—but you can't mortgage it.

Human progress comes not by strife but by efficiency and co-operation.

Hand mills were in use among the Britons before the Roman conquest.

The trouble with big cities is that they have too much downtown to go to.

In union there is strength—as many a married man has learned to his sorrow.

Any man ought to be satisfied with his lot if it is worth $5,000 a front foot.

Rapid transit is all right for those who do not happen to step in front of it.

If you take care of the pennies the dollars will probably be blown by your heirs.

CLEAN COWPEAS MOST VALUABLE

Dealer Reaps Profit for Doing Work That the Grower Neglects to Perform.

WIDE DIFFERENCE IN PRICE

Despite Commercial Shortage and High Market Prices Producers Do Not Sell More—Specialists Give Timely Advice.

Until the growers see fit to place their cowpeas on the market in a clean and attractive condition they may expect the wide difference between the price they receive and the wholsale price charged by the dealer to continue, say marketing specialists of the bureau of markets, United States Department of Agriculture. When the dealer is compelled to do work that the grower fails to perform, it is the dealer who enjoys the profits.

Marketing Factors.

According to estimates prepared by the bureau of markets some 100,000,000 pounds of cowpeas enter commercial channels every year. Of this quantity 25 per cent is of mixed varieties and sold at a discount of from 50 cents to $1 per 100 pounds. A large percentage of it also is made up of poorly thrashed, unclean stock containing much foreign matter and packed in second-hand bags, improperly sewed. As a result of the use of these inefficient marketing methods the average wholesale selling price for recleaned stock during the spring of 1920 was 60

Cleaning Cowpeas Pays Well.

per cent higher than the average price paid the growers for the 1919 crop of cowpeas. Similar conditions prevailed with regard to the 1917 and 1919 crops.

To secure higher prices for cowpeas, specialists of the bureau of markets who have made a careful investigation of the matter recommend the following practices:

1. Clean cowpeas thoroughly before marketing. All hulls and other foreign matter, as well as light and immature seed, if any, should be fanned out.

2. Keep the varieties pure. Only straight varieties should be planted for grain or seed production, and precautions taken to prevent mixing at harvest time.

3. Sack in new even-weight bags, well sewed. This prevents waste in handling and the package will be more attractive to the buyer.

4. Market in as large lots as possible. It costs the shipper or local dealer practically as much money to receive, weigh, record and pay for one bag of cowpeas as it does a ten-bag lot. If car lots are available the cost of handling per unit is still smaller.

All efforts made by farmers or growers to improve the quality and marketability of cowpeas add to the initial selling price.

Cause of Shortage.

Cowpeas are usually grown as a catch crop, and on most farms regarded of secondary commercial importance. Yet the farm value of cowpeas produced in the United States is something like $30,000,000 a year. Approximately 750,000,000 pounds of cowpeas are produced annually, about 45 per cent or 340,000,000 pounds of which is required for planting. Of this latter quantity 15 per cent is sold by growers direct to farmers and 30 per cent normally enters commercial channels to be distributed by various dealers. In 1919, and again in 1920, the demand for cowpeas for planting purposes exceeded the commercial new crop supply, and abnormally high prices prevailed. Despite this shortage and the high prices, practically no effort was made to increase the commercial supply.

In the opinion of the bureau of markets the commercial shortage was not due to decreased production, but to failure on the part of the growers to prepare more of their cowpeas for commercial distribution. To increase the commercial supply it is seemingly necessary for growers simply to conserve the supply produced, and to prepare and market more of it for planting purposes. Such action would directly result in a larger profit to producers of cowpeas, and indirectly benefit farmer consumers who desire to grow the crop for purposes other than grain production. To feed cowpeas suitable for planting purposes to live stock is a practice that growers should readily perceive unprofitable in view of the prices that cowpeas now command.

VELVET BEANS MAKE GOOD GRAZING CROP

Excellent for Cattle and Hogs in Fall and Winter.

Usual Period for Pasturing Is About Three Months but This May Be Lengthened or Shortened as Deemed Advisable.

Velvet beans are an important grazing crop for cattle and hogs in the South in autumn and winter, according to specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. They are not grazed well by horses or mules, or by any live stock until after they are well matured or frosted. As the leaves, vines and pods decay but slowly when subjected to weather conditions, velvet beans will furnish feed until early spring. It is usually better to let the crop stand until it is well matured, or until it is killed by frost, as the leaves will be off the plants at that time and the corn which has been planted at the same time may be gathered with less difficulty.

The amount of grazing which will be afforded will, of course, vary with the growth of the crop and the quantity of corn not gathered, but it is the custom with many cattlemen to allow one-third to one-half acre a month for each steer or cow. The usual period for pasturing velvet beans is about three months, but this may be shortened or lengthened as deemed advisable. When the period is longer because of large acreage in proportion to the number of cattle there is necessarily some loss of feed through decay.

Hogs should be permitted to follow the cattle, as they will consume practically all the beans which the cattle fail to get. A common practice is to allow one or two hogs in addition to the cattle for each acre of beans. A good stand of velvet beans should produce about 150 pounds of beef and 100 pounds of pork an acre.

QUALITY IS URGENT FACTOR

Striking Example Furnished by Kentuckian, Who Markets Eggs, Poultry and Fruit.

An example of the part that quality plays in a business of direct marketing of farm produce is furnished by the experience of a man in Kentucky who markets eggs, dressed poultry, meats and fruits to consumers in Nashville, Tenn.

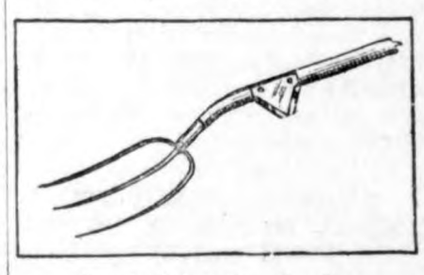
The business was established over two years ago by obtaining a friend as the first customer. From this modest beginning the producer has obtained sufficient customers to buy all of the high-grade produce he can supply. Most of the shipments are made by parcel post.

This business is conducted on the basis of high quality with adequate returns, says the United States Department of Agriculture. Customers are selected with as much care as most consumers show in selecting a producer from whom to buy farm produce. Customers are retained by never breaking the rule to supply only the best produce raised on his own farm. If, when an order is obtained, this farmer does not have produce of the highest quality, he informs the customer and states that unless otherwise instructed the produce will be shipped at the earliest possible date.

USEFUL FOR CUTTING BANDS

Device Illustrated Is Handy for Man Pitching Bundles to Shredder or Silo Filler.

The following is a handy way for cutting bands. The man who is pitching bundles to a corn shredder or silo filler can cut the bands as he pitches them to the machine, thereby saving the aid of one man to cut the bands.



Band Cutter for Bundles.

I also find it handy to cut the shock ties on corn when loading from the field, says a writer in the Farmer. To make same I attached a mower sickle section to the fork handle, as per illustration.

UNITED STATES APPLE CROP

Official Estimate Is Given at 223,000,000 Bushels, an Increase Over July Figures.

The official estimate of the apple crop in the United States is given as 223,000,000 bushels, and the commercial crop at 33,900,000 barrels, which is an increase of 3,666,000 barrels over the estimate given for July.

CLEAN EGGS BRING PREMIUM

Dirty Product, No Matter How Fresh or How Large, Always Sells at Big Discount.

Eggs that command a premium are, first of all, spotlessly clean. A dirty egg, no matter how fresh or how large it is, is always sold at a discount. One or two dirty eggs in a dozen will lower the price for the whole dozen.

VIGILANCE NECESSARY TO KEEP CHICKEN HOUSE FREE OF MITES

For Small Coops a Hand Atomizer Will Suffice for Applying Insecticides.

Poultry raisers are all too familiar with the common red or gray mite which infests poultry houses. In general those who are making a specialty of poultry raising have comparatively little trouble with mites, or at least they keep them reduced to a point where they are of little importance. On the other hand, farmers and others who raise poultry as an incident to other operations frequently find their chicken houses overrun by mites.

Detecting Presence of Mites.

The attack of this blood-sucking mite is of an insidious nature which does not readily draw attention to its presence, and often the poultryman is not aware of an infestation until he is attracted to it by the irritation produced by mites on his own body through coming in contact with the infested coops. The presence of the pest may readily be determined, however, by the detection of small areas on the boards specked with black and white as though dusted with salt and pepper. This is the excrement of the mites, which are hidden in adjacent cracks or rough places. More careful examination will reveal masses of mites in hiding, together with their eggs and the silvery skins cast by the young.

In moderately infested poultry houses the injury to the fowls is not easily apparent, but the constant blood loss and irritation are shown by decreased egg production and the poor condition of the fowls' flesh. In heavily infested coops it is not unusual for the chickens to become droopy and weak, with pale comb and wattles. Sitting hens desert their nests and thus ruin the eggs or, as is often the case, they are found dead on the nest, being killed outright by the attack of thousands of mites. In extreme cases a considerable number of fowls succumb, even though not sitting, and all are so weakened as to be very susceptible to various diseases.

Owing to the fact that mites feed during the night and secrete themselves in cracks and crevices during the day, their presence very often is overlooked until a very heavy infestation has developed. In such cases they should be attacked energetically. Although not hard to kill, the greatest obstacle is the difficulty of reaching them in their hiding places. Dust baths will not control them, as, at most, only the few which remain on the chickens during the daytime will be destroyed.

The first step necessary to destroy the mites is to get rid of the hiding places so far as possible. The roosts should be taken down and all unnecessary boards and boxes removed. In heavily infested houses the mites are to be found in all parts of the building, including the roof. Where they are less numerous the infestations usually are confined to the roosts and nests and the walls immediately adjacent. For small coops a hand atomizer will suffice for applying insecticides as sprays, but for larger houses a bucket pump, knapsack sprayer, or barrel pump is desirable. A rather coarse spray should be applied from all angles and thoroughly driven into the cracks. The floor also should be treated, as many mites fall to the floor when the roosts are being removed.

In tests conducted by the United States Department of Agriculture during the last two years a considerable number of materials used as sprays have proved effective. One of the so-called wood preservers was found immediately effective, and its killing or repelling power lasts for months. As this material is rather expensive (about $1 per gallon), and is too heavy to spray well, it is advisable to reduce it with equal parts of kerosene.

Crude petroleum is almost as effective, retains its killing power for several weeks, and in most localities it is very cheap. It will spray better if thinned with one part of kerosene to four parts of crude oil.

It has been found that one thorough application of either of these materials will completely eradicate the mites from an infested chicken house, but ordinarily it is advisable to make a second application a month after the first, and in some cases a third treatment is required. These subsequent applications may be made with a brush, using the materials undiluted and covering only the roosts, their supports, the walls adjoining, and the nests if they are infested. This method of application is effective for the first treatment also if the houses are not heavily infested. Poultry should be kept out of the treated buildings until the material is well dried into the wood.

Using Pure Kerosene.

Pure kerosene and kerosene emulsion in double the strength ordinarily applied to plants will destroy all mites hit, but these substances have not body enough to destroy those mites which are in more protected situations, and several applications at ten-day intervals are needed to destroy all the mites.

Arsenical dip, such as is used to destroy cattle ticks, has been found fairly satisfactory for use against chicken mites. Several applications are required to eradicate the mites from poultry houses.

SHOCKED CORN GOOD SILAGE

Refilling Silo With Surplus Even in Middle of Winter Is Most Economical Practice.

"Corn cut at the proper time and put into the shock can be made into good silage, even in the middle of the winter," says Alvin Kezer of the agronomy department of the Colorado Agricultural college. "Of course, such silage will not be as palatable as when siloed early and there will be more mechanical waste of leaves and other parts of the corn plant because the shocked corn had been stored for part of the winter, either in the shock or in stacks. But if this dry fodder is run through a silage cutter and the proper amount of water run in with it, it will make good silage and a much more palatable feed than the dry fodder, which will be eaten by the stock with less waste.

"Sometimes, shocking the surplus corn after the silos are filled and refilling from the shocked corn is a very economical practice, a practice worth remembering, especially when the capacity of the silos is not great enough to take care of the entire crop. It is a good way of improving a valuable feed."

VERMIN CARRY HOG DISEASES

Lousy Animal Will Consume More Feed Than Clean One, According to Many Experiments.

A hog affected with lice can't make as profitable use of his feed as one that is free from this pest. No successful hog man will dispute this statement; yet, judging from the condition of some farmers' hogs, it is doubtful whether all realize that it really costs money to feed lice. However, feeding experiments have been conducted from time to time which show plainly that a lousy hog consumes more feed per pound of gain than a clean hog. This loss of feed, however, is not the only reason for keeping hogs free from lice. Lice are also disease carriers. They will carry infection from one hog to another and that, perhaps, is as strong a reason for holding lice in check as any other.

VENTILATION FOR POTATOES

Tubers Tend to Sweat Upon Being Put Into Storage and Air Is Needed to Dry Moisture.

Large piles of potatoes should have ventilation channels provided, either by lattice work or by rows of crates. Potatoes tend to sweat upon being put into storage. Ventilation is necessary to dry this moisture. Only a general rule can be given, but potatoes should be kept as dry as possible, yet avoiding shriveling, and should be kept as near the freezing point as possible, yet avoiding freezing.

WILL AID WATERMELON CROP

Little Sandy Spot 10 by 40 Feet Fertilized Now Will Prove Quite Profitable.

If you have a little sandy spot on your farm measuring 10 by 40 feet, put on a little fertilizer now. Those watermelons will grow so rapidly next summer that you will be amply repaid.

DAIRY FACTS

POOR COW IS LIKE LAZY MAN

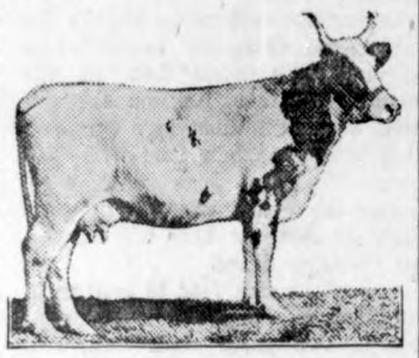
"Boarder" Should Be Discarded Forthwith and Replaced by Profitable Producer.

How many dairymen would keep a hired hand on their place who got up when he felt like it, worked when he felt like it, and did just as he pleased? Such a hired man would be a losing proposition and the man who would keep him would soon become bankrupt.

On the other hand, how many dairymen are keeping boarder dairy cows that produce just as little milk as they feel like producing, with little or no profit to the owner?

A dairyman cannot afford to keep a man that does not do more work than he is paid for doing. Neither can he afford to keep a cow that does not return more money to him than he puts into her in feed and labor.

How many cows in your herd are returning a fair profit for the feed



Easy Matter to Permit Cows to Decrease in Milk Flow but Hard to Bring Them Back.

consumed and how many are returning little or nothing or even costing money to keep? The profit made from a cow depends upon the amount of butterfat produced and the cost of producing same. Monthly records and the Babcock test will detect the boarder cows. Why waste time and money on cows that do not pay for their keep?—W. E. Spangler, Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Colo.

SALT ESSENTIAL IN RATION

Material May Be Supplied by Mixing With Feed, or It May Be Left in Convenient Box.

Practical observations and scientific investigations have shown that salt is essential in the ration of a dairy cow. From one to three ounces per day is needed, depending upon the amount of milk produced. According to Babcock's investigations at the Wisconsin experiment station, a cow needs one ounce per day per 1,000 pounds live weight with an additional 6-10 of an ounce for each 20 pounds of milk produced. Salt may be supplied by mixing the proper amount with the feed, or it may be placed in some convenient place where the cow can get at it daily and take such amounts as her appetite demands. Many dairymen prefer to place a lump of rock salt where the cow can lick it at will. This is really cheaper and there is less work. But, however you feed it, don't forget that the cows must have it—not once every week or two, but at least each second day and each day is better.

FEEDING COWS SAWDUST

The facetious statement, repeated in a joking way, "Put green goggles on the cows and fool them by feeding sawdust and shavings," is apparently not going to be necessary in future to feed them that product. It has been found by experiment that sawdust from non-resinous soft woods can be used, but it first must undergo a process of treatment with certain acids, which change a part of the dry matter into carbohydrates. However, the low protein content of sawdust as a feed would not augur well for its future use.

GOOD DAIRY HEIFER RATION

Missouri Station Recommends Alfalfa and Corn With All the Silage She Will Eat.

One of the cheapest and best winter rations for the dairy heifer, according to the Missouri station, is an average daily of about six pounds of alfalfa hay, two pounds of corn, and silage at free will (this means on the average about twenty pounds daily). This kind of ration has kept the heifers growing at just about the right rate to make the best kind of mature cows, and yet the expense has not been unduly great.

HIGH COST OF COMMODITIES

Killing of Calves for Veal and Spaying of Heifers to Fatten for Beef Is Cause.

That the killing of so many calves every year for veal, and the spaying of heifers and fattening them for the block, is responsible in a large measure for the present high prices of certain food commodities, there can be no question.

GIVEN HIGH PLACE

International Honors Awarded Western Canada Products.

Proof of What Can Be Done, With Intelligence and Industry, on Good, Low-Priced Land.

The 1920 International Live Stock show at Chicago was probably the best that has ever been held, and as is pointed out by a Canadian newspaper writer, the number and quality of the exhibits "indicated a new milestone on the road of progress." This year it was truly "International." The part that Canada took showed a spirit of friendliness on both sides of the line that was highly pleasing.

Six provinces of Canada were represented in varying degrees, and when the handsome share of the prizes that were carried off by our northern neighbors, achieving phenomenal success in view of tremendous competition, is considered, there is reason to hope that in the minds of these people there will grow an esteem for the International that will be helpful to both countries.

Canada won a number of championships, not the least of which was the sweepstakes carried off by Mr. J. C. Mitchell, of Dahinda, Saskatchewan. In this award may be seen an object lesson, going to show that it is not always the man born with a silver spoon in his mouth to whom the greatest degree of success will attach. It will be interesting to relate that Mr. Mitchell, the recipient of these great honors, came from the manufacturing city of Manchester, England, unacquainted with farming, but with the lure of the land upon him. Because he had been told of the success that followed the tiller of the soil of Western Canada, fifteen years ago he decided to make his home in Canada, and selected as a homestead the land upon which he grew the wheat that has brought him a world's championship. It is true he had his ups and downs, but he continued and is now enjoying the fruits of his labor and the experience gained in a manner of life that was enjoyable. But he is still a simple farmer and will continue growing grains that, with the knowledge he possesses, industry that is essential, and above all, a soil and climate that are favorable, will secure many more world's championships.

Well, then, too, there was born at Stratford, Ontario, a boy named Lucas, now of man's estate. Although a town boy he always had a desire for farming. He moved to Alberta to the neighborhood of Cayley, and those who have had no idea where Cayley is will know now, for Mr. Lucas has placed it "on the map." He had some of his 49.2-lbs.-to-the-bushel oats at the International, and with 240 competitors against him he took the championship and sweepstakes. This was a notable achievement. As has been said, when he was a boy he took a liking to farming, but the greatest obstacle in the way of realization of his dreams was the practical impossibility of a man without a large amount of capital purchasing the high-priced farm lands of the settled parts in the neighborhood he lived in. However, after leaving school he heard of the low-priced lands of Western Canada. This was his opportunity, and he embraced it. Beginning at 15 years of age with 160 acres of virgin prairie, and with no practical farming experience, he has now, by perseverance and industry, increased his holdings to nearly 1,000 acres. Such is the brief history of the man who carried off the championship for the best grown oats, and it is also an example that might well be followed by many who are struggling today against the prices received for the produce grown on high-priced land, or to those who, as was the case with Mr. Lucas, had little means but an abundance of energy and a flood of ambition. Nowhere are there offered inducements such as are offered in Western Canada.

There were 25 prizes offered in the class for hard spring wheats and 20 of them went to Western Canada.—**Advertisement.**

While the Getting Was Good.

"You know Jack Carter?"

"Oh, yes. Jack? Finest fellow you ever met!"

"He seemed to be all right, but I don't know him so well, and before lending him the $100 he has asked for, I thought I'd just inquire a bit."

"Jack has asked you for $100?"

"Yes."

"Well, as a great personal favor to me, I'll ask that you let him have it."

"Favor to you! How so?"

"Well, Jack owes me $50, and if you lend him $100 and I tackle him before he has a chance to get rid of it, there will be an almost even chance that he will settle up with me."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Watch Cuticura Improve Your Skin. On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. It is wonderful sometimes what Cuticura will do for poor complexions, dandruff, itching and red rough hands.—Adv.

Mentioned One Thing Right Off.

Mr. Goldrox—Marry me and you'll never want for anything.

Miss Young—Never want for anything? How about a man I could love?—Boston Transcript.

Woman's sphere nowadays seems to be the big round earth.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take

Grove's Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets

Be sure its Bromo

E. W. Grove

The genuine bears this signature

30c.

Girls! Girls!! Clear Your Skin With Cuticura

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

SLOW DEATH

Aches, pains, nervousness, difficulty in urinating, often mean serious disorders. The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

bring quick relief and often ward off deadly diseases. Known as the national remedy of Holland for more than 200 years. All druggists, in three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

ABSORBINE STOPS LAMENESS

from a Bone Spavin, Ring Bone, Splint, Curb, Side Bone, or similar troubles and gets horse going sound. It acts mildly but quickly and good results are lasting. Does not blister or remove the hair and horse can be worked. Page 17 in pamphlet with each bottle tells how. $2.50 a bottle delivered. Horse Book 9 R free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; heals Sores. Allays Pain. Will tell you more if you write. $1.25 a bottle at dealers or delivered. Liberal trial bottle for 10c stamps.

W. F. YOUNG, Inc., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Airplanes Must Prove Worth.

From time to time a photograph appears, depicting a new airplane of compact dimensions and equipped with a low-power engine. Such airplanes are generally hailed as "every body's" airplane and the coming "flivvers" of the air. Yet an examination of these machines soon discloses the fact that they are of little practical value. They are too small to be steady in flight, too low-powered to fly under moderately adverse conditions, too flimsy to last long, and, taking it all in all, absolutely worthless for serious work of any kind. They should generally be treated as novelties, except in rare instances.—Scientific American.

Constipation can be cured without drugs. Nature's own remedy—selected herbs—is Garfield Tea.—Adv.

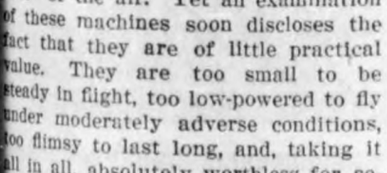
Not Safe.

A young doctor was visiting Mary Ellen's single aunt. He made much over the young woman, but she was singularly aloof. Finally the young man asked the little girl to kiss him, but she refused with dignity.

Then auntie came to the rescue. "Don't you like Doctor R——?" she asked. "Why won't you kiss him, dear?"

Mary Ellen raised her head proudly. "My brother Bob told me never to kiss a doctor," she answered. "He said if I did I might get my throat full of germs."

Sure Relief



6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Coughing

is annoying and harmful. Relieve throat irritation, tickling and get rid of coughs, colds and hoarseness at once by taking

PISO'S

Home Town Helps

MAKING BEST USE OF PAINT

Coloring Must Be Selected According to the Material on Which It Is to Be Used.

Paints and painting cost less than repairs necessitated by decay or disintegration.

There is no such thing as an all-service paint. Paint should be selected according to the material to be painted and the conditions under which it must give service. The wear on a floor is more severe than on a wall, hence the floor calls for a tougher, more elastic paint.

Painting should not be done when the temperature is lower than 50 degrees Fahrenheit, as the paint will not flow well. It is impractical to paint a hot surface. The old painting maxim is: In spring and fall follow the sun; in summer, follow the shade.

Outside painting should be done in dry weather. Surfaces should not be painted when wet.

Surfaces to be painted should be gotten as smooth and clean as possible. They should be free from grease. If painting new wood, knots and sappy surfaces should be shellacked first. If painting over previously painted surfaces, all blisters and loose or peeled spots should be scraped or burned clean. A brushing with a stiff wire brush followed by sandpaper is good practice.

A priming coat usually pays for its cost. A firm base for the final coats is very essential to insure long service. The primer should be thin enough to penetrate the lumber. It should be well brushed in.

Only pure linseed oil or pure turpentine should be used to thin paint.

TOWN AS PART OF COUNTRY

Southern Magazine Has the Right Idea That Communities Must Stand or Fall Together.

The country town is a part of the country. It is one of the encouraging signs of the time that country town business men are coming to realize this fact. It has not been so long ago that every little town thought that its business was to grow into a city just as soon as possible. Some towns and many town people still think so. Many small-town people, too, still think that their chief relations and interests are with the cities rather than the country. The most far-seeing business men have come to know better. They are seeing more and more clearly that the town, the small city, is an integral part of the country, that it prospers only as the country prospers, and that it has its place in the scheme of things to be the life center of the country about it. The town merchant who opposes co-operative buying or selling by the farmers of his territory, the town banker who would hinder the establishment of farm loan associations in his county, the town editor who neglects the interests of the back-country districts, are becoming more and more out of date. Not until the country and the country town learn that they are yoke fellows and must pull together can either make the progress it should. And both are learning.—Southern Agriculturist.

Easier to Build Homes Now.

A well-known building authority states that the average man is better able to build and own a home today than five years ago. "Money values," he says, "have been batted about, and the condition has been aggravated by ill-advised buying by workers with suddenly acquired wage increases. These wage increases have gone largely into the purchase of luxuries, resulting in a shortage of necessities. The reaction, however, has started in. Through all this period of extravagance and recklessness the solid, substantial element of our people have kept their heads. They have saved money. Prices are on a downward trend and will reach a normal level in three or four years. In spite of the high cost of labor and materials prices can be maintained at a fairly reasonable level. Homes can be built now and the banks are willing to help."—New York Sun.

Need of Home Ownership.

Robert E. Simon told the convention of the Real Estate association of the state of New York held at Rochester, that every effort should be made to encourage home ownership, whether in the single or two-family house, or by co-operative ownership in the multi-family house.

"The large percentage of tenantry is one of the dangers in our country today," said Mr. Simon. "While France has 80 per cent of home owners, the United States census of 1890 showed 48 per cent, and 1910 only 38 per cent; in 1920 it probably will be still less. This tide must be stopped and turned in the opposite direction."

All Forms of Public Wealth.

The shade trees and ornamental plantings of parks and streets, grounds of health and pleasure resorts, public institutions and of city, suburban, country and farm homes, represent a form of wealth which the people realize in health, recreation, enjoyment of the home, and the increased value of property.

PAINT

By VIRGINIA BAKER.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

They were just at that stage in the affair when other people were saying: "When do you suppose they'll announce it?" and they were saying to each other all sorts of sweet unrepeatable things.

But, between you and me, what he said was really quite conservative, for he was Scotch. Added to this native circumspectness was an undemonstrativeness fostered by a mother who came from old New England stock. So, because he inherited a conscience and old-fashioned ideas, one of the things he had to whisper to his girl was:

"Philbie, dear, I wish you wouldn't put so much of that red stuff on your lips and cheeks. You really don't need it, you know."

This was just a mild protest. But, as Philbie had no Scotch or Puritan blood in her veins, rather quite a spirited mixture of Irish and French, she replied with a mischievous toss of her bobbed brown curls: "How do you know? Do you know if you've ever seen me without it?"

"Well, really now, as you put it that way, I couldn't exactly say." Angus sidled down, rather embarrassed, because he had only seen Philbie 12 and a half times. The half was when he had first met her—in the paint and varnish department of the Armstrong Hardware company, where Angus was clerk. Philbie had given him quite a large order for white and green and black and red paint. She and her mother were fixing up the little house they had bought with part of dear papa's insurance money. They had never had a real home before because they had traveled around with papa, who had been an animal trainer with Buys Sinko circus.

It was this environment which was responsible for Philberta's pernicious practice of rouging.

Then, as lovers always do at least once, they quarreled. He even went so far as to say that he didn't want to kiss her any more if she smeared that stuff on, because his lips never touched hers—they just tasted that paint.

At first Philbie was furious. "I guess you'll never get the chance again, after that," she flung at him.

Angus took his cue and his hat. But the animal training instinct, which she had inherited from her father, made Philbie stop him when his hand was on the knob of the screen door.

"Angus," she said, "I won't put it on any more." And she meant it, because she saw the truth in his brutal speech. She wanted him to kiss her now, quick!

He turned and saw her there rubbing furiously at her lips with a bit of a handkerchief. But because he was Scotch he did not gather her in his arms and cover the red on the handkerchief as well as her lips with penitent kisses, as a movie lover would have done. Oh, no. Because he was Scotch, he said: "You will promise me, Philberta, never to use or have in your possession again this disgusting red ointment."

Philbie meekly promised, "Yes," because just then he kissed her.

Philbie was very busy finishing the dressing up of the little house, because, on the afternoon of a certain red letter day, ten of her best girl friends were coming to a tea party.

And then one day, a week before the date set for the party, Angus called in the morning when Philbie was not expecting him. His call was very informal.

He almost had her in his arms, and bent down—but he did not kiss her. He had seen her face. There was a red blotch on each cheek.

He stared at her so long that Philbie asked in a troubled voice: "So early in the morning! What do you want?"

"Nothing, now." Angus cut off the words with cold finality. Then, as an after-regret, and with deep reproach in his voice: "You said you wouldn't put it on again!"

"What?" asked Philberta. And because she looked at the can in front of her, she put both hands to her cheeks. Thereupon she began to laugh an ever increasing crescendo of gurgles and trills. Finally, she struck her already slightly discolored finger into the can before her, and with it she touched each of Angus' cheeks.

That outraged gentleman had stood in motionless amazement at her mirth, but now he cautiously put up one of his own fingers to his cheek. It felt wet and rather sticky. He looked at his finger, smelled of the red smooch, and then he, too, began to laugh. When a Scotchman finally does see a joke on himself, he can appreciate it.

"What the deuce were you doing anyway?" Angus asked.

"Oh, just trying to paint up those two old card tables to look oriental, like some lacquered ones I saw in town. Won't the girls think they're sporty when they see them on the veranda next Thursday?"

"George! What a capable little wife you're going to make!" and Angus laughed some more.

The laugh did not last as long as it might have; it was very soon smothered against a daub of red on an otherwise smooth, pink cheek. Yes, Angus not only kissed the paint on Philberta's cheek, but he himself transferred some of it to the place where he had said it was most especially tabooed.

FARM POULTRY

SUCCESSFUL SQUAB RAISING

Birds Must Be Kept Free From Disease and Insect Parasites—Keep House Clean.

There is very little chance of making money from squabs, unless the pigeons can be kept comparatively free from disease and insect parasites, pigeon specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture point out. If healthy breeding stock is obtained, the houses and yards kept clean, and careful attention given to the birds, diseases and parasites should not be a troublesome factor in squab raising.

The stock should be carefully watched and any sick birds removed

Healthy Breeding Stock Is Essential for Success With Pigeons.

from the breeding pens. The house should be kept dry, clean, well ventilated, and free from drafts. Have the floor covered with 1 inch of fine gravel and rake off frequently the manure which collects on the top. Keep the yards clean either by scraping the surface and adding fresh sand or gravel, or by digging over the land and, if possible, planting it to grain.

The nests, nest boxes, and pens should be kept clean, but it is not advisable to disturb more than necessary the nests that contain eggs or squabs. Spray the pens frequently with whitewash containing a little crude carbolic acid, or with a coal-tar disinfectant; examine the birds for feather lice, which are troublesome, especially in hot weather. Birds having many lice should be treated with sodium fluorid, either dusting by the pinch method or dipping in a solution, the latter method being preferable. The nests or nest pans should be cleaned out and the nesting material removed whenever dirty, care being taken not to disturb the squabs any more than is absolutely necessary.

EXERCISE QUITE IMPORTANT

Close Confinement During Winter Months Is Not Conducive to Profitable Results.

During the spring season fowls having free range get abundant exercise, but during the cold months many hens suffer from lack of exercise. Close confinement without exercise is not conducive to getting the best results from a flock, although the feed provided may be the best, for idle hens soon grow too fat to lay. It is almost impossible to give laying hens that are confined too much exercise.

The fowls may be encouraged to exercise in various ways, such as suspending cabbage heads, beets, etc., so that the birds have to jump for them, and scattering grain in the litter. The litter should be from four to eight inches deep and may consist of straw (either cut or whole), hay, leaves, buckwheat hulls, shredded corn fodder, or any like convenient material. The hens should be kept hungry enough so that they will work diligently all day for the corn scattered in this litter, say poultry specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. Whenever the litter becomes damp or soiled it must be removed and fresh put in.

GREEN FEEDS FOR CHICKENS

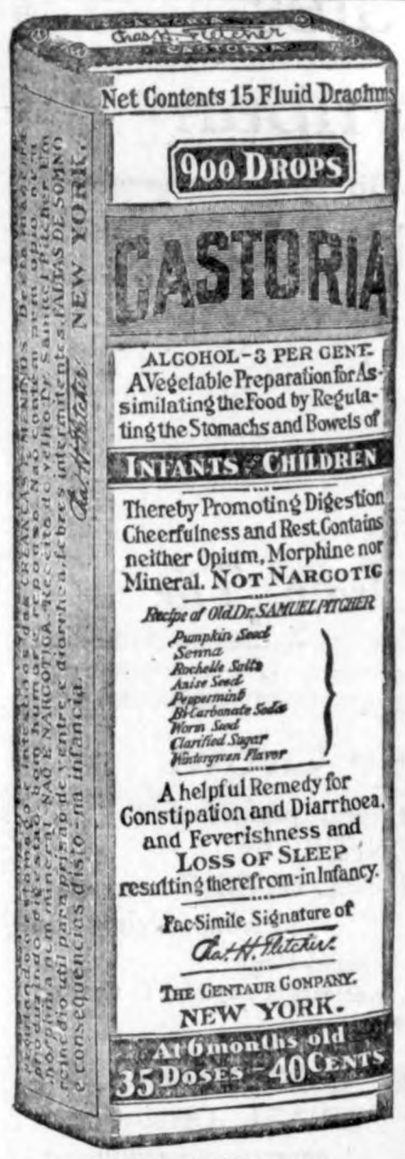
Sprouted Oats, Alfalfa Meal, Chopped Alfalfa, Clover Hay and Beets Are Recommended.

Good kinds of green feeds for hens in winter, recommended by the United States Department of Agriculture, are sprouted oats, alfalfa meal, chopped alfalfa and clover hay, cabbages and mangel beets. Cabbages may be hung up in the poultry house; the beets are usually split and stuck on a nail on the side wall of the pen about a foot above the floor to keep the feed clean. Keep oyster shells, grit, charcoal, and plenty of clean drinking water before the hens all the time.

PULLETS MAKE BEST LAYERS

Feeding Stimulants or Highly Concentrated Food Is Most Injurious Practice.

When pullets are forced to lay early, by stimulants or highly concentrated food, it is an injury, as it taxes their vitality. A pullet that is forced will lay very small eggs for a while, and when she ceases, in order to rest, she will not begin again as soon as an ordinary hen. She becomes prematurely old, and, on the average, does not prove as profitable as when she is given time to mature before beginning to lay.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Robin Redbreast's Annual Jag.

The robin has been given anything but a kindly greeting upon his visits to the South each winter, and there are perceptibly fewer now than there were a decade ago, due chiefly to the ravages of market hunters with what is known locally as the "$5 single-barrel," meaning a cheap 12-guage shotgun, with which scores of fat robin redbreasts may be killed in a few hours. The robin's bad habit of getting on a red haw jag when he arrives in the South makes him easy prey for small boys with slingshots or even with sticks, for the enticing red berries make him so drunk he isn't able to fly.

Garfield Tea, taken regularly, will correct both liver and kidney disorders.—Adv.

Not Guilty.

Mr. Sanders desired the job he was applying for. He needed it badly. He and the prospective employer were coming to satisfactory conclusions when Mr. Sanders was asked about his habits.

"I never had any," said Mr. Sanders positively.

"Never had any?"

"No, sir, I never had any habits. I can get you a written guaranty that I never had a single habit."

Information Bureau.

A man sent his bumptious son to college and in a month or so wrote inquiring how he was getting along in the grind of knowledge. He got this characteristic reply:

"Fine. Write often and ask me anything that puzzles you."—Everybody's Magazine.

80 Years Old —Was Sick

Now Feels Young After Taking Eatonic for Sour Stomach

"I had sour stomach ever since I had the grip and it bothered me badly Have taken Eatonic only a week and am much better. Am 80 years old," says Mrs. John Hill.

Eatonic quickly relieves sour stomach, indigestion, heartburn, bloating and distress after eating because it takes up and carries out the excess acidity and gases which cause most stomach ailments. If you have "tried everything" and still suffer, do not give up hope. Eatonic has brought relief to tens of thousands like you. A big box costs but a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

"A few minutes more, Peggy dear, and Daddy will be back with the Kemp's Balsam. Then you can go to sleep and forget that horrid old cough.'

KEMP'S BALSAM

Will Stop That Cough

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or by mail, 60c. Free book. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

W. N. U., DES MOINES, NO. 1–1921.

Kill That Cold With HILL'S CASCARA BROMIDE QUININE

FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe

Neglected Colds are Dangerous

Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze.

Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache

Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opiate in Hill's.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

Thousands of Happy Housewives in WESTERN CANADA

are helping their husbands to prosper—are glad they encouraged them to go where they could make a home of their own—save paying rent and reduce cost of living—where they could reach prosperity and independence by buying on easy terms.

Fertile Land at $15 to $30 an Acre

—land similar to that which through many years has yielded from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Hundreds of farmers in Western Canada have raised crops in a single season worth more than the whole cost of their land. With such crops come prosperity, independence, good homes, and all the comforts and conveniences which make for happy living.

Farm Gardens—Poultry—Dairying

are sources of income second only to grain growing and stock raising. Good climate, good neighbors, churches, schools, rural telephone, etc., give you the opportunities of a new land with the conveniences of old settled districts.

For illustrated literature, maps, description of farm opportunities in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, reduced railway rates, etc., write Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or

M. J. JOHNSTONE
FIFTH ST., DES MOINES, IOWA

Canadian Government Agent

WESTERN CANADA Farm Lands at Low Prices

Western States Lumber Company

Dealers In

Lumber and Building Material

Cement
Lime
Brick
Posts
Drain Tile

Our Clientele Grows

Not upon promises but upon performance
WE ARE PIONEERS IN
DRY CLEANING AND DYEING
In business since 1835 Prompt Deliveries
Ship Goods By Parcel Post
We remodel ladies or gents furs, suits, overcoats or anything in wearing apparel.

The Teasdale Company
625 Walnut Street, CINCINNATI, OHIO

Bob Sleds

It is time to figure on getting your bob sled for the winter for they will be hard to get. Come in now and order yours while we have a full line. We carry the famous

Never Tip
They live up to their name.

We also carry a full line of Kewanee Hog Waterers, Tank Heaters, Feed & Oil.

See Us Now

W. M. Baack

Beef Now Selling at

Pre-War Prices!

Our prices on all Beef Cuts are now down to 1914 prices.

Half Hogs, at per lb. **14c**
Beef quarters, per lb. **10c14c**

BIG REDUCTION IN All Smoked Meats

Klemme Meat Market

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS

Sealed bids on Bridge Lumber will be received at the office of the County Auditor of Hancock County, Iowa, until 1:00 o'clock p. m., Jan. 4th, 1921 and will be opened at that time.

A certified check of five cent (5) of the bid made payable to the County Auditor should be filed with each bid, which in case of the bidder or bidders receiving the ward, should he fail to execute a contract and file a bond with ten (10) days after the acceptance of his bid, shall be forfeited to the county as liquidated damages.

All bids must be sealed and plainly marked. No bids will be considered which contains a clause in which the contractor reserves the right to accept or reject a contract awarded him.

The successful bidder will be required to furnish a bond for twenty-five per cent (25) of the amount of the contract, issued by responsible security, approved by the Board of Supervisors, and drawn to protect the county and any subcontractor.

All bids and materials must comply with the State Highway Commission Standard Specifications now in effect.

Bid to deliver in car lots at any railroad point in the County.

Ability to make prompt shipments and delivery will be considered in the bid.

The county reserves the right to reject all bids.

Payment will be made in warrants drawn against the Bridge fund of Hancock County, warrants to be cashed on presentation.

Tenders will be received on the following item:

2 cars Bridge Lumber.

Chris Jacobs,
County Auditor.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the State Savings Bank, Klemme, Iowa, is called to meet in the banking rooms of the Bank at Klemme, Iowa, on Friday, December 24th, 1920, at One o'clock P. M., to consider and take action upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said bank from $15,000 to $30,000, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting in connection therewith.

P. M. Griesemer, President
D. D. Ross, 1st Vice President
Wm. Katter, 2nd Vice President
F. J. Wenck, Cashier
A. Kelly
A. E. Katter
H. J. Stille
W. H. Ramsay
Jos. E. Johnson
Officers and Directors of said Bank

REAL BLOW AT RACE SUICIDE; ONE FAMILY INCREASED BY THREE

Northwood—A Northwood doctor reports the birth of triplets Wednesday evening at nine o'clock to Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Cornell of Gordonsville, two girs and a boy.

Mother and chidren are doing finely while the neighborhood is quite excited over the event. Mrs. Cornell was formerly Miss Elsie Brighley, a well known school teacher. There is another little girl 3 years old in the family. Dr. Sanders of Northwood is the attending physician and these are the first tripets in his experience.

FARMER AT ROWAN BURNED IN BLAST

Spills Gasoline While Filling Lantern Explosion Sets Clothes Ablaze.

Rowan,—H. N. Nettles, a farmer residing two miles, north and one mile west of here, was very badly burned in a gasoline explosion.

Nettles was in an enclosed porch of his house, filling a gasoline lantern preparatory to doing the evening chores. He had the lighted lantern in one hand and an open measure of gasoline in the other. In some manner he stumbled over a block of wood, spilling the gasoline into the flame of the lantern.

In an instant he was ablaze. He rushed out doors, where his hired man, seeing his plight, began tearing the blazing clothing from him. The man's hands were badly burned, but he tore the clothing from Nettles and undoubtedly saved his life.

Nettles was badly burned about the head, shoulders and body, with both hands severely burned and both legs, the right limb from the knee down especially, being in bad shape. Medical attention was immeditely secured and the unfortunate man is slowly recoverign.

Mr. Nettles is a man about 40 years old, and was to hold a closing out sale on his farm Friday.

Bats Not Classed as Birds.

The bureau of biological survey says that bats are not birds. They are mammals, though adapted to life in the air by the possession of wings formed by a membrane attached between the greatly prolonged bones of the arm and hand.

MAKING HER WAIT

By RUBY H. MARTYN.

(©, 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Grizel had stopped on her way home to put another bit of money in the village bank. But the big house had never seemed so lonely nor her waiting quite so futile as it did this sunny day when her bank credit stood for an even thousand. Grizel held the worn book tightly as she went up through the house where she had lived alone since her father died. She did not need to glance through the open doors to be reminded that the rooms needed renovation. Had she not known the way so well she would have stumbled on the attic stairs because of tears. Living here alone, saving every bit she could to eke out the restoration fund. Grizel was keeping her tryst for the soul and body of Jim Brett.

"I promised always to be waiting, and to believe he will make good," she whispered on the stairs.

Stepping into the attic she locked the door behind her and crossed toward the eaves. She always did lock the door before she opened the old, iron-bound sea chest that smelled of the stuff of much voyaging around the world with some ancestor.

When they were children Grizel and Jim had thought the rambling attic a marvelous place for games and damsels in distress, and kings, and queens and knights errant. Even then Grizel had kept her best treasures in the old sea chest, and what treasure could need more careful guarding than Jim's story of temptation and fall, and his determination to make good the awful deficit he had peculated from the bank? Was not that confidence for her the greatest surety of his love?

So it was that Grizel had kept her tryst these five years since the shortage had been discovered and Jim had fled to escape the punishment. How much time stretched ahead until he should have saved the money to make restitution, and return? She dared not ask to receive one word of assurance from Jim in his far country. She dared not lose for one moment the grip on her own faithful waiting. That simply must have some hold on Jim! And now she knelt there by the open chest to renew her promise.

Somewhere at a distance a shop whistle blew, and Grizel jumped up. She had forgotten the attic door key that had slipped into the folds of her serge gown, and it clattered to the floor, bounced sharply on the plank and slipped into a wide floor crack. Grizel heard it hit the sides of the partition as it fell down and down.

"Now I'm locked up here!" she cried, dismayed by the immediate difficulty.

She could not hope to break down the door of strong, hand-hewn planks. She could not hope to make any neighbor hear from the single, small, back window of the attic. It was a question when she might be searched for. She opened the window to let in the sunny air, and knelt by the sill and laughed softly at her sorry plight. She might well be a real damsel in distress. And Jim had always come to the rescue when it was a game.

The shop whistle blew again, and Grizel settled to watch. The shadows had lengthened to the wall when a boot crunched on the gravel walk below. Some one was at the house door.

"I'm locked into this attic!" called Grizel. "If you will go to the shed you will find a large magnet to tie to a rope I will let down!"

When she had the rope down he came around the corner with the shoe-shaped iron, and tied it on.

"Pull away, my lady Grizel!" he called.

"Jim!"

"Pull away," he said sternly.

Grizel's hands trembled on the cold iron of the magnet, and then she let it down through the floor crack to reach the key. Would the magnet find that iron? Would the key cling fast? The rope in her hand slackened when the magnet touched bottom, and then she pulled it taut. The key was found and held!

Flinging open the unlocked door she saw Jim, older, thinner, with eyes that questioned hers, as he stood there on the attic stairs. Grizel put out her hand, but he had no mind for social amenities.

"I've just handed the money in at the bank," he said, slowly.

"You saved it all?"

"Every cent! I'm ready to start for myself now. I guess I need you more than ever, Grizel, but it isn't fair to ask you to make any such wait as you may have to until I'm on my feet. That is what I came around to say."

"I don't see us waiting, Jim! I've got some money saved that I can use to fix the house up, and we can start having a home right now, my knight!"

"My lady Grizel! A fellow just has to keep making good with yourself having the faith that he will!" said Jim.

Record for Woman Machinist.

Miss Annie Tobey, an operative in the electrical shop at the Portsmouth navy yard, won a contest for women riveters recently when she drove 264 copper rivets into battery boxes in two hours. Machinists said this was a record for women.

Value of an Impelling Idea.

A famous French political economist once said: "What I admire in Christopher Columbus is not that he discovered America, but that he went to look for it under the inspiration of an idea."

GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION

Nineteen Twenty-One

On this 21st birthday of the Twentieth Century the First National Bank of Klemme expresses the hope that you are entering upon a year of health, happiness and prosperity.

This bank can contribute to your prosperity by applying sane counsel to your financial problems, by pointing out wise investments and supplying a general banking service which will meet your every need.

First National Bank
KLEMME, IOWA

May Your New Year be HAPPY PROSPEROUS

In gratitude for your patronage and friendship, for the satisfactory growth which we have enjoyed, our best wishes for the New Year go out to you.

As a Bank and your friend we promise you during the coming year the most accommodating Banking Service in our power to render.

We hope to co-operate with you to make this New Year the best we, mutually, have ever enjoyed.

WHERE YOU GET THE SERVICE YOU LIKE

STATE SAVINGS BANK

CAPITAL $15,000.00 KLEMME, IOWA $ PAID ON DEPOSITS SURPLUS $25,000.00

AND LIKE THE SERVICE YOU GET

Greetings 1921

We thank all our many customers for the dealings we had in 1920 and hope you will also continue to do your trading with us in 1921.

We wish all A Happy and Prosperous New Year.

Henry Lau & Sons

New Year Greetings

We, the undersigned business firms of Klemme, unite in extending our best wishes for a Happy New Year to our many friends and customers. Thanking you for your patronage in the past and soliciting your good will and patronage in the future.

Frank Gruetzmacher
Harness, Shoes

Jacobs & Son
Hardware Globe Ranges and Furnances

Hotel Klemme
J. B. Crawford, Prop.

Lloyd Lau
Klemme Dray Line

J. E. Baumgartner
Barber

E. S. D. Kahrs
Drugs and Jewelry

The Klemme Times
R. A, Jorgenson, Publisher

Samuel A. Harvey
City Dray Line

Crystal Cafe
J. B. Morrison, Prop.

Walter F. Lau
Grain and Coal

Northern Lumber Co.
N. L. Palmer, Mgr.

The Times Print Shop
Expert Ink Dabbers

A Happy New Year 1921

New Year's Eve

by Alvah N. Narrington

"RIGHT foot forward, left foot back, double shuffle. Zip!" Thus Hal Burton, with boyish animation, with youthful longing, too, as he glanced through the open window commanding a clear view of the river, frozen solid, packed with a gay throng. He could catch the inspiring clang and whistle of the bright flying skates. The fact inspired him to redouble his present efforts, "parlor skating," for a surety, for Hal had been set the task of polishing the parlor floors. He wore a pair of big felt boots and was executing an ungainly dance. When he paused it was to send flying from a bag at his side a sprinkle of wax. Then he resumed his vigorous gyrations, whirling, singing, barely pausing for breath.

"Right foot, left foot, any foot at all. Done! Now for half a glorious day on real skates, just as sister Marcia promised."

"Sister Marcia" entered the apartment as Hal was removing his impromptu skates from his tired feet. She commended his work and told him there were freshly cooked doughnuts in the kitchen, and Hal darted away with a joyous shout.

She was a fair chatelaine and lady bountiful, this lovely Marcia Burton. Perhaps a subdued sadness in her eyes, a slight firmness about the lips betrayed hidden emotion, but well under curb. It was two days before New Year's and festal occasions always brought memories of the past, of one especial passage in her life where love had flamed for a day to flicker only vaguely, distressingly through the later years.

If she had borne secret disappointment, her gentle winning ways concealed it. There were two Marcia would miss—her father, who had died during the year; the other one who had dropped out of her life three years ago, mysteriously, with an abruptness to this day inexplicable—Bruce Telford.

At that very hour, in the city one hundred miles distant, this selfsame individual was thinking of her. Perhaps it was some seasonal telepathic influence, perhaps unconsciously his thoughts were always fixed upon Miss Burton.

There was reason why this should be so. Their lives—and loves—had been more intimately commingled in the past than the casual world suspected. Marcia had been a friend of Telford for over a year. Each recognized a closer tie as time went on. One eventful night at a social function he

There Were Two Marcia Would Miss.

had been overcome by her rare beauty and kindly consideration. As they parted he had whispered into her ear that he wished to write her something of interest, something that had been in his heart for a long time. The letter was dispatched. One day, two days—no reply. His soul was stricken, not only with bitter disappointment, but with injured pride and chagrin. All womankind foresworn, Bruce Telford had left the town and had plunged into business, cold, exact, systematic, to assuage the sorrow that had crushed his spirit to the ground.

He had prospered beyond his fondest dreams, but at what a sacrifice! He had allowed business to absorb him, fancying he was forgetting the past. This particular afternoon, so close to the end of a year, it seemed as though he reviewed his old life, just as his busy bookkeeper, bent over his desk, was bulking up the twelve months' brokerage operations. So wraiths of the far past flitted through Telford's mind, with Marcia ever a lonely though distracting presence. The memory disturbed him. He arose and paced the floor. Then his glance became fixed on old John Graham, his bookkeeper. Working diligently, Graham was humming softly an old familiar tune.

Bruce Telford felt ashamed as he considered his own selfish self-centered three years and the man before him. Within six months Graham had lost his wife and child. His brave spirit had not sunk. He had adopted two little orphans, sent for his sister and was making life radiant for others, despite his sore affliction.

Telford followed a quick impulse. He returned to his desk and wrote out a check for one hundred dollars. Then he stepped beside his industrious employee.

"Make a happy New Year's for your folks at home, Graham," he said with assumed lightness of tone. "And by the way, we'll close up for the week. I think I'll take a little run to—to—down into the country."

Bruce Telford left the city with a well-stored suitcase. The next afternoon saw him ringing the doorbell of the old mansion where he had spent so many happy hours. The servant recognized him with a start and showed him into the parlor.

There were old familiar aspects to the room, and there in the alcove was the special corner always given to dead Mr. Burton. The caller even recognized his desk, his armchair, his favorite books. It looked as though this was a spot sacred to the memory of the beloved parent, preserved as of old and not disturbed. Involuntarily Telford took up one of the volumes. He instantly recognized a classical author from whom Mr. Burton had frequently quoted. Almost unconsciously he turned over the leaves. He smiled in sad retrospect as he noted a line that had been a favorite with the dead man, and, following the context, turned over a new leaf—

No marvel that he started! That volume had probably remained unopened for years. There between the pages lay three letters. They were yellow and faded with time. Each one bore an uncanceled stamp. Undoubtedly given to Mr. Burton to mail, in his absent-mindedness he had placed them temporarily in the book and they had never been mailed.

"Mr. Bruce Telford"—one was addressed to himself. And in Marcia's handwriting! His heart began to beat wildly. Could it be—he was interrupted. He knew not why, but with almost eager haste he closed the book, thrusting the letter into his pocket. Marcia entered the room.

They became almost jolly over the package of presents he had brought for the little ones. They spoke of old friends, of the New Year's eve only a few hours distant. Would he stay to tea and later join her sister and her husband in a skating party?

Bruce Telford sat in a strange glow as later Marcia left him to direct preparations for tea. His hand stole to the letter in his pocket. What might it not contain—her reply to his letter, so cruelly withered through three long, bitter years!

"No," he said, checking an impulse urged by a rare heart of hope—"later."

It was like a dream, the succeeding hour, as he was greeted by the members of the family, made to feel at home seated at the table with Marcia, flushed, radiant, kindly as always and more lovely than ever.

New Year's eve—how royally the old church bells rang! A slide across the safe bound ice of the river, a delicious moment as, all equipped, Marcia's hand rested in his and they glided over the smooth, shining surface as of yore.

Half a mile from the others, in a swift sweep down the river, she stumbled and he caught her in his arms and insisted on her resting on an old log. He seemed in some dream of delirious delight, a magic force impelled him to speak at last.

"Miss Burton—" he began.

"Surely we are old friends, Bruce," she interrupted, with reproachful wistfulness.

"Yes, Marcia," he corrected himself. "I have a letter I found in a book at your home. Was it an answer to my own in that long ago?" and the words that explained all came from his lips in impetuous rapidity. "See, I have not opened it," he added.

He tendered it to her. Her face had grown colorless, but only from the startling discovery of the delayed

Glided Over the Smooth, Shining Surface.

missive. It fluttered in her clasp for a moment. Then she held it out toward him, her face flushing, her eyes downcast as she almost whispered: "It was yours three years ago; it is yours just the same today."

"Then—then I have come into my own!" he cried in surging hope. "Dare I hope—"

"I have not changed," she said softly. "When you read it—"

Ah! He could read it in her telltale face now, in her happy eyes. His arm stole round her. She did not draw back.

"Through all the years—oh, worth the waiting!" he cried.

(©, 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

Ring Out the Old! Ring in the New!

AND now we hear the tolling bell,
That sounds the Old Year's dying knell,
And safe within the fleeing past
Its good and evil will be cast,
To oft return, in future hour,
Brought by retentive memory's power.
And what the New Year, ere its close,
May have in store, no mortal knows.
But if all men were good and true,
And would their Christian duty do,
The world would seem to hear again
"Sweet peace on earth, good will to men!"
Then all could shout, the whole world through,
"Ring out the Old! Ring in the New!"

OH, THINK of those bound down by sorrow,
Now longing for some glad tomorrow
To lighten up the heavy load,
That they must bear upon life's road,
Who journey on from day to day,
Along life's cold and rugged way,
Still longing, as they onward tread,
For deeds undone or words unsaid,
Though friendly smile or kindly hand—
Two things at every one's command—
Would help to soothe the gnawing pain,
Or break the links of sorrow's chain.
So, Christian friends, your duty do—
Ring out the Old! Ring in the New!

WITHIN a learned land like this
Some think that ignorance is bliss,
While ruthless hands and scheming fools
Make rule or ruin their vicious tools;
With no respect for God or man,
Destructive methods are their plan;
Not using reason for defense,
Resort they to fool's violence;
Imaginary wrongs they'd right,
By senseless torch or dynamite.
Oh, rulers of our mighty land,
Check this vile scourge with firmer hand!
Then tranquil peace will come in lieu—
Ring out the Old! Ring in the New!

BEAR this in mind, what e'er befall,
The hand Divine rules over all.
And when we greet the glad New Year,
With all its joy and social cheer,
Let each resolve his best to give,
That this old world may better live.
And as we go but once this way,
Let's shed sweet sunshine's golden ray,
And bring good cheer to hearts bowed down
By adversity's cold, sullen frown.
Then when the sands of life are run,
We'll hear the welcome, "Well, well done!
Come, reap the joys prepared for you!"
Ring out the Old! Ring in the New!

—George W. Armstrong.

FIND LIKENESS OF AUGUSTUS

Archaeologist Discovers Splendid Statue of Roman Emperor at Tivoli.

LIFELIKE STUDY BY ARTIST

Valuable Addition to Portraits of Roman Emperors and Is Only One Extant Done During Emperor's Life.

Rome.—Tivoli, that lovely little city perched above Rome, called Tibur by the ancient Romans, has just given to the archaeological world two new art treasures—an augusteum, or hall, and a splendid head of Emperor Augustus.

Prof. Alessio Valle, one of the archaeologists who have made Tivoli a special study, long believed that Tivoli should reveal an ancient hall of importance, considering the flourishing state of the city in Roman days. He began to dig near a newly discovered weights and measures office, also dating from the Roman empire, thinking that the public weights and measures must surely be near some important hall.

He was not mistaken. He has opened up a hall with a Roman pavement of white and green marble which looks as if it were put down this morning, so fresh is it, and the statue of Augustus, broken but with the head intact, as the picture shows, with the lifelike lines cut out of the marble by some unknown sculptor of evident genius.

Likeness of Augustus.

The statue is a likeness of Augustus when he had grown old. An inscription underneath it, which dedicates the statue to the gods, "for the happy return in good health of our Augustus Caesar," proves it was done during the famous emperor's lifetime, a votive offering to the gods by a loyal Tivoli citizen who signs himself M. Veranus Diifilus. The same man gave the public weights and measures to the city.

History lets us date this statue between B. C. 31 and A. D. 14, when Emperor Augustus died near Naples, aged seventy-six. Experts say the face is the face of a man of fifty. In the worn lines, the ill-tempered mouth, its upward twist at the left side, we have no flattering picture of the great emperor, but a lifelike study by an artist who dared to cut his statue as he saw the human model. For this reason, and because of its surely being done in Augustus' lifetime, it is a very valuable addition to the collection of portraits of the Roman emperors, and probably the only one extant of Augustus done during his lifetime.

The figure, which originally sat on the pedestal at the head of the hall, is graceful, as Suetolus, that gossipy historian from whom later scribes have learned nearly all they know about the Roman e... told us, saying:

Graceful Person.

"He was a very graceful... through all the stages of life... he was very careless in his d... would set several barbers ... upon his hair together, and... sometimes clip and sometim... his beard, and at the su... would be reading or writing."

Augustus, though emperor, ... himself a democrat and, su... tolus, "always abhorred the ... lord as a scandalous affron... tells us, too, that the emperor ... cold easily and wore woolen ... wear in winter, "with a thi... toga."

This broken statue, with th... on which it stood, unearthed ... long bridges the gulf of centu... brings one of the greatest ru... world ever saw very near.

300 SPIES IN THE AMERICAN ARMY

Amazing Story of German Espionage During the War Is Disclosed.

DESERTER MAKES CONFESSION

Former Officer Tells of Being Sent From Germany With Other Cadets to Enlist in the United States Army.

New York.—An amazing story of German espionage during the war was disclosed when John Willet, former captain in the Forty-eighth United States infantry, confessd he was really Hans Willers, a cadet in the German army until 1914, when he was sent to this country with 300 other cadets to joint the American army and become United States officers.

Willet admitted he had absconded with $6,000 of his company's funds at Camp Sevier on November 28, 1918, a few weeks after the armistice, and deserted.

It was this offense and not any suspicion of his spy role which resulted in his arrest here when Hugh J. Hannigan, formerly a first lieutenant in the Forty-eighth, recognized the deserter on the street and hailed a policeman.

Hints at Treason in Washington.

"You would be surprised how many high German officials held jobs in Washington during the war, Willet told Detective Sergeant O'Leary. The prisoner made this statement after he had narrated how he came here and what he would have done had his regiment been sent to France.

"I would have led my men to slaughter, and could have been useful to my own country in many other ways," Willet declared, according to the police, in explaining why he and others were sent to the United States to enlist in the American army. Willet was taken to Fort Jay prison on Governor's island.

Confronted by two ex-lieutenants of the Forty-eighth infantry, Sidney P. Howell, a lawyer, and Francis Hatch, Willet began to respond to questions.

As to his pedigree, he said he was born in Germany and educated there.

"I was trained for spy work when I was a boy and later when I was a cadet in a German military academy," the detectives quote Willet as saying.

"When the World war began in 1914 I was selected to join a band of cadets who were to come to the United States with orders to join the American army. Other groups went to the French army and to the British. About 300 others came over here with me. I knew my military training soon would be recognized and that promotion would follow, so I enlisted as a private the first opportunity I got. I had no citizenship papers—I did not need any.

Enlisted as Buck Private.

"I enlisted as a buck private in Albany soon after my arrival in this country. Within a very short time my ability as a soldier was recognized and I was promoted.

"My heart was nearly broken when I discovered my regiment probably would not be sent to France. I would have died for my country gladly. So, 15 days after the armistice, I took the company fund money and left camp.

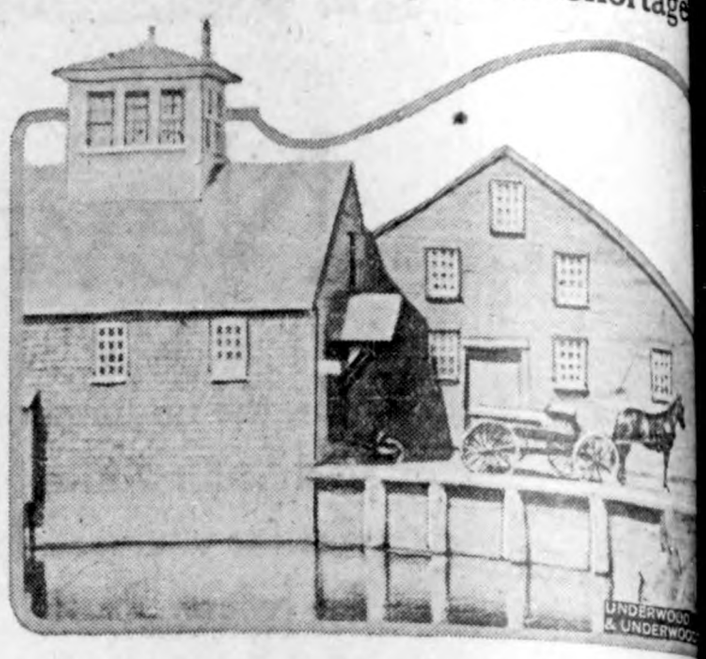
"I'm telling you this freely because I might as well be dead. Life does not matter much to me."

Willet said that after he deserted Camp Sevier he started traveling. He toured the Pacific coast.

In Chicago about a year ago he married an American girl named Crawford, it is said.

Willet recently opened a mail order business in this city under the name of Crawford.

Not Stopped by Coal Shortage



Kennebunkport, Me., has a grist mill, operated by the tide. It w... in 1836 and has never stopped since then. Unaffected by shortage ... "daylight saving" laws, it goes steadily on, working four hours and ... ing four. As the moon is an hour slower each day compared with ... however, the miller has to change his hours somewhat.

Love of Music Traps Robber of Poor B...

Philadelphia.—It was his ... for music which led to the ... rest of Jacob Katz, twenty... years old. Katz entered ... Emanuel Lutheran church ... shortly after midnight ... found the poor box which ... emptied of its contents. ... Then he found the new or... Katz had musical talent and ... ran his fingers over the ... Then he became so absorbed ... the instrument that he for... where he was, pulled out ... diaphone and thundered ... The strains awakened the p... tor, Rev. Rudolph Nieder, w... lives next door, and he call... the police.

ORE TOTALS 50,000,000 T...

Great Lakes Shipments Show Inc... of 7,700,000 During Year, Sa... Duluth Figures.

Duluth, Minn.—The total ship... of iron ore for the season reache... proximately 50,000,000 tons, acco... to figures announced here.

Iron ore shipped from the lo... the lakes thus far amounts to 4... 372 tons, with about 30,000 ton... maining to go out from the Duluth... Iron Range railroad docks at ... Harbor and the Chicago & N... western railroad docks at Ash... Wis.

Total shipments from all the d... for the season show an increase ... approximately 7,700,000 tons over ... year, when 40,067,850 tons ... shipped.

Children Unshod in Big Shoe To...

Brockton, Mass.—This city pro... shoes for world-wide distribution ... makes more of some kinds than ... other city, but Charles P. Brooks, ... tendance officer of the school ... reported that many of its children ... unshod. There are at least fifty ... dren in the city who cannot go ... school because they lack shoes, ... said, and some of them have not ... to school in weeks.

Where Italy and Jugo-Slavia Are Negotiating

View of an old quarter in Rapallo, where the Italians and Jugo-Slavs formulated their treaty, and are settling ... respective territorial claims.

COMRADES OF PERIL

By RANDALL PARRISH

Copyright, A. C. McClurg and Co.

HER HUSBAND?"

Tom Shelby, a rancher, the frontier town of ing for a good time af- pell of hard work and n the ranch. Instead, a funeral—that of Dad retired army man of is known. A girl, still survives Calkins. Mc- saloon keeper and Pon- citizen, decides that w alone in the world, y. She agrees to pick and from the score of p in her home. To his n, she selects Shelby, one along merely as a The wedding takes the couple set out for anch. With them is klin, whom Shelby has helper. On the way the er husband her name is n, and also tells him of the peculiar circum- her life. Upon their ar- e ranch Shelby is struck n behind and left for recovers consciousness to Macklin and his wife have starts in pursuit. He wife is an heiress, that tion has been carefully nd that she has been Wolves' Hole, a strong- bandits and bad Indians. Wolves' Hole, he is dis- "Indian Joe' and forced any him into the Hole.

TER VIII—Continued.

—8—

de away silently between scious that this brief con- d in no way improved his be sure he had escaped te meeting with Hanley, that the latter had entire- mention his probable ar- have left an unpleasant Laud's mind. The fellow however, and apparent- precautions, but Shelby eless fully aware that the hed him cautiously, and uick to detect the slightest They rode at a walk darkness so profound that ot be sure they were even trail. The sound of voices rang out occasion- ey bore off steadily toward ay from the noise, and he Mexican had grasped the e buckskin, and was firm- the animal.

said Laud suddenly, "I about the Kid. Wanter see rchill?"

ially ternight," Shelby ad- ily, "mornin' will be soon

t, then; 'tain't much far- ow. There's the high rock, light'll show round the

shining out like a star, and up in front of a log shack, ped, rambling affair, built ainst a wall of rock. The d in response to the sound horses' hoofs, and a young ppeared in the entrance, peer-

you, Juan?" she asked in

ere are three of us, Pancha." Mexican, "and we would . Is the senor here?"

ce noon, Juan. He said he rode away, yet there occurred I would talk with

well, little one—after we eat be time."

ung heavily down from his ding up his rein to Juan, ined in the saddle. He one whose limbs were stif- being long in one position. moke! I can hardly walk." ed. "I will go along with corral to teach my legs how And as for you, Church- oice deepening on the word, o the cabin, and wait there e."

as nothing for Shelby to do Suspicion caused him to ll of apprehension from In- curt manner, yet there was the words to resent, and chance of safety lay in an appearance of satisfaction. drew aside, and he stepped nto the room. An instant ed, as he glanced hastily the plainly furnished inter- closed the door, and began erself in arranging the ta- was young, not over six- udged, with dark hair and edly pretty, and with a ement, like the flight of a ce she passed him on her o the fire place, without even his direction; then sudden- es met, and she laughed out-

rra dull, Americano. I not like you before," she de- itively. "You not care talk

do," and he straightened up. maybe you couldn't talk my

it eet; you not speak Span- "

ardly. I kin make out in a anybody says, but when it talking the lingo, I'm a bit

you learn?"

"When I was in the army, in Arizona."

"I in Arizona once—Tucson; you there? Good. You not soldier now?"

"Oh, no; that was quite a while ago; that is why I have forgotten my Spanish. There aren't many of your people up here."

She shook her head, resting back against the table, and gazing at him frankly with her dark eyes.

"Juan and I all alone here," she confessed. "Eet is not nice—no; I like not these Americanos. You do not look like the senor—vat vas ze funny name he call you?"

"Churchill."

"Shirchil—bah! I not say eet verra good. Maybe you hav' some other name I can say better? You tell me?"

"My given name, you mean; that is Tom."

She laughed, shrugging her shoulders.

"Tom! Oh, I know that; I call you Tom, then. I am Pancha Villemonte. Which you rather say?"

"Pancha, of course; and who is Juan?"

"Juan Villemonte; he is my brother—he. You not know heem, then?"

"No; we just met above. I had lost my way, and we ran into each other

"Because I Think You Are Straight."

up there. He and Indian Joe were driving cattle, and brought me along with them."

Her eyes opened wider, and her hands interlocked.

"You not here before, then? You never in Wolves' hole till now?"

"No."

"But why you come, then? Why they say you ride with them? Madre de Dios! You know what zis place is?"

"Yes, Pancha," he answered soberly, feeling her earnestness. "I know. I came to help a woman."

"You tell them that? Indian Joe?"

"Not just as I have you; I let them believe I was in on the game being played. In fact, I didn't have to say much of anything, for as soon as I mentioned the name of Churchill, Laud seemed to understand. What I failed to make clear was that my object was to help her."

"Why you tell me this?"

"Because you are a woman, I guess, and because I think you are straight."

She stared at him a moment in silence; then went over and stood with her back against the door. She was breathing hard, and her cheeks were red.

"She come from a ranch on the Cottonwood?"

"Yes."

Her white teeth gleamed angrily between the red of her lips.

"An' what this woman to you, senor? Why you care what happen to her?"

Shelby looked frankly into the girl's face, determined to risk all, suddenly convinced that this young Mexican had an interest in his answer beyond any mere curiosity.

"Because I am her husband," he said quietly.

"You! her husband?" She almost screamed the words, advancing toward him fiercely. "You not lie to me! They say to me you dead! They tell me that; they tell her that."

"Who told you?"

"Macklin; the Indians—all tell eet. Running Horse, he keel you—like zis, see!"

"Yes, he struck me all right, Pancha; at least someone did, also they left me there. But I was not dead."

"An' what he want of her? What Senor Macklin want of her? You know that?"

"I know a little, but perhaps not all. I heard two fellows talking about it; you know them, likely—Matt Hanley and Hank Slagin?"

She nodded.

"Hanley had got Macklin drunk and pumped him. It's some matter of a big fortune down East. It seems Macklin's real name may be Churchill, and if so his father is trustee for all this property, which really belongs to the woman. Macklin has got an idea he can marry her and so cop all the coin."

"He marry her?"

"That is the way Hanley understood it."

"Then your name not Shirchil?"

"No; it's Shelby."

"And Senor Macklin—his name Shirchil?"

"I reckon likely; I don't know."

There was a sound without and she sprang instantly aside to the table, busying herself furiously. Laud and the Mexican entered, throwing their saddles down noisily into one corner and without paying the slightest attention to Shelby, prepared themselves for the meal. To the rather curt invitation of the former the ranchman drew up the bench to the table and joined them. Pancha asked her brother a few questions, but Indian Joe never uttered a word until he had eaten his fill. Once Shelby caught his eyes looking across at him, but except for that one glance the fellow seemed oblivious of any other presence. Finally he pushed back his chair, pulled his feet around to where the butt of a revolver was within easy reach of his hand and his eyes glared straight into Shelby's face.

"Had enough?"

"Plenty; Pancha is a good cook."

"She is that. Thought I'd wait till after supper before we talked business. Now, Churchill, or whatever your name is, maybe you'll tell me where you got that bronc with a Three Star brand on him?"

CHAPTER IX.

The Love of a Woman.

Shelby, while cautiously watchful of Laud's every motion, was yet aware that the girl leaned suddenly against the wall, her face white, her eyes staring toward him, and that Juan was leaning forward across the table, with gleaming teeth exposed. He was calm enough himself, however, for he had imagined this unpleasant discovery might be made and was not entirely unprepared to meet it.

"What brand?" he asked coolly. "You mean the Three Stars?"

"That's exactly what I mean, pardner. I happen to know where that bronc com' from."

"Then you know more than I do, Laud. I bought the pony from a livery man at Gerlasche to ride out here on; some bucker, at that. Say, come to think about it, those cows you were driving in were Three Stars."

"That is just what they were, most o' them. That's what struck me as d—n funny. Those cattle com' from up on the Cottonwood; they belonged to a feller named Shelby."

"You run 'em off?"

"That's none o' your d—n business. That's where they came from, an' Shelby's dead. But what I'm interested in is how the h—l you got his horse."

He dropped his gun down on the table and stared across into Shelby's imperturbable face with hard, threatening eyes.

"Now you look here, young fellow, you know who I am, I reckon. It's Indian Joe Laud talkin' to you. Maybe yer all right an' maybe yer ain't; only I don't take no chances. Your story ain't sounded just right to me from the start, but I'll give yer a chance to prove it. I ain't goin' ter plug you now; not if yer've got sense enough to behave yerself. Tomorrow I'll see what Matt Hanley has to say, but till that time yere goin' to be locked up. Goin' ter make any row over that program?"

"Not the least."

"All right, then. Juan, you take the gent's gun; he's better off without it. That's right; now feel him over an' see if he's got any other weapons. Better stand up, Churchill."

The ranchman, comprehending the utter futility of any attempt at resistance, did as he was told, managing to retain the same cool smile on his lips. The murderous eyes of the squawman never once deserted his face and Shelby realized that the slightest symptom of treachery would prove his undoing. Laud was in no mood to be argued with.

"Nice of you to wait until after I'd eaten," he said easily. "It will give me a comfortable night's rest."

"Glad you take it that way. Cleaned him up, have you Juan? Now, how about that room yonder? Empty, ain't it?"

"Si, senor," it was Pancha who answered, opening the door.

Laud took a step forward and glanced into the apartment. The swift scrutiny apparently satisfied him, for he turned to the prisoner, his revolver still grasped in readiness for instant action.

"Go on in," he commanded harshly. "An' tomorrow we'll settle this case."

Shelby walked past him without so much as a side glance, to all outward appearance quite at his ease. Laud closed the door and the prisoner heard him secure it with a stout wooden bar. He stood there motionless, endeavoring to collect his thoughts, the smile no longer on his lips, adjusting his eyes to the darkness.

There was a window high up, but seemingly too small for the passage of his body, yet a slight gleam of starlight found its way through the opening, which was further barred by two stout wooden stakes. He stepped silently across and tested them, finding them solidly embedded in the logs. He felt his way cautiously about the room, which was of small dimensions, containing only a single stool, and a cot; the floor was puncheon and the walls of log, heavily plastered with mud. The place offered apparently no opportunity for escape, and Shelby sat down on the edge of the cot discouraged.

He could distinguish the voices of the three without plainly enough to determine who was speaking, but their words were indistinguishable. Then the murmur finally ceased, and he thought one of the men had left the house, perhaps both, yet that was hardly likely. Someone remained certainly, for there was movement, and the sound of feet, mingled with the clink of dishes. Pancha was evidently clearing off the table. His thought centered on her. Had he made a mistake in thus suddenly confiding his true story to her ears? Yet, so far as he knew, she had said nothing to injure him, and had made no effort to reveal his secret. Indeed her actions had rather expressed fear of Laud, and a certain sympathy for him; surely that was what he had read in the depths of her eyes. Yet how could this be accounted for? She must certainly be one with these others; brought up probably from childhood in the atmosphere of crime, and certainly loyal to her brother, if nothing else. What then could possibly influence her to show him the slightest consideration?

He sat with head in his hands, endeavoring to solve the mystery, and, out from the dark, a possible explanation flashed into his mind—Macklin. Could any relation she might have with this fellow account for a desire to wish his escape alive? It might; the fact that he was already the husband of the woman Macklin planned to marry would quite naturally explain the entire situation under certain conditions. If that rascal had made love to her, and now deliberately planned to desert her for another, the Spanish blood would account for all the rest. By heaven; that must be it! He recalled the insistence of her questioning; the flash of her eyes, the threatening gleam of her white teeth. Unconsciously he had touched the secret spring, and unloosed the tiger. Jealousy was the weapon—a love turned to hate, the fury of a woman scorned. To get Olga out of her path forever, she would risk anything, dare anything. Here then, was his one and only chance.

But could the girl serve him, even if she desired to do so? He realized the seriousness of his position; his helplessness without some outside aid. He had been a blind fool to venture into this den alone; and even a blinder fool to claim friendship with Hanley. The morning would find him completely exposed, and he had little doubt what form vengeance would as-

"Tomorrow We'll Settle This Case."

sume at the hands of these men. He was like a condemned man in his cell waiting helplessly for the certain hour of execution. Worse than that, even; for his fate must inevitably seal also the fate of his wife. Her only chance of rescue lay in his efforts, and he was helpless. There was not a thing he could do; yet he tried again and again desperately, testing the puncheons of the floor, block by block, digging at the dried mud between the logs of the wall; endeavoring to gain some leverage upon the hinges of the door, and tugging once again furiously at those wooden stakes protecting the narrow window. His fingers bled from the frantic effort to thus loosen something, to yield him an opportunity to really exert his strength. These efforts were utterly useless; there was not a spot of weakness to be discovered. If the place had been originally constructed as a prison it could not have been more securely built. Mentally and physically exhausted, he flung himself upon the floor, and lay there, quivering from head to foot, with nerves completely shattered.

The silence became ghastly; any sound would have been a relief. There was no one moving about even in that other room, and the door between fitted too closely for him to perceive any gleam of light. He listened intently, holding his breath, but his head sank back once more in dejection. Why in God's name hadn't he fought it out like a man? Why had he ever permitted himself to be thus caught like a trapped rat? The frenzy of disgust he felt caused him to sit up and stare once more at the single star shining through the window. What was that? A shadow? Surely something out yonder moved!

Silently, cautiously, he stepped on the stool, and looked out between the bars, his heart beating like a drum. At first he saw nothing, the blood seeming to stand still as he gazed—then the fingers of a hand grasped one of the wooden bars, and a face rose slowly just in front of his own. A whisper revealed the identity of his visitor.

"Senor, come quietly to window; do not speak loud."

"Pancha, you! You would talk with me, then?"

"I must know some things, senor; I must be sure," she said fiercely. "You tell me tonight the truth, senor; you not lie to me."

"Not a single word," he assured her eagerly, his heart beginning to beat with new hope, his face advanced until only the bars divided them. "I trusted you."

"You are Senor Shelby?"

"Yes."

"And she, this woman, is your wife?"

"Yes."

"She is pretty woman, verra pretty; you not married long?"

"No, only a few days; we had just come to the ranch when she was taken away."

"But, senor, why she go away if she be just married like you say? Why she leave you, an' run off with Senor Macklin? She love heem better than you?"

"Love him! She did not run off. He stole her, he and four Indians, after leaving me for dead."

"He not tell eet to me like that; he say she want to marry heem, an' not you. That he took her to save her from you; that she would not let heem leave her. Then you fight, an' so get keeled."

Shelby laughed softly.

"So that was Macklin's story, was it? Well, it is not exactly true. I ain't saying she's in love with me, or nothin' like that, but she sure don't hanker none after that chap. I'll tell yer why he took her—cause she's got a bunch o' money comin' her way down east that Macklin would like to get his hands on."

"He marry her?"

"That's his game, no doubt, if it works. If not, he'll evolve some other. I don't think he gives a cuss how it's done, so he gets it—he and his precious father."

She stared at him with lips parted.

"Maybe I see it more clear now," she exclaimed. "He not love her, then; he just want her money, bah! I care not how he get that, if he not get her. You take her away, Senor Shelby, where he never see her again?"

"Of course."

"An' you keep her married to you?"

"I'll do the best I can. What do you mean, Pancha? Can you get us out of here?"

"You lie hid, Senor, and trust all to me."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Wonder of Eggs.

One cannot find among the multitude of wonders in nature anything more marvelous than the development of an egg, writes Elsa G. Allen in the American Forestry Magazine. Whether it be a butterfly which flourishes for a day only to die after depositing its eggs, or a reptile which lazily leaves its eggs with only the warm sand to mother them, or a fish, like the salmon, which, with incredible strength, jumps the rapids to spawn in the upper reaches of rivers, or most appealing of all, a bird which builds a beautiful nest for its treasures, the egg in every case is structurally the same, and the miracle of life unfolds according to the same laws of cell division.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

say BAYER

Take Aspirin only as told in each package of genuine Bayer Tablets of Aspirin. Then you will be following the directions and dosage worked out by physicians during 21 years, and proved safe by millions. Take no chances with substitutes. If you see the Bayer Cross on tablets, you can take them without fear for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

ALL HE HAD IN HIS HAND

Pat Certainly Held No Weapon of Offense, but It Was Deadly for His Case.

In the courthouse an Irishman stood charged with stealing a watch from a fellow citizen. He stoutly denied the accusation, and brought a countercharge against the accuser for assault and battery committed with a frying pan.

The judge was inclined to take a common-sense view of the matter and, regarding the prisoner, said:

"Why did you allow the prosecutor, who is a much smaller man than yourself, to assault you without resistance? Had you nothing in your hand to defend yourself?"

"Bedad, yer honor," said Pat, "I had his watch, but what was that against his frying pan?"—London Ideas.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It

Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected.

Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success.

An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview on the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. It is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

A New Drug.

Not long ago one of the doctors at Sunnyside promised a patient that he might walk about the next day. He said that he would put the permission on his order book. This he did. He wrote "ambulant," and thought he had cared for his patient. But the next morning the nurse, who was young and new, kept the disappointed patient in bed until she could see the doctor. To the doctor she said anxiously:

"I have not yet given his medicine to Mr. Jones. You did not write how many drams."—Indianapolis News.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine

Those who are in a "run down" condition will notice that Catarrh bothers them much more than when they are in good health. This fact proves that while Catarrh is a local disease, it is greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a Tonic and Blood Purifier, and acts through the blood upon the mucous surfaces of the body, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.

All druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Transgression.

The youthful Softleigh seemed so depressed that his friend Moreleigh was moved to ask the reason.

"Alice has broken our engagement," said he of the downcast look.

"Sorry to hear that," said the friend. "Why did she break it?"

"Because I stole a kiss."

"What! A fiancee object to her fellow stealing a kiss from her?"

"The trouble was," Softleigh explained, "I didn't steal it from her."

Cole's Carbolisalve Quickly Relieves and heals burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Heals without scars. 30c and 60c. Ask your druggist, or send 30c to The W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill., for a pkg. Adv.

Big Rat With a Bark.

The attention of the Texas department of health has been called to a new rat which has appeared near Red Rock, which is said to be as large as a squirrel and acts much like a kangaroo. It has a bark like a small dog.

It takes Congress to settle a strike, but an unruly stomach is subdued by Garfield Tea.—Adv.

Completely Disposed Of.

"Did you nail the lie?"

"Yes, after I had hammered the liar."

...k Talks important.
...r children of a larger ...growth. In the home the child should ...certain regular tasks to perform ...d should be taught that he must at...nd to them conscientiously. The care ...pets, plants, flowers and of younger ...ildren, the responsibility of perform... certain household duties develop ...ength of character.—Exchange

Real Liberty.

Liberty, real liberty, consists not ...lessness, but in servitude to la... it is its essential condition. Mil... has put it into majestic words: "Where complaints are freely heard, ...eply considered and speedily re...ed, then is the utmost bound of ...l liberty attained that wise men ...k for."

Partially Identified.

Sloan—"Did you ever meet a fellow down there with one leg named Sanders?" Doan (pondering)—"What was the name of his other leg?"

Talk.

Talk is cheap, but not when mom... does it.—Life.

The Klemme Times

...tered at the postoffice at Klemme, Iowa, as second class matter.

R. A. JORGENSON, Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

...e Year, in advance.....$2.00
...e Year, outside of county...$2.50

ADVERTISING RATES

...splay, per column inch.....25c
...eaders, per line.....10c
...assified or want ads, per line...10c
...rd of Thanks, each.....50c

...gal Notices at legal rates.
...lack-face lines double charge.

No local or classified ad accepted ...r less than 25c per week. No display ad for less than 50c per week. ...egular advertisers are given a ...ecial display rate.

M. O. Hocum

The Grain, Coal and Live Stock Man

Will buy Grain and Hogs six days in the week, I pay highest market price.

Walter F. Lau

Dealer in

Grain, Coal & Live Stock

A Square Deal Always.

Phone 16 Klemme, Iowa

The City Dray Line

—Is prepared to do your hauling carefully and promptly. We Solicit your patronage. Charges reasoable.

Sam Harvey, Prop.

☞Coal Hauling Done

DR. R. M. THOMAS

Veterinarian

All Calls are answered promptly.

Phone me at

Klemme - Iowa

Klemme Dray Line

Phone 14

A share of your patronage is solicited. All work attended to promptly and carefully. We haul coal quick.

Lloyd Lau, Prop

Ben A. Reemstma

Farm and General

AUCTIONEER

Sales conducted to insure the owners highest approval. See me for dates and terms.

Phone 508

KLEMME, IOWA

W. F. PAVEY

The Practical Blacksmith

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDER

Wagon, Buggy and Machine Repairing

Horse Shoeing and Plow Work a Specialty

A Happy New Year To Everybody.

If you know some news tell it to the Times. Phone 12.

Chris Jacobs of Garner was a business caller in Klemme Monday.

Mrs. Quant, of Belmond, was a Klemme visitor last Friday.

Chas. White was a Garner visitor between trains Monday of this week.

Miss Donna Baumgartner left Tuesday for a week's visit with relatives and friends at Newton, Iowa.

Miss Mabel Waterman was visiting at the home of Miss Edna Katter at Garner Tuesday and Wednesday.

This vicinity had a spell of winter weather last week with some good snappy below zero days.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ludeke and baby are visiting Mrs. Ludeke's parents at Boscobel, Wisconsin.

Dr. C. B. Tice and family, of Mason City spent Christmas with Klemme relatives and friends.

TO OUR TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS

All telephone rentals and tolls are now due and collectable. We have sent statements to all our subscribers, and as we need the money, we ask you to leave a check for the amount of your statement in either bank in Klemme or at our office. We thank you for your immediate attention in this matter.

Yours very truly,
1wc. KOERNER TELEPHONE CO.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Stille were callers at Garner Tuesday between trains.

Mrs. H. Suckow went to Garner Monday for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs Brouwer.

Pete Merkel went to Lakota (Germania), Iowa, Monday on business.

Walter Schultz and family went to Garner Friday to spend Christmas with his mother, brother and sisters. They returned to Klemme Monday.

Lee Ell of Mason City was a Klemme visitor Monday and Tuesday of this week. Lee is seen on the Klemme streets nearly every week.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Greismer spent Christmas day with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Greismer, at Garner.

Notice—We are badly disappointed about you not paying your 1920 account before this date. You know as well as we do that if you don't pay up on or before January first, 1921 you will get no more credit with us. It is easier for many to help one along, than for one to help many along. We are no bankers. We shall collect by force after Jan. first, 1921. Henry Lau & Son. 1w.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Mitchell, of Swea City, came Friday evening to spend Christmas with Klemme relatives and friends.

Elmer Schmidt spent Christmas with his mother and sisters at Garner. He returned to Klemme Tuesday noon.

Mr. and Mrs. Dick Bamman and baby of Garner spent Christmas at the home of her mother, Mrs. H. Schuldt.

Mrs. Al Hubbard, of Foreston, came last week Wednesday for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Kirkwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Garwein of Miont, North Dakota, are visiting relatives and friends in Klemme and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Arnold left last Thursday evening for Watertown, South Dakota, to spend the holidays with relatives and friends.

Mrs. J. Jorgenson came over from Garner Monday to spend a couple of days with her son, Ye Editor and wife, but more especially to see her new grandson.

Miss Annetta Schuldt who teaches in one of our rural schools, is spending her Christmas vacation with her folks and friends at Gladbrook, Ia.

Miss Anne Griewe, who is employed at the Damon-Igou Store at Mason City, spent Christmas with her folks and friends in Klemme.

Mrs. Dave Schwichtenberg and baby went to Applington, Iowa, to spend Christmas with her parents and other relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lewis spent Christmas with relatives and friends at Clear Lake. They returned to Klemme Monday.

Clark Bredbenner left last Saturday night for some point in Indianna to spend the holidays with his parents and friends.

G. P. McCullough went to Garner Monday to have a sore tooth attended to. In the scuffle with the dentist, "Zip" lost a molar.

Harold Gruetzmacher came from Ames Monday to spend his Christmas vacation with his folks and friends. Harold is attending the State College at Ames.

Announcement

We have in addition to the ***Hart Schaffner & Marx*** custom line secured the Most Popular Tailor-Made in the country namely,

E. V. Price Co.

which we will be able to show you after Jan. 1st, 1921. Select your next Suit from the E. V. Price samples.

Thanking our Klemme customers for their patronage in the past and wishing all a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

Gildner Bros. & Johnson

Carner - - - - - - - - - - - Iowa.

Doctors Reuber & Zinn

Physicians and Surgeons

Office—Main St., opposite Hotel, Phone 19.
Residence—Joe Johnson's, Phone 6509.

☞ CALLS NIGHT AND DAY PROMPTY ATTENDED

Large latest Xray and Electro Therapeutic Machi...

Eyes Examined and Refracted. Glasses Fitted.

Get Your SALE BILLS Printed H...

DOCTOR MISSMAN

PHYSICIAN **SURGE...**

OFFICE--State Savings Bank Building, 'Phone No. 1105
RESIDENCE--North of Park, 'Phone No. 1109

X-Ray Radiographs Electrical Treatm...
Eyes Tested Glasses Fitted

Damon-Igou C...

Mason City, Iowa

Our Annual

January Clearance Sale

Starts Monday January 3
At 8:30 A. M.

Big Redncti...ons in Ever... Department

--NUF SED--

My Second and Greatest

Nelson's Super Sale

Is now on. I am selling the entire stock of the

STERLING DRY GOODS CO.

At prices that are selling the goods. Never in the history of my selling career have I cut prices so deep, extensive improvenents throughout the store compel us to move this stock at once.

Every item of Ladies **Ready-To-Wear** (Except Waists) Going at Half Price And Less.

Bring the Cash.

It's an Unusual Sale With Unusual Bargains

My orders are to sell, I am filling these orders. Get in and participate in savings that only come once in awhile.

W, H. NELSON, Sales Manager

Sterling Dry Goods Co.

Mason City, Iowa

Every Nickels Worth of **Dry Goods** on the First Floor is Going at Terrific REDUCTIONS

Its an enormous loss but we are forced to do it.